

THE NOB-WESTER. Devoted to the interests of Alberta and the North-West generally. \$5 PER ANNUM.

WARNER & SON, PUBLISHERS & PRINTERS. LEGAL. COLIN N. CAMPBELL, BARRISTER ETC. REAL ESTATE AGENT.

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MISCELLANEOUS. A. MIBROSE SHAW, Locksmith, etc. BRITISH AMERICAN RANCHO CO.

CITY BATH HOUSE & BARBER SHOP. D. CLARK, Plain and Ornamental Plasterer.

E. G. THOMAS, Accountant, Collector, Adjuster and Appraiser. GEORGE MURDOCH, Harness Manufacturer.

ATLANTIC AVENUE, CALGARY.

J. H. MILLWARD, House, Sign, Carriage and Ornamental Painter. J. BARNERMAN, Next door to the Post Office.

DIGARD PIPES AND TOBACCO. JARRETT & OUSHING, ARCHITECTS.

BUILDERS & CONTRACTORS. Office - Near of Martin's Hardware Store. JOHN B. RIVET, BLACKSMITH.

LIVERY FEED & SALE STABLES. The subscribers desire to intimate to the public that they keep constantly on hand the very best hay and good quality Rigs.

MCCOBBIE & CO., Architects, Civil and Mining Engineers. ST. STEPHEN AVENUE, CALGARY.

A. W. MCIVITT, THOMAS T. MCIVITT, MCVITTIE BROS., D. L. SURVEYORS.

R. J. ELLIS-ARTHUR, CUSTOMS BROKER, Mining, Real Estate and Commission Agent. WHITMAN & BUCK, Contractors and Builders.

MAIL NOTICE. For the East at 8 P.M. every Friday. For the West at 3:30 p.m. every Thursday.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. The following lands, west of the Fourth and Fifth Principal Meridians, are open for settlement.

Table with columns: Range, Township, and land parcels (e.g., 1, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18).

SEALD TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed 'Tender for Indian Supplies,' will be received at this office up to noon of Monday, 25th May, 1885.

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NOTICE. To all persons who within the Northwest Territories, Indian Agencies, in the North West Territory, are to look to Thursday the 30th day of April, 1885.

AGENTS. H. Martineau, L. W. Herchmer, A. MacDonald, J. A. Macrae, T. T. Quinn, W. Anderson, M. Begg, W. Fockington.

AGENTS. Manitoba House, Birnie, Indian Head, Carlton, Battleford, Fort Pitt, Edmonton, Blackfoot Crossing, Fort Macleod.

AGENTS. The undersigned give full particulars relative to the quality, quantity and points of delivery of flour required, may be had on application to any of the above named agents.

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Capt. Trevanion's Adventure. When the regiment to which Trevanion belonged became part of the army of occupation in Paris, he was left at Versailles seriously ill from the effects of a sabre-wound he had received at Waterloo.

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We would respectfully remind advertisers that hereafter when a contract is made with this paper it is a contract that cannot be dissolved by the mere whim of the advertiser. Several parties have done this in the past, and we have not insisted upon the strict rights of the publishers. Such leniency will not be repeated in the future. Advertisers will bear in mind that in future they will be required to fulfill the conditions of their agreements, and that amendments of contract without liability can only be made by mutual consent between the contracting parties.

THE NOR-WESTER.

CALGARY, THURSDAY, May 14, 1885.

The necessity for the establishment of a suitable force of Mounted Rifles in the Northwest brings the question of a supply of suitable horses prominently forward. Where are they to be obtained? the difficulty of transport as exemplified in the present march of our troops to the north shows plainly that the horses to be used by the Force of the future must be native—for this reason the native horse can rustle for himself. The eastern horse has been accustomed to have his food brought to him three times a day and until he is acclimatized has a hard time of it generally, in short would starve where the western horse would pick a good living, so much for the difference in horses, then as to supply—were the Government to establish a Breeding Farm they would not only greatly benefit the country by the introduction of well bred horses which would improve the native horse, but they would also be enabled to get all the horses they would require at rates one half cheaper than they could purchase, such good horses as would be necessary, from private individuals, besides which once they had the stock farm established they could get all the horses they would require, which is simply impossible at present unless they accept inferior animals. A Township fenced in and devoted to a Government Horse Ranch would not only be a great boon to this country but would also if properly managed be a source of profit and convenience to the Government.

THE HALF-BREED COMMISSION.

The Commissioners, Messrs. W. P. R. Street, R. Gould and A. E. Forget, arrived here on Thursday's train and sat at the land office during Friday and Saturday. Large numbers of half-breeds were in attendance, and from what we learn the Commissioners gave general satisfaction both by their earnestness and fairness, certificates as follows were issued to a large number of persons,

"This is to certify that _____, a half-breed, has proved to the satisfaction of the Commission that he was residing in the Northwest Territories previous to the 15th day of July, 1870, and under sub-clause E of clause 81 of the Dominion Lands Act of 1883, and the Order-in-Council of 30th March, 1885, is entitled at this date to scrip to the amount of \$24."

The scrip called for by this certificate, amounting to \$240, will be payable to bearer, will specify the name of the person in whose favor it is granted, and will be delivered to the person producing this certificate; said scrip will be accepted at par in payment of Dominion lands.

So far so well, and we have no doubt the recipients were better pleased than if even that grand panacea for all Northwest grievances, the right to elect a member of the Dominion Parliament, had been given them. Our neighbor, the Herald, in its last issue we see still points to representation as absolutely necessary in order to satisfy the people of these Territories. We trust and believe that in due time Representation will be given us; but surely even the Herald must see that before it is granted the localities and numbers must be ascertained, the proper course to obtain such information, has been adopted by the Government, and no doubt by the time the next general election comes off all details will be arranged, and that

representation to which we think ourselves entitled will be accorded to us.

We will, however, say this, that the assertion that the troubles in the Northwest would have been averted or prevented had we had Representation, is simply, the declaration of the desire of the parties who influence the editor of the Herald in his utterances. The question of Representation having no more effect on Northwest troubles than it has upon the Egyptian war.

GOVERNMENT LAND REGULATIONS.

It is in order at present to abuse the Government, in the land matters, but when we compare the regulations of our own Government with those of the United States we find that after all our settlers are most liberally dealt with, far more so than under the much vaunted American system.

We find the Canadian Rule to be:

1. That Homesteads of 160 acres may be obtained.
2. That within the mile belt, that is within a mile on either side of the C.P.R., the settler must commence to reside within six months and perform certain not very onerous duties, but must live on the land and do a certain amount of breaking within a limited time.
3. On lands other than within the mile belt the homesteader commences work within six months, and lives six months of the year on his homestead, breaking a certain number of acres.
4. The settler may reside anywhere within two miles of his land for the three years of his entry. This is a great concession, enabling settlers to club together and live more comfortably.
5. The settler may purchase his Homestead outright if he so desires after living a year on it and cultivating thirty acres.
6. The settler can pre-empt 160 acres at the same time as he takes up his Homestead at \$2.50 or \$2, according to locality, per acre.
7. By paying fifty cents the settler can get a permit to cut 30 cords of wood, 1,800 lineal feet of logs, 2,000 cubic feet of rails, and 400 rafter poles.
8. The settler can make his payments in cash, scrip, or bounty (military) warrants.

Under the system adopted in the United States a homestead and pre-emption may not adjoin each other and cannot be held at the same time. In Canada pre-emption is the right to purchase 160 acres adjoining the homestead as soon as the settler is entitled to his patent. In Canada a settler can get two Homesteads and pre-emption. In the States he may not get more than one.

With us three years entitles to Homestead and pre-emption. In the States five years.

In Canada a youth of 18 has the right to a Homestead and pre-emption. In the States he must be 21 years of age.

With us any one who will reside on his land can get a Homestead and pre-emption, in the States none who owns 320 acres in any State or Territory can get a Homestead.

There is no comparison between the two systems as far as liberality goes, and yet the Government which offers such terms as these is assailed for its illiberality by its opponents and the Minister of the Interior accused of hindering and obstructing settlers. This line of argument may please certain partisans but the great body of the people see the animus and are prepared to give the Government credit for good and liberal management which is justly its due.

A St. Louis editor, who started without a cent forty years ago, is now worth \$100,000. His fortune is well owing to his energy, industry and frugality, and the fact that an uncle recently left him \$99,999.99.

PATTERSON'S



IS THE PLACE FOR

CLOTHING BOOTS & SHOES

MOCCASINS, LARRIGANS, LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDRENS' OVERSHOES,

In great variety, which will be sold cheap for cash.

Gents' Boots made to order. Repairing promptly and neatly executed.

J. PATTERSON,
ATLANTIC AVENUE,
Next door to Grand Central Hotel.

J. H. RODWAY & CO.

Manufacturers and dealers in

STOVES

Tinware, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

All kinds of

ROOFING AND JOBBING

Promptly attended to at lowest living rates

Shops—Section 15, opposite the P. and East Bank of Elbow.

Orders left at Thos. Botterill's Hardware Store will receive immediate attention.

Great Bargains

IN EVERY LINE OF GOODS.

\$20,000

Worth of Goods, to be sold for Cash, at

A. FERLAND & CO

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Clothing

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Groceries, etc.,

Flour, Bacon, Butter and other Staple Groceries on hand.

Remember—OUR Motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits, Honest Goods and Low Prices."

CALGARY and LAGGAN
Arthur Ferland, Chas. Watson,

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
STEPHEN AVENUE, OPP. HUDSON BAY STORE.

ROYAL MAIL LINE

PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

Calgary and Fort McLeod

Leaves McLeod Monday and Thursday at 6 a.m., arriving at Calgary Tuesday and Friday at 6 p.m.

Leaves Calgary Monday and Thursday at 6 p.m., arriving at Fort McLeod on Tuesday and Friday at 6 p.m.

For further particulars apply to KING & COMPANY

Agents, Calgary.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE LINE.

From Calgary to Fort Saskatchewan (via Red Deer & Edmonton)

Stage leaves Calgary Friday, Dec. 19, at 8 o'clock a.m. and every alternate Friday at the same hour until further notice. For passage and express rates apply to

LEESON & SCOTT,

PROPRIETORS.

Mountain View Hotel, Calgary

Silver City and Columbian

River Mail Route

THIS Mail Route was established previous to the C.P.R. being complete further west than Calgary, and has been the only Mail Line west of Calgary.

All express packages left at the office of Messrs G. C. King & Co., Calgary, or sent from any side points by Dominion Express, care of Geo. W. King, will be delivered promptly at moderate charge.

Address all mail matters for points west of Calgary to G. C. King & Co., Calgary, Alta.

MR. KERFOOT,

At the BIG HILL.



CALL AT

Jacques

AND SEE HIS

FINE STOCK!

OF GOODS

WHICH HAS JUST ARRIVED

The Largest and Best Assortment of Silverware in Calgary and at Prices to Suit All.

G. E. JACQUES

THE PIONEER WATCHMAKER

CALGARY, ALTA.

J. S. GIBB & CO.

Calgary and High River,

Have in Stock a full line of

GROCERIES

OGILVIE'S PATENT FLOUR

Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Oats,

Butter and Eggs,

Bacon and Ham

Also Agents for the

MASSEY MANFG CO

The Only Genuine Breaking

Plow, on Sale at

HOGG & CO.

The Best Iron Harrows at

HOGG & CO.

The Best and Easiest Running

Wagons at

HOGG & CO.

Before purchasing your Mowers and Rakes call at

HOGG & CO.

The best Cord Binder in the

Market—the Little Brantford

HOGG & CO.

The Largest Stock of Lumber,

Shingles, Sash Doors, Building

Paper and Lim at

HOGG & CO.

Opposite Glen's Stables, Stephen

Avenue.

HORSES

FOR SALE!

OVER 100 VERY FINE SADDLE HORSES—FOR SALE.

Collected from the best stock in the country and broken. The horses may be viewed and tried by buyers at the corral at Cochrane Station, West. Now is the time to buy. Everyone should own a horse now. Don't neglect your chance. Parties desirous of purchasing should apply to

MR. KERFOOT,

At the BIG HILL.

EQUAL TO OAK

Douglass Pine

Flooring,

Douglass Pine

Siding,

Douglass Pine

Ceiling,

Douglass Pine

Mouldings,

EQUAL TO OAK!

BUILDING MATERIAL!

DRESSED AND ROUGH

LUMBER

SHINGLES, LATH, DOORS, WINDOWS, BRICK, LIM, &c.

Estimates furnished and Contracts taken.

BOW RIVER MILLS,

OFFICES—

STEPHEN AVE. EAST & THE MILLS

JAMES WALKER

In thanking their numerous

customers for their liberal

patronage during the past

year beg to intimate to the

public generally that on and

after this date their business

will be conducted purely on

the CASH SYSTEM, and

that all outstanding accounts

not paid on or before the 1st

day of April, next, will be

placed in Court for collection

without further notice.

Calgary, March 2nd, '85.

S. J. HOGG & CO

PIONEER STORE!

FLOUR, FEED AND SEED,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

S. PARRISH & CO.,

STEPHEN AVENUE.

Flour, Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat,

Oats, Flax Seed, Barley,

Chop, Bran,

SEED WHEAT.

Special Inducements given to Bakers and Hotelkeepers.

POTATOES A SPECIALTY.

Branch Store in Silver City where all the above can be had. Do not forget the Standard.

SEE

The Leading Jewellers

McIntyre &

Davidson.

Call and see the Large Stock of

Gold Pens and Ladies' Bracelets.

McINTYRE & DAVIDSON,

Opposite P.O., CALGARY

STEPHEN AVE

Method of mail from Edmonton

to Calgary and surrounding districts will receive our prompt attention.

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NOR-WESTERS.

McLeod. Post-office Inspector McLeod has made arrangements for a daily mail service from Winnipeg to Calgary.

Capt. Cotton informs us that, according to orders, he must move the main body of Capt. Stewart's men some distance toward Medicine Hat, for the protection of the telegraph lines.

Notwithstanding that the people of MacLeod were in such a terrible funk, building operations have been particularly lively this spring.

Service was held in the Episcopal Church last Sunday, by the Rev. H. T. Bourne. There was a full church parade of the Mounted Police, Rocky Mountain Rangers and Winnipeg Light Infantry.

A number of Indians came in from the Blood Reserve on Tuesday to see Capt. Cotton, and hear the very latest from the front.

Every Tuesday at four o'clock the Regina Battalion meets for practice in the Drill Shed.

Mrs. Herchmer left on Friday evening on a visit to Winnipeg during Col. Herchmer's absence in the Battleford district with the troops who have gone there to bring the unruly Indians to reason.

One hundred and thirty-two new recruits came up yesterday (Monday) morning with A. H. Taylor, Esq. of the G.T.R., Ottawa.

Between the evening of Tuesday, and the morning of Wednesday last 16 head of cattle were missed out of a corral in the town of Moose Jaw, belonging to Mr. Wm. L. Nichol, butcher, and supposed to have been stolen.

The river is falling about one inch per day, and is now thirteen inches above low water mark.

The Birch creek boys are very jubilant over their release from jail. Some of them have lost a summer's job by their arrest, notwithstanding which they are happy.

A company of rangers has been organized at Medicine Hat to operate against Riel, a Canadian says: They are dressed in ordinary breaches, top boots and cow boy hats.

The Gros Ventre Indians who have been in jail awaiting the action of the grand jury, against whom no indictments were found, are loud in their praises of Jack Brown whom they regard as their savior, and believe that but for him they would have spent a term in the penitentiary.

While driving in from their Shonkin ranch this morning Mr. and Mrs. John H. Green met with an accident near the upper ferry, on the other side of the river.

He Turns Up.

The following letter which was received from one of the Q.O.R. appeared in the Toronto News:

REVEREND BROTHERS, April 12. DEAR BROTHERS,—Shure an' this is a great thrip entirely. We have say, hard tack, and pork, for breakfast, and for dinner—hard tack, pork and tay for a change.

His Coal Stove.

Coming down on the car the other morning they got to talking about their coal stoves, and one man said:

"Well, I don't want to brag, but I think I have got the boss stove. So far this winter I haven't burned but three tons of coal, and the stove has kept three rooms warm."

"You must have a poor stove," remarked the second. "I haven't burned but two tons of coal yet, and my stove heats the parlor, dining-room, two bedrooms and a hall."

"Well, when you have come to stoves," quietly remarked the third, "I claim to have the best stove in Detroit. I have burned but a ton and a half of coal so far, and we have to keep all the dampers shut and a back door open all the time."

Some men looked out of the windows and down at the straw, and no one seemed to doubt any of the assertions. At length a heavy sigh was heard from the rear end of the car, and a clerical looking man rose and said:

"Gentlemen, there goes a fire alarm. It strikes the box in front of my house. I have no doubt that my residence is at this very moment in flames and the life of my family in peril. It is all owing to my coal stove. I set up the stove last November and put in one peck of coal. Every room has been so hot ever since that the base boards have warped off, and we finally had to move down into the basement.

This morning the water in all the pipes was boiling, the shingles on the roof hot, and I hired four men to form a snow bank around the stove. Too late—alas! too late! The stove has accomplished its fiendish purpose, and I no longer have a house. It may not, however, be too late to save the baby. Good-bye, gentlemen!"

He opened the door and got off the car and not a passenger spoke again for four blocks.—Detroit Free Press.

Closing Business

CHIPMAN BROS. & CO. HAVE commenced their closing-out sale some lots of

STAPLE GOODS At 20 to 30 per cent below cost.

NEW POEM. (AFTER TENNYSON) Half a league, half a league Half a league onward;

Half a league onward; Into the deep, Plunged many hundred.

Bread, Biscuits and Confectionery. Party Cooks, Brides Cakes a Specialty.

MORTIMER & CO. Atlantic Ave., Calgary.

PUBLIC NOTICE

ALL persons, including Lessees of grazing lands, are hereby notified to take notice of the cutting of timber on the public lands without authority from the Minister of the Interior, or the Local Crown Timber Agent of Dominion Lands for the District, is forbidden by law, and all timber so cut without authority is liable to seizure and to be dealt with as the Minister of the Interior may direct.

Each settler on a homestead quarter section not having timber on it, may, on application to the Local Agent of Dominion Lands, purchase a wood-lot not exceeding twenty acres in extent, at five dollars per acre.

Persons who have already cut timber without authority, must pay the dues thereon to the Crown Timber Agent at his office, on or before the 1st of May, 1885; otherwise the said timber will be confiscated under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act.

Each settler on a homestead quarter section not having timber on it, may, on application to the Local Agent of Dominion Lands, purchase a wood-lot not exceeding twenty acres in extent, at five dollars per acre.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "For Mounted Police Provisions and Light Supplies," and addressed to the Honorable the President of the Privy Council, Ottawa, will be received up to noon on

Thursday, 14th May.

Printed forms of tenders, containing full information as to the articles and quantities required, may be had on application at Fort Osborne, Winnipeg, at any of the Mounted Police posts in the North West, or at the office of the undersigned, at the Minister of the Interior's office, Ottawa.

FRED. WHITE, Comptroller. Ottawa, 23rd March, 1885.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received at this office up to noon on

Monday, 25th May, 1885

For the delivery of Indian Supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1885, consisting of Flour, Bacon, Groceries, Ammunition, Twine, Oxen, Cows, Bulls, Agricultural Implements, Tools, &c., duty paid, in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

Forms of tender containing full particulars relative to the Supplies required, dates of delivery, &c., may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg.

Parties may tender for each description of goods (or for any portion of each description of goods) separately or for all the goods called for in the Schedule.

Each Tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque in favor of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs on a Canadian Bank for at least five per cent. of the amount of the tender, and ten per cent. of the amount of the tender for the North-West Territories, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If a tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

Tenders are required to make up in the Money column in the Schedule the total money value of the goods they offer to supply, or their tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for supplies to be forwarded at once from railway stations to their destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. L. VANROUGHNET, Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, 19th March, 1885.

CHOICE FRESH BEEF, CHOICE CORNED BEEF, CHOICE CORNED TONGUES, CHOICE SUGAR-CURED HAMS, CHOICE BREAKFAST BACON, CHOICE PORK, CHOICE LARD, CHOICE SAUSAGES

always on hand and fresh at the Meat market of

A. C. SPARROW, STEPHEN AVE & MCVAVISH ST

NOTICE

To Millers and others within the Northwest Territories, and in Manitoba west of the 1st Principal Meridian only.

SEALED TENDERS, accompanied by one hundred pound samples, and endorsed "Tender for Flour," will be received at the undersigned Indian Agency in the Northwest Territories up to noon of Thursday the 30th day of April, 1885.

AGENTS. AGENCY. H. Martineau, Manitoba House, Birtle, Indian Head, Carlton, Battleford, Fort Pitt, Edmonton, Blackfoot Crossing, Fort MacLeod.

Forms of tender giving full particulars relative to the quality, quantity and points of delivery of flour required, may be had on application to any of the above named agents, or from the Indian Commissioner for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, Regina; and a tender will be entertained which is not made out on one of the forms in the hands of the Agents or of the Indian Commissioner for distribution to intending tenderers.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, approved by the Indian Agent for the district, for at least five per cent. of the amount thereof, which will be forfeited if the tenderer declines to enter into a contract when called on to do so or if he fails to fulfill his contract to the satisfaction of the Department. If the tenderer prefers to do so he may deposit with the Agent, in lieu of an accepted cheque, the notes of any chartered bank in Canada to an equal amount. Cheques or cash accompanying tenders not accepted will be returned, but a cheque deposited by a successful tenderer will be retained until the satisfactory completion of his contract. Each tenderer is required to show in his tender the full value of all the flour which he is prepared to deliver under contract or his tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

Tenders will be entertained for a portion of the whole quantity of flour required at any given point.

Tenderers residing near one Agency but desiring to tender for delivery within another Agency further distant, may deposit the tender and samples for the most distant at the nearest of the Agencies specified above, or with the Indian Commissioner at Regina.

Samples of flour will be returned if desired, to unsuccessful tenderers on their application, and the sample submitted by a successful tenderer may be counted by him as a delivery on account of his contract.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for their flour to be forwarded at once from railway stations to its destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. L. VANROUGHNET, Dy. Supt. General of Indian Affairs. Dept. of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, 31st January, 1885.

POSTPONEMENT. The time for receiving the tenders invited in the above advertisement is hereby extended to the 15th May, 1885.

L. VANROUGHNET, Deputy Minister of Indian Affairs.

TENDERS FOR A

TIMBER LIMIT IN THE North-West Territories.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for a Timber Berth," will be received at this office until noon on

Monday, the first day of June next, for a timber berth of twenty-four square miles, situated about five miles north of the North Saskatchewan River, and west of and adjoining the Fifth Principal Meridian, in the Provisional District of Alberta, N.W.T.

Sketches showing the position approximately of this berth, together with the conditions on which it will be licensed, may be obtained at this Department, or at the Crown Timber Offices at Winnipeg, Edmonton, Calgary and Prince Albert.

A. M. BURGESS, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, April 1st, 1885.

FOR SALE!

45 head of A 1 Milch Cows and Calves, also 20 head of thoroughbred Berkshire Sows (in pig).

All in splendid condition. Now in your chance, buyers. Enquire at Messrs. CUMMINGS & ALLAN'S Stable, Stephen Ave.

J. C. WILSON FOR SALE. WOOLLEN MACHINERY For Manufacture of Cloth, Flannels and Blankets.

COMPRISING WILLOW, SCRIBBLER 42" self-acting Scotch feed, 42" Carder, Condenser, Mule (160 spindles), two wide power looms (Jacquard) one Hand Loom, Shuttling and Pedestal, Pullies, Belling and all accessories for converting the raw wool into the finished article. Capacity about 80 lbs. per day. Apply to.

S. W. SHAW, Post Office, Midnapore, near Calgary

FOUND HORSES IN POSSESSION OF N. W. M. POLICE.

One Cream Colored Pony—Gelding—age about 1 year—bright 11 hands. If not claimed before March 11 will be sold by Public Auction in accordance with Ordinance No. 9 of 1884.

W. M. HERCHMER, Supt Comg.

JOHN COTTINGHAM MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN SADDLES

BRIDLES, WHIPS, MEXICAN BITS, SPURS, ETC RIDING SADDLES A SPECIALTY.

STEPHEN AVE., CALGARY, N.W.T.

Great Inducements

CHEAP LOTS

THE Canada North-West Land Co'y

Are now prepared to sell Lots for residences on McIntyre Avenue or on Smith Avenue, south of C. P. R. track.

FOR THE SMALL SUM OF \$50.00 EACH!

Providing the parties who purchase will erect buildings to the value of at least \$500, within 6 months after purchase.

TERMS--ONE HALF CASH; BALANCE IN ONE YEAR. These prices subject to change at pleasure of the Co. For further particulars apply to

W. T. RAMSAY, Agent for Town Site Trustees.

BANNERMAN & CO. Booksellers, Stationers and Fancy Goods Dealers.

POST OFFICE, CALGARY. School Books, Blank Books, Family Bibles, Dictionaries, Drawing Papers, Tracing Cloth, &c., &c.

A FINE STOCK OF FISHING TACKLE TO ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS.

THE Nor'-Wester Job Printing Depart't

POSTERS, DODGERS, NOTICES, BILLHEADS, LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, MEMORANDUMS, STATEMENTS, ENVELOPES, SHOW CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, CIRCULARS, INVITATIONS, PROGRAMMES.

We are about to add some of the latest styles of Type to this Department, and it will be our aim to turn out nothing but the best work. Give us a call for anything you may require in Job Work. We mention below a few of the most prominent lines which we can turn out at short notice

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STEEPS... Pacific... Table... 1884, trains will... Going East... Arrive 6.30... 4.00... 12.30... 2.00... 5.00... 7.55... 8.15... 8.30... Leave 8.45... 7.00... 12.30... 2.00... 5.00... 7.00... 8.30... Going West... Arrive 7.20... 10.45... 1.30... 1.30... 1.30... 4.00... 8.30... Winnipeg and... Mondays, Wed... Thursdays and... Stonehill Tues... at 10.30 a.m... Returns same... 1.30 p.m., and... arriving at Win... West Selkirk... Saturdays at 4... at 6.00 p.m.,... Selkirk Mondays... 7.00 a.m. arriv... will run by... Trains west of... rd Time. Cen... faster than... Robt. Kerr, ... Pass. Agt.

THE NOR-WESTER.

CALGARY, THURSDAY, May 14, 1885.

On Sunday the 10th instant the company of Col. Osborne Smith's battalion marched into barracks here on their return from Fort McLeod. A more soldierly looking lot of men we have never seen. We congratulate the country that it possesses such material for soldiers with which to put down rebellion or if needed defend our borders.

We were glad to welcome our fellow-townsman, Mr. McVittie, D.L.S., back amongst us on Thursday last, and we would remind our Town Fathers that the water question is still an open and also a pressing one. We know our friend McVittie took a series of levels in connection with this matter, and we think his skill and information should be utilized.

The gentlemen composing the half-breed commission left for McLeod on Monday morning the 11th instant, and will be in Regina on the 13th. The government has been fortunate in the gentlemen selected for this most important commission, and we are glad to chronicle the success that has attended the various meetings of the commission. This commission is an evidence to the country of the desire of the government to do justice to all classes of the community, and our people may rest assured that in due time all grievances properly represented will be remedied.

ALTHOUGH the committee of arrangements did not see fit to recognize the Nor-Wester in any way, yet we are glad to hear that the towns people of Calgary gave an entertainment in honor of Col. Amyot and the gallant 9th battalion on Friday evening last. We are told that Col. Amyot, as was to be expected from so able and eloquent a man, made a capital and most patriotic speech. We were also glad to learn that certain persons who, until the advent of the troops amongst us, had been distinguished for very questionable loyalty have apparently recovered that discretion which at the time of the meeting at Fish Creek they appeared to be wanting in. All these things are encouraging to loyal settlers, showing that after all the bulk of our people are loyal to Queen and country. We should have been glad to report the utterances at the entertainment but we were not given the option of doing so. In conclusion we would say that the Nor-Wester is completely in sympathy with every movement which tends to do honor to our noble volunteers.

THE HALF-BREED CLAIMS.

The Instructions Which are Issued to the Commissioner.

A Times' special says, in their instructions the Northwest commissioners are told that the Government deem it expedient to satisfy the claims existing in connection with the extinguishment of the Indian title in the following manner, by granting to every half-breed head of a family who resides outside of Manitoba, previous to July 15th, 1870, the land of which he is at present in bona fide and undisputed possession to the extent of 160 acres, and if the land he is cultivating is less than 160 acres the difference is to be made up to him in an issue of scrip redeemable in land at the rate of \$1 per acre; and in the case of a half-breed head of a family residing in the territories previous to July 15, 1870, who is not in bona fide possession of any land, by the issue of scrip redeemable to the extent of 160 acres, by granting to each half-breed chief ten outside of Manitoba previous to July 15th, 1870, a lot of land of which he is at present undisputed possessor to the extent of 240 acres or its equivalent in scrip.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Disturbance in the Northwest.

Mr. BLAKE asked, Was any report or representation made, and when, by any member or officer of the Government, and by whom, with reference to the claims of the half-breeds of the Northwest Territories to be placed in a position analogous to that of the half-breeds in Manitoba, to whom a grant of 1,400,000 acres was made under the Manitoba Act? Was any such report or representation requested by the Government or any officer or member of the Government, and when? Was there any Order in Council on the subject prior to that of 28th January, 1885, and at what date?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD. With respect to this question and all other questions the hon. gentlemen has placed on the paper relating to the Northwest, so far as I am concerned, I would state that the Government think it is highly inexpedient in the public interest to answer those questions.

Mr. BLAKE asked, Was any communication received by the Government or any Department touching any of the half-breed claims in the Northwest Territories, or any of the settlers' claims, or the agitation of the Prince Albert district, or the action of L. Rieler and his associates, or the condition of feeling among the half-breeds, Indians or whites, and expressing the views of any.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD. The same answer.

Mr. BLAKE asked, Was any part of the Mounted Police force ordered to Prince Albert last year? When and in what strength? Was the action taken on representation from the Northwest, and on whose representations?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD. The same answer.

Post-office Inspector McLeod has made arrangements for a daily mail service from Winnipeg to Calgary.

A Rev. Joker.

Rev. T. W. Jeffrey is the pastor of the Queen street Methodist church and likewise a very funny man, given to joking and humorous, though edifying, discourses. Sunday night the Rev. T. W. got talking about the newspaper men, and he said:—I have noticed during the past week in the newspaper articles dealing severely with preachers for not going to the Northwest. It is all very well for editors to sit behind the walls and write about the preachers, but has one editor volunteered his services in the Northwest? (Laughter.) Not one.

Again, they condemn our route, and say the soldiers should have been sent through the United States. Let the editors organize a regiment, and attempt to reach the Northwest by that means, and there will be fewer editors in the country. (Laughter.)

Another point: They say that not a preacher volunteered to accompany the soldiers to the Northwest as a spiritual adviser. They are wrong. Half a dozen ministers offered their services, and they had no business to do so. I am a minister under orders. The president of the conference controls me. If he should say to me to-morrow, "Go to the Northwest," I would be ready to start at once. I would get there if I had to foot it every step of the way. We are no cowards. The history of the Methodist church in the past proves that. If it were necessary a whole regiment of Methodist ministers could be organized for active service in the Northwest, and if they never rode anything else than a bronchitis (laughter) they would do their best to keep up with the mounted police, or if they never shot anything else than a pop-gun (laughter) they would endeavor to handle a musket. When they left there might be more behind than before, but that opens a wide field for discussion. We are no cowards, and when the brothers of my cloth are assailed I am going to defend them. I will not let every fool in the country have his way without raising my voice.

Another point: Some of our editors have too much knowledge. I read in one paper, last night, how the rebels might make such a movement and hem in the troops, and how the wires might be cut. Telling the rebels how they can cut our brave volunteers to pieces: if any of you have any influence with the editors, for God's sake use it.—Toronto News.

Fort Pitt Fallen.

On Monday noon two scouts came in from Pitt bringing the melancholy news of its destruction and the probable slaughter of all who were within its walls.

Their story is, that when they arrived opposite the fort at night everything was dark, and that in the morning they saw that it was abandoned and that all the doors and windows in the building were broken.

Little Poplar with two lodges was along side the fort and entered into conversation with the scouts. He told them that he had persuaded the police and others to make their escape, as otherwise they would be killed, and acting on his advice they had gone down the river on a raft.

Little Poplar said he had saved the lives of the people but was otherwise not very communicative.

Malcolm Macdonald, at one time interpreter to the force, was also there, but declined to accompany them, as he said he was a prisoner—on what account or by whom held he did not say. He also was v.r. reticent.

The fall of this place is a terrible calamity, as it involves the fate of nearly fifty people; for taking everything into account there is but little hope of their escape or rescue. Even if they did embark on a raft under the safe-conduct of a chief, it by no means follows that they would be allowed to escape with their lives. The opportunity of killing a lot of defenceless people as they run down the narrow places in the river without endangering themselves is one that the perpetrators of the cold blooded atrocities at Frog Lake would not allow to pass.

That the fugitives have not been able to make good their escape is apparent, as they should have been here a day or two ago, the run by the river not usually taking more than two or three days.—Saskatchewan Herald.

A Southern Crime.

Once in a while an arrest is made by detectives which brings prominently before our notice the progress of civilization. In no department has that progress been more marked and rapid as in the detection of crime. It is said that "murder will come out," and it may now be said with equal force and truth that "a murderer will always be captured." Whether he will be properly punished is more questionable. The manner in which criminals in recent years have eluded justice by means of legal technicalities leads us to believe that the courts are not as efficient as the detective system.

A short time ago a startling discovery was made at the Southern Hotel in St. Louis. In a room in the hotel, packed in a trunk, was found the body of a murdered man. It was a case involved in unusual mystery, but the persistent search of the detectives finally penetrated the secret of the terrible crime. It was found that the victim's name was Preller, and suspicion fell on one W. H. Lemox Maxwell as his murderer.

Maxwell had been intimate with Preller at the hotel. He was a man of good education, a great traveler, and a perfect gentleman in appearance. It was almost inconceivable that he was the author of the crime, but the officers of the law got together evidence of a character which left little doubt as to his guilt. But where was Maxwell? He had disappeared. His plans had been well laid and cunningly executed. Seemingly, he had effected his escape in a manner which would baffle the detective powers of the police. Considerable time had passed when the time of his departure and the discovery of Preller's body.

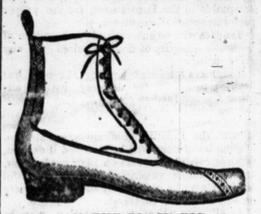
On Wednesday, the chief of police of St. Louis received a cablegram from the United States consul at Auckland, New Zealand, announcing Maxwell's arrest. Detectives found that Maxwell had gone direct to San Francisco from St. Louis, and before it was known that the murder had been committed, the murderer was on board a steamer on the Pacific ocean bound for a country with which we have very little communication. And yet within a few days after the discovery of the murder, a keen-scented detective had tracked him to San Francisco and Francisco and learned of his departure on the Pacific steamer. The telegraph then came to the aid of the law and when the steamer made her first stop at Auckland, the murderer found his self under arrest. The difficulties of eluding the law in these days are well exemplified by this case.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Rebels Hanged.

COLON, May 8.—The two rebel leaders, Patzall and Cokobalo, who advised and assisted Preston in burning this city and who have been held prisoners on Galena, were delivered yesterday morning to Gen. Reyes, commander-in-chief of the Colombian forces, by Capt. Kane. A court-martial was then held by Gen. Reyes, and the rebel conspirators were sentenced to death. No delay occurred in executing the sentence of the court. In the afternoon the condemned men were taken to the middle of the ruins and hanged in the presence of thousands of people. The place selected for the hanging was the exact spot where the leaders of the rebellion started the fire of March 31st, which laid this city in ashes and destroyed nearly every building in it. Gen. Reyes' prompt action has had its effect. The hanging of Patzall and Cokobalo has struck terror to the hearts of every rebel.

PATTERSON'S



IS THE PLACE FOR

CLOTHING BOOTS & SHOES

MOCCASINS, LARRICANS,

LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S

OVERSHOES,

In great variety, which will be sold cheap for cash.

Gents' Boots made to order. Repairing promptly and neatly executed.

J. PATTERSON,

ATLANTIC AVENUE.

Next door to Grand Central Hotel.

J. H. RODWAY & CO.

Manufacturers and dealers in

STOVES

Tinware, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

All kinds of

ROOFING AND JOBBING

Promptly attended to at lowest living rates.

Shops—Section 15, opposite the P. and East Bank of Elbow.

Orders left at Thos. Botterill's Hardware Store will receive immediate attention.

Great Bargains

IN EVERY LINE OF GOODS.

\$20,000

Worth of Goods, to be sold for Cash, at

A. FERLAND & CO

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Clothing

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Groceries, etc.

Flour, Bacon, Butter and other Staple Groceries always on hand. Remember—Our Motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits, Honest Goods and Low Prices."

CALGARY AND LAGAN

Arthur Ferland, Chas. Watson.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS, STEPHEN AVENUE, OPP. HUDSON BAY STORE.

NEW BUREAU

Attention! Orders by mail from Edmonton will receive prompt attention. We have a large stock of NEW BUREAU TABLES, GO TO TROTTS FOR YOUR FISHING TACKLE, GO TO TROTTS FOR YOUR TRAPPOLE NOVELS, GO TO TROTTS FOR YOUR HOCKEY AND MEDICINE, GO TO TROTTS FOR YOUR...

NEW BUREAU TABLES



Canadian Pacific RAILWAY.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Winter Time Table.

On and after Dec-7th, 1884, trains will move as follows:—

Table with columns for Going West and Going East, listing train numbers, departure and arrival times for various stations like Winnipeg, Brandon, Regina, Moose Jaw, Swift Current, Maple Creek, Medicine Hat, Calgary, and Lagan.

Table with columns for Going East and Going West, listing train numbers, departure and arrival times for various stations like Lagan, Port Arthur, and Winnipeg.

Table with columns for Going North and Going South, listing train numbers, departure and arrival times for various stations like Port Arthur, Winnipeg, and Lagan.

Trains run daily between Winnipeg and Lagan. Train leaves for Port Arthur on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, returning on Wednesdays, Fridays, and Sundays. Train leaves for Lagan on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, returning on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Trains run daily between Winnipeg and Lagan. Train leaves for Port Arthur on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, returning on Wednesdays, Fridays, and Sundays. Train leaves for Lagan on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, returning on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

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