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The Toronto World

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TUESDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 11 1919

VOL. XXXIX.—No. 13,971 TWO CENTS

ALLIES FORESEE SERIOUS MENACE IN THE GERMAN ARMY Foch Complains That While Allies Demobilize Enemy's Soldiers Stand Ready for Action—May Soon Have Three Men in Field Against Allies' Two—Prince Henry Calls for Return of Monarchy.

LAKES TO MONTREAL OCEAN SHIP CANAL WASTE OF MONEY

Superintendent of Public Works Tells New York Legislature the Reasons.
NO PROFIT TO SHIPS
Instead of Making Twenty Trips Owner Could Count on Only Ten.

Albany, N.Y., Feb. 10.—The contention that a ship canal from the Great Lakes to Montreal would not be a commercial success, and that Congress, upon investigation, would find that any money spent in bringing it about would be wasted, was made by Lewis Nixon, superintendent of public works, in a letter to Governor Smith, and submitted by the executive in a special message to the legislature tonight.

Mr. Nixon called attention to the amendment to the river and harbor bill now pending in Congress, which would provide that the international joint commission created by treaty between the United States and Great Britain be requested to investigate what further improvement of the St. Lawrence River, between Montreal and Lake Ontario, is necessary to make it navigable for ocean-going vessels, together with the estimated cost, and report to the governments of Canada and the United States with its recommendation for co-operation of the United States in the improvement of the river.

The State of New York could not urge simply a selfish opposition on the ground that even if the proposed route proved desirable, it might injure cities or localities of the state, while benefiting the nation as a whole, the letter pointed out.

Not Profitable for Big Ships.
Opposition to the amendment was based largely on the ground that great ships built for the open sea of great lakes, would not find it profitable to use the proposed canal, because of the much greater time which would be necessary in traversing the shallow and narrow waters than the open water. The big ships, it was stated, run at about the rate of ten miles an hour, while the proposed route would be the maximum for them to operate in the canal waters. Taking into consideration the lake vessels, which are being built, can earn returns for only seven months, they must make as many trips as possible, it was stated.

A cargo of grain from Duluth to Buffalo could be made in about eight days, at a cost of \$4000. Assuming a high lake freight, the trip would pay by steamer and three 1800 bushel consignments with the open sea with coal would pay the ship's expenses back. But if the ship went to Montreal instead, the trip would cost about \$4500, and she would have no coal to take back.

Ten Trips Against Twenty.
"Instead of making twenty trips, the owner could count on only about ten," wrote Superintendent Nixon, "so unless he could secure twice the freight from Duluth to Chicago, he would not engage in such service."

"We are looking forward to the time when government control of traffic ceases and the carrying of grain by steamer and three 1800 bushel consignments reduces the cost from Buffalo to New York to one and one-half cents a bushel. We may dismiss the idea of ocean-going vessels using the Montreal to lake route. They cost more to run than lake vessels, and the loss of time in restricted channels as compared with the open sea would mean a serious cut in earnings."

FORMIDABLE WAGE ISSUES CONFRONTING BRITAIN

Railway Men Are Demanding That War Advances Be Made Permanent—Joint Conference Will Be Called by Unions to Consider Programs.

London, Feb. 10.—Although the tube dispute has been provisionally settled, a series of far more formidable industrial issues confronts the country. Joint conferences between the railway executive and the three great railwaymen's unions, namely, the National Union of Railwaymen, the Locomotive Engineers and Firemen's Society and the Railway Clerks' Association, representing over half a million members, in all, will shortly be called to consider the national programs which have been formulated by these unions.

The National Union of Railwaymen demand that increased war pay be made permanent; double pay for overtime and Sundays; pay and a half for nightwork between each turn of periods of not less than twelve hours between each turn of duty; fourteen days' annual holidays with standardization of conditions of service on all United Kingdom railways and local, for the union on the management of all railways.

Other Demands.
The Locomotive Engineers' Society are demanding, among other things, standard rates of pay of twenty shillings daily in the case of engine men and motormen, fifteen shillings to firemen and electric fitters; certain additions to these standard rates to be made if the cost of living is lower; time and a quarter for overtime and night duty, with double pay on Sundays; twelve hours rest between turns; and fourteen days' annual holidays with full pay.

Both the Railwaymen's Union and the Locomotive Engineers' Society programs include an eight-hour day, which is, however, already in force.

The Railway Clerks' Association asks a 35-hour week for the perpetuation of war wages advances which since October 1914, have aggregated 33 shillings weekly in the case of men and half that figure for employees under 18. These advances were intended to cover the extra cost of living and were regarded as temporary.

Miners' Federation to Meet.
The Miners' Federation have arranged a meeting at Southport on Feb. 12 to receive the government's reply to demands for full wages for demobilized miners during unemployment and for miners displaced to make room for ex-soldiers; six hours working day at 30 per cent. more wages, with the continuation of war wages and the nationalization of all mines and minerals.

BRIGHT OUTLOOK FOR SHIPBUILDING

British Yards Have Recently Booked Orders for Over a Hundred Vessels.

London, Feb. 10.—British shipyards have recently booked orders for well over a hundred vessels, representing a very large tonnage. This is probably the record. The Ellerman-Bucknall Line alone ordered over fifty steamers on the northeast coast. The British India Company is building nine large liners; the Cunard eight; the Donaldson-Anchor and Donaldson Brothers, six; Elders and Fyfe, four; Shaw-Savill-Albion, three; Union Castle, Commonwealth and Dominion companies, two each.

The shipbuilding outlook is of the brightest, provided labor settles down.

GERMANS RETAINING TROOPS WHILE THE ALLIES DEMOBILIZE

"Deutschland Uber Alles" Not Dead Yet

London, Feb. 10.—The Hamburg Nachrichten, which recently in a series of articles has been dealing with Germany's future, wrote to Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of former Emperor Wilhelm, in order to ascertain his views on the subject.

Prince Henry replied, according to the Nachrichten, that Germany, in order to reach her future goal, must re-establish her monarchy and her economic life on the pre-war basis. The empire, he added, should be placed again under the old dynasty and under the leadership of Prussia, while the "parasitic workers' and soldiers' councils" should be speedily abolished. He also advocated the formation of well-disciplined land and sea forces "in the old style," and representation of Jewish influence in commerce, industry and politics.

The events since November distinctly showed, said Prince Henry, that a return to the monarchy was the first condition to Germany becoming strong and healthy again.

"Then," he concluded, "will the old song, 'Deutschland Uber Alles,' become true."

Attitude Towards Armistice Conditions Causes Alarm

—Significant Statement by Marshal Foch—Has Kept Enough Material to Equip Three Million Men.

London, Feb. 10.—British newspapers of all shades of opinion are devoting serious attention to the attitude adopted by the German Government toward the armistice conditions.

The Daily News' Paris correspondent sends a despatch from "authoritative sources" on the subject in which he says his informant told him that Germany is not continuing to demobilize. "She has concentrated more than 18 divisions under Von Hindenburg on the western front," the correspondent quotes his informant as saying. "We also have the best reason to believe that Germany is keeping her troops under arms on the pretext of internal necessity."

"Some military authorities think that Germany has kept enough material to equip 3,000,000 men. German disarmament is a condition to our demobilization, and therefore disarmament is impossible as long as Germany does not continue to demobilize.

"Official military authorities think that Germany will have to accept the armistice conditions now being prepared to give up her military strength—that she be brought to such a condition that she cannot resist later the conditions of peace now being prepared."

"The allied treaty always has been that we shall frame conditions which Germany will have to accept, and that there is nothing to discuss, except in regard to details. For this reason, Germany is trying to keep up her military strength so that she can send a delegate to the peace congress for a thorough military discussion of the peace conditions imposed. On this point the French National Socialist party and its extreme left wing is strongly opposed to anything being done to save Germany from the consequences of defeat. In this matter the French Government will be supported by the entire nation."

Foch Sends Declaration.
The correspondent says he has been informed by a competent British authority that Marshal Foch "made a declaration of a somewhat serious character at a meeting of the supreme war council."

"He feels," this authority is quoted as saying, "that the Germans are beginning to forget that they are beaten. They are apt to forget that we are in a state of war. They have been slow in handing over transport and other things. They are causing a great deal of difficulty."

"We are demobilizing fast; they are not continuing to demobilize. There is danger of Germany's saying: 'We do not care anything about our league of nations, and we have got our troops.' Unless a change takes place we might be faced with a situation in which Germany, as regards the number of men in the field, will have three men against the allied two."

"The question of demobilization has been taken up by the supreme war council. All the technical advisers have certainly been in favor of making what additional measures may be necessary to prevent any danger to the allies or their positions of any danger to their being able to dictate what peace terms they please."

Failed to Attend Meeting.
The correspondent in Paris of the Daily Mail credits Marshal Foch as having said to the supreme war council that there were many instances of Germany's failure to comply with the armistice terms, notably in the handing over of artillery, submarines and agricultural machinery. "As evidence of the German spirit," the correspondent continued, "Marshal Foch mentioned an occasion when he summoned a German commission to meet him and they failed to appear at the time and place indicated. It was only after strong pressure on his part that the meeting eventually took place."

"According to Marshal Foch's estimate the Germans are now capable of placing an army of 2,000,000 in the field in two months' time."

Terms Suggested.
The correspondent adds: "It is desired to know the nature of the war impossible under the conditions laid down February 17. The terms suggested include the handing over of the whole of the German army, compulsory reduction of the German army to 25 divisions with machine guns for the internal policing of the empire, and occupation by the allies of the Ruhr district, which includes Essen."

"During an important debate on these proposals the further suggestion was made that in view of Germany's attitude the allies should also revert to the initial demand for the handing over of transport, which was modified on account of Germany's plea of impossibility."

German Minister Raises The Cry of Bankruptcy

Berlin, Feb. 10.—The Weimar correspondent of The Lokal Anzeiger reports that Prussian Minister of Finance Stueckum in the course of a discussion with the financial ministers of the federal states, painted an extremely gloomy economic future for Germany.

Stueckum is reported to have said that Germany would be obliged to have assistance that a state of bankruptcy was imminent, and that unless it might reach the state of each individual would be compelled to give up the major share of his income to the state being permitted to retain only enough to cover most urgent needs.

ELECTION CONTEST AT ST. CATHARINES HAS MANY SURPRISES

Labor Candidate, in New Constituency, Faces Many Opponents and Interests.

NEW STANDARDS RULE

Voters See Issues From Changed Standpoint, and Women's Vote May Decide.

(By a World Staff Correspondent.)
St. Catharines, Feb. 10.—Under normal conditions there would not be room for a hind leg of the shadow of a question as to the result of the provincial by-election which will take place here on Saturday next, the 15th.

A great many reasons might be stated in support of this opinion, which is the view of all the people in the constituency. A few of these reasons will be sufficient for the purpose.

At the last general election, St. Catharines (which includes St. Catharines, Merriton, the Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake, the Village of Port Dalhousie, and the Townships of Grantham and Niagara) was cut off from the rest of the County of Lincoln for provincial purposes.

The effect of this electoral arrangement was to make St. Catharines an absolutely safe Conservative seat and Lincoln pretty safe Liberal. The constituency previously had been of an uncertain political complexion, also the late Dr. Jessop had represented it for an unbroken period of twenty-one years. Before the county was separated Dr. Jessop's majority was as low as 130. His last majority in St. Catharines was 1,629. In the first place, then, it can be said that the seat is normally as safe for a Con-

NO DEMONSTRATION FOR ARAGUAYA MEN

Canadians Arriving at Portland Too Badly Injured to Stand Excitement.

Special to The Toronto World.

Portland, Maine, Feb. 10.—Following the urgent requests made to the governor of the state and the mayor of this city by the Grand Trunk Railroad officials, that no celebrations of any description be allowed when the wounded Canadians land at this port, Mayor Clarke made a ruling shortly before noon today that all demonstrations and receptions of any size returning were in very bad shape and that demonstrations of any kind whatever would be injurious to their health.

Several of the important organizations and societies had arranged extensive programs to welcome the Canadians, which they have now cheerfully cancelled, but not until they had first received permission to have a band present for the playing of the national anthems and the joint committees for an official welcome.

There does not seem, however, to be any objection in regard to celebration for any returned American troops, it being so stated; but very doubtful if the citizens of Portland will allow any at the pier in respect of their Canadian allies.

Rumors of Deaths.
From investigation of local rumors, The World correspondent learned that there have already been eight deaths on the R. M. S. Araguaya, which is due here about Thursday with eight hundred Canadian wounded on board, and forty-three cases are on the dangerous list.

Thirty cars, to be used in transporting the wounded Canadians, were placed today, ready for the arrival of the Araguaya. In the lot are hospital cars of a very fine type, which have floors to take up the shock, and every other conceivable convenience; also three diners of the latest type and several colonist sleepers of the Canadian Pacific and Intercolonial Railways.

While the mayor's order was at first taken with bitter dissatisfaction and resentment by the public, the explanations later made adjusted the situation.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.
At From
Arakan.....New York.....Bordeaux
Italy.....Naples.....New York
Canada.....Liverpool.....Portland
Cretio.....Liverpool.....New York

General Strike Called in U.S. Will Affect 250,000 Men

New York, Feb. 10.—Union heads of basic building construction trades today called a general strike which, beginning tomorrow, will affect all contracts throughout the country held by members of the Building Trades Employers' Association, according to an announcement here tonight by William L. Hutcheson, president of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America.

Mr. Hutcheson said that the strike, which will automatically throw out of work all other workmen employed on operations of members of the employers' association. The number of men affected by the order, he said, is about 250,000, or one-fourth of all union building trades workmen in the country.

Sympathetic strikers, he predicted, will ultimately bring the number of strikers to 300,000.

FOUR TORONTO FLIERS RECEIVE DECORATIONS

London, Feb. 10.—The Distinguished Flying Cross has been awarded to Lieut. Norman Hamley of Canada, for services in Italy; Captain William Alex Leslie of Toronto who undertook 63 night raids and 9 night reconnaissance; Lieut. K. B. Watson, of Elmbank, Toronto, who fought, with four others, 22 Fokkers;

The Croix de Guerre and Order of Leopold has been awarded to Capt. C. Mackay, son of the Rev. J. Mackay, of Mimico, and the Order of Leopold to Captain Bert Wemp of Toronto.

CHINESE PRESIDENT TAKES FIRM STAND

Peking, Feb. 10.—President Hsu Shi Chang has taken a firm stand in the controversy which has arisen between the Chinese and Japanese governments regarding the action of the Chinese delegates at the peace conference in Paris. He is entirely out of agreement with the desires of the Japanese government. It is confidently expected that the Chinese peace delegates to the conference be restrained in their activities.

Japan Will Reveal Privately Treaties With China, to Powers

Tokyo, Feb. 10.—The Pochi Shimun and the Nichi Nichi Shimun in apparently inspired articles both announced today that the government has instructed Baron Makino, foreign minister and member of the Japanese peace mission, to reveal privately to the other great powers the contents of the Sino-Japanese treaties.

PRICES SHOW STRENGTH OF LIVE STOCK MARKET

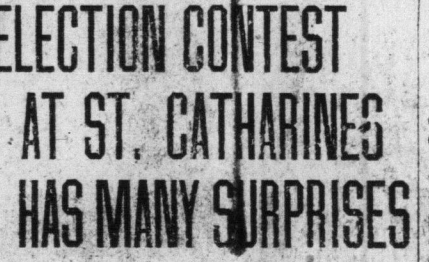
If any proof of the underlying strength of the live stock market were wanted, it was supplied in the transactions at the Union Stock Yards yesterday, when prices unapproached at any time during the war were asked and paid. The market throughout was generally steady to strong with last week's close, which was high.

A feature was the sale by one commission house of six choice steers, weighing 1250 lbs. each, at \$13.50 per cent. It is evident that if the farmers finish the cattle the high prices are here waiting for them. Other good lots and loads sold as high as \$15.50 in Chicago, with receipts of 29,000 cattle, the market for choice steers closed steady to strong.

The Bread War Makes Bread!

Hok: Didn't I tell you, Mister?
Tommy: What, most worshipful sir?
Hok: "The war to the knife" among the bakers makes real "war bread" for the bread knives of the people.
Tommy: What about rye bread?
Hok: It's very bread for the bakers in the Ward.
Tommy: I send a cable to Borden to read to the Bolsheviks of Russia what I'm doing in Toronto for them. Another cable to the fruits of the policy of me and Johnny Gunn. We did it!

Babes in the Wood!



HATS FOR COLD DAYS.

Just this brisk spell of wintry weather reminds us that we have to look to the comfort of the head as well as of the hands and feet. Heavy English weather caps defy the cold and the strength of the wind. We have them in a wide variety of shape, size and material. W. and D. Dinsen Company, hat makers and manufacturers of furriers, 107 George and Temperance streets.

Prices of Live Stock

per lb., 22c.
per lb., 25c.
quality, lb., 30c.
quality, lb., 34c.
or loin, lb., 40c.
lb., 40c.
make, lb., 25c.
own make, lb.,
sliced, lb., 43c.
diced thin, lb., 60c.
per lb., 33c.
packet, 12 1/2c.
Haddies, lb.,
ES.
rd License
ry Jam, No. 4
customer.)
bag, \$1.49.
Sugar, 10 lbs.,
No. 4 size pall,
et, 30c.
7c.
lbs., 45c.
ars, 24c.
infant, Borax and
4 bars, 20c.
r, 11c.
Lickits, 25c.
ets, 25c.
ins, 25c.
10c.
t, 12c.
Powder, large
is, 25c.
ake, 12c.
Tea, of uniform
avor, black of
CTION.
anges, Sunkist
ruples, 6-quart
d size, dozen, 23c.
10c.
gh, lb., 20c
ECTION.
27c.
3c, 31c.
al, 6 lbs., 25c.

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HAVE YOU A "D. A."? A deposit account is one of the greatest conveniences in ordering goods by telephone. Apply for particulars at the "D. A." Office on the Fourth Floor.

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

At Yonge, Queen and James Street. Doors are boxes where orders or instructions may be placed. These boxes are emptied every hour until 1 p.m., and twice in the afternoon.

1869-1919

1869—GOLDEN JUBILEE—1919

Hosiery Specials for Today! Women's Fibre Silk Hosiery, 35c; Black Cashmere Hosiery, Half Price, 75c; and Men's All-Wool Socks, 25c.

Three Unusually Good Money-Saving Opportunities for Early Shoppers Today—Quantities Are Limited.

Broken lines from regular stock accounts for the extraordinary value in Women's Fibre Silk and Fibre Silk Plated Hosiery. They are in black or white and are of sheer or medium weight and spliced at the toes and heels. Have deep garter top of cotton to ensure greater wear. Sizes 8½, 9, 9½ and 10 in the lot, but not in each line or color. A big 8.30 special today, 35c per pair, or 3 pairs for \$1.00.

Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hosiery, medium weight, elastic knit leg, with triple ply cotton, spliced heels and toes, high spliced ankles and extra spliced soles. Sizes 8½, 9 and 9½ only. Half price. Special, today, per pair, 75c.

The Men's Heavy Weight Homespun All-wool Socks are offered away below the usual price. Large sizes only. 8.30 special, today, per pair, 25c.

—Main Floor, Yonge St.

Special Men's Two-Piece Underwear, Garment, 59c.

For this item we cannot take phone or mail orders, quantities being limited.

It's of medium winter weight, of cotton in plain white, in fine elastic rib or natural merino shade, in close, flat knit. Garments have comfortable-fitting cuffs and ankles, and suspender tapes on drawers. Sizes 34 to 42. Special, today, 59c.

Men's Cambrie Shirts, in an abundance of fancy striped patterns, in blue, black or mauve on light grounds, are in coat style, and have double French cuffs and laundered neckbands; sizes 14 to 17½, \$1.15.

Men's Night Robes ("Tooke" brand), of light grey flannel, in medium weight, have attached lay-down collars, in pointed style, breast pocket, full size skirt with gussets and double sewn seams; sizes 15 to 18. Today \$1.50.

Men's Sweater Coats, of cotton and wool yarns, knitted in cardigan or fancy stitch; some are in Norfolk style, with belt. Have shawl or storm collars, patch pockets, and snug-fitting cuffs that can be turned back; in plain grey, navy or dark brown, also brown trim-

med with tan, grey with maroon or green with tan, a few in checked effects in grey, with maroon or blue. Sizes 34 to 42. Each \$3.95.

Boys' Underwear in two-piece style, and of heavy cotton in natural shade, close flat knit with brush finish on inside. Shirts have snug-fitting cuffs, and French neck; drawers have suspender tapes and bleached cotton facings; sizes 22 to 32, 33c.

Men's Laundered Collars ("Eaton" brand), of 3-ply bleached cotton in all popular styles, including stand-up-turn-down with close fitting and cut-away fronts, lay-down, straight band or wing style, heights range from one to three inches; sizes 13½ to 17. Each, 15c; or dozen, \$1.80.

—Main Floor, Centre.

Store Opens Daily at 8.30 a.m. and Closes at 5 p.m.

Closing Saturdays at 1 p.m. With No Noon Delivery

FEBRUARY SALE OF FURNITURE, HOUSE-FURNISHINGS AND SILVERWARE

IN FURNITURE

Mahogany Bedroom Suites\$217.50
Dressers\$55.00

IN DRAPERIES

Nottingham Lace Curtains, half price, pair88c
Floral Chintzes, yard43c
Carpet Sweepers\$2.25
Heavy Brocade Damask, yard\$3.75

IN FLOOR COVERINGS

Imported Seamless Velvet Rugs, half price, \$18.25 and \$19.00.

IN PAINTS

Ready Mixed Paint, quart65c

IN WALLPAPER

Canadian Tapestry Wallpaper, single roll, 29c and 37½c.

IN PICTURES

Toned Framed Color Prints, Sale Special, Each, \$1.00.

IN SILVERWARE

Splendid Sale Display of Silver-Plated Articles at \$2.95.

IN ELECTRIC FIXTURES

4-Light Electric Fixture\$10.25
Hall Fixture with Shade\$3.75

In the Series of Demonstrations Being Held in the Store

TRAVELLING GOODS

When the railway was in its infancy fifty years ago, when travelling was largely a matter of stage-coach, of chaise, or of boat—the carpet bag such as you'll see in the exhibit of oldtime travelling goods in the basement, or a leather portmanteau, were the most approved receptacles for clothes, and how well they were constructed is shown by certain battered-looking portmanteaux and Gladstone bags made in 1872, 1875, 1876, and obviously very "experienced travellers." A square box trunk of 1872, and a leather-covered Saratoga trunk, the height of fashion in the eighties, are two very interesting exhibits. The latter with its rounded top, metal protected edges and numbers of compartments, obviously belonged to some lady who was careful of her clothes, and the quaint little "scraps" posies of flowers, gummed on here and there, show her taste for ornament. —Basement.

Men's Footwear in Smart Styles, \$5.00 to \$7.00

Today moderately priced footwear for men are featured. But the price is but one of their many worthy attributes. All being well-cut in smart shapes; and most important, perhaps, they'll prove comfortable as well as serviceable. Here are a few of the many items:

At \$5.00—gunmetal, blucher cut lace boots, wide easy toe, heavy leather sole and medium heel. Sizes 5½ to 11. \$5.00.

At \$6.00—Stylish Boots on a long recede last, neat perforated tip, blind eyelets, leather sole and low heel. Widths C, D and E. Sizes 5½ to 11.

At \$6.50—Another smart boot for the young man, in the popular dark brown shade, blind eyelets and leather sole. Widths C, D and E.

At \$7.00—One of the popular boots of the season in the new London brown shade, blucher cut, neat medium toe. Sizes 5½ to 11.

—Second Floor, Queen St.

Men's Hand-Tailored All-Wool Blue Cheviot Serge Suits at \$37.50.

Are An Outstanding Value of the Day—Are Hand-Tailored, Even to the Buttonholes.

Have long, soft rolling "Hymo" lapels. Are in the three-button, semi-fitting, conservative style, and are of all wool blue serge, in cheviot finish; have Italian twill linings. Sizes 36 to 44. Today, \$37.50.

At \$30.00 Are Suits of Union Worsted and Tweeds That Give Splendid Satisfaction for Business Wear.

In many patterns. One line is in a dark Oxford grey union worsted with a faint thread stripe. Another is in a firmly-woven tweed wool and cotton mixture, in a rich dark brown, showing an invisible check. Others of union worsted are in dark grey pin checks or pick-and-pick patterns in dark Oxford or Cambridge grey; are in three-button, semi-fitting styles, and have soft roll, peak or notch lapels. Sizes 36 to 44. Price, \$30.00.

At \$25.00 are all-wool Melton Overcoats in Chesterfield or slip-on styles, in the semi-fitting fly front or full-fitting, button-through styles. Have self collars, are knee length, and in medium or dark greys; have heavy twill Indian cloth lining. Sizes 36 to 44. Price, \$25.00.



Big Advance Showing of Men's Felt Hats May Prove Interesting to You.

It's a Display That Consists Mainly of Canadian Makes and Consequently the Prices Are Moderate.

They're fedora felts, in crease crown style, in many widths of brim; shades include grey, green, brown, black, palmetto, light green and moss. Sizes 6½ to 7½. \$4.00 and \$4.50.

Men's Dog Coats, having knitted storm cuffs and deep shawl collars; sizes 42 to 46. Special \$25.00.

Men's Muskrat-lined Coats with black beaver cloth shells and Persian lamb or other shawl collars; sizes 38 to 44, \$59.00.

Auto Robes of Black Goat; lined with green plushette; size 58 x 80, \$22.75.

Men's Corduroy Caps in the jockey shape, with black leather tops, or in the golf shape in four quarter style; are warm and have felt lining with sanitary earbands; these are excellent caps for drivers, farmers or outdoor workers; sizes 6½ to 7½, \$1.00.

Children's Navy Blue Melton Cloth Tams, of wool and cotton mixtures in the sailor shape, having nine-inch crowns, black cord ribbon bands, and bow or streamers at side, with or without name in front. Sizes 6 to 7. Each \$1.50.

—Main Floor, James St.



Planned to Supply Food to Germany

That Fourteen Vessels Were Engaged in Effort is Disclosed in British Prize Court.

London, Feb. 10.—What the British attorney-general describes as "the most expensive, sustained and carefully-organized effort to supply the central empire with foodstuffs yet exposed" came up in the prize court today. The foodstuffs are valued at \$1,415,000 and were contained in shipments covering a period of eighteen months.

Fourteen ships were engaged in the attempt. Two of these vessels were of American register, four Norwegian, four Swedish and four Danish.

The crown attorney suggested that, although the names of the persons appear as shippers, all the consignments were in fact made by K. & E. Nummond of New York and Frankfurt, acting for the German Government.

He charged that the cargoes shipped on the steamers Dorizo and Henrik were intended for capture by the Germans, while the cargoes on the other boats were to be forwarded to Germany thru Denmark.

The crown attorney stated that earlier in the war, and prior to the present case, the Nummonds had acted as agents of the German Government. He charged that in the present case the Nummonds had put other names

Woman Suffrage Defeated By the U. S. Senate

Washington, Feb. 10.—Women suffrage by federal constitutional amendment was beaten again today in the senate.

The house resolution for submission of the amendment failed of adoption with 55 votes in favor of it and 29 against, one less than the necessary two-thirds.

The fight would be carried on in the next congress, in which the Republicans will hold both senate and house, and which friends of the resolution believe are certain to adopt a new measure.

GERMANY RUSHING TRADE WITH SWISS

Expect Thus to Reopen Former Commercial Relations With the Allies.

Geneva, Feb. 10.—The economic invasion of Switzerland by the central powers, who, thru this portal, hope to reopen their former commercial relations with the allies, continues on a large scale.

The New Zurich Gazette says that from the 1st of May to the end of July, 1918, 203 new foreign industrial and commercial enterprises were founded in Zurich alone, while during the first half of the same year the number of foreign firms in Zurich, the majority of them German, Austrian and Hungarian, amounted to 387.

There were no English or American firms, and only five French.

It is easy for the Austro-Germans to evade the Swiss commercial laws by choosing dummies from among their 300,000 compatriots residing in Switzerland before the war as heads of the firms. The German newspapers continue to publish advertisements seeking orders for all goods thru Switzerland.

GERMANS OUTDO "REDS" IN DELIBERATE STEALING

Warsaw, Feb. 10.—Bolshevik leaders in Lithuania are attempting to make their men behave circumspectly, but, according to reports reaching here, they are not having an easy task.

In the art of stealing, the Bolsheviks are often outdone by the retiring German troops. The Germans, in a village near Bialystok, threatened to burn the town unless given a large ransom. However, they accepted a few hundred rubles in default of the ability of the villagers to pay a larger sum.

GREEK EX-MINISTERS ARRESTED FOR TREASON

Athens, Feb. 10.—Stephanos Skouliotis, former Greek premier, and D. G. Rhalis, Stephanos Dragoumis, General Yanakitsas and M. Codjake, members of the Skouliotis cabinet which resigned in 1916, have been arrested on a warrant issued by the procurator of the appeal court in connection with charges of treason and attempting to revolt in favor of former King Constantine. A committee of the chamber of deputies, which has been investigating the case for the high court, has demanded that the former cabinet members be held without bail.

BANDITS DYNAMITE BANK

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 10.—Bandits late last night, dynamited the vault of the Wayne Savings Bank at Wayne, near here, securing from safety deposits boxes nearly \$25,000 in cash, liberty bonds and other negotiable paper, according to the institution's president, this afternoon.

FRENCH PRISONERS WERE ILL-TREATED

Kurt Eisner Says Germans Have No Right to Demand Release of Their Own.

Berne, Sunday, Feb. 9.—Territorial questions were to the fore at both sessions of the International Socialist Conference today, the subject of Alsace-Lorraine being the chief one considered. Some time also was spent debating a resolution favoring the release by the allies of the German prisoners of war.

During the latter discussion there was a sharp exchange between Oscar Weis, a German Majority Socialist, and Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian premier, the latter accusing the German authorities of ill-treating French prisoners. Herr Eisner was warmly supported in this charge by one of the French delegates, Pierre Renaudel.

Herr Weis introduced the subject of prisoners by arguing that German prisoners should be released because they would compete with French and Belgian workers in France and Belgium.

Premier Eisner said Germany had no right to protest after what she had done to France and Belgium during the war, adding: "When anyone has seen, as I have seen, French prisoners near Munich crowded into low, dark sheds with corpses and men in the agony of death from disease, no right to protest remains."

Finally, on the motion of Camille

HINDENBURG URGED TERMS BE ACCEPTED

Said That if They Were Not He Could Not Hold His Army Together Longer.

Berlin, Feb. 10.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, in urging last November that the armistice terms of the allies be accepted, admitted that the German army would otherwise be forced to surrender, according to a statement made by Constantin Fehrenbach, vice-president of the national assembly at Weimar.

Herr Fehrenbach said he was present on November 10 at the meeting in the chancellery. After Dr. Solf, the foreign secretary, read the terms of the armistice a telegram from Field Marshal Von Hindenburg was read, in which the German commander requested that the armistice conditions be accepted forthwith, as he could not hold his army together any longer.

The army was already deserting him, and the German commander declared, and if the allied conditions were not accepted he would be forced to capitulate with his entire forces.

ROYALIST LEADER WOUNDED

Lisbon, Feb. 10.—It is announced in reports from Aveiro that Captain Henrique de Paiva Couceiro, the royalist leader, has been wounded, probably in fighting at Lamego or Vizega, which have been taken by republican forces.

ISTS WILL FIGHT

Ont., Feb. 10.—Local druggists, who are putting up a stiff fight in connection with charges laid by government and one Filindra druggist and the internal revenue department, are putting up a stiff fight in connection with charges laid by government here alleging they are violating the law.

Advices Teachers in Alliance With Labor

Ont., Feb. 10.—If the school teachers and their union want to give their movement a more important work, there is a way to do it. Let them ally themselves with the labor union. This is the advice of the Ontario Teachers' Association.

Winning Accident

Ont., Feb. 10.—A triple drowning occurred at Port Dover this morning. Three boys who were skating on the ice, opposite Port Dover, fell through the ice and were rescued from the water. The boys were aged 10, 11 and 12.

Robson, at Washington to Toasts to Canada

Ont., Feb. 10.—Mrs. Chas. Robson, the woman's advisory committee, has returned to Canada at the invitation of the Ontario Women's Association. She will be in Toronto on Wednesday, Feb. 12, and will be in Ottawa on Thursday, Feb. 13.

Men's Convention

Ont., Feb. 10.—The fourth annual convention of the Ontario Men's Association will be held at Toronto on Wednesday, Feb. 12, and will be in Ottawa on Thursday, Feb. 13.

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PAGE SIX

The Toronto World

FOUNDED 1880

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To Foreign Countries, postage extra.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11.

A Pay-As-You-Go Policy.

The war revenue bill, which has just passed the United States House of Representatives, and will doubtless go through the senate this week, will raise by direct taxation over six billion dollars. The customs tariff duties upon which we so much rely for revenue in Canada will not build large in the American budget. The revenue bill now before congress lays a heavy hand upon personal incomes and business profits, and by a ten per cent. tax on all sales of luxuries and semi-luxuries brings the tax gatherer to every door. The comparatively poor will pay more, but what they pay will go directly to the government. The rich not only have to pay more than before, but they will be less able than formerly to recoup themselves by shifting the burden to those less able to carry it. The farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer and the man with a fixed income are all hit, and hard hit, but each will have the satisfaction of feeling that the other fellow will not escape. The poor man may groan under the burden, but he will have the satisfaction of hearing his millionaire neighbor squeal when the income tax collector gets after him.

So far the only criticism of the bill is that it does not go far enough and may not produce enough money to pay the heavy commitments of the government for the coming year. The people of the United States have piled up an enormous war debt which they do not wish to increase, but which they will set themselves resolutely to paying off. There is a time to borrow and a time to pay. Nations are justified in borrowing money to meet emergencies, but a rich, resourceful nation should pay as it goes in ordinary times. The budget should balance without borrowing.

Expenditure upon great public works like the Panama Canal, may be financed so as to be paid for on the installment plan, but, generally speaking, every nation, including our own, should pay as it goes. Just now our national commitments are large, but so are our national resources and our national resources. Another Victory Loan may be needed, but we should, as soon as possible, and as far as possible, raise the money needed for governmental purposes by taxation.

When the United States sets a good example, it should be followed in a whole-hearted, substantial way. We followed our neighbors in providing for military conscription, but we did not enforce our law universally and impartially. We followed their example in providing for the reduction of the national currency of good securities discounted by the chartered banks, but the law was administered in a half-hearted, almost shame-faced way, and we have here no such banking system as that which has brought the United States successfully through the war. We will not doubt have a revenue bill somewhat modeled upon theirs, and we hope Sir Thomas White will move boldly and fearlessly in that direction. He has proved himself a great finance minister in war time, and we hope he will be no less successful in the days of reconstruction. Hard work and close economy is the only salvation for the average Canadian during the trying times ahead. Saving money, not borrowing money, will be the great task to which the energies of the government and the cogitations of the finance minister should be addressed. If large expenditures are needed, higher taxation must accompany them. It is easier to borrow than it is to tax and borrowed money is more readily spent. None the less we must soon quit borrowing and raise more money by taxation.

Workmen's Houses—Action, Not Talk!

Everybody has discussed the proposal of moderate-priced well-built, well-equipped houses for workmen within, if possible, the single family area of Toronto; and then when they have mentioned it they all run away from it, saying that the province will help and that the city will help, yet how are you to get cheap land for it? The mayor has talked about it, and Sir John Willison has talked about it in connection with the committee he presided over; but have the mayor and the others who have discussed the question tried to locate a block of land that would be a suitable site for such houses, and found out a price at what it could be had, and how cheap it could be sold to workmen who wish to get their own houses?

The World believes that if the mayor were to advertise that the city was prepared to buy 500, 1,000, or 2,000 acres in one or more large blocks within what we could call the industrial area of Toronto, he would

be surprised at the low price for which it could be got. And those who are talking about the high price of land would be surprised also. We believe that they would get land that the city could sell after paying therefor plus the cost of handling it, at from five to ten dollars a foot, and nearer five than ten. Fifty foot frontage for \$300!

In order to set this whole question at rest why does not the mayor authorize the commissioner of finance, Mr. Bradshaw, or the assessment commissioner, Mr. Forman, to put such an advertisement in the papers right away? It will clear the air more quickly than anything else we know of, and be the means of genuine action.

And if the city then got any kind of a lead on cheap land, and we are quite sure this would be the case, then the next advertisement ought to be to ask architects and builders to say what they would build workmen's houses for on this property; the plans of the layout of the ground and houses themselves to be submitted to the approval of experts in building and experts in laying out land of this kind to the best advantage and best welfare of those who would be prepared to build houses thereon.

One or two moves of this kind is worth more than all the talk that is going on; and we have had barrels of talk and many adjournments of discussions, but no actual performance. Mr. Mayor, are you prepared to do something of this kind or is the talk to be continued and nothing accomplished?

If we get the cheap land and a moderate building cost the financing is comparatively easy. Give the so-called "land sharks" a chance to come across. Or are the land owners who'd like to get \$30 a foot and their newspaper friends too strong for the city hall or the Ontario government who'd help to raise the money?

A Fatal Weakness in the Temperance Act.

There has been a fatal weakness in the Ontario government's handling of the Ontario Temperance act. From the first the government sought to shift the responsibility for the enforcement of that act to the shoulders of the permit and regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors was suddenly charged with the duty of enforcing total prohibition.

We have repeatedly pointed out that the attorney-general of the province would be specifically charged with the duty of enforcing the Ontario Temperance act, and that he should have all the men and money at his disposal that may be required for that purpose. The law should not rely for its enforcement upon the cupidities of the informer, or the officiousness of the local constable. There should be no checkerboard enforcement by which some localities laugh at the law while in others it is rigorously enforced.

We admit that the difficulties of the provincial authorities were greatly increased by the action of the Dominion government in prohibiting inter-provincial traffic. The cornerstone of the Ontario Temperance act was the right of the householder to freely import and when that right was taken away by the Dominion government the carefully constructed provincial statute fell into hopeless confusion. But there has been a session of the legislature since then, and in any event a special session should have been summoned when the government found itself up against the unsatisfactory situation which now prevails, and has prevailed for some months past.

Perhaps it would have been as well if Hon. Mr. Rowell had joined the Hearst government when the Ontario Temperance act was passed, and had taken charge of its enforcement. He certainly should have helped Sir William Hearst out of the difficulties into which the government's order-in-council, the Dominion government, upon Mr. Rowell's motion, overruled the provincial policy on the subject of prohibition by a more stringent policy of its own, and rather unfairly called upon the government of Sir William Hearst to enforce both policies, contradictory as they might be at certain points to one another. Perhaps Mr. Rowell should have helped the Hearst government in this emergency, but his failure to do so does not absolve the Hearst government from its responsibility to the people.

The situation is menacing. There is sufficient demand for intoxicating liquors to make their sale highly profitable. The licensed vendors have made a great deal of money, and unlicensed vendors even more. The government now says it will retail liquor itself, which may be a good policy, but from the standpoint of politics presents a pathway of peril. We are inclined to believe it to be a step in the right direction. What The World deprecates is an administration or maladministration of the Ontario Temperance act which brings the law more or less into contempt and gives a setback to the cause of prohibition. There threatens to be more profiteering in liquor than in shell-making.

KIEV IS RECAPTURED.

Copenhagen, Feb. 10.—Kiev, the Ukrainian capital, is again in the hands of Ukrainian forces, according to reports reaching here thru Berlin.

THE PROMOTER'S WIFE

By JANE PHELPS.

The Tone of Neil's Letters More Loving.

CHAPTER V.

Neil sent the books, and the picture. He answered my letter almost at once, which made me very happy that I had not allowed my pride to make me wait as long as he did before writing.

The books I not only read, but studied. When he wrote of them I was thus able to discuss them intelligently with him. They were mostly light reading, but by well-known authors. The picture I placed on my bureau. I begged mother to buy me a frame for it. She bought one, and very pretty one, better than she could afford, yet it seemed but a poor setting for Neil's handsome face.

We now wrote regularly. As the first ran into winter, and the wind again whistled thru the brown stalks of the shrubs and the naked tree branches, I longed for the presence of the friendship from Neil. Although I neglected none of my duties, helped mother, joined in all the little affairs at the church and the homes of my young friends, my heart was not in any of them. Neil was constantly in my thoughts.

At Christmas he sent me a set of O. Henry. He was a great admirer of that writer, and had said in one of his letters that he wanted me also to become familiar with his work. I was surprised and delighted, but when in addition I received a wonderful box of American beauty roses I was so happy I cried.

"Looks pretty serious to me," father said, as I arranged the flowers. I recall now what a time I had finding "holders" for them, and how I cut the stems, as mother suggested, so I placed them in the big water pitchers we used in the big rooms. The only recollections in the house deep enough to hold them.

One, a beautiful half-opened bud, I carried upstairs and pressed it between the leaves of my Bible. That I would keep always.

As winter waned and the spring winds blew softly and the New York girls grew a little more affectionate. Now he often said something about other girls, comparing them to me, always in my favor. Once he said, "I wish I could be like you, Bab."

"There is no one like you, Bab. No one a fellow feels is so brave, so true, so good. The more I see of these New York girls the more I think of you, dear, and your girlish ways. Keep all your ideals, Bab. The world is pretty hard and cold at times, but I'll do something to cling to it."

He often wrote somewhat in this vein. Then at times he would ask me to excuse a short letter, saying, "Heaven knows I'm busy, but I had no slightest idea what he meant. That he was busy was all I grasped. That he would tell me the market was scooting upward so fast no one could catch it."

I asked father what he meant, but he hadn't any more idea than I had. He answered: "It is a sort of banking business, I guess."

But as a rule Neil wrote nice, long, satisfactory letters. And in reply I also told him of everything, and would interest him in the sun, moon and stars, and several times I had signed them "with love" as I had loved to do in the past.

Then one day in early spring when the leaves and buds were pushing themselves into a waxy green, I thought I would write him a letter, and I went on, and several times I had signed them "with love" as I had loved to do in the past.

Tomorrow—Neil Tells Barbara of His Love.

A Line of Cheer Each Day of the Year

By John Kendrick Bangs.

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

LIVE CHEERFULLY.

If you'd duty the clouds that loiter Live cheerfully the present hour. And as you run keep up the pace With every atom of such grace As in a cheerful heart and mind— And smiling spirit you may find— No clouds can keep the light of day From him who smiles his tasks away.

Practical Politics.

(Calgary Alberta, Feb. 6.)

Hon. A. C. Mackay says that the way for the west to get the natural resources is for 500 supporters of Sir Robert Borden to go down to Ottawa and read the riot act to him. A sure way would be for the 40 western supporters in the house of commons to read the same riot act in the sanctity of parliament. That would have results.

HOLLWEG IS WILLING TO FACE AN ENQUIRY

Berlin, Feb. 10.—Dr. Theodor Von Bethmann-Hollweg, German imperial chancellor at the outbreak of the war, reiterates his willingness to go before an impartial tribunal for the purpose of accounting for his conduct of the war, Germany's foreign policy, in a communication to The Kreuz Zeitung. The former chancellor's letter makes the condition that both parties submit to a tribunal of arbitration.

WHITE EXPLAINS ALIEN SITUATION

Answers Requests of Veterans' Association for Deportation of Foreigners.

ACTION ALREADY

Government Has Brought Matter Before Canada's Delegates at Versailles.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—The Great War Veterans, thru their Dominion secretary-treasurer, C. G. MacNeil, have brought to the attention of the government a number of resolutions forwarded by branches of that organization, principally in the west, urging the deportation of undesirable aliens. Some of the resolutions are: "The examination into the loyalty of those suspected of enemy sympathies, and the curtailment of certain civil rights of such as may be permitted to remain in the country. To these, Sir Thomas White, acting prime minister, has replied, in part, as follows:—"The resolutions which you have been good enough to send me have been presented to council, and will receive our most attentive consideration. Some of them, while embodying ideas which have our general support and sympathy, would present great practical difficulties in carrying out, and particularly so at the present time. Some of the matters dealt with also, are under our constitution, with provincial rather than Dominion jurisdiction, such as deportation of those dangerous and undesirable being carried out as speedily as international conditions will permit."

Thousands Ready.

"The government has brought to the attention of the prime minister the question of provision of shipping and of passports for those alien residents of Canada, numbering, as he is advised, many thousands, who desire to return to their various countries at their own expense, but who are unable to do so owing to their inability to obtain transportation. We have also requested the prime minister to have the conference specially deliver the stipulations which may be necessary in the peace treaty to enable deportation from Canada for a period after the official conclusion of peace of dangerous or undesirable persons of enemy nationality, and of their admission to the countries of their origin."

"In view of the difficulties and complications surrounding the whole question in a country of mixed nationalities, such as Canada, we feel that we can rely upon the full support and co-operation of the Great War Veterans' Association in aiding, by their influence, the successful solution of the matter of parliamentary legislation needed to effectually deal with some of the problems involved in your under consideration by the government."

Clemenceau Forbids French Ace To Visit United States

Paris, Feb. 10.—Permission for Rene Fonck, the French ace, to go to the United States, was countermanded by direct order of Premier Clemenceau, it was learned today. Fonck is said to have already boarded the liner Touraine at Havre, en route to New York, when the premier took action. No reason was assigned.

Now, when the entire neighborhood begins to talk about a man there must be some reason for it. However, aside from that the fact still remains, that he deliberately and apparently with a great deal of forethought, assaulted a soldier's wife, and nothing has been done about it.

We feel that Col. Denison is too fair a man to allow any such conduct among the men on the force, if he knew. Now, then, the question is, did the board of police commissioners know that this charge was laid, and if so why is the man allowed to remain on the force?

Ida re the Police Investigation

By IDA L. WEBSTER.

Yesterday we sat in at the investigation, which is being conducted at the parliament buildings, in regard to the troubles of the Toronto police force. To say that the affair is one that will clean up the grievances of the men would be stretching the truth too far, because this is not the case.

First and foremost there should be some sort of system. That is, the men should all be heard, and their troubles told by them personally, and after that the commissioners should be given a chance to explain. But as for this stunt of having the evidence put in writing and submitted, the very thing that is being done for words. Sir William Meredith, and the other two gentlemen sitting on the case, should try to remember that the investigation is being conducted for the purpose of giving the policemen an opportunity to air their troubles and to give, behind all shadow of a doubt, that the method of conducting affairs on the force is either fair or not.

Every charge should be laid on the investigation, and right now we are asking innocent or guilty. To do this it will be absolutely necessary for the men to be summoned to the investigation, and to have an opportunity to tell exactly what they know. The men might do well to recall to mind that the government promised them a fair and unbiased trial.

We have just been "regaled" with a story which certainly needs a thorough investigation, and right now we are asking the Great War Veterans to take the case up where we leave off, because in this way there is no doubt but what the men will receive at least justice. But to begin at the beginning.

There is an acting detective attached to the force, who is called for the home of a woman in his neighborhood, knowing at the time, we might mention, that her husband was overseas, and that he had been since the first call. In any case, he called at the house and told this lady that he had returned, and that he was in the neighborhood, and that he wished to talk the matter over with her.

He was half-way in the hall by the time he had gotten that far in his story, and the woman, knowing who he was, invited him into the front room. After a short preliminary talk, he deliberately assaulted her, or perhaps we should say "insulted," whichever might be the official term. Her son, 11 years old, was a witness to this disgusting display of beastliness.

The woman went the next day to the City Hall, and, as is customary, had to repeat her story to two or three dozen people. She landed in the detective department and was questioned by Detective Kennedy, who, we have been given to understand, was anything but gentle with her. However, she eventually got into the deputy chief's office, which position was held by Mr. Archibald at that time.

He listened to her story, and there being nothing so far as the police department or the commission was concerned. Nothing was done to the officer, in fact, he is still plying around doing his "duty" in the precinct. Under the influence of liquor on innumerable occasions, so they tell us. For that matter he called at the home of a person with some trivial complaint about her boy, and at that time he was distinctly smelling of spirits.

Now, when the entire neighborhood begins to talk about a man there must be some reason for it. However, aside from that the fact still remains, that he deliberately and apparently with a great deal of forethought, assaulted a soldier's wife, and nothing has been done about it.

We feel that Col. Denison is too fair a man to allow any such conduct among the men on the force, if he knew. Now, then, the question is, did the board of police commissioners know that this charge was laid, and if so why is the man allowed to remain on the force?

First General Strike IS ENDED AT SEATTLE

Seattle, Feb. 10.—Seattle's general strike, the first of its kind ever attempted in the United States, will end officially at noon tomorrow. Decision to call off the strike was reached at one o'clock today by the general strike committee, composed of delegates from the 130 "locals" on strike since a four-hour strike last week.

The resolution calling off the strike advised all labor unions, which returned to work Sunday or today, to go on strike again until tomorrow noon as a demonstration of the solidarity of labor, so that all would return to work together.

Members of the various unions were confused by this request and it was considered uncertain whether it could be generally observed.

Officials of the Metal Trades Council, 255,000 members of which are still on strike, refused to comment on the effect which in the end the sympathetic strike will have on the status of the strike.

Tacoma Strike Off.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 10.—Following the decision of the Central Labor Council last night, the general strike is off in Tacoma today and members of the unions who went out in the sympathetic strike went back to work at 5 o'clock this morning.

AWARD FLYING CROSSES FOR BRAVERY IN ACTION

London, Feb. 10.—It is officially announced in the Gazette that the King has conferred Distinguished Flying Crosses on the following Canadians in recognition of gallantry in flying operations against the enemy.

Lieut. J. W. Clark, Central Ontario Regiment, who on Oct. 5 carried out a very successful shoot, causing fire and explosion and completely destroying the position. During the shoot he was continually harassed by eight Fokker airplanes. By exhibiting marked courage and skillful shooting he drove down one on fire and dispersed the remainder.

Lieut. K. B. Conn, Third Reserve Battalion, Canadian Expeditionary Force, who on Oct. 18 when raiding enemy troops in retreat, descended to 300 feet, and attacked three companies of infantry with machine gun fire.

Lieut. J. E. Halconquist, 19th Reserve Battalion, Canadian Expeditionary Force, always displayed the finest skill and courage setting a fine example to other pilots.

Lieut. J. M. Mackay, 8th Canadian Battalion, has since April carried out over 130 patrols and has been conspicuous for gallantry and devotion to duty.

Lieut. R. Sutherland, Canadian Local Forces, has done very valuable work in Palestine.

PART OF CREW LANDED.

Turk's Island, B.W.I., Feb. 10.—The captain and seventeen of the crew of the steamer Ellet, having landed at Calcoors, in the ship's boat on the 3rd inst. The captain reports his vessel totally destroyed by fire fifty miles north of San Juan, Porto Rico, on Jan. 30. Another boat with the chief mate and ten men is missing, but it is thought the men are safe. The Ellet was bound to San Juan from Newport News with coal.

PATRONS THROG ATLANTIC CITY

Winter Pleasure Resort Attracts Tired Business Men.

Atlantic City, Feb. 10.—Nature's sunshine and sea air in combination with the man-made Boardwalk make Atlantic City the favored spot of the North in the winter and early spring. Breezes sweeping over the ocean from the sunny southland temper the winter air and make the Boardwalk a place of pleasure and health unrivaled in America.

That year with its important post-war problems of reconstruction gives Atlantic City new importance as a place of rest and recuperation for the workers of the country. Business and professional men barred by lack of time from trips to far southern resorts are bringing their families to Atlantic City with its easy week-end reach, while many women still bused with war work are making trips of shorter or longer duration for the purpose of recuperation combined with pleasure.

Winter does not hamper outdoor sports in Atlantic City. The Boardwalk with its rolling chairs, its big piers and its many amusement places is the centre of attraction, but the beach offers the finest sort of ground for strolling and driving, while elegant highways tempt the motor enthusiasts to trips up and down the coast or to the mainland. Two fine golf courses are in play throughout the winter and spring when all other links of the North are closed. More ardent yachtsmen keep their cruising craft in commission because of the lack of ice in the salt bays and inlets. Big swimming pools and spacious pier dancing floors are among the Boardwalk attractions.

Atlantic City has been highly favored by the federal officials in charge of railroads who recognized the need of rest for the workers of the land. New trains are being added each month to the lines running from New York and points farther north. Sleeping and dining cars and full Pullman services the accorded Atlantic City at this season of year.

Hotels which set the standard for the resort hotels of the world are among the great attractions of Atlantic City in winter as in the summer season. Immense fireproof structures have been reared along the ocean front and fitted with every form of luxury along with the finest service. Smaller houses, proportionately comfortable line the side avenues close to the Boardwalk and also are noted for hotels of their class. All of the big houses and most of the smaller hotels are open and ready for reception of crowds of patrons which will increase from now until the arrival of the Easter throngs.

Atlantic City is in a class by itself as an all-year resort city and is recognized as the most noted winter resort of the United States, if not of the world.

Osgoode Hall News

Appellate Court—First Division. List of cases set down for hearing on Tuesday, Feb. 11, at 11 a.m.: Peel v. Peel. Cole v. Steel Co. of Canada. Hess v. Greenway. Woolings v. Barr. Sproule v. Murray. Cole v. Wabash Railway. Dominion Produce Co. v. Toronto Railway. Judges' chambers will be held at 11 a.m. before Mr. Justice Maclennan.

At the closing session of the Navy League of Canada, which was held in Victoria, B.C., Mrs. A. E. Goddard, president of the I. O. D. E. was elected one of the vice-presidents.

Population, Number of Telephones and Telephone Development as of January, 1918, with rates now in effect, for cities in the United States comparable with Montreal and Toronto

NAME OF PLACE	Population	No. of Telephones	Telephone per 100 of Population	BUSINESS		RESIDENCE	
				Individual	2 Party Line	Individual	2 Party Line
DETROIT, MICH.	900,000	117,020	13.0	†108.00	84.00	†60.00	•
PITTSBURGH, PA.	870,000	95,183	10.9	•	•	•	•
CLEVELAND, OHIO	868,000	93,193	10.7	†108.00	•	†60.00	•
MONTREAL, QUE.	733,000	69,718	9.5	55.00	•	29.00	•
BALTIMORE, MD.	670,000	62,294	9.2	•	•	•	•
CINCINNATI, OHIO	670,000	77,873	12.6	†100.00	•	48.00	30.00
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.	593,000	130,390	22.0	•	•	42.00	36.00
LOS ANGELES, CAL.	572,000	132,629	23.2	†63.00	45.00	†27.00	24.00
JERSEY CITY, N.J.	571,000	31,400	5.5	•	•	†48.00	•
MILWAUKEE, WIS.	529,000	68,526	12.9	†87.00	72.00	†42.00	†33.00
BUFFALO, N.Y.	488,000	53,947	11.1	•	•	†48.00	•
TORONTO, ONT.	482,000	69,538	14.4	50.00	42.00	30.00	24.00
NEWARK, N.J.	459,000	38,593	8.4	•	•	†48.00	•
KANSAS CITY, MO.	450,000	45,208	10.0	60.00	•	36.00	30.00
NEW ORLEANS, LA.	411,000	27,484	6.7	†96.00	•	†48.00	36.00
WASHINGTON, D.C.	405,000	71,445	17.6	•	•	48.00	•
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.	381,000	67,242	17.7	72.00	48.00	30.00	24.00
OAKLAND, CAL.	355,000	52,231	14.3	†84.00	•	36.00	27.00
SEATTLE, WASH.	360,000	60,224	16.7	†90.00	•	36.00	30.00
LOUISVILLE, KY.	331,000	18,376	5.6	†72.00	51.00	†36.00	24.00
PROVIDENCE, R.I.	317,000	39,648	12.5	†80.00	†60.00	†39.00	†33.00
PORTLAND, ORE.	308,000	51,143	16.6	†96.00	60.00	†36.00	27.00

† Measured rates also quoted. • Measured rates only quoted.

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada



Ready-Garme

These dep... equipped for... the best in... We give as... town custo... Easi... on re...

Dressmaking Tailoring

These dep... equipped for... the best in... We give as... town custo... Easi... on re...

Viyella

We show a... stant, who... unshrunk... beautiful... washed... range of... all kinds of... night wear.

JOHN Q

SPARTAN

Soldiers Eichhorn

Zurich, Fe... disorders b... urday even... received h... commanded... Eichhorn a... died Alexand... ment troops... eight person... the big hous... of the Easter... to today.

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Liberal-Co

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THRONIC ANTIC CITY

Resort At Business

10-Nature's sun- combination with

important post- reconstruction gives

JOHN CATTO & SON TORONTO

SPARTAGANS RENEW RIOTS IN BERLIN

Soldiers and Sailors, Under Eichhorn, Occupy the Alexander Platz.

Zurich, Feb. 10.—Grave Spartacan disorders broke out in Berlin on Saturday evening, according to advices

The strike of the official and professional classes at Dusseldorf is ended, the Spartacans having con-

Hall News

First Division. set down for hearings

Co. of Canada. way. array.

session of the Navy. which was held in

HAS MODIFIED EMBARGO ON AMERICAN SHOES

London, Feb. 10.—The British import restriction control board has modified the proposed embargo

Liberal-Conservative North Ontario Meetings

TO COMMAND GREEK ARMY.

EARTHQUAKE IN CUBA

Ready-to-Wear Garments At Greatly Reduced Prices

great stock reduction sale of all our Winter Suits, Coats, Skirts and Serge Dresses.

Dressmaking and Tailoring Depts.

Viyella Flannels

JOHN CATTO & SON TORONTO

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EARTHQUAKE IN CUBA

THE WEATHER

Metropolitan Office, Toronto, Feb. 10.—(8 p.m.)—The weather is mild again

THE BAROMETR.

STREET CAR DELAYS

RATES FOR NOTICES

MARRIAGES.

DEATHS.

MANTON—On Monday, February 10, 1919, at his residence, 35 Hewitt

NOT A MENACE, BUT A NATIONAL ASSET

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—C. C. McNeill, national secretary-treasurer of the

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EARTHQUAKE IN CUBA

PLAYS, PICTURES AND MUSIC

"DARK ROSALEEN."

Whatever be the secret, collaboration, or natural ability, or the blessing of St. Patrick, "Dark Rosaleen" at the

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Southerly winds; becoming milder.

THE BAROMETR.

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EARTHQUAKE IN CUBA

AT THE ROYAL ALEXANDRA.

"She Walked in Her Sleep" a farce in three acts by Mark Swan, at the Royal Alexandra, is guaranteed to

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Southerly winds; becoming milder.

THE BAROMETR.

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EARTHQUAKE IN CUBA

"SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE"

"Seven Days' Leave" with all the realism of war imported to its military scenes, is enjoying a second week

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Southerly winds; becoming milder.

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STREET CAR DELAYS

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EARTHQUAKE IN CUBA

Amusements.

STRAND TODAY

THE ROMANCE OF TARZAN

"DON'T CHANGE YOUR HUSBAND"

MADISON BLOOR AT NAZIMOVA

MIDDLETON

MASSEY HALL TONIGHT

PIANO RECITAL PAUL WELLS

Florida Hotels.

DAYTONA, FLA. HOTEL PALMETTO

Passenger Traffic.

WE BUY AND SELL AMERICAN CURRENCY

A. F. WEBSTER & SON

TENTS

THE D. PIKE CO., LIMITED

AT THE ALLEN.

"Don't Change Your Husband," the DeMille picture at the Allen Theatre,

THE STORY CONCERNING THE PORTERS, James and Lelia, James is a successful

I.W.W. AGITATORS ON WAY TO DEPORTATION

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Fifty-four members of the Industrial Workers of the

Amusements.

ALEXANDRA—TONIGHT

Pop. Mat. Wed. Best Seats, \$1.00. GEORGE BROADHURST PRESENTS

THE LAUGHING "She Walked in Her Sleep" BY MARK SWAN

NEXT WEEK—SEATS THURS. HENRY "SQUIDGULUM" LEWIS

PRINCESS THIS MAT. TOMORROW DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS

DARK CHARMINGLY UNUSUAL AND UNUSUALLY CHARMING. AN IRISH COMEDY ROSALEEN

NEXT WEEK—SEATS THURS. CHARLES FROGMAN PRESENTS

CYRIL MAUDE In C. Haddon Chambers' New Comedy

GRAND OPERA MATINEES HOUSE WED. & SAT. EVEN., 2:30 to 1:00. Mats., 2:30 and 5:00.

LAST WEEK 7 DAYS LEAVE Latest Hawaiian Dramatic Success

A NIGHT IN HONOLULU

LOEWIS All Week—Prices, 15 and 25 Cents.

SHEA'S ALL WEEK

PHYLLIS NELSON-TERRY HENRY "SQUIDGULUM" LEWIS

REGAY AND SHEEHAN. Beeman and Anderson; Lillian Marlyn and

HIPPODROME ALL WEEK

THE GREAT WM. FOX STAR

THE "SHE DEVIL" Harry Thorne & Co.; Grindell and Esther; Ray and Pagan; Norton and Noble; Maude Ryan and Charles

THE PETTICOAT MINSTRELS.

GAYETY TWICE TO-DAY

BOWERY BURLESQUERS

With BILLY FOSTER FRANK HARCOURT

STAR DAILY BURLESQUE

THE PACE MAKERS

Amateur Night Thursday.

NEXT WEEK—THE RECORD BREAKERS

ARENA PRO. HOCKEY TONIGHT

CANADIENS v. ARENAS

NAT GOODWIN LEFT ONLY ESTATE OF \$6000

New York, Feb. 10.—Nat Goodwin, who died recently after a long and

well-known singer dead.

New York, Feb. 10.—Mrs. T. Waldo Story, widely known in America and

MIDDLETON HAS FINE REPERTOIRE.

Arthur Middleton, who sings tonight with the Y.M.C.A. Orchestra, has a

remarkable repertoire. Mr. Middleton sings more than 50 oratorios from

memory. He has appeared 200 times in the "Messiah" and 150 times in

"Elijah." His voice is of excellent sympathetic quality and he has the

range of almost a tenor-baritone. He will probably sing, among other

numbers, the famous "Aria, Arm, Ye Brave" from "Judith Hecabebus." No

Toronto music lover should miss this

treat, as Middleton's voice is one such as is rarely heard in Toronto.

Soan's Liniment Kills Pain 20c, 50c, \$1.20

DON'T NEGLECT A RHEUMATIC PAIN Go after it with Sloan's Liniment before it gets dangerous

NAZIMOVA AT MADISON. Nazimova, in the latest of her own

"LITTLE MISS HOOVER." Dainty Marguerite Clark in film

"PACEMAKERS" AT STAR. Record breaking in the singing and

"ROMANCE OF TARZAN." The popular picture, "The Romance of

"SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE" Major Terence Fielding, home on

"DARK ROSALEEN." Whatever be the secret, collaboration,

FREDERICK THE GREAT CAPTURES THE FEATURE

Monday at New Orleans—C. Robinson Up on Three Winners.

New Orleans, Feb. 10.—Today's results were as follows: FIRST RACE—Two-year-old maidens, 1 mile, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 5/8 furlongs: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

FOURTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

SEVENTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

EIGHTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

NINTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

TENTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

ELEVENTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths: 1, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

The World's Selections BY CENTAUR.

—New Orleans— FIRST RACE—Lady Mount Joy, Lady Patand, Blue Jean.

SECOND RACE—Basphe, I Win, Brightstar. THIRD RACE—Clarice Ruth, Notate, Espano.

FOURTH RACE—Kirby Entry, Korbbay, W. W. Hastings. FIFTH RACE—Brownie McDowell, Lehan Sands, Lord Herbert.

SIXTH RACE—Sazonara, Paula V. Margery. SEVENTH RACE—Foxy Griff, W. H. Buckner, Kebo.

AT NEW ORLEANS. New Orleans, Feb. 10.—Entries for Tuesday are: FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds, claiming, purse \$500, 3/8 furlongs.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile. THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile.

FOURTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile and seven-eighths.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

SEVENTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

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NINTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

ANNIVERSARY OF FAMOUS FIGHT BETWEEN MITCHELL AND CORBETT

Tho There Was Bitter Feeling Between Men It Was Not Until Battle When the Little Englishman Was Beaten by a Much Bigger Man.

Just a quarter of a century ago James J. Corbett, then the king of the heavyweights, fought a historic three-round battle with Charlie Mitchell in a barnlike arena at Jacksonville, Fla.

Corbett knocked out the contender for the title in the third session of one of the most exciting, even if one of the shortest, championship fights in the history of the prize ring.

Mr. Bowdler and associates did not get away with the battle without a lot of trouble. Governor Mitchell of Florida opposed the holding of the fight.

It was not a brutal fight in the general term of the word. Corbett won by clearly knocking Mitchell out of the ring in the third round.

It was a strange knockout—not such a one as that of the late Max Baer at New Orleans, but a gradual falling of all of Mitchell's physical faculties.

When time was called for the third round, the excitement somewhat simmered down, but the crowd was still big.

As the men straightened up, the marked difference in size became apparent. Corbett fairly towered over his opponent.

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When the men at ringside saw the blow, they were all on their feet, and the shouting, which had been deafening before, now made a pandemonium.

Corbett was again the aggressor, he swung his right, but missed, and a clinch followed. Mitchell hit again with his left, but it was neatly countered.

Corbett rushed him to the ropes, landing a volley of blows, and Mitchell's face was covered with blood when the round ended.

Corbett was again the aggressor, he swung his right, but missed, and a clinch followed. Mitchell hit again with his left, but it was neatly countered.

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DO NOT FORGET LILLE AND BELGIUM

French Socialist at Berne Rebuked Germans for Demand Prisoners Be Returned.

Berne, Feb. 10.—Pierre Renaudel, a French delegate to the international Socialist conference, rebuked the German majority Socialist delegates for their demand that German prisoners be returned by the allies.

"You continue to insult the allies," he declared, "by pretending that French militarism is retaining the German prisoners. You forget the deportations from Lille and from Belgium.

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EXPECT STIFFER PENALTY FOR M.S.A. ABSENTEES

Quebec, Feb. 10.—A radical change in the proceedings against absentees under the Military Service Act is to be made today in the police court.

Under the new regulations, absentees will first be summoned before the police court, where they will be given a chance to explain their absence.

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FIFTEEN THOUSAND HAUL FROM TROOPS

This Total of Dollars Stolen in Month From Quebec Soldiers.

Quebec, Feb. 10.—It is all very well to say the soldiers should not take liquor, but if the authorities here permit boot-legging to continue openly, I don't know where this thing is going to end.

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for League

RACES IN NEXT FALL Predicts the Return of the Thoroughbred everywhere.

With the wave of the red flag in the horse world, the return of the thoroughbred to the track is being predicted everywhere.

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BOWLING AT BROADVIEW.

The Broadview Y. Business Men's League completed another successful season at the Broadview bowling club.

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AT HAVANA.

Havana, Cuba, Feb. 10.—Entries for Tuesday's races are: FIRST RACE—Three-year-old maidens, 1 mile, 116 (Simpson), 3 to 5, 1 to 4 and out.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile. THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile.

FOURTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, 1/2 mile and seven-eighths.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

SEVENTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

EIGHTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$500, one mile and seven-eighths.

TY COBB TALKS AGAINST BASEBALL AS A CALLING FOR HIS TWO SONS

Detroit, Feb. 10.—Tyrus R. Cobb has two sons who are about to become ball players.

He would not have either become a ball player if he knew in advance that each would achieve lasting fame in the national game.

"I have some very definite plans laid out for my youngsters," says Cobb. "First of all, I want them to get into a school where hard work will be the law."

"I realize, right now, that there is danger of these boys of mine becoming snobbish. I do not want to appear gossamer, but I have succeeded as a ball player; I insist that my youngsters do not capitalize because of it."

CENTRAL LAWN BOWLERS Beat W.E. at Fivepins

The lawn bowlers of the Central Y. M. C. A. Fivepin League met and defeated the W.E. team by a score of 2-1.

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ENGLISH BILLIARDS

A. Cook, city champion, and Chas. Grimshaw, Canadian champion, continued their match of English billiards last night at the Engineers' Club.

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MAY DECLINE THE POST OF AMBASSADOR TO U. S.

Paris, Feb. 10.—Lord Robert Cecil, British representative of the league of nations commission, is still considering the question whether he will accept the appointment as British ambassador to Washington.

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Don't Leave Italy Unaided, Is Advice of Mrs. H. Wynne

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 10.—Mrs. H. Wynne, "the most decorated woman in Europe," is returning to the United States aboard the Carmania.

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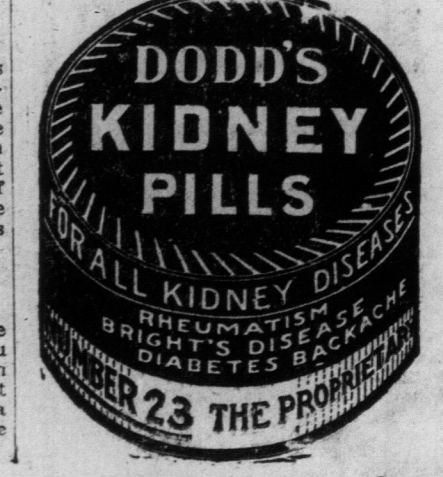
SUPER WHITE

Whoever figured out Eddie Wallace on Bull of Toronto in opponent for Frankie up on the military card at Massey Hall.

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DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. BLEMISHED BY THE PRO... FAST SERVICE RESUMED. Biele, Feb. 10.—The French and the German-Austrian governments, thru their representatives, have reached an agreement for the resumption of fast train service between Paris, Vienna and Bucharest.

FIVE CENT BREAD IS NOW PREDICTED

Big Bakers Make Still Further Reductions in Price.

GROCCERS COMPLAINING

Say Profit is Too Small, and Propose to Increase It.

Bread is down again and is now selling at eight cents. It would not be surprising if there was a further cut. Five-cent bread is even predicted.

"It will drop still lower before the fight among the big firms is over," said the manager of one of the largest baking establishments to The World yesterday, "and the public may yet buy their bread at six cents or even as low as five cents a loaf before the end of the week."

"It is not a question of cheap flour, because there is no reduction in the price, and everyone is losing money at the present time," said W. H. Small of Small's Limited, bakers and confectioners. "Bread at 11 cents gave us but a small margin of profit and the standard price at Montreal is 13 cents today," he added.

"The public," said another baker, "will benefit while the price-cutting lasts, but will pay up for it afterwards. Many small firms cannot compete and will go out of business if this trade war lasts for any length of time. Some small firms have already closed down temporarily. They cannot meet the cut."

The general opinion of Jewish bakers was expressed by a merchant on Centre avenue, who stated that the market among the Jews was regulated by that among the Gentiles, and that a reduction in the price by the latter might quickly be followed by reductions in the price of the brown Jewish article.

A month ago Jewish black bread sold at 20 cents the loaf; today the same loaf in many stores in the Ward is selling at 15 cents, and in outside districts 13 cents. The price is expected to drop to 14 cents and 15 cents.

Grocers Are Worried. That bread as well as any other commodity sold by the retail grocer should bear its full share of overhead expense, was the opinion of the grocers' section of the Retail Merchants' Association, which held a special meeting last night. It was decided that a committee be appointed to investigate the bread question and report upon the offer made by a well-known local baker, who offered to manufacture bread and sell to the retail grocer only.

It was maintained that the grocer now invested nearly three times as much cash as he did before, yet his profits on bread were still the same. The amount placed by the grocers as bread's share in the upkeep of the establishment was 20 per cent. added to the retail price of each large loaf, but this will remain in abeyance till the report of the committee is rendered.

The grocers stated that they are used by the manufacturers as errand boys to distribute bread. Delivery is the most expensive item in the manufacture, and by this way the manufacturer and by this way the manufacturer, as one prominent member of the association put it last night.

May Be Still Lower. "The price of bread tomorrow will be 8 cents a loaf, or 13 for \$1.00," said Mark Bredin, of the Canada Bread Company yesterday, "and it all depends on circumstances whether the price will remain at this figure or come down lower. We are revising our prices every day. The cost of bread at Montreal is 11 and 12 cents a loaf and the actual cost of bread per pound of 16 ounces is 6 3/4 cents, which makes the cost of a loaf weighing 1 1/2 pounds 10.125 cents exclusive of delivery and other charges. This is the sworn statement as to cost which has been forwarded to the Cost of Living Commissioner," said Mr. Bredin.

DEAD INFANT FOUND AFLOAT IN SUITCASE

The dead body of a young baby boy was found floating in a "telescope" suitcase in the lake at the foot of Sirachan avenue at 2:30 yesterday afternoon. On opening the suitcase the police found the baby rolled in linen. It had been fully dressed, and had two woolen slippers rolled around it.

The police are of the opinion that the baby had lived for one week. An examination of the infant's clothing was made by plainclothesmen from Claremont street division at the morgue last night, in hopes of finding a clue which would lead them to locate the person or persons responsible for the abandoning of the child.

ALLEGED PICKPOCKETS.

Four young boys were arrested in a East Queen street poolroom last night by Policemen Annis and Neil, charged with picking pockets. George Coulter, 123 Curzon street, is alleged to have snatched a purse from Mrs. Jessie Hill, 193 Grace street, in front of a downtown store yesterday afternoon. The purse contained \$15 in cash.

When Mrs. Ross missed her purse she screamed, and Policemen Nevins saw four boys running in the direction of Queen street. Nevins gave chase, and at Queen street Policemen Annis joined him in the chase. The boys ran into a poolroom, where they were captured. The other three boys held are: Neil McGuire, 4 Wellesey Cottage; William Oppenbush, 45 Princess street, and Albert Crocken, 133 East King street.

HOWARD I. O. D. E. Reports presented at the annual meeting of the John G. Howard Chapter, I. O. D. E., showed that \$905 had been raised for war purposes, over 1500 articles made for the Red Cross, and 170 pairs of socks knitted. The officers elected for the coming year are: Regent, Mrs. W. H. Marrow; first vice-regent, Mrs. J. S. Howard; second vice-regent, Mrs. Alex. L. Johnston; secretary, Mrs. F. W. Hudson; treasurer, Mrs. Wilson Armitage; standard bearer, Mrs. J. S. Howard; national secretary, Mrs. Gasky; Echoes secretary, Mrs. Henderson.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Notices of future events, not intended to raise money, 20 per word, minimum 50c; held to raise money solely for Patriotic, Church or Charitable purpose, 10 per word, minimum \$1.00; if held to raise money for any other than these purposes, 50 per word, minimum \$1.50.

THE HOLY NAME SOCIETY of the Holy Family Parish will hold a euchre and bridge on Feb. 11, in the Parkdale Assembly Hall, No. 2 Lansdowne avenue. Several valuable prizes will be given. Refreshments will be served. Cards at 8:15 p.m. Orchestra in attendance. Proceeds to be used in carrying on work of society.

UNITED WOMEN VOTERS. Regular meeting, Tuesday, 11th, 8 p.m., C.W. C.A., 21 McGill Street. Address, "Educational Test for Voting," by Mrs. Howard Gray.

UNIVERSITY ORGAN RECITAL—Free concert, Tuesday, 11th, 8 p.m., University organist, Convocation Hall, Tuesday, 11th February, at 8 p.m.

CAPTAIN FISHER GIVES EVIDENCE

Carried Surplus Army Pay in Pockets or Haversack.

Because there was enough evidence to warrant it, Magistrate Kingsford yesterday committed J. S. Tomenson, of Tomenson, Forwood Co., and Beverly Browne for trial, while the case of Henry F. Codd was enlarged for one week.

These men are charged with receiving money knowing it to have been stolen by Capt. F. C. Fisher, who is at present serving four years in the penitentiary for the thefts of money from His Majesty's government. When the case was resumed this afternoon, Capt. Fisher was recalled to give additional evidence and T. R. Ferguson took up the cross examination.

In answer to a question, witness stated that he had never deposited any of the money he drew from the company in a bank, but had always carried it about with him in his pocket or his haversack. He admitted that there was sometimes more than his immediate needs demanded. Not very often the money received from the Tomenson, Forwood Co. was paid back to them as margins, stated the witness.

"It did occur" on occasions that money you had in your office that had been paid back to you by Tomenson, Forwood would be paid back to them as margins?"

"Yes, that is so." "How many times would that occur?"

"Not very often." "You would receive your money by requisitions on Col. Forbes?"

"Yes." "These requisitions should be in evidence?"

"Yes." Mr. Ferguson then called for the production of all requisitions. "Did you have a pay roll?"— "I did."

"When you put your requisition with your pay list then you got your money?"

Sometimes More. "I would requisition enough money to cover my payments, sometimes more than was required. I didn't send in a pay list."

"You would often ask for more than you required?"

"I often did." "Who would requisition go to?"

Witness said that the custom was to put in requisition on Col. Forbes, with the pay list for inspection. The requisition often asked for more ready cash than was needed and would be sent to Col. Forbes in the care of a pay sergeant. The pay sergeant made out the requisition at witness' request, and altho he might be suspicious he would never say anything about it, said the witness. "I was his superior officer."

Insurance Claims Continue to Reach Finance Commissioner

Claims for insurance from dependents of soldiers who have lost their lives as a result of the war, continue to reach the office of the finance commissioner. Altho active hostilities have ceased, a considerable number of men have died as a result of influenza. These claims have been coming in at about the rate of four or five a day.

The total number of claims since the war started is now 4287, involving an expenditure of \$4,287,000.

DANGEROUS COAL.

Overcome by fumes from a small coal stove, Arthur Gurnett, 135 Montrose avenue, was found unconscious at 6 o'clock last evening in a house at 494 Ossington avenue. The police say that Gurnett was doing some repair work in the house and in order to keep warm he had lighted the stove. The fumes from the soft coal which he was burning were so strong that he became unconscious.

A woman passing on the street informed Policeman Mitchell that she had seen smoke coming thru a crack in the door. On entering the premises, Mitchell found Gurnett. The officer carried the unconscious man to the street, and after working on him for some time brought him around and Gurnett was able to go to his home.

EATS DIRT MADE IN CANADA

GILLETTS' LYE

SOCIETY

Conducted by Mrs. Edmund Phillips.

General McLaughlin, Washington, is the guest of His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire, at Government House, Ottawa.

The Hon. Sir Joseph Pope, under secretary of state, has left for Vancouver to meet General Paul Pan, and the members of the French mission, and conduct them to Ottawa. He was accompanied by Mr. Eugene Paradis.

Under the auspices of the musical committee of the Women's Association, Miss Aline Van Barentzen gave a piano recital last night in the Masonic Hall, Yonge street, when she looked very handsome in rose georgette crepe, the skirt in vandyked lounces, a satin grille of the same shade and the corsage trimmed with silver beading. The committee presented her with a large bouquet of single pink roses, daffodils, marigolds, jonquils, mignonette and willow buds, tied with a wide yellow satin sash.

Lady Hendrie and Miss Hendrie were present and the members of the musical committee at the concert were: Mrs. A. W. Austin, Mrs. Melville White, Mrs. Alfred Cameron, Mrs. Dignan, Mrs. W. C. Forsyth, Mrs. E. M. Fletcher, Mrs. Marjory Forsyth, Mrs. Gerhard Heintzman, Mrs. Albert King, Mrs. J. J. F. Harrison, Mrs. Chas. Hirschfelder, Mrs. Lena Houston, Mrs. Frederick Mercer, Miss Marie Strong, Mrs. Von Kunitz, Mrs. R. S. Williams, Mrs. E. S. Waldman, Mrs. H. M. Wetherald. Those assisting were: Mrs. Melville White, Miss Taylor, Mrs. Rose Anderson, Mrs. Helen Smith, Mrs. Lena Murray, Miss Jean Hanna, Miss Margaret Laird, Miss Mildred Morse, Miss Helga Gregory, Miss Muriel Campbell, Miss Hope Morgan, Miss Margaret McMaster, Miss Elsie McPherson, Miss Aletia Von Kunitz, Miss Edna Murphy, Miss Marion Matthews, Miss Margaret Fried, Miss Hazel Campbell, Miss Cornelia Heintzman, Miss Yvonne Cassidy, Miss Marjory Forsyth.

Others included Miss Phillips, Mrs. J. M. MacKenzie, Mrs. C. E. Ery, Mrs. Ellis, Mrs. F. J. F. James, S. Scarth, Mrs. A. E. Gooderham, Mrs. Gooderham, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert King, Mr. Hugh Dignam, Mr. Melville White, Mrs. Van der Linde, Mrs. Deeble, Mrs. Ritchie, the Misses Ritchie, Miss Baehope, Dr. and Mrs. Norman Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Tomlin, Mr. and Mrs. Bascom, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Miller, Mr. James Crowther, Mrs. Stowe, Dr. Stowe Gullen, Mrs. G. Howard Ferguson, Mrs. Ferguson Burke, Mrs. George Shaw, Mrs. William Chadwick, Dr. and Mrs. Walker, Mrs. George Ross, Mrs. Courtenay, Miss Walbridge, Mrs. W. J. Elliott, Miss Nora Cooke, Mr. Alfred Bruce, Mrs. L. A. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth, Mrs. Jarvis, Mr. and Mrs. Tindall, Mr. Claude Fox, Mrs. Gody, Mrs. D. B. Hanna, Mrs. Harry Beatty, Miss FitzGibbon, Mrs. MacMahon, Miss Hoyle, Mrs. E. St. G. Baldwin, Mrs. Frank Mackintosh, Mrs. Agnes Dunlop, Mr. Frederick Mercer, Mrs. Grayson Smith, Mrs. Haynes, Lady Moss, Mrs. Miller Leah, Mrs. Blight, Mrs. Victor Gardner, Mrs. Arthur, Mrs. Sidney Greene, Mrs. Mulock Boulton, Miss Josephine Brouse, Mr. Fane Sewell, Mr. Graham Thompson, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Robert Cory, Miss Cayley, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Horace Eaton, Dr. Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Howard, Mr. H. Davie, Dr. and Mrs. Hendricks, Mr. Peter Kennedy, Dr. McMillan, Mrs. Marks, Mrs. W. E. H. Massey, Mrs. Tovell, Mrs. C. E. Burden, Miss Bayliss, Mr. and Mrs. John Laing, Miss Adele Austin, Mr. O'Flynn, Mrs. Shirley Denison, Mrs. McWhinney, Mrs. Dimmock, Mr. and Mrs. F. Smith, Mrs. Tower Ferguson, Mrs. Pepler, Dr. and Mrs. Vogt, Mrs. Oliver Macklem, Mr. Macklem, Dr. and Mrs. Pringle.

Mr. Maxwell, of a town from Guelph, and is spending a few days with Captain and Mrs. Ruggles George, Madison avenue.

General Sir Hugh Hughes was in town yesterday at the King Edward over night, on his way to Ottawa, from Chatham.

The marriage took place recently in Belfast, Ireland, of Mr. Barry Bonycastle Hayes, lieutenant, R.N.V.R., son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Barry Hayes, of Toronto, and Barbara, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pakenham Erskine, Jordanstown, Co. Antrim.

Mr. Stephen Adams, the well-known and popular song writer, is at the King Edward from England.

The engagement is announced in England of Elizabeth Asquith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Asquith, to Prince Antoine Bibesco, of the Rumanian legation.

Miss Fingert-Terry, who is playing at Shea's this week, is staying with Mrs. W. S. Hodgens, Russell Hill road, while in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph King are leaving shortly for Florida.

Hon. Wallace Nesbitt and Mrs. Nesbitt have returned from Ottawa and will leave at the end of the week for Aiken, South Carolina.

Mr. Dwight Turner is at the Prince George from Midland, Ont.

Mr. David Belasco is at the King Edward from New York.

Miss Edith Schellgrove, Carlton street, gave a small bridge party yesterday afternoon of four tables.

Mrs. Samuel J. Radcliffe, who has recently arrived in town from London, Ont., received yesterday afternoon, for the first time, at her house in Binscarth road, when she was wearing a French gown of black, embroidered in green. Mrs. Scholtz assisted in the drawing-room, in a grey embroidered gown. Mrs. J. Spence poured out tea at a table covered with Russian lace and centred with an antique silver cierge filled with spring flowers.

The assistants were: Mrs. Butcher, Miss Mara, Miss Hewton and Miss Ann Jeffrey of Stratford.

Capt. and Mrs. A. Beresford Mortimer have arrived in Toronto from Ireland, and have taken a house at 72 De Lisle avenue for a short time.

Mrs. Hamilton Burns and Mrs. Eason are giving bridge parties this week.

Miss Gertrude Brock and Miss Lacroix are going to Atlantic City.

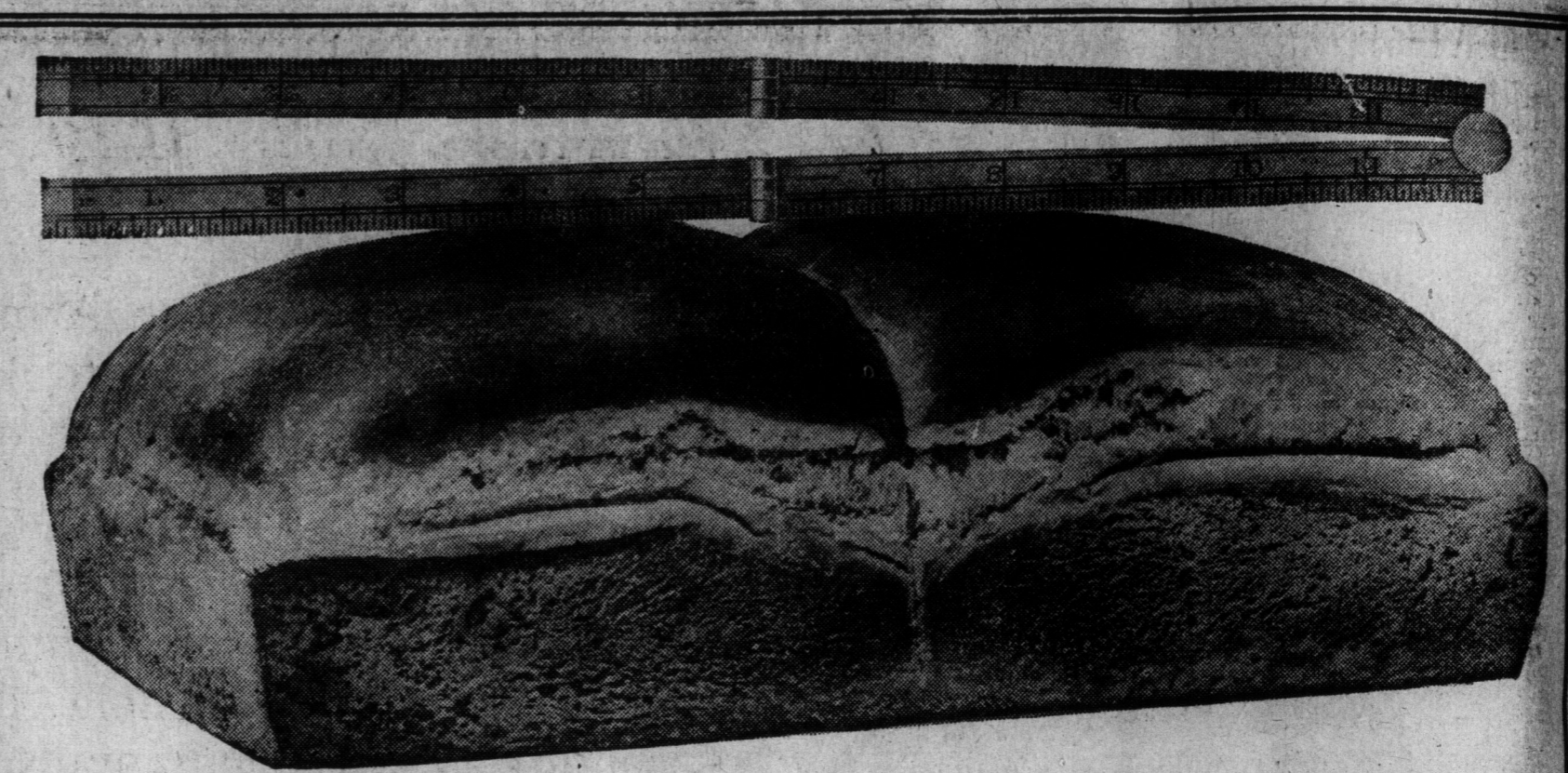
Deputy Minister H. H. Fisher has returned to town from New York.

Miss Snow is giving a small dance tonight.

The marriage took place at Farmville, England, last month, of Mr. Teare Macabe C.A.M.C., son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Macabe, Toronto, to Douglas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wooler, Cattshall Manor, Godalming.

SERBIAN BLANKET SHOWER.

In reporting the shower recently held for those in destitute Serbia, the Queen Mary's Needlework Guild in Ontario, the Ontario socks committee and the University Hospital Supply Association, endorsed by the Serbian Relief Branch in Toronto, desire to express a very deep appreciation of the generous giving of the people of this province, with warm thanks to the Women's Patriotic League, 38 West King street, for adequate space in which to pack and forward the shipments, which consisted of clothing, blankets and soap numbering 32,849 articles, valued at \$122,759. All these articles were unusually large and included a generous number of blankets, quilts and soap numbering 32,849 articles in excellent condition. The money received to supplement blankets, etc., amounted to \$5,098.



"I always said I would give the public more and better bread for their money than any other baker---and I keep my word." ---George Lawrence.

Once More the Price of Bread Goes Down

LAWRENCE'S BREAD

8 Cents for 24-Ounce Loaf (Pound-and-a-Half)

14 TICKETS FOR \$1

This is a real bargain. Every loaf is full quality. You could not get better bread for 12 cents a loaf. Write, phone, call or stop the wagon.

BUY TICKETS AND SAVE MONEY

TELEPHONE College 321 College 137

The wagons call on almost every street in the city. They pass your house. Signal and the driver will stop and supply you.

OR ELSE USE THE PHONE

If you try my bread you will honestly say: "It's the best bread in Toronto." 14 tickets for one dollar is like picking up money. Order today.

GEORGE LAWRENCE, Baker

21-31 Carr St., Cor. Denison Ave.

RED CROSS WORK. In reply to the question, "What is the Canadian Red Cross doing now?" it should be of interest to learn that a recent shipment sent overseas in response to a cable request from the chief commissioner, included 95,000 pairs socks, 20,000 sets pyjamas, 15,000 personal property bags, 10,000 towels, 900 sheets, 3500 shirts and other articles in like quantity. There was also shipped in the month of January, 1365 cases of supplies for Siberia. Five cartons of fruit were sent to England, and two cartons of fruit for use in other Canadian military hospitals.

CORN BU... EXP... Decrease in... ply Tot... Bulli... Chicago, Fe... porters were... to bring about... here. The ma... 1.4 net high... 1.127-8, and... Oats finished... provisions at... to \$1. Nearly deli... the most stre... that exports 2... week amounte... comred with... previous. Pre... bushels to... nounced. Notice was... of 150,000 b... States visble... altho receipts... than has been... were of far... year. Concur... mens, there... drial of sell... depressed the... part of the da... was ascribed... for shelving... parent abano... Oats merely... corn. All provisio... maximum lim... huge scale, and... quotations on... MONTREAL Montreal, Fe... the country... of the volume... car lots of N... the close of... at 78c extra... lead at 75c; N... No. 2 white a... 88c per bush... the flour sid... There costin... max for mos... cal and count... amount of bus... ed car lots... The market... prices are us... the tone of... firm. ---Extra... Buckwheat... \$11.25 to \$11.3... minimum for... Bran, 137.25... 100. ---No. 2... Cheese---Flu... Butter---Choi... Eggs---Select... Potatoes---P... dressed---Ho... 1.25 per bu... 25c.

LIVE STOCK MARKET

With about 4500 cattle on the Union Stock Yards Exchange yesterday, there was a good demand for good cattle...

another load of heifers, 900 lbs. for Walter Brown, Chesley, at \$13. The H. P. Kennedy, Limited, bought all these high priced cattle...

California Cauliflower and Celery. Fancy Florida Head Lettuce, Peppers, Mushrooms, Cucumbers. CHAS. S. SIMPSON, 68-70 Colborne St.

CAR ISLE OF PINES GRAPEFRUIT. ORANGES, APPLES, ONTARIO POTATOES AND ALL VARIETIES OF VEGETABLES. DAWSON-ELLIOTT, MARKET AND COLBORNE STS.

WANTED SEED OATS. Send samples, car lots—Bonus paid. GRAIN AND SEEDS. HOGG & LYTLE, L. M. Ltd.

FRESH GAINS MADE BY MINING STOCKS. West Dome, Dome Lake, Hollinger and Crown Reserve Are Prominent.

NICKEL'S EARNINGS FOR NINE MONTHS. For the nine months ended Dec. 31, 1918, International Nickel Co. reports surplus after charges, war taxes and preferred dividends of \$4,671,331.

WASASKIA HELD AT THE FIRM LEVEL. Wasaskia held at the firm level of 42 1/2. A good deal of the buying yesterday came from the Sudbury district.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK. Chicago, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 29,000; choice steers, steady; others and butcher cattle big, 25c lower.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK. East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 2500; choice steers, steady; others and butcher cattle big, 25c lower.

WHOLESALE FRUITS AND VEGETABLES. Receipts were light, and prices practically stationary in wholesale fruit and vegetable markets yesterday.

Canada found herself during the great war. Though new to their grim task, our soldiers tried to shreds the carefully-woven garment of German domination.

A few days ago a prominent member of the Hydro-Electric Commission stated in a newspaper interview that in five years Northern Ontario would be producing \$200,000,000 annually in gold and silver.

We have the gold and the silver and the question is, can we raise an industrial army of 75,000 men, or about 20 per cent. of our contribution to the world war?

It will mean an appreciation in the value of mining shares and mining properties beyond our fondest hopes.

\$200,000,000 per year! Well, it is some money, and it will be no child's play to wrest this annual increment from the bosom of Mother Earth.

There is one important factor favoring this great advance. We are learning the business, and metallurgy stands by itself. There will be less mismanagement and waste of money in the future.

We put \$1,400,000,000 into the war. Much less than that will develop our wonderful metal-bearing areas. And every dollar carefully invested is certain of a handsome return.

If you have bought Hollinger shares at \$3.50 in 1911 you would by January, 1916, have received \$7.15, or over 200 per cent. in dividends, and on the consolidation you would have obtained four shares for one, and these four shares are now worth \$25.

In considering a purchase of shares in the Sovereign Porcupine Gold Mines at 25 cents, remember that when this issue of 100,000 shares is absorbed the company will have the proceeds in its treasury. It will also have 60% of the total capitalization still available for raising funds for further development.

For Maps and Other Particulars Write F. C. SUTHERLAND & CO. Members Standard Stock Exchange. Phone Main 6204—Dinnick Building, Toronto.

ANOTHER BIG DECREASE IN U. S. STEEL ORDERS. New York, Feb. 10.—Unfiled orders of the U. S. Steel Corporation January 31 were 6,884,268 tons, according to the Corporation's monthly statement issued today.

ON NEW YORK CURB. H. B. Willis received the following wire at the close of the New York Curb market yesterday: The principal activity in the oil division was contributed by Crown Petroleum.

PLAN. TENDER. ITEM N. ITEM M. ITEM O. ITEM P. ITEM Q. ITEM R. ITEM S. ITEM T. ITEM U. ITEM V. ITEM W. ITEM X. ITEM Y. ITEM Z.

McDONALD AND HALLIGAN. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION DEALERS—TORONTO, ONT. Prompt, Efficient. Office Phone: Junct. 1479. We Solicit Your Trade.

SHIP YOUR LIVE STOCK IN YOUR OWN NAME. RICE & WHALEY, LIMITED. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS. UNION STOCK YARDS—TORONTO, ONT.

JOSEPH ATWELL & SON. LIVE STOCK DEALERS. Stockers and Feeders bought and shipped on order for any point in Ontario and the United States.

J. B. SHIELDS & SON, LIVE STOCK COMMISSION DEALERS. UNION STOCK YARDS, TORONTO, ONT. Prompt returns. Ship stock in your own name, in our care.

CONSIGN YOUR LIVE STOCK TO THE CORBETT, HALL, COUGHLIN CO. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION DEALERS. UNION STOCK YARDS—TORONTO, ONT.

CONSIGN YOUR LIVE STOCK TO SPARKHALL & ARMSTRONG. LIVE STOCK DEALERS. UNION STOCK YARDS, TORONTO, ONT.

QUINN & HISEY. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION DEALERS. PROMPT ATTENTION. QUICK RETURNS. Standard Bank, Market Branch.

SHIP YOUR LIVE STOCK TO C. ZEAGMAN & SONS. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS. UNION STOCK YARDS, TORONTO, ONT.

WESLEY DUNN. Established 1883. WM. B. LEVACK. Phone Junction 3385. Phone Junction 1812. DUNN & LEVACK. Live Stock Commission Dealers in Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, Calves and Hogs.

H. P. KENNEDY, LIMITED. LIVE STOCK DEALERS, UNION STOCK YARDS. Thoroughly competent staff. Consignments solicited.

WANTED SEED OATS. Send samples, car lots—Bonus paid. GRAIN AND SEEDS. HOGG & LYTLE, L. M. Ltd.

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It will mean an appreciation in the value of mining shares and mining properties beyond our fondest hopes.

\$200,000,000 per year! Well, it is some money, and it will be no child's play to wrest this annual increment from the bosom of Mother Earth.

There is one important factor favoring this great advance. We are learning the business, and metallurgy stands by itself. There will be less mismanagement and waste of money in the future.

We put \$1,400,000,000 into the war. Much less than that will develop our wonderful metal-bearing areas. And every dollar carefully invested is certain of a handsome return.

If you have bought Hollinger shares at \$3.50 in 1911 you would by January, 1916, have received \$7.15, or over 200 per cent. in dividends, and on the consolidation you would have obtained four shares for one, and these four shares are now worth \$25.

In considering a purchase of shares in the Sovereign Porcupine Gold Mines at 25 cents, remember that when this issue of 100,000 shares is absorbed the company will have the proceeds in its treasury. It will also have 60% of the total capitalization still available for raising funds for further development.

For Maps and Other Particulars Write F. C. SUTHERLAND & CO. Members Standard Stock Exchange. Phone Main 6204—Dinnick Building, Toronto.

ANOTHER BIG DECREASE IN U. S. STEEL ORDERS. New York, Feb. 10.—Unfiled orders of the U. S. Steel Corporation January 31 were 6,884,268 tons, according to the Corporation's monthly statement issued today.

ON NEW YORK CURB. H. B. Willis received the following wire at the close of the New York Curb market yesterday: The principal activity in the oil division was contributed by Crown Petroleum.

WANTED SEED OATS. Send samples, car lots—Bonus paid. GRAIN AND SEEDS. HOGG & LYTLE, L. M. Ltd.

WHOLESALE FRUITS AND VEGETABLES. Receipts were light, and prices practically stationary in wholesale fruit and vegetable markets yesterday.

Canada found herself during the great war. Though new to their grim task, our soldiers tried to shreds the carefully-woven garment of German domination.

A few days ago a prominent member of the Hydro-Electric Commission stated in a newspaper interview that in five years Northern Ontario would be producing \$200,000,000 annually in gold and silver.

We have the gold and the silver and the question is, can we raise an industrial army of 75,000 men, or about 20 per cent. of our contribution to the world war?

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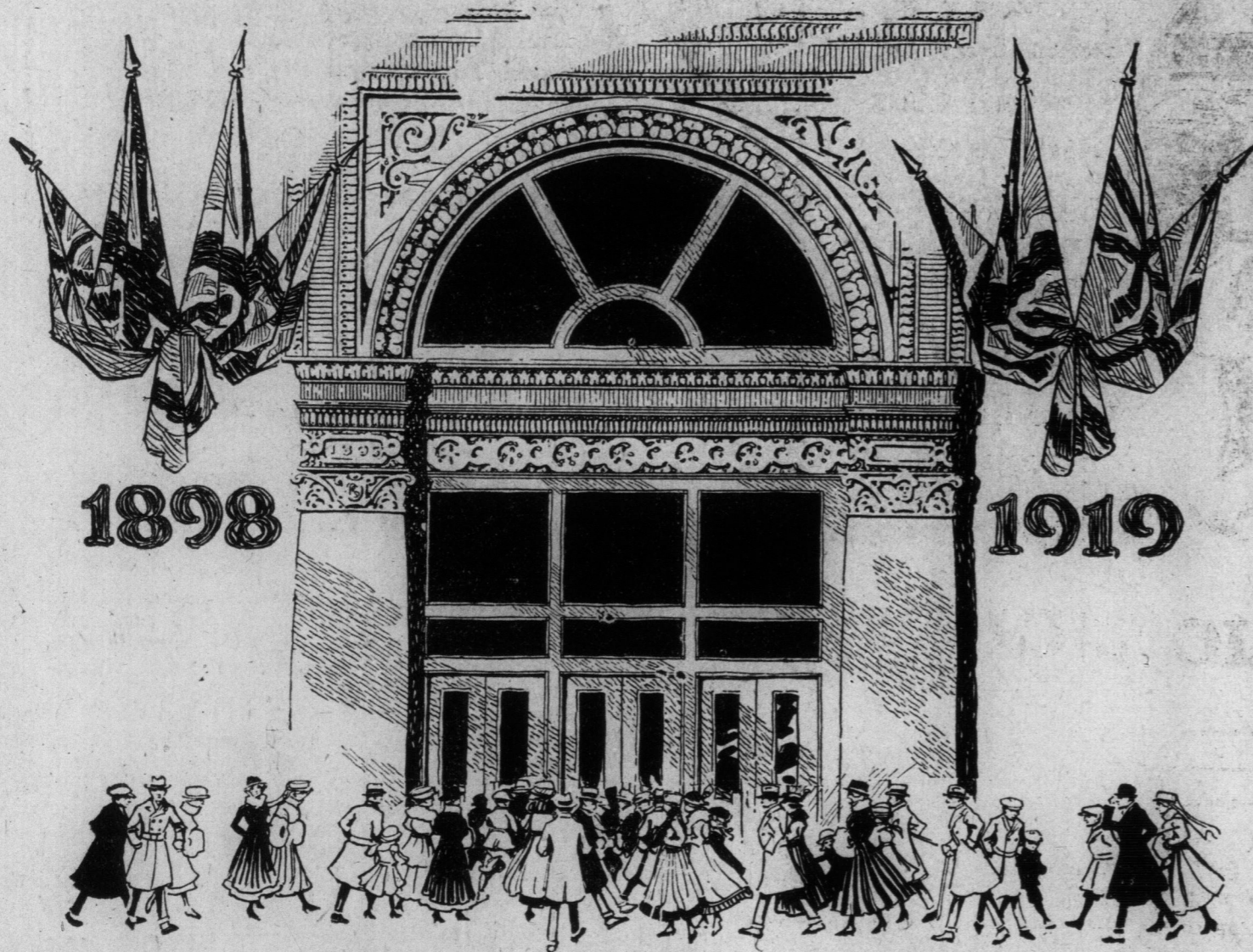
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1898---TWENTY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY---COMING-OF-AGE YEAR---1919

Store Opens at 8.30 a.m. and Closes at 5.30 p.m. Daily



SIMPSON'S

Furniture and Homefurnishing Sale is Going Full Blast!

Let the Home-Lovers' Club Help You

With surprising ease and facility, this service enables customers to furnish homes through deferred payments spread over an arranged period of several months. Any responsible person may join the Club---it costs nothing to do so---no dues, fees or interest of any kind. Upon making a first cash deposit, members obtain immediate use of purchases---the balance payable as arranged. Consult the Club Secretary, Fourth Floor.

Today---Dining-Room Furniture is Featured at Reduced Prices

8-Piece Dining-Room Suite Reduced to \$66.25

Buffet, Extension Table and set of Chairs. Solid oak, fumed or golden finish. Buffet, mission design, 48-inch case, bevelled mirror. Extension Table, 42-inch top, square pedestal base. 5 small and 1 arm chair. Movable seats in genuine leather. Regular price \$89.50. February Sale price, suite, \$66.25.

EXTENSION TABLE---Solid oak, fumed or golden finish. Regular price \$19.00. February Sale price, \$13.95.

\$368.50 Living Room Suite, Special \$298.00

LIVING-ROOM SUITE, consisting of large chesterfield, chair and rocker to match---spring arms and back, loose Marshall cushion, mixed silk covering. Sample, slightly soiled. No exchanges. Regular price \$368.50. February Sale price, set, \$298.00.

Imported Wall Papers 11c Roll, Regularly 35c to \$1.00

Come Early for Best Choice---No Reservations for Qualities---Bring Room Measurements With You.

Enough of a style for only one or two rooms, for living-rooms, halls, dining-rooms and dens. Conventional, floral and plain effects. Tans, greens, blues, mixed shades and novelty treatments.

Bedroom Wallpapers, Special 12 1/2c Single Roll---Cut Out Borders 4c and 5c Yard.

All-over floral and stripe designs in pink, blue, yellow and rose in light backgrounds.

New Designs in Varnished Tile Papers, 30c Roll.

Can be wiped off with damp cloth. Crystal varnish finish. Large range of blocks, tiles and floral patterns for bathrooms, kitchens and shops.

Simpson's---Sixth Floor.

Buffet Specials

BUFFET---Solid quarter-cut oak, fumed or golden finish, colonial design. Plate mirror. Regular price \$38.75. February Sale price, \$27.35.

BUFFET---Genuine quarter-cut oak, fumed or golden finish, Regular price, \$48.50. February Sale price, \$38.95.

DINE IN THE PALM ROOM

Good food, well cooked and properly served, makes the Palm Room most popular. Then, too, the charges are very moderate.

THE CAKE COUNTER

---just outside the Palm Room, has dainty French pastries and cakes on sale daily after 10.30 a.m.

Simpson's---Sixth Floor.

8-Piece Dining-Room Suite Reduced to \$80.30

Buffet, Extension Table and set of Chairs.

Buffet---Genuine quarter-cut oak, colonial design.

Extension Table---Solid quarter-cut oak. Top 45-inch. Pedestal base.

5 Small and 1 Arm Chair---Frame of solid quarter-cut oak. Movable seats, in genuine leather.

Regular price, \$107.00. February Sale price, suite, \$80.30.

EXTENSION TABLE---45-inch top. Solid oak, fumed or golden finish. Regular price, \$26.50. February Sale price, \$18.45.

Some Important Bedding Values

BED SPRINGS---All regular sizes. Regular price, \$7.75. February Sale price, \$6.65.

BED SPRINGS---All regular sizes. Regular price, \$10.50. February Sale price, \$8.45.

MATTRESS---All regular sizes. Regular price, \$9.95. February Sale price, \$7.15.

MATTRESS---All regular sizes. Regular price, \$12.25. February Sale price, \$9.95.

Simpson's---Fifth Floor.

Double-Faced Chenille Portieres \$17.50 Pair

Only 50 pairs. Finished with heavy silk cord down one side and across bottom. Self colorings in rose, blue, brown and green. Today, special, pair, \$17.50.

Insertion Trimmed Window Shades, 79c. Regularly 98c.

150 in the lot, mounted on reliable rollers. Standard size, 37" wide, 70" long. Complete with brackets, nails and ring pull. Today, 79c.

Remnants, One-Third to One-Half Off.

Hundreds of useful short ends. Velours, chintzes, nets, scrims, muslins, etc. Just for today, one-third to one-half off.

Lace Curtains, Special, 69c Pair.

Nottingham Curtains, in white. 2 1/2 yards long. Away below value. Today, pair, 69c.

Simpson's---Fourth Floor.

Fine Suits for Tall, Short or Stout Men

Models Especially Designed for Above Types

The Simpson Men's Store has won the good opinions of the great majority of those men and young men who dress correctly and stylishly, and at the same time spend their money wisely. Simpson clothes are popular because the better fabrics, nattier patterns and higher class tailoring are the best that the prices can command. The four values quoted below are representative of our superior assortments.

TALL MEN'S SUITS of dark grey worsted with neat lighter grey stripe. 3 button conservative sack model. Sizes 36 to 44. \$25.00.

YOUNG STOUT MEN'S SUITS of medium grey worsted with neat dark stripe effect. 2 button, soft roll, semi-fitted sack model. Sizes 36 to 42. \$25.00.

Simpson's---Main Floor.

SEMI-STOUT MEN'S SUITS of rich dark brown tweed with invisible stripe effect. 2 button, soft roll, semi-fitted sack model. Sizes 36 to 44. \$28.50.

STOUT MEN'S SUITS of dark grey, pin check worsted. The 3 button, soft roll sack model. Sizes 38 to 50. \$25.00.



Buy Rugs Today At These Special Sale Prices

BEDROOM RUGS---Reversible rugs, seamless. New colorings of fawn, rose, green and blue. With each rug is a small rug for dresser or bedside, free of charge. Size 7' 6" x 9', \$7.95 each; 9' x 9', \$9.95 each; 9' x 10' 6", at \$10.95 each; 9' x 12', at \$11.95 each.

\$54.75 Wilton Rugs for \$47.95
Oriental patterns---size 6' 9" x 10' 6". Regularly \$54.75. Sale price, \$47.95.

\$25.00 Tapestry Rugs for \$18.95
Patterns for Bedroom or Living-room---oriental or floral effects. Size 9' x 12'. Regularly \$25.00. Sale price, \$18.95.

\$12.25 Axminster Hall Rugs for \$8.95
Rich oriental patterns in tan and brown colorings. Size 3' x 6'. Regularly \$12.25. Sale price, \$8.95.

Brussels Stair Carpet, \$2.29
Small oriental patterns and good colors. 27" wide. Regularly \$2.75 yard. Sale price, yard, \$2.29.

Rag Rugs, Special, 89c
Mottled, striped and hit-and-miss patterns. Size 2' x 4'. Special sale price, 89c.

Congoleum Rugs at Special Prices
Hundreds of these popular rugs were purchased at a special price. Good rug patterns, well glazed and made in one piece. Size 6' x 9', special sale price, \$8.95 each; 7' 6" x 9' at \$9.95 each.

Simpson's---Fourth Floor.

The **SIMPSON** Company Limited

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H. H. WILSON
40 King Street East

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