

43RD YEAR NO. 17851

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1906.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## QUESTION OF CHURCH UNION STILL BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY

Presbyterian Body Devotes Another Session to It,  
Without Reaching Decision—Some Opposition.

The session of the assembly this morning was devoted entirely to the discussion of church union. A large number of speeches were made in favor of such union, and that every possible step should be taken to consummate such a union. The opposition to union was taken by Rev. J. Knox Wright and Sir Thomas Taylor. Principal MacLaren declared he had undertaken to speak on the subject with a great sense of responsibility. Whatever decision the assembly comes to, whether it is favorable or not, would be of great importance to the cause of Christian religion. Many of the brethren knew that when the movement was inaugurated he did not vote for it, he did not speak for it, rather the contrary. Since the meeting of the union committee he had been reported as a convert to entirely different views than those he held. This was entirely wrong. He had never given any grounds for such a view. He then reviewed the work of the union committee. On that committee he had worked honestly to bring about such a union, if it were possible or practicable. He had never uttered forth the slightest factious opposition to the cause. He was on the committee that drafted the doctrinal statement. He had desired to conserve the doctrines of the Presbyterian Church, and at the same time work out a doctrinal statement acceptable to the other brethren contemplating the union. If the articles were accepted in the same sense, by the same parties, a great step has been taken toward union. Before, however, we made such a step forward, we must be positive that they do accept such a statement of doctrine. There was need of some further inquiry into the reality of the acceptance of the articles drafted. He was of the opinion that the doctrinal statement was a valuable document, and contains a valuable body of truth.

### Christ's Prayer Realized.

In viewing the statement of doctrine there were two questions to be asked. Was the statement true? and does it include a sufficient amount of doctrine to be embodied as a statement of doctrine in the new church? He was not sure that visible organic union was that for which Christ prayed. It has been realized in the ages past, and Principal MacLaren did not think that Christ's prayer had not been realized during these years. Dr. MacLaren then gave an exegetical interpretation of Christ's words, and took the view that Christ took the view of a spiritual union. The church was the totality of the redeemed. The Roman Catholic view of the church was growing largely in Canada. He did not think that the Catholic view

of the church was correct. The union of Protestant churches into a body such as the Catholic Church would require an infallible head. It could not be done in a Protestant church. Protestant doctrine, and Presbyterian doctrine especially, have been much opposed to a visible union of the church. However, he intended to vote for Principal Patrick's motion. We cannot yet go far enough into the subject. We should not call a halt. He pointed out several points in the report that would have to be amended or changed before they could be accepted. He wanted the fullest expression of the mind of the whole church, through its several congregations, presbyteries and its assemblies. When the whole church gives its expression on the subject then we will know about it. He would vote for the motion, as it would give the people the opportunity of discussing the matter.

### West Opposed to Union.

Rev. J. Knox Wright, Vancouver, B. C., was the next speaker in opposition to union. A question he often heard out west was "Where are we at?" That question was very apt here. A statement had been made by the Presbyterian Church was committed to union. (Cries of dissent.) Well, the church was committed to the principal of union. He was certain that the presbyteries had not been asked their opinion on the matter. They had not been consulted.

"The Presbyterian Church will emphatically refuse to have its creed revised. We have before us a revised creed. It has been called a closer and clearer statement of New Testament truth than the Westminster Confession. This I emphatically deny."

He referred to the revised constitution. This the Presbyterian Church would never receive. Principal Forrest, of Dalhousie University, Halifax, made a telling speech in favor of union. In speaking of the modification of polity and arrangements, the assembly is always receiving overtures from presbyteries, praying for changes in polity. In this assembly, two overtures were received from two presbyteries, asking for changes.

"I do not think we have yet got Christ's spirit. I do not think that Christ's prayer has yet been answered. With all due respect, I am of the opinion that his prayer has not been answered to this day. We are to pray Christ's prayer yet."

### Long Fight for Union.

For 50 years the church has fought this question, and has gone forth toward organic union. The church has (Continued on Page Eight.)

## DRURY LANE PACKED TO HONOR ELLEN TERRY

Remarkable Scenes at Jubilee Performances of the Great Actress.

London, June 12.—The all-night vigil of hundreds of admirers of Miss Ellen Terry, anxious to get into Drury Lane Theatre, and witness her jubilee matinee performance this afternoon, ended in disappointment, after a 24 hours' wait outside the pit and gallery doors. When the doors were opened at 10.30 a.m. to admit the weary crowd, a scene resembling a football scrimmage ensued. Soon came the word that the house was full, and the doors were again closed. When the overture of the remarkably programme, containing the names of practically every stage star now in London, was started, Drury Lane was packed from floor to ceiling. Signora Elzevire, the French and the two Coquelins came over from France to participate, and Miss Melba and Signor Capuani, the Italian, were also present. The many-sided programme was the cast of the first act of "Much Ado About Nothing." In which 23 members of the Terry family, headed by Ellen Terry herself, appeared.

## 18,000 DIE IN WEEK BY PLAGUE IN INDIA

No Halt to Ravages of the Epidemic in Hindustan.

Washington, June 12.—The constant ravages of epidemics in India is shown in reports received by the public health and marine hospital service, the latest one being for the week ended April 28 last, showing 17,555 cases and 15,633 deaths from plague that week in India; 2,166 cases and 1,942 deaths from plague in Bengal, and 128 deaths from cholera, 167 from plague, and 99 from smallpox in Calcutta.

## DR. MARY JACOBI DEAD

Noted Woman Physician and Suffragist Summoned by Death.

New York, June 12.—Dr. Mary Putnam Jacobi, who was the wife of Dr. Abraham Jacobi, and was a distinguished specialist in children's and nervous diseases, a writer of many books on general and medical subjects, and at one time an ardent woman suffragist, died on Sunday at her home in East Forty-seventh street. Her illness extended over a period of four years. Mrs. Jacobi married Dr. Jacobi in 1873. At that time she was recognized abroad as well as in this country, as one of the most progressive and intellectual women of her time, particularly in medicine.

She was the first woman to be admitted to the Ecole de Medicine in Paris, and the second to get a diploma from that institution. She was also the first woman admitted as a fellow to this New York Academy of Medicine. She was born in London in August, 1843. Her father was George Palmer Putnam, who established the publishing house of that name.

## CHAMBERLAIN BACKS PAPER

Object of One-Cent Sheet Is Peace Between Capital and Labor.

London, June 11.—There has been much mystery about the new one-cent newspaper, the Majority, which has as its Utopian object the uniting of the Labor party and the capitalists, which the former is always decrying. It is now known positively that Joseph Chamberlain is back of the enterprise, although he has not actually put capital into it.

The man whom he has interested in the scheme has, however, subscribed \$500,000 so far, and the promoters have offered several Labor leaders \$50 each to write short articles for the first number of the paper.

One Labor member responded and has been severely lectured by his party, as it has learned that the real object of the Majority is to win the La'or party over to protection or tariff reform.

## LIFTS HEART OUT; SEWS IT

Philadelphia Surgeon Takes Six Stitches in Gash of Palpitating Organ.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 12.—For over forty minutes the pulsating heart of William Wyatt was held in the hands of two physicians at the Pennsylvania Hospital last night while Dr. Richard Hart, hospital surgeon, sewed six stitches in the organ and then replaced it in the body.

Wyatt, who was at first thought to have been fatally cut, was reported to be resting comfortably today, and the physicians say they have every reason to believe the operation was successful and the patient will recover.

It was the third time such an operation has been performed in the city. Wyatt and a friend were scuffling for possession of a long knife when the former slipped and fell on its point. Dr. Hart made an incision in Wyatt's left side long enough to put his hand through, and taking out the heart, placed it upon the palms of his two assistants, and there it lay, throbbing vigorously as it sent the blood coursing through the arteries.

Examination showed that the knife had inflicted a wound on the organ an inch and a quarter long. In order that the heart's action should not be interfered with it was necessary for the surgeon to make stitches between pulsations. When the operation was concluded the organ was put back in its proper place.

## NOBLES LINE UP WITH THE CZAR

Oppose Appropriating Land for the Peasants.

## GOVERNORS INSULT THE DUMA

Crops in Southwest Russia a Failure, and Peasants Will Have to Fight Famine.

St. Petersburg, June 12.—The nobles congress, now in session here, has practically endorsed the Government's agrarian programme, having declared itself against the forced expropriation of land and proposing only two methods for the relief of the peasants, namely, purchases of land through the peasants' banks, and transmigration to Siberia, and especially commending the latter, and recommending the granting of free land in Siberia, and exemption from taxes for a period of years. The congress also endorsed the Government's proposition for a dissolution of the commune system where it is desired. An influential but small minority, headed by Count Lvovoff, of Saratoff, protested against the selfish attitude of the nobility, urging unavailing that the large landlords, if they wished to escape from utter ruin, must cede something to the peasantry, and at least consent to expropriation of surplus estates.

A strong effort is being made by the Moderate Liberals to induce the Emperor and court to attempt to compromise the situation by supplanting the Gorenynkin ministry with a fixed cabinet chosen from the October party, the party of democratic reforms, and the Constitutional Democrats, but there is no evidence that his majesty is ready to try the experiment. On the contrary, the straws point in other directions.

Some of the provincial governors are still openly negotiating the campaign to discredit Parliament, and this morning the decoration of all the officers of the Semenovskiy regiment, who made themselves hated for the Moscow uprising, was announced.

Although the crop reports from the entire western provinces are excellent, the latest reports from the Volga region indicate that Russia will not escape a famine. The harvest in that part of the empire this year, especially in Kazan, Birmbirsk and Samara, threatens, owing to lack of rain, to be a complete failure.

This is the region where the peasant agitation is most acute.

## TEN KARAT MARK

Government Bill Providing Stamping of Gold and Silver.

Ottawa, June 12.—The Government bill entitled, "the gold and silver marking act," which provides that no article of merchandise of part gold or any alloy of gold shall be stamped or engraved, or marked with any number of karats less than 10. To do otherwise shall be an indictable offense, which makes the gold "marked" "United States assay," or other indefinite marks are prohibited. When a gold article is marked as 18 karats, it must contain 18 parts of pure gold and 6 parts of alloy, and all other quality marks shall be in the same proportion, and "24-k" as the standard of pure gold.

A similar provision is made in regard to the marking of silver.

## ICE MADE; FACTORY BURNED.

Hopkinsville, Ky., June 12.—When the ruins of the ice factory which was destroyed by fire last Thursday were examined yesterday it was found that 10,000 pounds of ice had been made during the progress of the flames. Just before the fire started 320 freezing cans, each with a capacity of 50 pounds of ice, were lowered into the tank of brine beneath the factory. An examination showed that each can contains a block of pure ice.

## THE WEATHER

Tomorrow—A Little Warmer.

London, Tuesday, June 12. Sun rises, 4.38 a.m.; Moon rises, 12.36 a.m. Sun sets, 7.59 p.m.; Moon sets, 10.53 a.m. Toronto, June 12—3 p.m. Fine weather prevails throughout Canada, accompanied by quite cool conditions from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces, and decidedly warm over the greater portion of Manitoba and the Northwest Provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 44-78; Port Simpson, 46-62; Victoria, 54-70; Vancouver, 53-67; Calgary, 42-76; Prince Albert, 54-82; Qu'Appelle, 54-75; Winnipeg, 44-80; Port Arthur, 40-55; Pelly Sound, 36-64; Toronto, 44-58; Ottawa, 40-60; Montreal, 44-56; Quebec, 35-54; St. John, 50-64; Halifax, 50-64.

FORECASTS. Tuesday, June 12—8 a.m. Light to moderate winds; fine today and on Wednesday—A little warmer.

TEMPERATURES. Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Max. Weather. Calgary, 42-76; Port Simpson, 46-62; Victoria, 54-70; Vancouver, 53-67; Calgary, 42-76; Prince Albert, 54-82; Qu'Appelle, 54-75; Winnipeg, 44-80; Port Arthur, 40-55; Pelly Sound, 36-64; Toronto, 44-58; Ottawa, 40-60; Montreal, 44-56; Quebec, 35-54; St. John, 50-64; Halifax, 50-64.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES. The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Monday were: Highest, 65.5; lowest, 41.5.

WEATHER NOTES. Fine, cool weather prevails from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces, and fine weather throughout the Northwest. Thunderstorms are indicated for Alberta and Saskatchewan, and very fine conditions elsewhere.

## GRAND TRUNK PLANS SPLENDID TERMINAL

Magnificent New Structure to Take Place of Present Depot.

Montreal, June 12.—Great things in the shape of a new station and head offices are being planned for the Grand Trunk Railway in conjunction with the Grand Trunk Pacific, and when they are carried to completion the station and headquarters here will rank with the finest of the kind on the continent. Already work has begun on the new offices, directly opposite the present magnificent structure on McGill street, but it will likely be some time before work on the new station will begin. It will be located on the site occupied now by the Bonaventure station, but will be many times larger. If everything can be carried out as expected, it will extend a block farther east, taking in the large thoroughfare and property of several hotels which lie below on St. James street.

## CYCLONE INSURANCE FOR WESTERN ONTARIO

Recent Big Storm Causes New York Company to Take Up Matter.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Toronto, June 12.—The recent storm and the damage wrought by it are being discussed freely by insurance men, and as a result cyclone insurance will likely be established on a basis similar to that in the Western States.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, of the Phoenix Company of New York, stated today that several companies had already secured licenses to do business in cyclone insurance. Up to the present time, he said, there has been little need for such insurance in this part of the country, but recent storms had brought the matter to the consideration of New York people. The rates charged for cyclone insurance are less than half the rates for fire. In the western part of Ontario costly windstorms have become common, and a big business is looked for there if this class of insurance is taken up.

## "BENNY" VAN HORNE WEDS

Son of the Railway Magnate Married to Miss Edith Molson.

Montreal, June 12.—St. George's Church was the scene of a fashionable wedding this afternoon, when Edith Badgely Molson, only daughter of Dr. Molson, was united in marriage to Richard Benedict Van Horne, son of Sir William Van Horne, by Bishop Carmichael. After the ceremony the couple left for Vancouver in Sir William's private car, for a couple of weeks' honeymoon, after which "Benny," as he is popularly known here, and his bride will go to Cuba, where they will reside for several months of the year. Mr. Van Horne representing his father's interest in that country. Among the bride's trousseau was a complete Japanese costume, the gift of Mr. Nosed, the Japanese consul-general in Canada.

## ATE THE GEM, SAYS JURY

Girl Found Guilty of Stealing Diamond Which She Swallowed.

Omaha, June 12.—After deliberating for more than 24 hours the jury decided that Mae Thomas was guilty of "eating a diamond," but asked the court to be lenient with her because of her youth.

Mae Thomas is the girl who stole a diamond worth \$350 ten months ago, in an attempt to evade discovery placed the stone in her mouth and swallowed it. The diamond was located by X-rays, and every effort short of an operation was tried to recover it, but unsuccessfully.

The trial, consumed almost a week and drew big crowds. The girl confessed, but withdrew this and pleaded not guilty at the trial. She acknowledged placing the gem in her mouth for the purpose of testifying to the fact, but left it to the jury to say what became of the gem after that. She will probably get a three-year sentence.

## LADY WILSON LOSES.

Toronto, June 12.—A finding wholly and unreservedly in favor of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, defendants in the action brought by Lady Wilson to have the accounts of her late husband, Sir Adam Wilson, reopened, is given by Judge Winchester.

## AN ENORMOUS RAT.

St. Catharines, Ont., June 11.—A little boy, Leo Cahill, son of Walter Cahill, was playing in the yard on Saturday when he saw what he took to be a kitten sitting on the ground, and picked it up. It proved to be an enormous rat, which had been hurt, and could not run, and the moment the child touched it the rodent bit him severely on the hand. The wound was cauterized at a fashionable time, but fear of blood-poisoning setting in.

## SEDDON'S FAREWELL

Melbourne, Victoria, June 12.—"I am leaving tonight for God's own country. I hope Australia will become a similar paradise," was the late Premier Seddon's farewell message to Premier Bent, of Victoria, sent a few hours before the former's sudden death yesterday on the steamer on which he sailed in the morning from Sydney, N. S. W., for New Zealand.

The Federal Parliament adjourned today, out of respect for the dead statesman.

## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SEEN FROM THE GALLERY

The business of this contributor is not that of a running commentator on the proceedings. Your reporter does that work with ability and accuracy. You will, however, permit a few sentences on the union debate.

The debate, which began yesterday at 3 o'clock, and is continued today as the last call comes for copy, brought a magnificent audience to First Church. Representatives of other denominations were out in force. Large numbers of ladies, in their bright costumes, lent a fine touch of color to the audience, as they found seats among the commissioners in clerical attire. The interest was intense. The report of the union committee was presented by Principal Patrick of Manitoba College in an hour's address, which was studiously moderate, and was a marvelous piece of forensic eloquence. Dr. Armstrong, the retiring moderator, who seconded the motion submitted by the Manitoba principal, made a strong and humorous address.

The brilliant young scholar and orator, Rev. John MacKay, of Montreal, was the first to take a stand against union. He was seconded by another young member from the west, Rev. Duncan Campbell, of Armstrong, B. C. Both made able addresses, but both seemed somewhat "rattled."

Then came Principal Falconer, the head of Halifax College, and son of the moderator, in a splendid address in favor of union. When the young principal retired amid a perfect whirlwind of applause, his venerable and honored father, the moderator, was for a moment overcome with emotion, and no wonder. Said an outsider to your contributor: "If I had a son like that, I would be the happiest man on earth."

Rev. W. J. Clark, of First Church, was the next to appear as a champion of union, and it was made abundantly clear that the members of the assembly, as well as Londoners, were

proud of him. It was a historic day one that you would not have missed for a great deal.

Assembly Sabbath was a high Sabbath in London, well calculated to make the city glad. The sermons were spoken of on every hand, as strong, thoughtful and inspiring. Scrappy reports give no fair idea of the dozens of sermons preached by the members of this great convocation. Indeed, one distinguished brother remarked that the report made his sermon appear ridiculous.

The decisions of the assembly day after day show how accurately The Advertiser has sized up the work of this body. From the first. Yesterday on the motion of two elders, Mr. J. K. Macdonald and Mr. Walter Paul, an honorarium was granted to the moderator of last year, Dr. Armstrong, and to the present moderator, Dr. Falconer, to relieve them of personal expense in connection with their duties and functions as representatives of the church during their incumbency. The action was worthy of the strong and wealthy church.

When Dr. McMillen, of Woodstock, raises that index finger of his on a point of ecclesiastical parliamentary procedure that settles it. Principal Forrest raised a point of order in relation to Mr. MacKay's amendment to the union committee's motion. There was great confusion for a few moments. But when Dr. McMillen rose and got his index finger going, the point was settled in a single minute, and quiet again reigned.

The venerable ex-moderator, Dr. Wardrope, of Guelph, bearing the burden of his 82 years with grace, was compelled to return home on account of the state of his health. If ever there was in the twentieth century a perfect type of the apostle of love of the first century, that man is Dr. Wardrope. It is a real benediction to meet this greatly-beloved father of the church.

## DEATH SUMMONS SIR H. LANGEVIN

Former Minister Under Sir John Macdonald Passes Away at Quebec.

Quebec, June 11.—Sir Hector Langevin, formerly minister of public works in St. John A. Macdonald's cabinet, died here this evening at a quarter to nine. He was 80 years of age.

Sir Hector Langevin was born in Quebec in 1826, was called to the bar in 1850, was editor of Melanger Religieux in 1847, and of the Courrier du Canada ten years later. He was appointed Queen's counsel in 1864.

Entering the Canada Assembly he became a member of the executive council, and at the union of the provinces in 1867 was made secretary of state. He was subsequently minister of public works (1873-75), postmaster-general (1875), and minister of public works again in 1879. He retired from public life in 1881.

He was one of the fathers of Confederation, and played a large role in Canadian politics.

## HACKETT ON TRIAL

A Prosecuting Witness Unable to Identify the Prisoner.

## REFUSED NEW TRIAL

Plea of Lawyer Patrick Convicted of Murder Turned Down.

New York, June 11.—Recorder Goff today denied a motion for a new trial in the case of Albert T. Patrick, the convicted murderer of William Marsh Rice.

## RUN OVER AND KILLED.

St. Catharines, June 12.—David Hennigan was run over and killed while walking on the tracks of the G. T. R. at an early hour this morning. He was 90 years of age, and had been a resident of the city for half a century.

## STEAMERS ARRIVED.

June 11. Reported at. From. Virginia.....Liverpool. Nord America.....Genoa. Zeelandia.....New York. Genoa. Zeelandia.....New York. Antwerp. Potsdam.....New York. Rotterdam. Marquette.....Boston. Antwerp. Kron Prinz Wilh.....Cherbourg. New York. Caledonia.....Glasgow. New York. Sicilian.....Glasgow. Montreal. Sardinian.....London. Montreal. Weimar.....Bremen. New York. Bulgaria.....Hamburg. New York.

## ENTERTAINED THE ESQUIMAUX FOLK

Steward of Arctic Questioned by the Investigation Committee.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, June 12.—The first witness at the special committee on the Arctic this morning was C. Drehanay, steward of the steamer. He was examined by Mr. Northrup and said that the Esquimaux came on board daily at Fullerton and were fed from excess supplies. There were about 60 of them. There was also taken on board furs which would nearly half fill the committee room. These furs comprised wolf, muskox and white fox. The furs were transferred to the Neptune after the Arctic reached Chateau Bay and he never saw any of them since. Returning to the supplies the witness said there were always weekly dances with the Esquimaux ladies on board. One week it was on the Arctic and the other time the Era, the American whaler. The Esquimaux ladies were frequently on board the Arctic.

Mr. Northrup read an order which Drehanay got from Moodie asking him to have refreshments ready for 60 in a hurry. Mr. Brodeur: "Where did you get that order?" "I gave it to Mr. Northrup," said the witness. The chairman asked if Mr. Northrup was going to file the documents and he answered that he intended doing so. The witness went on to say that the orders for refreshments to the dances were given by the Esquimaux who came on board were given by Major Moodie. There was an order against the men visiting the Esquimaux in their snow houses but they did so for all that. At Burwell orders were given to him to have 35 pounds of tea, 35 pounds of coffee and other supplies to Joe Lane for two men and two women who were crippled and could not come on board for supplies. Mr. Northrup: "Did any of the Esquimaux ladies come on board at night?" Drehanay: "I don't know myself, but Captain Bernier had a fuss with Major Moodie over some trouble of that kind. Mr. Vanass told me he was disturbed at night."

Mr. Farlee: "Just tell us what you know. We can get Vanasse's story from himself."

Drehanay said that he did not see any of them. He was on the wrong side of the boat.

## TUCKER PAYS PENALTY

He's Electrocutted for the Murder of Miss Mabel Page.

Boston, June 11.—Charles L. Tucker was electrocuted at 12.15 this morning for the murder of Miss Mabel Page. Tucker was pronounced dead at 12.14 and was officially pronounced dead by the prison doctors at 12.19. Three applications of the current were made. The witnesses present say that the execution was successfully carried out.

## G. T. R. DROPS IT FOR THE PRESENT

Probably Nothing Doing in Way of Improvements This Year—May Talk in Fall.

Despite the rumors of the early reopening of negotiations between the city and the Grand Trunk Railway, which were heard in semi-official quarters last week, around the city hall, it is now said that while neither the city nor the company cares to state that a breach has occurred which is of a very serious nature, it is nevertheless true that there will be nothing done in the way of improvements in London this year.

Instead of reopening negotiations at once, it is said to be the intention of the company to allow matters to rest for a while, and to again approach the city in the fall, the object being to have a bylaw submitted to the people in January next.

It is now said to be too late for the company to start the elevation of the tracks in London this year, and, moreover, the company would have to wait for a vote of the people, which would eat up another couple of weeks.

All things considered, it is thought around the city hall that the company is in no hurry and that Manager Hays meant what he said when he told The Advertiser that if this year's council does not make an agreement with the city, another year's council will.

## RAILS FOR J. H. HILL.

Sydney, N. S., June 12.—The steamer Boveric left Sydney yesterday for Seattle, Wash., via Cape Horn, with 1,000 tons of rails, which will be transhipped to British Columbia for use on J. H. Hill's railway. This is the first cargo of Sydney rails ever shipped by water.

## THE ZULUS ATTACK FROM TREES; DROPPED, ROUTED BY BRITISH

Durban, Natal, June 12.—Col. Mackenzie's column yesterday attacked the rebel natives who had sought shelter in the bush. The latter climbed trees, whence they hailed assaults on the troops, but bullets dropped them out of the branches. Over forty were thus killed, and altogether one hundred and sixty natives were slain. Darkness ended the operations of the troops, but the rout of the rebels is regarded as practically complete.



## CHURCH UNION IS STRONGLY ADVOCATED IN THE ASSEMBLY

A black and white illustration of a woman from the waist up, wearing a corset and a long, flowing dress with a full skirt. She is looking down at her hands, which are positioned near her waist. The dress has a high neckline and long sleeves. The corset is visible under the dress. The woman has dark hair styled in a bun. The background is plain white.

# D & A CORSETS

## The Corset For The

woman ordinary corsets can't satisfy.

D & A Corsets wholly fit the gap between costly custom-made and ordinary ready-made corsets. Few can afford the one—fewer really approve the other. Yet even the most fastidious woman can find in D & A Corsets exactly the fit for her tastes, her figure and her means.

The proof awaits you at your favorite store—ask the best of your local dealers to show you a D & A—and see that he does show it. Else, tell us of his lapse or lack—we will attend your wishes.

A-4



## TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS—NO ADVERTISEMENT LESS THAN TEN CENTS.

**MEETINGS.**—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. **ARTICLES FOR SALE.**—To let, help wanted, situations, wanted, board and lodgings, lost and found, rooms to let, real estate for sale, etc.—First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

## BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

**DEATHS.**—Gould—At his late residence, 512 Maitland street, on Monday, June 11, 1906, John C. Gould, beloved husband of Lucretia C. Gould, aged 36 years. Funeral from the above address on Wednesday, at 2:30 p.m., service at 2 o'clock.

## AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

**DON'T FORGET FORESTERS' EXCURSION.**—To Detroit, June 16, Canadian Pacific Railway. Special train, only \$1.60, three days.

## SPRINGBANK PARK—Free Moving Pictures

Special this week: "Lord Roberts Reviewing the Canadian Troops in London." New, new and special. "For Mother, Home and Country."

## LONDON TO DETROIT AND RETURN

Low rate daily. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

## SPRINGBANK PAVILION—THE TROUQUERS

Special this week: "Lord Roberts Reviewing the Canadian Troops in London." New, new and special. "For Mother, Home and Country."

## MERCHANTS' LINE—PORT STANLEY

Cleveland, Windsor and Toronto to Montreal, via water; low rates; first class accommodation. F. B. Clarke, sole agent, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

## EMPRESS OF BRITAIN, THE FAVORITE

Fast new steamship, sails Quebec and Montreal to Liverpool, June 23. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

## PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES—Springbank Pavilion

Complete arrangements guaranteed. Orchestra, cars, etc. Phone 1774. Dayton & McCormick.

## PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY R. B. MILLARD

Waltz, two-step. Lessons any hour. Residence and academy, 349 Princess avenue.

## PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY

Baron hears all pupils play, and gives reports.

## CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR private parties, balls, banquets, etc.

Telephone 1285. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

## TONY CORTESI—THE ORIGINAL

London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple street. Telephone 1570.

## MEETINGS.

**REGULAR MEETING OF ST. JOHN'S Lodge 23**, this evening, in Masonic Temple, at 8 o'clock. Visitors welcome. Thomas Rowe, W. M., M. D. Dawson, secretary.

## BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW—Convention at St. George's Church

schoolhouse, West London, Tuesday, 12th inst., 8 p.m. Everybody welcome.

## LOST AND FOUND.

**STRAYED TO LOT 5, CON. 15, LONDON Township.**—Blind mare. 51c.

## FOUND—GOLD BRACELET, ON CARLTON STREET

Owner can obtain same by proving property and paying for advertising. E. Pratt, sub-contractor, Orangeville, Ont. 51c.

## LOST—PAIR SPECTACLES, ON DUNDAS STREET

Found; Sunday afternoon. Finder rewarded on leaving at Dominion Savings. 51c.

## LOST—\$20, ON MARKET PLACE, TWO

ten, two fives, two ones. \$5 reward for return to this office. 41c.

## LOST—TWO \$5 BILLS, GOOD REWARD

at St. Wellington street. 41c.

## WANTED.

**YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE** want two large unfurnished rooms in private family, with privilege of meals, for permanent accommodation would engage for a year or more. References exchanged. Address G. E. B., Tecumseh House. 51c.

## WANTED TO PURCHASE—SMALL

house or cottage, central, north of G. T. R.; \$1,500 to \$2,000. Address Box 25, Advertiser. 51c.

## A SMALL COTTAGE, BY JUNE 15, IN

suburbs. Address Box 25, this office. 41c.

## GOOD DRIVER, SUITABLE FOR DOCK

work, stable price. Box 25, Advertiser. 51c.

## BARBER SHOP, ONE OR TWO CHAIRS

in good western town. Apply Box 41, Advertiser. 41c.

## ONE HUNDRED FAT CATTLE WANTED

Ed. George Jackson, St. Wellington street. 41c.

## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

**100-ACRE FARM FOR SALE, LOT 15, con. 2, McGillivray.**—One of the best farms in township, well fenced and improved, convenient to markets, churches and school; brick house, furnace, hard and soft water, fixtures, large barn, and other buildings, spring well, windmill, terms easy. Apply to M. J. Doyle, Clamshaw, Ont. 51c-51c.

## WATERLOO STREET—BRICK STORE

and a half. Site speculation; 4-story building, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, veranda, all modern conveniences. 1st 48x16 feet. This can be purchased cheap if taken at once. Apply Thomas C. Knott, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 51c-51c.

## FOR SALE—100 ACRES, BEING NORTH

half lot 10, con. 5, London Township; half sandy loam, good state of cultivation, mostly grass. Apply Ralph Bros., lot 11, con. 7, or by letter to Bathurst, Ont. 51c.

## FOR SALE—TWO-STORY SOLID BRICK

house, modern improvements, in central locality, in course of erection, also choice building lot. Apply C. Fitzgerald, barrister, Masonic Temple. 51c-51c.

## FACTORY SITE FOR SALE, CENTRAL

Address Box 25, Advertiser office. 61c.

## WAREHOUSE SITES—I HAVE A NUMBER

of the best warehouse sites in the City of London for sale. If you want a site you had better speak at once, as they will soon be gone. Thomas C. Knott, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 41c.

## FOR SALE—IMPROVED FARM, LOBO

Township, lot 10, con. 7; clay loam, bank barn, silo, horse stabling, brick house, excellent water. Apply on premises. E. McClure, Coldstream, P. O. 61c-51c.

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rent or sale, northwest corner, lot 10, London Township. Apply Wm. McGuffin, grocer, Maitland and Adelaide. 51c.

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Richmond street, specialises in body-building, corrective work, remedial movements. Office hours, 9:30 to 4:30 p.m. Consultation free.

## MALE HELP WANTED.

**BOYS WANTED FOR SHIPPING** room. McCormick Manufacturing Company. 41c.

## MARKETMEN AND TO CALL ON

butcher shops; yearly job; good wages. The London Soap Company. 41c.

## WANTED—A NIGHT WATCHMAN

for the Bank of Toronto Chambers. Apply to H. S. Brown, caretaker. 51c.

## TWO LABORERS WANTED—HIGHEST

wages paid. Apply 55 Grey street. 50c.

## WANTED—PORTER, APPLY CLARKE

House. 51c.

## MEN WANTED—OWING TO THE IN-

crease in strength of the 15th Ambulance Corps, of London, there will be a few men wanted for camp for 10th to 20th June. Anyone wishing to enlist will make application at No. 116 York street. 41c.

## WANTED—PRESSMAN, YOUNG MAN

on cylinder press. Apply, stating experience and wages, British wing, Kingston, Ont. 41c.

## BOYS WANTED FOR THE FACTORY.

Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 41c.

## WANTED—FIRST-CLASS GROOM,

experienced orderly, for camp, June 15. Apply Gun Shop, Arroyos. 51c.

## THE NEW RAILWAYS NOW UNDER

construction are creating a constantly increasing demand for telegraphers. We qualify you for one of these positions. Our free telegraph book tells how. Write for it today. B. W. Somers, principal, Dominion School of Telegraphy and Railroad, Kingston, Ont. 51c-51c.

## JOB COMPOSITOR—10-HOUR WEEK;

permanent situation to capable man. Apply immediately, Advertiser Job, London. 51c.

## ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN

earn good income here in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

## MEN AND BOYS WANTED—LEARN

plumbing, plastering, bricklaying; special offer, life scholarship, \$50, easy pay; position and union card guaranteed; free catalogue. Coyne Bros., Trade Schools, New York, Chicago, St. Louis. 51c.

## FEMALE HELP WANTED.

**WANTED—TWO BRIGHT YOUNG** ladies, knowing the city well. Apply, Room 15, City Hotel, between 6 and 9 p.m. 51c.

## WANTED IMMEDIATELY—GOOD GENERAL

servant, 78th Dundas street. 51c.

## WANTED—A FEW GIRLS TO LEARN

the fur trade, easy work and good wages. Apply once, John Marshall & Co., 68 Dundas street. 51c.

## LADY WAITRESSES WANTED FOR

Springbank Pavilion. Apply 615 King street or at Pavilion. 51c.

## DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED, AP-

PLY Boomer's, 181 Dundas street. 51c.

## WANTED—UPSTAIRS GIRL, APPLY

Clarence House. 51c.

## GIRLS WANTED, APPLY AT FOREST

City Laundry. 51c.

## EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR GENERAL

housework, in small family, no washing. Apply in evening, between 6 and 8, 636 Colborne street. 41c.

## GIRLS WANTED TO LEARN THE

trade. Brenner Bros., 184 to 190 Horton street. 51c-51c.

## WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL

servant, no washing. Apply 511 Queen's avenue. 41c.

## WANTED—FIVE COOKS, EIGHT GENERAL

servants, three nurses, two housekeepers. Mrs. Payne, 309 Dundas street. 51c.

## GIRLS WANTED FOR THE BISCUIT

factory, opposite Court House. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 41c.

## MACHINE OPERATORS WANTED.

Canadian Lady Corset Company, 270 1/2 Dundas street. 51c.

## GIRLS WANTED FOR BISCUIT AND

confectionery departments. D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited. 51c.

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earn good income here in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

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**McKILLIP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS,** solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and St. George, London. F. B. McKillop, Thomas J. Murphy. 51c.

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ters, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan at lowest rates. 78 Dundas. 51c.

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ters, money to loan, Masonic Temple, London. 51c.

## DOCTOR M. C. TOOTH, BARRISTER, ETC.

Specialty, office work and consultations. 51c.

## CHRONY &amp; BETTS, BARRISTERS,

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## EDMUND WELD—

Barrister, 425 Richmond Street. 51c.

## W. H. BATHAM, BARRISTER, SOLI-

CITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street. 51c.

## J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLI-

CITOR, etc., Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan. 51c.

## MACPHERSON &amp; PERRIN, BARRIS-

ters and solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers. 51c.

## BUCHNER &amp; GUNN, BARRISTERS,

etc., 83 Dundas street. Phone 59. Money to loan, lowest rates. U. A. Buchner, J. M. Gunn, B.A. 51c.

## T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLI-

CITOR, etc., 109 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates. 51c-51c.

## A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC.

Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan. 51c.

## GIBBONS, HARPER &amp; GIBBONS, BARRIS-

ters, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and St. George. F. G. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper, George S. Gibbons. 51c.

## JARVIS &amp; VINING, BARRISTERS,

etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis, Jared Vining. 51c.

## PURDUM &amp; PURDUM, BARRISTERS,

solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King streets, London. Otho. H. Purdum, K.C.; Alexander Purdum. 51c.

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**C. S. TAMLIN VETERINARY SUR-** GEON—Office, 332 Talbot; phone, 865. Residence, 23 Oxford; phone, 753. 51c.

## TENNETT, BARNES &amp; TENNETT,

veterinary surgeons—Office, 157 King residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. Phones: Office, 638; house, 75. 51c.

## ARTICLES FOR SALE.

**RAMBLER TOURING CAR, 1906 MODEL,** 12-horsepower, side entrance, complete, with acetylene gas generator and searchlight, horn, etc.; price, \$300. Box 24, Advertiser. 51c.

## RUNABOUT, 12-HORSEPOWER AUTO-

MOBILE, practically new; worth \$500; no reasonable offer refused. Box 25, Advertiser. 51c.

## RUSSELL AUTOMOBILE, MODEL A,

with all 1906 improvements, 12-horsepower, owner buying Model B Russell; price, \$200. Box 25, Advertiser. 51c.

## FRAME BUILDING FOR SALE, FOR

removal. Apply 625 Elias street. 51c.

## \$300 WILL BUY A NICE PAIR OF

shoes at Wm. Paxman's, 280 Dundas. 51c.

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Apply Tanton's Storage, 143 York street. 51c-51c.

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beds. Special low prices this week at Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street. 51c.

## FOR SALE—ONE-HORSE WAGON,

cheap. 23 Oxford street, West London. 51c.

## FOR SALE—GOOD SECOND-HAND

track bike. S. Turner & Son, 24 Ridout street. 51c.

## WILLIAMS UPRIGHT PIANO, IN GOOD

order; cost \$50; will sell cheap for cash. Apply 265 Clarence street. 51c.

## FOR SALE—NICE FAMILY PHAETON,

cheap. Inquire Rev. J. B. Freeman, 322 Richmond. 41c.

## FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL PIANO AT

\$100; payable \$5 per month. A handsome carved cabinet organ at \$20, payable \$2 per month. Each guaranteed five years. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence, London. 51c.

## FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS DRY WHITE

ash, 2 and 3 inches thick. J. W. Smith, Maple and Richmond. 51c.

## SOUTHCOOT &amp; KETTLE—THE NEW

coal and wood yard, corner Maitland and G. T. R. Phone 289. 51c.

## CARLOADS OF WALLPAPER JUST IN

—Sale continues, chance of your life; tremendous bargains. Scarrow, 233 Dundas. 71c-71c.

## CREDIT—ONE DOLLAR DOWN AND

one dollar a week buys \$25 worth of furniture at Fishbein's, 638 Dundas. 51c.

## JAMES GLEESON, MANUFACTURER

of the celebrated "Sunshine" hairgrower removed to 631 Dundas street. 51c.

## THREE PIANO BARGAINS—HARD-

MAN, New York, \$80; Dunham, New York, \$100; Nitchke, \$30; all fully guaranteed. Apply once, Philadel. Sales, Heimer's, Limited, 185 Dundas street, London. 71c.

## FOR SALE—SEVERAL NEW AND

second-hand gasoline engines, cheap. D. McKinnis & Co., 235 Richmond street. 51c.

## REMOVAL SALE—PARLOR SUITES,

couches, odd pieces, at cost. Patten, Upholsterer, Dundas street. 51c.

## FINE FIVE-YEAR-OLD BAY GELD-

ING, 16 hands high; extra good roadster, sound, price for money. Call on John Johnson, 235 South street. 21c.

## FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—SEE

what we have. F. S. Orr, Fish Market, Phone 1295. 51c.

## AUTOMOBILE—NEW TOURING CAR,

12-h.p., bargain. Apply C. Barton Electric Manufacturing Company, 1833, Scotch avenue. Phone 1893. 51c.

## NEW WILLIAMS SEWING MACHINES

from \$10 up, all guaranteed. Williams Manufacturing Company, 411 Richmond street. 51c-51c.

## FINE STOCK OF SHOES—ALSO SHOE

repairing. Wm. Waxman, 230 Dundas street. Phone 1385. 51c.

## DANIELS' MAGIC SALVE—THE BEST

in the world for family use. 259 Clarence street. 51c.

## LATEST FURNITURE REFRIGERA-

TORS, carpets, drapery and linens. Easy terms at M. Hornstein's, 129 South street. 51c.

## STOVES, RANGES AND FURNITURE

at Keene's, 141 King street. New and second-hand. 51c.

## FIFTEEN FEET OF OFFICE DESKS

and fixtures, at 50¢ each, set of six to platform scales. Apply 255 Clarence street. 51c.

## NEW BICYCLES, \$



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don, Ont.

LONDON, TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1906.

### SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN

Another father of Confederation passes away in the death of Sir Hector Langevin. He was secretary of state in the first Dominion ministry of 1867, of which Sir Wm. P. Howland is now the only survivor. The death of Sir George Cartier left Langevin the leader of the Quebec Blues, and Sir John Macdonald's trusted lieutenant in that Province. Becoming minister of public works in 1869, he continued to hold that portfolio, excepting during the term of the Mackenzie Government, until his enforced retirement in 1896.

Langevin was not a man of showy parts, but he was an industrious departmental head, and had a reputation for probity and solidity of character, until the McGreevey scandal blasted his good name and drove him from public life. No doubt he rendered his country much useful and conscientious service. Toward his chieftain he showed a dog-like fidelity, in contrast with the mutinous conduct of the more brilliant Chapleau who would fain have displaced Langevin in the leadership of the Blues; but Langevin had Sir John Macdonald's absolute confidence, and Chapleau was impotent without it. The career of Chapleau closed in obscurity, that of Langevin in disgrace. But for the McGreevey affair, the latter might have had his name coupled with that of Cartier. The general record of the Government had prepared the public for corrupt exposures, but such was the good repute of Langevin that the revelation of the terrible corruption in his department came as a thunderbolt. Attempts have been made to palliate his conduct, and represent him as the victim of unscrupulous men who abused his friendship and good nature, but in the face of the naked facts the imputation to speak nothing but good of the dead puts too great a strain on truth and charity. It is only just, however, to remember his good qualities. In the years of seclusion in which he lived after his disappearance from the public stage, he may have found repentance, as he certainly found bitter punishment.

### GOLDWIN SMITH ON THE INDUSTRIAL PROBLEM.

Some passages from a forthcoming book by Mr. Goldwin Smith on the industrial problem are published by the New York Sun. The author takes the orthodox view of the nature and functions of capital and labor. "Put labor without any capital, with nothing but its bare sinews, on the most fertile land or amid the richest mines and see what would be the result. Without capital we should be living in caves and grubbing up roots with our nails. Such, in fact, was the state of primitive man. The men who first stored up some roots was the first capitalist, and the man who first loaned some of his roots on condition of future repayment, was the first investor." The capitalist, besides the money which he risks, contributes labor of an indispensable kind as organizer and director and is entitled to payment for that labor as well as to the interest on his capital. Labor is entitled to such wage as the capitalist, allowing for his risk, can afford to give. A strike is a legitimate weapon for enforcing the concession of such a wage, though not for any exaction beyond. When an employer increases his profit by greater risk or an improved policy, the fruit of his brain, wisdom, as well as good feeling, would lead him to give his men an interest, as some employers do, in the prosperity of the concern.

Yet Professor Smith has no faith in co-operation. The labor contributed by the employer in the shape of direction is indispensable, he says. Lack of direction appears to have been the cause of the ill-success of co-operative works fully as much as the lack of funds for their support, while they are waiting on the market. Nor does the admission of the men to the councils of the firm appear to have been generally a success. There is too little identity of interest, as well as disparity of acquaintance with the market.

The right of an artisan to a living wage, contends the author, cannot be asserted unless value in labor is given for the wage. Nor can the right to employment be asserted when no employment offers in the case of an artisan, any more than that of a lawyer for whom there are no clients, or a physician for whom there are no patients. The capitalist, though the organizer, director and paymaster, is not the real employer. The real employer is rather the purchaser of the goods, who cannot be forced by any strike or pressure to give more for the goods than he chooses and can afford. Carried beyond a certain point, therefore, pressure for an increased wage must either fall or break the trade. Organizations

formed for an aggressive purpose are naturally apt to fall into the hands of the most aggressive and least responsible section, and there would perhaps be fewer strikes if the votes were taken by ballot and every married man had two. Professor Smith adds that from enabling the wage earner to treat on fair terms with the employer, the unions seem to be going on to create for themselves a monopoly of labor. To this the community never has and never can submit. Society is rebelling against trusts and combines. Use of political power to enforce a great monopoly of labor is surely what we cannot be expected to bear. Capital has wings, and the author suggests that if pressed too hard it may fly to countries where these troubles are unknown, for instance, China, with a highly industrial population of 400,000,000.

The state, the author adds, is constantly invoked as a sort of supreme being with paternal duties and a fund of its own for their fulfillment, while in reality it is either a mere abstraction or nothing but the government of the day, without any fund for its paternal bounty but that which it draws by taxation from the community and on which no class can have a special claim.

He dismisses judicial arbitration as a remedy for industrial warfare. While the market is rising and the court has only to register the fair demand for a proportionate rise in wages, to which the employer readily consents, all goes well; but when a fall in the market calls for a reduction of wages trouble, it would seem, is sure to begin.

Socialism, Professor Smith declares, has never told us distinctly what its form of government is to be. Can it devise, he asks, a government which shall hold all the instruments of production, distribute our industrial parts, regulate our remuneration, yet leave us free? Without freedom and personal choice of callings how could there be progress, how could there be invention, how could there be dedication to intellectual pursuits? Can the government pick out inventors, scientific discoverers, philosophers, men of letters, artists set them to work and assign them their rewards? By what standard will it measure remuneration? The products of manual labor it might conceivably measure; but apparently those alone.

Having discarded co-operation, compulsory arbitration, and state socialism, and sounded a protest against paternalism in general, Professor Smith finds no alternative to competition. "It would seem," he concludes, "that there is something to be said for acquiescing, provisionally at least, in our industrial system, based as it is on the general relation between capital and labor, and trying to continue the improvement of that relation in a peaceful way, without class war and havoc. Progress, in a word, seems more hopeful than revolution."

Professor Smith plainly stands with the old school. Indeed, his readers may be excused if they find little difference between Goldwin Smith and Adam Smith. The trend of legislation everywhere is away from the doctrine of laissez faire, and toward paternalism and the enlargement of the sphere of state interference. The scholar of the Grange must be disquieted by this and regard it as all the more reason why his voice should be lifted in warning. And the old school can find no more eloquent or authoritative voice than his. But is he crying in the wilderness?

### BRYAN TO THE FORE AGAIN.

An interesting phase of American politics at the present time is the persistence of the popularity of Mr. W. J. Bryan. He was thought to have been buried as a public force, after his second crushing defeat for the presidency in 1900, but the eyes of the Democratic party are turning toward him again. A presidential election begins to agitate the American people at least two years in advance, and the Democrats of six states, in convention assembled, have demanded that the Nebraska again enter the field. In 1904 the conservative wing of the Democracy captured the national convention, and nominated Judge Parker on a gold standard platform, but he was so thoroughly beaten that his supporters really played into Bryan's hands. Since then the latter's public utterances, notably his trenchant criticism of the tenets of socialism, have been of a conservative trend, and if he would discard his free silver theories, or consent to eliminate his old plank from the Democratic platform, he would probably command the support of the body of eastern Democrats, including the Cleveland cult. The latter are disturbed by the apparition of Hearst, in comparison with whom Bryan is regarded as safe and sane. Hearst is infatuated with his remarkable success in municipal politics in New York, and is again organizing a presidential boom for himself, with the aid of his unlimited financial resources, and his far-flung line of newspapers. The situation appears to be shaping toward a struggle between Bryan and Hearst which will provide the American people with a rare spectacle.

### "THE HORDE" STILL THERE.

[Stratford Beacon.] Premier Whitney, when in opposition, used to make the air vibrate with his denunciations of the "horde of Ontario Government officials." Yet

he has not reduced the number one iota, but instead has increased it materially. Every dismissal of a Liberal has been to make way for a Tory, and new offices have been created without stint. There is a wide difference between profession and practice in Mr. Whitney's case.

### ECONOMY AFTER ALL.

[Cleveland Leader.] It is easy to perceive why the Chicago packers didn't sell the squeal with the rest of the hog. They foresaw that they would need it themselves.

### BACKWARD, TURN BACKWARD.

[New York Sun.] Cholly—How old is your sister? Johnny—Twenty-six, going on twenty-five.

### HIS BUSY DAY.

[London Tit-Bits.] "Ethel," he whispered, "will you marry me?" "I don't know, Charles," she replied, coyly. "Well, when you find out," he said, rising, "send me word, will you? I shall be at Mabel Hick's until 10 o'clock. If I don't hear from you by 10 I'm going to ask her."

### A FAITHFUL HEN.

[New York Tribune.] Here is an obituary note from the Grayson, Ky., Bugle-Herald: "Old Pet, a hen that belonged to Miss Ida Rutledge, died the other day at the age of fourteen years. She was brought in a shoebox from Nicholas County, Va., August, 1892, with some other chickens, and has been a faithful hen. For many years she raised three or four broods each year, and was one of the most knowing hens and the greatest pet the family ever had."

### LEAKY AND LEAFY.

[Winnipeg Telegram.] Is this month to go down in history as the leaky month of June.

### A REGULAR HOUSE PARTY.

[Vinton (Iowa) Times.] Mr. C. McLaughlin has been helping Mr. R. Shellhouse build a woodhouse.

### GREAT NAMES.

[Toronto Star.] A little Jones boy in Hamilton has been christened Adam Laurier, thus satisfactorily spanning the history of the world from creation to the present day.

### THE CABINET STILL SOUND.

[Stratford Beacon.] Mr. Fielding, Sir Richard Cartwright, Sir Frederick Borden, Mr. Fisher and Mr. Patterson, are still to the fore and doing the same good work they always performed, and in Mr. Aylesworth, Mr. Hyman, Mr. Brodeur and Mr. Lemieux, they have equally as capable colleagues as those they so regretfully parted with. Mr. Aylesworth is one of the greatest lawyers Canada ever produced, and is sure to make a record for himself as minister of justice, whilst Mr. Hyman has already achieved the distinction of the most capable of ministers of public works. No, there is no weakening of the Laurier administration—the trouble with our Tory friends is that they privately believe it to be too strong for the weak but noisy bunch that sit behind Mr. Borden, the Posters, Haggarts, Bennets, MacLeans, Sam Hughes et al.

### THE DANDY OF OLD DAYS.

[New York World.] What has become of the dandy of the old days, of whom Mansfield's Beau Brummel has preserved the type? Is there now anything to compare with him? Dandyism went out when Queen Victoria came in. The Prince Consort was more scholar than fop. To be a dandy three things were requisite, according to the expert of the London Saturday Review: The man had to dress himself in a more artistic and original fashion than his fellows; he had to be in the best society, and he had to be possessed of brains. Brummel was not a man of birth, but both he and D'Orsay were men of brains, or wit, as it used to be called. Lord Lambington, in his recent book on dandies, gives us a picture of Count D'Orsay riding down to Richmond on a superb hack dressed in blue coat and brass buttons, broad waistcoat, wide expanse of snowy shirt front, tight-fitting leathers, broad-brimmed glossy hat and spotless white kid gloves. And he tells us that this faultless make-up was stared at by the passers with respect and the greatest admiration. He set the styles for New York and Philadelphia as well as London. The London mob of seventy years ago knew who Count D'Orsay was, and cheerfully admitted his claims upon their attention. Today the mob knows nobody by sight except "the royals" and Mr. Chamberlain. This comes from the definite extension of the bounds of what is called society, and from the multiplication of celebrities by cheap newspapers and photography. There are so many "well-known men" nowadays that none are known.

Then the modifications of male costume have helped to kill the dandy. Most of the smart man's costumes are for different kinds of sport, and dandyism in two-piece suits is not attainable. The modern well-dressed man of fashion in London probably spends more on his clothes than the dandy. For if a man hunts and shoots, and plays golf and polo, and goes to Court, he requires a large wardrobe, not to be bought for less than \$15,000 or \$20,000 a year.

### LOTS JUST LIKE HIM.

[Life.] Newberry—Is Sanford of an optimistic temperament? Baldwin—I should say he is. I have known him to go into a restaurant without a cent in his pocket, order a dozen oysters, and feel satisfied that he could pay his bill with a pearl.

### SMALL POTATOES.

[Sarnia Observer.] We see by the London Free Press that Mr. Peter Elson, M. P. for East Hadding, "raised a storm" in the House by pointing out that a government cruiser paid a big price for potatoes in Prince Edward Island. Mr. Jackson, of Elgin, followed this by another discovery that the Government cruisers paid as high as 19 cents a pound for beef. This is certainly getting down to "small potato" politics.

## CEMENT AND ITS HISTORY

[From the Scientific American.]

The use of cement runs back to antiquity. There is no exact knowledge as to when mankind first used calcined limestone in connection with masonry. It is known to have been used anciently by the Chaldeans, Egyptians, Greeks, and Romans. The most ancient form of cement was simply burnt limestone, more or less pure, used very much as we use ordinary lime at the present time. The Romans were the first to adulterate lime by adding certain clay solids and slate for the purpose of making a cement of a hydrauic nature, that is, one which would set or harden under water. Pliny, who lived in the first century B.C., describes the method of modifying ordinary burnt limestone and converting it into a form of hydrauic cement.

It was anciently believed that the best cement was made from the hardest rock, and this opinion was not modified from the time of the Romans down to the eighteenth century. However, John Smeaton, the man who built the second Eddystone lighthouse, in the course of examining the various hydrauic cements for use in the foundation and masonry, made the important discovery that the quality of hydrauic cement depended upon the amount of clay in the limestone. This is conceded as the most important discovery in the art of nearly twenty centuries.

The island of Portland in the south of England there are certain quarries of limestone which have been worked for many years, anciently producing building stone. In 1824 an Englishman named Joseph Aspdin, of Leeds, patented a process for mixing and burning lime and clay. The product looked so much like the Portland limestone that he called it "Portland cement," from which the commonly known name given to nearly all kinds of hydrauic cement was derived. From Aspdin's time to 1880, the Portland cement industry in England and on the continent for making Portland cement, which was mostly poor stuff and of limited use. The first Portland cement made in the United States was made by the Copeley Cement Company, Copeley, Pa., in 1875; their annual rate of production was 2,000 barrels.

It is not necessary to go into details here with reference to the manufacture and chemical composition of Portland cement, and suffice it to say that the substance known as Portland cement consists largely of limestone with the addition of some silicate such as clay in certain proportions. In the process of manufacture these substances are crushed, introduced into rotary kilns under high temperature, and burnt together. The resulting clinker is taken and ground in some sort of mill. It is necessary to grind cement to a very high degree of fineness, and its strength depends upon the degree of care with which this is done. It may be said that the modern cement mill is equipped with the machinery to do this suitably, as the requirements of engineering demand various tests before allowing cement to go into any work of importance.

The growth of Portland cement making in the United States has been rapid. In 1875 the annual production was 2,000 barrels per year; in 1890 (fifteen years later) it was 335,500 barrels; in 1899, 842,020 barrels; and in 1903 it was 2,342,973 barrels.

The importance of cement in the business world today is so great that not only have the different governments throughout the world taken up the matter of standardizing the tests determining the quality of cement, but it has also been done by various great engineering societies.

The cost of Portland cement has annually decreased as the production increased, coming down from about \$2.30 per barrel in 1890, to about \$1.60 per barrel in 1903.

## POISONS IN THE MEAL

Forty-Two Doses in Dinner of the Average Man. Kansas City, Mo., June 12.—"By studying a bill of fare in a restaurant not long ago I found that the average man takes about 42 doses of poison at every meal he eats," said Harry B. Walmsley, champion of the pure food bill in the last Legislature, today. "The butter is colored with coal tar dyes," he continued. "The meat has more or less embalming fluid in it, and his potatoes are fried probably containing portions of hogs that have died natural deaths and not been slaughtered under sanitary conditions; possibly the animal died of some disease. The catsup is colored with coal dyes and has selenic acid in it."

"The bread is full of alum. The tea and coffee contain copper. The vegetables have different varieties of coal tar dyes. You can't get any pure pepper. It is full of coal tar dyes, and dust and clay. You buy a nice red apple on the stand. It is rosy because, nine times out of ten, it is painted with coal tar dyes. Even the cherished illusion of new potatoes is not always true. Old potatoes are freshened up in alum water after being scraped. "Fifty per cent of the deaths that occur in this country are the direct result of impure and dishonest foods. The packers are not alone to blame. It is practically impossible to get any pure food in this country."

## PRINCE TOOK HOME CRUMBS

Surprised Him Until He Lear ed it Was Only Jap Etiquette.

London, June 11.—Prince Arthur of Connaught has returned, full of anecdotes, from his "mission" to Japan, where he went to the request of the Mikado with the Order of the Garter. King Edward had several long talks with the young man, and laughs very heartily over Prince Arthur's description of one Japanese custom. At one of the dinners he attended in Japan the courses ran into two figures, as the guests were leaving each found a small parcel awaiting him in the outer rooms. Prince Arthur took his parcel himself, instead of handing it over to his equerry, thinking it was a special present. On reaching home he opened it, to find that it contained the food, very much mused up, that he had not been able to eat at dinner. Prince Arthur was surprised to find that the King was well acquainted with this branch of Japanese etiquette.

# J. H. CHAPMAN & CO

## Wednesday Specials

### Axminster Room Rugs Marked Down

Templeton's Seamless Imperial Axminster Parquette Squares, in beautiful medallion center and border effects. Rich autumn tints and most effective colorings of olive and sage green. If you want a handsome parlor rug these prices should tempt you. In following sizes:

9x9 feet Rugs, were \$29.50, for.....\$23.50  
9x10 feet 6 inches Rugs, were \$35, for.....\$29.50

9x12 feet Rugs, were \$40, for.....\$34.00  
10 feet 6 inches by 12 feet Rugs, were \$47.50, for.....\$40.00

10 feet 6 inches by 13 feet 6 inches Rugs, were \$52, for.....\$45.00

Crossley's Seamless English Velvet Squares, the most popular square sold today, because they have all the appearance of an axminster, and if bought in a good quality will give every satisfaction, while the price is just about one-half. Study these prices:

7 feet 6 inches by 10 feet 9 inches, were \$18, for.....\$13.50  
9x9 feet, were \$17, for.....\$14.50

9 by 10 feet 6 inches, were \$20, for.....\$17.50  
9x12 feet, were \$23, for.....\$20.00

10 feet 6 inches by 13 feet 6 inches, were \$27, for.....\$23.00

### A Drive in Wanted White Goods

Wednesday specials in the lines of white goods in the greatest demand.

White Spotted Swiss Organdy, beautiful quality, small dots, all the rage. Reduced Wednesday to a yard.....20c

One piece American Linen Sheeting, fully bleached, one yard wide. Marked 35c yd. Wednesday special.....30c

White Poplinette, fine and silky weight for suits, 30 inches wide. Special Wednesday, a yard.....30c

As the result of careful buying and close marking we can offer White Persian Lawns at prices that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. 33 inches wide, of sheer quality with linen finish. Better than the usual 22c quality. Selling at a yard.....17c

Better than the usual 25c quality, selling at a yard.....20c

American Mull, pure white, 42 inches wide, suitable for fine dresses. Wednesday, a yard.....38c

### Wednesday Tabling Specials

5 pieces Half-Bleached Table Linens, all different patterns, 58 inches wide. Wednesday special.....22c

3 pieces Half-Bleached Table Linens, 60 inches wide, new patterns. Special Wednesday, a yard.....29c

## Corsets We Recommend

The rarest expressions of Parisian style are mirrored in the "Antoinette" Corsets. In wearing them the figure is comfortable and more graceful. Whalebone filled, light in weight and pliable. Splendid values at.....\$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00

### Silk Coats

High-Grade Black Silk Coats, lined throughout with silk, trimmed with silk ruching and applique. A handsome and dressy garment; were \$16.00, for, Wednesday.....\$13.50

### Tailor-Made Suits

Black and Navy Broadcloth Suits, mostly Eton styles, were \$16.50 and \$18.50, clearing Wednesday for.....\$10.50

Ladies' Linen Wash Suits, nicely made, pleats in flare, Wednesday.....\$1.50

### Trimmings

Olds and ends to clear in Fancy Trimmings, up-to-date styles, were \$1 to \$2 yard, Wednesday.....25c

FLANNELETTE. 500 yards Striped Flannelette, worth 61-2c yard, Wednesday.....5c

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

## INTERCOLONIAL HAS A SURPLUS

Minister Emmerson States That the Road Is at Last Making Money.

Ottawa, June 11.—Mr. Emmerson made the gratifying announcement in committee of supply today that the deficit of \$82,000 which was reported in the Intercolonial Railway account for the ten months ending the 30th of April had by the operations of the month of May been wiped out, and that he anticipated a substantial surplus on the year's business when the account was closed at the end of this month. He added the encouraging intimation that this result had not been attained by starving the road, but that the service had been maintained in accordance with the requirements of the public. Furthermore, he expressed satisfaction that the reductions in working expenses which had been effected were not temporary, but would continue in future years. The rapidly with which about \$2,000,000 was voted imparted an element of probability to the rumor that an understanding has been arrived at for early prorogation. In the afternoon the Grand Trunk Pacific Telegraph Company's bill, one of the few contentious private bills regarding the order paper, was given its third reading, an amendment by Dr. Sproule, designed to prevent amalgamation with other telegraph companies, being voted down. Mr. Leighton McCarthy this afternoon presented petitions on behalf of the Western and British America Insurance Companies, asking for leave to increase their capital. This, he explained, was urgent, in view of the losses in the San Francisco fire. A bill was introduced by Hon. Mr. Oliver to facilitate the making of arrangements with Indians with regard to the surrender of their reserves. Hon. Mr. Hyman informed Mr. Monk that the department of justice had been appealed to to state what steps should be taken by the Government in connection with a recent advertisement in the Montreal Gazette of fifteen water powers for sale by the Quebec Government. Mr. Monk's objection was that these water powers were on navigable streams, and he did not think the local Government had power to sell them. Mr. Hyman added that that was another matter for discussion at the coming inter-provincial conference. Mr. R. L. Borden asked if the Government were taking any action in regard to recent alleged shanghaiing at Vancouver. Hon. Mr. Brodeur replied that he had instructed the agent of the department of marine at Vancouver to make investigation, but had not yet received his report.

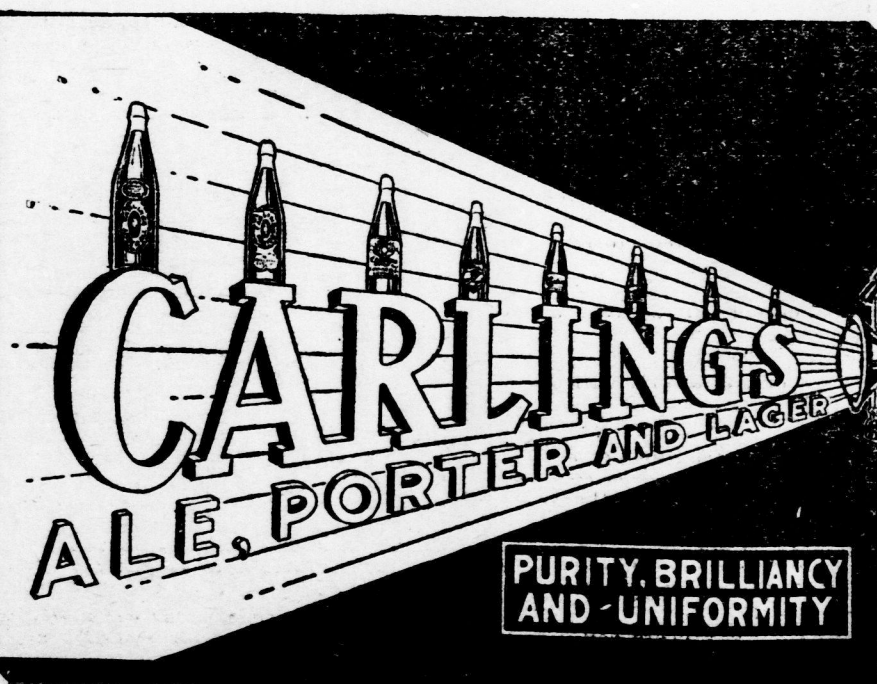


When the Bride Buys

the piano that is to add to the refinement of her home, she wants to be assured of getting the best value for her money. THE NORDHEIMER is sold direct from the factory or through staff salesmen, and is therefore as low in price as less artistically-constructed instruments. Moreover, we have an exclusive method of selling—the ONE-PRICE SYSTEM, and no matter how good a financier he might be, the groom could not get a Nordheimer for less money than the bride.

On the other hand the bride might be quicker to grasp the importance of the Nordheimer's superior TONE QUALITY. Years of experience have proven its durability, and we invite inspection.

**Nordheimer's, Limited**  
188 Dundas Street, London, Can.



PURITY, BRILLIANCY AND UNIFORMITY



# "SALADA"

# TANGLED THREADS

food elements contained in this crisp, delicious, flaked whole wheat food are absorbed quickly by the system, and are taken up quickly by the various organs of the body and mind alike. It is the ideal food for everyone all the year around, but, most especially, it is the one perfect food for the child in the summer. A bowlful of Malta-Vita with cream, and perhaps a little fresh fruit or fruit juice, makes the ideal breakfast for little folks, and it goes far toward making the complete, ideal breakfast for the child. The child who has such a breakfast starts you off on the morning just right. It gives you the life and vigor to accomplish things and enjoy yourself. It is a safeguard against indigestion, and it is the insurance of a happy, healthy day.

Now 10 cents.

because it destroys the cause of the disease, cures thoroughly because it goes wherever the catarrh is, cures every case because its vapor destroys the catarrh germ instantly. To get well and stay free from catarrh get -Catarrhazone and use it; satisfaction guaranteed.

placed on the free list Mr. Clarke says the Essex farmers have got along better. Mr. Clarke also voices the protests of Essex tobacco raisers against the use of pink stamps on Canadian tobacco. He claimed that all tobacco should sell on its merits.

If you cannot obtain Hyomel of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write today for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomel Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

ly been experimenting with ink and which color gathers the least amount of microbes. They develop rapidly in red than in black, red or blue.

The premium of gold in Hayti now lies between 400 and 500 per cent above the 1940 market price, but the



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## RENAME THE DIFFERENT ROUTES; STREET RAILWAY PROPOSES IT

Engineer Graydon Favorable to  
Some Suggestions, But  
Not to Others.

Manager King, of the London Street Railway, has written City Engineer Graydon relative to the renaming of the different trolley routes, and to the placing of new signs on the cars. Mr. King proposes to change several of the names as follows, and use the following lights at night:

Present Name. New Name. Color.  
Dundas St. .... White  
L. W. ....  
Pottersburg. .... Green  
Belt Line. .... Red  
South St. .... Blue  
Wellington  
N. and S. .... White  
Oxford and  
Hamilton Rd. .... Green  
Edward St. .... White  
Springbank. .... White

The city engineer doesn't take kindly to all of Mr. King's suggestions, however, and he intends to make certain representations to the city council on the subject.

In the first place, Mr. Graydon objects to the name of Wellington street being changed. Wellington is an Irish name, and Mr. Graydon is Irish. Duke is dead and cannot look after his interests, Mr. Graydon points out. He says that the name of the street is not a liberty taken with the name, and, moreover, Mr. Graydon's uncle, the late Col. Ormsby, commanded the Eighty-eighth Connaught Rangers, at the battle of Waterloo, where Wellington, with Blücher over long distance, "was the whole cheese." Wellington street stays, says Mr. Graydon.

Mr. King also suggests that the Edward street belt might be changed to Briscoe or Garfield, as it is the manager's idea to use but one word as a designation, so that it may be cut in the new perforated signs with which the company is now equipping its cars. But here again Mr. Graydon intends to look after the interests of his friend Edward VII., and he will tell the council to make no change in this name.

The engineer does not know what to do in regard to South street. The council has twice asked to have the name changed to Ottawa avenue, and a by-law has been prepared to change the name of the street, but for some reason or other the matter has been allowed to hang fire.

It was understood that His Honor Judge Macbeth was favorable to the change, and it was given out in the council at one time. If anything is to be done, however, it will have to be done at once, so that the street cars may be equipped with the proper signs.

The people of South street are unanimous in their objection to the name of the street, and they are hoping that the council will be able to change the name of the street shortly. The street is not now in the south end of the city, but it is in the center. From a geographical standpoint, it is not a liberty taken with the name, and, moreover, Mr. Graydon's uncle, the late Col. Ormsby, commanded the Eighty-eighth Connaught Rangers, at the battle of Waterloo, where Wellington, with Blücher over long distance, "was the whole cheese." Wellington street stays, says Mr. Graydon.

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## CHURCH UNION BEFORE ASSEMBLY

Continued from Page One.

prayed for it. They wanted union and supplicated God for it.

"And now that their prayer is being answered, some of them say: 'Lord, we did not mean that,' and have tried to get out of the prayer after God answered it."

Dr. Forrest gave a historical resume of union within the Presbyterian churches, when the very same objections were heard, as are being heard today. But in spite of all objections, the unions were successful, and the united church has been the result.

Dr. Forrest referred to his Scottish ancestry and his Presbyterian upbringing, of whose national and religious traditions he was justly proud.

"I would raise the blue flag of Presbyterianism as high as anybody, but I would put the cross of Christ above it all."

Westminster Creed Not Infallible.

"I don't believe in the infallibility of the Westminster creed. We are constantly revising it and changing it."

The speaker referred to the amount of money spent in the duplication of ministry. Millions of money would have been saved.

"It is the money of Christ that is being spent needlessly that worries me. With the mission fields of Korea, China and Japan calling for men, the church is spending the money of Christ to keep up our traditions and differences."

Mr. McKay had referred to the union of the Scottish churches. It was the "Wee Kirk" the one that we should pattern after. An interrupter informed him that the "Wee Kirk" was nearer the truth.

"I do not know what they are near. I think they are the nearest thing to absurdity that I know of."

Dr. Forrest knew that the laymen were not opposed to the union. They have too much practical sense to oppose it. He hoped that the amendment would not be put. It would put a church in a false light, and open the way for an accusation of unfairness and hypocrisy.

Must Be United Organically.

Dr. Lytle, of Hamilton, gave a splendid example of Christ's teaching, showing that the spiritual union was not what Christ prayed for, but rather an organic union—something they had not received. Biologists know of no life that is organically united.

The churches were united organically. In referring to the report of the committee, he declared that the work so far done was satisfactory. If they were dismissed, the onus of responsibility would rest on the General Assembly, not on the committee.

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## CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Ald. Forrester is on a business trip through the west.

—All efforts to locate the body of Eddie Wasp, who was drowned in the Thames on Saturday evening, have failed. Men are still at work dragging the river.

—Chairman Gammage and the members of No. 2 committee of the board of education made an inspection of the schools today with a view to ascertaining what repairs are necessary to the buildings.

—Arrangements for the funeral of the late Mr. John C. Gould have not been completed, pending the receipt of word from the relatives of the deceased. Mr. Gould was born in Exeter, 36 years ago, but came to London several years ago to engage in the tailoring business. He is survived by his wife and two children—Dorothy, aged 4, and Mona, aged 1½ years. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Gould, of Exeter, are surviving, together with three sisters—Mrs. James Shapton, Mrs. Martin Salter, and Miss Olive Gould, all of Exeter—and two brothers, William, of Miami, Man., and Harry, of Exeter.

—Former Londoner Dead.

A Windsor dispatch says: "Donald Ross, 71 years of age, died, after a prolonged illness, Mr. Ross came to America from Scotland in 1875. After a few years in Rochester, N. Y., he came to London, Ont., where he was employed by Elliot & Co., and later by Leonard & Co. He died at his home, 3 years ago. Just before Mr. Ross died, a telegram was received from Rochester, N. Y., stating that his sister could live only a few hours."

CASE WAS WITHDRAWN.

At the police court this morning, Edward Jackson and J. A. Meynell were charged by Capt. Wm. Spittal, of the Seventh Regiment, with neglecting to return military clothing and arms which they had obtained as members of the regiment. The charge was withdrawn on the defendants agreeing to return to drill. One drunk was taken 10 days, and another was discharged.

HAPPY AND CONTENTED

Children's Aid Wards Doing Well in Their New Homes.

The Children's Aid Society held its regular monthly meeting in the city yesterday afternoon. There was a fair attendance of members and the president, Sheriff Cameron, occupied the chair.

A number of very interesting reports of visits made by Mrs. Harvey, of the society, to wards of the society, were read. They were all of a very satisfactory and gratifying nature showing that the children were doing well in their foster homes. It is impossible to estimate the value of this home-finding work, both to the community and to the individual child, who is thus taken from the most undesirable surroundings, and placed under good home influences, where he or she is reared up to become a useful citizen.

The board decided to hold no regular meetings in July and August, so an adjournment was made until the second Monday in September.

CARNEGIE FOUNDATION

Fifty Professors and Teachers To Be Provided at End of the Year.

New York, June 12.—The Carnegie Foundation, organized April last, by Andrew Carnegie, to provide retiring pensions for teachers in the universities, colleges and technical schools of the United States, Canada and New Zealand, has made its first selection of men to receive these allowances. About 50 professors and teachers will be provided at the end of the college year, the total amount to be distributed to them being approximately \$70,000 a year.

TOOK HOLD OF LIVE WIRE

Linemen of London Electric Company Have Their Hands Burned.

C. W. Alford and W. H. Jarvis, employees of the London Electric Company, took hold of a live wire while at work on one of the company's lines, this morning.

Both men suffered severe burns to the hands, but they are again at work this afternoon. A doctor dressed the injuries.

The House of a Thousand Candles

The greatest serial story of years. The most successful selling book of the times.

Wait for the first installment to be printed in the LONDON ADVERTISER some time this month.

We have secured the publication rights for London and district.

This story will be dramatized for Luia Glaser next season.

## Baking Powder Proof

It is an easy matter to determine the relative merits of baking powders by testing them yourself. When baking use Strong's Baking Powder in half the baking, and mark it so that you can identify it afterwards. Do the same with any other good powder in the other half, and notice the results. If you don't think Strong's Baking Powder is the best now, you will have no doubt of it after putting it to a practical test. Besides, it only costs half what any other pure powder costs. 25c pound.

Strong's Drug Store  
Chemist and Druggist.  
184 Dundas St.

## Advertiser Correspondence

ON CHURCH UNION—NO. 1.  
To the Editor of The Advertiser:

I read with very deep regret the letter signed "Methodist" in your paper last evening. When the Spirit of our dear Lord and Master is so evidently at work in drawing Christians closer to one another, it seems such a pity that a letter of this kind should be written to foster the spirit of division and strife should have appeared. There was in it a strain of envy and jealousy, of almost bitter envy, that only forebodes confusion and every evil work.

I feel especially sorry that the writer should have referred to the effort of the Bishop of Huron to bring about the kindlier feeling between the two great Protestant bodies, the Church of England and the Presbyterians, in a slighting and almost unprovoked language. Surely, surely, the writer can never have had any knowledge of our bishop. He is the last man in this city to use either empty words or make specious pretensions. No, no. We are not going to be drawn closer together if we suspect one another, and the true way to destroy all possibility of union is to throw cold water upon the kindly efforts of those who are striving to make Christ's people one, and to talk of union-promoters as enemies in disguise.

The writer seems particularly sore on the subject of the exchange of pulpits. But surely he must know, as Lord Bacon taught us over three hundred years ago, that unity is greater and deeper than uniformity. There may be a true and deep unity where the accident of an ephemeral union is wanting, and those of us who do not exult in unity in Christ alone who do exult in the exchange of pulpits.

The problem of unity, after all, is a much more difficult one than some imagine, and it is not going to be solved by sentimental utterances, but by a real and self-sacrificing working out of the essence of unity within. Unity is verily, not in fact, but in a great word of old Bishop Latimer, and unity in verity, not in laxity, must be ours today. We do plead for the spirit of love, the love of Jesus Christ, the only Union for which this our organizational or co-operative unity will be a transient fiasco. If the spirit of the writer of that most untimely letter is found in many of his co-religionists, which is all talk without the true unity, we give up all talk of unity and union, and we give up all talk of the true unity, the better, for certainly the time has not yet come. But we do not think it is a true representation, and we believe that the Spirit of the Lord is now working in love in the hearts of all Christians, and drawing them closer to one another, that they may be one. The nearer we get to Christ, who is the only center of unity and unity, the nearer we get to one another.

THE MEMORIAL CHURCH RECTORY, LONDON, JUNE 12.

THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT will pay \$2,500 for the head of Bambatha, the rebellious Zulu chief. It is stated that this handsome offer has made "even the lukewarm Christians less indifferent."

Quite often the man who is swift and a good guesser distances the slow but sure chap.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported for The Advertiser by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane.

Wheat—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

July—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

August—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

September—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

October—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

November—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

December—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

January—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

February—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

March—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

April—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

May—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

June—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

July—Open, 83½; High, 84½; Low, 83½; Close, 84½.

## Palmer's HAMMOCKS

Lead the world. They are strong, durable and non-fading. And the colors are beautifully blended. For years we have carried their lines, and have sold them to the best people in the city. From

\$1 to \$6  
Baby Hammocks, with awning, and stand, also in stock.

Cowan's Hardware  
127 DUNDAS STREET.

## Easy to Split

Hemlock slabs are very easy to split and make a quick, hot fire.

1-2 Cord, cut, \$2.75  
1-4 Cord, cut, \$1.40  
DELIVERED PROMPTLY.

JOHN M. DALY,  
PHONE 348. 19 YORK STREET

## Actual Measures and a Square

All the expert cutters require to draft any pattern are actual measures and a square. A full course in cutting costs only \$15.

Dress Cutting School, 243 Dundas St.

## Hammocks

AT 15 PER CENT OFF

Now's the time to get a first-class hammock cheap.

All our regular \$1.25 to \$6.00 lines at 15 per cent off.

SPECIAL PRICES ON BOYS' CARDS, SCREEN DOORS, LAWN MOWERS, AND SUMMER GOODS.

Geo. Taylor & Son  
236 DUNDAS STREET.

## Our Warm Weather Goods

Are Leaders. Sure Sellers. Trade Winners.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS—Blizzard and Queen. REFRIGERATORS—Iceberg, Model, Leonard. OIL STOVES—Triumph, Summer Queen, Model Wickless.

Reliable. Durable. Efficient. Prompt Delivery.

J. A. BROWNLEE  
385-387 Talbot Street  
Store will be closed each Saturday at 7 o'clock during June, July and August.

Capital \$3,500,000 Assets \$34,000,000 Reserve \$3,900,000

You Are Sure of Getting More Than You Put In

You always draw more than you deposit when you open an account here. Half a century's business has given us stability that is an absolute guarantee of security, and we add interest every six months. Make your money make more money by investing in a passbook of

The Bank of Toronto

Ladies will find a separate banking room at our city office for their special benefit.

Cor. Richmond and King Sts. John Pringle, Manager. Cor. Dundas and Adelaide Sts. F. L. Coulson, Manager.

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Ladies will find a separate banking room at our city office for their special benefit.

Cor. Richmond and King Sts. John Pringle, Manager. Cor. Dundas and Adelaide Sts. F. L. Coulson, Manager.







## Why Put Off the Matter

of your Business and Short-hand training, when there is such a demand for COM-  
PENT office help? The

**F. C. B. C.**  
(LONDON, ONT.)  
has assisted students to good paying positions, and can do so much for you if you graduate. Catalogue free.  
J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

## SUMMER SUITS

You are invited to inspect our stock of Novelty Wash Suits—skirts and waists in all the newest styles.

**O. LABELLE**

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S TAILOR  
Oddfellows' Block Corner

## SMITH, SON & CLARKE

Undertakers and Embalmers  
Lady assistance. Night calls personally attended. Rubber-tired funeral cars.  
112 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 556  
629 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 675  
Residence on Premises.

## ELLIOTT & OLMSTED

FUNERAL DIRECTORS  
Lady assistance when desired.  
Day phone 172; night phone 197.  
238 Dundas. Residence, 388 King.

## D. A. STEWART

(Successor to John T. Stephenson.)  
FUNERAL DIRECTOR and EMBALMER  
Reasonable charges. Best equipment.  
Open day and night. Residence on premises.  
394 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 452  
GEO. E. LUDMAN, Assistant Manager

## MONUMENTS

Granite & Marble  
Artistic Design. Prices Reasonable.

## The D. WILKIE GRANITE CO.

445 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

## R. H. SMITH

Contractor and Builder,  
15 Brighton Street,  
Manufacturer of Cement Blocks and Sills.  
Phone 1849.

## Kindling Wood

AND SAWDUST FOR SALE.  
**LONDON BOX 99**  
309 Bathurst Street. ywt

## R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,  
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

## The Whole Family

Will enjoy better health when Daisys Flour is used in making the daily bread. It's the favorite flour for cooks. Try it once.

## MR. KELSO IN THE CITY

Children's Aid Officer Returns from Important Mission in Chicago.

Mr. J. J. Kelso, of the department of neglected children, Toronto, was in the city yesterday. He paid a visit to Inspector Sanders, of the Children's Aid Society, where The Advertiser had a chat with him.

Mr. Kelso has just returned from Chicago, whither he went to attend a meeting called to form an association of an international character to look after neglected children. Arrangements have almost been completed for the launching of the association.

In Chicago Mr. Kelso was much pleased with the manner in which juvenile cases are handled.

In the juvenile courts there no uniformed police are allowed, and the boys and girls sit around the judge, and mixed in with the lawyers, parents and others.

There is no semblance of restraint, and the child never feels that he or she has been in court. Lady investigators who ferret out all information in connection with the home life of the children and the parents, are also employed, and these investigators greatly assist the authorities in arriving at decisions. They are the means, too, of compelling many dissolute parents to keep their children as they should.

Nearly three years ago the Government, on the advice of Mr. Kelso, set liberty 55 boys and 65 girls who were detained in the reformatory for Penitentiary and Reformatory for Girls at Mimico. The boys and girls were taken far away from their former associations, and placed in good homes without any restraint.

And only five boys and three girls went wrong. All the others appreciated the confidence that had been placed in them, and they have turned out well. As a consequence, the Province is saving \$50,000 a year, which would have been required to keep them and pay guards to watch them.

Sunday Mr. Kelso was the guest of Hon. Mr. Hanna, the provincial secretary, at Sarnia.

Finest rubber-tire carriages for every occasion. Hueston's Livery.

Excursion to Detroit. Three days in the City of the Straits, for Saturday, at 6:35 a.m., from the Grand Trunk London station, and return any train up to Monday midnight. 51k

**NEW POST CARDS.**  
Just received, a large assortment of beautiful colored souvenir post cards of London, Ont., and out-of-town places. Thousands of designs. Red Star News Co., 8 Market Lane, city.

Yielding to generous impulse is a painful operation for some people.

## HURON & ERIE

### Loan and Savings Company

The Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co. of Canada, amalgamated January 1905.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of four and one-half per cent for the current half-year, being at the rate of nine per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this company, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the company's office in this city on and after

TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1906.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th to the 30th of June, both days inclusive.

GEO. A. SOMERVILLE, Manager.

London, June 5, 1906.

## Hamilton's

### Ale and Porter

Brewed in a perfectly-equipped brewery from the finest materials—absolutely pure and fully aged.

## JOS. HAMILTON

PROPRIETOR.

## THOS. WILSON

Merchant Tailor

212 DUNDAS STREET

Higgins Block. Telephone 596.

## CHILDREN'S

### EYES

RECEIVE OUR

SPECIAL

CARE

By our method of examining we determine the exact condition of the eyes, and if glasses are needed, without questioning the child. You pay only for the material and grinding of lenses—the examination is free.

## The TAIT

### OPTICAL CO

Specialists.

237 DUNDAS STREET.

## COMBS

Side and Back Combs; styles most in demand and latest novelties; reasonable prices.

## THOS. GILLEAN

402 RICHMOND STREET.

## A Great Nourisher

All the nutrient properties of the best materials are centered in Johnston Bros' XXX Bread. None better can be made, and it is always as clean and delicious as it is nutritious. At progressive grocers.

JOHNSTON BROS. PHONE 818.

## LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mrs. Charles Mitchell, of Toronto, is visiting Mrs. (Dr.) Belton, 377 Wellington street.

—Miss Copeland, of London, England, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Irwin, Westminster.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bole, of this city, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. James Crampton, at Windsor.

—Mrs. Arthur Thompson and Miss Gladys Thompson, city, the guests of Mrs. T. G. White, Detroit.

—Mr. Walter A. McConnell left last evening for New York after a pleasant visit with relatives and friends.

—Mrs. R. Smith, of Piccadilly street, and Miss M. Smith have left on a four months' trip to Vancouver and other western points.

—Mrs. M. M. Ferguson will hold her post-nuptial reception at her new home, 204 Oxford street, this and tomorrow afternoon.

—Rev. Alfred Brown, of the Askin Street Methodist Church, will preach a sermon under the auspices of Court Lambeth, No. 143, I. O. F., at Lambeth, next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

## The London Loan & Savings Company of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 58.

Notice is hereby given that this company has declared a dividend on its capital stock for the current half year ending 30th of June, 1906, at rate of 6 per cent per annum.

For the convenience of shareholders, transfer books will not be closed.

M. J. KENT, Manager.

## Do Not Be Coerced or Bamboozled

Into buying cheap, trashy pianos, when we are in a position to sell you the best pianos manufactured

## The Gerhard-Heintzman

and at prices and terms that will surprise you. Come in—see our special bargain for June.

## W. McPHILLIPS,

189 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Everything pertaining to music.

## Why Use Poor Cement

When You Can Buy the

## "VERIBEST"

JUST AS CHEAPLY?

## John Mann & Sons,

401 Clarence St. 425 York St.

Phone 470

## Two Wedding Gift Suggestions:

One is something from our choice Cut Glass, and the other choice of China, the finest goods made in America. Come and see these beauties.

## C. H. WARD & CO.

JEWELERS.

374 RICHMOND STREET.

## PARNELL

The name is sufficient

guarantee of GOOD

BREAD. Ask your

grocer or 'phone 929.

## ODONTINE

(Cairncross & Lawrence)

Is endorsed by the leading dentists and the most refined and cultured people of the city.

It is a dentifrice of great merit, and is absolutely without an equal for imparting to the teeth a pearl-like whiteness, restoring and retaining by its continued use a healthy condition of the teeth and gums.

Only 25 cents.

## Cairncross & Lawrence

Chemists and Druggists,

215 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.

## WRECKED OIL DERRICKS.

Latest reports from Elgin County are to the effect that Friday's storm played havoc with the oil derricks, about 150 being blown down in various sections. Some of the wells were seriously damaged.

## HEAVY REALTY SALES.

The value of the real estate which changed hands in London during the month of May was \$254,860, and it was assessed for \$178,164, or only 69.9 per cent of the real value. As previously announced there were 168 sales, which, in point of numbers, beats any month since the records have been kept.

## CAPTURED GOLD MEDAL.

At the recent examinations at Toronto University, Mr. G. G. Harris, of Lambeth, graduated with the degree of bachelor of arts. Mr. Harris was very successful in his work, not only securing his degree, but standing at the head of Class I in theology. This entitled him to the gold medal. He is a son of Rev. A. G. Harris, a former pastor of the Centennial Methodist Church, and an ex-pupil of the London Collegiate

Institute. His record there was exceptionally good, and at his graduation in 1900 he captured first-class honors.

## USING ANOTHER WINDOW.

Messrs. Gray & Parker have leased a window a few doors south of King street on the east side of Richmond street, which they are displaying some special offerings in drygoods. The prices are shown and those interested are referred to the popular store at 150 Dundas street. Already many women passing that way have been attracted, and the new idea is proving a drawing card.

## MANY JEWELS PRESENTED.

At the regular meeting of Fidelity Lodge, A. O. U. W., held last evening, past master workmen's jewels were presented to nine members. The recipients of the jewels were Bros. Joseph Percival, Joseph Dunn, O. J. Bridle, Sam Friendship, R. Hookway, Ed. Winder, Wm. McLeod, George Taylor, and District Deputy Grand Master Armitage. The presentations were made on behalf of the lodge by Bros. Stephen Grant, F. McConnell, Brodick, Harris, John J. Dalton, H. B. Archer, Moore, Fred Rossier, and Stephens. Medals are to be presented to three other past master workmen at a future meeting of the lodge.

FUNERAL OF MRS. MARTINDALE.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Ann Martindale took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence, 449 Horton street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The funeral cortege was large, many guests attending. The remains to the grave. The pallbearers were Mr. Thomas Martindale, Philadelphia; Dr. J. W. Martindale, Camden, N. J.; R. W. Atkinson, Philadelphia; Wm. Yates, Hamilton; George Martindale and George Rowntree, of this city. Among those from a distance who attended the funeral were Mr. J. J. Martindale, Battle Creek; Mrs. Uber, Mrs. Baldwin and Miss Crawford, of Newcastle, Pa.; Mr. Thomas Thompson, of Canandaigua, N. Y.; Mr. Atwell Fleming, Toronto; Mr. E. G. Yates, and Mr. Roland Yates, both of Hamilton and many others.

RICHARDS—NOYES.

A quiet but very pretty June wedding took place recently at high noon at the residence of Mrs. Barbara Noyes, concession 14, London Township, when her youngest daughter, Charlotte, was united in marriage to Mr. Robert Richards, of the G. T. R. staff, Sarnia. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Spidell, of Denfield, under a canopy of foliage and white flowers. Only the immediate relatives of the parties were present. The bride looked very becoming in a gown of white silk tulle, trimmed with silver sequin and chiffon, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid was attired in white organdy, trimmed with lace. After the ceremony all adjourned to the dining-room, where a wedding breakfast was served. The bride was attended by Miss Annie Richards, sister of the groom, while Mr. Frank Noyes, brother of the bride, assisted the groom. The bride's traveling suit was a light gray Etan, with hat to match. The many presents evidenced the high regard in which the young couple are held. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome gold watch and chain. The happy couple left Alisa Craig on the 3 p.m. train for Niagara, Buffalo and other points. On their return they will reside in Sarnia.

There has been a considerable advance during the year in all the various contributions made by the schools, as follows: For running expenses \$69,827, an increase of \$2,397.

For schemes of the church, 969 schools, a gain of 64, gave \$32,064, an increase of \$208.

For children's day fund, 1,526 schools (a gain of 146), gave \$9,552, an increase of \$1,058. For other purposes \$27,343, an increase of \$4,591. For all purposes, \$142,778, an increase of \$10,692.

Church relations, the most important department of our work, shows an encouraging growth during the past five years. The number of scholars reported as coming into full communion with our church during 1905 is 5,381, the largest number in any one year.

It should, however, be recognized, that continuing at this rate, less than one-half of our Sabbath school scholars will have attained to full communion by the age of 20 years.

For 1905 the conveners report knowledge of 2,605 Presbyterian schools—23 less than in 1904, and 388 union schools—76 less than in 1904.

Of these schools, reports have been received from 2,478 Presbyterian schools—21 less than in 1904, and from 357 union schools—7 less than in 1904.

Of the 357 union schools reported, 162 have Presbyterian superintendents—a decrease of 23, and of the 14,771 scholars enrolled, 6,519 are Presbyterians—a decrease of 507.

In the 2,835 schools reporting, we have 22,265 officers and teachers, a loss of 17, and 182,891 scholars—a gain of 350, with an average attendance of 127,401—a gain of 262. The home department has an enrollment of 7,109, a gain of 792.

## The Church and the Home.

Rev. A. B. Winchester, convenor of the committee on church life and work, presented the committee's reports, and gave a short address, in which he pointed out the relations of the church and home. The home life is the salt of the church. If the church is the salt of the earth, so the true piety in the homes is what is required. The family altar is a waning institution. How to restore the family altar in the home is the question before the assembly.

He went on to show the importance of parental example, and that there is no use of trying to set up authority against example. The home must be under control.

## The Family Altar.

Rev. Henry Gracey, of Gananoque, seconded the motion for the adoption of the report. He pointed out that the home has always been before the assembly, and that the assembly had a right to inquire into the conditions of the home. He went on to show that it is difficult to keep up religion in the home without some form. The Christian religion is the only religion where the children do not get an opportunity to see their parents go through religious forms. This is one great defect.

Rev. John McKay, of Montreal, then took the platform and supported the views of Mr. Winchester and Dr. Gracey.

The report of the committee on church life and work showed that the dangers which menace the home life of the people today are as follows:

Dangers from without—Those appealing to the lusts of the eye, the flesh, and the devil; those feeding the lusts of the flesh, intemperance and saloon, dancing, smoking, cigarette habit, social evil; those pandering to the vain-glory of life, worldliness, undue desire for pleasure, amusement, card playing, men's societies and clubs, women's clubs and societies, sports, pool room, gambling, business absorption, the commercial spirit, greed of gold, light literature.

Dangers from within—Indifference to religious things, parental indifference, extravagance, unbelief and higher criticism, ignorance of and indifference to the Word of God, unworthy ideals, lack of parental control, Sabbath desecration in general and popular forgetfulness of home life, flat life and boarding for couples, race suicide, decline in marriage, boys and girls in streets after dark, failure to realize, or transfer of, parental responsibility.

The four dangers most persistent are intemperance and the saloon, secret societies and clubs, a made haste to get gold, insatiable thirst for pleasure.

A number of suggestions offered by sessions were submitted by which the building of a pure righteous nation and the uplifting of society, business and

## A TALK TO YOUNG MEN

If you want to make your mark in the world you must practice economy.

Now, while you have health and strength, is the time to lay plans that will give permanency to your happiness.

The surest way to by saving regularly part of your earnings.

No matter how small, this bank will add interest to your account

**EVERY THREE MONTHS**

**\$1.00 Opens an Account at**

## THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA

LONDON BRANCH, Opposite City Hall, F. E. KARN, Manager.

LONDON EAST BRANCH, 635 Dundas Street, W. J. HILL, Manager.

## Imperial Bank of Canada

Capital (Paid Up) - - - \$3,900,000

Reserve - - - \$3,900,000

London Branch:

CORNER RICHMOND AND KING STREETS

## SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received and interest allowed at highest current rate from date of opening of the account.

R. ARKELL, Manager.

## WHY EAT CANNED MEAT?

When you can safeguard your health and secure the highest degree of nutrition by using

## SHREDDED WHEAT

A natural food with no chemicals, but only pure wheat, shredded and cooked ready to serve.

MADE IN CANADA BY CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Toronto Office, 32 Church Street.

pleasure to a Christian standard could be accomplished.

A comparison of the proportion of divorces to the number of marriages for the year 1902 showed in United States cities, one to five. As against these alarming examples, the record in Canada is encouraging as to the total, but from analysis it shows new wakefulness to be necessary.

## THE ALIEN LABOR CASE

That of Pere Marquette Officials Shortly to Come Before Privy Council.

A cable from London announces that amongst the cases set for hearing at the present session of the judicial committee of the privy council, is that of the Attorney-General of Canada vs. Messrs. Cain and Gilhula, of the Pere Marquette.

This is the famous alien labor case, in which the Dominion Government sought to deport certain officials of the Pere Marquette Railway under the alien labor act.

The Pere Marquette disputed the validity of the act, and as a result it will now be adjudicated upon by the privy council.

At the time of the trouble, there was some talk of deporting Mr. Edgar Britton, travelling passenger agent of the Pere Marquette, with headquarters in this city.

Mr. J. W. Kearns, the newly-appointed passenger agent of the P. M. is a Canadian, having been born in London, so that no matter what decision is given by the privy council, he will not be affected.

## INSPECTED THE SEVENTH

Col. Peters Found the London Corps in Splendid Shape.

The Seventh Regiment was all to the good last evening, on the occasion of its annual inspection at Tecumseh Park by Col. Peters, the district officer commanding.

While the attendance was probably the largest of the season, the regiment made a specially fine appearance by reason of the fact that the men paraded in full strength, and showed a decided improvement in their work under the direction of the new leader, Mr. Slater.

Fully three thousand citizens found their way to Tecumseh Park to witness the inspection. Various maneuvers were gone through, and at the conclusion, Col. Peters paid a compliment to the regiment. He assured the officers and men that he had never seen the Seventh to better advantage, and that their work of late was decidedly creditable. He felt that at Ottawa the Seventh would reflect credit, not only on themselves, but on the city of London. He also expressed the hope that a special effort would be made to improve the shooting.

Three days in Detroit. Grand Trunk offer a specially cheap week-end trip, going on Saturday, the 16th, and returning same day, Sunday, or Monday, for \$1.60.

The expenses incident to a wedding are, with few exceptions, borne by the family of the bride. The groom's expenses, with the exception of flowers and souvenirs for the bridesmaids and ushers, begin with the fee to the clergyman.

## SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A BRAKEMAN

David McHarg Loses a Foot, While at Work in the G