

POOR DOCUMENT

THE WEEKLY HERALD.

VOL. 1--NO. 3.

FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1881.

\$1.00 A YEAR.

CHRISTMAS.

A FRESH DREAM OF THE SEASON.
"Christmas has come again that comes but once a year."

CHRISTMAS EVE.

Peacefully o'er the city
The chimneys evening rang
From the old and moss-grown turret,
Where the speaking bells are hung.
Peacefully o'er the city
Spread the broad and clear blue sky,
Decked with the sparkling gems of night
Whose splendours never die.
Sparkling o'er all the country,
O'er hill and vale and down,
Lay the snow in its whitest gown,
Like an elf king's silver crown.

And there seemed in the air a something—
A willow almost fall—
As if by my blessing breeze,
And on my soul came stealing
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LUCY II.

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10. And the angel said unto them, Fear not: for behold, I bring you good tidings of great joy, which shall be to all people.
11. For unto you is born this day in the city of David a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord.
12. And this shall be a sign unto you; Ye shall find the babe wrapped in swaddling clothes, lying in a manger.
13. And suddenly there was with the angel a multitude of the heavenly host praising God, and saying:
14. Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men.

A CHRISTMAS SERMON.

BY G. C. ROBERTS.

EDITOR OF CANADA'S COURIER.

"For ye know that the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though He was rich, yet for your sakes He became poor, that ye through His poverty might be rich."—2 Cor. viii. 9.

Ye know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ. If any thing can enable us to know it, to realize it, to comprehend the fullness and freedom and boundlessness of that grace, it must surely be the wonderful fact in which we profess to rejoice on this blessed Festival of our Lord's nativity! "Though He was rich"—rich beyond all our powers of computation or of understanding, yet for our sakes He became "a beggar." A beggar! that is the full force of the word.

How little we realize the awful contrast between the infinite wealth and that infinite poverty, even when we solemnly commemorate the Incarnation of the Son of God, the manifestation of the Almighty in our human flesh, the birth of the Eternal Son as a little helpless child! Amid the hurry and bustle of the Christmas preparations our minds are very apt to be drawn away from the true cause of Christmas joy. We find our time and thoughts so fully taken up with our worldly things, that the true meaning and the true spirit of Christmas almost slip away from us. We need to be continually recalled to the great truth that "it is no mere social holiday; that feasting and merriment and family reunions are not the essence of its observance, but that it has a deeper, higher and deeper meaning for us than any other festival of the year."

GOOD GIVING TO ALL.
Thus full of love, and joy, and peace,
May each one's Christmas be,
And such a merry Christmas time
I wish, my friend, to thee.

Yet while round Plenty's hearth side
Falls feasting, gifts and joy,
And peace and love and pleasure,
With nothing to alloy,
Oh, think that in the wide world—
Your own fair home beside—
There many are who but in name
Enjoy the Christmas tide;

Who, pinched with want and hunger,
And torn with misery's pain,
May stand without and listen
To your Christmas carol's strain;
And hear the sound of feasting,
And see the steaming bowl—
And yet the while be starving
In body and in soul;

Who, with darkened home and fireless,
Are driven forth to gain,
Mid signs of the merry Christmas
Enough life to sustain.

Oh, think of them in your prayer,
And, as lies your power, attend
The poor, and cold and hungry;
And a Christmas you will spend
Full, perfect, in the pleasure
Of helping other's needs—
In the fuller, purer, greater joy,
The knowledge of good deeds;

For in making others happy
We make their joy our own;
The deed flies up through the ether
And is laid at the golden Throne.
Fredericton, Christmas, 1881.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONS.—A telephone "transmitter," operating upon what is said to be an entirely different principle from any now in use, is approaching completion at the hands of an electrician of this city. Its purpose is to render long distance conversation—between Boston and New York for instance—as feasible as present communication over merely local lines. The new instrument is not yet fully completed, but, as a test of its power it may be sufficient to state that on Sunday, while the writer was distant about 35 miles (by wire) from the person using the new transmitter, he was enabled to hear distinctly words issuing from the receiver, when the latter was held at arm's length from his ear.

No description of the construction of the transmitter is yet given out, but one claim made for it is that it requires no "adjustment." It is proposed to place one of them upon the stage of the Boston Theatre during the coming opera season, and, by its use, enable a favored few, sitting comfortably at their distant homes, to make as good use of their ears as if they were in a stage box.—Boston Herald.

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There many are who but in name
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Who, pinched with want and hunger,
And torn with misery's pain,
May stand without and listen
To your Christmas carol's strain;
And hear the sound of feasting,
And see the steaming bowl—
And yet the while be starving
In body and in soul;

Who, with darkened home and fireless,
Are driven forth to gain,
Mid signs of the merry Christmas
Enough life to sustain.

Oh, think of them in your prayer,
And, as lies your power, attend
The poor, and cold and hungry;
And a Christmas you will spend
Full, perfect, in the pleasure
Of helping other's needs—
In the fuller, purer, greater joy,
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For in making others happy
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ST. MARY'S.

The services in St. Mary's Church, Rev. William Jaffray, rector, will be held on Dec. 18th and 25th, and on Jan. 1st, at 11 a. m.

LINCOLN.

The Rev. Mr. Waldman will preach in the Methodist church at 3 p. m., and 6.30 p. m.

GIBSON.

METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. John S. Allan, pastor. Service to-morrow at 11 a. m.; sermon by the pastor. At 6.30 p. m., sermon by the pastor.

MINING IN ANCIENT TIMES.

THE CUSTOMS ONCE IN VOGUE IN THE ANTIQUITY.

The methods in vogue among the ancients for the development of mines were in many respects far different from those in use at the present time. In the country to the south of us the descent and ascent of shafts were made by means of notched logs. These were from twenty to thirty feet long, extending from level to level. The logs or ladders were climbed by the sure-footed miners, the Arctos and more recently by the Indians, who were engaged in the dislodgment of the precious mineral. The ore was placed in rawhide bags, containing about half a bushel, this same being rested upon the back while it was held in position by straps extending across the shoulders, united in front and fastened through its own weight upon the forehead. "If a mine were overflowing with water the troublesome fluid was removed in these bags in the same manner as the ore by the miners, who tediously climbed the notched poles, and whose steps answered the place of wider steps. The ore was removed in a manner almost as tedious. Fires were built against the walls of the mine, and as their surface became calcined the incinerated portions were dislodged by stone hammers. The melting was equally as cumbersome, being effected with charcoal and bellows. Yet mining was profitable under these crude methods. It is not surprising, therefore, that wonderful reports continue to reach us of the richness of the abandoned old mine of Sonora, which, with the introduction of modern machinery, worked by energetic and experienced Americans, will soon astonish the world with their rich production." In the early days of the Conquistadors we have seen these notched poles in use in the Mexican mine in this city; also the rawhide sacks. However, they need picks and shovels and blasted out the old mine of Sonora.

A BEAUTIFUL TELESCOPIC VIEW.—December may not present so active a scene in planetary festivities as those of the preceding months of the momentous year of 1881. It is, however, by no means barren in materials for observation for those who love to watch the moving panorama nightly unrolled on the dark canopy of the skies. The opposition of Mars, the quadrature of Uranus, the conjunction of Mercury and Venus, the close conjunction of both planets with the star Beta Scorpii, are some of the prominent incidents that adorn its annals. The greatest interest of the month will cluster around the movements of the trio of the planets Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, as nearly in their most superb aspects they track their way among the glittering stars, Saturn and Jupiter having passed their prime and Mars hovering near the goal. The moonless nights in the middle of the month are the most favorable for observation. These are also the longest nights in the year, and those, too, in which the most brilliant stars and clusters that find place in the heavens make their way in stately procession from the eastern horizon to the western. The season is highly favorable for telescopic views of the planetary trio, and all who have access to telescopes should improve the opportunity.—Providence Journal.

It is scarcely surprising that the age is so full of falsehood when such a vast number of words are compelled to pass through false teeth.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

Among the most profitable fowls to raise are partridges. Amateur sportsmen will pay almost any price for them, rather than take home an empty game-bag.—Boston Post.

When the man was suffering from a meal of defiled crab, he sent word to the doctor that he was troubled with a cancer.—Lowell Courier.

When it became known that a man has two faces, his physiognomy isn't as good for credit as the man's that only has one.

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AGENTS WANTED
in all parts of the Province to canvass for the WEEKLY HERALD. Liberal commission given. A few good men will be given regular employment on salary. Apply at the Herald Office, Queen Street, Fredericton.

WEEKLY HERALD.
CHARLES H. LORIN, Editor and Proprietor.
FREDERICTON, DECEMBER 24, 1881.
THE WINTERPORT QUESTION.

Mr. Donville, M. P., in a letter to the Sun, calls upon the people of St. John to "strike a blow for their rights" in the matter of the Canada Pacific Railway Terminus. We hope they will do so and at the same time strike another blow for their wrongs, a blow which will not be forgotten by the men who have betrayed their most vital interests. Truly, as the St. John Sun says, the people of our chief city "have lived on talk long enough," but when they remember that "the Canadian Pacific Railway is the creation of the Parliament and Government of Canada. Parliament breathed into it the breath of life. Parliament bought and paid for the North West, and has created the trade of that country. Parliament is simply the people of Canada, and the money voted by Parliament was contributed by the people," they will not forget that Parliament in this matter acted in obedience to the dictates of Sir John Macdonald, aided and abetted by Sir Leonard Tilley and Mr. James Donville. Here what the Sun says again: "There cannot be two opinions in the Maritime Provinces on the subject. It would, indeed, be a remarkable occurrence for the whole power of the Government and the resources of the country to be used to build this national highway and to ensure the railway against competition in the West, if the Company is to be at liberty to use the enormous traffic thus developed, to build up other ports than Canadian ports. This was not what Parliament voted for. This is not what the country expects. And to this the people of Canada will never submit."

We agree with our contemporary that this question far transcends party politics, and we call on it and its fellow supporters of the Government to break their allegiance to the party which has placed the future of this Province in jeopardy. Let our people face the matter squarely. What position do we hold in the Union? Let us hear no more wordy talk of the future; but try and grasp the actuality of the present. We are to have no part in the great prosperity which the opening of the North West is to bring to the Dominion; but we and those who come after us must pay our share of the many millions of taxation which it will entail. Nothing has been done to foster the home interests of these Provinces. Our lumbering and our agriculture bear the burden of a heavy tariff, imposed in the interest of a few capitalists. Our young men go away to the United States, or the North West, and so far as this Province is concerned they may as well go to the place as the other. Real estate has depreciated in value and for every hand we hear of those who are only waiting for a chance to sell before they join the ranks of those who are seeking that prosperity elsewhere which they cannot find at home. Now we know a howl will go up among our local contemporaries that we are decrying our Province, but we deny it. These are the hard facts of the case and it is folly, it is worse than folly, to shut our eyes to them. The question resolves itself into this: Shall the Tory clique, who rule this Liberal Province, continue to grow fat in office, or shall the truth be told, the people aroused, and a note of indignation protest sounded which will echo across the continent? The great Provinces of Ontario and Quebec will not deny us fair play if we demand it as men should.

Mr. Donville wants a part of the surplus expended in building the missing link between the N. E. Railway and the Intercolonial. It has taken him two years to see the importance of what York's representative has been working for ever since the building of the Intercolonial was begun. What this country needs is representatives who will take a practical view of questions as they arise, not those who wake up after the harm has been done—not men who will mistake a justification at Ottawa and empty speeches in Parliament for statesmanship. On every possible occasion Mr. Pickard has urged the completion of railway connection with the St. Lawrence. Not one of his efforts was seconded by the Tory representatives of this Province, or by the Tory press; but, as we said in Friday's issue, when he proposed to ask the Minister of Finance to give the project the benefit of that great influence which his friends said he possessed at Ottawa, two of the Tory papers condemned him in unmeasured terms. Yet those who were unblinded by party zeal could see then, as any one can see now, that upon this depended the welfare of the city of St. John and the whole western part of the Province.

The British Admiralty have directed compressed jute to be tried as armour against Nordenförs and Gatling guns, with a view to ascertain whether it can be used, principally in Torpedo vessels, instead of iron and steel.

AN ENGLISH VIEW OF THE NORTHWEST.

—Mr. James Rice, the novelist, thus writes of the Northwest:—
"In the Canadian Far West the population, including Indians, is probably under 200,000, and it is not thought an extravagant statement to put the future population of this territory, when it shall have been rendered easily accessible, and when its advantages have exercised its full effect in attracting settlers, at nearly 4,000,000. There can be no doubt that the resources of Canada have not as yet been fully developed, and the day is probably not so far in the future when a five-fold increased quantity of cereals will be grown than there are now. There are immense tracts in this corn-growing zone, the whole of which, cultivated and uncultivated, is estimated at two million square miles; and doubtless, when the agricultural population of Canada increases, will produce millions of cwt. more grain than at present. Ontario had long been celebrated for the superior quality of its wheat. Manitoba has tens of thousands of acres of the richest and most suitable land for corn-growing in the world. In these regions there are boundless prairies of virgin soil entirely uncultivated with trees, and the district simply awaits the time when the Pacific and other lines of railway open it out. When that day arrives it will attract farmers as settlers on its soil, and materially aid Canada in becoming a formidable competitor with the United States in the corn markets of the world. There is a physical cause why wheat grown in the northern region of Manitoba should be superior to that grown in the United States to the south of it. The nearer the northerly limit at which wheat will grow the finer is its quality. From the 15th of June to the first of July, nearly two hours more daylight prevailed in Manitoba than in the State of Ohio. It is not heat alone that is required to bring the wheat plant to perfection, even when the soil is best adapted for its growth. Other conditions being present, the greater amount of solar light the better the result. I believe that sooner or later—and probably sooner—the English landowner and farmer will have to face the competition of the Great West, not merely in the prevention of famine prices, but in the creation of and probable perpetuation of low prices."

None of the public speakers who discuss the future market for the produce of Canada, seem to take into consideration the probability of an Asiatic market for wheat, yet the shipments of this grain from San Francisco to the Chinese ports is yearly increasing, and those who are well informed upon the habits and customs of the Chinese say that, when once the prejudice of the people against dealing with foreigners has been overcome, and it is fast breaking down, the possible development of the market for wheat and other American productions, is practically unlimited.

THE DEMAND FOR THE HERALD ON SATURDAY owing to the fact that we had to mail more papers to the country than we expected, the number of copies sent out to the streets was somewhat, though not much, less than usual. The whole edition was exhausted before six o'clock, and we do not exaggerate when we say that several hundred additional copies could have been sold. This proves that the people appreciate our efforts to give a first class paper. From every side come words of praise, and the fact that we have not followed the almost universal custom, and published the many complimentary notices the HERALD has received, must not be taken as an evidence of their absence.

Our friends will please take notice that the sale of the WEEKLY HERALD on the streets will be discontinued after the beginning of the new year. After that date it will be distributed to subscribers only. Our city list is receiving constant accessions; and we confidently expect to have, within a few months, the largest city circulation of any paper published in Fredericton. This we can only get by deserving it; therefore the HERALD will be kept fully up to the high standard which has characterized it. We have as large a city circulation as any of them now, including the street sales on Saturday.

The next number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a Christmas sermon, a Christmas story, Christmas poetry, and in every other respect be a paper appropriate to the season.

The terms of subscription are \$1.00 per year, free by mail or delivered at the residence of subscribers.

"GO WEST, YOUNG MAN."—A gentleman, who has just returned from a trip to Manitoba, expresses the opinion that if he were a young man he would not stay here, but proceed west at once. The trouble about this going west seems to be this, that the young men say, *per contra*, that if they had half as much money as some of the older men they would leave at once, and the older men say, "If I were a young man." And here the matter rests, with no apparent possibility of a mutual arrangement of advantages.

The News takes high ground on the winterport question. The Halifax Herald also speaks out with spirit. Only our local Tory organs are silent, and one of these is waiting to see what the Opposition will do.

THE PROPOSAL TO MAKE SIR JOHN MACDONALD GOVERNOR GENERAL OF CANADA would be welcomed by a good many people, irrespective of political party; for the reason that it would put an end to any attempt to establish a Court at Ottawa. This Dominion wants no aristocracy other than that of merit, whose letters patent are recognized the world over. It was without doubt a kindly thing on the part of the British Government to offer the honors of knighthood to distinguished Canadians; but those of our fellow-countrymen who declined the title, acted much more in conformity with public sentiment than those who accepted it. The title confers no dignity upon those who wear it. With a Governor General appointed by our own people, the reduction of the expenses of Government would be greatly facilitated. When a reduction in the salary of the Governor General was proposed some years ago, one of the chief objections was that it would be almost indecorous to ask an English nobleman to come here and isolate himself from his home ties without paying him well for it.

A little cuteness is an awkward thing, and that is one of the troubles of the Capital. It thinks it has got a fine thing at the expense of the HERALD, because Mr. Isaac Burpee and Mr. George Stephen are both interested in the New Brunswick Railway and the latter is the President of the Canada Pacific, whose policy we have condemned as un-Canadian. We were aware of both of those facts before; but do not see how any such consideration should influence what we may have to say. Instead of playing the part of a critic, and a very poor one at that, it would be much more to the credit of the Capital to join with us in endeavoring to secure fair play to the locality upon which both it and the HERALD depend for their support.

"This monopoly question is a great and grave one, and we feel disposed to look at it very carefully, from time to time. Before doing so, however, we wish to know exactly the position which the Opposition party take on the point."

This is all our contemporary has to say. Has our contemporary no opinion of its own? Is this a time when any man, much less a journalist, must wait to see whether or not he can make a little political capital out of the greatest interests of the country? The truth is our contemporary does not know which way to turn. It has not the courage to speak as the Sun did, nor the audacity to endeavor to justify the result of the recklessness of the Tory administration.

It is the plain duty of every one who wishes well to New Brunswick to set himself to enquire what can be done to promote the material interests of the Province. Steps should be taken at once to ascertain which of the products of this country will find the readiest sale in foreign markets and a united effort made to develop to the utmost the trade in them. We have waited long enough for governments and politicians to help us. It is high time to put our own shoulders to the wheel. The press should grapple with the subject, our business men should take hold of it intelligently and practically.

A COMPANY calling itself "The Land Corporation of Canada," with a capital of \$2,500,000 has been organized in London. The Duke of Manchester is at the head of the project. The Company has secured the option of purchasing 1,000,000 acres of land from the C. P. R. Company, and contemplates the purchase of other lands from the Hudson's Bay Company and the Government. They will lay off the lands into farms, on which they will erect buildings, giving tenants the option of purchasing. The project meets with great favor in London.

It is about time that some notice was taken of the disgraceful condition of the large lock boxes in the Fredericton post office. One fails to see the use of a lock box which half a dozen people can open. It is certainly not for want of representation by our postmaster that the defect has not been remedied; neither would it appear to be on account of any insufficient amount of inspection by architect, overseer and the like. The small boxes are all right so far as the locks are concerned, but are far too small and are very roughly made. The lower boxes are not only improperly fitted with locks; but seem to be very flimsy affairs. The Post Office Department will be very greatly at fault, if better boxes are not provided at once, and somebody may be at serious loss.

The Capital has discovered that it is the intention of the Liberals to "destroy the national resources of Canada," which is read naughtily on the part of the Liberals. How they are going to do it, our contemporary does not explain; but nevertheless we cannot avoid expressing our gratification at the deep discernment of dark and wicked ways which this discovery displays.

The Tories carried West Northumberland, Ont., by a majority of sixty-nine, which is a slight decrease over their majority at the last general election. The vote was as follows:—Gullit 528, Waters 434.

Subscribe for the WEEKLY HERALD.

Notes and Notions.

—Who shall say the world is not interested in pretty women? Mrs. Langtry was simply a pretty woman and when comparative poverty drove her to the stage, her success is heralded by the telegraph to the press of two continents.

—The French Chambers of Commerce negotiate a commercial treaty with the United States; President Arthur tells his Congress that the tariff must be revised and internal revenue duties abolished; and the prospects of a new commercial treaty between England and France were never better, and even Sir John Macdonald is compelled to intimate that the Canadian tariff will be lowered; yet in the face of these things our Tory contemporaries tell their readers that the idea of protection is growing.

Mr. Weld, of Philadelphia, lately died, leaving \$21,000,000, and Mark Hopkins of San Francisco left \$13,000,000, for his heirs to quarrel over.

—But after all it is not so much what a man leaves as what he takes with him when he dies—and what a comforting thought that is to newspaper men.

—James Donville, M. P., seems to have got it into his head that it is the Northern Pacific Railway which Canada is subsidizing heavily. Of course it is a mistake on his part, but it is a funny one for a member of Parliament to make.

—The Maritime Farmer did not have a word to say in defence of its slander of the Liberals of York, when it accused those of them who had a supervision over the electoral lists, with being "the most unscrupulous partisans," who needed watching lest they might violate their oaths of office.

—Speaking of the meeting of the Board of Agriculture, the Capital quotes the final paragraph of Hon. W. Wedderburn's flowery address on Agriculture, and quotes part of it thus:—"While round my head majestic circles thine own aureole, Aureole, if we remember aright, was the word the President used upon the occasion of the opening address. We can only say that in charity it is thought by many that the Capital man was so dazzled by the aureole's brilliancy of the provision, that he fell into the error of mistaking the 'morning redness' for the more subdued but more appropriate aureole."

—The Sun in "Kitchen Philosophy," as laid down by Miss Munro to her Classes, gives that lady the credit of saying that "Long tubes in nursing bottles are bad for children—you can't keep them sweet and clean." We fail to observe the kitchen philosophy in this, and Miss Munro, it would seem, does not pretend to be an authority on the nursery.

—Hopewell Corner, like a good many young folks of the female persuasion, wants to change its name, and has appointed a committee to devise a new one.

—There is said to be a lot of money, some millions of dollars, lying in the Winnipeg banks waiting to be used in speculating next spring.

—Keely invented a motor some years ago and of course got up a company. The stockholders having paid up all the assessments now want to see the motor; but can get satisfaction neither out of it or the promoter either.

—Chicago wants to be capital of the United States.

—Mr. Blake's retirement to private life may be expected any moment now that the News has called him a "thank-God-at-brings-much-more-disinterested-than-rival" politician. This is all the more severe coming as it does from a sovery-much-more-changeable-and-you-never-know-which-way-it-will-turn newspaper as our contemporary.

—The New York freeman are so skillful that they have harnessed their horses and been already for a start in a second and a half. The average time of the best companies is three seconds. So says the N. Y. Sun.

—South Carolina people brag because their penitentiary pays big dividends and Massachusetts because hers don't.

—The society for the prevention of cruelty to children got badly lull on the little Corinne business.

—Why don't the champion oarsmen get to work, row somebody, and stop this everlasting telegraphing about what one is willing to do and the other is not?

—The Board of Engineers of the U. S. War Department have reported that the present coast defences of the United States are altogether insufficient. Our neighbors seem to get along very well with a few very poor ports and no navy to speak of.

—Everybody says that the snow will make a difference of thousands of dollars to Fredericton; yet not one in five of the people who come into town will bring any money with them. Their coming will simply put money into circulation. The moral of this is, that if the people of Fredericton who have money would use it in business times would be better.

—Mr. Sojourner is 92 years old. He was a "Sojer" in the war of 1812 and has sojourned with five wives. He married his sixth spouse in Wisconsin the other day.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

WHERE AND WHAT TO BUY—THE DISPLAY IN THE SHOPS.

The near approach of Christmas is observed in the increased patronage of the shops, and in the preparations being made in the various stores in arranging and displaying to advantage reasonable goods, of all kinds, for the attraction of purchasers. Many of the shop fronts present a very attractive appearance, particularly those of the dry goods people, and the variety of seasonal articles displayed for sale is large.

"THE GOLDEN FLEECE."
At the sign of the "Golden Fleece," Mr. John McDonald has a full line of new fall goods of all kinds, both for domestic and other uses: ladies' fur goods, dress goods of all kinds, and mantle cloths, embracing a line of goods which is well worth inspecting. Mr. McDonald has also another or upper store on Queen Street, in the premises lately occupied by P. McPeake, where a fine line of silks, mantles, ladies' furs, dress goods, all kinds of fancy ties, ladies' fancy street bags, silk handkerchiefs, lace of all kinds and hosiery and gloves are on exhibition for the season. A specialty is also made of gentlemen's furnishing goods.

J. H. HAWTHORN.
Queen street, has a tempting display of articles in his line for the Christmas season—fancy confectionery, such as panaromas, egg-fancy figures, hearts, bon-bons, crackers, and other candy knock-knocks that go to adorn a Christmas tree or table and feast the eyes of the young people before the "sweet tooth" spoils their ascetic beauty forever. He has also fancy gums, in Helen's chocolates, and fancy Christmas mixtures. Mr. Hawthorn has also in addition a full line of prime cigars and pipes, in meerschaum and briar, suitable for the season.

GEORGE H. DAVIS.
Drugist, corner of Queen and Regent streets, has an old established stand, and besides his full stock of drugs and medicines, patent medicines, dye stuffs, etc., has an especial feature in the shape of toilet articles, perfumery, etc., in great variety. Mr. Davis' prices are first-class, of prime brands and good leaf and fine flavor. A line of Christmas cards is also on his counters.

H. H. PITTS & CO.'S
Toy emporium and 5 and 10 cent counters are great points of attraction for the young people; and he shows a full line of Christmas goods, toys of all kinds. On his 5 and 10 cent counters are many useful and fancy seasonal articles, and his Christmas confectionery is first-class.

S. R. EVERETT'S HARDWARE STORE.
A pair of skates makes a handsome Christmas present, and one of the best places to go for them is Z. B. Everett's Hardware Store, on Queen Street. Mr. Everett has a full line of Acme Skates at moderate figures for the season.

JACKSON ADAMS.
Mr. Jackson Adams, furniture dealer of Court House Square, is prepared for the approaching Christmas season. He has ready a splendid show of useful and ornamental goods in his warehouse, embracing rocking chairs, sofas, parlour chairs, foot rests, statuettes brackets, 5 o'clock tea tables, slipper boxes and a variety of other goods, plain and fancy in finish, and to suit all persons. He has also a large stock of those small children's sofas for which there was such a demand last year.

MR. JAMES S. NEILL.
Hardware, Queen street, presents a fine and full line of skates of all kinds, wood top skates, "Long Beach," the "Acme Club," and Whelpy's new patent, the "Empress." He offers beautiful specimens of Acme Club Skates in polished steel and nickel plate, at low figures; and keeps constantly in stock traps and skate covers, and all parts of the Acme skates. He has also a good line of pocket and table cutlery, in all styles.

S. F. SHUTE.
Jeweller, Sharkey's Block, Queen Street, is making a grand display of goods for the Christmas and New Year season. Besides his usual fine line of gold, silver and nickel watches, gold and plated jewelry, wedding and Bohemian ware, etc., he has just opened some very fine smoking stands, a handsome article for a Christmas present, and a number of elegant hand painted lanterns and brackets for Christmas decorations. The last named are the work of a young lady in St. John and are much admired by those who have seen them. He has many novelties in new plated ware, the designs of which are chaste and elegant.

THOMAS W. SMITH & SON.
Have a good stock of new goods in their line—cloths, coatings and suitings of all kinds and styles and in the newest patterns. They make a specialty of gentlemen's furnishing goods in boots and overcoats and have a large stock of the latter for the season's trade on exhibition at advantageous rates to the buyer. Their store has been much improved by a handsome plate glass front which was put in on Saturday.

LEMONY'S VARIETY STORE.
Lemony & Sons show a great variety of goods at their Variety Store, Queen Street, and it is well worth while to pay a visit to their extensive establishment while on Christmas shopping. They make a feature of Bohemian ware, embracing vases, toilet sets, card-trays, eperges, flower, mantel and water sets, fancy flower pots; and they show a particularly large and fine assortment of fancy cups and saucers, embracing over 200 new patterns. An immense variety of other goods are shown.

MESSES. MURRAY & PENNY.
Queen street, have a fine stock of stationery and fancy goods for the holiday trade. They have a good variety on show of superior leather goods, such as pocket-books, jewelry cases, cigar cases, etc.; photograph album, and scrap albums, in all styles, are a feature with them, and their assortment of work boxes and writing desks, in walnut, is good. Their stock of Christmas and New Year's cards is probably the largest and most artistic in the city, and sure to meet the taste of all.

Active preparations are still making among the stores for the holiday trade, which will commence in earnest.

MR. JOHN HARRITT.
At his Jewelry Establishment, Queen street, has a fine display of new Christmas goods. Watches, clocks and jewelry are the main features, and silver and plated ware. In chains and gem and signet rings, he shows some very fine specimens of workmanship; and silver and plated ware there is a large variety for purchasers to choose from, embracing tea sets, butter coolers, pickle jars, card receivers, jewel stands, toilet sets, etc., in the newest styles and designs. He has also a line of fancy goods, clocks in great variety of style and price, and spectacles and eye glasses.

MESSES. WATSON & MOORE.
Grocers, York street, have a fine line of Christmas groceries, and a large and varied stock of other reasonable goods. For the country trade they have a fine line of almost everything that a farmer can require for the winter season of the very best quality. This being a feature of their business, they are enabled to offer their friends and patrons poultry, eggs, butter, lard, and such like seasonal produce, fresh and of prime quality, at the lowest possible figures. Give them a call at their place of business on York street, near Edgcomb's Carriage Factory.

W. E. LOGAN.
Queen street, has an admirable line of Christmas groceries, fruits, etc., nuts, bon-bons, fancy goods, green grapes, Father Christmas's Surprise Concoques, etc. His display of confectionery is extensive and varied, embracing all kinds. He has a large stock of choice winter apples, and a good idea of the variety of his stock can be had by a glance at the windows of his shop on Queen street, opposite the County Court House.

MESSES. DEVER BROTHERS.
are holding a Christmas sale of useful and fancy dry goods, which is attracting much attention. Their stock of dry goods is extensive and in great variety, and all goods are marked at their usual holiday figures. Their holiday sale lasts until the New Year, and all should embrace the opportunity for bargains thus offered.

MR. A. LOTTIMER.
Queen street, two doors below Wilnot's alley, in exchanging the compliments of the season with his patrons, would call their attention to his stock of boots, shoes, slippers, overboots and moccasins, which is well selected and of the very best quality. Everything in the shape of fashionable and serviceable boot wear can be had at Lottimer's, and he invites the public to inspect his stock, which he guarantees will give every satisfaction.

GEORGE T. WHELFLEY.
Has a good line of Christmas groceries at his store, Queen street, under the Barker House. Mr. Whelfley has but recently moved into these new and commodious quarters, and has laid in a large and excellent stock of general and seasonal groceries.

MR. GEORGE C. HUNT'S
Drug store, Queen street, the second door from Regent street, shows a fine lot of goods suitable for the season besides his usual large stock of drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, etc. He has some choice articles in French and English perfumery, cheap perfumery for the country trade, toilet articles, hair, tooth and clothes brushes, and a fine line of cigars, pipes, tobacco and tobacconist's goods. A good assortment of Christmas cards and other holiday goods are on his counters.

MR. SAMUEL OWEN
has a large and excellent stock of trunks in all styles, and a large assortment of clothing, which he offers at advantageous terms, as he conducts his business on cash principles.

MR. JOHN J. WEDDALL.
Staple and fancy dry goods, Queen street, has on exhibition some beautiful jacket and ulster cloths, dress goods in the latest styles and materials, a variety in woollen goods, and staple and fancy dry goods for the Christmas season. In furs, he has an elegant assortment in muff, tippets, caps, etc., in real and imitation fur.

MR. T. O. CONNOR.
Importer of woollen manufactures, Queen street, one door below the Barker House, has lately received and has now on show a magnificent line of English, Scotch and Canadian cloths.

MR. JAMES S. NEILL.
In addition to the goods, presents also a very fine show of "substantial Christmas wares" in the hardware line, and granite ironware—a valuable article for domestic use.

OWEN SHARKEY.
Queen street, exhibits a full stock of dry goods suitable for the season, in ladies' dress goods, shawls, mantles, ulsters, scarfs, kid mitts, kid and cloth gloves, fur and plush hats, nister and mantle cloths; and a great variety of other staple and fancy dry goods and gents' furnishing goods as well. Mr. Sharkey's stock is well worth inspecting.

OTHER SHOPS.
Among some other shops on Queen street fine displays of goods are noticeable. In dry goods Messrs. Tennant, Davies & Co., and F. B. Edgcombe are prepared with splendid lines for the Christmas and New Year trade. Mr. H. A. Copley, on the corner of Queen and Regent streets, has a fine show of Christmas cards, and other reasonable goods in the way of books and papers, as has also Mr. M. S. Hall. At Jas. G. McNally's variety and Mr. Simon Neale's 5 cent store the tastes of all and the purses of all can be suited in all kinds of holiday goods, and Christmas hardware.

The various lively stalls in the town are also well prepared for the holiday season. Messrs. Gunter & Atherton, whose advertisement can be found in another column, have some striking turn-outs in their lively stable on Westmoreland, near Queen street.

An English girl wants to know how long girls should be courted.—Ez. Our opinion may not be worth much in such matters, but we think a long girl should be courted in the same manner as short girls are courted—with opens, carriage rides, confessions, sitting up nights, and so forth. If a young man can't court a long girl without carrying a step-ladder when he goes to see her, he should resign in favor of some one who can.

POOR DOCUMENT

LOCAL NEWS.

There will be a children's festival at Marysville on Monday evening.

Monday being a public holiday, the Evening Herald will not be issued on that day.

Appointment.—Mr. John Lester has been appointed auditor of the new Parliament Building.

Wanted a boy, about sixteen years of age, to learn the printing business. Apply at the Herald Office.

County Council.—The semi-annual meeting of the York County Council will be held on the 17th of January next.

Teachers Wanted.—The trustees of School District, No. 2, Lower Margerville, advertise for a teacher in another column.

John Richards & Son have sent to our sanctum a very pretty calendar, issued by the Western Assurance Company, of which they are the agents.

Lost his Fingers.—On Tuesday last Mr. Robert Bower had the four fingers of his left hand cut off while at work in Jeffrey's Factory, St. Mary's Ferry.

Mr. G. FRED. FISHER, Editor and Proprietor of the Reporter, has been presented with a handsome gold pencil case by his employees. May he live long to use it.

The Market.—There were quite a number of country teams around the market today, chiefly loaded with hay and wood. There was but very little produce in.

Oliver's Repairs.—Babbitt's mill at Gibson has closed down until after the holidays, to effect repairs to their single machine and to give their employees a holiday.

Christmas Cattle.—Messrs. McCarty & Cameron, butchers, of York street, drove in about 40 head of cattle for the Christmas market on Wednesday evening. They came from up river.

Agricultural Society Meetings.—The annual meeting of the Kingsclear Agricultural Society will meet on the 20th inst. The York County Agricultural Society holds its annual meeting on January 12th, 1882.

Upset.—While Robert Sloan, of Keswick was coming down the river Tuesday, with a load of hay, it was accidentally upset. Mr. Sloan was thrown off on the ice, cutting one of his cheeks and blacking one of his eyes.

Cowardly Assault.—While Miss McCarty, of Gibson, was returning home from the city on Saturday night, a man caught hold of her in the darkness at Gaynor's Landing, and gave her a severe shaking. She screamed murder and the man ran.

Change of Meetings.—Victoria Lodge, No. 13, I. O. F., holds its next regular meeting on Tuesday, the 13th inst., and Tuesday, January 3rd, 1882, instead of on the Monday before these respective dates. A full attendance of members is requested.

Miller's Patent Flanger.—The Miller Patent Flanger Company, of Fredericton, composed of Sheriff Temple, manager; R. B. Tremblay, secretary and treasurer; and J. H. Miller, originator and mechanic, have recently introduced their locomotive flanger on the principal roads of the United States and Canada.

The Institute recently organized in connection with the Baptist Church and congregation of this city, have decided upon a course of lectures for the ensuing winter. Efforts are being made to ensure instructive and interesting lectures. It is intended that the course shall open early in January. A full announcement will shortly be made.

The City Police Court.

JOHN L. MARSH, P. M., PRESIDING.

In the City Police Court, Tuesday morning, in the case of Black vs. Fenety, a civil suit which has been pending before the Court for a couple of days, the jury brought in a verdict for the defendant.

GIBSON NOTES.

To Arrive.—The new engine and boiler for Mr. W. A. Bradley's blacksmith shop is to arrive in a few days.

XMAS CANDY.—Mr. James L. Boyd makes a fine display of Christmas confectionery for the season's trade.

GIBSON, Dec. 20.

HANDSOME CALENDAR.—We have received from Mr. Geo. E. Fairweather, of St. John, who was in the city to-day, some handsome specimens of calendars for 1882, issued by the London & Lancashire Insurance Company, of Liverpool, England. They are very neat and most artistically got up. Mr. Fairweather is the general agent of the Company, in this Province; Mr. J. L. Inches is the agent in Fredericton.

RECENT APPOINTMENTS.—The last Royal Gazette contained the following appointments in the County of York: David B. Jones, Walter H. Patterson, Dennis Connolly, James Love, Alexander Boyd, John A. Campbell, and W. Jones, (Woodlands) to be Justices of the Peace; and John A. Campbell to be Commissioner of the Parish of Kingsclear Civil Court, in the room of George N. Risteen, resigned.

To the Editor of the Evening Herald:

DEAR SIR,—Permit me through the columns of your paper to inquire if the font, recently made by Jackson Adams, was the gift of the Metropolitan to the new Mission Chapel in St. John. If this is the case, it plainly shows where the sympathies of the Metropolitan lie, and if not true, many good Church people would like to hear it contradicted.

Yours, &c., A. CHURCHMAN, Fredericton, Dec. 22, 1881.

The Plans for New St. Paul's.—The plans prepared by Mr. J. C. Dunsmuir, architect, of St. John, for the proposed new Presbyterian Church, were received. The front of George street and York street elevations in the proposed plans show a very pretty and neat Gothic church with a handsome tracery window on the front, and a short tower on the angle of the two streets. The plan of the ground floor gives a very comfortably arranged church, both as regards seating accommodation and other conveniences.

FOR THE POOR.—Mr. John Owens bought several nice quarters of beef yesterday, for distribution among the poor by the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

RUN OVER AND KILLED.

THE SAD FATE OF A YOUNG LAD.

We stop the press to announce that this afternoon, a young lad, about nine years of age, was sitting in a chair on the corner of York and Queen Streets, in front of Mr. McNally's. The team of a Mr. Allen of Savage Island, 5 or 6 miles up river, was turning the corner, when the sled slewed and striking the unfortunate lad, knocked him off the sidewalk. The sled passed over him, and inflicted fatal injuries. The boy was living when picked up and carried into Doctor G. E. Coulthard's office, where he was supposed to have been caused by the breast being crushed, as the bleeding was profuse from the mouth. Dr. Dow was summoned, and empaneled a jury, who viewed the remains, and the inquest will be held at 4.30 this afternoon.

An immense crowd of course gathered, but no one seemed able to identify the boy, although the remains were viewed by over 200 people.

At 4.15 the remains were taken from Dr. Coulthard's office and placed on a meat stand in the City Market.

LATER.

The unfortunate boy has been identified since writing the above as Robert Nicholson, son of R. S. Nicholson, now of Manitoba, but who formerly taught school in this city. The boy lives with his mother on Brunswick street.

THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE MEETING YESTERDAY—THE INITIAL STEP A SUCCESS.

Pursuant to call by circular a number of prominent citizens met in the Council Chamber in the City Hall, yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, and the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of forming for this city an Historical Society.

About 27 gentlemen were present, among them Dr. Rand, G. N. Babbitt, Mayor Fisher, Ald. Burchill, Jeremiah Meagher, T. O'Connor, James A. Vanwart, Charles Roberts, J. L. Inches, J. J. Fraser, Rev. Mr. McLeod, Rev. Mr. Crawley, Geo. E. Fenety, Dr. Bailey, Dr. Archer, Dr. Archer, N. A. Clark, Charles H. Loggie, James S. Beck, Geo. A. Perley, Judge Steadman, Geo. R. Parkin, John L. Marsh and C. W. Beckwith.

Mayor Fisher was called to the chair, and stated that Gov. Wilnot, who was to have been present, was unable to attend. He then introduced Mr. J. T. Bulmer, corresponding secretary of the Nova Scotia Historical Society, who was to give the movement an initial impulse.

Mr. Bulmer, after some words of general introduction, said that Nova Scotia had lost 80 years by not having had an historical society, and certain parts of their past history were at present mere haphazard. He traced the history of historical societies in America and the great work they had done, mentioning the Massachusetts Historical Society, the State of Maine Society and the New York Society. The importance of preserving records he said, was being largely felt every year.

He outlined the work in Halifax. Joseph Howe and Hunter Dwyer had made noble efforts, but their political life had interfered. A third attempt was made in 1878. They had a small attendance at first, and had had a hard struggle, but they were now successful. He had come over here to give them a start. St. John had made a good beginning, but although the first had been successful, they had pushed forward in the face of great difficulties. He dilated upon the objects of historical societies, and the opportunities Fredericton had. He showed what they could do by instancing what had been done in Nova Scotia. They had amalgamated their library with that of the Legislature, and now had a fine collection, embracing 1,000 volumes of newspapers relating to Nova Scotia; 17,000 single pamphlets; a great collection of records from Paris, London, and Quebec, and they were opening communication with Rome, to obtain the correspondence of the priests who were in this country at a very early date; and they had 10,000 volumes of records from Cabot's time down. To be sure there were gaps here and there, but they were gradually being filled in. The starting of such a collection here would suggest a library, and the result would be beautiful and beneficial. He concluded his remarks by expressing the hope that Fredericton would soon have an Historical Society. (Applause.)

Dr. Rand and Hon. Mr. Fraser spoke approvingly of Mr. Bulmer's suggestion. In reply to Dr. Rand, Mr. Bulmer presented the constitution and working of the N. S. Historical Society, and said the librarian, who was the only paid official, received \$1000 a year.

Moved by Hon. Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. C. H. Loggie:

Whereas, this meeting has heard the statements of the several speakers as to the history, objects and working of historical societies, and the rich materials in and around Fredericton, therefore,

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting it is advisable to take immediate steps for the formation of such a Society.

After a few remarks and promises of help from Mr. Perley and Dr. Baillie, the motion was unanimously carried.

Mayor Fisher was appointed Chairman of the meeting and Dr. Archer Secretary.

On motion, Hon. Mr. Fraser, Mr. Fenety, Dr. Archer, Mr. Loggie and Judge Steadman were appointed a committee to draft a constitution to be presented at an adjourned meeting, at which the officers were also to be elected.

A vote of thanks was given Mr. Bulmer for his kindly aid, and in replying he warmly complimented Mr. J. W. Lawrence, of St. John, for his active and indefatigable labors and researches in the historical field.

Adjourned until Thursday next, at the same hour and place.

The Dominion Customs authorities have seized thirty Pullman cars and a lot of valuable papers for an alleged \$150,000 found on the revenue. The informant is an ex-conductor of the Pullman Company, and the alleged fraud consists in the re-fitting and re-furnishing in the United States of cars used in Canada.

WOODSTOCK NEWS.

WOODSTOCK, Dec. 21, 1881.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last a young fellow, known as Dino Templeman, came near shooting himself. While putting a cartridge into the breach of a gun the cock struck it, causing it to explode. The bullet went into the muzzle, but the bursting of the cartridge drove powder and bits of the shell into his face and eyes, injuring him seriously. Grave fears are entertained that one of his eyes may be permanently injured.

AMPUTATION.—About a month ago William Pine, while hunting in the yard of the N. E. C. Railway, had one of his feet badly crushed by the car wheels passing over it. On Tuesday his leg was amputated above the knee by Dr. C. P. Connel, who was assisted by Drs. N. B. Cotter and L. N. Sharp.

ROYAL ARCADE.—About a year ago Woodstock Council, No. 525 of the Royal Arcanum, was instituted in Woodstock. Since its organization it has been steadily increasing in numbers and popularity. There are now upwards of 20 members, and these are gentlemen of the highest standing in our community. At the annual meeting on Monday evening the officers for the ensuing year were elected.

HOLYDAY LONDON, No. 35, I. O. A., at their last annual meeting, elected officers-bearers for the new year. The lodge is in excellent working order and contains first-class material to earnestly and persistently uphold the interests and harmony of the order.

AGRICULTURAL.—The Aberdeen Agricultural Society held its annual meeting on Saturday last in Love's Hotel, Glasgow, and elected their officers for the ensuing year.

Key Streets and Numerous Accidents.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

WOODSTOCK, Dec. 22nd.

The thaw which set in yesterday has left the streets and some of the sidewalks in an almost impassable condition. They are covered, not only with ice, but with mud, and numerous accidents have happened both to persons and horses.

This is what the Quebec Chronicle, a paper favorable to the Government, and the editor of the Star must know, that to say about the movement to make Portland the winter port of the Dominion is "Of course Canadians do not wish to build up the ports of the United States, at the expense of Dominion enterprise, thrift and money. They would much rather help forward their own cities and ports. But our readers, and the editor of the Star must know, that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company is not a sentimental organization but a business venture purely and simply. We have always stated this, and said again and again, that the Syndicate intended to make money out of their contract, and that they did not embark on this vast undertaking for the sole purpose of becoming philanthropists. They must be allowed to select their own means for doing their own business, and if they decide on making Portland, Maine, their port of entry to the sea, the terminus, in fact, of their line, we Canadians must submit to it, and we are very sure that the Syndicate will do it, if it can be shown that it will pay them to do it. The company is working on business principles.

—France and Germany are both armistice.

—The latest fashionable craze is for old pewter. Stove pipe will be next in order.

—James Cramer, father of Jennie, of whose death so much was published last spring, has committed suicide through grief at his daughter's death.

—The Boston Herald wants the liquor dealers to pledge themselves never to sell to drunkards. We think we see them doing it.

WASHINGTON, Dec.—Further correspondence between the State Department and Minister Hurlbut at Peru is published. On the subject of the Landman and Cochet claims, Secretary Blaine takes the ground that in the anticipated treaty between Chili and Peru the latter may possibly be compelled to submit to loss of territory. If such territory should include guano deposit which was discovered by Landman, an American citizen, and for the discovery of which Peru contracted to pay him royalty on the tonnage removed, then Peru should stipulate with Chili for reservation and payment to Landman of the amount due him under the contract. In regard to Cochet's claims, Minister Hurlbut writes under date of Sept. 14: "I have no faith whatever in the Peruvian Company, and am wholly in the dark as to the honesty, value or extent of the Cochet claim. If half his statement is true and the United States assume charge of the claim, we should own Peru by a mortgage that can never be paid."

Secretary Blaine, in reply to this letter, says in regard to the Cochet claim, "There is no just ground whatever on which this Government could intervene on behalf of it. In so far as they may be any basis for the claim at all, it originates in a demand of a native Peruvian against his Government."

These two claims amount to twelve hundred millions of dollars.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Severe gales and heavy rains occurred throughout England on Saturday and Sunday. Much damage was done.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—It is reported that another mine assassination plot was discovered at the Russian imperial palace at Gatchina, and several officers arrested.

DUBLIN, Dec. 18.—Armed bands are going about nightly throughout the counties of Clare, Kerry and Tipperary, firing into houses and so intimidating the occupants that they fear to notify the police.

VANX, Dec. 18.—The correct list of victims by the theatre fire, made by the police, places the number at 794. Only 144 have been identified.

Subscribe for the WEEKLY HERALD.

LATEST DESPATCHES.

ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN, Dec. 24.

About five inches of snow fell last night. The weather is very cold to-day. The trade in the country market is very brisk. Last night's mail from United States was the largest that ever came into the St. John post office.

Railway Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 24.

A passenger train from New York ran into the rear end of a freight train near Holmesburg early last evening. Damage \$20,000.

Hanlan and Boyd.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—The Herald's despatch says articles were signed by \$250 a side staked last night for a match on the 27th, between Hanlan and Boyd for \$5000 a side. Hanlan is allowed £20 for expenses.

GARFIELD MEMORIAL.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

CLEVELAND, Dec. 24.—The citizens here have subscribed \$81,200 for the Garfield monument fund.

Another Silver Mine.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

BATHURST, Dec. 23.

Another Silver Mine has been discovered in Gloucester County, about twelve miles from the Nigadoo and Gloucester Silver Mines. B. R. Call, Esq., President of Gloucester Mining Company, and Surveyor General Adams returned to Bathurst from the mine yesterday, and are to-day superintending the shipment of ore from the mine to New York.

The specimens exhibited to-day are the best yet discovered there, and a large quantity of the richest ore can be procured with little expense and labor.

A new Company, representing Miramichi and New York capital, will be immediately formed.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 23.

A court martial at Meigen is trying two hundred soldiers who participated in the anti-Jewish riots in August last.

Ireland.

SUPPRESSION OF THE PROSELYTES AND SOCIETY.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.

The Herald's Dublin despatch says there is good authority for the statement that the Prisoner's Aid Society, organized by the Ladies League will be this week suppressed on the ground that it is simply a land league, under another name.

General News.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.

The flagship Tennessee to-day was run into by the steamer Western Star in a fog and cut down to the water's edge.

GREAT BRITAIN.

TERRIBLE STORM AND LOSS OF LIFE.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

LONDON, Dec. 23.—A heavy gale from the west and north-west prevailed in the southern part of England on Tuesday night, with torrents of rain. The Thames rose considerably and flooded the valley and meadows about Windsor. At Bristol the wind blew a hurricane. A house occupied by four families was destroyed and fifteen persons buried in the ruins. Two children were killed by a falling chimney and others injured. There has been great loss of life in the Channel by the storm, and mail communication with France was interrupted.

Ray's Indebtedness.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

ST. JOHN, Dec. 23.—It has been discovered that C. R. Ray, the ascending Chairman of the Board of Water Commissioners, besides leaving unpaid debts to the amount of \$15,000 or \$20,000, borrowed sums of money from different friends on the day of his flight which amount to at least \$2,000.

The Check Stealing Case.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

FURLONG ACQUITTED—LEWIN TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

In the case of Furlong, charged with stealing the Gibson check, the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty yesterday. Our St. John correspondent sends us the following particulars:

(Special to THE HERALD.)

ST. JOHN, Dec. 21.

Mr. James D. Lewin, Jr., the virtuous innocent, took leg bail and the late train for the States last evening, leaving his country for his country's good. His brother purchased a ticket as far as Boston for him, but his baggage is checked for Augusta, Maine. The Furlong trial showed beyond doubt that Lewin's statement was a complete perjury. The sympathy of the public for Furlong is very great, and an attempt was made at the Court House last evening to raise a cheer for him when the verdict of "not guilty" was announced.

Rescue of a St. John Crew.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

BOSTON, Dec. 21.

The British steamer "Salerno" arrived here yesterday, after an exceedingly rough passage of thirty days, bringing the crew and officers of the St. John bark "W. I. Whiting" which was abandoned on the 2nd inst. Capt. Carter, of the "Whiting" who belongs to St. John, gives a terrible account of the experience of himself and crew. Robt. Carter and Jefferson Carter, seamen, were washed overboard and lost, and two other seamen have broken limbs. The captain's wife and infant son, who were on board, went through great hardships, having been lashed to a wet bunk for five days.

Two Years for Stealing Spoons.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

ST. JOHN, Dec. 21.

The boy Smith, who was tried on a charge of stealing a number of silver spoons from the residence of Dr. Boyle Travers, was sentenced to a term of two years' imprisonment in the penitentiary at Dorchester.

Supposed Drowning Case.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

ST. JOHN, Dec. 21.

James Taylor, a laborer, belonging to Portland, started to walk across the Kennebecas River on the ice between Millidgeville and Millik Island yesterday. He has not been seen since. It is supposed that he broke through the ice and was drowned.

Indicted for Murder.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 21.

Dwight Kidder, indicted for murder of his half brother, Charles Kidder, in this city on the 7th June, and Turpin Jenks, of Long Meadow, indicted for the murder of John Otis, of Long Meadow, on August 6th, were arraigned to-day and pleaded not guilty. They will probably be tried in April.

Connecting Link of cable.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

BERLIN, Dec. 21.

The English Government have granted permission to the German Union Telegraph Company to use Valensia as a connecting point for a cable from England, thus uniting Germany directly with the Anglo-American system of telegraphic cables.

DUBLIN, Dec. 20.

Earl Cowper, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland has selected E. Dwyer Gray as High Sheriff of Dublin for 1882.

It is now ascertained that 34 persons were killed and 36 injured by the explosion yesterday in the coal pit at Bolton.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.

Ex Senator Timothy O. Howe, of Wisconsin was nominated and unanimously confirmed Postmaster General, William H. Trescott was also confirmed as special envoy extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the republics of Peru, Chili and Bolivia.

VIENNA, Dec. 20.—The explosion of a gasometer in rear of the northern railway station, to-day, killed four persons. Several others were injured.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—A violent gale blew in France to-day. Numerous wrecks on the coast are reported.

Crushed in the Ice.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.

Lieut. General Anoutchins, of Eastern Siberia, sends news to St. Petersburg, announcing that the steamer of the American Polar expedition, which has been lost since 1878, has been discovered; and that assistance has been rendered to the crew. He has issued a proclamation announcing that the Arctic voyaging ship "Jeannette" is safe, with all on board well and all equipments intact. He equipped and sent out on his own account a party of the most experienced explorers and they found the lost ship. The people aboard the "Jeannette" were much astonished when informed by the Siberian explorers that they had become objects of the solicitude of all civilized nations of the world.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.

A telegram from the United States Charge d'Affaires at St. Petersburg, says:—"The 'Jeannette' was crushed in the ice June 11th, in lat. 71.10 N. The crew embarked in three boats, which were separated by wind and fog. No. 3, with eleven men, Engineer Melville commanding, reached the mouth of the Lena, Sept. 19. Subsequently No. 1, with Capt. De Long, Dr. Ambler, and twelve men, reached the Lena in a pitiable condition. Prompt assistance was sent. No. 2 has not been heard from.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 20.

News has reached Jatinak, Eastern Siberia, that on the 14th Sept. three natives of Oulou, near Cape Barby, 140 versts north of Cape Bikoff, discovered a coat containing eleven men, who stated they belonged to the "Jeannette" and had undergone horrible sufferings. The district Deputy Governor, with a doctor and medicines, was immediately dispatched to help the shipwrecked sailors. The Governor also was instructed to do everything in his power to recover the remainder of the crew.

Police man hot.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.

A policeman named Tho. T. Norton was shot dead last night by an inmate of a low class saloon, frequented by absolute characters, whom he threatened to disperse. The man who shot him has escaped, but is supposed to be a policeman off duty, named Bernard Fitzpatrick.

Another Nihilist Plot.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 19.

The police arrested eight persons last night in a house behind General Ignatieff's residence. They were Nihilists, and evidently intended to blow up Ignatieff. Prince Kravalkine is thought to be implicated.

Railway Accident.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

JEFFERSON CITY, Dec. 19.—By the derailment of a locomotive on the Lebanon Railway yesterday, an excursion train was thrown down an embankment. Christopher Wagner, Green Berry and Oscar Mouning were killed and many persons badly wounded.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—The steamer "Germanic" which arrived to-day, reports the rescue in a terrific hurricane of the crew of the abandoned lumber-laden steamer "Furworth" from Montreal for Rotterdam.

The Lewin Trial.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

ST. JOHN, Dec. 17.—His Honor the Chief Justice finished his charge at 10.30 and the jury retired. A large crowd has been waiting all day for the final event in the trial of James D. Lewin, Jr., but there is no prospect of the jury agreeing. Sounds which came from the open window of the jury room this afternoon show that a furious debate is going on. His Honor has been waiting for the jury all day, and they will probably be locked up over Sunday unless dismissed tonight.

ST. JOHN, Dec. 19.—The jury in the Lewin case returned at 4.30 on Saturday afternoon and stated through their foreman, Andrew Emery, that they had failed to agree, and that there was no possibility of their agreeing, and that they stood 11 to 1 for acquittal. His Honor enquired if there was any way in which he could assist them, and the foreman replied no, except in regard to the doubt of his legal knowledge. His honor replied that he did not know that he could say anything more than he had already said on that point. His Honor then admitted Lewin to bail himself in \$1,000 and two sureties of \$500 each. He was removed, however, to jail as a witness in the Furlong case, which comes up this morning.

The Latest-Furlong Trial.

(Special to THE HERALD.)

ST. JOHN, Dec. 19.—1.30.—This morning the case of Furlong, charged with stealing the Gibson Check, was taken up in the Circuit Court.

Mr. Kerr, counsel for Lewin, informed the Judge that he understood that it was the intention of the Crown to put Lewin on the stand as witness against Furlong, and that, as Lewin had not yet been formally acquitted, he would offer the same objection to his being called that Mr. Weldon did to Furlong being

POOR DOCUMENT

CHRISTMAS POETRY.

Santa Claus' Visit.

'Twas the night before Christmas, when all thro' the house
Not a creature was stirring, not even a mouse;
The stockings were hung by the chimney with care,
In hopes that St. Nicholas soon would be there.
The children were nestled all snug in their beds,
While visions of sugar-plums danced in their heads;
And mamma in her kerchief and I in my cap,
Had just settled our brains for a long winter's nap.
When out on the lawn there rose such a clatter,
I sprang from my bed to see what was the matter:
Away to the window I flew like a flash,
Tore open the shutters and threw up the sash—
The moon, on the breast of the new-fallen snow,
Gave a lustre of mid-day to objects below;
When, what to my wondering eyes should appear,
But a miniature sleigh and ten tiny reindeer,
With a little old driver, so lively and quick,
I knew in a moment it must be St. Nick.
And he whistled and shouted, and called some by name—
"Now, Dasher! now, Dancer! now, Prancer and Vixen!
On, Comet! on, Comet! on, Dunder and Blitzen!"
To the top of the porch, to the top of the wall!
Now dash away, dash away, dash away all!
As they leave that before the wild hurricane fly,
When they meet with an obstacle mount to the sky,
So up to the housetops the couriers they flew,
With a slight fall of snow—St. Nicholas, too,
And then in a twinkling I heard on the roof
The prancing and pawing of each little hoof.
As I drew in my head, and was turning around,
Down the chimney St. Nicholas came with a bound,
And his clothes were all tarnished with soot and ash;
A bundle of toys he had flung on his back,
And he looked like a peddler just opening his pack;
His eyes, how they twinkled! his dimples how merry!
His cheeks were like roses, his nose like a cherry;
His droll little mouth was drawn up like a bow,
And the beard on his chin was as white as the snow.
The stump of a pipe he held tight in his teeth,
And the smoke, it exhaled, his head like a wreath!
He had a broad face, and a little round belly,
That shook, when he laughed, like a bowl full of jelly.
He was chubby and plump—a right jolly old elf,
And I laughed when I saw him, in spite of myself.
A wink of his eye and a twist of his head,
Soon gave me to know I had nothing to dread.
He spoke just a word, but went straight to his work,
And filled all the stockings; then turned with a jerk,
And laying his finger aside of his nose,
And giving a nod, up the chimney he rose.
He sprang to his sleigh, to his team gave a whistle,
And away they all flew like the down of a thistle;
But I heard him exclaim, ere he drove out of sight:
"Merry Christmas to all, and to all a good night!"

CHRISTMAS STORY.

WHAT A DOLLAR DID.

A CHRISTMAS STORY.

"Well, Mary, did Mrs. Thompson pay for the sewing?" asked Mrs. Morris, a delicate-looking woman, wasted with sickness and care, yet scrupulously neat, as was everything in her humble apartment.
"Yes, mamma," answered an intelligent bright-eyed child, of a strangely mature expression of countenance, "at first she said to call again, but I said you were sick and wanted some medicine, so she gave it to me; but see what a worn, crumpled and dirty bill it is."
"Thank God, I can now get some syrup for my cough. I slept little last night, and I did so want to be up on Christmas day. It grieves me, darling, that I cannot get you and little Freddy the presents you used to have before papa died. Go, dear, to the store and get the medicine; it will soothe my cough, and I will do my best to make your Christmas, if not a merry one, as happy as I can."
"Oh, never mind, mamma, dear; it will be just splendid, and I will make a rag doll for Freddy and he will think it ever so fine," and the affectionate child hurried off to the store of the little village, where were kept a miscellaneous assortment of dry goods, groceries, hardware, and a few of the more common remedies for the numerous ills that flesh is heir to.
Wistfully the little girl eyed the brilliant dolls and toys and trinkets that more happy parents than hers were purchasing to gladden bright eyes on the morrow, as with shouts of glee the well-filled stockings would be emptied almost before they could see them. But she bravely turned away, crushing down the longing in her heart, and purchased the soothing anodyne, and a few, alas! too few, of the bare necessities of life—with precious worldly wisdom making her worn and tattered dollar bill pay for as many articles as possible. Then, with a hoarded penny, buying a candy toy for brother Fred, she hastened home through the wintry streets with more of real satisfaction in her little heart than many a pampered child of luxury who, surfeited with gifts, knows not the superior joy of giving.
Unnoticed in the throng of customers that nearly filled the store, stood the little son of the village shoemaker, his feet exhibiting the proverbially wretched covering of the children of disciples of St. Crispin. As the store-keeper received the dollar from the hands of Mary Morrison, the widow's child, little Tom Needham repeated his request—"Please sir, father wants the money for mending the boots."
"I'm too busy just now, my boy," said the bustling store keeper, while weighing a pound of tea. But as the little fellow turned disappointed away, for he knew that his own chance of a Christmas dinner depended on being paid for the work, the busy salesman exclaimed: "Stay, here you are. This is just it," and he handed him the tattered bill. With a glad "Hurrah!" Tom burst into his father's squalid little shop; smelling strongly of leather and wax, and littered up with shreds and patches, and a disreputable-looking collection of old shoes. For Mr. Needham was rather a mender than a maker of these useful articles,

now that almost everybody bought them at the store ready-made from the great factory in the city.

"Well, Tom, have you got it?" asked the rather dirty-looking craftsman, as he looked up wearily from his bench, pushing back his spectacles and revealing a brow furrowed by care, and a stubby beard of a week's growth. The good man found the maintenance of a large family, with his decreasing business, year by year a more difficult task.

"Yes, father, here it is," shouted the light-hearted boy, not yet feeling the burden of poverty.

"Well, it is a seedy specimen," said the shoemaker, taking the soiled bill by the corner as if afraid of soiling it still more with his grimy fingers. "But it will make mother and the girls a good Christmas dinner, anyway, won't it, Tom?" and the toll-worn father went forth with loving thoughts to provide for the wants of his family. Though not much given to moralizing, he felt his lowly calling dignified and ennobled by his care for those who were, by God's providence, committed to his keeping.

The village butcher's stall was a sight to behold, with its noble roasts of beef and fat sheep and plump turkeys. But all these were too aristocratic for the shoemaker's purse; so he selected a more plebeian goose, and wended his way home with the apology for his unwonted extravagance.

"Christmas comes but once a year, and when it comes it brings good cheer." "Here Tompkins," said the jolly butcher, as fat as one of his own prize sheep, to a meagre-looking man, who was selecting a cheap joint for his Christmas dinner, "here's a beef's shank that will make a good pot of soup for your young kids at home; and here's that dollar I owe you for cutting wood. I don't like to go into Christmas owing anything, you know," and he handed him the bill he had just received from the shoemaker.

"Neither do I, Mr. Burroughs," said the meagre little man, with joyful alacrity. "This will help me to pay my rent to Squire Bilton to-night. I shall eat my Christmas dinner, plain as it may be, with better relish when I don't owe for the roof over my head," and with a load of care lifted off his mind he started for the Squire's Hall to pay his rent.

At the end of an avenue of spiry spruces which shivered in the wintry winds, stood the hospitable Hall. The warm light streamed from its curtained windows upon the frozen fountain and the arbor, dismantled of its summer covering of vines; and rich strains of music floated forth on the icy air as the Squire's young folks sang with merry glee a joyous Christmas carol. A twinge of envy and discontent wrung the heart of the poor man as he thought of his own humble home and the scanty enjoyment of his children.

"Ah, Tompkins, is that you?" was the hearty greeting of the Squire—"Come for your Christmas box, have you your?" "I came to pay my rent, sir," he replied, with a feeling of manly independence that made him feel at least an inch taller, as he produced the shabby bill, with others almost as bad, from his well-worn, but scantily filled purse.

"That's right, Tompkins, always pay as you go and keep out of debt. That's how I got along; but go into the kitchen. My wife has been putting up a basket of Christmas fixings for your youngsters. I always enjoy my own Christmas dinner better for knowing that my tenants are enjoying theirs. Somehow the thoughts of God's good gifts to us, kind of mellow, and warms one's heart to everyone."

And the Squire's round, kindly face was wreathed with smiles that might have become Father Christmas himself.

As Tompkins left the house with a well-filled basket on his arm, his heart felt a good deal lighter, notwithstanding his heavy load. Not a particle of envy lingered in his bosom, but instead of murmuring at the allotments of Providence, he called to himself, "The Squire is a real good landlord, and deserves all the prosperity he enjoys. I wish there were more like him," to which he heartily responded "Amen!"

Shortly after, the kindly Squire, well-muffled, walked down to the village store, on charitable thoughts intent. While ordering a hamper of toys and trinkets for his own family and the minister's children (he had previously ordered a parcel of books for their fathers) he did not forget the wants of his tenants and poorer neighbors, including the family of the sick widow, Mrs. Morrison, whom he had known in better days. Having given directions to deliver the parcels that night: as he paid for the toys and picture books for the widow's children, the store-keeper exclaimed: "Why, here is the identical dollar little Mary Morrison brought me this very night. I wonder where it has been since. It must have brought me luck, for I never did a better night's business. Here, Mrs. Flaningham, I'll make you a present of it," handing it to the Irish washerwoman, who had been waiting some time for her Christmas box.

"The blessings of the Holy Virgin and all the saints attend ye; and long life and a merry Christmas," and many cursties. What became of the tattered bill further, we know not. We think it was left at the village baker's, and is perhaps going its rounds on its mission of mercy yet, bringing joy and gladness to many a home.
The Christmas morning rose bright and

clear. Little Freddy Morrison, for once, was up early, and soon roused the house by his tumultuous excitement. "Merry Christmas, mamma! Santa Claus did come after all, although you were afraid he wouldn't," and he emptied his well-filled stockings on his mother's bed. "And here is a book for Mary, too. I prayed God last night to send Santa Claus just as he used to when papa was alive; and so he has, you see."

"God has not forgotten us," said the widow, with her eyes glistening through her tears, as she clasped her children to her arms and covered them with kisses. "I will try and not forget His promises, that He will be a husband to the widow and a father to the fatherless."

It would have done one's heart good to see how the little Neeshams enjoyed their savory Christmas goose; and the young Tompkins their rich beef broth and the Christmas cheer from the Hall: and Mrs. Flaningham and her children, their Christmas dinner, humble though it was. As the Squire sat down to his well-filled board, his rubicund face fairly shone with good nature, and he thanked God for Christmas with its tender and sacred memories and the kindly feelings it kindles in every heart.

And the agent by which all this happiness was communicated—that spoiled and worn, and crumpled bill—was it not an angel in disguise? an angel of mercy scattering blessings on every hand, and bringing gladness to every heart? And how great is the crime of those who, from thoughtlessness, or avarice, or neglect, prevent these messengers of joy from their blessed ministrations, by withholding the wages of the poor when it is due. The dollar, which to the rich man is a trifle, and to the poor man a matter of the greatest moment. The merciful All-Father, who ever remembereth with compassion His great family of the poor, hath given special injunction in His Word, that the wages of him that is hired shall not abide by thee till morning. "Say not unto thy neighbor, says Solomon, 'Go and come again, and tomorrow I will give; when thou hast it by thee.' And in stern denunciation writes St. James, 'Behold the hire of the laborers, which of you is kept by fraud, crieth, and the cries are entered into the ears of the Lord of Sabaoth.'"

THE GOOSE-BONE.
ON DECK, AS USUAL, WITH WEATHER PROSPECTS.

The readings of the goose-bone indicate a mokey winter. There will be a good deal of snow and a few cold days, but no protracted cold weather. In the month of December there will be no very cold weather. During the last of the month there will be a few days when fires will be cheerful and an overcast comfortable. It will be an exceedingly disagreeable month for out door work, with snow or rain every day or two. The probabilities are for a wet, gloomy Christmas. This kind of weather will continue on through January, with a few cold days sandwiched between rain and snow. About the middle of January there will be a few clear, cold days, when the mercury will go down below zero. The 15th and 16th of January will be as cold days as any experienced in this latitude. The latter part of the month will be wet and gloomy. There will be muggy, gurgling winter weather crowded into the little month of February than in December and January, but there will, however, be a few intense cold. With the exception of the few days about the middle of January, it is not likely that the mercury will go far below zero. The goose-bone has long been an honored weather prophet. In some of the back counties in Kentucky the farmers make all their arrangements in accordance with the predictions of the goose-bone. In some localities the goose-bone is laid aside, labeled with the year, and it is said that one old farmer in Breathitt county has the bones extending back for more than forty years, and in all that time it is asserted that the bone has never been mistaken as to the weather. To read correctly to the winter of any year, take the largest bone of a goose hatched during the preceding spring. The bone is translucent, and it will be found to be colored and spotted. The dark color and heavy spots, indicate cold. If the spots are of a light shade, and transparent, wet weather, rain or snow, may be looked for. There are a good many people all over the country who pin their faith to the goose-bone. Of all the weather prophets it is the most honored. The little ground-hog disgraced himself long ago, and now very few people ever watch Candlemas day, and hogs' mells are no longer trusted. A few years ago, when Tice and all human weather prophets predicted the most severe winter ever known, the goose-bone told a mild open winter. The future unfolded just as the bone said it would, and poor old Tice had to change his predictions every day. The goose-bone never changes and never fails. The reporter has examined three bones, one from Southeastern Kentucky, one from Jefferson County and one from Laporte, Ind. They are identical to one another, and the reading here given will be found the same on the breast bone of any goose hatched last spring. Cut this out, lay it aside for reference, and as you crowd up close to the fire on the 15th of January, you will be convinced of the great unknown power of the goose-bone. Louisville Post.

CITY DIRECTORY.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

FREDERICTON RAILWAY.—Trains for St. John leave the Station, on York street, daily at 7 A. M., and 2.15 P. M.; and arrive from St. John at 11.45 A. M. and 7.45 P. M., daily, Sunday excepted.

Trains for Fredericton Junction, Saint Stephen, Bangor, and all points West, leave Fredericton at 9.15 A. M., and arrive from the same points at 4.40 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted.

NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY.—Trains leave Gibson daily (Sundays excepted) at 7.45 A. M. for Woodstock, Aroostook, Carleton, Grand Falls, and Edmundston; and arrive from those points at 4.30 P. M. Passengers to Grand Falls remain over night at Aroostook.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.—The Halifax express leaves St. John at 8 A. M. daily (Sunday excepted); and arrives at St. John at 8.25 P. M.

The Halifax and Quebec express leaves St. John at 7.30 P. M.; and arrives at 7.35 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted.

THE POST OFFICE.

The Post Office is situated in the Square on the corner of Queen and Carleton streets. The General Delivery, Stamp, and Registry Offices are open from 7 A. M. until 8.30 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted). Boxholders have access to their boxes until 9.30 P. M. The Money Order Office is open from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. Letter Boxes are located as follows:—Near the corner of Waterloo Row and Sarnby streets, at the Auditor General's Office, the Queen Hotel, the Barker House, the W. U. Telegraph Office, the Brayley House, and Long's Hotel. These boxes are served as follows: At 9.30 A. M., and in the afternoon, Waterloo Row box at 12.20; the Auditor's office box at 12.30; Queen Hotel 12.35; Barker House 12.40; Brayley House 12.50; Long's Hotel 12.55; W. U. Telegraph Office 1.00.

The mail for England, via New York, is made up on Tuesday of each week at 8.20 A. M., and via Halifax on every Friday at 1.40 P. M.

THE CITY OFFICES
are on the ground floor of the City Hall. They are open daily (Sunday excepted) from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M.

THE COUNTY OFFICES
The Office of the Registrar of Deeds is on the corner of King and St. John streets. Office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

The Secretary-Treasurer of York County is on Carleton street, near Queen.

The Clerk of the Peace on Queen street, opposite Phoenix Square.

The Sheriff on Queen street, near St. John.

SOCIETIES.
Church of England Temperance Society.—Patron, His Lordship the Metropolitan; President, Rev. G. G. Roberts; Secretary, G. Douglas Hesse.

St. Ann's Lodge, U. T. A. No. 168.—Geo. J. Bliss, President; G. D. Hasen, Secretary. Meets every second Thursday in the Reform Club Rooms, Queen Street.

Women's Christian Temperance Union.—Mrs. A. F. Randolph, President; Mrs. Sampson, Secretary.

Meets every Wednesday at 4 P. M., at its rooms in Reform Club building.

St. Dunstan's Total Abstinence Society.—President, James E. Barry; Secretary, Seymour Nealis.

Meetings are held weekly in their Hall on Regent Street, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

York Division S. of T.—W. T., John Anderson; Blair, R. S., Samuel Mackey. Meetings are held weekly in the Temperance Hall, on York Street, on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Reform Club.—President, George J. Bliss; Secretary, Richard H. Phillips.

Meetings are held in their rooms on Queen Street, on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

Young Men's Christian Association.—President, G. F. Atherton; Cor. Secretary, G. E. Coulthard, M. D.

Meets every Tuesday evening at 7.30, and on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

Victoria Lodge, No. 13, I. O. O. F.—C. F. Moorhouse, N. S.; John Black, R. S.

Meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in the Lodge Room, Edgecombe's Block, York Street.

Royal Arcanum, Fredericton Council, No. 165.—G. W. Fenwick, Regent; G. E. Coulthard, Secretary.

Meets at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms the second and last Tuesday in each month, at 8 P. M. Limit of insurance, \$3,000.

American Legion of Honor.—Fredericton Council, No. 274.—Matthew Tennant, Commander; C. A. Sampson, Secretary. Meets in Fisher's Building, on the first and third Wednesdays of each month, at 8 P. M. Insures from \$500 to \$5,000.

Home Circle, Maple Leaf Council, No. 28.—John J. Weddall, Leader; G. E. Coulthard, Secretary.

Meets on the first and third Thursday in every month, in Y. M. C. A. Rooms. Insures from \$500 to \$5,000.

Alexandria Lodge, F. and A. M.—Daniel Doherty, W. M.; Edgar Hanson, Secretary. Meets first Tuesday in each month in Haine's Hall, St. Mary's Ferry.

Grand Lodge, L. O. A.—William Wilson, Grand Master, Fredericton.

Graham Lodge, L. O. A., No. 20.—W. Wilson, Master, Joseph Walker, Secretary. Meets in the Orange Hall, Queen Street, west end, on the first Tuesday in every month.

Walker Lodge, L. O. A., No. 35.—John B. Gieves, Master; H. S. Curran, Secretary. Meets in the Orange Hall on the first Monday in every month.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.
A. F. Randolph, Chairman; C. A. Sampson, Secretary.
Meets at their room, on the Officer's Square, on the last Saturday of every month.

THE WEEKLY HERALD.

EVERY SATURDAY,

at four o'clock in the afternoon. It will be a quarto, that is, an page eight paper, and will be printed upon a sheet 31x46 inches in size. It will be

LARGER THAN ANY OTHER SHEET PUBLISHED IN FREDERICTON, and the equal in size of any paper published in the Maritime Provinces. It will be emphatically

THE SATURDAY NIGHT FAMILY PAPER,

Something that every one, rich or poor, wants. It will give all the news of the week, both home and foreign, up to the hour of going to press, in fresh, readable style. To ensure this the services of competent correspondents have been secured who are to send any late news by telegram.

NO OTHER WEEKLY PAPER IN THE PROVINCE GIVES TELEGRAPHIC NEWS REGULARLY ON THE DAY OF PUBLICATION.

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in which it will endeavor to give its country readers valuable information relating to the Farm. In this latter respect it will aim at being an agricultural newspaper.

New Features will be introduced which Experience may show are Desirable.

REMEMBER the HERALD is the only paper in Fredericton which has upon its staff A CITY EDITOR, WHOSE TIME WILL BE EXCLUSIVELY DEVOTED TO LOCAL NEWS.

It is the ONLY PAPER IN FREDERICTON having a CORPS OF CORRESPONDENTS who are instructed to send in

LATE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

IT IS THE ONLY PAPER IN FREDERICTON ESPOUSING THE LIBERAL CAUSE IN POLITICS.

The WEEKLY HERALD will not be simply a reprint, but will contain much matter which will appear in no other paper.

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All subscriptions before January 1st good until December 1st, 1882.

CHAS. H. LUIGRIN Editor and Proprietor.
Fredericton December 5 1881.