

The Saint John Monitor.

York
widows,
ary.
le that
pay full
any

Vol IX.

Saint John, N. B., February 15, 1908.

No 11

Starr Skates.

Lead the World

STRENGTH

FINISH.

Insist on having them and take no other make.

W. H. THORNE & CO. Ltd.

Market Square,
St. John, N. B.

Bread Making Made Easy.

WITH THE "UNIVERSAL" Bread Maker and Raiser.

Hands do not touch the dough. Uses away with hand kneading and makes better bread. Easy to clean. A child can work it.

T McAvity & Sons
13 King Street.

A. B. Smalley & Son

Watchmakers,

Jewellers
and Opticians.

91 Prince William St.,
St. John, N. B.

Father John's
Medicine.

For the Throat and
Lungs

For Sale By
CHAS. R. WASSON
DRUGGIST, Successor to C. P. Clarke,
100 King St.

BEST ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Lowest Prices

We have the reputation of being the best.

Best Artificial Teeth

15 CENTS

Crown and Bridge Work

Specialty.

Boston Dental Parlors.

CITY BUILDING, 277 Main St.

Abredeen Building, 277 Barrington St.

Cor. Buckingham, Halifax, N. S.

Dr. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.

GUARDIAN

Fire Assurance Co., Limited.

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Funds in hand exceed \$30,000,000.

Agents, McLean & McGloan

97 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B.

FURNESS LINE

LONDON AND ST. JOHN.

From London. From St. John. From Halifax.

Dec. 20—St. John City, Jan. 10 Jan. 14

Jan. 4—Kanawha, Jan. 20 Jan. 24

Jan. 11—Rappahannock, Jan. 28 Feb. 1

Jan. 28—Shenandoah, Feb. 16 Feb. 20

Feb. 7—St. John City, Feb. 26 Feb. 28

Feb. 17—Kanawha, Mar. 7 Mar. 10

These steamers carry no passengers.

Rates of freight on application.

Wm. Thomson & Co.

Agents, St. John, N. B.

TRUSSES

Water Pad Trusses

(Single and Double.)

LEATHER SPRING TRUSSES,

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS,

SILK ELASTIC STOCKINGS,

SILK ELASTIC KNEE CAPS,

DOUCHE PANS,

AIR CUSHIONS.

(All these goods are fresh stock.)

A. Chipman Smith & Co.,

Druggist, etc., Charlotte St.

Telephone 187.

SWORN IN.

Hon. E. H. Allen, was sworn in

Provincial Secretary at the Executive Council Chamber, Fredericton,

on Tuesday evening.

SAINT JOHN WEST.

What with a provincial election next month and an aldermanic election in prospect as an annual offering in April, there is prospect of no little excitement on these lines among the electorate. Just yet on the West Side politics are quite a minor consideration. What is wanted over there is an increase in the number of ocean steamers for the Winter Port work. This electorate on the West Side are becoming more keenly imbued with the idea that the candidates for the legislature, on both sides, fall somewhat in their recognition of what is due to the West Side and the voters over there. They and their respective managers noticeably arrange for ward meetings in all the East Side wards, ignoring action respecting the West Side, or leaving its consideration to the very latest day possible, as though West Side matters, West Side votes and voters were of no particular importance, as though anything was good enough for them. All politicians should arouse themselves to the existing facts one of which is that there are several hundred votes on the West Side. These West Side voters are rapidly becoming conscious of their rights and their powers at election time and the parties who manifest indifference in regard to them will, in all probability, be repaid in time. The provincial election will be held on the 3rd of March, and so far at all events there seems to exist in St. John West nothing beyond indifference. There are no outward symptoms of enthusiasm on either side.

The election for mayor and alderman as stated, will be held in April, and while probably all or nearly all of the members of the present Council will offer again as candidates, it is not certain that they will all be again elected. Some names have already appeared in the daily papers as probable candidates in some of the wards, against present members of the Council, the outlook for some of them being quite favorable to say the least. From the West side, it is asserted that Mr. William E. Scully will be a candidate for alderman-at-large, and very many voters of all shades of opinion express the hope that Mr. Scully will be a candidate. He has not yet been a member of the Council and therefore has no political sins in a civic or aldermanic sense to answer for; he is a good business man and conducts with full measure of success, a large and increasing ice business and being naturally observant, has good grasp of the civic situation generally. Mr. Scully has also a large experience in railway matters, and his personal acquaintance in the city of Saint John is very extensive and he is highly esteemed by all who know him. He would make an excellent representative as alderman at large, and the hope is again expressed that he will permit himself to be nominated.

Some time ago the attention of those officials—the Board of Health, especially—who are supposed to have the necessary authority in the premises, was called to the prevalence of the habit, not to say disgusting practice of transporting, carcasses of meats through this city, without covering of any kind. The fact is again alluded to because the practice is persisted in, and the inference is that no action has yet been taken to prevent it. It would seem to the ordinary observer that this method, now in use so generally, must necessarily be unwholesome and unsanitary to a degree, and should be promptly prohibited. Whatever effect may attend this practice in winter season, there can be no doubt of its danger along the dusty streets in summer. At any time it is untidy looking and uncleanly.

St. Patrick's Dramatic Club is busily engaged in rehearsing for another entertainment to be given in St. Patrick's Hall, on the 17th inst. The play selected for production on that evening is "Among the Breakers." The work of the members of this club is already well and favorably known and there is no doubt the hall will be crowded on St. Patrick's night.

REQUIEM MASSES.

On Monday morning, at 7.00 o'clock, in St. Peter's Church a high mass of requiem was celebrated for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Eleanor Harrington.

On Tuesday morning, at 7.30 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was said for the repose of the soul of Joseph Harrington.

On Wednesday morning, a high mass of requiem was said for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Mary Connell.

On Friday morning, a high mass was said for the repose of the soul of Miles McAnulty.

EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY.

Tuesday, February 11th, was the eighth anniversary of the consecration of the Bishops of Chatham and St. John.

OPPOSITION MEETINGS.

The opposition candidates addressed meetings on Wednesday evening in the Prentice Boys' hall in Carleton, and at the committee rooms on Waterloo street. Mr. James E. Cowan was chairman of the Carleton meeting and Ald. Sprout of that on the east side. The meetings were well attended and the speakers largely covered ground discussed in their previous addresses.

The opposition convention at Campbellton on Wednesday nominated James E. Stewart, Dalhousie and Arthur Culligan as the candidates for the coming election in Restigouche. Speeches were made by the candidates, Mr. Hazen and W. A. Mott, ex-M. P. P. In the evening a public meeting was held over which John McAllister, ex-M. P., presided, and the candidates and Mr. Hazen made speeches. It was a large and enthusiastic meeting.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.

Furniture of all kinds may be purchased at reduced rates at Mr. John White's stores, Charlotte street. He is retiring from business on March 1st.

Now is the time to buy.

It is said that ex-Mayor Urquhart, of Toronto, will be made Collector of Customs of the above city. The office is not vacant yet, but that is just only a matter of small importance at the present time.

By OWN

exquisite to music, a tender and weird phrases

whose has to waste his intellect

essing at; it is light flashed with you will it or not. Nor

are the verses belabored into shape; for the metre is music and the rhymes

hurry into their place in such a way that we wonder how any other ending could come. Mrs. Blake is a genuine

Maid of Erin, singing to her harp, whose strings respond to every feeling. Though she was the pride of Puritan Boston, she was, before she married, plain Mary McGrath from Ireland and rejoicing in it. She has the wit, the drollery, the pathos and the tenderness of the genuine Irishwoman, and the fierce patriotic fire also. We can well imagine now her "Irish in America," if read at some great Celtic gathering, would lift the assembly into a frenzy of approval and delight.

Her "Labourer" is apparently an answer to the "Man with the Hoe" and would evoke an ovation in a Workingman's Congress. In only one of the poems of the present collection have we the Irish brogue "When Dennis Comes Home to Tay". Short as it is, we would not swap it for half a dozen of Burn's "Cotter's Saturday Night" with its gloomy and dour surroundings so expulsive of all the joys on the Sabbath.

She did not have to wait till her course was run to have her merit recognized. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Whittier, and many others on both sides of the Atlantic were outspoken in her praise. The miracle is that she could write so much and be at the same time the devoted, self-forgetting and triumphant mother of eleven children. But she sung as the birds sing and they cannot help it. We are glad that Miss Conway introduces the book. Besides being a good judge she is a close and loving friend. They both are our own, and the book should be widely circulated. Convent girls should know it by heart. Of course it is not all that Mrs. Blake wrote, and we miss her "Parnell" which gives the true Catholic note of pathos, and mourning for the death of the hero. * * *

A HINT TO THE MINISTER.

Canadian Freeman, Kingston, Ont.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley has increased the pay of the laborers and working-men employed by the Public Works Department by ten cents a day. As it is the old saying a half loaf is better than no bread, the raise will be welcome to those who receive it, but in those days of expensive living the increase should have been twenty-five cents a day.

DEATHS AND BURIALS.

The funeral of Mr. James H. McGuire took place Sunday afternoon, from his late residence, 499 Main St. The body was taken to St. Peter's church, Rev. M. J. Maloney C.S.S.R., conducted services. Interment was in the new Catholic cemetery. Relatives were pallbearers. Many friends attended.

Mrs. Bridget Ronan, widow of the late Mr. Peter Ronan of Nowlan settlement, died at the residence of her brother, Michael Bannon, Newcastle, on Monday, 10th inst. Deceased was 69 years of age. She leaves three children—Thomas of Rockland, Calif., William in Newcastle; and Mrs. Stephen Monahan, of Nelson. The surviving brothers and sisters are: Michael Bannon and Mrs. P. Kennedy, of Newcastle; John Bannon, New York City; and Mrs. John Macdonald of San Bernardino, Calif.

SAINT JOHN WEST.

What with a provincial election next month and an aldermanic election in prospect as an annual offering in April, there is prospect of no little excitement on these lines among the electorate. Just yet on the West Side politics are quite a minor consideration. What is wanted over there is an increase in the number of ocean steamers for the Winter Port work. This electorate on the West Side are becoming more keenly imbued with the idea that the candidates for the legislature, on both sides, fall somewhat in their recognition of what is due to the West Side and the voters over there. They and their respective managers noticeably arrange for ward meetings in all the East Side wards, ignoring action respecting the West Side, or leaving its consideration to the very latest day possible, as though West Side matters, West Side votes and voters were of no particular importance, as though anything was good enough for them. All politicians should arouse themselves to the existing facts one of which is that there are several hundred votes on the West Side. These West Side voters are rapidly becoming conscious of their rights and their powers at election time and the parties who manifest indifference in regard to them will, in all probability, be repaid in time. The provincial election will be held on the 3rd of March, and so far at all events there seems to exist in St. John West nothing beyond indifference. There are no outward symptoms of enthusiasm on either side.

REQUIEM MASSES.

On Monday morning, at 7.00 o'clock, in St. Peter's Church a high mass of requiem was celebrated for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Eleanor Harrington.

On Tuesday morning, at 7.30 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was said for the repose of the soul of Joseph Harrington.

On Wednesday morning, a high mass of requiem was said for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Mary Connell.

On Friday morning, a high mass was said for the repose of the soul of Miles McAnulty.

EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY.

Tuesday, February 11th, was the eighth anniversary of the consecration of the Bishops of Chatham and St. John.

OPPOSITION MEETINGS.

The opposition candidates addressed meetings on Wednesday evening in the Prentice Boys' hall in Carleton, and at the committee rooms on Waterloo street. Mr. James E. Cowan was chairman of the Carleton meeting and Ald. Sprout of that on the east side. The meetings were well attended and the speakers largely covered ground discussed in their previous addresses.

The opposition convention at Campbellton on Wednesday nominated James E. Stewart, Dalhousie and Arthur Culligan as the candidates for the coming election in Restigouche. Speeches were made by the candidates, Mr. Hazen and W. A. Mott, ex-M. P. P. In the evening a public meeting was held over which John McAllister, ex-M. P., presided, and the candidates and Mr. Hazen made speeches. It was a large and enthusiastic meeting.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.

Furniture of all kinds may be purchased at reduced rates at Mr. John White's stores, Charlotte street. He is retiring from business on March 1st.

Now is the time to buy.

It is said that ex-Mayor Urquhart, of Toronto, will be made Collector of Customs of the above city. The office is not vacant yet, but that is just only a matter of small importance at the present time.

Red Rose Tea is Good Tea

Appointments of Bishops in France.
Announcement of an Important Change.

The manner in which future Bishops of France will be nominated is giving rise to much controversy in ecclesiastical circles in Rome. Some hold the opinion that the Vatican will take entirely upon itself, and out of the hands of the French Episcopacy, the right, which the latter has exercised for more than two years past, of nominating the French Bishops. Of all the knotty points brought forward by the Separation Law this is one of the most important, for it is in precisely this matter of the right of nomination that the French Government has unconsciously, by the Separation Act, given the Church greater freedom of action than she ever enjoyed under the Concordat. By the latter arrangement the French Government had the right to name Bishops, but only with the approval of the Holy See, which was supposed to control them. The latter clause was, however, sometimes rendered practically inoperative by the cunning of the French Government; as when, two or three years ago, it kept the Bishops of Dijon and Laval in office for some time in spite of the wishes of the Pope who desired their suspension on account of the scandal they were giving. With the abrogation of the Concordat things were altered, and the Holy See did no more (when next it became necessary to create new Bishops) than make a selection from amongst such candidates for Episcopal rank as were presented by the French Bishops. It is now rumored that the Vatican will for the future deprive the Bishops of the right of presenting candidates for individual Sees and will take upon itself to decide where the various new Bishops shall be placed. The right of presentation may be exercised in one of two ways. Firstly, the Bishops may designate candidates for each vacant See; or, secondly, they may limit their action in the matter to simply supplying the Vatican with a list of candidates worthy of the Episcopacy, without suggesting to which particular See each individual should be sent, leaving that very important point entirely to the judgment of the Roman authorities. The first system is that which has been used up to now in France, since the Separation; so that, whenever a See has become vacant, the Bishops have held a meeting at which they have made up a list of candidates suitable for that particular See—sometimes as many as six priests have been named—and from these candidates the Congregation of Ecclesiastical Affairs has, under the guidance of his Holiness, selected the new Bishop to be placed at that See and at so other. Now, it is said, the second system will be adopted; by which the Bishops will content themselves with simply naming to the Pope the suitable candidates, without specifying (in the event of several Sees being vacant) which they would like each individual to occupy. The result of this would be to widen the Holy See's sphere of action in the "placing" of Bishops; but it would not in any way absolutely deprive the French Episcopacy of the right of nomination, because all the candidates chosen by the Pope would be from amongst those presented by the Bishops themselves. There is no certainty, anyhow, that the Pope will adopt this method; but it is understood in Rome that the second system stands a good chance of finding favour in the future.

WATER WAGON LENT.
Catholic Citizen.

The MacDermot, who is agitating for a water wagon Lent, has received a letter from Father Ologan, the honorable secretary of the Total Abstinence Union of the Priests of the dioceses of Westminster and Southwark, enclosing two resolutions forwarded to the English bishops in reference to the question of substituting fasting from alcohol for fasting from meat. In the resolutions the priests recommend that the Holy See be petitioned to allow that on abstinence days other than Fridays it may be optional to substitute abstinence from alcohol for abstinence from meat; also that the bishops be respectfully requested to recommend, the Lenten Indult to those who are exempt or dispensed from the second precept of the Church, abstinence from alcohol for the prescribed fasting and abstinence. Very good.

DIOCESE OF PORTLAND, ME.

Mr. T. P. McGowan, of Portland, Maine, writes to *The Pilot*, of Boston, under date of February 2nd, as follows:—

The Rev. Jeremiah McCarthy, rector of St. Mary's Church, Houlton, and its mission, St. Monica's Church Amity, a zealous and devoted priest who has labored in the Diocese of Portland for upward of 30 years, has been appointed permanent rector of St. Mary's Church, Bangor, by Bishop Walsh. The parish was the first to have a permanent rector in the diocese. The post is vacant by the transfer of the Very Rev. M. C. McDonough, vicar general, to St. Patrick's Church, Lewiston, as successor to the lamented Very Rev. Mgr. Thomas H. Wallace.

Father McCarthy was ordained by the Rt. Rev. J. A. Healy, D. D., second Bishop of Portland, on the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary, Aug. 15, 1876, being the first priest ordained by that lamented prelate. His first assignment was to St. Anne's Church, Manchester, N. H., which was then under pastoral charge of the venerable Rev. William McDonald. He was next sent to St. Gabriel's Church, Winterport, Maine, being appointed its first rector in 1877. There he remained until 1880, when he was promoted to a larger field as rector of St. Joseph's Church Gardiner. Here he made extensive repairs on the rectory and church and built a handsome new church in Richmond, a mission of the parish.

He was next placed in charge of St. Mary's Church, Houlton, the metropolis of Aroostook County, which is nearly as large as the state of Massachusetts. Father McCarthy's labors in Houlton were fruitful and successful and it is with the keenest regret that his people part with him for the wider field of labor in the "Queen City," which can boast of having two well-equipped parishes.

Father McCarthy has always been closely attached to his new parish, having been an intimate friend of its founder and first rector, the late beloved Vicar General John W. Murphy, and the scholarly Vicar General Michael C. O'Brien, as also its late rector, the Rev. Michael F. Walsh, P. R., who was called to his reward a little over a year ago. The handsome St. Mary's Church is beautifully situated on the west side of the Penobscot River, the parish has a substantial rectory, a good convent and modern school buildings that are in charge of the Sisters of Mercy.

Father McCarthy made his theological studies in Baltimore and Montreal. He is a devoted student, an ardent advocate of Catholic education, an humble and modest priest who has won the hearts and souls of the people among who he has labored and is highly respected and beloved by his brother priests and non-Catholic friends.

We could say much about his noble gifts of mind and heart but refrain as he is averse to publicity. During his 31 years of labor in the Master's vineyard he has won a high place in the hearts of the people, which is a frequent tribute to his career as a priest and a man. We congratulate St. Mary's parish, Bangor, on its new rector.

The Rev. J. P. Manning, for several years rector of St. Denis' Church, Fort Fairfield, has been appointed rector of St. Mary's Church, Houlton, to succeed the Rev. Jeremiah McCarthy, who goes to St. Mary's Church, Bangor.

SHORT SHRIFT FOR THE PROFESSOR.

"Rome", in an account of a learned German university professor's recent audience with the Pope, says:—

His Holiness received the professor with his usual kindness, and listened to what he had to say with an attention that almost amounted to deference. Indeed, this is characteristic of His Holiness. . . . When he (the professor) found himself sitting there close to the Pope, and saw that the Pontiff seemed to be quite interested in what he was saying, the savant must have begun to feel that he was a person of exceptional importance. However, that may be, it was not long before he undertook to explain that he had been concentrating his gigantic intellect on the question of the authorship of the Pentateuch, and that he had come to the conclusion that Moses was not really the author of it all. . . . But a change had passed over the Pope's face—he had not grown angry or impatient, only he had risen to his feet and was saying very quietly:—"There is no decree inflicting a censure on this opinion of yours, but you cannot be a professor for Catholic youth. You must resign at once—here, now." The professor resigned.

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES.

In this age of societies approved, tolerated, and condemned by the Church, many men write the Catholic Record for information and we are always ready to give such information when we can.

Recently many want to know why the Knights of Columbus have no Council on this side of Belleville or Peterboro, and on making inquiry we find that the matter has been under consideration for some time. . . . It is taken for granted that the gentlemen are good practical Catholics, anxious to work in harmony with their Bishop and pastor for the good of religion. . . . Although there are plenty of Catholic societies in Stratford at present, still I am prepared to give favorable consideration to the request provided the members are able and willing to comply with the diocesan regulations regarding Catholic societies. . . . As you know one of these important regulations is that the pastor of each parish is held responsible for the proper conduct of every society under his jurisdiction, and hence it follows that the pastor must have the right to attend all meetings, whether he is a member or not a member of any particular society, and where there are two parishes, as in Stratford, the Bishop names the priest who will be responsible. . . . According to the present Constitution and Ritual of the Knights of Columbus, either by oversight or by design, it seems that a pastor is excluded from the meetings unless he first becomes a member of the Knights, and as this is contrary to the regulations and practice in this diocese I am obliged to refuse my approval until such time as the right of the pastors is admitted. I am sure the gentlemen making the request will see that this manner of acting is just and proper and in the interest of all concerned, and when they have this serious difficulty removed I am prepared to treat the Knights with the same kindness and consideration that we extend to the other Catholic Societies in this diocese. With best wishes. I am My Dear Dean,

Yours very sincerely,
 F. P. McEVAY,
 Bishop of London.

This letter shows that the Bishop of London is favorable to the Knights but he does not wish to change a diocesan law relating to Catholic Societies and the rights of pastors as chaplains, and hence he requests the Knights to comply to what seems to be an ordinary diocesan regulation regarding all Catholic Societies in the several parishes. . . . From our knowledge of the Canadian Knights we are sure there will be no hesitation to obey the laws of any diocese where they have Councils existing, but the Executive of the Knights is in the United States and hence the Canadian Councils cannot comply until the American authorities of the Knights give consent. This no doubt, will be secured in due time and the Stratford Council will be started, and those wishing to join the Knights of Columbus in these parts can then conveniently do so.—Catholic Record.

THE FATE OF THE . . .

LONDON TIMES.
 "It is a long time," said the London Times of December 31, 1907, "since the world has experienced so uneventful a year—as that which closes today." It will have no such complaint to make of 1908. "Kidnaped and sold for a slave," will be its story.

WHAT STEPFATHER MEANS.

Charlie had a friend whose mother had married for the second time. Harry always spoke of his new father as his stepfather. One day Charlie went to his mother and said:—"Mother, what does stepfather mean?" "Well," said his mother, "if your father were to die and a new father came and lived with us, he would be your stepfather." Charlie pondered a minute and then exclaimed:—"Oh, I see, mother! One father steps out another father steps in—a step-father."

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.
 ESTABLISHED A. D. 1714.

Capital and accumulated funds exceed \$5,000,000. One of the oldest and strongest Fire Offices. Ample funds and an honorable record extending over a period of nearly two centuries commend the UNION to those seeking indemnity from loss by fire. Churches, Schools, Dwellings and Public Buildings. I need for three years on special terms. . . . General Manager for Canada. . . . 46 Britaln. Foot . . .

Fancy Barbados Molasses in Stock.
 Fancy Barbados Molasses, Barrels. . . . Fancy Barbados Molasses, Tierces. . . . Fancy Barbados Molasses, Barrels. . . . 46 Britaln. Foot . . .

Seasonable Goods

Case Cutlery, Table and Dessert Knives and Forks, Pocket Cutlery, Carts and Wheelbarrows, Ring Toss, Bread Mixers and Food Choppers. Call Early and Secure Your Xmas Gifts.

John LeLacheur, Jr.
 Phone 1074 44 Germain St

Acadia: Pictou: Landing
 EX CARS. Scotch and American Anthracite. . . . **GEORGE . . .**
 46 Britaln. Foot . . . Phone 1116.

Morrissey & Emery,

STONE CUTTERS, ETC., No. 90-96 CITY ROAD, ST. JOHN, N. B. have taken into the firm MR. JOHN F. McLAUGHLIN, having an experience in the business of stone-cutting, as foreman, for the past twenty years the firm hereafter to be known as

Morrissey, Emery & McLaughlin.

We hereby thank the public for their liberal patronage of the old firm and solicit a continuance thereof to the new. MORRISSEY, EMERY & McLAUGHLIN. Dated this 1st day of February, 1907.

Butt & McCarthy,
Merchant Tailors,

68 Germain St., St. John, N. B.
A. Crowley & Co.,
 Trunkmakers, etc.,

125 Princess Street,

A few doors from Charlotte St.

The Rosary Magazine,

Edited by the Dominican Fathers,

Somerset, Ohio.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY.

\$2.00 a Year

CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE
 12 10 6 7 10 30
The NICKEL MOVING PICTURES AND ILLUSTRATED SONGS

COAL

Scotch and American Anthracite.

Best Quality.

Broad Cove, Port Hood and Reserved Sydney Soft Coal.

Scotch Coal, a Specialty.

To arrive; Scotch Hill, soft coal.

T. M. Wisted & Co.

221 Brussels Street, and 148 St. Patrick Street. Telephone 1597.

Winter Stock

of Shoes

We are busy showing our stock of Shoes for Winter. For Men and Women. Try a pair. Satisfaction guaranteed. All Leather. All Shapes.

Call and see our fine assortment.

JAMES V. RUSSELL,

677-679 Main Street. Branches 21-2 Brussels, 897 Main.

A Visit to St. John is not complete without a call to

WHITE'S, 90 King Street.

Established 1865 and yet to-day acknowledged the most thoroughly equipped up-to-date establishment of this kind in Canada.

HERE YOU GET

The Best ICE CREAM in the Province,

ALSO

The Best Lunch or Dinner.

The only firm in Canada who received a Medal at the Paris Exposition 1900 for their Candies.

White's Store is not surpassed anywhere for beauty of decoration

Watch Repairing.

The watch repairing work left for some years past at the store of the late DAVID A. GIBSON, King Street, was attended to by

W. C. GIBSON,

661 Main Street.

Those who had given their time-keepers for repairs to the King street establishment may have the same careful attention to their orders by calling at 661 Main Street.

J. H. MacDonald,

Merchant Tailor,

42 Union Street.

(Corner of Dock)

HOLIDAY JEWELRY.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING

A Well Assorted Stock of Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Silver Handled Mirrors and Brushes, Gold and Silver Mounted Pipes, and Fancy Goods at Special Prices

T. L. COUGHLAN, 70 Germain St.

Furniture at Reduced Prices.

On Monday, December 2nd, we began our Annual Sale of Furniture.

There is a reduction on every article in stock. The goods are fresh, new, and of a high-class grade.

An inspection is respectfully solicited.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

BUSTIN & WITHERS,

99 Germain Street.

Great Chance For Investors.

The following properties are in my hands for sale:

- Leasehold Property, West Side—Four Story Brick Building, Prince Wm. Street—\$8,000.
- Leasehold Property, Brussels Street, \$1,500.
- Leasehold Property, Castle Street—\$1,400.
- Leasehold Property, Germain Street, West End—\$1,500.
- Leasehold Property, Minette Street—West End—\$2,300.

These are all good paying properties and afford an excellent opportunity for investment—Farms, Vacant Lots, &c., for sale—Full particulars on application to

JOHN F. GLEESON,

Real Estate Broker.

120 Prince Wm. Street.

New Marriage Laws.

On April 19th New Rules Become Effective, Engagements to Marry Must Be in Writing.

The new marriage law, which goes into effect April 19, 1908, is now the subject of much discussion. The old laws are changed in many respects. Under the new rules, every nuptial engagement to be binding must be in writing and signed by either the parish priest or two witnesses. Another important change refers to marriages contracted before a justice of the peace or Protestant minister.

At present such marriages are valid but illicit—real marriages, but sinful. Under the new regulations such marriages will be regarded as invalid—not marriages at all. We summarize the new rules from The Ecclesiastical Review:

Engagements.

1. Every matrimonial engagement after Easter must be in writing, although there is no necessity nor obligation to enter into a formal engagement before marriage.
2. In the eyes of the Church and before God, private betrothal after Easter between Catholic parties, or between fallen-away Catholics, begets no matrimonial obligation whatever, because the Church decrees that every prenuptial contract is void unless it is written and duly attested.
3. Parties wishing to become engaged must sign the prenuptial contract, and have the bishop or their pastor, witness it. In the absence of the bishop or priest, two witnesses must sign the engagement. If one or both of those to be engaged cannot write, this should be noted, and three lay witnesses must sign the engagement in the absence of the bishop or the parish priest.

Marriage.

1. The bishop outside his diocese, and the pastor outside the limits of his parish, cannot validly marry their own or other subjects without due authorization.
2. Marriage of all Catholics (both parties Catholics) before a minister or civil magistrate will be no marriage at all.
3. Marriage of all fallen-away Catholics (who have become Protestants or infidels) before a minister

or civil magistrate will be no marriage at all.

4. Marriage of a Catholic to a non-baptized person is never a real marriage unless the Church grants a dispensation. Such a marriage before a minister or a Justice of the Peace is no marriage at all for two reasons.

5. Marriage of a Catholic to a Protestant (one never baptized in the Catholic Church) before a minister or civil magistrate will be no marriage at all, unless the Holy See makes a special law for the United States.

Other Regulations.

6. There will be no marriage at all unless there be two witnesses—one witness with the priest will not suffice.
7. Bishops or priests should not witness marriages until they are morally certain that the parties to be married are free to enter the matrimonial state, hence as far as possible dispensation from the publication of banns should not be sought.
8. For the lawful celebration of a marriage, one or other of the contracting parties should have a domicile or live for a month in the parish where they are to be married. This condition is not, however, essential for the validity of a marriage.
9. Marriage should take place in the parish church of the bride, unless there be good reason to go to the pastor of the groom.
10. There are new rules to be observed by the priest for the registration of marriages. When contracting parties are to be married in a church where they were not baptized they should before marriage secure their baptismal certificates.
11. If for an entire month, parties cannot secure bishop, parish priest, or any priest appointed by either of these, they may in the presence of two witnesses (there is no marriage if there be not two witnesses) declare their consent to marry. They are then in the eyes of the Church and before God married. As soon after the marriage as possible they should send their names to the parish priest for registration and do whatever is required to have their marriage legally recognized by the state.

ARCHBISHOPS AND PATENT MEDICINES.

The Bishops and Archbishops of Mexico are upright, pious men, but we incline to believe they are not acquainted with some modern methods of making money.

In their innocence they sit beneath the boughs of oranges and limes, and do not dream that any Mephistopheles is nigh, perfectly willing to disturb their dignity by pulling the tails of their coats, if thereby gold dollars may rain down into aching palms.

These whimsical reflections come trooping to us on reading a startling headline in our esteemed Catholic contemporary, El Pais, of Mexico. "The most illustrious Lord Archbishop of Guadalajara Recommends Feruna," declares a double-column advertisement. We read his published letter through and must admit that so he does. Very solemnly he asserts that the patent medicine "has radically cured, in a few days, one member of my family." There can be no mistake. He says it in good Spanish.

Of course it's not wrong. There's no sin in recommending patent nostrums. Still, when we remember that officials of our government declared, after analysis, that the medicine referred to is nothing but bad whiskey, one begins to think that one archiepiscopal approbation is a trifle misplaced. Why drag illustrious names into advertising patent medicines, anyway? And, if such you obtain, how long will it be before we find them commending Smear Soap and the sacred Dinner Horn of Meatan? Catholic Sun.

ONLY EYE SIGHT.

Soulful Miss—You're Yankee, I presume, with the Portuguese hymn? Col. Lumpkin (just returned from a trip abroad)—Er—no, I saw him, of course, when I was in Europe, but I never met 'im. You mean King Carlos, don't you? Chicago Tribune.

THAT WALTZ.

(James J. Montague in New York American.)

I hold no grudge toward widows, they are doubtless necessary. It further seems permissible that some of them be merry. I only trust the one will pay full dearly for her sibs Who brought to town that gummy waltz, the first of which begins:

Dah de dah dah; da de dah; dah dah dah
Dah de dah dah; da de dah; dah dah dah
Dah de dah de dah—dah
Dah de dah de dah
Dah de dah dah; da de dah; dah dah dah!

If I go out or stay at home or sleep or wake or eat That music hammers in my head its lingering languorous beat. Till all my thoughts are tuned to it, and everything I say, Although the veriest commonplace, comes out of me this way:

Morning Groucer, Do you know sir, I want ham.
Ham and spice, sir, and some rice, sir, and some jam,
Seven pounds of sugar, sixteen bars of soap,
You can zet 'em sent up home by noon, I hope!

I try to post my ledger, but my efforts are in vain,
The figures dance across the page to that insane refrain!
And when I write a letter my lawless pen proceeds
To scrawl across page after page a rhythmic screech that reads:

Got your letter, children better,
Johnny had measles slightly, got 'em lightly,
Lucky lad,
Polly's down with mumps still, Molly's sick with croup,
Guess that's all; O, no! the cook has flew the coop!

And so, though, widows as a class may thrive for all I care,
The widow of that gummy waltz I very well could spare;
When she was made a widow I wish the angel dead
Had taken thought awhile and made a widower instead.

THE HAPPINESS OF BEING POOR.

There was once a woman who had an alabaster box of ointment and she poured this valuable gift over the head of the Master, as he sat at meat in a humble home in the village of Bethany.

No sooner was this act witnessed than it gave vent to an objection. "To what purpose is this waste?" The men who saw it regarded this act as simply throwing away material that had a commercial value.

We are all apt to think of gifts in dollars and cents. We see, or want to see, money in everything that we do. We are money-mad and, being so, we are apt to color our vision with it. It is no new infirmity, but it gets too much attention nowadays and drives away the sweetness and beauty of life. Life can be made happy without much money or without emphasizing this element.

Take the little that you are getting and take enjoyment in its use. It may be hard discipline to do this and may demand courage and patience in the trial. But it is worth trying. The man who has a little can more readily get the secret of enjoying life than the man who has much and wants more.

It is this everlasting desire to get more and make a better showing that is oppressing so many minds in these days and driving them to self-destruction.

A LANGUAGE LESSON.

Beautiful is an adjective applied chiefly to brides, heroines of novels and ladies in distress. It is employed principally by society editors, novelists, newspaper reporters and poets and holds its age and shape well in spite of constant activity and overwork. The only novelist who never used the word was Rhoda Broughton. Her heroine Belinda was green-eyed, freckled and cantankerous and is the only unbeautiful heroine on record, just as the count in Wilkie Collins' "The Woman in White," is the only fat villain. The only poet who has never used it is Swinburne. He always compares his heroines to serpents, they are so wise and sinuous. The society editor or newspaper reporter who has never worked it to a silvery edge does not live, contrary to the rules of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Inoffensive Adjectives.

WHEN POPE WAS NOT INFALLIBLE.

A story which, if not new, is good enough to bear repetition, is told of the late Archbishop Murphy, of Hobart, Tasmania, by The Catholic Monthly, a periodical just launched at Auckland, New Zealand. At the age of seventy-nine, the venerable prelate visited Rome and was received in private audience by Leo XIII, who held him in great esteem. In bidding him good-bye, the Holy Father remarked: "Well, my dear brother, I suppose this is our last meeting in this world?" Five years passed and again Msgr. Murphy visited the Eternal City and presented himself at the Vatican, as lively and vigorous as before. He reminded the Pope of what had been said by him at the previous audience, and slyly added: "So you see, your Holiness, you are not infallible, after all." For once in his life, it is said, Leo XIII. laughed heartily. The archbishop lived eight years after that, and meantime another name was added to the list of the Roman pontiffs.

INTERESTING LECTURE.

Mr. John C. Ferguson's lecture on Daniel O'Connell gave great pleasure to a large audience in St. Malachi's Hall on Sunday evening. Although Mr. Ferguson declared himself he was not young as he used to be, that fact was not apparent in the delivery of the lecture, for principal events in the Liberator's life were presented as eloquently and as forcibly and as logically as Mr. Ferguson might have presented them years ago when he was so popular on the platform of St. Malachi's Hall.

At the conclusion, Mr. Kickham moved a vote of thanks, and in doing so expressed his delight at the revival of lectures on Irish subjects under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H.

Mr. Ferguson, in replying, spoke of the good work of the A.O.H., whose members give millions of dollars in death and sick claims, and who have contributed a large sum to Washington University. He also spoke approvingly of the Ladies' Auxiliary. Rev. J. W. Holland, chaplain of the Ladies' Auxiliary, occupied the chair.

The Saint John Monitor.

Published Every Saturday Morning.
 Subscription one dollar a year, payable in advance; to foreign countries \$1.50, postpaid.
 Single Copies, Two Cents.
 Advertising rates on application.
 T. O'BRIEN,
 Editor and Proprietor.
 Office: 85 Germain Street.
 Branch office: 584 Main Street.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEB. 15, 1908.

A CARDINAL ON THE CATHOLIC PRESS.

The Cardinal-Archbishop of Cologne, Most Rev. Dr. Fischer, has been impressing an important truth on the Catholics of his diocese. A reception was held in his honour by the staff of our esteemed contemporary, the Kolnische Volkszeitung, and in reply to a speech by Herr Bachem, proprietor of that journal, his Eminence observed that owing to the difficulties which Catholics are called upon to face, and the increasing attacks upon religion, the clergy and the Catholic press should continually strive to make the good relations between them more and more perfect. The view to which the Cardinal has been giving expression is strongly held in Rome. The Civiltà Cattolica, the other day, in an article on "The Omnipotence of Journalism," affirmed that the world is governed by public opinion and this by journalism, that nine-tenths of those who read newspapers allow their editors to do their thinking for them, and that "in public life to-day there is no other criterion of truth, honesty, uprightness, justice except that which is coined by journalism." The fact is that there is only one effective way, and that the way of the press, for successfully combating that anti-clericalism which has obtained such a firm footing on the Continent, and the advocates of which are gaining many disciples in English-speaking countries.

AFRICAN GEOGRAPHY.

We might spend an entertaining half hour over many a fine atlas sheet if we were able to detect the unconscious humor sometimes displayed, even in conspicuous type. On maps of German East Africa the word "Songo" has appeared for several years as the name of one of the native countries. We now learn that Songo is not a geographical name, but that it conveys exactly the same idea that we express when we fail to recall the name of some object and so call it "thingumbob." Undoubtedly an explorer had asked the name of the country from his guide who had forgotten it and had escaped the difficulty by the easy intellectual process of calling it Songo. We shall stand on firm ground if we call that fair and populous land Losailik in future.

A mountain in that same region was introduced to the rest of the world under the name "Atorigini," a dignified appellation and pleasant to the ear. But the next editions of the maps must blot it out and substitute something that sounds barbaric, for "Atorigini" means simply "I forget." It was another case of lapse of memory on the part of the guide.

It is gratifying to hear that one African place name is to be wiped off the maps, not so much because it is ludicrously inaccurate as because it is so long that it interferes with other information when printed on a small scale map. One day an explorer asked a native the name of a certain large settlement. The man did not understand the question, but took the opportunity to remark, "Olotoiboiologunya," which means, "Your servant has gone on ahead." Down went the expression on the traveler's map as the name of the town.

HEALTHFULNESS OF FRUIT.

If people ate more fruit they would need less medicine and have better health. There is an old saying that fruit is golden in the morning and leaden at night. As a matter of fact, it may be gold at both times, but then it should be eaten on an empty stomach and not as a dessert, when the appetite is satisfied and digestion is already sufficiently taxed. Fruit taken in the morning before the fast of the night has been broken is very refreshing, and it serves as a stimulant to the digestive organs. A ripe apple or an orange may be taken at this time with good effect. Fruit to be really valuable, as an article of diet, should be ripe, sound and in every way of good quality, and, if possible, it should be eaten raw. Instead of eating a plate of ham or eggs and bacon for breakfast, most people would do far better if they took some grapes, pears or apples—fresh fruit as long as it is to be had, and after that they can fall back on stewed prunes, figs, etc. If only fruit of some sort formed an important item in their breakfast, women would generally feel brighter and stronger, and would have far better complexions than is the rule at present.

THE GOLDEN JUBILEE PILGRIMAGE.

That the coming Pilgrimage to Rome and Tour of Europe will be a grand success there now seems but little doubt. Never before was a Pilgrimage and touring party from New York planned upon such an elaborate scale. With the entire cabin accommodation of the Carpathia, a 14,000-ton ship, special railway trains from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic, the benefit of a conductor in Mr. McGrane of McGrane's Catholic Tours, 187 Broadway, New York City, who has had years of experience and whose arrangement of the trip are covered to the smallest detail, it is quite evident that all who join the party will, on their return, feel that it was the most enjoyable summer of their lifetime.

REGARDING PERCENTAGES.

Percentage tries the soul of the average person, and Lord Hardinge, who recently said that the proportion of paupers to solvent persons, was 475 to 10,000 in 1901, and 511 in 1905, evidently avoids it, fearing his own weakness, but how does he get his figures? He adds the summer ratio to the winter ratio, and so presents the ratio for the year as nearly twice what it is. This reminds one of that member of the Boston School Board who deplored the system of marking examination questions by percentages. "It narrows the mind," said he. "I shall give out nine questions in each study, and I want the proportion of correct answers in each study in a vulgar fraction." He had minds of the infants and teachers stretched broad and placid, contemplating three-ninths instead of looking at an astringent 33 per cent.

JUST 23.

He came often and early and stayed too late. Recently, as the clock struck eleven, she asked him if he knew how to take eleven ciphers and make twenty-three out of them. He didn't, so she told him to put down eleven ciphers in a straight line, then to draw a perpendicular line about half an inch long down from the right side of the first, fifth and tenth, and up from the right side of the fourth, seventh and eighth. He read the result,—and vanished.

That wasn't as bad, though, as the phonograph rigged up by a cruel father and attached to the clock. At eight it said "Welcome;" at nine "Music hath charms;" at ten "Eat, drink and be merry;" at eleven "Git!"

WEDDING BELLS.

A very quiet but pretty wedding took place in Holy Trinity church on Saturday evening when Miss Mary Jeffrey, of the North End, became the wife of Dennis Desmond. Rev. J. J. Walsh performed the ceremony in the presence of a large number of friends of the contracting parties. Miss Katie Jeffrey, niece of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, while Frank Martin was the groomsmen. The groom's present to the bride was a substantial check and to the bridesmaid a pearl crescent. Mr. and Mrs. Desmond will reside in Main street

THAT
BILIOUS FEELING
 IS CURED BY
 Mother Seigel's Syrup, which acts directly on the liver and stomach, quickly restoring them to healthy natural action, and thus it cures biliousness and indigestion.
MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP
 Price 50c per bottle. Sold Everywhere.
 A. J. WHITE & Co., Montreal.

DANTE'S TREATMENT OF WOMEN

London Paper.
 "Dante's treatment of women in the 'Divina Commedia'" was the subject of a lecture on Monday evening by Miss E. L. Broadbent at a meeting of the Manchester Dante Society at the University. The Bishop of Salford, the Society's president, was in the chair, and introduced the lecturer, first, as Principal of the Women's Hostel connected with the University and, secondly, as an enthusiastic Italian and Dante scholar.

One of the points which the lecturer emphasised was this—that Dante never directed his satire or his wrath against women.

Father Nash, S.J., of the Church of the Holy Name, after speaking in high praise of the lecture, asked Miss Broadbent to say whether, in her opinion, in his descriptions of women's supreme power of mystical love Dante expressed the convictions of his age, or transcended and went beyond what might be called the verdict of the thirteenth century. Because it seemed to him that according to the lecturer, the female intelligence, the woman's mind, was more capable of penetrating the eternal mysteries, and in that sense was more eternally powerful, than the baser and more material male mind. That was a very great mystery, and a very great secret of the greatest poet of mysticism—that exaltation of the female, of the devout sex, as known in the Catholic Church, as being far more capable of the supreme gift of eternal knowledge and penetration of the divine mysteries than man's mind.

Miss Broadbent said there was no doubt that Dante's conception far transcended the usual conception of his age.

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Club, a few days ago, Mr. Miles E. Agar was elected second vice-president, and Dr. R. F. Quigley a member of the executive.

A man who cannot find time to take a holiday in forty years finds it necessary to rest long enough to attend his own funeral.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Moncton Wharf Extension," will be received at this office until Saturday, February 29, 1908, inclusively for the construction of an extension to the Wharf at Moncton, Westmorland County, N. B., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the offices of E.T.P. Shewen, Esq., Resident Engineer, St. John, N. B., Geoffrey Stead, Esq., Resident Engineer, Chatham, N. B., on application to the Postmaster at Moncton N. B., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works for seventeen hundred dollars (\$1,700.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the person tendering declines the contract or fails to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

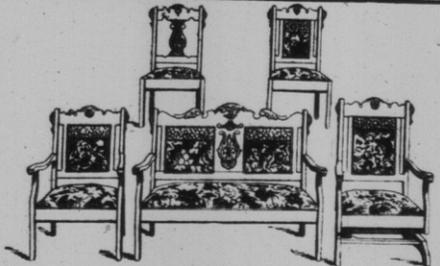
By Order,
FRED GELINDE,
 Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
 Ottawa, January 29, 1908.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

The Art Store
 Saint John,
Thomas J. Flood's.
 Our Picture Framing Department
 Is the Best Equipped
 in Canada
 Bring Your Pictures - To Be Framed
Thomas J. Flood, Artistic Framing
 60 King Street,
 Opposite Macaulay Bros. & Co.

Thomas Nagle
WHOLESALE LUMBER,
 Large Stock, Prompt Shipments.
 St. John, N. B.
 EVERYTHING IN LUMBER.



5 PIECE PARLOR SUITES
 Solid Walnut Frames from \$22.50.

Going Out of Business.
JOHN WHITE,
 93-97 Charlotte Street.

BARGAINS
 —IN—
BOOTS and SHOES.

During the balance of this month we are having a
CLEAR-UP SALE.

All odd lines and broken lots of Boots, Shoes and Slippers, have been placed on tables in our King Street Store and marked at prices that in many cases is far below cost.

Waterbury & Rising,

Telephone 450.

CENTRAL STORE



Fresh Lobsters and Oysters.
 All kinds Fresh, Smoked and Salt Fish,
 Cleaned and Delivered to any part of the City.
 Telephone 450. No. 9 Sydney Street, near Union.

The Messenger. \$2.00 a Year

Issued Monthly—125 Pages.

ADDRESS

The Messenger,

Fordham University, New York.

The School Book Slander

During the past few years the Opposition party has been seeking to create a prejudice against the Government by falsely charging that the prices paid for authorized School Books within this province are excessive, and far above what is charged in other provinces.

One Opposition speaker after another has repeated this charge, each growing bolder and more reckless in statement in every succeeding misrepresentation, culminating in the reported statement of the leader of the Opposition at Moncton a few days ago, to the effect that the prices of these Books are twice as high as necessary, and charging that they are exorbitant and beyond the prices charged in other provinces.

Seldom has this reckless leader been so completely entrapped. This deliverance puts his reputation for exaggeration and misstatement beyond that of any other public man in New Brunswick.

But it was hardly expected that he would attempt a comparison between the price paid in New Brunswick, and that paid for bankrupt stock in another Province—

The only specific comparison of prices paid here and elsewhere, is in the case of a Reader in New Brunswick costing 40 cents, which is compared by the Opposition with a Reader in Ontario, costing 15 cents. The unfairness of this is apparent, when it is known that in Ontario the present Readers are to be discontinued, and in a few months these books will be dead stock, and the dealers have made the cut in prices to save what they can, but before the cut in prices the Ontario Readers were higher than the New Brunswick ones.

The official figures made public at the Government convention in St. John last week have caused the friends of the Opposition to wonder whether a cause supported by such baseless fabrications ought to receive countenance from any fair-minded citizen.

The complete figures for British Columbia are not available by the Educational Department, but for the other provinces the following tables have been prepared, showing, in the first schedule, the prices of all books common to the different provinces, except Readers. In the second schedule the prices of Readers in the different provinces, where such information could be obtained, are shown:—

SCHEDULE I—Showing price of books named below in all provinces except British Columbia:

Books.	N.B.	N.S.	P.E.I.	Que.	Man.	Alta.	Sask.	Ontario.
Arithmetic—								
Primary	\$ 45	\$ 40	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 40	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 25
Do. High School ..	50	40	30	30	40	35	35	25
English Grammar ..	35	30	25	25	30	25	25	20
History	30	25	20	20	25	20	20	15
Geography	30	25	20	20	25	20	20	15
Algebra	80	1.25	.80	1.25	1.00	90	90	1.00
Geometry	75	75	1.12	1.00	1.50	1.00	1.00	75
Geometry	50	50	50	1.00	75	1.50	1.50	75
	\$4.05	\$4.85	\$5.07	\$5.25	\$5.90	\$5.35	\$5.75	\$4.78

SCHEDULE II—Showing price of Primers and Readers in six provinces:

Province	Primers and Readers	Price
Quebec,	Primers and Readers	\$2.88
British Columbia,	"	2.50
Manitoba,	"	2.35
Nova Scotia,	"	2.20
P. E. Island,	"	2.15
New Brunswick,	"	2.15

SCHEDULE III—Showing price of all school books above mentioned:

Manitoba, full cost,	\$8.25
Quebec, "	8.18
P. E. Island, "	7.23

Nova Scotia, 7.05
New Brunswick, full cost 6.20

Surely no party which is guilty of such flagrant misrepresentation can hope to succeed!

The above official statement shows how completely the Opposition has thrown truthfulness and fairness to the winds!

Can the electors approve of such misrepresentation? Will they not rather continue their confidence in an administration by whose careful business foresight, the School Books of New Brunswick are cheaper than in any other Province of the Dominion—The Opposition will be overwhelmed by

The School Book Slander.

SMITH'S Fish Market,
25 Sydney Street
Telephone 1704.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Jewelry, Silver-ware, Clocks."
Watches, Watches. Watches.
Rings, Rings, Rings.
AND LOTS OF THINGS.

suitable for New Year's and holiday presents—now opening and offered at very moderate prices.

TO CASH CUSTOMERS.

and those wishing to buy the most valuable kind of goods.

Call and see the line of **DIAMOND RINGS, PEARL, OPAL, and other gems** now on hand.

SIGNET AND BIRTHDAY RINGS a speciality.

W. Tremaine Gard,
Goldsmith, Jeweler and Optician, 77 Charlotte Street.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Steel Tugs," will be received at this office until Monday, March 2, 1908, inclusively, for the construction of Three Steel Tugs, according to a plan and specification to be seen at the offices of E.T.P. Shewen, Esq., Resident Engineer, St. John, N. B., C.E.W. Dodwell, Esq., Resident Engineer, Halifax, N. S., J. G. Sing, Esq., Resident Engineer Confederation Life Building, Toronto, Ont., Chas. Desjardins, Esq., Clerk of Works, Post Office Building, Montreal and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

Accepted cheques on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for three thousand five hundred dollars, (\$3,500.00), for one Steel Tug, six thousand dollars (\$6,000.00) for two Steel Tugs and eight thousand dollars, (\$8,000.00), for three Steel Tugs, must accompany each tender. The cheques will be forfeited if the person tendering declines the contract or fails to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 1, 1908.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

THE NICKEL

"The Runaway Horse" attracted thousands to the Nickel on Wednesday and Thursday. By special arrangement it was repeated on Friday night.

Friday and Saturday's programme. A Trip to Switzerland, Pleasant Side of a Soldier's Life, How the Suburbanite Surprised the Burglar, and Street Car Chivalry. New Songs by Miss Elsa and Messrs. Beckley and Seely.

Boyed riots occurred over at Buffalo last week. Of course, the rioters were "loafers."

SEMBRICH, VAN HOOSE AND ZADORA

Notwithstanding the fact that the cost of bringing Sembrich and her associates to St. John is enormous, and more so than any previous enterprise of an entertainment nature, the prices will be by no means beyond the reach of any who may wish to be present at the big social and musical event of the decade locally. It will be worth the money to see the magnificent audience, more representative of the beauty and culture of the province, than any that has previously gathered here.

There will be five different prices, and all will be sold in advance. Those who do not wish to pay more, can hear Sembrich at a price which means only a few admissions to a moving picture show. No matter what one secures, whether an orchestra seat, a seat on the stage, standing room, or the gallery, no intelligent person, who possesses the small sum necessary, should miss this great event.

MR. PURDY NOW MEMBER OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. D. J. Purdy on Wednesday afternoon was sworn in a member of the government without portfolio. But for his serious illness last fall, Mr. Purdy would have been taken into the government then. On Wednesday evening at the North End committee rooms he received many hearty congratulations and today political friends and foes express to him their satisfaction at his elevation. Mr. Purdy's promotion strengthens St. John's influence in the government.

The work of organizing the wards in the government interests was begun on Wednesday evening and the meetings in the different sections were well attended. Dr. Gorham was elected chairman for Kings ward and Dennis Burke secretary. Mr. E. Lantulum was present and made an encouraging report of his canvass.

The committee room for Victoria ward in the McLean & Holt building, City Road, had a large attendance. J. L. McAvity was elected chairman and H. Noakes secretary. Mayor Sears and Hon. D. J. Purdy attended the meetings in the North End and His Worship made a speech, telling of his canvass, saying he was meeting with every encouragement. The Mayor said it was true he had applied for a government office but the only answer he had was that his application would receive serious consideration.

DIED AT OTTAWA.

Thursday's Globe.

Mrs. Honora Burke, widow of Mr. John Burke, of St. John, died on Tuesday evening at Ottawa, where for eleven years she had made her home with her son, Mr. Denis Burke, of the Privy Council department. Deceased was in her ninety-second year but notwithstanding her great age her faculties were unimpaired, and she always evinced a lively interest in her old home. Besides her son at Ottawa, Mrs. Burke is survived by one son, in St. John—Mr. Timothy Burke, Inspector in the Inland Revenue department. Owing to absence from home on business Mr. Burke did not receive notice of his mother's death in time to permit him to reach Ottawa for the funeral, which took place this morning after Requiem Mass in St. Joseph's church.

The self-laudatory Morning Star of New Orleans piously observes that no one can read Cardinal Gibbons' article on race-suicide "without feeling his hair stand upon his head." It certainly would be startling to see it stand upon his feet.

THE FOURTH ESTATE.

Chatham World.

Mr. Armstrong, editor of the St. Andrew's Beacon, and Mr. Clarke of the St. Stephen Courier, are the only newspaper men in the running for the Legislature, both in the same county. The Borderers seem to think that the possession of exact information on public affairs and the ability to write and speak to the point are good qualifications for legislators.

TOO PUBLIC.

"Hello! Hello!" exclaimed Percy through the telephone. "Is that Miss Peachreem?"

"Yes."

"At last! This is Percy Plum. Do you know, Miss Peachreem, I have been trying for nearly an hour to get you!"

"La, me!" gattered the voice at the other end of the wire. "You shouldn't do that over the telephone Mr. Plum!"

Pattersons Daylight Store.

McCall 10c.
Patterns 15c.

When You Buy Here You Get What You Believe You Are Getting.

See our 25c. quality Winter Under-vests for Ladies. Drawers to match 25c. pair.

Cor. Duke and Charlotte Sts.
Store Open Evenings.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Miss Elizabeth M. McKechnie, who has been visiting her parents here, returned last week to the Hartford Hospital, Hartford, Conn.

Major Thomas W. Lawlor, who has been in poor health for some time but is improving, left for Bermuda on Saturday. He will spend the rest of the winter there.—Advocate, Newcastle.

Mr. Eugene Connolly, of Douglas-town, bookkeeper for the Edward Sinclair Lumber Company, has gone to the United States for a short trip.

Friends will be pleased to hear that Father Morrissey is considerably improved in health since entering the Hotel Dieu hospital.—Chatham Commercial.

Mr. John F. McHugh left on Wednesday evening for Tacoma, Washington, after spending a few days with friends of this city.

Miss Irene Kiervin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Kiervin, left on Wednesday for Brooklyn, to take a course in nursing in Saint Mary's Hospital. She was accompanied by her parents.

Capt. Manley, who came over two weeks ago to attend the funeral of Mrs. Sophia McPartland Doherty, returned to Halifax on Thursday. Mrs. Cullen, who came at the same time, returned last week. Miss Kate McPartland will remain here for some time.

Royal Hotel.

ST. JOHN, N. B.
Passenger Elevator,
DOHERTY & RAYMOND
PROPRIETORS.



Royal Insurance Co.
Scottish Union
and
National Insurance
Company.

Combined Assets, Ninety-eight Million
Dollars.
Invested in Canada, Three Million
Dollars.

J. M. & C. W. HOPE GRANT
AGENTS,
50 Princess Street, St. John, N. B.

F. NEIL BRODIE,
ARCHITECT.

44 PRINCESS STREET,
St. John, N. B.

St. Mary's College,
HALIFAX, N. S.

Thorough Classical and Commercial
Courses.
Preparatory Department for small
boys.

Heated throughout by hot water,
lighted by electricity, and equipped
with most modern sanitary arrange-
ments.

Located in the most central and
healthful part of the City.
Household arrangements in charge
of the Sisters of St. Martha.

Calendar giving full information
mailed on application to
REV. CHAS. E. McMANUS,
Rector.

W. V. Hatfield

Mason, Plasterer and Builder
Stucco Work in all its Branches.
244 1-2 Union Street.

Estimates Furnished. Orders prompt-
ly attended to. Best of Union
Men Employed.
Telephone 1916 at residence.

Willard H. Reid

Painter and
Decorator.

Estimates Promptly Furnished
Home and Church Decorations.

Shop 276 Union St. Phone 1054.

Almanacs,
1908.

Whittaker's Almanac
Paper 35c; Cloth,
85c

Canadian Almanac—
Paper, 50c.

New Brunswick Al-
manac, Paper 25c.

E. G. Nelson & Co.,

Cor. King and Charlotte Sts.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after SUNDAY, FEB. 22d.
1908, trains will run daily (Sunday
excepted) as follows:

TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN.

No. 6—Mixed for Moncton, leav-
es Island Yard, 6 30
No. 2—Express for Halifax,
Campbellton, Pt. du Chene, 7 00
No. 26—Express for Point du
Chene, Halifax and Pictou 12 40
No. 4—Mixed for Moncton 13 15
No. 8—Express from Sussex 17 10
No. 138—Suburban Express for
Hampton 18 15
No. 124—Express for Quebec
Montreal and Point du
Chene 19 00
No. 10—Express for Halifax
and the Sydneys 23 25

TRAINS ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

No. 9—Express from Halifax 6 20
No. 135—Suburban Express
from Hampton 7 50
No. 7—Express from Sussex 9 00
No. 138—Express from Mont-
real and Quebec 13 45
No. 5—Mixed from Moncton,
arrives at Island Yard 16 00
No. 25—Express from Halifax,
Pictou, Point du Chene, and
Campbellton 17 40
No. 3—Mixed from Moncton 19 30
No. 1—Express from Moncton
and Truro 21 30
No. 11—Express from Moncton
(daily), arrives at Island
yard 4 00

All trains run by Atlantic Stand-
ard Time; 24.00 o'clock is mid-
night.

D. POTTINGER,

General Manager.
Moncton, N. B., Feb. 1st, 1908.

GEO. CARVILL, C. T. A.,
City Ticket Office—3 King Street,
St. John, N. B. Telephone 271.

Windsor Hotel,

Hugh McCormick
Proprietor.

Newly fitted. Best of Service.
Modern ideas and up-to-date at-
tention.

Opposite Station, SUSSEX, N. B.

ESTABLISHED 1870

WM. L. WILLIAMS,

Successor to M. A. Finn,
Wholesale and Retail

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,
111 and 112 Prince William Street
Bonded Warehouse,
Nelson St., St. John, N. B.

JOHN F. GLEESON

Real Estate and Financial
Agent and Auditor.
120 Prince Wm. Street, Op-
posite Bank of New Brun-
swick.

It would be to the advantage
of persons having property
for sale to communicate
with me. Phone 1572.

Harrison A. McKeown K. C.
Barrister-at-Law.

OFFICE: Pagsley Building, Princess
Prince Wm. Sta., St. John, N. B.

FURS

Altered ^A/_D Repaired,

Bardsley's
179 Union Street.

Do You Want to Be Cured?

To Enjoy Life? To Have That
Buoyant Feeling That Comes
Only With Health?

||| If so try **McMILLIN'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.** It positively cures the worse cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and all troubles caused by diseases of the Stomach.

THE KIND THAT CURES.
Made and Sold by

W. J. McMILLIN,
Pharmacist,
625 Main St., St. John N. B.
Phone 980

CLIFTON HOUSE.

74 Princess St. and 141 and
143 Germain St.
St. John, N. B.
Recently renovated throughout.
Special attention given to Summer Tourists.
W. ALLEN BLACK,
Proprietor.

We Wish

to heartily thank the public
for the most prosperous
year in our history, and to
intimate that our new term
will begin the first Monday
in January.

S. KERR,
Principal,
Odd
Fellow's Hall.

UNGARS LAUNDRY

DYEING and
Carpet Cleaning
Works.

Limited.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Good Work and Promptness are our
motto.

M. B. DIXON, K. C.

Barriater at Law, Notary
Public, etc.,
Office: Hotel Shepody, Riverside,
Albert Co., N. S.

Removal Notice.

J. D. TURNER Has Removed to
188 Union Street.

Next to John Hopkins,
Telephone Main 108.

Photos

In Some Beautiful
New Styles.

Drop In and See.

CLIMO'S

85 Germain St.
Tel. 855.

Henry P. Travers,

Dental Surgeon,

Office: Cor. Princess and Sydney Sts

WILL REMOVE

to his father's residence

28 Sydney Street.

About the end of April.

Leap Year Refusal.

'Tis very kind, indeed, of you
To offer to become my wife;
To say you love me as you do
And wish to share my simple life.
But do not grieve at what I say.
Dear Maud; I really love another,
In anger do not go away;
I will consent to be your brother.

I'm sorry, Maud, I really am
That you should have learned to
love me so;
For me you should not care a—darn
I never meant to be your beau.
Your husband, Maud, I cannot be,
My heart belongs unto another;
I'm sorry you've proposed to me,
But I can only be your brother.

If you should yet want a friend,
I trust that you will send for me,
On me you always may depend,
I'll come to you where'er I be.
Surely there is some better man
Who'll gladly take you for his wife;
So find him—I am sure you can—
I'll be your brother all through life.

ETIQUETTE.

C. E.—It is not considered good form to urge a guest to partake of a dish if he has once declined it. Every grown-up man and woman is supposed to know what he or she wants, and to have the common sense to say so. At a formal dinner-party, all the courses are handed by servants, guests helping themselves or declining, as they choose. The food is never made a subject of conversation among educated people. 2. Some tact is required in choosing suitable topics; it is the duty of the host and the hostess to switch the talk away from subjects that may prove offensive to any one present. Politics, religion and personalities should be excluded from discussion at the dinner-table. The ever-safe topics are those treated in the current numbers of the best magazines, also matters of local interest, concerts, lectures, the new novel or play, proposed entertainments to the town or district, new inventions, etc. Every subject should be treated rather lightly, no guest monopolizing the conversation nor trying to impose his views on any other.

G. G. W.—If the ring was given by you to the girl as a free gift and handed over to her, she has the legal right to retain it. If it were given to her on the condition that she would marry you and she refuses to marry you, you can take proceedings to replevy the ring. The fact that she has it in her possession would be evidence in an action for a breach of promise against you, but in view of the fact that she has relieved you from your promise to marry her she could not possibly succeed in any such action.

NEW STEAMSHIP LINE.

Mr. P. F. Doody, who has spent some time in St. John in connection with the establishment of a steamship line between Havana, Boston and St. John has returned to New York. He says he has met with every success in his mission to this city and that within a month the first steamer of the line will come here. The service at starting will be a monthly one. A New Brunswick charter will be secured and there is every prospect of developing a good trade in both imports and exports. A number of merchants who have been interviewed are arranging to make shipments by the new line, and Mr. Doody expects to return to St. John at an early date and to be a frequent visitor to this city after the service is established.

WEDDING BELLS.

A pretty morning wedding took place in the Cathedral on Tuesday at 6 o'clock, when Mr. Michael Harrington, a former St. John man, but now in the electrical business in Connecticut, was united in marriage to Miss Mary Murphy, daughter of Mr. Patrick Murphy. Rev. A. W. Meahan performed the ceremony, which was witnessed by a large gathering of the friends of the principals. The bride was very prettily gowned in cream mousseline de sole. She was attended by her sister, Miss K. Murphy. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Robert Harrington. On the conclusion of the ceremony a dainty wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride, after which the happy couple left by the Boston train for their future home. From a large circle of friends, the bride received a host of handsome remembrances of the happy event.

LOST LITERATURE.

The fine literature absolutely lost is very considerable. Of classical literature alone books could be filled with the mere names of works never to mention the mutilated state of many that survive. The causes of loss are few. Fire is the most common. Ben Jonson by the fire in his house lost an entire drama of the life of Henry V., with notes, and a number of other works. The fire of London was responsible for the loss of many valuable works of the Elizabethan period and of much early English poetry. A severer blow to lovers of Anglo-Saxon literature was the burning of the Cottonian library in 1731, when a vast quantity of old manuscripts was destroyed. In 1763 by a fire in Lincoln's Inn Fields a large collection of manuscripts and pamphlets, gathered with great labor by Lord Chamberlain Somers, was lost. About the same time Davies' notes on Cicero's "De Officiis" were lost by a fire in Strand, London.

The second great cause of loss is the ocean, whose "greedy maw" swallows all kinds of treasure so remorselessly. Early in the fifteenth century Guarino Veronese was returning to Constantinople with a shipload of classical manuscripts. The vessel was wrecked and the treasures lost, a misfortune which turned the scholar's hair white in a few hours.

Our own Spenser suffered serious loss by shipwreck of a servant crossing from Ireland. The last six books of the "Faerie Queene" and a number of translations and poems, including "Dreams," "The Court of Cupid" and "The Hell of Lovers," were thus consigned to a watery grave. In 1600, on the death of Vincentio Pinelli, his library was packed in three vessels bound for Naples. One was attacked by pirates, who flung out the books and papers into the sea and along the shore, some of the latter being picked up by the inhabitants and used to stuff windows with. Toward the close of the last century a servant of Warburton came across a unique mass of manuscript plays, which she used up in lighting fires and making pie crust frills. And everybody remembers how a domestic of John Stuart Mill consigned to the flames a part of Carlyle's "French Revolution." The horror of Mill at the loss and the "agony" of Carlyle in re-writing the work are now matters of history.

A very curious loss was occasioned in Italy in the fourteenth century when Raimondo Soranzo loaned the manuscript of Cicero's "De Gloria" to a friend, who pawned it and died before its hiding place could be discovered.

PETTY CROOKS.

Orders have been issued in a number of Catholic churches in Greater New York directing ushers who take up collections to discontinue giving change to those who wish to contribute. It has been the habit to give change to those who asked for it on the ground that they did not have coins of the size they wished to put in the contribution box. It has been discovered that a large number of counterfeit half dollars found their way into the church collections in that manner. The passers of the money would drop a lead half dollar into the box in that manner. Many churches have been thus victimized, one church having found thirty-two of the counterfeit coins in one Sunday's collection.

THE MIGHTY ATOM.

"A Layman," writing to a Catholic Paper in London, England, says:—

Some Catholics are reluctant to take part in parochial movements, such as confraternities, associations, clubs, guilds, and the like, for two reasons. In the first place, because the priest does not apply individually for their assistance; and, secondly, because a form of false modesty leads them to think that the help which they are able to render is not worth having. Such persons should recollect that just as the ocean is made up of drops of water, so all great movements are the result of individual efforts made as a labour of love. In order that we may do the maximum amount of good in our own spheres, it is necessary that we should voluntarily offer to help in some of the parochial movements, and then carry out our share regularly, to the best of our power, and without expecting individual thanks. St. Francis of Sales said that: "We make little actions great by performing them with a great desire to please God; the merit of our services consisting, not in the excellency of the works, but in the love which accompanies them." We ought to bear this thought in mind continually.

WELDON & McLEAN,
BARRISTERS & ATTORNEYS.
J. H. McLEAN,
H. F. PIDDINGTON,
FRED R. TAYLOR.
Barnhill's Building.

J. Henry Scammell,
Physician and Surgeon,
162 Germain Street.
Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m.;
2 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m.
Telephone 878.

J. F. McDONALD,
Carpenter and Builder.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates furnished.
Telephone 1589.
Residence, 63 Lombard Street.
Shop, 80 City Road.

LOUIS KING

Wholesale Grocer,
Produce and Commission Merchant
Canned Goods a Specialty.
11 and 12 South Wharf,
Telephone 1262.

T. B. & H. B. ROBINSON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,
103 Prince William Street.
Representing
Norwich Union Fire Ins. Society,
German American Fire Ins. Co.'y of
New York,
Travellers' Life and Accident Ins. Co.,
United States Fidelity and Guarantee
Company.



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST.

HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.
ANY even numbered section of Dominion lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, excepting 8 and 86, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.
Application for entry must be made in person by the applicant at a Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency, for the district in which the land is situated. Entry by proxy may, however, be made at an Agency on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother, or sister of an intending homesteader.
The homesteader is required to perform the homestead duties under one of the following plans:
(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.
(2) A homesteader may, if he so desires, perform the required residence duties by living on farming land owned solely by him, not less than eighty (80) acres in extent, in the vicinity of his homestead. Joint ownership in land will not meet this requirement.
(3) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of a homesteader has permanent residence on farming and owned solely by him, not less than eighty (80) acres in extent, in the vicinity of the homestead, or upon a homestead entered for by him in the vicinity, such homesteader may perform his own residence duties by living with the father (or mother).
(4) The term "vicinity" in the two preceding paragraphs is defined as meaning not more than nine miles in direct line, exclusive of the width of road allowances crossed in the measurement.
(5) A homesteader intending to perform his residence duties in accordance with the above while living with parents or on farming land owned by himself must notify the Agent for the district of such intention.
Six months' notice in writing must be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.
W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Miss Frances Travers,
Vocal Lessons, Viardot-Garcia Method. Pupil of Madame Von Klenner, New York.
28 Sydney Street.

Hotel Edward

37-39-41 King-Sq. North Side.
All modern improvements.
Centrally situated.
J. D. DRISCOLL, Prop.

R. W. W. FRINK,

General Agent, St. John, N. B.
Western Assurance Company,
London Assurance Corporation,
Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company.
96 Prince William Street.

A CARGO OF BEST QUALITY DRY HARD WOOD LANDING.

This wood is clean and bright. We have also some rough hard wood suitable for furances at \$2.00 per load delivered and sawed up. J. S. Gibbon & Co., 6 1-2 Charlotte street and Symthe street, near North Wharf.

VICTORIA HOTEL.

81 to 87 King Street, St. John, N. B.
Electric Passenger Elevator
and all modern improvements.
D. W. McCORMACK Proprietor.

Department of Railways and Canals.

Intercolonial Railway.

NOTICE re Leasing of Old Car and Work Shops, Moncton, N. B.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, marked "Tender for leasing car and work shops," will be received until 16 o'clock of the FIFTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1908, for the acquiring under lease of the car and work shops with Railway sidings, (at Moncton, N. B.) as designated on plans to be seen at the office of the Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the office of the General Manager of the Intercolonial Railway, Moncton; the lease to be granted to cover together with the general terms and conditions in such cases, the following:—

- 1.—Term 21 years at rental named, with right of renewal for second term at such rental and upon such conditions as the Governor in Council may then determine.
2. Occupation and use to be bona fide for an industry that will yield a reasonably steady traffic for the railway the character and prospective output of which industry to be designated in tender and the operation of which to be commenced within one year from date of Lessee acquiring property.
3. That yearly operation shall be of such an extent as to continuously employ not less than 300 employees. Each tender must be accompanied by a certified bank cheque for \$10,000.00, payable to the order of the Minister of Railways and Canals to be held by the Department, in case of the successful tenderer, until such time as the then lessee has duly installed on the premises for the operation of the work to be carried on under lease, machinery in value to the sum covered by said cheque, of which value the Minister aforesaid shall be the sole judge and at which time to be duly returned to the Lessee by the Department.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary,
Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, January 7th, 1908.
Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

COMFORTING.

Ella—I'm to be married tomorrow and I'm terrible nervous.
Stella—I suppose there always is a chance of the man getting away, up to the last minute.—Brooklyn Life.

A NEW LIGHT ON "MAKING FRIENDS."

We have been reading Katherine E. Conway's "Making Friends and Keeping Them," writes Charles Phillips, editor of the San Francisco Monitor. It is in its sixth edition, and, if others enjoy it as we have, it will be printed many times again. Of course, there is nothing we can say about this author that will be new to Catholic readers. But we must say something about this little gem of a book. It is full of common sense and every-day wisdom. The greatest end that any art can achieve is to hold the mirror up to nature. As one reads Miss Conway's book he finds himself—and a good many of his best friends—so startlingly and truthfully portrayed that it fairly takes the wind out of his sails. It is almost uncanny sometimes and you wonder when it was that this clever Boston lady looked clairvoyantly through your particular soul? We know of one man who, after reading "Making Friends," declared that he never knew himself, much less his acquaintances, so well as when he had finished this little book; and this, despite the fact that the book is primarily written for women. "It has done me more good," said he, "than a year's experience." It is not of every book that such words can be said. We advise you all to get "Making Friends and Keeping Them," and read it, read it aloud, at home. You will get a whole lot of fun out of it, and if it doesn't provoke some pretty fruitful discussion then we miss our mark. Just try taking a good long look at yourself through the pages of Miss Conway's book, and see if you don't feel better. ("Making Friends and Keeping Them," by Katherine E. Conway; Boston, T. J. Flynn & Co.)

OLD FRAUDS.

The Greeks and Romans were not unlike we Americans in certain business ways. Pliny tells us that the bakers of Rome used to mix with their dough a white earth that was soft to the touch and sweet to the taste, and so made bread that had weight and good appearance, but no food value. He also speaks of wine adulteration, and says that the rich could not be sure that their beverages were pure. The famous wines of Palermo were adulterated in the cellars, and wines from Gaul were artificially colored by aloes and other drugs. In Athens wine adulteration was so common that special inspectors were appointed to detect and stop the practice. One Canthare, wine merchant, made his mark on the page of history because of his skill in giving the flavor of old age and maturity to new wines, and in his time the phrase, "Artificial as Canthare" was the common expression for clever deceit. Throughout Europe, from the eleventh century onward, food adulteration was very generally practised by bakers, brewers, spicemongers and vintners.

SHE LOST.

Maisie—She's a nasty, mean thing. Daisy.—Why? Maisie—We framed it up that she was to refuse Frank if he proposed, and then I made a bet with him that she would. Daisy—Well, why are you kicking? Maisie—She accepted him.—Brooklyn Eagle.

"MAY HIS DAYS BE LONG IN THE LAND."

The Hon. Curtis Guild, Jr., Governor of Massachusetts, celebrated on February 2, his forty-ninth birthday. Governor Guild has the distinction of enjoying the confidence and respect of the people of Massachusetts irrespective of party, because he has shown himself fair and considerate in his treatment of men of every party, says the Boston Pilot. The Catholics of Massachusetts honor him for his steadfast stand in every disputed case for the rights of conscience, of even the least of poor children or of those who are in any way handicapped by misfortune, and for his ever ready appreciation of the splendid spiritual and social influence of the Church in the old Bay State. The cause of labor recognizes in him a sincere and judicious friend. May his days be long in the land.

THE FLATTERER.

The tramp had applied to the farmer's wife for assistance. "You have a beautiful voice, lady," he said. She looked interested. "Have it?" "Yes, ma'am, I'd rather hear you say no, lady, than most other women say yes." Then she drove back the dog and gave the wanderer half a loaf and a chunk of cold beef.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

100 IMPORTANT INVENTIONS AND DISCOVERIES.

What is it that give us moderns our principal advantage over the ancient world? Is it art or literature of which we can afford to boast? What artists can we compare to Michael Angelo? With Shakespeare as the sole exception, Homer and Horace are still the rivals of our greatest modern poets. No historian have we superior to Tacitus or Polybius. No orator has been equal of Cicero, probably the greatest who ever uttered speech. In this connection Wendell Phillips, in his lecture on the lost arts, took much of the conceit out of our national character. What has made the difference? The answer is, modern inventions, says the Tribune-Farmer.

- The following is a list of 100 important inventions and discoveries that have been made by the modern world:
- Air guns invented, 1646
 - Air pump invented by Otto von Guericke, 1654
 - Algebra introduced into Europe by the Saracens, 1412
 - Almanacs first printed at Buda, 1470
 - Animal electricity discovered by Galvani, 1791
 - Argand lamp invented, 1782
 - Art of printing invented by Faust and Gutenberg, 1441
 - Astronomical observatory built in Europe at Cassel, 1561
 - Auction sales started in England by Elisha Yale, 1700
 - Banks established in Europe at Venice, 1157
 - Barometer invented by Torricelli, 1643
 - Bayonets first made at Bayonne, France, 1670
 - Bombs invented, 1495
 - Camera obscura constructed by Roger Bacon, 1297
 - Canals first made in Britain, 1134
 - Cannon first made by the French, 1340
 - Caoutchouc, or India rubber, first brought to Europe, 1780
 - Cartes de visites first taken at Nice, 1857
 - Casts in plaster first made at Florence, 1470
 - Chain bridges first constructed, 1741
 - Chain shot invented by Admiral De Witt, 1666
 - Chemistry introduced into Europe by the Moors, 1150
 - Chimney first used in Europe, 1200
 - China porcelain introduced into England, 1531
 - Chocolate introduced into Europe from Mexico, 1520
 - Chronometer invented by Harrison, 1764
 - Circular saws first made, 1816
 - Circulation of the blood discovered by Harvey, 1619
 - Coal first dug in England, near Newcastle, 1234
 - Coats of arms and armoinal bearings first used, 1200
 - Coffee introduced into Holland from Arabia, 1616
 - Colleges first established in Europe at Paris, 1215
 - Copper mines first discovered in Sweden, 1396
 - Cerk first brought to England, 1690
 - Cotton gin invented by Whitney, 1793
 - Crays first used in France, 1422
 - Curfew bell established by William the Conqueror, 1068
 - Decimal arithmetic invented, 1482
 - Diamond mines of Golconda discovered, 1543
 - Electric light discovered by Davy, 1813
 - Electric machine constructed by Otto von Guericke, 1647
 - Electrotype process first employed, 1850
 - Engraving on wood begun in Europe, 1400
 - Galileo constructed his first telescope, 1610
 - Gas first used to light streets in the United States at Baltimore, 1821
 - Gold first coined in England, 1257
 - Gunpowder first made by Schwartz, 1320
 - Handkerchiefs first made at Paisley, 1743
 - Hydraulic press patented by Bramah, 1796
 - Identity of lighting and electricity discovered, 1752
 - Jacquard loom for figured fabrics invented, 1801
 - Kaleidoscope invented by Brewster, 1814
 - Lace made in France and Flanders, 1320
 - Lactical glands discovered by Asellius, 1622
 - Law pleading in England changed into English, 1362
 - Lifeboat first launched, 1790
 - Lead pipes first used for conveying water, 1286
 - Lithography invented by Senefelder, 1798
 - Logarithms invented by Napier, 1614
 - London streets first lighted with oil lamps, 1681
 - Longitude determined by Sir John Harrison, 1764
 - Lotteries originated at Florence, 1530
 - Lucifer matches came into use, 1834

- Maps and charts first brought to England, 1489
- Mariner's compass first known in Europe, 1260
- Mercator's chart invented, 1556
- Mesmerism propounded by Mesmer, 1766
- Microscope invented by Jensen, 1590
- Minne rifle invented, 1833
- Mirrors of glass first made in England, 1673
- Musical notes, as now used, invented, 1330
- Nautical almanac first published, 1767
- Newspapers first published in Europe, at Venice, 1536
- New style created by Pope Gregory, XIII., 1582
- Orrery, or planetarium, invented by De Rheita, 1650
- Oxygen gas discovered by Priestly, 1774
- Padlocks invented at Nuremberg, 1540
- Panoramas first exhibited by Barker, 1788
- Pendulum clocks invented, 1649
- Phosphorus discovered by Brant, 1669
- Pins first made in England, 1543
- Platinum first known in Europe, 1741
- Playing cards invented, 1390
- Posthouses first established in Europe, in France, 1470
- Pumps in general use in England, 1425
- Quicksilver first used in refining silver, 1540
- Rhubarb first cultivated, 1820
- Safety lamp invented by Davy, 1815
- Sand blast invented by Tilghman, 1871
- Savings banks instituted in Switzerland, 1787
- Speaking trumpet invented by Kircher, 1653
- Spectacles invented by Roger Bacon, 1280
- Spinning jenny invented by Hargraves, 1767
- Steam first used to propel boats by Fulton, 1807
- Tea brought to Europe by the Dutch, 1610
- Theory of the rainbow developed by Kepler, 1611
- Thermometer invented by Santorio, 1610
- Tobacco introduced into Europe by Nicot, 1560
- Voltaic battery constructed by Galvani, 1800
- Wire drawing invented at Nuremberg, 1410

ADVERTISING TAXATION IN RIO.

Every sign in Rio de Janeiro is taxed. A cafe having a special "sorvete," or ice, to serve, makes a placard and hangs it to a door post, or to one of the palm trees in tubs which commonly decorate such establishments. The notice thus posted must have a revenue stamp attached. Permanent signs are taxed on a permanent basis; temporary signs on a stamp basis. A sign "House for Rent," bears a revenue stamp. Under such circumstances the tax on signboards or billboards is the expected thing, but naturally there is much less general use of such forms of advertising.—Consular Reports.

WAKE UP, ST. GEORGE!

We take the following interesting letter from our esteemed contemporary, Greetings, St. George:—
Editor of Greetings,
Dear Sir: The writer was born and raised in St. John and has been almost all over the world and has seen funny places and met funny people, and strange to say was only once in St. George. I think St. George is one of the prettiest places I ever was in. You people do not seem to appreciate the many favors nature has been pleased to bestow on you. St. George is an ideal place to live in and for a summer tourist place of abode cannot be beat. With the salt water in front of you, with its privileges of fishing, boating and bathing, and the magnificent lake Utopia and other lakes and streams behind you, where there are trout and other fish in abundance, hunting grounds all about you—with a good healthy climate, what more could be desired. But you are asleep. You have not woke up yet to realize where you are at. Advertise your town. Build a hotel. Bring people to your place and they will bring others, and in a short time you will be surprised at yourself and wonder that you slept so long.
ALEX. WILSON,
St. John, West.

THE JOLLIER.

Evelyn—Is your watch correct, Fred?
Fred—Yes, indeed. It is keeping better time since I put your picture inside the case.
Evelyn—You flatterer! How could that be?
Fred—Well, you see, when I placed your picture inside the case I added another jewel.

SECOND-HAND CRITICISM.

Criticism seems to grow in power to hurt in direct proportion to its distance from the original source. It is dangerous enough at its best, when spoken face to face in love and tactfulness; but when it becomes second-hand and reaches the one criticised in an indirect way, it has usually lost in its love and gained in its sting during the journey. We cannot control the criticisms of ourselves that reach us in this thoughtless or cowardly fashion; but we can see to it that we never have any part in thus hurting others. Two simple rules will insure this: resolutely refuse to pass on a criticism of another that has come to our ears; if we have any criticism of our own to make, make it directly to the one needing it, and never mention it to another soul. Sometimes we shall find that if we forbid ourselves second-hand criticism, the criticism will not be made at all.

PROMPTNESS.

Don't live a single hour of your life without doing what is to be done in it, and going straight to it from beginning to end. Work, play, study—whatever it is, take hold at once, and finish it up squarely, then to the next thing, without letting any moments drop between. It is wonderful to see how many hours these prompt people contrive to make out of a day. It is as though they picked up the moments which the dawdlers lost. If ever you find yourself where you have so many things pressing upon you that you hardly know how to begin, let me tell you a secret: Take hold of the very first thing that comes to hand, and you will find that the rest all fall into line and follow after like a company of well-drilled soldiers, and though work may be hard to meet when it charges in a squad, it is easily vanquished if you can bring it into line.

You may have often seen the anecdote of the man who has asked how he accomplished so much in his life. "My father taught me," was the reply, "when I had anything to do to go and do it." There is the secret—the magic word now! Make sure, however, that what is to be done, ought to be done. "Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today," is a good proverb; but don't do what you may regret.

THE O'NEIL ANCESTRY.

Mythically, the O'Neills claim ancestry from the learned Niul, son of the King of Scythia, who was contemporary with the patriarch Abraham, and from whom Milesius is said to have been twenty-first in direct descent. King Niall, of this renowned family, flourished A. D. 388, was killed on the coast of France, and his army, on its return, brought with them, as a captive, St. Patrick. Niall's posterity occupied the throne of all Ireland for more than six centuries afterwards, although they at last degenerated into mere Kings of Ulster. Probably there has never been anyone of the name of O'Neill, who has not proudly asserted his connection with that warlike "Scythian," or Russian Phenius Phacas, and with Elisabeth's inveterate enemy, Shane O'Neill.

ELEVENTH ANNIVERSARY.

Saturday was the eleventh anniversary of the death of Rev. J. C. McDevitt, who was for fifty years previous to his demise in 1897 pastor of St. Dunstan's church, Fredericton. The occasion was marked by a requiem mass held in St. Dunstan's that morning at 8 o'clock. Rev. F. L. Carney was the celebrant. A very large congregation was present.

THE STORY OF THE QUININE TREE.

The quinine bearing trees named by Linnaeus Chinchona, were so called in honor of Ana, countess of Chinchona, vicereine of Peru, in 1629, a Spanish lady whose first husband was twice viceroy of Mexico and once of Peru, and her second also viceroy of Peru.

While in Lima she fell ill of an ague, from which she was relieved by the powder of a bark given to her physician by a Peruvian noble, whom he had cured some years before, and when she returned to Europe she took with her a quantity of this bark.

She died before reaching Spain, but it was owing to her cure and the measures she had taken to make known the remedy, that quinine was first introduced into Europe, where the knowledge of its virtues was soon spread by the Jesuits.

The name properly should be, according to the Spanish, chinchona, but it is rarely so spelled.

CHOOSE YOUR ILLUSIONS.

"I am an old man, and I have seen many troubles, but most of them never happened." This is a quotation from a book written to make the reader feel better.

Isn't life made up of a great deal of illusion anyway? There are "the pleasures of hope," in youth, the zest of acquisition in manhood, and so on—some new illusion for every decade, some fond anticipation for every state of life, and little side vanities all along the way. Let us keep the illusions that warm and cheer us and chase away the illusions that worry and frighten us. In other words, pick your illusions with some discernment. This we know, that there is in the lives of all of us too much of fear—too much anticipation of bad and awful contingencies. Don't associate with such illusions.

THE CATHOLIC HIERARCHY.

Rome officially publishes statistics of the Catholic Church throughout the world so far as pertains to Archbishops and Bishops. In Italy there are 49 Archbishops and 244 Bishops; in the United States there are 79 Bishops and 14 Archbishops, counting the 4 Apostolic vicariates, the organizations of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines. In France there are 17 Archbishops and 67 Bishops; in Spain, 9 Archbishops and 47 Bishops; Canada 9 Archbishops and 26 Bishops; in Austria, 9 Latin Sees and 9 of the Oriental rite; in Ireland, 4 Archbishops and 25 Bishops; in Germany, 5 Archbishops and 20 Bishops. The United States occupies second place, Italy alone surpassing it.

STEAD, THE IRREPRESSIBLE.

Montreal Witness.
Mr. Stead was scandalized that Cromwell, the greatest of England's rulers was to be left out of the procession at the coming London historical pageant. When he made demand on his behalf a bright idea struck the committee: If Mr. Stead would pose as Oliver they would let him march. This was very unfair to all the Edwards and the Henrys, for every spectator would be certain to be on the lookout for Oliver; but it was a great bit for the show. Of course, Mr. Stead did not begin to be like Oliver, he is as different as can be, to say nothing of a flowing and somewhat famous tawny beard. It was obvious that to fill this role Mr. Stead must cut off this beard, and the committee may have thought that that would settle it. But there are occasions for heroism, and here was one for partial martyrdom in a great cause, and Mr. Stead rose to it. That he may vindicate Cromwell in his own person he will sacrifice even so large and notable a part of his own widely famous personality.

No doubt Mr. Stead has a chin, or he will inevitably lose his fighting reputation. Once there was a man with a long flowing beard which some bodily condition required should be removed. He was thereafter the joke of the urchins and the amusement of his own generation, who nicknamed him 'chinams.' Fortunately, it was poetic justice—the revelation of a pompous ass. We are not afraid about Mr. Stead's chin; but has he a wart? A wart was a notable feature of Cromwell's rugged face, and Mr. Stead must either grow one or buy one, if he is to impersonate Cromwell with any verisimilitude. As for the sacrifice of Mr. Stead's beard, it comes at a time when we are told that beards are coming in again, whereby he may be as much out of the frivolous fashion without a beard as hitherto he has been with one, should this result, he may count it all joy to perpetuate the sacrifice, especially should the bereavement reveal a Cromwell.

MASSACHUSETTS.

John P. Kane, Democrat, is serving his third term as mayor of Lawrence.

Mr. Bernard Rothwell was recently unanimously elected president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce. He is the first Catholic to win this distinction.

Quincy has now its first mayor of Irish blood and the first of the Catholic faith in the person of William T. Shea. He is a Democrat. He is a native of Quincy and was born in 1857. He is engaged in the granite paving business. He was a member of the first City Council and for six years of the board of sewer commissioners. He belongs to St. Francis Court, M.C.O.F.; Quincy Council, K. C.; the Granite City Club, and St. Mary's Total Abstinence Society, and has served as president of the last named organization. Mayor Shea's mother, Mrs. Margaret Shea, who is 76 years old, attended his inauguration. His father took part in the famous charge of the British at Balaklava.

The Rev. Thomas H. McCarthy, Curate of the Church of St. Francis de Sales, Charlestown, has publicly and severely criticised the movement to abolish the city's Charlestown Neck playground on Sullivan Square. Objectors to the playground stated that "the oaths of drunken men" work moral injury to the children, who frequent the place. Fr. McCarthy stated that the police should prevent such contamination.

A conference of the divisions and Ladies Auxiliaries of Roxbury, Boston, and vicinity, was held in Odd Fellows Hall, Roxbury, on the 6th inst., under the patronage of the Hibernian Building Association of Boston Highlands. The principal business discussed was the consideration of plans for the selection of a site for a building.

The Brown, Durell Company, one of the biggest wholesale dry goods concerns in the country, and of which Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, one of our most distinguished American-Irish and Catholic citizens, is president, on Feb. 1 gave a banquet to its buyers and salesmen in the quarters of the Trade Club, Mr. Fitzpatrick sat at the head of the table and in a graceful and happy speech extended the firm's welcome to the guests. Edward Simonds and Frank Adams, directors; Charles B. Patch, clerk of the corporation; Curtis Clapp, M. H. Quigley and Chauncey Shute, veteran salesmen, made speeches also, and the last named officiated as toastmaster. There were also vocal and orchestral selections.

DIED.

BURKE—On the 11th inst., at her son's residence, Ottawa, Honora, widow of the late John Burke, of this city, aged 92 years, leaving two sons to mourn.

Ferguson & Page,
WATCHES,
Jewelery, Diamonds,
ETC.
41 King Street.

Just Received; First Shipment:—

Two Cases

—OF—

1908 Early Spring Goods 1908

We will be pleased to see any of our customers who may desire to look at the

LATEST IMPORTATIONS.

EDGEcombe & CHAISSON,

Tailors,

104 KING STREET.

Irish Songs.

A Collection of sixty-six of the best known Irish songs which represent at its best this charming and characteristic racial music.

The book contains words, music and piano accompaniment. Price in heavy paper, cloth back, 50 cents, postpaid. Gilt edition in white, green and gold, neatly boxed, very handsome, \$1.25, postpaid.

"As a result of careful editing and arranging, a sheaf of songs has been gleaned for the delight of Irish hearts and other hearts as well, for who can resist the beauty and charm of Irish music and Irish melodies."—Donohue's Magazine.

Oliver Ditson Company,

150 Tremont Street, Boston.

Liberal Ward Meetings.

The workers and supporters in the various wards of the City will meet every evening as follows—

KINGS and SYDNEY, Berryman's Hall.

QUEENS and DUKES,

McLaughlin Building, 85 Germain Street.

PRINCE and WELLINGTON,

LeLacheur's Hall, Brussels Street.

VICTORIA, McLean & Holts.

DUFFERIN, Paradise Row.

LORNE, LANSLOWNE and STANLEY

Watson Building, so called, 38 Douglas Avenue.

GUYS and BROOKS.

DURING FEBRUARY WE OFFER

Our Entire Stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing

--- AT SALE PRICES ---

A stock embracing every article of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and a most extensive range of each different style of garment, making a satisfactory selection an easy matter. Styles are the latest, Cloth's reliable. Workmanship guaranteed. Remember each and every garment in our stock bears a reduction that makes it well worth your while to purchase NOW.

HERE'S A BRIEF LIST:—

MEN'S and YOUTHS' SUITS in Fancy Mixtures, \$6.30, \$9.00, \$10.80 \$12.00.	SERS, Best Quality, \$19.20.	COATS, Extra Values, \$29 to \$115.00.	BOYS' FANCY SUITS in Russian and Buster Style, \$2.50 up.
MEN'S AND YOUTHS' SUITS in Navy Blue and Black Serges, \$7.80, to \$19.80.	MEN'S TROUSERS, in Fancy Weavesteds, and Tweeds, \$1.20 up.	BOYS' THREE-PIECE SUITS, \$3.40 up.	BOYS' SAILOR SUITS, Serge Mixtures, \$2.40 to \$4.95.
MEN'S DRESS COAT AND TROUSERS, \$20.00.	MEN'S FROCK COATS AND VESTS in Cheviots, \$15.60.	BOYS' TWO-PIECE SUITS, \$2.10 up.	BOYS' PANTS, in Serges and Tweeds 40c. up.
	MEN'S OVERCOATS, \$5.00 to \$20.00.	Some great bargains, \$2.10, \$2.40, \$2.90, \$3.30.	BOYS' OVERCOATS and REEFERS \$2.40.

Men's Overalls, Rubber Coats, Fur Caps and Collars, Etc.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Manchester, Robertson, Allison, Limited.

