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RICHARD WORIHINGTON, 30 GREAT S'T. JAMES STREET.


## 

TOAN OLD AND TRIED FIRIEND: A RARE COMIC ARTIST:
A GENIAL AND EXCELLENT GENTLEMAN:
Mr. DAN. SETCHELI, of Bostoi.

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PART I.
MISCELLANEOUS.

Our co They've our cheer caught 'e broke out tended t$]$ I remer town last

## ARTEMUS WARD;

## HIS TRAVELS.



Artemue is introduced by his daughter to a distinguished landscape painter, who has long.hair_and a wild expression in his eye.

## PART I.

## A WAR MEETING.

OUr eomplaint just now is war meetin's. labored into a impression that they eouldn't $^{\text {O }}$ They've bin havin' 'em bad in varis parts of our eheerful Republis, and nat'rally we eaught 'em here in Baldinsville. They broke out all over us. They're better attended thas the Eelipse was.

I remember how people poured into our town last Spring to see the Belipse. They
see it to home, and so they eame up to our plaee. I eleared a very handsome amount of money by exhibitin' the Eelipse to 'em, in an open-top tent. But the erowds is bigger now. Posey County is aroused. I may say, indeed, that the pra-hay-ories of Injianny is on fire.

Our big meetin' eame off the other night, and our old friend of the Bugle was eleeted Cheerman.

The Bugle-Horn of Lilerty is one of Baldinsville's most eminentest institootions. The advertisements are well written, and the deaths and marriages are eondueted with signal ability The editor, Mr. Slinkers, is a polish'd, skareastie writer. Folks in these parts will not soon forgit how he used up the Eagle of Freedom, a family journal published at Snootville, near here. The eontroversy was about a plank road. "The road may be, as our eotemporary says, a humbug; but our aunt isn't bald-headed, and we haven't got a one-eyed sister Sal! Wonder if the Editor of the Eagle of Freedom sees it?" This used up the Eagle of Freedom feller, beeause his aunt's head does present a skinn'd appearanee, and his sister Sarait is very mueh one-eyed. For a genteel home-thrust, Mr. Slinkers has iew ekals. He is a man of great pluek likewise. He has a fierce nostril, and I b'lieve upon my soul, thatif it wasn't absolootly neeesssary for him to remain here and announee in his paper, from week to week, that "our Gov'ment is about to take vig'rous measures to put down the rebellion "-I b'lieve upon my soul, this illustris man would enlist as a Brigadier Gin'ral, and git his Bounty.

I was fixin' myself up to attend the great war meetin', when my daughter entered with a young man who was evijently from the eity, and who wore long hair, and had a wiid expression into his eye. In one hand he earried a port-folio, and his other paw elaspá a buneh of small brushes. My daughter introdueed him as Mr. Siweibier, the distinguished landseape painter from Philadelphy.
" He is a artist, papa. Here is one of his master-pieces-a young mother gazin' admirin'ly upon her first-born," and my daughter showed me a really pretty pieter,
done in ile. "Is it not beautiful, papa? He throws so much soul into his work."
"Does he? does he?" said I-"well, I reekon I'd better hire him to whitewash our fenee. It needs it. What will you eharge sir," I continued, "to throw some soul into my fenee."

My daughter went out of the roon in very short meeter, takin' the artist with her, and from the emphatieal manner in whieh the door slam'd, I coneluded she was summut disgusted at my remarks. She elosed the door, I may say, in italics. 1 went into the eloset and larfed all alone by myself for over half an hour. I larfed so vi'lently that the preserve jars rattled like a eavalry offisser's sword and things, which it aroused my Betsy, who eame and opened the door pretty suddent. She seized me by the few lonely hairs that still linger sadly upon my barefooted hed, and dragged me out of the eloset, ineidentally obsarving that she din't exaetly see why she should be eompelled, at her advaneed stage of life, to open a assylum for sooperanooated idiots.

My wife is one of the best wimin on this continent, altho' she isn't always gentle as a lamb, with mint sauce. No, not always.

But to return to the war meetin'. It was largely attended. The Editor of the Bugle arose and got up and said the faet eould no longer be disguised that we were involved in a war. "Human gore," said he, is flowin'. All able-bodied men should seize a musket and mareh to the tented field. I repeat it, sir, to the tented field."

A voiee-"Why don't you go yourself, you old blowhard?"
"I am identified, young man, with a Arkymedian leaver whieh moves the world, " said the Editor, wiping his auburn brow with his left eoat-tail: "I alluds, young man, to the press. Terms, two dollars a year, invariably in advance. Job printing exeeuted with neatness and despatch!" And with this brilliant bust of elekanee the editor introduced Mr. J. Brutus Hinkins, who
is sufferi
naberin'
ington national
"Dan do it afte and airy faees at addle!
"I eal the Edit
Napoleon
so many
lights up
order."
I will
the editol
"You
away frol comprehe The bus eomprehe the busy we dwell, men."
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ments he indignant terruptio
" You friend," eries of "
"I reg personally
" You said I in
"But, that voie then elos and origi spangled village mi but whos make peo
"I am
tiful, papa? s work."
I-"well, I 0 whitewash hat will you throw some

## the room in

 artist with 1 manner in Ided she was marks. She italics. 1 all alone by I larfed so $s$ rattled like things, whieh e and opencd e seized me still linger and dragged ally obsarving she should be age of life, to ated idiots.wimin on this ys gentle as a aot always.
meetin'. It Editor of the said the faet that we were n gore," said d men should e tented field. field."
a go yourself,
n, with a Ars the world," surn brow with young man, dollars a year, printing exeatch!" And kance the ediHinkins, who
is sufferin' from an attaek of College in a naberin' place. Mr. Hinkins said Washington was not safe. Who ean save our national eapeetle?
"Dan Setcirell," I said. "He ean do it afternoons. Let him plant his light and airy form onto the Long Bridge, make faees at the hirelin' foe, and they'll skedaddle! Old Setch ean do it."
"I eall the Napoleon of Showmen," said the Editor of the Bugle-" I eall that Napoleonie man, whose life is adorned with so many noble virtues, and whose giant mind lights up this warlike seene-I eall him to order."

I will remark, in this eonneetion, that the editor of the Bugle does my job printing.
"You," said Mr. Hinkins, " who live away from the busy haunts of men, do not comprehend the magnitood of the erisis. The busy haunts of men is where people eomprehend this erisis. We who live in the busy haunts of men-that is to say, we dwell, as it were, in the busy haunts of men."
"I really trust that the gent'l'man will not fail to say suthin' about the busy haunts of men, before he sits down," said I.
"I elaim the right to express my senti. ments here, said Mr. Hinkins, in a slightly indignant tone, " and I shall brook no interruption, if I am a Softmere."
"You eouldn't be more soft, my young friend," I observed, whereupon there was eries of "Order! order!"
"I regret I ean't mingle in this strife personally," said the young man.
"You might inlist as a liberty-pole," said I in a silvery whisper.
"But," he added, "I have a voiee, and that voiee is for war." The young man then elosed his speech with some strikin' and original remarks in relation to the starspangled banner. He was followed by the village minister, a very worthy nian indeed, but whose sermons have a tendeney to make people sleep pretty industriously.
" I am willin' to inlist for one," he said.
"What's your weight, parson ?" I asked.
"A hundred and sixty pounds," he said.
"Well, you ean inlist as a hundred and sixty pounds of morphine, your dooty bein' to stand in the hospitals arter a battle, and preaeh while the surgieal operations is bein' performed! Think how mueh you'd save the Gov'ment in morphine."

He didn't seem to see it; but he made a good speeeh, and the editor of the Bugle rose to read the resolutions, conmmenein' as follers:

Resolved, That" we view with anxiety the fact that there is now a war goin' on and
Resolved,'That we believe Stonewall JAckson sympathizes with the seeession novement, and that we hope the nine-months men-

At this point he was interrupted by the sounds of silvery footsteps on the stairs, and a party of wimin, earryin' guns and led by Betsy Jane, who brandish'd a loud and rattlin' umbereller, burst in to the room
"Here," eried I, " are some nine-months wimen!"
"Mrs. Ward," said the editor of the Bugle-"Mrs. Warn, and ladies, what means this extr'ord'n'ury demonstration?"
"It neeans," said that remarkable female, "that you men air makin' fools of yourselves. You air willin' to talk and urge others to go to the wars, but you don't go to the wars yourselves. War meetins is very niee in their way, but they don't keep Stonewall Jackson from eomin' over to Maryland and helpin' himself to the fattest beef eritters. What we want is more eider and less talk. We want you ablebodied men to stop speeehifying, whieh don't 'mount to the wiggle of a siek eat's tail, and go to fitin' ; otherwise you ean stay to home and take keer of the ehildren, while we wimin will go to the wars!"
"Gentl'men," said I, "that's my wife l Go in, old gal!" and I throw'd up my aneient white hat in perfeek rapters.

## A War meeting.

"Is this roll-book to be filled up with the names of men or wimin' ?" she eried.
"With men-with men!" and our quoty was made up that very night.
Therc is a great deal of gas about these war meetins. A war meetin', in faet, without gas, would be suthin' like the play of Hamlet with the part of Othello omitted.

Still believin' that the Goddess of Libcrty is about as well sot up with as any young lady in distress could expeet to be, I am

Yours more'n anybody else's,
A. Ward.

IF I'm
Deeply
thus eonf to resign worthy pe That's wl

I mean
I'm draft
must now,
of 200 di travelin' I
Brigade, i meetin' an quite unar was so ma I eonelude tracks for ] My only boosum, an thank the $g$ She read
" Tip us said Artem

My wife she and the sant time sla sown' cirele ternoon, and selves ekally named eirele allus like to
My son floot.

Orgustus was bildin' kitchin'.
It'll cost so fam'ly, and y
man to lose a
oddess of Libp with as any d expect to be,
else's,
A. Ward.

## II.

## THE DRAFT IN BALDINSVILLE.

IF I'm drafted I shall resign.
Deeply grate. al for the onexpected honor thus confered upon me, I shall feel compeld to resign the position in favor of sum more worthy person. Modesty is what ails me. That's what's kept me under.

I meanter-say, I shall hav to resign if I'm drafted everywheres I've bin inrold. I nust now, furrinstuns, be inrold in upards of 200 different towns. If I'd kept on travelin' I should hav eventooally beeum a Brigade, in which ease I could have held a meetin' and eleeted myself Brigadeer-ginral quite unanimiss. I hadn't no idea there was so many of me before. But, serisly, I concluded to stop exhibitin', and made traeks for Baldinsville.

My only daughter threw herself onto my boosum, and said, "It is me, fayther! I thank the gods!"
She reads the Ledger.
"Tip us yer buneh of fives, old faker!" said Artemus, Jr. He reads the Clipper. My wife was to the sowin' cirele. I knew she and the wimin folks was havin' a pleasant time slanderin' the females of the other sown' eirele (which likewise met that arternoon, and was doubtless enjoyin' theirselves ekally well in slanderin' the fustnamed eirele), and I didn't send for her. I allus like to see people enjoy theirselves.
My son Orgustus was playin' onto a
floot.
Orgustus is a ethereal cuss. 'the twins was bildin' côd-hour 3, i? a corner of the kitehin'.

It'll cost some postage-stamps to raise this fam'ly, and yet it 'ud go hard with the old man to lose any lamb of the floek.

An old bachelor is a poor eritter. He may have hearn the skylark or (what's nearly the same thing) Miss Kellogg and Carlotty Pattising; he may have hearn Ole Boll fiddle, and all the Dodwortms toot, an' yet he don't know nothin' about musie-the real, ginuine thing-the musie of the laughter of happy, well-fed ehildren! And you may ax the father of sieh ehildren home to dinner, feelin werry sure there'll be no spoons missin' when he goes away. Sich fathers never drop tin five-cent pieces iuto the contribution box, nor palm shoepegs off onto blind hosses for oats, nor skedaddle to British sile when their country's in danger-nor do anything whieh is really mean. I don't mean to intimate that the old baehelor is up to little games of this sort-not at all—but I repeat, he's a poor eritter. He don't live here; only stays. He ought to 'pologize, on behalf of his parients, for bein' here at all. The happy inarrid man dies in good stile at home, surrounded by his weeping wife and children. The old baehelor don't die at all-he sort of rots away, like a pollywog's tail.

My townsmen were sort o' demoralized. There was a evicent desine to ewade the Draft, as I obsarved with sorrer, and patritism was below Par-and Mar, too. [A jew desprit.] I hadn't no sooner sot down on the piazzy of the tavoun than I saw sixteen solitary hossmen, ridin' fol" abreast, Fendin" their way up the street.
"What's them? Is it ealvary?"
"That," said the landlord, " is the stage. Sixteen able-bodied eitizens has lately bo't the stage line 'tween here and Seotsburg. That's them. They're stage-drivers. Stagedrivers is exempt!"
I saw that eaeh stage-driver earried a letter in his left hand.
"The mail is hevy, to-day," said the landlord. "Gin'rally they don't have more'n half a dozen letters 'tween 'em. Today they've got one apieee! Bile my lights and liver!"
"And the passengers?"
"There ain't any,', skaeely, now-days," said the landlord, "and what few there is, very mueh prefer to walk, the roads is so rough."
"And how ist with you?" I inquired of the editor of the Bugle-Horn of Liberty, who sot near me.
"I ean't go," he sed, shakin' his head in a wise way. "Ordinarily I should delight to wade in gore, but my bleedin' country bids me stay at home. It is imperatively neeessary that I remain here for the purpuss of announciu' from week to week, that our Gov'ment is about to take vigorous measures to mit down the rebellion!"
I strolled into the village oyster-saloon, where I found Dr. Schwazey, a leadin' eitizen, in a state of mind whieh showed that he'd bin histin' in more'n his share of pizen.
"Hello, old Beeswax," he bellered; "How's yer grandmam? When you goin' to feed your stuffed animils?"
"What's the matter with the eminent physieian?" I pleasantly inquired.
"This," he said; "this is what's the matter. I'm a habitooal drunkard! I'm exempt!"

## "Jes' so."

"Do you see them beans, old man?" and he pinted to a plate before him. "D $D_{0}$ you see 'em?"
"I do. They are a eheerful fruit when used tempritly."
"Well," said he, "I hain't eat anything sinee last week. I eat beans now because I eat beans then. I never mix my vittles I"
"It's quite proper you should eat a little suthin' onee in a while," I said. "It's a good idee to oceasionally instruet the stummiek that it mustn't depend exeloosively on lieker for its sustainanee.".
"A blessin'," he eried: "a blessin' onto the hed of the man what inwented beans. A blessing' onto his hed !"
"Whieh his name is Gilson! He's a first fanily of Bostin," said I.

This is a speeiment of how things was goin' in my place of residenee.
A few was true blue. The sehoolmaster was anong 'em. He greeted me warmly. He said I was welkim to those shores. He said I had a massiv mind. It was gratifyin', he said, to see that great intelleck stalkin' in their midst onct more. I have before had oeeasion to notiee this sehoolmaster. He is evidently a young man of far more than ordinary talents.

The sehoolmaster proposed we should git up a mass meetin'. The meeting was argely attended. We held it in the open air, round a roarin' bonfire.
The sehoolmaster was the first orator. He's pretty good on the speak. He also writes well, his composition being seldom marred by ingrammattieisms. He said this innetivity surprised him. "What do you expeet will eome of this kind of doin's? Nihil fit -_'
"Hooray for Nihil!" I interrupted. "Fellow-eitizens, let's giv three eheers for Nihil, the man who fit !"

The seloolmaster turned a little red, but repeated-" Nihil fit."
"Exaetly," I said. Nihil fit. He wasn't a strategy feller."
"Our venerable friend," said the sehoolmaster, smilin' pleasantly, "isn't posted in Virgil."
"No, I don't know him. But if he's a
able-bo draft."
The style, a I sai but it eum, I makin' take of wife sa those kind of wife say eeeds in to be a shall sa will be wereemblem, banner[I got did n't $n$ zens, it publie w says so t

The here aro interrupt despateh graph off follows:
ous meas [Loud ar
That, ing. An sation.] TERSON 's bleeds pa says so to There'
about mo
able-bodied man he must stand his little draft."
The schoolmaster wound up in eloquent style, and the subscriber took the stand.
I said the crisis had not only cum itself, but it had brought all its relations. It has cum, I said, with a evident intention of makin' us a good long visit. It's goin' to take off its things and stop with us. My wife says so too. This is a good war. For those who like this war, it's just such a kind of war as they like. I'll bet ye. Niy wife says so too. If the Fcderal army succeeds in takin' Washington, and they seem to be advancin' that way pretty often, I shall say it is strategy, and Washington will be safe. And that noble banner, as it were-ihat banner, as it werc-will be a cmblem, or rather, I should say, that noble banner-as it were. My wife says so too. [I got a little mixed up here, but they did n't notice it. Keep mum.] Feller citizens, it will be a proud day for this Republic when Washington is safe. My wifc says so too.
The editor of the Bugle.florn of Liberty here arose and said: "I do not wish to interrupt the gentleman, but a important despateh has just bin received at the telegraph officc hcre. I will read it. It is as follows: Gov'ment is alout to tuke vigorous measures to put down the rebellion!" [Loud applause.]

That, said I, is cheering. That's soothing. And Washington will be safe. [Sensation.] Philadelphia is safe. Gen. Patterson's in Philadelphia. But my heart bleeds partic'ly for Washington. My wife says so too.

There's money cnough. No trouble about money. They've got a lot of first-
class bank-note engravers at Washington (which place, I regret to say, is by no means safe) who turn out two or three cords of money a day-good money, too. Goes well. These bank-note engravers made good wages. I expeet they lay up property. They are full of Union sentiment. There is considerable Union sentiment in Virginny, noore speeially among the honest farmers of the Shenandoah valley. My wife says so too.
Then it isn't money we want. But we do want men, and we must have theu. We must carry a whirlwind of fire among the foe. We must crush the ungrateinl rebcls who are poundin' the Goddess of Liberty over the head with slung-shots, and stabbin' her with stolen knives! We must liek 'cin quick. We must introduce a large number of first-class funerals among the people of the South. Betsy says so too.

This war hain't been too well managed. We all know that. What then? We are all in the same boat-if the boat goes down, we go down with her. Hence we must all fight. It ain't no use to talk now about who eaused the war. That's played out. The war is upon us-upon us all-and we must all fight. We ean't "reason the matter with the foe." When, in the broad glare of the noonday sun, a speckled jackass boldly and maliciously kicks over a peanut-stand, do we "reason" with him? I guess not. And why "reason" with those other Southern people who are tryin' to kick over the Republic? Betsy, my wife, says so too.

The mectin' broke up with enthusiasm. We sban't draft iu Baldinsville if we can hclp it.

## III.

## THINGS IN NEW YORK.

The stoodent and connyseer must have noticed and admired in varis parts of the United States of America, large yeller hanbills, whieh not only air gems of art in theirselves, but they troothfully sit forth the attractions of my show-a show, let me here obsarve, that contains many livin' wild animils, every one of which has got a Beautiful Moral.

Them hanbils is sculpt in New York.
\& I annoolly repair here to git some more or. 'um;
\&, bein' here, I tho't I'd issoo a Address to the public on matters and things.

Since last I meyandered these streets, I have bin all over the Pacific Slopes and Utah. I cum back now, with my virtoo unimpared, but I've got to git ssme new clothes.

Many changes has taken place, even durin' my short absence, \& sum on um is Sollum to contempulate. The house in Varick street, where I used to Board, is bein' torn down. That house, which was rendered memoriable by my livin' into it, is "parsin' away! parsin' away!" But some of the timbers will be made into eanes, which will be $s^{\prime} \cdot$ d to my admirers at the low price of one dollar each. Thus is changes goin' on continerly. In the New World it is warin the Old World Empires is totterin'. \& Dysentaries is crumblin'. These canes is cheap at a dollar.

Sammy Booth, Duane street, sculps my hanbils, \& he's a artist. He studid in Rome-State of New York.

I'm here to read the proof-sheets of my hanbils as fast as they're sculnt. You have
to watch these cre printers pretty close, for they're jest as apt to spel a wurd rong as anyhow.

But I have time to look round sum \& how do I find things? I return to the Atlantic States after a absence of ten months, $\&$ what State do I find the country in? Why I don't know what State I find it in.

Suffice it to say, that I do not find it in the State of New Jersey.

I find sum things that is cheerin', partic'ly the resolve on the part of the wimin of America to stop wearin' furrin goods.

I never medle with my wife's things. She may wear muslin from Greenland's icy mountins, and bombazeen from I'nj'ys coral strand, if she wants to; but I'm glad to state that that superior woman has peeled off all her furrin clothes and jumpt into fabrics of domestic manufacture.

But, says sum folks, if you stop importin' things you stop the revenoo. That's all right. We can stand it if the Revenoo can. On the same principle young men should continer to get drunk on French brandy and to smoke their livers as dry as a corneob with Cuby cigars because 4 -sooth if they don't, it will hurt the Revenoo! This talk'bout the Revenoo is of the bosh, boshy. One thing is tol'bly ecrtin-if we don't send gold out of the contry we shall have the consolation of knowing that it is in the country. So I say great credit is doo the wimin for this patriotic move-and to tell the trooth, wimin genrally know what they're 'bout. Of all the blessins they're the soothinist. If there'd never bin any wimin, whero would my children be to day?

But other m one of w tainment is we air less we pa two year: scen dod with the cyen if s stars in he jintly, and forefathers they wal groaketh.)

There
don't, for we certinl there's one that is our

I ventur carth all ov scope, you ther pack 0 sent Cong America.

Gentleme you've sot t made suinm The country sined, is dise show us a make a spee right under don't you sh up to the Em gency's head Congress, mizzerable de

At a specia district the ot Henry Clay. but inasmuch live statesman us by all mea

Them who the timbers of is essenshal to

But I hope this move will lead to other moves that air just as nuch needed, one of which is a general and therrer curtainment of expenses all round. The fact is we air gettin' tel'bly extravagant, \& onless we paws iu our mad career, in less than two years the Goddess of Liberty will be scen dodgin' into a Pawn Broker's shop with the other gown done up in a bundle, even if she don't have to Spout the gold stars in her head-band. Let us all take hold jiutly, and live and dress centsibly, like our forefathers, who know'd moren we do, if they warnt quite so honest! (Suttle goaketh.)
'There air other ehecrin' signs. We don't, for instuns, lack great Generals, and we certinly don't lack brave sojers-but there's one thing I wish we did lack, and that is our present Congress.
I venture to say that if you sareh the carth all over with a ten-loss power mikriscope, you won't be able to find such another pack of poppyeoek gabblers as the present Congress of the United States of America.
Gentlemen of the Sunit $\mathbb{E}$ of the House, you've sot there and draw'd your pay and made summer-conplaint specehes long enuff. The country at large, ineloodin' the undersined, is disgusted with you. Why don't you show us a statesman-sumbody who can make a speeeh that will hit the poplar hart right under the Great Publie weskit? Why don't you show us a statesman who can rise up to the Emergeney, and cave in the Emergency's head?
Congress, you won't do. Go home, you mizzerable devils-go home!
At a special Congressional lection in my district the other day I delib'ritly voted for Henry Clay. I admit that Henry is dead, hut inasmmeh as we don't seem to have a live statesinan in our National Congress, let us by all means have a first-elass corpse.
Them who think that a cene made from the timbers of the house $I$ once boarded in is essenshal to their happiness, should not ter.
delay about sendin' the money right on for one.

And now, with a genuine hurrar for the winin who air goin' to abandin furrin goods, and another for the patriotic everywheres, I'll leave public matters and indulge in a little pleasant family gossip.
My reported captur by the North Aulerican savijis of Utalh, led my wide circle of frinds and ereditors to think that I had bid adoo to earthly things and was a angel playin' on a golden harp. Hents niy rival home was onexpected.

It was 11, p. 3., when I reached my homestid and knockt a healthy knoek on the door thereof.
A nighteap thrusted itself out of the front chamber winder. (It was my Betsy's nighteap.) And a voiee said:
"Who is it?"
"It is a Man!" I answered in a gruff vois.
"I don't blieve it!" she sed.
"Then coune down and search me," I replied.

Then resumin' my nat'ral voice, I said, 'It is your own A. W., Betsy ! Sweet lady, wake! Ever of thou!"
"Oh," she suid, "it's you, is it? I thought I smelt something."
But the old girl was glad to see me.
In the mornin' I found that my family were entertainin a artist from Philadelphy, who was there paintin' sone startlin' waterfalls and mountins, and I morin suspected he had a hankerin' for my oldest dauter.
"Mr. Skimmerhorn, fater," sed my dau-
"Glad to see you, Sir!" I replied in a hospittle vois. "Glad to see you."
"He is an artist, father," said my child.
" A whichist?"
"An artist. A painter."
"And glazier," I askt. "Air you a
painter and glazier, sir?"
My dauter and wife was mad, but I couldn't help it, I felt in a comikil mood.
"It is a wonder to me, Sir," said the artist, "eonsiderin what a wide-spread reputation you have, that some of our Eastern managers don't secure you."
"It's a wonder to me," suid I to my wife," that somebody don't seeure hind with a chain."

After breakfast I went over to town to see my old friends. The editor of the Bugle greeted me cordyully, and showed me the follerin' artiele he'd just written about the paper on the other side of the street:
"We have recently put up in our offiee an entirely new sink, of unique construc-tion-with two holes through which the soiled water may pass to the new bucket underneath. What will the hell-hounds of The Advertiser say to this? We shall continue to make inprovements as fast as our rapidly-inereasing business may warrant. Wonder whether a certain editor's wife
thinks she can palm off a brass watch-chain on this community for a gold one?"
"That," says the Editor, "hits him whar he lives. That will close him up as bad as it did when I wrote an article ridicooling his sister, who's got a cock-eye."

A few days after my return I was shown a young man, who says ce'll be Dam if he goes to the war. He was settin' on a barrel, \& was indeed a Loathsum objeck.
Last Sunday I heard Parson Batkins preach, and the good old man preached well too, tho' his prayer was ruther lengthy. The Editor of the Bugle, who was with me, said that prayer would make fifteen squares, soliu nonparil.

I don't think of nothin' more to write about. So, "B'leeve me if all those endearing young charms," \&e., \&e.
A. Ward.

I'm at $p$ form of Go velin' amon They ai'n' cont'ry, the Troo, the 'They don't
boon of a wa can Egil to Fourth of J
rass watch-chain ld one?"
tor, "hits him close him up as an artiele ridit a cock-eye." urn I was shown 1 be Dam if he settin' on a baram objeck.
Parson Batkins an preached well ruther lengthy. ho was with me, e fifteen squares,
' more to write all those endear-
A. Ward.


An objeck who says he won't go to the war. See page 18.

## IV.

## IN CANADA.

I'm at present existin' under a monikal form of Gov'ment. In other words I'm i velin' among the crowned heds of Canady. They ai'n't pretty bad people. On the cont'ry, they air exceedin' good people.
Troo, they air deprived of many blessins. They don't enjog, for instans, the priceless boon of a war. They haven't any American Esil to onchain, and they hain't got a Fourth of July to their backs.

Altho' this is a monikal form of Gormeat, I am onable to perceeve moeh moniky. I tr: " ${ }^{2}$ piece in Toronto, but failed to

Mrs. Viu.
., who is Queen ot Eng. land, and has all the luxuries of the markets, incloodin' game in its season, don't bother herself mueh about Canady, "n uets her do 'bout as she's mighter. She, however, gin'rally keeps her supplied with a
lord, who's called a Gur'ner Gin'ral. Sometimes the politieians of Canady make it lively for this lorl-fo: Canady has politieians, and I expect they don't differ from our politieians, sc:ac of em bein' gifted and talented liars, wo doubt.

The present Gov'ner Gin'ral of Canady is Lord Monck. I saw him review some volunteers at Montreal. He was accompanied by some other lords and dukes and generals and those sort of things. He rode a little bay horse, and his elose wasn't any better than mine. You'll always notiss, by the way, that the higher up in the world a man is, the less good harness he puts on. Henee Gin'ral Halleck walks the streets in plain eitizen's dress, while the second lieutenant of a volunteer regiment piles all the brass things he can find onto his baek, and drags a forty-pund sword after him.
Моnce has been in the lord bisniss some time, and I understand it pays, tho' I don't know what a lord's wages is. The wages of $\sin$ is death and postage-stamps. But this has nothing to do with Monck.
One of Lord Moncr's daughters rode with him on the field. She has golden hair, a kind good face, and wore a red hat. I should be very happy to have her pay me and my family a visit at Baldinsville. Come and bring your knittin', Miss Monck. Mrs. Ward will do the fair thing by you. She makes the best slap-jaeks in Ameriea. As a slap-jackist, she has no ekal. She wears the Belt.

What the reviess was all about, I don't know. I haven't a gigantic intelleck, which ean grasp great questions at onet. I am not a Webster or a Seymour. I am not a Washington or a Old Abe. Tui from it. I am not as gifted a man as Henry Ward Beecher. Even the congregation of Plymouth Meetin'-House in Brooklyn will admit that. Yes, I should think so. But while I don't have the slitest idee as to what the reveew was fur, I will state that the sojers looked pooty scrumptious in their red and green close.

Come with me, jentle reader, to Quebeck.
Quebeek was surveyed and laid out by a gentleman who had been afflieted with the delirium tremens from childhood, and hence his idees of things was a little irreg'ler. The strcets don't lead anywheres in partic'lar, but everywheres in gin'ral. The eity is bilt on a variety of perpendicler hills, eaeh hill bsin' a triffe wuss nor t'other one. Quebeek is full of stone walls, and arehes, and citadels and things. It is said no foe could ever git into Quebeek, and I guess they couldn't. And I don't see what the'yd want to get in there for.
Quebeek has seen lively times in a warlike way. The Freneh and Britishers had a set-to there in 1752. Jim Wolfe commanded the latters, and Jo. Montcalis the formers. Both were hunky boys, and fit nobly. But Wolife was too many measles for Montcalar, and the French was slew'd. Wolfe and Montcalm was both killed. In arter years a common monyment was ereeted by the gen'rous people of Quebeek, aided by a bully Earl named Georae Dalhousie, to these noble fellows. That was well done.

Durin' the Revolutionary War B. Arnold made his way, through dense woods and thiek snows, from Maine to Quebeek, which it was one of the hunkiest things ever done in the military line. It would have been better if B. Arvold's funcral had come off immediatly on his arrival there.
On the Plains of Abrahan there was onet some tall fitin', and ever sinee then there has been a great demand for the bones on tho slew'd on that there oceasion. I'ut de real ginooine bones was long ago earried off, and now the boys make a hansum thing by eartin' the bones of hosses and sheep out there, and sellin' em to intelligent Ameriean toweristes. Takin' a perfessional view of this dodge, I must say that it betrays genius of a lorfty character.

It reminded me of a inspired feet of my own. I used to exhibit a wax figger of

Henr
Henr killed with stattoo would stitoote my dis derer. but hol ham, men," : weapon Amerie like wa $W_{\text {ILki }}$ murder A sad
derers $f$ this $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ to the Sundayhim to $g$ sud retu depraved
"But
"when y represent Now, $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ him to $u$ that?"
ader, to Quebeck. nd laid out by a afllicted with the dlood, and hence a little irreg'ler. wheres in partic'n'ral. The eity rpendicler hills, s nor t'other one. alls, and arehes, It is said no foe ek, and I guess t see what the' $y d$ times in a warca Britishers had M Wolfe comJo. Montcala unky boys, and was too many and the French Montcalm was s a common mogen'rous people lly Earl named ese noble fellows.
y War B. Arh dense woods ne to Quebeek, unkiest things line. It would Nold's funeral on his arrival am there was ver sinee then ad for the bones here oceasion. was long ago s make a hanones of hosses lin' em to intelTakin' a perI must say that charaeter. red feet of my wax figger of

Henry Wilkins, the Boy Murderer. Hemry had, in a moment of inadvertenee, killed his Unele Eribam, and walked off with tle old man a money. Well, this stattoo was lost somehow, and not sposin' it would make any partieler differenee, I substitooted the full-grown stattoo of one of my distinguished piruts for the Boy Murderer. One night I exhibited to a poor but honest audience in the town of Stoneham, Maine. "This, ladies and gentlemen," -aid I, pointing my umbrella (that weapon which is indispensable to every troo American) to the stattoo, "this is a lifolike was figger of the rotorious Henhy Wilkins, who in the dead of night murdered his Unele Ephiram in cold blood. A sad warning to all uneles haviu' raurderers for nephews. When a mere child this Henry Wilkins was compelled to go to the Sunday-school. He carried no Sunday-school book. The teaeher told him to go home and bring one. He went ond returned with a comie song-book. A depraved proceedin',"
"But," says a man in the audience, "when you was here before your wax figger represented Henry Wilkins as a boy. Now, Henry was hung, and yet you show him to us now as a full-grown man! How's that ?"
"The figger has bro d, sir-it has growd," I said.

I was angry. If it ha, seen in these times I think I should have anfcrmed agin him as a traitor to his flag, and had him put in Fort Lafayette.
I say adoo to Quebeek with regret. It is old fogyish, but ehoek full oî interest. Young gentlemen of a romantic turn of mind, who air botherin' their heads as how they ean spend their father's money, had better see Quebeck.
Altogether I like Canady. Good people and lots of pretty girls. I wouldn't mind comin' over here to live in the eapaeity of a Duke, provided a vacaney occurs, and provided further I could be allowed a few starspangled banners, a eagle, a boon of liberty, ete.

Don't think I've skedaddled. Not at all. I'm eoming home in a week.
Let's have the Union restored as it was, if we ean; but if we can't l'm in favor of the Union as it wasn't. But the Union anyhow.

Gentlemen of the editorial corpse, if you would be happy be virtoous! I, who anı the cmblem of virtoo, tell you so.
(Signed,)
"A. Ward."

## V.

## THE NOBLE RED MAN.

Tife red man of the forest was form'ly a very respeetful person. Justiee to the noble aboorygine warrants me in sayin' that orrigernerly he was a majestie euss.
At the time Cirris. arrove on these shores (I allood to Chris. Columbus), the savajis was virtoous and happy. They were innocent of seeession, rum, drawpoker, and sinfulness gin'rally. They didn't diseuss the slavery question as a eustom. They had no Congress, faro banks, delirium tremens, or Associated Press. Their habits was eonsequently good. Late suppers, dyspepsy, gas eompanies, thieves, ward politieians, pretty waiter-girls, and other metropolitan refinements, were unknown among them. No savage in good standing would take postagestamps. You couldn't have bo't a eoon skin with a barrel of 'em. The female Aboorygine never died of consumption, beeanse she didn't tie her waist up in whalebone things ; but in loose and flowin' garments she bounded, with naked feet, over hills and plains like the wild and frisky antelope. It was a onlueky moment for us
when Chris. sot his foot onto these erc shors. It would have been better for us of the present day if the :njins had riven him a warm meal and sent him home ore the ragin' willers. For the savages nwned the eountry, and Columbus was a fillibuster. Cortez, Pizarro, and Walier were one-horse fillibusters-Columbus was a four-horse team fillibuster, and a large yaller $\operatorname{dog}$ under the waggin. I say, in view of the mess we are makin' of things, it would have been better for us if Columbus had staid to home. It would have been better for the show bisniss. The eireulation of Vanity Fair would be larger, and the proprictors would all have boozum pins! Yes, sir, and perhaps a ten-pin alley.
By whieh I don't wish to be understood as intimatin' that the sealpin' wreteles who are in the injin bisniss at the present day are of any aeeount, or ealeulated to make home happy, espeeially the Sioxes of Minnesoty, who desarve to be murdered in the first degree, and if Pope will only stay in St. Paul and not go near 'em himself, I reekon they will be.

Tiringas canal boat other day Wabash. T a new style of a red-hea compass. I
The artist returned to I took his lily gested to hin citizens of P be a good idea on their hou
onto these 'ere metter us jins had given him home ore savages nwned us was a filliand Walker Columbus mas ; and a large n. I say, in 'n' of things, it if Columbus uld have been The eireulabe larger, and boozum pins! in alley. be understood wretehes who e present day ated to make ioxes of Minudered in the only stay in a himself, I


Lo: The poor Red man and a "pretty waiter girl." See page 22.

## VI.

## THE SERENADE.

Tiifngs in our town is workin'. The canal boat "Luey Ann" ealled in here the other day and reported all quiet on the Wabash. The "Lucy Ann" has adopted a new style of Binnakle light, in the shape of a red-headed gal who sits up over the compass. It works well.
The artist I spoke about in my larst has returned to Philadelphy. Before he left I took his lily-white hand in mine. I suggested to him that if he could induee the eitizens of Philadelphy to believe it would be a good idea to have white winder-shutters on their houses and white door-stones, he
might make $a_{f}^{x}$ fortin. "It's a novelty," I added, "and may startle 'em at fust, but they may conelood to adopt it."
As several of our publie men are eonstantly being surprisel with serenades, I coneluded I'd be surprisel in the same way, so I made arrangements aecordin'. I asked the Brass Band how mueh they'd take to take me entirely by surprise with a serenade. They said they'd overwheln me with a unexpeeted honor for seven dollars, whieh I excepted.
$\because$ I wrote out my impromtoo speech severil days beforehand, bein' very eareful to ex-
punge all ingramatticisms and payin' particular attention to the punktooation. It was, if I may say it without egitism, a manly effort but, alars! I never delivered it, as the sekel will show you. I paced up and down the kitcin speakin' my piece over so as to be entirely perfeek. My blooming young daughter Sarah Ann hothered me summut by singiu", "Why do summer roses fade?"
"Because," said I, arter hearin' her sing it about fourteen times, "because it's their biz! Let 'em fade."
"Betsy," said I, pausin' in the middle of the room and letting ony eagle eye wander froin the manuscrip; "Bersy, on the night of this here serenade, I desires you to appear at the winder dressed in white, and wave a lily-white handkereher. Dy'e hear?'
"If I appear," said that remarkable female, "I shall wave a lily-white bucket of bilin' hot water, and sonebody will be scalded. One bald-headed old fool will get
his share." his share."

She refer'd to her husband. No doubt about it in my mind. But for fear she might exasperate me I said nothin'.

The expected night cum. At 9 o'elock preeisely there was sounds of footsteps in the yard, and the Band struek up a lively air, whieh when they did finish it, there was cries of "Ward! Ward!" I stept out onto the portico. A brief glanee showed me that the assemblage was summet mized. There was a great many ragged boys, and there was quite a number of grown up persons evigently under the affluence of the intoxicatin' bole. The Band was also drunk. Dr. Schwazey, who was holdin' up a post, seemed to be partic'ly drunk-so much so that it had got into his spectaeles, whieh were staggerin' wildly over his nose. But I was in for it, and I commenced:
"Feller Citizens: For this onexpected honor-"

Leader of the Band.—Will you give us our mouey now, or wait till you get through?

To this painful and disgustin' interruption I paid no attention.
"-for this onexpected honor I thank you."

Leader of the Band.-But you said you'd give us seven dollars if we'd play two choons.

Again I didn't noties him, but resumed as follows:
" I say I thank you warmly. When I look at this crowd of true Americans, my heart swells__-"
Dr. Schwazey.-So do I!
$A$ voice.-We all dol
"-mm heart swells___"
A voice.-Three cheers for the swells.
" We live," said I, " in troublous times, but I hope we shall again resume our former proud position, and go on in our glorious carcer!"

Dr. Schwazey.-I'm willin' for one to go on in a glorious career. Will you join me, fellow citizens, in a glorious career? What wages does a man git for a glorious career, when he finds himself?
"Dr. Schwazey," said I sternly, " you are drunk. You're disturbin' the meetin'."

Dr. S.-Have you a banquet spread in the house? I should like a rhynossyross on the half shell, or a hippopotamus on toast, or a horse and wagon roasted whole. Anything that's handy. Don't put yourself out on my aceount.

At this pint the Band begun to make hidyous noises with their brass horns, and a exceedingly ragged boy wanted to know if there wasn't to be some wittles afcre the concern broke up ? I didn't exactly know what to do, and was just on the pint of doin' it, when a upper winder suddenly opened, and a stream of hot water was bro't to bear on the disorderly crowd, who took the lint and retired at onee.
When I am taken by surprise with another serenade, I shall, among other arrangements, have a respeetful company on hand. So no more from me to day, When this you see, remember me.

Six mo in the pr
"Wha cried the "Ay, William daughter'

The old A derisiv when, cas ecutre tal backs, Wi
"Sce! tenfold m spurned $m$
disgustin' interrupected honor I thank
d.-But you said ollars if we'd play him, but resumed warmly. When I ue Americans, my "
rs for the swells. in troublous times, gain resume our and go on in our
willin' for one to er. Will you join glorious career? git for a glorious aself?
id I sternly, " you rbin' the meetin'." anquet spread in ce a rhynossyross hippopotamus on on roasted whole. Don't put your-

1 begun to make brass horns, and y wanted to know wittles afore the n't exactly know st on the pint of winder suddenly ot water was bro't crowd, who took ce.
y surprise with 11, among other pectful company rom me to day, ber me.

## VII.

## A ROMANCE.-WILLIAM BARKER, THE YOUNG PATRIOT.

## I.

" No, William Barker, you cannot have my daughter's hand in marriage until you are her equal in wealth and social position."

The speaker was a haughty old man of some sixty years, and the person whom he addressed was a fine looking young man of trenty-five.

With a sad aspect the young man withdrew from the stately mansion.

## II.

Six months letor the young man stood in the presence of the haughty old man.
"What! you here again?" angrily cried the old man.
"Ay, old man," proudly exclaimed William Barker. "I an here, your daughter's equal and yours?"

The old man's lips curled with scorn. $\Lambda$ derisive smile lit up his cold fcatures; when, casting violently upon the marble centre table an enormous roll of greenbacks, William Barker cricd-
"Sce! Look on this wealth. And I've tenfold more! Listen; old man! You spurned me from your door. But I did
not despair. I sccured a contract for furnishing the Army of the-with beef ""
"Yes, yes!" eagerly cxclaimed the old man.
"—_and I bought up all the disabled cavalry horses I could find $\qquad$ "'
"I see! I see!" cried the old man. " And good beef they make, too."
"They do! they do! and the profits are immense."
" I should say so!"
"And now, sir, I claim your daughter's fair hand I"
"Boy, she is yours. But hold! Look me in the eye. Throughout all this have you been loyal?"
"To the core !" cried William Barker.
"And," continued the old mai., in a voice husky with emotion, " are you in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war?"
"I am, I am!"
"Then, boy, take her! Maria, child, come hither. Your William claims thee. Be happy, my children! and whatever our lot in life may be, let us all support the Government !"
VIII.

A ROMANCE-THE CONSCRIPT.
[Which may bother the reader a little unless he is familiar with the music of the day.]

Cilapter I.
Philander Reed struggled with spoolthread and tape in a dry-goods store at Ogdensburgh, on the St. Lawrence River, State of New York. He rallied Round the Flag, Boys, and ilailed Columbia every time she passed that way. One day a regiment returning from the war Came Marehing Along, bringing An Intelligent Contraband with them, who left the South about the time Babylon was a-Fallin', and when it was apparent to all well-ordered minds that the Kingdom was Coming, aceompanied by the Day of Jubiloo. Philander left his spool-thread and tape, rushed into the street, and by his Long-Tail Blue, said, "Let me kiss him for his Mother." Then, with patriotie jocularity, he inquired, "How is your High Daddy in the Morning?" to whieh Pomp of Cudjo's Cave replied, "That poor Old Slave has gone to rest, we ne'er shali see him more! But U. S. G. is the man for me, or Any Other Man." Then he Walked Round.
"And your Master," said Philander, " where is lie?"
"Massa's in the cold, cold ground-at least I hope so!" said the gay contraband.
"Mareh on, Mareh on! all hearts rejoice!" eried the Colonel, who was mounted on a Bob-tailed nag-on whieh, in times of Peace, my soul, 0 Peace! he had betted his money.
"Yaw," said a German Bold Sojer Boy, "we don't-fights-mit-Segel as much as we did."

The regiment marehed on, and Philandev betook himself to his mother's Cottage Near the Banks of that Lone River, and rehearsed the stirring speceh he was to make that night at a war meeting.
"It's just before the battle, Mother," he said, " and I want to say something that will encourage Grant."

Chapter II.-Mabel.
Mabel Tucker was an orphan. Her father, Dan Tueker, was run over one day by a train of ears, though he needn't have been, for the kind-hearted engineer told him to Git Out of the Way.

Mabel early manifested a marked inelination for the millinery business, and at the time we introduce her to our readers she was Chicf Engineer of a Millinery Shop and Boss of a Sewing Maehine.

Philander Reed loved Mabel Tueker, and Ever of her was Fondly Dreaming; and she used to say, "Will you love me Then as Now!" to which he would answer that he would, and without the written eonsent of his parents.

She sat in the parlor of the Cot where she was Born, one Summer's eve, with pensive thought, when Somebody came Knoeking at the Door. It was Philander. Fond Embrace and things. Thrilling emotions. P. very pale and shaky in the legs. Also, sweaty.
"Where hast thou been?" she said, "Hast been gathering shells from youth to age, and then leaving them like a ehe-eild ? Why this tremors? Why these Sadfulness?"
"Mabeyu They've Dr An Orde Fays, "Com Ing;" and 1 (P's) and Examining Mabel fa worse than I

Cinapte
Philander dollars, being nust either ho are Con undred thou the St. Lat Linc. As h one a radiea urse, and w wift-rolling t ied, " the s near, and 'nu a able-bo Landing, ative kiss on asked hin Mother now? out on this I

Cinapter

It was even Brening, Bea forning the Which have el er sinee this Philander s ing with his take the me lieo; when rang from a weting was d square fa last Philan d, " $D_{0}$ the Fy ever think er, and rehearas to make that
le, Mother," he something that
abel.
orphan. Her n over one day needn't have gincer told him
a marked inusiness, and at to our readers Millinery Shop ine.
Mabel Tucker, dly Dreaming; 11 you love me e would answer the written eon-
the Cot where er's eve, with omebody came was Philander. Thrilling emoky in the legs.
?" she said. from youth to like a ehe-cild? se Sadfulness?"
"Mabeyuel!" he eried, "Mabeyue!! They've Drafted me into the Army!"
An Orderly Seargeant now appears and tays, "Come, Philander, let's be a marchng;"" and he tore her from his embraee (P's) and marched the eonseript to the Examining Surgeon's offiee.
Mabel fainted in two plaees. It was Forse than Brothers Fainting at the Door.

## Cinapter III.-The Conscript.

Philander Reed hadn't three hundred ollars, being a dead-broken Reed, so he nust either beeome one of the notle Band tho are Coming, Father Abraham, three undred thousand more, or skeddadle aeross he St. Lawrence River to the Canada tinc. As his opinions had recently underone a radieal ehange, he ehose the latter rurse, and was soon Afloat, Afloat, on the wift-rolling tide. "Row, brothers, row," he ied, "the stream runs fast, the Seargeant near, and the 'Zamination's past, and 'm a able-bodied man."
Landing, he at onee imprinted a consertive kiss on the Canada Line, and feeling. asked himself, "Who will eare for Iother now? But I propose to stick it at on this Line, if it takes all Summer."

## Chapter IV.-The Meeting.

It was evening, it was. The Star of the vening, Beautiful Star, shone brilliantly, lorning the sky with those Neutral tints ich have charaeterized all British skies er since this War broke out.
Philander sat on the Canada Line, playg with his Yardstiek, and perhaps about take the measure of an unnade picee of ico ; when Mabel, with a wild ery of joy, rang from a small-boat to his side. The eting was too much. They divided a d square faint between them this time. last Philander found his utteranee, and d, "Do they think of me at Home, do y ever think of me?"
"No," she replied, "but they do at thr reeruiting office."
"Ha! 'tis well."
"Nay, dearest," Mabel pleaded, "eome home and go to the war like a man! I will take your place in the Dry Goods store. True, a musket is a little heavier than a yardstiek, but isn't it a rather more manly weapon?"
"I don't see it," was Philander's reply ; " besides this war isn't eonducted accordin' to the Constitution and Union." When it is-when it is, Mabeyuel, I will return and enlisc as a Convalescent!"
"Then, Sir," she said, with mueh Ameriean disgust in her eountenance, "then, sir, farewel!!"
"Farewell!" he said, " and When this Cruel War is Over, pray that we may meet again!"
"Nary!" cried Mabel, her cyas flashing warm fire,-"nary! None but the brave deserve the Sanitary Fair! A man who will desert his country in its hour of trial would drop Faro eheeks into the Contribution Box on Sunday. I ain't Got time to tarry-I hain't got time to stay!-but here's a gift at parting: a White Feather : wear it into your hat!" and She was gone. from his gaze, like a beautiful drean.

Stung with remorse and mosquitoes, this miscrable young man, in a fit of frenzy, unsheathed his glittering dry-goods seissors, cut off four yards (good measure) of the Canada Line, and hanged himself on a Willow Tree. Requiescat in Tape. His stick drifted to My Country 'tis of thee! and may he seen, in connesion with many others, on the stage of any New York theatre every night.
The Canadians won't have any line pretty soon. The skedaddlers will steal it. Then the Canadians won't know whether they're in the United States or not, in whieh ease they may be drafted.
Mabel married a Brigadier-General, and is happy.

## IX.

## A ROMANCE-ONLY A MECHANIC.

In a sumptuously furnished parlor in Fifth Avenuc, New York, sat a proud and haughty belle. Her name was Isabel Sawtelle. Her father was a millionnaire, and his ships, richly laden, ploughed many a sea.
By the side of Isabel Sawtelle, sat a young man with a elear, beautiful cye, and a massive brow.
"I must go," he said, " the foreman will wonder at my absence."
"The foreman?" asked Isabel in a tone of surprise.
"Yes, the foreman of the shop where I work."
"Foreman-shop-work ! What! do you work?"
"Aye, Miss Sawtelle! I am a cooper!" and his eyes flashed with honest pride.
"What's that?" she asked; "it is something about barrels, isn't it !"
" It is !" he said, with a flashing nostril. "And hogsheads."
"Then go!" she said, in a tone of dis-dain-" go away!"
" Ha!" he cried, " you spurn me then, because I am a mechanic. Well, be it so! though the time will come, Isabel Sawtelle," he added, and nothing could exceed his looks at this mornent-" when you will bitterly remember the cooper you now so cruelly east off! Farewell!"

Years rolled on. Isabel Sawtelle married a miserable aristocrat, who recently died of delirium tremens. Her father failed, and is now a raving maniac, and wants to bite little children. All her brothers (except one) were sent to the penitentiary for burglary, and her mother peddles clams that are stoler. $\mathbf{r}$ her by little George, her only son that lias his freedom. Isabel's sister Bianca rides an immoral spotted horse in the eircus, her husband having long since been hanged for murdering his own uncle on his mother's side. Thus we see that it is always best to marry a mechanie.

Dear Be Boston, "th denomyunate those air. I this eity. I seprit headin blems of Tro ton correspon

The winde

1 spurn me then, Well, be it so! Isabel Sawtelle," could exceed his " when you will oper you now so $11!"$
el Sawtelle marat, who reeently 18. Her father ing maniae, and en. All her brosent to the peniher mother ped. c her by little has his freedom. des an immoral cus, her husband nged for murder. is mother's side. ays best to marry


The Editor of "The Bugle" is interrunted by Betsey Jane and her fems lo wariors. See page 11.

## X.

## BOSTON.

A. w. to mis wife.

Dear Betsy : I write you this from Boston, "the Modern Atkins," as it is denomyunated, altho' I skurely know what those air. I'll give you a kursoory view of this city. I'll klassify the paragrafs under seprit headins, arter the stile of those Emblems of Trooth and Poority, the Washington eorrespongdents:
COPPs' Hill.

The winder of my room commands a
exileratin view of Copps' Hill, where Cotton Mather, the father of the Reformers and sieh, lies berrid. There is men even now who worship Cotton, and there is wimin who wear him next their harts. But I do not weep for him. He's bin ded too lengthy. I aint goin to be absurd, like old Mr. Skillins, in our naberhood, who is ninetysix years of age, and gets drunk every 'leetion day, and weeps bitturly beeause hehaint got no Parents. He's a nice Orphan, 7e is.

## BUNKER HILL.

Bunker Hill is over yonder in Charleston. In 1776 a thrillin' dramy was acted out over there, in which the "Warren Combination" played star parts.

## MR. FANUEL.

Old Mr. Fanuel is ded, but his Hall is still into full blarst. This is the Cradel in which the Goddess of Liberty was roeked, my Dear. The Goddess hasn't bin very well durin' the past few years, and the num'ris quaek doetors she ealled in diden't help her any ; but the old gal's physieians now are men who understand their business, Major-generally speaking, and I think the day is near when she'll be able to take her three meals a day, and sleep nights as comffly as in the old time.

## tile common.

It is here, as ushil; and the low euss who called it a Wacant Lot, and wanted to know why they didn't ornament it with sum Bildins', is a onhappy Outenst in Naponsit.

## TIIE LEGISLATUR.

The State House is filled with Statesmen, but some of 'em wear queer hats. They buy'em, I take it, of hatter.s who earry on hat stores down stairs in Dock Square, and whose hats is either ten years ahed of the prevalin' stile, or ten years behind it-just as a intellectooal person sees fit to think about it. I had the pleasure of talkin' with sevril members of the legislatur. I told 'em the eye of 1,000 ages was onto we Ameriean people of to-day. They seemed deeply impressed by the remark, and wantid to know if I had seen the Grate Orgin?

ILARVARD COLLEGE.
This eelebrated institootion of learnin' is pleasantly situated in the Bar-room of Parker's, in Sehool street, and has poopils from all over the country.

I had a letter, yes'd'y by the way, from our mootual son, Artemus, Jr., who is at

Bowdoin College in Maine. He writes that ho's a Bowdoin Arab. \& is it cum to this? Is this Boy, as I nurtuered with a Parent's eare into lis childhood's hour-is he goin' to be a Great Ameriean humorist? Alars! I fear it is too troo. Why didn't I bind him out to the Patent Travellin' Vegetable Pill Man, as was struek with his appearanee at our last County Fair, \& wanted him to go with him and be a Pillist? Ar, these Boys-they little know how the old folks worrit about'em. Butmy father he never had no oecasion to worrit about me. You know, Betsy, that when I fust commenced my eareer as a moral exhibitor with a six-legged eat and a Bass drum, I was only a simple pesant ehild-skuree 15 Summers had flow'd over my yoothful hed. But I had some mind of my own. My father understood this. "Go," he said -"go, my son, and hog the publie!" (he ment, "knoek em," but the old man was Hlus a little given to slang). He put his withered han' tremblinly onto my hed, and went sadly into the hous. I thought I saw tears trieklin' down his venerable ehin, but it might hav' been tobaeker jooee. He ehaw'd.

## LITERATOOR.

The Atlantic Monthly, Betsy, is a reg'lar visitor to our westun home. I like it beeause it has got sense. It don't print stories with piruts and honist young men into 'em, making the piruts splendid fellers and the honist young men dis'gree'ble idiots-so that our darters very nat'rally prefer the piruts to the honist young idiots; but it gives us good square American literatoror. The ehaps that write for the Atlantic, Betsy, understand their business. They ean sling ink, they can. I went in and saw 'em. I told 'em that theirs was a high and holy mission. They seemed quite gratifyed, and asked me if $I$ had seen the Grate Orgin.

## WHERE THE FUST BLUD WAS SPILT.

I went over to Lexington yes'd'y. My Boosum hove with sollum emotions. "\&
this," I yoke of tionary denee an
" Wall white bo rasin' wh you seen

TIIE
I retur A pooty was tellin minded $h$ Waltham out, and, said to th mind you kiow? ?'
"Yes,' one man, tary for st there, so didn't $p u$ heard her the remain respeetable summers, Grate Org

We old that it is fauts, and int'rist tod colored ge asked if I'c to wear to told him I

Altho' f abundans o quails, snip

A exeelle
John Slurk
who has on
aine. He writes b. \& is it cum to nurtuered with a ildhood's hour-is neriean humorist? roo. Why didn't Patent Travellin' as struek with his County Fair, \& $n$ and be a Pillist? tle know how the 1. But my father 1 to worrit about that when I fust a moral exhibitor a Bass drum, I child-skuree 15 er my yoothful aind of my own.
"Go," he said the public!" (he the old man was g). He put his onto my hed, and I thought I saw nerable ehin, but eker jooec. He
R.

Betsy, is a reg'lar e. I like it belon't print stories ng mea into 'em, 1 fellers and the ee'ble idiots—so 'rally prefer the $g$ idiots; but it erican literatoor. r the Atlantic, business. They went in and saw swas a high and 1 quite gratifyed, the Grate 0 rgin.

## d was spile

 on yes'd'y. My emotions. "\&this," I said to a man who mas drivin' a yoke of oxen, "this is where our revolutionary forefathers asserted their independenee and spilt their Blud. Classie ground !"
"Wall," the man said, "it's good for white beans and potatoes, but as regards rasin' wheat t'ain't worth a dam. But hav' you seen the Grate OrgiL?''

## the pooty girl in ajectacles.

I returned in the Hoss Cars, part way. A pooty girl in spectacles sot wear me, and was tellin' a young man how much he reminded her of a man she used to know in Waltham. Pooty soon the young mam got out, and, smilin' in a seductiv' mamer, I said to the girl in speetacles, "Don't $I$ remind you of some bodly you used to kiow ?"
"Yes," she said," you do remind me of one man, but he was sent to the penitentary for stelin' a Bar'l mackeril-he died there, so I conelood you ain't him." I didn't pursoo the conversation. I ouly heard her silvery woice onee more durin' the remainder of the jerney. 'Turnin' to a respectable lookin' female of advaneed summers, she asked her if she had seen the Grate Orgin.
We old ehaps, my dear, air apt to forget that it is sum time sinee we was infants, and et lite food. Nothin' of further int'rist took place on the ears excep' a colored gentleman, a total stranger to me, asked if I'd lend hin my diamond Brestpin to wear to a funcral in South Boston. I teld him I wouldn't--not a purpuss.

## WILD GAME.

Altho' fur from the prahaories, there is abundans of wild game in Boston, such as quails, snipes, plover and Props.

## COMMON SKOOLS.

A exeellent skool sistim is in vogy here. John Slurk, my old partner, has a little son who has only bin to skoll two months, and
yet he exhibertid his father's performin' Bear in the show all last summer. I hope they pay partic'lar 'tention to Spelin' in these Skools, bec ise if a man can't Spel wel he's of no 'kount.

## SUMMIN' UP.

I ment to have allooded to the Grate Orgin in this letter, but I laven't seen it, Mr. Revecr, whose tavern I stop at, informed me that it ean be distinetly heard through a smoked glass in his nativ town in New Hampshire, any elear day. But settin' the Grate Orgin aside (and indeed, I don't think I heard it mentioned all the time I was there), Boston is one of the grandest, sure-footedest, elearheadedest, comfortables cities on the globe. Onlike ev'ry other large eity I was ever in, the most of the haekinen d'on't seem to hav' bin speshully intended by natur for the Burglery perfession, and it's about the only large eity I know of where you don't enjoy a brilliant opportunity of bein' swindled in sum way, from the Misin of the sun to the goin down thereof. There 4 I say, loud and eontinnered applau's for Boston!

## domestic matters.

Kiss the children for me. What you telle me bout the Twins greeves me sorely. Whem I sent 'em that Toy Enjine I had not eontempyulated that they would so fur forgit what was doo the dignity of our house as to squirt dish-water on the Ineum Tax Collector. It is a disloyal act, and shows a prematoor leamin' tords eussedness that alarms me. I send to Amelia Ann, our oldest dawter, sum new music, viz., "I am Lonely sints My Mother-in law Died "; 'Dear Mother, What t'ho' the Hand that Spanked me in my Childhood's Hour is withered now?" \&e. These song writers, by the way, air doin' the Mother Bisiness rather too muehly.

Your 0wn Troo husban',
Artemus Ward.

## XI.

## A MORMON ROMANCE.-REGINALD GLOVERSON.

## Chapter I.

## THE MORMON'S DEPARTURE.

Tue morning on whieh Reginald Gloverson was to leave Great Salt Lake City with a mule-train, dawned beautifully.
Reginald Gloverson was a young and thrifty Mormon, with an interesting family of twenty young and handsome wives. His unions had never been blessed with ehildren. As often as onee a year he used to go to Omaha, in Nebraska, with a muletrain for goods; but although he had performed the rather perilous journey many times with entire safety, his heart was strangely sad on this partieular morning, and fillde with gloomy forebodings.

The time for his departure had arrived. The high-spirited mules were at the door, impatiently ehamping their bits. The Mormon stood sadly among his weeping wives.
"Dearest ones," he said, "I am singularly sad at heart, this morning; but do not let this depress you. The journey is a perilous one, but-pshaw! I have always eome baek suffely heretofore, and why should I fear? Besides, I know that every night, as I lay down on the broad starlit prairie, your bright faees will eome to me in my dreams, and make my slumbers sweet and gentle. You, Emily, with your mild blue eyes; and you, Heurietta, with your splendid blaek hair ; and you, Nelly, with your hair so brightly, beautifully golden ; and you, Mollie, with your eheeks so downy; and you, Betsey, with your wine-red lipsfar more delieious, though, than any wine I ever tasted-and you, Maria, with your winsome voiee; and you, Susan, with your
-with your-that is to say, Susan, with your - and the other thirteen of you, eaeh so good and beautiful, will eome to me in sweet dreams, will you not, Dearestists?"
"Our own," they lovingly ehimed, " wo will!"
"And so farewell!" eried Reginald. "Crue to my arms, my own!" he said, " that is, as many of you as ean do it eonveniently at onee, for I must away."

He folded several of them to his throbbing breast, and drove sadly away.

But he had not gone far when the traee of the off-hind mule beeame unhitehed. Dismounting, he essayed to adjust the traee; but ere he had fairly eommeneed the task, the mule, a singularly refraetory animalsnorted wildly, and kieked Reginald frightfully in the stomaeh. He arose with diffieulty, and tottered feebly towards his mother's house, whiel was near by, falling dead in her yard, with the remark, "Dear Mother, I've eome home to die!"
"So I see," she said; "where's the mules!"

Alas! Reginald Gloverson eould give no answer. In vain the heart-striekea mother threw herself upon his inanimate form, erying, " Oh, my son-my son ! only tell me where the mules are, and then you may die if you want to."
In vain-in vain! Reginald had passed on.

Chapter II.

## funeral trappings.

The mules were never found.
Reginald's heart-broken mother took the body home to her unfortunat 3 son's widows. But before her arrival she indisereetly sent
a boy to ed wives, in a hoar had gone
The wi
'Hew
"And
"Yes,"
erably of $y$ me."
"I say
"And 1
"He dia
" He did
"Don't
"Don't
"Sisters
rietta, " ee as his first grave."
"No you last wife, s
It's $m y$ bus
"You sh
"You bc tear-suffuse
"Well, Betsy, "I a shall ride at cession!"
"Not if you won't," that's my po strings it is.'
" Childre " you must the day of poeket-handk Betsy, you a between you.
"I'll tear a sob on my
"Dear dau mother, "ho Mules is five every identie: been gobbled when my Ren
a boy to Bust the news gently to tho aftlieted wives, which he did by informing them, in a hoarse whisper, that their "old nan had gone in."
The wives felt very badly indeed.
'Ho was devoted to me," sobbed Emily.
"And te me," said Maria,
"Yes," said Eurily, "he thought eonsidcrably of you, but not so much as he did of me."
"I say he did!"
"And I say ho didn't!"
"He did!"
"He didn't!"
"Don't look at mec, with your squint oyes.
"Don't shake your red heid at me!"
"Sisters!" said the black-haired Henrietta, "cease this unseemly wrangling. I as his first wife shall strew flowers on his grave."
"No you von't," said Susm. "I as his last wife, shall strew flowers on his grave. It's my business to strew!"
"You shan't, so there !" said Henrietta.
"You bet I will!" suid Susan, with a tear-suffused chcek.
"Well, as for me," said the practical Betsy, "I ain't on the Strew, much, but I shall ride at the head of the funcral procession!"
"Not if I've been introduced to myself you won't," said the golden-haired Nelly ; that's my position. You bet your bomnetstrings it is."
"Children," said Reginald's mother, " you must do some crying, you know, on the day of the funcral; and how many pocket-handkerchers will it take to go round? Betsy, you and Nelly ought to make one do between you."
"I'll tear her eyes out if she perpetuates a sob on my handkercher!" said Nelly.
"Dear daughters-in-law," said Reginald's mother, "how unseemly is this anger. Mules is five hundred dollurs a span, and erery identieal mule my poor boy had has been gobbled up by the reld man. I knew when my Reginald staggered into the door-
yard that he was on the Dic, but if I'donly thunk to ask him about them mules ero his gentle sprit took flight, it would have been four thousand dollars in our pockety, and no mistake! Excuse thoso real tears, but you've never felt a parent's fcelin's."
"It's an over-sight," sobbed Maria. " Don't blame us!"

## Chapter III.

## dust to dusp.

The funcral passed off in a very pue ant manner, nothing occurring to mar the. mony of the occasion. By a happy thouo of hegimald's mother the wives walked to the grive twenty a-breast, which rendered that part of tho ecremony thoroughly impartial.

That night the twenty wives, with heary hearts, sought their twenty respective couches. But no Reginald oceupied those twenty respective couches-Reginald would nevernore linger all night in blissful repose in those twenty respective couches-hegini.t's head would nevermore press the twenty respective pillows of those twenty respective couches-never, nevermore!
$\begin{array}{cccccccc}* & * & * & * & * & * & * & * \\ \text { In another housc, not many leagues from }\end{array}$ the House of Mourning, a gray-haired wom: was weeping passionatcly. " He died," she cried, "he died without sig. crfyim', in any respect, where them mules went to!"

## Chapter IV.

## Married Agatn.

Two years are supposed to elapse between the third and fourth chapters of this orig. inal American romanee.

A manly Mormon, one evening, as the sun was preparing to set among a select apartment of gold and erimson clouds in the western horizon-although for that matter the sun has a right to "set" where it waints to, and so, I may add, has a hen
-a manly Mormen, I say, tapped gently at the door of the mansion of tho lato Reginald Gluverson.

Tho door was opened by Mrs. Susan Gloverson.
"Is this tho house of the widow Geverson ?"'tho Mormon asked.
"It is," said Susun.
"And how many is there of she?" inquired the Mormon.
"Thero is about twenty of her, including me," courteously returned tho fair Susan.
"Can I see her ?"
"You can."
"Madam," he softly said, addressing the iwenty disconsolate widows, "I have seen part of you before! And although I have already twenty-five wives, whom I respect
and tenderly eare for, I can truly say that I nover felt lovi's holy thrill till I saw thee! Be mine-Bo mino!" ho enthusiastically eried, "and wo will show the world a striking illustration of tho beauty and truth ef the noble lines, ouly a good deal moro so-
"Twent $\quad$-one seuls with a single thought,
Twenty-one hearts that beat as one !"
They were united, they wero!
Gentle reader, does not the moral of this romaneo show that-does it not, in faet, show that however many thero may be of a young widew woman, or rather does it not show that whatever number of persons one woman may consist of-well never mind what it shows. Only this writing Mormen romanees is confusing to the intelleci. You try it and see.

Afore I late rebil cap
I have scen a papers from hissolf olonzo
an truly say that ll till I saw thee! enthusiastically he world a strik. uty and truth of d deal more so-

## a singio thought,

 beat as one!" were! the moral of this it not, in fact, there may be of r rather does it umber of persons -well never mind writing Mormon te intelleci. You
"I knew when my Reginald staggered Into the deoryard that ho was on the Die." See page 33.

## XII.

## artemus ward in richmond.

Rucguond, VA., May-18 \& 65.

## OLONZO WARD.

afore I Comments this letter from the late rebil capitol I desire to cimply say that I have scen a low and skurrilus noat in the papers from a ecrtain pusson who singes hissolf olonzo Ward, \& sez he is my berruther. I did once have a berruther of that
name, but I do not recugnise him now. 'To me he is wuss than ded! I took him from collige sum 16 years ago, and gave hin a good situation as the Bearded Woman in my Show. How did he repay me for this kindness? He basely undertook (one day while in a Backynalian mood on rum, \& right in sight of the aujience in the tent) to stand upon his hed, whareby he betraye'd his sex on account of his boots
\& his Beard fallin' off his faee, thus roonin' my prospeeks in chat town, \& likewise ineurrin' the seris displeasure of the Press, whieh sed boldly I was triffin' with the feelin's of a intelligent publie. I know no sueh man as Olonzo Ward. I do not ever wish his name breathed in my presents. I do not reeognise him. I perfectly disgust him.

## RICHMOND.

The old man finds hisself onee more in a Sunny elimb. I eum here a few days arter the eity eatterpillertulated.

My naburs seemed surprised \& astonisht at this darin' bravery onto the part of a man at my time of life, but our family was never know'd to quale in danger's stormy hour.

My father was a sutler in the Revolootion War. My father onee had a intervoo with Gin'ral La Fayette.

He asked La Fayette to lend him five dollars, promisin' to pay him in the Fall, but Lafy said "he couldn't see it in those lanps." Lafy was Freneh, and his knowledge of our langwidge was a little shaky.

Immejutly on my'rival here I pereeeded to the Spotswood House, and eallin' to my assistans: young man from our town who writes a good rumnin' hand, I put my ortograph on the Register, and handin' my umbrella to a beld-itedded man behind the counter, who I s'posed was Mr. Spotswood, I said, "Spotsy, how dues she run ?"

He ealled a eullud purson, and said,
"Show the gen'lman to the eowyard, and giv' him eart number 1."
"Isn't Grant here ?" I said. "Peıhaps Ulyssis wound't mind my turuin' in with him."
"Do you know the Gin'ral ?" inquired Mr. Sputswood.
"Wall, no, not'zaekly; but he'll remenber me. His brother-in-law's Aunt bought he rye meal of my unele Levi all one winter. My unclo Levi's rye meal was
$\qquad$
"Pooh ! pooh !" said Spotsy, "don't bother me," and he shuv'd my umbrella onto the floor. Obsarvin' to him not to be so keerless with that wepin, I aeeompanid the Afriean to my lodgins.
"My brother," I sed, "air you aware that you've bin 'maneipated? Do you realise how glorus it is to be free? Tell me, my dear brother, does it not seem like some dreams, or do your realise the great faet in all its livin' and holy magnitood?"

He sed he would take some gin.
I was show'd to the eowyard and laid down under a one-mule eart. The hotel was orful erowded, and I was sorry I hadn't gone to the Libby Prison. Tho' I should hav' slept eomf'ble enuff if the bed-elothes hadn't bin pulled off me durin' the night, by a seoundrul who eum and hitehed a mule to the eart and druv it off. I thus lost my euverin', and my throat feels a little husky this mornin.
Gin'ral Hulleek offers me the hospitall. ty of the eity, givin' me my ehoiee of hos. pitals.

He has also very kindly plaeed at my disposal a small-pox amboolanee.

## UNION SENTIMENT.

There is raly a great deal of Union sentiment in this eity. I see it on ev'ry hand.

I met an man to-day-I am not at liberty to tell his name, but he is a old and inflooen. tooial eitizen of Riehmond, and sez he, "Why! we've bin fightin' agin the Old Flag! Lor' bless me, how siug'lar!" He then borrar'd five dollars of me, and bust isto a flood of tears.

Sed another (a man of standin and for merly a bitter rebuel), " Let us at onee stop this effooshun of Blud! The Old Flag is grod elluff for me. Sir," he added, "you air from the North! Have yous doughnut or a piece of eustard pie about you?"

I told him no, but I knew a man from Ver mont who had just organized a sort of restiat rant, where he could go and make a vert
comfortable and eheese. and askin' Garrison's a he walked of
Said ano endous Uni But we was Have you a lips about y me foui doll once more a

Jeff. Davi regarded as a I'm told he ran away fro never bin $b$ a good dealo what his eond female apper his sex, \& yo as frekent as so hisself.

Robert Le
He was opp and draw'd 1 faet, he woul all, only he clothes on ha waste. Ho s and he will at Subbaih Seho
the 0
The surren and others, lea wher shatte consists of Ki Bass drum, an Texis.
a proud as
Feelin' a li catin' house to man with long IIe didn't wea
otsy, "don't boy umbrella onto im not to be so aecompanid the
"air you aware 1? Do you reafree? Tell me, t seem like some the great fact in itood?"
me gin.
wyard and laid art. The hotel as sorry I hadn't Tho' I should the bed-clothes lurim' the night, and hitehed a it off. I thus hroat feels a lit-
me the hospitali. y choiee of hos.
y plaeed at my lance.

ENT.
al of Union sen. it on ev'ry hind. am not at liberty old and inflooen. id, and sez he, ' agin the Old sing'lar!" He of me, and bust
standin and for et us at onee stop 'he Old Flag is r," he added, ! Have you 2 astard pie about
a man from Ver di surt of restath ad make a verty
eomfortable breakfast on New England rum and eheese. He borrowed fity eents of me, and askin' me to send him Wm. Lloyd Gurrison's ambrotype as soon as I grot home, he walked off.
Said another, "There's bin a tremenendous Union feelin' here fron the fust. But we was kept dowu by a rain of terror. Ilave you a daggerretype of Wendell Phil. lips about your person? and will you lend me foni dollars for a few days till we air onee more a happy and united people."

## JEFF. DAVIS.

Jeff. Davis is not pop'lar here. She is regarded as a Southern sympathiser. \& yit I'm told he was kind to his Parents. She ran away from 'em many years ago, and has never bin back. This was showin' 'em a good deal of consideration when we refleck what his conduck has been. Her eaptur in female apperal eonfooses me in regard to his sex, \& you see I speak of him as a her as frekent as otherwisc, \& I guess he feels so hisself.

## R. LEE.

Robert Lee is regarded as a noble feller. He was opposed to the war at the fust, and draw'd his sword very reluetant. In faet, he wouldn't hav' drawd his sword at all, only he had a large stoek of military elothes on hand, whiel he didn't want to wastc. Ha sez the colored man is right, and he will at onee go to New York and open Sabbaih School for negro ministrels.

## TIIE CONFEDERATE ARMY.

The surrender of R. Lee, J. Johnston, andothers, leaves the Confederit Army in a uther shattered state. That army now consists of Kirby Smith, four mules and a Bass drum, and it is movin rapidly to'rds Texis.

## a proud and haughty sutiferner.

Feelin' a little peekish, I went into a eatin' house to-day, and encountered a young wan with long blaek hair and slender frame. Ie didn't wear much elothes, and them as
he did wear looked onhealthy. He frowned on me, and sed, kinder seornful, "So, Sir -you come here to taunt us in our hour of trouble, do you?"
"No," said I, "I eum here for hash!"
"Pish-haw !" he said sneeringly, " I mean you air in this eity for the purpuss of glothin' over a fallen people. Others may basely snceumb, but as for me, I will never yield-never, never!"
"Hav' suithin' to eat ?" I pleasantly suggested.
"Tripe and onions !" he sed fureely ; then he added, "I eat with you, but I hate you. You're a low-lived Yankee?"

T'o which I pleasantly replied, "How'l you have your tripe?"
" Fried, mudsill! witn plenty of hamfat !"

He et very ravenus. Poor feller! He had lived on odds and ends for several days, eatiu' craekers that had bin turned over by revelers in the bread tray at the bar.

He got full at last, and his hart softened a little to-ards me. "After all," he sed, " you hav sum people at the North who air not wholly loathsum beasts?"
" Well, yes," I sed, "we hav' now and then a man among us who isn't a cold-bludded seoundril. Young man," I mildly but gravely sed, "this crooil war is over, and you're lickt! It's rather necessary for sumbody to lick in a good square, lively fite, and in this 'ere case it happens to the United States of America, You fit splended, but we was too many for you, Then make tho best of it, \& let us all give in and put tho Republie on a firner basis nor over.
"I don't gloat over your misfortins, my young fren', Fur from it. I'm an old man now, \&my hart is softer nor it once was. You see my speetaeles is misten'd with suthin' very like tears, I'm thinkin' of the sea of good rich Blud that has been split on both sides in this dredful war! I'm thinkin' of our widders and orfuns North, and of your'n in the South. I kin ery for both. B'leeve me, my young fren', I kin place my old
hands tenderly on the fair yung hed of the Virginny maid whose lover was laid low in the battle dust by a fed'ral bullet, and say, as fervently and piously as a vener ble sinner like me kin say anythin', God be good to you, my poor dear, my poor dear."

I riz up to go, \& taliin' my yung Southern fren' kindly by the' hand, I sed, "Yung man, adoo! You Southern fellers is probly my brothers, tho' you've oecasionally had a cussed queer way of showin' it! It's over now. Let us all jine in and
make a country on this continent that shall giv' all Europe the cramp in the stummuck ev'ry time they look at us! Adoo, adoo!"

And as I am through, I'll likewise say adoo to you, jentle reader, merely remarkin' that the Star-Spangled Banner is wavin' round loose again, and that there don't seem to be anything the matter with the Goddess of Liberty beyond a slite cold.

Artemus Ward.

Friend saw you remember son.

I hearn
Alexandry toolatory
bildin a b
time to w
Numeri we met $i_{1}$ politie, in it has got

In my
your coun Sems of th position!

I'm frai about it.

Yes, Si Patrit has

I have war, \& I s brother rut And if wu drop of bl got to prose oughter be the war as goakin fit me.

You hea no doubt. was fairly classes. I who is a $\Lambda$ d'seapc, bu Conseryati South, tho'
continent that e cramp in the ey look at us

I'll likewise say merely remarkin' Banner is wavin' hat there don't matter with the a slite cold.
emus Ward.

## XIII.

## ARTEMUS WARD TO THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Friend Wales,-You remember me. I saw you in Canady a few years ago. I remember you too. I seldim forgit a person.

I hearn of your marrige to the Printeis Alexandry, \& ment ter writ you a congratoolatory letter at the time, but I've bin bildin a barn this summer, \& hain't had no time to write letters to folks. Exeoos me.

Numeris ehanges has tooken place sinee we met in the body politie. The body politie, in fack, is sick. I sumtimes think it has got biles, friend Wales.

In my eountry we've got a war, while your eountry, in eonjunktion with Cap'n Sems of the Alabarmy, manetanes a nootrol position!

I'm fraid I ean't write goaks when I sit about it. Oh no, I guess not !

Yes, Sir, we've got a war, and the troo Patrit has to make saerifisses, you bet.

I have alreddy given two eousins to the war, \& I stand reddy to saerifiss my wife's brother ruther ' n not see the rebelyin krusht. And if wuss cums to wuss I'll shed ev'ry drop of blud my able-bodid relations has got to prosekoot the war. I think sumbody oughter be prosekooted, \& it may as well be the war as any body else. When I git a goakin fit onto me it's no use to try ter stop me.

You hearn about the draft, friend Wales, no doubt. It causd sum squirmin', but it was fairly eonducted, I think, for it hit all elasses. It is troo that Wendill Phillips, who is a American eitizen of Afriean seent, d'scape, but so did Vallandiggum, who is Censervativ, and who was resuntly sent South, tho' he would have bin sent to the

Dry Tortoogus if Abe had 'sposed for a minit that the Tortoogusses would keep him.

We hain't got any daily paper in our town, but we've got a female sewin' circle, which ansers the same purpuss, and we wasn't long in suspents as to who was drafted.

One young man who was drawd elaimed to be exemp because he was the only son of a widow'd mother who supported hin. A few able-bodid dead men was drafted, but whether their heirs will have to pay 3 hundrid dollars a peaee for' 'em is a question for Whitin', who 'pears to be tinkerin' up this draft bizniss right smart. I hope he makes good wages.

I think most of the eonserips in this place will go. A few will go to Carady, stoppin' on their way at Coneord, N. H., where I understan there is a Muslum of Harts.

You see I'm sassy, friend Wales, hittin' all sides; but no offense is ment. You know I ain't a politician, and never was. I vote for Mr. Union-that's the only eandidate I've got. I elaim, howsever, to have a well-balanced mind; tho' my idees of a well-balaneed mind differs from the idees of a partner I onee had, whose name it was Billson. Billson and me orjanized a strollin' dramatic eompany, \& we played The Drunkard, or the Falling Saved, with a real drunkard. The play didn't take particlarly, and says Billson to me, Let's giv 'em some immoral dramy. We had a large troop onto our hands, eonsistin' of, eight tragedians anū a bass drum, but $\mathbf{I}$ says, No, Billson; and then says I, Billson,
yon hain't got a well-halaneed mind. Says he, Yes, I have, ohd hoss-fly (he wiss a low enss)-yes, I have. I have a mind, says lee, that balames in any direction that the public rekires. That's wot I calls a wellbalanced mind. I sold out and hind adoo to Billson. Ho is now thonterst in the Sitate of Vermont. The miserble man onee phayed 11 amlet. Thero wasn't amy orehestry, and wishin' to expire to slow monsie, he died playin' on a elaironett himself, interspersed with hart-rendin' groans, © such is the world! Alars! alars! how anthankful we air to that Providence which hindly allows us to live and borrow money, and tini and do biziniss !

But to return to omr subjeck. With our resunt grate trimmson the Mississippi, the Father of Waters (and them is waters no Father need feel 'shamed of-twirg the wittikism?), and the cheerin' look of things in other phaces, I reckon we shan't want any Mnshum of Harts. And what upon ainth do the people of Coneord, N. II., wmit a Muslun of Harts for? Hain't you got the State House now? \& what more do yon wat?

But all this is furrin to the purpuss of this note, arter all. My objeck in now addressin' you is to giv you smm adwiee, friend Wales, about mansgin' your wife, a hizniss I'vehad over thirty years experience in.

You had a good weddin. The papers hav a grood deal to say about "vikins" in eonnexion tharewith. Not knowings what that air and so I framkly tells yon, my noble lord dook of the throne, I em't aackly say whether we had 'em or not. We was both very mueh flusirated. But I never injoyed myself better in my life.

Dowtless, your supper was ahead of our'n. As regards eatin' uses Baldinsville was allers shaky. But you ean git a good meal in New York, \& cheap too. You can git half a mackril at Delmonico's or Mr. Mason Dory's for six dollars, and biled pertaters throw'd in.

As 1 sed, 1 mamise my wife withont any particlep tromhle. When I first commenst trainin' her I institooted a series of experimonts, and them as didn't work 1 abandinged. You'd better do similer. Your wife may objeck to gittin' up and bildin' the fire in the mornin', but if you commence with hir at ane you may be able to overkmo this prejoorliss. I regret to obsarve that I didn't commence mly emuff. I wonldn't havo you s'pose I was ever kieked out of bed. Not at all. I simply say, in regard to bildin' fires, that I didn't con.monce arly emff. It was a mother cold mornin when I finst proposed the idee to Betsy. It wasn't well received, and I found myself lay in' on the floor pitty widlent. I thonght I git ין and bild the fire myself.
()t emmse bow yon're marrid you ean cat onions. I allus did, and if I hoow my own hart, I allus will. My danghter, who is grou' on 17 and is frisky, says they's disprustin. And speakin of my damphter reminds me that quite a momber of yomg men have suddenly diseovered that l'm a very entertainin' ohd feller, and they visit ns frekently. specially on Sumday evenins. One yomg chap-a lawyer by habitdon't emm as moh as he did. My wife's tather lives with us. Ilis intelleek totters a little, and he sives the papers containin' the prosedins of omr State Lagishater. The old semblum likes to read ont lond, and he reads tol'ble well. He eats hash frecly, which makes his voiee elear; but us he oufortnilly has to spell the most of his words, I may say loe reads slow. Wall, whemever this lawyer made his apparance I would set the old man a-readin the Legislativ' reports. I kept the young lawyer up one night till 12 o'elock, listenin to a lot of aets in regard to a draw-bridge away off in the east part of the State, havin' vent my diughter to hed at half-past 8. He hasn't bin there since, and I understand he says I go round swindlin' the Publie.

I never attempted to reorgamize my wife but once. I shall never attempt it agin.

The misarn

I'd bin to al myself: eral people 'em an ro drinkin' m own been presented night, witl my person. of a hossw memberin' Ward's in putty lively said, "Be have cimi, the whipo organizo y night?"
ife withont any tirst commenst eries of experiwork I abanamiler. Your $p$ and bildin' t if you commaly ie able to uret to ohsarve inly emuff. I was ever kicked simply say, in I didn't eon.a rinther cold sed the idee to ed, and I found atty smbdent. I (e) fire myself. narrid yon can I if I know my dimghter, who mys they's dismy dmaghter mber of yomug red that l'm a and they visit Amblay evenins. ar by halitinl. My wife's ntelleek totters ipers rontainin' ate lagislater. read out lond, He cats hash ce clear; but an the most of his ls slow. Wall, his appenrmee In arendin the ept the young o'elock, listenin o a draw-bridge of the State, ed at haili-past 8 . ad I understand ' the Public. ramize my wife ttempt it agin.

 orobestrits. see progodo.

I'd bin to a pmblie dimer, and had allow. al myself'to be betrayed into Jrinkin' several people's healths; and wishin' to make 'em an robist as possible, I contimerd drinkin' several people's healths until my own beome afficterl. Comwkens was, I presented myself'at Betsy's bedside late at might, with consid'ble licker concealed about my ferson. I hat somehow got perseshim of a hosswhip on my way home, and rememberin' sum cranky olservations of Mrs. Ward's in the momin', I smapt the whip putty lively, and, in a very loud woice, I said, "Betsy, you need reorgmizin' I I have cmin, Betsy," I continued-erackin the whipover the bed-" I have cum to reorganizo youl Hitnve you per-ayed touight?'

*     *         *             *                 *                     *                         *                             *                                 * 

I drean'd that night that smmbuly had hid a hosswhip over me sev'ril conseckootiv times ; anl when I woke up I fomd she hand. I hain't dramk moch of my thin' since, mind ifl ever h: we another reorganizin' jol on hand $I$ shall let it ont.

My wifo is 5: years old and has allissustaned a good character. Sho's a grod cook. Her mother lived to a vener'bleage, and died whils in the act offrying slap-jacks for the Comnty Commissioners. And may no rood hand plak a flour from her tomstum! We hain't got my pieter of the old lady, beemso she'd never stand for her ambrotipe, and therefore I em't giv her likeneses to the world throngh the meejum of the illastrated papers; but as she wasn't a
brigadier-gin'ral, particerly, I don't s'pose they'd publish it, any how.

It's best to give a woman eonsid'ble leeway. But not too much. A naber of mino, Mr. Roofus Minkins, was once very sick with the fever, but his wife moved his bed into the door yard while she was cleanin' house. I told Roofus this wasn't the thing, 'specially as it was rainin' vi'lently; but he said he wanted to give his wife " a littln lee-way." That was2 - ir Itold Mrs. Minkins that her Rooic . dio if he staid out there into the rar ..uch longer, when she said, "it shan't be my fault if he dies unprepaired," at the same time tossin him his mother's Bible. It was orful! I stood by, however, and nussed him as well's I could, but I was a putty wet-nuss I tell you.

There's varis ways of managin' a wife, friend Wales, but the best and only safe
way is to let her do jist about as she wants
to. I 'dopted that there plan sum time ago, and it works like a eharm.

Remember me kindly to Mrs. Wales, and good luck to you both! And as years roll by, and accidents begin to happen to youanong which I hope there'll be Twins-you will agree with me that family joys are the only oncs a man ean bet on with any oertinty of winnin'.

It may interest you to know that I'mprosperin' in a pecoonery pint of view. I make 'bout as much in the cours of a year as a Cab'net offisser docs, \& I understan' my bizniss a good deal better than sum of 'cm do.

Respecks to St, George \& the Dragon.
"Ever be happy,"
A. Ward.

It isn to write not seen am back the duk about hi am abou cver gar have not as the m on his. dows lef

The $t$ renely t which is present 5-ris min dance, pointmen a close ing them ticularly the priva forts of a and begg ciously a secn the prints. ${ }^{\text {. }}$

Whys
way, stak splendid scnted to Illinois, estcem? said to possessiol how war of blowin

## XIV.

## AFFAIRS ROUND THE VILLAGE GREEN.

now that I'mint of view. I urs of a year as understan' my n sum of 'em

## the Dragon.

 be happy,"A. Ward.

It isn't every one who has a village green to write about. I have one, although I have not seen much of it for some years past. I am back again, now. In the language of the duke who went round with a motto about him, "I am here!" and I faney I am about as happy a peasant of the vale as ever garnished a melodrama, although I have not as yet daneed on my village green as the melo-dramatic peasant usually does on his. It was the case when Rosina Mcadows left home.
The time rolls by serenely now-so serenely that I don't care what time it is, which is fortunate, because my watch is at present in the hands of those " men of New 5 -rtwe are called rioters." We met by caanee, the usual way-certainly not by ap-pointment-and I brought the interview to a close with all possible despatch. Assuring them that I wasn't Mr. Greeley, particularly, and that he had never boarded in the private family where I enjoy the comforts of a home, I tendered them my wateh, and begged they would distribute it judiciously among the labouring classes, as I had seen the rioters styled in certain public prints. ${ }^{\text {. }}$
Why should I loiter feverishly in Broadway, stabbing the hissing hot air with the splendid gold-headed cane that was presented to me by the citizens of Waukegan, Illinois, as a slight testimonial of their esteem? Why broil in my rooms? You said to me, Mrs. Gloverson, when I took possession of those rooms, that no matter how warm it might be, a breeze had a way of blowing into them, and that they were,
rithal, quite countryfied; but I am bound io say, Mrs. Gloverson, that there was not.:ing about them that ever reminded me, .n the remotest degree, of daisies or new-mown hay. Thus, with sarcasm, do I smash the deecptive Gloverson.
Why stay in New York when I had a village green? I gave it up, the same as I would an intricate conundrum-and, in short, I am here.
Do I miss the glare and crash of the imperial thoroughfare? the milkman, the fiery, untamed omnibus horses, the soda fountains, Central Park, and those things? Yes, I do; and I ean go on missing 'em for quite a spell, and enjoy it.
The village from which I write to you is small. It does not contain over forty houses, all told; but they are milk-white, with the greenest of blinds, and for the most part are shaded with beautiful elms and willows. To the right of us is a moun-tain-to the left a lake. The village nestles between. Of course it does. I never read a novel in my life in which the villages didn't nestle. Villages invariably nestle. It is a kind of way they have.
We are away from the cars. The ironhorse, as my little sister aptly remarks in her composition On Nature, is never heard to shriek in our midst; and on the whole I am glad of it.

The villagers are kindly people. They are rather incoherent on the subject of the war, but not more so, perhaps, than are people etsewhero. One citizen, who used to sustain a good oharaeter, subseribed for the Weekly New York Herald, a few
months since, and went to stmylying tho military maps in that well-known jomual for the fireside. I need not intorm you that his intelleet now totters, and he has mortgaged his farm. In a literary point. of view we are rather hoodthirsty. $\Lambda$ pauphlet edition of the life of a cheerfind being, who slanghtered his wife and child, and then finished himself, is having an extensive sale just now.

Wo know little of Honoré do Balzao, and perhaps eare less for Vietor Hugo. M. Claces's grand searel for the Absolute doesn't thrill nes in the least; and Jems Valjoin, gloomily pieking his way through the sewers of Paris, with the spoony young man of tho name of Marius mpon his back, awakens no inteeest in our breasts. I say Jean Valiem pieked his way gloomily, and I repent it. No man, muder those circumstances, could have skipped graily. But this literay business, as the gentleman who married his colored clmmbermaid aptly observed, "is simply a matter of taste."

The store-I must not forget the store. It is an object of great iuterest to me. I usually encounter there, on sumny afternoons, an old Revolutionary soldier. Som may possibly have read about "Another Revolutionary Soldier gone," but this is one who hasn't gone, and, moreover, one who doesn't manifest the slightest intention of going. He distinetly remembers Washington, of courso; they all do; but what I wish to eall special attention to, is the faet that this Revolutionary soldier is one hundred years old, that his eyes wre so good that he ean read fine print withnut spectacles-he never used them, by the way-and his mind is perfeetly elear. He is a little shaky in one of his legs, but otherwise he is as aetive as most men of forty-five, and his general health is exeelent. He uses no tobaceo, but for the last twenty years he has drunk one glass of liquor every day-no more, no less. He says ho must have his tod. I had begun to havo lurking suspieious about this Revo-
utiomary soldier husiuses, but hore is an orriginal Jaoobs. But beomse a mam oan driuk a glass of liguor a day, and live to be a lumdred years ohd, my yonng readors must not iufer that by drinkiug two glasses of lifener a day a man oan live to be two humdred. "Which, I memuter saly, it doesn't follor," an doseph Gargery might ohserve.

This store, in whi in may onnstantly bo fomod calieo and mails, and fisl, nud tobaceo in kegs, and sunff in bladders, is a venorable establisnduent. As long ugo us 1814 it wis an institution. The comuty troops, on their way to the defence of Porthand, then menaced by British ships-nf-war, wero drawn up in front of this very store, und treated nt tho town's exponse. Citizens will tell you how tho clergyman refised to pray for tho troops, becenuse he eomsidored the war un unholy one; and how a somewhat eccentrio person, of dissolato labits, volunteered his services, stating that he oneo had an unclo who was a dencon, and he thought he conld make a tolerable prayer, although it was rather out of his lino; and how he prayed so long and nbsuritly that the Colonel ordered him undor arrest, but that even while soldiers stood over him with gleaning bayonets, tho reckless being salug a preposterous song nbout his grandmother's spotted oalf, with its Ri-fol-lol-tid-dery-i-do; atter which he howled dismally.

And speaking of the store, reminds me of a little story. The nuthor of "severul suecesslit comedies" has been mong us, and the storo was anxious to know who tho stranger was. And therefore tho store asked him.
"What do yon follow, sir ?" respectfully enquired the tradesman.
" I occasionally writo for the stage, 'sir.'
"Ohl" returned the tradesman, in ineonfused manner.
" He means," said an honest villager, with a desire to help tho puzzled tradesman. out, "ho means that ho writes the handbills for the stage drivers ।"

I beli lups it oharacte store thi —storie solali in thought

Ther occasion sant, in tor and flowr. who wit ary war Washin! ning m son," hu lity."
onvo tol ono uru thorour himu he

Solli house, opened. sluut ev ned the as calul to the eustard sit in th the duot the new mind, I rather

Gloom you per wrong.
be an in tho happy perous the rise swell wi and sle jolly for before t his rosy
here is an ? it 110:ni amn , auld live to oung renders g two glasses o be two humiy, it doesn't cht olservo. constantly be , and tobaeco r, is a veneago an 1814 onnty troops, of Porthand, off:wir, wero ry store, and se. Citizuns an refused to ec considered how a somesolute habits, ting that ho a deneon, and cruble prayer, his line; and absurilly that er arrest, but od over hiim reeklesss being ut his grand-Ri-fol-lol-tidvled dismally. , remiuds me of "several an among us, know who tho ore the store
" respectfully he stage, 'sir.' man, in a con-
nest villager, led traderman tos the hand-

I believo that story is new, ulthough perhapses it is not of an uproariounly mirthfol character; bat now hears storices at the store that are old enongh, goodncesm knows -stories which, no doubt, diverted Methuselah in the sumny duys of his giddy and thoughtless boyhoord.

There is an execiting seeno at the store oceasionally. Yesterday an athletio pearsaut, in a state of beer, amashed in a comnter und emptied two tubs of luiter on the floor. Ifis father, a white-huired old man, whe was a little boy when the Revolutionary war closed, but who doenn't remember Washington much, cabae romud in the evening and settled for the damages. "My son," he said, "hat comsiderable origimility." I will mention that this same son oneo told we that ho coild lick me with one arm tied behind him, and I was so theroughly satisfied he comld, that I told him he needn't mind groing firr a rope.

Sometimes I go a-visiting to a firmhonse, on which occasions the partur is opened. The windows have been closeshut ever since the last visitor was there, nud there is a dingy smell that I struygle nes calmly an ponsible with, until I ann led to the banguet of stemming hot bisenit and custard pie. If they would only let me sit in the dear old-finshiomed kitchen, or on the door-stome-il' they knew how dismally the new bliak furniture looked-bat, never mind, I am not a reformer. No, I should rather think not.

Gloomy enough, this living on a farm, you perthaps say, in which ease you are wrong. I can't exactly say that I pant to be an apriculturist, but I do know that in the main it is an independent, calmly happy sort of life. I ean see how the prosperous farmer ean go joyously a-ficld with the rise of the sun, and how his heart may swell with prido over bounteous harvests and sleek oxen. And it must be rather jolly for him on winter evenings to sit before the bright kitchen fire and wate:l his rosy boys and girls as they study out
the charades in the weekly paper, mind gradually find out why my first is somothing that grows in a garden, and my second is a fislo.
On the green hillside over yontur, there is a quivering of nowy drapery, and bright hair is Ilasting in the morning monlight. It is recess, and the semimary girls are rumuing in the tall grass.
A goodly seminary to look at mitsider ecrtainly, although I am pained to learn, an 1 do on anpromiciead muthority, that Mrs, Higgins, the P'rincipal, is a tyrant, who seeks to crush the girls mud tranimbe unon them; hut my sorrow is somewhat mssunged by learoing that skimmerhorn, the pianist, is perfectly splendisl.
lowking at these girls reminds me that I too, was once yomg-and where are tho frimads of my youth? I have fomad mo of 'em, eertainly. I saw hime ride in the cirens the other day om a barebrick horse, and even now his mame stares at me from youder hoardfenee, in green, and blow, and reed, and yellow letters. Dashingtom, tho youth with whem I nsell to rean the nble orations of' Cicero, and who, as a dechimer on exhilitition days, used to wipe the rest of ns boys pretty haudsomely out-well, Dashington is iflentified with the holiment and conl interest-drives a fish-cart, in fact, firm a certain town on the egast, baek into the interior. llurlertson, the utterly stupid hoy-the homkhead, whon never had lis lesson-he's abmut the ablest lawyer a sister State ean beast. Mills is a newspaper man, and in just now editing it MajorGeneral down South.
Sinclinsm, the aweet-voieed boy, whose face was always wastied and who was real good, and who was never rude-he is in the penitentiny fior putting his uncle's autograph to a fimancial doeurent. Lawkins, the clergyman's non, is an aetor, anll Williamsom, the good little boy who divided his bread and butter with the beggar-man, is a failing merebant, and makes money by it. Tom Slink, who used to smoke short-
sixes, and get acquainted with the litte cirens boys, is popularly supposed to be tho proprictor of a choap gaming establishment in Boston, whero the beautiful but uneertuin prop is nightly tossed. Be sure, the Army is represented by many of the fricuds of my youth, the most of whom have given a good account of themselves. But Chalmerson hasn't done much. No, Chalmerson is rather of a failure. He plays on tho guitar and simb. leve songs. Not that he is a bad man. $\Lambda$ kinderhearted creaturo never lived, and they say ho hasn't yet got over erying for his littlo curly haired sister who died ever so long
ago. But he knows nothing about busiuess, polities, the world, and those things. Ho is dull at trade,-indeed, it is a common remark that "everybody chents Chalmersen." Ho came to the party the other ovening, and brought his guitar. They weuldn't have hins for a tenor in the opera, certainly, for he is shaky in his upper notes; but if his simplo melodies didn't gush straight from tho heart, why wero my trained eyes wet? Aud although some of the girls giggled, and somo of the men seemed to pity him, I could not heh, fancy. ing that poor Chalmerson wns nearer henven than any of us all I

The B oty havin this voluur of their President

Dear Stit
I have receipt of which you before you

I feel
Perhips
out busiuess, things. He is a common ats Chaluerty the other itar. 'They in the opera, upper notes; didn't gush hy were iny ough some of of the men ot help faney. auarer heaven


Artemus finds it plensant strolling about his farm with dressing-gown and elgar. See page 48.

## XV.

## AGRICULI'URE.

The Barclay County Agrieultural Soeiaty having serieusly in:vited the author of this volume to address them ou tho oceasion of their next amual Fair, he wrote the President of that Soeicty as fellows:

New York, June, 12, 1865.
Dear Sir:-
I have the hener to acknowledge the reccipt of yeur letter of the 5th inst., in which you invite me to deliver an address before your excellent agricultural soeiety.

I feel flattered, and think I will come.
Perhaps, meanwhile, a bricf history of
iny experience as an agrieulturist will be aceeptable; and as that history no doubs comtains suggestions of value to the entirs agricultural eommunity, I have concluded to write to you through tho Press.

I have been au honest old farmer for some four vears.

My farm is in the interior of Maine. Uufortunately my lands are eleven miles from the railraad. Eleven miles is quite a distance to haul immense quantities of wheat, oorn, rye, and oats; but as I hav'n't any to haul, Ids not, after all, suffer muah on that account.

My farm is more especially a grass farm.
My neighbors told me so at first, and as an evidenee that they were sincere in that opinion, they turned their cows on to it the moment I went sf: "lecturing."
These cows are now quite fat. I take pride in these cows, in fact, and am glad I own a grass farm.
Two years ago I tried sheep-raising.
I bought fifty lambs, and turned them loose on my broad and beautiful acres.

It was pleasant on bright mornings to stroll leisunely out on to the farm in my dressing-gown, with a cigar in my month, and wateh those innocent little lambs as they daneed gaily o'er the hillside. Wateling their saucy capers reminded me of caper sauce, and it oceurred to me I should hare some very fine eating when they grow up to be " muttons."
My gentle shepherd, Mr. Eli Perkius, said, "We must have some shepherd dogs."

I had no very precise idea as to what shepherd dogs were, but I assumed a rather profound look, and said!
" We must Eli. I spoke to you about this some time ago !"

I wrote to my old friend, Mr. Dester II. Follett, of Boston, for two shepherd dogs. Mr. F. is not an honest old faruer himself, but I thought he knew about shepherd dogs. Fic kindly forsook far more important business to aceommodate, and the dogs came forthwith. They were splendid creatures-snuff-colored, hazel-cyed, longtailed, and chapely-jawed.

We led them proudly to the fields.
"Turn them in, Eli," I said.
Eli turned them in.
They went in at once, and killed twenty of my best lambs in about four minutes and a half.
My friend had made a trifling mistake in the breed of these dogs.

These dogs were not partial to sheep.
Eli Perkins was astonished, and observed:
"Waal! did you cver?"
I certainly never had.

There were pools of blood on the greens vard, and fragments of wool and raw lamb etiops lay round in confused heaps.

The dogs would havo been sent to Boston that night, had they not rather suddenly died that afternoon of a thront-distemper. It wasn't a swelling of the throat. It wasn't diphtheria. It was a violent opening of the throat, extending from ear to ear.

Thus elosed their life-stories. Thus ended their interesting tails.

I failed as a raiser of lambs. As a sheepist, I was not a success.

Last summer Mr. Perkins said, " I think we'd better cut some grass this season, sir."

## We cut some grass.

To me the new-mown hay is very sweet and niec. The brilliant George Arnold sings about it, in beautiful verse, down in Jersey every summer ; so does the brilliant Aldrich, at Portsmouth, N. H. And yet I doubt if either of theso men knows the price of a ton ol hay to-day. But newmown hay is a rea!ly fine thing. It is good for man and beast.

We hired four honest farmers to assist us, and I led them griily to the meadows.

I was going to mow, mysell.
I saw the sturdy peasants go round ere I dipped my flashing seythe into the tall green grass.
"Are vou ready?" said E. Perkins.
"I am here!"
"Then follow us!"
I followed them.
Followed them rather too elosely, evidently, for a white-haired old man, who immediately followed Mr. Perkins, called upon us to halt. Then in a low tirm voice he said to his son, who was just ahead of me, "John, change places with me. I hain't got long to live, anyhow. Yonder berryin' ground will soon have these old bones, and it's no matter whether I'm car ried there with oue lerg off and terrible
gashes in the ot John-you are yo

The old man son. $\Lambda$ simile of his wriukled face, am realy!"
"What mean $y$
"I mean that i 'ish that blade as it, you'll slash hfore we'ro a hour
There was sol this white-haired It was trone tha mowiug off his st was perhaps natur

I went and sat never kuow'd a lit overhererd tho old anything."
Mr. Perkins w: this season as I Every afternoon field regularly, ar two hours. He s inherited it from was often taken it great deal.

At the end of $t$ would reappear w up in a large wo better."

One afternoon soon followed the is I neared the voice energeticall It was the voiee added, "I'll holle
"Oh no, Nane Perkins soothing
yashes in the other or not ! But you, John-you are young."
The old man changed phaces with his son. A smite of calur resignation lit up his wrinkled face, as he said, "Now, sir, I an ready !"
"What mean you, old man ?" I sain.".
"I mean that if you contimer to bran'ish that blade as you have been bran'ishin' it, you'll slask h——out of some of us before we're a hour older!"
There was some reason mingled with this white-haired old peasant's profanity. It was true that I hard twice escaped mowing off his son's lays, mind his fitther was perlans maturatly alarmed.
I went and sat down under a trec. "I never know'd a literary man in my life," I overheerd the old mam saly, "that know'd anything."
Mr. Perkins was not as valuable to me this season as I had fimeied he might be. Every afterioon he disappeared from the field regularly, and remained about some two hours. He said it was headneie. He inherited it from his mother. His mother was often taken in that way, and suffered a great deal.
At the end of the two hours Mr. Perkins would reappear with his lead neatly done up in a large wet rag, and say he "felt better."

One afternoon it so lappened that I soon followed the invalid to the house, and as I neared the porch I heard a female voice energetically observe, "You stop!" It was the voice of the hired girl, and she added, "I'll holler for Mr. Brown!"
"Oh no, Naney," I heard the invalid E. Perkins soothingly say, "Mr. Brown
knows I love you. Mr. Brown approves of it!"

## This was pleasant for Mr. Brown!

I peered eautionsly through the kitelien blinds, and, however umatural it may appear, the lips of Fli Perkins and my lired giri were very near together. Sho said, "You slan't the so," and he do-soerl. She also said she would get right up und go away, and as an evilence that she was thormughly in earnest about it, she remained where she wals.

They are married now, and Mr. Perkins is troubled no more with the headache.

This year we are plantiug corn. Mr. Perkins w:iles me that "on accomuts of no skare krows bein put up krows cum and digged first erop up but som got nother in. Ohd Bisbee who was frade youd eut his sons legugs of Ses you bet go and stan up in feeld yrself with dressiln gownd on \& gesses krows will keep away. this made Boys in store larf, no More terday from
" Yours
"respecful
"Eli Perkins, " his letter."
My friend Mr. J. T. T. Moore, of the Rural New Yorke', thinks if I " keepon," I will get in the poor house in about two years.

If you think the honest old farmers of Barelay County want me, I will eone.

Truly Yours,
Cilarles F. Browne.

PART II.
TO CALIFORNIA AND BACK.

The steam at noon.

IIer deek passengers, $n$ after" their with our sme the yells of lost baggago the roar of being about were ever th I am one with a glarit Great jan lady, with fondly; and well!'-Dis pears.

I should
Confusior
a state-room of forty-five man! leave

By-and-b somewhat

When th
are fairly roughly, an of the pass naval office wit by cart plate of ran molasses. the deck manner.

## I.

## ON THE STEAMER.

New York, Oct. 13, 1863.
The steamer Ariel starts for California at noon.
Her deeks are crowded with excited passengers, who insanely undertake to "look after" their trunks and things; and what with our smashing against each other, and the yells of the porters, and the wails over lost baggage, and the crash of boxes, and the roar of the boilers, we are for the time being about as unhappy a lot of maniacs as were ever thrown together.

I am one of them. Iam rushing round with a glaring eye in search of a box.

Great jam, in which I find a swect young lady, with golden hair, clinging to me fondly, and saying, "Dear Gcorge, fare-well!"-Discovers her mistake and disappears.

I should like to be George some more.
Confusion so great that I seek refuge in a state-room which contains a single lady of forty-five summers, who says, "Base man! leave me!" I leave her.

By-and-by we cool down, and become somerrhat egulated.

## Next Day,

Wheu the gong sounds for breakfast we are fairly out on the sea, which runs roughly, and the Ariel rocks wildly. Many of the passengers are sick, and a young naval officer establishes a reputation as a wit by carrying to one of the invalids a plate of raw salt pork, swimming in cheap molasses. I an not sick; so I roll round the deek in the most checrful sea-dog manner.

The next day and the next pass by in a serene manuer. The waves are smooth now, and we can all eat and sleep. We might have enjoyed ourselves very well, I fancy, if the Ariel, whose capaeity was about three hundred and fifty passengers, had not on this oceasion carried nearly nine hundred, a hundred at least of whom were children of an unpleasant age. Captain Semmes captured the Ariel once, and it is to be deeply regretted that that thrifty buccancer hadn't made mince-meat of her, because she is a miserable tub at best, and hasn't much more right to be afloat than a second-land coffin has, I do not know her proprictor, Mr. C. Vanderbilt. But I know of several excellent niill privileges in the State of Maine, and not one of them is so thoroughly Damid as he was all the way from New York to $\Lambda$ spinwall.

I had far rather say a pleasant thing than a harsh one; but it is due to the large number of respectable ladies and gentlemen who were on board the steamer Ariel with me, that I state here that the accounmodations on that steamer were very vile. If I did not so state, my conscience would sting me through life, and I should have horrid dreams like lichard III. Esic.

The proprictor apparently thought we were undergoing transpertation for life to some lonely island, and the very waiters who brought us meats that any warden of any penitentiary would blush to offer convicts, seemed to think it was al glaring error our not being in chains.

As a specimeu of the liberal manner in which this steamer was managed I will uention that the purser (a very pleasant
person, by the way) was made to unite the positions of purser, baggage clerk, and docter; and I one day had alurking suspicion that he was anong the waiters in the dining-eabin, disguised in a whito jacket and slipshod pumps.

I have spoken my piece about the Ariel, and I hopo Mr. Vanderbilt will reform ere it is too late. Dr. Watts says the vilest
simer may return as long as the gas-meters work well, or words to that effect.

We were so densely crowded on board the Ariel that I eamnot consecientiously say we were altogether luppy. And sca-voyages at best are a little stupid. On the whole I should prefer a voyage on the Eiric Canal, whero there isn't any danger, and where you can carry pieturesque seencry along with you-so to speak.

On the tho Repul of New named $M$ rived quit carrying $p$ the steame was an Lincoln c and indec them that gentleman observed,
the gas--meters ffeet.
ded on board ientiously say id sea-voyages Ont the whole te Rric Canal, r , and where senery along


An inebriated Colifornian miner desires to be an angel, and with the migels mand.-See page 56.

## II.

THE ISTHMUS.

On the ninth day we reach $\Lambda$ spinwall in the Republie of Grenada. The President of New Grenada is a Central Anerican named Mosquero. I was told that he derived quite a portion of his income by carrying passengers' valises and things from the steamer to the hotels in Aspinwall. It was an infamous falsehood. Fancy $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$. Lincoln earrying carpet-bags and things! and indeed I should rather trust him with them than Mosquero, because the former gentleman, as I think some one has before observed, is "honest."

I intrust my bag'to a spekled native. who eonfidentially.;ives me to understand that he is the only strictly honest person in $\Lambda \mathrm{s}$ pirwall. The rest, he says, are niggerswhich the colored people of the isthmus regard as about as schatiug a thing as they can say of one another.
I examine the New Grenadian flag, which waves from the chamber-window of a refreshment saloon. It is of simplo design. You can make one.

Take half of a cotton shirt, that has been worn two months, and dip it in molasses of
the day \& Martin brand. Then let the flies gambol over it for a few days, and you have it. It is an emblem of Sweet Liberty.

At the Howard House the man of sin rubbeth the hair of the horse to the bowels of the eot, and our girls are waving their lily-white hoofs in the dazzling waltz.

We have a quadrille, in whieh an Firglish person slips up and jams his massive brow against my stomach. He apologizes, and I say, " all right, my lord." I subsequently aseertained that he superintended the shipping of eoals for the British steamers, and owned fighting eocks.

The ball stops suddenly.
Great exeitement. One of our passengers intoxieated and riotous in the strect. Openly and avowedly desires the entire Republie of New Grenada to "come on."

In ease they do come on, agrees to make it lively for them. Is quieted down at last, and marehed off to prison, by a squad of Grenadian troops. Is musieal as he passes the hotel, and smiling sweetly upon the ladies and ehildren on the balcony, expresses a distinet desire to be an Angel, and with the Angels stand. After which he leaps uimbly into the air, and imitates the warery of the red man.

The natives amnass wealth hy earrying valises, tie., then squander it for liquor. My native comes to me as I sit on the veranda of the Howard House smoking a eigar, and solieits the job of taking my things to the ears next morning. Ho is intoxieated, and has been fightining, to the palpable detriment of his wearing apparel; for he has only a pair of tattered pantaloons and a very small quantity of shirt left.

We go to bed. Night of us are assigned to a small den up-stairs, with only two lame apologies for beds.

Mosruitoes and even rats amoy us fear-
fully. One bold rat gnaws at the feet of a young Englishman in the party. This was more than the young linglishman could stand, and rising trom his bed he asked us if New Grenada wasn't a Republie? We said it was. "I thought so," he said.
"Of eourse I mean no disrespect to the United States of Ameries in the remark, but I think I prefer a bloated monarehy!" He smiled sadly-then handing his purse and his mother's photograph to another English person, he whispered softly, "If I am eaten up, give them to Me mother-tell her I died like a true Brion, with no faith whatever in the suecess of a republican form of government! And then he erept baek to bed agaiu.

We start at seven the next morning for Panama.

My native comes bright and carly to transport my earpet sack to the railway station. His clothes have suffered still more during the night, for he eomes to me now dressed only in a small rag and one boot.

At last we are off. " Alios, Americanos," the natives ery; to which I pleasantly reply, "Adous ! and long may it be before you have a chance to $\mathrm{D}_{0}$ us again."

The ears are comfortable on the Panama railway, and the comntry through which we pass is very beautiful. But it will not do to trust it mueh, because it breeds fever: and other unpleasant disorders, at all seasons of the year. Like a girl we most all have knewn, the Isthmus is fair but false.

There are mud huts all along the route, and half naked savages gaze patronizingly upon us from their door-ways, An elderly lady in speetaeles appears to be much seandalized by the seant dress of these people, and wants to know why the seleet men don't put stop to it. From this, and a remark she ineidentally makes about her son who has invented a washing machine whieh will wash, wring, and dry a shirt in ten minutes,

I infer that s England, like

The Cent only excreise ally produce begin to swe symptoms of and then sel and hammos

These Ce queer eonee ly know wh immortal oll are about a American i of govermm

And yet ple in the 1 them-a C He lay sie and took h shall neve And the n
the feet of a ty. This was ishman could he asked us public? We so," he said. espeet to the the remark, d monarchy !" ing his purse h to another softly, "If I mother-tell with no faith a republican then he erept
t morning for and early to the ruilway suffered still comes to me lug and one Americanos," pleasantly rey it be before gain."
on the Pamama ugh whieh we it will not do breeds fevers rs, at all searl we most all fair but filse. ong tho route, e patronizingly 8. An elderly be much scanthese people, deet men don't and a remark her son who ine whieh will in ten minutes,

I infer that she is from the hills of Old New England, like the Hutehinson family.

The Central Ameriean in lazy. The only excreise he ever takes is to occasionally produce a Revolution. When his feet begin to swell, and there are premonitory symptoms of gout, he "revolushes" a spell, and then serenely returns to his eigarette and hammoek under the palm trees.

These Central American Republies are queer concerns. I do not of course preeisely know what a last year's calf's ideas of immortal glory may be, but probably they are about as lueid as those of a Central American in regard to a republican form of govermment.

And yet I am told they are a kindly people in the main. I never met but one of then-a Costa Riem, on board the Ariel. He lay siek with fever, and I went to him and took his hot hand gently fin mine. I shall never forget his look of gratitude. And the next day he borrowed five dollars
of me, shedding tears as he put it in his poeket.

At Panama we lost several of our passengers, and among them three Peruvian ladies, who go to Lima, the eity of voleanic irruptions and veiled black eyed beautics.

The Senoritas who leaves us at Panama are splendid ereatures. They learned me Spanish, and in the soft moonlight we walked on deek and talked of the land of Pizarro. (You know old Piz. conquered Peru! and although he was not edueated at West Point, he had still some military talent.) I feel as thongh I had lost all my relations, ineluding my grandmother and the cooking stove, when these gay young Senoritas go away.

They do not go to Peru on a Peruvian bark, but on an English steaner.

We find the St. Louis, the steamer awaiting us at P'anama, a eheerful and well appointed-boat, and commanded by Capt. Ifudson.

## III.

The pretty peasant girls peadde neek laces made of shells, and oranges, in the streets of Acapulco, on steamer days. They are quite naive about it. Handiug you a necklace they will say, "Me qive yon pres-ent, Senor," and then retire with a low curtsey. Returning, however, in a few moments, they say quite sweetly, "You give me pres-ent, Senor, of 'quarter dollar!" which you at once do, muless yon have a heart of stone.
Acapules was shelled by the Firenel a year or so before our arrival there, and they cffected a landing. But the gray and gallant Mexicans peppered them so persistently and effectually from the momitains near by, that they concluded to sell ont and leave.
Napoleon has no right in Mexico. Mexico may deserve al liekiug. That is possible enough. Must people do. But nobody has any right to liek Mexico but the United States. We have a right, I flatter myself, to lick this entire continent, including ourselves, any time we want to.

The signal gun is fired at 11 , and we go off to the steamer in small boats.

In our boat is an inebriated United States official, who flings his spectacles overboard, and sings a flippant and absurd song about his grandmother's spotted calf, with his ri fol-lol-tiddery-i-do, After which he crumb-
les, in an incomprehensible manner, into the bottom of the boat, and howls dismally.
We reach Mamzamillo, another coast place, twenty-fom hours after leaving Acapuleo. Mamzanillo is a little Mexican village, and looked very wretehed indeal, sweltering anay there on the hot sumds. But it is a part of some importiance nevertheless, beceumse a great deal of merchandise finds its way to the interior from there. The white and green flag of Mexico floats from a red sterm tug (the nary of Mexico, by the way, consists of two tuge, a divabled raft, and a hasswond life-preserver) and the Captain of the Port comes off to us in his small boat, elimbs up the side of the St. Louis, and folds the healthy form of Captain IIudson to his breast. There is no wharf here, and we have to imelor off the town.

There was a wharf, but the enterprising Mexican peasimitry, who subsist by poling merehamdise ashore in dug-outs, indignantly tore it up. We take on here some young Mexicans, from Colima, who are going to Culifornia. They are of the better class, and one young man (who was educated in Madrid) speaks Fuglish rather better than I write it. Be carcful not to admire any article of an elucated Mexican's dress, because if you do he will take it right off and give it to you, and sometines this might be awk ward.

I said: "What a beautiful cravat you wear l"
"It is yours!" he exclaimed, quiekly unbuckling it; and I could not induce him to take it back agaiu.
I am ghd I did not tell his sister, who
was with him, and witt: whom I was lucky enough to get acepuinted, what a beautiful white hand she hand. She might have given it to ne on the spot; and that, :ss she had soft eyes, a quecenly forme, zum : hall' million or so in her own right, wonld have made me feel bad.

Reporte reach us here of high-hamdent rolleries by the banditti all aboug the read to the City of Mexiro. They steal elothes as well as coin. A few days since the nail coach cutered the city with all the passengers stark-maked!" They must have filt mortificul.
mamer, into howls dismalher coast place, ing Acapulco. 11 village, and al, sweltering But it is a rertheless, beudise finds it.s - The white ts from a red o, by the way, draft, and : he Captain of' is small boat, Louis, and tain Hulson arf here, and 11. enterprising ist by poling s, indiguantsome young tre going to better class, educated in better than admire any is dress, beright off and his. might be
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## IV.

## CALIEORNIA.

We reach San Francisco one Sunday aftermoon. I :min driven to the Oecidental Hotel by a kind-hearted hackman, who states that inasmueh as I have come out there to amuse people, he will only charge me five dollars. I pay it in gold, of course, beeause zreenbaeks are not current on the Pacifie coast.
Many of the citizens of San Franciseo remember the Sabbath day to keep it jolly; and the theatres, the cireus, the minstrels, and the musie halls are all in full blast tonight.

I "compromise" and go to the Chinese theatre, thinking perhaps there can be no great harm in listening to worldly sentiments when expressed in a language I don't understand.

The Chinaman at the door takes my tieket with the remark, "Ki hi-hi ki! Shoolah! !"

And I tell him that on the whole I think he is right.

The Chinese play is "eontinued," like a Jedger story, from night to night. It com. mences with the birth of the hero or heroine, which interesting event occurs publicly on the stage; and then follows hin or her down to the grave, where it cheerfully ends. Sometimes a Clinese play lasts six months. The play I am speaking of had been zoing on for about two months. The heroine had grown up into womanhood, and was on the point, as I inferred, of being married to a young Chinaman in spangled pantaloons and a long black tail. The bride's father comes in with his arms full of tea chests, and bestows them, with his blessing, upon the happy couple. As this play is to run four
montlis longer, however, and as my time is limited, I go away at the elose of the second act, while the orehestra is performing an overture on gongs and one-stringed fiddles.

The door-keeper again says, "Ki hi-hiki! Shoolah!" adding, this time however, "Chow-wow." I agree wit's him in regard to the ki hi and hi ki, but tell him I don't feel altogether certain about the chow-wow.

To Stockton from San Franciseo.
Stockton is a beautiful town, that has ceased to think of beeoming a very large place, and hus quietly settled dowu into a state of serene prosperity. I have my boots repaired here by an artist who informs me that he studied in the penitentiary; and I visit the lunatie asylum, where I eneounter a vivacious maniae who invites me to ride in a ehariot drawn by eight lions and a rhinoceros.
John Phœenix was once stationed at Stockton, and put his mother aboard the San Fi ancisce boat one morning with the spark"ing remark, "Dear mother, be virtuous and you will be happy!',

Forward to Sacramento-which is the eapital of the State, ind a very niee old town.

They had a flood here some years ago, during which several bloeks of buildings sailed out of town and have never been heard from since. A Chinaman concluded to leave in a wash-tub, and aetually set sail in one of those fragile barks. A drowning man hailed him piteously, thus: "Throw me a rope, ol throw me a rope!" To which the Chinaman excitedly eried, "No have got-how can do?" and went on, on with
the howling more ; but found by so the north pe

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the howling curient. He was never seen more ; but a few weel.s after his tail was found by sone Sabbattl-school children in the north part of the State.

I go to the mountain towns. The sensational mining days are over, but I find the people jolly and hospitable nevertheless.

At Nevada I ans ealled upon, shortly after my arrival, by an athletie searlet-faeed man, who politely says his nane is Blaze.
"I have a little bill against you, sir," he observes.
"A bill-what for?"
"For drinks."
"Drinks?"
"Yes sir-at my bar, I keep the well known and highly-respeeted eoffe-house down street."
"But, my dear sir, there is a mistakeI never drank at your bar in my life."
"I know it, sir. That isn't the point. The point is this: I pay out money for good liquors, and it is people's own falt if they don't drink them. There are the liquors-do as you please about drinking them, lut you must pay for them! Isn't that fair?"
His enormous hody (which Puek wouldn't put a girdle round for forty dollars) shook gleefully while I read this eminently original bill.

Years ago Mr. Blaze was an agent of the California Stage Company. There was a formidable and well organized opposition to the California Stage Company at that time, and Mr. Blaze rendered them such signal service in his eapaeity of agent that they were very sorry when he tendered his resignation.
"You are some sixteen hundred dollars behind in your aecounts, Mr. Blaze," said the President, "but in view of your faithful and effieient serviees, we shall throw off eight hundred dollars of that amount."

Mr. Blaze seemed touehed by this gencrosity. A tear stood in his cye and his bosom throbbed audibly.
"You will throw off eight hundred dol-lars-you will?" he at last cried, seizing the President's hand and pressing it passionately to his lips.
"I will," returned the President.
"Well, sir," said Mr. Blaze, " I'm a gentleman, $I$ am, you bet! Ar.ll I won't allow no Stage Company to surpass me in politeness. I'll throw off the other cight hundred dollars, and we'll call it square ! No gratitude, sir-no thanks; it is my duy."

I get back to Sam Franciso in a few weeks, and an to start home Overland from here.

The distance fron Sueramento to Aterhison, Kansis, by the Overland stage route, is twenty-two hundred miles, but you can happily accomplish a part of the journey by railroad. The Pacifie railroad is mpleted twelve miles to Folsom, leaving only two thousand and one hundred and eightyeight miles to go by stage. This breaks the monotony; but as it is midwinter, and as there are well substantiated reports of Overhand passengers freczing to death, and of the Pinte savages being in one of their sprightly mools when they scalp people, I do not-I may say that I do not leave the Capital of California in a light-hearted and joyous mamer. But "leaves have their time to fall," and I have my time to leave, which is now.

We ride all day and all night, and ascend and deseend some of the most frightful hills I cver saw. We make Johnson's Pass, whieh is 6750 feet high, about two o'elock in the morning, and go down the great Kingsbury grade with loeked wheels. The driver, witl whon I sit outside, informs me, as we slowly roll down this fearful mountain road, which looks down on either side into an appalling ravine, that he has met aeeidents in his time, and cost the California stage company a great deal of money ; " because," he says " juries is agin us on prineiple, and every man who sues
us is sure to recover. But it will never be so agin, not with me, you bet."
"How is that?" I sairl.
It was frightfully dark. It was browing withal, and notwitlsstanding the brakes were kept hard down, the coach slewed wildy, often fairly touchiug the brink of the black jreeipice.
" How is that?" I said.
"Why, you see," he replied, "that
corpses never wie for damages, but maimed people do. And the next timo I have a overturn I shall go roumd amd keerfully examine the passengers. Them as is dead, I shall let ulono; hut them us is mutilated I shatl fiush with the king-bolt! Dead folks don't sue. They uin't ou it."

Thus with ancedote did this driver eheer me nр.

We reach 0 in the mornin Silver-produci They shoot the law is ratl first-class mur

I visit the Warden point to me, thus:
"This ma He is here for
"This mal here for three

But shooti as it once w used to have morning. that he supp to stock a gr morse," he me! But 1 hain't killed What'll yer ded, dealing

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## WASHOE.

We reach Carson City about nine oclock in the morning. It is the eapital of the Silver-producing territory of Nevada.
They shoot folks here somewhat, and the law is rather partial than otherwise to first-class murderers.

I visit the territorial Prisun, aud the Warden points out the prominent convicts to me, thus:
"This man's crime was hose-steaiing. He is here for life.
"This mam is in for murder. He is here for three years."

But shooting ises't as propular in Nevada as it once was. A few years since they used to have a dead man for breakfast erery morning. A reforned desperado told me that he supposed he had killed men enough to stoek a grave-yard. "A feeling of remorse," he said. "sometimes comes over me! But l'm an altered man now. I lain't killed a man for over two weeks! What'll yer poison yourself with?' he added, dealing a resonamt blow on the bar.
There used to live near Carson City a notorious desperado, who never visited town without killiug somebody. He would call tor liquor at sone drinking-house, and if :mybody declined joining him he would at onee commence shooting. But one day he shot a man too many. Going into the St. Nieholas drinking-house he asked the Company present to join him in al North Ameriean drink. One individual was rash enough to refuse. With a look of sorrow rather than of auger the desperado revealed his revolver, and said, "Good God! Must I kill a man every time I come to Carson ?'
and so saying he fired and killed the individual on the spot. But this was the last murder the bloodthirsty misereant ever cmumitted, for the aroused citizens pursued him with riffes and shot him down in his own door-yard.

I leeture in the theatre at Carson, which opens out of a driuking and gambling house. On each side of the door where my tickettaker stands there are monte-boards and sweat-cloths, but they are deserted to-night, the gamblers being evidently of a literary turn of mind.

Five years noo there was only a pony-path over the preeipitous hills on which now stands the marvellous city of Virginia, with its population of twelve thousand persons and perhaps more. Virginia, with its stately wurchouses and gay shops; its splendid streets, paved with silver ore; its banking huses mud faro-banks; its uttractive coffechouses and clegant theatre; its musie halls and its three daily newspapers.
Virginia is very wild, but I believe it is now pretty generally believed that a mining eity must go through with a cercain amount of unadulterated cussedness before it can settle down and bechave itself in a ' nservative and secmly manner. Virsia has grown up in the heart of the riehest silver regions in the world, the El Dorado of the hour; and of the inmense mumbers who are swarning thither not more than half carry their mother's Bible or any settled religion with them. The gambler and the strange
woman as naturally seek the new sensational town as ducks take to that element whieh is so useful for making coektails and bathing one's feet; and these people make the new town rather warm for a while. But by-and-by the earnest and honest eitizens get tired of this ungodly nonsense, and organize a Vigilance Committee, whieh haugs the more vicious of the pestiferous erowd to a sour apple-tree; and then come good munieipal laws, ministers, meeting-houses, and a tolerably sober police in blue coats with brass buatons. About five thousand ablebodied men are in the mines underground here; some as far down as five hundred fect. The Gould \& Curry Mine employs nine hundred men, and annually turns out about twenty million dollars worth of " demnition gold and silver," as Mr. Mantalini might express it-though silver chiefly.
There are many other mines here and at Gold-Hill (another startling silver eity, a mile from here), all of whieh do nearly as well. The silver is melted down into brieks of the size of eommon house bricks; then it is loaded into huge wagons, each drawn by eight and twelve mules, and sent off to Sin Franciseo. To a young person fresh from the land of green-backs this careless manner of earting off solid silver is rather of is startler. It is related that a young man who came Overland from New Hampshire a few monthy before my arrival becime so exeited about it that he fell in a fit, with the name of his Unele Amos on hislips. The hardy miners supposed he wanted his unele there to see the great sight, and faint with him. But this was pure eoujecture after all.

I visit several of the adjacent mining towns, but I do not go to Aurora. No I think not. A lecturer on psych ology was killed there the other night by the playful diseharge of a horse-pistol in the hands of a degenerate and intoxieated Spaniard. This eireunstance aad a rumor that the eitizens are agin literature, induce ne to go back to Virginia.

I had pointed out to me at a Restanrant a man who had killed four men in street broils, and who had that very day eut his own brother's breast open in a dangerous manner with a swall supper knife. He wis a gentleman, however. I heard him tell some men so. He admitted it himself. And I don't think he would lie about a little thing like that.

The theatre at Virginia will attract the attention of the stranger, because it is :al unusually elegant affiair of the kind, and would be so regarded anywhere. It was built, of course, by Mr. Thomas Maguire the Napoleonic manager of the Pacifie, ant who has built over twenty theatres in his time, and will perhaps build as many noore, unless somebody stops him--which, by the waly, will not be a remarkably easy thing to do.

As soon as a miniug calup begins to assume the proportions of a city; at about the time the whisky vender draws his cork, or the gambler spreads his green eloth, Maguire opens a theatre, and with a hastilyorganized "Vigilance Committee" of actors, commenees to exeeutc Shakespeare.

My arrival ized by the fol I had no soc garret of the was called up who said he w rare it was fol blighting infl malt liquors, doubtfully. 1
"What nar
Wait!" he
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In ten min
VI.

MR. PEPPER.

My arrival at Virginia City was signalized by the following incident:

I had no sooner aehieved my room in the garret of the International Hotel than I was ealled upon by an intoxicated man, who said he was an Editor. Knowing how rare it was for an Editor to be under the blighting influence of either spirituous or malt liquors, I received this statement doubtfully. But I said:
"What name?"
Wait!" he said, and went out.
I heard him pacing unsteadily up and down the hall outside.

In ten minutes he returned, and said :
" Pepper!"
Pepper was indeed his name. He had been out to see if he sould remember it; and he was so flushed with his sueeciss that he repeated it joyously several times, and then, with a short laugh, he wel' away.

I had often heard of a man being "so drunk that he didn't know what town he lived in," but here was a man so hideously inebriated that he didn't know what his name was.

I saw him no more, but I heard from him. For he published a notice of my lecture, in whieh he said I had a dissipated air!

## VII.

## HORACE GREELEY'S RIDE TO PLACERVILLE.

When Mr. Greeley was in California, ovations awaited him at every town. He had written powerful leaders in the Tribune in favor of the Pacific Railroad, which has greately endeared him to the eitizens of the Golden State. And therefore they made much of him when he went to see them.

At one town the enthusastie populace tore his eelebrated white eot to pieces, and earried the picees home to remember him by.

The eitizens of Placerville prepared to fette the great journalist, and an extra coach, with extra relays of horses, was chartered of the California Stage Company to earry him from Fclsom to Placerville-distance, forty miles. The extraz was in some way delayed, and did not leave Folsom until late in the afternoon. Mr. Greeley was to be feted at 7 o'eloek that evening by the eitizens of Plaeerville, and it was altogether necessary that he should be there by that hour. So the Stage Company said to Henry Monk, the driver of the extra, "Henry, this great man must be there by 7 to-night." And Henry answered, "The great man shall be there.'
"The roads were in an awful state, and during the first few miles out of Folsom slow progress was made.
"Sir, said Mr. Greely, "are you aware that I must be at Plueerville at 7 o'elock to-night?"
"I've got my orders!" laconically returned Henry Monk.

Still the eoach dragged slowly forward.
"Sir," said Mr. Greeley, "this is not a trifling matter, I must be there at 7 !"

Again eame the answer, "I've got my orders!"

But the speed was not inereased, and Mr.

Greeley chafed away another half hour; when, as he was again about to remonstrate with the driver, the horses suddenly started into a furious run, and all sorts of encouraging yells filled the air from the throat of Henry Monk.
"That is right, my good fellow !" eried Mr. Greeley. "I'll give you ten dollars when ree get to Placerville. Now we are going!"

They were indeed, and at a terrible speed.
Craek, erack! went tho whip, and again "that voice" split the air. "Git up! Hi yi! G’lony! Yip-yip!"

And on they tore, over stones and ruts, up hill and down, at a rate of speed never before acheived by stage horses.

Mr. Greeley, who had been bouneing from one end of the eoach to the other like an india-rubber ball, managed to get his heal out of the window, when he said:
"Do-on't-on't-on't you-u-u think wo-e-e--e shall get there by seven if wo do-on't-on't go so fast?"
"I've got my orders!" That was all Henry Monk selid. And on tore the enach.

It was beeoning serious. Already the journalist was extremely sore from the terrible jolting, and again his head "might have been seen" at the window.
"Sir," he said, "I don't eare-care-air if we don't get there at seven!"
"I have got my orders!" Fresh horses. Forward again, faster than before. Over roeks and stumps, on one of which the coach narrowly eseaped turning a sumerset.
"See here!" shrieked Mr. Grecley, "I don't care if we don't get there at all!"
"I've get my orders! I work for the

Horace
Californy St wot I work f through by s through. Yo

Another fir bald head su the roof of $t$ suall timber tanvas.
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That was all ore the enael. Already the e from the head "might - care-air V'resh horsee: efore. Over whieh the y a sumerset. Greeley, "I at all!" vork for the



Californy Stage Company, I do. That's wot I worls for. They said, 'git this man through by seving.' An' this man's goin' through. You bet! Gerlong! Whoo-ep!"
Another frightful jolt, and Mr. Greeley's bald head suddenly found its way through the roof of the coach, amidst the erash of suall timbers and the ripping of stroug canvas.
"Stop, you ——maniae!" he roared. Again answered Henry Monk:
" I've got my orders! Kcep your seat, Horace!"
At Mud Springs, a village a few miles from Placerville, they met a large delegation of the eitizens of Placerville, who had come
out to meet the celebrated editor, and eseort him into town. There was a military company, a brass band, and a six-horse wagonload of beautiful damsels in milk-white dresses, representing all the States in the Union. It was nearly dark now, but the delegation were auply provided with torehes, and bonfires blazed all along the roal to Placerville.

The eitizens met the coaeh in the foutskirts of Mud Springs, and Mr. Monk reined in his foam-covered steeds.
"Is Mr. Greeley on board?" asked the ehairman of the committee.
" He was a few miles buck !" said Miri. Mois; " yes," he added, after looking
down through the hole which the fcarful jolting had made in the coachroof-" yes, I can see him! He is there!"
" Mr. Grceley," said the Chairman of the Committee, presenting himself at the window of the coach, "Mr. Greeley, sir ! We are come to most cordially welcome you, sir——_why, God bless me, sir, you are blceding at the nose!"
" I've got my orders!" cried Mr. Monk. "My orders is as follers: Git him there by seving! It wants a quarter to seving. Stand out of the way!"
" But, sir," exclaimed the Committeeman, seizing the off leader by the reins"Mr. Monk, we are come to escort him into town! Look at the procession, sir, and the brass band, and the people, and the young women, sir!"
"I've got my orders!" screamed Mr. Monk. 'My orders don't say nothin' about no brass bands and young women. My orders says, 'git him there by seving!' Let go them lines! Clear the way there!

Whoo-cp! Keep your seat, Horace!" and the coach dashed wildly through the procession, upsetting a portion of the brass band, and violently grazing the wagon which contained the beautiful young women in whitc.
Years hence grey-haired men, who were little boys in this procession, will tell their grandchildren how this stage tore through Mud Springs, and how Horace Greeley's bald head ever and anon showed itself, like a wild apparition, above the coach-roof.
Mr. Monk was on time. There is a tradition that Mr. Greeley was very indig. nant for awhile ; then he laughed, and finally presented Mr. Monk with a bran new suit of clothes.
Mr. Monk himself is still in the employ of the California Stage Company, and is rather fond of relating a story that has made him famous all over the Pacific coast. But he says he yields to no man in his admiration for Horace Greelcy.

I leave Vii City, via the 1 There are the coathcoach, but $a$
Among the the nesue of wide spread unpleasant be of California, Reesc River

We ride ni the land of reach us that ges are on $t$ mand of a re who scems to much as he: from the reg seceding sav shall kill ar makes our $f$ in that sectic at all the sta and our pass pistols and knives in th sec if the kc containing $r$ had rather weapons up ped with t behind. T this carcle Ryder gives with which my beloved I am not $u$ ehanging

## VIII.

## TO REESE RIVER.

I leave Virginia for Great Salt Lake City, via the Reese River Silver Diggings. There are eight passengers of us inside the eoach-vhich, by the way, isn't a coach, but a Concord covered mud wagon.
Among the passengers is a genial man of the newe of Ryder, who has achieved a wide spread reputation as a strangler of unpleasant bears in the mountain fastnesses of California, and who is now an eminent Reese River miner.
We ride night and day, passing through the land of the Piute Indians. Reports reach us that fifteen hundred of these savages are on the Rampage, under the command of a red usurper named Buffalo-Jim, who seems to be a sort of Jeff Davis, inasmuch as he and his followers have seceded from the regular Piute organization. Th $r$ seceding savages have announced that they shall kill and scalp all pale-faces (which makes our faces pale, I reckon) found loose in that section. We find the guard doubled at all the stations where we change horses, and our passengersnci vously examine their pistols and readjust the long glittering knives in their belts. I feel in my pockets to see if the key which unlocks the carpet-bag containing my revolvers is all right-for I had rather brilliantly locked my deadly weapons up in that article, which was strapped with the other baggage to the rack behind. The passengers frown on me for this carelessness, but the kind-hearted Ryder gives mc a small doublc-barrelled gun, with which I narrowly cscape murdering my beloved friend Hingston in cold blood. I am not used to guns and things, and in ehanging the position of this weapon I
pulled the trigger rather harder than was nccessary.

When this wicked rebellion first broke out I was among the first to stay at home -chiefly because of my utter ignorance of firearms. I should be valuable to the Army as a Brigadier-General only so far as the moral influence of my name went.

However, we pass safely through the land of the Piutes, unmolested by Buffalo James. This celebrated savage can read and write, and is quite an orator, like Metamora, or the last of the Waurpanoags. He weut on to Washington a few years ago, and called Mr. Buchanan his Great Father, and the members of the Cabinet his dear Brothers. They gave him a great many blankets, and he returned to his beautiful hunting grounds and went to killing stage-drivers. He made such a fine impression upon Mr. Buchanan du:ing his sojourn in Washington that that statesman gave a young English tourist, who crossed the phains a few years since, a letter of introduction to him. The great Indian chief read the English person's letter with considerable emotion, and then ordered him scalped, and stole his trunks.

Mr. . Kyder knows me only as "Mr. Brown," and he refreshes me during the journey by quotations from niy books and lectures.
'Never seen Ward?" he said.
"Oh no."
"Ward says he likes little girls, but he likes large girls just as well. Haw, haw haw! I should like to see the d-_ fool!"

He referred to me.
He even woke we up in the middle of the night to tell me one of Ward's jokes.

I lectmre at Big Creck.
Big Creek is a straggling, wild little village; and the house in which I had the honor of speaking a prece hatd no other floor than the bare earth. The roof was of sage brush. At one cod of the building a luge wood fire blazed, which, with half-i dozen tallow-eandles, aftorded all the illumination desired. The lecturer spoke from behind the drinking bar. Behind him long rows of decanters glistened; above him hung pietures of race-horses and prize-fighters; and beside him, in his shirt-sleeves, and wearing a cheerfulsmile, stood the barkeeper. My specehes at the Bar before this had been of an elegant character, perhaps, but quite brief. They never extended beyond "I don't care if I do," "No sugar in mine," and short gems of a like character.

I had a good audience at Big Creck, who seemed to be pleased, the bar-keeper espccially; for at the close of any "point" that I sought to make, he wonld deal the counter a vigorous blow with his fist and
exclaim, "Good boy from the New Englan States! listen to William W. Shakespeare!

Back to Austin. We lose onr way, an hitehing onr horses to a tree, go in seare of some human beings. The night is ver dark. We soon stmmble npon a canp-fire, ant an umpleasantly modulated roice asks us t say our prayers, alding that we are on the point of going to (ilory with our boots on I think perhaps there may be some trutl in this, as the mouth of a horse-pistol al most grazes my forehead, while inmediate ly behind the butt of that death-dealing weapon I perceive a large man with blact whiskers. Other large men begin to assem ble, also with horse-pistols. Dr. Hingston hastily explains, while I go back to the carriage to say my prayers, where there i more room. The men were miners on : prospecting tour, and as we advanced upon them without sending them word they took us for highway robbers.

I must not forget to say that my brave and kind-hearted friend liyder, of the mail eoach, who had so often alluded to "Ward" in our ride from Virginia to Austin, was among my hearers at Big Creek. He had discovered who I was, and informed me that he had debated whether to wollop me or give ne some rich silver elatims..

How was I mons? Tha tion with m plains that a mine (writte greatly incen the Saerame dew days be which a Sa clearly intim new Yion mis ate my dinno cigars. Tho six. They were procure Laike House

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## 1X.

## GREAT' SALT LAKE CITY.

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Dr. Hingston go back to the Where there iere miners on a adrancel upon word they took
that my brave der, of the mail led to "Warrd" to Austin, was reek, He had 1 inforned the to wollop we laims.

How was I to be greeted by the Mormons? That was rather an exciting yurstion with me. I had been told on the phains that a certain humorous sketch of mine (written anne years before) had greatly incensel the Saints, and a copy of the Sacramento Uuinn newspaper had a few days before fallen into my hands, in which a Salt Take correspondent quite clearly intimated that my reception at the new Cion might be unpleasantly warm. I ate my dinner moodily and sent out for some cigars. The venerable elerk brought me six. They cost only two dollars. They were procured at a store near by. The Salt Lake House sells neithe reigars nor liquors.
I smoke in my room, having no heart to mingle with the people in the office.

Dr. Hingston "thanks Gol he never wrote against the Mormons," and goes out in seareh of a brother Englishman. Comes back at night and says there is a prejudice against me. Advises me to keep in. Has heard that the Mormons thirst for my blood and are on the look out for me.

Under these circumstances I keep in.
The next day is Sunday, and we go to the Tabernacle, in the morning. The Tabcruacle is located on - strect, and is a loug rakish building of adobe, capable of seating some twenty-five hundred persons. There is a wide platform and a rather large pulpit at one end of the building, and at the other end is another platform for the choir. A young Irishman of the name of Slom preaches a sensible sort of discourse, to which a Presbyterian could hardly have oijected. Sast night this same Mr. Sloan enacted a character in a rollickiug Irish
farce at the theatre! And he played it well, I was told : not so well of course as the great Dan Bryant could, lut I fincy he was nore at home in the Mormon pulpit than D:aicl would have been.

The Mormons, loy the way, are preeminently an anusement-loving people, and the Etders pray for the success of their theatre with as much carnestress as they pray for mything else. The congregation doesn't startle us. It is known, I fancy, that the heads of the chureh are to be absent to-day, and the attendance is slim. There are no ravishingly beautiful women present, and no positively ugly ones. The men are fair to middling. They will uever be slayn in cold blood for their heauty, nor shut up in jail for their hometiness.

There are some good voies in the choir to-day, but the orchestral aceompaniment is unusually slight. Sometimes they introduce a full brass and string hand in Church. Brigham Young says the devil has monopolized the good music long enough, and it is high time the Lord had a portion of it. Therefore trombones are tooted on Sundays in Utah as well as on other days; and there are some splendid musieans there. The orchestra in Brigham Young's theatre is quite equal to any in Broadway. There is a youth in Salt Lake City (I forget his name) who plays the cornet like a North Aneriean angel.

Mr. Stenhouse relieves me of any anxiety I had felt in regard to having my swanlike throat cut by the Danites, but thinks my wholesale denunciation of a people $I$ had never seen was rather hasty. The following is the paragraph to which the Saints
objected. It oceurs in sm " Artemus Ward" paper on Brigham Young, written some years ago:
"I girded up my hions and fled the Seen. I pueked up my duds and left Salt Lako which is a 2 : 1 Soddum and Germorer, in habited by as theavin' \& onprineipled a set of retehis as ever drew Breth in eny spot on the Globe."

I had forgotten all about this, und as Elder Stenhouse read it to me " nay feeliugs may be better imagined than described," to use language I think I have heard before. I pleaded, however, that it was a pure'y burlesque sketeh, and that this strong paragraph should not be interpreted literally at all. The elder didn't seem to see it in that light, but we parted pleasintly.

I go buck I do not get I have the mo though it el typhus) and in ous. I don't regard amytl My poor Hin and Dr. Willi pours all kit throat. I dr cheerful beve the sheets wi large assembl into my room with the mur the actor wi I have a luei which James IIe whispers, too distinetly thing and ev hand for as si anybody die.

That was ble Californis celebrated ra brother, altl frenzy I mol kindly eyes. and Mormo loops, and ri all over the the venerabl casy.

I lay the nearly two w up with my plaster on $m$
out this, and as me " my feelings an described," to wo heard before. it was a purce'y this strong parrpreted literally em to see it in casintly.

## X.

## 'IHE MOUN'AIN FEVER.

I go back to my hotel and go to bed, and I do not get up again for two weary weeks. Ihave the mountain fever (so called in Utah though it elosely resembles the old style, typhus) and in my caso is pronounced dangerous. I don't regard it so. I don't in faet regard amything. I am all right myself. My poor Hingston shakes his head sudly, and Dr. Williamson, from Camp Douglan, pours all kinds of bitter stuff down my throat. I drink his health in at dose of the dheerful beverage known as jalap, and thresh the sheets with my hot hands. I address large assemblages, who have somehow got into my room, and I charge Dr. Williamson with the murder of Suee, and Mr. Irw in the actor with the murder of Shaknpeare. I have a lucid spell now and then, in one of which Jamos T'ownsend, the landlord, enters. Ho whispers, but I hear what he says far too distinetly: "This man can huve anything and everything he wants; but I'm no hand for a sick room. I never could see amybody dic."

That was cheering, I thought. 'I'he noble Californian, Jerome Davis-he of the celebrated ranelı-stieks by mo like a twin brother, although I fear that in my hot frenzy I more than once anathematized his kindly eyes. Nurses and watehers, Gentile and Mormon, volunteer their service in hoops, and rare wines are sent to me from all over the city, which if I ean't drink, the venerable and Exeellent Thomas can casy.

I lay there in this wild broiling way for nearly two weeks, when one morning I woke up with niy head elear and an immense plaster on my stomach. The plaster had
operated. I was so raw that I conld by no mems say to Dr Willianson, Well done, thou good and faithful servant. I wished he had lathered me before he plastered me. I was fearfully weak. I was frightfully thin. With either one of my legs you could have clemed the stem of a meersehaum pipe. My backbone had the appearance of a clothosline with a quantity of Finglish wahuts strung $\quad 1$ pon it.

My face was almont gone. My nose was so sharp that I didn't dare stick it into other people's basiness for fear it would stay there. But by borrowing my agent's overcoat I succeeded in producing a shadow.

I have been looking at Zion all day, and my feet are soro and my legs are weary. I go back to tho Salt Lake House, and have a talk with landlord Townsend about the State of Maine. He came from that bleak region, having skinned his infantilo cyes in York County. He was at Nauvoo, and was foreed to sell out his entire property there for $\$ 50$. He has thrived in Utah, however, and is much thought of by the Chureh. He is an Elder, and preaches oceasionally. Ho has only two wives. I hear lately that he has sold his property for $\$ 25,000$ to Brigham Young, and gone to England to mako converts. How impressive he may bo as an expounder of the Mormon gospel, I don't know. His beef-steaks and ehicken-pies, however, were first-rate. James and I talk about Maine, and cordially agreo that so far as pine boards and horse-mackerel are concerned it is equalled by few and excelled by none. There is no
place like home, as Clara, the Maid of Milan, very justly observes; and while J. Townsend would be unhappy in Maine, his heart evidently beats back there now and then.

I heard the love of home oddly illustrated in Oremon, one night, in a country bar-room. Fono or 11 ilowsed men, in a state of strong Trink, were boasting of their respective places of nativity.
"I," said one, "was born in Mississippi, where the sun ever shimes and the magnolias bloom all the happy year round."
"And I," said amnther, "was horn in Kentucky-Kentucky, the home of impassioned oratory: the home of Clay: the

State of splendid women, of gallant men!"
"And I," said another, "was born in Virgiuia, the home of" Waslington: the birthplace of statesmen: the state of chi. valric deeds and noble hospitality!"
"And I," salid a yellow-haired and sallowfaced man, who was not of this party at all, and who had heen quietly smoking a short back pipe ly the fire during their magnificent conversation-"and 1 was born in the garden spot of America."

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## XI.

## "I $\wedge$ I IERE."

There is no mistake alout that. there is a good prospect of my staying here for some time to come. The snow is deep the ground, and more is fallin
The 1) tor look slum, and in the of his ill-starred enuntryman oir J. Framklin, who went to the Aretic (nice tow mun. "A good thing happenced down b. "the other day," said at minur from New Hanly, slire to ne. "A man of Bostom dressin" went through there, and at one iff the stittions there wa 'ut any mulcs. Says the man, who wes tixed out to kill it his Boston dressin', 'Where's them muel, says the
dinver. "'liem mules is into the sage-brush. You fo eatch 'eli-that's wot you tlo.' Says th man of Toston dressin, 'Ol_ ! s'ay the driver, '()hy l' and he touk his longe enach-whip and In ket the man of Boston dr win till he went and caught them mules. 110 ines that strike you as a joke?'"

It diln't strike me as much of a joke to pay a hundred and seventy-five dollars in gold tire, and then he hors whipped by stage-drivers, fine deelining to chase mules. But perple' ideas of humor differ, just as people's ideas differ in regard to shrewd
ness-whiel " reminds mo of a little story." Sittiug in a New England country store one day, I overhenrd the following dialogue between two brothers:
"Say, Bili, wot you done with that air sorrel mare of yourn?"
"Sold her," said Willian, with a smile of sntisfaction.
"Wot 'd you git?"
"Hund'd an' ifty dellars, eash deown !"
"Show! Hund'd an' fifty for that kiekin' spavin'd eritter? Who'd you sell her to ?"
"Sold her to mother!'
"Wot!" exclained brother No. 1, " did you railly sell that kiekin' spavin'n eritter to mother? Wall, you air a shrewd one!"
A Sensation-Arrival by the Overland

Stage of two Missouri girls, who have come unescorted all the way through. They are going to Nevada territory to join their father. They are pretty, but, merciful heavens! how they throw tho ment and potatoes down their throats. "This is the first Sçuar' meal we've had since we left Rocky "Thompson's," said the eldest. Then aderessing herself to me, she said: بـبـبـ
"Air you the literary man?"
I politely replied that I was one of "them fellers."
"Wall, don't make fun of our clothes ir the papers. We air goin' right straight through in these here elothes, ve air! We ain't goin' to rag out till we git to N wady! Pass them: sassiges !"

## Briohan

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## XII.

## BRIGHAM YOUNG.

Brigham Young sends word that I may see him to-morrow. So I go to bed singing the popular Mormon hymm:

Let the chorus still be sung,
Leng llve Jrother lstighan Young,
And blessed be the vale ef leseret-rét-ret! And blessed be the vale of Deserét.

At two o'eloek the next afternoon Mr. IIiram B. Clawson, Brigham Young's son-in-law and ehief business manager, calls for me with the Prophet's private sleigh, and we start for that distinguished person's block.

I an shown into the Prophet's ehief office. He comes forward, greets me cordially, and introduces me to several influential Mormons who are present.
Brigham young is 62 years old, of medium height, and with sandy hair and whiskers. An aetive iron man, with a clear sharp cye. A man of consummate shrewdness-of great executive ability. He was born in the State of Vermont, and so by the way was Heber C. Kimball, who will wear the Mormon Belt when Brigham leaves the ring.
Brigham Young is a man of great natural ability. If you ask me, How pious is he? I treat it as a conundrum, and give it up. Personally he treated me with marked kindness throughout my sojourn in Utah.

His power in Utah is quite as absolute as that of any living sovereign, yet he uses it with such eonsummate shrewdness that his people are passionately devoted to him.

He was an elder at the first formal Mormon "stake" in this country, at Kirtland,

Ohio, and went to Nauvoo with Joseph Snith. That distinguished Mormon handed his mantle and the Prophet business over to Brigham when he died at Nauvoo.

Snith did a more flourishing business in the Prophet line than B. Y. does. Smith used to have his little Revelation almost every day-sometimes two before dinner. B. Y. only takes one onee in awhile.

The gateway of his block is surmounted by a brass Ameriean eagle, and they say (" they say" here means anti-Mormons) that he reeeives his spiritual dispatches through this picee of natriotic poultry. They also say that he reecives revelations from a stuffed white ealf that is trimmed with red ribbons and kept in an iron box. I don't suppose these things are true. Rumor says that when the Lion House was ready to be shingled, Brigham reecived a message from the Lord stating that the earpenters must all take hold and shingle it, and not eharge a red cent for their services. Such earpenters as refused to shingle would go to hell, and no postponement on aceount of the weather. They say that Brigham, whenever a train of emigrants arrives in Salt Lake City, orders all the women to mprch up and down before his block, while he stands on the portico of the Lion House, and gobbles up the prettiest ones.

He is an immensely wealthy man. His wealth is variously estimated at from ten to twenty millions of duollars. He owns saw mills, grist mills, woollen factories, brass and iron foundries, farms, brick-yards, \&e., and superintends them all in person. A man in Utah individually owns what he grows and makes, with the exception of a
one tenth part: that must go to the Church ; and Brigham Young, as the first President, is the Church's treasurer. Gentiles of course say that he abuses this blind confidence of his people, and specnlates with their money, and absorbs tho interest $i^{c h} i \cdot$ in't the principal. The Mormons $i \quad$ ad say whatever of their money $h \quad \therefore$ is for the good of the Chureh; $\mathrm{t}^{\text {2 }}:$. .e defrays the expenses of enigrants from far over' the seas; that he is foremost in all local enterprises tending to develop the resources of the territory, and that, in short, he is incapahle of wrong in any shape.
Nobody seems to know how many wives Brigham Young has. Some set the number's as high'as eighty, in wh:ch case his children must be too numercus to mention. Each wife has a room to herself. These rooms are large and airy, and I suppose they are supplied with all the modern improvements. But never having been invited to visit them I can't speak very definitely about this. When I left the Prophet he shook me cordially by the hand, and invited me to call again. This was flattering, because if le dislikes a man at the first interview he never sees him again. Ho nade no allusion to the "letter" I had written about his community. Outside guards were pacing ap and down before the gateway, but they smiled upon me swectly. The veandah was crowded with Geatile miners, who seemed to be suprised that I didn't return in a wooden overcoat, $w$ th my throat neatly laid open from car to ear.
I go to the Theatre to-night. The play is Othello. This is a really fine play, and was a favorite of G. Washington, the father of his country. On this stage, as upon all other stages, the good old conventionalities are strictly adhered to. The actors cross each other at oblique angles from L. U. E. to R. I. E., mi the slightest provocation. Othello howls, Iago scowls, and the boys all laugh when Roderigo dies. I stay to see
charming Mrs. Irwin (Desdemona) die, which she docs very sweetly.

I was an actor onee, myself. I supported Edwin Forrest at a theatre in Philadelphia. I played a pantomimic part. I removed the chairs between scenes, and I did it so neatly that Mr. 3 . said I would make a cabinet-maker if I " applied" myself.

The parquette of the theatre is occupied exclusively by the Mormons and their wives, and children. They wouidn't let a Gentile in there any more than they would a serpent. In the side seats are those of Presidant Young's wives who go to the play, and a large and varied assortment of children. It is an odd sight to see a jovial old Mormon file down the parquette aisle with ten or twenty robust wives at his heels. Yet this spectacle may be witnessed every night the theatre is opened. The dress circle is chiefly oecupied by the officers froun Camp Douglas and the Gentile Merchants.

The upper circles are filled by the privato soldiers and Mormon boys. I feel bound to suy that a Mormon audience is quite as appreciative as any other kind of an audience. They prefer comedy to tragedy. Sen timental plays, for obvious reasons, are unpopular with them. It will be reniembered that when C. Molnotte, in the Lady of Lyons, comes home from the wars he folds Pauline to his heaving heart and makes severul remarks of' an impassioned and slobbering character. One night when the Lady of Layons was produced here, an aged Mormon arose and went out with his twenty-four wives, angrily stating that he wouldn't sit and see a play where a mau made such a cussed fuss over one woman. The prices of the theatre are : Parquette, 75 ecnts; dress circle, \$1, 1st upper circle, 50; 2nd and Sird upper cireles, 25. In an audience of two thousand persons (and there are almost always that number pros. sent) probably a thousand will pay in cash

Ind the other t iety of articles money, howeve Brigham Yo dlo of the parq with his hat or wives to the
(Desdemona) die, ly.
yself. I suppnreatre in Philadelimic part. I rescenes, and I did id I would make lied" myself.
atre is occupied 10ns and thcir \%ouidn't let a han they would ts are those of o go to the play, ortment of chil. sce a jovial old uette aisle with at his heels. itnessed every The dress cirofficers from ile Merchants. d by the priboys. I feel a audience is other kind of medy to tra-- obvious rea1. It will be lnotte, in the rom the wars g heart and impassioned night when ced here, an ut with his ing that he nere a man one woman. Parquette, upper circles, 25. In ersons (and umber pre」 pay in cash

When the play drags he cither falls into a tranquil sleep or walks out. He wears in winter time a green wrapper, and his hat is the style introduced into this country by Louis Kossuth, Essq., the liberator of Hungaria. (I invested a dollar in the liberty of Hungaria ncarly fifteen years ago.)

## XIII.

## A PIECE IS SPOKEN.

A piece hath its cietories no less than war.
"Blessed are the Picce makers." That is Seripture.
The night of the "comic oration" is come, and the speaker is arranging his back hair in the star-dressing-room of the theatre. The orchestra is playing selections from the Gentile opera of Un Ballo in Maschera, and the house is full. Mr. John F. Caine, the excellent stage-manager, has given me an elegant drawing-room scene in whieh to speak my little piece.
[In Iowa I onee lectured in a theatre, and the heartless manager gave me a Dun. geon scene.]

The curtain goes up, and I stand before a Salt Lake of upturned faces.

I ear. only say that I was never listened to more attentively and kindly in my life than I was by this audienee of Mormons.
Among my receipts at the box.office this night were-
20 bushels of wheat.

5 bushels of corn.
4 " " potatoes.
2 " " oats.
4 " " salt.
2 hams.
1 live pig (Dr. Hingston chained him in the bos-office).

1 woff-skin.
5 pounds honey in the comb.
16 strings of sausages-2 pounds to the string.

1 aat-skin
1 churn (two fauilies went in on this; it is an ingenious churn, and fetches butter in five minutes by rapid grinding).
1 set ehildren's under-garments, embroidered.
1 firkin of butter.
1 keg of apple sauce.
One man undertook to pass a $\operatorname{dog}$ (a eross between a Seotch terrier and a Welsh rabbit) at the box-office, and another pre sented a German-silver coffin-plate, but the Doctor very justly repulsed them both.

The Morm Brigham and niel H. Wells Church. Ba and when the pronounced.
I am invite am escorted t and Clawson.
Social Hall i The motto o brilliant ever of the hall, w erected for t there is roon to sit and 100 Stenhouse, Young, form from the pla of costumer not expeeted danced. Th ful. Even bued.

I dance.
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## XIV.

## THE BALL.

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The Mormons are fond of dancing. Brigham and Heber C. danee. So do Daniel H . Wells and the other heads of the Chureh. Balls are opened with prayer, and when they break up a benediction is pronounced.
I am invited to a ball at Social Hall, and am escorted thither by Brothers Stenlowse and Clawson.
Social Hall is a spacious and eheerful room. The motto of "Our Mountain Home" in brilliant evergreen eapitals adorns one end of the hall, while at the other a platform is ereeted for the musieians, behind whom there is room for those who don't danee, to sit and look at the festivities. Brother Stenhouse, at the request of President Young, formally introduces me to company from the platform. There is a splendor of costumery about the dancers I had not expeeted to see. Quadrilles only are danced. The Mazourka is considered sinful. Even the old-time round waltz is taboed.

I danee.
The Saints address eaeh other here as elsewhere, as Brother and Sister. "This way, Sister!" "Where are you going, brother ?" ete. etc. I am called Brother Ward.

This pleases me, and I dance with renewed vigor.

The Prophet has some very eharming daughters, several of whom are present tonight.

I was told they spoke Freneh and Spanish.

The prophet is more industrious than graeeful as a daneer. He exhibits, however, a spryness oflegs quite remarkable in a manat his time of life. I didn't set Heber C. Kimball on the floor. I am tol 1 he is a loose and reekless daneer, and hat many a lily-white toe has felt the crushing weight of his cowhide monitors.

The old gentleman is present, however, with a large number of wives. It is said he ealls then his "heifers."
"Ain't you goin' to dance with some of my wives?" said a Mormon to me.

These things make a Mornon ball more spiey than a Geatile oue.
The supper is sumptuous, and bear and beaver adorn the bill of fare.

I go away at the early hour of two in the morning. The moon is shining brightly on the snow-eovered strects. The lamps are out, and the town is still as a grave yard.

## XV.

## PHELP'S ALMANAC.

There is an eeeentric Mormon at Salt Lakc City of the name of W. W. Phelps. He is from Cortland, State of New York, and has been a Saint for a good many years. It it said he enacts the character of the Devil, with a pea-green tail, in the Mormon initiation ceremonies. He also publishes an Almanae, in which he blends astronomy with short moral essays, and suggestions in regard to the proper management of hens. He also contributes i. poom entitled "The Tombs" to his Almanac for the current yoar, from whieh I quote the last verse:
" Choose ye; to rest with stately grooms; Just such a place thero is for sleeping; Where everything, in crommon keeping, Is freo from want and worth and weeping; Thero folly's harvest is a reaping,
Down in the grave, among the tombs."
Now, I know that poets and tin-pedlars are "licensed," but why does W. W. P.
advise us to sleep in the barn with the ostlers? These are the most dismal Tombs on record, not excepting the Tomb of the Capulets, the Tombs of New York, or the Toombs of Georgia.
Under the head of "Old Sayings," Mr. P. publishes the following. There is a modesty about the last "saying" whieh will be pretty apt to strike the reader:
> " The Lord does good and Satan evil, sald Moses. Sub end Moon, sco mo eonquer, said Joshua. Virtuo exalts a woman, said David. Foold and folly frolie, sald Solomon. Judgments belong to God, said Isalah. Tho path of the just is plain, said Jeremiah. The soul that sins dies, sald Ezekiel. The wicked do wicked, sald Daniel. Ephraim fled and hid, said Hosea. The Gentiles war aud waste, said Joel. The second roign is peace and plenty, said Aluos Ciou is the house of tho Gods, said Obadiah A tish saved me, said Jonal.
> Our Lion will bo terrible, said Mieah. Doetor, eure yourselt; suid the Saviour. Live to live again, said W. W. Phelpe."

Time, Wedn 10. The Over Glover on the $b$ da of the Salt Nat Stein is al baggage (the allowed trenty aboard, and w rate altogether Gentile. Amo Stenhouse, Cai and among the big-hearted $\mathbf{E r}_{1}$ once he wore in Regent stre to school to M the daring exp the Rev. Jan who distribut the Pannoek child of gore, Commissary

We go aw suow compel twelve miles

There are pierce the W canon.

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## XVI.

## HURRAH FOR THE ROAD !

arn with the lismal Tombs Tounb of the York, or the
ayings," Mr. There is a ying" which e reader :

Time, Wednesday afternoon, February 10. The Overland Stage, Mr. William Glover on the box, stands before the veranda of the Salt Lake House. The genial Nat Stein is arranging the way-kill. Our baggage (the overland passenger is only allowed t.renty-five pounds) is being put aboard, and we are shaking hands, at a rate altogether furious, winh Mormon and Gentile. Amoig the former are brothers Stenhouse, Caine, Clawson and Townsend; and among the latter are Harry Riecard, the big-hearted English mountaineer (though once he wore white kids and swallow-tails in Regent street, and in his boyhood went to school to Miss Edgeworth, the novelist); the daring explorer Rood, from Wisconsin; the Rev. James McCormick, missionary, who distributes pasteboard tracts among the Pannoek miners; and the pleasing child of gore, Capt. D. B. Stover, of the Commissary department.
We go away on wheels, but the deep suow compels us to substitute runners twelve miles out.
There are four passengers of us. We pierce the Walsatch mountains by Parley's canon.
A snow storn overtakes us as tho night thickens, and the wind shrieks like a brigade of strong-lunged maniaes. Never mind. We are well covered up-our cigars are good--l lave on deerskin pantaloons, a deerski. overeoat, a beaver eap and buffalo overshoes ; and so, as I tersely abserved before, Never nind. Let us laugh the winds to scorn, brave boys! Bui why is William Glover, driver, lying flat on his back by the roadside, and why am I turning a handspring in the road, and why are the horses
tearing wildly down the Wahsatch mountains? It is beeause William Glover has been thrown from his seat, \& the horses are running away. I see him fall off, and it oceurs to me that I had better get out. In doing so, such is the veloeity of the sleigh, I turn a handspring.
Far ahead I hear the runners clash with the rocks, and I see Dr. Hingston's lantern (he always would have a lantern) bobbing about like the binnaele light of an oystersloop, very loose in a chopping sea. Therefore $I$ do not laugh the winds to seorn as much as I did, brave boys.

William G. is not hurt, and together we trudge on after the runaways, in the hope of overtaking them, which we do some two miles off. They are in a snowbank, and "nobody hurt."
We are soon on the road again, all serene; though I believe the doctor did observe that sueh a thing could not have occurred under a monarchieal form of government.
We reach Weber station, thirty miles from Salt Lake City, and wildly situated at the foot of the grand Echo Canon, at 3 o'eloek the following morning. We remain over a day here with James Bromley, agent of tho Gverland Stage line, and who is better known on the plains than Shakspeare is; although Shakespeare has done a good deal for the stage. James Bromley has seen the Overland line grow up from its ponyiey; and as Fitz-Green Halleck happily observes, none know him but to like his style. He was intended for an agent. In his infaney he used to lisp the refrain,

[^1]I part with this kind-hearted gentleman, to whose industry and sbility the Overland line owes mueh of its suceess, with sineere regret; and I hope he will soon get rich enough to transplant his charming wife from the Desert to the "White Settlenents."
Forward to Fort Bridger, in an open sleigh. Night clear, eold, and moonlit. Driver, Mr. Samuel Smart. Through Eeho Canon to Hanging, Roek Station. The snow is very deep, there is no path, and we literally shovel our way to Robert Polloek's station, which we aehieve in the Course of Time. Mr. P. gets up and kindles a fire, and a snowy nighteap and a pair of very bright black eyes beam upon us from the bed. That is Mrs. Robert Polioek. The $\log$ eabin is a comfortable one. I make coffee in my Freneh eoffec-pot, and let lonse some of the roast ehiekens in my basket. (lired of fried bacon ard saleratus bread, -the principal bill of fare at the stations, -we had supplied ourselves with ehieken, boiled ham, onions, sausages, sea-bread, eanned butter, cheese, honey, \&e., \&e., an example all Overland traders would do well to follow.) Mrs. Pollock tells me where I ean find ercam for the eoffee, and eups and saueers for the same, and appears so kind, that I regret our stay is so limited that we ean't sce more of her.

On to Yellow Creek Station. Then Needle Roek-a desolate hut onthe Desert, house and barn in one building. The sta-tion-keeper is a miserable, toothless wreteh with shaggy yellow hair, but says he's going to get marrid. I think I see him.

To Bear River. A pleasant Mormon named Myers keeps this station, and he gives us a first-rate breakfast. Robert Curtis takes the reins from Mr. Smart here, and we get on to wheels again. Begrin to see groups of trees-a new sight to us,

Pass Quaking Asp Springs and Muddy to Fort Bridger. Here are a group of white buildings, built round a plaza, aeross the Middlo of which runs a ereek. There are a few hundred troops here under the
eommand of Major Gallagher, a gallan officer and a gentleman, well worth know ing. We stay here two days.

We are on the road again, Sunday the 14th, with a driver of the highly floral name of Primrose. At 7 the next morning we reach Green River Station, and enter Idaho territory. This is the Bitter Creek division of the Overland route, of which we had heard so many unfavourable stories. The division is really well managed by Mr . Steward, though the eountry through which it stretehes is the most wretehed I ever saw. The water is liquid alkali, and the ruads are sof sand. The snow is gonc now, and the dust is thick and blinding. So drearily, wearily we drag onward.

We reach the summit of the Roeky Mountains at midnight on the 17 th. The elimate ehanges suddenly, and the cold is intense. We resume runners, have a break-down, and are foreed to walk four miles.

I remember that one of the numerous reasons urged in favour of General Fremont's eleetion to the Presideney in 1856, was his finding the path aeross the Roeky Mountains. Credit is eertainly due that gallant explorer in this regard; but it oceured to me, as I wrung my frost-bitten hands on that dreadful night, that for me to deliberately go over that path in mid-winter was a suffieient reason for my elcetion to any lunatie asylum, by an overwhelming vote. Dr. Hingston made a similar reusark, and wondered if he should ever elink glasses with his friend Lord Palmerston again.

Another sensation. Not eom'e this time. One of our passengers, a fair haired German boy, whose sweet ways had quite won us all, sank on the snow, and said-Let me sleep. We knew only too well what that meant, and tried hard to rouse him. It was in vain. Let we sleop, he said. And so in the cold starliygt he died. We took him up tenderly from the snow, and bore him to the sleigh that awaited us by the roadside, some two miles away. The new
noon was shinir he sweet white the poor boy had He was from th dad, had no b: fare was paid to be was going ba all we knew. morning we bur grand mountain icy all the year Faderland, whe mother is eryin not come.

We strike th The fare at the and we often They tell us o eneourage (by neeted with $b$ their mules in Antelope by racing the pla

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On the 20 justly eelebr morning, anc black-tailed boiled bear, cream. The the road exee Baltimore " don't know fellow, and emperor, couldn't be er's. He p
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the numerous General Fr . eney in 1856, oss the Rocky inly due that rd; but it ocy frost-bitten that for ine to in mid-winmy eleetion to orerwhelming imilar remark, er elink glasrerston agaiu. wie this time. aired German quite won us aid-Let me all what that ase him. It e said. Aud d. We took ow, and bore it us by the The new
noon was shining now, and the smile on the sweet white faee told how painlessly the poor boy had died. ' No one knew him. He was from the Bannoek mines, was ill dad, had no baggage or money, and his fare was paid to Denver. He had said that be was going baek to Germany. That was all we knew. So at sunrise the next morning we buried him at the foot of the grand mountains that are snow-eovered and icy all the year round, far away from the Faderland, where, it may be, some poor mother is erying for her darling who will not eome.

We strike the North Platte on the 18th. The fare at the stations is daily improving, and we often have antelope steaks snow. They tell us of eggs not far off, and we eneourage (by a proeess not wholly uneonneeted with bottles) the drivers to keep their mules in motion.
Antelope by the thousand ean be seen raeing the plains from the coaeh-windows. At Elk Mountain we eneounter a religious driver named Edward Whitney, who uever swears at the mules. This has made him distinguished all over the plains. This pious driver tried to eonvert the Doetor, but I am mortified to say that his efforts were not erowned with suecess. Fort Halleek is a mile from Ells, and here are some troops of the Ohio 11th regiment, under the command of Major Thomas L. Maekey.
On the 20th we reaeh Roeky Thomas's justly eelebrated station at 5 in the morning, and have a breakfast of hashed blaek-tailed deer, antelope steaks, ham, boiled bear, honey, eggs, eoffee, tea, and cream. That was the squarest meal on the roadexeept at Weber. Mr. Thomas is a Baltimore "slosher," he informed me. I don't know what that is, but he is a good fellow, and gave us a breakfast fit for a lord, emperor, ezar, count, ete. A better couldn't be found at Delinonieo's or Parker's. He pressed me to linger with him a
few days and shoot bears. It was with several pangs that $I$ deelined the generous Baltimorean's invitation.

To Virgina Dale. Weather elear and bright. Virginia Dale is a pretty spot, as it ought to be with sueh a pretty name; but I treated with no little seorn the adviee of a hunter I met there, who told me to give up "literatoor," form a matrimonial allianee with some squaws, and "settle down thar."

Bannoek on the brain! That is what is the matter now. Wagon-load after wagonload of emigrants, bound to the new Idaho gold regions, meet us every hour. Canvaseovered and drawn for the most part by fine large mules, they make a pleasant panorana, as they streteh slowly over the plains and uplands. We strike the South Platte Sunday, the 21s', and breakfast at La Ham, a station of one horse proportions. We are now in Colorado ("Pike's Peak, ") and we diverge from the main route here and visit the flourishing and beautiful eity of Denver. Messrs. Langrish \& Dougherty, who have so long and so admirably eatered to the amusement lovers of the Far West, kindly withdraw their dramatie corps for a night, and allow me to use their pretty little theatre.

We go to the Mountains from Denver, visiting the eelebrated gold-mining towns of Blaek Hawk and Central City. I leave this queen of all the territories, quite firmly believing that its future is to be no less brilliant than its past has been.

I had almost forgotten to mention that on the way from Latham to Denver Dr. Hingston and Dr. Seaton (late a highly admired physieian and surgeon in Kentueky, and now a prosperous gold-miner) had a learned diseussion as to the formation of the menbranes of the human stomaeh, in whieh they used words that were over a foot long by aetual measurement. I never heard such splendid words in my life; but sueh was their grandiloquent profundity and their fur-eaching lueidity, that I under-
stood rather less about it when they had finished than I did when they commenced.

Back to Latham?again over a marshy road, and on to Nebraska by the main-stage-line.

I met Col. Chivington, commander of the District of Colorado, at Latham.

Col. Chivington is a Methodist clergyman, and was once a Presiding Elder. A thoroughly earnest man, an eloquent preasher, a sincere believer in the war, he of course brings to his new position a great deal of cnthusiasm. This, with his natural military tact, makes him an officer of rare ability; and on more occasions than one, he has led his troops against the encmy with resistless skill and gallantry. I take the liberty of calling the I'ruit tent's attention to the fact that this brive man ought to have long ago been a Brigadier-general.

There is, however, a little story about Col. Chivington that I must tell. It involves the use of a little blank profanity, but the story would be spoiled without it; and, as in this case, " nothing was meant by it," no great harm can be done. I rarely stain my pages with even mild profanity. It is wieked in the first place, and not funny in the second. I ask the boon of being occasionally stupid; but I could never see the fun of being impious.
Col. Chivington vanquished the rebels, with his brave Colorado troops, in New Mexico last year, as most people know. At the commeneement of the action, which was hotly contested, a shell from the enemy exploded near him, tearing up the ground, and causing Capt. Rogers to swear in an awful manner.
"Captain Rogers," said the Coloncl, "gentlemen do not swear on a solemin oceasion like this. We may fall, but, falling in a glorious cause, let us die as Christians, not as rowdies, with oaths upon our lips. Captain Rogers, let us $\qquad$ "

Another shell, a sprightlier ono than its predecessor, tears tho earth fcarfully in the immediate vicinity of Col. Chivington, filling his cyes with dirt, and knocking off his hat.
"Why, G—_d—their souls to h——," he roared, "they've put my eyes out-as Captain Rogers would say !"

But the Coloncl's eyes were not seriously damaged, and he went in. Went in, only to come out vietorious.

We reach Julesberg, Colorado, the 1 st of March. We are in the eountry of the Sioux Indians now, and encounter them by the hundred. A Chief offers to sell me his daughter (a fair young Indian maiden) for six dollars and two quarts of whiskey. I declino to trade.

Meals which have hitherto been $\$ 1.00$ each, are now 75 cents. Eggs appear on the table occasionally, and we hear of chickens further on. Nine miles from here we enter Nebraska territory. Here is occasionally a fenced farm, and the ranches have bar-rooms. Buffalo skins and buffalo tongues are for sale at most of the stations. We reach South Platte on the 2d, and Fort Kearney on the 3d. The 7th Iowa Cavalry are here, under the command of Major Wood. At Cottonwood, a day's ride back, we had taken aboard Major O'Brien, commanding the troops there, and a very jovial warrior he is, too.

Meals are now down to 50 cents, and a great deal better than when they were $\$ 1.00$.

Kansas, 105 miles from Atchison. Atchison! No traveller by sea ever longed to set his foot on shore as we longed to reach the end of our dreary coach-rido over the wildest part of the whole continent. How we talked Atchison, and dreamed Atchison for the next fifty hours! Atchison, I shall always love you. You were cvidently mis. taken, Atchison, when you told me that in case I "lectured" there, immense crowds would throng to the hall; but you are very
dear to me maternal pa

We are of the Otod the war-pa tomahawk,
prosperous

We rat


## XVII.

## VERY MUCII MARRIED.

Are the Niormon women happy? I give it up. I don't know.
It is at great Salt Lake City as it is in Boston. If I go out to tea at the Wilkinses in Boston, I am pretty sure to find Mr. Wilkins all smiles and sunshine, or Mrs. Wilkins all gentleness and politeness. I am entertained delightfully, and after tea little Miss Wilkins shows me her Photograph Album, and plays the mareh frons Faust on the piano for me. I go away highly pleased with my visit; and yet the Wilkinses may fight like eats and dogs in private. I may no sooner have struek the sidewalk than Mr. W. will be reaehing for Mrs. W.'s throat.

Thus it is in the City of the Saints. Apparently, the Mormon women are happy. I saw then at their best, of course-at balls, tea-parties, and the like they were like other women as far as my observation extended. They were hooped, and furbelowed, and shod, and white eollared, and bejewelled : and like women all over the world, they were softereyed and kinder-hearted than men ean ever hope to be.

The Mormon girl is reared to believe that the plurality wife system (as it is delieately ealled here) is strietly right; and in linking her destiny with a man who has twelve wives, she undoubtedly eonsiders she is doing her duty. She loves the man, probably, for I think it is not true, as so many writers have stated, that girls are foreed to marry whomsoever " the Church may dietate." Some parents no doubt advise, connive, threaten, and in aggravated eases ineareerate here, as some parents have always done elsewhere, and always will do,
as long as pettieoats continue to be an institution.
How these dozen or twentv wives get a long without heartburnings and hairpullings, I ean't sec.

There are instances on reeord, you know, where a man don't live in a state of uninterrupted bliss with one wife. And to say that a man ean possess twenty wives without having his special favorite, or favorites, is to say that he is an angel in boots-whieh is something I have never been introdued to. You never saw an angel with a Beard, although you may lave seen the Bearded Woman.
The Mormon woman is early taught that man, being ereated in the image of the Savior, is far more godly than she ean ever be, and that for her to seek to monopolize his affeetions is a speeies of rank sin. So she shares his affeetions with five or six or twenty other women, as the ease may be.

A man must be amply able to support a mumber of wives before he ean take them. Henee, perhaps, it is that so many old ehaps in Utal have young and blooming wives in their seraglios, and so many young men have only one.

I had a man pointed out to me who married an entire family. He had orginally intended to marry Jane, but Jane did not want to leave her widowed mother. The other three sisters were not in the matrimonial market for the same reason; so this gallant man married the whole crowd, ineluding the girl's grandmother, who had lost all her teeth, and had to be fed with a spoon. The family were in indigent eireumstances, and they could not but eongratulate
themselves
[t seemed to for the first new home, w have my gru The name in Utal ; a he has been still keeps $\mathrm{He}_{\mathrm{e}}$ "reveals aqent in this 1. vecutes n..uds.

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e to bean insti-
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ord, you know, stato of uninAnd to say ty wives withe, or favorites, boots-which en introduced gel with a lave seen the
early taught e image of the a she can ever to monopolize rank sin. So five or six or ase may be. e to support a in take them. lany old chaps ming wives in y young men me who marhad orginally Jane did not ther. The the matrimoson ; so this le crowd, iner, who had be fed with a gent eircumcongratulate
y tlunk ho has so many. Mr. Hyde, the baekslider, says in his book that "Brigham always sleeps by himself, in a little chamber behind his office," and if he has eighty wives 1 don't blame lim. He must be bewildered. I know very vell th if I h ighty wives of my bosom I shou 1 be ifused, and shouldn't sleep anywhere. I undertook to count the long stoekings, on the clothesline, in his back yard one day, and I used up the multiplication table in less than half an hour.

In this book I am writing ehiefly of what I saw. I saw Plurality at its best, and I give it to you at its best. I have shown the silver lining of this great social Cloud. That back of this silver lining the Cloud must be thick and black, I feel quite sure. But to elaborately denounce, at this late day, a system we all know must be wildly wrong, would be simply to impeach the intelligenee of the readers of this book. .



IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)


Photographic Sciences


## XVIII.

## THE REVELATION OF JOSEPH SMITH.

I have not troubled the reader with extraets from Mormon documents. The Book of Mormon is ponderous, but gloomy and at times in ooberent, aind I will not, by any means, quote from that. But the Revelation of Joseph Smith in regard to the absorbing question of Plurality or Polygamy may be of suffieient interest to reproduce here. The reader has my full eonsent to form his own opinion of it.

## REVELATION GIVEN TO JOSEPI SNITH, NAUVOO, JULY $12,1843$.

Verily, thus saith the Lord unto you, my servant Joseph, that inasmueh as you have inquired of ney hand to kuow and understand wherein $I$, the Lord, justified my servants, Abraham, Issae, and Jacob; as also Moses, David, and Solomon, my servants, as touching the principle and doetrine of their having many wives and concubines: Behold! and 10 , I am the Lord thy God, and will answer thee as touching this matter: therefore prepare thy heart to receive and obey the instruetions whieh I am about to give unto you; for all those who have this law revealed unto them must obey the ame; for behold! I reveal unto you a new and an everlasting eovenant, and if ye abide not that covenant, then are ye damned; for no one ean rejeet thiseovenant and be permitted to enter into myglory ; forall who will have a blessing at my hands shall abide the law whieh was appointed for that blessing, and the conditions thereof, as was instituted from before tho foundations of the world; and as pertaining to the new and everlasting. covenant, it was instituted for the fulness of my glory; and he that receiveth a fulness
thereof, must and shall abide the law, or he shall be damned, saith the Lord God.
And verily I say unto you, that the conditions of this law are these: All covenants, contraets, bonds, obligations, vaths, vows, performanees, counections, associations, or expectations, that are not made, and entered into, and sealed, by tho Holy Sprit of promise, of him who is anointed, both as well for time and for all eternity, and that, too, most holy, by revelation and commandment, through the medium of mine anointed, whom I have appointed on the earth to hold this power (and I have appointed unto my servant Joseph to hold this power in the last days, and there is never but one on the earth at a time on whom this power and the keys of this priesthond are conferred), are of no effieacy, virtue, or foree in and after the resurreetion from the dead; for all contracts that are not made unto this end, have an end when men are dead.
Behold! mine house is a house of order saith the Lord God, and not a house of eonfusion. Will I aecept of an offering, saith the Lord, that is not madein my name! Or will I receive at your hands that whicl I have not appointed? And will I appoint unto you, saith the Lord, exeept it be by law, even as I and my father ordained unto you, before the world was? I an the Lord thy God, and I give unto you this commandment, that no man shall come unto thr Father but by me, or by my word, whieh : my law, saith the Lord; and every thing that is in the world, whether it be ordained of men, by thrones, or principalities, or powers, or things of name, whatsoever they may be, that are not by me, or by iny word
sith the Lor shall not rema in nor after th your God ; fos are by me, ar by me, shall $b$

Therefore, the world, an nor by my w so long as he him, their eo foree when $t$ are out of the bound by any world; theref world, they n marriage, but which angel: minister for more, and weight of gl abide my lav larged, but r without exal to all eternit gods, but a ever.

And agair man marry with her for that eovenan whieh is my Holy Spirit I have ano power, then when they they are no neither by the world, cause the al there, by ean not, th my house Lord God.
And aga man marry my law, a covenant, a
the law, or he ord God. 1 , that the conAll covenants, 3, vaths, vows, ssociations, or e, and ontered Sprit of pro$d$, both as well and that, too, ommandment, nointed, whom h to hold this nto my servant the last days, the earth at a 1 the keys of ), are of no 1 after the re$r$ all contracts end, have an
use of order $t$ a house of an offering, in my name! s that which rill I appoint ept it be by dained unto am the Lord is cominande unto the rd, which : every thing be ordained palities, or soever they y iny word
saith the Lord, shall be thrown dor $n$, and shall not remain after men are dead, neither in nor after the resurrection, saith the Lord your God; for whatsoever things remaineth are by me, and whatsoever things are not by me, shall be shaken and destroyed.

Therefore, if a man marry him a wife in the world, and he marry her not by me, nor by my word, and he covenant with her so long as he is in the world, and she with him, their eovenant and marriage is not of force when they are dead, and when they are out of the world ; therefore they are not bound by any law when they are out of the world; therefore, when they are out of the world, they neither marry nor are given in marriage, but are appointed angels in heaven, which angels are ministering servants, to minister for those who are worthy of a far more, and an exceeding, and an eternal weight of glory; for these ange's did not abide my law, therefore they cannot be enlarged, but remain separately, and singly, without exaltation, in their saved condition to all eternity, and from henceforth are not gods, but are angels of God for ever and ever.

And again, verily I say unto you, if a man marry a wife, and make a covenant with her for time and for all cternity, if that covenant is not by me or by my word, which is my law, and is not sealed by the Holy Spirit of promise, through hin whom I have anointed and appointed unto this power, then it is not valid, neither of force when they are out of the world, because they are not joined by me, saith the Lord, neither by my word; when they are out of the world, it can not be received there, because the angels and the gods are appointed there, by whom they can not pass; they can not, therefore, inherit my glory, for my house is a house of order, saith the Lord God.

And again, verily I say unto you, if a man marry a wife by my word, which is my law, and by the new and everlasting covenant, and it is sealed unto them by the

Holy Spirit of promise, by him who is anointed, unto whom I have appoiuted this power and the keys of this priesthood, and it shall be said unto them, Ye shall come forth in the first resurrection; and if it be after the first resurrection, in the next resurrection ; and shall inherit thrones, kingdoms, principalities, and powers, dcminions, all heights and depths, then shall it be written in the Lamb's Book of Life that he shall commit no murder whereby to shed innocent blood; and if ye abide in my covenant, and commit no murder whereby to shed innecent blood, it shall be done unto them in all things whatsoever my servant 'lath put upon them in time and through all eternity; and shall be of full force when they are out of the world, and they shall pass by the angels and the gods, which arc set there, to their exaltation and glory in al! things, as hath been sealed upon their heads, which glory shall be a fulness and a continuation of the seeds for ever and ever.

Thien shall they be gods, because they have no end ; therefore shall they be from everiasting to everlasting, because they continue; then shall they be above all, because all things are subject unto then. Then shall they be gods, because they have all power, and the angels are subjeet unto them.

Verily, verily, I say unto you, except ye abide my law, ye can not attain to this glory; for strai $\begin{gathered}\text { is the gate, and narrow the }\end{gathered}$ way, that leadeth unto the exaltation and continuation of the lives, and few are be that find it, because ye receive me not in the world, neither do ye know me. But if ye receive me in the world, then shall ye know me, and shall receive your exeltation, that where I am, ye shall be also. This is eternal lives, to know the only wise and true God, and Jesus Christ whom he hath sent. I am he. Receive ye, thereforc, my law. Broad is the gate, and wide the way that leadeth to the death, and many there are that go in thereat, because they receive me not, ueither do they abide in my law.

Verily, verily, I say unto you, if a man marry a wife according to my word, and they are sealed by the Holy Spirit of promise according to mine appointment, and he or she shall commit any sin or transgression of the new and everlasting eovenant whatever, and all manner of blasphemies, and if they commit no murder, wherein they shed innocent blood, yet they shall come forth in the first resurrection, and enter into their exaltation; but they shall be destroyed in the flesh, and shall be dolivered unte the buffetings of Satan, unto the day of redemption, saith the Lord God.
The blasphemy against the Holy Ghost, whieh shall not be forgiven in the world nor out of the world, is in that ye commit murder, wherein ye shed innoeent blood, and assent unto my death, after ye have received my new and everlasting covenant, saith the Lord God; and he that abideth not this law ean in no wise enter into my glory, but shall be damned, saith the Lord.

I am the Lord thy God, and will.give unto thee the law of my holy priesthood, as was ordained by me and my Father before the world was. Abraham reeeived all things, whatsoever he received, by revelation and commandment, by my word, saith the Lord, and hath entered into his exaltation, and sitteth upon his throne.
Abraham reeeived promises concerring his seed, and of the fruit of his loinsfrom whose loins ye are, viz., my servant Joseph-which were to continne so long as they were in the world; and as truching Abraham and his sced out of the world, they should continue; both in the world and out of the world should they continue as innumerable as'the stars; or, if ye were to count the sands upon the sea-shore, ye could not nunaber them. This promise is yours also, because ye are of Abraham, and the promise was made unto Abraham, and by this law are the continuation of the works of my Father, wherein he glorificth himself. Go ye, therefore, and do the works of Abraham; enter ye into niy law,
and ye shall be saved. But if ye enter not into my law, ye can not receive the promises of my Father, which he made unto Abraham.
God commanded Abraham, and Sarah gav? Hagar to Abraham to wife. And why did, she do it? Because this was the law, and from Hagar sprang many people. This, therefore, was fulfilling, among other things, the promises. Was Abraham, thereforc, under eondemnation? Verily, I say unto you, Nay; for the Lord commanded it. Abraham was commanded to offer his son Issae; nevertheless it was written, Thou shalt not kill. Abraham, however, did not refuse, and it was accounted unto him for righteousness.
Abraham received coneubines, and they bare him ehildren, and it was accounted unto him for righteousness, because they were given unto him, and he abode in my law; as Isaae also, and Jaeob, did none other things thain that which they were commanded; and beeause they did none other things than that which they were commanded, they have entered into their exaltation, aceording to the promises, and sit upon thrones; and are not angels, but are gods. David also received many wives and concubines, as also Solomon, and Moses my servant, as also many others of my servants, from the beginning of creation until this time, and in nothing did they sin, save in those things whieh they received not of me.

David's wives and concubines were given unto him of $m \cdot 3$ by the hand of Nathan my servant, and others of the prophets who had the keys of this power; and in none of these things did he sin against me, save in the case of Uriah and his wife ; and therefore he hath fallen from his exaltation, and reecived his portion ; and he shall not inherit them out of the world, for I gave them unto another, saith the Lord.
I am the Lord thy God, and I gave unto thee, my servant Joseph, by appointment, and restore all things; ask what ye
will, and ing to my cerning a you, if a and ever! another I to her by mitted ad she be no nant, and committe with anot vow, he committc committe hath not it , and I seph, the power of and give mitted a for he sh I have e power of all thing things in

And v whatsoev in heave earth, in the Lori hcavens; on carth, heavens; on earth

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And servant earth, ar on oarth law, it not eurs Lord, ar earth an God, an
f ye enter not cive the prce made unto , and Sarah wife. And this was the many people. among other aham, thereTerily, I say mmanded it. offer his son itten, Thou ever, did not into him for
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were given Nathan my ts who had n none of ee, save in and theretation, and Il not ingave them [ gave un-appointwhat ye
will, and it shall be given unto you, aceording to my word ; and as ye have asked concerning adultery, verily, verily, I say unto you, if a man receiveth a wife in the new and everlasting eovenant, and if she be with another man, and I have not appointed unto her by the holy anointing, she hath committel adultery, and shall be destroyed. If she be not in the new and everlasting covenant, and she be with another man, she has committed adultery; and if her husband be with another woman, and he was under a vow, he hath broken his vow, and hath eommitted adultery; and if she hath not committed adultery, but is innocent, and hath not broken her vow, and she knoweth it, and I reveal it unto you, my servant $\mathrm{J}_{0}$ seph, then shall you have power, by the power of my holy priesthood, to take her, and give her unto him that hath not committed adultery, but hath been faithfu!; for he shall be made ruler over many ; for I have conferred upon you the keys and power of the priesthood, wherein I restore all things, and make known unto you all things in due time.

And verily, verily, I say unto you, that whatsoever you seal on carth shall be sealed in heaven; and whatsoever you bind on earth, in my natie and by my word, saith the Lord, it shall be eternally bound in the heavens; and whosesoever sins you remit on earth, shall be remitted eternally in the heavens; and whosesoever sins you retain on earth, shall be retained in heaven.

And again, verily, I say, whomsoever you bless, I will bless; and whomsoever you eurse, I will eurse, saith the Lord ; for I, the Lord, am thy God.

And again, verily, I say unto you, my servant Joseph, that whatsoe ver you give on earth, and to whomsoever you give any one on carth, by my word and aceording to my law, it shall be visited with blessings and not eursings, and with my power, saith the Lord, and shall be without condemuation on earth and in heaven, for I am the Lord thy God, and will be with thee even unto the
end of the world, and through all eternity; for verily I seal upon you your exaltation, and prepare a throne for you in the kingdom of my Father, with Abraham your father. Behold! I have seen your sacrifices, and will forgive all your sins; I have seen your sacrifiecs, in obedienee to that which I have told you; go, therefore, and I make a way for your escape, as I accepted the offering of Abraham, of his son Isaac.

Verily, I say unto you, a commandment I give unto mine handmaid, Emma Smith, your wife, whom I have given unto you, that she stay herself, and partake not of that which I commanded you to offer unto her; for I did it, saith the Lord, to prove you all, as I did Abraham, and that I might require an offering at your hand by covenant and saerifiee; and let mine handmaid, Emma Smith, reeeive all those that have been given unto my servant Joseph, and who are virtuous and pure before me; and those who are not pure, and have said they were pue, shall be destroyed, saith the Lord God; for I am the Lord thy God, and ye shall obey my voiee ; and I give unto my servaut Joseph, that he shall be made ruler over many things, for he hath been faithful over a few things, and from henceforth I will strengthen him.

And I command mine handmaid, Emma Smith, to abide and eleave unto my servant Joseph, and to none else. But if she will not abide this commandment, she shall be destroyed, saith the Lord, for I am the Lord thy God, and will destroy her if she abide not in my law; but if she will not abide this eommandment, then shall my servant Joseph do all things for her, as he hath said; and I will bless him, and multiply him, and give unto him an hundred-fold in this world, of fathers and mothers, brothers and sisters, houses and lands, wives and ehildren, and erowns of eternal lives in the eternal worlds. And again, verily I say, let mine handmaid forgive my servant Joseph his trespasses, and then shall she be forgiven her trespasses, wherein she hath twornased
against me ; and I, the Lord thy God, will bless her, and multiply her, and make her heart to rejoiee.
And again, I say, let not my servant Jo. seph put his property out of his hands, lest an enemy come and destroy him-for Satan seeketh to destroy-for I am the Lord thy God, and he is my servant ; and behold! and lo, I am with him, as I was with Abraham thy father,even unto his exaltation and glory.
Now, as touching the law of the priesthood, there are many things pertaining thereunto. Verily, if a man be ealled of my Father, as was Aaron, by mine own voice, and by the voiee of him that sent me, and I have endowed him with the keys of the power of this priesthood, if he do anything in my name, and aeeording to my law, and by my word, he will not commit sin, and I will justify him. Let no one, therefore, set on my servant Joseph, for I will justify him; for he shall do the saerifice whieh I require at his hands, for his transgressions, saith the Lord your God.
And again, as pertaining to the law of the priesthood; if any man espouse a virgin, and desire to espouse another, and the first give her consent ; and if he espouse the second, and they are virgins, and have vowed to no other man, then is be justified; he can not commit adultery, for they are given unto him; for he can not commit adultery with that that kelongeth unto him, and to none else; and if he have ten virgins given unto him by this law, he can not commit adultery, for they belong to him, and they
are given unto him ; therefore is he justified. But if one or either of tho ten virgins, after she is espoused, shall be with another man, sle has eommitted adultery, and shall be destroyed; for they are given unto him to multiply and replenish the earth, according to my commandment, and to fulfil the promise which was given by my Father before the foundation of the world, and for their exaltation in the eternal worlds, that they may bear the souls of men; for herein is the work of my father eontinued, that he may be glorified.
And again, verily, verily, I say unto you, if any man have a wife who holds the keys of this power, and he teaehes unto her the law of my pricsthood as pertaining to these thirgs, then shall she believe and administer unto him, or she shall be destroyed, saith the Lord your God; for I will destroy her; for I will magnify my name upon all those who reeeive and abide in my law. Therefore it shall be lawful in me, if she reeeive not this law, for him to receive all things whatsoever I, the Lord his God, will give unto him, beeause she did not believe and administer unto him aecording to my word; and she then beeomes the transgressor, and he is exempt from the law of Saralh, who administered unto Abraham aceording to the law, when I commanded Abraham to take Hagar wife. And now, as pertaining to this law, verily, verily, I say unto you, I will reveal more unto you hereafter, therefore let this suffiee for the present. Bchold! I am Alpha and Omega. Amen.
e is he justified. en virgins, afwith another tery, and shall ven unto him earth, accord1 to fulfil the my Father beorld, and for worlds, that en; for herein inued, that he
say unto you, olds the keys unto her the ining to these nd administer troyed, saith destroy her; oon all those aw. Thereshe receive e all things d, will give believe and to my word; gressor, and Sarah, who ceording to tbraham to , as pertain. I say unto u hereafter, resent. BeAmen.



[^0]:    "Where is that?" they said.
    "Slieouhégan Maine!" he replied; "kin I sell you a razor strop?"

[^1]:    : $\frac{3}{2}$ want to be an agent, And with the agents stand."

