

The Standard, OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

VOLUME 11

Number 23

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SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1844.

[15s. sent by Mail.]

Agriculture.

POTATO PLANTING.—The same object as to putting manure into potato hills as into those of corn though we often plant cold and low grounds with potatoes, where a light manure in the hills is thought to operate to good advantage. But in such ground it will prove better, and more easy, to spread on the manure and trust to the man who hoes the potatoes to haul in some of it to each hill;—in this way you avail yourself of the advantage of both methods—of spreading and of manuring the hills.

It seems not yet to be fully settled whether it is proper to cut potatoes for planting. We sometimes have a good harvest when nothing but the eyes are planted, but we think we are not so sure of it. It is reasonable to suppose that a continued course of planting the sizable and best shaped potatoes, we may keep up the species better than by cutting the seed or by planting the small and refuse potatoes.

It is very certain that potatoes will not thrive so well when planted for a number of years on the same ground, as by shifting or rotation. There seems to be something poisonous about the vines and the rootlets of potatoes that not only injure the ground for a succession of potato crops, but other crops following are also affected. It is advisable in all cases to avoid planting the same ground with this root, for two years in succession.

If you wish your potatoes to ripen in the ground you should plant early. When planted late, they will sometimes yield a larger quantity than when planted early, because early ones are sometimes cut short by a dry turn of weather at a critical time in their growth. But as such dry times are more likely to happen late than early in the season you run more risk by late planting. The Long Red, or Long John, seldom has to ripen in the field; it is therefore better for the table after ripening for some months in the cellar than when it is first dug.—*Mass Ploughman.*

Where potatoes are cut for seed the eyes should be planted as soon after as possible, and not suffered to wait. Raking in plaster and lime, after cutting, has been highly recommended, both for promoting growth and keeping off worms.—*New England Farmer.*

Culture of the Cucumber.—I will state a fact relative to the planting of cucumbers, which came under my observation, and which is worthy of being known. I shall at least give a further trial myself of its reality; though I cannot conceive there is a doubt remaining on the subject. Last spring a friend of mine, and myself were planting cucumbers at the same time. I was planting mine, as is usual in gardens, by mixing a small portion of stable manure with the earth, and raising the hill an inch or two above the surface of the ground. Observing it, he jealously remarked, "let me show you how to raise cucumbers." Never having much luck in raising them, I cheerfully agreed to his proposition. He commenced by making holes in the earth, at the distance intended for the hills, that would hold about a peck; he then filled them with dry leached ashes, covering the ashes with a very small quantity of earth. The seed were then planted on a level with the surface of the ground. I was willing to see the experiment tried, but had no expectation of any thing but a loss of seed, labor and soil. But imagine my astonishment, (notwithstanding a drier season never was known, and almost a universal failure of garden vegetables,) when I beheld vines remarkably thrifty, and as fine a crop of cucumbers as any one could wish to raise, and they continued to bear for an unusually long time. I will not philosophize on the subject—but say to all, try it—and instead of throwing your ashes away, apply it where it will be of use, and you will reap a rich reward.—*Ohio Farmer.*

Upon the foregoing, the editor of the Maine Cultivator says: "We last season made trial of the above plan, and found it to succeed admirably."

To Kill Lice upon Cattle.—The Southern Cultivator says: that lice upon a cattle can be killed by washing them with a decoction of assafetida, or tea made of red pepper pods or both mixed together. Now, if red pepper pods, or what is the same in effect, a tea made of Cayenne pepper, will kill these vermin, it is certainly a safe remedy. Try it, and if it proves successful, let every farmer know it.—*Maine Farmer.*

A Frontier Outrage.—Carrying off of a Steamboat.—We learn from the Brockville (Canada) Recorder, that the steamboat Swan was on Friday night week taken from the wharf of Mr. Sanderson, of that town, by some persons from this side of the St. Lawrence. She was towed over to Morrisstown so stealthily that although the captain and three men were on board, and a gentleman sitting up in the cabin waiting for the Pioneer, and who did not go to sleep, they were

unaware of the removal until the gentleman went on deck in the morning, and found the boat was lying at Morrisstown.

The Odgensburg Club Row Boat was used for that purpose, the consent of the owners not having been asked. Steam was got up on the Swan in the morning, and she was taken down to Odgensburg under color of some legal process. The boat is still detained there in the absence of the proper officers to whom application for her release should be made. We doubt "if any law can be found on either side of the Saint Lawrence" countenance such proceedings.—*Mt. Assuredly if the individuals concerned in the theft, (for it can bear no other name) be caught and identified on the Canada side, they will stand a fair chance of seeing the inside of our Provincial Penitentiary. Even in the United States they are safe, as the late Ashburton Treaty provides for delivering up felons on demand by either government."*

From the Poor Law Guide. EFFECT OF MANUFACTURING PRESURES.

Manufacturing pressures tend to increase improvements in machinery. Driven to threefold profits, the manufacturers seek every means of reducing the cost of production; and hence it has occurred that during the last five or six years, there has been more improvement in machinery than had taken place for twenty five years before that period. We believe we are correct in stating that some eight or nine years since, the maximum capability of the spinning mule did not exceed the power of turning 640 spindles.—There are self acting mules now in use that will turn upwards of 2000 spindles! A mill of the present day with improved machinery, is capable of turning off a given quantity of work at about one third less expense than it could have accomplished seven years since, in other words, a factory, which in 1838 required an outlay of £600 per week for wages can now throw off the same quantity of work for £150 per week. We heard one respectable manufacturer declare that if his forty-inch cotton was made fast to a vessel at Liverpool and the vessel allowed to make the best of her way to Canton he could make the cotton as fast as the ship would sail away with it. Now, allowing the ordinary voyage of four months and calculating the number of miles the ship would sail, it would require about twenty four millions of yards of cloth to keep pace with the ship, or above 3,333 yards per hour, working the whole year, night and day. The same machinery would in some months, make a belt round the earth 40 inches wide. Now, we would ask, if one manufacturer can do this, what could the whole machinery of England alone accomplish! Could it not make sufficient cloth in a few years to cover the whole surface of the inhabited part of the globe?

Extraordinary Endurance of Fatigue.—Barclay's celebrated feat of walking 1000 miles in 1000 successive hours was considered to be a wonderful instance of protracted endurance of fatigue; but what will be said of the following, for the truth of which the most important particulars are well vouched. The parties to it are living, and the matter has the honour of appearing F. R. S. to his name. "I will bet any man £100, said one, 'that he cannot make 1,000,000 strokes with pen and ink within a month.' These, he it observed, were not to be mere dots or scratches, but fair down strokes, such as form a child's first lesson in writing.

A gentleman present stepped forward, accepted the challenge (and having resolved to apply all his mental faculties to the interesting task) at once laid in a sufficient stock of foolscap. The month allowing was a luncheon, of only twenty-eight days; so that for the completion of the undertaking, an average of thirty thousand strokes per diem was required. This, at sixty per minute, or three thousand six hundred per hour—and neither the human intellect nor the human hand could well be expected to accomplish more—would call for ten hours labour in every four and twenty! But this is not all. With a proper feeling of respect to the observance of the Sabbath, the intrepid acceptor of the wager determined to abstain from his work on the Sundays; and although by this determination, he diminished by four days that period allotted to him, at the same time that by doing so he increased the daily average of his strokes to upwards of forty-one thousand, there can be little doubt of the consciousness of the propriety, frequently cheered him in the course of his Herculean undertaking.

On the first day he executed about 50,000 strokes, on the second nearly as many; but then his mind was fresh and unweary. To say the truth, his mind never flagged; at the last stroke of the million, that remained as bright and vigorous as it was at the first. But at length, after many days, the hand became stiff and weary, the wrist swollen; and it required almost constant attendance of some assiduous relative or friend to sprinkle it; without interrupting its progress over the

paper, with a lotion calculated to relieve and invigorate it. On the third and twentieth day the million (exceeded by some few thousand) "make assurance doubly sure" are accomplished; and the piles of paper that exhibited them testify, that to the courageous heart, the willing hands and the energetic mind, nothing is impossible. These interesting papers are not placed in the archives of the Royal Society, of which their author is a fellow; they were claimed by the gentleman who proposed and lost the wager, and are still, we believe, in his possession.—*London paper.*

POETRY

From the Guardian.
"The First hath said in his heart, there is no God."
No God! each muscle of our frame,
Doth the Omnipotent proclaim;
The wondrous structure of the mind,
The Eye, the Heart, the whole combin'd,
Teach us to raise our thoughts above,
And praise the power in whom we move.

No God! do we not see his power,
In every part, in every flower;
Doth not the leaf of the wood,
The white—the monarch of the flood,
Alike with Nature's mightiest thing,
Of their Eternal Authoring.

Deny a God—the Lightning's flash,
The Earthquake's shock, the Thunder's crash,
Are not eachers of his Name
The Stars that light the midnight sky,
The Planets in their nightly march,
Are not eachers of his Name
Go, impious wretch, whilst yet you may,
Tune files, his praise his fast away;
Alone thy life, guilt and pride,
By prayer to Him you have decried.

From the Bermudian. SACRED MELODY.

By the Rev. W. LEGGITT.
When by the sober light
Of weary days, I waken,
Tones on the breezy night,
Of music long forsaken,
My memory deem
A troubled dream
From haunts of old returning,
Dim in the glare
Of starlight, where
The day was brightly burning!

Where are my kindred gone?
Why leave me thus complaining?
Of all that I have known,
How few are now remaining!
What friendships r'd I'd
In shrouds of old,
From cold oblivion waking,
Recall the tears
Of other years,
When sever'd hearts were breaking!

Then what remains of earth
To won the soul from heaven?
What beauty, bloom, or worth,
Shine dearest to our eyes?
If Faith alone
My opening tomb,
Ye fleshly bonds discover,—
And let me mount
Where Friendship's love's lost!
Send forth his streams' forever!

Long Speeches.—The annexed anecdote is related of Sir Archibald Campbell of Scotland, one of those retired Judges whose "speaking" costs so much to the English nation, and who has received for the past twenty years the sum of £1,950 per annum. This tax has been defended as an economical act on the part of the Tory Government, of 1824, on the ground that, however serious a matter it might be to pay the ex-judge's pension, it was, after all, cost the country far less than the expense of reversing his decisions would have amounted to! As an illustration of Sir Archibald's character for penetrating into the cause of an effect, the following amusing anecdote is related.

A public dinner of the friends of the Fine Arts took place a few months ago in this city, and to Sir Archibald was assigned the task of proposing the memory of Sir David Wilkie. Those who have heard the Baronet of Succoth speak are well aware that at no time is his eloquence of the most endearing description, but, on this particular evening he was even more than usually prosy. The audience enduring the infliction for a considerable length of time, with a patience which did them the utmost credit, but, at length, as it began to appear probable that the speech would endure till midnight, a shuffling of feet and other marks of impatience commenced. Oa, however, went Sir Archibald regardless of every reasonable hint of this description; but, by and by, he was obliged to come to a premature conclusion, and, resuming his seat, Sir Archibald, with

the most unrolled self complacency bearing in his countenance, turned to a gentleman sitting near him, and said, "Well, I had no idea that Wilkie was so popular!" It never occurred to the poor man that another name, not that of Wilkie was at fault.

Paddy's Experiment of reducing a Hole.
—An Irish weaver, just imported from the sister isle, took to his employer in Kilmarnock, the other day, his first cloth he had woven since his arrival. His employer detected in the cloth two holes, within half an inch of each other, and told him he must give up the idea of shilling for a hole.—"And these two holes, may I be allowed to put the first on?" "Be it so, Paddy, I will be sure." "And a big hole and a small one is the same price?" "Yes, a shilling for each hole big or little." "Then give me a pound of the piece," replied Paddy, and getting the cloth in his hands, he tore the small holes into one, and exclaimed, "By the hill of Bannock, and that saves me one shilling any how!"

Republican Father.—A mulatto youth one day called on a respectable gentleman of Baltimore, and with tears in his eyes, begged for assistance. "My father and mother," says he, are about to sell me to Georgia."
"Your father and mother?" replied the gentleman, with surprise; what right have they to sell you?"
"My father," answered the boy, is a white man—'Mr. —' a merchant of this place, who has just sold me to Georgia."

The gentleman promised his assistance, but too late; the bargain was already made. The unfortunate youth was immediately borne off in spite of tears, execrations, and entreaties, hand-cuffed and chained, and driven like a brute to a distant market.

The Rev. and facetious Sydney Smith hearing the salubrious of America commended, is said to have exclaimed:—Healthy sir why America is the fertile source of all sorts of complaints, and to any certain knowledge, a precious lot of Pennsylvanians have got the tic-dollar-awe.

A letter from Kalsch Poland, dated the 5th ult., states that of six Russian soldiers, sentenced to receive 1500 lashes each for desertion, three died under this diabolical punishment.

"What were the dark ages?" inquired the schoolmaster. "I guess they were the ages before spectacles were invented," said the precocious pupil.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, In the matter of Thomas Algar, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Thomas Algar, of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Tailor, hath been duly declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me.

Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Samuel H. Whitlock of Saint Andrews in the County of Charlotte Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt. And I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 9th day of June next, at such sum or sums of money, debt or debts as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same to the said Assignee, on or before the said 9th day of June next, and to do further require, as the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver unto the said Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews on Tuesday the 15th day of June next, at noon of that day, at my said office, for the purpose of receiving proof, or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews the 9th day of April 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts, for the County of Charlotte.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office.



The First Production in the World for THE HAIR! THE SKIN! THE TEETH!

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

Is universally acknowledged to be the only article that will effectually reduce and restore Hair (including Whiskers, Moustaches, and Eyebrows) prevent it from falling off, or turning grey, free it from scurf and dandruff, and render it as luxuriantly soft, silky, curly and glossy.

CAUTION.—Numerous pernicious compounds are universally sold as "MACASSAR OIL." To ensure the real article, see that the bottle is enclosed in a wrapper (a steel engraving of exquisite workmanship) on which are engraved "ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL" in two lines.

To further ensure the genuine article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil" are engraved on the back of the wrapper. Beware of cheap imitations, containing 23,025 letters—WITHOUT THIS WORD ARE GENUINE.

Price 3s. 6d.; 7s. Family Bottles, (equal to four small) 15s. 6d. and double that size 27s. per bottle.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR

This elegant and fragrant Preparation through its sedative and purgative effects, cures Headaches, Fevers, Pleurisy, and other Inflammations of the Lungs, Stomach, and Bowels, Stings of Insects, and reduces inflammation, it insures a peaceful course here in the most difficult Cases, and renders the Sleep, Health, and Appetite, consequently fair and delightfully soft and smooth.

It is invaluable in removing and refreshing the Face, during travelling, or exposure to the sun, dust, or dry piercing winds, and after the least appearance of crowded weather—It cures all kinds of itching, and is peculiarly grateful after shaving in allaying the irritation of the Skin.

Price 4s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. per bottle, duty included.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO OR PEARL DENTIFRICE,

A FRAGRANT WHITE-POWDER, of Oriental Herbs—It eradicates Tartar, and decayed spots from the Teeth, preserves the Enamel, to which it imparts a Pearl-like whiteness, and fixes the Teeth firmly in the Gums. Being an Anti-Scorbutic, it eradicates the Scoury from the Gums, strengthens, braces and restores them of a healthy red; it removes unpleasant tastes from the mouth, which often remain after fevers, taking medicine, and imparts sweetness and perfume to the breath.

Price 2s. 6d. per box, duty included.

ROWLAND'S ESSENCE OF TYRE OR IMPERIAL DYE.

Changes Red or Grey Hair, Whiskers, Eyebrows, &c., to a beautiful Brown or Black. Price 4s.—7s. 6d. and 15s. 6d. per bottle.

ROWLAND'S ALSANA EXTRACT.

Immediately relieves the most violent Tooth-ache, Gums, Itch and Swelled Face. Price 2s. 6d. and 5s. 6d. per bottle.

HOW TO OBTAIN THE Genuine of BOTTLES OF THE most precious and costly ingredients, which are frequently pressed upon the unwary as "GENUINE," and under the lure of being cheap.

Be sure to ask for "ROWLAND'S" and Sold by every Pharmaceur and Chemist throughout the civilized world.

NEW STORE, AT ROBBINSON'S ME.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce the establishment of a General Provision Store, at Robinson's Me., where he will keep for Sale Flour, Corn Meal, Pork Groceries, West India, and Dry Goods and numerous other articles, Cheap and prompt payment.

Persons requiring any of the above mentioned articles will do well to call and examine for themselves.

Store on Bridge & B. B. W. Mill, Robinson, April 10, 1844—S. WHEELER SHAW.

RECOVERY OF HAIR and 26 years loss.

(selected from number during the last 40 years) ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL, signals of which may be seen.

AND SON, 20, BATTON LONDON.

THE following corroborates our MACASSAR OIL, if by it will be of any service, I returned in a very small time I feel I lie under to happy during my stay in Gentlemen who may feel of the following—In the hair, and shortly after my hair became entirely bald. In I until my arrival last year on was induced by reading one to make trial of your I confess with but it's the use of one bottle, I read covered with a sort of the OIL, much to me, the pleasure to inform on or vanity, that I can hair as any one need it.

Your grateful Servant,

A. MACKENZIE

the liberty of addressing a great benefit I have received, to lose my hair at the in consequence of a fever, at the instance of a your excellent specific, in effects were most surprising space of time, my hair entirely bald, was soon strong hair. I am now old scarcely have expected a wig for five and I should now be enabled.

I think it but justice ble, to add my testimony, in testimony of the OIL, mission to make this information to one to prove a reliable discovery.

and about Servant, W. C. BRIDEAUX 1842.

ed to Mr. Oldroyd, Met- a friend at Naples, 6, 1823. Macassar Oil, 4th Regiment of Line, serial Majesty the Em- 1 years, has been blind. He was recommended "MACASSAR OIL," by a Gen- experienced its good effects of the last quantity and persevered in applying for six months his hair now very thick. The and has spread its fragrance for that article is very second me a fresh supply.

received essential benefit each OIL, I am induced, which you are at li- you may think proper, months since I made unless with not much 18 years. It was my effect was perceptible, at the expiration of growth on the bald I then had the whole once a week for a half using the OIL, suits; that I have this hair being quite restored in quantity as when I

remce. C. P. DRIFFIELD, n, April 19, 1832.

ND'S AROL,

got to be the only ar- and restores Hair, Eyebrows, and Eyelids, and turning grey, and render it de- and glossy.

pericious compounds K OIL. To ensure bottle is enclosed in of exquisite work- engraved "ROW-," in two lines.

genuine article, see "Macassar Oil," ear envelopes nearly 1, 048 letters—without r

Bottles, (equal to four hat size, 12s per bot- and Chemist throughout

er Goods.

thers' from Liver-

hirtings, ed Printed Cottons, noiled COCK & SON.

akers give employment ing a practical & R. JARVIS

SALARIES OF HER MAJESTY'S MINISTERS AND OFFICERS OF STATE.

The following is an official return of the annual salaries of the Ministers and Officers of State:

THE CABINET.	
First Lord of the Treasury, (President) the Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, Baronet,	6,000
Secretary of State for the Home Department, Sir J. Graham,	5,000
Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the Earl of Aberdeen,	5,000
Secretary of State for the Colonies, Lord Stanley,	5,000
Chancellor of the Exchequer, Right Hon. H. Goulburn,	5,000
First Lord of the Admiralty, the Earl of Haddington,	4,500
President of the Board of Trade, Rt. Hon. E. Gladstone,	2,000
President of the Board of Control, Earl of Ripon,	3,500
Secretary at War, Lieutenant General Sir Henry Hardinge,	2,500
Paymaster General and Treasurer of the Navy, Sir Edward Knatchbull	3,000
Commander in Chief of the Army, the Duke of Wellington,	6,458
Lord High Chancellor of England, Lord Lyndhurst,	14,000
Lord President of the Council, Lord Wharfedale,	2,000
Lord Privy Seal, Duke of Buccleuch, NOT OF THE CABINET BY VIRTUE OF OFFICE.	2,000
Postmaster General, Viscount Liverpool,	2,500
Master General of the Ordnance, General Sir George Murray,	3,500
Master of the Mint, Hon. E. Gladstone,	2,000
Master of the Horse, Earl of Jersey,	2,500
Lord Chamberlain, Earl of Delaware,	2,000
Lord Steward, Lord Liverpool,	2,000
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, Lord D. Somerset,	4,000
Attorney General, Sir Frederick Pollock,	5,500
Judge Advocate-General, Sir John Nicholl,	2,000
Solicitor General, Sir Wm. Follett, (with liberty to practice at the bar),	1,500
Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Earl de Grey,	27,000
Secretary of Ireland, Lord Elliott,	5,500
Lord Chancellor, Sir Ed. Sugden,	8,000
Commander in Chief of the Forces in Ireland, Sir Edward Blackney,	3,000
Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, (out of which she has to pay the Officers of State.)	500,000
Her Majesty, the Queen Dowager,	100,000
His Royal Highness Prince Albert,	40,000
King Leopold of Belgium,	50,000
Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent,	22,000
His Majesty Ernest, King of Hanover,	21,000
His Royal Highness, the Duke of Cambridge,	21,000
Prince George of Cambridge,	6,000
Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester,	13,000
Her Royal Highness, Princess Sophia Matilda of Gloucester,	13,000

Trouble in Cuba—Imprisonment of British Merchants.—Her Majesty's ship *Invincible* sailed from Halifax on Saturday, to Havana, to protect the British residents in Cuba, whose lives and property are represented to be exposed to much danger, in consequence of the disturbances in that island. Two British merchants had been thrown into a dungeon, on suspicion of being concerned in the late insurrection—one of whom had died in his confinement, and the other was in an precarious state of health. The Governor General of the island refused to hold any communication with the British Consul on the subject, and it is said is prepared for the worst. Moro Castle, upon which he places his reliance, is a strong fortress, but not sufficiently so, to enable him to trample upon British subjects, with impunity.

In addition to the intelligence published in our last, that the President of the United States had sent a "military force to the frontier of Texas," and had "also ordered a Naval force to Vera Cruz, to remain off that port, and prevent any naval expedition of Mexico"—we now learn of "a declaration of Blockade of the port of San Juan de Nicaragua, by Sir Charles Adam, Vice Admiral of the whole squadron of Her Britannic Majesty's Naval force in North America, the West Indies, and seas adjacent."

LIGHTNING.—During a thunder storm on the morning of the 7th inst., the dwelling house of Mr. Samuel Nickerson, at Shag Harbour (Township of Barrington), was struck by lightning a little before sunrise. The electric fluid first struck one of the corner posts, which it split in pieces, and passing along the corner post, with the boards shingles, &c. attached, shattered the windows, and left the building a complete wreck. A piece of the beam fell across the lower part of the bed in which Mr and Mrs N. were asleep, but fortunately without doing them any injury. They were, however, stunned and their faces and hair scorched by the lightning; and Mr. N. lay for two days in a state of insensibility, when he began to recover; Mrs N. was less severely affected, and was able to go to a neighbor's house soon after the accident. — *Yarmouth Herald.*

The brig *Hector*, Capt. Flockart, the first Nova-Scotian vessel that ever made the voyage to China and home again, arrived on Sunday evening with a full cargo of Teas, to John S. Rachen, Esq. in 117 days from Macao. We trust the results of this first voyage will be so favorable, as to induce others of

our Merchants to embark in the trade; and that thus a new and profitable channel will be opened for the commercial enterprise of our citizens.—*Halifax Guardian.*

COMMUNICATION.

For the Standard.
Ma, Editor.—Permit us to call attention of the public, through your columns, to a new invention for enlarging the capabilities of the Piano Forte, for which Letters Patent have been taken out by Messrs. T. Gilbert, & Co., Piano Forte Manufacturers, Boston. We had the pleasure of examining one of the instruments and listening to its novel and delightful music.—A better idea of it cannot be formed than by the following extract from the *Morning Chronicle*.

"The invention consists in the application of a bellows and what the inventor calls SYMPHONIC REEDS, in unison with the strings of the Piano Forte, by which the instrument is made to combine the powers of the Organ with those of the Piano Forte, with a very great mutual improvement of both. It has a great variety of powers. We heard it play the Trumpet, and then the Bagpipe, and then the Aeolian Harp, and then by a stop it becomes a Piano Forte, & then by another simple Seraphine, and by a Porte Pedal, a FULL TONED ORGAN. That we do not speak at random, we know from witnessing the tone and manner in which we saw Lowell Mason order the "Aeolian Attachment," (as the invention is called,) for the Piano Forte in his own parlor. This "Attachment" can be applied to any Piano Forte, old or new. Being all interior work it does not alter the appearance of the instrument in any way; and a very great recommendation is that it is not liable to get out of tune. It can be carried to any climate without affecting its tone, and you always have in it a key for tuning the Piano Forte when necessary."

It seems impossible that there should be so much power in the small compass of the Piano, but one of them would be sufficiently powerful for either of the churches in St. Andrews or Calais.

Having been appointed Agents by Messrs. T. Gilbert, & Co., we shall be happy to give any further information in reference to the above or to furnish instruments at the manufacturers' prices.

BEDLOW & LEFAVOR.
Calais, June 3, 1844.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1844.

Charlotte County Bank.
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.
T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor.

Director next week—*Wm. Babcock Esq.*
Discount Day—**TUESDAY.**
Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.
BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before MONDAY, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Glins and Clock House.
Commissioner next week—*Peter Smith.*

Saint Stephens Bank.
G. D. KING Esq., President.
Director next week—*G. D. King, Esq.*
Discount Day—**SATURDAY.**
Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before FRIDAY, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.
London.—May 19 Montreal.—May 24
Liverpool.—May 18 Quebec.—May 24
Edinburgh.—May 15 Halifax.—May 24
Paris.—May 14 New York.—May 31
Toronto.—May 24 Boston.—June 1

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP.



CALEDONIA.

The Royal Mail Steamship *Caledonia*, arrived at Halifax on Thursday last—with the second May mail, after a rapid passage of 10 1/2 days from Liverpool—bringing London papers to the 19th, and Liverpool to the 20th inst.

We are indebted to the politeness of Capt. H. Heims, for English papers in advance of the mail.

The Great Britain Steamship, is advertised to leave Liverpool, for New York, on the 13th July next.

Willmott's News Letter says.—The attention of the commercial and moneyed interests has been directed strongly to the plan for renewing the charter of the Bank of England, and for improving the currency of the United Kingdom. There has been on the whole more satisfaction expressed at the Banking arrangements proposed by Sir Robert Peel than falls to the lot of most currency schemes.

Commercial affairs continued brightening. Timber and Deals still continued firm in the Liverpool market. The Gasco business it was supposed would create quite a revolution in the commercial world—and quite an unprecedented demand for vessels will be the consequence.

Mr. Thomas Freemantle, has been appointed Secretary of War.

DOMESTIC SUMMARY.

The interminable proceedings arising out of the state trials seem to be as far from ending, as ever, and those who fondly expected to see O'Connell ere this expiating his offences within the walls of a prison, have been doomed to cruel disappointment. He is still at large,—nay more, he is at the present moment in the House of Commons, to oppose with all his might and main the Irish Government's new Registration Bill. The "law's delay" is proverbial, and there would seem to be some truth in the remark of Swift, that laws are like cobwebs, which may catch small flies, but let wasps and hornets break through. The motion for a new trial which was generally looked upon as a legal force before it was made, seems to have its effect in shaking the opinion of the judges respecting the validity of some of the judicial proceedings under which the traversers were convicted.

If the judges hold the trial to be valid, and refuse a new one, a motion will then be made to arrest judgement until the opinion of the highest Court in the realm—the House of Lords—has been taken on the involved technicalities. This will afford the lawyers' lungs another fortnight's exercise. The Court will then either grant the motion, and upon that decision rests the question whether the traversers will be sent to gaol on the instant, or whether they will be allowed to remain at large until the decision of the Court above.

COMMERCIAL.
The Cotton Market has experienced a terrible reaction, in consequence of the news which came to hand by the *Acadia*, and previously. The opinion now is that the crop will exceed two millions—and the statements, at the sacrifice of facts, which reached this country in the early part of the year, respecting the alleged deficiency, while they produced at the time a momentary excitement, have left them behind no little irritation, and it may be, a serious loss, not less to those who believed than to those who invented them.

Few things have taken the British people with greater surprise than the news which came to hand this week, not only that a treaty for the annexation of Texas to the American Union had been signed, by the contracting parties, but that the treaty so signed, with all the necessary correspondence and documents, had been laid before the Senate for ratification. A shell thrown unexpectedly into a forte or a citadel, could have produced more general consternation. The newspapers are all hammering away at the question, and it promises to give abundant employment to the literary avian for some time to come.

IRELAND.
On Tuesday the Court of Queen's Bench was crowded in expectation of judgement being delivered upon the Traverses. Almost all the counsel engaged were in attendance, and much excitement prevailed.

The Chief Justice immediately addressed the Attorney General and said:—"Mr. Attorney General, I am very sorry to inform you that the court do not find they can give judgement in 'the Queen against O'Connell and others, until next term.'—(22d May.) This announcement seemed to excite considerable surprise. The Court was almost immediately after deserted, and the hall of the Courts was crowded with groups of persons eagerly engaged in all sorts of speculations as to the reasons of the postponement.

It is, of course, impossible to ascertain the precise circumstances which have caused the judges to adopt this course. Many are the rumours afloat on the subject, but the most current speculation is, that the court are equally divided—the chief Justice and Mr. Justice Crampton being against a new trial, and Mr. Justice Burton and Mr. Justice Perin, being in favor of the motion.

PARLIAMENTARY.
One of the greatest financial measures of the season, perhaps of the age, was introduced to the House of Commons by Sir Robert Peel, on the 6th instant. This great scheme for improving the banking system of the country, has met with all but universal approbation. He proposes to divide the Bank of England into two branches—one to be a bank of issue, the other to be a bank of deposit. The former to issue paper to the extent of fourteen millions sterling, the government holding security in the sum of eleven millions due from the government to the Bank, in addition to the three millions of stock, which is to serve as guarantee for the amount of notes.

The recall of Lord Ellenborough by the Court of Directors, sorely against the will of the Government, as was known by our last, has been followed up on the part of the Opposition, by demanding the production of the papers connected with that extraordinary event. The Government refused to produce them, and such of the Directors as had seats in the House of Commons acquiesced in their suppression, notwithstanding the strong and indignant censure which the Duke of Wellington cast on them for their conduct in ordering back so peremptorily 'his noble friend.'

INDIA AND CHINA.
We have received by the Overland Mail intelligence from Bombay to the 1st April, from Calcutta, Agra and Delhi, to the 22d March, and from Madras to the 23d of that month. The accounts from China are to the 27th February, the latter contains nothing of interest, further than all was quiet, &

the arrangements of Government for carrying on business had proved so far successful.

The following vessels with passengers have arrived at St. John's:

May 24, Pallas,	from Cork,	136 souls.
" Rover,	" Westport,	28 "
26, Coxon,	" Cork,	157 "
27, Canmore,	" Glasgow,	11 "
29, Nero,	" Limerick,	73 "
" Martha,	" Cork,	113 "
" John Francis,"	do.	224 "

Total 722 souls.
The whole of these passengers have arrived in excellent health, not a single death has occurred on the voyage, or sickness in any case, affording very strong proof of the excellence of the recent regulations for the safety and comfort of passengers.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.
Hugh Morrison to expend the sum of £50 granted in 1844 towards the erection of a Bridge over Waweig River, in the County of Charlotte.

The Honorable Messieurs J. S. Saunders and L. A. Wilmot, and the Rev. Mr. Brooke Commissioners to inspect the Baptist Seminary.

TRADE OF MONTREAL.—No less than 21,745 barrels of flour arrived at the Leachin Canal yesterday, in twenty-eight barges and steamers. This says something for business.

THE CROPS.—From what we can learn, the prospect for a rich and abundant crop for the farmers, in this part of the country was never more encouraging than at present. The season has been much earlier than usual, and the weather delightful.

Papers from all parts of the country represent vegetation to be much more forward this spring than it has been for many years. In Rochester N. Y., on the 30th of April, the stalks of rye were completely headed out, the heads being nearly six inches in length.

The Rochester Daily Advertiser says:—"The crops in Genesee county have never appeared so fine at this time of the year, as they do at present. In some of the northern towns, farmers have been compelled to reap off the top of the wheat, for fear of its growing too rapidly."

The Lafayette (Ind.) Museum says:—"We hear from every direction of the prospect of an abundant wheat crop this season, and in the Wabash valley there never has been a better prospect for an abundant crop than this season."

A Pennsylvania paper says:—"The season is at least a month earlier than it was last year at this time."

DIED.
On Wednesday, the 29th ult. aged 11-1/2 years, JACOB HENRY PAUL, second son of Capt. Jacob Paul of this Town.

On Sunday the 26th ult., Rose, wife of Mr. L. L. Copeland, aged 44 years. Mrs. Copeland was well known in this Town, where she has resided for a number of years—and had endeared herself to many by her kind and charitable disposition, and her loss will be deeply felt by her afflicted husband and sons.

SHIPPING JOURNAL.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
May 20, Bqas. Speculator, Pearson, Trigonmouth, ballast, H. Frye—Spoke beque Indus, 21st April, in lat. 59° 18', long. 27° 09', 23 days from London, bound to Quebec.

Spoke brig Grace Darling, 11th May, 22 days from Dublin, bound to Miramichi: also the barge Lady Bqas, 36 days from Newry, bound to Quebec, in lat. 46° 30', long. 44° 30'.

W.—Spoke the brig America of Arendal, in Norway, 24th May, 26 days from Bordeaux, bound to New York, in lat. 43° 10' long. 59° 45', W., fell in with a great quantity of ice, and a large fleet of vessels among it, Eastward of the Grand Bank, 3rd May, lost a boy overboard.

Salsbury, Harrison, Dale, Hull, ballast.

June 1, Bqas. Plutus, Aymar, Hull, ballast. Spoke on the 14th ult., lat. 50, long. 49 W., bque. St. John, out 43 days, from Hull for Quebec;—17th lat. 49, long. 49, brig Nancy, of Barrington, 39 days from Liverpool for Carbonier;—22d lat. 45° 7', long. 53, bque. Ale bonus, six weeks from Waterford for Quebec, with passengers, while lying too lost his mainmast, mizenmast head, and foretop, was sailing under foremast, lag sail—required no assistance.

3, schr. Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, sundries.

4, brig Jane Lowden, Dodd, Peambeuf, (France), ballast.

Arrived at St. George; Brig Virgil, Wilson, France, ballast to George McKenzie.

CLEARED.
June 1, schr. Wm. Walker, Dallimore, Boston, Laths to R. Walton.

3, brig. Emerald, Harper, Liverpool, Deals by W. Cameron.

bq. Ewerts, Park, Hull, Deals by J. Wilson.

C. GOODRICH, Surgeon Dentist.

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and its vicinity that he will make a short stay in this place for the purpose of practicing his profession. Mr. G. will cleanse and fill decayed Teeth with Gold or Silver in such a manner as to stop further decay, and will also fill with Mineral Cement those that are too far decayed, without causing pain. This cement is soft when put in, it becomes hard as the tooth in a few hours and will preserve it for years. He will set Mineral Teeth in various forms, and extract with Forceps which do not cause half the pain of the Turn key. Mr. Goodrich is happy to say that he has with him Letters from Gentlemen of the first respectability in the Provinces by whom he has been patronized.

For further information please apply at his Room at Mr. L. I. Copeland's Hotel. All operations performed in the neatest manner and at the shortest notice.

N. B. His engagements are such that he cannot make a long stay, and therefore, recommend all persons requiring his services to make immediate application. June 3d, 1844.

LIST OF LETTERS, Remaining in the Post Office, Saint Andrews, 5th June, 1844.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z																																																																		
Anderson James	Leger Thomas	Adams Capt. Charles	Lattif James	Allan Shaw Jas & co 2	Little William	Allen George	M & Mc	Ablet Robert	McCormick Patk. 1	1 J Andrews	or Thomas	Black George	" Stoy Dr. 2	Campbell Jane	" Curdy Wm	Cahill Captain	" Williams Mathew	Conkwin William	" Curdy Catherine	Califf Samuel	" Massey Andrew	Crawford James	" Lachlan Duncan	Cookson Anna	" Larnon Row	Daly Daniel	" Null James	Douglas Michael	" Colough Miss	Dunn Patrick	Morrison D D	Durkec Lyman	Mooney John	Doak Wm	Moulton Susan	Ella John	Maxwell James	Fox Mrs.	Morrison Eliza	Fitamoney Eliza	Morrill Lucinda	Gillespie Francis	Morrison John	Greenlaw Alexr	Osburn Martha	Hay Andrew	O'Keagan Dennis	Hitchins Amogr.	Pattersons	Higgins Rously	Pasco Brajmanim	Henry James	Roddy James	Harkness William	Russell George	Hagarty Michael	Rose Rachael 2	Handy Levi	Reynolds Rd	Henderson Bessy	Reardon Dennis	Kenney Patrick	Russell Ann	For Saint	Reynolds Mrs	Dawson John	Sealen James	Dawson Wm C	Spaulding Thomas	Humphries Thomas	Thomas James	Harmson Mrs Sally	Steward James	Kingdon Ireland	Turner Richard	Linton Robert	Turner Mrs. David	McCallum D.	Turner Otis	McDonald John	For West Isles and Grand Manan.	Benson Henry	Palmer Thomas II	Butler Thomas	Rhync Thomas	Cummings John	M'Intosh Alexander	Flagg Josiah	Meloney John	Ore Parves	Young Daniel

MILITIA NOTICE.

CAPTAINS and Officers commanding Companies in the 1st Battalion Charlotte County Regiment of Militia are hereby ordered to notify their respective Companies to assemble at their usual places of Parade in St. Andrews on Saturday the 29th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. for General Inspection. They are also ordered to be prepared with Muster Rolls my Duplicate and a Field State of their respective Companies to be handed to the Adjutant in Parade. They are also notified that they will be held accountable for all Absentees unless satisfactorily accounted for.

By Order of the Major commanding, J. H. WHITLOCK, Adjutant.

1st Batt. Charlotte County Regt. of Militia. St. Andrews, June 1, 1844.—u

PIANO FORTES.

HAVING been appointed Agents for the sale of Instruments from the celebrated manufactory of T. Gilbert & Co., we are prepared to furnish them at Manufacturers prices.

Now on hand, One superior toned Instrument which can be examined at any time.

BEDLOW & LEFAVOR, Calais, May 29, 1844.

CHEA B EGGS for Public SUMM he has just r which will advance for June 5, Ry AND A FURT the Su head of Jose Cash. St. Andres

I HEREB bearing BETH: as th without any 1

St. George

Charlo

At a meeti Charlotte Cou 6th instanc at ment, the full Directors' fur Hon. Ha Hon. Th John Geo Wm G. G. J. W And at a meet was unanimous

7th May, PEW

By ON MOND

WILL be door of Pees in All S Pees No. 1. ing become for payment of ren ALSO—By No. 21, divided By order of St. Andres.

New P ST. ANDR

J.P.C Establishment in the 21st regtly gen'd, at the las has on Sale; Wheat and Ry Hams, Tacs, Su Spices, Coffee, C and Navy Bread, numerous other a vision Store. Bright Yarns, S Ac. Ac. Men's Light an Ladies Kid Shoe Shoes, Ac. Ac. The Sales will be profit will be made.

I 136 Barrels Sup Clear and Mrs. C use, or the use of

FROM THE S JONIA F tice; all perso trusting him o pay any debts c secure them, to the law. Digdegusah, I

PUBL I hereby giv have receive Peace for this C ment, requiring t sum of Three H pounds Two Shil in the Parish of t sons liable to Ass quested to furnis ments of their Pr sult to the direc bly in such case S. FRY E. WILL G. D. S St. Andrews, B L For Sale

Original issues in Poor Cond Best copy

DRICH,
on Dentist.

LLY announces to the In-
St. Andrews and its vicin-
make a short stay in this
ose of practicing his pro-
ill cleanse and fill decay-
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will be Mineral Teeth in
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is happy to say that he
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ized.

ation please apply at his
Copeland's Hotel.
erformed in the neatest
shortest notice.

ements are such that he
stay, and therefore, re-
ns requiring his services
application.

LETTERS,

Post Office, Saint Andrews,
June 5, 1844.

- Leger Thomas
- Loughren John
- Les Lattif James
- Little William
- M & Mc
- McCormick Patk.
- or Thomas
- Stoy Dr
- Curdy Wm
- Williams Mathew
- Curdy Catherine
- Master Andrew
- Lichlan Duncan
- Larnon Ross
- Nall James
- Collough Miss
- Morrison D D
- Mooney John
- Moulton Susan
- Maxwell James
- Morrison Eliza
- Morrill Lucinda
- Morrison John
- O
- Osborn Martha
- O'Keegan Dennis
- P
- Petecore Benj
- Pasco Benjamin
- R
- Roddy James
- Russell George
- Rose Rachael
- Reynolds Rd
- Reardon Dennis
- Russell Ann
- Reynolds Mrs
- S
- Sealen James
- Smuth G H
- Spaulding Thomas
- T
- Trueman Titus
- Turpey James
- Thomas James
- McCartney Samuel
- McWilliam Marha
- McLroy Mrs Eliza
- Morrison Theodore
- Robinson John
- Seward James
- Turner Richard
- Turner Mrs. David
- Turner Otis

- and Grand Manan.
- Palmer Thomas II
- Rhyno Thomas
- M'Intosh Alexander
- Meloney John
- Young Daniel

NOTICE.

d Officers commanding
the 1st Battalion Char-
ment of Militia are hereby
eir respective Companies
usual places of Parade in
tuesday the 29th inst. at
General Inspection.
ered to be prepared with
uplicate and a Field State
Companies to be handed
Parade.

ised that they will be held
Absentees unless satis-
of the
e commanding.

H. WHITLOCK,
Adjutant.
County Regt. of Militia.
ie 1, 1844.—ti

FORTES.

appointed Agents for the
nuts from the celebra-
F. Gilbert & Co.; we are
them at Manufacturers
One superior toned In-
is examined at any
LOW & LEFAVOR.
844.

NEW GOODS,
C. KEIVE,
CHEAP CASH STORE.

BEGETS leave to call the attention of the
Public to the
SUMMER STOCK OF GOODS,
he has just received, and is now opening—
which will be sold at the lowest possible
advance for cash only.
June 5, 1844.

Rye Flour,
AND CORN MEAL.

AFURTHER Supply just landed by
the Subscriber, at his Store, at the
head of Jones's Wharf—to be sold low for
Cash.

J. P. COLDWELL,
St. Andrews, June 5, 1844.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all Persons from har-
bouring or trusting my wife ELIZ-
BETH; as she has left my bed and board
without any provocation.

WM. HAGERTY,
St. George, May 31, 1844.

Charlotte County Bank,

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the
Charlotte County Bank held on Monday the
6th instant at noon, pursuant to Advertise-
ment, the following Gentlemen were chosen
Directors for the current Year:

- Hon. Harris Hatch,
- Hon. Thomas Wyer,
- John Wilson,
- Geo. D. Street,
- Wm. Babcock,
- G. Gilchrist,
- J.W. Street.

And at a meeting held this day H. Hatch,
was unanimously chosen President.

JOHN RODGER,
Cashier.

7th May, 1844.

PEWS TO BE SOLD,
By Auction.

ON MONDAY, THE 21st DAY OF
JUNE NEXT.

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the
door of the Church, the following
Pews in All Saints Church, viz:—
Pew No. 15, 17, 42, 47, the same hav-
ing become forfeited to the Church for non-
payment of rent.

ALSO—By request of the owner, Pew
No. 21, divided into two pews.

By order of the Church Corporation,
J. W. STREET; V. Clerk.
St. Andrews, May 23, 1844.

New Provision Store.
ST. ANDREWS, MAY 21 1844.

J. P. COLDWELL, respectfully an-
nounces, that he has opened an
Establishment for the sale of Provisions &c. in
the Store recently occupied by Mr. B. R. Fitz-
gerald, at the head of Jones's Wharf, and now
has on Sale,
Wheat and Rye Flour, Corn Meal, Beef, Pork,
Hams, Tans, Sugar, Butter, Soap, Candles,
Spices, Coffee, Cocoa, Vinegar, Cheese, Pot-
toes and Navy Bread, Tobacco, Cigars, snuff, and
numerous other articles suitable for a retail Pro-
vision Store.
Fish, Tea, Spirits Turpentine, Copal and
Bright Varnish, Sperm and Boiled Oils, Rais,
&c. &c.
Men's Light and Strong Boots, Morocco Pumps,
Ladies Kid Shoes, and a variety of Childrens
Shoes, &c. &c.
The Sales will be for Cash, the smallest possi-
ble profit will be asked, and no second prices
made.

IN BOND,

150 Barrels Superfine Flour—Also, 50 barrels
Clear and Meas Pork, and Prime Beef, for Ships
use, or the use of the British Fisheries.

RAN AWAY.

FROM the Subscriber on Saturday last,
JOSUAH FLINN, an Indented Appren-
tice; all persons are forbid harboring or
trusting him on my account, as I will not
pay any debts of his contracting, and pro-
secute them, to the utmost extremities of
the law.

ROBERT CLARK
Digdeguss, May 11, 1844.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IS hereby given that the Subscribers
have received from the Clerk of the
Peace for this County, Warrants of Assess-
ment, requiring them forthwith to raise the
sum of Three Hundred and Seventy nine
pounds two Shillings and six pence, within
the Parish of Saint Andrews. All per-
sons liable to Assessment, are therefore re-
quested to furnish the Assessors with state-
ments of their Property and Income, pur-
suant to the directions of the Act of Assem-
bly in such case made and provided.

S. FRYE,
E. WILSON,
G. D. STREET, Assessors
of Rates.
St. Andrews, May 10, 1844.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office.

Contract For Oil.

THE undersigned Commissioners will
receive Tenders until Monday the
10th day of June next, at Noon,
for supplying

- 1150 Gallons Pale Seal, and
200 Gallons Porpoise, or
Winter Strained Sperm,
For the use of the Machias Seal Island,
Campo Bello, and Saint Andrews LIGHT
HOUSES.

The Pale Seal, and Porpoise, Oil, to be
of this year's catch, & the whole to be pure
and free from Dregs & Sediment and to be
delivered at this Port, on or before the 10th
day of July next, in casks not exceeding
50 gallons each.—Payment will be made in
ten days after the completion of the Con-
tract.

THOS. WYER, } Commissioners,
JOHN WILSON, }
St. Andrews, April 29, 1844.

PROVISIONS, &C.

The Subscriber offers for Sale.
BLS and half Bbls. SUPERFINE
FLOUR fancy and common brands,
RYE FLOUR, DYSPEPSIA Flour in half
Barrels,
Bbls. kiln dried Corn Meal, Rye d.,
Oatmeal,
Clear Mess and Prime PORK,
Navy and Pilot Bread,
Water Crackers, &c.,
ALSO a few Hhds. and Tierces prime re-
tailing Molasses.

R. WALTON,
April 9, 1844

Brandy, Loaf Sugar,
Tea &c.

The Subscriber has just received per the
borgue Brunswick, from Liverpool:
H HDS best Cognac Brandy, and
Holsands Gin,
2 do, Superior Old Port Wine,
8 Chests Congou Tea,
64 Kegs Best White Paint,
50 Boxes Y. Soap,
6 Boxes best Poland Starch,
2 Hhds. Refined Sugar,
Bbls. and 1-2 Bbls. Pot Stillers.

J. W. STREET.
April 30, 1844.

FOR SALE.

THREE several Lots of WOODLAND,
on Deer Island, for particulars and in-
formation apply at the Office of,
R. M. ANDREWS.
1st May, 1844

Linseed Oil.

Ex "Evening Star," from Hull, via
St. John.
4 Hhds. } Boiled and Raw
4 Qr. Casks, } Linseed Oil.
J. W. STREET.
May 14, 1844.

Shipping Lumber.

500 M. feet Merchantable PINE BOARDS
and **PLANK,** piled on a Wharf, in this Har-
bour, apply to
WM. WHITLOCK.
St. Andrews, April 3, 1843.

GARDEN & FIELD SEEDS.

Samuel Getty,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends
and numerous Customers that he has
just received a large supply of
GARDEN & FIELD SEEDS,
of last years growth, from that establish-
ment, the New England Seed Store,
Boston, which he can warrant to be of the
best quality.

Among the Garden Seeds are
BEANS, PEAS, RADISHES, TURNIPS,
Cabbage, Cucumbers, Lettuce, Squash, Car-
rots, Parsnips, Celery and Beet of every de-
scription.

The Field Seeds consist of **HERDS**
GRASS, CLOVER, and HEMP.
Persons desirous of purchasing will find it
to their advantage to call at S. G.'s Store,
where they will find a choice selection of the
above Seeds.
St. Andrews, April 10, 1744.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

In the Province of New Brunswick in British
North America.—SS.—In the matter of
Charles McGee, a Bankrupt.—**PUBLIC**
NOTICE is hereby given that upon the ap-
plication of the said Charles McGee this
day made to me, I do appoint a public sit-
ting to be held on Saturday the 20th day
of July next, at ten of the Clock in the
forenoon at my Office in Saint Andrews
for the allowance of a Certificate of conform-
ity to the provisions of the Acts of the General
Assembly in this Province in force respect-
ing Bankrupts when and where any of the
Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard
against the allowance of such certificate, and
the same will be allowed unless cause be
there and then shown to the contrary, or
such other order will be made as the justice
of the case may require.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the
13th day of May, A. D. 1844.

GEO. D. STREET,
Commissioner of the said Bankrupts Es-
tate and Effects.

Notices in Bankruptcy.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
In British North America, SS:

In the matter of Wm. Cookson a Bank-
rupt.
WHEREAS under the Provisions of the
Act of General Assembly of this Pro-
vince intituled "An Act relating to Bankrup-
cy in this Province, William Cookson,
in the County of Charlotte, Farmer, hath
been declared Bankrupt, and hath accord-
ingly surrendered himself to me: Now there-
fore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by
virtue of the authority to me given in and
by the said Act, I have appointed Harris Hatch
of Saint Andrews, Esquire, Provisional Assign-
ee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bank-
rupt and I do hereby require all persons in-
debted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said
Assignee on or before the 25th day of May
next, all such sum or sums of money, debts
or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt
and all persons who have in their possession,
power or custody any property of the said Bank-
rupt to deliver the same to the said Assignee
on or before the 25th day of May next;—
and I do hereby require all the Creditors of
the said Bankrupt resident in the said Pro-
vince or in any other of Her Majesty's North
American Colonies or in the West Indies, or
in the United States of America within three
months from the date hereof, to deliver into
the said Assignee and to prove to my satisfac-
tion their respective claims and demands whether
the same be actually due or to become due
against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting
of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt
to be held at my Office in St. Andrews on
Wednesday the 24th day of July next at noon
of that day at my said Office, for the purpose
of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim
presented against the said Estate, at which
meeting or at any adjournment thereof the
said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath
touching his said Estate, and such other
business relating to the said Estate will be
transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews,
the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects
of Bankrupts in the County of Char-
lotte.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of John Parkinson, a Bank-
rupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts
of the General Assembly of this Province
of New-Brunswick, made and in force relat-
ing to Bankruptcy in this Province, John Parkin-
son, of St. Andrews, in the County of Char-
lotte, Merchant, hath been declared a Bankrupt,
and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me.
—Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice,
that by virtue of the power and authority to me
given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed
Harris Hatch, of St. Andrews, in the County
of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assign-
ee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt,
and I do hereby require all persons indebted to
the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee
on or before the 25th day of May next, all
such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as
they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all
persons who have in their possession, power or
custody any property or Effects of the said
Bankrupt to deliver the same up to the said
Assignee on or before the said
25th day of May next. And I do further here-
by require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt
resident in the said Province, or in any other of
Her Majesty's North American Colonies, or in
the West Indies, or in the United States of Amer-
ica, within three months from the day of the date
hereof, to deliver in to the said Assignee, and
to prove to my satisfaction their respective
claims and demands, whether the same be actu-
ally due or are to become due against the
said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meet-
ing of the Creditors of the above named
Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. An-
drews, on Monday the thirteenth day of
May next, at noon, of the same day at my
said office for the purpose of receiving proof
of, or of allowing or contesting any claim
presented against the said Estate, at which
meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the
said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath
touching his said Estate, and such other
business relating to the said Estate will be
transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Dated at St. Andrews, the 10th day of
February, in the year of our Lord one thou-
sand eight hundred and forty four.

GEO. D. STREET,
Commissioner of the said Bankrupts Estate and
Effects.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Samuel Watts, a Bank-
rupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts
of the General Assembly of this Province
of New Brunswick made and in force relat-
ing to Bankruptcy in this Province, Samuel Watts,
in the County of Charlotte, Farmer, hath been de-
clared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surren-
dered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby
give Public Notice that by virtue of the power and
authority to me given, in and by the said Acts I
have appointed Harris H. Hatch, Esquire, of St.
Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Provisional
Assignee of the Estate and Effects of said Bankrupt
and I do hereby require all Persons indebted to the
said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on Tues-
day the 20th day of February next, all such sum or
sums of money debts or duties as they may owe
to the said Bankrupt and all persons who have in
their possession, power, or custody any property or
Effects of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same
up to the said Assignee on or before the said
20th day of February next. And I do further
require the Creditors of the said Province, or in any
of Her Majesty's North American Colonies, or in
the West Indies or in the United States of Amer-
ica, within three months from the day of the date
hereof to deliver in to the said Assignee, and to
prove to my satisfaction their respective claims
and demands whether the same be actually due or
are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meet-
ing of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt
to be held at my office in Saint Andrews, on Fri-
day the twenty-fifth day of July next at eleven
of the clock in the forenoon of that day at my
said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or
of allowing or contesting any claim presented
against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any
adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be
examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and
such other business relating to the said Estate will
be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews the 20th
day of April 1844.

HARRIS HATCH
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects,
of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH-AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Francis Hibbard, a Bank-
rupt.

WHEREAS under the Provision of the
Acts of the General Assembly of the
Province aforesaid, made and in force re-
lating to Bankruptcy in this Province,
Francis Hibbard, of Saint George, in the
County of Charlotte, Lumberer, hath
been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accord-
ingly surrendered himself to me. Now
therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice,
that by virtue of the power and authority
to me given in and by the said Acts, I have
appointed Harris H Hatch, of St. An-
drews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire,
Provisional Assignee of the Estate and
Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do
hereby require all persons indebted to the
said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee
on or before the twentieth day of May
next, all such sum or sums of money debts
or duties as they may owe to the said
Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their
possession power or custody, any property
or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver
the same up to the said Assignee on or
before the said twentieth day of May
next, and I do further hereby require all
the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident
in the said Province, or in any other of Her
Majesty's North American Colonies, or in
the West Indies, or in the United States of
America, within three months from the day
of the date hereof, to deliver into the said
Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction

their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt, to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Friday the nineteenth day of July next, at noon of that day, at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof of the said Bankrupt, will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the sixteenth day of April, 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK,
In British North America, SS:

In the matter of Charles McGee, a Bank-
rupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New Brunswick made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Charles McGee of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Trader, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice that by virtue of the power and authority to me given, in and by the said Acts I have appointed Harris H Hatch of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the tenth day of March next, all such sum or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or Effects of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said sixth day of February next. And I do further require all the Creditors of the said Province, or in any of Her Majesty's North American Colonies, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof to deliver into the said Assignee, and to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Monday, the twenty-second April next, at noon, of the same day at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Dated at St. Andrews, the 13th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty four.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of John Young, a Bank-
rupt.

NOTICE is hereby given that I appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named John Young, to be held on Friday the 2nd day of February next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the Office of the undersigned, at St. Andrews, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Dated at St. Andrews, the 13th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty four.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Samuel Watts, a Bank-
rupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New Brunswick made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Samuel Watts, in the County of Charlotte, Farmer, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice that by virtue of the power and authority to me given, in and by the said Acts I have appointed Harris H. Hatch, Esquire, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of said Bankrupt and I do hereby require all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on Tuesday the 20th day of February next, all such sum or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt and all persons who have in their possession, power, or custody any property or Effects of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said 20th day of February next. And I do further require the Creditors of the said Province, or in any of Her Majesty's North American Colonies, or in the West Indies or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof to deliver in to the said Assignee, and to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Friday the 25th day of July next at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of that day at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews the 20th day of April 1844.

HARRIS HATCH
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects,
of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH-AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Thomas Alger, a Bank-
rupt.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon the application of the said Thomas Alger, this day made to me—I do appoint a Public Sitting to be held on Thursday the eighteenth day of July next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, at my office in St. Andrews, for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said Jean Young, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts, when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be there and then shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 28th day of October, A. D. 1843.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects, of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.—SS.—**In the matter of Mark Young, a Bankrupt.**—**PUBLIC**
NOTICE is hereby given that upon applica-
tion of the said Mark Young, this day

made to me, I do appoint a Public Sitting to be held on Wednesday the 10th day of April next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon of that day at the Office of the undersigned Commissioner in St. Andrews for the allowance of a certificate of conformity to the said Mark Young, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province in force respecting Bankrupts, when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews this eleventh day of January A. D. 1844

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Table listing real estate sales including names like John Scott, Nicholas Meating, and dates from 1st June to 23rd Nov.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the 20th day of April next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M. at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Scott, to that Lot and House, occupied by Johnston Hall, situate on the northern side of the Maguadavic river, in the town of St. George.

Also—On Saturday the 1st day of June, All his right, title, interest, claim and demand to one acre of Land in La Petite Passage, bounded Northerly by the Smith line of the grant to James Campbell and William Grant at La Petite Passage, Westerly by the Westerly shore of a small creek emptying into La Petite Passage about 20 chains from the same, and Easterly and Southerly by such lines as will comprise the said acre, as decided by James and Elizabeth Paine to G. F. Campbell and conveyed by him to said John Scott.

The same having been taken, seized and attached on the 15th instant, to satisfy an Execution in favour of Thomas Leavitt and Edwin Ketchum endorsed to levy £53 5 11d.

The above Sale is postponed until Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 25th day of May next between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

All the right, title, estate interest and Claim, by Heirship or otherwise, of James Collins, of and to that Farm Lot and Tract of Land, situate on Tower Hill, in the Parish of St. David, about six miles from the head of Oak Bay on the Woodstock Road, being the farm formerly occupied by David Collins, and also situate in a Town Lot in the Town of St. Andrews, with the buildings thereon, situate near the Court House.

The same having been taken to satisfy two Executions the first in favor of James Allanahaw, Thomas Wier and Geo. D Street endorsed to levy £41 14s 3d &c. and the second in favor of James Allanahaw surviving partner of John McManis, endorsed to levy £43 6s 11d, &c.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY the 1st day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. of the same day, at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

All the right title estate, and interest of Nicholas Meating, to the lot of land with the house, barn and other buildings thereon, occupied by him, situate on the Southern side of the river Maguadavic, near the Lower Falls of the same, AND ALSO.

All the right, title, estate and interest of Jeremiah Arthur O'Leary, to that new house, lately erected by him, and now in his occupation, situated on the Post-ge of the Maguadavic, and in the Town of St. George. The two properties having been seized taken and levied upon, to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court for £19 2s 1d, &c. &c. at the suit of Peter McCullan, Juror.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Monday, the 3rd day of JUNE next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, in Saint Andrews.

All the right, title, estate, claim and legal interest, of the Hon. JAMES ALLANSHAW, of and to the following described tracts or lots of land, with the houses, mills, and other improvements thereon, the same having been taken, and levied upon as well as all other real estate, belonging to him, to satisfy Executions issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suits of the President, Directors, & Co. of the Charlotte County Bank and others.

In the Parish of St. Andrews. The lot of land, with the house and premises attached to the Old Jail block, so called, in the town of St. Andrews, now in the occupation of the said James Allanahaw.

In the Parish of St. Patrick. A tract of land, containing 200 acres more or less with the houses mills and other erections thereon, commonly known as the Didgegash mill.

Three islands viz.—Higland in the Barrens quoddy Bay, a small island near it, and Long Island, so called, at the mouth of the Didgegash river.

A tract of land situated at the Rolling Dam on the river Didgegash, with the mills &c. thereon.

A lot of land, on the Eastern side of the river Didgegash above the land granted to David Leyton and others, purchased by James Allanahaw and John McMaster, from Lehigh Cameron.

A tract of land, containing 450 acres on the Eastern side of the river Didgegash purchased by James Allanahaw and John McMaster from William Curry and Wife.

A tract of land containing 300 acres granted to Archibald McDesmond and conveyed by his heirs to the said James Allanahaw.

In the Parish of St. David. Lots numbered 1, and 2, on the river Didgegash purchased by James Allanahaw and John McMaster, from Isaac Garscoul.

A tract of land with the mill privilege thereon, near the residence of Tristram Moore Esq., commonly known as Moore's Mill.

A tract of land known as the North Mill privilege, at the head of Oak Bay, formerly belonging to one Robert Moore.

In the Parish of St. James. Four tracts of land containing 200 acres granted to James Allanahaw by Letters patent, dated 26th September, 1838.

In the Parish of Pennsylvania. A Lot of land known as lot No 26 purchased by James Allanahaw and John McMaster from Jedediah Califf and wife.

In the Parish of St. George. A Tract of land and Mill privilege on the Eastern side of the river Maguadavic at the Upper Falls with the mills and other erections thereon purchased from Robt. W. Crookshank Esq. of the City of St. John.

A Tract of land adjoining the shore and situated near the Basin at the Upper Falls, also purchased from Robt. W. Crookshank Esq. A Lot of land, near the above tracts, purchased from the late Colin Campbell Esq. as Sheriff of Charlotte.

Half of Lots numbered 5 and 6 on the Eastern side of the river Maguadavic near the Basin at the Lower Falls, purchased from Rich. Brockway.

Two Tracts of Land containing 75 acres granted to James Allanahaw, by Letters patent, dated 18th Dec 1837.

A Lot of land on the Western side of the river Maguadavic at the Upper Falls, with the house and buildings thereon, now in the occupation of Thomas Davers.

To be sold by Public Auction on SATURDAY the 29th day of JUNE next, between the hours of ten and five o'clock.

All the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand of Jeremiah Donoghue, to the land on which he now resides together with the buildings thereon, situated in the parish of St. George and on the main road from St. Andrews and St. George the same having this day been seized, levied on and taken by me, by virtue of execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suits of John Wilson, and James Driscoll.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni exponas to me directed, will be sold by public auction, on Monday the 22nd day of JULY 1844, at 10 o'clock a.m. the following properties, belonging to the Estate of the late JAMES RAIT, Esquire, seized and taken under a writ of Executioi extenuata, to satisfy a debt, due the Crown of £2305, 6, 4, besides Sheriff's execution fees, &c.

In the Parish of St. Andrews. LOT No. 56, containing 50 acres, more or less fronting on the river St. Croix, with all the houses, out houses, and buildings thereon.

Lots Nos. 2, 3, 6 and 7 in Block letter B, with the water Lots, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Block letter H all in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, with the dock and beach in front of the same, with the buildings &c. thereon.

Part of Lot No. 4, in Block letter A, Bulkeley's division, with a front of 43 ft on Adolphus street, and extending 80 feet to the rear, bounded S. W. by land heretofore sold to Mrs. Amy Campbell, and N. W. by land heretofore occupied by Hugh Boyd, with the buildings, &c. thereon.

A Lot of Land, in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, being part and parcel of the unletted water Block in Parr's division, adjoining Lot No. 3 in the possession of R. Huslock Esq. with the use, in common, of a reserved road of 20 feet in width.

Lots Nos. 3, 4, and 7 in Block letter L, in Bulkeley's division of the Town plat of St. Andrews.

Lot No. 8 in Block letter L, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Water lot No. 4, Block letter H, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Lots numbered 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in Block letter F, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, fronting on Queen Elizabeth and Montague streets with the buildings &c. thereon.

Half part of Lot number 4 in Block letter D, in Morris's division of the Town of Saint Andrews, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. Stephen. Lot of land, known as Campbell's point commencing at a stake in Libby's cove, near the Bridge, which stake is also the first bounds of Lot Q, and No. 1, in the Grant to Donald Grant and others, comprehending land, beach and flats, containing 4 acres and thereabouts, with the wharf, buildings and improvements thereon.

A Lathing Machine under that half of a Saw Mill, situated in Mill Town, which was purchased by John Austin of Henry Eastman, together with all the privileges thereunto belonging.

In the Parish of St. Patrick. Lot No. 3, adjoining the lot conveyed by one James Muir to Thomas Slemom, with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. George. Lots Nos. 15 and 17 in Block letter H and lots number 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 13 in Block letter K, in the Town Plat of Saint George.

An equal undivided moiety of half of a lot of land, adjoining Main street of Martin Hart's cove, containing 100 acres more or less.

An equal undivided moiety or half part of 3 lots of land in the township of L'Etang, which William Low purchased of Paul Brampton.

Two Garden Lots in the Town plat of L'Etang, heretofore owned by William Low. That lot of land, on the portage at the lower falls of the Maguadavic river, with the buildings thereon, formerly occupied by Henry Seely, and situated between properties owned by S. G. Andrews Esq. Dr. Thomson and Mrs. Reed.

That piece of land on the West side of the Maguadavic river opposite the fresh water landing place, at the lower portage, containing about 40 acres.

A lot of land on the N. E. side of Lake Utopia, being part of lot No. 7, formerly granted to Daniel McMaster and others, containing 220 acres, more or less.

A lot of land on the E. side of Lake Utopia, and in the rear of lots formerly owned by one James Ash, in blocks numbers 5 and 6 being 130 rods in front, on said Lake &c. and containing 150 acres more or less, together with all the buildings &c. thereon.

A tract of land containing 75 acres more or less, situated about 1/4 of a mile below the Upper Falls of the Maguadavic river and on the Eastern side of it, bounded by land owned by Major Stannus, &c. with all the improvements and buildings thereon.

In the Parish of Pennsylvania. A lot of land containing 700 acres, more or less, being part of a tract once laid out in six acre lots, on the head or N. E. shore of the N. E. branch, or arm of Beaver Harbour, near lands granted to John Muaro, and Ewan Thomas.

A lot of land containing 400 acres more or less, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded by the six acre lots, and lands formerly granted to Janus, Jacob, and Joshua Paul.

Two lots of land, forming together a point called Deadman's Head, lying between Deadman's Head and Black's Bay—containing 350 acres with the buildings &c. thereon.

A lot of land, containing 270 acres bounded on one side by land granted to Hugh McKay, Esq. and by the shores of the Mill Lake.

A Tract of land commencing at the N. E. corner of a grant of land of 200 acres to Samuel Buckman junr., thence along the N. line to centre of said grant &c. supposed to contain 100 acres more or less.

That Tract or parcel of Land formerly granted to Thomas Berry, containing 95 acres more or less.

2nd acre of land, crossing Knights Mill road, and Clapps Mill Stream.

200 acres touching Lot No. 16, formerly granted to William Stewart.

300 acres near Lot No 44, granted to Robert Woodward, and crossing the great road, from Saint Andrews to Saint John.

In the Parish of Grand Manan. A lot of land containing 11-4 acres, beginning at Adam Dixon's line, with all the buildings thereon, being the same which James Rait purchased from John Sprague.

Lot No. 19 in the original grant of the Island, containing 140 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon.

The Southern part or half of Lot No. 59 granted to Levi Richardson, situated at the Northern end or head of the Island, containing 250 acres, more or less, together with a right of way to the Cove, Creek, or inlet called Eel Brook.

Part of Lot No 59, at the Northern end of the Island, granted to Levi Richardson, containing 100 acres, more or less, together with the privilege of erecting dams, &c on Eel Brook.

Lot No 6 in the first division of the Island Grant, originally granted to Samuel Ingersoll, with all the improvements thereon, containing 90 acres more or less.

The water front of Lot No 37, owned by Nathaniel Gupill, on Grand Harbour Stream, with the privilege of erecting dams, mills, &c.

Lot No 60 formerly granted to Aaron Richardson, with the buildings thereon.

All the right, title and privilege to a water Brook or Stream running through Lot No 17, owned by Joseph Drogan, and also to parts of the said Lot No 17 sufficient for the purpose of flowing the water, erecting Mills, piling places, &c.

The Levi Richards on Lot so called at the Northern end of the Island.

Lot No 36 containing 200 acres more or less.

Lot No 13 in the second division of lots granted to John Faxan and others, containing 200 acres more or less.

One half of Lot No 15 in the above division, formerly granted to William Benson; Lot No 72, containing 32 1-2 acres, more or less.

Lot No 33, comprehended in the Grant to Edmund Cheney with Lots numbered 62 and 63 containing 50 acres more or less.

Lot No. 74 in the first division of Lots surveyed by Donald McDonald.

Lot No 20 in the second division containing 200 acres more or less with the buildings thereon &c.

A Tract of Land comprehending Lots No 37, 38, 39 and 40 containing 850 acres more or less—with the buildings, &c. thereon.

Lot No 11 on the Northern Head of the Island.

Lot No 100, on the Western side of the island, near Dark Harbour—containing 700 acres more or less.

That privilege to the water, in front of Lot No 37 on Grand Harbour Stream, and to the bank or shore of the said Lot, and back from the said stream, to the extent of five acres.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, commencing at the Northernly angle of School Lot No 10 granted to James Rait 22d August 1836.

Also another Tract containing 800 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the Northernly angle of Lot No 20 granted to Barnabas Rich on the North West side of the island.

Also another Tract containing 200 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the South Westerly angle of Lot No 14, granted to Barbara Ross on the North East side of the island.

A fourth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 2600 Acres, commencing at the south west angle of lot No 20 granted to Barbara Ross.

A fifth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 200 acres, commencing at the west side of a reserved road and the southern angle of lot No 42, granted to the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry, of Grand Manan.

A sixth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 500 acres, commencing at the south western angle of lot No 100 occupied by T. Ranny.

Also, another Tract of land granted to him containing 750 acres, commencing at the north western angle of lot No 101.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 30th June, 1844.

Any information required respecting the above mentioned Properties will be given on application at the Sheriff's Office.

To be sold by public auction, on SATURDAY the 27 day of NOVEMBER next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest claim and demand of Stephen Munson, to that certain piece and parcel of land, situate in the parish of St. George and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the South by the Great road leading from St. Andrews to St. John on the North by a lot and premises conveyed by the said Stephen Munson to Wm. D. Fenke and Robert L. Mathew dated 18th Jan. 1839 on the West by a Lot of Land owned by Moses Vernon, Esq. and on the East by lands owned by Malcolm Mealy.

The same having been seized and levied on by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court in favor of said G. Andrews, Esq. endorsed to levy £40 19 5 &c. &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. Sheriff's Office, 26th April, 1844.

To be Sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 23d day of Novr. 1844, between the hours of 10 o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest claim and demand of John Scott to that Lot and House, occupied by Johnston Hall, situate on the northern side of the Maguadavic river in the town of Saint George—the same having been taken, seized and attached on the 18th Sep. 1843 to satisfy an Execution in favor of Thos. Leavitt and Edwin Ketchum endorsed to levy £51 3 11 &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. Sheriff's Office, 17th May 1844.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Connecticut, United States Incorporated in 1810—with a Capital of \$150,000.

This long established Institution has for more than twenty-six years transacted its extensive business on the most just and liberal principles—paying its losses with promptness.

During this period have settled all their losses without compelling the insured, in any instance to resort to a Court of Justice. The present Board of Directors pledge themselves, in this particular, fully to maintain the high reputation of the Company. It insures on the most favorable terms every description of property against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE but takes no marine risks.

Application for insurance may be made either personally or by letter to the Secretary of the Company or its Agents, who are appointed in many of the principal Towns and Cities in the United States, and in the British Provinces.

PRESENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS. Eliphalet Terry, Samuel Williams, James H. Wells, F. J. Huntington, S. H. Huntington, Elisha Colt, H. Huntington, E. B. Ward, and Albert Day.

James G. Bolles, Secy. The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for St Andrews for the above mentioned Company is now prepared to take risks on every description of Property against loss or damage by Fire.

THOMAS SIME, St. Andrews, Jan 5, 1844.

CANVAS, &c Ex "Brunswick" from Liverpool. 70 BOLL'S G-BUCK CANVAS. San Toms &c. For Sale by J. & R. JARVIS, May 8, 1844.

FLOUR. The Subscribers has received from New York 125 Barrels of FLOUR which will be sold low for Cash. DIMOCK & WILSON, St. Andrews, 12th April, 1844.



WONDERFUL RECOVERY OF HAIR After 18, 25, and 26 years loss.

A few attestations, (selected from numberless others, received during the last 40 years) to the virtues of ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL, the originals of which may be seen at the Proprietors.

TO MESSRS. ROWLAND AND SON, 20, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON. HURMES BATEL, COVENT GARDEN February 6, 1842

GENTLEMEN, In announcing to you the following corroboration of the efficacy of your MACASSAR OIL, if by your making it public it will be of any service, I shall consider myself but returning in a very small degree the great obligation I feel I am under to you, and shall be most happy during my stay in London to satisfy any Gentlemen who may be interested in the truth of the following—In my year 1774 I went to India, and shortly after my arrival there my hair fell off in considerable quantities, so that I soon became entirely bald, and which state I continued until my arrival last year 1842, and at that time I was induced by reading one of your Advertisements to make trial of your MACASSAR OIL, though I confess with but little hope of success. After the use of one bottle I found my hair to begin to grow, and after a second bottle, continuing the use of the Oil, much to my gratification, I have now the pleasure to inform you, without exaggeration or vanity, that I can boast of as fine a head of hair as any one need to have.

I am, Gentlemen, Your grateful Servant, A. MACKENZIE.

GENTLEMEN, I take the liberty of addressing my thanks to you for the great benefit I have received from your hair ointment, Macassar Oil, having had the misfortune to lose my hair at the age of five and twenty, in consequence of a fever. I was lately induced, at the instance of a friend, to make trial of your excellent specific, and can only say that the effects were most surprising, for in a very short space of time, my hair, which was before entirely bald, was again covered with thick and strong hair. I am now fifty years of age, and could scarcely have expected, that after having worn a wig for five and twenty years of my life, I should now be enabled to throw it entirely aside. I think it but justice to yourselves and the public, to add my testimony to the virtues of your truly invaluable Oil, and you have my full permission to make this letter public, and to refer any one to me for proof of the merits of this invaluable discovery.

I am, Gentlemen, Ever your obliged and obedient Servant, W. C. BRIDEAUX, Lincolnshire, March 21, 1842.

Extract of a Letter directed to Mr. Oldroyd, Merchant of London, from a friend at Naples, dated May 6, 1843.

I must turn your attention to the following—Captain Kearsland of the 4th Regiment of Foot, in the service of His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Austria, aged 41 years, has been bald ever since the age of 18. He was recommended to try "Rowland's Macassar Oil" by a Gentleman who had already experienced its good effects; he bought some of it, and used it, and I received him from England, and preserved in applying it—In less than two months his hair grew to the bald parts, and is now very thick. The Captain is highly pleased and has spread his loss to the public, and to refer any one to me for proof of the merits of this invaluable discovery.

I assure you, the demand for this article is very great, and must beget you to send me a fresh supply without loss of time.

GENTLEMEN—Having derived essential benefit from the use of your Macassar Oil, I am induced to send you the postscript, which you are at liberty to make known as you may think proper. Rather more than twelve months since I made trial of the Oil, though I confess with not much faith, as I had been bald eighteen years. It was not two months before any effect was perceptible when a slight down appeared; at the expiration of five months hair had grown on the bald part full half an inch long. I then had the whole of my head regularly shaved once a week for a considerable period, considering the Oil, night and morning; the result is, that I have this day discarded my wig, my hair being quite restored and as strong and great in quantity as when I was twenty years of age.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, W. C. BRIDEAUX, 32, Broad Street, Brighton, April 19, 1842.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL. It is universally acknowledged to be the only article that will effectually produce and restore hair, (including Warts, Scabs, and Eruptions) prevent it from falling off, or turning gray, free it from scurf and dandruff, and render it delightfully soft, silky, curly, and glossy.

CAUTION—Numerous spurious compositions are sold as "MACASSAR OIL." To ensure the real article, a steel engraving of exquisite workmanship, on which are engraved "ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL," in two lines.

To further ensure the genuine article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil," are engraved on the back of the envelope nearly 10,000 times, containing 29,025 letters—without the use of any GRASPERS.

Price 3s 6d. 7s. Family Bottles, (equal to four small) 10s 6d and double that size, 15s per bottle.

Sold by every Perfumer and Chemist throughout the civilized world.

Fall & Winter Goods. Arrived per barge, "Brothers" from Liverpool.

FLANNELS, PILOT CLOTHS, PETERSHAMS, MOLESKINS, Canton Sheetings, & Shirtings, Bleached and unbleached Printed Cottons, Paint Oil, boiled and unboiled. WM. BABCOCK & SON, Sept. 27, 1843.

To Ropemakers THE Subscribers will give employment to TWO MEN, having a practical knowledge of Ropemaking. J. & R. JARVIS, Rops Walk, St. Andrews, Feb. 20, 1844.