

The Toronto World.

TEN PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING JANUARY 5 1899—TEN PAGES

ONE CENT

WANTED

100 ACRES OF LAND.
In the suburbs of Toronto, must be on a main traveled road, and within a short distance of street car line. H. H. Williams, 10 Victoria-street.

NEW BIG LOAN TRUST

Four Great Loan Companies Will Consolidate.
THE DEAL IS COMPLETE.
Canada Permanent, Freehold, Western Canada and London & Ont.

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What has long been predicted in regard to the loan companies of Ontario is now about to take place, viz., a movement in the direction of consolidation in order to reduce expenses and indirectly to make the returns to the shareholders better.

Yesterday the first of these movements was made public in the consolidation of four of five great companies, with headquarters in this city.

On Friday, Dec. 30 last, a meeting was held in the board room of Gooderham & Worts, Limited, of a joint-committee, consisting of three members from each of the following companies: The Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company, the Western Canada Loan and Savings Company, the Freehold Loan and Savings Company and the London and Ontario Investment Company, at which it was decided that it was advisable to consolidate these companies and to procure a charter at the next session of Parliament to take over their assets at a valuation.

This resolution was subsequently confirmed by the four boards, and at a meeting held yesterday arrangements were made for the valuation of the assets and for the formation of the new company, the provisional directors of which will be: Mr. George Gooderham, Mr. J. Herbert Mason, Mr. W. H. B. Beatty, Mr. W. S. Lee, Mr. Ralph S. Burgess, Mr. W. D. Matthews, Mr. T. Sutherland Strayer, Hon. S. C. Wood, Mr. C. H. Gooderham, Mr. George Lewis, Mr. A. M. Costy and Mr. Frederick Wylde.

It was decided that upon the provisional organization of the new company Mr. Geo. Gooderham should be president, Mr. J. Herbert Mason, second vice-president, Mr. W. H. B. Beatty, second vice-president, and that Mr. Walter S. Lee should be manager.

The consolidation having been agreed upon, the necessary steps will be taken to carry it out with all convenient speed.

To show the enormous interests involved in the consolidation of these four companies the following information is taken from the list printed reports of the annual meetings of these companies, showing the assets and liabilities of each:

A COBLEN MANIFESTO

New Question Raised by Territorial Expansion Policy.
TIME NOW FOR PLAIN TALK.
Commercial Question Cannot Be Made a Domestic Matter.

Some definite understanding is necessary before the Disarmament Proposals of the Czar Can Make Any Progress—Cobden Club Should Make Comprehensive Endeavors to Shape Great Britain's Foreign Policy—Cable News.

London, Jan. 4.—The Executive Committee of the Cobden Club has issued a manifesto signed by Baron F. von, pointing out that the policy of territorial expansion on the part of all the great powers raises the question of free commercial intercourse in a new and extremely important form and renders it desirable that the club should consider its former attitude of reticence with regard to foreign affairs.

THE BARBON OWNED THE HOUSE.
Infuriated Animal Raided Creighton's Theatre at Omaha, Neb., Smashed Mirrors and Chased People.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 4.—A baboon broke loose in the Creighton Theatre to-day, and in 30 minutes caused much damage to the arcade of the building and on the stage of the theatre. Three long pier mirrors in the dressing rooms were broken by the beast. These mirrors were the objects of his special fury, probably from the fact that he saw his own reflection in them and thought it another of his kind. The baboon belongs to Macarty's performing troupe of dogs and monkeys. He is usually chained in a dressing room by himself.

Shareholders to Meet.
Another man greatly interested in the new deal and the shareholders of the consolidated four companies would meet in the afternoon, and pass judgment upon the amalgamation. He was confident that by the new scheme expenses would be cut down one-third. He declared the idea originated with the larger shareholders of the four companies and could now be considered an assured success.

With J. Herbert Mason.
J. Herbert Mason, president and managing director of the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Company, who claims to have originated the scheme of amalgamation, was seen last night, and said the act was in harmony with the trust movement in financial circles all over the world. He instanced the recent union in England, the payee's financial agents in England, the London Bank with the London & Midland Bank, with about 150 branches, resulting in an institution of added solidity.

Too Many Companies.
It had been forced upon the companies by the large number of rival companies in the field, and the consequent division of the business. The action was but following the law of preservation.

SAMMY THE THIMBLERIGGER.



UNCLE SAM: Of course, gents, the treaty benefit pea is either under the English or the Canaday thimble.

JACK JOLLY WAS HANGED FOUND A BLOODY CHAMBER
He Was Told to Get Out of Eagle City—Refused, and Was Strung Up.

Vancouver, B.C., Jan. 4.—(Special.)—The steamer Rosalie arrived from the north to-night with news of an uprising of citizens in Eagle City, Alaska, against the Jack Jolly gang of gamblers and toughs. Jolly was given 48 hours to leave the city. He refused and was hanged by a vigilance committee. The rest of the gang made for the coast.

FROM THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.
Caribou Meat Consented—People Gathering for the Session.

Quebec, Jan. 4.—An officer of the Department of Lands, Forests and Fisheries has just lately arrived from a trip to the eastern part of the National Park and adjacent territory. This officer conducted a quantity of caribou meat and trout killed or taken in and outside of the park. Hon. Mr. Parent, as is usual in such cases, caused the same to be distributed among the charitable institutions of the city. Proceeds part of the National Park and adjacent territory. This officer conducted a quantity of caribou meat and trout killed or taken in and outside of the park. Hon. Mr. Parent, as is usual in such cases, caused the same to be distributed among the charitable institutions of the city.

ENGLAND NOT HELPING CARLISTS.
Madrid, Jan. 4.—Correo Espanol, the Madrid organ, says: "We are authorized to declare that Don Carlos would never further his cause by arranging for the cessation of an inch of Spanish territory."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

RADNOR

In itself a tonic and table water par excellence—mixes perfectly with the most delicate wines and liquors without affecting flavor. Perfect also in combination with milk.

THE CURZONS IN INDIA

New Viceroy and His Wife Have Made a Hit So Far.
HIS LORDSHIP'S SPEECHES

And Her Ladyship's Gorgeous Dresses Have Been Admired.

Lady Curzon Has Special Instructions From the Queen in Regard to Some Things and Promises to Do as Requested—Brilliant Functions to Be Observed to-Morrow, When the New Viceroy Formally Takes Over the Reins.

Calcutta, Jan. 4.—The new Viceroy of India, Baron Curzon of Kedleston, and Lady Curzon expressed keen pleasure at the enthusiasm of the reception they have met with at Bombay and at Calcutta. The State dinner to-day will be a formal affair, only the high officials being present. Lady Curzon's beauty, grace and geniality cause general admiration.

It is understood Queen Victoria gave Lady Curzon special instructions regarding the Dufferin Fund and the necessity of affording medical relief in certain sections. Lady Curzon has already expressed the intention of making the fund prosper under her guidance.

Lord and Lady Curzon are now the guests of the Earl of Elgin, the retiring Viceroy of India, and Lady Elgin.

Lord Curzon's assumption of the Viceroyalty on Friday will be surrounded by brilliant functions. He will be conducted from the throne room to the Council Chamber, and the usual guards of honor and all the civil and military authorities will attend in full dress.

Numerous addresses of welcome will be presented next week, when Lord Curzon will also receive the ruling chiefs. Lord Curzon's recent speeches have greatly pleased India, which is regarded as a happy augury for a successful career.

DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.
Absconder Clarence Murphy's Case Before the Supreme Court.

Continued from to-night at Association Hall. 8:30. N.O.T.M.

Continued on Page 3.

STRIKING AT THE BRITISH

France and Russia Are Said to Be Working a Combination Game in China.

LONDON PAPERS ARE SPEAKING OUT

Britain's Sphere of Influence Must Be Maintained if Shots Have to Be Exchanged.

London, Jan. 4.—It begins to look as if France and Russia were playing into each other's hands so far as China is concerned. This is the view generally taken by the jingoistic portion of the English press, which is greatly excited by the news received to-day from China, even the London Times including in a leader of the most pugnacious description. What the French have been trying to do in Shanghai, Russia actually has done in Hankow, one of the most important positions in the Yangtze-Kiang Valley, 600 miles from the mouth of the river. The Chinese Government has just concluded defining the limits of the Russian concession in Hankow, and has included in the area property owned by British subjects. The latter have received notice to quit, but they have refused to leave, and have protested against the Government's action, calling on the British authorities to support them.

Similar French Move in Shanghai.

It was only a fortnight ago that news came of a similar move on the part of France in Shanghai. The French residents of that city refused to join in the American and English demand for an extension of the territory of the general foreign settlement, but demanded an exclusive extension of their own, accompanied by a demand that the Government include therein an undisputed portion of the British colony. They have not yet obtained their own demand, but they have refused to accept the general American and European committee. Thus it seems as if the vanished Franco-Russian alliance, which so grievously disappointed French expectations as far as Africa was concerned, was about to be put to the test on what to Russia is the more congenial soil. In view of the fact that control of Hankow almost means the control of the Yangtze Valley, England's boasted sphere of influence in China, it is not likely to be forgotten for their excitement.

Call for Protest and Even Gunboats.

The papers call on the Government to make a bold protest, if necessary, by gunboats, declaring that the point has now been reached where British diplomacy cannot yield more to the demands of the French. It is pointed out that the French demand for an extension of the territory of the general foreign settlement, and to allow the "sphere of influence" to remain as a mere name, is a demand which is in the nature of a challenge.

It is, therefore, with both Russia and France that Great Britain has a high degree of interest in the early days of the new year. It remains to be seen whether or not she can do as much as she has done in the past, and whether she will be able to stand up to the very moment of the disarmament conference. The view generally taken here of the situation is that at least it is serious.

THE LEE-METFORD RIFLE IN ACTION

Became Terribly Heated at the Battle of Omdurman; Impossible to Hold Them.

The battle of Omdurman revealed defects in the Lee-Metford rifle, the weapon of the British infantry, into which it is reported that enquiry is to be made, and a series of experiments is projected with a view to improvement. It appears that during the action the effectiveness of the rifle was impaired by the rapid continuous firing. The men in the fighting line found it almost impossible to hold their over-heated weapons, and it became evident that the flight of the bullets was wild. While no doubt the over-heating produced in the barrels of the rifles was mainly due to the great rapidity with which they were fired, a certain share of the result may also be attributed to the particular explosive employed. It is well known that cordite, with which the cartridges are charged, gives a high degree of heat, which, added to the great friction produced by the passage of the projectile through the barrel, would bring about the reported over-heating described. The friction would increase with the inward expansion of the metal of the barrel, until at last the heat would be so great that the surface of the projectile would be fused or softened to such an extent that it would pass out of the barrel without having taken the grooves. Hence the inaccuracy of flight reported.

With regard to the improvement in the construction of the Lee-Metford rifle, what would enable the soldier to hold his over-heated weapon, there should be no difficulty; but it is questionable whether the causes of the erratic flight of the projectiles can be so easily overcome.

ENGINEER FOUGHT A MADMAN.

Letter Had Started a Locomotive and Accident Was Narrowly Averted.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 4.—An insane tramp, giving his name as W. R. Daehman of Indianapolis, took possession of an engine on the Southern railway in the Chicago yards here this morning, while the crew was temporarily absent.

Noticing the man in the cab, the engineer ran to the engine, and was just in time to catch it as the madman opened the valve and started the locomotive at full speed. The engineer grappled with the man, who fought desperately, and only after a hard struggle was he overpowered. The engineer succeeded in stopping the locomotive just in time to prevent it from dashing into a long line of freight cars on the siding. The lunatic was taken to the county jail.

TWO SERVICES INSTEAD OF ONE.

Brother Met Death While En Route to Arrange for Burial of Sister.

Pana, Ill., Jan. 4.—Two coffins left St. Patrick's Church this morning for the cemetery, containing the bodies of Thomas Kieley and his sister, Mrs. Mary Moore.

On Monday Mr. Kieley was en route to the cemetery to arrange for the burial of the remains of his deceased sister, and while on a crossing near the entrance of the burying ground a Big Four express struck his rig, killing him and the horse and completely demolishing the rig.

The body was removed to Pana, and, instead of funeral services over the sister's remains, a donation was rendered by the Rev. Father Weigand this morning.

Chewing Tobacco.

United Presbyterians over in Pennsylvania have decided that chewing tobacco is not a sin. It is a disgrace, though, to chew the stuff in street cars.—Cleveland Leader.

Body and Kipling will sail from England for New York on Jan. 25.

GOOD EXAMPLE OF ENGLAND

British Methods in Jamaica Have Been Recommended to Be Applied to Cuba.

COMMISSIONER PORTER'S REPORT.

Despite the Number of Blacks Social Conditions Here Have Been Remarkable.

Washington, D.C., Jan. 4.—A report has been made to the Secretary of the Treasury on the industrial and social conditions in the British island of Jamaica, as they apply to the provisional Government just established in Cuba. It embodies a full account of the observations of Robert P. Porter, special commissioner of the United States to Cuba and Porto Rico, who also visited Jamaica. Mr. Porter reviews the administration of the British Government since it took the island "as a trust and not as a possession, in 1834." He shows that, despite the fact that by far the greater number of the people in the island are blacks, the advance in industrial property and social conditions has been remarkable. He gives figures estimating the conditions which would probably have resulted in Cuba if the island had been ruled by the British, as in Jamaica, instead of misruled by Spain. The fact that a majority of the people in Cuba are white, Mr. Porter attributes to the prompt success of the American government in the island than was possible for the British in Jamaica. The recommendations made by the British at the outset, Mr. Porter says, are of interest for the United States Government in Cuba. These recommendations were: 1. The settlement of the land on small plots of land. 2. The establishment of minor agricultural industries and the improvement of the system of cultivation. 3. The improvement of means of communication between different islands. 4. The encouragement of the trade in fruit with New York and London.

RE-BURYING THE U. S. SOLDIERS

Bodies Being Taken From Camp Wikoff to the National Cemetery at Cypress Hills, New York.

New York, Jan. 4.—The work of transferring the body of the dead soldiers from the military cemetery at Camp Wikoff to the National Cemetery at Cypress Hills, East New York, was begun yesterday. The first consignment of 20 bodies arrived at the Montauk-avenue station of the Long Island Railroad at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning in sealed metal coffins. On each coffin was marked the soldier's name, rank, company, regiment and date of death, where these are known, in such a manner as to prevent any mistake as to identity. The graves for the soldiers were opened about a week ago, but the cold weather of the last few days had so badly frozen the ground that considerable difficulty was experienced before the bodies could be reinterred. The coffins are of oak lined with galvanized iron, with metal handles. They are automatically sealed with galvanized iron clamps and patent hinges. The cases are hermetically sealed. A total of 20 bodies is expected at the cemetery to-day. Among the dead soldiers reinterred yesterday were the bodies of a private of the 33rd Michigan Regiment, and the other a private who died on a transport on the way to Camp Wikoff.

ONE WAY TO BE CHRISTIAN

Sample Generosity of a Big New York Firm to Their Faithful Male Employees.

New York, Jan. 4.—The Siegel-Cooper Company yesterday gave a life insurance policy of \$1000 to every male employee of the firm who had served continuously for a year.

The store was closed to the public because of the holiday, but the men were notified to be on hand at 10 o'clock. Four hundred and fifty of them were given out, the premiums for the first year, amounting to \$25.45, having been paid by the firm. The oldest man receiving the policy was William G. Lynch of the packing department, who is nearly 70 years old, and the youngest, William C. Hecanston, superintendent's clerk, 16 years old.

COLOMB ON MAHAN.

British Naval Authority Deplores the Alleged Change of Front of the American Writer.

London, Jan. 5.—The Times this morning publishes a long letter from Vice-Admiral Philip Howard Colomb, the eminent naval authority, lamenting that Captain Alfred T. Mahan, United States Navy, has in his latest work on naval warfare, "The Influence of the Steamship," which, unless we act with energy, will have serious import, for Great Britain in the near future.

A STRANGER IN CHICAGO.

A St. Cloud, B.C., Man is Robbed of \$505 by a Bogus Police Officer.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Raffael Ungaro was robbed of \$505 by five men early yesterday morning. He arrived in Chicago on his way to St. Cloud, B.C., where his wife and four children live. He was met at the depot by three men, who induced him to go to a room at No. 1438 Wabash-avenue. There they met two others and the five tried to get Ungaro to indulge in a poker game. He refused, and other means were tried to get him to produce his money. Finally one of the men arrested him and took him to the room. They left the house by a rear door, and when they reached the alley behind the South Side elevated structure, John Webb, it is said, seized Ungaro and stopped Ungaro's struggle. Then they robbed him. Ungaro reported the robbery to the police, who immediately sent out called Detectives Loftus and McMahon from Central Station. The detectives captured Webb and the other men who were in the room, and he was identified by Ungaro as one of the robbers. Later they arrested Detective Brown, said to have been implicated in the assault.

To Improve Italian Art.

Venice, Jan. 4.—The approaching art exhibition in Venice has suggested to many Italian artists the desirability of attempting an improvement of the national taste in matters of art. An association of Italian artists in which Signor Bordini and Morelli are prominent, has accordingly been organized. The new league has a dual end in view of improving the status of Italian exhibitors in the art shows of other countries.

WANT DATE OF ESTERHAZY WILL

On That Date Count Esterhazy Will Appear Before the Court of Cassation.

HE WILL BE FREED FROM ARREST

The League Known as La Patrie Francaise Has Not, Apparently, Been a Great Success.

Paris, Jan. 4.—Maj. Comte Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy, now known as the author of the Dreyfus fiasco, has been summoned to appear before the Court of Cassation on Jan. 12. It is understood that no formal undertaking has been given. He will be free from arrest coming and going. It is expected that the Dreyfus depositions will be received on Saturday from Cayenne, and the court will then decide whether his actual presence is necessary in Paris. It is believed, however, that the whole examination will be conducted by telegraph, at an enormous expense, in order to avoid dangerous manifestations here.

CANADIAN GOAL IN THE STATES.

Colliers of the State of Washington Are in a Race Over the Threatened Competition.

Vancouver, B.C., Jan. 4.—(Special.)—The colliers of the State of Washington are pestered over the idea that the Canadian-American Commission will secure the free import of Canadian coal into the United States.

The idea is that whilst the Pennsylvania coal men will feel Canadian competition to a limited extent, under the suggested conditions of free import, the proposal will be a serious menace to the colliers of Washington State, resulting in a close race between the mines and the more short-time working of others. The Washington men admit that their inferior coal stands no chance in competition with free, with the Vancouver Island product, which is regarded as the interior of Washington State, the competition of the splendid coaling of East Kootenay should in the early future prove equally ruinous to the local coal producers of the state under free import conditions. The above news is very welcome to the Colliers of Columbia, free coal for the United States would to a certain extent offset the expected big giveaway of the province's seeling interests.

Anthracite Coal Prices.

Philadelphia Record, Jan. 3.—The general advance of 25 cents per ton in anthracite coal, reported from New York, appears to have been confined entirely to that port, it is believed, it was made at all. No indication of the report could be secured in this city yesterday.

Present Company officials denied that an advance in the price of anthracite had been made, except possibly in the price of low grades of coal in the West. The advance west, where an advance of 25 cents per ton was ordered on Friday last. Efforts will be made to bring the price of anthracite on the basis at New York level of \$2.75 for chestnut coal, \$4 for stove, \$3.75 for egg and \$3.50 for briquet.

The Record officials also denied that a general order restricting mining to three days in the week has been issued, although they collected that such a restriction has been more than three days, partly on account of the holidays. There is a general sentiment, however, that the restriction will be kept within the estimated market requirements for the month, which will be \$200,000 tons, or two million tons, and a hopeful view of the future, as the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, heretofore one of the principal distributing agencies, has shown a disposition not only to maintain prices, but to keep within its estimated allotment of production.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

There Will Be City of All Nations, Which Will Be a Feature.

Paris, Jan. 4.—One of the most interesting features of the forthcoming exposition will be the area devoted to the edifices of all the nations. The American pavilion will take the shape of a colonial home, while the English will be that of a country manor.

Great success is anticipated for the Russian pavilion, which is to be of a style of architecture seen at Nuremberg and in the exhibition of 1903. The pavilion will show a corner of Venice. The Hungarians will show an extremely beautiful Magyar town, which will be a reproduction of the Town Hall of Oudenburg. The Russians will exhibit a typical Finnish house, and the Danes a typical Danish house. The national buildings of the great powers will be put in along side streets, so as to form the city.

FRANCE AND FRENCH SHOPS.

Fisheries No Longer Any Use and France Wants to Sell.

London, Jan. 5.—The Paris correspondent of "The Daily News" says that France would accept compensation for French shore fisheries in Newfoundland, which are being taken by the French Government. There is a manifest wish here to be done with the fisheries and the fishing industry. "The shore has become useless as a nursery for mackerel and the fishery is falling off. It is proposed that money compensation would be accepted."

OLD MEN FOUGHT LIKE DEMONS.

Veterans of the Civil War Had a Fatal Falling Out.

Bath, N.Y., Jan. 4.—Jerome Mattice and Richard Dubois, veterans of the civil war, round both 60 years of age, quarreled in a shanty, in which they had kept bachelor's hall for a year past, three miles south of Bath. The quarrel resulted in the death of the two old soldiers fought for more than an hour with the fury of demons. Dubois finally seized a pitcher, and with it he battered Mattice's brains out. As the sheriff was locking Dubois in his cell at the Bath jail tonight, the same sheriff said: "This was a little science against brute force."

Dingley and Foster.

Washington, Jan. 4.—To-night the physicians attending Representative Dingley announce that he is resting comfortably, but that they are not yet sure whether the illness is sufficient to prevent him from being able to resist the demands of the dis-eased.

Peace Treaty Presented.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The Peace Treaty has been presented to the Senate and the Senate immediately went into executive session to refer it to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

TWO TRAINS IN ONE

Is the Pace Now Set by Fast Mail Trains When the Distance Is Short.

THE U. S. POSTAL EXPERIMENTS

Are Being Closely Watched by the Railroad World—Just What It Means.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 4.—The first heat of the race between the fast mail trains of the Burlington and the Northwestern for a \$750,000 purse was concluded in Council Bluffs this morning. The finish was as exciting as the start, and the interest of the night as the two trains thundered their way through Iowa, never stalling.

From the moment the great steel monsters entered on the fast schedule at Chicago until they stood throbbing and snorting at the starting station at this end of the line every minute of 48 minutes was consumed in the race. Shots from the group of newspaper men and from the railroad employes who had gathered to witness the finish of the first heat of the remarkable contest went into tumultuous cheers as the trains entered the yards.

The interest in the contest was confined to the territory through which the trains passed, for railroad officials from all points of the country had asked for hourly reports on the progress of the two trains. In the time consumed last night is represented the fastest regular schedule either road has ever used between Chicago and Omaha, and yet the members of the train crews who had participated in the night's work unhesitatingly declared that the time could be shortened at least an hour between the two points without difficulty.

Northwestern and Burlington.

The Northwestern train left Chicago at 10 p.m. and arrived in Council Bluffs at 7:57 a.m., 15 minutes ahead of the scheduled time.

The Burlington left Chicago at 9:25 and was due at Council Bluffs at 7:55, but the flyer arrived eight minutes ahead of that time. Altogether it was one of the greatest contests ever witnessed in the West, and nothing occurred to mar the importance of the occasion. The Northwestern made 18 stops and the Burlington 12 during the entire journey. Each of these stops consumed an average of three minutes.

The actual running time, the train covered the 500-mile stretch in the remarkable time of 534 minutes. At times, the Northwestern was traveling a mile in 37 seconds, and the Burlington a mile in 37 seconds.

Engineer Talks of Speed.

When Engineer Jackson stepped from the cab of the Northwestern engine at Council Bluffs, his undisturbed manner would not lead one to suppose that he had just finished one of the fastest and most remarkable runs ever made by a railroad train.

"Well, you see, it was easy," he remarked, as he wiped his forehead with his handkerchief, "I was made as if I was in a motor car. I could have beaten the time several minutes without an effort, and I should say the time of the present schedule could be reduced one hour without difficulty. I would undertake to make the improved time and think that I could beat the record of the Northwestern and into Council Bluffs. Our time was all right as far as Missouri Valley, but I had to make a few stops there down the line. I believe we were a trifle like 15 minutes ahead of the time card. Of course, we had the right way over everything that turns on wheels, and, as we carried no passengers, the effort to get in a few minutes ahead of the schedule cost us little. No, the Northwestern is a little more coal, and a little more dust. We struck a mile-and-a-half mile clip along, and sometimes we were 2,000 feet per minute, and just then the telegraph poles did seem to be running us a pretty close race."

KILLED IN A PRIZE FIGHT.

George Tyler's Neck Was Broken by Thomas Foley.

New York, Jan. 4.—George Tyler, a young man 23 years of age, was killed in an impromptu prize fight in Jersey City, by Thomas Foley, a young man about 23 years of age. Tyler had had an unsatisfactory sparring bout a few days ago and decided to settle it tonight. In the first round he was knocked out by Foley, and was taken to a hospital, where he died.

ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS FOR BRYAN.

The Chicago Platform Carried and No Opposition Shown.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 4.—The Democratic State Central Committee to-night declared its support of the platform of William J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan was present and made an address, thanking the committee for its support. The committee will be put in person, and will be in favor of free and unlimited coinage. The committee will be in favor of the platform of Bryan, in his bill, put upon the platform of the gold standard, would oppose any declaration in favor of the platform of 1896.

When England is Engaged in Negotiating for Business Interests—Maine and Lumber Interest.

Augusta, Maine, Jan. 4.—Hon. Eugene Hale was to-night elected to succeed himself as United States Senator by the Maine Legislature. In the course of a speech, thanking the members of the Legislature, Senator Hale spoke of the Canadian-American High Commission and of the force of the common blood and common ancestry with England, and concluded, said: "It is evidently true that when England is engaged in negotiations that affect her material interests, blood counts for very little. It is the business of an English commission, a Canadian commission, to get the benefit, and the Canadian commission that has been setting for months has at least come to the point where the demand of the Canadian and the English side is the practical destruction of the tariff which has been set up by the British, but upon Maine products, and especially upon lumber. The Maine delegation, as one man, has been backing the governor up, upholding his hands, making him strong and making it seem to the Canadian commissioners that he has the support not only of the Maine delegation, but of Congress."

Victor Napoleon at Brussels.

Brussels, Jan. 4.—Prince Victor Napoleon, head of the house of Bonaparte, who has been Legation in France, today is seeking to advance his cause as pretender to the supreme rule in France, today is that he has the support not only of the King's brother, Count Philip of Flanders, and his son, Crown Prince Albert.

The court balls of the Brussels season will begin on Feb. 1, and will continue until Feb. 8. Afterward King Leopold and Princess Clementine will go to the Riviera.

France is With Her.

Berlin, Jan. 4.—The Lokal Anzeiger says that the Russian representative at Berlin will last three days. New York city delegates are discussing means to obtain the establishment of the war revenue-tax on beer.

Thirty Knights Object to Beer Tax.

Albany, Jan. 4.—The 10th annual session of the Congress of the Knights of Labor of the state was begun in Albany today. It will last three days. New York city delegates are discussing means to obtain the establishment of the war revenue-tax on beer.

W.A. MURRAY & CO.

AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF CORSETS

500 Dozen Pairs

OF FEATHERBONE CORSETS PURCHASED AT AN IMMENSE SACRIFICE.

We have just completed negotiations with the "Canada Featherbone Company" (who are giving up the manufacture of Corsets) for nearly 500 Dozen Pairs of Featherbone Corsets, being the balance of stock on hand, which we have secured at an immense sacrifice in price. Quick chances like this are too tempting to be ignored, and we are particularly enthusiastic about this purchase of Featherbone Corsets. We are willing to offer you the benefit of this extraordinary purchase, and it will pay you big to be on hand Friday morning in the Corset Section, 1st Floor:

240 Dozen Pairs Featherbone Corsets

All Sizes—18 to 30. Good Shapes, in Fawn, Drab and Ecru, made to sell at from 50 to 75c a pair. Special Sale price—25c pair

160 Dozen Pairs Featherbone Corsets

Drab, Ecru and Tan. Sizes 18 to 30. Splendid shapes, manufactured to retail at \$1.25 a pair. Special Sale price—50c pair

About 80 doz. Pairs Featherbone Corsets

White and Tan. All Sizes, 18 to 30. Regular retail price \$1.50 pair. Special Sale price—75c pair

A SPECIAL SALE OF

WHITEWEAR 1st Floor.

The following values in underwear are away ahead of anything you've ever purchased before. It will be well worth your while to be on hand Friday morning and see for yourself:

24 Only Ladies' White Muslin Night Gowns, trimmed with lace. Worth 90c. Special 50c each

100 Garments Only

Comprising Underskirts and Drawers, worth from 90c to \$1.00. All at one price—50c each

122 Only Ladies' White Muslin Night Gowns, Empire style. Some lace and some embroidery trimming. Worth \$1.25. Special 75c each

150 Only Ladies' white muslin Drawers, trimmed with embroidery and insertion. Worth \$1.00. Special 50c

fully—50c and \$1.00

140 Only Ladies' white muslin Underskirts, with dash frill and trimmed with lace, some embroidery trimming. Worth \$1.25. Special 75c each

HIGH GRADE SAMPLE UNDERWEAR.

A Big Line of Exceptionally High-Grade American Sample Underwear, on Sale Friday and Saturday in the Ladies' Underclothing Dept., 1st Floor, at less than one-half the usual price

Comprising Underskirts, Drawers, Night Robes, etc., etc. These goods are of a much superior grade of Ladies' American Underwear than is usually imported, and buyers will do well to give this sale their prompt attention.

All the above lines are on sale on the 1st Floor.

W.A. MURRAY & CO., 17 to 27 King St. E., 10 to 16 Colborne St., TORONTO

SENATOR HALE RE-ELECTED

The Maine Senator Had Something to Say About the Anglo-American Commission.

BLOOD COUNTS FOR VERY LITTLE

When England is Engaged in Negotiating for Business Interests—Maine and Lumber Interest.

Augusta, Maine, Jan. 4.—Hon. Eugene Hale was to-night elected to succeed himself as United States Senator by the Maine Legislature. In the course of a speech, thanking the members of the Legislature, Senator Hale spoke of the Canadian-American High Commission and of the force of the common blood and common ancestry with England, and concluded, said: "It is evidently true that when England is engaged in negotiations that affect her material interests, blood counts for very little. It is the business of an English commission, a Canadian commission, to get the benefit, and the Canadian commission that has been setting for months has at least come to the point where the demand of the Canadian and the English side is the practical destruction of the tariff which has been set up by the British, but upon Maine products, and especially upon lumber. The Maine delegation, as one man, has been backing the governor up, upholding his hands, making him strong and making it seem to the Canadian commissioners that he has the support not only of the Maine delegation, but of Congress."

Victor Napoleon at Brussels.

Brussels, Jan. 4.—Prince Victor Napoleon, head of the house of Bonaparte, who has been Legation in France, today is seeking to advance his cause as pretender to the supreme rule in France, today is that he has the support not only of the King's brother, Count Philip of Flanders, and his son, Crown Prince Albert.

The court balls of the Brussels season will begin on Feb. 1, and will continue until Feb. 8. Afterward King Leopold and Princess Clementine will go to the Riviera.

France is With Her.

Berlin, Jan. 4.—The Lokal Anzeiger says that the Russian representative at Berlin will last three days. New York city delegates are discussing means to obtain the establishment of the war revenue-tax on beer.

Thirty Knights Object to Beer Tax.

Albany, Jan. 4.—The 10th annual session of the Congress of the Knights of Labor of the state was begun in Albany today. It will last three days. New York city delegates are discussing means to obtain the establishment of the war revenue-tax on beer.

W.A. MURRAY & CO.

AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF CORSETS

500 Dozen Pairs

OF FEATHERBONE CORSETS PURCHASED AT AN IMMENSE SACRIFICE.

We have just completed negotiations with the "Canada Featherbone Company" (who are giving up the manufacture of Corsets) for nearly 500 Dozen Pairs of Featherbone Corsets, being the balance of stock on hand, which we have secured at an immense sacrifice in price. Quick chances like this are too tempting to be ignored, and we are particularly enthusiastic about this purchase of Featherbone Corsets. We are willing to offer you the benefit of this extraordinary purchase, and it will pay you big to be on hand Friday morning in the Corset Section, 1st Floor:

240 Dozen Pairs Featherbone Corsets

All Sizes—18 to 30. Good Shapes, in Fawn, Drab and Ecru, made to sell at from 50 to 75c a pair. Special Sale price—25c pair

160 Dozen Pairs Featherbone Corsets

Drab, Ecru and Tan. Sizes 18 to 30. Splendid shapes, manufactured to retail at \$1.25 a pair. Special Sale price—50c pair

About 80 doz. Pairs Featherbone Corsets

White and Tan. All Sizes, 18 to 30. Regular retail price \$1.50 pair. Special Sale price—75c pair

A SPECIAL SALE OF

WHITEWEAR 1st Floor.

The following values in underwear are away ahead of anything you've ever purchased before. It will be well worth your while to be on hand Friday morning and see for yourself:

24 Only Ladies' White Muslin Night Gowns, trimmed with lace. Worth 90c. Special 50c each

100 Garments Only

<

T. EATON CO. CANADA'S GREATEST STORE First Bargain Day After Stock-Taking

We have just finished with our stock-taking. That means many odd lots and broken assortments for Friday Bargain Day. Many of these should have found new owners before the Holidays. Now we want the room for new goods that are piling in on us from every source, so we shut our eyes to profits and sell irrespective of cost prices. That accounts for this attractive Bargain list for to-morrow:

- Basement: 365 pieces of Glassware, consisting of Fruit Bowls, Salt and Pepper Shakers, etc. that we usually sell at 25c each. Friday 10c. 120 Two-hoop Tube, size 3, complete with washboard, regular price 40c, Friday 25c. 200 dozen J. & G. Meakin's White Ironstone Plates, regular price 60c and 70c a dozen, now selling at 30c each. Children's Suits, with raised collars, lined, painted red, steel shoes, usually sold at \$1.20 each, Friday 75c. 66 Antiprime Meat Choppers with clamps, also in brown, secured on table, usually sell at \$2 each, Friday \$1.45. Groceries: Finest Rolled Oats, special at 80c per stone. Our Special Blend of Coffee, regular 30c a pound, Friday 25c. Fine Worcester Sauce, special at 2 bottles for 9c. Special Blend of India and Ceylon Tea, regular 30c a pound, for 25c. Hosiery, Gloves, Umbrellas: Boys' Ribbed Wool Hose, heavy 3-ply yarn, all sizes, regular 25c line, for 15c. Men's Heavy All-wool Socks, natural color, fine ribbed top, double heel and toe, regular 15c, Friday 12 1/2c. Ladies' Plain White Hosiery, winter wear, double heel and toe, regular 25c, Friday 20c. Ladies' 4 Large Button Fine French Kid Gloves, in tan, black, white or black, colored silk-stitched backs and gloves to match, a 7c glove for 35c. Men's Genuine Minkskin Mitts, heavy wool tufted lining, regular \$1, Friday 65c. Men's Heavy Wool Mitts, fleece-lined, regular 25c, Friday 15c. Ladies' Umbrella, silk and wool mixture, steel rod and paragon frame-horn handles, the regular price \$1.75, for \$1.25. Handkerchiefs and Laces: Ladies' Fine Irish Hemsitched Handkerchiefs with 14 inch wide hem, regular 10c each, Friday 5c. Fancy Colored Silk Handkerchiefs, in plaids, checks and stripes, regular 40c each, Friday 25c. 150 yards 3/4 inch wide, regular 30c a yard, Friday 10c. 1500 yards Flannel Embroidery, 2 to 3 1/2 inches wide, regular 12 1/2c to 15c a yard, Friday 5c. Books and Stationery: 800 only Handy Volume Classics neatly bound in cloth, decorated by Barrie, Marvel, Doyle, Weyman, Hawthorne, and Selections from the Poets, regular 10c each, Friday 5c. 400 only Paper Covered Books, by Correll, Hope, Stevenson, The Duchess, Mendel, Moore, Barrie and others, regular 25c, for 12 1/2c. 850 Fine Pastelery, good paper, ribbon tied, regular 15c and 20c, for 10c. 500 packages Extra Quality Note Paper, regular 20c, for 10c. 25 good Lead Pencils, medium grade, regular 20c a dozen, for 8c. 300 only Statement Pads, regular 8c each, for 4c. Ribbons: Eucaly Ribbon, pure silk, 5 inches wide, Oxford regular 25c, for 10c. Gros Grain Ribbon, pure silk, 2 1/2 and 3 inches wide, popular shades, regular price 15c, 20c and 25c, one price \$1.25, for \$2.50. Double Faced Satin Ribbon in medium shades only, 3 inches wide, regular price 12 1/2c and 15c, Friday 5c. Baby Ribbon, pure silk, large assortment of colors, our regular price 30c a yard, clearing 10c for 5c. Toilet Sundries: Children's Circular Combs, regular 5c, Friday 2 1/2c. Spoons, large unbleached glass, Friday 5c each. Chamois, small pieces for silverware, etc., regular 15c, Friday 10c. Perfume, in single and double-breasted covers, regular 35c, Friday 25c. Petroleum Jelly, Friday 2 bottles for 5c. Castile Soap (imported Italian) about 3 1/2 inches long, regular 35c, Friday 15c each. Men's Furnishings: Men's Heavy Scotch Wool Undershirts, double-breasted, ribbed skirt and cuffs, balance of regular winter line, regular price 60c, 75c and \$1 each, Friday 35c. Men's Fine Silk and Satin Neckwear, in four-hand, knot and bow shapes, satin-lined, choice patterns, in plaids, stripes and neat figures, regular price 25c, Friday 13c. Men's Fine Flannel Neckties, with collar and pocket, sizes 14 to 30 inches, regular price 50c, Friday 35c. Men's and Boys' Fine White Unbleached Shirts, open back, linen bosoms, cuffs or bands, heavy cotton, sizes 12 to 17 1/2, regular price 35c, Friday 20c. Men's and Boys' Clothing: Men's Suits, all-wool imported English worsted serges, navy blue and black, in single and double-breasted suits 36 to 44-buttoned cutaway styles, for \$7.50. Men's Pa Jackets or Reefers, heavy all-wool, fur lined cloth, double breasted, sizes 36 to 44, regular price \$5, for \$3.50. Men's Suits, short pants, heavy navy blue English nap cloth, deep storm collar, checked tweed linings, sizes 22 to 33, regular price \$4.50, for \$3.25. Men's Boys' Norway Reefers, heavy navy blue English nap cloth, deep storm collar, checked tweed linings, sizes 22 to 27, regular price \$3.75, \$4 and \$4.25, for \$2.50. Boys' 2-piece Suits, short pants, heavy dark Canadian tweed, twilled Italian cloth linings, sizes 23 to 28, regular price \$2 for \$1.40.

White Goods Sale

- LADIES' UNDERWEAR FOR FRIDAY: LADIES' GOWNS, made of fine cambric with 2 rows extra fine line trim, regular \$1.00, Friday 55c. LADIES' SKIRT, fine cotton, umbrella full of cambric, cluster tucks, finished with wide full of trim, regular price \$1.00, Friday 55c. LADIES' DRAWERS, fine cambric, umbrella full of fine lace, regular price \$1.00, Friday 55c. LADIES' CHEMISE, fine cambric, Y-shaped front, round back, trimmed with fine Swiss embroidery and fancy braid, regular price 85c, Friday 49c. CORSET COVERS, fine cambric, square neck of insertion, trimmed with fine lace, regular price 50c, Friday 23c. Linens: 60-inch Half-Bleached Table Damasks, Irish and Scotch manufacture, regular 30c yard, for 24c. 21-inch Glass or Tea Toweling, superior quality, red or blue checks, fast colors, regular 7c and 8c, for 5 1/2c. 50 dozen Half-Bleached Linen Damask Towels, fine fancy woven centre design, fringed ends, colored borders, pure linen, size 18x30, regular 17c and 20c pair, for 12 1/2c. Applique Pillow Slings or Table Covers, medium size, sizes \$2.32, regular 60c each, for 45c. Cottons, Sheetings and Blankets: 72-inch Bleached Twill Sheet, extra heavy, Huchelaga manufacture, regular 10c a yard, Friday 7c. 36-inch Extra Heavy Bleached Cotton, guaranteed free from filling, regular 7 1/2c a yard, Friday 6c. 32-inch Striped Flannel, light and heavy, fast colors, regular 11c and 12c, for 8c. 8-pound Extra Super Fine Unshrinkable White Wool Blankets, thoroughly cleaned, size 68x84, regular \$3.75 per pair, Friday \$3.25. Canadian and American Swansdown Cotton Blankets, white and grey, heavy pink and blue borders, full double bed size, regular 85c per pair, Friday 69c. Millinery: Fancy Feathers, including Wings, Soft and Stiff Quills, Ostriches, etc., in black and leading fall shades, regular 25c, Friday 10c. Black and Fancy Hues of Black Silk Brussels Net, 27 inches wide, also braided velvet edging and crowns, regular \$1, Friday 50c. Childs' Cream Bengaline Caps, colored plush caps and odd wool hoods, regular 10c to 30c, Friday 10c. Odd lots Children's and Misses' Cloth and Felt Tams, regular 25c and 50c, Friday 15c. Ladies' Fine Dress Hats and Walking Hats, clearing at 10c. Ladies' and Misses' Fine Felt Flop Hats in black, brown, navy, green, cardinal, grey and fawn, regular 75c and 85c, Friday 25c. Footwear: Ladies' All-Wool Felt Boots, foxed with leather, best quality, sizes 3 to 8, regular price \$1.35, Friday 75c. Children's Dongola Kid Laced Boots, children's sole, also heavy pebble leather, sizes 5, 6 and 7 only, regular \$1, Friday 50c. Best French Blacking, in medium size tin each, regular price 5c, Friday 1c.

THE TORONTO WORLD ONE CENT MORNING PAPER

No. 25 YONGE STREET, Toronto.

A CONSTITUTION TINKER.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has announced his latest policy that of Senate Reform. We gather from his speech at Montreal on Tuesday night that he and his Government will propose to Parliament that in cases where the Senate cannot agree with the House of Commons the two chambers shall unite and the majority of the united chamber shall be the voice of Parliament. [Why not go a step further and include the Governor-General when he proposes to exercise his veto? Put the three estates into one and the majority will rule. That is the logical ending of Sir Wilfrid's proposal.] Mr. Edward Blake was asked twenty-five years ago why he did not take more interest in the fiscal policy of Canada. He replied that he was giving his attention to the constitution rather than to legislation that affected the pockets of the people. That was his greatest mistake, and it is too often the mistake of lawyers who are in politics. Any constitution almost is good enough; people can live under it; but a fiscal policy, the question of railways, of trade and manufactures, of how to promote agriculture, these are all vital issues to the people, and it is to the advancement of such subjects that the people expect our legislators to devote themselves. They do not worry much about the constitution—there is no bread and butter in it. Well, Sir Wilfrid, following Mr. Blake's unprofitable example, is going in for constitution-mongering. He will find it a poor, fat and worthless occupation. The Manitoba school question was one of these unprofitable "constitutional issues" and it kept Canada back for five years. But the lawyer-politician reveals in them. Canada for the next ten years will be satisfied with business legislation and the existing constitution. Sir Wilfrid, if he is in earnest, is embarking on, in plunging the country into, an unnecessary struggle that may drag on for ten years. It will distract the attention of the people from business; it will breed discontent and set provinces against provinces; it will bring on unnecessary elections and will ruin the party bound up with it. Sir Wilfrid's proposal is founded on grave errors and profound ignorance. We propose to mention two of these errors. Sir Wilfrid's prime error is in pretending to believe that the Senate is an inferior branch of Parliament. It is not. It is on a perfect equality with the House of Commons and the Governor-General. They are all free, independent one of the other, and co-equal. There is no inferior member of this blessed Trinity—they are three and not one. Sir Wilfrid would make them one. If churchmen will pardon us we will quote three verses from the Creed of Saint Athanasius: And in this Trinity none is afore, or less than another; But the whole three Persons are co-eternal together; and co-equal. He therefore that will be saved: must thus think of the Trinity. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is making the mistake of his life in trying to assign an inferior position to the Senate. Whoever made the Parliament made them equal, independent one of the other, and made them so for a purpose. The House of Lords is a great fact of the English constitution, and so is the Senate of the Canadian constitution. As the British North America Act puts it: It shall be the duty of the Senate and the House of Commons, and the House of Commons, to advise and consent to the bills that shall be presented to them. And every Act of Parliament has this in the first clause: Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons, enacts as follows: The Senate has the senior position here and everywhere else. Sir Wilfrid Laurier must therefore admit the equality of the Senate with the House of Commons. But he says it is irresponsible that it is "independent of the people and uncontrolled by the public opinion of the country." [Dominion Labour Convention, Ottawa, 1893.] And this brings us to Sir Wilfrid's other capital error, viz., that the House of Commons alone reflects "the public opinion of the country." Never was a greater fallacy in regard to the constitution. Our Canadian Senate, as the House of Commons, the popular chamber, often represents public opinion better than the other house. Our Canadian Senate, as a matter of fact, often represents public opinion better than the other house, and in the two particular cases of which Sir Wilfrid complains, the Yukon deal and the Drummond County deal, the Senate was right and was in harmony with public opinion, while the Commons was not. This error or pretence that the House of Commons is the voice of the people on all occasions will land Sir Wilfrid in many a snag before he is much older. It is public opinion that governs ultimately in this country, and public opinion speaks sometimes through the lower house, sometimes through the upper house, sometimes through the Queen. Sir Wilfrid doesn't seem to have yet learned this fact. But this is as far as we can go this morning. The subject is a lively one and a long one, and we take leave of it for the present with this observation: that a Senate reformed as Sir Wilfrid proposes to reform it would be in every way a worthless chamber.

THE OTHER SIDE OF THE SHIELD.

Having obtained their option of the Philippines the Americans are by no means unanimous about taking it up as they were when the glory of Imperialism first hypnotized them. The second sober sense of the nation is beginning to assert itself, and it is by no means an absolute certainty that the islands will be annexed. The treaty of peace has yet to be ratified by the Senate, which will discuss the document immediately after Congress reconvenes next month. Even if the treaty is ratified it is contended that its ratification imposes no obligation on the United States to retain the islands or incorporate them as part of the United States. It is said not a few of the Senators will vote for ratification on this understanding. In the meantime the expansionists are having the other side of the case vigorously presented to them through the daily press and magazines. Two articles opposing annexation appear in the January number of The North American Review. One is by Mr. Andrew Carnegie, whose hard common sense arraignment of the policy of annexation ought to exert no little influence in defeating it. Some of the statements made by Mr. Carnegie will not be relished by that large portion of the American people who glibly talk about the United States being the most powerful nation in the world. He candidly admits that it was by Britain's neutrality, and by that alone, that the United States were permitted to take the Philippines. Comparing the relative strength of the navies of the great powers he concludes that it would take the U. S. twenty years to build a fleet equal to that of Great Britain, building at the rate of twenty war ships a year. And he contends that they will have to have a fleet equal to the best of any of the powers if they enter on a career of Imperialism. A comparison of the armies is equally unfavorable to the U. S. as that of the navies. Germany's army, for instance, numbers 562,352 men on a peace footing, and 3,000,000 on a war footing. The present force of the U. S. army is 62,000 by law, but as a matter of fact they have only 56,000 men. Mr. Carnegie thinks there is very great reason to doubt that the army could be raised to 100,000 without a great advance in pay and perhaps not without conscription. In a word, the U. S. cannot stand alone at the present juncture and it will be twenty years before she will have a fleet sufficient for the emergencies that will arise. To quote the author: "To rush in now without army or navy, trusting to the treacherous shifting foundation of anybody's protection or neutrality or alliance, is to court defeat and such humiliation as has rarely fallen to the lot of any nation, even to the poorest and most feeble of the world." The U. S. must become the "cat-in-the-hat" of the former ventures into the arena. Mr. Carnegie concludes his article by recommending the independence of the Philippines. Another writer on the same subject is Senator G. V. Vest. According to him nothing but foreign complications, ruinous expenditure, social and political deterioration and the destruction of free institutions can come from annexation. He draws a poor picture of the possibilities of trade expansion in the islands. The natives are indolent in the extreme. They follow no regular work, cannot be depended upon and have no loyalty. Three million out of the ten million are described as savages. The islands are so far away and the climatic and other conditions are so adverse that it is absurd to think of American laborers making their homes there. As far as the U. S. is concerned even if the U. S. got the whole of it the profit would be insignificant. But there are others in the field, including England, Germany and Spain, with whom the trade will have to be shared. TO CONQUER CONSUMPTION. Of late years the attention of philanthropists and the medical profession has been drawn to the ravages of consumption. This scourge is not confined to the old lands, it is spreading rapidly over the world. It is computed that at least 200 persons die every day of this disease in Ireland every day. This is a startling statement, and it is the realization of this fact that has led to the formation of the National Association for the Prevention of Consumption and Other Forms of Tuberculosis. The association is organized, and of the means by which its spread may be prevented, and thus to strengthen the hands of medical men struggling with the disease in their own countries. The country who are dealing with individual cases of this disease, (2) to extinguish tuberculosis in cattle, (3) to promote the erection of sanitariums for the open-air treatment of tuberculous diseases. Eminent practical are the suggestions of this new association. The first is to restrict the sale of meat and milk from public places and places of resort. With regard to milk the society will insist that the public has a right to a milk supply which shall be absolutely free from tubercle bacilli. It will earnestly advocate the testing of herds by tuberculin, and the isolation of animals found to be affected, and it will urge upon district and county councils and all rural and urban authorities the supervision of cattle sheds and of dairy farms and of all the agencies for the distribution of milk. All these suggestions were endorsed by the Prince of Wales, Lord Salisbury, Lord Rosebery and distinguished medical men. One point of special interest in Canada is the success which has attended various places attended the open-air treatment of phthisis. The chance of recovery, once the privilege of the few, is now being extended to the masses of the community. The association will advocate the erection of sanitariums for the benefit of the people in Great Britain. The result will be looked for with great interest, and this national association may be expected to infuse fresh energy into the operations of those who are so philanthropically fighting this white scourge in the Dominion. CANADA ON THE BRINK. The World's recent articles calling attention to the dangers of an Anglo-American alliance, as far as Canadian independence is concerned have caused widespread comment in the American press. The three letters about the subject, received from American citizens, they speak for themselves. As far as the Dominion is concerned we have received scores of them, but cannot at present find room for them. Annexation Better for Both. Editor World: I note with interest the annexation article in your issue of yesterday. But for the life of me I cannot understand what hardship would come to

Over the Tea Cups...

There's many a jolly time spent.

CEYLON TEA.

Has a smooth, rich flavor which delights and holds. Try it.

Lead Packages 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c

The "Radiator Shoe."

A cold weather health certificate,—only felt under the foot,—no leather or rubber,—lined with best quality piano felt,—more slipless than rubber,—warm as wool and "Kidduck" can make it,—as much fit and appearance as any all leather shoe we make. The handsome, warmest shoe in Canada, light as down, warm as a little stove. Made in "Kidduck," all "Slater shapes," Goodyear welted. Price, \$5.00.

Write for Catalogue. Shoes by mail.

For sale only at the Slater Shoe Store, 89 King St. W.

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Where the Yanks Are Weak.

Editor World: There is a notice in a paper here of some sort of fear among Canadians that the United States are about to absorb Canada. If you will read over the enclosed data, it may have some effect in showing people in Canada that the United States is a far more vulnerable country than is suspected of being, even by its own citizens. The United States keep up the volunteer spirit they seem to have inherited from their small herds of small cattle rapid-fire field guns, 50 yard range, they are no more expensive, do not take many horses or expensive ammunition, and if they will see to it that they are expert in handling the United States will be careful never to trouble them. There is no volunteer force in the United States, and if there will be, as the people don't seem to understand it as it exists in Great Britain. There is no volunteer military whatever worth calling by that name. With say, 20,000 volunteer artillery in Canada, well trained in range shooting with their non-commissioned officers in training, in slinging and firing cannon, there would be no one who could do them any harm. The United States are a far more vulnerable country than is suspected of being, even by its own citizens. The United States keep up the volunteer spirit they seem to have inherited from their small herds of small cattle rapid-fire field guns, 50 yard range, they are no more expensive, do not take many horses or expensive ammunition, and if they will see to it that they are expert in handling the United States will be careful never to trouble them. There is no volunteer force in the United States, and if there will be, as the people don't seem to understand it as it exists in Great Britain. There is no volunteer military whatever worth calling by that name. 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FRANCO-BRITISH RELATIONS

La Liberte of Paris Throws Out a Sneer to the Effect That England Is Unprepared.

LE MATIN PROPOSES ARBITRATION.

The "Intellectuals" Are Also Sneered at in Connection With the Dreyfus Agitation.

Paris, Jan. 4.—The two chief questions occupying French public attention to-day are the relations with England and the new league of "intellectuals" proposed by the Dreyfus affair.

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

JOHN CATTO & SON ATTO ANY GOODS ONLY TORONTO SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

Purchases for spring are being conducted on a much larger and grander scale than ever before. To make room for the mass of surprises in store for next season's shoppers we have determined on a great clearing sale—to touch every department, and to remove large piles of valuable goods in place of which "the new" will stand.

Over one thousand yards at one dollar per yard, including: Duchesse Satins, marked \$1.10; Satin de Leno, \$1.25; Broad Armure, \$1.25; Brocade Satins, \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.30, \$1.50; Brocade Tulle, \$1.10, \$1.25; Brocade Armure, \$1.25; Poplin, \$1.10; Gros Grain, \$1.10; Checked Tulle, \$1.10, \$1.25.

Silk Remnants

The following are taken at random from one of the remnant display tables: Four yards of seventy-five cent Duchesse or French Finesse, ready for one dollar.

Linen Damask

Perfect goods, Irish manufacture, being some odd lines to clear:

TABLE CLOTHS 2 by 2 yds., formerly \$3.50, for \$2.25. 2 by 2 1/2 yds., formerly \$4.50, for \$2.75. 2 by 2 1/2 yds., formerly \$7.50, for \$5.25. 2 by 3 yds., formerly \$5.00, for \$3.50. 2 1/2 by 3 yds., formerly \$8.50, for \$6.00. 2 1/2 by 3 1/2 yds., formerly \$8.50, for \$6.00. 2 1/2 by 4 yds., formerly \$9.50, for \$6.50.

TABLE NAPKINS

22-inch, were \$3.75 doz., now \$2.50. 24-inch, were \$4.50 doz., now \$3.25. 26-inch, were \$5.00 doz., now \$3.75. 27-inch, were \$6 doz., now \$4.

Mantle Offers

All the goods offered at these clearing figures are this season's importations: 20 Ladies' Black and Colored Jackets, marked from \$4.50 down to \$3.25. 25 Ladies' Special Black Jackets, marked from \$7 down to \$4. Children's Ulsters, in all sizes, \$5, for \$3.50; \$6, for \$4. Children's Reefers, in all sizes, \$4, for \$2.75; \$5, for \$3.50.

Eider Down Quilts

Perforated English down quilts in handsome art saten coverings: Sizes 65, 65 1/2, 74, 84, regularly priced at \$15, \$18, \$25, \$35, \$45, \$55, \$65, \$75, \$85, \$95, \$105, \$115, \$125, \$135, \$145, \$155, \$165, \$175, \$185, \$195, \$205, \$215, \$225, \$235, \$245, \$255, \$265, \$275, \$285, \$295, \$305, \$315, \$325, \$335, \$345, \$355, \$365, \$375, \$385, \$395, \$405, \$415, \$425, \$435, \$445, \$455, \$465, \$475, \$485, \$495, \$505, \$515, \$525, \$535, \$545, \$555, \$565, \$575, \$585, \$595, \$605, \$615, \$625, \$635, \$645, \$655, \$665, \$675, \$685, \$695, \$705, \$715, \$725, \$735, \$745, \$755, \$765, \$775, \$785, \$795, \$805, \$815, \$825, \$835, \$845, \$855, \$865, \$875, \$885, \$895, \$905, \$915, \$925, \$935, \$945, \$955, \$965, \$975, \$985, \$995, \$1005, \$1015, \$1025, \$1035, \$1045, \$1055, \$1065, \$1075, \$1085, \$1095, \$1105, \$1115, \$1125, \$1135, \$1145, \$1155, \$1165, \$1175, \$1185, \$1195, \$1205, \$1215, \$1225, \$1235, \$1245, 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DESTRUCTION OF THE MAINE

The Cuban Organ in Havana Says That Zacarias Breares, a Spanish Judge, Planned It.

THE AUCADGY OF THE AMERICANS

Was More Than This Spaniard Could Endure and He Got His Colleague to Assist in the Crime.

New York, Jan. 4.—The following is from the Herald: Havana, Tuesday.—The city is much excited to-night by the open charge made in El Reconcentrado, the organ of Cuba Libre, that Zacarias Breares, a Spanish Judge, now a fugitive from Havana, was actively engaged in the plot which resulted in the destruction of the Maine. El Reconcentrado to-day gave a sketch of Breares' career previous to last February, charging him with various crimes. The paper will say to-morrow: "When the Maine was blown up in Havana harbor Breares openly declared in the Spanish cafes that such an act of audacity on the part of the Yankees could not meet without adequate punishment. His threats were direct and boded destruction to the American ship. His associates were Felipe Gonzalez, Dion S. Vega and Enrique Lopez. Lopez, Spaniard. Others with him were officers of the volunteers.

"These men boasted that the Yankees were about to get their due, though no charge can be directed against any save Breares. He and the hot-headed Spaniards of Murally-street met nightly at a house near the corner of St. James and Habana-streets, where the public knew the plot against the Maine was concocted and all arrangements completed. When the explosion took place Breares was in the Tacca Theatre with friends. At the sound of the explosion he cried 'There goes the Maine.

"Champagne was drunk in honor of the terrible event at the moment when others were vaguely inquiring of one another what had happened. Breares' name was mentioned before the American Court of Inquiry, but not sufficient evidence was then forthcoming to warrant any action, and all reference to him was suppressed in the published report. The Cuban organ, however, with exception regard the charges of El Reconcentrado as beyond dispute. Breares is now said to be hiding in Spain."

THE DEEP WATERWAYS

Report of the Board of Engineers Presented to Congress. Washington, Jan. 4.—The Board of Engineers on Deep Waterways, on Nov. 30 submitted to the Secretary of War a report which was today presented to Congress. The report was prepared under the direction of the board and contains the following recommendations: The control of the level of the water in the St. Lawrence River and the Ottawa River, the St. Lawrence Canal and the Ottawa Canal. The St. Lawrence Canal, connecting deep water in the St. Lawrence River below the outlet of Lake Ontario with deep water in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, N.Y., and extending to the St. Lawrence and Lake Champlain, and thence in the Hudson River below Albany. This work probably will be completed in two months.

A Christmas Gathering

The Christmas holidays have brought a great number of business men into the city. The agents from the outlying districts have invaded the various offices, where they are accustomed to meet in the corridors and offices of the Standard Life Assurance Company in the Bank of Commerce Building, on King-street, where they are beset for two or three weeks by the prominent agents of the company from outside districts. The agents from the St. Lawrence and Lake Champlain, and thence in the Hudson River below Albany. This work probably will be completed in two months.

Don't Miss It.

What we want is variety. It is the spice of life and drives dull care away. Variety is wholesome, entertaining and profitable. After nine years of study, Mr. Gordon presents an entertainment which cannot be surpassed, containing, as it does, so much of one harmonious whole, of unending interest. To hasten the spread of this entertainment to spread an evening you will always remember with pleasure. He will appear at Association Hall tonight with the following program, soprano, of New York; Mr. A. Jones, pianist; Mr. White, comic. Plan all day at North-eastern's. Seat front floor.

Where Shadows Fall.

James Judge was convicted in the Police Court yesterday of stealing an overcoat from the office of B. Leadley, 87 Front-street east, on Feb. 17, 1897. His record includes a conviction in the Central Prison, and he was sent back there for four months. Thomas McKillop was convicted of stealing a suit of clothes and a gold watch. He was sent to jail for 60 days. The two Italian Brothers, for injuries Giuseppe Agostino, charged with passing counterfeit money, were remanded until day.

What a London Reader Says.

Editor World: I read with interest your past few issues. A good deal of praise is obtainable. It should be good for Ireland and other similar countries, with as Canada. The question is "How will the compressed blocks stand the weather. What will think them if stacked in the open by the water, too, Mr. K. Jarvis' letter. He forgets the parable of the prodigal son. Don't be jealous about the article on the "The Role that has been sold here over two years ago if the parties would have sold at terms it is now sold for. London, Eng. Thomas Wilkins.

In the City Liable?

The City Solicitor has applied at Osageo Hall for an order to amend the statement of defence in the \$5000 Blyton fire suit by R. L. Thompson, for injuries received by his son. The City Solicitor declares the civic judges having reference to the fire suit. The Master in Chambers granted the order, but commented on the novel defence, remarking that he should think the city would be bound by its own bylaws. The city was held liable for the acts of firemen in the recent Hasketh case.

A Good Opportunity.

Messrs. Score & Son, 71 King-street, are making a speciality of an evening dress suit made from the latest London effects, and lined with silk, for \$35. This, without doubt, must be exceedingly good value, and on the old crumpled goods is sold at \$45.

SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES

Elected Yesterday—A Defeated Candidate Will Protest His Rival's Election. The elections for Separate School Board trustees, which took place yesterday, resulted as follows: Ward 1—Joseph Odaret 112, Morris Deane 110. Ward 2—J. L. Woods 62, Thomas Callaghan 42. The other members were elected by acclamation. The defeated candidate in Ward 6 gave notice that he would enter a protest on the ground that Mr. Woods was not a resident of the ward.

Astor Righton's Death.

Editor World: In your issue of the 3rd inst. you have an item of the death of "a funny man" in London, Eng., viz., Thomas Edward Combe Burs Righton. I would like to add that, though he was not known to Canadian audiences, he was more than a good comedian in Toronto, as made out by his visits to this continent and then in New York and Boston. He can be but a memory among old playgoers, but I would like to testify that, apart from his position as a first-class comedian, musician and dancer, he was an honest man, a faithful friend, a good son, brother and citizen, and one who in Toronto was made out by his loss—hearing, but not completing, the three-score and ten. He was not so aged for a comedy, but has been a sick man this ten years, competing long absence from the stage and, as a consequence, he was comparatively unknown to the recent generation of playgoers; therefore, his departure is less a public than a private loss, so that it is more a relative and friend than as a public character. I trouble your readers with this testimony to his worth, this tribute to his memory. S. M. Jones.

A Mistaken Impression.

The mistaken impression has gone abroad that it was the property of the Toronto Rubber Company which was destroyed by fire at Port Dalhousie. The Toronto Rubber Company have received many letters and telegrams of condolence from business men throughout Canada. It is all a mistake. The property of the Toronto Rubber Shoe Manufacturing Company was burned, not that of the Toronto Rubber Company.

Close of the Excursions.

Traffic was heavy again at the Union Station yesterday and it also was the last day of the cheap holiday excursions. Many people came into the city and a large number went out, accompanied by plenty of baggage. The trains were all a few minutes behind time, caused by the crowds, but all the out-going trains left on schedule time.

Children should always increase in weight.

Not to grow, not to increase in flesh, belongs to old age. Present and future health demands that this increase in weight should be steady and never failing. To delicate children, Scott's Emulsion brings richer blood and firmer flesh. Better color comes to the cheeks and stronger muscles to the limbs. The gain in weight is substantial; it comes to stay.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

AT CLOSE FIGURES 50 Shares Crow's Nest Coal 300 Shares Crow's Nest Coal 5000 Dardanelles. 10,000 Van Anda. MITCHELL, WALLACE & CO. Phone 458. 75 YONGE STREET.

ROSSLAND.

Investors in this camp at current prices will selected—cannot fail to make money. Quotations and all information regarding this stock at a permanent and profitable investment. WATCH REPUBLIC STOCKS. E. L. SAWYER & CO., 42 King St. West, Toronto

BUY GOLDEN STAR

It is pre-eminently the best value in the market. Second MILL RUN WILL BE REPORTED in a few days. Holders of stock should get their transfers made at once, as the company will be in a position to PAY DIVIDENDS VERY SHORTLY. For particulars apply to J. W. CHEESEWORTH, The Canadian Mining Bureau, 75 Canada Life Building, Toronto.

White Bear

White Bear, Deer Park, Dardanelles, Jumbo, Novelty, Jim Blaine, Sans Poil. And all other mining stocks bought and sold. H. O'HARA & CO., 24 Toronto Street, Toronto.

MINING STOCKS

ALL MINING SHARES BOUGHT AND SOLD. R. O'CONNOR - 23 Colburn-st. Member Toronto Stock Exchange.

Startling Fatality of Croup

The terror of childhood is croup. It is the most fatal of all diseases among babies and young children. It usually begins with all the appearance of a common cold. The child coughs, is restless, has more or less fever. As the disorder progresses, if relief is not had, the fever increases and breathing becomes very difficult. At last this difficulty becomes permanent, the pulse fails, the face becomes pale and is bathed in cold sweat and the end is not far off. Shiloh's Consumption Cure is a sure cure for croup, as half a century of successful experience clearly shows. Mrs. J. E. Martin, of Huntsville, Ala., writes to the S. C. Wells Co., of Le Roy, N. Y., as follows:

"GENTLEMEN: I write this letter to tell you what a valuable medicine you have in your Shiloh's Cure. I think it is the greatest remedy ever discovered, and several of my friends to whom I have recommended it are enthusiastic as I am. My baby, who is now nearly two years old, was brought up on Shiloh, and a fatter or more healthy baby cannot be found in this section. If his parents were worthy of a night, had a cough or a cold, one or two doses invariably relieved him. I would not be without a bottle of it in the house for ten times the price of it. It has saved me many a dollar in doctor's bills. I will send you a picture of my Shiloh baby if it will be of any service to you."

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee that the purchase money will be refunded in case the medicine does not do everything that is claimed for it. 25c, 50c, and \$1 a bottle in United States and Canada. In England 1s. 2d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d.

Important

Do you wish to extend your business? Are you represented in Montreal? If not, address A. W. MORRIS, Montreal.

THE MCKINNEY REEF

GOLD MINING CO., LIMITED NON-PERSONAL LIABILITY. Authorized Capital Stock, \$100,000, divided into 500,000 shares of a par value of Twenty-five cents each. First issue of 200,000 shares at 15 CENTS each. This company is formed to take up the "Last Chance" and "Flying Dutchman" mineral claims in Camp McKinney, B.C., on the same range as the Cariboo claims. There is no better investment possible in this proved camp than the McKinney Reef Company offers to-day.

BUY DUNDEE

For an Investment FAIRMONT (Dundee Extension) is another good buy. We can also furnish you with very Close Figures on the following: DUNDEE, SMUGGLER, MONTE CHRISTO, KEYSTONE, CARIBOO, FAIRMONT, COMMANDER, WHITE BEAR, WAR EAGLE, MINNEHAHA, PARKER & CO., VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO. Stock and Share Brokers.

100, 100, 200 and 1000 GOLDEN STAR (SNAP)

Last clean-up for 12 days was \$15,000 and there will be another clean-up in a few days. If this property was in British Columbia it would be selling for one dollar per share or more. Don't miss a grand chance to get in at a very low figure. Wire your orders. S. J. SHARP - 80 YONGE ST.

B.C. Mining Stocks

DUNDEE, FAIRMONT, KENNETH, MONARCH. E. GARTLY PARKER, - MINING BROKER, 12 ADELAIDE STREET EAST.

"DEER PARK" "WHITE BEAR" "SMUGGLER" "MINNEHAHA" "NOVELTY" "JUMBO" "IRON MASK" and all other B. C. or Ontario Gold Mining Companies and

"SAN POIL" "BLACK TAIL" "IRON MONITOR" and other EUREKA MINING DIST. or REPUBLIC CAMP SHARES

BOUGHT AND SOLD WYATT & CO., GOLDEN STAR J. O. 31

GOLD STOCKS

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C. J. TOWNSEND & CO

AUCTION SALES. AUCTION SALE OF Valuable City Real Estate. Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be executed at the time of sale, there will be offered at public auction, by Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co., at their auction rooms, No. 28 King-street west, in the city of Toronto, on Saturday, the 7th day of January, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon, the following valuable real estate:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the City of Toronto, and composed of part of Park lot number five, and more particularly described as lot number one hundred and three on the east side of Leimbroke-street, according to a plan or map of the said premises, deposited in the Registry Office for the said city of Toronto, and also a further fifteen per cent. Upon the property to be sold are said to be erected two frame semi-detached rowed houses known as Nos. 83 and 85 Home-wood-avenue, Toronto.

Lloyd's

Underwriters' Sale 100 Chests Assam Tea. Having received instructions from James Lobb, Lloyd's Agent, We will sell by Auction on THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1899, AT 28 KING-ST. W., 100 chests Assam Tea, marked Songchi B. No. 3082-3221, partially damaged by water, for importation, ex S.S. Glen Murray, from Calcutta, and S.S. Oriol from London, on Tuesday.

C. J. TOWNSEND & CO.

LAND TITLES ACT - SALE OF FREEHOLD LOTS ON BARNARD AVENUE, Toronto. Under the powers of sale contained in a certain charge or mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, by Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co., auctioneers, at their auction rooms, No. 28 King-street west, in the city of Toronto, on Saturday, the 7th day of January, 1899, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, in one parcel: Lots numbered 104, 105 and 106 on the north side of Barnard-avenue, according to plan 116, filed in the office of Land Titles at Toronto. Each lot has a frontage of about 50 feet by a depth of about 120 feet.

C. J. TOWNSEND & CO.

LAND TITLES ACT - SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT ON BARTLETT AVENUE. Under the power of sale contained in a certain charge or mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, by Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co., auctioneers, at their auction rooms, No. 28 King-street west, in the city of Toronto, on Saturday, the 7th day of January, 1899, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon: The southernly 20 feet, from front to rear, of lot No. 61 on the west side of Bartlett-avenue, as shown on plan number 234, filed in the office of Land Titles at Toronto. On the property there is said to be erected a small frame and roughcast cottage and a small shed. The sale will be subject to a reserved bid, fixed by the vendor.

LAND TITLES ACT - SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT ON BARTLETT AVENUE.

Under the power of sale contained in a certain charge or mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, by Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co., auctioneers, at their auction rooms, No. 28 King-street west, in the city of Toronto, on Saturday, the 7th day of January, 1899, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon: The southernly 20 feet, from front to rear, of lot No. 61 on the west side of Bartlett-avenue, as shown on plan number 234, filed in the office of Land Titles at Toronto. On the property there is said to be erected a small frame and roughcast cottage and a small shed. The sale will be subject to a reserved bid, fixed by the vendor.

LAND TITLES ACT - SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT ON BARTLETT AVENUE.

Under the power of sale contained in a certain charge or mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, by Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co., auctioneers, at their auction rooms, No. 28 King-street west, in the city of Toronto, on Saturday, the 7th day of January, 1899, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon: The southernly 20 feet, from front to rear, of lot No. 61 on the west side of Bartlett-avenue, as shown on plan number 234, filed in the office of Land Titles at Toronto. On the property there is said to be erected a small frame and roughcast cottage and a small shed. The sale will be subject to a reserved bid, fixed by the vendor.

MORTGAGE SALE OF DWELLING HOUSE ON MECHANIC AVENUE, Toronto.

Under the powers of sale contained in a certain charge or mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, by Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co., auctioneers, at their auction rooms, No. 28 King-street west, Toronto, on Saturday, the 7th day of January, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon. The northernly fifteen feet six inches, extending from front to rear, of lot number six on the east side of Mechanic-avenue, as shown on plan No. 782, filed in the Registry Office for the City of Toronto. There is said to be erected on the property a two-story house, brick fronted, of dwelling, known as No. 27 Mechanic-avenue, containing 6 rooms. The property will be offered subject to a reserved bid, fixed by the vendor.

THE TORONTO CHURCH SCHOOL.

This school will re-open on Tuesday, Jan. 10, at 9 o'clock. Boys prepared for the university, the Royal Military College, etc. Individual attention is a marked feature of this school. For prospectuses and particulars, apply to Rev. T. L. Aborn, Headmaster, at the school, or to the undersigned. W. H. LOCKHART, GIRDEN'S, 6246 127 Bay-street.

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