

# The St. Andrews Standard.

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SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, JUNE 2, 1875.

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## Poetry.

### OUR COMMON LOT.

Why should we tremble at the thought of death,  
The King of Terrors brings no dread to him  
Who at the fount of inspiration giv'n,  
In God's own word drinks and is satisfied.  
To him the call of dissolution comes  
Shorn of its horrors; to his happy soul,  
'Tis welcome summons; calling him away,  
From life's regrets and troubles, beck'ning him  
To cross the narrow bourn that separates,  
The present and eternal; calling him  
To meet his Saviour and commune with him,  
Who gave his life a ransom for our sins.  
Why should we tremble therefore; let us live,  
That dying, we may live eternally.

### THE MIDNIGHT TRIBUNAL.

A Lieutenant's Adventure in Salt Lake City.

"No more trips down town after dark!" shouted Lieutenant George Payson, entering my tent and venting his spite on the campstools.  
It was years ago, before the great Pacific Railroad was more than a dream; Platte Bridge, Denver, Laramie, Omaha, and other towns and cities were hardly noticed by the map makers, and the Indian, wolf and buffalo held possession of the country from Omaha to Salt Lake. It was, too, during the palmy days of "the institution," when Mormons ruled with bloody hands, and when Gentiles were dogged and shot as they left the city, or "snatched" while in it, spirited away, and never heard of afterwards.

Camp Connor was Camp Connor then, and situated just where the present military post is. It sometimes contained two hundred soldiers, and sometimes not more than forty or fifty. Detachments were sent from there to do duty at other posts, to escort mail carriers or government trains, but there was always a body of men and a number of officers at the post. The administration had an idea (so it seemed) that the presence of soldiers so near the city was a great protection to the "sinners" who halted in the town or passed it, but we never had occasion to believe that Brigham Young and his numerous saints cared a fig whether we went away or remained. He had "avenging angels" in numbers sufficient to have captured us all at any hour; and but for fear of a conflict with the government, a soldier would not have been safe from these scoundrels anywhere within fifty miles of Salt Lake.

"There, read that," continued Payson, handing out a "general order" as I looked up.  
"Having reason to believe that Sergeant Britton was killed in the city by some of the Mormon population, and knowing that Brigham Young's so-called 'avenging angels' make it their business to dog the steps of soldiers and officers; and believing that our peril will be lessened by remaining within our camp after night, therefore—

"Therefore—From and after this date, no soldier or officer will be permitted to visit the city after sundown except upon the written permission of the colonel commanding."

So read the order; and while I saw that it cut short our little plans for pleasure and recreation, I also saw the motive which had induced it, and realized as well as the colonel that there was reason for us to fear evil from the murdering hands which had been christened "avenging angels" by one whose hands were never free from blood.

I did not, therefore, express my indignation toward the colonel, my intention to immediately throw up my commission and return East to go into the grocery business; nor did I say that we should kick up such a rumpus that the military tyrant would be forced to rescind the order. And, after a few minutes' conversation with Payson, I brought him around to see matters as I saw them, and he agreed that the colonel was right.

A month or two previous the non-commissioned officer spoken of in the general order had paid a visit to the city, and never returned. He was known to many of the Mormons as an inveterate enemy of their creed and practices, he being an upright Christian man, and having his wife and child at the camp. He was always free to express his sentiments, even to the Mormons, of whom he was purchasing in the city, and we believed that they had captured and murdered him. An attempt had been made to work out the case, but one detective might as well have tried to work against all the thieves of London. The fellows were impudent, bold and overbearing, and even declared that they were glad if the sergeant had finally received what would soon be dealt out to all other meddling "sinners."

So the order was timely and sensible, and the officers did not rebel.

There were four of us lieutenants—two mid-dle-aged married men, sober as deacons, and Payson and myself, we two being less than twenty-five years old, and rather inclined to excitement and sensation. Having but little to do, paid off regularly, no one but ourselves to care for, a city near at hand, it was no wonder that we were a little wild. We had been in the habit of attending at the tabernacle on Sunday, to hear Young preach, and to count up his wives and children. We often attended the theatre; we occasionally stopped over night at the hotel; played billiards, encouraged bear-fights, and had what we called a good time generally. So long as we kept out of trouble, were at the camp for parade, and put the soldiers through their twice-a-day drill, the colonel had no reproaches. It would come our turn directly to go to Laramie, to go on to California, to be sent hundreds of miles away from civilization, and he knew that we should then have money enough to make us as dignified as Uncle Sam himself.

For two weeks after the order came out not an officer visited the city after dark, and only an occasional visit was made by daylight. The rule then became exceedingly irksome, and taking advantage of the fact that a new play was to be put on the boards of the theatre, Payson and I sought and obtained the colonel's permission to be absent until midnight. He cautioned us to be careful of our speech and our company, and warned us to go well armed.

The tramp down was a mere nothing for our stout limbs. We entered the city just after dark, it being a June evening, but had not proceeded far when Payson insisted that we should have a glass of wine. We stepped into a saloon, called the boy, and were just drinking, when we heard a succession of sharp screams and shrieks, as of some female in distress.

"O, that aint nothing!" remarked the boy, noticing our looks of surprise and anxiety. "It's old Treadway giving one of his fifteen wives a flogging!"

We heard shouts, oaths, blows, shrieks, and then a heavy fall. The boy took it all as a matter of course, having often heard the Mormon at work, but we were considerably excited—Payson so much so that he wanted to interfere.

"Ten thousand million curses on the cursed city and its beastly population!" he exclaimed, after abandoning his idea of rushing to the rescue. "I wish Uncle Sam would give the word to clean it out to-morrow!"

I was about to express a like feeling when I heard a soft step behind me, and turned in time to catch sight of a retreating form.

"You'd better look sharp now!" warned the boy, who was a deep one for his years. "That was 'The Dagger' who came just in time to hear your speech, and he will keep his eye on you from this time out!"

"And who is the loafer you call 'The Dagger'?" inquired Payson. "And why should we look out for him?"

"To keep from being served in this way!" replied the boy, drawing his finger across his throat. "He is the leader of the 'Avenging Angels,' and he won't forget you. We aint Mormons ourselves, but we have to play off on them; and if you take my advice, you won't get into any dark corners to-night!"

We had both cooled off considerably as we started for the street, for we had reason to know that there was sense in the lad's warning. We talked the matter over, agreed to keep close together, and trusted that we were prepared to successfully defend ourselves if attacked.

The theatre was densely crowded, and we found it impossible to obtain seats. We had come to see the play, and so concluded to stand up and make the best of it.

In about half an hour I had become so absorbed in the transactions on the stage that I did not notice when Payson left my side and went over to have a confab with an acquaintance. A number of the audience came between us, and so, when I at last looked around, my friend was nowhere to be seen. I was not anxious, but was yet looking this way and that, when a man came up to me, looked keenly into my face, and said:

"Your friend has got into trouble over on Hill Street, and wants you to come to him."

"But, who are—"

"Never mind who I am," he replied, "but come along as fast as you can. Your friend is being murdered."

This was enough. I remembered Payson's words in the saloon, the boy's warning, and I concluded that 'The Dagger' had in some way decoyed my friend out of the theatre and attacked him.

I followed the unknown from the building up the street, down another, a turn to the left, and then I halted. We were at the entrance of a dark and lonely street, no one was in sight,

and I began to have suspicion that all was not right.

"Come on—come on; it's only one more block!" urged the man, also stopping. At the same moment the cry of "help!" was shouted from down the street, and we dashed forward on the run.

We had not traversed more than half the block when I heard a movement as I passed a doorway, and the next moment was down on the walk, struggling to free myself from the grasp of three men who had vaulted upon me. A gag was thrust into my mouth, a pair of handcuffs snapped together around my wrists, and then the men, who had not spoken a word, picked me up and carried me into the building. I was taken through a long hall, up a flight of stairs, through another hall, all dimly lighted, and then found myself in a room about thirty feet square. It was lighted by four candles, had matting on the floor, and contained six chairs, placed in a row before a table on which were pen, ink and paper.

"Take out the gag and unlock the handcuffs," commanded a voice; and directly I stood on my feet unfettered.

"What does this mean—this outrage—knocking down and gagging a United States officer?" I exclaimed, looking from one evil face to another.

"You will soon learn," replied one of the men. And then they withdrew to the door and held a conversation in whispers. One of their number passed out, came back in about five minutes, and then the four approached me. "Well, can you explain your brutal conduct now?" I inquired.

"You are to be conducted to No. 1, to wait until the Tribunal of Seven assembles, and then you are to be tried for your life!"

So spoke the leader of the party, an evil-faced fellow, whom I would not have cared to meet on the open highway in broad daylight. I looked from one to the other, but each face was evil, unreadable and stern.

"But I won't go!" I replied. "I have had enough of this nonsense, and I now propose to return to the theatre. Mormons or Gentiles, you will think twice before you stretch out a hand to stop me!"

They had removed my revolver before taking off the handcuffs, and I was consequently left with only a weapon. I stood close to one of the chairs, and as I saw that they were about to rush, I seized it, whirled it aloft, and sent one of them to the floor. The others rushed upon me, but I beat them back, knocked another down, and rushed to the door.

It was locked! As I turned, the four closed in on me, despite my blows, and they soon had me down. They did not gag me again, but one of them seized my foot and dragged me through a hall, opened a door, and I was hauled into a room not over ten feet square.

"We will call for you at midnight!" spoke one of the men, and the door was shut and locked.

There was no light in the cell, but the light from a window half a block away streamed in and allowed me to see, first, that my only window was barred and grated until a mouse could hardly have got out or in; second, there was a pitcher of water and a stool; third, the walls were thick and massive, and the door as solid as iron.

I took in all these things as I rested on my elbow, and a closer inspection when I rose up only proved how well I had seen. I tried the door, the window, sounded the walls, tested the floor, and sat down on the stool with a conviction that I must remain a prisoner so long as my captors saw fit. It was easy to understand the game which had been played. The unknown had got me out of the theatre on purpose to trap me, and it was also easy to understand that I was in the power of the "Avenging Angels," and that escape from their clutches was a matter scarcely to be thought of.

I could not bear the idea that I was a prisoner, and I made the round of the cell again, hoping that the door or the window might be made to yield. The door was too stout to be attacked, but I determined to give the bars a trial. I had no tools to work with, but there was the stool. I pulled out a leg, searched over the lattice-work until I found a spot to suit, and then inserted the leg. The bars went back a trifle as I sagged my weight upon the stick, and there was a loud snap, and the leg was broken.

"Ha! ha! ha!" laughed a voice outside the door, and then I knew that one of the men was standing sentry. He knew I would seek to escape, but he knew that I could not.

I sat down on the floor, sick at heart. What did they mean by the Tribunal of Seven—that mysterious committee who were going to put me on trial at midnight? I had been in the Mormon country long enough to know how to answer the question. It meant that seven Mormon digni-

ties were to give me the farce of a trial, condemn me as an enemy of their religion and social habits, and then hand me over to the Avengers to be murdered!

It seemed an age to midnight. I made no more efforts towards regaining my liberty, heard no sound from street or building, and was almost glad as the door was at last unlocked, and I was conducted to the judgment-room. I felt a chill as I looked around. Six masked men occupied the six chairs, and the seventh one sat behind the table. A chair was placed for me at his left hand. I sat down, and for a moment not a sound was heard. The seven masked men and the four Avengers were as motionless as statues. A bell, sounding as if in the cellar of the building, struck one, two, three—eleven, twelve, and I could think of nothing but a funeral procession as I counted the strokes.

"Prisoner, stand up!" commanded the masked judge, his voice being low and stern.

I was at first determined to resist; but I did not, believing that they would not dare to murder an officer of the government, but there was something in the tone of the judge which made me obey the command.

"Prisoner, you are charged with having been in the company of those who cursed our religion and desired to shed our blood—with being yourself an enemy of our creed—with having attempted to incite members of the true faith to rebel against us. You are now on trial for your life? Are you guilty or not guilty?"

I hesitated a moment, and then answered him that I had not been arrested by any process of law, was not in the presence of any court, could not summon witnesses, and should decline to plead.

"Guilty or not guilty?" he commanded, raising his hand in a warning way.

Again I hesitated, and then asked him if he would allow me an attorney and give me the privilege of summoning witnesses.

"The Tribunal of Seven knows no lawyers—allows no privileges. You are on trial for your life—plead or be condemned without hearing?"

Forced into it, I pleaded "Not guilty," and was told to sit down as "The Dagger" was motioned to take the stand. He stood near the judge, related what he had overheard at the saloon, and further related that Payson and myself had long been known to the Mormon church, and toward leading Mormons.

It had not been fifteen minutes since the masked bell struck twelve, but now it struck again—once against me!

I demanded that I should be allowed to cross-examine the witness, but the judge raised his hand, and the second Avenger took the stand. His testimony was about the same, except that he reported several fictitious conversations to make out that I had sought to induce certain Mormons to leave the church. He sat down and the bell struck again—two! The other two were called up, testified to suit the occasion and the bell struck for each, and then the judge rose up and asked:

"Prisoner, what have you to say to this?"

"Nothing!" I replied—"not a single word! You convicted me even before you saw me, and your tribunal is a grand humbug! I am an officer of the United States government, and if you dare to lay a finger on me, your cursed, adulterous tribe hasn't lives enough to satisfy the revenge which will be taken!"

My temper was up, and I cared not what I said. I believed they meant to kill me, and was determined to free my mind, if no more. I also had a slight hope that a bolt course, and putting in Uncle Sam as a backer, might cause them to hesitate. But they were Mormons—arrogant, powerful, fearless.

"Ha! ha! ha!" laughed the judge, his lips never moving. "Ha! ha! ha!" laughed each juror—a laugh which made chill after chill creep up my back.

"Prisoner at the bar, stand up and receive your sentence!" commanded the judge, as the jurors rose up and each made a sign to show that I had been found guilty. "Prisoner, you have had a fair and impartial trial, and a jury of your peers pronounce you guilty. The sentence of this tribunal is that you be turned over to the Avengers, to be taken back to your friends!"

Did I hear aright! Had I succeeded in frightening the tribunal? Was I to be restored to liberty? I thought so for half a minute.

"Ha! ha! ha!" laughed the judge—a laugh which made my flesh creep.

"Ha! ha! ha!" laughed the jurors and Avengers—a laugh sounding like the terrible "yah!" of the caged hyenas.

The judge moved slowly down, the jurors formed by twos, and the seven Avengers slowly out of the room; their long black gowns trailing behind. I was watching

them, when I was suddenly jerked down from behind, banded again, and the four Avengers carried me along on their shoulders. We went through a hall, down a pair of stairs, made a turn to the right, passed the length of another hall, and then entered a room about fifteen feet square.

I was placed on my feet, the handcuffs removed, and then, while three of the men drew their knives, the fourth advanced to the wall and seized the end of a cord. He made a motion, and the three raised their knives.

They were going to murder me! They came closer, and I retreated. Closer and I stood very nearly in the centre of the room, facing them. Not a word had been spoken. Words were not needed with them; and I knew that no entreaties of mine could change my fate.

The man at the cord gave it a pull; I felt a trembling motion beneath my feet, and I gave a loud yell and a long leap just as a trap door fell down, opening to my gaze the mouth of a deep black pit. An odor came up—an odor of decaying bodies, a smell so strong that it sickened me. The Avengers were on one side and I on the other. They waited a moment, surprised, and then, with a flourish of their knives, advanced to force me into the pit. The nearest was not three feet away, when we heard a sound that made them pause. There was a bang, a crash, a rush of feet and a rattle of muskets, and six soldiers from the camp, headed by Payson, rushed into the room.

There was a shout; several shots; one of the Avengers tumbled backward into the pit, and when the smoke rose up, the other three were safe away. I was saved, but they had not come a moment too soon.

To explain, Payson had seen me leave the theatre, after all, and he soon followed in company with his friend, who was suspicious of a trick. They were almost as hand as I was carried into the doorway, and the citizen was greatly alarmed for my safety, recognizing the building as a sort of private prison. Under his advice, Payson started for the camp, detailed events to the colonel, and was given the soldiers in the forlorn hope of rescuing me. They had just stopped at the basement door as I shouted. Recognizing the voice, Payson had ordered the door dashed in, and you have the result.

It was the intention to sift the matter to the bottom, as we now believed the sergeant to be in the pit, but before the colonel had taken any steps, he was assigned to other duties. Payson was sent up the Yellow-stone, and my would-be murderers never received what we intended for them. A month after, I saw the corpse of "The Dagger," shot by a ranchman, and this was the only consolation I ever had.

### Burning Iron.

A Berlin experimenter has demonstrated the combustibility of iron in a peculiar manner. He takes a straight bar magnet of some power, and sprinkles iron filings on one of its poles. These filings arrange themselves in accordance with the lines of magnetic force; and however closely they may appear to be placed, of course no two of the metallic filaments are parallel, and consequently, a certain amount of air is enclosed as in a metallic sponge. The flame of any ordinary spirit lamp or gas burner readily ignites the finely divided iron, and it continues to burn brilliantly for some time, the combustion being, apparently, as natural and easy as that of any ordinary substance. If the experimenter with this operation stands on a slight elevation and waves the magnet to and fro while burning a magnificent rain of fire is said to be produced.

### Curiosities of Ebullition.

Dr. T. L. Phipson, in the *Chemical News*, says that water, strongly acidified with hydrochloric acid, and containing a small quantity of benzole, was found to enter into violent ebullition every sixty seconds; after a while the boiling ceased completely, and then recommenced suddenly every thirty seconds for some time. The flask still being kept over the spirit lamp, the ebullition dropped to twenty, ten, and finally to eight seconds, at which interval the phenomenon continued for some considerable time. The temperature of the vapor in the flask was 214° Fahr., in the liquid 218° C., during the whole time of the experiment.

When methyl alcohol was added to the above mixture of water, hydrochloric acid, and benzole, and the flask placed over a spirit lamp, no ebullition at all occurred for a very long space of time, and then it took place very suddenly and continued.

At a recent Cobby foot race between two girls the one with the blue garter lost.

Many men are blessed with the most common sense, and do not seem to know it.



# Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, May 31.  
J. F. Norris, of the Montreal Herald is likely to be appointed Clerk of the North West Council.

A horrible suicide was committed at Kentville, this morning. A tailor named Anderson deliberately stepped in front of a train, and was crushed to a jelly by the engine. Pecuniary difficulties are said to be the cause.

London, May 31.  
An unsigned letter in the Times says a few weeks ago the German representatives at various European Courts officially complained that France was arming with a view of the early resumption of war.

The ships Alert and Discovery, of the Arctic expedition sailed on Saturday afternoon from Portsmouth. Thousands of people witnessed their departure, and much enthusiasm was manifested.

The Queen sent a telegram wishing it success.

The Carlists lost 70 killed and 200 wounded in a battle at Alsosa on Saturday. Dorregaray is reported wounded in the thigh.

The French Minister of War asks for 57,000,000 francs for fortifications and war materials.

Details of the earthquake in Asia Minor show several villages destroyed, and two thousand lives lost.

New York, May 30.  
Among other disastrous fires reported is one at Great Bend, Pa., where the entire business portion of the place was consumed.

New York, May 31.  
The charred remains of some of the victims of the terrible fire at the South Holyoke, Mass., Catholic Church, as well as Miss Victoria Frissen, a young woman, fearfully burned in the building, arrived here today. When the train crossed the line there were 18 coffins on board, 12 of which were left at way stations.

Being decoration day, the Stock and Gold Exchange were closed.

## Foundering of Bgo. "Hesperus."

A letter received from France, by Mr. G. W. Lord of Calais, written by Capt. T. B. Adams, gives the particulars of the foundering of the barque Hesperus of St. Andrews, which he commanded. The vessel left St. Andrews in December last and loaded at St. Mary's for the River Platte, whither she was bound when she foundered at sea on the 19th of March, in lat. 37.30 N lon. 57.51 W. The following extract from the Captain's letter, is published in the Calais Times, from which we copy:

"The Hesperus took a S. W. gale on the 14th of March, which hauled to the West on the 15th. She was run under two lower topsails and foresail until the 15th at 10 p. m., when a sea pooped her and broke the wheel, followed in an hour by another sea, which swept the deck, and threw the barque on her beam ends. The sea passed over the head of the mate who was 19 feet up the mizen rigging, a piece of the rail striking him and dislocating his leg. The captain then ordered the foremast cut away, after which the vessel righted but was found to be leaking so rapidly that she gained on both pumps with all hands at work pumping, and on Saturday the 19th, she filled with water. An attempt was then made to lower the boats but the sea was so heavy they were broken on deck and rendered useless. The minutest was then cut to prevent the barque from rolling to pieces, and the crew took to the mizen rigging to escape the sea, which in an hour or two afterwards washed away the forward house and the greater part of the cabin. On Sunday afternoon the barque Leopardo of New York, bound for Sydney, N. S. W., appeared in sight and came to the rescue. It was impossible for a boat to approach the Hesperus, but the entire crew was taken off safely Monday morning by casting ropes to them, which they made fast to their bodies. In the same way they were taken from the boat on board the Leopardo. The crew was without food and subjected to cold and water from Saturday noon to Monday morning, and when rescued were swollen and exhausted. Four of the crew transferred April 13th, to a vessel bound to Antwerp, and on the 22nd the captain, mates and balance of the crew were taken aboard a Steamer bound for Havre, from whence they will return home as soon as possible.

Sir Garnet Wolseley has infused new life into all things at the Cape. The newspapers are infinitely more pleasant to read, and one gets the notion that a load has been lifted off the eyelids of their editors. We take the following from the Graaff Reinet Advertiser; it may be the means—who knows—of bringing Manitoba into active sympathy and co-operation with Natal: "Immense swarms of locusts are hovering about the country in every direction, devouring every succulent green thing. In the Sneeuwerberg the rains of last week are a shield upon to make good the damage done. But the locust birds—three or four kinds—are on the track of the destroyers. In the Hopetown and Colesburg districts they have made an end of them. As yet the large white locust bird has not yet reached these parts. He does destruction on foot. Recently in the Hopetown Division a large flock of these birds overtook a flight of locusts. At the approach of evening the latter had to settle down on the plain for the night. This was the birds' opportunity. In the morning, so we are told, almost the

whole swarm of locusts—an exceedingly large one—had disappeared. The smaller birds deal destruction in the day-time on the wing. As the locusts' laying time does not begin before the end of April, there is hope that very few of them will be left to lay by that time."—Canadian News.

BIGOTRY.—In the Imperial Parliament last month, the following reply was made to a question put by Mr. Waddy with reference to a Church Minister refusing to bury a child:

Mr. Cross in reply to the question put by Mr. Waddy, said it was quite true that the Vicar of Beckley had refused to allow the performance of any religious ceremony at the burial of a child at Beckley Churchyard, because the child had been baptised by a Wesleyan minister; and the Vicar had been admonished by his Bishop for so doing. Mr. Cross further characterized the proceedings as repugnant to all good feeling.

## REMOVAL.

The STANDARD Office has been removed to Mr. John Bailey's Building, Water Street, opposite Mr. Wm. Bradley's store. Entrance from side door.

## The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JUNE 2, 1875.

### POSTAGE PREPAID.

The Postal Law which will come into operation on the 1st July next, compels Publishers to prepay postage on newspapers sent by mail. While this will relieve persons from paying postage on their newspapers, it causes an additional outlay to the publisher. Subscribers will therefore please pay in advance, as we do not intend to pay postage and give credit on the STANDARD at the same time. As we will furnish the paper at the present price, payment must be made strictly in advance. Those in arrears for past years, will please liquidate their accounts prior to the 1st July.

FINANCIAL DISTRESS.—A general complaint is made of the "tightness of the times," and consequent stagnation of business. From whatever cause this has arisen, it is acknowledged, and we may add felt—whether from undue influence in commercial matters, or want of a market, it is hard to say. Large business firms with surplus funds can stand the test, and pass through the trying ordeal without any great effort, but smaller concerns will rely on their larger brethren, to sustain and tide them over, as they cannot hope for aid from the Banks, when their small deposits, (if they had any) are already used up. They must borrow money at any price to purchase their little bits of goods, drop their inflated notions of "Grand Openings" with a few trunks of goods, and realize the fact and admit it too, that hard times sharpen people's wits, and cause them to judge for themselves. In small places where there are no extremes of wealth or poverty, these periodical "back flaps" are not so severely felt as in large cities, still the want of employment, lack of business, and scarcity of money, operates to such a degree as to call for retrenchment, and judicious management. The prospects, however, are promising; time, patience, and economy, with forbearance and good feeling, will help to bring about a return to good times.

### Steam to the Islands.

For some years past, efforts have been made to secure steam communication with Grand Manan and the Islands bordering on Passamaquoddy Bay, but up to the present no definite arrangement has been effected. We are in a position to state, however, that the Contract will be signed here to-morrow, Thursday, 3rd instant, by the owner of the Wm. Stroud, to run twice a week until the 1st of October, between St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Fairhaven, Indian Island, Campo Bello, Northern Head and Woodward's Cove, Grand Manan. And from the 1st of October to 1st June, 1876, once a week. The Provincial Government will pay \$1450 and the Dominion Government \$2350, thus granting a subsidy of \$4000. The arrangement will be of great service to the Islands, which have hitherto had uncertain mail communication, from no fault of the contractors of the sailing vessels, but owing to the weather. Besides, regular communication by steam, will increase the trade between St. Andrews and the Islands, and be a convenience to passengers, as well as afford a pleasant trip to tourists.

In a former issue, we alluded to the persistent and well directed efforts of the Surveyor General, to secure for his Island constituents this much required facility of direct steam communication. He has during the past fortnight visited St. Stephen, St. George and the Islands, for the purpose of effecting this object, and we are happy to report that he has succeeded. We also adverted to the successful efforts of the Hon. A. H. Gillmor, with the Dominion Government in obtaining so large an amount for this purpose. Of course, both gentlemen only performed a duty which was due to their constituents, and they enjoy the satisfaction of having accomplished their undertaking.

SEVERITY.—Owing to financial crisis, the Daily Tribune has been suspended for the present. We regret this, as it was an independent and able journal. In the United States during the past year over 1000 newspapers were discontinued, with loss amounting to some millions of dollars.

STILL THEY GO.—During last month several young men left this County for the Pacific; and we are sorry to add that only a few days ago two natives of St. Andrews, Messrs. F. A. Stevenson and Arthur Whitlock took their departure for San Francisco. Mr. Stevenson possesses considerable talent, is active, energetic, with good business capacity, is acquainted with mercantile affairs, and will be a pleasing addition to any community. Socially, his presence will be missed in his native town, as an agreeable acquaintance, of generous impulses, a genial companion, and a singer of fine taste and power. His many friends will miss "Fred" in their choirs, their concerts, and other public entertainments. Arthur Whitlock is a young man of good mechanical genius, industrious, and will also be missed. No doubt both our young friends will give a good account of themselves in their future home—where they carry with them the good wishes of their many friends here, for their prosperity and success, and with the hope, that they will return in a few years, laden with the rich fruits of their labours.

The following Address was presented by the Choir of the Baptist Church to Mr. Stevenson, on the eve of his departure:

ST. ANDREWS, 25th May, 1875.

MR. FREDERICK A. STEVENSON:—Sir, On the eve of your departure for the shores of the Pacific, we, the members of the B. C. Choir of this town, cannot permit you to leave without tendering you an expression of our high appreciation of your assistance at all our meetings for Practice, Church singing, and especially at our Public Concerts. We feel that it is but just to say that the success and popularity of these entertainments have been owing, in a large degree, to your judgment in selecting and arranging, and good taste in rendering the parts assigned you. We assure that while absent from us and wherever you may be cast in the future, we shall take a deep interest in your welfare. We sincerely trust that prosperity and health may be yours, and that some day you will safely revisit the land of your birth and friends. (Signed) J. R. BROADBENT, and the other members of the Choir.

To which Mr. Stevenson made the following reply:

ST. ANDREWS, May 25, 1875.

DEAR FRIENDS:—I cannot find words to express my gratitude for the kind, but I fear overrated expressions of kindly feeling for any assistance which I may have had the pleasure of rendering those who compose the Choir of the Baptist Church, among whom some of my happiest hours have been spent; and I attribute their success to the good feeling which has existed among its members. I have had the privilege of being connected with four different choirs in the Province, and have heard others, but I never listened to music rendered in better time, and with more taste, than by your Choir.

I feel deeply at parting from you, and beg to assure you that I will never forget the kind interest you have taken in me. While bidding you adieu, permit me to add that I look forward with pleasure to the time when we shall meet again. I remain, dear friends, yours sincerely, F. A. STEVENSON.

We are indebted to Mr. PETER B. MORRISON, for late San Francisco papers, where he arrived on the 17th May, not much fatigued after his long journey by rail. He was to leave next day by steamer for Eureka, Humboldt County, his future residence.

BRIGADE CAMP.—As previously intimated in these columns, the Brigade Camp will be held here the present year. The troops will arrive on the 5th, and the Annual Drill will commence on the 6th and terminate on the 16th July next. The Brigade is to be composed as follows:

BRIGADIER: LIEUT. COLONEL MAXWELL, D.R.G. LIEUT. COLONEL INCHES, Brigade Major; Capt. A. G. Beckwith, 71st Batt., Supply Officer; T. H. Hogg, Esq., 71st Batt., Musketry Instructor; Qr-Master H. Emery, 67th Batt., Camp Quartermaster; Lieut. J. R. Tompkins, 67th Batt., Orderly Officer.

### FIELD ARTILLERY.

Woodstock Field Battery, Capt. W. P. Donnell.

### INFANTRY.

67th Battalion, (Carleton Light Infantry), Lt. Col. Upton. 71st Battalion, (York), Lt. Col. Marsh.

### ISOLATED CORPS.

St. Stephen Infantry Company, Capt. Hutton. St. George Infantry Company, Capt. C. McGee. Deer Island Infantry Company, Capt. Lloyd.

HANDSOME GIFT.—Mr. Tod, of Messrs. Tod, Muller & Co., has given a most generous gift of £1500 sterling to the Jewish Mission of the Church of Scotland, at Alexandria, for the purpose of aiding in the erection of a Manse and School rooms. Mr. Tod is a member of the Church of England, but so deeply has he been impressed with the value of the Mission at Alexandria, that he placed at the disposal of the Rev. J. W. Yule, D.D., the above named amount. This speaks volumes for his proper christian feeling.

GREAT FIRES.—St. John has suffered severely from fires during the past week. On Thursday last, a fire occurred in Carleton, which destroyed several houses, sheds, &c., causing heavy losses to the owners of the properties, some of which were partially insured. On Friday, the town of Portland was visited by a most destructive fire, which destroyed St. Luke's Church, with a large number of stores, dwellings and workshops, and a new vessel just ready for launching, valued at \$30,000. The insurance will cover to some extent the losses, but one hundred and sixty families were burnt out of Portland, only two or three months ago, suffered from a great fire, and the present heavy

loss, will lead to the erection of brick buildings, which will add to the appearance of the town, and also be less liable to catch fire.

The roof of the Scotch Church is being new shingled by Messrs. Daniel McFarlane and Wm. Ross. The staging which has been erected for the purpose, is unlike any other we have seen here; not a nail is driven into the side of the building, and the boards have been placed in such a way as not to injure the clapboards. They expect to have the work finished during the present week.

The Conservatives in the Imperial Parliament obtained a questionable victory. The majority was very small—only fourteen in a House of 482 members—and the subject was one in which victory can only bring discredit. Mr. Osborne Morgan proposed to allow Dissenters to bury their dead in parish churchyards, in accordance with their own religious forms; and it was this reasonable request which Mr. Cross, as spokesman of the Ministry, declined to support. Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Bright, Mr. Roebuck, and Mr. W. E. Forster, spoke in favor of the bill. The victory, we may safely predict, will never be repeated; but the defeat of the measure in the meantime will increase the bitterness of Dissenters in their agitation for disestablishment.

The new Steam Dredge built for the Dominion Gov't, at Glasgow, arrived at Halifax last week, after 25 days passage. She is named the St. Lawrence, and is to be employed, it is said clearing out the shoals in the river St. Lawrence.

ENLARGEMENTS.—The Post (Sackville), and the Advocate (Newcastle), have been enlarged. Such enterprise is entitled to an increased subscription list. It is also an evidence that the people in those localities encourage their local paper.

The Hon. R. Hutchison, of Douglastown, who was absent in Great Britain during the winter, returned a few days ago, and was received by his many friends with a hearty welcome.

Truly St. John had a baptism of fire last week. Carleton, Portland and the City have suffered, and many are homeless, homeless, and are superfluous; but the good people of the City set themselves at work to relieve the destitute, and large quantities of clothing and provisions were collected and food provided to supply their needs. The ladies always foremost in "good works" have been active in relieving the distressed.

### SUMMARY.

The Catholic Total Abstinence Society has fitted up the Hall over H. O'Neil & Son's Market, and held their first meeting there last evening. The hall is large, and adapted for public meetings.

Professor Ashborn has painted several fancy signs here on glass and wood, with much taste and with the pencil of a master.

The "Belle Brown" took a large party of excursionists to St. George this morning.

The INTERNATIONAL STEAMERS on the 14th instant, will commence three trips a week between St. John and Boston.

During the past week heavy fires were burning in the woods beyond Robinsonston.

A new Barber Shop has been fitted up by Thomas Rooney, in the building on Edward, near Water St., where he is practising the tonorial art in its perfection.

THE LOCAL PAPER.—The New York Tribune contains the following just remarks in relation to local newspapers, which ought to be read by a good many people: "Nothing is more common than to hear people talk of what they pay for advertising, &c., as so much given to charity.—News papers by enhancing the property in the neighborhood and giving the localities in which they are published a reputation abroad, benefit all such, particularly if they are merchants or real estate owners, thrice the amount yearly of the meagre sum they pay for their support. Besides, every public spirited citizen has a laudable pride in having a paper of which he is not ashamed even though he should pick it up in New York or Washington. A good looking, thriving sheet helps property, gives character to locality, and is in many respects a desirable public convenience. If you want a good, readable sheet, it must be supported—not in a spirit of charity, but because you feel a necessity to support it."

From the (London) Canadian News. The "Times" and Mr. Potter an Canadian Railways, a Criticism on Critics, is the title of a pamphlet about to be published by Mr. EDWARD JENKINS, M. P., Agent-General for Canada. We are not surprised that an official notice is to be taken of a correspondence the object of which was to discredit the most loyal of British Colonies, and one whose commercial good faith has never been called in question except by those who, to serve their private ends, have not hesitated to cast a slur upon her loyalty and to damage her honor.

At her Majesty's Drawing Room in May Miss Howland, daughter of the Hon. W. P. Howland, C. B., ex-Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, was presented by her mother, Mrs. Howland. She wore on the occasion, says the Court Journal, a dress of white poul de soie and silver gauze, trimmed with primulas and lilies, train of white poul de soie, trimmed with tulle, primulas

and lilies. Headdress, plume, tulle veil, and flowers; ornaments, diamonds, turquoises, and pearls. Mrs. Howland's dress was a petticoat of corn-colored poul de soie, trimmed with tulle, Brussels lace, and field flowers; train and corsage of black velvet, trimmed with Brussels lace, tulle, and field flowers. Headdress, plume, tulle veil, and flowers; ornaments, amethysts and diamonds.

## A Million Dollar Hammer.

A German paper informs us that the famous steel works of Frederick Krupp, of Essen, are about to receive a very important addition to their machinery. The largest steam hammer in use at these works, at the present time, is one capable of working a mass of steel 50 tons in weight, and erected at a cost of \$500,000. It is now in contemplation to build a new steam hammer capable of beating up a mass of steel of double the weight, namely, 100 tons. The new machine, it is estimated, will cost \$1,000,000, and will be the most powerful in the world; and it may be expected that the size and weight of the German artillery will be enormously increased, as the new steam hammer will permit the working-up of larger masses of metal than, up to the present time, has thought to be possible by scientific engineers.

A valuable heifer owned by hon. C. R. Whidden was killed by a bear, on Monday forenoon, on his farm at Baileyville, but a short distance from the buildings. The marks on the ground show that the heifer made a desperate fight for life and was knocked down three times before she was killed. The bear is one of immense size, and has avoided repeated attempts to kill or trap him.—Calais Times.

A Lieutenant in the Russian Navy has invented a device for quickly stopping holes made in ships by collisions. It consists of a waterproof, pliable patch, with mechanism by which it may be readily adjusted on the outside of the leaking surface. The Russian men-of-war are being supplied with it.

The Rev. I. E. Bill and Mrs. Bill returned to their home, St. John, last week, after twelve months absence in Europe. Mr. Bill during his absence delivered several addresses on New Brunswick, which will no doubt be of service to the Province.

SUPERINTENDENCE IN THE CUSTOMS.—The Montreal Star says: "Within the past few days six officers of Customs connected with that port have been put on the supernumerated list, and retire from the service."

We learn that the branch of the N. B. Railroad from Andover to Carleton is being graded, work having been commenced near the Aroostook River. Of course the high water interferes with the present prosecution of work on the bridge at Andover.—Sentinel.

## DIED.

On Sunday last, 30th May, Mrs. Alpha Treadwell, aged 89 years, an old and respectable resident of St. Andrews.

## Ship News.

### PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

May 27, R. Ross, Clark, Boston, mdze. 29, Nettie, Britt, Portsmouth, ballast. June 1, Esther, Maloney, Boston, ballast. Charity, King, St. John, mdze, for St. Andrews and St. Stephen. Mary Ellen, Britt, Boston, sundries. Olesea, Elliott, Boston, ballast. Jane, Craig, Boston, ballast.

CLEARED.

June 1, Linda, Evans, St. John, 20 ts. iron. Daisy, Hooper, St. George, ballast. 2, Julia Clinch, Maloney, New York, 800, 000 laths, C. F. Clinch.

Rio, Apt. 27, sld. Christina, Andrews, for New York.

## HOUSE AND LOT AT AUCTION.

The Subscriber will sell at Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 12th inst., at 11 a. m. in front of his Sales Room: THE South West half of LOT No. 8, Block 1, in Bulky's Division, and fronting on Adolphus Street in the Town of St. Andrews.

On the premises is a

LARGE TWO STOREY FRAME HOUSE, with good stone cellar.

Terms.—10 per cent cash on day of sale; remainder payable in 6, 12, and 18 months, secured by approved joint notes payable with interest. By order of Executors of late Mrs. Jane G. T.

C. E. O. HATHWAY, AUCTIONEER.

St. Andrews, June 2, 1875.

## COUNTY COURT.

The County Court of the County of Charlotte, will sit at St. Andrews, on Tuesday the 2nd of June next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

At which time and place all officers of the law, and other persons required to be at this Court, are publicly notified to give their attendance.

ALEX. T. PAUL, Sheriff of Charlotte.

May 26.



dress, plume, tulle veil, ornaments, amethysts. Mrs. Howland's dress of corn-colored poul de hulle, Brussels lace, and in corsage of black silk. Headpiece, plume, tulle; ornaments, amethysts.

**Dollar Hammer.**  
The informs us that the firm of Frederick Krupp, of to receive a very important machinery. The larger in use at these works, is one capable of working 50 tons in weight, and of \$500,000. It is now in build a new steam hammering up a mass of steel of 5, namely, 100 tons. The estimated, will cost \$1, be the most powerful in the world. It is expected that the of the German artillery, increased, as the new will permit the working-up of metal than, up to the thought to be possible by us.

owned by hon. C. R. led by a bear, on Monday morning at Baileville, but a rom the buildings. The and show that the heifer to fight for life and was once times before she was is one of immense size, repeated attempts to kill this Times.

in the Russian Navy has ce for quickly stopping ips by collisions. It com- proof, pliable patch, with which it may be readily ad- side of the leaking surin men-of-war are being Bill and Mrs. Bill return, St. John, last week, after absence in Europe. Mr. thence delivered several w Brunswick, which will service to the Province.

**ip News**  
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s, Clark, Boston, mdze.  
tt, Portsmouth, ballast.  
Maloney, Boston, ballast.  
ng, St. John, mdze, for St.  
nd St. Stephen.  
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ott, Boston, ballast.  
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i, Maloney, New York, 800.  
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**SE AND LOT AUCTION.**  
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**STOREY FRAME HOUSE,**  
b good stone cellar.  
r cent cash on day of sale; re- in 6, 12, and 18 months, secured notes payable with interest. Executors of late Mrs Jane G. W.

**E. O. HATHEWAY,**  
AUCTIONEER.  
June 2, 1875.

**NTY COURT.**  
burt of the County of Charlotte, Andrews, on Tuesday the 28th of October, next, at 10 o'clock, and place all officers of the law as required to be at this Court, to give their attendance.  
ALEX. T. PAUL,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.

## BRIGADE CAMP, ACTIVE MILITIA. TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.

**THE** Deputy Adjutant General will receive Tenders, in duplicate, for the approval of the Minister of Militia and Defence, until 12 o'clock, noon, on 12th June next, from all persons who may feel disposed to enter into Contracts for supplying the Corps assembled in Camp at St. Andrews, from the 6th July next to the 16th July, inclusive, with the following articles, viz:—

**MEAT.**  
Beef, per lb. 100 lbs.  
Mutton, per lb. 100 lbs.  
Pork, per lb. 100 lbs.

**BREAD.**  
Wheat Flour (3 lbs. loaf) per 100 lbs.  
Oats (34 lbs. bushel) per bushel.  
Hay, per 100 lbs.

**VEGETABLES AND GROCERIES.**  
Potatoes (50 lbs. per bushel) per lb.  
Sugar (bright Muscovado) per lb.  
Coffee (arabica) per lb.  
Tea, per lb.  
Barley (yearly) per lb.  
Salt (cube) per lb.  
Pepper (black) per lb.  
Cloves, per lb.

**FUEL WOOD.**  
Hardwood of good quality, per cord (96 rails or 12 cords).  
Daily scale of rations for each officer, non-commissioned officer and private:—  
1 lb. Bread. 1 oz. Coffee.  
1 lb. Meat. 1 oz. Tea.  
1 lb. Potatoes. 1 oz. Salt.  
2 oz. Sugar. 1-36 oz. Pepper.  
2 oz. Cheese. 1 oz. pearl Barley.  
Forage to be issued in rations of 10 lbs. Oats, 15 lbs. Hay.

Blank forms of Tenders, with printed conditions thereon and any further information required, can be obtained on application to the Deputy Adjutant General, Fredericton, N. B., 29th May, 1875.

## CENTRAL EXCHANGE

OPEN TO  
**PERMANENT and TRANSIENT Boarders.**  
**LIVERY STABLE**  
IN CONNECTION WITH THE HOUSE.  
Conveyances to St. George and St. Stephen at short notice.  
Good Team and careful drivers.  
Free Hack to Boats and Train.  
**ROBERT ADAMS,**  
PROPRIETOR.  
Water Street, St. Andrews. May 26

## CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 6th April, 1875.  
**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Hon. the Governor General by an Order in Council, bearing date the 7th instant, and under the authority of the power vested in him by the 3rd Section of the 24th Vic., Cap 10 has been pleased to order and direct that the following articles be transferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, viz:—  
"Sheet German Silver."  
"Box wood."  
By Command, J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.  
May 26.

**Department of Marine & Fisheries, Fisheries Branch,**  
OTTAWA, 3rd May, 1875.  
**Fishery Laws and Regulations for New Brunswick.**  
THE attention of all persons concerned is requested to the various provisions of the FISHERIES ACT, and Amending Act, applicable to the Province of New Brunswick, and to the revised Fishery Regulations adopted under the same, as published in the CANADA GAZETTE. Copies of the said Acts and Regulations will be furnished to the Inspector of Fisheries, at St. John, N. B., and to Fishery Officers of respective Counties in New Brunswick, for public information.  
By Order of the Minister, W. F. WHITCHER, Commissioner of Fisheries.  
May 19 21

## DICTIONARIES.

Received per S. S. Sidonia:—  
**One Case of Dictionaries**  
from 15 cents up to 5 dollars.  
**BASE BALLS.**  
Peck & Snyder's Dead Red and White BALLS. Junior, Young America and other cheap balls, and Base Ball Material. For sale by  
H. R. SMITH,  
14 King St., St. John, N. B.  
May 19

## Auction.

**THERE** will be sold at Public Auction, at the MARKET SQUARE, ST. ANDREWS, on **Saturday, the 17th day of July next,** at 11 o'clock A. M., Lot No. 8, of the Western Commons, containing 25 acres more or less; the same having been conveyed by Deed of Mortgage to the Justice of the Peace of the County of Charlotte, and default having been made in paying the amount secured by said Mortgage as therein specified.  
By order of the General Sessions of Charlotte County, GEO. S. GRIMMER, Clerk of the Peace.  
St. Andrews, May 12, 1875.

## GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Friday, 7th day of May, 1875.

### PRESENTED BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

**WHEREAS** it is provided by the 58th Section of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 6, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," that the importer of any cattle or swine may slaughter and cure and pack the same in bond, under such regulations and restrictions as the Governor in Council may from time to time make for this purpose. And whereas it has been found expedient to give effect to the said Section 58, in so far as regards the importation of swine, and to alter the terms of the Regulations for this purpose, adopted by Order in Council of 22nd May, 1868:—  
His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the said Act has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Order in Council of the 22nd day of May, 1868, and the Regulations thereby established, and the same are hereby repealed, and that the following Regulations be and are hereby adopted and established in lieu thereof—that is to say:—  
1. Upon the importation of swine for the purpose of slaughter, the Importer shall enter the same for Warehousing, upon the usual form of such entries, stating up in its face, the number and value of the herd, and also the quantity of pork, bacon, lard, and tallow, which the importer shall produce when slaughtered and dressed at 113 pounds weight for each live hog or sow, and the amount of duty to which such produce is or may be liable under the rate prescribed by the tariff in force at the time being as the proper duty on meat of that kind. Such Importer shall then execute a bond to the Queen, in double the amount of such duty, the condition of which bond shall be that upon the due exportation within one year of the said products of the swine so imported and converted into pork, bacon, lard, and tallow, or payment of the duty secured by the said bond, then the said bond shall be and become a null and void, otherwise shall remain in full force and virtue.  
2. Upon the reception into the Bonding Warehouse, the swine shall be regarded only as meat, and it will not be lawful to remove any of them from such Warehouse alive; nor shall any part of the produce of such swine be removed therefrom, for any purpose, without a permit from the Collector, or proper Officer of Customs, as in the case of all other bonded goods.  
3. Swine imported in the carcasses to be cured and packed in bond, may be entered in the usual way for Warehousing, and be placed in the premises established as a Warehouse of this class for the special purpose of curing and packing. The weight of such carcasses to be duly ascertained by the proper Officer of Customs, and the Importer shall give bonds to the Queen in double the amount of duties accruing thereupon under the tariff then in force, conditioned for the due exportation of the same, or payment of duty within two years from the date of such entry.  
4. The killing, storing, curing and packing, houses and all cellars, stores or other apartments included in such Wareh. use, shall be accessible at all times between sunrise and sunset to the inspection and survey of the Collector or Inspector of Customs, or any officer of Customs, and the duty of such inspection may be assigned by them or either of them.  
5. The produce of swine imported alive and warehoused for slaughter, at the said rate of 113 pounds for each hog, and the meat of the swine imported in carcasses for curing and packing, at the actual ascertained weight at first entry, shall be subject while in bond to all changes in the tariff rate of duty, and when entered out of bond for home consumption, shall pay the rate of duty in force at the date of such entry.  
W. A. HINSMWORTH, Clerk, Privy Council.  
May 26—31

## NOTICE.

**THERE** late firm of JAMES W. STREET & Co. having been dissolved by the death of the said James W. Street, the business will in future be conducted by the surviving partner W. D. FORSTER and T. H. STREET, under the name of  
**Street & Company.**  
W. D. FORSTER, T. H. STREET.  
St. Andrews, May 6, 1875.

## ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

**THERE** undersigned, having been elected Assessors of Rates for the Parish of St. Andrews, hereby give notice thereof; and persons intending to furnish statements of their property and income as allowed by Law, must do so within thirty days after publication of this notice.  
Dated the 1st day of May, 1875.  
JOHN CAMPBELL, B. L. CUNNINGHAM, Assessors.

## TO BE LET.

**THERE** BRICK DWELLING and premises in the Town of St. Andrews, formerly owned and occupied by the late Sheriff Jones.  
Apply at the office of this paper, or to W. C. PERLEY, Attorney at Law, St. John.  
April 27—ti

## NEW-BRUNSWICK Manufacturers & Mechanics EXHIBITION, 1875.

**OPEN TO THE PROVINCE.**  
This Exhibition will open on **TUESDAY, September 7th**, all intending exhibitors require to communicate immediately with the Secretary stating the articles they intend to exhibit.  
Manufacturers are particularly requested to exhibit their machinery (whether their own or purchased) or articles used in their factories in motion.  
Runkin power will be furnished free and each applicant should state how much power, if any, he will require.  
H. B. CONNOR, Jr., Secretary.  
Office and Committee Rooms, 23 1-2 Prince Wm. Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

## Spring Goods.

### Messrs. Street & Co.

offer for sale the following Goods in Bonded Warehouse, and daily expected from abroad:

## GIN.

70 Hhds. John DeKuyper & Sons, 2. H. Henkes', and Blankeneym & Noylet, FINEST QUALITIES GENEVA.

## BRANDIES.

50 Hhds. J. Hennessy & Co., J. & F. Martell, Jules Kohen & Co., and Vine Growers Company, FINEST QUALITIES BRANDIES.

## WHISKIES, &c.

2 Hhds. Murphy's Old Irish Whiskey. 5 Casks. Highland malt Scotch Whisky. 10 gr. casks. Bullock Laid & Co. fine malt. 2 Hhds. Dunville & Co. J. R. Old Irish Whiskey. 50 Hhds. Gooderham & Worts and Allens Old Rye Whiskey. 15 Hhds. Gooderham & Worts Alcohol, 95-c. o.p. 6 Puncheons Demeters and J. R. Old Irish Whisky. 100 cases Dunville & Co. J. R. Old Irish Whisky. 65 do. Flett & Co. Irish Malt Whisky. pt. 6. 23 do. Camla-hi Scotch Whisky. 20 do. finest old blended Glenlivet Scotch Whisky. 20 do. old Crow Bourbon, quarts and pints. 20 do. John Bull Hitters. 22 do. FINE OLD RUM, (15 years old.)

## WINE.

10 Hhds. PORT WINE, (various qualities.) 30 gr. casks. SHERIDY, (various qualities.) 10 Hhds. CHAMPAGNE. 35 gr. casks. CHAMPAGNE. 5 do. Sparkling Hock. 80 do. CLARET.

## ALE & PORTER.

50 Hhds. Allsopp's Ale, Quarts and Pints. 50 "McEwan's " 50 Hhds. Allsopp and McEwan's draught ALE. 40 cases Guinness XXX Stout. Quarts and Pints. 60 Hhds. McEwan's " 3 Hhds. Guinness' Double Stout.

## TEA.

50 Chests } FINEST LONDON CONGOU TEA.

## PAINTS & OILS.

40 Cwt. White, Green, Red, Yellow and Black. Brandram's Leads in 140, 50, 25 lbs. and small packages. 12 Casks. Brandram's best BOILED and RAW OILS.

And, various other Goods, which they will sell low for cash or approved paper.  
St. Andrews, May 1, 1875.

## MANCHESTER HOUSE, SPRING, 1875.

WE HAVE RECEIVED  
Per S. S. Sarmatian, Peruvian, &c., our

## Spring Stock,

CONSISTING  
BL'K CASHMERES AND ALPACAS,

## Fancy Dress Goods,

Prints, Cottons, Linens,

## CLOTHS,

## LACE CURTAINS,

## CARPETINGS,

Ties, Frillings, Gloves,

## HATS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS,

AND MILLINERS STOCK.

## Ready-Made Clothing,

## Furnishing Goods,

Haberdashery and Small Wares.  
Making full assortment in all Departments for sale.

ALSO—10 Bales NEW STYLE

## Paper Hangings.

Wholesale & Retail.

ODELL & TURNER. p28

## MORRISON'S HOTEL,

Corner Water and Edward Sts., St. Andrews.

**THE** Subscriber thankful for the support which he has received, respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his large HOUSE, corner of Water and Edward Streets, for the reception of

## Travellers & Permanent Boarders,

and hopes by strict attention to business, and efforts to please, to obtain a share of public patronage.

The table will be supplied with the best the market affords, and the rooms are furnished in good style, warm, and well ventilated. Particular attention given to getting up DINNERS and SUPPERS.

He also keeps on hand, the best Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, &c.

Connected with the House is a large and well arranged Stable, with an abundance of Hay, Oats, &c.

WM. MORRISON.  
St. Andrews, Jan. 14, 1875.

## WATSON HOUSE,

OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD DEPOT, ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

**THE** SUBSCRIBER having leased the above commodious Hotel, and thoroughly refitted it, intends conducting it as a first-class house.

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO GUESTS.  
Transient and permanent boarders accommodated on liberal terms.  
D. W. MCCORMICK, PROPRIETOR.  
Sept. 29, 1874.

## EXECUTORS NOTICE.

**ALL** Persons having any claims against the estate of James W. Street, Esquire, late of Saint Andrews, merchant, are requested to present them, duly attested within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

MATILDA STREET, GEO. D. STREET, S. D. BERTON, Executors.  
St. Andrews, April 3, 1875.

## CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, May 21, 1875.

**AUTHORIZED** discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice, 14 per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

## New Books.

**JUST RECEIVED—**  
A HERO and a Martyr—by Chas. Reade, 15c.  
King of No-land—by B. L. Farjeon, 25c.  
The Treasure Hunters—by Geo. Fenn, 40c.  
Jessie Finn—by B. L. Farjeon, 50c.  
Jack's Sister—75c.  
She Love that Lived—by Miss Eiloart, 75c.

## GIFT BOOKS.

BALLADS OF BEAUTY.  
Mrs FOLLIN'S LITTLE SONGS.  
DORCAS CLUB.  
For sale by  
H. R. SMITH,  
14 King St., St. John.  
dec. 23.

## J. H. MCGULLY,

TUNER AND REPAIRER  
OF  
**PIANOS & ORGANS,**  
AND OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

TERMS MODERATE.  
Apply at the "Standard" Office. apl 14

## WANTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

a small COTTAGE in St. Andrews. Must be in good repair, rent to be moderate. Apply to  
A. E. NEILL, Calais, Me.  
apl 18 4m.

## Government House, Ottawa.

Wednesday, 31st day of March, 1875.

## HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the 31st year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 6 and intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs,"

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Out Port of Truro, in the Province of Nova Scotia, be and the same is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and Warehousing Port the same to take effect from the 1st day of April next.

W. A. HINSMWORTH, Clerk, Privy Council.  
apl 14 31

## The Fishermen's MEMORIAL AND RECORD BOOK

gives you interesting facts relative to the fisheries. How fish are caught, and where they are caught, olden time and modern time fishing. OFF HANDS, SKETCHES, BOAT TRIPS, STATISTICS OF THE FISHERIES, TALKS OF NARROW ESCAPES, FEARFUL Gales, Maritime Poetry, and other matters of interest concerning this important industry. Very handsomely illustrated with original engravings. P. 10. \$1.00 in Paper Covers, \$1.50 bound in cloth. Sent anywhere on receipt of price. Agents to whom exclusive territory will be given Liberal commissions. Write for particulars.  
PROCTOR BROS., Publishers, Cape Ann Advertiser Office, Gloucester, Mass.  
mar 10 4s

## HENRY R. SMITH,

No. 14 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

## BOOKS,

## STATIONARY & FANCY GOODS.

ALL the Standard English and American Publications, Magazines, Periodicals and Literary Papers.  
Foolscap, Letter, Note, Account, Blotting and Tissue Papers.  
FANCY AND INITIAL NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES.  
NEW BRUNSWICK SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS.

Blank Memorandums and Pocket Books.  
Fancy Goods—consisting of  
Opera Glasses, Fans, Purse, Ladies' Traveling Satchels, Games, Croquet, Base Balls and Bats, Microscopes, Paint Boxes, &c., &c.

## Sunday School Union Depository.

Sunday Schools supplied with Libraries and other Sunday School requisites at the very lowest price that can be imported for.  
St. John, Aug. 26, 1874.

## St. Andrews Drug Store.

**THE** Subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity that he has purchased the stock and trade of the ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE, and will keep constantly on hand the following articles:

## Drugs, Chemicals, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, &c., &c.

## Cleaver's Toilet Soaps, QUININE WINE.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, SHOSHONES REMEDY, DR. BAXTER'S CHAMBERLAIN, with a large variety of DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c., IN STOCK. A select stock of ENGLISH NOTE PAPERS with ENVELOPES to match.  
E. LEE STREET, St. Andrews, Aug. 26, 1873.

## JUST ISSUED!!

And Mailed, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price.

Pieces marked \* have illustrated Title-Pages.

Morning Breaks Upon the Tomb—Easter Anthem. Thomas. 50  
\*Swinging on the Garden Gate—S. & C. 40  
Where is my love's one to-night?—S. & C. 35  
Sing, Darius, Sing! (as sung by G. Wagner) 30  
Angel Gabriel—Comic Song. Stewart. 30  
\*When Silver Locks Replace the Gold—S. & C. (Answer to Silver Threads Among the Gold.) (Leighton. 35  
\*You never miss the Lager till the Keg runs dry 40  
Gone Awa—Scotch Song. Waud. 30  
Alone, and at Home—Song & Chorus. 30  
\*My wee Wife waiting at the door. Thomas. 40  
Oh! Miss Susie!—End song and cho. Hays. 35  
Give me but a Smile—song and cho. Stewart. 35  
When first I met thee, Nellie dear, S. & C. 40  
I'm Captain of the Guards—Comic song, Hays. 35  
Beyond the Golden Door—S. and cho. White. 30  
Gertie's with the angel's now—S. & C. Christie. 30  
Please God, make room for a little Boy, Cox. 30

## Instrumental.

La Belle Jennie—Polacca Wilson. 50  
\*Avalanche of the Hills—Morcean Mayhew. 40  
\*Sweetheart—Ma'odie Gracious, 40  
\*Twinkling Stars—Morcean de Salon, Wilson. 50  
The Highland Maiden—Romance, 60  
Cujus Animam (from Stabat Mater) Wagner. 40  
\*Dreamland—Morcean de Salon Mayhew. 40  
\*Echoes from the Palladium—Morcean Wagner. 40  
Venetian Regatta—Transcribed, 40  
\*Merry Foresters—Forest scene, 50  
Rocking Waves—Transcribed, Mayhew. 40  
\*The Scottish Lassie—Reveries, Pacher. 40  
Katie's Polka Mazurka, Prevost. 30  
Fairy Land—Reveries, 30  
Sparkling Jewels—Solima, 30  
\*Think of me sometimes—easy waltz, Wagner. 20  
\*Temperance March (easy) 20  
\*Men are such Deceivers (easy polka) 20  
\*Mollie Darling—easy March, 20

## Peters' Household Melodies, No. 1, 2, and 3.

Collection of popular songs. Price, 50c. each; yearly, 12 numbers for \$4. 00. Peters' Parlor Music, Nos. 1, 2, and 3. Collection easy Piano Music, 50c. each, yearly, 12 numbers for \$4. 00.

La Creme de la Creme, No. 1 to 15. Contains 24 pages difficult Music in each number. 50c. each; yearly, 12 numbers for \$4. 00.

PUBLISHED BY J. L. PETERS, 699 Broadway, N. Y.

## NEW MOLASSES

**Just Received**  
35 Hhds. Prime Quality  
May 5.

## SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE OF ONE OF THE ORIGINAL WOOD SEWING MACHINES.  
JAMES STOUT.  
Jan 16.



Representative and Champion of American  
Art Taste.  
PROSPECTUS FOR 1875—EIGHTH YEAR.

## THE ALDINE,

THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA.  
ISSUED MONTHLY.

A MAGNIFICENT CONCEPTION, WONDER-  
FULLY CARRIED OUT.

The necessity of a popular medium for the representation of the productions of our great artists, has always been recognized, and many attempts have been made to meet the want. The successive failures which so invariably followed each attempt in this country to establish an art journal, did not prove the indifference of the people of America to the claims of high art. So soon as a proper appreciation of the want and an ability to meet it were shown, the public at once rallied with enthusiasm to its support, and the result was a great artistic and commercial triumph—THE ALDINE.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or timorously characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimen of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of THE ALDINE will be most appreciated after it is bound up at the end of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, THE ALDINE is a unique and original conception—pure and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume can not duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes for ten times its cost; and then, there is the chromo, besides!

The national feature of THE ALDINE must be taken in no narrow sense. True art is cosmopolitan. While THE ALDINE is a strictly American institution, it does not confine itself entirely to the reproduction of native art. Its mission is to cultivate a broad and appreciative taste, one that will discriminate only on grounds of intrinsic merit. Thus, while placing before the patrons of THE ALDINE, as a leading characteristic, the productions of the most noted American artists, attention will always be given to specimens from foreign masters.

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**PREMIUM FOR 1875.**  
Every subscriber for 1875 will receive a beautiful portrait, in all colors, of the same old dog whose picture, in a former issue, attracted so much attention.

**"MAN'S UNSELFISH FRIEND"**  
will be welcome in every home. Everybody loves such a dog, and its portrait is executed so true to the life, that it seems the veritable presence of the animal itself.

Besides the chromo, every advance subscriber to THE ALDINE for 1875 is constituted a member, and entitled to all the privileges of THE ALDINE ART UNION.

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**TERMS.**  
ONE SUBSCRIPTION ENTITLING TO THE ALDINE ONE YEAR, THE CHROMO AND THE ART UNION, (No charge for postage.)  
\$5.00 per annum in advance.  
SIXTY-SEVEN COPIES OF THE ALDINE, 50 CENTS.

THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rates; each for subscription must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, without responsibility to the publishers, except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the fac-simile signature of James Sutton, President.

**CANVASSERS WANTED.**  
Any person wishing to act permanently as a local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to  
**THE ALDINE COMPANY,**  
58 Maiden Lane, New York

**REMOVAL.**  
**JAMES STOOPE, MERCHANT TAILOR,** begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Establishment to the building lately occupied by W. D. Hart, next door to J. R. Bradford's, where he will be happy to see his customers, and by promptness and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of the patronage hitherto afforded him. my 13

**VISITING & BUSINESS CARDS**  
NEATLY PRINTED AT THE  
STANDARD OFFICE

## Bay of Fundy Red Granite Company.

POLISHED  
COLUMNS AND PILASTERS,  
Tombs and Monuments  
Mausoleums, Vaults, etc.

Estimates made for Building work Granite supplied to dimensions. Designs furnished to order.

The Polishing Works and Quarries of the Bay of Fundy Company are now in full operation and the Company are prepared to fill orders with despatch. Further particulars and price list on application to the Secretary at St. George, N. B., St. George, N. B., March 18, 1874.

## North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

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PRESIDENT:  
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VIC-PRESIDENTS:  
His Grace the Duke of Devonshire, K. G.  
His Grace the Duke of Abercorn, K. G.  
Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart, G. C. B. & K. S.

CAPITAL - £2,000,000 STERLING  
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)

The Subscriber having been appointed General Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, is now prepared to effect insurances on reasonable terms.

**HENRY JACK,**  
General Agent.

Aug 9. W. B. MORRIS Agent for St. Andrews and vicinity.

**Work for all**  
At home, male or female: \$35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable packages of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, M. YOUNG, 183 Greenwich, St. N. Y.

**\$5 TO \$20**  
per day. Agents wanted! All classes of work, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable packages of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, M. YOUNG, 183 Greenwich, St. N. Y.

**STREET & STEVENSON,**  
Baristers and Attorneys at Law,  
Solicitors &c.

OFFICES—WATER STREET,  
ST. ANDREWS

**REMOVAL.**

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets, where he will keep as usual.

**DRUGS, CHEMICALS**  
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,  
Toilet Articles, Groceries,  
Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other outcrops commonly found in a Druggist Shop.  
St. Andrews.

**G. F. STICKNEY,**  
WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received a further supply of  
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,  
Chains, Rings, Brooches,  
Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.

Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,  
Papier Maché, Parian, Spas, Wedgewood and Bohemian Goods

**JET AND RUBBER GOODS.**  
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS,  
Toys, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY,  
Together with a general assortment of  
House Furnishing & Fancy Goods  
WEDDING RINGS made to order.  
July 19 41

**REMOVAL.**  
H. O'NEIL & SONS respectfully inform of their late Market having been destroyed by fire, they have removed for the present to the building adjoining the store of Messrs. Robinson & Glen, where they will be happy to supply the wants of their numerous customers, and beg to return thanks for the patronage heretofore received, and trust by efforts to please, to merit a continuance of their custom.

H. O'NEIL & SONS.  
St. Andrews, Aug. 20, 1874.

**GEO. STEWART, JR.,**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL  
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,  
DEALER IN  
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,  
DYE GOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL  
INSTRUMENTS.

Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,  
24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.

## BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

MARITIME BLOCK,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Head Office, - - Halifax, N. S.  
W. C. MENZIES, Cashier.

Authorized Capital, - - - \$1,000,000  
Subscribed and Paid Up, - - - \$750,000

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FOREIGN AGENTS.—DOMINION OF CANADA: Canadian Bank of Commerce; Union Bank of Lower Canada; New York: Bank of New York, National Banking Association; BOSTON: Merchants National Bank; LONDON: England: Williams, Deacon & Co.

The Bank of Nova Scotia grants Drafts on New York, Boston and through out the Dominion of Canada; buys and sells Sterling Exchange and American Currency; collects Bills, &c., throughout the Dominion of Canada and United States of America; grants interest on Special Deposits, and transacts a General Banking business. The Bank's notes are negotiable in St. John, N. B. W. L. HICCAHLI, AGENT.

Aug. 19—1y

## ST. ANDREWS FOUNDRY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully announce that they are prepared to execute orders for  
**Foundry Work,**  
with punctuality and despatch.

STOVES of approved patterns, MILL and SHIP CASTINGS, and other foundry business attended to. Particular attention paid to  
**Blacksmith Work**

of every description, and satisfaction guaranteed. By punctuality and a desire to please, they hope to merit public patronage.  
**A LAMB & CO.**  
St. Andrews, Oct. 22, 1874. Oct 22 1y

## FOR SALE.

THAT valuable and eligibly situated  
**HOUSE AND PREMISES,**  
belonging to the Estate late L. D. Nelson, Esq. fronting on King, Prince of Wales, Carleton and Wm. Henry Streets, and at present in the occupation of Mrs. Mary Jane A. J. For price and terms apply to  
**W. M. MACRAY,**  
133 Prince Wm. Street,  
St. John.

May 13—nm

## MAMMOTH VINEGAR WORKS.

Nov. 27th, 1874.

JUST RECEIVED:  
**9 Bbls Cider and White Wine**  
Vinegar.

Which will be sold at  
**JAMES W. STREET & CO.**  
St. Andrews, Dec. 2, 1874. 4

## NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late Mr. James A. Reed, of Waver, Parish of St. Patrick, will please call and settle their accounts with the subscriber within thirty days from this date, and all persons having any legal demands against said Estate, will please present them for settlement within thirty days.

MARY ANN REED,  
Sole Executrix.  
Waver,  
Co. of Charlotte, Oct. 14, 1874. 21

## ROYAL HOTEL

(FORMERLY STUBBS).  
Opposite Custom House and Public Offices,  
PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be re-opened on 1st of May next.

Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.

Terms \$2.00 per day.

THOMAS F. RAYMOND  
Proprietor.

## Debentures for Sale.

THE TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS, ST. ANDREWS, District No. One, offer for sale DEBENTURES in sums of from \$5.00 to \$50.00, secured on the credit of the District.  
Jan. 21, 1874.

**TEACHER WANTED.**  
BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,  
St. Andrews, April 8, 1874.

WANTED—A Female Teacher, First Class, to take charge of an Advanced School for girls.  
Apply to  
**CHAS. O'NEIL, Secy.**

**Tea Tea**  
Ex "Lady Darling" from London via St. John.

40 CHESTS and Half Chests superior CONGOU TEA,  
30 Half Chests Breakfast Souchow do.  
For sale by  
**J. W. STREET & CO.**  
St. Andrews, Nov. 19, 1874. 41

## The Standard.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY  
**A. W. SMITH,**  
At his Office Water St., St. Andrews, N. B.

TERMS  
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inserted according to written order or continued until forbidden if no return directions.

1 week 2w 3w 1m 2m 3m  
1 Inch \$1 00 1 50 2 00 2 50 3 50 4 50  
2 " 1 50 2 50 3 50 4 50 6 50 7 25  
3 " 2 00 3 00 4 00 5 00 7 00 9 00  
4 " 2 50 3 50 4 50 5 50 8 00 11 00

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.  
All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

## BOOTS & SHOES.

LADIES, MISSES AND GENTLEMEN'S  
**Boots and Shoes,**  
in a variety of styles, at the

**BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.**  
ALSO—A supply of imported Stock, consisting of Ladies and Misses Boots, Arctic Overboots, and Rubbers,

which will be sold at the lowest terms  
**J. M. HANSON.**  
St. Andrews, Dec. 9, 1874.

## BULBS.

Just received—a quantity of choice  
**HYACINTHS and other BULBS.**  
Also Hyacinth GLASSES, at the  
**ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE.**  
Oct. 21. E. LEE STREET.

## C. E. O. HATHEWAY.

**AUCTIONEER.**  
Office, - - - Water St., St. Andrews.  
Sept. 30, 1874—3m.

## LOOK AT THIS.

OME ill-minded lying scoundrel has reported that I have imported bad flour, which I am selling as good. I can prove him a base liar. I import the very best of flour, and respectable persons who have purchased from me can testify as to its good quality. I sell  
Howland's Peacemaker, at \$7.50  
Reinforced, extra, 6.55  
Queen's Mill, 6.50  
Market Wharf,  
St. Andrews, Nov. 4, 1874.

## BAY RUM

10 Galls good Bay Rum, for sale at the  
**ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE.**  
Nov. 5 E. LEE STREET.

## For sale or to Let.

THE Two storey Dwelling HOUSE and Lot corner King and Park streets. The property is pleasantly situated, and with slight repairs would make a pleasant residence. Possession given immediately. Apply at the  
STANDARD OFFICE  
Aug. 6.

## Goods remaining in Store

31 Chests } Fine Congo TEA.  
32 half " } Breakfast Souchow Tea.  
20 " } Oolong do

8 Hbds. }  
10 Qr. Cases } Cognac BRANDY.  
200 Cases qts. } do do  
50 " pt. Basks. } do do  
10 " 1/2 pt. } do do

20 Hbds. }  
15 Qr. Cases } Best Pale GENEVA.  
250 Cases }  
15 " } CLARET.  
25 " } CHAMPAGNE.

3 Hbds. } Best Scotch & Irish  
25 Qr. Cases } WHISKY.  
50 Cases qts. } do  
50 " pt. Basks. } do

**PAINTS & OILS.**  
2 Tons Brandam Bros. best white Paint,  
do do cold co.  
8 Casks Boiled and Raw Oil  
**J. W. STREET & CO.**

**GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.**  
Ex "Choice" from London.

40 Hbds } Best Pale Geneva.  
30 Qr. Cases }  
200 Cases } Congo Tea.  
30 Chests }  
20 Half " }  
20 Cases "Briggs & Son's" best Stout  
Porter,  
30 cases "Guinness" Dublin Porter, quart and pints.

5 do London Crown Stout & Pale Ale.  
20 Qr. Cases } Pale Sherry.  
73 Hbds }  
31 Ton "Brandam Bros" Best White Lead  
4 Hbds } do Boiled and Raw  
4 Qr. Cases } Linseed Oil.  
**J. W. STREET**



**Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters** are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of Vinegar Bitters?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

If men will enjoy good health, let them use VINEGAR BITTERS as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

**B. H. McDONALD & CO.,**  
Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charles Sts., New York. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulder, Cough, Tightness of the Chest, Diarrhoea, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Gout, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Abscesses, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, &c., &c. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pus-tules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scorrif, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Fin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Jaundice.—In all cases of Jaundice, rest assured that your liver is not doing its work. The only reliable treatment is to promote the secretion of the bile and favor its removal. For this purpose use VINEGAR BITTERS.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

**B. H. McDONALD & CO.,**  
Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charles Sts., New York. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

**PUBLISH**  
No. 23  
FROM TI

A fair, white br  
And giveth  
Red as blood  
Two rows of  
This was she  
And smiled a  
A bounding  
Of dark hair  
A cor, the  
Half and ha  
Thus was she  
When mirth

A distant mien  
And high her  
Proud beauty  
And favours  
Thus was she  
When shades  
her path.

A happy wife  
Cut down like  
In springtime, sh  
In the proud sh  
Thus in her pr  
In all the  
adieu

A partly station  
The v. let, laugh  
The humming  
No longer fear  
And yet new  
Like evening sun

A bow'd down  
And eyes that  
A grey stain'd  
Round the once  
chin.  
Thus in the  
Lake ruined to

A pained hand  
Murmuring  
A shivering  
Longing  
And so we leav  
The fairest form

A M.A.  
The drawbridg  
ly clothing Vinc  
ing to spring  
tated into the  
brought him up  
ous—a woman  
requested, if non  
the young man  
her residence, w  
Leola Linton o  
and the strange  
Thus she look  
pale hand that  
was to become  
When a little  
countenance  
—these summer  
blossomed into  
that winter pass  
blessing, someti  
daughters of me  
These two, in  
What need for  
passionate away  
they not clung  
mory of all who  
tortured by the  
dies of love?

The morning  
leave Leola and  
kind to him, for  
He was to return  
his wife.

But long before  
wedded to another  
It was the old  
save a father from  
grace.

Leola had been  
Quillon a widow  
taken the charge,  
ly home, and  
Among the  
frequent visitors a  
brother-in-law, Mr  
this son Walter—  
Leola and young  
intimate friends  
ly disliked the fat  
It had been a fa  
lion's to unite in  
idolized—her nie  
Walter.

Two months aft  
Quillon died and  
opened, a clause i  
"I do hereby  
perly, my jewels,

Quillon had been  
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