

METCALFE TO INVESTIGATE

Anti-Japanese Crusade in San Francisco Growing More Serious

Restaurant Keepers Now Complain of Being Boycotted and of Being Subjected to Indignities

in the west side of the Columbia river, opposite Makinson's pre-emption, starting at a post planted near the northwest corner of Gus Adolph's pre-emption and on the north side of the south boundary, and marked "J. H. Taylor's N.E. corner," running thence south 20 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 20 chains to Gus Adolph's west boundary; thence north 20 chains to point of commencement. Located this 20th day of August, 1906. J. H. TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post marked "M.E.T.'s northwest post," situated on the east line of Lot No. 3872, about one mile from Kootenay river on the south side, thence 80 chains north; thence 20 chains east; thence 30 chains north; thence 20 chains west to point of beginning.

M. E. TAYLOR, W. J. TOYE, Agent. Dated this 22nd day of August, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that two months after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at the southwest corner of Lot 462, thence south 60 chains; thence west 40 chains, more or less, to the Kootenay river; thence following the shore of same river northeasterly to point of commencement, comprising 150 acres, more or less. A. FFE. Dated Sept. 25, 1906.

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at N. D. Stewart's pre-emption, adjoining 15 chains west from N. D. Stewart's northeast corner post, thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement. Dated Sept. 22nd, 1906. N. D. STEWART.

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post marked "E.T.'s S.E. corner," on west shore of Kootenay lake, about four miles south of Wilson creek, thence 20 chains west; thence 20 chains east; thence 20 chains east, more or less to lake; thence 20 chains south along shore line, to point of commencement, containing 150 acres more or less. ERROL TRELEAVEN, Locator. S. E. OLIVER, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Lot 1679, Group 1, thence west 40 chains; thence north 30 chains to the Kootenay river; thence east 40 chains; thence south 80 chains, to place of beginning. Dated this 17th day of August, 1906. M. C. MONAGHAN.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post marked "L. C. Morrison's N.W. corner post," running 40 chains east; thence 30 chains south; thence 20 chains west; thence 40 chains north, to place of commencement, containing 240 acres more or less. L. C. MORRISON. Dated Sept. 24, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains north of Paul Auders' pre-emption on Sand creek, marked "P.A.'s S.E. corner," thence 40 chains north; thence 20 chains west; thence 40 chains south; thence 30 chains west to point of commencement. PAUL AUDERS. W. R. HOBBS, Agent. Located Oct. 5th, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in West Kootenay district: Starting at N. D. Stuart's southeast corner of his purchased land, thence 20 chains north; thence 40 chains east; thence 20 chains south; thence 40 chains west to point of commencement. FRANK PENNOCK. Located this 8th day of October, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post marked "C. M. Gaylord's N.E. corner," at the northeast corner of Frank Cortis old pre-emption claim, near Brooklyn creek, and about two miles back from the southwest shore of Lower Arrow lake, thence west 40 chains, more or less, to the boundary line; thence south 50 chains, more or less, to the boundary line of said lot and old pre-emption; thence east 30 chains, more or less, to the boundary line of said lot and old pre-emption; thence north 20 chains, more or less, to point of commencement, containing 600 acres, more or less. C. M. GAYLORD, RALPH SLYE, Agent.

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Washington, Oct. 26.—Secretary Metcalfe, of the department of commerce and labor, will go to San Francisco tomorrow to investigate and make a full report on the situation as affecting the Japanese trouble.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Japanese restaurant keepers have suffered indignities in San Francisco as well as Japanese school children, according to reports received by the Japanese ambassador from the Japanese consulate officials in that city. At least seven or eight reports have been made concerning a boycott inaugurated against Japanese restaurants in the Pacific city.

Agents have been posted to prevent patrons from entering restaurants and in several instances stones have been thrown and windows broken, according to the statements of Japanese officials. These cases have been brought to the attention of secretary Root by viscount Aoki, who says it is with great reluctance that he brings to the attention of the federal government demonstrations against the Japanese which are purely local in their nature. Viscount Aoki said that all the trouble had been confined to San Francisco.

The ambassador assured his government today that the outbreak against the Japanese is purely local and was much gratified at receiving despatches which showed that the leading Japanese newspapers for the most part attempting to check the feeling against Americans.

Washington, Oct. 26.—At today's cabinet meeting, among the important matters discussed was the situation arising out of the anti-American sentiment in Japan and the exclusion of Japanese children from the public schools of San Francisco. It was stated by a member of the cabinet after the meeting that the general opinion of the members was that the Japanese situation was exceedingly grave and would require the most delicate treatment to avoid an open rupture.

It developed today that the proceedings initiated in San Francisco yesterday to compel the authorities to receive Japanese pupils in the public schools, were directed by the department of justice.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—Judge Wolverton of the United States circuit court yesterday issued an order to the board of education of San Francisco to receive Japanese pupils in the public schools, should not be issued. The order is ordered to answer on November 1.

This order was issued following an application for an injunction presented to Judge Wolverton with the intention of making this a test case. The application for the injunction was made on the ground that the present resolution of the board of education excluding Japanese pupils from the city schools is in violation of the legislation of the United States and the empire of Japan.

PASS THROUGH ROCKIES

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC SAID TO HAVE MOST FAVORABLE YELLOWHEAD IS COMPARED TO A PARK DRIVE

Winnipeg, Oct. 26.—"There is no doubt in my mind," said a man who returned to Edmonton from Yellowhead a few days ago, "that the Grand Trunk Pacific has the best railway pass in the mountains. I have crossed the mountains on every track between here and Mexico and I say positively that nothing like as favorable a pass has yet been found anywhere else. The Yellowhead in like a park drive compared with the most of them and there is no more climbing than plenty of roads have to do right on the prairie. In fact I know for an absolute certainty that nowhere between Edmonton and Fort George will the grade exceed one per cent. There is one stretch on this side of Tete Jaune Cache where for eighteen miles a one per cent grade will be necessary. There is also another stretch of three miles just on the other side of the divide between that and Bear lake or Yellowhead lake as it is now officially known, where it goes the merest fraction over one per cent. Climbing up the pass from this side is a snap. The heaviest grade anywhere is along the Miette towards its headwaters where for a piece the grade will go eighty-five one hundredth of one per cent; but in mountainous country these grades are so low as to be unperceivable.

"There is no doubt in my mind," continued the speaker, "that the G. T. P. survey will be pretty well completed before the gangs come in this fall. On this side and over as far as Tete Jaune Cache the surveys are well along, in fact most of them will be about wound up now. On the other side, however, in below Tete Jaune there is considerable work to be done. The survey over there had a pretty bad time, the Royston party which was made up in Victoria and came in via Kamloops, took 47 days to connect with the commissary department from Kamloops and had to starve to death. The Royston party was supposed to do the work between the end of the Featherstonhaugh division at Tete Jaune and the Little Smokey.

"Another outfit which came in from the coast via Kamloops was to do the Little Smokey-Fort George section, but when they reached the scene of operations at Little Smokey they found that the cable in which their grub was stored had been destroyed by forest fires and they had to get out as quickly as they knew how. This left the Royston party the only one working between Tete Jaune and Fort George, and they are doing everything that endurance can accomplish to get the gap closed up before the winter sets in. Beyond Fort George the string of survey camps is complete right through to the Pacific coast."

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WELCOME M'BRIDE TELLS HARD LUCK STORY

MANAGER OF VICTORIA LIFE INSURANCE COMMISSION AFFAIRS OF FORESTERS TO BE FURTHER PROBED AT OTTAWA

Montreal, Oct. 26.—The difficulties a young company has to contend with were enumerated today before the insurance commission by David Burke, general manager of the Royal Victoria Life insurance company. The company had found the cost of obtaining business had been higher than anticipated, the result being that its capital had been impaired. This has been going on from the inception of the company in 1897, but now appears to have ceased, and the future promises better for the organization. In connection with the affairs of this company it was learned that loans had been made on what the government considered "unauthorized securities," securities not permitted by the insurance act. After communicating with the department and having the matter threshed out, the company ceased operations in these securities.

Burke said the securities had been given in every instance and that not a dollar had been lost. The securities mentioned as unauthorized and on the shares of which the company had advanced money were C.P.R., Montreal Light, Heat and Power company, Detroit rail; Twin City; Toronto rail; Montreal rail; Dominion Iron and Steel and Canadian Colored Cotton.

Burke was under examination during two days. At the close of today's proceedings it was announced by Judge McTavish that the commission had adjourned and would meet in Ottawa on Wednesday morning next.

The affairs of the Canadian Order of Foresters will again be taken up at the capital.

WHAT NEW YORK'S REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE STANDS FOR. HUGHES MAKING HOT FIGHT FOR STATE GOVERNORSHIP.

New York, Oct. 26.—In his speeches during the past week Charles E. Hughes has proclaimed a political platform of his own—a combination of personal beliefs and promises of executive action if elected governor.

The following extracts from Mr. Hughes' speeches form a platform: "I am a republican and have always been loyal to the republican party, but I am not an apologist for republican sinners."

"I appeal, not to persons, but to good citizens. I welcome the support of every citizen. I welcome the support of every democrat who believes in the democratic principles that were overthrown at Buffalo."

"I accepted the nomination because it came to me from my obligations and because my election will leave me absolutely untrammelled in the discharge of my official duty."

"I stand for absolute honesty in administration. If there is anything wrong in the department I propose to find out and to affix proper responsibility for the wrongdoing, no matter who stands in the way."

"So far as the power of the governor goes, I propose to use it to secure legislation and the action of the department are taken solely in the interests of the people and that nothing meritorious is obstructed by any individual, however powerful, or by any corporation or interest, however entrenched in the financial world."

"If I am elected governor no legislation can get under way with the idea that it will ever meet with my approval, which is not honorably presented, fairly discussed and which is not pushed in an honest effort to serve public welfare."

"I believe in home rule."

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TO REPORT AT OTTAWA

Indian Agent Loring Must Answer Charges Made by Father Cocola

Government Cuts the Price of Methylated Spirit—Nelson Man Recommended for Position of Hull Inspector

(Special to The Daily News) Ottawa, Oct. 26.—Hon. Wm. Templeman, minister of inland revenue, announces that the government, which has a monopoly of the sale of methylated spirits, has reduced the price from 80 cents to 90 cents per gallon. A reduction was made last August from \$1.10 to 90 cents.

Inspector Adams, who held an examination for the position of hull inspector at Victoria recently, has reported in favor of Kingston, Ont.

A warning which all but the hide-bound politicians will heed was sounded by Aylesworth in a state-of-the-art speech at Warriston, last night, for Mr. Tolmie, when he said in reference to the Quebec county election, it had been claimed that Wilfrid Laurier was too British. This argument had been greatly used by the premier's political opponents. Those who exulted over the Quebec county victory were digging the grave of British institutions and setting provinces against provinces, the same as fifty years ago.

Pictures of the king and queen of Great Britain, painted by J. C. Forbes for parliament, have arrived at the buildings and for the present have been placed in the lobby of the commons. Major Moodie has staked out a government reserve around Fort Churchill to prevent speculators taking up land which will be required for a railway terminus at an early date.

Ottawa, Oct. 26.—Indian agent Loring, of Hazelton, who was requested to come to Ottawa in connection with the trouble between the Babine Indians and the fishery guards, failed to come, and has been ordered to report to the department here at once.

The order was telegraphed on Friday after Father Cocola, chief of the Babine Indians, had held a conference with premier Laurier. John T. Williams, fishery inspector on the Skeena, who said as a justice of the peace that the order of the Indians has also been ordered to Ottawa.

It has been reported to Laurier and Oliver that certain Indians were arrested allegedly for offenses against fishery regulations, were issued by the department, but the Indians were sent to jail at New Westminster. An explanation will be sought from Williams.

Complete returns of quinquennial census of the three prairie provinces will not be available until next week. So far as they have been made up they demonstrate that Manitoba's population has increased forty per cent in five years; Alberta 50 per cent, and Saskatchewan 150 per cent.

The figures are as follows: Manitoba 1901 225,211 1906 394,000 Alberta 1901 72,611 1906 154,000 Saskatchewan 1901 81,550 1906 257,000

START ELEPHANT RANCH. Valentine, Tex., Oct. 26.—The first shipment of elephants which are to stock the large elephant ranch that is being established near here by J. P. Adams and associates of New York, has arrived. There were four females and one male in the initial shipment. Other elephants will be received during the next few days until the ranch is stocked with about 100 females and seven males. It is said to be the first experiment of breeding elephants on a large scale ever attempted in this country.

GRAFT IN SAN FRANCISCO. San Francisco, Oct. 26.—After a day of excitement, district attorney Langston of San Francisco, who last night was suspended from office by acting mayor James D. Phelan, today apparently was in a victorious position and had gained a temporary advantage over the city officials and politicians, who sought his removal after he had announced his intention to seek the indictment of several city officials for felonies and misdemeanors.

TERRORIZING TERRORISTS. Warsaw, Oct. 26.—Three terrorists, who had been sentenced by drum head court martial to death, were executed this morning by shooting. Over 150 other terrorists have been arrested.

40 chains; thence east 30 chains to Adolph's west boundary; thence north to point of commencement. dated this 30th day of August, 1906. J. H. TAYLOR.

ICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situated on the west side of Arrow lake: Commencing at a post marked "W.R.H.'s N.E. corner," thence north 20 chains; thence east 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 100 acres, more or less; said land adjoining Auder's pre-emption on the north side of Arrow lake. W. R. HOBBS. dated Oct. 5, 1906. 10-13

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IS NO LONGER A KICKER

N. J. CAVANAUGH REJOICES OVER REDUCED SMELTER RATES

UNDER NEW SCHEDULE NO ADVANTAGE IN SENDING ORE AWAY

"After years of agitation, years during which I have been abused more than once and my motives rather more than freely criticized," said N. Cavanaugh, yesterday, to a representative of The Daily News, "we have seen the price of the smelting of lead brought down from \$19 a ton to \$10. Hence we Slocan men have now no kick coming on the lead smelting charges. It is nearly all one to use whether we send our ore to Europe, to the states, or to our local smelters. Sometimes we gain on one description of ore at once smaller, rather than the other, but on the whole the prices are about the same."

"To show you that is so," continued Mr. Cavanaugh, "let us take an ore running 60 per cent lead and 100 ounces of silver. Let us take the price of lead at \$19 and silver at 70 cents. In calculating exchange the local smelters assume the sovereign to be worth \$4.34. Further there is locally a deduction of 10 per cent upon the lead and five per cent upon the silver. This 90 per cent of lead equals 120 tons less 10 per cent deduction, equals 108 tons; this is on the short ton. Now \$19 is quoted on the long ton and is equivalent to 4.106 cents per pound. From this one cent is deducted for refining, marketing and other charges and the mine then gets paid on 108 tons of lead at 3.106 cents, and not on 120 at 4.106 cents. This is equivalent to \$3.44 per short ton. To this must be added the value of the silver, 100 ounces at 70 cents, less five per cent, or \$66.50. The total gross value, after these deductions, is, therefore, \$9.94. From this there is the further deduction of \$10 a ton for smelter charges, freight and treatment, giving a net return of \$8.94. If the mine cannot guarantee a steady supply it will be charged \$12 instead of \$10, in which case the net return is only \$7.94. From this return, of course, all charges of mining, development, taxes, etc. must be paid."

"Thus for the local smelters—now take the case of the Americans. They likewise make a deduction of ten and five per cent for the lead and silver respectively. From the content of lead for which payment is made viz., 1080 pounds, the Americans pay \$5.35 per hundred, or 5.75 cents per pound. This is the fixed price, made possible by the tariff. At this rate the gross value of the lead is \$62.10 and the value of the silver is the same as here, \$66.50, making a gross total of \$128.60. From this, however, must be deducted the freight, treatment, duty, etc., the whole amounting to a charge of \$22 per ton giving the net result to the mine of \$9.60, slightly less than that which the mine may earn by smelting its product locally."

"But," went on Mr. Cavanaugh, "the European smelters reckon altogether differently. They make no deduction for the lead and silver but give the full values. Moreover they reckon the sovereign at \$4.86 and not at \$4.34, as we do, giving a slight advantage. In this way the lead is figured out at 4.123 cents a pound, there being 120 pounds—not 1080 pounds, there being no ten per cent deduction—yields \$49.47; again the silver is reckoned at the full figure and 100 ounces is worth 70 cents just 70; thus the gross value is \$119.47. From this there is a deduction for freight of \$5, other charges about \$3, and treatment about \$10, or a total charge of \$18, yielding a net result of \$91.47, a dollar and a half better than the local rate."

"Of course," said Mr. Cavanaugh, "if the ore is less than the amount given, as values, then this difference in favor of the European smelter is quickly wiped out as you will soon see by permuting a few examples. Anyway it is near enough to enable the local smelters to say and to do truthfully that they are not much less cheaply as are their competitors on either side of the Atlantic. It is a big come down from the \$19 they were charging not so very long ago, and you may now look upon the damage they are doing to the local man, and no longer a kicker."

GOLD HILL BEAR STORY

Cabins Entered and Contents Destroyed—Shipments from Hamilton Fraction (Special to The Daily News) Slocan, Oct. 24.—P. Hauck shipped two tons of ore from his claim, the Hamilton Fraction, which joins the Ottawa valley. Chief engineer Collier will have charge of the steamer Slocan's engine this winter. Mrs. Collier is already in town and will reside here for the winter. Miss Nettie and her family will be expected to arrive in Slocan and will spend the winter with her aunt, Mrs. George Garrett. Wm. Hicks, Sr., has gone to Ontario where he will visit relatives. Mrs. Edwards of Nakusp, and Mr. Merwin, are hunting grouse near Perry's siding. Before returning home Mrs. Edwards will visit friends in Slocan. A harvest Thanksgiving service was held at the church of England here Sunday evening, when archdeacon Beer of Kaslo, addressed a good sized audience. The archdeacon was assisted by Rev. Mr. Baine of New Denver, who will hereafter hold regular service every two weeks at Slocan. Slocan had a foretaste of winter this week when the ground was slightly frozen and the hardest frost of the season descended the last of the flowers. For several years nearly all the cabins on Gold Hill have been receiving destructive visits from a monster bear—the Howe and fraction, Alberta. Gold Wedge and other cabins have been visited by the bear, who was treated at the door by a bullet. The bear was brought in all cases, windows broken, furniture smashed and supplies destroyed. The description of all who have seen the marauder tally, so it is thought the same bear is responsible for all the damage. The last appearance of the bold robber occurred at the White Star, which W. V. Radley of New Denver is working. Mr. Radley was returning to the cabin laden with a pack of wood supplies, when he was greeted at the door by a bear in a menacing attitude. Being unarmed Mr. Radley dropped his pack and returned to the cabin, where he secured arms and accompanied by Jack Beauchamp, came back to the cabin. The bear, however,

had disappeared, leaving devastation in his wake, not only the cabin being dismantled, but the new pack torn open and its contents destroyed.

OF INTEREST TO MINERS

MINERAL VEINS.

Veins of segregation (that is veins derived from the adjacent rocks) do not differ materially from the surrounding country rock, but are usually composed of the same elements or minerals; as examples of this class, the veins of coarse grained granite in granite may be mentioned, which differ only in the color and texture of the contents, or the irregular veins of feldspar in granite and in gneiss. These veins have no distinct coarse and were not made by the filling of a crack or fissure, but by the collecting of material along certain lines, either while the rock was cooling from its plastic state or by the subsequent action of percolating waters such as the contents of veins are formed in some rocks. These veins often carry valuable ores but only in small quantities.

Veins of infiltration, and fissure veins. The structure and characteristics of these veins are exactly the same as would be produced by deposition from watery solutions. In fact there can hardly be any doubt that the contents of these veins have generally been deposited by water, but the source from which the metals were derived is not quite so plain.

The fact that the nature and amount of minerals in a vein so often vary with the composition of the country rock, shows that these rocks have had a certain influence upon the precipitation of the mineral matter in the veins passing through them if they were not themselves the source from which the minerals were obtained, for as stated previously the pressure of many metals has been proven in rocks of almost every kind and age.

On the other hand in some volcanic districts at the present time various minerals including quartz, both crystalline and chalcodonic, metallic sulphides and even metallic gold are being deposited in fissures up which hot water is rising. Each of these circumstances may have occurred in different ages. It is almost certain from what we now know of the diffusion of metallic substances that there must be a decomposition of the rocks on either side of a fissure, or perhaps to a great distance, and that a portion of the mineral matter abstracted will be laid down in another form along the fissure walls.

The dykes and the rocks on either side of the fissure may be impregnated for some distance by hot ascending waters, holding such minerals and metals we have mentioned before; some of the dissolved mineral substances will doubtless be deposited in the fissure and may even be introduced into the pores and cavities of the adjoining country rock.

Dykes—Dykes are fissures filled with igneous or volcanic matter. They may occur in great numbers and at various distances being known where they extend over 100 miles, and may vary in width from a few inches to over 100 feet. They extend downwards to great but unknown depths. The effects of dykes have upon the surrounding rocks depends largely upon the character of rocks and the character of the material filling the dyke. If the rocks are composed of limestone on each side of the dyke, and the dyke is filled with material that has been injected at a high temperature, the limestone on each side of the dyke will be converted into crystalline marble. Whilst if the dyke cuts through granite, the granite on either side will be converted into anorthite or possibly may even be reduced to coke for a few feet on each side of the dyke.

CORRESPONDENCE.

P. I. A. Slocan, B. C.—Your sample belongs to the Atlantic order. It may be termed an altered granite, and will contain no commercial values.

T. H. B. Granite, B. C.—It is impossible to determine whether the sample is of the Atlantic or Pacific order, without an assay being made. The fee for a tin determination will be \$5. Should you wish an assay to be made for you, it would be better to send a larger sample, say 100 pounds of the same material. If this is inconvenient an assay can be made upon the sample we hold.

F. E. Sandon, B. C.—Asks why the price of lead is so high in British Columbia compared with the United States; the following explanation may enlighten him and others interested. The price of lead allowed by the British Columbia smelters is based upon the current price upon the London market, less one dollar per hundred pounds for marketing, refining and other charges. Taking an average of the last twelve months say at \$17 10/6d. on the London market, per ton of 2240 pounds, this would mean \$75.62 per ton in Canada. From this the dollar per hundred pounds is deducted leaving \$55.62 per ton or \$2.51 per hundred pounds. Then again only 90 per cent is paid for by the smelters, owing to losses in smelting, so that the actual value received at the above quoted price would only be \$50.06 per ton. Now, the smelters pay per ton of 2240 pounds, this would mean \$75.62 per ton in Canada. 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