

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

DIED.

LOVE.—On April 3, at the residence of her son, Neil Love, of Littleton, Mrs. Mary Love, relict of the late John Love, of Westminster, in her 97th year.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, at 12 o'clock, for St. Thomas cemetery.

Amusements and Lectures.

10c per line, or 2c per word, each insertion.

SOMERSET - HALL.

MISS KURZENKABE,

of Boston, reader,

Mr. Ruthven McDonald, soloist,

Mr. W. H. Hewlett, pianist,

Thursday, April 5, 8 p.m.

Tickets, 25, at Heintzman & Co.'s.

AUDITORIUM—THURSDAY—

MR. HAROLD JARVIS, tenor,

MISS MILDRED TILL, contralto,

MISS ESTHER TILL, reader,

The Famous.....

Rock Band Concert Co.

Musical Glasses, Swinging Harps, etc. Plan

now open.

MME. SOPHIA SCALCHI, THE WORLD'S

greatest prima donna contralto, supported

by her specially selected Operatic Festival

Company in musical genres, including the

fourth act of "Il Trovatore," in costume, with

sonic effects. Do you want to see her? If so

telephone or call at Nordheim's and have

your name placed on subscribers' list. Sub-

scribers guaranteed first choice of seats. List

must be received by Thursday, April 5, 11

o'clock, for the first performance. Tickets

only 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50, and \$2.00. This will be London's

only chance of ever hearing this world re-

nown artist.

JUBILEE RINK OPEN TONIGHT (WED-

nesday). Ice in first-class condition.

THE EVENT IN STEAMSHIP CIRCLES

during April will be the first sailings of

the two new ships the Tundisian of the Allan

line and the Ivernia of the Cunard line on the

first and 28th. F. B. Clarke, agent, Richmond

street, next Advertiser.

DO NOT FAIL TO HEAR REV. DR. LIVING-

STON on South African affairs, in the

Centennial Methodist Church, on Thursday

evening.

SALE OF HOME-MADE CAKES IN AID OF

the Summerhome Improvement Fund, Friday

afternoon, at 4 o'clock, in the Young Women's

Christian Association. Collection.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—SPEC-

ial low rates for balance of season. Call

or write for circulars. Private tuition any

hour. Dayton & McCormick.

VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBIN-

son, Northumberland's rooms. Residence

338 Dundas. Conferences, engagements. Pupils

prepared for concert and church solo engage-

ments. Phone 1370.

R. B. MILLARD, TRACHER OF DANC-

ING, 346 Princess avenue. Special at-

tention to the waltz. Private classes held at

low rates; terms according to the number of

pupils. Satisfaction guaranteed. Private lec-

tures any hour.

Meetings.

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE

Women's Christian Association will be

held in Y Rooms, Dundas street, on Thursday,

5th inst., at 8 p.m.

A REGULAR MEETING OF ST. GEORGE'S

42, A. F. & A. M., R. C. will be held

in the Corinthian lodge room, East London,

this Wednesday, at 7:30 o'clock p.m. Confer-

ring degrees. Visitors, J. Ellis Ad-

kins, W.M.; A. Ellis, P.M., Secretary.

Domestics Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per

word each subsequent insertion. No

adv. less than 10 words.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, FAM-

ily of three. Apply 270 Piccadilly

street.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT

—Apply 357 King street.

Male Help Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per

word each subsequent insertion. No

adv. less than 10 words.

WANTED—ACTIVE MIDDLE-AGED

man for permanent inside job; machinist

preferred; must be able to work in a

business. Apply in own handwriting, stating

lowest wages for first year. S. Wilson, 373

Dundas street.

WANTED—WE WANT YOU TO KNOW

that we do all classes of work in

plumbing and tin-smithing, repairing of stoves

and furnaces, and make a specialty of curing

poorly-heated houses. J. Thompson's 124 Rich-

mond street. Phone 708.

WANTED—AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS

coatmaker. Address Box 56, Zurich,

Ont.

Female Help Wanted

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per

word each subsequent insertion. No

adv. less than 10 words.

WANTED—GIRLS—PARISIAN STEAM

Laundry.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS IRONERS, P-

PLY Parisian Steam Laundry.

WANTED—MILLINERY REPAIRERS

and apprentices. Apply Miss Elliott,

Gray & Parker.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WAISTMAK-

ERS. Apply Miss McNaughton, 22c

Bayley's.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE

charge of baby in afternoons. Apply

871 Ridout street.

Miscellaneous.

WATSON & CO.—HOUSE-MOVERS—

Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 104

Hamilton road. Phone 1231.

BILLIARD BALLS RETURNED—MADE

just as good as new. H. Drayton, at Hill-

head & McKinley, corner Ridout and Bathurst

streets.

F. B. LEYS OFFICE WILL BE AT THE

London Hat, Cap and Mantle Manu-

facturing Company, 355 and 357 Clarence street

for the present.

WANTED TO BUY—OLD GOLD AND

silver. K. Milroy, mfg. jeweler, 356

Dundas street.

I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING

electrical apparatus of all kinds. R. M.

Millar, 200 1/2 Dundas street, Spencer Block.

A TAILOR'S TALK

It would be useless unless the fit, style and quality were apparent to back up every statement. We don't talk volumes, but our suits talk for us, and our prices will suit you.

DAMBRA & WOOD

Corner Richmond and Carling Sts.

A \$4 Bill

Will cover your feet, Mr. Young Man, about as well as you could wish. That's the price of the Packard Shoe. But here are shoes at almost any price you want—

\$3, \$2 50, \$2 25, \$1 98.

And if you really want to economize a little closer, please—we want to whisper it—just a little better shoes than any in London for \$1.50 and \$1.25.

J. P. COOK,

167 Dundas street.

Your money back if you want it.

Agents Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No adv. less than 10 words.

A FIRST-CLASS AGENT WANTED.

30 a week. Cooper, Drawer 531, London, Ont.

I WANT YOU TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR

Roswell's tea and coffee. Trading stamps given. 743 Richmond street.

TO \$6 A DAY EASILY MADE—A

most wonderful improvement in a cur-

rency, good salesmen wanted everywhere. Apply

the London Specialty Manufacturing Co., 300

Dundas street, London, Ont. Mention

Advertiser.

Articles For Sale.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—THOROUGH-

BRED White Leghorns, 75c per setting.

Box 22, Ealing P.O.

A BARGAIN FOR SATURDAY—ONE

Fancy Walnut Burl Upright Piano, 75

octave, 3 pedals, mandolin attachment, carved

panels, full music rack, only \$250 and on easy

terms of payment; 1 Bell organ, \$25. Heintz-

man & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

BELL PIANO

185 DUNDAS STREET.

SANBORN & TREBILCOCK.

OFFICE DESKS—SOLID OAK CYLINDER

tops, worth \$50, for \$15. Keene Bros. Cash

Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street.

EXTENSION AND TABLES, BAW-

BUCKS, quilt and curtain frames. The

Wagoner-Ladder Co., Limited, 373 William

street, Telokone 1102. A quantity of Birch

spruce and some still timbers cheap.

GEO. H. BELTON.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, POSTS, ETC.

Having a large stock on hand, purchased be-

fore the advance in lumber, we are in a position

to quote you lowest possible prices.

Yards—London and Barnia.

CHEAP WOOD FOR ONE MONTH—WE

sell a half cord of soft maple for \$2 15

cash. Hard wood blocks and split wood, \$2 15

cash. At lowest cash prices. Green & Co.,

yard William street and G. T. R. Phone 1,301.

STOVES AND FURNITURE—IF YOU

want to sell or buy. We have a good as-

sortment of coal and wood stoves and new and

second-hand bedroom sets. Good values.

Parish's Furniture Store, 207 Talbot street,

south of the market.

KENNEDY'S STOVE WAREHOUSE RE-

MOVED to Stringer's old stand, 141 King

street. Stoves of all kinds bought.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND BICYCLES

for sale—Tires and Sundries, etc. Get

your bicycle examined and repaired now to

avoid the spring rush. Lowest prices. D.

McKenzie & Co., 208 Richmond street, One

door south of G. T. R.

FOR QUALITY, QUANTITY

AND PROMPT DELIVERY OF COAL.

R. J. WEBSTER.

Phone 1383.

BEST QUALITY HARD WOOD; ALSO

soft wood and slabs. Phone 1313. D. H.

Gillies & Co., Lumber and Wood Dealers,

Green & Co., yard William street and G. T. R.

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD

jewelry made up-to-date at small expense.

J. T. Westland, 340 Richmond street, upstairs.

Business Chances.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per

word each subsequent insertion. No

adv. less than 10 words.

FOR SALE—STOCK INVESTMENT—

will pay 8 per cent per annum half yearly;

sold at par. Apply to John A. Moody, broker,

328 1/2 Richmond street, London, Ont.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—BARBER SHOP,

including fixtures, etc. Three chairs;

good locality. Address Box 4, Advertiser.

Bicycle Livery.

CUNNINGHAM'S EAST END BICYCLE

livery will reopen shortly with a mam-

moth stock of new wheels. It will be larger

and better than ever. Full line of children's

wheels, all sizes, to rent. Special prices will

be announced later. 704 Dundas street.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per

word each subsequent insertion. No

adv. less than 10 words.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—BRICK BAKE-

SHOP, good for factory; with barn. Ap-

ply 151 Maple street, city.

\$6 PER MONTH—1-ROOMED HOUSE—

256 Cheapside street. Apply Cash

Bargain Grocery, or 8 York street.

TO LET—BRICK RESIDENCE—108 FOR-

ward avenue, ten rooms, furnace, city

water, bath, etc.; fine lawn, large garden,

grapes and fruit, stables and good pasture;

will rent reasonable. Apply to J. M. Day, 19

York street.

TO LET—455 PICCADILLY STREET, TWO-

STORY brick dwelling, with stable. Ap-

ply J. W. Cunningham, 834 Dundas street.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—NO. 386 KING

street. All modern improvements. Apply

next door to Isaac Waterman.

TO LET—THE MOST SATISFACTORY

and best vans in the city. Good storage

for pianos and furniture. Office and storage, 37

Carling street. Phone 1102, night phone 1107.

Book your orders as early as possible. No con-

nection with any other vans.

COTTAGE TO LET—No. 8 OXFORD

street. Alex. Harvey.

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE MOVING

van. Finest and best. John Biggs, Cath-

art and Bruce streets, South London (late of

London Furniture Co.).

Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per

word each subsequent insertion. No

adv. less than 10 words.

WANTED—AT ONCE—SECOND-HAND

boiler, 20 H.P., second-hand engine, 9 H.P.

Address Box 6, Advertiser.

DRESS SUITS FOR SALE OR TO RENT

in first-class condition. A. P. Sainsbury,

90 King street.

The Art of Dressing Well...

Is really a science. It needs study and thought—much more of it than the average man can afford time for. And right here is where we make ourselves especially useful. You need only to select the cloth, we will attend to the rest. We study each one of our patrons. We know the style most becoming to the stout man and to the tall man. This knowledge is at your disposal at any time.

DEEKS & MUNSON,

309 RICHMOND STREET.

Board and Lodging.

LARGE FRONT ROOM

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

DIED.
LOVE—On April 3, at the residence of her son, Neil Love, of Littleton, Mrs. Mary Love, widow of the late John Love, of Westminster, in her 74th year.
 The funeral will take place on Thursday, at 12 o'clock, for St. Thomas cemetery.

Amusements and Lectures

SOMERSET - HALL
MISS KURZENKABE,
 Boston, reader.
 Mr. Ruthven McDonald, soloist.
 Mr. W. H. Hewlett, pianist.
Thursday, April 5, 8 p.m.
 Tickets, 25, at Heintzman & Co.'s.
AUDITORIUM—THURSDAY—
 MR. HAROLD JARVIS, tenor.
 MISS MILDRED TILL, contralto.
 MISS ESTHER TILL, reader.
 The Famous.....

Rock Band Concert Co.

Musical Glasses, Swinging Harps, etc. Plan now open.
MME. SOPHIA SCALCHI, THE WORLD'S greatest prima donna contralto, supported by her specially selected Operatic Festival Company in musical gems, including the fourth act of "Il Trovatore," in costume, with scenic effects. Do you want to see her? If so telephone or call at Northmeier's and have your name placed on subscribers' list. Subscribers guaranteed first choice of seats. List must receive required number of names to guarantee production and will positively close Friday evening at 6 o'clock. Prices 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00. Will close the company's only chance of ever hearing this world-renowned artist.

JUBILEE RINK OPEN TONIGHT (WEDNESDAY). Ice in first-class condition.
THE EVENT IN STEAMSHIP CIRCLES during April will be the first sailings of the two new ships the *Fusion* of the Allan line and the *Ireana* of the Cunard line on the 21st and 28th. F. B. Clarke, agent, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

DO NOT FAIL TO HEAR REV. DR. L. V. DUNSTON on South African affairs, in the Centennial Methodist Church, on Thursday evening.
SALE OF HOME-MADE CAKES IN AID OF the Summer Relief Improvement Fund, Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, in the Young Women's Christian Association. Collection.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—SPECIAL low rates for balance of season. Call for particulars. Private tuition any hour. Day and McCormick.
VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBYN Studio, Northmeier's rooms. Residence 388 Dundas. Concert engagements. Pupils prepared for concert and church solo engagements. Phone 170.

R. B. MILLARD, TEACHER OF DANCE and **REINING**, 346 Princess avenue. Special attention to the *Rein*. Pupils in all classes. Low rates; terms according to the number of pupils. Satisfaction guaranteed. Private lessons any hour.

Meetings.

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE Women's Christian Association will be held in Y Rooms, Dundas street, on Thursday, 5th inst., at 8 p.m.
A REGULAR MEETING OF ST. GEORGE'S 42, A. and A. M. G. R. C. will be held in the Corinthian lodge room, East London, this Wednesday, at 7:30 o'clock p.m. Confering degrees. Visitors welcome. J. Ellis Adkins, W.M.; A. Ellis, P.M., Secretary.

Domestics Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.
WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, FAMILIAR with three. Apply 270 Piccadilly street.
WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—Apply 387 King street.

Male Help Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.
WANTED—ACTIVE, MIDDLE-AGED man for general housework. Must be willing to start low to learn business. Apply in own handwriting, stating lowest wages for first year. S. Wilson, 373 Dundas street.

WANTED—WE WANT YOU TO KNOW that we do all classes of job work in plumbing and tin-smithing, repairing of stoves and furnaces, and make a specialty of curing poorly-heated houses, at Thompson's 241 Richmond street. Phone 708.

WANTED—AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS coatmaker. Address Box 56, Zurich, Ont.

Female Help Wanted

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.
WANTED—GIRLS—PARISIAN STEAM Laundry.
WANTED—FIRST-CLASS IRONERS, APPLI Parisian Steam Laundry.
WANTED—MILLINERY REPAIRERS and **APPLIERS**. Apply Miss Elliott, Gray & Parker.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WAIT MAID E.H.S. Apply Miss McNaughton, over Bayley & Co.
WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE charge of baby in afternoons. Apply 871 Ridout street.

Miscellaneous.

WATSON & CO.—HOUSE-MOVERS. Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 194 Hamilton road. Phone 1231.
BILLIARD BALLS RETURNED—MADE just as good as new. H. Drayton, at Hill & McKinley, corner Ridout and Bathurst streets.
F. B. LEYS OFFICE WILL BE AT THE London Hat, Cap and Mantle Manufacturing Company, 336 and 337 Clarence street for the present.
WANTED TO BUY—OLD GOLD AND silver. S. K. Milroy, infg. Jeweler, 356 Dundas street.
MAKE A SPECIALITY OF REPAIRING electro-educational apparatus of all kinds. R. M. Miller, 2004 Dundas street, Spencer Block.

A TAILOR'S TALK

would be useless unless the style and quality were apparent to back up every statement. We don't talk volumes, but our suits talk for us, and our prices will suit you.

DAMBRA & WOOD

Corner Richmond and Carling Sts.

A \$4 Bill

Will cover your feet, Mr. Young Man, about as well as you could wish. That's the price of the Packard Shoe. But here are shoes at almost any price you want—
 \$3, \$2 50, \$2 25, \$1 98.
 And if you really want to economize a little closer, please—we want to whisper it—just a little better shoes than any in London for \$1.50 and \$1.25.

J. P. COOK,

107 Dundas street.
 Your money back if you want it.

Agents Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.
A FIRST-CLASS AGENT WANTED. \$20 a week. Cooper, Drawer 531, London, Ont.
I WANT YOU TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR Rossmore's coffers. Trading stamps given. 743 Richmond street.
TO \$5 A DAY EASILY MADE—A most wonderful improvement in a curly comb; good salesmen wanted everywhere. Apply to the London Specialty Manufacturing Co., 300 Dundas street, London, Ont. Mention Advertiser.

Articles For Sale.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—THOROUGH bred White Leghorns, 75c per setting. Box 23, Ealing P.O., 14th.
A BARGAIN FOR SATURDAY—ONE fancy Walnut Burl Upright Piano, 75 octave, 3 pedals, mandolin attachment, carved panels, full music rack, only \$250 and on easy terms of payment. J. Bell organ, \$25. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.
"BELL PIANOS" 226 DUNDAS STREET, SANBORN & TREBILCOCK.
OFFICE DESKS—SOLID OAK CYLINDER tops, worth \$30, for \$15. Keene Bros. Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 157 King street.
EXTENSION AND STEPLADDERS, SAW benches, and other iron work. The Waggoner Ladder Co. Limited, 372 William street. Telephone 1102. A quantity of 3-inch spruce and some sill timbers also.

GEORGE H. BELTON.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, POSTS, ETC.

Having a large stock on hand, purchased before the advance in lumber, we are in a position to quote you lowest possible prices.
 Yards—London and Sarnia.

CHEATWOOD FOR ONE MONTH. We will sell a half cord of good dry blocks wood, ash, elm and soft maple for \$2 15 cash. Hard wood blocks and split wood, hard and soft oak at lowest cash price. Green & Co., yard William street and G. T. R. Phone 1301.
STOVES AND FURNITURE—IF YOU want to sell or buy. We have a good assortment of coal and wood stoves and new and second-hand bedroom sets. Good values. Pariah's Furniture Store, 307 Talbot street, south of the market.

KEENE'S STOVE WAREHOUSE RE MOVED TO Stringer's old stand, 141 King street. Stoves of all kinds bought.
NEW AND SECOND-HAND BICYCLES for sale. Fire and Sundries. Get your bicycle repaired and repainted now to avoid the spring rush. Lowest prices. D. McKinnis & Co., 236 Richmond street, upstairs. Tel. 313.

FOR QUALITY, QUANTITY AND PROMPT DELIVERY OF COAL, R. J. WEBSTER, Phone 1385.

BEST QUALITY HARD WOOD; ALSO soft wood and slats. Phone 1319. D. H. Gillies & Co., Lumber and Wood Dealers.

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD jewelry made up-to-date at small expense. J. T. Westland, 540 Richmond street, upstairs. Tel. 313.

Business Chances.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.
FOR SALE—STOCK INVESTMENT— will pay 8 per cent per annum half yearly; sold at par. Apply to John A. Mooly, broker, 308 1/2 Richmond street, London, Ont. 21n

BUSINESS FOR SALE—BARBER SHOP including fixtures, etc. Three chairs; good locality. Address Box 4, Advertiser.

Bicycle Livery.

CUNNINGHAM'S EAST END BICYCLE livery will cover shortly with a mammoth stock of new wheels. It will be larger and better than ever. Full line of children's wheels, all sizes, to rent. Special prices will be announced later. Dundas street.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.
FOR SALE OR TO LET—BRICK BAKE SHOP, good for factory; with barn. Apply 124 Maple street, city.

\$6 PER MONTH—7-ROOMED HOUSE— 226 Cheapside street. Apply Cash Bargain Grocery, or 8 York street.

TO LET—BRICK RESIDENCE—108 FOR WARD avenue, ten rooms, furnace, city water, bath, etc.; fine lawn, large garden, grapes and fruits, stables and good pasture; will rent reasonable. Apply to J. M. Daly, 19 York street.

TO LET—PICCADILLY STREET TWO STORY brick dwelling, with stable. Apply J. W. Cunningham, 334 Dundas street.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—No. 386 KING street. All modern improvements. Apply next door, to Isaac Waterman.

TO LET—THE MOST SATISFACTORY and best vans in the city. Good storage for pianos and furniture. Office and storage, 97 Carling street. Phone 1102, night. Book your orders as early as possible. No connection with any other vans.

COTTAGE TO LET—No. 8 OXFORD street. Alex. Harvey. 784
TO LET—UNION FURNITURE MOVING van. Finest and best. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce streets, South London (late of London Furniture Co.).

Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.
WANTED—AT ONCE—SECOND-HAND boiler. 20 H. P., second-hand engine. J. H. P. Address Box 8, Advertiser.
DRESS SUITS FOR SALE OR TO RENT in first-class condition. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street.

The Art of Dressing Well...

Is really a science. It needs study and thought—much more of it than the average man can afford time for. And right here is where we make ourselves especially useful. You need only to select the cloth, we will attend to the rest. We study each one of our patrons. We know the style most becoming to the stout man and to the tall man. This knowledge is at your disposal at any time.

DEEKS & MUNSON,

308 RICHMOND STREET.

Board and Lodging.

LARGE FRONT ROOM—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, to let, with closet, use of bath. 389 Dufferin avenue. 21c
WANTED—BOARDERS—PRIVATE family. Conveniences. Apply 413 King street.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—FARM—100 ACRES, 1ST CON CESSION, adjoining city limits. 2-story brick house, 8 rooms, soft water tank and good well, good barn and sheds, woods would sell part or whole to suitable purchaser. 8 acres of graded fruit, plenty good pasture, living spring, close to good market, immediate possession. 58 Euclid avenue, South London. 23c

FOR SALE—SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS, south-west corner Oxford and Wharncliffe. Apply Lock-box 61, Florence, Ont. 23n xwttt

THE LIQUOR LICENSE ACT.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RE- QUIREMENTS of the Liquor License Act, public notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of License Commissioners for the city of London will be held in the office of the undersigned, 629 Talbot street, on Monday, April 3rd, at 2 o'clock, to consider applications for the sale of liquor in the city of London, for license year 1,900-1.

The following are new applicants for premises not now under license: TAYLOR-JERRY Collins, No. 42 corner Blackfriars street and Wilson avenue, West London; James James, No. 24 Dundas street, West London. Licensees issued for year 1899-1900: Taverners, 31; retail shops, 6; wholesale, 2. Applications made for year 1900: Taverners, 36; shops, 5.

Any petitions against the granting of licenses to any new applicants, or the premises named, signed by duly qualified electors in any polling subdivision in which premises are situated, must be lodged with the undersigned at least one day before the day of meeting.

23n R. HENDERSON, Inspector.

Shot At!

Attempt to Assassinate the Prince of Wales at Brussels.

His Royal Highness Escaped Without Injury.

London, April 4.—The Prince and Princess of Wales started for Copenhagen this morning for the purpose of attending the celebration of King Christian's birthday, which occurs April 8.

Brussels, April 4.—The Prince of Wales was shot at today, while leaving the railway station here. He was not hurt.

124 SKIRMISHES

Americans Have Had That Number Since Jan. 1.

In Suppressing Filipino Guerrillas, So Gen. Otis Reports.

Washington, April 4.—Gen. Otis has cabled the war department a summary of the campaign since Jan. 1. The report, which is dated Manila, April 3, says: "Since Jan. 1, 124 skirmishes have been reported, mostly very slight affairs. Our casualties were 3 officers and 7 enlisted men killed; 13 officers and 151 men wounded. Insurgent and Ladron loss is: Killed and left on the field, 1,426; captured, mostly wounded, 1,437; small arms secured, 3,510; pieces of artillery, 165; large captures of other insurgent property. A number of important insurgent officers are surrendering, and the situation is gradually becoming more pacific."

Gen. John C. Bates has peacefully occupied Surigao, Cagayan, Iligan, Misamis and Mindanao. A number of rifles and cannon were captured. The presence of the gunboats Yorktown, Manila and Panay prevented resistance at Cagayan. Insurgent atrocities in reading a warrant charging him with embezzling \$9,000. Unlabeled, who was an old man, had been in the employ of the company a long time.

The New York World gives these figures: The total outlay for the war with Spain, is as follows:
 Cost for fiscal year \$5,469,359
 Cost for 1899 163,871,910
 Total \$25,341,299

Adding the cost of the war with the Philippines for the year 1899, and we have a grand total of expenditures for war for 14 months, from April 25, 1898, to June 30, 1899, of \$23,958,566.

DROPPED DEAD.

St. Louis, Mo., April 4.—Julius Unlenth, cashier of the Hyde Park Brewing Company, dropped dead at his home today as a deputy sheriff was reading a warrant charging him with embezzling \$9,000. Unlenth, who was an old man, had been in the employ of the company a long time.

Quietude All Along the Line

Return of Colville's and French's Forces to Bloemfontein.

British Bravery Well Illustrated in the Recent Engagement—Wilkinson's Comment on the Enemy's Plan of Attack at Thaba N'Chu—Boers Shoot Down Prisoners—Mafeking All Right Up To March 20.

Bloemfontein, Monday, April 2.—Gen. Colville's division and French's cavalry have returned here. Everything is quiet.

London, Wednesday, April 4—4:40 a.m.—No news has yet been received of the expected battle between Gen. French and the Boers. There is now but a remote prospect of the recapture of the guns.

The Cape Town correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Monday, says: "Apparently there was not a man ahead of the convoy with orders to look out, but the escort trotted quietly behind, and only discovered that something was wrong after half the convoy had been captured."

THE BOER PLAN.
 Spencer Wilkinson, discussing the attack on Col. Broadwood's detachment, in the Morning Post, says: "The attack was well planned and well executed. Col. Broadwood, however, skillfully evaded the stroke aimed at him. Possibly Lord Roberts has retired his infantry with a view of encouraging the Boers to advance and to continue their attack. Probably nothing will suit him better than that they should attempt to move toward the railway or to attack in the direction of Bloemfontein. He is collecting reinforcements and stores in order to be in readiness for a renewal of the general advance, and he will not be drawn away. If the Boers venture too near they will receive punishment."

It is announced from Springfontein that the censorship has again curtailed dispatches. Therefore important developments must be impossible.

There is little news from other points. Mafeking was still besieged on March 20.

The Daily Chronicle, whose Cape Town correspondent has just predicted that the war would be over in three months, says: "In order to re-establish our position in the Free State, we need a brilliant success, won on the scene of our latest reverses."

British Bravery

WELL ILLUSTRATED.
 Bushman's Kop, Monday, April 2.—Hearing that the waterworks was deserted, the correspondent of the Reuter's agency rode forward today. Arriving at the crest of a hill a volley was fired at him, and a moment later a man appeared on the top of the crest. Calling on him to stop firing, and saying he was unarmed, and desiring to talk with him, the correspondent discovered that this man was an American who declared that he accompanied the Boers only as a sight-seer. He said that never during his whole life had he witnessed such magnificent pluck as that shown by the Boers on Saturday, and he asserted that not only himself, but the whole Boer army, were profoundly touched with admiration at their gallant behavior. It appears that the Boers never doubted their ability to capture the waterworks, and were undoubtedly founded by the courage displayed and the mastery way in which the force was able to escape from the death-trap. The correspondent's informant refused to give any information regarding the Boer forces or their movements, but it appeared that the present force was detached from Koonstadt, joined the Ladybrand force, and again divided north of Thaba N'Chu, one portion following the other and meeting Col. Broadwood's retreating force. The burghers engaged consisted of Schoeman's command, which was accompanied by many foreigners. Commanded by John Y. Blake was present with the Irish Brigade, and other foreigners.

INDIVIDUAL COURAGE.
 The fight was marked by many acts of individual courage. The first man to warn the British of the ambush was a sergeant of the army service corps, who shot Boers dead with his revolver. A Household Cavalry man, who was summoned to surrender, threw his rifle into his captor's face, knocking him down, and escaped. The Boers undoubtedly shot some of the prisoners and also killed some of their own men who advanced to demand the British surrender.

BOERS SHOOT PRISONERS.
 Later—According to the testimony of eye-witnesses the Boers shot some of the prisoners, but the confusion was so great—the fire proceeding from all directions and the Boers firing on the convoy, in which their own were mixed up—that it is impossible to say exactly what happened. Explosive bullets have been found in the bandoliers of some of the Boers who were captured. The enemy pursued the British for miles, killing, wounding and taking prisoners. One squadron of the Sixth Dragoons, which entered the action 140 strong, mustered at the end only ten mounted men. The Boers seemed to be in great strength throughout the district and are signaling on all sides. A large body is reported moving southwest of Bloemfontein in the direction of the railway.

Dandruff Destroys Hair.

Oriental Rum and Quinine Hair Tonic Cures Dandruff and all scalp troubles by destroying the germs which cause this unpleasant disease.
 It is a scientific and satisfactory preparation for the hair and has proved a blessing to thousands.
 This tonic stops the hair from falling out, gives it new life, cleans the scalp, nourishes the roots, and keeps the hair luxuriant and beautiful.
 Only 50 cents bottle.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE,
 Chemists, Etc.,
 216 Dundas street, London.

The Queen

Warmly Welcomed by the Irish People.

Her First Visit to the "Ould Sod" in 39 Years.

Dublin, April 4—11:45 a.m.—Queen Victoria landed in Ireland this morning for the first time in 39 years.

The disembarkation from the royal yacht was accomplished at 11:30. The commander of the forces in Ireland, the Duke of Connaught; the lord-lieutenant, Earl Cadogan, and their staffs, greeted her majesty, and the ride from Kingstown to Dublin commenced in splendid weather, and before huge good-natured crowds.

The Queen's progress from Kingstown to the viceregal lodge was marked with great enthusiasm. There was no untoward incident. At the entrance to the city she received an address of welcome.

Dublin, April 4.—The queen, on receiving an address of welcome, handed the Lord Mayor a reply, in which she said she had come to Ireland for rest and quiet, and that it gave her great gladness to return to the land of so many happy associations, whose soldiers had recently fought so gallantly.

The following was her majesty's reply in full: "I thank you for the loyal welcome and good wishes which you have tendered me on behalf of your Irish dominions. I came to this fair country to seek a change and rest, and to revisit scenes which recall to my mind the warm welcome given to both myself and my beloved husband."

I am deeply gratified that I have been able at this time to see again the motherland of those brave sons who have recently distinguished themselves in the defense of my crown and empire with cheerful valor, as conspicuous now as ever in their glorious past. I pray that the Almighty God may ever bless and direct you in the high functions which you exercise for the benefit of your fellow-citizens."

The Queen appeared to be much affected by the warmth of her welcome. Mr. Burke, a son of the former city sword-bearer, took the place of Mr. James Egan, the sword-bearer who had refused to officiate. But the Lord Mayor himself handed the sword and keys to her majesty, who touched them. The ceremonies at the city gate were most picturesque. London's Jubilee Lord Mayor, Sir George Paule Phillips declared that the reception and ceremonies were the finest he had ever seen, far surpassing those of the great Jubilee.

In reply to the address of welcome of the township commissioners of Kingstown, the Queen handed the following to the chairman: "I thank you for your loyal and dutiful address, and for the warm welcome wherewith you have greeted me. On setting foot on Irish soil I receive with great satisfaction your assurances of devotion and affection towards me. I am looking forward with much pleasure to my visit to this part of my dominion, and I pray may God bless Ireland with increasing welfare and prosperity."

As this written reply was handed to the chairman, her majesty said: "I am very pleased to find myself in Ireland again."

NETHERSOLE TRIAL.
 New York, April 4.—Olga Nethersole and others jointly accused in a blanket indictment of maintaining a nuisance and offending public decency in the production of a dramatization of Daudet's "Sapho," were put on trial yesterday in the criminal branch of the circuit court where Justice Furman presided. Those indicted with Miss Nethersole are Hamilton Revelle, Marcus Mayer and Theodore Moss. Miss Nethersole was in court.

EYES TESTED
 with De Zeng's Refractor, the newest appliance for determining errors of refraction.

Complete stock of finest frames and lenses. Skilled service; special attention to repairing and filling oculists' prescriptions.

Low prices.

John S. Barnard,
 Successor to H. Davis & Son,
 170 Dundas St., London.

The corner stone of friendship
is Sincerity. The foundation
of Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea
is merit.

COLONIAL REPRESENTATION

Came Up for Discussion in the British House.

Secretary Chamberlain's View of the Question—Russia Rapidly Approaching a War Footing—Mark Twain Wants Eternal Copyright.

London, April 4.—In the House of Commons, Hon. Charles Hetherington, Liberal member for the Northern District, moved that in the opinion of the House it was desirable, in the interests of the empire, that the colonies should be admitted to some representation in Parliament. He said this government was particularly popular in Canada.

Mr. Charles Phillips Trevelyan (Liberal) suggested that the agents-general of the colonies be allowed a voice in Parliament, but not a vote.

Mr. Chamberlain said that if the object of the promoters of the resolution was to make closer the union of the colonies with the mother country, they could have no more strenuous supporter than himself. He doubted, however, whether this object would be promoted by an abstract resolution upon a question of the greatest complexity. "Such a change," continued the colonial secretary, "must come gradually, with the full consent of the colonies. No change could be too high for colonial patriotism. The colonies did not wait for a call, but voluntarily offered their assistance, which was gladly accepted. Great as has been this assistance, and great as has been the sacrifices, if under any stress, we should call upon the colonies, their offers would be immensely greater still; and if any demand upon the mother country were made by the colonies, nothing would be surer than the favorable reply of Parliament.

"So far the colonies have not made any definite suggestion with respect to representation," said Mr. Chamberlain; "and I am convinced that nothing would be more fatal than a premature discussion of details. I do not think the time has arrived to suggest to the colonies the form which imperial unity should take. It is absurd to suppose that self-governing colonies like Canada would sacrifice independence for the sake of a single vote in the House of Commons. We are not going to interfere in the domestic affairs of the colonies; nor are they going to interfere in ours. I have never advocated, as has been reported, the formation of an imperial Zollverein; but I have pointed out that, if there were to be a kind of fiscal arrangement with the colonies, I believed the only form that would meet with the slightest favor would be an imperial Zollverein, in which there would be free trade between the portions of the empire and duties as against strangers. At any rate, the suggestion must originate with the colonies. There is no suggestion from ourselves. The present resolution is premature, is necessarily academic, and might be mischievous."

The resolution was then withdrawn.

RUSSIA'S WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

Paris, April 4.—A St. Petersburg special says: Signs are not wanting that the empire is rapidly approaching a war footing, and although Northern Russia is still reserved and rather pessimistic, the southern part of the empire fairly smells of war. St. Petersburg, however, despite its superficial cynicism, is endeavoring to guess with what power the fight will begin, whether Japan, China or Great Britain. Fifteen thousand troops are being sent to Sebastopol to await further orders, and the four speediest express steamers of the local commercial fleet are under contract with the government to be placed at the shortest possible notice at the disposal of the admiralty.

Berlin, April 4.—The Kolnische Zeitung, a semi-official organ, publishes alarming reports regarding the busy war preparations which Russia is making on land and sea. The Zeitung announces that the czar will go to Moscow tomorrow to be present at a military council. All dispatches relating to the mobilization of troops are carefully censored before they are given to the press. Officers who have applied for leave of absence have been informed that all such requests will be denied for the present.

SUNDAY CLOSING.

London, April 4.—In the House of Lords, Lord Kinnaird asked the government to support the United States Government in attempting to secure non-exhibition displays on Sunday at



Taylor's CLUB GLYCERINE SOAP
FOR THE TOILET
Manufactured by
JOHN TAYLOR & CO.
TORONTO

the Paris Exhibition. Premier Salisbury replied that the government was fully aware of the feeling in the matter, and had no shadow of authority to take action in the matter.

ROBBED A PRINCESS.

London, April 4.—The Princess of Leiningen, while visiting Liverpool last week, with her husband, Col. Atkinson, for the races, lost jewelry valued at \$25,000, which was stolen from her bedroom in the Adelphi Hotel. The safe in which the jewelry had been deposited was forced open during her absence.

BRITISH SUZERAINTY.

The Hague, April 4.—The second chamber of the states-general approved by a vote of 85 to 20, the international arbitration convention of the late peace conference. During the course of the debate, Herr A. E. C. Van Karnebeck, who was a delegate to the conference, declared that no signatory power thought of recognizing, by implication, the suzerainty of Britain over the Transvaal.

TWAIN WANTS ETERNAL COPYRIGHT.

London, April 4.—The select committee of the House of Lords on the copyright bill met yesterday, and Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) was examined. He expressed the opinion that the copyright laws of Britain and the United States were now so nearly what they ought to be that they only needed one "commercially trifling but morally significant amendment to become perfect." Mr. Clemens explained that the amendment would be the removal of the 42-year limit and a return to perpetual copyright.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

Paris, April 4.—In the senate yesterday, during the debate on the foreign budget, Comte Darnay drew attention to the regulations of France with Great Britain, and said that in the negotiations respecting the French concession at Shanghai Great Britain was at first obstinate, but on the outbreak of the difficulties in South Africa became more conciliatory. "The war in South Africa," said the senator, "has shown Britain that her policy of splendid isolation is certainly not the best safeguard for her interests. I therefore consider the moment opportune for France to raise the question of Egypt. A rupture between France and Great Britain would be a misfortune for civilization, and the mutual respect of the two nations is the best means of avoiding it."

The minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, replied: "Both nations have many reasons to consider their rights and dignity in the questions they have to solve. It is not for me to speak here of ridiculous threats. The time has not yet come to tell all the truth on the Fashoda affair, but neither France nor the government has anything to fear from the publication of the facts. History will say the last word."

CABLE NOTES.

The Dowager Countess of Aberdeen, widow of the fifth Earl of Aberdeen, is dead. She was born in 1814.

The Cape Parliament was further prorogued Tuesday. The governor, Sir Alfred Milner, has returned to Cape Town.

At a meeting of the directors of the Bank of England Tuesday, Samuel Stewart Gladstone was re-elected governor.

Rebel General Hernandez has been defeated near Bolivar, Venezuela. The Legislative Council of Trinidad has ratified the reciprocity treaty with the United States.

Wreckage seen off the French coast is believed to be the remains of the missing steamer Panillac.

Natives in German West Africa are said to be greatly disaffected because of alleged brutal treatment by their conquerors.

Advices from Colombia say that rebels in that republic have scored a number of important successes that the government is taking steps to increase the force detailed to crush the revolution.

A special from Madrid says: Public order in Spain is much worried concerning the health of young King Alfonso, who is felt to be in a precarious state.

HON. J. I. TARTE

Gives Good Advice to Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal Representative.

London, April 4.—Hon. Mr. Tarte has not been long on this side of the water, but already he is a lively center of interest in both London and Paris. He makes frequent flying trips between the two capitals, and his movements, sayings and doings attract a good deal of attention. Mr. Tarte came over from Paris Monday afternoon, and in the evening was a guest at the meeting of the Society of Arts, when Sir Charles Dilke read a paper on "A Century in Our Colonies."

Mr. Tarte also spoke, and took occasion to declare that Canadians were good British subjects, but would like to be full-blooded British citizens. They could only be by having a voice in imperial councils. Mr. Tarte will attend and speak at the dinner of the Canada Club, when Mr. Alfred Austin, the poet laureate; Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, the Marquise of Herford, Lord Strathcona and the Australasian Federation delegates will also speak.

Mr. Tarte's speech at the Society of Arts has created some comment, especially his advice to the Boers, to accept the benefit of British self-government. Mr. Tarte had a chat with Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal representative, at M. Delcasse's reception in Paris on Saturday. He says he found Dr. Leyds most pleasant and most anxious to hear about the French-Canadians. Mr. Tarte explained the liberality and freedom of British rule in French-Canada, and added: "Now, Mr. Leyds, I am the son of a rebel, and I tell you you'll be beaten; you'll be crushed. If you are wise you and your people will do as we did, and enjoy the freedom we enjoy."

Dr. Leyds, it is added, seemed much impressed.

Among the proposals before the Brit-

ish Government is the creation of a pacification commission, including nominees of Canada, Australasia, Natal and Cape Colony, to visit the disaffected districts of South Africa and to explain the character of British rule. Mr. Tarte's speech suggests that perhaps he is considering the possibility of his nomination as the Canadian member.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT

Discussion on the Removal of Lieut.-Col. Onels White and Vance Renewed—Budget Debate.

Ottawa, April 3.—The budget debate was not resumed until 10 o'clock this evening, the intervening time being occupied in a discussion introduced by Lieut.-Col. Prior relative to the removal of the names of Lieut.-Col. White and Vince from the list of officers selected to undergo a staff course at Kingston. The opposition speakers charged that the names had been removed by the minister of militia on political grounds. The minister of militia and other speakers on the government side contended that the letter upon which the opposition based their charge had been written by direction of Major-Gen. Hutton, without the knowledge of the minister of militia, and that it was afterwards withdrawn. Mr. Sutherland asserted that the letter in question was written for the purpose of injuring the government and the minister of militia.

Mr. Fisher's bill to allow nursery stock to be imported, providing it is fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas at the port of entry, was passed through its various stages and sent to the senate.

Mr. Foster moved that the Hughes-Hutton correspondence be printed, and the proposition was allowed to pass without opposition.

On motion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Wednesday will be taken for government business on and after the 11th inst. This gives Mondays only to private members' business.

The debate on the budget was resumed by Mr. Wallbridge, who spoke for about an hour and a half. Mr. Wallace moved the adjournment of the debate, to resume on Thursday.

Mr. Campbell gave notice of an inquiry whether the attention of the government has been called to the fact that the postal tax bears heavily on the newspapers, and whether it is the intention of the government in view of the growing surplus accruing to the exchequer, and of the paucity of the total revenue taken from the service, to amend the postal act so as to reduce or suppress the postage on newspapers.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has given notice that he will move an adjournment on Wednesday next until April 17, for the latter date.

The resolution which was introduced into the House of Commons on March 22 by Mr. Mulock, to prevent abuse from the sub-letting of government contracts, and to secure the payment of such wages as are generally accepted as current in each trade for competent workmen on all government contracts, is not to be allowed to remain dead letter. Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue, of Toronto, has been appointed to see that the provisions of the resolution are carried out, and will enter upon his duties immediately.

IN THE SENATE.

Senator Gilmor, the newly-appointed Senator from New Brunswick, was today introduced in the senate by Senators Mills and Scott, and after the usual formalities took his seat. The discussion on the criminal code was resumed, after which Senator Mills gave notice that on adjourning on Wednesday he would move that the senate stand adjourned till the 18th inst.

NOSE COMPLETELY BLOCKED UP

Had Catarrh So Badly That for Months Previous to Using Japanese Catarrh Cure He Could Not Breathe At All Through His Nostrils—Japanese Catarrh Cure Cured.

Mr. John McKenzie, Elgin, N. S., writes: "I feel it a duty to you to tell what Japanese Catarrh Cure has done for me. For some years I have been a great sufferer from Catarrh in its worst form, and for some months I could not breathe at all through my nostrils. Since completing the treatment with Japanese Catarrh Cure, I am pleased to say I am absolutely free from catarrh, and can now breathe as naturally as ever through my nostrils. Japanese Catarrh Cure cures catarrh by healing every diseased portion of the mucous membrane. It cures permanently. Sold by Anderson & Nelles, druggists, at 50 cents.

GRABBED A LIVE WIRE.

Windsor, April 4.—Hugh McLeod, a lineman in the employ of the Bell Telephone Company, had a close call for his life while repairing the wires between the city and the country. He was standing on the ground, and by some means the wire he was repairing came in contact with an electric light wire. McLeod received the full charge of the light current, and was thrown violently to the ground, but, fortunately, in falling, he released his hold of the wire. He was stunned for a few minutes, but soon recovered.

In the Clutch Of Consumption.



Don't neglect that persistent hacking cough till you find yourself in the clutch of Consumption. It's an easy matter to stop it now by taking

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

This pleasant remedy heals and soothes the lungs and bronchial tubes, and cures lingering and chronic coughs when other remedies fail.

Mr. W. P. Cann, writing from Morphet, Ont., says: "I honestly believe I would have died of consumption if not for Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I have used it for years and consider it has no equal for severe colds and throat troubles."

THREE TRYING TIMES.

There are three periods in a woman's life that are fraught with great danger to her health. The first of these is the unfolding of the bud of girlhood into the full bloom of womanhood.

Mothers should carefully guard their daughter's health at this time. If there be pain in the back, weariness and lassitude, paleness and weakness, headaches and irregularities, there is no remedy will do so much good as Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. It enriches the blood, strengthens the nerves, makes the cheeks rosy, and brings about regularity. The next period when a woman requires the aid of a good nerve-toning, blood-enriching remedy like Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills is Motherhood.



During pregnancy these pills make the blood rich and keep the health good. After baby comes they restore the strength and build up the depleted system.

Women at the change of life will find nothing equal to Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills to tide them over this trying transition period.

For the nervousness and dizzy spells, prickling sensations in the fingers, hot flushes, numbness, headaches and heart palpitation, which so often prove such a serious menace to health, there is no better remedy.



In fact, at all times in a woman's life, when she is weak, run down, nervous, sleepless, anemic, suffering from heart trouble, lacking energy and ambition, she will find Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a friend in need that gives her rich blood, strong nerves, regular beating heart, refreshing sleep—drives away pains and aches, and restores all the blessings of sound health.

A FEW REFERENCES.

Mrs. A. M. Strongman, 564 Colborne St., London, Ont., says Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cured her daughter, who was weak, nervous and run down in health.

Mrs. Henry Fox, Eme'lon, Man., writes that she was cured of weak and fluttering heart and nervousness.

Mrs. John Gilker, of Maria Que., says these pills cured her of heart throbbing and dizziness, followed by weakness and nervousness.

Mrs. David Bell, Moncton, N.B., suffered from violent headaches, smothering sensation and dizziness. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, she says, completely cured her.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box, three boxes for \$1.25, at all druggists or by mail. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

STRIKE SETTLED

Bridge Workers' Hands Get More Than They Asked—Builders and Miners on Strike.

The Hamilton Times says: This morning the Hamilton Bridge Company announced a new schedule of wages for its hands, showing an increase of from 10 to 40 cents a day for the men. This was highly satisfactory to the old hands, who at once accepted it. It was announced that the works will reopen on Thursday morning, and it is almost a certainty that the men will be at their posts then. In some cases the increase granted is greater than the men demanded. A new order of affairs will exist regarding the boys, however. The management announces that boys only will be put to work on boys' jobs. No increase will be given in their case, and it is not likely that the boys who went on strike will be taken back. There is no change in the situation at the Hamilton Iron and Steel Company's works. The small mill is still closed.

Toronto, April 4.—About 30 local lathers went on strike Monday morning to secure a general increase in wages. The men adjourned to Richmond Hall, where a conference was held with the bosses, resulting in the signing of an agreement giving the strikers an increase of 5 cents an hour. The men all returned to work in the afternoon, having only lost half a day.

Henderson, Ky., April 3.—More than 2,000 coal miners are now out in the Western Kentucky fields.

Linton, Ind., April 3.—All the coal mines here have been closed and 1,100 miners are idle.

Watertown, N.Y., April 3.—The entire plant of the New York Air Brake Company is tied up on account of a misunderstanding existing between the company and the laborers employed there. One thousand men are out of work.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 3.—Nearly all the building trades in Indianapolis are now affected by strikes, but an accurate estimate of the number of men out is as yet impossible. Employers and employees appear anxious to settle the difficulties, and it is thought that the men will start work in a few days.

Pittsburg, April 3.—Reports received today from the coal mines in the Pittsburg district indicate that the strike, inaugurated yesterday against the dead-work scale and the run of the mine, has assumed larger proportions than at first expected. Few miners are in operation and fully 20,000 miners are idle. There is less than a week's supply of coal in the Pittsburg harbor. They are determined, but the officials of the coal companies expect to effect a settlement before the end of the week.

A DINNER PILL.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healing nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions, and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion.

An automobile race will take place in France during four days of the last week in July.

CAUTION.—Beware of substitutes for Pain-Killer. There is nothing "just as good." Unequalled for cuts, sprains and bruises. Internally for all bowel disorders. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25 cents and 50 cents.

The traffic receipts of the C. P. R. for the week ended March 31 were \$814,000, an increase of \$141,000 over those for the corresponding week last year.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as a swollen neck and crick in the back, and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial results.

..CORDAGE..

...WHEN IN THE MARKET FOR...

Manilla Rope, Leather Cord, Binder Twine, Hide Cord, Sisal Rope, Lath Yarn, Pulp and Paper Cord.

ASK FOR PRICES.

Hobbs Hardware Co.

LONDON, ONT.

USE EDDY'S BRUSHES.

The Most Durable on the Market. For Sale Everywhere.

A WONDERFUL ANTISEPTIC COMPOUND

NOVO. A Medicated Toilet Soap of the Purest. Awarded Silver Medal Greater Britain Exhibition, 1897.

A FEW REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD USE NOVO.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

- 1.—Prevents all contagious diseases from approaching where it is used.
- 2.—It will clean and polish paint work and it will clean the glass on the paint.
- 3.—It will clean carpets without taking them up.
- 4.—It will clean linoleum like new.
- 5.—It will clean bicycle chains and rims.
- 6.—It will clean and remove paint, oil and grease stains from woolen and cotton clothing. Also cleans coat collars and hats.
- 7.—It contains no alkali and is strongly recommended for washing the head, as it imparts a silky and natural gloss to the hair, and is especially useful for children.

Price 12c & 20c Block.

Novo is claimed to be the cheapest and best paint cleaner on market. Try it on finger marks on doors.

Full directions on each block.

R. H. LAYERS & CO., Ltd., Atlas Works, East Fife, Fifehead, Liverpool, Eng.

A. M. SMITH & CO., Sole Agents for London.

Cleveland

Features and improvements in the 1900 models—chainless wheels—combined ball and roller bearings—skeleton gear case—combined coaster and brake, and other new ideas that contribute in making it the ideal

Bicycle.

A. WESTMAN,

111 Dundas. Branch—654 Dundas

Free Cure For Men.

A new remedy which quickly cures sexual weakness, varicose, night emissions, premature discharge, etc., and restores the organs to strength and vigor. Dr. L. W. Knapp, 202 East Building, Detroit, Mich. Gladly sends free the receipt of this wonderful remedy in order that every weak man may cure himself at home.

Germany gets most of the \$900,000 which the United States pays every year for foreign dolls.



Applying Electricity.

The advantages of electricity are well known. The necessity is to have it properly applied.

For Illuminating,

the success of the work depends much upon the wiring. We put in the electric light for you, and see that the work is well done, which insures the light being satisfactory.

R. M. MILLAR, SPENCER BLOCK

London Advertiser.

ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1862.

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Wednesday, April 4.

Criticism Run Mad.

The warped and perverse nature of Mr. Whitney's mind, with relation to governmental action, is well illustrated by his attitude towards the drainage bill introduced by the Hon. Mr. Dryden. The bill proposes to grant aid to municipalities to assist them in draining and reclaiming swamp land. It is a wisely-conceived measure, and will be productive of an immense amount of benefit to many sections of the Province. Mr. Whitney's objection to it is based upon the ground that as it proposes to benefit large numbers of the community by conferring governmental aid, it is practically a bribe offered to the members of the community so benefited to induce them to cast their votes in the Government's favor.

This is indeed a novel form of objection. It would apply with equal force to the granting of railway subsidies. We may conclude, therefore, that under Mr. Whitney's regime, if he ever had one, such subsidies would cease entirely. Carried to its legitimate conclusion, the argument implies that the Government cannot pass any measure beneficial to the public or any considerable portion thereof, without thereby standing convicted of an attempt at bribery, for it is quite certain that measures of that character will always be likely to impress the people with the idea that the Government are capable and progressive, and in that way indirectly to secure their general support. But surely that is not to be urged against the Government as a matter of opprobrium. We had always supposed that capable and efficient conduct of public affairs on the part of the ministry was a legitimate method of acquiring the confidence of the electorate.

We had supposed—and in this the approved authorities on political economy seem to bear us out—that one of the recognized functions of a Government was to supply aid of the character of that inaugurated to enable the carrying out of public improvements of too great magnitude to warrant their being undertaken by private enterprise.

Mr. Whitney apparently dissents from that view. There is no such principle contained in his political economy. The truth seems to be that Mr. Whitney is incapable of discriminating between governmental conduct which wins the confidence of the public, because of its merit, and corrupt acts looking to the debauching of the electorate. This we believe is largely attributable to the fact that he approaches all actions of the Government with the settled, preconceived idea that there is fraud or chicanery about them somewhere, and that his duty is to find it out. In his effort to apply this Procrustean method to all the political problems presented to him, he is sometimes led to strange assertions. In his present objection to Mr. Dryden's bill he has almost outdone himself.

Assuredly no more fantastic cause of savil was ever formulated.

The Passing of the "Three-Decker."

According to a statement in an influential English journal there is a change coming over the spirit of British journalism. It is now the day of cheap newspapers and short articles. The writer says: "The change is very slow, but it is sure. I could easily mention one or two great and powerful papers whose middle pages used to be covered with sparkling erudite productions in double-leaded type, containing the richest treasures of long accumulations of common-place books. In these papers now you will find two, or at the furthest three columns of clear, orderly, business-like writing on the latest telegrams." "The half-penny papers have come in, and these want no three-deckers." Hence the writer is afraid that men of genius and men of letters—the novelist always excepted—must therefore go back to grub street.

Well, we hope that it is not quite so bad as that. We fancy that men of genius will still find scope for their powers, and that the men of letters will somehow conform to the new conditions. The fact is at any rate clear, that the public calls for articles that comment upon the news or put some important ideas in a brief, pithy form. The newspaper cannot appeal simply to those who can be classed as students, it must meet the general needs. Busy men have not time to read lengthy, elaborate editorials, though these may be the outcome of much knowledge and are shaped with considerable literary skill. This may be a fact to be regretted, but it is one that has to be faced, and while the daily journal does influence public life it must itself also reflect that life. Of course, there will always be in a large country special journals with a peculiar constituency, but the great body of newspapers must adopt themselves to changed conditions.

Then something may be said for the short article. It is not necessary to say everything, even upon one subject, in one day. A live journal is a constant visitor to the homes of many people, and it may present day by day, in a clear and compressed form, the ideas that are living and influential. A great preacher was once asked why he had not made the sermon shorter, and he replied because he had not had time. There are some things that it is easier to put into

two or three columns than into one. The merit of articles is not to be measured by their length, but by their suggestiveness. It may be that the average newspaper reader does not want too much strain upon his thinking powers; but we do not believe that he is as lazy as some people make him out to be. He does not want all his thinking done for him. With all his reputed laziness, we should not be surprised to learn that he appreciates brief notes which suggest a good road along which his mind may travel in the investigation of political and social subjects, as well as the "three-deckers," which aim to provide him with a complete guide book.

Binder Twine.

If all the untruths which have been told by Opposition orators about the manufacture and sale of binder twine at the Kingston Penitentiary were collected, they would fill a large volume. They trust, apparently, to make enough of exaggerated statements regarding the industry, and hope that some of them will be believed, to the detriment of the Government.

Anyone who carefully reads the statements issued by the Minister of Justice, under whose oversight the penitentiaries are managed, will have no difficulty in comprehending how little ground there has been for the attack on the Hon. David Mills, and how much better the output of binder twine has been managed since 1896 than it was when under the care of the leaders of those who are now trying to make political capital by misrepresentation.

It is not generally known that when the present Government came into power it found the whole of the output of binder twine of the year unsold, lying deteriorating in value in the penitentiary, instead of being marketed, as it ought to have been. It was the system that was all wrong, and the exposure of this fact is what has made the Opposition orators so very anxious to establish a set-off. This, so far, they have been unable to do.

It looks as if the firm of Kruger & Steyn would have to liquidate pretty soon.

The extension of the time during which farmers can purchase binder twine—this year's make—at Kingston Penitentiary is a good move which will meet with acceptance by the farming community.

President Kruger says he will retake Bloemfontein within a week, but then we must remember that he is the same gentleman who gave out that the Russians were in London and that a corporal's guard was holding the city.

Paris landlords are making preparations to fleece foreigners who visit that city to attend the Exposition. Reports state that many of them have given their regular boarders notice to quit their rooms, as they would be needed for visitors.

The Boston Herald, in speaking of the Boer proposal for peace, says: "The asking of such a concession under the circumstances was preposterous, and argues that the Boers are not yet whipped sufficiently to bring them to a realization of their real weakness. But Lord Salisbury's reply may do something to purge their minds of delusion."

CLEVELAND THUGS

Waylay a Policeman, and Steal His Belongings, Including Handcuffs.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 3.—While shadowing a suspected robber last night, Patrolman Fitzgerald was taken captive by seven men. Fitzgerald had followed the suspect into the house. He was immediately seized, overpowered, bound and gagged by the thugs. After taking his money, watch, billy, revolver and a pair of handcuffs, the men left the policeman to get free the best he could. After half an hour Fitzgerald succeeded in severing his bonds with his teeth, and went to the Central police station.

DR. PARKHURST ON SHELTON. New York, April 4.—In his sermon Sunday night at Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, Dr. Parkhurst referred to the experience of Rev. C. M. Sheldon as editor of the *Tribune* and *Daily Capital*. He said: "Sheldon had a good deal to say about doing things as Jesus would do them. There is a suggestion about that phrase, although which I repeat it was not meant to be infelicitous; it gave opportunity to the ungodly to revolt. 'Following as Jesus would plow,' 'sanitary plumbing that would please Jesus,' touches in unpleasant ways the spot which we keep our sense of the holy. Why not have said exercising in everything we do—editing, plowing or whatever else—the same spirit which Jesus exercised in what he did, and then everything would turn on finding out as accurately and nicely as possible just what that spirit was?"

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters, which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, and can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle, laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c, at W. T. Strong & Co.'s drug store.

Berlin has 63 public monuments. Half a million clerks are employed in London.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickie's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing the affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, etc.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR

Was the Budget of 1900, to the Splendid Record Presented by Mr. Fielding in Previous Years.

An Interesting Comparison of Figures Showing How the Country Has Prospered Under Liberal Administration—A \$50,000,000 Revenue—Budget Pointers.

[From Our Ottawa Correspondent.] Ottawa, April 2.—The budget of 1900 has proved to be a worthy successor to those which have been presented by the same minister in previous years. Each year Mr. Fielding has been able to make a satisfactory report of the condition of the country's finances, and these reports have been in steady progression, arithmetical progression at first, but this year it begins to look like geometrical progression. As he himself remarked, the budget of 1898 was good, but that of 1899 was phenomenal. A year ago we looked upon 1898 as phenomenal, but so quickly does the human mind adapt itself to changed conditions that after a few more years of reform rule this sort of budget will be taken as a matter of course, and the old days of big deficits will be but a fading memory of an unpleasant dream.

TWO ACCOUNTS AND THEIR DIFFERENCE.

To take one or two figures as samples of the general balance sheet, and for purposes of comparison:—The customs receipts have increased \$3,612,000; excise receipts, \$1,770,000; and miscellaneous, \$1,138,000; while the receipts of the postoffice have decreased \$334,000; or a net increase of \$5,186,000. This is what is known as the income or revenue account, as distinct from capital account, a distinction which, as the minister pointed out, was most necessary to keep in mind. The names of the two accounts suggest their essential difference, income account being expended in meeting running expenses, the cost of government, and the general administration of the affairs of the country from day to day, while capital account is charged permanent public works, such as the construction of railways and canals, the subsidizing of railways, and other exceptional charges of one kind or another. When the expenditure on the income or revenue account exceeds the receipts, the result is a deficit, and, of course, when the income is greater than the expenditure, there is a surplus.

THERE IS A SURPLUS, while an excess of expenditure on capital account results in an addition to the public debt. This is a point that cannot be made too clear, as a proper understanding of this will explain one or two things which are often somewhat confusing to the average elector. For example, it is not infrequently objected that it is impossible to have a surplus, and at the same time an increase of the public debt. But it will be seen that this is possible, and often occurs quite legitimately. It will be further seen that while a deficit in the income or revenue account is as much an evidence of extravagance as being in the public affairs as it would be in private life, it is a parallel case to a man living beyond his means, it does not follow that there is extravagance or lavishness in the expenditure of public money when the expenditure on capital account exceeds the revenue, inasmuch as such expenditure, if made upon permanent public works of a necessary character for the benefit of the country, is a good investment, bearing first-class interest, and eventually making big returns to the country. It is only when this is not the case that expenditures on capital account are improper and extravagant.

A COMPARISON OF FIGURES.

With this understanding of the case clearly in mind, what is the financial condition of the country after three complete years of Liberal administration, and how does it compare with eighteen years of Conservative government which preceded it? The increase in the national debt from 1873 to 1896 was \$18,000,000, or an average increase of \$1,111,111 per annum for the entire period of \$6,500,000—six and a half million dollars added to the debt of the country for every one of the eighteen years that the finances of the Dominion were under Tory management. During the three years which have since passed the total increase has been \$7,775,000, or an average per annum of less than \$2,591,666, and even of this increase at least two and a half millions were paid out to meet obligations bequeathed to the present government by its predecessors, and for which, while they had to find the money, they were in no way responsible. So that, making this fair deduction, the annual addition to the national debt under Liberal rule has been but \$1,700,000, as against \$6,500,000 when the Tories were in power.

FIFTY MILLION REVENUE.

So much for the past. The outlook for the present and the prospect for the immediate future is yet more reassuring, for the minister of finance estimates that the total revenue for the current year will reach \$50,000,000. This has been completed, will, for the first time in the history of confederation, exceed \$50,000,000. Against this, the expenditure—and these figures, of course, have reference solely to income account—the expenditure is estimated at \$43,175,000, leaving a net surplus when every liability has been fully met of at least \$7,500,000, far and away the largest surplus on record in this Dominion. This is a great expectation, and some may be tempted to doubt whether it is not altogether too sanguine. But the present finance minister has shown himself thoroughly reliable in these matters each year, his forecasts have always proved well within the mark, and the final balancing of the public ledger has invariably made a better showing than he anticipated, so that we are justified in accepting his estimate on this occasion and anticipating this splendid credit balance, unprecedented though it be. The estimates

AS TO CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

are equally exceptional and gratifying. The expenditure will be a large one, for great progress has been made in railways, canals and other public works, looking to the development of the country commensurate with the glorious growing time of prosperity that we are enjoying. Moreover, there has been the exceptional and heavy expenditure occasioned by the noble services Canada is rendering to the empire in South Africa, "but," declared Mr. Fielding, "looking at the matter carefully, making the best estimates one can for the year, of which four months are yet to elapse, I am of the opinion, and I think that opinion will prove to be correct, that, during this current year, we will pay all the Liberal outlay on ordinary account, that honorable gentlemen opposite take of so often; we will pay all the capital charges, we occasionally hear about; we will pay

SPRING THE RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE CO. 1900.

Easter Novelties and Easter Wants

In a little over a week we'll have Easter, and the Big Store is better prepared than ever to meet every want. No matter what you require you'll find us well prepared to supply. Our stocks have been carefully selected and include the most reliable qualities and latest styles. You may think of—

Attractive displays, elegance and novelty await you at every turn.

Easter Jackets, Easter Hats, Easter Bonnets, Easter Waists,

Easter Gloves, Easter Parasols, Easter Costumes, Easter Hosiery.

Everything you want will be found here in ample variety.

Easter Dress Goods

The Dress Goods section has already caught the inspiration of Easter trade. Come here any day and you'll find this department crowded with enthusiastic shoppers, interested in the magnificent displays of New Dress Stuffs. This is certainly the Dress Goods center. Everything new in Dress manufacture is shown here.

NEW SPRING HOMESPUNS.

46-inch Homespun Suitings, all-wool, plain and checks, light and dark colors, 75c goods. Special per yard..... 60c
54-inch Homespun Suitings, in fawn, gray and brown, plain. Special per yard..... 75c
54-inch Homespun Tweed Suitings, small broken checks, browns, fawns and gray-green, mixed; per yard..... \$1 00
56-inch Homespun Suitings, light gray, fawn and dark gray, all-wool, shrunk, very stylish for suits, per yard..... \$1 25
44-inch Ladies' Cloth Suiting, all-wool, in all the new and staple colorings for jacket and skirt, at, per yard..... 60c
50-inch Ladies' Cloth Suitings, new shades and tints, in castors, blues, browns and deep strawberry, per yard..... 95c

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

Special All-Wool Cheviot Serges, 44-inch, good heavy weight for suits, in Priestley's and French makes, extra values, at, per yard..... 35c and 50c
Special All-Wool Serge Suitings, 44-inch, heavy and fine Twills, Priestley's, also French makes, special for jacket and skirt, extra special per yard..... 50c and 65c
Special All-Wool Tweed Suiting, Priestley's new make, elegant style for jacket and skirt, in plain black and navy, 44-inch, per yard..... 75c, \$1 00 and \$1 25
Special Venetian Suiting, 46-inch, All-Wool, extra bright finish for jacket and skirt, black and navy, per yard..... 85c
Special Priestley's Black Cloth Suiting, 46-inch, all-wool, thoroughly shrunk, guaranteed not to spot nor crock with wet, very high finish, extra special per yard..... \$1 25
Special Cheviot Suitings, 54-inch, all-wool, good heavy twill for skirt and jacket, the newest Homespun finish, correct style, black and navy. Special per yard..... \$1 25
"Priestley's Poplins," 44-inch, all-wool, good silk finish cords, fine and heavy make, Priestley's stamp, per yard..... 75c, \$1 00 and \$1 25

Easter Millinery

The most exquisite showing of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets to be seen in London. We're in absolute command of the Millinery market, and as soon as new styles are introduced we get them. We show variety enough to suit the wants and tastes of every class. There's no doubt about it, we lead the trade in Millinery.

DAINTY EASTER GIFTS.

Very handsome Steel and Jet Belts, pointed yoke effects back and front.
Dainty Pearl Belts from 90c each to..... \$1 65
Our special in pretty Jet Belts for..... 25c
Patent Leather Dog Collar Belt, with patent lock, the latest..... 50c
Genuine Seal Leather, with all around dog collar, at..... 75c
The new Finger Purse, in grays, tans, chocolate and black, from 75c each to..... \$1 75
Jet and Steel Handkerchief Bags, very handsome, at each \$1, \$1 25, \$1 50 and..... \$1 75
Fancy Steel Girdles with purse attached—latest novelty.
Gun Metal Purses. French Gray Purses. Silver Purses with chains.
Dainty Bisque Novelties for Easter Gifts sell from 25c up.

NEW GLOVES.

We are very enthusiastic about our Kid Glove showing, which is really the best we have ever made; elegant styles, excellent qualities, and perfect fitting. When you see our Kid Glove display you see the best in the market.

Fowne's "Rocquaine," 2 large pearl clasps, heavily embroidered points, in modes, tans and grays..... \$1 50
Perrin's "Belfort," 2 clasp, with black, self and white points, pique sewn, in tans, modes, grays and blues..... \$1 50
Perrin's "Capitol," 2 clasp, in pearl and tuscany shades with black and self points..... \$1 00
Perrin's "Eglantine," 2 clasp, with self, black or white points, in new shades of tan, mode, blues, red and gray..... \$1 00
Perrin's "La Rive," 2 clasp, with heavy black or white stitching, in grays, modes, tans and blacks, very stylish..... \$1 25
Perrin's "Yvonne" black, undressed, with new stitching and 2 clasps..... \$1 35

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co

208, 210, 210½, 212 Dundas Street, London.

all the railway subsidies; we will pay every dollar of the expenditure required to the 1st of July for our services in South Africa; and at the end of the year we shall not have added one dollar to the public debt."

BUDGET PROPOSALS.

It is not possible in the limits of this letter to touch in detail upon all the points dealt with by the finance minister in his speech, but the proposals made looking to changes in the present tariff may be summarized as follows:—First and foremost is the increase of the preferential to Great Britain, from 25 per cent to 33½ per cent, a proposition which was met with loud and prolonged cheering from the government benches, though this further evidence of practical patriotism failed to elicit the slightest mark of approval from the ill-loyalists on Mr. Speaker's left. It is further proposed to invite the Island of Trinidad in the West Indies to join the Dominion in a free exchange of the products of the two countries, except spirituous liquors and tobacco, for a term of five years and afterwards to continue until terminated after one year's notice by either country. The only other change proposed is to admit machinery not of a class made in Canada, but imported for the manufacture of beet root sugar, free of duty.

BUDGET POINTERS.

The total value of the mineral products of Canada in 1890 was \$16,760,000; in 1896 \$20,760,000; in 1898 \$48,245,000; were only \$138,000 higher than they were three years before, but on Jan. 31, 1900, they had increased over \$15,000,000. The aggregate trade of Canada for the first eight months of 1899 was \$193,152,000 and for the same period of the current year \$225,287,000, an increase for the eight months of over \$32,000,000. The domestic exports of the United States in 1899, was \$15 84 per head and of Canada \$25 85 per head. The total foreign trade of the United States in 1899 was \$25 31 per head and of Canada \$32 92 per head. The number of immigrants arriving

in Canada in 1896 was less than 17,000; none of whom (speaking generally) were from the United States. Last year 44,500 settlers came into the Dominion, of whom 12,000 came from the republic to the south.

On June 30, 1894, the wage earners of the country had \$45,000,000 saved up in the postoffice and government savings banks; in June, 1896, this had increased \$3,700,000; but in January, 1900, the total had grown to \$51,568,000. The amount of bank clearings is recognized as reliable indication of the condition of trade. The clearings in the six principal cities of Canada in 1897 were \$1,174,000,000; in 1898, \$1,390,000,000; in 1899, \$1,550,000,000—an increase of \$375,000,000 in two years.

In 1895, 1896 and 1897 the Canadian Pacific Railway actually cancelled more land sales in the Northwest than they effected new sales, but in 1898 they sold nearly 193,000 acres, and in 1899, 227,000 acres. The Dominion land sales in 1895-96 were to the value of only \$93,000, and the following year the amount dropped to \$56,000, but last year, \$135,000 was invested in Dominion lands in the west.

The average annual increase of the tariff of Canada during the different tariff periods since confederation is as follows: From 1868 to 1878 (ten years of revenue tariff) 3.15 per cent; from 1878 to 1889 (three years of reduced tariff and preference to Great Britain) 11.52 per cent; year ending June, 1900 (four months being estimated, 14.14). It is universally admitted that there is no better criterion of the general business activity of the country and to the condition of the working classes than the circulation of small bank notes, the \$1 and \$2 notes. The value of these notes in circulation in October 31, 1894, was \$7,000,000; in 1895, \$7,300,000; in 1899, \$9,420,000. The total trade of Canada in 1893 (the first year of confederation) was \$131,000,000; in 1878 it had increased to \$172,000,000, an increase of \$41,000,000 in ten years of revenue tariff, or an average of \$2,700,000 per annum. In 1896 Canada's total trade was \$239,000,000, an increase in eighteen years (of ex-

treme protection) of \$66,000,000, or an average of \$3,700,000. In 1900, if the remaining four months of the fiscal year keeps up the average, the total trade will be \$374,000,000, an increase of \$135,000,000 in three years of Liberal administration and preferential tariff. The average increase of trade during 18 years of Tory protection was \$4,700,000 each year; the average increase during four years of Liberal preferential and general reduction of tariff, has been \$33,806,000 each year.

A Toronto Merchant

Bears Important News to His Fellow Citizens.

Toronto, April 4.—Here is a letter we hope every one of our readers will peruse. "I am 39 years old. Have been troubled for four years with what I thought was rheumatism—stiffness in the muscles of my legs, later in the arms. Soon the stiffness changed to soreness. Went to Hot Springs, and came back a little better. Was a moderate drinker, but quit using liquor altogether, and carefully regulated my diet. One day I got wet, and then the trouble was worse than ever. Had to lay off for three weeks. Have had similar attacks at intervals ever since, each one worse than its predecessor. Had headache, pain in the small of my back, arthritic, dark, scanty and scalding. Began using Dr. Arnold's English Tonic Pills a short time ago, and am already wonderfully improved. Feel confident they will cure me, and I shall give them the chance and report. I have not felt so well for years as I have since I began using your pills."

H. LEWIS.

447 Yonge street, Toronto.

Dr. Arnold's English Tonic Pills, the only medicine that cures disease by killing the germs that cause it, are sold by all druggists, at 75c a box; sample box 25c, or sent prepaid on receipt of price to the Arnold Chemical Co., Limited, Canada Life Building, 4 King street west, Toronto.

"One Good Turn Deserves Another."

It is so easy to go through life doing good and helping to make others happy. A lady who had been ill with a complication of troubles, having been thoroughly cured and now enjoying perfect health, felt it a duty to tell her friends that the specific that brought her back to health was Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Thus, after Hood's had served her well, she felt it deserved a good turn at her hands. Thousands tell the same story of blood purified and health restored. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses merit peculiar to itself.

Sick Headache.—"For a long time I was troubled with sick headaches. Different medicines failed to give me relief. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, my husband having been cured of salt rheum by it, and soon it made me feel like a new woman." Mrs. ROBERT McALEER, Deerhurst, Ont.

Impure Blood.—"My wife suffered with pain and distress from an affection of the throat caused by impure blood. She was almost in despair when she turned to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Six bottles of this medicine completely cured her." JOHN WILKINSON, Oak, Ont.

Back Ache.—"My mother had severe pains in her side and back. She was obliged to give up work. A friend persuaded her to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon she was able to do her work, free from pain and had a good appetite." MAGGIE McQUEEN, Nasonworth, N. B.

No Strength.—"My whole system was run down. I was weak and could hardly get around to do my work. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and after using five bottles I found that my strength had returned and appetite much improved." Mrs. KELLEY, 318 Dufferin Street, Toronto, Ont.

Nerve Food.—"My wife was stricken with nervous prostration. She suffered from headaches. She became weak, low-spirited and her appetite was poor. I am glad to state that Hood's Sarsaparilla has completely cured her of all her ailments." G. BELLAIR, 321 Hannah St., Hamilton, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ill; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE MARKETS

Local Market.

London, Wednesday, April 4.
Wheat, white, per bu 63c to 65c
Wheat, red, per bu 63c to 65c
Wheat, red, per bu 63c to 65c
Oats, per bu 40c to 42c
Peas, per bu 40c to 42c
Corn, per bu 40c to 42c
Barley, per bu 38½c to 39½c
Rye, per bu 55c to 56c
Buckwheat, per bu 48c to 57½c
Beans, per bu \$1 to \$1 35

WEEKLY REVIEW.

The supply of wheat has been small, and prices just barely steady; \$1.05 to \$1.10 was the range of prices. Towards the end of the week it took a very good sample to bring \$1.10.
Oats came in fairly steady, and sold from 95c to \$1.05, with the bulk of transactions at \$1 to \$1.02.
Peas—Very scarce; not much change in prices; seed varieties brought 70c per bu.
Corn—No offerings; prices given are based on latest transactions.
Barley—Receipts light; demand good; feed samples 50c to 55c; seed, \$1.10, both per 100 lbs.
Rye—None offered; prices nominal.
Buckwheat—None offering in the public markets; some few private deals have occurred at prices not known.
Beans—Receipts were light; sales, \$1.15 to \$1.50, according to sample and quantity.
Hay was quite firm, at \$8.50 to \$9.50 per ton; demand good.
Straw brought \$2 per load.
Dressed hogs sold about 25c higher, and live ones the same; demand for both was good, and supply only fair. The market closed very strong, and with indications of higher prices.

..SEEDS..

If you want CLOVER, TIMOTHY or other seeds that are the very best, come to us. We have them.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON.

St. Thomas Market.

St. Thomas, March 24.—Wheat, per bu, 67c; oats, new, 30c to 32c; peas, 65c; barley, 45c to 55c; rye, 60c; corn, 45c; flax seed, per cwt, \$2.45 to \$2.50; timothy seed, \$1.25 to \$1.35; clover seed, per bu, \$6.70.

The Oil Market.

OIL CITY, April 3.—Credit balances, \$1.65; certificates, 10c.

English Markets.

Rule of exchange for the past few days.—The following table shows the quotations for the week at Liverpool for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest prices are given.

	Mar. 31.	Mar. 21.	April 2.	April 3.
WHEAT—				
Red Winter.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
No. 1 Nor. Spring.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Valley.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Doct.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
March.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
May.....	5 9½	5 10½	5 10	5 10½
July.....	5 11½	5 12½	5 12	5 12½
CORN—				
New.....	4 0½	4 1	4 1½	4 1½
Old.....	4 0½	4 1½	4 2½	4 2
Feb.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
March.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
May.....	4 0½	4 1½	4 1	4 1½
July.....	5 11½	5 12½	5 12	5 12½
Flour.....	18 6	17 3	18 6	18 6
Port.....	5 1½	5 1½	5 1½	5 1½
Barley.....	35 3	35 3	35 3	35 3
Lard.....	29 0	28 8	28 6	28 6
Tallow.....	29 0	28 8	28 6	28 6
Bacon, light.....	50 6	50 6	50 6	50 6
Cheese, white.....	62 6	62 6	62 6	62 6
Cheese, colored.....	62 6	62 6	62 6	62 6

American Markets.

CHICAGO, April 4.—Opening.—Wheat, Mar. 67½c to 67½c; July, 88½c to 88½c; Corn, July, 40½c to 40½c; May, 30½c to 30½c; Sept., 41½c to 41½c; Oats, July, 24½c to 24½c; May, 24½c; Pork, July, \$12.50 to \$12.75; Lard, May, \$9.75; July, \$9.80; Sept., \$9.90.

AVAILABLE SUPPLY.

New York, April 3.—Special cable and telegraphic communications to Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies from the last account: Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease, 1,852,000 bushels. Liverpool

Corn Trade News reports about for and in Europe, increase 800,000, total supplies, decrease, 1,852,000 bushels. Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, 92,000. Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, not received.

The Dairy Markets.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Butter—unsalted; western creamery, 19c to 22c; do factory, 17c to 19c; imitation creamery, 17½c to 20c; state dairy, 18c to 21c; do creamery, 19c to 22c. Cheese—steady; fancy large, white, 13c; do colored, 13c to 13½c; fancy small, 13c; do colored, 13c to 13½c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Beef—Receipts, 375; nearly all for export and slaughter; no trade in live cattle; nominally steady. Cattle firm. Shipments, 700 cattle, 1,020 sheep and 4,380 quarters of beef. Tomorrow, 41,000 quarters. Calves—Receipts, 315; market slow; weak for all but choice stock; veals, \$4.50 to \$7; fed calves, \$3.25; Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 779; market steady, half a car unloaded; common to fair sheep, \$5 to \$7.50; choice sheep, \$5.75; lambs, \$5.50 to \$8.12½. Hogs—Receipts, 2,329; none for sale; nominally weak.

CHICAGO, April 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; good to prime steers, \$4.90 to \$5.65; poor to medium, \$4.15 to \$4.65; mixed stockers, \$3.40 to \$4.40; cows, \$3 to \$4.25; heifers, \$3.10 to \$4.60; calves, \$4 to \$6.25. Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; top, \$5.30; good clearances; mixed and butchers, \$5.20 to \$5.50; good to choice heavy, \$5.35 to \$5.50; rough heavy, \$5.20 to \$5.30; light, \$5.15 to \$5.42½. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; good to choice wethers, \$4 to \$5.30; fair to choice mixed, \$3.75 to \$5; western sheep, \$5.75 to \$6.30; yearlings, \$5 to \$6.50.

CHICAGO, April 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,500, including 500 Texas; generally 10c to 15c higher; good to prime steers, \$5 to \$5.80; poor to medium, \$4.25 to \$4.85; mixed stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$4.85; cows, 15c to 25c higher, \$3.10 to \$4.50; heifers, \$3.25 to \$4.55; canners, \$2 to \$2.75; bulls, \$2.60 to \$4.25; calves, \$4 to \$6.25. Texas fed steers, \$4 to \$5.25; Texas bulls, \$3.20 to \$2.60. Hogs—Receipts, 19,000; steady; tomorrow, 20,000; left over, 2,280, 10c higher; top, \$5.65; mixed and butchers, \$5.30 to \$5.60; good to choice heavy, \$5.45 to \$5.65; rough heavy, \$5.30 to \$5.40; light, \$5.25 to \$5.52½; bulk of sales, \$5.45 to \$5.62½.

TORONTO, April 3.—At the western cattle market today the run was large, about 81 loads, made up of 1,200 cattle, 2,000 hogs, and 300 sheep and lambs. Quality of cattle on the whole was not good. In the butchers' line there was an unusually large supply of ordinary cattle. On the other hand some really choice cattle were offered. Many cattle were unsold. Drovers were inclined to hold stock for the Easter market, while buyers were able to pick up odd lots to meet the present demand. Export cattle—Ordinary to good cattle was almost unsaleable; prevailing prices very hard to gauge, but average heavy shippers sold at \$4.50 to \$4.75 per cwt, and lighter stock at \$4.25 to \$4.40 per cwt. Butchers' cattle—While a few odd cattle sold as high as \$4.50 per cwt, the market for good cattle was much below that price; loads of good heifers and steers sold at \$4 to \$4.25 per cwt and down. Many good cattle sold at \$3.50 to \$3.80 per cwt. Export bulls—Few offered, and slightly weaker, at \$3.65 to \$3.90 per cwt, for heavy stock, and \$3.40 to \$3.60 for lighter cattle. Stockers and feeders—Steady demand at unchanged prices. Bulls—Prices were fairly steady, but butchers' bulls inclined weaker. Much cows, moderate demand only, at \$3.90 to \$5.00 a head. Sheep—Slightly better trade at \$3.50 to \$4 per cwt, for export ewes, and \$3 to \$4 a head for butchers' sheep. Lambs—Fair demand, at \$4.50 to \$5.50 per cwt, and \$5.50 to \$5.80 for picked ewes and wethers. Hogs advanced 25c per cwt, to \$5.25 per cwt, for selections of 160 to 200 lbs, natural weight, and \$5.75 per cwt, for thick and light fats.

EAST BUFFALO, April 3.—Cattle—Feeling was quiet. Calves were in fair demand and sold at a shade lower than yesterday. Sheep and lambs—Choice to extra lambs were quotable at \$7.65 to \$7.75; good to choice, \$7 to \$7.65; heavy, \$6 to \$7.50; light, \$5.50 to \$6.50. Demand was fairly active and prices ruled stronger towards the close; heavy, \$5.60; mixed, \$5.45 to \$5.50; heavy Yorkers, \$5.35 to \$5.40; light Yorkers, \$5.25 to \$5.30; pigs, \$6 to \$5.75; roughs, \$4.75 to \$5; stage, \$3.75 to \$4.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, April 3.—Here American cattle are firm and unchanged, at 11½c to 12½c per lb. As Liverpool quotations are 11½c to 12c per lb, dressed weight; tops fetch 12½c per lb; sheep are 14c per lb; refrigerator beef is steady, at 9½c per lb.

The permanent bridge at the Modder River station has been finished, and the first train passed over it on Tuesday.

The British garrison at Springfield were roused at midnight Monday by the information that the Boers in force were about to make an attack, but not a burglar appeared.

Interviewed by the Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, ex-Assistant Secretary Webster Davis said, in part, with reference to his visit to Pretoria: "I viewed the defenses of Pretoria, and I consider them impregnable. The line of hills surrounding the town, bristling with high power guns, Pretoria lies in a basin, surrounded by a ridge of rugged hills, affording most admirable opportunities for defense. While there I learned enough to know that the city is one vast storehouse of foodstuffs and ammunition."

TRouble IN THE STOMACH

Which Doctors Failed to Remove Cured by Less Than Two Boxes of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

The experience of Mr. Blackwell is similar to that of many sufferers with chronic indigestion. Stomach medicines will seldom really cure indigestion. The kidneys and liver must be set right and the bowels made regular and so remove the cause of chronic indigestion and stomach troubles.

Mr. Joseph Blackwell, Holmesville, Ont., says: "I derived more benefit from the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills than from any other medicine I ever took, and can highly recommend them for stomach troubles. I was in a terrible state and could hardly work at my trade. I tried most every kind of medicine and doctors until I was tired of doctoring, and before I used one box of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills I could see that they were helping me, and after taking a box and a half, found that I was cured."

Every dealer in medicine sells Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and nearly every family on this continent has used them. They are a standard medicine of known worth that never disappoints. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

McGarry's provision stores in Montreal were damaged on Tuesday by fire to the extent of about \$10,000.

IF TAKEN IN TIME The D. & L. Emulsion will surely cure the most serious affections of the lungs. That "cough down" condition, the after effects of a heavy cold is quickly counteracted. Manufactured by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Limited.

Ladies' Fine Underwear.

Our second special-priced Whitewear Sale goes on tomorrow. Many pretty, new styles will be shown for the first time. The Embroideries and Trimmings are exceedingly fine. Another such opportunity as this sale presents can hardly be looked for this season, as fine embroideries are scarce and all materials are quoted at higher prices.

LADIES' GOWNS.

At 39c. Ladies' Gowns of strong cotton, Hubbard style; yokes of three clusters of three fine tucks; ruffle collar and plique.

At 50c. Gown.—A leader, with fancy square yoke of fine tucks, insertion and cany-brio ruffles; sleeves trimmed; well finished and firmly made.

At \$1.00. Gown.—Empire style; exceptional value; yoke of insertion and Roman embroidery combination; neck and sleeves trimmed to match.

At 25c. Corset Cover.—Very handsomely trimmed; V shaped front and back, of fine English cambric. Better ones at 50c and 75c, which cannot be duplicated at the price.

At \$2 to \$4. Gown.—New styles; made from fine materials; exquisitely trimmed and finished; the choice of fine art needle work.

At 75c. Skirts of good cambric; full width; trimmed with wide rill of embroidery and cluster of fine tucks.

At \$1.00. Umbrella Skirt.—Frill of lawn; trimmed with fine embroidery; handsome and serviceable.

At \$1.50. Skirts of best cambric; trimmed with deep ruffle of Roman embroidery; headed with wide insertion to match, and cluster of tucks. Other handsome styles at \$2.00 to \$6.50; worth looking at.

DONT FORGET our Easter Millinery. Get in orders early, and see the new Dress Goods, stylish effects, at 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Skirts made fashionably for 50c.

Bayley's.

Waiting!

The British Forces Seem To Be Inactive.

Ex-Assist.-Sec. Davis Thinks Pretoria is Impregnable—Kipling's Tribute to Joubert.

London, April 4.—Gen. Colville and Gen. French have given up the movement against the Boers east of Bloemfontein, and have rejoined the main army. It doubtless seemed to Lord Roberts a vain thing to send from 10,000 to 12,000 of his best troops into the wilderness with a transport in the direction of a right angle with his chosen line of advance.

The Boers have probably moved elsewhere, and if to the southwest Gen. Colville could as easily strike them from Bloemfontein as by following them up across the plains. These inferences still leave the situation bewildering for the time being. The enormously superior British forces appear inactive in either part of the war field, waiting probably for the accumulation of material for a swift advance on the Transvaal frontier.

The London military commentators and the public also to some extent, are irritated and confused by the situation.

Details received of the scenes on Gresham Square, Cape Town, on Tuesday, when Premier Schreiner encountered an English demonstration, show that the premier, fearing personal violence, sought refuge in a restaurant. He was hoisted, and tried to reach Parliament House, protected by the police. The people shouted "Traitor!" but he succeeded in reaching the house.

Lord Roberts did not meet his wife at Cape Town. She will proceed to Bloemfontein.

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KIPLING'S TRIBUTE
Poem cabled from South Africa in eulogy of Joubert:

New York, April 3.—The next issue of Harper's Weekly will contain a poem by Rudyard Kipling on Gen. Joubert, which was sent by cable from South Africa. Two of the three verses follow:

[Copyright, 1900, by Harper & Bros., New York.]
With those that bred, with those that loosed, the strife
He had no part, whose hands were clean of gain;
But subtle, strong an dstubborn, gave his life
To a lost cause, and knew the gift was vain.

Later shall rise a people, sane and great,
Forced in strong fires, by equal war made one,
Telling old battles over without hate—
Noblest, his name shall pass from sire to son.

THOUSANDS OF CANADIANS can vouch for the efficacy of that peerless cough remedy, Pny-Pectoral. It cures a cold very quickly. 25c. of all druggists. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer, at



LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUITS

We invite inspection of our suitings, Homespuns, Tweeds, Checks, Serge, Khaki Cloth, etc.

For style, elegance and durability these goods are unsurpassed.

We guarantee perfect fit and entire satisfaction.

A. S. Creation & Co.
FASHIONABLE TAILORS.

Table Linens

Are you thinking of increasing your supply of Linens? If so, it will pay you to take a look at our stock. We have first-class values. They really sell themselves.

UNBLEACHED LINENS—No better value in the country, at 25c and 30c, and some 2 yards wide, at 40c per yard.

BLEACHED LINENS—At 30c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, and \$1.00 per yard. A special line, 2 1/4 yards wide, at 98c per yard.

Sideboard Drapes, Doilies, Tray Cloths, Towels and Napkins. All A1 value.

Try the New Store for Linens.

GRAY & PARKER,

150 DUNDAS STREET.

The Clean Chain.

All E. & D. Bicycles are furnished with 4-point bearings throughout. They are the easiest running bearings imaginable. E. & D. Bicycles are National wheels.

But the E. & D. Special is equipped with even more. It has a gear case, which keeps the chain clean.

E. & D. SPECIALS \$70
have this regular gear case, have their bearings guaranteed for three years, need no oil, and are locally guaranteed.

Get the Catalogue from us or our agents.
The National Cycle & Automobile Company, Limited,
34 King Street West, Toronto, Ont.

ing six months. The present measure increases the fine to \$400 and the period of incarceration to twelve months, with or without hard labor. The double vote is already punishable by a fine of \$200. It is now proposed that imprisonment for six months, with or without hard labor, shall accompany the fine.

The returning officer who falsifies or alters election returns is already liable to a penalty of \$2,000. To this punishment is added imprisonment for twelve months. For ballot stuffing a returning officer renders himself liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, and any other person shall be liable to imprisonment for one year."

Any person convicted of abetting in this offense is to be imprisoned for twelve months also.

There are provisions which render a repetition of the accident which occurred in the West Elgin ballots next to impossible. The clerk of the crown in chancery is to keep the documents relating to the general election separate from the bye-election returns. The returning officer is required to affix a label to the boxes in which the papers are transmitted, showing the district from which the papers came and the date of the election. In the event of any order being made directing that the ballot papers are not to be destroyed a label is to be attached to the boxes specifying the fact. Deputy returning officers and poll clerks must be voters in the municipality in which they are acting. No returning officer is to give a certificate to an agent to vote unless he has ascertained that the name of such person is on the voters' list. On giving the certificate the returning officer is to notify the deputy for the polling subdivision in which the applicant is entered, and thereafter such person is not to be entitled to vote in the said division. The object of this provision is to prevent any possibility of personation.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE
Outline of the Ministerial Bill to Prevent Bribery—House in Committee of Supply.

Toronto, April 3.—The municipal committee of the legislature today threw out the bills providing for a two-year term for township, village and city councils. Members generally expressed the view that these bodies exercised such a great power of direct taxation that annual elections were advisable in the public interest.

TO PUT DOWN BRIBERY.
The ministerial bill to amend the election act goes far beyond what Mr. Whitney proposes, and if, when enacted, the law does not put down election corruption and irregularities, then the task will be almost beyond human ingenuity. The penalties are increased all along the line, so as to make imprisonment for bribery compulsory. One of the most important provisions in the bill is that which adopts the procedure of the English law with regard to persons called upon to give evidence implicating themselves. It is provided that any person who at an election trial who answers truly is entitled to receive a certificate indemnifying him against any further prosecution for corrupt practices. In the case of persons who give false testimony they will still, as heretofore, be liable for having perjured themselves.

In the case of a person bribing or corrupting a voter the law already provides a penalty of \$200. In addition to this the accused will, on conviction, hereafter be imprisoned for six months, with or without hard labor. The bill grants discretionary power to the judge in the case of what might be termed minor offenders; that is to say, persons who accept money for their votes. The bill very properly draws a distinction between persons who accept money for their votes and those who deliberately set to work to corrupt them. The bribe-taker may, in the discretion of the trial judge, be imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months, or be fined not more than \$200, or be subjected to both penalties. The person convicted of unduly influencing a voter, besides a money penalty of \$200 is to be imprisoned for one year, with or without hard labor. The offense of personation is at present punishable with a fine of \$200, and imprisonment for a term not exceeding

and would be injurious to the people of the province. It was an electoral bid.

Mr. Dryden's bill providing for government aid to co-operative cold storage associations was also objected to by the opposition in committee, on the same grounds. The bill was amended by adding a clause that its provisions be extended to cheese and butter associations, who may establish cold storage warehouses for public use. They must provide storage for fruit and other produce, and not merely for cheese and butter.

On the second reading of the bill respecting mortgages by electric railway companies, Mr. Whitney alluded to the street railway company of Cornwall, who mortgaged their property to the Sun Life Insurance Company of Montreal. If this bill passed, he said, not only would the property, "the scrap iron," go into the hands of mortgages, but the franchise and existence of the company as well, and consequently, under this act, the Ontario Legislature would authorize a Quebec company or a Dominion company to operate and run the street railway of Cornwall.

Mr. Gibson promised to consider this point, and asked that the bill stand.

The attorney-general's bill to amend the registry act was read a second time.

On the motion to go into supply, Mr. Little moved an amendment that as far as possible money granted by the government for colonization roads be spent through the municipal councils. The commission of crown lands denied that the money for colonization roads was expended for party advantage.

The amendment was defeated by a majority of seven.

The whole of the evening session was spent in supply.

Mr. Dryden gave notice of a motion to provide for the encouragement of the growth of sugar beets by a grant of \$5,000 towards carrying on tests in various parts of the province.

Mr. Stratton on Thursday will introduce his bill to provide for the establishment of a sanitarium for consumptives.

Mr. Harcourt's bill is to permit high school boards to receive endowments for permanent scholarships and to grant retiring allowances to teachers. The latter privilege is proposed for public school boards; also that they likewise be permitted to make grants for promoting gymnastics. Municipalities will be permitted to add other educational institutions in addition to the University of Toronto.

The attorney-general's bill provides that children committed to industrial schools shall after three years be given a trial in their parents' or a foster home, or apprenticed to a trade, but shall be under the guardianship of the school board until they are 15 years of age.

Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue, who for some years has occupied the position of clerk in the Ontario department of agriculture, has resigned, in order to accept an office under the Dominion government.

Hearts and Bracelets
In silver and gold.
All the latest styles.
Engraved while you wait

ADKINS, The Jeweler, East Loos
557 Marriage License Bureau.

You Can't Tell.

You don't know when that cough will stop. The cough of consumption is just such a beginning. Take Scott's Emulsion now while the cough is easily managed.

Thirty-six foreign vessels, having aggregate tonnage of 67,556, met with disaster in American waters last year.

A Poor Millionaire

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early up Dr. King's New Life Pills were advised him. They strengthen the stomach and direct all wrong animal

More oil is extracted from oleaginous seeds in the city of Marsabit than in any other trade center in British East Africa. After a period of depression resulting from the introduction of American cotton oil and failure of the crops elsewhere, the trade sector again to be flourishing.

A man working day and night without resting would do 48 days' journey around the world.

BEECHAM'S
PINK PILLS Purify the Blood.
Cure Pimples, Acne, Eruptions.

lunge, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Thomas' Eclectic Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a three months' trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice I procured the medicine and less than half a bottle cured me. I certainly feel that I owe my life to the willingness that I consent to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of life to remedy to do me any good.

A botanical garden has been established at Coquilhatville, Kongo Free State, by the Belgian Government.

A Fixture

In the world's tea markets.

SALADA

CEYLON TEA

has won the hearts of all lovers of a delicious cup of tea.

Lead packets only. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c. All grocers. Black, green or mixed Tea.

THE TRIUMPH OF TRUE LOVE

Lady Vivian took what money remained in her desk. Half of it she gave to her maid, and took half herself. Then from her wardrobe-shelves she took a small traveling-bag; in it she placed her jewel-case and the purse, together with a few papers. One contained a lock of her baby's hair, and was labeled "Rupert's hair." The other contained a faded rose, the first flower Lord Vivian had ever given her, and the third held the little ticket that Lord Vivian had traveled to Oakside to give her. These were her treasures; little reeked the unhappy girl of the diamonds and rubies her husband had lavished upon her—her only thought was for these, her treasures, dearer to her than gold and jewels.

Then she gave the bag into her maid's care, and as she did so she was struck by the coldness of the woman's hand.

"Are you chilly and cold?" she asked, and the woman shivered as though it had been December.

"I am cold, my lady," she replied; "cold, sick and faint, as though with a great dread. I cannot tell what has come over me—I feel as though I were going to die."

With her own hands Lady Selwyn took from the shelves a thick, warm fur cloak, and wrapped it round her maid's shoulders.

"That will warm you," she said. "And now listen while I explain my plans. I am determined that I will not be traced; that which I fly from is more bitter than death, and I will not be found. We will go to the railway station together; you shall keep out of sight, and I will buy the ticket for Genoa. You shall go by train, and wait for me in Genoa. I will follow by another route. Do you understand?"

"The woman's eyes, with all emotion shadow in their depths, were raised calmly to hers.

"I understand, my lady."

"When they know that I have gone away," continued Lady Selwyn, "they will search for me, even should it be for form's sake. They will hear at the station that I took a ticket for Genoa, and they will follow me there. I fly, my lady, if they find any of—I shall be miles away. My idea is to throw them off the right scent. There could be no better plan than this."

"None, my lady," said the maid, trying to shake off the dull lethargy creeping over her.

"I shall join you in Genoa," continued Lady Selwyn, "when I know that the search for me has proved fruitless. If by any chance you should be seen, Theresa, you must say—that will be perfectly true—that you know nothing of my whereabouts, but that you yourself are returning to England. Now let us start; go first, and I will follow you."

Theresa Bowden went on to her fate! Lady Selwyn lingered to look once more round the room where she had, despite her troubles, spent some happy hours.

What would they say when they found that she was gone?

She pictured to herself Mrs. Selwyn's lady-like fear, lest the "world should talk"; the calm, imperial scorn of Beatrice Leigh, to whom all emotion was ill-bred. She could not, even in fancy, realize what Lord Vivian would say or think.

It was best for her to go. The sneers, the insults, the careless gossip of the gay world would hurt him no more when he was free. She knelt, poor, unhappy lady, on the threshold of the door and kissed it. That was her farewell to her husband's home. No warm hands clasped hers; no tender voice whispered sweet words to her. She kissed the cold stones and left forever the sunny villa on the banks of the Arno.

As she turned from the house the clashing strains of the band followed her. The night stars shone dark and serene; the pale stars gave a pure, holy light; the almond blossoms and purple vines made the night wind odorous; the wavelets of the broad river washed the shores with a soft, musical murmur.

No one had noticed the departure of Theresa Bowden. Some of the guests were already leaving the villa when Lady Selwyn, dressed in a dark traveling cloak, passed forever from her home.

The railway station at Florence was not crowded on this eventful evening.

One small train had just disgorged its load of passengers, and another was preparing to start.

There was the usual amount of travelers, of distracted porters, of busy guards and careless lookers-on. The master of the station, who knew most of the English residents in Florence by sight, looked on in surprise as he saw the tall, graceful figure of Lady Selwyn. He recognized her at the first glance, and looked round for Lord Vivian or her attendants; there was no one near. Sitting alone, at some little distance, he saw a woman, evidently waiting, but he did not see her address Lady Selwyn.

He was curious, for it suddenly dawned upon him that he had heard Lord Vivian was giving a brilliant fête that evening at the Villa Pisani; if that was the case, what was Lady Selwyn doing here at the station alone?

He went near her, and distinctly heard her ask for a first-class ticket for Genoa. There was no mistake; still, to make sure, he bowed, and inquired if there was anything he could do for her ladyship's service that evening.

It was Lady Selwyn's voice that thanked him in dull, tired tones; it was Lady Selwyn's face, white and weary, that looked at him from under the flickering gaslight.

"Will it be long," she asked, "before the train starts?"

He told her ten minutes; she thanked him, and walked slowly to the other end of the station, then he lost sight of her.

"They are queer people, those English," said the stationmaster to himself, "that pass all night. What can a lady like that want to travel at this hour of the night, and alone, for?"

When the train did start, a lady took her place in the first-class carriage, and another—unobserved, unnoticed—stole out of the station.

Then, and for the first time, Theresa Bowden had time to think of what had happened—had time to realize her lady's flight. The girl's thoughts were vain, passed by, and she found herself torn from a comfortable home, and launched on a sea of difficulties that appeared endless.

"I know," she said to herself, "that if the truth were known, all my lady's unhappiness comes from Miss Leigh."

Even with the fur cloak wrapped round her, she shivered as with mortal cold, as do those over whom the black shadow hangs.

"What was it?" she asked herself. "What was the deadly weight that seemed to chain her limbs and chill the blood in her veins? Early morn was dawning; in the sky she saw the first rays of the sun. Why did the morning sky oppress her, as though the day dawning was one of doom? Once she opened the carriage window, and came a sweep of fresh, perfumed air, clear and pure. It made her shiver still more.

People laugh at presentiments; they make light of forebodings. Ah! believe me, ye who read, when the Angel of Death is approaching, his shadow often saddens us. That shadow now chilled the warm life of Theresa Bowden; while she sat there—her heart beating, her pulses throbbing with life, the blood rushing warm in her veins, Death had marked her for his own! Never more was sun to rise or set for her! Never more was odorous summer wind to play about her! The dark shadow came nearer and nearer. The blood rushed warm in her veins, but the faint dawn of morning shone on the purple grapes; past quiet Italian villages, past purple hills and snow-capped mountains, without stopping, without accident, it reached a small station at last, near the pretty town of Sedi. There they who traveled heard the first faint morning carol of the birds—and then on again.

[To be Continued.]

GETS \$2,000,000 MORE.

Chicago, April 3.—Assistant Secretary of State David J. Hill yesterday delivered the convocation address to the graduating class of the University of Chicago. President Harper delivered his quarterly statement, telling of \$250,000 which had been raised since Jan. 1, thereby fulfilling the agreement with the university to contribute \$2,000,000 pledged by John D. Rockefeller on condition that the university raise a like amount.

AGUINALDO LOOKING OUT FOR NO. 1.

New York, April 3.—News from the Philippines by transport Sheridan shows that Aguinaldo is in Singapore. The Singapore papers publish short interviews with him. The rebel omes are scattered, and the ladrones, or bands of marauders, wherever they come in contact with American troops, are routed and driven into the mountains. Aguinaldo has evidently concluded he will take good care of himself, although he announces his intention of returning to Manila.

Mr. Maxwell, M.P., left Ottawa for Vancouver this (Tuesday) afternoon. He has received word that his mother is dying.

As she turned from the house the clashing strains of the band followed her. The night stars shone dark and serene; the pale stars gave a pure, holy light; the almond blossoms and purple vines made the night wind odorous; the wavelets of the broad river washed the shores with a soft, musical murmur.

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RAILROAD LOSSES

Sparks From Engine Fired a Farmer's Property.

Toronto, April 4.—The jury in the civil action returned a sealed verdict in the case of Joseph E. Jackson vs. the G. T. R. The verdict was for the plaintiff, and Judge Falconbridge awarded them \$5,850. Mr. Jackson sued for the loss of his barn, stables, etc., at Ella postoffice, near Thornhill. The northern division tracks cross Yonge street near his property, and he alleged that the fire originated from sparks escaping from a passing engine. The jury found that the fire was caused from such sparks, and that the sparks escaped by reason of the negligence of the defendants, that the smoke-box of the engine's stack was defective, and that the defendants did not take fair and reasonable precaution to prevent the escape of fire.

JOHN EAKIN'S LUCK

Child of Charity All at Once Finds Himself a Millionaire.

New York, April 4.—John Eakin, 24 years old, has been declared by a jury in the supreme court to be the lawful child of John Eakin, whose father, Wm. Eakin, left an estate valued at a million dollars. The property consists chiefly of down town real estate in this city.

Young Eakin, in 1880 was taken into the custody of the charities department. His mother was arrested for drunkenness. She was sentenced to a term on Randall's Island, and died there. The boy's father, who was a printer, had died some time before. Eakin was then four years old, and was sent to the orphan's home, at Peekskill. In 1882 he became what is termed a "working boy," under Father Doherty, in the Mission of the Immanuel Virgin. He remained there until recently.

Eakin was amazed when George S. Danots, of No. 32 Nassau street, called on him a short time ago and told him that while looking up the title of the property at Hester and Center streets for some millionaires who were trying to purchase it, he had found a flaw in the title, and that he was the rightful owner of the land. Lawyer Danots had been looking for Eakin, finding Eakin. The young man had grown up in the belief that his name was "Egan."

DEWEY

Would Not Decline the Presidency of the United States.

Washington, April 4.—Admiral Dewey decided to deposit his entire collection of trophies in the National Museum, including the sword presented to him by congress, and the great loving cup procured by popular subscription. His object in so doing is to place the collection in the hands of the public, which is one of great value and interest.

Admiral George Dewey this morning confirmed an interview published in the New York World to the effect that he would accept the presidency of the United States should the American people desire him to fill that office. He refused to make any further statement.

Telegraphic Briefs.

Mr. Arthur Qua, aged 58, a popular resident of Paris, Ont., is dead. C. M. Gay, former publisher of Little's Living Age, is dead in New York, aged 66.

An old landmark in Brampton known as the American Hotel has been destroyed by fire.

United States government receipts during March were \$48,726,837; expenditures, \$32,188,271.

United States bank not circulation is now up to \$270,953,068, having increased during March by \$21,518,190.

Secretary Root has issued an official warning to Americans to remain away from Cuba unless well provided with cash.

The road from Woodstock to Ingersoll is being chained off with a view to commencing operations on the electric street railway between the two places.

Rev. John Scott, former editor of the Western Methodist Protestant, and the Methodist Recorder, died at his home at Eldersville, Pa., on Tuesday, aged 80 years.

The New York Journal, discussing the sale of all the trolley roads in and near Bridgeport, Conn., to a New York syndicate, says that the Whitney-Kneffler interests were the purchasers. Richby's lines of road were included in the deal.

Mr. Wm. Burns, father of Rev. Robt. Burns of Harrison, and Mr. Wm. K. Burns of Chicago, passed away Monday night at his residence on Victoria street, north, Hamilton, after a long illness. He was in his 85th year, and had lived 44 years in Hamilton.

At Trenton, N. J., on Tuesday, the Inter-Oceanic Canal Company was incorporated, with an authorized capital of \$100,000,000. The company is authorized to construct, own and operate a time canal between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, through any territory in Central or South America.

TWO FATAL ACCIDENTS.

Winnipeg, April 4.—Stewart Matthews, a C. P. R. brakeman, was killed in Rogers' Pass a few days ago by falling from a locomotive. His remains were taken east for interment at Toronto.

Wm. Holden, employed in the Northern Railway repair shops at Dauphin, was fatally killed while working on a tender, when he was making repairs gave way, and Holden's head was crushed to a jelly.

CONNEAUT'S HARBOR.

Ashtabula, O., April 4.—It is given out here on good authority that the Carnegie Company is to spend between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000 in improvements at Conneaut harbor, the lake terminal of the Bessemer Railroad. This line was constructed to carry iron ore from Conneaut to the Carnegie mills at Pittsburgh. The money, it is stated, will be expended for new car-loading equipment, new docks, 800 additional cars, and dredging the harbor. It is probable also that a dry dock will be built.

The officials of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad have decided to follow the lead of the other companies in the matter of providing technical instruction for their employees on the road. The "school on wheels" for engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen, is to be a part of the Rock Island system.

City Hall Notes.

In the early part of 1894, Inspector Carson made a report to the board of education, in which he recommended certain changes in the kindergarten system. According to departmental regulations, the board had to "provide for all pupils over 5 years of age, and have the work in 24 weeks, the one start at 9:30 o'clock and continue until 12 o'clock. In the afternoon, from 1:30 o'clock until 3 o'clock the older pupils could be taught the more advanced kindergarten work. The board decided of the first form work. The matter was looked into at that time, and it was not deemed an advisable scheme, and instead the system of transition teaching was inaugurated, a system that has worked smoothly for some time. Frank MacRobert is again advancing Mr. Carson's plan, claiming that the kindergartens are now too expensive, and that the recommendation would curtail the expenditure. At present, with 10 kindergartens and 28 teachers, the cost is \$7,647.50; next year, another thousand dollars will be added. During the past year 1,188 pupils attended, averaging 355 for the year. The cost per pupil of the primary grade forms is \$4.87.50. In the kindergartens, the salaries of the teachers have been steadily decreasing, from \$350 paid some years ago to \$275 at present. A number of the trustees are of the opinion that the teachers' allowances are occupied, and that a rearrangement would be unwise. It remains to be seen whether or not this year's board will agree with the predecessors of '94 and allow matters to remain as they are.

The assessors for 1900 have not yet been appointed, although the time for commencing the work is near at hand. The opinion prevails that the mayor and commissioner have the appointment in their hands, although there is some doubt about this. The reason for the tardiness in the appointment, it is said Mayor Rumball himself is not sure of his ground in the matter. His opinion is, however, that when the assessors are named, the appointment should be a permanent one.

The outstanding amount of taxes for 1899 is being diminished rapidly. The bright weather has a wonderful influence upon "taxpayers." During the past few days they have averaged \$500.

Mayor Rumball was absent from the city today.

There has been a good deal said recently, pro and con, regarding the "litter" cans recommended by the city engineer. Detroit has an excellent reputation for clean streets, and the following extracts from the city engineer's report of the board of works of that city throws an interesting light on the methods used to keep them clean. "Detroit's cleanliness, in a measure, resolved itself into a matter of education with the people. Every citizen constituting himself or herself a committee of one, to help keep up the reputation so long enjoyed by the city. From the litter barrels placed at 150 street corners within a half-mile radius have been dumped tons of refuse during the year, much of it being the ordinary litter heretofore thrown into the streets. People regard the little red barrels as the proper receptacle for papers, banquets, and other refuse, and by force of habit walk direct to the barrel and deposit it. The same argument must be applied to the 'Don't spit' signs. This idea—looked upon with prejudice when inaugurated—has proved a good thing. The filthy habit of spitting on the sidewalks is rapidly dying out."

A Message to Ireland

[From England.]

Well done, Erin!

England will never forget That you gallant sons, midst the bravest ones.

On the annals of warfare are set; Fighting the foe like lions, Scaling the heights like deer, Midst the shot and shell, where the contest fell.

And with never a shadow of fear; Fighting the foe like lions, Meeting their death like men; Who, with Irish pluck, to their duty stuck.

Though they knew what it meant to them then.

Well done, Erin!

England is proud to say That your shamrock green in her coats is seen.

In honor of Ireland today, Would that our cheers could reach you!

Would that our hands could meet! And, dear sister, though our lips are smiling, We have tears for the vacant seat.

Women of Ireland—weeping— Mourning your noble dead— The heart of your Queen would rejoice In the greatest of her people.

Could but wave from each resting head.

Well done, Erin!

England would have you know That 'twas not in vain that your sons were slain.

Or their valiant blood did flow, Nobly they fought for England, Heroes we hold their name.

And we want to prove of our deepening love For the country from which they came.

Erin, your Queen is coming, Erin, she loves you well, And she comes to show all her pride In you.

And her grief for the brave who fell.

So it's three cheers for Ireland! And three cheers for Ireland! It's three cheers for Ireland! And three for Ireland's Queen!

London Township Council.

London township council met April 2. Present, Thos. Clark, John R. Hodgins and Thos. Ramsay, councilors. Thos. Clark was appointed chairman in the absence of the reeve. A communication from the township solicitor was read and the judgment in the case R. A. Gough vs. James H. Hodgins was also read and filed. Orders for the payment of \$44, for groceries for J. Whiting, T. Mickleborough, \$3, for wood for J. Whiting, C. Heat & Co., \$53.76 for printing; J. J. Cameron, \$2.50, for shovelling snow; D. Quinny, \$1, for same; J. Goodham, \$2, for putting snow on iron bridge; T. Henry, \$5, for wood for J. Delaney; Thos. Clark, 60 cents, for sending John Lee to house of refuge; C. Donnelly, \$1, for shovelling snow; J. H. Hodgins, \$25.75, salary, fees and mileage till April 15, 1900; J. H. Sifton, \$10.00, for one ewe and three lambs killed by dogs, Bylaw No. 422, appointing Albert Elson deputy returning officer in division No. 1, and William Talbot in division No. 6, and read the minutes and passed. The council adjourned till the first Monday in May, James Grant, clerk.

WILL BE MOUNTED

POLICEMEN

Recruits Enlisted by Supt. Moffatt— Few Applicants Rejected To Leave Saturday.

The recruiting here for the North-west Mounted Police continues to be very satisfactory. Superintendent Moffatt is well satisfied with the men who are offering. Very few rejections have been made, those whose applications are refused being either too young or below the standard height. Otherwise there are very few who are physically unfit. The men will leave here next Saturday morning for Toronto, where they will join the recruits there and proceed to Regina, N. W. T. Mr. Moffatt has made arrangements whereby they will be sworn in before Police Magistrate Love, prior to their departure, instead of being sworn in in Regina. Those who have been accepted are: D. G. Ronald, Woodstock; A. B. Findlay, London; G. W. Sales, London; D. C. McDougall, Alvinston; Fred Partridge, London; F. M. Sheebotham, London; W. L. Lawton, Sparter; L. E. Mott, London; J. F. Fotheringham, Bradshaw; R. L. Stewart, Walkerton; D. B. Valentine, St. Thomas; W. G. Pearce, Arkona; W. W. Watts, St. Thomas; R. M. L. Donaldson, Bayham.

Pitcher's Campaign.

Continuous Victories All Along the Line—Every City, Every Town.

Recruits Evidence.

Some systems will fight faulty acting kidneys for years, but the Backache, Headaches and other results destroy half the pleasure of life. There are, however, a large proportion of present-day people who quickly give way to its attacks. When Backache or any kidney trouble occurs, pin your faith to Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets. In every place where they have been used, they have been found to be indorsing the medicine.

The following statements define what Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets will do in cases of acute kidney trouble, and will be found to be indorsing the medicine.

"I began using Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets when I could hardly move. Accompanying this was a constant gnawing pain in the small of my back. It robbed me of energy, and I seemed to be carrying a load. My kidneys were not performing their functions; there were dull headaches in the top of my head. Those difficulties quickly disappeared, and the urine became normal. I regained my buoyancy, and slight exertion no longer fatigued me. I have not yet completed a bottle of those tablets, yet the marked change in my condition inclines me to highly recommend Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets. Never before have I had anything so prompt to remove this lameness from my back."

We called on Mrs. A. Risdon, of No. 172 Worthy road, to ascertain if Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets, that Messrs. C. McCallum & Co. are selling, had done her any good. Mrs. Risdon speaks of those tablets as follows:

"Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets have relieved me of pain and aching in my back. I have not taken them regularly, but they have removed that constant pain in the small of my back nevertheless. I have not quite a bottle, and I am not having these dull headaches as I did. They have strengthened my kidneys, so that I am no longer troubled in any way. I am not having dizziness, nor that tired feeling. I can speak of them in the highest terms, so far as I have used them."

A free sample of Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets mailed to every applicant. If you doubt the testimony of your neighbors, you can prove for yourself—get a sample absolutely free. Send stamp to the Pitcher Tablet Company, Toronto, Ont.

ROYAL OPINIONS.

An interesting item appears in a periodical called The Gem, giving the opinions of the royal family on President Kruger's album. An album belonging to the Duchess of Fife.

The Prince of Wales wrote: "Mr. Kruger is a good judge of tobacco and a bad judge of the English people."

The Duke of Cambridge, former commander-in-chief of the forces, wrote: "I am an old man, and so is Kruger. As he is, so am I—an old soldier. I have so many faults myself, how can I judge another?"

The Queen wrote: "May God guide him and all of us out of our troubles and difficulties."

The imports of crude rubber to this country have in the last 30 years increased 431 per cent.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE BICK HEADACHE.

The Purely Vegetable, Non-Habit-Forming.

CURE BICK HEADACHE.

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The total area of Cuba is about 45,000 square miles. Of this 15,000 square miles is unexplored and unexplored forest; 7,000 square miles is devoted to pasture; 10,000 square miles is susceptible of cultivation has never felt the plow, and only about 12,000 square miles, or a little more than one-fourth of the entire area, is or ever has been productive.

Railways and Navigation

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Sunday, Jan. 14, 1900, the trains leaving Union Station, Toronto (via Grand Trunk Railway) at 9 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., make close connection with the Maritime Express and Local Express at Nova Scotia Depot, Montreal, as follows:

The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily except Saturday at 1:30 a.m. on Sunday at 11:35 a.m. for Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., and points in the Maritime Provinces.

The Maritime Express from Halifax, St. John and other points east, will arrive at Montreal daily, except on Monday, at 5:30 a.m. The Local Express will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 7:30 a.m., due to arrive at Union Station at 8:30 p.m.

The Local Express will leave Riviere du Loup daily, except Sunday, at 12 noon, and leave at 4:30 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 10:30 p.m.

Through sleeping and dining cars on the Maritime Express. Buffet cars on Local Express.

The vestibule trains are equipped with every convenience for the comfort of the traveler. The elegant sleeping, dining and first-class cars make travel a luxury.

TICKET LAND OF BIG GAME.

The Intercolonial Railway is the direct route to the great game regions of Eastern Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. In this area are the finest hunting grounds for moose, deer, caribou and other big game, as well as unlimited opportunities for shooting wild geese, ducks, brant and other fowl common to this part of the continent. For information as to game in New Brunswick, write for a copy of "Red and Gun."

Tickets for sale at all offices of the Grand Trunk system, at Union Station, Toronto, and at the office of the General Traveling Agent, Wm. Robinson, General Traveling Agent, 50 Yonge street, Toronto, and at the office of H. A. Price, District Passenger Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.

Allan Line Royal

Wall Paper

Our spring stock, now opening, is replete with newest patterns and colorings for all kind of rooms.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

ELECTRIC
Lighted HOUSES

are always brighter and more cheerful than those lighted by gas. It gives a soft, white, powerful light, and "lights up" the furnishings of a room wonderfully. Best to read by. The current costs little. Phone 933 and our representative will call and give further particulars.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO.
380 Richmond Street.

Wall Paper

Our spring stock is now in and includes all the newest designs from the best makers. Get your Papering and Painting done before the rush starts.

H. & C. COLERICK,
443 Richmond Street.

GRAHAM BREAD

The most wholesome bread made is Graham Bread. We claim that our IMPERIAL GRAHAM BREAD has no equal. Try a loaf. A trial will convince you.

DEAN & CO., Bakers,
547 Hamilton Road.

EPPS'S COCOA.

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in 4-lb. tins, labeled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER
EPPS'S COCOA

100
DOSES
FOR
75c

**EMERSON'S
SARSAPARILLA**
Makes good red blood.
Worth its weight in gold.

N. W. Emerson, Druggist
120 Dundas Street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

James F. Hunt & Sons'
Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory. We have New Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, sold by the pound. Ticks filled with feathers. Upholstering and repairing. Stoves bought and sold. 533 Richmond Street North. Telephone 997.

If you find there is anything better than "Andrews' Plugs" for toothache and filling, no doubt you will buy it; but try the Plugs, for they have no equal. 10c a bottle.

An order has been introduced in the Massachusetts Legislature to make women eligible to serve as overseers of the poor in the city of Lowell, Mass. Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done it will do again.

On a duck farm near Fort Dodge, Ia., there were recently 13,000 ducks. They ate 100 bushels of corn daily.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parnelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parnelee's Vegetable Pills.

Berlin has 2,333 medical men, Munich 637, Hamburg 533, Breslau 510, Leipzig 411, Dresden 408, Cologne 332, Frankfurt 312, Charlottenburg 293, Königsberg 230, Hanover 224 and Strassburg 224.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE SUFFERING WITH PERIODIC COLIC, SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Twenty-five women have been hanged in England during Victoria's reign. Seattle claims the remarkable low death rate of eight per thousand in 1899.

Gentlemen

ASK TO SEE OUR GREAT
\$1.25 and \$1.50 Hats

FEDORAS OR STIFFS,
New Shapes, Black or Colors.

GRAHAM BROS.

SPRING GOODS.

Washing Machines,
Clothes Wringers,
Carpet Sweepers,
ENAMELED WARE.

We always carry the best assortment and best goods in the city.
OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.
CALL AND SEE US.

STEVELY'S, Richmond Street Phone 452.

METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, April 3-3 p.m.—An area of high pressure is moving slowly southeastward from Manitoba, and spreading over the lake region, while the low area which was centered in Ontario yesterday is now passing from the Nova Scotian coast. Present indications point to a continuance of fine mild weather in the Northwest Territories and in Ontario, and fairer weather is probable in the Eastern Provinces. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 46-56; Calgary, 20-38; Prince Albert, 16-42; Qu'Appelle, 22-42; Winnipeg, 22-48; Port Arthur, 24-36; Parry Sound, 26-42; Toronto, 32-46; Ottawa, 36-52. Local temperatures: Highest, 45 degrees; lowest, 28 degrees. Today the sun rose at 5:56 a.m., and sets at 6:46 p.m.; moon rose 8:08 a.m., sets, 11:43 p.m.

EASTER
FLOWERS!

GAMMAGE & SONS. Order Them Early.

Dr. John Hutehison,

DENTIST.
Office and residence 214 Dundas Street. Phone 1372. Gold work a specialty.

London Advertiser.

UNION LABEL

A LOCAL BUDGET

—The firemen attended 19 unimportant fires during March.

—Dr. Hogg, of this city, leaves this week for New York, where he will engage in hospital work.

—James M. Hickey, manager of Grafton & Co., left last evening for New York on a business trip.

—Miss Melborn, of Peterboro, and Miss Lillie Andrews, of St. Marys, are visiting Mrs. J. E. Adkins, East London.

—Miss Lizzie Cardiff, late mantlemaker at J. H. Chapman & Co.'s, is in business for herself at Cypress River, Man.

—The Detroit assessors have placed the street railway company on the tax rolls at \$12,810,000 for state and county purposes.

—Mr. Robert Douglas, late of St. Paul, Minn., has disposed of his drug business there, and will reside in London permanently.

—Chief Dispatcher Smith, of the C. P. R., here, fell while stepping from a west-bound express recently, and dislocated his knee.

—Mr. Henry Hymmen, of Berlin, has sold his hardware business to Mr. C. Potter, of the Hobbs Hardware Company, of this city.

—Woodstock Sentinel-Review: Wm. Paunell has gone to London to spend a week with his parents. * * * Mrs. Paitullo returned from London yesterday.

—Hans Kuntz, who has been in jail in Woodstock since the counterfeiting trial, was taken to Central Prison, Toronto, yesterday afternoon. Since his imprisonment Mrs. Kuntz has been living in Woodstock, and has been constant in her attendance upon him so far as the jail regulations would permit.

—Mr. J. Francis Lee, assistant general passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, of Chicago, is in Cleveland, arranging for the lake connections of his road with that city. The Lake Erie Transportation Company will handle the railway's traffic between Roncesau and Port Stanley and Cleveland.

—Col. T. H. Tracy, formerly of London, and now of Vancouver, B. C., has been for some weeks the object of an aldermanic personal spite. The alderman demanded an investigation on a charge against Col. Tracy of neglecting his duty. The investigation was held, and the council, by a vote of 7 to 3, upheld the colonel.

—The finance committee of the Woodstock council is considering an offer from Mr. J. S. McDougall, of this city, to take to Woodstock a company of Londoners, who would play "All For Love" in the opera house there for the benefit of the Woodstock boys at the front, provided all the other expenses of the entertainment were given gratis and a citizens' committee was appointed to manage the affair.

—The Children's Aid Society beg to gratefully acknowledge the following donations towards their shelter during March: R. Simmons, 2 pairs moccasins; Mrs. H. E. Gates, sewing machine; Mrs. G. B. Sippl, flour; Mrs. C. B. Hunt, clothing; Mrs. Raymond, clothing; Mrs. J. Tarkie, axe, saw and saw-horse; Mrs. Mackintosh, lemons and oranges; Mrs. Chapman, buns; Mrs. T. W. Wrighton, jackets; Mrs. T. Butterfield, pillow slips; Mrs. W. G. Hyman, clothing; Mrs. Montague, books; Miss S. Macklin, 1 package of

NEW BOOKS.

"From Cape Town to Lady Smith."—Seevers.
"Snow on the Headlight."—O'Warma.
"A Corner of the West."—Fowler.
"Active Service."—Oran.
"Autobiography of a Quack."—Webb.
"Lady from Bowdler."—
"Mr. Thomas Atkins."—
"Transval from Within (Cheap edition)."—
See our beautiful Mass of Master Cards, Painted Eggs and Dainty Stationery.

ANDERSON'S.

We give Trading Stamps.

Palace Cafe,

388 Richmond Street, Opposite City Hall.

Meals and lunches served at all hours. Busi-
ness men's dinner, from 12 to 1:30, 25c.

books, vegetables, crockery; Mrs. Corpe, clothing; F. D. Macfie & Co., ton of coal; Thos. Taylor, books.

—Charles Decker, of London township, appeared before Squire Lacey yesterday afternoon. Decker had pleaded guilty to stealing a pair of wages shafts and a bolster from George W. Rawlings, also of London township. Decker, who is about 30 years of age, explained that he had taken the things believing that they were the property of his son. He denied all knowledge of a kettle, supposed to have been stolen. He was discharged.

—The monthly meeting of the board of management of the Convalescent Home was held on Monday. The reports received showed that the home is in its usual well-kept condition. Two inmates had left, one man and one woman. The matron requests that the home be remembered by friends while the spring house-cleaning is being done, as many articles unsuitable for a private house can be utilized by the home authorities. Those present were Mesdames Broom, De la Hooke, Hopkins, Edgar, McWhinney, Bullen, St. John Hyttenrauch, Miss G. Meredith, treasurer, and Miss Lougheed, secretary.

ST. GEORGE'S SCHOOL.

Promoted to Grade II.—Malden Crombie, Norman Harris, Edgar Wormald, Mabel Houston, Harold Murdy, Ruth Manness, Millie Reeves, Lella Murdy, Lena Stegmair, Ruth Watson, Winnie Element, Verna Boss, Willie Jones, Rachel Snowden, Annie Henry, Archie Wyatt, Fannie Brown, Dorothy Drew, Emma Jeffries, Eddie Foxworthy.

CIGARETTE EVILS

Will Be Combated by the Board of Education.

Canvassers, Photographers, Etc., Must Keep Away From Schools.

The board of education met at 8 o'clock last night, and their deliberations occupied exactly an hour. Dr. Teasdale was the only absentee.

Principal Merchant, of the Normal School, wrote that he had in his possession the flag belonging to the old Collegiate Institute cadet corps.

Walter H. Somerville tendered his resignation as captain of the Collegiate Institute cadet corps, owing to his leaving school shortly.

The resignation was accepted. A communication from Margaret Knowles, of Wellington road, asked a refund of Collegiate Institute fees, as she had been prevented from attending at least half the time during the months of January, February and March.

Ethel R. Howie asked permission to enroll herself as a student in the Queen's avenue kindergarten. Referred to No. 1.

Robert O. Thompson, of Athens, applied for a position on the teaching staff. Referred to No. 1.

Principal Radcliffe presented the following report: The attendance at the Collegiate Institute during March was as follows: In upper school, on roll 272, average 242; lower school, on roll 211, average 193; commercial school, on roll 100, average 85; total on roll, 583; average, 530. Owing to the resignation of Capt. Teasdale, A. Somerville, it was recommended that Gordon Ingram be captain, and Owen Watson and Duncan Graham, first and second lieutenants, respectively. The report was adopted.

A committee recommended payment of accounts amounting to \$147.44. Weather-strips will be placed on doors and windows of schools where required.

The following teachers were summoned before the committee for being late on more than four occasions during a month: Miss Bella Lynch, Talbot street school; Miss Kate McWhinney, Victoria school; and Miss Annie Lea, Wortley road school. All gave satisfactory reasons and were excused. The tender of Heal & Co. for the printing of the annual report, 93 cents per page, for 1,000 copies, was accepted. Twenty-one maps of Ontario and Normal School supplies for Simcoe street school have been ordered. T. J. Neeley, of London township, may send his three children to the city schools on payment of \$1 50 per month.

In reference to the petition re the cigarette evil, the committee recommended that the board commend the faithful teaching in the schools of the physical and moral consequences arising from the use of cigarettes by youths; that they ask the co-operation of parents and citizens generally to assist by every wise means in suppressing the habit; that the attention of the police commissioners be directed to the evil, with the request that means be devised for the better enforcement of the act respecting the use of tobacco by minors, as well as the city bylaw requiring a license fee of 50c.

No action will be taken re additional subjects until the department of education has made provision for the same. The assistant kindergarten teachers will receive \$225 per annum. Copies of the Ten Commandments have been ordered for each of the rooms in the public schools. The report was adopted clause by clause.

It was ordered that a copy of the resolution re the cigarette evil be sent to the principals of the public and high schools, and to the police commissioners. Trustee Macpherson gave a verbal report of the special committee which

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went to Toronto to oppose certain portions of the City of London bill. The committee was quite successful in its undertaking. Trustee Macpherson moved that the teachers of the city be asked to refuse to sign petitions to be presented to the board. After considerable discussion, the motion was lost.

It was moved by Trustee Logan, and seconded by Trustee Macpherson that the principals of the various schools be notified to prohibit all persons from entering the schools for the purpose of canvassing for books, photographs, or any other articles, or for soliciting subscriptions. The motion carried.

The request of Principal Latta for the use of a room in Colborne street school for an hour a day for a month, for a teacher's drawing class, was granted.

TWICE AS MUCH
COAL USED

As Should Be to Heat and Light
Victoria Hospital.

Expert Opinion—Boilers Absolutely Safe—Small Cost of Supplying Light—Suggested Improvements—Report Unanimously Adopted.

A meeting of the hospital trust was held yesterday afternoon, when Messrs. Robert Angus and Alex. Findlay, expert mechanical engineers, reported upon the state of affairs at Victoria Hospital. The report entered into matters in detail, and besides removing the doubt of the safe condition of the boilers, it contained many valuable suggestions. The board expressed their appreciation of the work of the engineers, and evidenced it by adopting all the suggestions contained in the report.

Hereafter only soft coal will be used at the hospital, thus gratifying the request made by Chief Engineer Glass. Upon experiment, it was discovered that, with some slight alterations in the boilers, a saving in fuel of one-half could be made. The coal bill for March is \$884.89.

According to the engineers' opinions there exists no danger from the boilers. Their examinations were made with steam off and on, and the results showed perfect safety, the only noticeable effect being a slight sagging, which did not interfere with the proper working or strength of the boilers. Everything in connection with them was in perfect condition. There was absolutely no danger from accident.

It was shown also that the cost of lighting the building is only 40 cents for twelve hours; so low a cost being made possible because of the lighting and heating plants being used in conjunction. It was suggested by Mr. Gilmour that the grounds also be lighted, which will probably be done.

The report contained a large number of minor suggestions, all of which would remedy existing conditions and permit of more perfect management. Referring indirectly to the recent unpleasantness, the engineers recommended that Chief Engineer Glass have full control over his assistants, that he be held responsible and then, if he were incompetent, it would be discovered, although there was no reason to doubt his competency. It would be better also, they believed, to have scales provided to weigh all coal consumed; to register regularly the outside temperature and the boiler pressure; to install a meter to measure the hot water used; to put in another boiler, those now in use being worked to their full capacity; and also to instruct all who should know the system of heating and ventilating, in order that they may be managed intelligently. They learned also that it is possible to heat any parts of the building separately.

The engineers' account of \$90 was passed.

Col. Lewis expressed his opinion that \$5 should be charged for some of the

Famine-Stricken India

Rev. A. H. Rhodes writes to The Advertiser in behalf of famine-stricken India. He states that, in his conviction, there is a general appeal made from a responsible source, and a guarantee of transport given, a large aggregate contribution in both money and grain would be forthcoming for the relief of the famine sufferers. In a canvass of a few miles of country in this vicinity, he met with very liberal response in promises for grain and money. He states that in his opinion, London township alone would contribute not less than a thousand bushels of grain, if proper assurances were given that a transport was ready, under a responsible body. Mr. Rhodes further says, in part: "From my experience, I am convinced that as far as this section of the country is concerned, there is a willingness to contribute, a desire for national effort, and a looking to the government to offer transport and take charge of the matter. And I believe that were the subject given consideration in other sections, the same disposition would become manifest. The Christian Herald, of New York, is fitting a fleet of ten ships, to be filled with American corn, and perhaps would be willing to accept a contribution from us, but I am sure the desire is to make an offering worthy of our aspiring Dominion, which is being jeopardized by the scarcity of coal. The Indian Government is making a brave and strenuous effort, but its resources are utterly unequal to the occasion. Lord Curzon states that \$100,000,000 will be needed to carry the sixty or seventy millions of people, thousands of whom are already lying down to die, through the period of famine. The need is enormous. I cannot conclude without mentioning the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, London, as having, by their generous gift, in addition to the numerous other demands upon their liberality, set a splendid example. There will be public meetings on behalf of the famine sufferers at Hyde Park school house on Wednesday evening, and at Hilderton, on Friday evening, in the Oddfellows' Hall."

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Pancakes

and remember these cakes are made of Grape-Nuts, the most nourishing breakfast food in existence. Next day have a Grape-Nut pudding, recipe on package. Postum Cereal Pure Food Factories, Battle Creek, Mich.

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COVERT TOP COATS

Bearing the Fit Reform label are unequalled for style and service. We start with a splendid quality Covert Top Coat, made in a fashionable length, lined with English Beatrice Twill, and beautifully tailored, at

\$10.00.

Finer qualities in various shades of tan, olive, gray, and brown, with silk and mohair sleeve linings, at
\$12.00, \$15.00 and \$18.00.

These garments are ready-to-wear at once, and you will find them equal to any that you can have made to measure at your tailor's at double the price.

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private rooms instead of \$2 90 per week. At present there are 98 patients in the hospital. Since the last meeting 43 were discharged. During the past two weeks the sum of \$761 75 was received from paying patients. A sum that exceeds all previous amounts so received.

Col. Lewis presided, and Mr. James Gilmour, M.P., T. H. Purdon, Q.C., Thomas McCormick, Mayor Rumball and Acting Secretary Thomas were present.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

Brantford is flooded and the T. H. and B. Railway station isolated by three feet of water.

The members of the Christian Workers' Chapel, MacNab street, Hamilton, have decided to build a church.

Mr. L. H. Tisdale, of Hamilton, was struck by a train while driving over a crossing near Kingston. He was seriously hurt, and both his horses were killed.

The coroner's jury at Montreal in the case of David Prendergast, alleged to have been fatally kicked by Denis Dineen, returned a verdict of death from natural causes. Dineen was released.

Informal negotiations are now in progress between the Ontario Government and the corporation of Trinity University looking to the federation of Trinity with the Provincial University.

The Toronto Street Railway Company was fined \$10 and costs by Magistrate Denison for not supplying proper protection in the way of rear vestibules for conductors. The company will appeal the case.

A man named Gordon, collector for a Toronto picture concern, reported to the Hamilton police authorities yesterday that he had been robbed of \$90 while he slept in a hotel in that city Sunday night.

Unprecedented activity is expected in the Toronto building trade this season. The permits for the first quarter call for buildings to the value of \$396,280, as compared with \$215,933, for the first quarter of 1899.

The eight members of the Langstaff family of Toronto, who were so nearly asphyxiated Thursday night at their residence, Marlborough avenue, are progressing satisfactorily towards recovery, though six of them are confined to bed.

The third payment on the redemption of the Bank Ville Marie bills was commenced at Montreal Monday, when \$130,000 was paid out, making in all \$500,000 that has been redeemed. The payment of depositors will commence next summer, and it is reported they will receive about ten cents on the dollar.

LAXA-CARA TABLETS, through the stomach, benefit every organ in the body. What organ left the better for a flushing out and purifying in the spring season? Druggists, 25 cents per box.

It is now recognized that the prosperity of the iron and steel industries in Germany has become seriously jeopardized by the scarcity of coal, especially the qualities adapted to coking for blast furnace fuel.

Cancer.

For 6 cents in stamps we will send full particulars of a Painless Home Treatment for Cancer and Tumors, with testimonials from those cured.

NO KNIFE. NO PLASTER.
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