

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 20, 1902

Vol. XXXI, No. 34

A Letter to the Public

The best place to buy your groceries is where you can get the best value for your money.

The Leading GROCERY

Isn't that the way you look at it? Well, if you are undecided as to just such a place, take a look in at our store, examine our stock, get our prices, and be satisfied, that you have found the place you have been looking for; then, leave your order, which will be promptly attended to.

Leslie S. McNutt & Co.
Newson's Block.

Try us for Flour

PHONE 288

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Goods Retail — AT — Wholesale Prices

A regular line of 28 cent Tea for 23 cents per pound. If not as good as any 28 cent Tea on the market, money refunded.

25 cent Tea for 18 cents per pound.
Best Pure Cream Tartar only 24 cents per pound, and hundreds of other articles that can save you from 10 to 30 per cent, if you deal at

P. MONAGHAN'S
NEW STORE,
Stevenson's Corner, Queen Street.

WE ARE Manufacturers and Importers — OF — Monuments — AND — Headstones

In all kinds of Marble,
All kinds of Granite,
All kinds of Freestone.

We have a nice assortment of finished work on hand. See us or write us before you place your order.

CAIRNS & McFADYEN,
Cairns & McLean's Old Stand, Kent Street Charlottetown.

Farmers and Farmers' Wives.

We want to tell you that you can get better value for your money here than in any other store in Charlottetown. We give the highest

Cash Price for Eggs & Butter

We give good, fresh Groceries. We give our customers good attention. We deliver all goods at train, steamboats, or anywhere you require inside the city limits. We want you to give us an order.

McKENNA, the Grocer
Corner Queen and Dorchester Streets.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE.

The Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool,
The Sun Fire office of London,
The Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn,
The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets of above Companies,
\$300,000,000.00.

Lowest Rates.
Prompt Settlements.
JOHN McBACHERN,
Agent.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A. LL. B.
Barrister & Attorney-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC, [etc.]
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND
Over — London House Building.

Collecting, conveyancing, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan

A. A. McLEAN, L. B., K.C.,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary,
BROWN'S BLOCK. MONEY TO LOAN

JAMES H. REDDIN,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
CAMERON BLOCK,
CHARLOTTETOWN.
Special attention given to Collections
MONEY TO LOAN.

North British and Mercantile
INSURANCE COMPANY
ASSETS - - SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS.

The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world.
This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses.
P. E. I. Agency, Charlottetown.

HYNDMAN & CO.
Agents.
Queen St., Dec. 21, 1898.

ENEAS A. MACDONALD,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Agent for Credit Foncier Franco-Canadian, Great West Life Assurance Co
Office, Great George St.
Near Bank Nova Scotia, Charlottetown
Nov 21, 1892-1y

A. L. FRASER, B. A.
Attorney-at-Law.
SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND,
MONEY TO LOAN.

HIGH GRADE English Manure

Superphosphate of Lime, Nitrate of Soda, Sulphate of Potash, Muriate of Potash, Bone Dust, Kainit, etc.

Containing NITROGEN, PHOSPHORIC ACID and POTASH in the most soluble and available forms known. Each ingredient sold under guaranteed analysis and consequently thoroughly reliable. Sold unmixed and therefore adaptable to all crops and conditions. 25 per cent (the manufacturer's profit) cheaper than any mixed and so-called "Complete Fertilizers" on the market. The Only Fertilizer farmers can afford to use, and those who know most about artificial manures will use no other.

AULD BROS.
April 2, 1902.



People who have used

COW-EASE ON CATTLE

say it is

"the real thing."

Wholesale or retail.

Dodd & Rogers,
SOLE AGENTS FOR P. E. ISLAND.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

- Tickets
- Posters
- Dodgers
- Note Heads
- Letter Heads
- Check Books
- Receipt Books
- Note of Hand Books

Notice to Subscribers.

We, the undersigned publishers of Charlottetown, respectfully beg to announce that we have unanimously adopted the cash in advance system for subscriptions. The advisability of pursuing this course has been shown by the fact that for some time past a large proportion of our subscribers have strongly urged us to do so. In yielding to their wishes we are merely falling into line with the leading publishers all over Canada and the United States.

By inaugurating the cash in advance system we shall be enabled to give our subscribers an improved paper for their money—a portion of which is now expended in furnishing papers to those who do not pay.

We confidently believe that the new system will meet with the approval of the general public.

The uniform rate for our weekly papers will be \$1.00 per year.

Immediate payment is respectfully requested for all unpaid subscriptions up to the present time, as well as for all unpaid subscriptions expiring between this date and Dec. 31st, 1902, at which date all then unpaid will be discontinued.

Those whose terms expire at any date after January 1st, 1903, will be notified before the date of expiration, and any who fail to renew when their year has expired will have their papers discontinued. No new subscribers can be accepted from this date unless paid in advance.

We respectfully ask that all joint cordially with us in making the cash in advance system an unqualified success, as it is in their own interests to do so.

Signed by the publishers of
The Examiner,
The Herald,
The Patriot,
The Guardian,
The Watchman,
The Prince Edward Islander.
July 23, 1902.

Where Women are Butchers.

Of all occupations, that of a butcher seems one of the least suitable for the fair sex; yet there is at least one country where this trade is entirely monopolized by women, and "no men need apply." That country is Paraguay, where many occupations which among us are invariably assumed by the sterner sex fall to the lot of the women. The cause of this state of things was the heroic war waged by Paraguay more than thirty years ago against the overwhelming forces of Brazil, the Argentine Republic, and Uruguay combined. This war, which lasted five years, bore many singular points of resemblance to the recent Boer war. It ended in the almost total annihilation of the able bodied male population of the country, and the results may be read in the following figures: Population of Paraguay in 1857, 1,337,439; in 1873 (three years after the termination of the war) it amounted to only 221,079; and of these nearly all were women, children and very old men. When the war was over the people had been reduced to the most abject poverty, and were on the verge of starvation, being driven to such expedients as to eat cats, dogs, and horses. Worse still, owing to the destruction of the male population, perfect anarchy prevailed, and all the work formerly performed by males fell on the fair sex. They rebuilt the houses which had been burned down, tilled the fields, and wove for themselves rough homespun clothing from the cotton grown on their own fields.

To this day the butchers in all parts of Paraguay are women. In the public slaughter-houses the oxen are despatched by men, who sever the spinal column by cutting it with a sharp cutlass just behind the nape of the neck. When the animal falls to the ground, its throat is cut, and it is allowed to bleed to death. This is the only part of the work done by men. The animal is skinned and otherwise prepared by women. Carcasses are then conveyed to the butchers' stalls, where the meat is cut up and saved by women, who are dexterous in the use of the saw and knife. It is then served out to customers, also by women—not generally by weight, but by the piece—and the price is so low that a pound of the best meat may be bought for about a penny. Women of all ages set the part of butchers; some are young and pretty, others old and wrinkled. The women

are great bargainers, and keen to pull a new arrival all to pieces in the hope of securing his custom. These women butchers earn good wages, and many of those in business on their own account acquire a modest fortune.

In the larger towns the meat is only allowed to be sold in the public market-places, where stalls (owned by the municipality) are let at auction to the highest bidder. The public have every security that the meat is fresh; for all that is left unsold at night is destroyed by the authorities—a needful precaution in a warm climate. The result is that just previous to closing time there is a great reduction in prices, and a crowd of bargain-hunters appear on the scene—economical housewives, keepers of cheap restaurants, and the like—far, rather than see the meat thrown away or destroyed, the keepers of the stalls sell remnants at almost any price.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Father Middleton Defends the Friars.

The North American of Philadelphia published, in its issue of July 23, an interview with the Very Rev. Thomas C. Middleton, D. D., O. S. A., on the question which is at present agitating the Catholics of this country so profoundly. Father Middleton is an Augustinian, a member of one of the orders in the Philippines which is coming in for such severe criticism from people who are willing to believe whatever is said about Catholic priests at home or abroad; and while he has never been the subject of a study. From books and interviews with numerous of his brother priests who had resided in the islands he has become familiar with the whole subject. He said:—

"The friars have been greatly calumniated. They are said to be ignorant, immoral and brutal. These are the three great weapons used against them by the 'land-sharks' or crowd, who with eyes to their own aggrandizement, are ready to vilify men who have been benefactors of their race.

"How is it possible for the friars to be ignorant? Priests are not made in a day. No man can become a priest merely by saying such is his desire. On the contrary, he must give eight years to hard study, pass the most severe examinations, and satisfy his superiors in many ways of his fitness for the vocation. It is likely that men who devote so many years to studies, covering philosophy, theology, physics, history (sacred and profane), and general literature, can be ignorant? This charge alone ought to be a convincing one, to all fair-minded men that those who accuse the friars of ignorance are urged on by other than honest motives. Furthermore, it usually takes a man several years to learn the three dialects required by the rules of the Mission. In the islands there are about sixty different languages or dialects, and the easiest of them can not be learned in less than three years. These so designated ignorant men have written and published 3,000 books, not all religious, but on history, and every science.

"The next great weapon is immorality. I will refer to our own order. We have had about 1,000 men in the Philippines. I will not claim that all were immune from immorality, but I am sure we have had but few scamp among our people. Our records prove that numbers of our men have lost their reason. There are some peculiar climatic features in the islands that can not be overcome, and many men, when sent to the interior, and living a strenuous life, suddenly break down and become insane. As a proof of this point to the numerous cases of insanity among our troops, a feature never before occurring in any war or locality.

"But if this charge of immorality were true would it not extend to the people? The Filipinos, men and women, are noted for their morality. One proof is that the population increases 100 per cent. every twenty-five years. Such places as houses of ill-repute have been unknown. How is it possible to have a moral people unless their religious instructors are moral?

"Now as to the third charge—brutality. That is simply absurd. If they had been brutal or even harsh with their people they would have been annihilated centuries ago, and never permitted to gain the strength in the affections of the people they now have. Would a body of brutal men establish hospitals, universities, schools, such as can be found in Manila and other important cities? Outside of the Katipunan, moaning, 'The Society of the B others,' and a few friends of Aguinaldo, the friars are revered by the people, and today would be received with the greatest joy by their respective flocks. So

the missionary societies of America might as well know and appreciate the fact that this furor is only a political move to 'loot.'

"No; the Catholic Church is not going to abandon the Philippines; neither are the inhabitants thereof going to forsake their religion. They will welcome peace and restoration of civil authority, and the few men who have been the cause of all the trouble will be buried in oblivion. General Wood found about five men in Havana who were the cause of all the trouble there. He also found that his best allies for restoring order were the much-despised and misrepresented Spanish priests. And so it will be in Manila. The United States authorities will find in the friars the strongest assistants in the restoration of law and order. In that they will be but following the rule of the Catholic Church to sustain legitimate authority wherever found."

It is semi-officially announced that the Holy Father will celebrate the close of his jubilee year by holding a consistory, in the course of which he will create no fewer than six new Cardinals.

How the Church can be more separated from the State than it is in France we cannot easily imagine, says the "London Catholic Times." It is so separated that the State never comes near it except whip in hand.

The accommodation in the State institutions is already taxed to the utmost, writes a Paris correspondent, and they will not be able to provide in September for the additional children who will besiege them on account of the closing of the convent schools. It is estimated that at least 20,000 children will be unable to find school accommodation in September in Paris alone, and as fathers are liable to penalties for not sending their children to school, whether there is accommodation or not, one can easily imagine the happy life which Catholic fathers will have in the autumn in the present temper of the government.

At an invitation of the Queen's hundred Catholic servant girls from all parts of South London were entertained to tea in St. Anne's schools, Vauxhall, the other day. During the proceedings the following telegram was despatched to the royal yacht at Cowes: "One hundred maids assembled for the Queen's tea thank her Majesty for her gracious message and wish the King a speedy recovery." To each of the girls was given a brooch, suitably inscribed and bearing the initials of the Queen, together with a box of chocolate, with a portrait of Her Majesty.

Of the late C. Kegan Paul, the distinguished convert who died the other day in London, we are told that owing to a terrible accident which occurred seven years ago, when he was knocked down by a cab, he suffered a veritable martyrdom before his death, and in addition to that he was for the last six months stone blind. Yet he never complained, he never repined. The concluding lines of his "Reminiscences" run: "Sorrow has come to me in abundance since God gave me grace to enter His Church, but I can bear them better than of old, and the blessing He has given me outweighs them all. May He forgive me that I so long resisted Him, and lead those I love unto the fair land wherein He has brought me to dwell! It will be said, and said with truth, that I am very confident. My experience is that of the blind man in the Gospel, who also was sure. He was still ignorant of much, nor could he fully explain how Jesus opened his eyes, but then he could say with unflinching certainty: 'One thing I know, that whereas I was blind, now I see.'"

What one of the speakers declared to be the largest gathering of priests brought together in the Cleveland Diocese within his memory, perhaps in its history, was assembled at a dinner which celebrated the silver jubilee of the chancellorship of the Rev. George F. Houck. About one hundred and sixty clergymen, including representatives of all parts of the diocese and beyond, were present. The splendid gathering was a striking tribute more eloquent than words to the esteem in which Father Houck is held by his brother priests and a testimony to their appreciation of his fidelity and devotion to duty.

Worthy of the highest praise and emulation is the work of a band of educated laymen who have been giving what are called "Catholic Evidence Lectures" in Hyde Park, London. On a recent Sunday evening the speaker was Mr. R. Raikes Bromage, M. A., who addressed

a large and attentive audience on "The Catholic Bible," and as an example of one who knew how to use the sacred volume, "Venerable Thomas (Haemeiken) a Kempis, C. R. L.," in his "Imitation of Christ." He gave numerous instances of the way in which every encouragement was given to devout Catholics to read their Bible. He related how, when he was a Protestant missionary in the East and wanted a good Arabic Bible, he had to place his prejudices aside and obtain the true Catholic Bible in that language from the Jesuit press. The lecturer's Protestant hearers were greatly astonished to find that their beloved Thomas a Kempis was an Augustinian monk for sixty years, a Catholic priest for fifty-eight years and that he went to Mount St. Agnes first of all to gain the Pope's indulgence, and afterwards how faithfully he obeyed the Pope's interdiction. When the lecture was finished a Quaker came forward from the audience and warmly thanked the lecturer, as he said the Friends held Thomas a Kempis in high repute.

A census of Chicago just completed shows that it has 951 churches. The Catholics stand first in the list with 126 churches. The Methodist Episcopal is second with 82 churches. The Congregational third with 79 and the Baptist fourth with 69.

The following appointments were announced at the novitiate of the Society of Jesus in Frederick, Md.; Rev. John H. O'Rourke, rector and master of novices; Rev. J. J. Davis, Rector, minister and treasurer; Rev. James Smith, director of Tertian Fathers; Rev. William Clark, prefect of studies and professor of rhetoric; Rev. Francis McNiff, professor of Greek and Latin; position; Rev. Joseph H. Smith, professor of higher Greek and Latin grammar and comparative philology; Rev. John B. Gaffney, spiritual adviser. The scholastics and novices will resume their usual studies with this staff at the novitiate in September and continue perhaps for a few months. Rev. William Walsh, who has charge of the building of the novitiate at St. Andrews-on-the-Hudson, states that he has been greatly handicapped by the lack of mechanics, but he hopes to have a portion of the building sufficiently advanced to enable them to commence moving to their new home the latter part of September or the first part of October.

French literary society in Paris is evidently litigious because a Chicago judge has decided that the works of the greatest French novelists are immoral. They say what does a Chicago judge know about literature anyhow? He may not know much about literature, but his Parisian critics know still less about morality, for the excellent reason that they have never read a clean novel in their lives. There was only one clean novel of considerable literary merit written in France during the whole of last century, and that was written to win a wager, —Casket.

The Outlook, which certainly has no Catholic leaning, thinks that the closing of 2,500 schools in France under the law of Associations, the other day, is a terrible error, and a great blow at the interests of education. The government of France have hardly an intelligent sympathizer in their mad courses. Herefordshire, it has been the mobs of Paris that have done the mischief that has alarmed and shocked the world; but to-day it is the elected rulers who are bringing unspeakable notoriety on the eldest daughter of the Church. —Casket.

If it is true, as is generally stated, that the father of Cardinal Gotti was a dock laborer in Genoa, is only show how essentially demerit is recognized in the Church wherein merit is recognized, and men of humble origin may aspire to, and reach, the highest honor.—S. H. Review.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism—that acid condition of the blood which affects the muscles also.

Sufferers dread to move, especially after sitting or lying long, and their condition is commonly worse in wet weather.

"I suffered dreadfully from rheumatism, but have been completely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, for which I am deeply grateful." Miss FRANCES SMITH, Prescott, Ont.

"I had an attack of the grip which left me weak and helpless and suffering from rheumatism. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and this medicine has entirely cured me. I have no hesitation in saying it saved my life." M. J. McDONALD, Trenton, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Removes the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can take it.

Stanley Bros.

Enormous Reductions on Summer Goods.

A lot of pretty Dress Muslins at 10 cts. per yard

Those Muslins are all this year's importation, good colors and splendid weavers—worth 14 cents, 16 cents and 20 cents per yard.

Ladies' Hats 25c. each

About 150 in black, colored and white—worth up to \$1.00 each.

Shirt Waists 50c. each

This lot includes regular 75 cent and 85 cent Waists, lots of them worth \$1.00.

A lot of old Ladies' Dolmans at 99c. each

And hundreds of other bargains.

Stanley Bros.



All Muslins!

33 1-3 per ct.

Discount for Cash.

All Shirt Waists

33 1-3 per cent.

DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

All Dress Gingham

33 1-3 PER CENT.

Discount for Cash

ALL SUMMER

Trimmed Hats

\$2.98

Worth up to \$5.50.

WEEKS & CO.

The People's Store.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

CANADIAN butter is wanted in Australia.

The Catholic Church at Miscouche has lately added a chime of three bells.

ABOUT six hundred young men left the island on Monday for the Northwest, to work at the harvest.

The steamer Manchester Commerce arrived at Manchester on the 9th inst., from Charlottetown. Nine sheep were lost on the voyage.

A NUMBER of prominent British newspaper men, arrived in Quebec on Saturday, from England. They will visit the principal points in Canada.

The schooner P & E Small, Capt. Haskley, made a record trip recently, going from Charlottetown to Port Hood and return with a cargo of coal for T. A. McLean in 48 hours.

The conference of Colonial Premiers reached no agreement as to Canada's contribution to the Imperial navy. Australia's share was fixed at \$1,000,000 annually, and New Zealand's at \$200,000.

A FIRE at Elmfield, one night last week, destroyed the residence formerly occupied by Mr. Jacob Murray. The house, adjoining, was also destroyed with its contents, including two binders and a mower. It is not known what caused the fire.

A SEVERE hailstorm covering an area of about half a mile, passed over Alberton on Friday. Some of the hailstones were over an inch in length and half an inch in diameter, and were piled ten inches deep in places. Mr. G. R. Montgomery's fine crop was destroyed, and nearly every window facing west in Alberton south, was broken.

A SPECIAL militia order issued at Ottawa on Saturday, states that the following New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island units of active militia are to drill from 9th September to September 20th at St. James' Division, division troops, corps 4 squadrons, 8th Hussars and No. 4 Co. R. C. R.; 11th Infantry brigade, corps 67th, 71st, 73rd, 74th and 82nd regiments.

The schooner Charley, 70 tons, owned by J. H. Myrick & Co., Tignish, grounded on Tracadie harbor, N. B., while inward bound there last Thursday. The crew went ashore for assistance and shortly after leaving the vessel it was seen she was on fire. The flames spread quickly and the schooner was burned to the water line. A quantity of lime was on board and it is supposed the schooner sprang a leak when she grounded, which started the fire to black and caused the fire. The vessel's cargo, consisting of factory supplies and was valued at \$4,000. The cargo was insured but the vessel was not.

Six William Mulock has sent the following cable from London to the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at Halifax: "Passed to inform you the government has completed a contract with a syndicate composed of Allan, Elder Dempster and Furness lines for a service between Canada and South Africa. Sailings at least monthly, with provision for increased frequency. Summer sailings from Montreal and Halifax; winter sailings from St. John and Halifax. African ports, Cape Town and two other ports. First sailing, first week in October from Montreal. Ship will carry mail. Also supplied with cold storage. Contract, five years."

A MONTREAL despatch of the 15th says:—A meeting of the managers for Canada of the Allan, Elder Dempster and Furness lines was held today in the Allan office to decide matters relating to the service to South Africa. It was arranged that the first sailing from Montreal should be by the Allan line steamer Ontario on the 15th of October. This will be followed by another sailing from Montreal in November and the winter sailings will be from St. John, N. B. The question of rates has not yet been definitely settled owing to the dearth of authentic information from across the water, but the sailings and rates will be advertised in the press. It is expected that further detailed information will be received by the next mail.

The yacht race which took place in Charlottetown harbor on Wednesday last, was won by the Defender, owned by L. R. Allen, of Summerside, which crossed the line about 200 yards ahead of the Freda, owned by Messrs. Paks & Hyndman, of this city, and the Lroy third. The first prize was a Silver Cup, presented by M. J. Hanesy; and the second a pair of Opera Glasses presented by E. W. Taylor. A race between lobster boats took place in the afternoon, and the following finished within the time limit. The Oward, owned by J. S. Taylor; George A, owned by Frank Doherty; Maple Leaf, owned by Geo. Land, and Volunteer, owned by Herbert Hewson. The prizes were awarded the Oward, George A and Maple Leaf, first, second and third prizes respectively. The prizes were \$18, \$15 and \$9.

The revolver which Fred Goodspeed said [Higgins] killed Doherty with and which he afterwards threw into a creek, was found on Thursday afternoon. The spot was pointed out by Goodspeed, as order having been given by the magistrate to have him contacted to the place to show the officers the spot where the weapon was thrown. The young prisoner was conveyed to the Marsh Creek in a coach. His departure from the jail was a secret and there was no demonstration until their arrival at the creek where hundreds gathered to get a glimpse of the terrible murder. Goodspeed threw a stone into the water and the weapon was found within two feet of the spot pointed out. The weapon is of the American building pattern with rubber handle and the remainder nickel plated. It is of double action and in each chamber was an empty shell.

A WORK of importance to the cheese industry is being carried out at the government cool cheese curing rooms under the supervision of S. A. Raddick, chief of the dairy division of the department of agriculture. All cheese at these curing rooms are now dipped in melted paraffine wax as soon as they are received, by which process cheese are covered with a thin impervious coating that improves their appearance, reduces shrinkage and effectively prevents the growth of mould or the staining of the surface of the cheese. Mr. Raddick has been experimenting for some time, and while it is hardly expected that cheese factories with ordinary curing rooms can adopt this method, after the trial by the government officers a full report of the work will be published for the benefit of those interested in the industry.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The Georgetown regatta takes place today.

The special train morning from Charlottetown consisted of 12 cars loaded with passengers for the Scottish Gathering at Summerside.

FRANK HIGGINS, charged with the murder of Frank Doherty, at St. John was yesterday committed for trial at the Supreme Court which will sit at St. John on September 2nd.

MR. WALTER LOWE presented a beautiful lawn swing to the Charlottetown Hospital yesterday for which the Superior's tenders her warmest thanks to the kind donor.

The exhibition management have added another class of pigs, viz. Poland Chinest to their prize list. This class will be known as class 31 and the same sections and the same prizes will be given as in class 31 Chester Whites.

The market was fairly well attended yesterday. Potatoes are worth 45c.; hay 38 to 40c.; oats 54c.; turnips 25c. Fruit was plentiful and retails as follows: Raspberries 10c. a quart; gooseberries 8 to 10c.; black currants 9c. to 10c.; blueberries 8 to 10c.

JOHN J. DOYLE, aged 17 years, son of John Doyle, Hensley street, died yesterday from lockjaw. Some time ago the deceased received a wound in the palm of the hand by the accidental discharge of an old revolver and blood poisoning set in, ultimately bringing about his death. He leaves a father, mother, three brothers and two sisters to mourn.

The Boer generals Botha, Delarey and DeWet arrived at Southampton, England, Saturday morning. They were given a great reception and at the King's invitation witnessed the great naval review of over 100 warships at Spithead, in company with Lord Roberts and Kitchener. They expressed themselves as highly pleased with their reception. They left for the Hague on Monday.

(This notice was inadvertently omitted from our last issue.)

The B. I. S. of St. Patrick's Lot 22, intend holding a picnic on Saturday the 23rd inst., at or near St. Patrick's school. The committee in charge are asking no pains to make the day pleasant, agreeable and sociable for all who will favor them with their company. The usual games at such gatherings will be provided, and the best of temperate drinks will be supplied. The young ladies in charge of the tables may be depended upon to leave everything in first class order. By order of committee, James McAlister, Secretary.

General News.

The Boer general, Dewet, is writing a book on the late war.

Capt. Workman and his son Edward have arrived at Falmouth, Eng., in the 38 foot launch Abel Abbott Son, in which they sailed from New York, July 9.

The death is announced of General Lucas Meyer, one of the most famous commanders of the Orange Free State forces, during the Boer war.

Recent advices from Australia tell of terrible drought in New South Wales and Queensland, which has devastated the sheep ranches of that section of the southern colony. Millions of sheep have died, and men, formerly considered wealthy, have been compelled to seek employment as bullock punchers, etc. Samuel McCaughey, the sheep king of Australia, lost over a million sheep of his herd of a million and a quarter, and other large herders have been equally unfortunate.

An Ottawa despatch of the 15th announces that Samuel Napier, formerly a member of the New Brunswick legislature, was found dead in a camp several hundred miles in the woods in the Gatincau region. He lived there alone, as representative of the lumber company and was last seen alive in June. Last week his body was found greatly decomposed and partly eaten by birds, and was his only companion. It is not known how long he had been dead. The body has been taken to New Brunswick for interment.

Sam Napier was great resource to the New Brunswick assembly as a representative of Gloucester Co. in the general election of July, 1870, being then a prosperous merchant of Bathurst. As a legislator he failed to make a mark. Napier, however, had a world wide fame as the discoverer along with his brother of the Napier nugget, the largest and most valuable ever found in Australia. This nugget was exhibited in London and gained for Mr. Napier an audience with the Queen. A coat taken at the time can still be seen in Edinburgh and duplicates are shown in the British collection. Mr. Napier after being lionized in England, returned to Bathurst. But Gloucester county was too slow for the man, and after serving a term in the legislature he gradually drifted out of public view, as his money disappeared so did his friends, and his latter years on earth were far from comfortable. He was last heard from as working on the Gatincau in the employ of Mr. Kelly, son of the late Hon. William Kelly, chief commissioner of public works in the King-Fraser ministry, and a personal as well as political friend of the deceased nugget discoverer. Sam Napier will be remembered with interest by every old resident of Fredericton as well as by a host of people along the north shore of the province.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

20,000 EXPERIENCED

Farm Laborers WANTED.

FOR HARVESTING IN MANITOBA AND ASSINIBOIA.

EXCURSION AUG. 18th

From all points in Maritime Provinces.

GOING RATE \$10.00, Returning Rate \$18.00

C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., G.P.R. St. John, N. B.

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Print Cottons, White Cottons, 35 p. c. off; Grey Cotton and Flannellette, 25 p. c. off; Wrappers 33 1-3 p. c. off; Gents' Furnishings, do.; White and Colored Shirts, 33 1-3 p. c. off; Ties, Collars and Cuffs, 33 1-3 p. c. off; Hats and Caps, do.; Underwear, 25 p. c. off; Boots and Shoes, do. These are genuine discount from regular marked prices.

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An Historical Romance of the Times of Queen Elizabeth.

BY REV. JOSEPH SPILLMAN, S. J.

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CHAPTER XVII.—(Continued.)

It was actually a satisfaction to me to know that the man had met his end at the hangman's hands. But this state of mind could not last long; my own good sense told me that an outburst of anger was no answer to arguments founded on reason, and evidence adduced from Holy Writ and from history. So I took up Campion's pamphlet again, and bent my whole mind on the endeavor to detect the fallacy on which his argument rested, but try as I might, I could discover none, and the dawn of day found me to as much perplexity as ever.

As soon as it was light, I went out into the park to cool my feverish blood in the fresh morning air. I then occurred to me that a special commission had been appointed by the Queen to answer this Jesuitical pamphlet. I was in Paris at the time, consequently I had heard nothing of the controversy. I resolved forthwith to return to London; at my uncle's house I should be certain to find the refutation and the protocol of the commission, and then it would doubtless be easy work to draw the poisoned shaft out of my own and Miss Judith's heart.

I determined besides, that as soon as this was done, I would ask for the young lady's hand; for the service I should have rendered her would give me a claim to it, and I knew that the queen approved my suit.

Hastening back to my chamber, I wrote a note to Miss Cecil, telling her that I had read the "Rationes," and acquainting her with what I intended to do. I begged her to make my excuses to the Queen, and herself to take no steps towards Papistry until she had received the report I would give her of my investigations. Having sealed the letter, I gave it to a servant with orders to deliver it at once; and immediately after breakfast I rode away from Richmond, with a far heavier heart, I must confess, than I had brought to it the day before.

While I was waiting at Putney to be ferried across the river, I saw Lady Tregian, with her three children. She had taken the Queen at her word, and was actually asking alms for the love of Christ of the passers-by. She spoke to me, and embittered as I was against the Papists, I could not help being touched by the humility she showed, and by the sweet innocent face of the little girl with whom I had been so pleased the day before. I slipped a few gold pieces into the child's hand, and told the mother to apply to Walsingham on the same or the following day; I would see if I could get him to do something for her. She thanked me, saying God would reward me, and that her children should pray for me.

I experienced a feeling of relief, as I crossed the river, for a good deed acts as balm upon the wounded spirit. My way led me past Tyburn, where Campion had ended his days on the gallows, while I was still at some distance from it, I noticed a stream of people all going in the same direction as myself. In answer to my inquiries, I was informed that two Popish priests were to be hanged and quartered for high treason, and I then remembered hearing this casually mentioned at the Court yesterday, as a matter of every day occurrence. I never was a friend to these scenes of horror, but the anger excited by Campion's book still glowed in my breast, and induced me to make an exception for this occasion. So I rode with the crowd to Tyburn when I arrived just as the two condemned men were taken from the hurdles and placed in the hangman's cart. I managed to get near enough to see them well, and hear all that was said. They were young men; their countenances were pale and grave, but they betrayed none of the fear of death that I should have expected idolatrous priests to feel when summoned to appear before the judgment seat of God. The words they addressed to the people, with the halter already around their necks, bore the stamp of truth. They died for the ancient faith of their forefathers, they said, and were traitors neither to the Queen nor country. Some of the bystanders clamored for them to be cut down before life was extinct, but I am glad to say the sheriff did not allow this. When at last he gave the order, I rode off, not caring to witness the butchery that ensued.

The heroic and truly Christian manner in which these men met death impressed me deeply. There was no doubt that they were in good faith, confident of the truth of the religion for which they suffered. I tried to persuade myself that they were duped by the Jesuits, at whose door I was fain to lay the death of these innocent persons.

I did not find Walsingham at home, he had gone to some meeting of the Privy Council. But Gray, the head of the Government offices, a small, spare old man, brought me the books I asked for; the writings of Alymer, of Jewel, of learned professors of theology at the universities, altogether a host of volumes bearing on the subject of Campion's "Rationes decem." The protocol of the commission and the report of the disputatim in the Tower, the latter written by his own hand, were also laid before me.

"There is plenty of learning in these big books, sir," the old man said. "Greek and Hebrew too." But there is not a complete and conclusive refutation amongst them all. Any one who wrote that would indeed do good service to the Gospel." I asked him some particulars about the disputation in the Tower. He shrugged his shoulders and said it had fared ill with Campion. The unfortunate man had been tortured on the rack within an inch of his life, and half starved to boot; yet he maintained his cause, albeit a had one, so valiantly, that an end had to be put to the debate, as the impression produced on the audience was the reverse of what was desired. Walsingham had foreseen this, and wished a first trial to be made before the Privy Council. But our divines were so certain of victory that they would have liked to have held it in St. Paul's. True enough they had the better of him as far as voice and eloquence went; but whenever a clear, definite answer to his arguments was required of them, they had recourse to declamation and abuse. In a word, it was a failure, and the commission itself was even worse, for our divines began to fall out among themselves. Well, Mr. St. Barbe, no offense, but I have learnt one lesson from it: Believe what Her Majesty the Queen, the true Head of the English Church, and her Parliament propose for your belief, and beware less you be drawn into controversy on matters of faith with the devil and his agents, the Jesuits, or you will surely get the worst of it. Always barring better understanding and sharper judgment, and herewith, I wish your exoelence a very good day."

I slipped out by a side door, in order not to be present at the interview between my uncle and the unfortunate lady. Later on I heard that she gladly accepted the proposition that she should join her husband in prison. The children had been taken in, for a time at least, by Lady Paullet, step-mother to Sir Amias, and as fervent a Catholic, as he was a rabid Puritan. It will readily be imagined that the courage and conjugal devotion displayed by Lady Tregian—I may remark that her voluntary incarceration lasted for twenty-eight years—added to the heroic death of the two young priests, together with all that I had read in the books, I had been studying, served to strengthen the doubts Miss Cecil had already raised in my mind. However I determined for the present, as far as possible, not to let my thoughts dwell upon theological questions, and to follow Gray's example by laying all the responsibility of my religious tenets at the door of the Queen and Parliament.

The next day I went to the Paris Garden and asked if Babington was there. He was not; but he was evidently well known, and I was told he would probably make his appearance before long. To while away the time, I went to the butts, and practised pistol shooting. A man who had been sitting at a table apart, wrapped in his cloak, with a glass of grog before him, followed me, and after looking on for a space in silence, remarked that I did not seem much used to pistol practice, and gave me a few hints. I handed the pistol to him, and said I must have a proof of his skill before I took him for my master. He replied that an old soldier like himself must be an adept at that business, and three successive times he hit the heart of the Turk, which had been erected as a target. I complimented him on his dexterity, and looked more closely at him; he was a man of average height and muscular build; in walking he dragged one leg slightly, the result as I afterwards heard, of a wound he received at Antwerp. His complexion was pale, but sunburnt; the peculiar expression of his eyes, which were shaded by dark bushy eyebrows, staggered me a little, and made me ask myself whether the man was quite right in his mind. There was however nothing in his demeanor to strengthen this suspicion. When I had finished my number of shots and was about to depart, the stranger came up to me and said had he not heard me inquiring for one Babington? I answered in the affirmative, and asked if he knew him? He replied that was the very question he was going to put to me, giving me at the same time a searching look. I wished to make Babington's acquaintance, I rejoined; and he said he wished to do so too, adding we might perhaps later on become acquainted with one another through Mr Babington. "Very possibly," I replied, and I told him my name. "St. Barbe," he repeated, "I do not think I heard that one mentioned. All the same my name is Savage, John Savage." Thereupon he bowed and left me. Such was my first introduction to that unhappy individual.

I did not meet with Mr. Babington at either of his accustomed resorts that day, and no wonder, for, as the reader has already been told, the whole party were at Woxindon, whence they did not return until nightfall. I was however with Walsingham on the following day when Babington and Windsor were announced. Before they were admitted, my uncle concealed me in a closet opening out of his private room, only screened off by a heavy curtain, and bade me carefully note down any disclosures of importance that the visitors might make. I could not quite catch all that was said, but through an opening in the tapestry I was able to observe them at leisure.

"(To be continued.)"

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tell my uncle her story, but he already knew it all. Her husband was an old acquaintance of his. "They are obstinate recusants," he said, "but I quite agree with you that they must not be allowed to beg in the streets. She may join her husband in the Clink, if she chooses. She would not be the first lady of noble birth who has voluntarily shared her husband's captivity. The children will easily find a home in the house of some popish gentlefolks. It is wonderful how willing they are to make sacrifices for one another. There are the Bellams, for instance, at Harrow-on-the-Hill; they have nearly ruined themselves through paying fines and assisting priests and other Papists."

THE MODERN PHARISEE.
BY KATHERINE L. DANIEL.
In a little country parish lived an energetic dame
Whose special delectation was to censure and to blame;
She'd ferret out her neighbor's faults with true detective skill,
To bring them to the public gaze and flaunt them with a will;
There was nothing in the village could escape her Argus eye;
She could tell you each one's history, the wherefore and the why;
Her tales were truly marvellous, though doubtful ones, forsooth,
For she never spoiled a story just by clinging to the truth.

She never heard a word of praise without some little slur,
"If you but knew what I know, you would be surprised at her;"
Her knowing look spoke volumes as she slowly shook her head,
And some good name was bleached as those cruel words were said.
She'd greet her friends with honeyed words, so innocent of guile,
Despite the venom lurking 'neath the sunshine of her smile.
The mote within her neighbor's eye she openly deplored,
But the beam that blurred her vision was conveniently ignored.

On Sundays in her pew at church this dame was always seen
With head bowed down in silent prayer, and sanctimonious mien,
And as the speaker spoke of ills by scandalous moings wrought,
"Thank goodness I'm not one of them," complacently she thought.
But Satan passed that village by; his work was ably done;
And sought fresh fields of labor where some new scheme was begun;
So far her poisoned shafts had sped with deadly aim and true,
That his Stanic majesty found nothing left to do.

Children are often attacked suddenly by painful and dangerous Colic, Cramps, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, etc. Dr. Fowler's extract of Wild Strawberry is a prompt and sure cure which should always be kept in the house.

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At present the most prevalent summer complaint at the favorite resorts is signaling for home while paying hotel bills.
Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

One of the important differences between a girl and a married woman is that the girl has six hats a season and the married woman has two—one for winter and one for summer.

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During the hot season the blood gets over heated, the drain on the system is severe and the appetite is often lost. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies and invigorates the blood, tones up the system and restores the lost appetite.

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Only a Mask.
Many are not benefited by the summer vacation as they should be. Now, notwithstanding much outdoor life, they are little if any stronger than they were. The tan on their faces is darker and makes them look healthier, but it is only a mask. They are still nervous, easily tired, upset by trifles, and they do not eat nor sleep well. What they need is what tones the nerves, perfects digestion, creates appetite, and makes sleep refreshing, and that is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Pupils and teachers generally will find the chief purpose of the vacation best subserved by this great medicine which, as we know, "builds up the whole system."

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