





THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 5, 1906.

# My Friend

## The Chauffeur.

By C. N. & A. M. WILLIAMSON, Authors of THE Lightning Conductor, THE Princess Passes, ETC.

(Continued.)

Not so beautiful as Verona, still the loquacious old lady had a certain individual charm of her own, which I felt instantly. I loved the painted pines, especially those where most of the paint had worn off, leaving but a lovely face, or some folds of a velvet robe, or a cardinal's hat to hint its story to the imagination. The old arched streets were steep, and grass sprouted among the cobble. Where they followed the river we had glimpses of gardens and arbours backed with roses, or an almond tree—like a tiny bride leaning on a soldier's lover's rock—peeped at us, side by side with a dark tree, over a high brick wall.

"How long ought we to stay in Padua?" Aunt Kathryn desired to ask, as if in a delayed answer to the Chauffeur's question, when he helped her out of the car at the Stalla d'Oro, where we were to lunch.

"A week," said Mr. Barrymore, his eyes twinkling.

"Her face fell, and he took pity. "If we weren't motor maniacs," he went on, "in that case we would have come here on a solemn pilgrimage to do full justice to the adorable Giotto, to the two best churches—not to be supposed anywhere—and the dense and one other things worth seeing. But as we are and we shall be able to do Padua, and satisfy our consciences though not our hearts, in three hours. My one consolation in this deplorable case, lies in the thought that it will make it possible to give you your first sight of Venice between sunset and moonset."

Becky clapped her hands, and my heart gave a throb. Somewhere, my eyes lay open to meet Mr. Barrymore's. But I must not get into the habit of letting them do that, when I'm feeling anything deeply. If I can't think why it seems so natural to turn to him, as if I'd known him always; but then we have all got to be great friends on this trip, and know each other better than if we'd been meeting in an ordinary way for a year. All except the Prince. I leave him out of this statement, as I would leave him out of everything concerning me nearly, if I could. I believe that none of us know him, or what is in his mind. But sometimes there is a look in his eyes if one glances up suddenly, which would almost frighten one, if it were not silly and melodramatic. That is the only way in which he has troubled me since the brief little incident at Juliet's tomb—with these occasional, strange looks, and as he wrote me a note of apology for his bad conduct, I ought to forgive and forget.

The hotel where we lunched was not in a quiet riverside street, but in a square so modern it was hard to realize for the moment that we were in the old city of Northern Italy, dating from before Roman days. However, the Stalla d'Oro was old enough to satisfy us, and I should have been delighted with the nice Italian dishes Mr. Barrymore knew, so well how to order, if I hadn't been long to rush off with a bit of bread in my hand, not to mention the Paduan moment or so did a deed as eating.

It was only twelve when we arrived, and before we were out of the huge, cool dining-room, and in the May sunlight again. The Prince was with us; had been just ahead of us, or just behind us, all through the journey from Verona. But I thought by keeping close to Aunt Kathryn and Becky there would be no danger that he would trouble me. Unfortunately, the pattern of our progress arranged itself a little differently from my plan.

All was simple enough in the churches, which we visited first, not to give them time to close up for their afternoon siesta. Mr. Barrymore was of the party, and we all listened to him—the Prince because he must, we others because we wished—while he evoked his memory for bits of Paduan history, legend or romance. He showed us the Giotto (which he had done well to call adorable) at the

Madonna of the Arena; he took us to pay our respects to St. Anthony of Padua (that dear, obliging Saint who gives himself so much trouble over the lost property of pernice stragglers) in his extraordinary and well-deserved Basilica of bubbly domes and lovely cloisters. He guided us to Santa Giustina, where I would stop at the top of the steps, to pet two glorious old red marble basins which had cradled there for four centuries. One of them, the redder of the two—had been all that time wrestling with an infinitesimal St. George whom he ought to have polished off in a few hours; while the other—the one with an unspeakable board under his chin and teeth like the grating of our automobile—had been engaged for the same period in eating a poor little curly lion.

The inside of the church—too strongly recommended by Headmaster to commend it, self to me—made me feel as if I had eaten a lemon meringue before dinner, on a freezing cold day; and it was there that the Chauffeur departed to get ready for the motor-car. There it was, too, that the pattern disarranged itself.

When we had finished looking at a splendid Paolo Veronese, we hurried out into the Piazza della Valle (which has changed its name to something else and half so pretty, though more patriotic), and Sir Ralph took Becky away, so that Aunt Kathryn and I were left to the Prince. He hardly talked to her at all, which hurt her feelings so much that she turned suddenly round, and said she must speak to Becky.

I could have cried, for the piazza was so beautiful that I wanted some one to go with me, to whom I could explain about it. It was girdled by a belt of clear water, with four stone bridges and a double wall on which stood a goodly company of noble gentlemen. There was the history of Padua's greatness perpetuated in marble—Charming personages, one and all, if you could believe their status, and it would have seemed treacherous not to. Each stood to be admired or revered in the attitude most expressive of his profession: Galileo pointing up, graceful, spiritual, enthusiastic; a famous bishop blessing his flock; some great poet dreaming over his book—his own, perhaps, almost finished; and so on, and so on. I wanted to know them—those faithful friends of all who love greatness, resting now in each others' excellent society, their sole reflection those in the watery mirror.

But Prince Dalmar-Kalm thought himself of importance even in this king's garden. "Did you get my letter?" he asked. "And do you trust me, and not be unkind, now that I've promised to think of you only as a friend?" he persisted.

I didn't see why he should look upon me even as a friend; but a cat may look at a king, if it doesn't fly up and scratch so why not a Prince at an American girl? To save argument and not to be unchristian, I pledged myself to some kind of superficial compact almost before I knew. When it was done, it would have been too complicated to undo as they, and so I let it go.

XX.

A Chapter in Fairyland.

"Nobody can ever quite know Venice who goes by rail from Padua," said the Chauffeur to me, when we had started in the car. "The sixteen miles of road between the two places is a link in Venetian history, and you'll understand what I mean without any explanation as you pass along."

This made me post my wits at the windows of my eyes, and tell them not to stare at the scenery for an instant, but I should have been disappointed. But, after all,

the morning I had to understand was not subtle, though it was interesting.

The way was practically one long street of time-worn palaces and handsome villas which had once been the summer retreats of the rich Venetians; and I guessed it without being told. I guessed, too, that the owners came no more or seldom; that they were not so rich as they had been, or that, because of railways and automobiles, it was easier and more amusing to go further afield. But what I didn't know without telling was that the proprietors had been accustomed, in the good old leisurely days, to step into their gondolas in front of their own palaces in Venice and come up the Brenta to their summer homes without setting foot to the ground.

If I hadn't been told, too, that the Brenta was a river big in Venetian history if not in size, I should have taken it for one of my favorite canals, with its slow traffic of lazy barges, and its hundred canals, crossing it with long green arms that stretched north and south to the horizon. But at St. I must have expected it in any case; and it was near St. I, also, that we passed the most important place of any on that strange, flat road.

There was a house that must have loomed large in historic eyes, and through magnificent gateways we caught glimpses of a noble building in an neglected park.

"It belongs to the Pisani, a famous family of Venice," said the Chauffeur, as we sailed by. "But Napoleon took it—me he took so many other good things in this part of the world—and gave it to his stepson Eugene Beauharnais."

"I've never thought about Napoleon in connection with Venice, somehow," I said. "But you will when your gondola takes you under the huge palace where he lived," he answered.

(To be continued.)

### NO ONE WHO HAS EVER BEEN OR HEARD THE HELPLESS CHOKING OF A CONSUMPTIVE CAN THINK LIGHTLY OF A COUGH

A single dose of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will convince you that it will stop the cough, soothe the throat, and start you on the road to recovery.

### DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Is rich in the long-boiling virtues of the Norway pine tree, skillfully combined with Wild Cherry Bark and the soothing and expectorant properties of other potent herbs and barks. It is a pleasant, safe and effective medicine for Coughs and Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Pain in the Chest, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy and all troubles of the Throat and Lungs.

Be sure and do not accept a substitute for Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. The genuine is put up in a yellow wrapper, three lines the trade mark, and the price 25 cts.

### HAS NO EQUAL

"I had a very bad cold which settled on my lungs. I tried many remedies but could get no relief. On the advice of a friend I procured a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Before the bottle was half finished I had the coughing and choking of a cough, and in my opinion Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup has no equal as a cure for coughs, colds, or any affliction of the throat and lungs."

J. J. Melanza, Woodbine, N.B.

### BARBOUR STANDS BY HIS PLANS

Will Be Plenty of Water for 300,000 People, He Says

### DUAL SERVICE UNSATISFACTORY

If Only High Level Supply Was What Council Wanted, He Could Have Given it for \$100,000—Contradicts Director Murdoch's Statements.

Engineer F. A. Barbour was in the city Saturday and a hastily summoned meeting of the water and sewerage board was held and authorized him to reply in writing to the report of Director Murdoch, in which the consulting engineer's proposal to utilize Loch Lomond as the single source of supply and the use of valves to reduce the pressure in the low levels, were criticized.

Mr. Barbour contradicted Mr. Murdoch's statement that there would not be sufficient water by the new system to supply the city all times of the year. He claimed that there would be enough water to meet the wants of 300,000 people all the year round. The figures given in the report on pressures in different cities were in some cases, he said, incorrect and he added that he spoke from personal experience, having established plants in several of the places mentioned.

With reference to the source of supply, Mr. Barbour said that if it had been understood in the first instance that only the high levels were to be supplied from Loch Lomond an extension to Lake Latimer would have been sufficient and could have been carried out at an expenditure of only \$100,000. If the council changed their opinion and accepted a dual service he was convinced it would prove unsatisfactory and he gave as one of his reasons the dissatisfaction which would be felt by the residents of the low levels who would be compelled to use certain seasons of the discolored water from Little River while the remainder of the citizens had the water from the Loch Lomond water.

He mentioned as a further advantage that the chemical analysis of the new service of supply showed that for washing purposes it was greatly to be preferred, and would effect a large saving in soap.

Speaking of the objection taken to the valves, the consulting engineer said they would be required as a temporary expedient to test the pipes which would gradually be replaced. These valves themselves, he contended, were perfectly safe. They were largely used and a perfect success in the metropolitan water system, which supplied fifteen cities and towns and 23,000,000 inhabitants in the vicinity of Boston.

Mr. Barbour admitted that breaks were likely to occur in some of the old pipes but added that under his test the breaks would not occur in houses and that there would be no complaints of water hammer.

In conclusion Mr. Barbour assured the aldermen that he could guarantee an efficient service in every part of the city if his plans were carried out and intimated that he would furnish a detailed written reply to the report of Mr. Murdoch if it were accepted.

A motion instructing Mr. Barbour to reply in writing was passed and the meeting adjourned.

### FOOT OF SNOW AT FREDERICTON

Worst Storm of the Season Followed by Hail

May Be Three-cornered Fight for Mayor—Contests in Every Ward for Aldermen—Scott Act Cases—Other News of the Capital.

Fredericton, March 4—(Special)—Friends of C. E. Arthur Simonds, who at one time practised law in Montreal and who recently in this city, will be interested in the announcement of his marriage at Le-de, Alberta, on Feb. 26 to Miss Nathalia Farnieche, of that place.

Thomas Hazlett, of Lower St. Mary's, died at Victoria Hospital this morning after a brief illness from pneumonia. He was 34 years of age and leaves a widow and several children.

One of the worst snow storms which Fredericton has experienced this season let in early last evening and raged the greater part of the night. This morning there was a severe hail storm which lasted more than an hour. Nearly a foot of snow fell on the level and the snow plow contractor was compelled to turn out and clear the sidewalks.

At Maryville rink tomorrow evening Fredericton and Maryville hockey teams will play a third of a series of matches for a cup donated by the rink management. On Wednesday they will play at the Arctic rink at a benefit to be given the Fredericton team.

The Fredericton boys are negotiating for a match with All-St. John to be played here next Friday evening.

Rev. C. W. Foster, curate of St. Anne, is to be ordained priest at Trinity church, St. John, on Sunday next.

A. E. Hazlett, being urged by friends to accept a nomination for the mayoralty and it is understood he is not unwilling to enter the contest, providing that he is given assurance that a considerable number of representative citizens want his services. A requisition is now being passed around for signatures and will be presented to Mr. Hanson tomorrow. Already two mayoralty candidates are in the field and there will be an aldermanic contest in every ward.

If Travelling in Japan

Or any civilized country, you can procure a Japanese passport from the Japanese Legation in St. John. It is a passport for the Japanese Legation in Japan.

Mr. A. E. Young left Thursday morning for Suva (N. B.), to join her husband, who is in charge of the Bank of Nova Scotia's branch in that town. Mr. Young is registered at the Victoria.

### MINISTER LEAVES BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. Wm. Taylor Has Joined the Christian Denomination

WAS SUPPLYING IN LEINSTER STREET

Really Not Much Change, He Says, But Regards Christian Church Platform as Broader—Will Labor as Evangelist in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Rev. William A. Taylor, who has been supplying in Leinster street Baptist church since December, has left the Baptist denomination and joined the Christian church. He was extended the right hand of fellowship at a meeting of the Oxburg street Christian church on Thursday last and will undertake evangelistic work in this province and Nova Scotia.

When asked by a representative of The Telegraph last evening, Mr. Taylor expressed some surprise that his recent action had become known. "I do not wish any sensation made about the matter," he said. "I joined the Oxburg street Christian church last Thursday evening and was extended the right hand of fellowship by the minister. There is no little difference," he continued, "between the two churches that it is really not much of a change. The Christian church platform is broader but its views are in perfect accord with those of the Baptist community. I consider the church stands on the best platform for Christian unity. It recognizes the decision of the emperor to incorporate in the fundamental laws of the empire the provision that hereafter no law shall be effective without the consent of the national assembly and the council of the empire."

According to some reports their efforts were not without the sympathy of the emperor. When it became apparent that Premier Witte and the emperor's councilors, who argued that only such a renunciation of the imperial power as this could appease the sentiment of the country would carry the day, Count Ignatieff made a last personal appeal to the emperor warning him bluntly that on the eve of the assembling of the national assembly such an irreconcilable step would put an end forever to the autonomy. The emperor, however, remained firm and ordered a vote to be taken when the proposition was carried by the majority.

Rev. William A. Taylor was ordained a minister in the Baptist community at Detroit in 1880. He came to St. John from Springfield (Mass.) last December and has since been supplying in Leinster street church, owing to the vacancy caused by the death of Rev. J. W. Taylor. His family are at present in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Swain, of Perton (N. Y.), are registered at the Victoria.

### END OF AUTOCRACY IN RUSSIA CAUSES BITTER FEELING

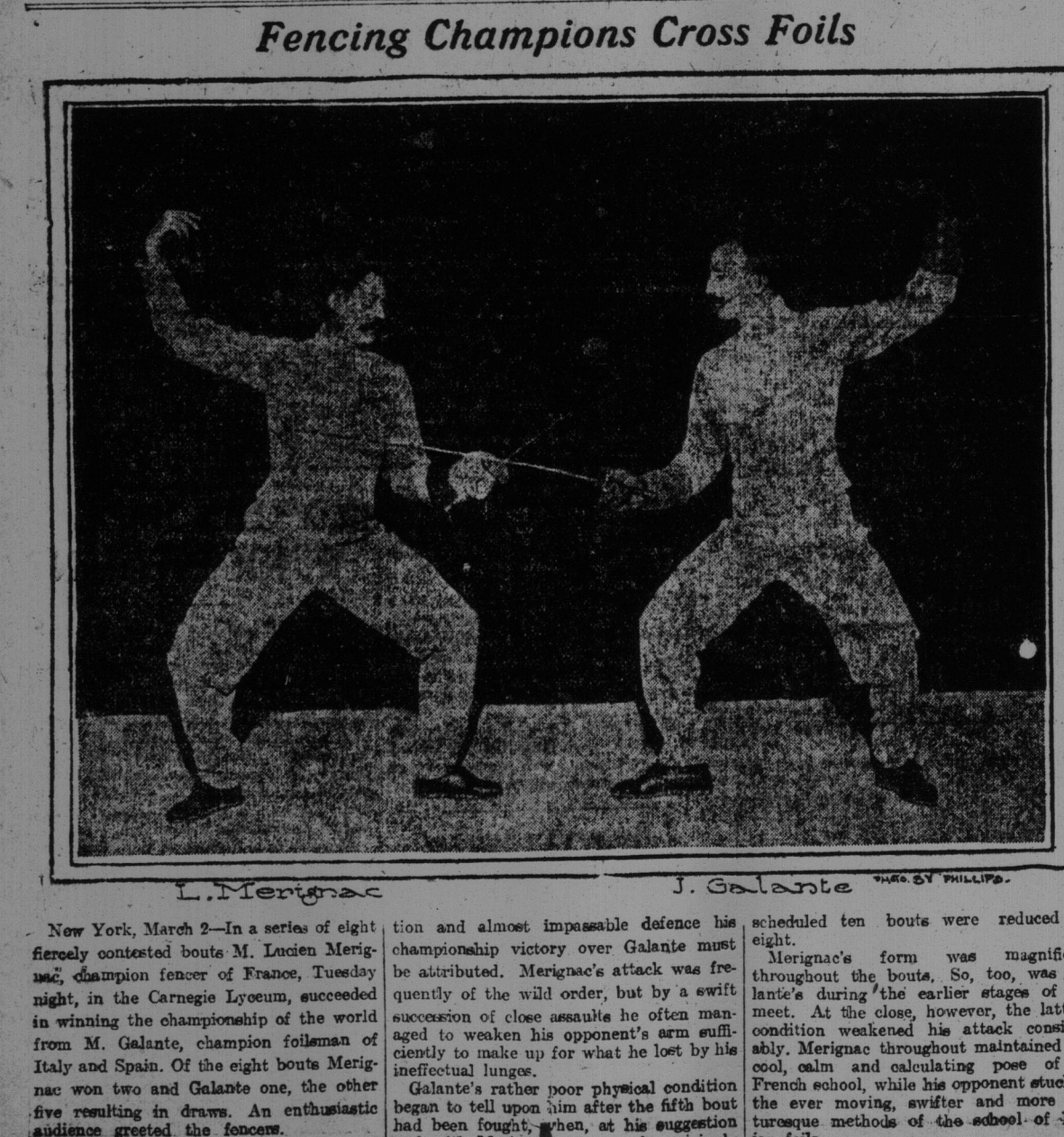
It is Said Empress Joined Hands With Nobles to Influence Czar, But It Was Useless.

St. Petersburg, March 3—The reactionary cabal at Tsarskoe-Selo, headed by Count Ignatieff, General Trepoft, commandant of the palace, and General Prince Putiatin made a last ditch fight at the recent meeting of the special council to defeat the decision of the emperor to incorporate in the fundamental laws of the empire the provision that hereafter no law shall be effective without the consent of the national assembly and the council of the empire.

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New York, March 2—In a series of eight fiercely contested bouts M. Lucien Merisage, champion fencer of France, Tuesday night, in the Carnegie Lyceum, succeeded in winning the championship of the world from M. Galante, champion fenceman of Italy and Spain. Of the eight bouts Merisage won two and Galante one, the other five resulting in draws. An enthusiastic audience greeted the fencers.

To Merisage's superior physical condition and almost impossible defence his championship victory over Galante must be attributed. Merisage's attack was frequently of the wild order, but by a swift succession of close assaults he often managed to weaken his opponent's arm, usually by making use of his left hand, his ineffectual lungs.

Galante's rather poor physical condition began to tell upon him after the fifth bout had been fought, when, at his suggestion and with Merisage's assent, the originally scheduled ten bouts were reduced to eight.

Merisage's form was magnificent throughout the bouts. So too was Galante's during the earlier stages of the meet. At the close, however, the latter's condition weakened his attack considerably. Merisage throughout maintained the cool, calm and calculating poise of the French school, while his opponent stood to the ever moving, swifter and more picturesque methods of the school of Italian folk.

### Fencing Champions Cross Foils

Merisage and Galante

### NOVA SCOTIA STEEL AND COAL COMPANY HAD PROSPEROUS YEAR

Used Large Sums in Acquiring New Iron Areas, and Decide to Pay No Dividend on Common Stock.

New Glasgow, N. S., March 3—(Special)—The annual report of the directors of the Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Company, which is out, states that the directors consider it in the interests of the shareholders not to declare any dividend on the common stock at the present time. The report points out that the volume of the general iron and steel business transacted by the company during the year was considerably larger than that of any previous year; the increase being 28,825 tons, and in value being \$97,887. From the steel department the company shipped 28,225 tons of finished material. The quantity of pig iron sold was also much larger than the previous year, amounting to 28,723 tons.

The quantity of coal mined was 58,141 tons over the previous year. During the year submarine iron ore areas were acquired at Wabana (Nfld.).

The profits for the year were \$559,906, and the balance brought forward for last year was \$698,749, making a total of \$1,258,655 at the credit of profits and loss account.

The sum expended in completing the open hearth plant at Sydney Mines and in other additions and improvements to plant at Sydney Mines, Trenton and Wabana and in acquiring the submarine iron ore areas at Wabana amounts to \$677,710, but against this expenditure there was an available sum of \$281,084 due on the consolidated bond issue. It is not proposed, during the coming year, to expend any large sum on capital account.

### TERRIBLE PLIGHT OF FINNISH FISHERMEN

Eight Hundred, With Their Families, Afloat on Ice in Gulf of Finland and Believed to Be Doomed.

Helsingfors, Finland, March 4—It is feared that 800 fishermen with their families who are afloat on the ice in the Gulf of Finland are doomed to perish. A foot of ice about 1,000 persons who had with them their homes, were sinking off the East Land when the ice parted and was driven by a storm into the Baltic Sea. Later the ice split, the wind changed to east and yesterday a block on which there were 200 persons, came ashore at Fredericksburg. The fate of the others is unknown.

Hon. William Pugsley, who left for Ottawa on Friday, is expected to return to Fredericton today.

### Always Remember the Full Name

## Exaltine Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day. Cuts In 2 Days

### C. F. Hume

over 25 years

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## Circulation of The Times.

WEEK ENDING MARCH 3rd, 1906.	
MONDAY	8,835
TUESDAY	7,050
WEDNESDAY	6,667
THURSDAY	6,698
FRIDAY	6,814
SATURDAY	7,305
TOTAL	43,369
Daily Average	7,228
Average Daily Sworn Circulation Last 3 Months of 1905.	6,513

## WHARF BUILDING

Discussing in a general way the construction of wharves, it may be observed that the bottom of a wharf has to be a heavy strain. If there is any danger of the wharf sliding out there is the more need of strength. In such case lapped timbers are better than butted timbers, and are so regarded by engineers, who in specifications usually, it is believed, call for lapping instead of butting.

It may further be observed that if timbers are butted where they should be lapped, there is a saving of a foot or two on each stick, which in the case of a wharf four or five hundred feet in length would mean for the contractor the saving of many tons of timber.

Some authorities appear to contend that short timbers make a better job than long ones. It would simply matter if short timbers were called for in the specifications. If the use of short timbers makes a wharf cost more, it is certainly an evidence of generosity on the part of a contractor when he uses that kind. Most contractors would doubtless in such case use the longer timber called for by the specifications.

Speaking generally, one would expect a contractor to approve of his own work, and it would not be surprising to have it again endorsed by officials who had already accepted it as satisfactory to them.

Nevertheless, even assuming that work which departs from the specifications is as good or better than that which adheres to them, there is something to be said in favor of insisting on specifications that may properly be adhered to, or of abolishing altogether the competitive system and employing a permanent wharf builder, with a free hand as to details of construction. There would then be no need of an engineer or inspector, and nothing to do but to order the work done and pay the bills. This would be a simple, if expensive method, and would relieve the aldermen of much worry and loss of time.

Speaking generally once more, it may be observed that an inspection of contracts for timber, which is yet in the woods is much less satisfactory than an examination of the material itself, inasmuch as the lumbermen might be tempted to depart from the specifications in order to make a better and more expensive job.

## THE D E GING

It is important, whether the nationalization of this port be accomplished soon or late, that the facilities for handling freight on the West Side should keep pace with the growth of trade. It will be necessary, when the berth now under contract is completed, to go on with the next one. To accomplish this there must be more dredging than is at present provided for. It would be most unfortunate from every standpoint, including the national, if any trade should have to be diverted from this Canadian port to American ports because adequate facilities had not been provided here.

This view of the case will no doubt impress itself upon the minds of the men who are engaged in the matter in a fully and clearly brought to their attention.

## THE PROBLEM AGAIN

Another group of boys are under arrest, having on Sunday evening broken into a barn instead of staying at home, or finding a better use for their time than paying unlawful visits to other people's premises.

Here is one phase of the social problem to which the Times referred on Saturday. Boys who start wrong have a serious handicap in after life. What is society doing—what can it do—to do better things around the boys?

From the ranks of neglected boys are recruited most of the bad men of later life. It is easier in later life to reform a man who has gone wrong if there is the memory of early training in righteous ways to be appealed to; for the man whose boyhood was marked by evil companionship and an utter ignorance of the higher ideals is a very different proposition.

In an address at a temperance meeting on Saturday evening and again in his own church last evening, a city clergyman held that an article of every man's creed should be that individual happiness is inseparable from universal happiness; in other words, that a man should not rest content with his own blessings, while others are sinning or suffering. Make such a creed the guiding principle of the life of every man and woman in St. John who goes to church on Sunday and professes Christianity, and in a month the police court would be a practically deserted place. That is the solution of the problem. When,

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 5, 1906.

Close evenings at 6 o'clock. St. John, N. B., March 5th 1906.

## New Spring Cloths For Men's Tailoring.

Our new spring cloths are here, and a better assorted lot would be hard to find. He who cannot be suited from this lot would be hard to suit indeed. We are making inducements to order spring suits now, we make delivery to suit customers. Call and see these new cloths.

Suits to Measure, \$12, \$13.50 \$15 to \$26  
Pants to Measure, \$3.50 to \$7.50.

J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing, 199 to 207 Union Street.

## Although

The cost of leather is higher than ever before, we can offer you better \$3.00 shoes now than formerly, because of increased expertness in shoe making.

Men who have seen our \$3.00 shoes for this coming season, freely admit that this is the case.

IF you are a wearer of this priced shoe, you will most surely be pleased with our styles for this season. "HAVE A LOOK AT OURS."



## FURNITURE.

Special Discount Sale. This is not a Clearance Sale, but a genuine discount sale of NEW GOODS. Why buy out-of-style patterns when you can get the newest and latest designs just from the factory at much lower prices. You can select your goods now from our SPRING STOCK, which is arriving every day at the same large DISCOUNT for the balance of this month. Goods will be stored free till required.

REMEMBER this is the only store offering NEW STOCK at SALE PRICES. Call and see us before placing your order.

BUSTIN & WITHERS, 99 Germain St. OPEN EVENINGS.



## EMERSON & FISHER, LIMITED.

The New Store. 25 Germain Street.

## BOYS' BOX CAFE.

A nice shoe, stoutly made, double sole, will stand rough wear . . . \$2.00  
Boys' Split Leather Shoe, strong and durable, for . . . \$1.50  
Boys' Box Calf Shoe, double sole. A first class school shoe . . . \$1.25

J. W. SMITH, : : 37 Waterloo Street.

## Grand Clearance Sale

BOOTS and SHOES, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES

To make room for Spring Goods

Sale Prices: 28c., 48c., 68c., 98c., \$1.18, \$1.48, \$1.98 and \$2.48. Former Prices: 50c., 75c., \$1.10, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.50.

Special Rubber Prices: Women's, 48c., Misses', 45c., Children's, 38c. Men's Rubbers, 68c., and 75c., Boys', 68c., Youths, 58c.

Overshoes at Cost Price.

G. B. PIDGEON, Corner Main and Bridge Streets, North End.

## Times Classified Ads Pay

## Lace Curtains.

New, Elegant Patterns at low prices, 55c., 75c., \$1.10, \$1.40 per pair and up.

A. B. WETMORE, 59 GARDEN STREET.

## SEARCHING THE SCRIPTURES.

(From The Congregationalist.) The study of the Bible up to within the last twenty years was what was called devotional. A verse or a section or a chapter was "daily good." The new interest in the Bible which has become the most notable feature of the religious life of this generation has been as a manual of devotion. The historical study of the Bible has been condemned by many as hindering spirituality, tolerated by others as the necessary lack of scholars who are to be held strictly accountable for the results they give to the common people, and kept apart by its warmest advocates as an intellectual exercise, distinct from the reading of the Bible as a means of communion with God and enlightenment from him.

The time is at hand when this dividing line between two kinds of Bible study will become less prominent. The historical study of the Bible is getting at its meaning by finding under what circumstances it was written, the habits of thought and life out of which it sprang, who wrote it, what prompted them to write it, and how its materials evolved in the use of successive ages into its present form. The more earnestly one desires to make the Bible minister to the spiritual growth the greater is his interest to know its real meaning. The more confidently one believes the Bible to have come from God the greater is his desire to know how it came from God that he may the more clearly understand the mind of God. As the Athenians had an altar inscribed "to an unknown God," so some Christians have a Bible on whose title page they would gladly inscribe, "from unknown sources," cherishing the mystery as a kind of guaranty that it is supernatural. The message of the Biblical scholars to this generation is that of Paul to the Athenians, "What therefore ye worship in ignorance, this I set forth unto you."

The response to this message is growing more and more extended and enthusiastic. Books which popularize the results of historical study of the Bible are multiplying and the demand for them is increasing. Lectures setting forth these results draw large audiences in many cities and towns. Several such audiences assembled in Boston every week. Examples of those held on Sunday are the classes of Professor George F. Moore of Harvard Divinity School of Central Church and Professor John F. Canning of Amherst College at the Old South.

Examples of those on week days are the Lowell Institute Course recently given by Professor John Hayes Gardiner of Harvard University. The application of the historical study of the Bible to the life of the individual is not far beyond the capacity of Huntington Hall that the lectures were repeated on Tuesday and Friday afternoons.

This eagerness to know the Bible is not alone or chiefly on account of the simplicity and its literary style or its portrayal of the primitive emotions and aspirations of man. It will bring its own supreme message to those who look intently into it. It was written to reveal to men redemption from sin and the redeemer from sin, and its purpose is to return to it, whatever the motive which prompts men to find its meaning.

## TRUE LIFE MEANS LOVE

(Rev. Thomas Van Ness.) "What is it we want when we want more abundant life? Surely it is not mere length of days. To sit at a lonely railway station for ever and wait for a train that never comes—would anyone wish for such life?"

"Given physical health, freedom from anxiety, liberty of limb and action and life, continuous life is not worth the having if it must be passed in some remote place, without companionship, without the love of a human companion. Suicide is common among the solitary sheep herders, who are put off on a green of land, without tree, shrub, flower or human being for company."

"When we speak of wasting life we mean exchange of thought, tenderness, sympathy; love of wife, husband, little children, honor, respect. Given these, men and women are willing to endure pioneer life, or, as with Lieutenant Purdy's wife, to endure the rigors of the Arctic. Life to be valuable must have breadth and depth; must be capable of producing happiness, of giving contentment, of enjoying. But enjoyment depends upon capacity to enjoy. Emerson has said, 'I am heir to Lord Christ's heart; to Shakespeare's brain.' Yes, perhaps it depends upon whether one has the capacity to enter into what Shakespeare thought, what Jesus felt and did."

"The question of primary importance is: How can I increase my capacity on the non-physical side, in order that I may win the kind of life for which I yearn? Only through love can men enter into the heart of Shakespeare's brain. Yes, perhaps it depends upon whether one is properly attuned to the best in others. 'Follow me,' said Jesus. 'By this shall all men know ye are my disciples if ye have love one for another.' Love is life. Without love there can be no true life."

## TEN THOUSAND ENOUGH.

(From the Memphis News-Scimitar.) Ten thousand a year is enough for any man. It is enough and to spare. It is ten times as much as thousands of the best men on earth receive for an entire year's labor.

It is more than twenty times as much as the average workman receives for the hard work he does annually. Ten thousand a year is sufficient for the man and his family, "and then some." With an income of ten thousand dollars per annum a man ought to be a philanthropist.

Other things being equal, the man with ten thousand ought to be very happy. Because—He can have the joy of making others happy. There is no enjoyment comparable to that. He can be a special providence to the helpless. On the other hand—the man who has an income of ten thousand a year and spends it all for self is only a human hog snorting in his trough.

## Arnold's Removal Sale.

2,000 Yards Remnants White Cotton—3 to 10 yard lengths, 6c., 7c., 8c., 9c., 10c., 11c., 12c., 13c., 14c., 15c., 16c., 17c., 18c., 19c., 20c., 21c., 22c., 23c., 24c., 25c., 26c., 27c., 28c., 29c., 30c., 31c., 32c., 33c., 34c., 35c., 36c., 37c., 38c., 39c., 40c., 41c., 42c., 43c., 44c., 45c., 46c., 47c., 48c., 49c., 50c., 51c., 52c., 53c., 54c., 55c., 56c., 57c., 58c., 59c., 60c., 61c., 62c., 63c., 64c., 65c., 66c., 67c., 68c., 69c., 70c., 71c., 72c., 73c., 74c., 75c., 76c., 77c., 78c., 79c., 80c., 81c., 82c., 83c., 84c., 85c., 86c., 87c., 88c., 89c., 90c., 91c., 92c., 93c., 94c., 95c., 96c., 97c., 98c., 99c., 100c.

Arnold's Department Store, 11 and 15 Charlotte Street.

About May 1st we remove to Robertson's, 1715 old stand, 81 and 83 Charlotte street.

## AMLAND BROTHERS.

Those who have old shabby Parlor Suites, Lounges, Easy Chairs, etc., which need re-upholstering, can have them made over in the latest styles before the spring rush.

## New Furniture

To Select From.

## AMLAND BROTHERS,

Furniture and Carpet Dealers, 19 Waterloo Street.

## Rubber Boots.

will be the whole thing necessary, when this snow begins to melt. Let us supply you with a pair of



## New Spring Cloths.

We are now opening our new stock of cloths for Spring Wear consisting of

Overcoatings, Suitings and Trouserings

in the newest and best makes and patterns. An early inspection is invited.

A. R. Campbell & Son, High Class Tailoring, 26 Germain St.

## WEIGHING MACHINERY.

We make a specialty of repairing load, platform and counter scales, also weigh beams, to conform with inspectors' requirements.

E. S. STEPHENSON & CO., 27, 29 Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

## "The Mark of Quality."

FOR SALE BY FRANCIS & VAUGHAN, 10 King Street.

## FERGUSON & PAGE.

For Choice Goods in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Cut Glass, Etc., call upon us at

41 King Street.

## DON'T FORGET THE BARGAIN SALE OF

## BOOTS and SHOES

NOW GOING ON AT E. O. PARSONS, WEST END.

## GOING-OUT-OF-BUSINESS SALE.

Among the goods to be slaughtered are Baskets, Combs, Playing Cards, Lead Pencils, Alarm Clocks, and other Staple Goods.

Buy while stock is complete!

JAMES A. TUFTS & SON, Corner Germain and Church Streets.

## FRESH FISH DAILY.

You can get fresh fish here every day. Salt and smoke! fish too; all kinds. Fresh vegetables in abundance.

COLLINS BROS., 17 Winslow St. ST. JOHN WEST.

## GILBERT LANE DYE WORKS.

LACE CURTAINS cleaned and done up EQUAL TO NEW. Carpets cleaned and beaten. Dyeing and scouring.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO., City Agents

I can stuff Birds and Animals of all kinds. Give me a trial. No experimenting. I have been in the business for years.

P. E. CAMPBELL, : : Taxidermist and Seedsman, 47 Germain Street. Telephone 532.

## ALWAYS IN STOCK:

A good supply of Squash, Cabbage, Potatoes, Carrots, Parsnips, Beets, Turnips.

J. E. QUINN, CITY MARKET. TELEPHONE 636.

## BISCUITS.

Our Graham Wafers cannot be equalled in the city. Ask your grocer for them and see you get the York.

YORK BAKERY, 260 Brunswick Street, 585 Main Street.

## DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and CHAINS at Lowest Prices.

G. D. PERKINS, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, 91 Prince Wm. St. St. John, N. B. Phone 906.



THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 5, 1906.

**The Buckley Derby,**  
ENGLAND'S BEST. LIGHT, EASY FITTING.  
**The Best \$2.50 Hat Sold.**  
SPRING STYLES, 1906, NOW IN.  
**F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block, Main St.**  
NORTH END.

## Olives.

DO YOU  
LIKE THEM?

Olives, 10c. a Bottle.  
Olives, 15c. a Bottle.  
Olives, 25c. a Bottle.  
Olives, 50c. a Bottle.  
Olives, 65c. a Bottle.

French Beans, Peas  
and Mushrooms.

**W. L. McELWAINE,**  
Cor. Sydney and Leinster Sts.  
Telephone Number 1370.

## WHO Does Your Laundry?

Are you aware  
that the new and up-  
to-date steam laundry  
on Main Street, North  
End, does the best  
work in the city?

**No Tearing,  
No Yellowness,  
No Wrinkling,  
No Rough Edges**

MODERN METHODS  
WITH HOME CARE.

**DOMINION STEAM LAUNDRY**  
640 and 648 Main St., N. E.  
Telephone 1727.

## ROYAL BAKERY.

(TWO STORES)  
Stores Cor. Charlotte and Sydney and 42  
Main St., N. E.  
FOUND CAKES a Specialty. Plum, Cherry,  
Fruit and Sponge. All kinds of pastry  
made from the best of butter and eggs.

## Notice!

Realizing the Superior  
**CLEANLINESS**  
and more thorough  
**MIXING** to be secured in  
**MACHINE-MADE-BREAD,**

we have installed over \$600.00  
worth of machinery, comprising  
Bread and Cake Mixers, driven  
by a 5 horse power Westing-  
house Motor. We cordially in-  
vite every one in St. John to  
test the superior quality claim-  
ed by asking their grocer for a  
loaf of **Robinson's Special.**

**ROBINSON'S**  
173 Union St. Telephone 1151.

## Business, Good Will and Valuable Business Franchises

Arrangements are completed which will re-  
duce the stock of our Wholesale and Retail  
Wine and Liquor business to a retail basis.  
We are prepared to receive offers for the  
good will of both the Wholesale and Retail  
business, as well as for a lease of either the  
one or the other or both.  
We own a lease of both Wholesale and  
Retail stores for one year from the 1st of  
May, with the right of renewal for a term  
of five or ten years. The rent of both stores  
will be also for the first year and \$1,000 per  
year for an additional lease of five or ten  
years or we will rent the stores separately at  
a rental of \$50 each for the first year and  
\$600 each for the longer term.  
These premises have proved to be the best  
Wholesale and Retail liquor stands in the  
provinces, and leading liquor merchants of  
the city regard the good will and the fran-  
chises offered as most valuable assets. The  
offer to dispose of them in this way will re-  
main open only until March 15th next.  
Possession of the retail premises could be  
given immediately. All communications to be  
addressed to Mrs. M. A. Finn, 75 Union St.,  
St. John, N. B.

**M. A. FINN, 102-102 Prince Wm. Street**

## PROBATE COURT.

City and County of Saint John.  
To the Sheriff of the City and County of  
Saint John, or any constable of the said City  
and County—Greeting.  
Whereas the executors of the Estate of  
John Scott, deceased, have filed in this Court  
a final account of their administration of the  
said deceased's Estate and have prayed that  
the same may be passed and allowed in due  
form of law.

You are therefore required to cite the heirs  
and next of kin of the deceased and all of  
the creditors and other persons interested in  
the said estate to appear before me at a  
Court of Probate to be held in and for the  
City and County of Saint John, in the Probate  
Court Room, in the Piquette Building, in the  
City of Saint John, on Monday, the 20th day  
of March, next, at eleven o'clock in the fore-  
noon, to show cause why the said account  
should not be allowed and to answer the  
said account and to show cause why the said  
deceased's Estate should not be allowed in  
due form of law.

Given under my hand and the seal  
(L. S.) of the said Court, this  
seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1906.

**CHARLES J. MILLIGAN,**  
Judge of Probate.

(Sgd) **ARTHUR I. TREPMAN,**  
Judge of Probate.

## To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that I have been using  
**DR. SCOTT'S WHITE LINIMENT** in my  
family during the past six months, and  
find it the best Liniment I have ever used.  
It does all that is claimed for it, and I  
cheerfully recommend it to all persons  
wanting a strictly high class Family Liniment.

**MRS. JOHN LEA-ROSE**

## Wood's Rheumatism.

The Great English Remedy.  
Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica,  
Lumbago, Sprains, Stiffness, Swelling, Pain,  
Inflammation, Impediment, Effects of Abuse or  
Exhaustion, Indigestion, Constipation,  
Infidelity, Insanity and an early grave. Price  
per bottle, 25c. Six bottles, \$1.50. Sold by all  
druggists, or sent by mail in plain  
wrapper, prepaid, for 10c. Write for Pamphlet  
to the Wood Medicine Co., Windsor, Ontario.

## NOTICE.

We have appointed Messrs. Wm.  
Thomson & Co. of St. John and  
Halifax, as our General Agents for  
the Maritime Provinces for  
**MARINE INSURANCE.**  
Messrs. Thomson will appoint Local Agents.  
**DALE & CO.,**  
Marine Underwriters, Montreal.

## Fine Clothing At Smart Discounts.

Men are being gradually educated to the fact that well-fitting clothing, prac-  
tically tailor-made, and ready to wear, can be purchased here. The man who is  
really particular about his clothes naturally comes here because the goods found  
here are of a dependable character, besides being distinctive and pleasing.  
Smart discounts are now being offered in our Overcoat, Suit and Trousers de-  
partments while the store is being renovated.

## A. GILMOUR,

68 King Street. Fine Tailoring.  
Ready-to-Wear Clothing.

## MARRIAGES

**ANKER-BOGART**—At the residence of  
Mr. Thomas, 15 Pagan Place, March 3, by  
George M. Campbell, Marjory Barker, of  
real, to Miss Abigail Agnes, daughter  
of Miss Joseph H. Bogart, of Liverpool.

## DEATHS

**McNEILL**—In this city, on March 4, William  
E. McNeill, leaving a widow, three sons and  
two daughters to mourn their loss.  
Funeral Tuesday at 2:30 p. m. from his late  
residence, 194 Queen street.

## IN THE WORLD OF LABOR

By order of the Prussian minister of  
public works, dated December 27, 1905, a  
nine-hour working day was introduced  
recently, in the State railway workshops  
in the Berlin, Frankfurt-on-Main, Nago-  
burg and Posen railway districts, and  
time wages were increased so that no de-  
crease in the workmen's wages should re-  
sult from the reduction in working hours.

A number of coal operators have de-  
clared that in event of a strike no effort will  
be made to run the mines with non-union  
men.

School teachers of Tamaqua, Pa., threat-  
en to strike if they are not paid for time  
lost when the schools were closed during  
a smallpox epidemic.

The Pattern Makers' League of North  
America at its recent convention raised  
the assessment of its members from 25 to  
50 cents per week. It is proposed to use  
the money that is paid in dues in  
strengthening and building up the organiza-  
tion and pay for placing organizers in  
the field in this country and Canada.

The Saturday half holiday all the year  
round has been decided upon by Boston  
Bricklayers' Unions, and has been made a  
part of the working rules of that city and  
vicinity.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen  
is going to build an international home,  
and \$5,000 has been set aside to start  
with.

In the 270 British trade unions, with a  
total membership of 381,636, making re-  
turns, 26,724 (or 4.9 per cent.) were em-  
ployed at the end of the previous month,  
and 7.9 per cent. at the end of December,  
1904.

Pennsylvania State Federation of La-  
bor will meet in convention in Philadel-  
phia March 13.

Notice has been served on the clerical  
force under the Pennsylvania Railroad  
auditor of merchandise freight receipts,  
that the working hours of the 400 clerks  
will be lengthened one and one-half hours  
a day.

Fifteen violators of the Ohio child labor  
law have been arrested in Cincinnati. Dis-  
trict inspectors are pushing the crusade  
against employers who have been working  
minors in violation of the child labor law.

One of 178,000 members of 1064 French  
trade-unions which made returns to the  
French labor department, as to the state  
of employment, 18,336, or 10.4 per cent,  
were out of work in November, as com-  
pared with 8.9 per cent. in the previous  
month and 11.8 per cent. in November,  
1904.

Paterson, N. J., carpenters have been  
conceded an increase of 10 cents a day, ef-  
fective May 1.

The Philadelphia, Pa., central labor union  
has decided to take up the fight of the  
international union of Engineers and  
Firemen against the Philadelphia Lager-  
Beer Brewers' Association.

It is said an effort is to be made to  
spread the strike of the structural iron  
workers from New York to other large  
cities.

Farm hands in Hungary are organizing  
for the purpose of going on a strike next  
harvest time.

Berlin, Germany, lithographers and  
photo printers have without a strike, ob-  
tained an eight-hour day for lithograph-  
ers and nine-hour day for printers.

The headquarters of the International  
Brotherhood of Electrical workers have  
been removed from Washington, D. C., to  
Springfield, Ill.

Street car men of Chicago who have  
been working seven-day weeks want a  
day off each week.

Five hundred wood workers employed at  
a Chicago furniture factory are on strike  
against the introduction of piece-

work, longer hours and the open shop.  
President Palma of Cuba has vetoed a  
measure passed by Congress prohibiting  
the importation of foreigners to work  
in the ports during strikes.

The constitutionality of the new Pennsylv-  
ania Factory law will be tested by sev-  
eral large factory owners.

The failure of congress to pass the \$1,  
000,000 naval defence appropriation bill  
has resulted in a reduction of 44 per cent  
in the force of navy yard employees.

Freight handlers, numbering about 800,  
employed at the West Shore Railway  
yards in Weekawken, have gone on strike  
to enforce a demand for double pay for  
Sunday and a hour and a half time  
regular pay for overtime.

A corps of organizers of the International  
Seamen's Union will canvass the  
introduced in congress providing for  
more efficiency of seamen on passenger  
ships and for efficiency of seamen on passenger  
vessels.

The Baltimore Federation of Labor has  
caused a bill to be drafted for the pur-  
pose of mending the city charter so as to  
normal the voters of the city and state to  
be employed upon public works.

Many unions in Great Britain pay out-of-  
work, sick, funeral, superannuated bene-  
fits, and, in addition, have a special fund  
to provide homes.

Four of the large engraving shops of  
Chicago have signed the union agreement  
with the photo-engravers. The agreement  
is for three years.

Five crews of men are to leave Chi-  
cago from the Steam Shovel and Dredg-  
men's Union under contract for work in  
the harbor of Chile. The Chicago union  
is also being called upon for crews of men  
who are sent to Panama.

German school teachers receive \$800 the  
first year, increasing gradually to \$1,000  
for thirty years' service and over; female  
teachers receive one-fourth less. Head teachers  
receive \$242 additional. Drawing teachers  
receive \$382 and sewing teachers \$300,  
which increase to \$622 and \$428 for thirty  
years' service. Official life and sickness  
insurance is provided by a deduction of  
three per cent. from the salaries of  
male teachers and 1.15 per cent. from  
female.

Elizabeth, N. J., is threatened with a  
strike in the building trades.

Owners of English cotton mills in the  
north of England have granted an increase  
in wages amounting to two and one-half  
per cent. to take effect May 1. This in-  
crease will effect about 150,000 operatives.

The great increase in the cost of living  
and the rise in rents in Buenos Ayres is  
causing great discontent and discon-  
tent among the working classes.

The weekly wage of more than half of  
the male workers of sixteen years and  
over in Hungary averages from \$2.08 to  
\$4.16. Over forty per cent. of the female  
workers receive less than \$1.25 per week.  
The workday averages from nine to ten  
hours.

Trenton, N. J., house workers are on  
strike.

The interlocking tower operators and  
switchmen of Indiana are trying to secure  
the passage of eight-hour law. They  
are now employed eight hours a day at  
\$55 per month.

The Pennsylvania Child-Labor Commit-  
tee announces that the factory inspectors  
in Pennsylvania are vigorously enforcing  
the laws against employing children under  
the legal age.

St. Paul cigarmakers adopted a resolu-  
tion, which was signed by every member,  
pledging themselves to buy none but union  
label clothing.

It is said that over 5,000 pairs of shoes  
are made daily by Virginia convicts. The  
state receives 41 cents a day for the work  
of each convict.

## REIGN OF TERROR PREVAILS AT BOISE

Vast Quantities of Powder and Dynamite Stolen, and Gov-  
ernor and Other Officials, Active in Prosecution of Miners  
for Wholesale Murders, Are Guarded by Armed Men.

Portland, Or., March 4.—A special to the  
Oregonian from Boise says:  
On the heels of Steve Adams' confes-  
sion comes the startling news that be-  
tween 600 and 800 pounds of dynamite  
and dynamite caps have been stolen at  
the Star Powder house, located in the  
hills east of the city.  
Governor Gooding has had a hundred  
or more guards thrown over the city and  
especially around the penitentiary. These  
guards were placed because almost all of  
the men whose names have been mention-  
ed in connection with the prosecution of

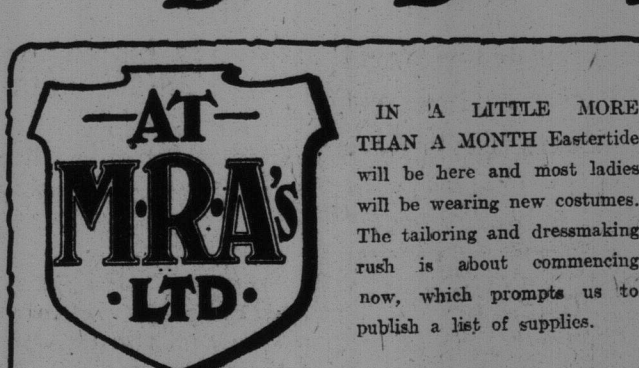
the officers of the Western Federation of  
Miners had received threatening letters  
signed "Knob-hole," the name alleged to  
have been adopted by the "Inner Circle"  
to strike terror to those whom they wish-  
ed to frighten.  
Armed men were also last night placed  
around the homes of Governor Gooding,  
special prosecutor Hawley and a number  
of others.  
In all there are a half dozen powder  
magazines situated in the hills and all are  
said to have been entered and powder  
stolen.

## OBITUARY

**Mrs. J. Wesley Stockton.**  
Sweet, N. B., March 4.—(Special).—Mar-  
gery J. M. Stockton, wife of the late J.  
Wesley Stockton, died at the residence of  
her daughter, Mrs. Lomel B. Harrison,  
Newtown, yesterday morning in the 84th  
year of her age. She is the mother of  
P. W. Stockton, barrister, of this place.  
Her husband was a prominent lawyer in  
the city of St. John. Deceased was a  
Miss Lombart, of Loyalist descent. The  
funeral will be tomorrow at 2 o'clock  
and interment at Newtown. She was a faith-  
ful member of the Methodist church.

**William T. McNeill.**  
Wm. T. McNeill, the Germain street  
jeweller, died yesterday at his home, 194  
Queen street. Mr. McNeill had been ill for  
a few months, but until the past few days  
it was not thought the end was near.  
The news of his death yesterday was heard  
with deep regret by a large circle of  
friends and general sympathy will be felt  
for the bereaved family. Mr. McNeill was  
about 50 years of age. He leaves, besides  
his wife, two sons and three daughters,  
all at home. The funeral will be from his  
late residence tomorrow afternoon at 2:30  
o'clock.

Dr. and Mrs. Holden and Mrs. Holden  
were passengers on Saturday's Montreal  
express.



## Dressmakers' Supplies And Tailors' Accessories.

**Clicktaps**  
in Blues, Greens, Fawns, Browns, Greys, Pinks, Yellow,  
Heliotrope, Purple, Red, White Cream and Black.

**Silkettes**  
in Blues, Browns, Fawns, Greys, Reds, Pinks, Cerise,  
Greens, White, Cream, Black.

**Percales**  
in Browns, Blues, Fawns, Reds, Cerise, Pink, Old Rose,  
Heliotrope, Purples, Yellows, Greens, Slates, White, Cream  
and Black.

**Silicates**  
in Browns, Fawns, Slates, White, Cream and Black.

**Cambrics**  
in Browns, Fawns, Slates, Whites, Cream and Black.

**Reservable Linings**  
with Black Backs and Light Backs.

**Mercedized Satens**  
in Blues, Greens, Fawns, Browns, Reds, Yellows, Greys,  
Pinks, Cerise, Old Rose, Heliotrope, Purples, White, Cream  
and Black in various qualities.

**Mercedized Italians**  
in Browns, Browns, Greys, Browns Green, Myrtle Green,  
Navy, Electric Blues, Cerise, Purple, Cardinal, White,  
Cream, Black.

**Wool Italians**  
in Fawns, Browns, Greys, Browns, Green and Black.

**Mohair Linings**  
with Fancy Stripes and in Black and White, Brown and  
White, Navy and White, Grey and White, and all Black.

**Mercedized Coat Linings**  
in Fancy Stripes, also Black and White, Navy and White,  
Grey and White.

**Haircloths, Canvases**  
Madras, Paris Duck, "Optima" Cloth and Stay Linings.

**Braids and Brush Bindings**  
of all kinds. The most comprehensive supply hereabouts.

**Accessories**  
such as Featherbones, Dress Shields, Beltings, Prussian  
Binding, Hooks and Eyes, Thimbles, Needles, Sewing Silk,  
Twine, Thread, etc., etc.

**Every Necessity and Staple Button.**  
MAIN STORE.

## A Sale of Corsets

TO BE HELD ON  
**Tuesday, 6th**  
IN LADIES' ROOM

**ABOUT 250 Pairs good  
serviceable Corsets,**  
representing the best makes on the  
market today. It is necessary that  
we should clear the shelves of these  
Odd Sizes and Incomplete Lines,  
as the space is needed for Complete  
Assortments. Therefore the clear-  
ance will be rapid and unreserved.  
Patrons will please not ask the  
privilege of having any of the sale  
goods on approval, or of exchanging  
them.

**25c, 40c, 55c,**

**75c, \$1, \$1.50**

PER PAIR.

**In White and Grey**

Sizes: 18 to 30

## Children's Waists

**Only 15 cents.**

**Tuesday**

## MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD.

## LAX-A-COLD

(TRADE MARK)

A Successful Laxative Treat-  
ment for La Grippe, "Colds,"  
Coughs, Headaches, Neuralgia.

For the relief and cure of a  
"COMMON COLD" there is nothing  
more efficacious and prompt. It  
quies the fever, relieves the headache  
and soothes the throat to throw off  
the effects and thus the disturbance.  
In ordinary uncomplicated cases it will  
cure a cold in a day and a night.

FOR SALE BY

**W. J. McMillin**  
Dispensing Chemist,  
625 Main Street. Tel. 980



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We have, in anticipation of this, import-  
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They say they never felt any dis-  
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