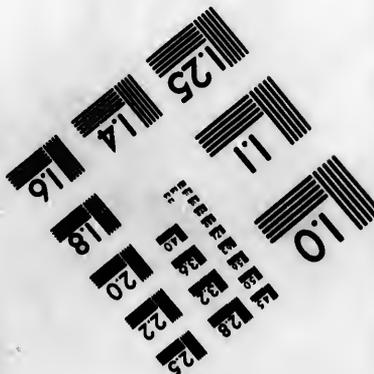
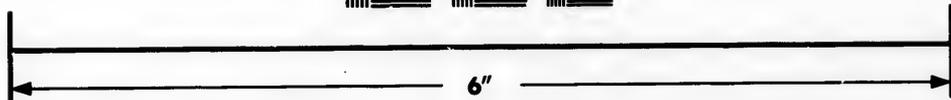
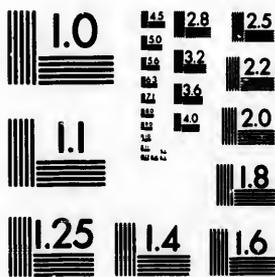


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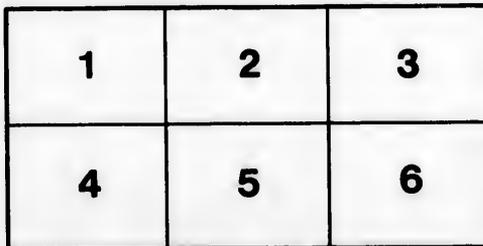
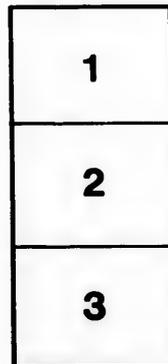
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SCOBIE & BALFOUR'S

# CANADIAN ALMANAC,

AND

Repository of Useful Knowledge,

FOR THE YEAR

# 1850,

BEING THE SECOND AFTER LEAP YEAR;

CONTAINING FULL AND AUTHENTIC COMMERCIAL, STATISTICAL, ASTRONOMICAL,  
DEPARTMENTAL, ECCLESIASTICAL, EDUCATIONAL, FINANCIAL,

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## GENERAL INFORMATION.

THE ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE EXPRESSLY FOR THE  
CANADIAN ALMANAC, FOR THE MERIDIANS OF TORONTO, MONTREAL,  
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## FOR THE YEAR 1850.

### Epochs.

Year of the World, according to the usual computation . . . . . 3857 Year of the World, according to the Jews, (commencing 7th September,) . . . . . 5811 Since the Foundation of Rome . . . . . 2003	Year of Her Majesty's Reign, (commences June 20) . . . . . 12-13 Year of Mahommedan Era (commences Nov. 6) . . . . . 1207 Year of the Independence of the United States (commences July 4) . . . . . 74-5
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### Chronological Cycles.

Golden Number . . . . . 8	Solar Cycle . . . . . 11	Roman Indiction . . . . . 6
Epuct. . . . . 17	Dominical Letter . . . . . F	Julian Period . . . . . 6563

### Moveable Feasts.

Easter Sunday . . . . . March 31	Ascension Day . . . . . May 9	Trinity Sunday . . . . . May 26
Rogation Sunday . . . . . May 5	Whitsunday . . . . . May 19	Advent Sunday . . . . . Dec. 1

### Eclipses.

In the year 1850, there will be only two Eclipses, both of the Sun :

I.—An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, February 11, 1850, not visible in any part of the American continent: confined to the Indian Ocean and adjacent parts of Africa, Asia and Australia.

II.—A Total Eclipse of the Sun, August 7, 1850, not visible in any part of British North America: confined to the Pacific Ocean, California, Texas, and a small part of South America.

### Laws Terms.

Hilary—February 4.	Trinity—August 26.
Easter—June 3.	Michaelmas—Nov. 18.

### Elements of the Eclipses of the Sun.

1850.	February 11.		August 7.	
	<i>h.</i>	<i>m. s.</i>	<i>h.</i>	<i>m. s.</i>
Greenwich mean time of conjunction in R. A. . . . .	18 30	55.5	9 32	41.5
Sun and Moon's right ascension . . . . .	21 42	20.8	9 9	37.65
	0	7 11	0	7 11
Moon's declination . . . . .	S. 13 43	59.3	N. 16 23	24.1
Sun's declination . . . . .	S. 13 46	43.6	N. 16 21	57.5
Moon's horary motion in R. A. . . . .	39	21.3	38	51.5
Sun's horary motion in R. A. . . . .	2	27.5	2	23.4
Moon's horary motion in declination . . . . .	N. 7	17.8	S. 7	44.4
Sun's horary motion in declination . . . . .	N. 0	40.8	S. 0	42.2
Moon's equatorial horizontal parallax . . . . .	51	37.2	61	17.4
Sun's equatorial horizontal parallax . . . . .	8.7		8.5	
Moon's true semidiameter . . . . .	14	53.1	16	42.1
Sun's true semidiameter . . . . .	16	12.9	15	47.9

### Table Showing the Illuminated Portion of the Discs of Venus and Mars.

The numbers given in this table represent the versed sines of the illuminated portion of the discs; the apparent diameter of the Planets being considered as unity.

1850.		Venus.	Mars.
January	15 . . . . .	0.982	0.965
February	14 . . . . .	0.998	0.917
March	15 . . . . .	0.999	0.900
April	15 . . . . .	0.982	0.902
May	15 . . . . .	0.916	0.916
June	15 . . . . .	0.886	0.935
July	15 . . . . .	0.867	0.953
August	15 . . . . .	0.768	0.971
September	15 . . . . .	0.569	0.985
October	15 . . . . .	0.441	0.991
November	15 . . . . .	0.218	0.999
December	15 . . . . .	0.000	0.999

### Saturn's Ring.

To render Saturn's Ring visible to the Earth, it is necessary that the Sun and the Earth be elevated on the same side of it, which is the case during the whole of 1850. It will attain its greatest apparent diameter in August.

### Beginning and length of the Seasons.

		<i>d. h. m.</i>		
Sun enters Capricorn ♄	(Winter begins) 1849, December 21	0 42	}	Greenwich Mean Time.
Sun enters Aries . . . . . ♈	(Spring begins) 1850, March . . . . .	20 11 3		
Sun enters Cancer . . . . . ♋	(Summer begins) 1850, June . . . . .	21 8 0		
Sun enters Libra . . . . . ♎	(Autumn begins) 1850, September 23	22 0		
Sun enters Capricorn ♄	(Winter begins) 1850, December 21	15 38		

		<i>d. h. m.</i>		
Sun in the Winter signs . . . . .	89	1 21	Sun in the Autumn signs . . . . .	80 17 38
Sun in the Spring signs . . . . .	82	20 57	Sun North of the Equator, Spring & Summer. 185	10 57
Sun in the Summer signs . . . . .	83	14 0	Sun South of the Equator, Winter & Autumn. 178	18 59





**MAP OF UPPER CANADA,**  
 With the latest additions, arranged and corrected for  
**SCOBIE & BALFOUR'S CANADIAN ALMANAC,**  
 1850.

**Table of DISTANCES from TORONTO to AMHERST**

20	23	172	132	203	73	63	46	42
24	128	162	123	91	64	64	36	32
23	209	110	109	80	30	40	22	18
22	202	142	102	73	43	33	25	12
20	190	130	90	61	31	21	3	De
20	201	121	81	35	25	15	Amherst	
18	180	100	60	40	10	Grand Riv		
17	160	80	50	30	Burford			
14	128	68	28	12	12	12		
12	100	40	Delaware					
10	80	20	Chatham					
8	60	10	Sandwich					
6	40	Amherstburg						

**Reference to the Townships in Niagara Dist**  
 1 Grimsby      11 Cayuga  
 2 Clinton     12 Chubb  
 3 Leith        13 Dunn  
 4 Grandham   14 Moulton  
 5 Niagara      15 Wainfleet  
 6 Oyster      16 Cowland  
 7 Gainsboro   17 Willoughby  
 8 Pelham      18 Hamberstone  
 9 Thorold     19 Barbic  
 10 Stamford

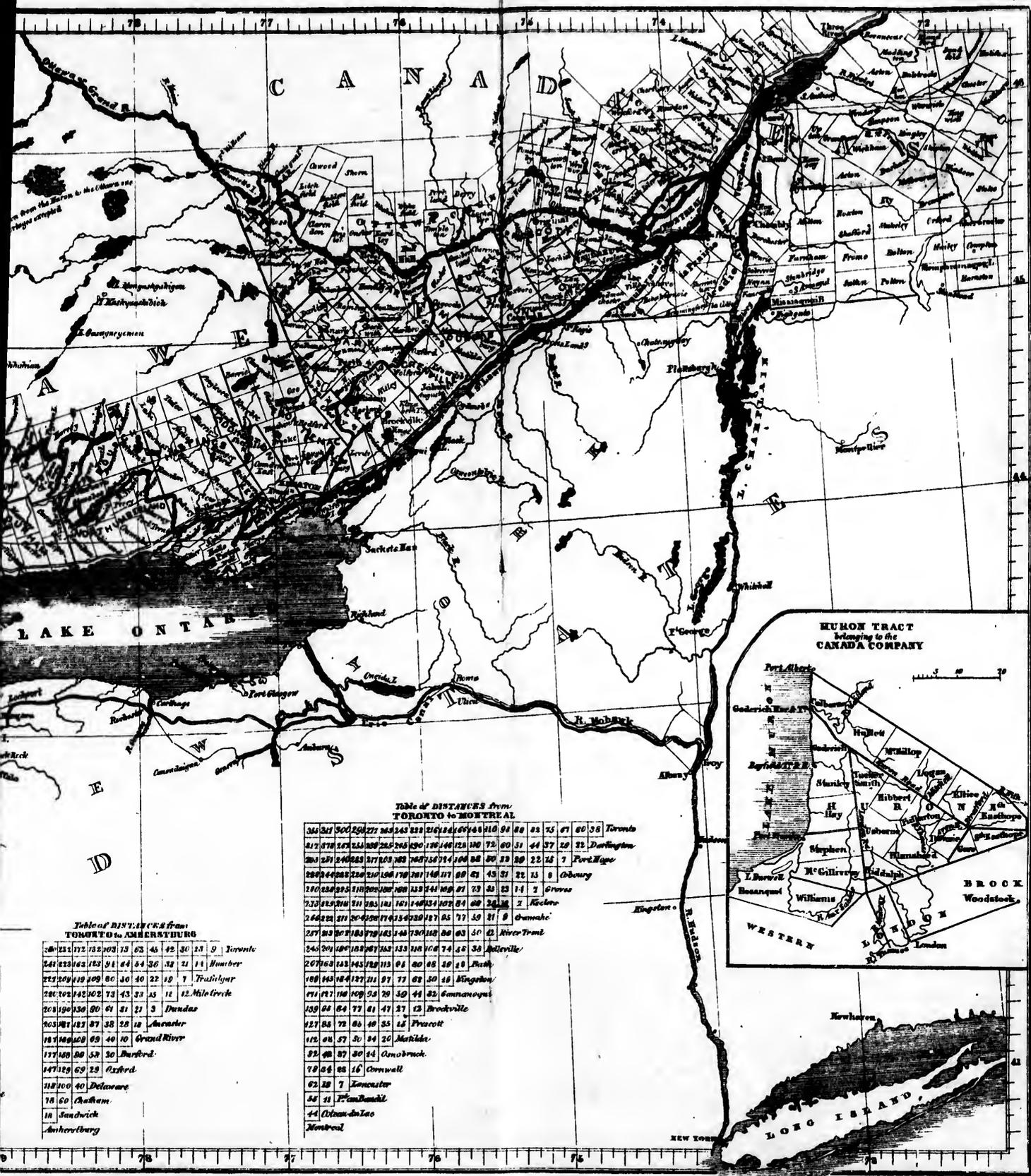
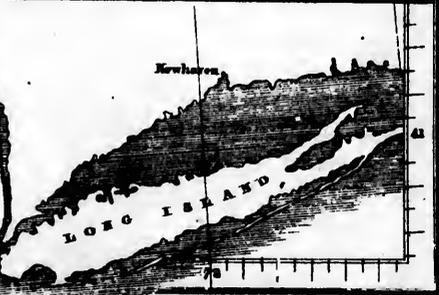


Table of DISTANCES from  
TORONTO to MONTREAL

345	321	300	278	255	233	210	187	165	142	120	98	76	54	32	10	Toronto
412	378	345	312	279	246	213	180	147	114	81	48	15	1			Darlington
283	251	218	185	152	119	86	53	20								Port Hope
283	249	215	181	147	113	79	45	11								Odorous
270	236	202	168	134	100	66	32	7								Graves
273	239	205	171	137	103	69	35	2								Gravel
246	212	178	144	110	76	42	8									Oranah
227	193	159	125	91	57	23	9									River Trail
245	209	173	137	101	65	29	14	8								Belleville
207	169	131	93	55	17	0	8	2								Beach
168	130	92	54	16	1	1	1	1								Kingston
171	132	94	56	18	1	1	1	1								Campanopus
159	121	84	47	11	4	1	1	1								Brookville
127	88	50	12	5	1	1	1	1								Prescott
112	74	37	0	14	2	1	1	1								Merilda
82	43	5	1	1	1	1	1	1								Oranah
78	39	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								Oranah
62	23	7	1	1	1	1	1	1								Oranah
54	15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								Oranah
44	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								Oranah
																Oranah

Table of DISTANCES from  
TORONTO to AMHERSTBURG

20	12	17	13	10	7	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Toronto
24	16	21	17	14	11	8	5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
28	20	25	21	18	15	12	9	6	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
28	20	25	21	18	15	12	9	6	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
20	12	17	13	10	7	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
103	81	59	37	15	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
18	10	15	11	8	5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
177	155	133	111	89	67	45	23	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
147	125	103	81	59	37	15	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
118	100	82	64	46	28	10	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
18	10	15	11	8	5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg
18	10	15	11	8	5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Amherstburg





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Explanation of the Articles in the Calendar.

**THE SUN'S DECLINATION** is given for mean noon at Toronto, for every day; the difference for mean noon for any other place in the British Provinces, will rarely amount to one minute.

**APPARENT NOON, SHOWING THE EQUATION OF TIME.**—This column contains the hour which should be shown by a clock or watch at Toronto, when a Sun-dial marks twelve o'clock. Its error at any other place in the British Provinces will rarely amount to one second. The Equation of Time is the difference in time between the real place of the Sun, and its supposed or mean place. The actual intervals between the successive arrivals of the Sun on the meridian, or the length of successive solar days, is variable, owing to the difference in the rapidity of the Earth in different parts of its orbit, and in the inclination of the successive parts of the ecliptic to the equator. But, as time-keepers cannot be made to measure an interval which varies every day, a clock or watch is made to mark twenty-four hours in the average of all the days. In other words, it is made to keep pace with an imaginary or mean Sun, having a motion exactly equal to the average motion of the real or apparent Sun. Hence, when it is twelve o'clock by the real Sun, it may be before or after twelve by the mean Sun. The true Sun and the mean or imaginary Sun coincide four times in each year, viz., about the 15th of March, the 15th June, the 1st of September, and the 21th of December. The difference between them, or the Equation of Time, is never more than sixteen minutes. A Sun-dial gives apparent time, and the equation of time must be given before setting a watch by it, whatever be the hour of the day.

**SUN RISING AND SETTING.**—The mean time of the Sun rising and setting is given for every day for Toronto and Montreal, and will be found given for every tenth day at Quebec, Halifax, and Fredericton, by referring to the Table at page 4. If the time is wanted for any intermediate day, enter the table of Semi-diurnal Arcs (page 1) with the Sun's declination for that day, the value given, subtracted from, or added to, the mean time of apparent noon, will give the hour of rising or setting.

**THE MOON'S RISING OR SETTING** is given for every day at Montreal and Toronto: the time of rising being given when she sets during daylight; and the time of setting, when she rises during daylight. The time given for Montreal will never be more than four minutes in error for Halifax, three minutes in error for Fredericton, and five minutes in error for Quebec; and it is, therefore, near enough for ordinary reference at those places.

**THE PLANETS.**—The hour of meridian passage, right ascension and declination of each of the principal Planets, is given for the 1st and 15th of each month. (*in signification morning.*)

**THE POLE STAR.**—The time when the Pole Star is on the meridian, is given for the 15th of each month, being the hour when it is due north. *U. signifies Upper Culmination—L. signifies Lower Culmination.* The greatest elongation of the Pole Star from the meridian, varies with the latitude of the place; it is about 29° 4' at Toronto, 29° 5' at Montreal, increasing at the rate of about 1' 5" for every degree of latitude between 40° and 50°. To find the hour when it is on the meridian at any other date, multiply  $3m\ 50''$  by the interval in days, —add the product, if for a date before the 15th; subtract it, if for a date after the 15th.

**TRANSIT** begins in the morning, when the Sun is about eighteen degrees below the horizon, and ends in the evening, when it is eighteen degrees beyond it. The mean time of beginning and ending for every tenth day will be found at page 4, together with the time of the Sun's rising and setting at Quebec, Fredericton and Halifax.

**SEMI-DIURNAL ARCS.**—This table is useful for determining the times of rising and setting of the heavenly bodies. Enter the table with the declination of the object; under the proper column for the locality will be found half the time which the object remains above the horizon, which is to be subtracted from the time of its meridian passage, if the time of rising is required, or added, for the time of setting.

**Example.**—Required the time of rising for the Planet Jupiter, at Montreal, June 16th, 1850, Declination of Jupiter 7°.

Corresponding to which we find the semi-diurnal arc . . . . .	h. m.
Jupiter on meridian . . . . .	6 28.5
Jupiter rises . . . . .	5 28.7
Jupiter rises . . . . .	11 00.2 a.m.

**METEOROLOGICAL.**—On the first page of each month is given the approximate mean values of each of the principal Meteorological elements for Toronto, Upper Canada, and Greenwich, England. To which are added certain values for Montreal, Lower Canada.

The first Meteorological Observations that were published in Upper Canada were made "by an ingenious gentleman of this city" (York, now Toronto,) in 1801, and are to be found in the *Upper Canada Gazette* or *American Oracle* for that and the following year. Although extremely imperfect, it may be interesting to refer to them, for the purpose of discovering, whether, so far as a single year is any criterion, they show any material change to have taken place in the climate in the space of nearly half a century. The thermometer was observed at sunrise, noon, and sunset, taking the means and reducing them approximately to the true means for 24 hours. The following are the results:

Month.	1801.				1810—1817.				
	Mean.	Mean.	Highest Mean.	Lowest Mean.	Mean.	Mean.	Highest Mean.	Lowest Mean.	
January . . . . .	26.3a	21.3	23.8	17.8	July . . . . .	61.1	60.0	68.2	61.6
February . . . . .	27.8a	21.0	24.3	15.9	August . . . . .	63.1	65.2	68.4	63.0
March . . . . .	38.5b	30.7	36.3	22.1	September . . . . .	60.3	57.7	63.4	51.4
April . . . . .	46.0	42.3	48.1	38.7	October . . . . .	48.8	43.8	47.3	41.8
May . . . . .	56.1	52.2	55.8	48.3	November . . . . .	32.8	35.7	40.8	33.2
June . . . . .	61.3	60.1	66.0	56.1	December . . . . .	21.8	27.4	30.8	21.5

(a) a Southern exposure. (b) Northern exposure in March and following months.

Omitting January and February, in which months the Thermometer had a Southern exposure, the mean is still 2° 4' higher than that given by the recent observations, but no safe conclusions can be drawn from observations in which the precautions essential to accuracy were probably neither known or regarded.

The data for Toronto given in the Almanac for each month are derived from the Records of Her Majesty's Magnetical Observatory, for nine years, 1810—1818 inclusive, by permission of the Director, and are the means by observations made every two hours, from 1st January, 1810 to 31th June, 1812, and every hour from 1st July, 1812 to 31st December, 1817. The data for Greenwich, are derived from the Records of the Royal Observatory for seven years, 1811 to 1817, and are the means by observations made every two hours. It should be remarked that the quantity of rain which falls at Greenwich, appears to be less than the average for all England. The aver-

Age at sixteen stations in 1843, was 31.6 inches; at Toronto the average is about 31 inches. The mean temperature at Montreal is derived from the Reg. as published monthly in the *British American Journal of Medical and Physical Science*, for four years, 1845-1848; but as the means there given, are derived from observations at 7 A. M., and 6 P. M., only, they are higher than true means, to an amount which is different for every month of the year; the appropriate correction for this difference has been here applied.

We would gladly extend the interest of the Meteorological Table, by adding the particulars for Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Newfoundland, if in possession of authentic materials.

**Variation of the Compass.**

*From the Records of H. M. Magnetic Observatory.*

The mean variation at Toronto, for the year 1843, was 10° 34' west (nearly); it increases at an average, about 2, every year. The variation undergoes a daily change, being least from 7 A. M., and greatest from 1 to 2 P. M. The difference between the values at 8 A. M., and 2 P. M. in the several months, by the average of eight years (1840 to 1847), is as follows:—

January	5.4
February	5.8
March	6.8
April	10.5
May	11.3
June	12.0
July	12.3
August	13.2
September	9.0
October	7.0
November	6.1
December	4.4

The variation is least liable to fluctuations in the afternoon; it is nearer its mean value at 10 A. M., and 6 P. M. Needle at Toronto,

1848,  $75^{\circ} 18' 3''$  N  
Horizontal intensity  
absolute measure, 1848 3.5215.

DATE.	TORONTO.		MONTREAL.		QUEBEC.		HALIFAX, N. S.					
	Twilight.		Twilight.		Sun.		Twilight.					
	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	Ris. Sets.	Ris. Sets.	Ris. Sets.	Ris. Sets.				
Jan. 1.	5.50	6.75	5.53	6.11	7.32	1.05	5.35	6.12	7.41	4.29	5.52	6.16
" 10.	5.50	6.25	5.52	6.21	7.50	2.05	5.35	6.21	7.42	4.31	5.23	6.24
" 20.	5.47	6.33	5.40	6.23	7.43	3.05	5.35	6.31	7.36	4.47	5.45	6.34
" 30.	5.41	6.40	5.44	6.45	7.33	4.05	5.25	6.41	7.27	5.01	5.41	6.46
Feb. 1.	5.30	6.45	5.43	6.43	7.30	4.58	5.41	6.47	7.25	5.03	5.30	6.48
" 10.	5.20	6.50	5.36	6.50	7.18	5.12	5.30	6.57	7.13	5.10	5.36	6.50
" 20.	5.11	7.14	5.16	7.12	7.01	5.27	5.16	7.12	5.58	5.30	5.10	7.12
" 30.	5.10	7.23	5.00	7.23	6.16	5.05	5.06	7.23	5.15	5.23	5.02	7.23
Mar. 1.	5.00	7.27	4.30	7.20	6.45	4.41	4.58	7.37	5.42	5.44	5.00	7.25
" 10.	4.47	7.36	4.42	7.38	6.27	5.53	4.41	7.45	5.27	5.53	4.44	7.47
" 20.	4.26	7.40	4.22	7.33	6.08	6.08	4.26	7.55	5.08	6.08	4.24	7.51
" 30.	4.07	8.02	4.01	8.07	5.10	6.25	3.58	8.11	4.38	6.21	4.04	8.06
April 1.	4.04	8.00	3.50	8.11	5.14	6.24	3.52	8.15	5.46	6.22	3.57	8.00
" 10.	3.42	8.26	3.30	8.27	5.27	6.25	3.31	8.32	5.20	6.36	3.50	8.23
" 20.	3.21	8.36	3.10	8.30	5.19	6.40	3.40	8.50	5.12	6.46	3.17	8.40
" 30.	3.00	8.51	2.50	8.51	5.17	6.29	3.45	9.12	5.10	6.58	2.55	8.50
May 1.	2.57	8.54	2.40	9.05	4.56	6.04	2.30	9.14	5.15	6.02	2.32	9.01
" 10.	2.40	9.12	2.27	9.25	4.38	7.02	1.27	9.35	4.32	7.02	1.20	9.12
" 20.	2.22	9.30	2.00	9.46	4.25	7.27	1.54	9.52	4.17	7.24	1.14	9.38
" 30.	1.08	9.45	1.40	10.06	4.16	7.33	1.33	10.22	4.23	7.16	1.08	9.50
June 1.	1.03	9.50	1.45	10.09	4.10	8.07	0.19	10.26	4.23	7.29	1.55	10.00
" 10.	1.37	10.01	1.33	10.17	4.11	8.47	1.19	10.38	4.18	7.30	1.46	10.12
" 20.	1.55	10.07	1.32	10.31	4.11	9.51	1.16	10.46	4.10	7.41	1.43	10.19
" 30.	2.00	10.00	1.38	10.29	4.14	7.59	2.14	10.46	4.28	7.31	1.50	10.17
July 1.	2.01	10.00	1.30	10.26	4.10	7.92	1.26	10.43	4.24	7.11	1.50	10.17
" 10.	3.11	10.50	1.52	10.18	4.22	7.48	1.58	10.44	4.30	7.07	2.02	10.08
" 20.	3.28	9.44	2.12	10.01	4.22	7.46	1.26	10.14	4.39	7.54	2.20	9.54
" 30.	2.46	9.20	2.53	9.39	4.14	7.47	2.22	9.58	4.30	7.24	2.41	9.31
Aug. 1.	2.40	9.23	2.50	9.30	4.45	7.27	2.20	9.53	4.51	7.21	1.43	9.29
" 10.	3.00	9.42	3.00	9.43	4.37	7.32	2.47	9.29	5.01	7.00	1.00	9.10
" 20.	3.22	8.43	3.14	8.29	5.00	6.57	3.07	8.56	5.12	6.56	1.45	8.48
" 30.	3.42	8.10	3.39	8.29	5.22	6.35	3.29	8.51	5.25	6.28	1.39	8.23
Sept. 1.	3.41	8.19	3.35	8.21	5.20	6.34	3.30	8.49	5.28	6.32	1.58	8.24
" 10.	3.55	7.58	3.30	8.03	5.37	6.17	3.40	8.20	6.38	6.11	1.52	8.01
" 20.	4.08	7.39	3.03	7.44	5.40	5.37	1.04	7.48	6.40	5.57	1.07	7.30
" 30.	4.21	7.10	1.18	7.21	6.03	5.37	1.17	7.32	6.00	5.43	1.20	7.20
Oct. 1.	4.22	7.10	1.20	7.18	6.04	5.33	1.18	7.23	6.03	5.38	1.21	7.18
" 10.	4.31	7.00	1.32	7.02	6.10	5.15	1.31	7.01	6.17	5.11	1.23	7.01
" 20.	4.45	6.41	1.45	6.45	6.31	4.50	1.44	6.45	6.28	5.02	1.45	6.44
" 30.	4.58	6.27	1.50	6.29	6.54	4.41	1.55	6.27	6.36	4.41	1.50	6.20
Nov. 1.	5.00	6.28	1.50	6.27	6.49	4.39	1.50	6.27	6.44	4.44	1.50	6.28
" 10.	5.10	6.18	1.57	6.22	7.02	4.26	1.52	6.10	6.17	4.50	1.52	6.18
" 20.	5.21	6.11	1.23	6.17	7.16	4.16	2.50	6.08	7.17	4.52	1.52	6.10
" 30.	5.31	6.07	1.33	6.17	7.30	4.05	3.53	6.05	7.29	4.15	1.54	6.04
Dec. 1.	5.32	6.07	1.31	6.17	7.31	4.05	3.30	6.05	7.31	4.11	1.52	6.10
" 10.	5.40	6.07	1.42	6.17	7.41	4.04	3.47	6.02	7.34	4.15	1.41	6.05
" 20.	5.48	6.11	1.58	6.17	7.48	4.05	3.54	6.02	7.40	4.11	1.47	6.00
" 30.	5.51	6.10	1.53	6.10	7.52	4.13	3.53	6.11	7.44	4.25	1.51	6.15

Table of Semi-Diurnal Arcs, calculated for the principal places in British North America.

Decl.	TORONTO, N. 43° 30' 4.		KINGSTON, N. 41° 00' 0.		HALIFAX, N. S. N. 41° 30' 3.		MONTREAL, N. 45° 31'.		FREDERICTON, N. 46° 3'.		QUEBEC, N. 46° 40' 2.	
	North.	South.	North.	South.	North.	South.	North.	South.	North.	South.	North.	South.
0°	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1 0	6 38	5 50	6 7	5 56	6 4	5 56	6 4	5 55	6 4	5 53	6 4	5 55
2 0	6 7	5 52	6 3	5 53	6 7	5 52	6 3	5 54	6 3	5 51	6 3	5 51
3 0	6 15	5 48	6 11	5 48	6 11	5 48	6 12	5 47	6 12	5 47	6 12	5 47
4 0	6 15	5 44	6 15	5 43	6 15	5 44	6 13	5 44	6 16	5 43	6 17	5 42
5 0	6 10	5 40	6 19	5 40	6 19	5 40	6 20	5 39	6 20	5 39	6 21	5 38
6 0	6 22	5 37	6 23	5 36	6 22	5 36	6 24	5 35	6 24	5 35	6 25	5 34
7 0	6 20	5 33	6 27	5 32	6 27	5 32	6 25	5 31	6 29	5 30	6 29	5 30
8 0	6 30	5 29	6 31	5 28	6 31	5 28	6 32	5 27	6 33	5 26	6 34	5 25
9 0	6 31	5 25	6 35	5 24	6 35	5 23	6 37	5 22	6 37	5 22	6 38	5 21
10 0	6 37	5 21	6 39	5 20	6 40	5 19	6 41	5 18	6 42	5 17	6 43	5 16
11 0	6 42	5 17	6 43	5 16	6 44	5 15	6 45	5 14	6 45	5 13	6 47	5 12
12 0	6 46	5 12	6 47	5 12	6 48	5 11	6 50	5 10	6 50	5 9	6 52	5 7
13 0	6 51	5 9	6 51	5 9	6 53	5 7	6 54	5 5	6 55	5 4	6 56	5 5
14 0	6 51	5 4	6 56	5 4	6 57	5 2	6 58	5 1	6 59	5 0	7 1	4 5
15 0	6 52	5 0	7 0	4 59	7 1	4 58	7 2	4 57	7 3	4 56	7 3	4 56
16 0	7 0	4 56	7 4	4 55	7 4	4 53	7 5	4 52	7 5	4 51	7 6	4 50
17 0	7 0	4 52	7 9	4 51	7 10	4 50	7 12	4 47	7 11	4 45	7 16	4 44
18 0	7 12	4 47	7 13	4 46	7 15	4 44	7 17	4 42	7 17	4 41	7 21	4 39
19 0	7 16	4 43	7 18	4 41	7 20	4 39	7 22	4 38	7 23	4 36	7 26	4 34
20 0	7 21	4 38	7 22	4 37	7 24	4 35	7 26	4 33	7 28	4 31	7 31	4 27
21 0	7 26	4 34	7 25	4 32	7 27	4 30	7 31	4 27	7 30	4 26	7 36	4 23
22 0	7 30	4 29	7 23	4 27	7 31	4 25	7 37	4 22	7 39	4 20	7 41	4 18
23 0	7 35	4 24	7 37	4 22	7 38	4 20	7 42	4 17	7 44	4 15	7 47	4 14
24 0	7 40	4 10	7 42	4 17	7 44	4 15	7 47	4 12	7 50	4 10	7 53	4 6

**Her Majesty's Magnetic Observatory, Toronto.**

Director—Captain J. H. Lefroy, R. A., F. R. S. Establishment—Four Non-Commissioned Officers of the Royal Artillery, as Assistants.

1850.]

Last  
New  
Full  
Apoc  
Perig

Semi-diurnal  
Date.

1  
10  
20  
30

Day of Mo.  
Day of Yr.  
Day of Week

1 1 Tues.  
2 2 Wed.  
3 3 Thurs.  
4 4 Frida  
5 5 Satur.  
6 6 Sun  
7 7 Mond  
8 8 Tues.  
9 9 Wed.  
10 10 Thurs.  
11 11 Frida  
12 12 Satur.  
13 13 Sun  
14 14 Mond  
15 15 Tues.  
16 16 Wed.  
17 17 Thurs.  
18 18 Frida  
19 19 Satur.  
20 20 Sun  
21 21 Mond  
22 22 Tues.  
23 23 Wed.  
24 24 Thurs.  
25 25 Frida  
26 26 Satur.  
27 27 Sun  
28 28 Mond  
29 29 Tues.  
30 30 Wed.  
31 31 Thurs.

n.	Twilight.
Sets.	Reg. Ends
A. M.	A. M.
4.21	5.32
4.31	5.25
4.47	5.16
5.01	5.11
5.09	5.30
5.16	5.36
5.36	5.16
5.42	5.02
5.44	5.00
5.53	5.44
6.08	5.21
6.21	5.04
6.22	5.37
6.35	5.30
6.46	5.17
6.58	5.55
7.06	5.52
7.10	5.40
7.14	5.43
7.40	5.02
7.34	5.20
7.24	5.41
7.21	5.43
7.00	5.00
6.55	5.18
6.38	5.38
6.32	5.38
6.10	5.32
5.57	5.07
5.41	5.20
5.31	5.21
5.17	5.33
5.02	5.43
4.47	5.56
4.43	5.00
4.32	5.10
4.22	5.22
4.15	5.34
4.11	5.29
4.11	5.41
4.11	5.47
4.22	5.51

1850.] JANUARY HAS 31 DAYS AND BEGINS ON TUESDAY. 15.

MOON'S PHASES.				1ST OF JANUARY.			15TH OF JANUARY.		
	d.	h.	m.	THE PLANETS.			THE PLANETS.		
				Meridian	Ri <sup>ht</sup> Ascen- sion.	Dec l.	Meridian	Ri <sup>ht</sup> Ascen- sion.	Dec l.
☾ Last Quarter . . .	4	15	20						
☾ New Moon . . .	12	18	02						
☽ First Quarter . . .	20	16	34						
☽ Full Moon . . .	27	07	21						
☽ Apogee . . . . .	11	15	00						
☽ Perigee . . . . .	26	11	00						

Semi diameter at Greenwich, Noon.		
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	16 17.3	16 24.2
10	16 17.0	14 43.7
20	16 16.3	15 30.2
30	16 15.1	16 14.3

Pole Star on the Meridian 15d. 5h. 25m. 7s. P. M., U.			
♄ Merc.	Evening Star.	h. m.	°
♀ Venus	Morning Star.	h. m.	°
♂ Mars.		10 34 a	5 21
♃ Jupit'r		4 53 m	11 36
♄ Saturn		5 26 a	0 10
♅ Uran's		6 38 a	1 21

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR JANUARY.

	Toronto, C. W., from 1840 to 1845 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1841 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E. 1845 to 1845 inclusive.
Mean Temperature . . . . .	24.64	37.79	14.48
Mean Highest Temperature . . . . .	45.79	52.83	40.75
Mean Lowest Temperature . . . . .	-5.12	20.97	-15.50
Mean Elasticity of Vapour . . . . .	0.121	0.230	
Mean Humidity of the Air . . . . .	83	91	
Average Quantity of Rain . . . . .	2.466 In.	1.63 in.	
Average Quantity of Snow . . . . .	13.7 In.		

Day of Mo.	Day of Wk.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's declin. South.	App. noon showing the Ep. of Time.	Sun.				Moon rises or sets.		
					Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.	Toronto.	Montreal.	
				h. m. s.	h. m. s.	h. m. s.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1	1 Tues.	Circumcision.	22 59.9	12 3 57	7 49	1 28	7 46	4 22	8 54	a	8 51 a
2	2 Wed.	(1st.) E. Burke b. 1739.	22 54.6	12 4 25	7 40	1 29	7 45	1 22	10 2		10 00
3	3 Thurs.	Battle of Princeton, 1777.	22 48.8	12 4 53	7 40	1 30	7 47	1 23	11 10		11 9
4	4 Friday	Earthquake in Canada, 1663.	22 42.6	12 5 20	7 40	1 31	7 47	1 24	morning		morning
5	5 Satur.	☾ Last Quarter 3h. 20m. a.m.	22 36.0	12 5 47	7 40	1 32	7 47	1 25	0 13 m		0 13 m
6	6 Sun.	Epiphany.	22 28.9	12 6 14	7 39	1 33	7 46	1 26	1 16		1 18
7	7 Mond.	Sir T. Lawrence d., 1830.	22 21.3	12 6 40	7 39	1 35	7 46	1 28	2 16		2 19
8	8 Tues.	Galileo d. 1642.	22 13.3	12 7 6	7 39	1 35	7 45	1 29	3 15		3 19
9	9 Wed.	Foumelle d. 1757.	22 05.0	12 7 31	7 39	1 37	7 45	1 30	4 13		4 17
10	10 Thur.	Exchange, London, burnt, 1852.	21 56.1	12 7 55	7 34	1 37	7 45	1 31	5 9		5 13
11	11 Friday	Dr. Dwight d. 1753.	21 46.8	12 8 19	7 38	1 38	7 45	1 32	6 1		6 6
12	12 Satur.	Sir C. Bagot Gov.-Gen. 1812.	21 37.1	12 8 42	7 38	1 40	7 45	1 33	Sets.		Sets.
13	13 Sun.	☽ New Moon 6h. 2m. a.m.	21 27.0	12 9 5	7 37	1 41	7 44	1 34	5 5	a	5 0 a
14	14 Mond.	(13th.) 1st Sun. after Epiphany	21 16.5	12 9 27	7 36	1 42	7 43	1 35	6 0		5 56
15	15 Tues.	General Wolfe b. 1726.	21 05.5	12 9 49	7 26	1 41	7 43	1 37	6 58		6 51
16	16 Wed.	Battle of Corunna, 1809.	20 54.2	12 10 9	7 25	1 45	7 42	1 38	7 57		7 55
17	17 Thur.	Franklin b. 1796.	20 42.4	12 10 29	7 25	1 46	7 41	1 40	8 58		8 56
18	18 Friday	Cuidad Rodrigo stormed, 1812	20 30.3	12 10 49	7 35	1 47	7 40	1 42	9 59		9 58
19	19 Satur.	James Watt b. 1736.	20 17.8	12 11 7	7 34	1 48	7 39	1 43	11 1		11 1
20	20 Sun.	2nd after Epiphany.	20 04.9	12 11 25	7 33	1 49	7 38	1 44	morning		morning
21	21 Mond.	☽ First Quarter 4h. 23m. a.m.	19 51.6	12 11 42	7 33	1 51	7 38	1 45	0 5 m		0 6 m
22	22 Tues.	Byron b. 1788.	19 37.0	12 11 58	7 32	1 52	7 37	1 47	1 10		1 12
23	23 Wed.	W. Pitt d. 1806.	19 23.0	12 12 13	7 31	1 53	7 36	1 48	2 18		2 22
24	24 Thur.	Frederick the Great b. 1712.	19 9.6	12 12 28	7 30	1 54	7 35	1 49	3 26		3 31
25	25 Friday	Sir P. B. Head Lieut.-Gov.	18 54.9	12 12 42	7 29	1 56	7 34	1 51	4 32		4 37
26	26 Satur.	Dr. Jenner d. 1823. (1836)	18 39.8	12 12 55	7 28	1 57	7 33	1 53	5 36		5 42
27	27 Sun.	☽ Full Moon 7h. 31m. p.m.	18 24.4	12 13 7	7 27	1 58	7 32	1 54	Rises.		Rises.
28	28 Mond.	(27th.) Septuagesima.	18 8.7	12 13 18	7 26	1 59	7 31	1 55	6 26 a		6 22 a
29	29 Tues.	George III. d. 1820.	17 52.7	12 13 29	7 25	1 57	7 30	1 56	7 40		7 37
30	30 Wed.	Charles I. executed, 1643.	17 36.3	12 13 38	7 24	1 53	7 29	1 58	8 50		8 49
31	31 Thur.	Earl of Blizin Gov. Gen., 1817.	17 19.6	12 13 47	7 23	1 55	7 28	1 59	9 58		9 58

Officers of the

**6.] FEBRUARY HAS 28 DAYS AND BEGINS ON FRIDAY. [1850.]**

MOON'S PHASES.				THE PLANETS	1ST FEBRUARY.			15TH OF FEBRUARY.		
	d.	h.	m.		Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
☾ Last Quarter.....	3	8	1							
☽ New Moon.....	11	13	12	☿ Merc.	h. m	h. m.	°	h. m.	h. m.	°
☽ First Quarter.....	19	2	55	♀ Venus	Mornin	Star		0 2 a	21 43	15 4 S
☽ Full Moon.....	25	18	43	♂ Mars.	8 20 a	5 8 26	3 N	7 36 u	5 19	26 1 N
☽ Apogee.....	7	22	0	♃ Jupit'r	2 49 m	11 33 4	24 N	1 49 m	11 28	4 57 N
☽ Peri_ee.....	23	18	0	♄ Saturn	3 32 u	0 19 0	26 S	2 42 a	0 24	0 9 N
				♅ Uran's	4 38 a	1 25 8	21 N	3 45 a	1 27	8 31 N

Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.		
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	16 14.8	15 43.2
10	16 13.3	14 45.5
20	16 11.3	16 4.4
28	16 9.4	15 58.4

Pole Star on the Meridian 15d 3h. 24m. 47s. A. M.

**METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR FEBRUARY.**

	Toronto, C. W., from 1840 to 1848 inclusive.	Greenwich, 1841 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E 1845 to 1848 in- clusive.
Mean Temperature.....	24.21	37.06	13.32
Mean Highest Temperature...	45.32	53.70	40.25
Mean Lowest Temperature....	-4.59	17.70	-13.50
Mean Elasticity of Vapour....	0.111	0.216	
Mean Humidity of the Air.....	79	89	
Average Quantity of Rain.....	0.916 In.	1.28 In.	
Average Quantity of Snow.....	21.3 In.		

Day of Mo Day of Yr.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's declin'n South.	App. Noon shewing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon.					
					Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.		Montreal.			
					Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets	Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.		
1 32	Frid.	Battle of Brienne, 1814.	17 2.7	12 13 56	7 22.5	06 7	27 5	01 11	03 a	11 04 a				
2 33	Satur.	Candiemars.	16 45.4	12 14 37	21.5	7 7	26 5	2	Morn'g.	Morn'g.				
3 34	Sun.	☾ Last Quarter 8h. 1m. P.M.	16 27.8	12 14 9	7 20.5	8 7	25 5	3	0 5 m	0 8 m				
4 35	Mon.	[3rd.] Serapisima.	16 9.9	12 14 15	7 19.5	9 7	23 5	5	1 7	1 10				
5 36	Tues.	[3th.] Military Term Begins.	15 51.8	12 14 20	7 18.5	10 7	22 5	6	2 6	2 10				
6 37	Wed.	R. Lander died 1831.	15 33.3	12 14 24	7 16.5	12 7	2 5	8	3 2	3 7				
7 38	Thur.	[6th.] Dr. Priestly died 1804.	15 14.7	12 14 27	7 14.5	14 7	19 5	9	3 56	4 2				
8 39	Frid.	Battle of Eylau.	14 55.7	12 14 29	7 13.5	16 7	18 5	11	4 45	4 51				
9 40	Satur.	Canada ceded to Britain, 1763	14 36.6	12 14 31	7 12.5	17 7	17 5	13	5 32	5 37				
10 41	Sun.	Quinquagesima.	14 17.1	12 14 32	7 11.5	18 7	15 5	15	6 14	6 20				
11 42	Mon.	Lord Sydenham Gov. Gen. 1810	13 57.4	12 14 32	7 10.5	20 7	14 5	16	Set's.	Set's.				
12 43	Tues.	☽ New Moon 1h. 12m. A.M.	13 37.5	12 14 32	7 8.5	22 7	12 5	18	5 50 a	5 47 a				
13 44	Wed.	Ash Wednesday.	13 17.4	12 14 30	7 7.5	23 7	11 5	19	6 51	6 49				
14 45	Thur.	Valentine.	12 57.1	12 14 28	7 5.5	21 7	9 5	20	7 52	7 51				
15 46	Frid.	[16th.] Melancthon born 1497.	12 36.5	12 14 25	7 3.5	25 7	7 5	21	8 55	8 55				
16 47	Satur.	Military Term ends.	12 15.8	12 14 22	7 2.5	26 7	5 5	23	9 57	9 59				
17 48	Sun.	1st Sunday in Lent.	11 54.8	12 14 17	7 1.5	27 7	4 5	24	11 1	11 4				
18 49	Mon.	Canada settled, 1534.	11 23.7	12 14 12	6 59.5	29 7	2 5	26	Morn'g.	Morn'g.				
19 50	Tues.	☽ First Qr. 2h. 55m P.M.	11 12.4	12 14 7	6 58.5	30 7	1 5	27	0 8 m	0 11 m				
20 51	Wed.	Voltaire born, 1694.	10 50.9	12 14 0	6 56.5	3 7	0 5	28	1 14	1 19				
21 52	Thur.	92 Resolutions passed, 1591.	10 29.3	12 13 53	6 55.5	33 8	5 8	30	2 18	2 23				
22 53	Frid.	Washington born, 1732.	10 7.4	12 13 45	6 53.5	35 6	5 6	32	3 20	3 26				
23 54	Satur.	Sir J. Reynolds died, 1702.	9 45.5	12 13 37	6 52.5	36 6	5 5	33	4 19	4 25				
24 55	Sun.	2nd Sunday in Lent.	9 23.4	12 13 28	6 50.5	37 6	5 3	34	5 12	5 17				
25 56	Mon.	France a Republic, 1848.	9 1.1	12 13 18	6 48.5	38 6	5 0	35	Rises.	Rises.				
26 57	Tues.	☽ Full Moon, 6h. 43m. A.M.	8 38.7	12 13 8	6 46.5	40 6	4 8	38	6 26 a	6 24 a				
27 58	Wed.	Sir J. Colborne Adm., 1838.	8 16.3	12 12 57	6 45.5	41 6	4 7	39	7 36	7 35				
28 59	Thur.	Montaigne born, 1533.	7 53.6	12 12 46	6 44.5	42 6	4 6	40	8 43	8 43				

1850.]

☾ Las  
☽ New  
☽ First  
☽ Full  
☽ Apo  
☽ Peri

Semidi	
Date.	
1	
10	
20	
30	

Day of M.	Day of Yr.	Day of Week
1	60	Frid
2	61	Satur
3	62	Sun
4	63	Mon
5	64	Tues
6	65	Wed
7	66	Thur
8	67	Frid
9	68	Satur
10	69	Sun
11	70	Mon
12	71	Tues
13	72	Wed
14	73	Thur
15	74	Frid
16	75	Satur
17	76	Sun
18	77	Mon
19	78	Tues
20	79	Wed
21	80	Thur
22	81	Frid
23	82	Satur
24	83	Sun
25	84	Mon
26	85	Tues
27	86	Wed
28	87	Thur
29	88	Frid
30	89	Satur
31	90	Sun

FEBRUARY.

Right Ascension.	Decl.
h. m. ° ' "	° ' "
20 51 14 19 S	
21 43 15 4 S	
5 19 26 1 N	
11 28 4 57 N	
0 24 0 9 N	
1 27 8 31 N	

47s. A. M.

**MOON'S PHASES**

☾ Last Quarter . . .	d h. m.	5 2 48
● New Moon . . . . .	13 6 0	
☽ First Quarter . . .	20 10 41	
● Full Moon . . . . .	27 6 9	
☾ Apogee . . . . .	7 15 0	
☾ Perigee . . . . .	23 10 0	

**Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.**

Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	16 9.2	15 44.3
10	16 6.8	14 49.9
20	16 4.1	16 2.8
30	16 1.5	16 24.9

THE PLANETS	1ST OF MARCH.			15TH OF MARCH.		
	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
☿ Merc.	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "
☽ Venus	Morning Star.	8 57 S	0 23 a	10 37 m	22 3	13 42 S
♃ Mars.	7 00 a	5 37	26 1 N	6 28 a	6 00	25 54 N
♃ Jupp't'r	0 48 m	11 22	5 38 N	11 42 a	11 15	6 25 N
♄ Saturn	1 53 a	0 30	0 47 N	1 04 a	0 36	1 28 N
♃ Uran's	2 52 a	1 29	8 44 N	1 59 a	1 32	9 00 N

Pole Star on the Meridian 15d. 1h. 34m. 27s. A. M. L.

**METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR MARCH.**

	Toronto, C. W. from 1840 to 1847 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1841 to 1-47 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E. 1845 to 1-49 inclusive.
Mean Temperature . . . . .	30.49	42.20	28.96
Mean Highest Temperature . . .	54.14	61.84	57.40
Mean Lowest Temperature . . .	4.74	23.79	4.20
Mean Elasticity of Vapour . . .	0.141	0.236	
Mean Humidity of the Air . . .	79	84	
Average Quantity of Rain . . .	1.636 In.	0.98 In.	
Average Quantity of Snow . . .	9.8 In.		

al. C. E. 1-49 inclusive.  
32  
55  
50

Moon.	
Toronto.	Montreal.
Rises.	Rises.
h. m.	h. m.
11 03 a	11 04 a
Morn'g.	Morn'g.
0 5 m	0 8 m
1 7	1 10
2 6	2 10
3 2	3 7
3 56	4 2
4 45	4 51
5 32	5 37
6 14	6 20
6 Sets.	Sets.
8 50 a	5 47 a
9 6 51	6 49
20 7 52	7 51
21 8 55	8 55
30 9 57	9 59
24 11 1	11 4
26 Morn'g.	Morn'g.
27 0 8 m	0 11 m
28 1 14	1 19
30 2 18	2 23
32 3 20	3 26
33 4 19	4 25
34 5 12	5 17
35 Rises.	Rises.
38 6 26 a	6 24 a
39 7 36	7 35
40 8 43	8 43

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's declin'n South.	App. Noon shewing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon Rises or Sets.	
					Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal.
			° ' "	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1	60	Frid. St. David.	7 30.8	12 12 31	6 42	5 43	6 44	5 42	9 49 a	9 50 a
2	61	Satur. Wesley died 1701.	7 8.0	2 12 22	6 40	5 44	6 41	5 43	10 53	10 56
3	62	Sun. 3rd Sunday in Lent.	6 45.1	12 12 9	6 38	5 46	6 40	5 44	11 54	11 58
4	63	Mon. First American Con. 1789.	6 22.0	12 11 55	6 35	5 47	6 38	5 46	morn'g	morn'g
5	64	Tues. ☾ Last Qr. 2h. 48m., p. m.	5 58.9	12 11 42	6 35	5 48	6 36	5 48	0 2m	0 57 m
6	65	Wed. York named Toronto 1834.	5 35.7	12 11 28	6 33	5 50	6 34	5 49	1 48	1 53
7	66	Thur. William III died 1702.	5 12.4	12 11 13	6 31	5 51	6 33	5 50	2 39	2 45
8	67	Frid. Hon. S. Smith, Adm. 1820.	4 49.0	12 10 58	6 29	5 53	6 30	5 52	3 27	3 33
9	68	Satur. Americus Vesputius, b. 1451.	4 25.6	12 10 43	6 28	5 54	6 28	5 53	4 12	4 16
10	69	Sun. 4th Sunday in Lent.	4 2.1	12 10 27	6 26	5 55	6 26	5 54	4 51	4 55
11	70	Mon. Vasco born 1511.	3 38.6	12 10 12	6 24	5 56	6 25	5 56	5 29	5 29
12	71	Tues. (13.) Planet Herschell dis. 1781.	3 15.0	12 9 55	6 22	5 58	6 23	5 57	5 59	6 02
13	72	Wed. ● New Moon, 6h., p. m.	2 51.4	12 9 39	6 21	5 58	6 22	5 58	Sets.	Sets.
14	73	Thur. York, U.C., a market town 1814	2 27.7	12 9 22	6 18	6 00	6 19	5 59	6 45 a	6 45 a
15	74	Frid. Cornwallis def. the Amer. 1781	2 4.0	12 9 5	6 17	6 01	6 17	6 1	7 49	7 50
16	75	Satur. Boileau, born 1635.	1 40.4	12 8 48	6 16	6 02	6 16	6 2	8 4	8 56
17	76	Sun. 5th Sunday in Lent.	1 16.7	12 8 30	6 16	6 4	6 15	6 3	10 0	10 3
18	77	Mon. Sir R. Walpole, died 1745.	0 55.0	12 8 13	6 11	6 5	6 11	6 4	11 6	11 11
19	78	Tues. (20th.) Newton died 1727.	0 29.2	12 7 55	6 10	6 6	6 11	6 5	morn'g	morn'g
20	79	Wed. ☽ 1st Qr. 10h. 41m., p. m.	0 5.8	12 7 37	6 8	6 7	6 9	6 7	0 12m	0 17 m
21	80	Thur. Kirke White born 1785.	0 18.1	12 7 19	6 6	6 8	6 6	6 8	1 14	1 20
22	81	Frid. Goethe died 1832.	0 41.7	12 7 0	6 6	6 9	6 4	6 10	2 12	2 18
23	82	Satur. Sir R. Arthur Lieut. Gov. 1838.	1 5.4	12 6 42	6 3	6 11	6 2	6 11	3 3	3 10
24	83	Sun. Palm Sunday.	1 29.0	12 6 23	6 0	6 1	6 0	6 12	3 32	3 36
25	84	Mon. Lady Day.	1 52.6	12 6 5	5 59	6 13	5 9	6 13	4 33	4 36
26	85	Tues. Bank England Incor. 1604.	2 16.1	12 5 46	5 57	6 14	5 57	6 15	Rises.	Rises.
27	86	Wed. ● Full Moon, 6h. 9m., p. m.	2 39.6	12 5 27	5 5	6 15	5 53	6 16	6 22 a	6 22 a
28	87	Thur. Planet Pallas, discov'd 1802.	3 3.0	12 5 9	5 54	6 16	5 53	6 17	7 29	7 30
29	88	Frid. Good Friday.	3 26.4	12 4 50	5 52	6 15	5 51	6 19	8 35	8 37
30	89	Satur. Lord Metcalfe Gov. Gen. 1843.	3 49.7	12 4 33	5 46	6 19	5 50	6 19	9 38	9 41
31	90	Sun. Easter.	4 12.9	12 4 13	5 48	6 20	5 47	6 21	10 39	10 44

**5.] APRIL HAS 30 DAYS AND BEGINS ON MONDAY. [1850.**

MOON'S PHASES.			THE PLANETS			1ST OF APRIL.			15TH OF APRIL.			
D	Last Quarter	3 22 27	THE PLANETS	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
●	New Moon	11 19 30										
☽	First Quarter	18 16 50		h. m.	h. m.	° ' "	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "			
☾	Full Moon	25 18 3		♃	Mars	5 54 a	6 34	25 26 N	5 29 a	7 3	24 40 N	
♃	Apogee	4 11 0		♃	Jupiter	10 27 a	11 8	7 11 N	9 28 a	11 3	7 39 N	
♄	Perigee	17 19 0	♄	Saturn	0 5 a	0 44	2 18 N	11 16 m	0 50	2 56 N		
			♅	Uranus	0 56 a	1 35	9 20 N	0 04 a	1 38	9 38 N		

Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.		
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	16 0.9	15 4.9
10	15 58.4	15 19.4
20	15 55.7	16 6.3
30	15 53.3	15 54.1

Pole Star on the Meridian 15d. 11h. 24m. 40s., P. M., L.		
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**METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR APRIL.**

	Toronto, C. W., from 1840 to 1845 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1841 to 1847 in- clusive.	Montreal, C. E., 1845 to 1848 in- clusive.
Mean Temperature.....	42.12	47.10	41.04
Mean Highest Temperature....	71.82	70.43	67.00
Mean Lowest Temperature....	18.04	30.03	17.20
Mean Elasticity of Vapour.....	0.179	0.274	
Mean Humidity of Air.....	72	81	
Average Quantity of Rain.....	2.461 In.	1.21 In.	
Average Quantity of Snow....	1.2 In.		

Day of Mo	Day of Yr.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's Declin'n North.	App. Noon shewing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon.	
						Toronto.	Montreal.	Toronto.	Montreal.		
1	91	Mon.	Dr. Harvey, born 1578.	4 36.1	12 3 55	5 47	6 21	5 46	6 22	11 38 a	11 43 a
2	92	Tues.	Battle of Copenhagen, 1801.	4 59.1	12 3 37	5 45	6 22	5 44	6 23	morn'g	morn'g.
3	93	Wed.	Bishop Heber died 1826.	5 22.1	12 3 19	5 43	6 23	5 42	6 24	0 32m	0 37 m
4	94	Thur.	☾ Last Qr. 10h. 27m., A.M.	5 45.0	12 3 15	42 6	24 5	41 6	25 1	2 2	1 27
5	95	Frid.	Stow died 1605.	6 7.8	12 2 43	5 40	6 26	5 39	6 27	2 7	2 12
6	96	Satur.	(7th) Great Fire Toronto, '49.	6 30.5	12 2 26	5 38	6 27	5 37	6 28	2 48	2 53
7	97	Sun.	1st Sunday after Easter.	6 53.1	12 2 8	5 36	6 28	5 36	6 30	3 25	3 29
8	98	Mon.	Hudson's Bay Com. est. 1602.	7 15.5	12 1 51	5 34	6 30	5 33	6 31	3 58	4 2
9	99	Tues.	Lord Bacon died 1626.	7 37.9	12 1 35	5 33	6 31	5 31	6 33	4 30	4 32
10	100	Wed.	Battle of Toulouse, 1814.	8 00.1	12 1 18	5 30	6 32	5 29	6 34	5 00	5 1
11	101	Thur.	Coron. of Wm. & Mary, 1689.	8 22.2	12 1 2	5 29	6 33	5 27	6 35	Sets.	Sets.
12	102	Frid.	☉ New Moon. 7h. 30m. A. M.	8 44.1	12 0 46	5 28	6 34	5 25	6 37	6 41a	6 43 a
13	103	Satur.	Handel died 1759.	9 5.9	12 0 30	5 26	6 35	5 24	6 38	7 50	7 53
14	104	Sun.	2nd Sunday after Easter.	9 27.6	12 0 15	5 24	6 36	5 21	6 39	8 57	9 1
15	105	Mon.	Battle of Culloden, 1746.	9 49.1	12 0 00	5 22	6 38	5 20	6 40	10 3	10 8
16	106	Tues.	Button died 1785.	10 10.4	11 59 45	5 21	6 39	5 18	6 42	11 9	11 15
17	107	Wed.	Brock's Mon. destroyed 1840.	10 31.6	11 59 31	5 20	6 40	5 16	6 43	morn'g	morn'g.
18	108	Thur.	First Newspaper in Am. 1701.	10 52.5	11 59 17	5 17	6 41	5 14	6 44	0 9m	0 14 m
19	109	Frid.	☽ First Qr. 4h. 50m., A. M.	11 13.3	11 59 3	5 16	6 42	5 13	6 45	1 4	1 8
20	110	Satur.	Abernethy died 1831.	11 34.0	11 58 50	5 14	6 44	5 11	6 47	1 52	1 56
21	111	Sun.	3rd Sunday after Easter.	11 54.4	11 58 37	5 13	6 45	5 10	6 48	2 33	2 36
22	112	Mon.	Flelding born 1707.	12 14.6	11 58 25	5 10	6 46	5 7	6 49	3 11	3 13
23	113	Tues.	St. George.	12 34.6	11 58 13	5 9	6 47	5 6	6 50	3 44	3 45
24	114	Wed.	Earl Cathcart Gov. Gen. 1816.	12 54.5	11 58 2	5 7	6 49	5 6	6 51	4 17	4 15
25	115	Thur.	Parl' Houses burnt by mob '49	13 14.1	11 57 51	5 6	6 50	5 6	6 53	Rises.	Rises.
26	116	Frid.	☉ Full Moon, 6h. 3m., A.M.	13 33.5	11 57 40	5 5	6 51	5 1	6 55	7 23a	7 26 a
27	117	Satur.	☽ 350 P.M. Im. into N. Sco. 1740	13 52.7	11 57 30	5 4	6 52	5 0	6 56	8 25	8 29
28	118	Sun.	4th Sunday after Easter.	14 11.6	11 57 21	5 16	6 53	4 58	6 57	9 26	9 31
29	119	Mon.	(8th Battle of York, 1813.)	14 30.3	11 57 12	5 15	6 54	4 56	6 58	10 23	10 28
30	120	Tues.	Washington 1st Pres. U.S. 1789	14 48.8	11 57 3	4 59	6 55	4 55	6 59	11 14	11 21

Day of Mo	Day of Yr.
1	121
2	122
3	123
4	124
5	125
6	126
7	127
8	128
9	129
10	130
11	131
12	132
13	133
14	134
15	135
16	136
17	137
18	138
19	139
20	140
21	141
22	142
23	143
24	144
25	145
26	146
27	147
28	148
29	149
30	150
31	151

[1850.]

1849.] MAY HAS 31 DAYS AND BEGINS ON WEDNESDAY. [9.

MOON'S PHASES.			1ST OF MAY.			15TH OF MAY.		
d. h. m.			THE PLANETS.			THE PLANETS.		
			Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
☾ Last Quarter..	3	17 29						
● New Moon...	11	5 52						
☽ First Quarter..	17	22 35						
☾ Full Moon...	25	6 51						
☾ Apogee .....	2	7 0						
☽ Perigee .....	14	3 0						
☾ Apogee .....	30	0 0						
Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.								
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.						
1	15 53.0	14 49.2						
10	15 51.0	15 51.0						
20	15 49.1	15 48.8						
31	15 47.3	14 45.3						

Pole Star on the Meridian 15d. 9h. 30m. 51s. P M., L. T.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR MAY.

	Toronto, C. W., from 1810 to 1848 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1811 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E., 1845 to 1848 inclusive.
Mean Temperature .....	52.59	53.64	56.12
Mean Highest Temperature....	77.16	77.59	85.40
Mean Lowest Temperature....	29.08	36.79	33.20
Mean Elasticity of Vapour...	0.288	0.346	
Mean Humidity of Air .....	.72	.82	
Average Quantity of Rain ....	2.917 In.	1.674 In.	

Day of Mo.	Day of Yr.	Day of the Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's Declin'd North.	App. noon, showing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon rises or sets.		
						Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal.	
						Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.	
	1	121	Wed.	Wellington b. 1769.	15 7.0	11 56 53	4 57.6	57.1	53.7	01	Morn'g	Morn'g.
	2	122	Thur.	Camden b. 1551.	15 25.0	11 56 48	4 56.6	58.4	52.7	02 0 2	a.m.	0 7 a.m.
	3	123	Friday	Jamaica discovered 1494.	15 42.7	11 56 41	4 55.6	59.4	51.7	03 0 45		0 50
	4	124	Satur.	☾ Last Quarter 29m. past 5	16 0.2	11 56 35	4 53.7	01.4	49.7	05 1 24		1 29
	5	125	Sun.	☽ Equinox. [A. M.]	16 17.4	11 56 29	4 51.7	02.4	48.7	06 1 59		2 02
	6	126	Mond.	Oswego taken, 1811.	16 34.3	11 56 25	4 50.7	02.4	46.7	06 2 29		2 32
	7	127	Tues.	Sir J. Suckling d. 1611.	16 51.0	11 56 20	4 49.7	03.4	45.7	07 2 59		3 01
	8	128	Wed.	Batt. Rio Grande, 1816.	17 7.1	11 56 16	4 48.7	04.4	43.7	09 3 29		3 29
	9	129	Thur.	Ascension.	17 23.5	11 56 13	4 47.7	05.4	42.7	10 3 58		3 57
	10	130	Friday	Batt. of Lodi, 1796.	17 39.4	11 56 10	4 46.7	06.4	41.7	11 4 31		4 29
	11	131	Satur.	☽ New Moon 52m. past 5	17 51.9	11 56 8	4 45.7	07.4	39.7	13	Sets pm	Sets.p.m.
	12	132	Sun.	1st After Ascension. [P. M.]	18 10.1	11 56 6	4 44.7	08.4	38.7	14 7 49		7 54
	13	133	Mond.	Ann Boleyn beheaded, 1535.	18 25.0	11 56 5	4 42.7	10.4	37.7	15 8 59		9 01
	14	134	Tues.	Fahrenheit b. 1686.	18 39.6	11 56 5	4 41.7	11.4	36.7	16 10 02		10 07
	15	135	Wed.	O'Connell d. 1847.	18 53.9	11 56 5	4 40.7	12.4	35.7	17 11 01		11 06
	16	136	Thur.	Batt. of Albuera, 1811.	19 7.9	11 56 6	4 39.7	13.4	34.7	18 11 50		11 55
	17	137	Friday	Valleyrand d. 1838.	19 21.6	11 56 7	4 38.7	14.4	32.7	20	Morn'g	Morn'g.
	18	138	Satur.	☽ First Quarter 35m. past 10	19 31.9	11 56 9	4 37.7	15.4	31.7	21 0 36a.m.		0 39a.m.
	19	139	Sun.	Whitsunday. [A. M.]	19 47.9	11 56 11	4 36.7	16.4	30.7	22 1 12		1 15
	20	140	Mond.	Columbus d. 1506.	20 0.5	11 56 14	4 35.7	17.4	29.7	23 1 47		1 49
	21	141	Tues.	Marla Edgeworth d. 1840.	20 12.8	11 56 17	4 34.7	18.4	28.7	24 2 19		2 19
	22	142	Wed.	Batt. of Bautzen, 1813.	20 24.8	11 56 21	4 33.7	19.4	27.7	25 2 49		2 48
	23	143	Thur.	Batt. of Ramillies, 1706.	20 36.4	11 56 26	4 32.7	20.4	26.7	26 3 19		3 17
	24	144	Friday	Queen Victoria b. 1819.	20 47.7	11 56 31	4 32.7	21.4	25.7	28 3 50		3 47
	25	145	Satur.	☽ Full Moon 51m. past 6	20 58.6	11 56 36	4 31.7	23.4	25.7	29	Rises.	Rises.
	26	146	Sun.	Trinity. [P. M.]	21 9.1	11 56 42	4 31.7	23.4	24.7	30.8	14p.m.	8 19p.m.
	27	147	Mond.	Prince George of Hanover b. 1717.	21 19.3	11 56 48	4 30.7	24.4	23.7	31 9 08		9 14
	28	148	Tues.	T. Moore b. 1780. [1819.]	21 29.1	11 56 55	4 29.7	25.4	22.7	32 9 57		10 03
	29	149	Wed.	Sir T. D. Lauder d. 1848.	21 38.6	11 57 03	4 28.7	26.4	21.7	33 10 42		10 48
	30	150	Thur.	Corpus Christi.	21 47.6	11 57 10	4 27.7	27.4	21.7	33 11 23		11 23
	31	151	Friday	Dr. Chalmers d. 1817.	21 56.4	11 57 19	4 27.7	27.4	20.7	34 11 59		Morn'g.

**10.] JUNE HAS 30 DAYS AND BEGINS ON SATURDAY. [1850.**

MOON'S PHASES.			THE PLANETS	1ST JUNE.			15TH JUNE.		
	d.	h. m.		Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
☾ Last Quarter.....	2	10 30							
☾ New Moon.....	9	14 03	♄ Merc.	h m.	h. m.	° /	h. m.	h. m.	° /
☽ First Quarter.....	16	5 03	♀ Venus	1 38 a	6 17 24	39 N	1 57 a	7 31	23 25 N
☾ Full Moon.....	23	29 53	♂ Mars	4 11 a	8 50 19	13 N	3 48 a	9 23	16 43 N
☾ Perigee.....	11	2 0	♃ Jupiter	6 22 a	11 02 7	34 N	5 31 a	11 07	7 04 N
☾ Apogee.....	24	11 0	♄ Saturn	8 30 m	1 09 4	5 1 N	7 40 m	1 14	5 17 N
			♅ Uran's	9 08 m	1 47 10	32 N	8 15 m	1 50	10 44 N

Semi-diameter at Greenwich. N un.		
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	15 47.2	14 48.5
10	15 46.1	16 29.8
20	15 45.4	15 14.2
30	15 45.1	14 53.6

Pole Star on the Meridian, 15d. 7h. 29m. 19s. P. M., L. T.

**METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR JUNE.**

	Toronto, C. W., from 1840 to 1847 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, 1841 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E. 1845 to 1847 in- clusive.
Mean Temperature.....	60.87	60.03	66.79
Mean Highest Temperature....	83.80	84.04	92.50
Mean Lowest Temperature ...	35.96	43.64	45.25
Mean Elasticity of Vapour.....	0.404	0.499	
Mean Humidity of the Air.....	76	78	
Average Quantity of Rain.....	3.375 In	1.279 In	

Day of Mo. Day of Yr.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's declin <sup>n</sup> . North.	App. Noon showing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon.	
					Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal
					Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Rises.
1 152	Satur.	Lord Howe's victory, 1791.	22 4.6	11 57 27	4 26	7 28 1	20 7 34	Morn'g.	0 03a.m	
2 153	Sun.	☾ Last Qr. 3m past 10, p.m.	22 12.6	11 57 36	4 26	7 29 4	20 7 35	0 31a.m	0 34	
3 154	Mon.	Easter Term begins.	22 20.1	11 57 46	4 26	7 30 4	19 7 36	1 02	1 05	
4 155	Tues	Prince Leop. K. of Belg., 1835	22 27 3	11 57 56	4 25	7 31 4	19 7 37	1 30	1 31	
5 156	Wed	King of Hanover born, 1711.	22 31 0	11 58 6	4 25	7 31 4	18 7 38	1 8	1 58	
6 157	Thur.	Cornelle born, 1696.	22 41.4	11 58 17	4 24	7 32 4	17 7 39	2 28	2 28	
7 158	Friday	Warburton died, 1779.	22 16.1	11 58 28	4 24	7 32 4	17 7 39	3 00	2 59	
8 159	Satur.	Pope born, 16 <sup>th</sup> .	22 51.9	11 58 39	4 24	7 33 4	17 7 40	3 37	3 34	
9 160	Sun.	2nd Sunday after Trinity.	22 57.1	11 58 51	4 24	7 34 4	17 7 41	Sets.	Sets.	
10 161	Mon.	☾ New Moon 3m. past 2 a.m.	23 01.9	11 59 3	4 23	7 35 4	17 7 41	7 45p.m	7 50p.m	
11 162	Tues.	☽ Cholera at Montreal.	23 6.3	11 59 15	4 23	7 35 4	16 7 42	8 8	8 54	
12 163	Wed.	New York Inc., 1655. [1-3]	23 10 2	11 59 27	4 23	7 35 4	16 7 42	9 44	9 49	
13 164	Thur.	Jorsica taken by France, 1793	23 13.8	11 59 39	4 23	7 36 4	16 7 43	10 33	10 37	
14 165	Friday	Battle of Marengo, 1800.	23 16 9	11 59 52	4 23	7 37 4	16 7 43	11 14	11 18	
15 166	Satur.	Easter Term ends.	23 19.7	12 0 4	4 23	7 37 4	16 7 44	11 50	11 53	
16 167	Sun.	☽ First Qr. 6m past 5, p.m.	23 22.0	12 0 17	4 23	7 37 4	16 7 44	Morn'g.	Morn'g.	
17 168	Mon.	J. Wesley born, 1703.	23 23.9	12 0 30	4 23	7 38 4	16 7 44	0 23a.m	0 21a.m	
18 169	Tues.	Battle of Waterloo, 1815.	23 25.4	12 0 43	4 23	7 38 4	16 7 45	0 54	0 54	
19 170	Wed.	Bar. de Rottenburg Pres. 1816	23 26 4	12 0 56	4 23	7 39 4	16 7 45	1 24	1 22	
20 171	Thur.	Victoria's Accession, 1837.	23 27 1	12 1 9	4 23	7 39 4	16 7 46	1 54	1 52	
21 172	Friday	Bat. of Vinegar Hill, 1798.	23 27 4	12 1 22	4 23	7 39 4	16 7 46	2 26	2 22	
22 173	Satur.	Machiavel died, 1527.	23 27 2	12 1 34	4 24	7 40 4	17 7 47	3 01	2 57	
23 174	Sun.	1st Sunday after Trinity.	23 25.7	12 1 47	4 21	7 40 4	17 7 47	3 39	3 34	
24 175	Mon.	☾ Full Moon 5m past 8, a.m.	23 25.7	12 2 0	4 25	7 39 4	18 7 48	Rises.	Rises.	
25 176	Tues.	Battle of Bannockburn, 1314.	23 24.3	12 2 13	4 25	7 39 4	18 7 48	8 40p.m	8 46p.m	
26 177	Wed.	G. White died, 1793.	23 22.4	12 2 25	4 25	7 39 4	18 7 48	9 22	9 27	
27 178	Thur.	Zschokke died, 1848.	23 20.2	12 2 38	4 26	7 39 4	18 7 48	10 00	10 04	
28 179	Friday	Great Fire at Quebec, 1845.	23 17.6	12 2 50	4 26	7 39 4	20 7 46	10 35	10 38	
29 180	Satur.	St. Peter and Paul.	3 14.5	12 3 2	4 27	7 39 4	20 7 46	11 05	11 08	
30 181	Sun.	3rd after Trinity.	23 11.1	12 3 14	4 27	7 39 4	20 7 46	11 31	11 33	

1850.

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Day of Yr.

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31 20

JUNE.

Decl.
23 25 N
16 43 N
7 01 N
5 17 N
10 44 N

M., L. T.

MOON'S PHASES.

☾ Last Quarter....	d. h. m.	2 0 41
● New Moon.....	8 21 10	
☽ First Quarter....	15 13 24	
● Full Moon.....	23 12 07	
☾ Last Quarter ...	31 12 00	
☾ Perigee.....	9 10	
☾ Apogee.....	23 17	

THE PLANETS	1ST OF JULY.			15TH OF JULY.		
	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "
☿ Merc	A Morning Star.			A Morning Star.		
♀ Venus	2 15 a	8 52	19 22 N	2 26 a	9 58	14 02 N
♂ Mars.	3 22 a	9 59	13 28 N	2 59 a	10 32	10 19 N
♃ Jupit <sup>r</sup>	4 35 a	11 14	6 16 N	3 47 a	11 21	5 26 N
♄ Saturn	6 41 m	1 18	5 37 S	5 48 m	1 20	5 47 N
♅ Uran's	7 14 m	1 52	10 55 N	6 21 m	1 53	11 01 N

Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.

Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
	° ' "	° ' "
1	15 45.1	15 6.9
10	15 45.2	16 40.0
20	15 45.8	14 50.5
31	15 46.9	15 30.3

Pole Station the Meridian, 15d. 5h. 33m. 44s., A.M., U. T.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR JULY.

	Toronto, C. W., from 1840 to 1847 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1841 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E. from 1845 to 1848 inclusive.
Mean Temperature, .....	66.12	61.43	71.36
Mean Highest Temperature...	88.28	85.37	97.00
Mean Lowest Temperature....	42.86	45.8	53.25
Mean Elasticity of Vapour....	0.475	0.440	
Mean Humidity of the Air....	75	81	
Average Quantity of Rain....	3.803 In.	2.049 In	

Day of Mo to Montreal	Day of Yr. Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's Declin'n North.	App. Noon showing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon.	
					Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal
					Rises	Sets.	Rises	Sets.	Rises.	Rises.
1 282	Mon.	Sir E.P. Robinson Lt. Gov. 1823	23 7.2	1 3 26	4 27 7	39 4 20	7 46 11	59pm	1:00pm	
2 183	Tues.	☾ Last Qr. 41m. past noon.	23 3.0	2 3 37	4 28 7	39 4 21	7 46	moon's	moon's	
3 184	Wed.	Quebec founded 1608.	22 58.3	2 3 48	4 29 7	39 4 22	7 46	0 28am	0 27am	
4 185	Thur.	Chateaubriand died 1818.	22 53.3	2 3 59	4 29 7	39 4 23	7 45	0 59	0 57	
5 186	Frid.	French take Algiers 1830.	22 47.8	2 4 10	4 30 7	38 4 23	7 45	1 32	1 29	
6 187	Satur.	Battle of Maida 1806.	22 41.4	2 4 20	4 30 7	38 4 23	7 45	2 10	2 06	
7 188	Sun.	8th Sunday after Trinity.	22 35.7	2 4 30	4 31 7	38 4 24	7 45	2 55	2 50	
8 189	Mon.	Burke died 1797.	22 29.1	2 4 40	4 32 7	37 4 25	7 45	Sets.	Sets.	
9 190	Tues.	☉ New Moon 10m. past 9, A.M.	22 22.0	2 4 49	4 33 7	37 4 26	7 44	7 29pm	7 34	
10 191	Wed.	Columbus born 1417.	22 14.6	2 4 58	4 33 7	37 4 26	7 44	8 23	8 28	
11 192	Thur.	Lafontaine born 1782.	22 6.8	2 5 6	4 34 7	36 4 27	7 43	9 09	9 12	
12 193	Frid.	Erasmus died 1536.	21 58.6	2 5 14	4 34 7	36 4 28	7 43	9 49	9 52	
13 194	Satur.	Napoleon surrendered 1815.	21 50.1	2 5 22	4 35 7	35 4 29	7 42	10 21	10 25	
14 195	Sun.	7th Sunday after Trinity.	21 41.1	2 5 29	4 36 7	35 4 30	7 41	0 56	10 56	
15 196	Mon.	(10th) Sir J. Reynolds b. 1725	21 31.8	2 5 35	4 37 7	34 4 31	7 41	1 27	11 26	
16 197	Tues.	☽ First Qr. 21m. past 1, A.M.	21 22.2	2 5 41	4 38 7	34 4 32	7 40	11 57	11 55	
17 198	Wed.	Michilimackinack taken 1812.	21 12.1	2 5 47	4 39 7	33 4 33	7 39	moon's	moon's	
18 199	Thur.	Hampden died 1643.	21 1.8	2 5 5	4 40 7	32 4 34	7 38	0 30am	0 27am	
19 200	Frid.	Princess Augusta born 1822.	20 51.0	2 5 56	4 41 7	31 4 35	7 37	1 01	0 59	
20 201	Satur.	Playfair died 1819.	20 39.9	2 6 0	4 42 7	30 4 36	7 36	1 40	1 35	
21 202	Sun.	8th Sunday after Trinity.	20 28.4	2 6 3	4 43 7	29 4 37	7 35	2 20	2 15	
22 203	Mon.	Bat. of Salamanca 1812.	20 16.7	2 6 5	4 44 7	28 4 38	7 34	3 07	3 01	
23 204	Tues.	Can. Union Bill assent. to 4P.	0 4.5	2 6 7	4 45 7	27 4 39	7 33	3 57	3 51	
24 205	Wed.	☉ Full Moon 7m. past midn't.	0 52.1	2 6 9	4 46 7	26 4 40	7 32	Rises.	Rises.	
25 206	Thur.	British League Kingston 1849.	19 39.3	2 6 10	4 46 7	26 4 41	7 31	8 30pm	8 40pm	
26 207	Frid.	Battle of Aboukir 1799.	19 26.	2 6 10	4 47 7	25 4 42	7 30	9 07	9 10	
27 208	Satur.	Revolution in France 1830.	19 12.7	2 6 10	4 48 7	24 4 43	7 29	9 35	9 37	
28 209	Sun.	9th Sunday after Trinity.	18 59.0	2 6 9	4 49 7	23 4 44	7 28	10 03	10 04	
29 210	Mon.	Robespierre guil. 1794.	18 44.9	2 6 8	4 51 7	21 4 46	7 26	10 31	10 31	
30 211	Tues.	Penn died 1718.	18 30.5	2 6 6	4 5 7	20 4 47	7 25	10 59	10 58	
31 212	Wed.	☾ Last Quarter midn't.	18 15.8	2 6 3	4 53 7	19 4 48	7 24	11 31	11 28	

**12.] AUGUST HAS 31 DAYS AND BEGINS ON THURSDAY. [1850.**

MOON'S PHASES.				1st of AUGUST.			15th of AUGUST.		
	d.	h.	m.	THE PLANETS.			THE PLANETS.		
				Meridian.	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian.	Right Ascension.	Decl.
● New Moon....	7	4	16						
☾ First Quarter...	14	0	29						
☽ Full Moon....	22	3	55						
☾ Last Quarter...	29	21	1						
☾ Perigee.....	6	20							
☾ Apogee.....	19	22							

Semi-diameter at Greenwich, noon.		
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	15 47.0	15 37.0
10	15 48.3	16 20.9
20	15 50.2	14 42.3
31	15 52.5	16 0.3

PLANETS.	Meridian.	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian.	Right Ascension.	Decl.
☿ Merc.	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "
♃ Jupiter.	2 31 a	11 13	6 05N	2 37 a	12 12	1 02 S
♂ Mars.	2 31 a	11 11	6 10N	2 08 a	11 43	2 31N
♃ Jupiter.	2 51 a	11 32	4 15N	2 06 a	11 42	3 10N
♄ Saturn.	4 42 m	1 21	5 49N	3 47 m	1 21	5 42N
♅ Uranus.	5 11 m	1 54	14 05N	4 19 m	1 53	11 04N

Pole Star on Meridian 15th, 3h. 32m. 14s. A. M., U. T.

**METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR AUGUST.**

	Greenwich, England, from 1811 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E. from 1845 to 1848 inclusive.
Mean Temperature .....	65.75	71.40
Mean Highest Temperature...	84.41	92.50
Mean Lowest Temperature...	45.46	53.00
Mean Elasticity of Vapour ....	0.500	0.456
Mean Humidity of the Air.....	.84	.84
Average Quantity of Rain.....	2.864 In.	2.329 In.

Day of Mo.	Day of Yr.	Day of the Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's Declin. North.	App'n on, showing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon.	
						Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Wsets.
1	213	Thur.	Launas.	18 08.12	6 04	54 7	18 4	49 7	5 3	4 11	2 24
2	214	Friday	Batt. of the Nile, 1798.	17 45.512	5 56	1 55 7	17 4	50 7	22 0	0 00 a.m.	2 24 5
3	215	Satur.	Sir N. Harris died 1818.	17 29.92	5 52	1 56 7	16 4	51 7	21 0	0 44	3 246
4	216	Sund.	10th Sunday after Trinity.	17 14.112	5 47	1 57 7	15 4	52 7	20 1	1 32	4 247
5	217	Mond.	Batt. of Brownston, 1812.	16 59.912	5 41	4 58 7	14 4	53 7	19 2	2 29	5 248
6	218	Tues.	Prince Alfred Borneo, 1811.	16 44.512	5 35	1 59 7	13 4	54 7	17 3	3 32	6 249
7	219	Wed.	☽ New Moon 6m. past 4	16 29.912	5 28	5 00 7	11 4	55 7	15	Sets.	7 250
8	220	Thur.	Canning died 1827. [p.m.]	16 14.512	5 21	5 01 7	9 4	57 7	13 7	4 0 p.m.	8 251
9	221	Friday	Captain Murratt died 1818.	15 59.712	5 13	5 02 7	8 4	58 7	12 8	5 0	9 252
10	222	Satur.	Batt. of Bassano, 1796.	15 44.512	5 5	5 04 7	6 4	59 7	11 8	5 4	10 253
11	223	Sund.	11th Sunday after Trinity.	15 29.912	4 56	5 05 7	5 4	60 7	9 26	9 25	11 254
12	224	Mond.	George IV. b. 1762. [1818.	14 57.512	4 46	5 06 7	4 4	61 7	8 9	9 57	12 255
13	225	Tues.	Sir P. Maitland Lieut. Gov.	14 39.412	4 36	5 07 7	3 4	62 7	7 10	10 27	13 256
14	226	Wed.	☽ First Quarter 2m. past	14 20.912	4 25	5 08 7	2 4	63 7	6 11	11 01	14 257
15	227	Thur.	Napoleon born 1769. [noon.]	14 2.312	4 14	5 09 7	1 4	64 7	5 3	11 40	15 258
16	228	Friday	Andrew Marvel died 1678.	13 43.412	4 2	5 10 7	58 5	65 7	0 67	12 0	16 259
17	229	Satur.	Duchess of Kent born 1756.	13 24.312	3 50	5 11 7	57 5	66 7	0 0	0 20 a.m.	17 260
18	230	Sund.	12th after Sunday Trinity.	13 5.012	3 37	5 12 7	56 5	67 7	58	1 04	18 261
19	231	Mond.	The Royal George sunk, 1782	12 45.412	3 23	5 13 7	53 5	68 7	56	1 52	19 262
20	232	Tues.	Treaty of Washington, 1812.	12 25.712	3 9	5 14 7	5 5	69 7	53	2 44	20 263
21	233	Wed.	Dr. A. Clarke died 1832.	12 5.812	2 55	5 16 7	50 5	70 7	54	3 40	21 264
22	234	Thur.	☽ Full Moon 55m. past 3 p.m.	11 45.712	2 40	5 17 7	49 5	71 7	52	4 38	22 265
23	235	Friday	N. Y. ceded to England, 1807.	11 25.412	2 25	5 18 7	47 5	72 7	50	5 36	23 266
24	236	Satur.	Washington taken, 1814.	11 5.012	2 9	5 19 7	45 5	73 7	48	6 35	24 267
25	237	Sund.	13th Sunday after Trinity.	10 44.312	1 53	5 20 7	44 5	74 7	47	8 34	25 268
26	238	Mond.	Trinity Term begins.	10 23.512	1 36	5 21 7	43 5	75 7	45	9 02	26 269
27	239	Tues.	Batt. of Long Island, 1776.	10 2.512	1 19	5 22 7	42 5	76 7	43	9 32	27 270
28	240	Wed.	Grotius died 1645.	9 41.412	1 2	5 24 7	38 5	77 7	41	10 05	28 271
29	241	Thur.	Locke born 1630.	9 20.012	0 45	5 25 7	37 5	78 7	39	10 42	29 272
30	242	Friday	☾ Last Quarter 1m. past 0	8 58.612	0 27	5 26 7	35 5	79 7	37	11 25	30 273
31	243	Satur.	Banyan died 1688. [A. M.]	8 37.012	0 8	5 27 7	33 5	80 7	35	Morn'g.	

Day of Mo. Day of Yr.

1 244  
2 245  
3 246  
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27 270  
28 271  
29 272  
30 273

1850.] SEPTEMBER HAS 30 DAYS AND BEGINS ON SUNDAY. [13

AY. [1850.

OF AUGUST.

Right Ascension.	Decl.
h. m. o	'
12 12	1 02 S
11 43	2 31 N
11 42	3 10 N
1 21	5 42 N
1 53	11 04 N

M. U. T.

C. E. 1848 in- c.

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MOON.

Toronto.	Montreal
Rises.	Rises.
h. m.	h. m.
7 22	7 41
8 21	8 21
8 55	9 25
9 25	9 57
10 27	10 27
11 00	11 35
11 35	Morn'g.
0 15	0 15
0 58	1 46
1 46	2 39
2 39	3 35
3 34	4 34
Rises.	Rises.
8 06	8 34
8 34	9 01
9 01	9 30
9 30	10 01
10 01	10 38
10 38	11 20
Morn'g.	Morn'g.

MOON'S PHASES.

● New Moon.....	d. h. m.	5 12 11
☾ First Quarter.....		12 15 4
☽ Full Moon.....		20 19 23
☾ Last Quarter.....		28 4 36
☾ Perigee.....		4 5 0
☾ Apogee.....		16 8 0

Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.		
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	15 52.7	16 12.1
10	15 54.9	15 37.6
20	15 57.6	14 55.6
30	16 0.2	16 12.8

THE PLANETS	1st SEPTEMBER.			15th SEPTEMBER.		
	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
	h. m.	h. m.	o ' "	h. m.	h. m.	o ' "
☿ Merc.	Evening Star.			Evening Star.		
♀ Venus	2 40 a	13 22	9 37 S	2 42 a	14 19	16 6 S
♂ Mars	1 41 a	12 23	1 55 S	1 19 a	12 56	5 38 S
♃ Jupit'r	1 12 a	11 54	1 48 N	0 28 a	12 5	0 36 N
♄ Saturn	2 38 m	1 18	5 25 N	1 36 m	1 15	5 4 N
♅ Uran's	3 11 m	1 52	10 58 N	2 15 m	1 51	10 48 N

Pole Star on the Meridian, 15th, at 1h. 30m. 13s. A.M. U.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR SEPTEMBER.

	Toronto, C. W. from 1840 to 1848 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1841 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C.E. 1845 to 1848 inclusive.
Mean Temperature.....	57.40	56.99	58.50
Mean Highest Temperature....	80.67	77.96	84.00
Mean Lowest Temperature....	32.29	35.87	39.25
Mean Elasticity of Vapour....	0.385	0.414	
Mean Humidity of the Air....	81	87	
Average Quantity of Rain.....	4.610 In.	1.939 In.	

Day of Mo.	Day of Yr.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's decl'n N. & S.	App. Noon shewing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon.	
						Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal
				N o ' "	h. m. s.	h. m. h. m.	h. m. h. m.	h. m. h. m.	Rises.	Rises.	
1	244	Sun.	14th Sunday after Trinity.	8 15.3	11 59 50	5 29 6 31	5 27 6 33	0 15 a.m.	0 10 a.m.		
2	245	Mon.	Great Fire in London, 1666.	7 53.4	11 59 31	5 30 6 30	5 28 6 32	1 13	1 7		
3	246	Tues.	Sir E. Coke died, 1633.	7 31.4	11 59 12	5 31 6 28	5 29 6 29	2 18	2 12		
4	247	Wed.	River Hudson discov'd, 1609	7 9.3	11 58 53	5 32 6 26	5 30 6 28	3 31	3 27		
5	248	Thur.	The Boxer capt., 1814.	6 47.0	11 58 33	5 34 6 24	5 32 6 26	Sets.	Sets.		
6	249	Friday	● New Moon 11m. pt. 12 a.m.	6 24.7	11 58 13	5 34 6 22	5 33 6 24	6 49 p.m.	6 50 p.m.		
7	250	Satur.	Trinity Term ends.	6 2.2	11 57 53	5 35 6 21	5 34 6 22	7 22	7 22		
8	251	Sun.	15th Sunday after Trinity.	5 39.6	11 57 33	5 37 6 19	5 35 6 20	7 57	7 56		
9	252	Mon.	Battle of Flodden 1513.	5 17.0	11 57 13	5 37 6 17	5 36 6 18	8 28	8 25		
10	253	Tues.	Battle of Lake Erie, 1813.	4 54.2	11 56 52	5 38 6 15	5 37 6 17	9 1	8 57		
11	254	Wed.	Thomson born, 1700.	4 31.4	11 56 32	5 40 6 14	5 39 6 15	9 37	9 32		
12	255	Thur.	Battle at North Point, 1814.	4 8.5	11 56 11	5 40 6 12	5 40 6 13	10 16	10 11		
13	256	Friday	☽ First Qr. 4m. past 3, a.m.	3 45.5	11 55 50	5 41 6 10	5 41 6 11	10 59	10 54		
14	257	Satur.	Moscow burnt, 1812.	3 24.5	11 55 29	5 42 6 8	5 42 6 9	11 47	11 42		
15	258	Sun.	16th Sunday after Trinity.	2 59.4	11 55 8	5 44 6 6	5 43 6 7	Morn'g.	Morn'g.		
16	259	Mon.	New York taken, 1776.	2 36.2	11 54 47	5 46 6 4	5 44 6 5	0 38 a.m.	0 32 a.m.		
17	260	Tues.	Sortie from Fort Erie, 1814.	2 13.0	11 54 25	5 47 6 2	5 45 6 3	1 32	1 27		
18	261	Wed.	Quebec taken, 1759.	1 49.7	11 54 4	5 48 6 0	5 46 6 2	2 30	2 25		
19	262	Thur.	Lord Sydenham died, 1841.	1 26.5	11 53 43	5 49 5 59	5 47 6 1	3 29	3 25		
20	263	Friday	Demerara taken, 1803.	1 1.3	11 53 22	5 50 5 57	5 48 5 59	4 28	4 26		
21	264	Satur.	☽ Full Moon 23m past 7, a.m.	0 39.8	11 53 1	5 51 5 55	5 50 5 56	Rises.	Rises.		
22	265	Sun.	17th Sunday after Trinity.	0 16.4	11 52 40	5 53 5 53	5 52 5 53	7 6 p.m.	7 5 p.m.		
23	266	Mon.	Planet Neptune discov. 1846.	80 16.9	11 52 19	5 54 5 50	5 54 5 50	7 35	7 31		
24	267	Tues.	Cardan born, 1501.	0 30.4	11 51 58	5 55 5 49	5 56 5 48	8 6	8 3		
25	268	Wed.	F. Hemans born, 1794.	0 53.8	11 51 38	5 56 5 48	5 57 5 46	8 42	8 38		
26	269	Thur.	Philadelphia captured 1777.	1 17.2	11 51 17	5 56 5 46	5 58 5 44	9 21	9 26		
27	270	Friday	Nelson born, 1758.	1 40.6	11 50 57	5 58 5 44	5 59 5 43	10 9	10 4		
28	271	Satur.	☽ Last Qr. 30m past 4 p.m.	2 4.1	11 50 37	5 59 5 43	6 00 5 42	11 3	10 58		
29	272	Sun.	18th Sunday after Trinity.	2 27.4	11 50 18	6 00 5 41	6 15 5 40	Morn'g	11 59		
30	273	Mon.	20th Michaelmas.	2 50.7	11 49 58	6 1 5 39	6 25 5 38	0 4 a.m.	Morn'g.		

14.] OCTOBER HAS 31 DAYS AND BEGINS ON TUESDAY. [1850.

MOON'S PHASES.			THE PLANETS	1ST OF OCTOBER.			15TH OF OCTOBER.		
	d.	h. m.		Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
☉ New Moon....	4	21 39							
☾ First Quarter...	12	9 13	♁ Merc.	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "
☉ Full Moon....	20	9 54	♀ Venus.	2 46 a	5 26	22 6 S	2 48 a	16 23	25 46 S
☾ Last Quarter...	27	11 42	♂ Mars.	0 56 a	13 36	9 47 S	0 37 a	14 12	13 15 S
☾ Perigee.....	2	6	♃ Jupit'r.	11 38 m	12 18	0 46 S	0 54 m	12 29	1 57 S
☾ Apogee.....	14	1	♄ Saturn.	0 31 m	1 41	4 36 A	11 30 a	1 7	4 11 N
☾ Perigee....	28	23	♅ Uran's.	1 11 m	1 45	10 39 A	0 14 m	1 47	10 27 N

Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.

Date.	☉ Sun.	☾ Moon.
1	16 0.5	16 18.1
10	16 3.0	15 10.7
20	16 5.8	15 20.2
30	16 8.6	16 6.1

Pole Star on the Meridian 15th at 11h. 28m. 43s., P.M., U.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR OCTOBER.

	Toronto, C. W., from 1840 to 1848 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1841 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C. E., from 1843 to 1848 inclusive.
Mean Temperature.....	44.13	49.33	44.53
Mean Highest Temperature....	66.62	67.46	69.75
Mean Lowest Temperature ...	21.39	31.31	23.25
Mean Elasticity of Vapour....	0.241	0.327	
Mean Humidity of the Air.....	82	89	
Average Quantity of Rain.....	2.812 In.	3.197 In.	

Day of Mo.	Day of Yr.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's declin'n South.	App. Noon showing the Eq. of Time.	Sun.				Moon.	
						Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal.
						Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.
1	271	Tues.	Chusan captured 1841.	5 0	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	275	Wed.	Major Andre executed 1759.	3 14.1	11 49 39	6 25	3 6	4 5 36	1 11am	1 6am	
3	276	Thur.	Tillotson born 1720.	3 37.4	11 49 29	6 35	3 6	4 5 34	2 22	2 19	
4	277	Frid.	Belgian Indep. dec. 1830.	4 00.7	11 49 02	6 45	3 16	5 5 32	3 6	3 33	
5	278	Satur.	☉ New Moon 30m. past 9, a.m.	4 23.9	11 48 41	6 65	3 26	7 5 30	4 49	4 48	
6	279	Sun.	18th Sunday after Trinity.	4 47.0	11 48 26	6 75	2 9	8 5 28	Sets.	Sets.	
7	280	Mon.	Zimmerman died 1703.	5 10.1	11 48 9	6 85	2 6	10 5 26	6 23pm	6 21pm	
8	281	Tues.	Otho King of Greece 1832.	5 33.2	11 47 52	6 95	2 7	11 5 25	6 56	6 54	
9	282	Wed.	Battle of Savannah 1707.	5 56.2	11 47 35	6 115	2 5	12 5 24	7 32	7 28	
10	283	Thur.	B. West born 1738.	6 19.1	11 47 19	6 125	2 3	1 35 21	8 10	8 5	
11	284	Frid.	The Bahamas discov. 1492.	6 41.9	11 47 3	6 135	2 1	1 55 19	8 52	8 47	
12	285	Satur.	☽ First Qr. 13m. past 9, p.m.	7 4.6	11 46 48	6 155	1 9	1 65 18	9 38	9 33	
13	286	Sun.	20th Sunday after Trinity.	7 27.2	11 46 33	6 165	1 8	1 85 16	10 28	10 23	
14	287	Mon.	(43th) Gen. Brock killed 1812.	7 49.7	11 46 18	6 175	1 6	1 95 13	11 22	11 17	
15	288	Tues.	L. E. Landon died 1838.	8 12.1	11 46 4	6 185	1 4	1 105 12	Mont'g.	Morn'g.	
16	289	Wed.	Kosciusko died 1817.	8 31.4	11 45 52	6 195	1 3	1 21 5	0 18am	0 13am	
17	290	Thur.	Organ int. into Churches 660.	8 56.6	11 45 39	6 205	1 1	1 22 5	1 17	1 13	
18	291	Frid.	Battle of Leipsic 1813.	9 18.6	11 45 26	6 215	9 6	1 23 5	2 17	2 14	
19	292	Satur.	H. K. White died 1860.	9 40.5	11 45 15	6 235	7 6	1 25 5	3 18	3 15	
20	293	Sun.	☉ Full Moon 54m. past 9, p.m.	10 2.3	11 45 4	6 245	6 6	1 26 5	4 19	4 17	
21	294	Mon.	Nelson died 1805.	10 23.9	11 44 53	6 255	5 6	1 28 5	5 21	5 22	
22	295	Tues.	Cape Nicholas taken 1783.	10 45.3	11 44 43	6 275	5 3	1 30 5	Rises.	Rises.	
23	296	Wed.	Mas. of Irish Protestants 1611	11 6.6	11 44 35	6 285	2 6	1 31 5	6 40pm	6 36pm	
24	297	Thur.	Chaucer died 1400.	11 27.8	11 44 26	6 295	0 6	1 32 4	7 20	7 15	
25	298	Frid.	Bat. of Agincourt 1415.	11 48.7	11 44 18	6 305	0 1	1 33 4	8 5	7 59	
26	299	Satur.	Battle of Chateaugay 1813.	12 9.5	11 44 11	6 324	5 6	1 34 4	8 57	8 51	
27	300	Sun.	☽ Last Qr. 42m. past 11, p.m.	12 30.5	11 44 5	6 334	4 5	1 35 4	9 56	9 50	
28	301	Mon.	Alfred the Great died 900.	12 50.5	11 44 0	6 354	3 6	1 37 4	10 50	10 56	
29	302	Tues.	Battle of Fort Erie 1812.	13 10.7	11 43 55	6 364	1 5	1 39 4	Morn'g	Morn'g.	
30	303	Wed.	Dr. Cartwright died 1823.	13 30.7	11 43 51	6 374	4 5	1 40 4	0 11am	0 7am	
31	304	Thur.	Fall of Pampeluna 1813.	13 50.5	11 43 48	6 394	4 9	1 42 4	1 20	1 17	

SDAY. [1850.]

H OF OCTOBER.

Right Ascension.	Decl.
<i>h. m. o</i>	<i>o</i>
16 23 25 46 S	
14 12 13 15 N	
12 29 1 57 S	
1 7 4 11 N	
1 47 10 27 N	

Am. 43s., P.M., U.

1.53
9.75
3.25

Moon.	
Rises.	Sets.
11am	6am
2 22	2 19
3 6	3 33
4 49	4 48
6 23pm	6 21pm
6 56	6 54
7 32	7 28
8 10	8 5
8 52	8 47
9 8	9 33
10 28	10 23
11 22	11 17
Morn'g.	Morn'g.
0 18am	0 13am
1 17	1 13
2 17	2 14
3 18	3 15
4 19	4 17
5 21	5 22
Rises.	Rises.
6 40pm	6 36pm
7 20	7 15
8 5	7 59
8 57	8 51
9 56	9 50
11 1	10 56
Morn'g	Morn'g.
0 11am	0 7am
1 20	1 17
2 33	2 30

1850.] NOVEMBER HAS 30 DAYS AND BEGINS ON FRIDAY [16.

MOON'S PHASES.					1ST NOVEMBER.			15TH NOVEMBER.		
	<i>d. h. m.</i>				Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.
● New Moon.....	3 9 23									
☾ First Quarter....	11 5 58									
☾ Full Moon.....	18 23 18									
☾ Last Quarter....	25 19 15									
☾ Apogee.....	10 21 0									
☾ Perigee.....	22 22 0									

THE PLANETS				
	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	
♃ Merc.	Morning Star.			11 16m 11 54 15 56 S
♀ Venus	2 43 a 17 25 27 51 S			Evening Star.
♁ Mars	0 16 a 14 59 17 3 S			0 1 a 15 39 19 44 S
♃ Jupiter	10 0m 12 42 3 20 S			9 15m 12 53 4 23 S
♃ Saturn	0 19 a 1 3 3 43 N			9 20 a 0 59 3 25 N
♃ Uran's	11 0 a 1 44 10 12 N			10 3 a 1 42 10 1 N

Semidiameter at Greenwich, Noon.			
Date	Of Sun.	Of Moon.	
1	16 8.8	16 2.1	
10	16 11.0	14 47.6	
20	16 13.1	16 1.4	
30	16 14 8	15 41.4	

Pole Star on the Meridian, 15d. at 8h 26m. 48s. P.M. U

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR NOVEMBER.

	Toronto, C.W., from 1840 to 1848 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, 1811 to 1847 inclusive.	Montreal, C.E., 1843 to 1848 in- clusive.
Mean Temperature.....	35.50	44.57	32.36
Mean Highest Temperature...	56.26	59 59	59.25
Mean Lowest Temperature...	12 21	26.50	7.75
Mean Elasticity of Vapour....	0.182	0.284	
Mean Humidity of the Air....	84	91	
Average Quantity of Rain....	3.229 In.	2.493 In.	

Day of Mo.	Day of Yr.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's declin'n South.	App. Noon showing the Eq. of time.	Sun.				Moon.	
						Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal.
						Rise.	Set.	Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Set.
1	305	Frid.	All Saints.	14 29.4	11 43 41 6 41	1 47 6	45 1 43 3	43am		3 42	
2	306	Satur.	Resurrection in L. C., 1838.	14 48.5	11 43 43 6 43	1 47 6	46 1 42 1	5 1		4 52	
3	307	Sun.	☾ New Moon 23m past 9 P.M.	15 7.4	11 43 43 6 44	1 47 6	46 1 40 1	6 26pm		5 22pm	
4	308	Mon.	Bryan died, 1801.	15 26 0	11 43 41 6 4	1 4 6	49 1 39 5	6 42		6 37	
5	3 9	Tues.	Gunpowder Plot, 1605.	15 41.4	11 43 46 6 47	1 4 6	51 1 37 6	4		5 59	
6	310	Wed.	Riots at Montreal, 1837.	16 2.5	11 43 48 6 48	1 4 6	52 1 36 6	42		6 37	
7	311	Thur.	Battle of Tippecanoe.	16 20.3	11 43 52 6 49	1 3 6	54 1 31 7	29		7 23	
8	312	Friday	Milton died, 1674.	16 37.9	11 43 56 6 50	1 3 6	55 1 33 8	18		8 12	
9	313	Satur	Prince of Wales born, 1811.	16 55.2	11 44 81 6 51	1 3 6	56 1 32 9	11		9 5	
10	314	Sun.	21th Sunday after Trinity.	17 12.2	11 44 7 6 53	1 3 6	58 1 30 10	7		10 2	
11	315	Mon.	1st Qr. 5-m past 5 P.M.	17 2.9	11 44 14 6 54	1 3 6	59 1 29 11	4		11 0	
12	316	Tues.	Montreal taken 1775.	17 45.5	11 44 21 6 55	1 3 6	0 1 28	Morn'g		Morn'g.	
13	317	Wed	Sympath'rs at Prescott, 1838.	18 1.3	11 44 30 6 56	1 3 6	1 1 27 0	3am		0 1 am	
14	318	Thur.	Herschell born, 1738.	18 17.1	11 44 39 6 58	1 3 6	1 1 26 1	0		0 58	
15	319	Friday	Battle of Arcole, 1796.	18 32.6	11 44 49 7 00	1 3 6	1 1 25 2	3		2 2	
16	320	Satur.	Jas. Ferguson died, 1776.	18 47.7	11 45 00 7 1	1 2 6	1 1 24 3	5		3 4	
17	321	Sun.	25th Sunday after Trinity.	19 2.5	11 45 11 7 2	1 2 6	1 1 23 4	8		4 9	
18	322	Mon.	Michaelmas Term begins.	19 16.9	11 45 21 7 3	1 2 6	1 1 22 5	13		5 15	
19	323	Tues.	☾ Full Moon 18m past 11 A.M.	19 31 0	11 45 37 7 5	1 2 6	1 1 21 10	21	Rises.	Rises.	
20	324	Wed.	Wolsey died, 1530.	19 41.7	11 45 51 7 6	1 2 6	1 1 20 12	6 pm		5 55pm	
21	325	Thur.	Princess Royal born, 1810.	19 58.1	11 46 6 7 7	1 2 6	1 1 19 6	19		6 46	
22	326	Friday	D. Stewart born, 1753.	20 11.1	11 46 22 7 8	1 2 6	1 1 18 14	18		7 47	
23	327	Satur.	Lieut. Wier murdered, 1837.	20 23.8	11 46 38 7 10	1 2 6	1 1 17 18	8		8 47	
24	328	Sun.	26th Sunday after Trinity.	20 36 0	11 46 56 7 11	1 2 6	1 1 17 17	10 00		9 55	
25	329	Mon.	British evac. N.Y., 1783.	20 7.9	11 47 14 7 12	1 2 6	1 1 16 11	9		11 4	
26	330	Tues.	☾ Last Qr. 15m past 7 A.M.	20 59.4	11 47 33 7 14	1 2 6	1 1 15 16	Morn'g		Morn'g.	
27	331	Wed.	Princess Mary Adelaide, 1835	21 10.5	11 47 52 7 15	1 2 6	1 1 15 0	21am		0 18am	
28	332	Thur.	Battle of Bexar 1835.	21 21.2	11 48 13 7 16	1 2 6	1 1 14 1	3 30		1 29	
29	333	Friday	130th St. Andrew.	21 31.5	11 48 34 7 18	1 2 6	1 1 14 2	37		2 37	
30	334	Satur.	Michaelmas Term ends.	21 41.4	11 48 56 7 19	1 2 6	1 1 14 3	45		3 46	

**16] DECEMBER HAS 31 DAYS AND BEGINS ON SUNDAY. (1850.)**

MOON'S PHASES.			1ST DECEMBER.			15TH DECEMBER.				
● New Moon ...	d. h. m.	2 23 59	THE PLANETS.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	Meridian	Right Ascension.	Decl.	
☾ First Quarter ..		11 3 20								
☾ Full Moon ...		18 11 46	♁ Merc.	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "	h. m.	h. m.	° ' "	
☾ Last Quarter ...		25 4 7	♀ Venus.	11 56 m	16 37 23	9 S	Evening Star.	11 59 m	17 38 22	22 S
☾ Apogee .....		8 18	♂ Mars.	11 47 m	16 27 22	8 S		11 35 m	17 11 23	30 S
☾ Perigee .....		20 13	♃ Jupiter.	8 23 m	13 3 5	28 S		7 36 m	13 11 6	16 S
			♄ Saturn.	8 14 a	0 57 3	13 N		7 19 a	0 56 3	11 N
			♅ Uranus.	8 58 a	1 40 9	50 N		8 2 a	1 39 9	44 N

Semidiameter at Greenwich Noon.		
Date.	Of Sun.	Of Moon.
1	16 14.9	15 33.7
10	16 16.1	14 45.9
20	16 16.9	16 27.7
31	16 17.3	15 6 3

Pole Star on the meridian 15th, at 7h. 28m. 33s. P. M., U.

**METEOROLOGICAL TABLE FOR DECEMBER.**

	Toronto, C. W., from 1840 to 1848 inclusive.	Greenwich, England, from 1811 to 1847 in- clusive.	Montreal, C. E., 1845 to 1848 in- clusive.
Mean Temperature .....	27.62	39.97	18.58
Mean Highest Temperature...	45.71	54.43	42.00
Mean Lowest Temperature...	0.18	24.94	-10.75
Mean Elasticity of Vapour ...	0.134	0 210	
Mean Humidity of the Air ....	83	90	
Average Quantity of Rain.....	1.709 In.	0.949 In.	

Day of Mo.	Day of Yr.	Day of the Week.	Remarkable Days.	Sun's Declin'n South.	App. noon showing the Eq. of time.	Sun.				Moon.	
						Toronto.		Montreal.		Toronto.	Montreal.
						Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Rises.
1	335	Sun.	Advent.	0	h. m. s	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	336	Mond.	Napoleon crowned, 1801.	21 50.9	11 49 18	7 19	4 19	7 26	4 12	4 53 am	4 55 am
3	337	Tues.	☉ New Moon 5th. past 11	21 59.9	11 49 41	7 21	4 18	7 27	4 12	5 59	5 59
4	338	Wed.	Richelieu died, 1612. [A.M.]	22 8.6	11 50 5	7 22	4 18	7 28	4 12	Sets.	Sets.
5	339	Thur.	Marshal Ney shot, 1815.	22 16.8	11 50 30	7 23	4 18	7 29	4 12	5 21 pm	5 15 pm
6	340	Frid.	V. Knox died, 1821.	22 24.5	11 50 55	7 24	4 18	7 30	4 12	6 9	6 3
7	341	Satur.	Rebels defeated at Toronto.	23 31.9	11 51 20	7 25	4 18	7 31	4 11	7 1	6 55
8	342	Sun.	Conception. [1837]	23 38.8	11 51 46	7 26	4 18	7 33	4 11	7 55	7 50
9	343	Mond.	Milton born, 1008.	22 45.2	11 52 2	7 26	4 18	7 34	4 11	8 52	8 47
10	344	Tues.	Wilna taken by Russia, 1812	22 51.2	11 52 39	7 28	4 18	7 35	4 11	9 50	9 46
11	345	Wed.	☽ First Quarter 20th. past 3	22 56.8	11 53 7	7 29	4 18	7 35	4 11	10 49	10 46
12	346	Thur.	Dr. Darwin born, 1782. [v.m.]	23 1.9	11 53 34	7 30	4 18	7 36	4 11	11 48	11 46
13	347	Frid.	Dr. Johnson died, 1784.	23 6.5	11 54 2	7 30	4 18	7 37	4 11	Morn'g.	Morn'g.
14	348	Satur.	Washington died, 1799.	23 10.7	11 54 31	7 31	4 19	7 38	4 11	0 48 am	0 47 am
15	349	Sun.	2nd Sunday in Advent.	23 13.7	11 54 59	7 32	4 19	7 39	4 11	1 50	1 51
16	350	Mond.	G. Whitfield born, 1714.	23 17.6	11 55 28	7 32	4 19	7 39	4 11	2 52	2 54
17	351	Tues.	Bolivar died, 1830.	23 20.5	11 55 57	7 33	4 19	7 40	4 12	3 58	4 1
18	352	Wed.	☉ Full Moon 4th. past 11	23 22.4	11 56 27	7 33	4 19	7 40	4 12	5 5	5 10
19	353	Thur.	Battle of Niagara, 1813. [v.m.]	23 24.6	11 56 56	7 34	4 19	7 41	4 12	Rises.	Rises.
20	354	Frid.	Gray born, 1716.	23 26.0	11 57 26	7 35	4 19	7 42	4 12	5 31 pm	5 25 pm
21	355	Satur.	Battle of Ferropote, 1845.	23 26.9	11 57 56	7 36	4 20	7 43	4 13	6 35	6 30
22	356	Sun.	3rd Sunday in Advent.	23 27.3	11 58 25	7 36	4 20	7 43	4 13	7 47	7 42
23	357	Mond.	Newton born, 1642.	23 27.3	11 58 55	7 37	4 21	7 44	4 14	8 59	8 55
24	358	Tues.	Treaty of Ghent, 1814.	23 26.8	11 59 25	7 37	4 21	7 44	4 14	10 12	10 9
25	359	Wed.	☾ Last Quarter 7th. past 4	23 25.8	11 59 55	7 38	4 22	7 45	4 15	11 21	11 19
26	360	Thur	(25th) Christmas. [v.m.]	23 24.4	12 00 25	7 38	4 22	7 45	4 15	Morn'g.	Morn'g.
27	361	Frid.	Belgian indep. act. 1830.	23 22.4	12 00 55	7 39	4 23	7 46	4 16	0 31 am	0 30 am
28	362	Satur.	Buffalo burnt, 1813.	23 19.0	12 1 25	7 39	4 24	7 46	4 17	1 37	1 38
29	363	Sun.	1st Sunday after Christmas.	23 17.2	12 1 54	7 39	4 25	7 46	4 18	2 43	2 46
30	364	Mond.	Marmontel died, 1786.	23 13.9	12 2 24	7 39	4 26	7 46	4 19	3 48	3 51
31	365	Tues.	Wickliffe died, 1387.	23 10.1	12 2 53	7 39	4 27	7 46	4 20	4 52	4 56
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12 Rises.	Rises.	
12 5 31 pm	5 25 pm	
13 6 35	6 30	
13 7 47	7 42	
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The Royal Family, &c.

QUEEN VICTORIA (Alexandrina), b. May 24, 1819, succeeded to the throne June 20th, 1837; married Feb. 10th, 1840, to Francis Albert, Duke of Saxe, Prince of Cobourg and Gotha, b. Aug. 26, 1819. Issue Princess Victoria Adelaide Maria Louisa, b. Nov. 24th 1840; Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, h. Nov. 9th 1841; Princess Alice Maria Mary, b. April 25th, 1843; and Alfred Ernest Albert, Duke of Kent, b. Aug. 6th, 1844; Princess Helena Augusta Victoria, b. May 26th, 1846; Princess Louisa Carolina Alberta, b. March 18th, 1848. ADELTAINE, Queen Dowager, b. Aug. 13th, 1792; married July 11th, 1818, to his late Majesty, King William IV.

VICTORIA MARIA LOUISA, Duchess of Kent, b. Aug. 17th, 1786; married May 20th, 1818, to the late Edward Duke of Kent. Issue her present Majesty.

HER MAJESTY'S MINISTERS.  
1. Ernest Augustus, Duke of Cumberland, King of Hanover, b. 5th June, 1771. Issue, 2, Prince George, b. 27th May, 1819.  
3. Adolphus Frederick, Duke of Cambridge, b. 24th Feb. 1774. Issue, 4, Prince George, b. 20th March, 1819. 5, Princess Auguste, b. 10th July, 1822. 6, Princess Mary, b. Nov. 27, 1823.

7, Princess Mary, Duchess Dowager of Gloucester, b. 25th April, 1776, sister to the late King.

HER MAJESTY'S MINISTERS.  
First Lord of the Treasury—Lord John Russell.  
Chancellor of Exchequer—Sir C. Wood, Bt.  
Lord Chancellor—Lord Cottenham.  
Lord President of Privy Council—Marquis of Lansdowne.  
Lord Privy Seal—Earl of Minto.

Home Secretary—Sir George Grey, Bt.  
Foreign Secretary—Viscount Palmerston.  
Colonial Secretary—Earl Grey.  
First Lord of the Admiralty—Sir F. Baring.  
President of the Board of Control—Sir J. C. Hobhouse.  
Paymaster-General and Vice-President of Board of Trade—Earl Grenville.  
Cinccentor of Duchy of Lancaster—Lord Campbell.  
First Commissioner of Land Revenue—Earl of Curliole.  
President of Board of Trade—Henry Labouchere.  
Postmaster-General—Marquis of Clanricarde.

The above compose the Cabinet.

Commander-in-Chief—Duke of Wellington.  
Secretary at War—Hon. Fox Maule.  
Lord Chamberlain—Marquis of Breadalbane.  
Lord Steward—Earl Fortescue.  
Master of the Horse—Duke of Norfolk.  
Master of the Buckhounds—Earl of Heshborough.  
Master of the Mint—R. Lorlor Sheil.  
Master-General of the Ordnance—Marquis of Anglesea.  
Lord Lieutenant of Ireland—Earl of Clarendon.  
Chief Secretary for Ireland—Sir W. Somerville.  
Attorney General of England—Sir John Jervis.  
Solicitor General of England—Sir John Romilly.  
Lord Advocate of Scotland—A. Ruherford.  
Solicitor General of Scotland—Thomas Maitland.  
Attorney General of Ireland—J. H. Mounihan.  
Solicitor General of Ireland—John Hatchel.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Under Secretaries—Benjamin Hawes, H. Merivale.  
Chief Clerk—Peter Smith.  
Librarian and Keeper of Records—George Mayer.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Right Honorable James, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Baron Elgin, K. T., Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. &c. &c.

Major T. F. Campbell, Governor's Secretary; Lieut. Colonel the Hon. R. Bruce, Military Secretary; Lieut. Colonel Edmund W. B. Antrobus, Provincial Aide-de-Camp; Lieut. Colonel Alphonse De Salaberry, Extra do.

The usual lists of Executive, Judicial and other officers, are given in a Supplement at the end of the Almanac. The lists were not received in time for insertion here.

Tariffs of Customs.

Subjoined is the Tariff of the Province of Canada, Alphabetically arranged. The Tariffs of the other Provinces of British North America, are given in subsequent parts of the work, under the separate heads of the respective Provinces. They will be found useful for comparison; and as regards the Tariffs of Great Britain and the United States, reference may be made to Scobie & Balfour's Canadian Almanac, for 1849. Since then the Sugar Duties have been altered by the Imperial Parliament, to the following, viz:—Brown or White Candy, Refined Sugar, or Sugar equal thereto, per cwt.—Foreign, 20s. 8d., Colonial, 17s. 4d.; White Clayed, or equal thereto, not being refined, per cwt.—Foreign, 21s. 7d., Colonial, 15s. 2d.; Brown Clayed, ditto, per cwt.—Foreign, 20s., Colonial, 13s.; Muscovado, per cwt.—Foreign, 18s. 6d., Colonial, 13s.; Molasses, per cwt.—Foreign, 6s. 11d., Colonial, 4s. 10d. The rates on Colonial Sugar are to be reduced annually, on 5th July, until 5th July, 1851, when they become, for Candy or Refined Sugar, 13s. 4d., White Clayed 11s. 6d., Muscovado, or any other, not equal in quality to White Clayed, 10s., and for Molasses, 3s. 9d. per cwt. The rates on Foreign Sugar are also to be reduced annually, on 5th July, until 5th July, 1854, when they become in all respects the same as those on Colonial Sugar.

Canada Tariff.

Duties payable in Currency, at £1 4s. 4d. to the Pound Sterling; \$4 to the Pound Currency, and \$4.84 to the Pound Sterling.

	Specific.	Ad val.	Specific.	Ad val.
Agricultural Societies, Seeds, Farming Utensils and Implements of Husbandry, imported by, for the encouragement of Agriculture,.....	Free.....	Free.	Antiquities, collections of.....	Free.....
Alabaster Busts and Casts,.....	Free.....	Free.	Apparatus, philosophical.....	Free.....
All Goods, Wares and Merchandise, not otherwise charged with duty, and not declared to be exempt from duty,.....	.....	12½ per ct.	Arms, for Army or Navy, or Indian Nations,.....	Free.....
American, British North Provinces, Free Trade with—(see end of list).....	.....	.....	Army, Arms, Clothing, Cattle, Provisions and Stores for.....	Free.....
Anatomical preparations,.....	Free.....	Free.	Arts, Models of Inventions and Improvements in the.....	Free.....
Anchor,.....	.....	2½ per ct.	Asbes, Pot and Pearl.....	Free.....
Animals, all kinds,.....	.....	30 per ct.	Bar Iron, not hammered,.....	.....
" specially imported for the improvement of Stock,.....	Free.....	Free.	Bars, Rail Road,.....	.....
			Bark, used solely in dyeing,.....	.....
			Barley.....	.....
			" Meal.....	.....
			Base or Counterfeit Coin.....	Prohibited
			Bestard Sugar, and others not refined.....	.....
			Beans.....	.....
			" Meal.....	.....

	Specific.	Ad valo'm		Specific.	Ad valo'm
Bear and Higg.		20 per ct.	Engravings.	Free.	Free.
" Meal.		20 per ct.	Etchings.	Free.	Free.
Berries, used solely in dyeing.		24 per ct.	Farming utensils and imple-		
Black Marble, unpolished.		24 per ct.	ments of Husbandry, and		
Boiler Plate.		24 per ct.	Seeds of all kinds, specially	Free.	Free.
Books, printed, (not foreign re-	Free.	Free.	imported by any Society, for		
prints of Brit. Copyright works)			the encouragement of Agricul-		
Books, of immoral or indecent	Prohibited	Prohibited	Flax, undressed.		24 per ct.
character.			Flour.		30 per ct.
Botany, specimens of.	Free.	Free.	Free Trade with the United		
Bottled Wine.	4s. 6 gall.	25 per ct.	Kingdom, and the British N <sup>o</sup>		
Bran in Shorts.		20 per ct.	American Provinces, — (see		
Brandy, Hyd. Pro.	2s. 6 gall.	35 per ct.	end of list.)		
Bristles.		24 per ct.	Fruits.		30 per ct.
British North American Pro-			" Preserved in Sugar, Can-		
vinces, Free Trade with—			dy, or Molasses.		30 per ct.
(see end of list.)			Gems or Medals.	Free.	Free.
Bronze Busts and Casts.	Free.	Free.	Geneva, Hyd. Pro.	2s. 6 gall.	25 per ct.
Broom Corn.		24 per ct.	Goods, unenumerated.		124 per ct.
Buckwheat.		20 per ct.	Grease and Scrap.		24 per ct.
" Meal.	Free.	30 per ct.	Green Coffee.	1s 2d 6 cw	124 per ct.
Bulbs.	Free.	Free.	Hams.		20 per ct.
Bullion.	Free.	Free.	Hemp, undressed.		24 per ct.
Burr Stones, unwrought.		24 per ct.	Hides.		24 per ct.
Busts of Marble, Bronze, Al-	Free.	Free.	History, Natural, Specimens of.	Free.	24 per ct.
baster, or Plaster of Paris.			Hoop Iron, not over 2 in. broad.		24 per ct.
Butter.		30 per ct.	Hops.		30 per ct.
Cabinets of Coins, &c.	Free.	Free.	Horses of Travellers, except	Free.	Free.
Cables, Chain 3/4 in. diam. and		24 per ct.	those of Hawkers or Circuses		
15 fath. long.			Imbandry, Seeds, utensils and		
Carriages of Travellers, except	1s. 6 cw.	124 per ct.	implements of, specially im-	Free.	Free.
of Hawkers or Circuses.			ported by any Society for the		
Carpenter's Tools, wood for.		24 per ct.	encouragement of agriculture		
Casks, water in use, in ships.		24 per ct.	Immoral or indecent Books and	Prohibited	Prohibited
Casks of Marble, Bronze, Al-	Free.	Free.	Drawings.		
baster, or Plaster of Paris.			Immigrants, for actual settle-		
Cattle, for Army or Navy, or	Free.	Free.	ment in the Province, their		
Indian Nations.			property, viz. wearing appa-	Free.	Free.
Chain Cables, 3/4 in. diam. and		24 per ct.	rel in actual use, and other		
15 fath. long.			personal effects, (not mer-		
Charcoal, made or refined.		24 per ct.	chandize) horses and cattle,		
Charitable Societies, donations	Free.	Free.	implements and tools of trade		
of clothing for gratuitous dis-			of handicraftsmen.		
tribution by.			Implements of husbandry, im-	Free.	Free.
Cheese.		30 per ct.	ported by any Society, for the		
Cigars.	1s. 6d. 6 lb.	124 per ct.	encouragement of agriculture		
Clay, pipe.		24 per ct.	Improvement of Stock, ani-	Free.	Free.
Clothing, for Army or Navy, or	Free.	Free.	mals, specially imported for		
for Indian Nations.			the.		
" donations of, for gra-	Free.	Free.	Indian Corn.	Free.	Free.
tuitous distribution.			Indian Nations, Arms, Cloth-		
Coal.		24 per ct.	ing, Cattle, Provisions and	Free.	Free.
Cocconut Oil.		24 per ct.	Stores, imported for.		
Coffee, Raw or Green.	1s 2d 6 cw	124 per ct.	Indigo, imported for.		24 per ct.
" other kinds.	1s. 6 cw	124 per ct.	Instruments, Philosophical.	Free.	Free.
Coin, base or counterfeit.	Prohibited	Prohibited	Inventious and improvements	Free.	Free.
" Cabinets of, &c.	Free.	Free.	in the arts, models of.		
" and Bullion.			Iron, Bar and Rod, not ham-		
Coke.		24 per ct.	merced.		24 per ct.
Collections of Antiquities.	Free.	Free.	" Hoop, not over 2 inch.		
Copy right works, (foreign re-	Prohibited	Prohibited	broad.		24 per ct.
prints of British.			" Sheet, not thinner than		
Commissariat Stores.	Free.	Free.	No. 16 wire gauge.		24 per ct.
Contractors, —Stores for Army,	Free.	Free.	" Spike Rods, Pig, Scrap,		
Navy, or Indians.			and Old Iron.		24 per ct.
Cordials and Liqueurs.	3s. 6 gall.	25 per ct.	Joiner's Tools, wood for.		24 per ct.
Corn, Broom.		24 per ct.	Junk or Oakum.		24 per ct.
" Indian.	Free.	Free.	Lard.		24 per ct.
Cotton Wool.	Free.	Free.	Lead, pig and Sheet.		24 per ct.
Crushed Sugar.	1s. 6 cw	124 per ct.	Liqueurs and Cordials.	3s. 6 gall.	25 per ct.
Donations of Clothing, for gra-	Free.	Free.	Lithographs.	Free.	Free.
tuitous distribution, by Char-			Loaf Sugar.	1s. 6 cw.	124 per ct.
itable Societies.			Logs, Saw.		24 per ct.
Drawings.	Free.	Free.	Macaroni.		30 per ct.
" of Immoral or inde-	Prohibited	Prohibited	Machinery, Models of.	Free.	Free.
character.			Made or Refined Charcoal.		24 per ct.
Drugs, used solely in dyeing.		24 per ct.	Manufactured Tobacco.	1d. 6 lb.	124 per ct.
Dyeing Materials, viz: Bark			Manures, all kinds.	Free.	Free.
Berries, Drugs, Nuts, Veget-		24 per ct.	Maps.	Free.	Free.
ables and Woods.			Marble, in blocks, unpolished.		24 per ct.
Dying abroad, —Inhabitants of	Free.	Free.	" Busts and Casts.	Free.	Free.
the Province, subjects of Her			Meal, of Barley, Buckwheat,		
Majesty, their personal house-			Bear and Higg, Oats, Rye,		
hold effects, not merchandise			Benns and Pens, & of Wheat		30 per ct.
			not bolted.		

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Wine, in wood, value over £15	100d	25 per ct.	Wood for Carpenters' and Join-	24	per ct.
the pipe . . . . .			ers' Tools . . . . .	24	per ct.
" in bottles or other vessels	4s.	25 per ct.	Woods used solely in dyeing . . .	24	per ct.
not made of wood . . . . .			Wool . . . . .	Free	Free.
			" Cotton . . . . .	Free	Free.

*Note.*—The following articles when imported directly into Canada from the United Kingdom, or from any British North American Province, and being the growth, produce, or manufacture of the said United Kingdom, or of such Province respectively, shall be free from duty, except that as regards any British North American Province, the articles mentioned shall respectively be exempt from duty, so long only as similar articles, being the growth, produce or manufacture of the Province of Canada, and exported from it directly to such other Province, shall be there admitted free from duty, otherwise they shall be subject to the same duty as if imported from any other country. In New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, the above conditions have been coupled with, and the reciprocal arrangement is therefore in force. The following are the articles, viz.—

Animals, beef, pork, biscuit, bread, butter, cocoa paste, corn or grain of all kinds; flour; fish, fresh or salted, dried or pickled; fish oil; furs or skins the produce of fish or creatures living in the sea; gypsum, horris, meat, poultry, plants, shrubs and trees, potatoes and vegetables of all kinds, seeds of all kinds, skins, pelts, furs or tails undressed; wool, viz., boards, planks, staves, timber and firewood.

**CLERGY.**

**United Church of England and Ireland.**

**DIOCESE OF QUEBEC.**

DISTRICT OF QUEBEC.

*Lord Bishop of Montreal and Archdeacon of Quebec*—Right Rev. G. J. Mountain, D.D. *Bishop's Official and Evangelical Chaplain*—Rev. G. Mackie, D.D. *Pri. Sec.*—Rev. A. W. Mountain, A.B.

*Quebec*—Bishop of Montreal, Rector; G. Cowell, A. M. Chaplain to the Forces; E. W. Sewell, Holy Trinity; G. Mackie, D. D. Cathedral District; R. G. Pless, St. Peter's; J. B. F. Simpson, St. Paul's; A. W. Mountain, Curate; J. Torrance, Point Levy.

*Valcartier, Lake Beauport, Stoneham*—E. C. Parkin. *St. Sylvester and St. Giles*—W. King. *Lords*—A. T. Whitten.

*Upper Ireland, Lacerness, and part of Halifax*—S. H. Simpson.

*Rivière du Loup*—E. G. W. Ross. *East Franpton*—J. McKeown.

*West Franpton*—J. Van Linge, B.D. *Portneuf*—R. Lewis.

*Travelling Missionary*—T. S. Chapman.

DISTRICT OF THREE RIVERS.

*Three Rivers*—S. S. Wood, M. A. Rector.

*Rivière du Loup and Lake Maskinonge*—A. T. Guerout.

*Nicolet*—H. Burgess.

*Drammondville*—G. M. Ross, Rector.

DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.

*Montreal*—J. Bethune, D. D. Rector; W. A. Adamson, A.B.; W. T. Leach, D. C. L. St. George's; W. B. Bond, Assistant Minister St. George's; A. D. Campbell, Trinity Chapel; John Irwin, St. Thomas; J. Kilgool, St. Anne's; D. Robertson, Chaplain to the Garrison; Edward Rogers, Chaplain to the Military Prison, St. Helens. *Rawdon, Kildare and Ramsay*—C. Rollit.

*Manoche and New Glasgow*—J. Flanagan.

*Upper and Lower Lachine*—J. Cornwall.

*St. Martin's and Isle Jesus*—T. A. Young.

*St. Andrews*—Wm. Abbott.

*Gore*—Win. McMaster.

*Greenville on the Ottawa*—C. Forest. *Hall, Aymer and Eardley*—J. Johnston.

*Clarendon*—F. S. Neve.

*Faudrevil*—J. Pyke. *Coteau du Lac*—J. S. Mountain. *Huntingdon*—W. Morris. *Ormslow and Chateauguy*—W. Bredlow, A. B. *Laprairie, Longueuil, &c.*—R. Lonsdell. *Chambly*—J. Braithwaite, Rector; J. P. White, Assistant. *Laclulle*—C. Morice. *Sherrington*—H. Hazard. *St. Romé*—E. G. Sutton. *Christie Manor*—M. Townsend, Rector.

*St. Armand West*—R. Whitwell. *St. Armand East*—J. Reid. *Stanbridge*—J. Jones.

*Farnham*—Wm. Jones. *Danham*—J. Scott, M. A. Rector. *Coldbrook Brome and Sutton*—Vacant.

*Shore*—A. Balfour. *Granby*—G. Slack.

*Abbotsford*—T. Johnson; Assistant and Missionary at Rougemont, F. Robinson.

*Sorel*—W. Anderson, Rector. *St. John*—C. Bancroft, M. A., Rector.

*J. Acadie*—W. Merrick, A. B. *Cristeville*—C. L. F. Haensel. *Sabrevois*—D. Gavin.

*Russelltown*—J. Fulton.

DISTRICT OF ST. FRANCIS.

*Kingsly*—Vacant. *Shipton*—D. Falloon.

*Lennoxville*—L. Doolittle and J. Nicol.

*Seerbruke*—J. Hellmuth; T. Machin, Officiating Minister.

*Eaton*—J. Taylor and J. Dalziel. *Robinson*—J. Kemp.

*Compton*—C. P. Reid. *Haley*—C. Jackson; Assistant Minister, H. Burrage.

DISTRICT OF GASPE.

*Gaspé Bay*—W. Arnold. *Cape Cove, Percé and Mal Bay*—R. Short.

*New Carlisle, Bay Chateaux, Paspéhar, Hope Town, and Port Daniel*—G. Milne, M. A.

DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

*Lord Bishop of Toronto*—The Hon. and Right Rev. John Strachan, D. D., L.L.D. *Archdeacon of Kingston*—Venerable George O'Kill. *Stuart*, L.L.D. *Archdeacon of York*—Venerable A. N. Bethune, D.D. *Examining and Domestic Chaplain and Secretary to the Lord Bishop*—The Rev. H. J. Grasett, M. A.

**ROME DISTRICT.**

*City of Toronto*—H. J. Grasett, M. A. Rector and Officiating Chaplain to the Forces; R. Mitchell, A. B. Assistant Minister of St. James's; J. G. Mackenzie, Minister of St. Paul's Church; W. Honeywood Ripley, B. A. Minister of Trinity Church; Stephen Lett, L.L.B., Minister of St. George's Church; Henry Scadding, M. A., Minister of Church of the Holy Trinity, and Chaplain to the Lord Bishop; W. Stennett, M. A. Assistant Minister of the Church of the Holy Trinity; John McCaul, L.L.D., Vice President of King's College; J. Beaven, D.D., Professor of Divinity. King's College; George Maynard, Mathematical Master, Upper Canada College. V. P. Meyerhofer, M. A., Superintended.

*Etobicoke*—H. C. Cooper, B. A., Rector.

*Toronto Township*—J. Magrath, M. A., Rector.

*York Mills*—Alex. Sanson, Rector. *Streetsville*—Robert J. Macgregor.

*Thornton*—D. E. Blake, A. B. Rector. *Markham and Vaughan*—G. S. J. Hill, Rector.

*Newmarket*—S. F. Ramsey, M. A. *Georgina*—J. Gibson.

*Brook*—R. Garrett. *Wailby*—John Pentland, B. A.

*Scarboro'*—Win. Stewart Darling. *Loydstown*—Henry Bath Oster.

*Chingwacousy*—A. Dixon, B. A. Rector.

**SIMCOE DISTRICT.**

*Barrie and Shanty Bay*—S. B. Archibald, A. M. Rector.

*Teumessah and West Gwillimbury*—F. L. Oster, M. A.; Arthur Hill, B. A., Assistant.

*Orillia*—Geo. Bourne. *Penetanguishene*—G. Hallen, B. A. Travelling Missionary—J. Fletcher, A. B.

**GORE DISTRICT.**

*Hamilton*—J. G. Geddes, Rector; T. W. Marsh, B. A. Assiet. Minister. *Saltfleet and Birkbrock*—J. I. Alexander.

*Ancaster and Dundas*—W. McMurray, A. M. Rector; H. B. Jessop, B. A., Assistant.

*Brantford*—J. C. Usher, Rector. *Wellington Squares*—F. Greene, A. B., Rector.

*Galt*—M. Boomer, A. B. *Laris*—Charles Ruttan.

*Oakville*—Alexander Pyne, A. B.



Quebec, St. Andrew's—J. Cook, D.D.  
 Georgetown—James C. Muir.  
 Lachine—William Simpson.  
 Valcartier—David Shukis.  
 Lemmingford—John Martin.  
 Montreal F. Church—E. Lapelletrie.  
 Lagrerie—John Davidson.  
 Three Rivers—James Thom.  
 Huntingdon—A. Wallace, A.B., P.C.  
 Montreal, St. Paul's—R. McGill.  
 Vacant Charges—Montreal, St. Gabriel Street, Beech Ridge, Frampton, Metis, Melbourne, Beauharis, New Carlisle and New Richmond—Gaspé.  
 Robert McFarlane, Ordained Missionary.  
 James T. Paul Missionary.

**PRESBYTERY OF GLENGARY.**  
 Meets on the third Wednesday of January, May and September.  
 Williamstown—J. McKenzie, A. M.  
 Cornwell—Hugh Urquhart, A. M.  
 Osnabrock—Isaac Purkis.  
 Williamsburgh—John Dickey.  
 Martintown—John McLaurin.  
 Lancaster—P. McPherson, A.M.P.C.  
 Dalhousie Mills and Cote St. George—Aneas McLean.  
 Vacant Charges—Lochiel, L. Original, Finch, Coteau du Lac, Indian Lands.  
 Donald Munro, Missionary.

**Presbyterian Church of Canada.**

The Synod meets at Toronto, on the 5th June, 1-50.  
 Rev. Michael Willis, D. D., Moderator.  
 Rev. Prof. Rintoul, Knox's College, Clerk to Synod.

**PRESBYTERY OF TORONTO.**  
 Toronto—Knox's Church, Robert Burns D. D.  
 Caledon and Erin—Duncan McMillan.  
 Narral & Esquesing—P. Gray, P. C.  
 Markham—James Boyd.  
 York Mills and Scarboro—Thomas Wightman.

**Chinguacousy—A. T. Holmes.**  
 Vacant Charges—Streetsville, Vaughan and King, West Gwillimbury, Thorah and Eldon, Oro, Melonie, &c., Notawassa, Mono and Essa, Acton and Na-sagaweya, Hamber and Weston, Oakville and Trafalgar, Brock and Rench.  
 Ministers without Pastoral Charge—Jas. Harris, Michael Willis, D. D., William Rintoul, Henry Ess, Alexander Gale, William Lyall.

**PRESBYTERY OF MONTREAL.**  
 Indian Lands—Daniel Clark.  
 Ste. Therese—David Clark.  
 La Chute—Thomas Henry.  
 St. Gabriel Street, Montreal—Wm. Leishman, Presbytery Clerk.  
 English River—James Fettes, Ordained Missionary.

Vacant Charges—St. Johns' Quebec, Portneuf, St. Eustache, Bencheridge, Vankleek Hill, Cote Street Montreal, Cornwall and Martintown, English River, N. Georgetown, Lochiel, Melbourne, Henryville, &c.  
**PRESBYTERY OF LONDON.**  
 Port Sarnia—Wm. Macalister.  
 Zorra—Donald McKeuzie.  
 North East Hope—Daniel Allan.  
 Tarkersmith—William Grubban.  
 Amherstburgh—Robert Peden.  
 Eckfrid & Moss—W. R. Sutherland.

Chatham—Angus McColl.  
 Ingersoll—Robert Wallace.  
 Williams—L. McPherson.  
 Woodstock—William S. Ball.  
 Vacant Charges—Stratford, London, Aldboro', Fingal, St. Andrews, St. Thomas, Howard.

**PRESBYTERY OF HAMILTON.**  
 Grimshy—Daniel Eastman.  
 Caledonia—Andrew Ferrier, D.D.  
 Hamilton—Ralph Robb.  
 Sault Ste. & Bishopric—Geo. Cheyne.  
 Anc—Robert Lindsay.  
 Dundas and Ancaster—M. Y. Stark, Presbytery Clerk.  
 Gall—John Bayne.  
 Fergus—George Smellie.  
 Paslinch—William Meldrum.  
 Wellington Square—Alex. McLean.  
 Guelph—John G. McGregor.  
 Sudenham—John McKinnon.  
 Niagara—Joseph Harris.  
 Vacant Charges—Woolwich, Dunnville and Wellandport, Flamboro' West, Walpole, Thorold, &c.

**PRESBYTERY OF COBURG.**  
 Cavan (South)—James Douglass.  
 Peterboro' and Cavan—J. M. Roger, Presbytery Clerk.  
 Vacant Charges—Cobourg, Otonabee, Grafton and Colborne, Dartington, Baltimore.

**PRESBYTERY OF KINGSTON.**  
 Demorestville—James Rogers.  
 Gananoque—Henry Gordon.  
 Kingston—Robert Reid.  
 Bellville—William Greig, P. C.  
 Kingston—Robert F. Burns.  
 Picton—William Reid.

**PRESBYTERY OF BROOKVILLE.**  
 Prescott—Robert Boyd.  
 Brockville—John McMurray.  
 Spencerville—James Gogge, P. C.  
 South Gower—W. J. McDowell.  
 Vacant Charges—Hellenyville, Burritt's Rapids, Merrickville, Yonge, North Gower.  
 Minister without Pastoral Charge—William Smart.

**PRESBYTERY OF PERTH.**  
 Perth—James Duncan.  
 Dalhousie and Sherbrooke—James Pinklay.  
 Ramsay—William G. Johnstone.  
 McNab and Horton—S. C. Fraser.  
 Osgoode and Gloucester—William Lochhead.  
 Bristol, Clarendon and Litchfield—Andrew Melville.  
 Wakefield—John Corbett.

Vacant Charges—Beckwith, Middleton, Pembroke, Goulbourne.  
**United Presbyterian Church in Canada.**

The Synod meets at Toronto on the 5th June, 1-50.  
 Rev. David Caw, Paris, Moderator.  
 Rev. Wm. Proudfoot, London, and Rev. Wm. Fraser, West Gwillimbury, Synod Clerks.

**MONTREAL PRESBYTERY.**  
 Montreal—Wm. Taylor.  
 New Glasgow—Alex. Lowden, Presbytery Clerk.  
 Smith's Falls—Wm. Aitken.  
 Madrid—John Morrison.  
 Huntingdon and St. Michael's—A. Muir.  
 Torbolton—A. Henderson.  
 Vacant Cong.—LaChute, Pakenham

**TORONTO PRESBYTERY.**  
 Port Hope and Perrytown—J. Cassie.  
 Newton—Wm. Orniston.  
 Clarke, 4th Con. Newcastle—George Lawrence.  
 Whitby—Robert Thornton.  
 Pickering—A. W. Waddell.  
 Toronto City—John Jennings.  
 Richmond Hill and Thornhill—Jas. Dick, Presbytery Clerk.  
 Toronto Township and Brampton—James Pringle.  
 Chinguacousy & Caledon—D. Counts.  
 West Gwillimbury, Tecumseth and Essa—Wm. Fraser.  
 Vaughan and Albion—John Duff.  
 Vacant Congregations—King, Caledon, Innisfil, Emily, Ops, Manvers, Lindsay, Darlington and Bowmanville.

**HAMILTON PRESBYTERY.**  
 Hamilton—James R. Dalrymple.  
 St. Catharines—Alex. Henderson.  
 Chippewa—Wm. Christie.  
 Brantford—Alex. Drummond.  
 Paris—David Caw.  
 Ancr—Alexr. Ritchie.  
 Beverley—John Porteous.  
 St. George—Jas. Roy, Fresh. Clerk.  
 West Flamboro—Thos. Christie.  
 Esquesing—George Fisher.  
 Guelph—Robert Furrance.  
 Granawa—Wm. Barrie.  
 Vacant Congregations—Nichol, Mt. Pleasant, Blanford, Dundas.

**LONDON PRESBYTERY.**  
 London & Westminster—W. Proudfoot, Presbytery Clerk.  
 London Township—J. Skinner.  
 St. Mary's & Ducaie—J. Proudfoot.  
 Detroit—John McLellan.  
 Bleuheim—George Murray.  
 Goderich—Charles Fletcher.  
 McKillop and Tuckersmith—Alex. McKeuzie.  
 Stanley—John Logie.  
 Vacant Congregations—Chatham, Tilbury, Adelaide, Warwick, Woodstock, Southwold.  
 Ministers and Preachers without Charges—Andrew Kennedy Walter Scott, John Ewing, R. Rogers.

**Roman Catholic Church, Upper Canada.**

**RURAL DEANS AND VICARS FORAN.**  
 Home and Simcoe Districts— . . . .  
 Gore, Niagara and Talbot Districts—Edward Gordon.  
 Western District, and for those speaking French—P. Point.  
 London and Brock Districts— . . . .  
 Wellington & Haron Districts, and for the Germans—L. Caveing.  
 Missions on the Borders of Lake Superior and the River, and for the Indians—P. Point.  
 Toronto City—Very Rev. John Carroll, Administrator of the Diocese; John Collins, P. Harkin.  
 Gore and Township of Toronto, Etobicoke, Caledon, Albion—Eugene O'Reilly.  
 Thornhill, Markham, Vaughan, Neomarket and Georgina—John O'Heirne.  
 Whitby, Pickering, Brock, &c.—J. B. Proulx.  
 Adela, Tecumseth, Mono—P. Ratougn.  
 Penetanguishene, Barrie, Medont, Orillia, Simondale—A. Charest.  
 Hamilton, Wellington Square, Faldersdown, &c.—E. Gordon, R. D.  
 Guelph, Arthur, Nichol—R. Sanderl.

**PRESBYTERY.**  
 Ferryton—J. Cassie  
 Ironston.  
 Newcastle—George

Thornton.  
 W. Waddell.  
 John Jennings.  
 and Thornhill—Jas.  
 ry Clerk.  
 ip and Brampton—

Caledon—D. Counts.  
 ry, Tecumseth and  
 raser.  
 lbin—John Duff.  
 ations—King, Cale-  
 Emily, Ont., Mau-  
 y, Darlington and

**PRESBYTERY.**  
 s R. Dalrymple.  
 —Alex. Henderson.  
 —Christie.  
 C. Drummond.  
 saw.  
 tchic.  
 Porteous.  
 —Roy, Presb. Clerk.  
 —Thos. Christie.  
 —George Fisher.  
 —Torrance.  
 —Barrie.  
 ations—Nichol, Mt.  
 offord, Dundas.

**PRESBYTERY.**  
 inister—W. Proud-  
 y Clerk.  
 ip—J. Skinner.  
 onnie—J. Proudfoot.  
 McLellan.  
 ge Murray.  
 lcs Fletcher.  
 Tuckersmith—Alex.

ogie.  
 ations—Chatham,  
 Island, Warwick,  
 Southwood.  
 Preachers without  
 row Kennedy, Wal-  
 n Ewing, R. Rogers.

**Catholic Church,**  
**Canada.**  
 ANE VICARS FORAN.  
 oe Districts—  
 and Talbot Districts  
 rdon.  
 et, and for those  
 ck—P. Point  
 ck Districts—  
 uron Districts, and  
 —L. Caveing.  
 rders of Lake Su-  
 uron, and for the  
 hone.  
 Very Rev. John Car-  
 rator of the Diocese;  
 —P. Harkin.  
 ship of Toronto, Eto-  
 on, Abton—Eugene

arkham, Vaughan,  
 and Georgina—John  
 ing, Brock, &c.—J.  
 selth, Mono—P. Rat-  
 e, Barrie, Medontia,  
 idate—A. Charest.  
 ington Square, Water-  
 Gordon, R.D.  
 Nichol—R. Sanderl.

Brantford, Dumfries, Oxford E. W.  
 and North—James Quinlan.  
 Waterloo, Peel, &c.—L. Caveing, R. D.  
 Wilmut, Wellesley, &c.—Jos. Sander.  
 Niagara, St. Catharines, &c.—J. Carroll.  
 St. Catharines, Thorold, &c.—W. P.  
 McDonagh.  
 Indiana, Walpole and Townships to  
 the North of the Grand River—  
 M. R. Mills.  
 London, Adelaide, Hiddulph, St.  
 Thomas, Yarmouth—T. Kirwan.  
 Goderich, McKillop, Stratford—P.  
 Schneider.

Sandwich and surrounding Town-  
 ships—P. Point, R. D., J. Grimot.  
 Amherstburgh, &c.—I. Maurice.  
 Chatham, Midstone, Rochester, &c.  
 —J. J. Jaffray.  
 Tilbury, East and West Raleigh, &c.  
 Joseph M. Hillon.  
 Walpole Islands, Sarnia, Moore, &c.  
 —D. Duranquet, G. Fremont.  
 Montonite Islands, and borders of  
 Lake Huron—N. Point, J. Hanipaux  
 St. Mary of St. Mary's Falls, and  
 borders of Lake Superior—J. B.  
 Menet, A. Kottler.  
 Pigeon River—P. Chone.  
 Ingersoll, Deerpark, Beekville,  
 Woodstock, Norwich—P. O'Dwyer.  
 Dundas—A. O'Reilly.

**West'n Methodist Church  
 of Canada.**

Conference meets at Brockville on  
 the first Wednesday in June.  
 Matthew Richey, D. D., President of  
 the Conference. Conrad Vandusen,  
 Secretary. Enoch Wood, Super-  
 intendent of Missions.

**TORONTO DISTRICT.**  
 Toronto City East—John Ryerson,  
 Chairman; Samuel Nelles, A. B.;  
 Anson Green, George R. Sanderson,  
 Esq., Esq., Esq., Esq., Esq., Esq.,  
 Toronto City West—William Squire,  
 George H. Davis.  
 Yonge Street—Lewis Warner, Jas.  
 Hughes.  
 Humber—John Law, Jas. C. Slater,  
 John Culham.  
 Cooksville—David Wright, James  
 Wilson.  
 Brantport—Peter Ker, David Clap-  
 pison.  
 Oshawa—William Philp, William  
 S. Blackstock.  
 Newmarket and Snake Island—Wil-  
 liam Young, Alexander Campbell.  
 Markham—Joseph Messmore, James  
 Goorham, David Yonmans.  
 Bradford—Cornelius Plummerfeld,  
 John Webster.  
 Mono—John Goodfellow.  
 Belleville—Luther O. Rice.  
 Rama and Orillia—Horace Dean.  
 Brock—William Steer.  
 Frankiasa—John Sanderson.  
 Beauport and French River—Wil-  
 liam Herkimer.  
 Owen's Sound—David Sawyer, John  
 Neelands.  
 Sudbham—William Dignam.  
 Vacant Charges—Notawasaga, St.  
 Vincent.

**LONDON DISTRICT.**  
 London—John Carroll, Chairman;  
 Alexander S. Byrne.  
 London Circuit—Richard Phelps,  
 Edward White, Edmund Stoney.  
 Devonshire—Charles Silvester.  
 Blanchard—Thomas Williams.  
 Goderich—John Williams, J. Laird.  
 Saugcegg—John K. Williston.  
 Adelaide—Ozias Barber, Joseph Hill.

Sarnia—Thomas Fawcett, J. Gray.  
 Wardsville—Edward Sallows.  
 Chatham—Samuel Fear.  
 Gosfield—Edwin Clement.  
 Amherstburgh—Richard Whiting.  
 Manney—Samuel D. Rice, Abraham  
 Sickles.  
 St. Thomas—Wm. Pollard, Thomas  
 Harison.

**BRANTFORD DISTRICT.**  
 Brantford—Claudius Byrne, Wel-  
 lington Jeffers.  
 Malahide—Samuel C. Philp, Joen  
 English.  
 Woodstock—Kennedy Creighton.  
 Ingersoll—Joseph Shepley.  
 Norwich—Robert Corson.  
 Simcoe and New Credit—William  
 Ryerson, Chairman; F. Chapman.  
 Walsingham—Geo. Kennedy, Mat-  
 thias Holtby.  
 Grand River—Rowley Heyland.  
 Canoga—Solomon Waldron.  
 Dufferin—Matthew Whiting, Char-  
 les W. M. Gilbert.  
 Guelph—James Spencer, Charles Fish.  
 Stratford—James Hutchison.  
 Peel—Robert Lochhead, E. Adams.

**HAMILTON DISTRICT.**  
 Hamilton—Henry Wilkinson, Chair-  
 man; George Young, D. C. Van  
 Noman, A. M., S. Belton, Andrew  
 Prindel.  
 Dundas—Samuel Rose, Alexander  
 T. Green.  
 Nelson—Thomas Cosford, Thomas  
 Jeffers, George Ferguson.  
 Georgetown—William Willoughby.  
 Grimsby—Hamilton Biggar.  
 St. Catharines—William Price, Wil-  
 liam Ames.  
 Drummondville and Niagara—Edwy  
 M. Ryerson, John Hunt.  
 Chippewa—Reuben E. Tupper, Geo.  
 Case.  
 Severa—John Baxter, William S.  
 Griffin.

**CANONGA DISTRICT.**  
 Canoga—John Bredin, Alexander  
 McNab, D.D., Conrad Vandusen,  
 John Beatty.  
 Peterborough—Isaac B. Howard.  
 Port Hope—George Goodson.  
 Baenauville—Michael Fawcett, A.  
 Potts.  
 Millbrook—Charles Turver.  
 Selkirk—  
 Alderley—Wm. Case, Chairman;  
 Stephen Brownell.  
 Rice and Mud Lake—Robert Brook-  
 ing, John Sunday.  
 Colborne—Silvester Hurlburt, Nelson  
 Brown.  
 Norwich—William Morton.

**BELLEVILLE DISTRICT.**  
 Belleville—John Gemley.  
 Consecun—Richard Jones, Chair-  
 man; William H. Poole.  
 Sidney—John Black, Robert Robin-  
 son.  
 Marmora—Abraham Dayman.  
 Hungerford—Joseph Reynolds.  
 Shannouille—Daniel Wright.  
 Demoreville—George Carr.  
 Hullonch—Wm. McCullough, Wm.  
 Coleman, Daniel McMullen, Gil-  
 bert Miller.  
 Napawa—Wm. McFadden, Isaac  
 H. Aylsworth.  
 Sheffield—John A. Williams.  
 Brighton—George F. Playter, John  
 C. Osborne.

**KINGSTON DISTRICT.**  
 Kingston East—John Doue Chair-  
 man; James Booth.

Kingston West—Ephraim B. Harper  
 Henry Byers.  
 Wilton—Geo. Beynon, Charles Tag-  
 gart.  
 Waterloo—Cyrus R. Allison.  
 Gaaunague—David B. Madden.  
 Elizabethton—Joseph W. McCol-  
 lunn, Thos. W. Constable, Wyatt,  
 Chumblain.  
 Newborough—Vincent B. Howard.  
 Bath and Amherst Isle—S. Miles,  
 James Arnstrong.  
 Perth—J. Scott, Aviah Adams.  
 Sherbrooke—Michael Baxter.

**BROCKVILLE DISTRICT.**  
 Brockville—Noble F. English.  
 Prescott and Augusta—Simon Hun-  
 tington, Henry Budge, E. Healy.  
 Madilda—James Musgrove, William  
 Chapman, Joseph Sawyer  
 Smith's Falls—John Lever, William  
 Brown.  
 Cornwall—W. H. Williams, Lewis  
 Morton.  
 Kempsville—Asabel Hurlburt.  
 Merrickville—T. Hoyitt, Chairman.  
 Carlton and Pakenham—B. Nanke-  
 vill, Thomas Hanna.  
 Winchester—William McGill.

**BYTOWN DISTRICT.**  
 Bytown—E. Shepherd, Chairman;  
 David McDoull.  
 Westmeath—John Howson.  
 Beecher—Richard Wilson.  
 Torbolton—Jonathan Loverin.  
 Aylmer—James Elliott.  
 Gullineau—Erastus Hurlburt.  
 Buckingham—John Arnstrong.  
 St. Andrews—Francis Coleman, J.  
 Arnstrong, 2nd.  
 L'Original—James Greener, Noble  
 Arnstrong, F. Mercalf.  
 Osgoode—Henry Shaler.  
 Richmond—William Andrews, W.  
 M. Pattysou.  
 Clarendon—David Jennings.

**C. W. Methodist, New  
 Connexion Church**

Officers of the Connexion Conference  
 meet first week in June.  
 Rev. H. O. Crofts, General Superin-  
 tendant, Toronto.  
 Rev. W. McClure, Assistant do.  
 Mr. T. Lottridge, Treasurer, Ham-  
 iltion.  
 Mr. R. Brett, Financial Secretary,  
 Toronto.

**TORONTO DISTRICT.**  
 Toronto City—W. McClure, Chair-  
 man.  
 Brock—W. Gundy.  
 Trafalgar—J. Hales.  
 Whitechurch—J. Caswell.  
 York—T. Reed.

**HAMILTON DISTRICT.**  
 Hamilton—P. Goldsmith.  
 Ancaster—J. Brennan, Chairman;  
 J. Breakenridge.  
 Owen Sound—W. Preston.  
 Nagsaugueya—C. Childs.  
 Canoga—F. G. Weaver.  
 Barton—W. Bothwell.  
 Welland Canal—J. W. Rogers.

**LONDON DISTRICT.**  
 London Town—H. O. Crofts, Chair-  
 man.  
 London Circuit North—H. Coates.  
 Westminster—B. Haigh.  
 St. Thomas—D. D. Rolston.  
 Howard—E. Williams.  
 Western (Mission)—T. Browne.  
 Malahide and Norwich—J. Wilkin-  
 son, J. Jackson.  
 Waterford—H. Wilkinson.

**CAVAN DISTRICT.**  
**Cavan**—J. Bell, Chairman.  
**Coburns (Mission)**—W. Robinson.  
**Consett (Mission)**—J. C. Warren.  
**Prince Edward**—E. Vannorman, B. P. Browne.  
**Mo hawk Woods (Mission)**  
**JOHNSTOWN DISTRICT.**  
**Landowens**—F. E. Powers, J. Smyth  
**Elizabethtown**—T. Rump, Chair-  
 man; T. M. Jeffers.  
**Gobourn and Drummond**—N. C.  
 Gowan, C. Curry.

**CANADA EAST DISTRICT.**  
**W. M. Clure**, President of Conference  
 T. T. Howard, Secretary.  
**Stanstead & Barnston**—L. P. Adams,  
 Chairman.  
**Stukely**—F. Hunt.  
**Bolton**—H. Bursall.  
**Pullon**—J. Blake, R. Brown.  
**Dunham**—T. Ogden, G. W. Stone.  
**Henryburg**—J. G. A. Stoue.

### Methodist Episcopal Church in Canada.

John Reynolds, Philander Smith,  
 General Superintendents.  
**NIAGARA CONFERENCE.**  
 Meets at Palermo third Wednesday  
 in August, 1850.

**TORONTO DISTRICT.**  
**Samuel Morrison**, P. E.  
**Darlington**—A. Hall.  
**Whitby**—J. Hayward.  
**Newmarket**—George Lawrence.  
**Markham**—A. Jones, J. E. Howd.  
**Yonge Street**—W. D. Hughson, J.  
 Rice.  
**Toronto**—J. W. Byam.  
**Nelson**—A. R. Roy, E. L. Koyle.  
**Amaranth and St. Vincent**—Wm.  
 Woodward.  
**Oarfacata**—Benjamin Lawrence.  
**Oakwood**—Wm. Sutton.  
**Toronto**—James Richardson.  
 Superannuated—David Culp and D.  
 Pickett.

**NIAGARA DISTRICT.**  
**Samuel Dumett**, P. E.  
**Hamilton and Barton**—E. Bristol,  
 G. Abbs, Thomas Webster and  
 John Bailey.  
**Canboro'**—W. F. Lowe.  
**Niagara**—N. A. Fraser, G. Bennett.  
**Norwich**—J. Tudor, Jesse Owen,  
**Gainsborough**—John Gibson.  
**Oxford**—I. B. Richardson.  
**Beaconsfield**—Thomas Robson.  
**Dunfries**—I. P. Smith.  
**Rainham**—Edward Lounsbury.  
**Long Point**—R. B. Cook.  
 Supernumerary—Caleb Sweeney.  
 Superannuated—Barney Markie and  
 George Turner.

**LONDON DISTRICT.**  
**William Cope**, P. E.  
**London**—G. P. Harris, J. W. Jacobs.  
**Malahide**—S. Stewart.  
**Southold**—S. M. Eastman.  
**Thames**—Sylvester Kerr.  
**Howard**—I. McLean.  
**Sandwich**—Thomas Dawes.  
**Saulte**—James Mitchell.  
**Huron and Guelph**—Elijah Harris.  
 Supernumeraries—Henry Gilmore,  
 David Griffin, and N. Parks.  
 Superannuated—Charles Pettis, J. H.  
 Huston.

**BAY QUINTE CONFERENCE.**  
 Meets at Northport first Wednesday  
 in August, 1850.

**BAY QUINTE DISTRICT.**  
**John P. Willson**, P. E.

**Hope and Otmebes**—Henry Lane,  
 N. H. Howard.  
**Cobourg**—S. W. La Du.  
**Brighton**—Wm. Grnham.  
**Concession**—Alexander Wright.  
**Hallowell**—George Jones.  
**Milford**—Wm. E. Norman.  
**Sidney**—Gideon Shepard, I. N. D.  
 West.  
**Huntingdon**—John Take.  
**Belleville**—L. S. Church.  
**Tyentimaga**—John Silla.  
**Bay Quince**—G. D. Greenleaf, Ezra  
 Orser.  
**Camden**—John G. Bull.

**AUGUSTA DISTRICT.**  
**James Garliner**, P. E.  
**Waterloo**—Sheldon Young, Henry  
 Dockham.  
**Wolfe Island**—Robert Perry.  
**Leeds**—Daniel Brown.  
**Crosby**—Luman Hurlbert, T. Lewis.  
**Brockville and Elizabethtown**—W.  
 Brown, J. A. Rogers, J. H. John-  
 son.  
**Augusta and Spencerville**—Benson  
 Smith, M. Davy.  
**Matilda and Winchester**—Charles  
 Manson, John McMullen.  
**Stormont**—Simon Terwilliger.  
**Ottawa**—B. W. Blanchard.  
**Bytown and Marlborough**—Wm.  
 Bird, J. W. Sills.  
**Rideau**—John Hill.  
**Honnacheur**—Hiram Williams.

### Congregational Denom'n.

**Asphodel**—T. Senwright.  
**Brantford**—T. Baker.  
**Bolton's Mills**—W. Wheeler.  
**Bruck**—N. McKinnon.  
**Brarkville**—J. Lighthody.  
**Bytown**—J. T. Byrne.  
**Caledon**—S. King.  
**Cold Springs**—W. Hayden.  
**Darlington**—J. Climie.  
**Drummondville**—E. Ebbs.  
**Esquesing**—H. Denny.  
**Glanford**—S. Finton.  
**Glenary**—J. McKilliken.  
**Hamilton**—R. R. Robinson.  
**Kingston**—F. M. Fenwick.  
**Loversness**—McLeod.  
**London**—W. F. Clarke.  
**L'Orignal**—Anderson.  
**Newmarket**—Dr. Ganung.  
**Oakland**—W. Hay.  
**Oro**—A. Raymond.  
**Paris and Barford**—J. Vincent.  
**St. Andrew's**—T. Bayne.  
**Simcoe**—William Clarke.  
**Southold**—J. Silcox.  
**Stouffville**—L. Krebs.  
**Stratford**—J. Durant.  
**Port Stanley**—William Alworth.  
**Toronto**—John Roof, A. Geikie and  
 Adam Lillie.  
**Yaughan**—T. Hodgkin.  
**Warwick**—J. Armour.  
**Whitby**—J. Geikie.  
**Cobourg**—T. Shell.

**Vacant Charges**—Georgetown,  
 Guelph, Port Sarnia and Moore.  
**Baptist Denomination.**

**Ancester**—W. Smith  
**Aylmer**—R. Crandall and A. McLean  
**Syr**—J. Bray  
**Bayham**—S. Baker and S. Rouse  
**Beverly**, C. W.—J. Miner  
**Bimbrook**—J. Hooper  
**Beverly J. D.**—P. Schofield  
**Blanchard**—W. L. Bayley  
**Blenheim**—P. Pickle  
**Bosquet**—J. Williams

**Brantford**—J. H. Carryer and J. Reed  
**Bloomville**—J. Horne  
**Breadalban**—W. Fraser  
**Brockville**—E. Boyd  
**Bronx**—J. Oakley  
**Caledon**—H. Reid  
**Canboro'**—W. Cook  
**Chatham**—W. Gouge & R. Harrington  
**Chickster**—E. Highward  
**Cramahs**—S. Cummings  
**Carleton Place**—I. Holcroft  
**Chingawacousy**—J. Campbell  
**Cobourg**—S. Tapscott  
**Dereham**—N. Eastwood  
**Dorchester**—I. Marsh and I. Fny  
**Drummondville**—W. Wilkinson  
**Dundas**—J. Clinton  
**Dunwool**—W. Freeman  
**East Oxford**—J. A. Howey  
**Eaton**—A. Gillies  
**Esquesing**—J. Clark  
**Eldon**—H. Reid  
**Fredericksburg**—E. Clark  
**Fingal**—McIntyre and . . .  
 McLean

**Gosfield**—N. French and G. Jacobs  
**Gower Smith**—P. McDonald  
**Grafton**—W. Lacey  
**Haldauld**—D. Walt  
**Hamilton**—A. Booker and E. Brown  
**Houghton**—W. Willis  
**Kemptville**—J. Cooper  
**King**—H. Norman  
**Kingston**—A. Lorimer, A. B.  
**Langark**—J. Smith  
**Leeds**—W. Hurlbert and A. Stevens  
**Lobo**—D. Sinclair  
**London**—J. Inglis and J. S. Crellin  
**Louth and Pelham**—D. Way.  
**Markham**—T. L. Davidson  
**Markhale Jubilee**—S. McConnell  
**Macgillivray**—D. A. Turro  
**Middleton**—E. Clark  
**Montreal**—B. Davies, Ph. D., and J.  
 Girdwood  
**Niagara**—F. Lacey  
**Nissonri**—S. Vining  
**Norwich**—J. Hawey & W. McClellan  
**Oakland**—Z. W. Camfield  
**Osgoode**—D. McPhail  
**Osnabruck**—J. Smith  
**Paris**—A. Clegburn  
**Perth**—B. A. Byde  
**Peterboro**—J. Gilmore and J. Roberts  
**Port Hope**—J. Baird  
**Port Rowan**—H. Fitch  
**Port Sarnia**—G. Watson  
**Porton**, South—T. Merriman  
**Quebec**—D. Marsh  
**Queenston**—D. Curry  
**Raleigh**—W. Gorrie  
**Rainham and Tuensend**—J. Van  
 Loon, Junr.

**Raidon**—W. Geary  
**Reech**—J. Holman and W. Hurlbert  
**Sandwich**—G. Jacobs  
**Simcoe**—A. Austin and T. Gundry  
**St. Catharines**—J. Anderson  
**St. George**—W. Smith  
**St. Thomas**—D. W. Rowland and M.  
 W. Hopkins  
**Sounebridge**—F. N. Jersey  
**Thurlton**—J. Bridges.  
**Toronto**—J. Pyper and W. Christian  
**Walpole**—T. Stillwell & A. Underhill  
**Waterford**—A. Slaght  
**Victoria**—A. Duncan and G. J. Ryerso  
**Whitby**—D. Bettes  
**Windham**—A. Stewart  
**Woodstock**—W. H. Landon  
**Woodville**—James Sim  
**Yorkmouth**—Thomas Mills  
**York Mills**—J. Mitchell  
**Zona Mills**—C. McDermand  
**Zorra**—E. Topping  
**Vacant Charges**—Beamsville, New-  
 market, Scotland, Sidney.

## ABSTRACTS OF LATE PROVINCIAL ACTS.

## Public Schools, Upper Canada.

Act 12, vlc. cap. 83, comes in force on 1st January, 1850, and repeals all former Common School Acts. The office of Superintendent of Schools for Upper Canada is continued, that of District Superintendents abolished, and Township, Town, and City Superintendents substituted, who are to be appointed by the several local councils. The present District Superintendents shall continue in the exercise of their powers, and the performance of their duties until March 1, 1850, when they shall deliver over to their successors all school papers and moneys in their possession, under penalty of twice the amount which may be involved in each case of refusal, with costs. "The same person may be appointed Superintendent over different Townships, by the several Municipal Councils, to each of whom he must give security for the due performance of his duties. The present School Sections shall continue, until altered by the local municipalities. The present Trustees shall also continue, until successors are appointed. The Trustees for each Section—three in number—shall be a corporation, under the name of *The School Trustees of Section number in the Township, Town, or City of in the County of*. At the first meeting in any new School Section, the resident landholders and householders present, shall elect three Trustees, who shall continue in office, till the second Tuesday in January following. One of the Trustees shall retire annually, and on the second Tuesday of January in each year, a meeting shall be held in each School Section, when a Trustee shall be chosen by the landholders and householders present, in place of the one who retires. A retiring Trustee, if willing, may be re-elected, but no Trustee shall be re-elected, except by his own consent, during the four years next after his going out of office. A penalty of £5 is imposed on any Trustee for refusing to serve or to do his duty. In the case of a new School Section, the meeting for the election of Trustees, shall be called by persons to be appointed for the purpose, by the Council of the Municipality, who shall, within twenty days of their appointment, give notice, describing the Section, and appointing the time and place for the meeting. The notices to be posted in at least three public places in the Section, at least six days before the time of holding the meeting. The yearly meetings for the choice of Trustees, on the second Tuesday in Jan., shall be held at such place in each School Section as the majority of the Trustees shall appoint, who shall post notices of the same, in at least three places in the Section, at least six days before the time of meeting. A penalty of £3 for neglecting to give notice of meeting. Vacancies are to be filled up at a special meeting, to be called by the surviving Trustees—should there be none surviving, then the Council is to fill up the vacancies. Each Corporation of Trustees shall appoint one of themselves, to be Secretary-Treasurer. The details of the duties devolving on Councils, Superintendents, Trustees, Teachers, Boards of Education, &c., are too voluminous to be inserted here.

## Municipal Corporations, U. C.

An Act was passed last Session of Parliament, (13 Vic., cap. 81,) to provide by one general law, for the election of Municipal Corporations, and the establishment of Regulations of Police, in and for the several Counties, Cities, Towns, Townships and Villages in Upper Canada. The former Municipal Acts are repealed. The new Act is very voluminous.

## I. TOWNSHIP MUNICIPALITIES, U. C.

## PREPARATORY ARRANGEMENTS BY DISTRICT COUNCILS.

(§ 2.) The inhabitants of each Township, in Upper Canada, having 100 or more resident Freeholders or Household-ers on the Collector's Roll shall be a Body Corporate, with the usual powers to be exercised in name of municipality.

(§ 3.) Townships having less than 100 freeholders and householders on such roll, shall be attached to some other adjacent Township in the same county, and be known as the junior township of the union thus formed, and the other as the senior Township. The united townships shall be represented in one municipality.

Unions may consist of two or more townships, as convenience may require, and shall be called "the United Townships of ——" The duty of attaching junior townships to others, devolves on the Municipal Council for each District, at a special meeting on the 2nd October, 1849, to be continued by adjournment, if necessary, till 2nd November. (§ 4.) Empowers the District Council to divide each township and union of townships into rural wards, (§ 15, five in each), for the election of Township Councillors. The ward divisions to be as nearly as practicable, equal, with respect to numbers, regard being also paid to convenience and compactness. (§ 5.) The District Council also to appoint in each ward, a convenient place for holding the election and a fit and proper person to hold the first election. (§ 6.) By-Laws when passed by District Councils, for the foregoing objects, to be published at least twice in the *Official Gazette*, and four times in some newspaper in the county. Copies, moreover, to be posted up in the four most public places in each township in the county. (§ 7.) A copy to be also furnished each Returning Officer, a month prior to the election. Any Returning Officer appointed, and failing to hold the election, shall be liable to a penalty of not more than £10.

## ARRANGEMENTS BY TOWNSHIP MUNICIPALITIES.

(§ 8.) Township municipality may afterwards rearrange and divide the township anew, into wards, by a vote of four-fifths of the members. (§ 9.) It may also anew, appoint a fit and convenient place in each ward, for holding elections. (§ 10.) Also appoint annually, fit and proper persons to be Returning Officers for the several wards.

## JUNIOR TOWNSHIPS, HOW SEPARATED.

(§ 11.) Whenever the number of resident freeholders and householders in any junior township shall, according to the Collector's Roll, reach 100, the Municipal Council of the county, may, within the first nine months of the following year, divide such township into rural wards, fix the place for holding the first election of Councillors therein, and appoint Returning Officers for the same. (§ 12.) Such junior township, from 1st January in the year next but one, after the requisite increase appears on the Roll, shall be incorporated by itself.

## AS TO SENIOR OR REMAINING TOWNSHIPS.

(§ 13.) In case of such increase, the municipality of the Union to which such junior township belongs, may within the first nine months of the following year, divide the senior or remaining township or townships, anew, into rural wards, fix the place for the first election of Councillors in each of them, after the dissolution of such union, and appoint Returning Officers for holding the same.

(§ 14.) Should the Township Municipality fail to comply with these requirements, and the Senior or remaining Township or Townships, after the dissolution of the Union, be thus left without the requisite number of wards, then the election of Councillors shall be made by general vote of the qualified Freeholders and Household-ers of the whole of such Senior Township, in general meeting, and not by rural wards, until redvided by the Municipality.

## JUNIOR TOWNSHIPS,—WHEN INCORPORATED.

(§ 16.) \* A Junior Township having fifty resident Freeholders and Household-ers on the Collector's Roll, shall, for the year following the making up such roll, and thenceforth, be incorporated by itself.

## INCORPORATED CITIES, TOWNS, AND VILLAGES.

(§ 17.) No part of any Incorporated City or Liberties, Town, or Village, although lying within the boundaries of a Township, shall, for the purposes of this act, form part of such Township; and no election of Township Councillors shall be held within their limits.

## AS TO PRESENT OFFICERS.

(§ 18.) Existing officers in Townships, to continue in office, without exception, until the fourth Monday in January, 1850, and until their successors shall be elected and sworn.

\* This clause is at variance with sec. 11 & 12.

H. Carver and J. Reed  
Horne  
W. Fraser  
Boyd  
Jey  
Eld  
Cook  
Gonne & R. Harrington  
Highwarden  
Dumplings  
—L. Holcroft  
—J. Campbell  
—Japcott  
—Eastwood  
—Marah and I. Fay  
—W. Wilkinson  
—J. Freeman  
—Ira Howley  
—J. Clark  
—E. Clark  
—McIntyre and . . . .  
—French and G. Jacobs  
—P. McDonald  
—J.acey  
—W. Wait  
—Booker and E. Brown  
—Willis  
—Cooper  
—J. Mann  
—Lorimer, A. B.  
—H. Hurst and A. Stevens  
—J. Ellis and J. S. Crellin  
—Tham—D. Way.  
—L. Davidson  
—J. S. McConnell  
—D. A. Turmco  
—Clark  
—Davies, Ph. D., and J.  
—Jacey  
—J. King  
—J. Sawyer & W. McClellan  
—V. Camfield  
—McPhail  
—Smith  
—J. Horn  
—J. W. G.  
—H. Gourin and J. Roberts  
—H. Blair  
—H. Fitch  
—G. Watson  
—T. Merriman  
—Curry  
—Forrie  
—Townsend—J. Van  
—J. Enry  
—J. Hurlbut  
—J. Jacobs  
—J. G. G. and T. Gundry  
—J. Anderson  
—J. Smith  
—W. Rowland and M.  
—N. Jersey  
—J. Edges.  
—J. G. G. and W. Christian  
—J. Hillwell & A. Underhill  
—J. Slight  
—J. Concan and G. J. Ryerson  
—J. Stewart  
—H. Landon  
—J. Sim  
—J. G. G. Mills  
—J. Mitchell  
—J. McDermand  
—J. King  
—J. Beamville, New-  
—J. Sidney.

## WHEN TOWNSHIP NOT DIVIDED INTO WARDS.

(§ 19.) Failing the division of any Township into Wards, by the District Council, then, and until it is so divided by the Township Municipality, the election of Councillors shall be by the votes of the electors of the whole Township, in general meeting, at the place where the last Annual Township Meeting was held; provided it was not within the limits or liberties of any City, Town, or Incorporated Village, in which case the District Council, at its special meeting, must appoint some other place for holding it. (§ 20.) In all such cases the Township Clerk shall be the Returning Officer.

## ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS.—WHEN HELD.

(§ 21.) Commencing in 1850, an Election shall be held, on the first Monday in January in each year, either by general Township Meeting, or by Wards, for Township Councillors, for each Township in Upper Canada.

## QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS AND COUNCILLORS.\*

(§ 22.) The Township Collector shall produce, at the opening of each Township or Ward Election, a fair copy of his Roll, duly verified, so far as it contains the names of the Freeholders and Householders of the Township or Wards respectively, and the amount of the assessed value of real property, for which they are severally assessed. Those whose names are upon the copy of the Roll, and who are then resident in the Township or Ward, as the case may be, shall be entitled to vote at the election. The holder or occupier of any separate portion of a house, having a distinct communication with a road or street, by an outer door, and assessed therefor, shall be deemed a householder. No person shall be qualified to be elected as a Township Councillor, unless assessed on the Roll for rateable real property, held in his own right, or that of his wife, as proprietor or tenant, to the value of £100 currency.

## NUMBER OF COUNCILLORS.

(§ 23.) Five Councillors shall be elected for each Township,—if by Wards, one for each of the five Wards. They shall hold office until the third Monday in January, of the following year.

## MEETING OF THE MUNICIPALITY.

(§ 24.) The first meeting of the Municipality shall be held on the second Monday, next after the election, at a place to be appointed by the Township Clerk, or, in case of there being no Clerk, by any one of the Councillors elect. Should the meeting not be then held, it shall take place on some subsequent day. The Clerk or Councillor shall notify the members of the Municipality of it. The Councillors, so assembled, shall elect from amongst themselves, a Town-reeve, and in Townships which shall have 500 resident Freeholders and Householders on the Collector's Roll, a Deputy Town-reeve, for the year.

## ADJOURNMENT.—PLACE.—PRESIDING OFFICER.

(§ 25.) Empowers the Municipalities to adjourn their meetings from time to time, at pleasure; and authorises the Town-reeve, or in case of his death or absence, the Deputy-Town-reeve, at any time, to summon a special meeting. (§ 26.) Requires the meetings to be held at such place in the Township, as the Municipality shall from time to time appoint. (§ 27.) At all meetings the Town-reeve shall preside, or in his absence the Deputy-Town-reeve when there is one, except only when there shall be no Town-reeve or Deputy, in which case, some other member, to be appointed for the purpose, shall preside.

## ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS.

(§ 28.) Requires each Municipality, to appoint three Assessors and one Collector for the Township, who shall severally hold office until the third Monday in January following, and until successors are appointed to them respectively. Any vacancy in either office, by death or removal of residence from the Township, to be filled up by the Municipality.

## AUDITING ACCOUNTS.

(§ 29.) Requires the Municipality, or report of the Auditors, finally to audit and allow all accounts, chargeable against the Township. They shall also audit and allow the accounts of the Township Treasurer and Collector, except so far as respects any County Rate collected.

\* See clause at the end of Act.

## BOUNDARIES OF TOWNSHIPS.

(§ 30.) Provides for the permanent establishment of boundaries of Townships, under the authority of the Act 38 Geo. 3, or of any other Act to be passed for that purpose, upon the application of the Municipality of each Township, or of such other Act may direct, and not upon that of the Quarter Sessions.

## MAKING BY LAWS.

(§ 31.) Each Township Municipality is empowered to make By-Laws for the following purposes, viz.: To purchase necessary property in the Township for the use of the Corporation: to erect a Town Hall and other buildings: to purchase necessary property for Common School purposes, for building Common School Houses, and providing for the establishment and support of Common Schools: to establish public Fountains, and settle the fees to be taken by Pound Keepers: to appoint Pound Keepers, Fence Viewers, Overseers of Highways, Road Surveyors, and such other officers as may be necessary for carrying the laws into effect: to regulate the duties of Township officers, and the penalties for default in their performance: to settle their remuneration when not settled by Act of Parliament, and provide for their officers: to regulate the securities of Township officers—to inflict reasonable penalties for refusing to serve, and for the infringement of By-Laws: to construct drains and water courses: also highways—but so as not to encroach on any dwelling, farm, or out-house, or any orchard, garden, yard or pleasure ground, without the consent in writing of the owner: to provide for cutting the timber for a space of twenty-five feet, on each side of any highway passing through a wood, by the proprietor, or failing him by the proper officer of the Municipality,—but not to cut down any orchard or shrubbery, or trees planted for ornament or shelter: to protect timber, stone, sand or gravel on the public roads: to regulate driving over bridges: to regulate inns, taverns, and all places for the reception and entertainment of the public, to arrange as to their number, and when no other lawful provision exists for licensing them, to provide therefor at proper rates—the proceeds, when not otherwise appropriated by law, to form part of the public funds of the Township: to regulate pits, precipices and deep waters, or other places dangerous to travellers: to grant money to the Municipal Council of the County, or adjoining County, for improving roads, &c., lying between the Township and any other Township—or within the Township, assumed as a County work: to grant permission to Joint Stock Companies to proceed with Roads, &c.: to take stock in, or lend money to, such Companies: to restrain and regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, swine and other animals, also poultry, and to provide for impounding them &c.: to tax dogs, to regulate or prevent their running at large, and to destroy them when found at large contrary to law: to destroy or suppress the growth of weeds detrimental to good husbandry: to prevent, restrain, or regulate public Exhibitions of Wild Animals, Puppet Shows, Circuses, &c., &c.: to tax them not exceeding £10 for each, and to impose a fine for exhibiting without payment: to appraise the damages to be paid by the owners of horses and other animals trespassing: to cause animals impounded to be sold, if not claimed within a reasonable time, or the damages, fines, and expenses paid: to settle the height and description of lawful fences: to establish the boundaries of the Township, and provide for the periodical inspection and preservation of the monuments for evidencing them: to empower landholders to compound for Statute labour: to enforce the performance of Statute labour, or payment of commutation: to impose and enforce limitations and penalties for breach of Bye-Laws: to borrow moneys necessary for the execution of any Township public work: to raise, levy, collect, and appropriate such moneys as may be required, for all or any of the above purposes, either by way of tolls to be paid on any Township Bridge, Road, or other Township work, to defray the expense of making, repairing, or maintaining the same, or by means of a rate or rates, to be assessed equally on the whole rateable property of such Township, liable to assessment, according to any law which shall be in force in Upper Canada concerning rates and assessments: to make such other local regulations, not contrary to law, as the good of the inhabitants of the Township may in their

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Commission require: and to repeal, alter, or amend, from time to time, all or any of their By-Laws, and make orders in lieu of them, as to them may seem expedient, for the good of the inhabitants of the Township.

## II. COUNTY MUNICIPALITIES, U. C.

### COMPOSITION OF COUNTY COUNCILS.

(§ 32.) Incorporates each County in Upper Canada, with the usual powers, to be exercised in name of the Municipal Council of such County. (§ 33.) The Councils to consist of the Townreeves and Deputy-Townreeves, of the several Townships, Villages, and Towns in each County.

### MEETINGS OF COUNTY COUNCILS.

(§ 31.) The Council shall meet at the Shire Hall, if there be one, or otherwise at the County Court House annually, on the fourth Monday in January, or if not then, on some day thereafter. They may adjourn from time to time, to any place within the County, at pleasure, and hold special meetings to be summoned by the County Warden, at the place where the then last meeting was held.

### ELECTION OF COUNTY WARDEN.

(§ 33.) At their first meeting in each year, the Council shall choose from amongst themselves a County Warden, who shall preside at all their meetings.

### REPAIRING COUNTY BUILDINGS.

(§ 36.) Charges the County Council with keeping and repairing the Shire Hall, Court House, and Gaol, and any House of Correction that may be erected and established by them: the necessary funds for these and all other lawful purposes, to be raised by Rate upon the County.

### AS TO HIGHWAYS, ETC.

(§ 37.) When a Council shall, by a By-Law, assume any Road or Bridge as a county work, they are required, with as little delay as reasonably may be, at the expense of the county, to cause such road to be planked, graveled, or macadamized, or such Bridge to be built in a good and substantial manner. While such By-law is in force, the powers of the Township Municipalities shall cease, as to the works comprised in it. But where laying out of county money, on a road running between different Townships, or the exercise of the other powers conferred on the County Council, with respect to such roads, shall not be regarded as an assumption of them as county works, or render it obligatory on the county to plank, gravel, or macadamize them. (§ 38.) All Roads and Bridges between different Townships, in the same county, shall be exclusively under the control of the County Council. (§ 39.) Those in different Counties, or between a County and a City lying within the boundaries of such county, or on the bounds of a Town or Incorporated Village within it, shall be under the control of the Municipal Councils of both such counties, or of such County and City, or Town and Village; and no By-Law to be passed by any of them, with respect to any such Road or Bridge, shall have force, until the passing of a similar By-Law by the others interested.

### AUDITING ACCOUNTS.

(§ 40.) The Council upon the report of the Auditors, shall finally audit and allow all accounts chargeable against the County: also the accounts of the County Treasurer, and of the Collectors of the several Townships, so far as they relate to county purposes.

### MAKING BY-LAWS.

(§ 41.) Empowers the Municipal Council of each County to make By-Laws for the following purposes, viz.:—to purchase necessary property for county purposes: to erect a Shire Hall, Court House, Gaol, House of Correction, House of Industry, and all other necessary buildings: to purchase necessary property for County Grammar School purposes, to erect Grammar School Houses within their respective limits, as the wants of the people most require, and to make such provision in aid of such Grammar Schools, as they may deem expedient for the advancement of education in the same: to provide, permanently, for defraying the expense of attendance at the University of Toronto, Upper Canada College, and Royal Grammar School there, of as many pupils of the public Grammar Schools of such county, as shall be desirous of, and, in the opinion of the Ministers, competent for, entering into competition, for any of the Scholarships, Exhibitions,

or other Prizes, but who from want of means, might otherwise be precluded from such competition: to endow as many Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions, and other Prizes, in the University of Toronto, or in Upper Canada College, and Royal Grammar School there, for competition amongst the pupils of the public Grammar Schools of such county, as they shall deem expedient, for the encouragement of learning amongst her youth; to appoint Inspectors of the County House of Industry, and as many officers as may be necessary for carrying the laws into effect respecting it: to settle the remuneration of all County Officers, where not settled by Act of Parliament, and to provide for their payment; to regulate Ferries within the county, and establish the rates of ferrage—but no by-law for such purpose, shall have force, until assented to by the Governor in Council: to settle and pay the remuneration to Townreeves and Deputy-Townreeves, for their attendance at the County Council—but no by-law to be passed for this purpose, after the year 1850, shall be valid, unless expressly limited to take effect, two whole years at least from its passing; to construct such drains and water courses, as in the opinion of the Council, the interests of the inhabitants shall require to be done, at the expense of the county: to construct and repair such roads, lying within one or more townships, or between two or more townships of the county, or between the county and any adjoining county or city, or on the bounds of any Town or Incorporated Village, lying within the boundaries of such county, as in the opinion of the Council the interests of the inhabitants at large, shall require to be done, at the expense of the county: and to enter into and perform agreements, with the other Councils interested, for the execution of such works, at the joint expense and for the joint benefit: and to widen, alter, change, or divert such highways, provided that no encroachment be made upon any dwelling-house, barn, stable, or outhouse, or any orchard, garden, yard or pleasure ground, without the consent in writing of the owner: to protect and preserve any timber, stone, sand or gravel, on county roads: to regulate driving over county bridges: to prevent immoderate riding or driving of horses or cattle in any of the public highways, whether they be township or county roads: to regulate pits, precipitous, and deep waters, or other places dangerous to travellers in the immediate neighbourhood of any county road or bridge: to grant moneys, by loan or otherwise, to any town, township, or village in the county, in aid of other moneys raised by the Municipal Corporation of such town, township or village, or by voluntary subscription, for making any new road or bridge, in cases where the County Council shall deem such work of sufficient importance to justify the advance, although they may not feel justified in assuming the same as a county work: to attach new townships, not having a sufficient population, for a separate municipal organization, to such of the older townships of the county, as they shall deem most convenient, and thus form them into a union of townships for such municipal organization: to regulate the manner of granting licenses to Road and Bridge Companies, to proceed with works, within the jurisdiction of the Council: to take stone, in, or lend money to such Companies: to impose fines, to a limited amount, for the breach of by-laws: to borrow money for the execution of any county work: to raise levy, collect and appropriate such moneys as may be required, for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, either by way of tolls, to be paid on any county bridge, road, or other public work, to defray the expense of making, repairing or maintaining the same, or by means of a rate or rates, to be assessed equally on the whole rateable property of such county liable to assessment, according to any law which shall be in force in Upper Canada, concerning rates and assessment: to repeal, alter, or amend from time to time, all, or any such by-laws, and make others in lieu of them, as to them may seem expedient for the good of the inhabitants of the county.

## III. POLICE VILLAGES.

### HOW SET APART.

(§ 42.) Empowers the County Council upon petition of any number of inhabitants, of any unincorporated village or hamlet in any county, to define by-law, the limits within which there is a resident population, sufficient to apply to it the provisions of this Act, for

the regulation and Police of incorporated villages. Where the village is situated partly in different counties, the same authority is reposed in the Municipal Council of each. The place where the first election of Police Trustees shall be held, the person who shall preside, and the hour of opening the meeting shall be fixed by such by-law.

#### ELECTION OF POLICE TRUSTEES.

(§ 43.) After the lapse of three calendar months, from the passing of such by-law, the resident freeholders and householders shall, on the second Monday in January, in each year, elect from amongst themselves, three Police Trustees, for such village, who, or any two of them, shall, by a memorandum in writing under their hands, to be filed with the Township Clerk, appoint one of their number to be the Inspecting Trustee. Should the village be partly situated in different townships, the memorandum to be filed with the Clerk of some one of them.

#### QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS AND TRUSTEES.\*

(§ 44.) Enjoins collectors to deliver at elections, copies of their rolls, duly verified, as far as they relate to each village, in the same way as is provided with respect to township elections, by clause 32; and the qualification of voters as well as Police Trustees is the same as by that clause, is provided with respect to voters at township elections, and also to Township Councillors, except that the qualification of Trustees may be composed of "rateable property," and not necessarily "rateable real property," as in the case of Councillors.

#### RESPECTIVE ELECTIONS.

(§ 45.) The Police Trustees to appoint the person to preside at each election after the first, and the hour of commencement, due notice of which, to be put up in at least three of the most public places in the village.

(§ 46.) Should the person appointed not be in attendance within one hour after the time, then the resident freeholders and inhabitants of the village, may choose a chairman and elect trustees for the year.

#### VACANCIES HOW FILLED.

(§ 47.) In cases of vacancy, by death or otherwise, amongst Police Trustees, the remaining Trustee or Trustees, may appoint others, for the remainder of the year, and file a written memorandum of the fact, with the Township Clerk.

#### PENALTIES.

(§ 48.) Any Inspecting or other Trustee, who shall wilfully neglect or omit to fulfil any of his duties, shall, on conviction, incur a penalty of 2s. (§ 49.) Penalties shall be sued for within ten days after the offence, and not afterwards. (§ 50.) Penalties incurred under the regulations of police, shall be sued for and recovered in a summary manner, and applied to village improvements.

#### POLICE REGULATIONS.

(§ 51.) The Police Trustees are required to execute and enforce the regulations of Police prescribed by this Act. These relate to proprietors providing ladders for the roofs of their houses, and house-holders providing buckets, to guard against fires; also, to the regulation of the height of chimneys on bakeries, potteries, breweries, asheries, &c.; to the safe placing of stove pipes in houses; to preventing parties from carelessly entering mills, barns &c., with candles, except in lanterns; from lighting fires in wooden houses, except in chimneys of brick or stone; or carrying fire outside, except in metal vessels; or putting hay or straw into dwellings; or carelessly keeping gunpowder in stores; or selling it at night; or depositing ashes except in secure vessels, or unslacked lime in dangerous situations; or lighting fires in the streets; or erecting charcoal furnaces; or throwing filth or rubbish into any of the streets or public places, within the limits of such village. Penalties are imposed for the violation of each and all of these regulations.

#### IV. INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

##### VILLAGES NAMED.

(§ 52.) The inhabitants of the following villages, respectively, viz: Chippawa, Galt, Oshawa, Paris, Richmond (in the County of Carleton) and Thorold, and those of such others in Upper Canada, as shall hereafter be proclaimed under the great seal, shall be a

body corporate, apart from the townships in which they shall severally be situated, with the usual powers, to be exercised in name of the municipality of such village.

#### ELECTION OF VILLAGE COUNCILLORS.

(§ 53.) On the first Monday in January in each year, an election of five Councillors shall take place, for each such village, who shall afterwards elect a Townreeve from amongst themselves, as in the case of township municipalities. In villages hereafter to be proclaimed, the first election shall take place on the first Monday in January, after the lapse of three calendar months from the date of such proclamation.

#### RETURNING OFFICERS, AND PLACES OF ELECTION.

(§ 54.) In villages heretofore incorporated, the Clerk of the Board of Police, or Town Clerk, or the Inspecting Trustee, as the case may be, shall be the Returning Officer for the first election, and at each succeeding election, the then Village Clerk. (§ 55.) In case of there being no Clerk of Police, or Town Clerk, or Inspecting Trustee, or previous Incorporation, the Governor of the Province may appoint a Returning Officer, to hold the first election. (§ 56.) The Returning Officer to appoint the place of election, and to give at least ten days previous notice of it, in at least three public places in the village.

#### QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS AND VILLAGE COUNCILLORS.\*

(§ 57.) The Returning Officer shall procure a correct copy of the Collector's Roll, duly verified, so far as it exhibits the names of the freeholders and householders, rated within the limits of such village, with the amounts for which they are respectively assessed. No person shall be qualified to be elected as a Village Councillor, who shall not be possessed to his own use, of real estate held by him in fee or freehold, or for a term of 21 years or upwards, of which at least 7 years remain unexpired, situated within such village, of the assessed value of £250, or unless he shall be a tenant from year to year, or for a term of years, of all property within such village, at a bona fide rental of £20 per annum or upwards; or shall be in receipt of £20 or upwards, of yearly rent or profit, accruing from or out of real property therein. And the male inhabitants being either freeholders or householders upon such roll, and resident at the time of the election, and who shall appear in the said roll to have been assessed either as proprietor or tenant, for a house or houses, or for land, or for both, to the value of £12 10s., within the limits of such village, and none other, shall be entitled to vote at such election.

#### FUTURE VILLAGE INCORPORATIONS.

(§ 58.) Provides for the incorporation as villages by proclamation of the Governor, in pursuance of a petition from the Police Trustees, or if there be no such Trustees, then from 100 and upwards of the resident freeholders or householders, of such places as may have acquired a population of over 1000 inhabitants.—(See section 52.)

#### DUTIES AND LIABILITIES OF VILLAGE MUNICIPALITIES.

(§ 59.) The municipality of every village shall be similarly formed, and shall have similar powers, duties and liabilities, and the Townreeve and other village officers, shall have like powers, duties and liabilities, within, and in respect of such village, as obtain with respect to township municipalities, and their officers. The Townreeve of the village shall be a member of the Municipal Council of the county within which it is situated.

#### BY-LAWS.

(§ 60.) The village municipality is, moreover, empowered to make by-laws for constructing roads, streets, bridges, wharves, sewers, &c., and where necessary and proper, to co-operate with the county municipality, for such purposes; for preventing the encumbering, injuring or fouling such highways, &c.; removing projections or obstructions therefrom, determining their boundaries, granting or lending money to counties in aid of other money to be raised by them, or by voluntary subscriptions, towards making any new road or bridge in such village; regulating markets, preventing forestalling or monopoly; regulating weights and measures, seizing and destroying unwholesome meats, regulating harbours, harbour dues, beacons, wharves, &c.; the assize of bread, preventing the use of deleterious substances in making it, and seizing any made contrary thereto; enforcing the observance of the Sabbath,

\* See clause at the end of Act.

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preventing vice, &c.; cruelty to animals, the sale of intoxicating drinks, &c.; to children, apprentices, or servants; suppressing low tipping houses, &c.; licensing and regulating victualling houses, &c.; restraining gambling, horse-racing, vagrancy, &c.; regulating circuses, exhibitions, &c.; abating public nuisances, &c.; establishing lock-up houses, also public fountains, &c.; regulating with respect to gunpowder and other combustible materials, village magazine, lights in stables, cabinet shops, &c.; manufactories or trades dangerous from fire, ashes, chimneys, party walls, ladders on roofs, fire buckets, fire companies, public health, public cemeteries, &c.; preventing immoderate driving &c.; regulating fishing with nets, &c.; also, this, taverns, &c.; and licensing and limiting them in certain cases; preventing injury to ornamental trees, signboards, &c.; borrowing moneys for the execution of necessary village works; raising, levying and appropriating such moneys as may be required for all or any of these purposes, by means of a rate or rates, to be assessed equally on the whole rateable property of such village; making all other necessary by-laws, not contrary to law, for carrying their corporate powers into effect. *Provido*—that no person shall be fined more than £5 and costs, or imprisoned more than 30 days for the breach of any village by-law or regulation; nor shall any larger fine than £10 be levied for refusing or neglecting to perform the duties of any municipal office, to which any person may be appointed; for the repeal, alteration or amendment, from time to time, of by-laws, and making others in lieu of them.

#### V. INCORPORATED TOWNS.

##### TOWNS NAMED.

(§ 61.) The inhabitants of the following towns, viz.: Belleville, (four wards), Brantford, (five wards), Brockville, (three wards), Bytown, (three wards), Colougar, (three wards), Cornwall, (three wards), Dundas, (four wards), Goderich, (four wards), London, (four wards), Niagara, (five wards), Peterborough, (four wards), Picton, (three wards), Port Hope, (three wards), Prescott, (two wards), St. Catharines, (three wards); and those of such villages in Upper Canada, as shall be erected, by proclamation, into towns, shall severally be a body corporate, their powers to be exercised in the name of the Town Council of such town, and to be the same as those conferred on incorporated villages, except so far as they may be herchy increased, lessened, or otherwise modified.

##### COUNCILLORS AND ELECTIONS.

(§ 62.) The male resident freeholders and householders of each ward, to choose three Town Councillors. (§ 63.) Elections to take place on the first Monday in January, in each year. (§ 64.) The existing municipality, Town Council, or Board of Police, to appoint the Returning Officers for the first elections, who shall fix the place for holding the same, and give notice of it, in at least three public places in the ward, at least ten days previous to the election. For succeeding elections, the Returning Officers and places shall be appointed by the several Town Councils.

##### QUALIFICATION OF COUNCILLORS AND ELECTORS.\*

(§ 65.) Those having custody of Collectors' Rolls, to furnish certified copies to the Returning Officers, so far as they relate to their respective wards, and contain the names of the freeholders and householders within them, with the amount for which they are respectively assessed. No person shall be qualified to be elected, who shall not be seized to his own use, of real estate held by him, in fee simple, or in freehold, or for a term of twenty-one years or upwards, of which at least seven remain unexpired, within the town for which he is elected, of the assessed value of £300, or unless he shall be a tenant from year to year, or for a term of years of real property within such town, at a bona fide rental of £10 per annum or upwards, or shall be in the receipt of £40 or upwards, of yearly rent or profit accruing from real property within such town; the Councillors shall be chosen by the male inhabitants, being either freeholders or householders on such roll, and who shall continue to reside within the ward at the time of the election, and who shall appear upon the roll to have been assessed, either as proprietors or tenants, for a house or for land, or for both, to the value of £25, and by none other.

\* See clause at the end of Act.

##### ELECTION MAYOR—POWERS OF THE TOWN COUNCIL.

(§ 66.) The Councillors to meet on the second Monday after their election, at the usual place for corporate meetings, and choose one of their number as Mayor for each town, whose powers shall be similar with those vested in the Townreeve of a village. (§ 67.) The Mayor and Councillors forming the Town Council, shall have the same powers, duties, and liabilities, as are possessed by the municipalities of incorporated villages.

##### GAOLS AND COURT-HOUSES, &c.

(§ 68.) The county gaol, court-house, and house of correction, shall continue to be used by the town as well as the county.

##### POLICE OFFICE, MAGISTRATES, CLERKS AND CONSTABLES.

(§ 69.) A Police office to be established in each town, at which the Police Magistrate or Mayor shall attend daily, or as often as necessary, for the disposal of business. The Mayor may empower any Justice of the Peace, having jurisdiction in the town to sit and act for him at the police office. (§ 70.) A Police Magistrate for each town to be appointed by the Crown, during pleasure; to be ex-officio a Justice of Peace for the town and county, and to be paid at least £100 yearly, out of the town funds. But no Police Magistrate to be appointed for any town in the first instance, until the Corporation shall have communicated to the Governor, their opinion that such an officer was required, for the better conduct of the affairs of the town, and administration of justice therein. (§ 71.) Police Magistrates to have authority over Constables. (§ 72.) All offences against by-laws, penalties for refusal to accept or be sworn into office, and all other offences over which one or more justices of the peace have jurisdiction, committed within such town, may be prosecuted before the Police Magistrate or Mayor, as the case may be, acting either alone, or assisted by one or more justices of the peace, as the case may require. (§ 73.) Clerks of Councils to be Clerks of Police offices, unless the Town Councils should appoint others. Their duties and emoluments to be the same as now appertain to Clerks of Justices of the Peace in Upper Canada. (§ 74.) For each town there shall be appointed, one Chief Constable, and one or more Constables for each ward therein. (§ 75.) Power of the Governor to appoint any number of Justices of the Peace, in such town, not affected by this act. (§ 76.) Oaths of all the subordinate officers to be taken before the Mayor, or any Justice of Peace of such town.

##### TOWNREEVES.

(§ 77.) Empowers the Town Council to select one of their number to be Townreeve, and when there shall be 500 resident freeholders and householders on the Collector's town roll, then also, a deputy Townreeve, who shall be a member of the Municipal Council of the county in which such town is situated.

##### ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS.

(§ 78.) Town Council to appoint three Assessors and one Collector for each ward, who shall make assessments, and collect taxes. No Town Councillor shall be eligible for these offices; and no person shall be appointed Assessor, unless he be rated on the Collector's roll for the preceding year, to the amount of £200 and upwards.

##### ERECTION OF VILLAGES INTO TOWNS.

(§ 79.) Whenever an Incorporated village shall, by the census returns, contain upwards of 3,000 inhabitants, the Governor, upon petition of the municipality, may, by an order in council, erect such village, by proclamation into a town, and divide it into wards; not less than three, and having no less than 500 inhabitants in each. The first election by wards, to take place on the first Monday in January, next after the end of three calendar months from the date of such proclamation. Such town from thenceforth to be subject to the same regulations and provisions of law, and to have the same immunities and privileges as other incorporated towns. (§ 80.) The Council shall also be the same, and shall have the same powers, duties and liabilities.

##### BY LAWS.

(§ 81.) Town Councils, moreover, have the power to make by-laws:—For establishing and regulating a town police; one or more almshouses, and houses of refuge for the relief of the poor and destitute; workhouse or house of correction; regulating the erection of buildings, and preventing wooden buildings from

being erected to thickly-built parts; purchasing lands for an industrial farm, not less than 20 acres, within a convenient distance, and erecting necessary buildings; lighting the town with gas, oil, &c.; regulating and licensing every trades, &c.; assessing the proprietors of such real property as may be immediately benefited, for making or repairing any common sewer, drain, flagging, post or pavement, in any public place opposite or near such property; levying and appropriating, upon the petition of two thirds or upwards of the resident freeholders and house holders in any particular street, the necessary sums for sweeping and watering it, by a special rate, equally on the whole rateable property therein; borrowing moneys for the execution of town work under their authority; levying and appropriating such moneys as may be required for the aforesaid purposes, by means of a rate to be assessed equally on the whole rateable property in such town; making laws for carrying into execution the powers vested in them, for the peace, welfare, safety and good government of such town, such laws not being repugnant to law,—and provided that no person shall be fined more than £5 and costs, or imprisoned more than thirty days, for the breach of any by-law or town regulation, or compelled to pay a greater sum than £30, or refusing or neglecting to perform the duties of any municipal office to which he may be appointed, repairing, altering or amending, from time to time, the by-laws, and making others in lieu of them, as to them may seem expedient for the good of the inhabitants of such town.

#### VI. INCORPORATED CITIES.

##### CITIES NAMED.

(§ 82.) The inhabitants of each of the following cities, viz:—Hamilton, (five wards), Kingston, (seven wards), and Toronto, (six wards), and those of such towns in Upper Canada, as shall be erected by proclamation, into cities, shall be bodies corporate, with all the powers, privileges and immunities conferred on incorporated towns, except so far as they may be hereby increased, lessened, or otherwise modified—the same to be exercised in name of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonality of such city.

##### QUALIFICATION OF ALDERMEN, COUNCILLORS AND VOTERS.\*

(§ 83.) One Alderman and two Councillors to be chosen for each ward, by the male resident freeholders and householders therein. Certified copies of the Collector's rolls, to be furnished Returning Officers, as provided with respect to towns. The Aldermen and Councillors to form the Common Council. The Mayor to be elected from among the Aldermen. No person to be elected Alderman who shall not at the time of the election, be seized, to his own use, of real estate held by him in fee-simple, or in freehold, within such city or liberties, of the assessed value of £500, or unless he shall be a tenant from year to year, or for a term of years, of real property within such city or liberties, at a bona fide rental of £20 per annum, or upwards, or shall be in the receipt of £20 or upwards, of yearly rent or profit, accruing from real property within such city or liberties. No person shall be qualified to be elected a Councillor, who shall not at the time of his election, be in like manner seized to his own use of like real estate, to the value of £300, or unless he shall be a tenant from year to year, or for a term of years, of real property within such city or liberties, at a bona fide rental of £30 per annum, or upwards, or shall be in the receipt of £30, or upwards, of yearly rent or profit, from real property within such city or liberties. The Aldermen and Councillors shall be chosen by the male inhabitants, being either freeholders or householders, who shall be entered on such roll, at the time of the election, and who shall appear on such roll, to have been assessed either as proprietors or tenants, for a house or land, or for both, to the value of £50, and none other.

##### ERECTION OF TOWNS INTO CITIES.

(§ 88.) Whenever any incorporated town shall appear by the census to contain more than 15,000 inhabitants, the Governor may, on petition from the Town Council, by an order in Council, proclaim such town to be a city, setting forth its boundaries and liberties, and dividing it anew into wards. The first election in such place as a city, to be held on the first Monday in

January next, after the end of three calendar months from the date of such proclamation.

##### CITIES MADE CITIES.

(§ 85.) Each incorporated city for all municipal purposes, and such judicial purposes as are specially provided for by the act, to be a county of itself. The Municipal Council of the rural county may, nevertheless, meet, and transact their business, keep their offices, and hold property within such city.

##### COUNTY JUSTICES AND QUARTER SESSIONS.

(§ 86.) Justices of the Peace for the rural county, shall neither have, nor exercise any jurisdiction or offences committed within such city. The county quarter sessions may, nevertheless, be held there; and warrants may be endorsed as formerly. (§ 87.) Whenever a town shall be erected into a city, all commissions of the peace for such town, shall cease and determine.

##### CITY POLICE.

(§ 88.) For each city there shall be, besides a Chief Constable, as provided with respect to towns, one High Bailiff, to be appointed annually by the Corporation.

##### ERECTION OF OUTER WARDS.

(§ 89.) City Corporation may, at pleasure, erect any part of the liberties into one or more outer wards. (§ 90.) Whenever it shall appear by the census, that any one of such outer wards shall contain a population equal to the least populous of the wards, at the time such city was erected; and by the assessment rolls, that such outer ward contains as much assessed property as by the first assessment of such city, was contained in the least wealthy of the wards, the Mayor may then, by proclamation, annex such outer ward to such city. (§ 91.) It shall thenceforward cease to form part of the liberties, and enjoy all the privileges of a ward.

##### GAOL AND COURT-HOUSE, &c.

(§ 92.) The county gaol, court-house, and house of correction, to continue to the use of the city as well as the county, until otherwise directed by Act of Common Council.

##### RECORDER'S COURT.

(§ 93.) Besides a Police Officer and Police Magistrate, as provided with respect to incorporated towns, there shall be a court of record, to be called the Recorder's Court of such city, at which the Recorder shall preside, assisted by one or more Aldermen; or in the absence of the Recorder, or when there shall be none, the Mayor, or an Alderman to be elected for the purpose, shall preside. The powers and jurisdiction of the court to be analogous with those of the quarter sessions. (§ 94.) Four sessions to be held yearly, to commence on the second Monday of January, April, July, and October. (§ 95.) Inhabitants of city and liberties are exempted from serving on juries, except those of the City Courts, and the Courts of Assize and *Nisi Prius*, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, for the county, within, or on the borders of which such city lies.

(§ 96.) The grand jury of Recorder's Court to consist of 24 persons, to be summoned by the High Bailiff.

(§ 97.) The petit jury to be summoned in like manner, and to consist of not less than 30 persons. (§ 98.) They must be residents of the city or liberties, liable to serve.

(§ 99.) Powers of grand jurors, to be analogous with those of grand jurors of quarter sessions. (§ 100.) Equal powers with quarter sessions vested in Recorder's Court. (§ 101.) Upon acquittal of defendant, and there having been reasonable cause for prosecuting, costs to be paid from city funds. (§ 102.) Power of suspending High Bailiff or Constables, vested in Recorder.

(§ 103.) Clerk of Common Council to be Clerk of Recorder's Court. (§ 104.) Recorder to be a Barrister of Upper Canada, of not less than five years standing, to be appointed by the Crown, during pleasure, and be *ex-officio* Justice of Peace for such city, his salary to be not less than £250 per annum, payable out of the city funds. No Recorder to be appointed in the first instance, until after the Corporation of such city shall have communicated to the Governor General their opinion, that such officer was required for the better conduct of its affairs, and administration of justice therein. (§ 105.) Offices of Recorder and Police Magistrate may be vested in the same person.

##### POWERS OF CITY COUNCIL.—BY-LAWS.

(§ 106.) Powers of City Council to be similar to those of Town Councils. They are, moreover, empowered to make by-laws, for providing a City Hall, Court-House, Gaol, House of Correction and House of In-

\* See clause at the end of Act.

dustry, for such city, and appointing Inspectors of House of Industry for regulating the erection of buildings, and preventing the erection of wooden buildings and fences; for borrowing moneys, necessary for the execution of any city work, within their jurisdiction and authority; for raising, levying, and appropriating such moneys as may be required, for all, or any of these purposes, by means of a rate, to be assessed equally, on the whole rateable property of such city; for making all such laws, (not repugnant to law) as may be necessary and proper, for carrying their powers into execution, provided that no person shall be fined more than £5 and costs, or imprisoned more than 30 days, for the breach of any by-law or regulation, or fined more than £20, for refusing or neglecting to perform the duties of any municipal office to which he may be duly appointed; for the repeal, alteration or amendment of such by-laws, and making others in lieu of them.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

The head of each Corporation to be *ex-officio* a Justice of Peace for the county. Absence of head for more than three months without leave, or resignation with consent of Corporation, to vacate office. Successor to be chosen at special meeting, within three days after. Members of Corporation becoming insolvent, to cease to be members, and others to be chosen in their stead, as in the case of natural death. Governor in Council may enlarge boundaries, or alter divisions of towns or villages, on petition of Corporation. No Corporation to grant exclusive rights to exercise any trade or calling except as regards ferries. Police Magistrate of town or city, to grant tavern licences. Mayor or Police Magistrate, and two Aldermen or Justices of Peace, for any town or city, on complaint, to try summarily, and punish tavern keepers for keeping disorderly houses. Collectors' Rolls to contain the assessed value of the real, and also of the personal property, as well as the amount to be collected from each person. Voters and officers to be elected or appointed, must be subjects of her Majesty, and 21 years of age. No other oath or declaration to be required of them, than that he is the person named on the Collectors' roll, of full age, a subject of her Majesty, resident at the time within the township, village or ward, and that he has not before voted at the election. False swearing to be perjury. Returning Officer authorized to administer certain oaths, as well as heads of Corporation, Aldermen and Justices of Peace. Head of Corporation to be sworn before the highest court of law or equity, sitting in the place at the time, or by a Judge in Chambers, failing which, by the Recorder or Police Magistrate, or other Justice of Peace of the place, and failing which, then before the Clerk of the Council, and in their presence. Any Police Trustee, Councillor, Townreeve, Alderman, Mayor, Assessor or Collector, refusing office, or neglecting to take oath or affirmation, within twenty days of his being notified of his election or appointment, and any authorized person refusing to administer the same, when reasonably demanded, shall forfeit, upon conviction, before a competent court, not more than £20, nor less than £2, with costs. No person having served in any office shall be obliged to serve, or be sworn into the same, or any other office the following year. Persons over sixty years of age, members of either house of parliament, officers and others in the service of the Crown either civil or military, on full pay; Judges, Sheriffs, Coroners, Gaolers, and Keepers of Houses of Correction; persons in Priest's orders, Clergymen and Ministers of the Gospel of any denomination; members of the law society of Upper Canada, whether Students or Barristers; Attorneys and Solicitors in actual practice of their professions; officers of Courts of Justice; members of the Medical Profession, whether Physicians or Surgeons; Professors, Masters, Teachers and other members of any University, College or School in Upper Canada, and officers and servants thereof; Millers, and Firemen belonging to any regular fire company, are exempted from being elected or appointed to any corporate office whatsoever. No Judge of any court of civil jurisdiction, or Naval or Military officer on full pay, or person receiving any allowance from the township, county, village, town or city, (except in the capacity of Councillor or in capacities incident thereto); and no person having by himself or partner, any interest or share, in any contract with or on behalf of the Corporation in which

he shall reside, shall be qualified to be elected Alderman or Councillor for the same. No Alderman or Councillor may be appointed Assessor. Assessor to possess the same property qualification as Councillor, and may be appointed for more than one ward of a city or town. Heads of Corporations, Recorders, and Police Magistrates are exempted from the provisions of a former act, relating to the qualification of Justices of the Peace. One or more Coroners may be appointed for each city and town. Police Trustees and members of Corporations to be Health Officers, and these may, by by-law, delegate their powers as such, to others. Existing markets continued, and the property vested in the respective Corporations. Town or city Corporations may purchase property beyond their limits, for industrial farm, which shall then become within their jurisdiction. Mayor and Magistrates may commit to hard labour on such industrial farm. Village, town or city Corporations, may also purchase property for cemeteries; also for powder magazines. Two Auditors shall be appointed by each Municipal Corporation, at their first meeting in each year next after the head shall have been elected and sworn into office, one to be appointed on the nomination of the head of the Corporation and the other in the same manner as other municipal officers, but no member, Clerk or Treasurer, for the past or present year, or any person interested in any contract or employment of such Corporation, shall be appointed Auditor. Auditors to be sworn to examine all accounts concerning the Corporation, to publish statements of receipts and expenditure in two nearest newspapers, and file report with Clerk; Governor in Council to regulate ferries, not within the control of Corporations. Controverted elections to be tried by writ of summons, from the Court of Queen's Bench. Should the proper officer be absent at the time appointed for any election, the persons appointed shall, after the lapse of at least one hour after the hour appointed for commencement, appoint a Returning Officer from amongst themselves. Town Clerks are required to furnish parties with copies of by-laws, &c., on reasonable payment. Court of Queen's Bench authorized to quash any by-law that may be illegal. All existing by-laws of former Corporations to continue in force, until otherwise provided by the respective Corporations under this act, and the validity of any of them may be tried, as if they had been passed under this act; but this shall not be construed to render valid any by-law which would otherwise have been invalid. Returning Officers to be conservators of the peace during elections, and constables and others present are required to assist them. Parties refusing to be sworn in as special constables to be fined. Elections to commence at 11 a.m., and may be held until 1 p.m. of the same day; and may then be adjourned till 10 a.m. of the following day, and continued until 4 p.m. thereof, unless all intending voters have had a fair opportunity of being polled, and an hour has elapsed without a qualified voter having tendered his vote, in which case, the election may be closed at 4 p.m. of the first day, or at any time before that hour on the second day. Returning Officer to keep a poll book; he shall not vote, but in case of equality between two candidates, he shall give a casting vote. He shall return the poll book, duly attested, to the clerk of the municipality. Should the person elected refuse to act, a warrant shall issue for a new election, from the head of the Corporation. Vacancies occurring in Municipal Council, by death or otherwise, to be filled up by a new election. All such special elections shall be held upon at least four days public notice by the Returning Officer, posted in at least four of the most public places in the township, village or ward. Should it so happen that in any year, there shall be no election held in any township, village, town or ward, on the appointed day, or that a requisite number of candidates shall not have been elected, or that there shall not be in the poll book the names of a sufficient number of candidates to supply any deficiency, arising from refusal of office, &c., then the members of the Municipal Corporation in which the default shall occur, or if none be elected, then the members of such Municipal Corporation, for the next preceding year, shall supply the deficiency, from amongst the qualified freeholders and householders, who shall be bound to accept, under a like penalty, as if elected. Vacancies in the office of Warden, Mayor, or Townreeve, by death or removal of residence, to be filled up

calendar months on.

For all municipal purposes are specially pro- vided for. The county may, nevertheless, keep their office, &c.

For the rural county, shall addition ever offences county quarter sessions, and warrants (§ 37.) Whenever a commission of all commissions of and detentive.

l be, besides a Chief et to town, one High y the Corporation.

WARDS. t pleasure, erect any r more outer wards. y the census, that t contain a popula- of the wards, at the d by the assessment t as much assessed ut of such city, van- the wards, the Mayor s such outer ward to forward cause to form l the privileges of a

se, &c. house, and house of of the city as well as ed by Act of Common.

r and Police Magis- incorporated towns, to be called the Re- corder shall Aldermen; or in the there shall be none, elected for the pur- and jurisdiction of set of the quarter ses- sions in the month of January, April, July, of city and liberties s, except those of the size and *Nisi Prius*, Gaol Delivery, for the which such city lies. r's Court to consist by the High Bailiff- dened in like manner, persons. (§ 98.) They erties, liable to serve, b be analogous with sessions. (§ 100.) sions vested in Re- quittal of defendant, aise for prosecuting, (§ 102.) Power of ibles, vested in Re- n Council to be Clerk order to be a Barris- an five years stand- ing, during pleasure, for such city, his e annum, payable on to be appointed in the oration of such city e Governor General was required for the Administration of Jus- Recorder and Police mander person.

—BY-LAWS. to be similar to those roover, empowered a City Hall, Cour- a and House of la-

as often as they occur, by the Council choosing a qualified person from amongst themselves. Corporations in office, on the day of general annual election, to hold office until their successors are elected or appointed, and sworn into office, and the new Corporation completed. A majority of the whole of any Municipal Corporation to be a quorum for the transaction of business; and in absence of the presiding officer, a temporary chairman shall be appointed. All questions shall be decided by the majority of votes present, other than the person presiding, who, in case of equality, shall have a casting vote. Each Corporation shall appoint a Clerk, also a Treasurer, except in cities, where a Chamberlain shall be appointed. They shall give security. These officers, as well as all others, with regard to whose period of service no other provision is made, shall hold their offices until removed by the Corporation for the time being. The books, papers, moneys and securities of the present Director, Treasurer, and those in the possession of any person or officer employed by any Corporation, by virtue of his office, shall be deemed chatties belonging to such Corporation. Any officer embezzling, or refusing to deliver the same to the proper parties, to be indicted and punished, and to be further liable to prosecution for recovery, against himself and sureties. Corporations created under this Act, to be substituted for those previously existing; and suits commenced by former to be continued by new Corporations, and vice versa. Corporations to take charge of debts due by localities, under their jurisdiction, and provide for their payment. A sufficient sum to be levied by assessment, every year, for payment of all debts incurred, and interest. By-laws creating or authorizing any debt or loan, not to be valid unless sufficient provision be therein made, for levying moneys for the payment thereof, within twenty years; such by-laws not to be subject to repeal, until the whole debt and interest are fully discharged. Any temporary sum of such assessment, at any time on hand, to be invested in government securities, until it can be applied towards the payment of the particular debt, for which it may have been raised. Any by-law, by which it shall be attempted to diminish the assessment, for the payment of any such loan and interest, before they are fully paid, to be void. Any officer neglecting or refusing to carry into effect a by-law for levying the necessary moneys, to redeem such debt, shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment. Sheriffs are empowered to levy under execution, against Corporations, by rate upon the inhabitants. Each Corporation, to submit an account of debts annually, to the Governor. The Governor in Council, upon the petition of one-third of the members of any Corporation, on sufficient cause shewn, may appoint commissions to investigate the affairs of such Corporation. The expense to be provided for by the Corporation. As to debts due by Municipal Corporations, prior to 1st January 1849, a by-law may be passed, with the approval of the Governor in Council, within one year from 1st January, 1850, providing for their liquidation, whereupon, none of the provisions of this Act, granting increased facilities for the recovery of debts, shall be applicable to such debts, until after default, under the by-law so passed and approved. As regards notes or debentures heretofore issued, to pass money, and still in circulation, Corporations may provide some mode for their gradual extinction, by redeeming a certain amount yearly, and issuing others in the place of those unredeemed, when the holders are willing to receive them in exchange. This is not to impair the present remedies of creditors. Corporations are not to act as Bankers, or to issue bonds or notes to pass as money, or to give bonds in payment of debts for a less amount than £25 each; and should any such be issued, they shall be void; but this is not to affect the permission granted by the provisions immediately preceding. Any person issuing bonds or notes, contrary to the above provision, or tendering such in payment, to be guilty of a misdemeanor. Parties offending against by-laws of Corporation, punishable summarily before a Justice of Peace, in all cases, where no special provision is made by this Act. Township or County Corporations not to stop up any original allowance for roads. When any other road, not an original allowance, is altered, the Corporation may sell the old site, the first offer to be made to the party next whose land it runs. Parties in possession of any concession or side line, who may have laid out streets, in any city, town or

village, without compensation, to retain such land in lieu. Roads to be hereafter laid out, not to exceed 90 feet, or be less than 40 feet in breadth. This is not to affect roads already established, or others that may be substituted for them. Powers of Justices in Quarter Sessions, with respect to highways, vested in County Corporations. Any Corporation may authorize persons to make roads, &c., and when completed, grant them the tolls for ten years. Corporation not to stop up any road, short of one month's notice; nor shall they in any way interfere with the provincial roads, which are subject to the orders of the Governor in Council; or with the alignment &c., of roads laid out by the Ordinance, or run roads through Ordinance property, except by consent. In case of roads passing through private property, the damages to be ascertained by arbitration, and paid to the party by the Corporation. Remedy at law given to such party, in case of Corporation failing to appoint arbitrator, &c. In estimating damages, benefit to be derived from the road, to be taken into account. Corporations of cities or towns, using county roads, &c., to pay the Corporations of counties therefor—the amount to be settled by arbitration, in case of disagreement. Governor to appoint arbitrators in default of Corporations, and after five years, may, upon the application of either Corporation, on reasonable grounds, order a new agreement to be made. Existing agreements, when this act comes in force, to continue. All Corporations existing immediately previous to 1st January, 1860, their members, officers and servants, shall continue until the fourth Mouday of the same month, notwithstanding this Act.

#### OLD QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS AND COUNCILLORS CONTINUED AT PRESENT.

(§ 208.) That no provision in the foregoing enactments of this Act which requires that any person be possessed of any property qualification, or be assessed for any particular amount, in order to his having a right to vote, or to be elected at any election to be held under the authority of this act, shall have any force or effect, unless or until some Act be passed by the parliament of this province in the present or some future session thereof, to provide for the regulation of assessments, and the levying and collecting of local taxes in Upper Canada, and to repeal the general provisions of the acts heretofore in force for that purpose, but all such persons as have heretofore had the right to vote or to be elected at the annual elections of parish and township officers, for the several Townships in Upper Canada, shall have the right of voting and being elected for the Township and Village Councillors to be elected under this act, and such persons as have heretofore had a right to vote or to be elected at the municipal elections of any city, town or village heretofore incorporated, or having a Board of Police established by law for the same shall have the right of voting and being elected for the city, town or village aldermen and councillors to be elected under this act for such city, town or village respectively; and the persons entitled to vote or to be elected at the municipal elections of every town and village not incorporated as aforesaid, before the passing of this act, shall be the resident male inhabitants, being either householders or freeholders of such town or village, of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, being subjects of Her Majesty by birth or naturalization, and who shall have resided in such town or village for six calendar months next previous to the holding of the said election, and who shall have been rated on the assessment roll of the said town or village as householders or freeholders for the year previous to such election. Provided also, that where the system of the registration of votes exists at the passing of this act in any city or town, the same shall continue under the act or acts providing such registration, until altered by any act as aforesaid; and provided also, that whether any such new act for regulating assessments in Upper Canada, shall or shall not be passed prior to this act coming into force, the persons hereinbefore described as entitled to elect, and to be elected under this act (until such new assessment law shall have passed as aforesaid) shall be those entitled to elect and to be elected respectively, at the first elections to be held under this act.

All acts, and parts of acts and provisions of law inconsistent with this act are repealed.

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## County Divisions, U. C.

By an Act passed in 1831, known as the "County Division Substitution Act," and by two other Acts then passed, to divide the District of Huron, and to supply certain Legislative provisions, not included in certain other Acts, the old territorial division of Upper Canada, into Districts, is abolished, and that of Counties substituted, for judicial, municipal, and all other purposes. They provide for temporary unions of certain counties, for all purposes, except Representation in Parliament, and the Registration of Titles and they also provide for the future dissolution of such Unions as the increase of wealth and population, may from time to time require. These Acts come into operation on 1st January, 1850.

## COUNTY COURTS, &amp;c.

§ 3. The Courts, Court-Houses, and Gaols, Grammar Schools, and all offices and officers, heretofore appertaining to Districts, shall henceforth be denominated as appertaining to the several Counties; and all laws applicable to Districts, shall in future apply to Counties.

## WHERE HELD.

§ 4. The Courts of Assize, and Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, Gaol Delivery, Sessions of the Peace, and District Courts, shall henceforth be held in and for the Counties, as they have been heretofore held for the several Districts, and the name "County" shall be used in designating them, and also in all legal proceedings, where "District" was formerly used.

## UNIONS OF COUNTIES.

§ 5. For Judicial, Municipal, and all other purposes, except representation in the Provincial Parliament, and Registration of Titles, the following Counties are formed into Unions, under the name of the United Counties of—

1. Essex, Kent and Lambton,
2. Frontenac, Lenox and Addington.
3. Lanark and Renfrew.
4. Leeds and Grenville.
5. Lincoln, Haldimand and Welland.
6. Northumberland and Durham.
7. Prescott and Russell.
8. Stormont, Dundas and Glengary.
9. Wentworth and Hallowell.
10. Huron, Perth and Bruce.

These Counties, so long as they shall continue united, shall have all Courts, Offices and Institutions, formerly pertaining to Districts, in common between them, with the exception of Representation and Registration.

## HALDIMAND COUNTY.

There are, moreover, these further temporary exceptions to be noted, viz.—(§. 25 and 26.) that for judicial purposes only, the Townships of *Onondago* and *Seneca*, in the County of *Haldimand*, shall remain attached to, and form part of the County of *Wentworth*; and the Townships of *Rainham* and *Walpole*, in the County of *Haldimand*, shall remain attached to, and form part of the County of *Norfolk*, so long as the County of *Haldimand* shall remain united to the County of *Lincoln*, and no longer.

## PERTH AND WATERLOO.

In the general act the township of Mornington is set down as part of Waterloo County, and in the act to divide Huron, it is set down as part of the county of Perth. It is difficult to determine to which of them it shall in the meantime belong.

## COUNTY PROPERTY.

§ 6. The county property of such united counties, while the union lasts, shall be the common property of such union.

## THE VENUE.

§ 7. In judicial proceedings, with respect to united counties, the venue shall be laid in the particular county to which it shall specially apply, describing it as one of the united counties of — and — (inserting them); and for the trial of the cause, the jury shall be summoned from the body of the united counties, as if the same were one county.

## LAWS APPLICABLE TO UNIONS.

§ 8. All laws applicable to Districts or Counties, shall apply to every union of counties, as if such union formed but one county, except as regards representation and registration.

## SENIOR AND JUNIOR COUNTIES.

§ 9. In all unions, the county within the limits of which the Court-House and Gaol are situated, shall be deemed the senior county, and the other county or counties, the junior county or counties of such union.

## MODE OF SEPARATION.

§ 10. So soon as it shall appear by the census, that any junior county contains a population of 15,000 souls, the Governor, by an order in Council, upon the petition of two-thirds of the Townsreves, for the time being, of such junior county, if he shall deem the circumstances such, as to call for a separate establishment of Courts, and other County Institutions, may issue a proclamation setting forth the same, naming a place for a County Town, within such junior county, and erecting the Townsreves thereof into a provisional Municipal Council therefor, until the dissolution of such union of counties. It is expressly provided, that no such petition shall be presented or acted upon, unless adopted and signed, by such two-thirds, in the month of February after their election or appointment, nor until a resolution declaratory of the expediency of presenting such petition, shall have been adopted by a majority of such Townsreves, for the time being, present at two several meetings, to be called by a like majority, for that purpose, the one to be held in February, in the year next but one preceeding that in which such petition shall have been so adopted and signed, and the other in February in the year next preceeding such last mentioned year. Also, that every such provisional Municipal Council, shall, from time to time, and at all times during its continuance as such, consist of the Townsreves for the several townships, villages and towns in such junior county.

## KENT, LAMBTON, HALDIMAND, WELLAND AND PERTH.

The county of *Kent* being already provided, by a former act of the Legislature, to be set apart as a separate District, and the public buildings therein being in the course of erection, at Chatham, the County Town, it does not therefore come within the operation of the foregoing clause and by a subsequent provision of this Act, (See Sec. 30 and 31), the Townsreves of this county, form a Provisional Council, for the performance of the necessary duties, preparatory to the separation of *Kent* from *Essex*. Special provision is also made in this Act,—(See Sec. 33 and 34), exempting the counties of *Haldimand* and *Welland*, from the operation of the foregoing clause. The Townsreves of these counties respectively, are constituted a provisional Municipal Council, for each such county, with authority to proceed at once to determine the place for the county town, in their respective counties, to purchase the necessary property there, and to erect the necessary public buildings, preparatory to a separation of the united counties of *Lincoln*, *Haldimand* and *Welland*.

The county of *Perth* is also specially exempted, by the Huron Division Act, from the operation of the foregoing clause. Stratford is declared the County Town, and the Townsreves of the several townships, &c., are at once constituted a Provisional Council, for the county of *Perth*, to exercise all the powers vested in them by law, until the dissolution of the union of *Perth* with *Huron* and *Bruce*.

Similar privileges are extended to the County of *Lambton*, by the Act of last Session, cap. 70.

## ERECTING GAOL AND COURT-HOUSE.

§ 11. Provisional Councils may purchase property, and raise money by assessment, for the erection of Court-Houses and Gaols, and for remunerating Provisional Officers. This shall in no way interfere with the powers of the Municipal Council of the union, but all moneys to be raised by the Provisional Council, shall be independent of, and in addition to, any moneys that may be directed to be raised, by the Municipal Council of such union.

## PROVISIONAL OFFICERS.

§ 12. Provisional Council may appoint provisional Warden, Treasurer, and such other provisional officers as they may deem necessary, for performing the requisite duties.

## CORPORATE POWERS.

§ 13. Provisional Council to be a Corporation, for the sole purpose only, of carrying into effect the objects of their erection.

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LEVYING MONIES.

§ 14. All monies to be levied by any By-law of the Provisional Council, shall be assessed, levied and collected, by the same persons, and in the same manner, as is done by the Municipal Council of the union to which the junior county shall belong, and shall be paid over by the collector to the Provisional Treasurer. The Collector to deduct for his trouble and responsibility, 2½ per cent. on the sum paid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The succeeding clauses provide among other things for the apportionment of the debt of the united counties, when a separation takes place; and for the appointment of a Sheriff, Judge, and other officers, for the junior county, when set apart &c. When an union is dissolved the public property lying within the limits of the respective counties, shall belong to the particular county within which it is situated.

COUNTIES AND UNIONS OF COUNTIES.

Counties and unions of counties in Upper Canada, to which judicial and other proceedings of the late Districts are transferred respectively under this Act, and under the Act to divide the county of Huron, specifying the several Counties and Unions of Counties, in the order in which they succeed to the late Districts, respectively; shewing also, the County Towns of the several Counties and Unions of Counties, and the Population, according to the Census of 1848:—

Counties and Unions of Counties.	Population of Counties, including Towns.	County Towns.	Population of County Towns.	Late Districts.
1. Carleton.....	25,520	Bytown.....	6,275	Dalhousie.
2. Essex, Kent and.....	12,030	} Sandwich.....		} Western.
Lambton.....	11,816			
3. Frontenac.....	25,680	} Kingston City.....	} 8,369	} Midland.
Lenox and.....	6,184			
Addington.....	15,135			
4. Hastings.....	23,133	Bellefille.....	2,939	Victoria.
5. Huron, Perth and Bruce.....	20,150	Goderich.....	1,630	Huron.
6. Lanark and Renfrew.....	29,412	Perth.....		Bathurst.
7. Leeds and.....	26,294	} Brockville.....	} 2,119	} Johnstown.
Greenville.....	17,160			
8. Lincoln.....	20,871	} Niagara.....	} 3,100	} Niagara.
Haldimand and.....	12,719			
Welland.....	17,532			
9. Middlesex.....	46,547	London.....	4,581	London.
10. Norfolk.....	15,716	Simcoe.....		Talbot.
11. Northumberland and.....	21,677	} Cobourg.....	} 3,513	} Newcastle.
Durham.....	23,316			
12. Oxford.....	23,219	Woodstock.....	431	Brock.
13. Peterborough.....	21,579	Peterboro'.....	1,906	Colborne.
14. Prescott and.....	8,663	} L'Orignal.....		} Ottawa.
Russell.....	1,701			
15. Prince Edward.....	18,061	Pictou.....	1,599	Prince Edw.rd.
16. Simcoe.....	23,660	Barrie.....		Simcoe.
17. Stormont.....	12,925	} Cornwall.....	} 1,434	} Eastern.
Dundas and.....	16,723			
Glengary.....	15,065			
18. Waterloo.....	41,439	Guelph.....		Wellington.
19. Wentworth and.....	29,145	} Hamilton City.....	} 9,889	} Gore.
Haltou.....	29,520			
20. York.....		} Toronto City.....	} 23,503	} Home.
" East Riding.....	21,530			
" North Riding.....	17,050			
" South Riding.....	41,334			
" West Riding.....	20,226			

Counties,

Shewing the Townships composing the several Counties and unions of Counties in Upper Canada.

1. Carleton.

Registrar, T. G. Burke, Bytown.  
 Fitzroy, Goulbourn, North Gower, Gloucester, Huntley, March, Marlborough, Nepean, Osogoon, and Tobolton, and except for the purposes of representation in the Legislative Assembly, the Town of Bytown.

2. Essex, Kent and Lambton. (United Counties.)

Registrars—For Essex, James Askin, Sandwich; for Kent and Lambton, William Jones, Chatham.

ESSEX.—Anderdon, Colechester, Gosfield, Maidstone, Moresa, Mulden, Rochester, and Sandwich.  
 KENT.—Garden, Chatham, East Dover, West Dover, Harwich, Howard, Orford, Raleigh, Romney, East Tilbury, West Tilbury, and Zone.

LAMBTON.—Brooke, Dawn, Rosanquet, Enniskillen, Enphonia, Moore, Plympton, Farnia, Sombra, and Warwick.

3. Frontenac, Lenox and Addington. (United Counties)

Registrars—For Frontenac, Charles Stuart, Kingston; for Lenox and Addington, Isaac Fraser, Mill Creek, Ernest Town.

FRONTENAC.—Bedford, Barrie, Clarendon, Hinchinbrooke, Elgin, Kingston, Kennebec, Loughborough, Olden, Oso, Portland, Pittsburgh, which shall include

Howe Island, Palmerston, Storrington, and Wolfe Island, and except for the purposes of representation in the Legislative Assembly, the Town of Kingston.

LENOX.—Adolphustown, Fredericksburgh, Fredericksburgh additional, and Richmond.

AMHERSTON.—Amherst Island, Camden, Ernestown, Kaladar, Sheffield and Anglesea.

4. Hastings.

Registrar—George Benjamin, Bellefille.  
 Elzevir, Grimssthorpe, Humberford, Hamtindon, Lake, Marmora, Madoc, Rawdon, Sydney, Tudor, Thurlow and Tyendinaga.

5. Huron, Perth and Bruce. (United Counties.)

Registrar for the United Counties, John Galt, Goderich.

HURON.—Ashfield, Biddulph, Colborne, Goderich, Hay, Hullet, McKillop, McGillivray, Stephen, Stanley, Tuckersmith, Ushorne, Wawanosh, Howick, Morris, Turnberry and Grey.

PERTH.—Blanchard, Downie, and Gore of Downie, Ellice, South Easthope, North Easthope, Fullarton, Hibbert, Logan, Mornington, \* Elma and Wallace.

BRUCE.—Arran, Brant, Bruce, Culross, Carrick, El-

\* In the general Act, Mornington is declared to belong to Waterloo, and in the Act to divide Huron, it is declared to belong to Perth.

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deratic, Greenock, Huron, Kincardine, Kinloss, Saugreen.

*Note.*—By the Act 9th Vic. cap. 47. (1846.) all that portion of the province lying to the Northward of the District of Huron, and bounded on the North by Lake Huron and the Georgian Bay, which is not included in either of the Districts of Wellington or Simcoe, is declared, for all purposes of and connected with the Administration of Justice, Civil and Criminal, to form part of the District of Huron.

In the Act to divide the District of Huron, (1849.) there are provisions which affect the foregoing—for which—*See Note to the County of Waterloo.*

6. *Lanark and Renfrew, (United Counties.)*

Registrars—For Lanark, Alex. McMillan, Perth; for Renfrew, James Morris, senr., MacNab.

LANARK.—Bathurst, Beckwith, Drummond, Dalhousie, Darling, North Elmsley, North Burgess, Levant, Lanark, Monique, Ramsay, North Sherbrooke, and South Sherbrooke.

RENFREW.—Admaston, Blithfield, Bagot, Bromley, Horton, MacNab, Pakenham, Pembroke, Ross, Stafford, and Westmeath.

7. *Leeds and Grenville, (United Counties.)*

Registrars—For Leeds, David Jones, Brockville; for Grenville, John Patton, Prescott.

LEEDS.—Bastard, South Burgess, North Crosby, South Crosby, Elmsley, Elizabethtown, Kitley, Lansdown, Leeds, Yonge, and Escott, and except for the purposes of representation in the Legislative Assembly, the Town of Brockville.

*Note.*—For all Municipal and Election purposes, South Burgess shall be united with Bastard; and for all like purposes, the front of Leeds and Lansdown, and the rear of Leeds and Lansdown, respectively, go together.—*See Act passed 30th April, 1849.*

GRENVILLE.—Augusta, Edwardsburgh, South Gower, Oxford and Wolford.

8. *Lincoln, Haldimand and Welland—(United Counties.)*

Registrars—For Lincoln and Welland, John Powell, Niagara; for Haldimand, Agnew P. Farrell, Dunville.

LINCOLN.—Caister, Clinton, Gainsborough, Grantham, Grimsby, Louth, Niagara, and except for the purposes of representation in the Legislative Assembly, the Town of Niagara.

HALDIMAND.—Canborough, North Cayuga, South Cayuga, Dunn, Moulton, Sherbrooke, Seneca, Oneida, Rainham and Walpole.

*Note.*—While Haldimand continues united with Lincoln, Seneca and Oneida shall be attached to Wentworth, and Rainham and Walpole to Norfolk, for judicial purposes only.

WELLAND.—Bertie, Crowland, Humberstone, Pelham, Stamford, Thorold, Watford, and Willoughby.

9. *Middlesex.*

Registrar—H. Burwell, London.

Adelaide, Aldborough, Bayham, Carradoc, Delaware, Dorchester, Dunwich, Ekfrid, Lobo, London, Metcalfe, Mosa, Malahide, Southwold, Westminster, Williams, Yarmouth, and except for the purposes of representation in the Legislative Assembly, the Town of London.

10. *Norfolk.*

Registrar—F. L. Walsh, Simcoe.

Charlotteville, Doughton, Middleton, Townsend, Woodhouse, Windham, Walsingham, and Long Point and Ryerson's Island in Lake Erie.

*Note.*—For judicial purposes only, Rainham and Walpole shall be attached to Norfolk so long as Haldimand remains united with Lincoln.

11. *Northumberland and Durham, (United Counties.)*

Registrars—For Northumberland, Hon. George S. Boulton, Colourg; for Durham, George C. Ward, Port Hope.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—Alewick, Cramahe, Hamilton, Haldimand, South Monaghan, Murray, Percy and Seymour.

DURHAM.—Clarke, Cavan, Cartwright, Darlington, Hope and Mauvers.

12. *Oxford.*

Registrar—James Ingersoll, Woodstock. Blandford, Blenheim, Burtord, Dereham, Nissouri, North Oxford, East Oxford, West Oxford, Oakland, Norwich, East Zorra and West Zorra.

13. *Peterborough.*

Registrar—Charles Rindge, Peterboro'. Asphodel, Belmont, Burleigh, Boxley, Dummer, Douro, Ennismore, Emily, Eldon, Fenelon, Harvey, Methuen, Mariposa, Otanabee, Ops, Smith, Somerville, Verulam, and North Monaghan.

14. *Prescott and Russell, (United Counties.)*

Registrar, for the United Counties, George D. Reed, L'Orignal.

PRESOTT.—Alfred, Caledonia, East Hawkesbury, West Hawkesbury, Longueuil, North Plantagenet, and South Plantagenet.

RUSSELL.—Clarence, Cumberland, Cambridge and Russell.

15. *Prince Edward.*

Registrar—John P. Roblin, Picton. Athol, Ameliaburgh, Hillier, Hallowell, Marysburgh and Sophiasburgh.

16. *Simcoe.*

Registrar—George Louis, Barrie. Adjala, Artemesia, Collingwood, Essa, Flos, West Gwillimbury, Innisfil, Medonte, Matchedash, Mulmur, Mono, Nottawasaga, Osprey, Oro, North Orillia, South Orillia, St. Vincent, Samudale, Tay, Tecumseth, Toronto, Tiny, Euphrasia and Vespra.

17. *Stormont, Dundas & Glengary, (United Counties.)*

Registrars—For Stormont, John McLenn, Cornwall; for Dundas, A. McDowell, Williamsburgh; for Glengary, Hon. Alexander Fraser, Williamstown.

STORMONT.—Cornwall, Finch, Osnaburck, Roxborough, and except for the purposes of representation in the Legislative Assembly, the Town of Cornwall.

DUNDAS.—Mountain, Matilda, Winchester and Williamsburgh.

GLENGARY.—Charlottenburgh, Kenyon, Lechiol and Lancaster, and the Indian Reservation adjoining the said Townships of Charlottenburgh and Kenyon.

18. *Waterloo.*

Registrar—H. W. Peterson, Guelph. Arthur, Amaranth, Benjick, Derby, Eramosa, Egremont, Guelph, Glenelg, Garratrasa, Holland, Luther, Mornington, Mirao, Maryborough, Melancthon, Normandy, Nichol, Peel, Proton, Tuslingh, Sydenham, Sullivan, Waterloo, Wilnot, Woolwich, Wellesley and Erin.

*Note.*—All the peninsula tract of land, lying to the northward of the Townships of Derby, Arran, and Saugreen, and between Lake Huron and the Georgian Bay, and known as the Indian Reserve, together with every Island in Lake Huron, or the Georgian Bay, any portion of which lies within ten miles of the shore of the said Peninsula Tract of Land, unless such Island shall be further South than the Northern boundary line of the said Townships of Derby, Arran and Saugreen, shall be annexed to, and form part of the county of Waterloo; and every such Island in Lake Huron, as shall lie further south than the said boundary line, shall form part of such of the Counties of Huron, or Bruce, respectively, as such Island shall lie most adjacent to.—(*See Note to the United Counties of Huron, Perth and Bruce.*)

19. *Wentworth and Halton, (United Counties.)*

Registrars—For Wentworth, Alexander Stewart, Hamilton; for Halton, Thomas Racey, Dundas.

WENTWORTH.—Aeneater, Brantford, Brooklee, Barton, Glandorf, Onondaga, Saldree and Tescarora, and except for the purpose of representation in the Legislative Assembly, the City of Hamilton.

*Note.*—Seneca and Oneida shall be attached to Wentworth, for judicial purposes only, so long as Haldimand remains united with Lincoln.

\* In the general division of Counties Act, Mornington is put down as belonging to Waterloo, but in the Huron Division Act, it is put down as belonging to Perth.

**HALTON.**—Beverly, Esquesing, East Flamborough, West Flamborough, Nassagaweya, Nelson, Truifalgar and Dundries.

20. York.

Registrar—Samuel Kidout, Toronto.

**EAST RIDING.**—Markham, Pickering, Scarborough and Whitby.

**NORTH RIDING.**—Iroquo, North Gwillimbury, East Gwillimbury, Georgina, Mara, Reach, Rama, Scott, Thorn, Uxbridge and Whitechurch.

**SOUTH RIDING.**—Etobicoke, King, Vaughan and York, and for the purposes of Registration of Titles only, the City of Toronto.

**WEST RIDING.**—Aldton, Caledon, Chinguacousy, Toronto Gore, and Toronto.

**Townships in Upper Canada,**

*Alphabetically arranged, shewing the County in which each Township is situated.*

Township.	County.	Township.	County.	Township.	County.
Adelaide	Middlesex.	Collingwood	Simcoe.	Grimshy	Lincoln.
Adjala	Simcoe.	Corunwall	Stormont.	Grimsby	Lincoln.
Adrianston	Renfrew.	Cramahe	Northumberland.	Grimsby	Lincoln.
Adolphustown	Lenox.	Crosby, North	Leeds.	Guelph	Waterloo.
Albion	York W.	Crosby, South	Welland.	Gwillimbury E.	York, N.
Albion	Middlesex.	Crowland	Bruce.	Gwillimbury N.	York, N.
Albion	Prescott.	Cutloss	Russell.	Gwillimbury W.	Simcoe.
Alfred	Northumberland.	Cumberland	Lanark.	Haldimand	Northumberland.
Alnwick	Waterloo.	Dalhousie	Lanark.	Hallowell	Prince Edward.
Amaranth	Prince Edward.	Darling	Durham.	Hamilton	Northumberland.
Ameliasburgh	Addington.	Darlington	Lambton.	Harvey	Peterboro'.
Amherst Island	Wentworth.	Bay	Middlesex.	Harwich	Kent.
Ancaster	Essex.	Delaware	Middlesex.	Hawkesbury East.	Prescott.
Anderson	Addington.	Derby	Waterloo.	Hawkesbury W.	Prescott.
Anglesea	Bruce.	Dereham	Oxford.	Hay	Huron.
Arran	Simcoe.	Dorchester	Middlesex.	Hubert	Perth.
Artesia	Waterloo.	Douro	Peterboro'.	Huller	Prince Edward.
Arthur	Huron.	Dover, East	Kent.	Hinchinbrooke	Frontenac.
Ashtfield	Peterboro'.	Dover, West	Kent.	Holland	Waterloo.
Ashtol	Prince Edward.	Downie and Gore	Perth.	Horton	Durham.
Atchafalca	Grenville.	Drammond	Lanark.	Horton	Renfrew.
Atchafalca	Renfrew.	Dumfries	Peterboro'.	Houghton	Norfolk.
Atchafalca	Frontenac.	Dummer	Peterboro'.	Howard	Kent.
Atchafalca	Wentworth.	Dunn	Haldimand.	Howe Island	Frontenac.
Bağot	Frontenac.	Dunwich	Middlesex.	(see Pittsburg)	Huron.
Barrie	Wentworth.	Easthope	Perth.	Howe Island	Huron.
Barton	Leeds.	Edwardsburgh	Grenville.	Humberstone	Welland.
Bastard	Lanark.	Edwardsburgh	Grenville.	Humberstone	Hastings.
Barhurst	Middlesex.	Egmont	Waterloo.	Huntington	Hastings.
Bayham	Lanark.	Egmont	Waterloo.	Huntley	Carleton.
Beckwith	Frontenac.	Egmont	Middlesex.	Huron	Bruce.
Bedford	Peterboro'.	Elderslie	Bruce.	Indian Reserve	Glenagry.
Belmont	Waterloo.	Elton	Peterboro'.	Innisfil	Simcoe.
Benning	Welland.	Elm	Frontenac.	Kaladar	Addington.
Berrie	Halton.	Elizabethtown	Leeds.	Kennebec	Frontenac.
Berwick	Peterboro'.	Ellice	Perth.	Kenyon	Glenagry.
Besley	Peterboro'.	Elma	Perth.	King	York, S.
Biddulph	Huron.	Emsley	Leeds.	Kincardine	Bruce.
Bimbrook	Wentworth.	Emsley, North	Lanark.	Kinloss	Bruce.
Blanchard	Perth.	Elzevir	Hastings.	Kingston	Frontenac.
Blainville	Oxford.	Emily	Peterboro'.	Kitley	Leeds.
Blenheim	Oxford.	Emmiskillen	Lambton.	Lake	Hastings.
Blithfield	Renfrew.	Emmiskillen	Peterboro'.	Lanark	Lanark.
Bosanquet	Lambton.	Eramosa	Waterloo.	Lancaster	Glenagry.
Boswell	Bruce.	Erin	Waterloo.	Lansdown	Leeds.
Braut	Wentworth.	Ernestown	Addington.	Leeds	Leeds.
Brautford	York, N.	Essex	Leeds.	Levant	Lanark.
Brook	Renfrew.	Esquesing	Halton.	Lobo	Middlesex.
Bromley	Leeds.	Essa	Simcoe.	Lochiel	Glenagry.
Brook	Lambton.	Etobicoke	York, S.	Logan	Perth.
Bruce	Bruce.	Euphemla	Lambton.	London	Middlesex.
Burford	Oxford.	Euphrasia	Simcoe.	L. Point and Ry-	Norfolk.
Burgess	Leeds.	Euclid	Peterboro'.	erson's Island	Prescott.
Burgess, North	Lanark.	Finch	Stormont.	Longueuil	Frontenac.
Burleigh	Peterboro'.	Fitzroy	Carleton.	Loughboro'	Frontenac.
Baistor	Lincoln.	Flamboro' East	Halton.	Louth	Waterloo.
Caledon	York, W.	Flamboro' West	Halton.	Luther	Waterloo.
Caledonia	Prescott.	Flos	Simcoe.	Mackay	Renfrew.
Caledonia	Russell.	Fredericksburgh	Lenox.	McGillivray	Huron.
Cambridge	Kent.	Fredericksburgh	Lenox.	McKillop	Huron.
Camden	Leeds.	Gallatin	Perth.	Madoc	Hastings.
Camden, East	Addington.	Gainsboro'	Lincoln.	Madison	Essex.
Camden, West	Haldimand.	Garraxa	Waterloo.	Madison	Middlesex.
Canboro'	Middlesex.	Georgina	York, N.	Malden	Essex.
Carraoe	Middlesex.	Glanford	Wentworth.	Manvers	Durham.
Carriek	Bruce.	Glenelg	Waterloo.	Mara	York, N.
Cartwright	Durham.	Gloucester	Carleton.	March	Carleton.
Cavan	Durham.	Goderich	Huron.	Mariposa	Peterboro'.
Cayuga, North	Haldimand.	Gosford	Carleton.	Markham	York, E.
Cayuga, South	Haldimand.	Goulbourn	Carleton.	Markham	Carleton.
Charlotteburgh	Glenagry.	Gower North	Grenville.	Maryboro'	Hastings.
Charlottetown	Norfolk.	Gower South	Grenville.	Maryborough	Waterloo.
Chatham	Kent.	Graham	Lincoln.	Marysburgh	Prince Edward.
Chinguacousy	York, W.	Greenock	Bruce.	Matchedash	Simcoe.
Clarence	Russell.	Grey	Huron.		
Clarendon	Frontenac.				
Clark	Lincoln.				
Clinton	Huron.				
Colborne	Essex.				
Colchester	Essex.				

Towns  
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Metcalfe  
Methuen  
Middleton  
Minto  
Monaghan  
Monaghan  
Mono  
Montague  
Moore  
\*Morning  
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Moss  
Moulton  
Mountain  
Mulmur  
Murray  
Nassagaweya  
Nelson  
Nepean  
Niagara  
Nichol  
Nissouri  
Normanby  
Norwich  
Notawas  
Oakland  
Olden  
†Oleind  
Onondaga  
Ops.  
Orford  
Orillia, N.  
Orillia, S.  
Oro  
Osgoode  
Osnaburgh  
Oso  
Osprey  
Ottumbee  
Oxford, E.  
Oxford, N.  
Oxford, W.  
Pakenham  
Palmerston

\* In the Act, Mornington being included in the Huron down as being Perth.  
† Temporary worth, for

In Upper have been especially in of the system and expected Incorporated Company, desirous of It was then constructive led or granted slides and by Company necessary therefore, which was M. P. P. & Joint Stock of proceeding convenient

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Township.	County.	Township.	County.	Township.	County.
Matilda . . . . .	Dundas.	Peel . . . . .	Waterloo.	Sydenham . . . . .	Waterloo.
Medonte . . . . .	Simcoe.	Pelham . . . . .	Welland.	Sydney . . . . .	Hastings.
Melancthon . . . . .	Waterloo.	Pembroke . . . . .	Renfrew.	Tay . . . . .	Simcoe.
Mercer . . . . .	Essex.	Percy . . . . .	Northumberland.	Tecumseth . . . . .	Simcoe.
Metcalf . . . . .	Middlesex.	Pickering . . . . .	York, E.	Thora . . . . .	York, N.
Metuchen . . . . .	Peterboro'.	Pittsburgh—in- } cluding Howe } Island . . . . .	Frontenac.	Thorold . . . . .	Welland.
Middleton . . . . .	Norfolk.	Plantagenet, N. . . . .	Prescott.	Thurlow . . . . .	Hastings.
Minto . . . . .	Waterloo.	Plantagenet, S. . . . .	Prescott.	Tilbury, East . . . . .	Kent.
Monaghan, North . . . . .	Peterboro'.	Plympton . . . . .	Lambton.	Tilbury, West . . . . .	Kent.
Monaghan, South . . . . .	Northumberland.	Portland . . . . .	Frontenac.	Tiay . . . . .	Simcoe.
Mono . . . . .	Simcoe.	Proton . . . . .	Waterloo.	Torholton . . . . .	Carleton.
Montague . . . . .	Lanark.	Pushinch . . . . .	Waterloo.	Toronto . . . . .	York, W.
Moore . . . . .	Waterloo.	Raleigh . . . . .	Haldimand.	Toronto Gore . . . . .	York, W.
Mornington . . . . .	Waterloo or Perth.	Ramsay . . . . .	York, N.	Tosorontio . . . . .	Simcoe.
Morris . . . . .	Huron.	Ramsay . . . . .	Lanark.	Townsend . . . . .	Norfolk.
Moss . . . . .	Middlesex.	Rawdon . . . . .	Hastings.	Trafalgar . . . . .	Huron.
Moulton . . . . .	Haldimand.	Rench . . . . .	York, N.	Tudor . . . . .	Hastings.
Mountain . . . . .	Dundas.	Richmond . . . . .	Loney.	Turnberry . . . . .	Huron.
Malmour . . . . .	Simcoe.	Rochester . . . . .	Essex.	Tuscarora . . . . .	Wentworth.
Murray . . . . .	Northumberland.	Ross . . . . .	Kent.	Tyendinaga . . . . .	Hastings.
Nassagaweya . . . . .	Halton.	Roxboro' . . . . .	Stormont.	Urbine . . . . .	Huron.
Nelson . . . . .	Halton.	Russell . . . . .	Russell.	Uxbridge . . . . .	York, N.
Nepean . . . . .	Carleton.	Ryerson Island, } see Long Point }	Norfolk.	Vaughan . . . . .	York, S.
Ningara . . . . .	Lincoln.	St. Vincent . . . . .	Simcoe.	Verulam . . . . .	Peterboro'.
Nichol . . . . .	Waterloo.	Saultiel . . . . .	Wentworth.	Vespra . . . . .	Simcoe.
Nissouri . . . . .	Oxford.	Saultwell . . . . .	Essex.	Wallace . . . . .	Perth.
Normanby . . . . .	Waterloo.	Sarnia . . . . .	Lambton.	Walpole . . . . .	Haldimand.
Norwich . . . . .	Oxford.	Sarny . . . . .	Lambton.	Walsingham . . . . .	Norfolk.
Nottawasaga . . . . .	Simcoe.	Scarboro' . . . . .	Essex.	Warwick . . . . .	Lambton.
Oakland . . . . .	Oxford.	Scott . . . . .	York, E.	Waterloo . . . . .	Waterloo.
Oden . . . . .	Frontenac.	Seneca . . . . .	Haldimand.	Wawanosh . . . . .	Huron.
Onondaga . . . . .	Haldimand.	Seymour . . . . .	Northumberland.	Welliesley . . . . .	Waterloo.
Onondaga . . . . .	Wentworth.	Shedfield . . . . .	Addington.	Westmeath . . . . .	Renfrew.
Ops . . . . .	Peterboro'.	Sherbrooke . . . . .	Haldimand.	Westminster . . . . .	Middlesex.
Orford . . . . .	Kent.	Sherbrooke, N. . . . .	Lanark.	Whitby . . . . .	York, E.
Orillia, North . . . . .	Simcoe.	Sherbrooke, S. . . . .	Lanark.	Whitelirell . . . . .	York, N.
Orillia, South . . . . .	Simcoe.	Smith . . . . .	Peterboro'.	Williams . . . . .	Middlesex.
Oro . . . . .	Simcoe.	Sombra . . . . .	Lambton.	Williamsburgh . . . . .	Dundas.
Osgoode . . . . .	Carleton.	Somerville . . . . .	Peterboro'.	Willoughby . . . . .	Welland.
Osnabrock . . . . .	Stormont.	Sophiasburgh . . . . .	Prince Edward.	Wilmot . . . . .	Waterloo.
Oso . . . . .	Frontenac.	Southwold . . . . .	Middlesex.	Winchester . . . . .	Dundas.
Osprey . . . . .	Simcoe.	Stafford . . . . .	Essex.	Windham . . . . .	Norfolk.
Ottanabee . . . . .	Peterboro'.	Stanford . . . . .	Welland.	Wolfe Island . . . . .	Frontenac.
Oxford . . . . .	Grenville.	Stanley . . . . .	Huron.	Woodford . . . . .	Welland.
Oxford, East . . . . .	Oxford.	Stephan . . . . .	Huron.	Woodlith . . . . .	Waterloo.
Oxford, North . . . . .	Oxford.	Storrington . . . . .	Frontenac.	Yanmouth . . . . .	Middlesex.
Oxford, West . . . . .	Oxford.	Sullivan . . . . .	Waterloo.	Vonce . . . . .	Leeds.
Packenham . . . . .	Renfrew.	Summidaie . . . . .	Simcoe.	York . . . . .	York, S.
Palmerston . . . . .	Frontenac.			Zone . . . . .	Kent.

\* In the general Counties Division Act, Mornington is put down as belonging to Waterloo County, and in the Huron Division Act it is put down as belonging to the County of Perth.

† Temporarily attached to Wentworth, for Judicial purposes only.

\* Temporarily attached to Norfolk, for Judicial purposes only.

† Temporarily attached to Wentworth, for Judicial purposes only.

**Road Companies, &c.**

In Upper Canada, several roads and other works have been constructed by Joint Stock Companies, specially incorporated for the purpose. The advantage of the system was proved by experience, but the delay and expense incident to obtaining a special Act of Incorporation from the Legislature, for each separate Company, operated as a great discouragement to persons desirous of embarking capital in such undertakings. It was therefore deemed expedient to encourage the construction of sawed, hewed or split plank, Macadamized or gravelled roads, and also bridges, piers, wharves, slides and dams connected therewith, in Upper Canada, by Companies who may be disposed to subscribe the necessary capital for the completion thereof; and, therefore, in 1818, an Act was passed by the Legislature, (which was introduced by the Hon. H. J. Boulton, M. P. P. for Norfolk,) to authorise the formation of Joint Stock Companies for these purposes. The mode of procedure, as laid down in the Act, is easy and convenient, as the following synopsis will show:—

**HOW TO FORM COMPANY.**

Any number of persons, not less than five, may form themselves into a Company. When they shall subscribe stock adequate, in their judgment, to the construction of the work to be undertaken by them, and execute no

instrument of the following tenor, and pay to their Treasurer six per cent. on their stock, and register the instrument and a receipt from the Treasurer for the instalment of six per cent. paid, with the Register of the County, they shall thenceforth become a Chartered and Incorporated Company, with the usual privileges.

**THE INSTRUMENT.**

The following is a copy of the requisite instrument:—  
Be it remembered, that on this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, we, the undersigned Stockholders, met \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, in the Province of Canada, and resolved to form ourselves into a Company, to be called (here insert the Corporate name intended to be taken by the Company,) according to the provisions of a certain Act of the Parliament of this Province, intituled, "An Act to authorise the formation of Joint Stock Companies for the construction of roads and other works in Upper Canada," for the purpose of constructing a Plank Road (or Macadamized or Gravelled Road, or both, as the case may be,) from (the commencement of the intended road) to (the termination thereof,) or a Bridge, Slide, Wharf, Pier, (or other such work as aforesaid, describing the nature, extent and situation thereof,) and we do hereby declare that the Capital Stock of the said Company shall be \_\_\_\_\_ pounds, to be divided into \_\_\_\_\_

shares, at the price or sum of five pounds each; and we, the undersigned Stockholders, do hereby agree to take and accept the number of shares set by us opposite to our respective signatures, and we do hereby agree to pay the calls thereon, according to the provisions of the said in part recited Act, and of the Rules, Regulations, Resolutions and By-laws of the said Company, to be made or passed in that behalf; and we do hereby nominate (the names to be here inserted) to be the first Directors of the said Company.

Name.	No. of Shares.	Amount.

#### OPPOSITION TO COMPANY.

Any twelve freeholders, resident within a mile of any line of road proposed to be made, may oppose its construction, by giving notice to the President or Chairman of any Company, or meeting convened to form such Company, of their intended opposition to the work; and no further action shall be had towards its prosecution, until after the next sitting of the Municipal Council of the locality; provided such notice shall be given before the work is commenced. The Municipal Council is empowered to hear and decide upon such opposition, by prohibiting, varying or altering the intended line of road. The Municipality is also empowered, when any new road shall be opened, or the line of an old road changed, to direct or permit the old road to be closed up, and embraced within the enclosure of the party from whom the ground shall have been taken for the new road; provided it shall not exclude any person residing in or near the old road from a convenient access to the new one.

#### MANAGEMENT OF COMPANY.

The affairs of each Company shall be managed by five Directors, to be annually chosen by the Stockholders, each Stockholder having a vote for each share he holds,—the share to be five pounds. A majority of Directors to be a quorum for the transaction of business. One of their number to be elected President. They shall appoint officers and servants, at their discretion, for performing necessary duties.

#### MAY INCREASE CAPITAL.

Should the Directors be of opinion, at any time after the formation of the Company, that the original capital will not be sufficient to complete the work, they may borrow a sufficient sum, upon the security of the Company, or they may increase the number of shares in the Company, to make up the deficiency. The Municipal body of the locality may lend money to such Companies.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON COMPANIES.

The length of road to be undertaken by any Company must not be less than two miles; and no road shall be made of a higher grade than one foot elevation to twenty feet along the road, without the sanction of the Chief Engineer superintending public works in the neighborhood. Companies are prevented from bringing roads through private property, or property of the Crown, without permission, except as provided by the Act. They are also restrained from going within the limits of any city, or incorporated town or village, except by special permission of the authorities; and a special prohibition is enacted against the formation of any Company to interfere with Companies already chartered; provided the stock is subscribed by such Companies, and the work is in course of being completed by them, within a year from the passing of this Act. As regards private property, the owner shall supervise a Company, should he commence the work within a year, and complete it within two years, from the time he shall be notified, that a Company has been formed for constructing it on his property. The sanction of the Governor in Council is required to permit the appropriation of Crown property to the purposes of any Company. No road or other work shall be made through any pleasure ground, garden, yard, or orchard, or materials taken therefrom, nor shall any timber be taken from any enclosed lands, without the consent of the owner.

#### PRIVILEGES OF COMPANIES—ARBITRATION.

Companies are empowered to explore, and take lands and materials for their undertakings, making compensation to the owners. In case of difference as to the value, or the sum to be paid, arbitrators are to decide the matter. The Company is to name one, the owner of the property a second, and these two are to choose a third. Should the proprietor neglect to appoint an arbitrator, for twenty days after being notified by the Company, or should the two arbitrators not agree upon a third, within twenty days after the appointment of the second, then the Judge of the District Court, on the application of either party, shall nominate one of the Councillors, of one of the Townships next adjacent, to be the second or third arbitrator. Should the proprietor be absent, or unknown, or the title in dispute, or the lands mortgaged, &c., the District Judge is to appoint an arbitrator. In the case of lands belonging to the Indians, the chief officer of the Indian Department is to appoint an arbitrator, and otherwise act for them. The arbitrators, in conducting duties, are to pay due attention to the benefits to accrue to the party requiring compensation, by the construction of the contemplated improvement. Eight days' notice of meeting must at least be given by the arbitrators. The concurrence of a majority of them in the award is sufficient. The award shall be final, and it must specify the sum to be paid, and the costs, and on whom the costs shall fall, according to this rule:—Should the Company, before the appointment of their arbitrator, have tendered an equal or greater sum than that awarded by the arbitrators, the costs shall then fall on the owner of the property; and otherwise on the Company. The award must be registered.

#### TOLLS.

The Act authorises the levying of tolls, at the discretion of the President and Directors, from all persons passing and repassing with horses, carts, carriages and other vehicles, and for cattle driven upon, over and along any road, or from all persons passing over any bridges, with or without any carriages or animals, crossing any work constructed, made, and used by any Company, under and by virtue of the provisions of the Act. So soon as two or more miles of a road shall be completed, tolls may be taken therefor; but on no other work shall tolls be taken, until the same shall be completed. The tolls to be levied, for each time of passing, must not exceed an aggregate sum, calculated at the rate of 12d. per mile, from the gate required to be passed, to the last gate in the direction whence the person may have come, for any vehicle drawn by two horses or other cattle; and for any vehicle drawn by more than two cattle, 2d. per mile for every additional one; for every vehicle drawn by one horse, 1d. per mile; for every score of sheep, or swine, or neat cattle, 2d. per mile; for every horse and rider, or led horse, 2d. per mile. No toll shall be exacted for merely crossing a road. Persons going to, or attending, or returning from funerals, or Divine service on the Lord's day, are not to be charged toll.

#### REPORT YEARLY TO THE MUNICIPALITY.

The Directors of the Company are required to report, in the month of January in each year, to the Municipality, under the oath of their Treasurer, the cost of the work, the amount of all money expended, the amount of their capital stock, and how much paid in; the whole amount of tolls expended on such work, the amount received during the year for tolls, and from all other sources, stating each separately; the amount of dividends paid, and the amount expended for repairs, and the amount of debts expended by such Company, specifying the objects for which such debts respectively were incurred. Every Company must keep regular books, to be at all times open to the inspection and examination of those who may be appointed for that purpose by the Municipality.

#### TO COMPLETE WORK IN TWO YEARS.

Companies formed under this Act shall be bound to complete every road, not more than five miles in length, and any other work undertaken by them, for the completion of which they shall have become incorporated, within two years from the date of their incorporation, in default of which they shall forfeit all their corporate and other powers and authority, which shall thenceforth cease and determine, unless further time be granted by a By-law of the Municipality.

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MUNICIPALITIES MAY HOLD STOCK.

Municipalities may acquire stock in Companies formed under this Act, within their jurisdiction. They may also, after twenty-one years from the time of the completion of any road or other work, purchase the stock of the Companies, for the benefit of the locality.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Act contains provisions for enforcing payment of instalments of stock, by suing, or by demand, under penalty of forfeiture, within ninety days after a personal application, or notice for six successive weeks in the nearest newspaper. Also, for investing the works and materials in Companies and their successors: for the erection of toll gates: for imposing penalties on persons injuring roads, &c.; and on persons turning out of road to evade toll, or assisting others to evade tolls: and for compelling Companies to keep the roads in proper repair, under pain of forfeiture, &c. The Legislature, moreover, reserves the right to make such additions or alterations to the Act as they may think proper, for affording just protection to the public or to individuals, in respect to property that may be affected by any of the powers given by the Act to any Company.

RECOMMENDATION TO FARMERS.

The advantages conferred by the Act are very obvious. We shall merely direct the attention of the inhabitants of the rural districts to the privileges it confers on them, by enabling them to form themselves into Companies, of not less than five persons in each, for the construction of roads in the vicinity of their residences, where they can not only perform the principal part of the work themselves, but also supply materials from their lands, which will be repaid them in stock and tolls. Stock in these Companies will form an excellent Savings Bank for the farmers to invest their spare money in. The sums so invested will confer upon them great benefits, by their being employed in the improvement of the roads in the vicinity of their residences, and by producing a yearly return, in the shape of a handsome dividend arising from the tolls. This is surely far preferable to the money being allowed to lie idle and unproductive in the farmers' trunks. It will be observed that the Act is not confined to the improvement of the ordinary public highways, but that it contemplates the opening of new roads, wherever necessary, irrespective of the roads usually laid out by the authority of Government, and which are known as concession, side lines, town lines, &c. The necessity for such new roads, in any direction, is to be decided by the inhabitants of the locality.

Inspection of Butter in Quebec and Montreal.

Dairy husbandry must increase with the growth of the country, and embrace no inconsiderable part of the profitable labor of the farmer in Canada. A ready market for the produce of the dairy will have its effect in encouraging the extension of that branch of rural industry and economy; and proper care must be taken in the preparation of the article, so as to render it worthy the attention of dealers, for exportation as well as for local consumption. We shall therefore furnish a brief sketch of the requirements of the existing law. "To regulate the packing of butter, and to provide for the inspection of the same at the Ports of Quebec and Montreal, such inspection being nevertheless optional with the parties interested." The Act from which we quote was passed by the Provincial Legislature in 1848, and it shall remain in force until 1st May, 1850, and thence until the end of the then next session of Parliament. The probability is that it will be then renewed. It provides for the appointment of sworn Inspectors of Butter, at Quebec and Montreal. It also establishes regulations for branding and packing, and prescribes the descriptions of casks to be used, as well as the mode of inspection, &c. The following are the clauses of the Act relating to these important points:—

VI. And he it enacted, That upon, from, and after the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, no Inspector of Butter shall brand, mark or certify any Butter as inspected, unless it be packed in the manner hereinafter required; but that upon, from, and after the said day, any Butter not so packed, which shall be submitted for inspection, shall, by the Inspector to whom it shall be submitted, be

repacked in the manner hereby required, and the Inspector shall receive the actual cost of such new packages as may be required for such repacking, and the further sum of three pence for each firkin or keg of Butter so repacked, as compensation for his time and labor; and all Butter branded, marked or certified as inspected, shall be packed in tirkins or kegs, made of the best seasoned white ash timber, and each bound with at least twelve wooden hoops, and being of the following sizes and dimensions, that is to say: the firkin to contain as nearly as possible fifty-six pounds of Butter, the length of the staves from croe to croe, to be fourteen inches and a half, the diameter of the head to be eleven inches and a half, the thickness of the staves to be, as nearly as may be, three-quarters of an inch, and the thickness of the head, as near as may be, half an inch, the package to weigh as nearly as possible, but in no case to exceed ten pounds when dry; the keg to contain, as nearly as possible, eighty-four pounds of Butter, the length of the stave, from croe to croe, to be seventeen inches, the diameter of the head to be thirteen inches, the thickness of the staves to be, as nearly as may be, three-quarters of an inch, and of the head, as nearly as may be, half an inch, and the package to weigh, as nearly as possible, but in no case to exceed thirteen pounds when dry; and the weight of each package shall be branded on the outside of the firkin or keg, at the centre of the stave or bilge, with the name of the maker thereof, under a penalty of five shillings currency per package, upon any cooper who shall contravene the requirements of this Act, as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall apply to any packages other than those containing Butter submitted for inspection.

VII. And he it enacted, That in inspecting Butter, the Inspector shall take out the head of each firkin or keg, and shall pass the taster through the Butter, from end to end, and shall empty out and throw aside all salt or pickle which, in his judgment, shall not be necessary to the preservation of the Butter, and after he shall have ascertained the quality of the Butter, he shall replace so much thereof as he may have taken out, and if there shall in his judgment be a deficiency of loose salt, so that he shall think the preservation and condition of the Butter would be promoted by an additional quantity of salt, he shall add such quantity; he shall then have the package securely headed and coopered, and shall scribble or brand on the head of the package the gross weight thereof in pounds avoirdupoise, excluding fractional parts of a pound, and the tare which shall include one pound weight for each firkin, and two pounds weight for each keg, for soakage over and above the cooper's tare; and he shall then brand on the head his own name, the month, year and place of inspection, and the quality of the Butter as "First," "Second," "Third" or "Fourth," or as "Grease," according to the quality of the Butter, and adopting the standard of quality and system of classification in use in that portion of the United Kingdom called Ireland; first, removing all such marks (the distinguishing mark of the owner of the Butter excepted) on the package as may interfere with the brands or marks of the Inspector.

VIII. And he it enacted, That it shall be further the duty of each of the said Inspectors to provide himself with suitable and convenient premises for the storage and inspection of Butter, and to keep all packages of Butter delivered to him for inspection, while they remain in his possession, in some place safe from the injuries of the weather or of floods, and under a tight roof; and any Inspector contravening this provision, shall forfeit and pay to the owner the sum of five shillings, currency, for every package not stored as aforesaid, besides the actual damages that may be sustained by such owner.

IX. And he it enacted, That for all the services to be performed as aforesaid, including unheading, weighing, salting, branding, tightening hoops, marking and branding, and ten days' storage, each Inspector shall be entitled to receive six pence, currency, of this Province, for every package of Butter by him inspected as aforesaid, and if re-inspected, four pence, together with the actual cost or charge of any package by him furnished, or for extra cooperage or repairs done to packages containing Butter by him inspected, and no more; the charge for which said extra cooperage and repairs shall not in any case exceed three pence per

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package; and in consideration of which all packages shall be delivered in good shipping order, and such charges shall be paid by the person or persons offering such Butter for inspection, or his or their Agents; and each Inspector shall further be entitled to receive one penny half-penny currency, per month, per firkin, and one penny per keg, per month, for the storage of each package of Butter, which shall remain stored with him as aforesaid more than ten days after the date of the Invoice, Weight-Note or Inspection Bill, and such storage shall be paid by the person or persons receiving or shipping the said Butter, his or their Agent; but in no case shall any storage be paid or required when the Butter shall not have remained stored as aforesaid during ten days from the date of the Inspection Bill; and all the charges of inspection and storage shall be payable before the Butter shall be re-delivered by the Inspector; and the Inspector shall furnish a Bill of Inspection signed by him, and specifying neatly and legibly the quantity and quality of the Butter, the charges thereon, and the owner's name.

XV. And he enacted, That if any person or persons shall counterfeit any of the aforesaid marks or brands of any Inspector of Butter, or shall impress or brand the same knowing the same to be counterfeit, on any package or packages of Butter, or any other mark or marks purporting to be the mark or marks of the Inspector or of any Manufacturer of Butter, either with the proper marking tools of such Inspector or Manufacturer, or with counterfeit representations thereof, or shall empty any package or packages of Butter marked or branded as aforesaid by an Inspector or Manufacturer in order to put therein other Butter for sale or exportation, without first cutting out the said brand-marks, or shall fraudulently pack therein any other substance than the Butter packed in the same by the Inspector or Manufacturer, and if any person in the employ of any Inspector or Manufacturer of Butter, shall hire or loan out the marks of his employer to any person whatsoever, or shall connive at or be privy to any fraudulent evasion of the provisions of this Act, such person or persons shall for every such offence, incur a penalty of fifty pounds, current money of this Province.

#### Preserving Butter in Switzerland.

"The pastoral life of the Swiss peasantry forces itself strongly on the attention of the Alpine traveller, from the numerous herds of cattle which he meets with on every pasturage in the mountains, and from the frequent Dairies-Chalets or Semubrute, with their plentiful produce, which greet him in the loveliest spots. The great staples of Swiss pastoral wealth are cows and the produce of the dairy. Sheep are comparatively rare; and even goats are seen in a proportion very inferior to that of cows.

"Although some of the great mountain dairies and herds that supply them, are the property of one or more individuals, by far the most common source of such establishments, is the union of smaller properties of any particular hamlet or parish into one, with the view of economising labour; a large portion of the Alps or mountain pasturages being common lands appertaining to the commune or parish. One or more cowherds is appointed and paid in common; and the dairy staff, proportioned to the extent of the flock, is constituted in like manner. All the milk is kept in common, as well as the butter and cheese produced from it; the apportioning of their share to the individual proprietors, being regulated by the award of the inspectors appointed by the body of proprietors or by the commune.—These inspectors attend the milkings occasionally, so as to ascertain the exact average produce of each individual cow; and a division of the butter, proportioned to the number of cows and their respective amount of milk, is made at the end of the season.

"It is a singular fact, and one I could not bring myself to believe, until I had it confirmed to me by repeated testimony, that the whole of the butter produced in one of these Alpine pastures, is preserved sweet, or least perfectly fit for use, through the whole season, *without any admixture of salt*. The following is the way in which it is treated.—A narrow deal board, not more than four or five inches wide, is fixed horizontally in an open place in the dairy of the chalet; wooden pins, from two three feet in length, are fixed in an upright

position into this, their whole length projecting above its surface. As the butter is made it is placed daily round these pins (one at a time), beginning at their lower end, and in a mass not exceeding at first the width of the board. Every day as more butter is made it is added to the previous portion around the pins, the diameter of the growing mass being gradually enlarged upwards, until the upper surface overhangs the base to a considerable extent, like an inverted bee-hive. When one pin is filled, another is proceeded with in like manner, and so on. The exposed surface of these masses gets soon covered with a sort of hard film, which effectually excludes the access of the air; and this circumstance with two others, viz., the complete expression of milk from the butter, and the unobstructed circulation of a cool mountain air through the chalet—will go far to explain how the butter so treated can remain so long without being spoiled.

"I should like this experiment to be tried in some of our English dairies. The Swiss manipulators had no doubt of the trial succeeding, provided all the above-mentioned requisites of complete expression of the milk, a low temperature, and a free circulation of air were obtained.

"It is very probable, that if the butter thus preserved, from June or July to October, were then made use of as the supply of the daily breakfast, it might not be found exactly good, according to our conception of the term, as applied to so delicate an article of diet; yet there can be no doubt that butter so treated is preserved from all putrescency; and it is from it that the whole winter store of the inhabitants of Switzerland is obtained.

"The mode of preparing this winter store of butter seems to me much more important; and I will here describe it in detail, as I believe it is little known in England, and ought to be more so. I refer to what is called in the Vallais and in Piedmont boiled butter (*beurre cuit*), the form in which this article of diet is universally used, at least for all purposes of cookery.

"In looking at the horrid compound sold in England as salt butter, at least the cheaper sorts of it used by the poorer classes, I cannot but believe that its supersession by the boiled butter of Switzerland would be advantageous to the comfort and health of a large proportion of our countrymen. It can hardly be believed that such an offensive, briny, and semi-putrid mass as the cheaper sorts of our salt butter, can be without serious detriment to the health of the customers, any more than the salted meat formerly issued to our seamen was so. The only difference in the two cases, is the comparative quantity consumed in each case: In itself I am disposed to regard the rancid butter as the more wholesome of the two. The boiled butter, while infinitely more palatable, is neither saline nor rancid, and, consequently, is calculated to be more easily digested, and to produce a more wholesome material for absorption into the system.

"I give the receipt for the process of making the boiled butter in the words I took it down from the mouth of my guide, from the valley of Entremont, with the addition of some little variations in the process, as I obtained them from others learned in the same art.

"Formula.—Into a clean copper pan, (butter no doubt tinned), put any quantity of butter, say from twenty to forty pounds, and place it over a very gentle fire, so that it may melt slowly; and let the heat be so graduated, that the melted mass does not come to the boil in less than about two hours. During all this time the butter must be frequently stirred, say once in five or ten minutes, so that the whole mass may be thoroughly intermixed, and the top and bottom change places from time to time. When the melted mass boils, the fire is to be so regulated as to keep the butter at a gentle boil for about two hours more, the stirring being still continued, but not so necessarily so frequently as before. The vessel is then to be removed from the fire, and set aside to cool and settle, still gradually; this process of cooling being supposed also to require about two hours. The melted mass is then, while still quite liquid, to be carefully poured into the crock or jar in which it is to be kept.—In the process of cooling, there is deposited a whitish cheesy sediment proportioned to the quantity of the butter, which is to be carefully prevented from intermixture with the preserved butter. These cheesy grounds are very palatable and nutritious, and are constantly used as food.

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the process in the practice of different individuals. One very experienced man assured me that a much shorter time than two hours need elapse between the setting the vessel on the fire, and the period of bringing the butter to the boiling point. Another said that the time should bear some relation to the quantity of materials used, an average period of ten minutes being allowed for every pound. The same party told me that if the butter employed was not quite sweet, the addition of a slice of bread and a slice of onion will remove this; and also that the appearance of the grounds rising up to the top when the mass is stirred, is itself a proof that the coction is sufficient. My guide at Chamoune told me that his wife usually added a small portion of salt to the mass, in the early stage of the boiling. "Every one agreed in asserting that butter so preserved will last for years perfectly good, without any particular precautions being taken to keep it from the air, or without the slightest addition of salt. Indeed I myself tasted more than once butter so prepared, full twelve months after preparation, and found it without the slightest taint. It wanted the flavor of fresh butter, but seemed to me infinitely more palatable than our coarse salt butter; this hoiled butter, however, is not commonly used even in Switzerland as a condiment with bread, as fresh butter is, but merely as an article in cookery. For which purpose it is said to be even better than perfectly recent butter. I saw at the Hotel d'Angleterre, in Chamoune, the very jar out of which all the butter used in the kitchen was taken; and certainly it would not be easy to find more delicate cookery than we have met with."

[The foregoing is an extract, from a recent work published in England, by Dr. Forbes, formerly of Chichester, called "A Physician's Holiday, or a month in Switzerland." The Doctor's recommendation, to try the experiment in the English Dairies, we would extend to Canada, and for that reason, we have transferred the foregoing extract to the *Canadian Almanac*, trusting that it may be of service here.]

### Public Lands, Free Grants, Scrip, &c.

An Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed 30th May, 1870, contains important provisions relative to the management and disposal of the Public Lands.

#### LOCATION TICKETS.

§ 2 & 3.—The receipt to the purchaser of any land from the Crown, including Clergy Reserves, Crown Reserves, or School Lands, and also the Location Tickets, or Licenses of occupation, shall bear date on the day on which they shall be respectively signed, and entitle the parties to take immediate possession, and maintain suits in law or equity, against any wrongful possessor or trespasser.

#### SCRIP.

§ 4. That all claims to scrip or land, whether of minors or others, and whether founded upon Orders in Council or other regulations, shall be established to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council, within one year after the passing of this Act, or in default thereof they shall be forever forfeited: Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Governor of this Province, by and with the advice of His Executive Council, to receive and satisfy the claims of such persons or persons who being entitled to Lands sworn proved from receiving Scrip for the same, by reason of such claims not having been presented to the Government prior to the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, if such applications be made within nine months after the passing of this Act: Provided also, that the Lands purchased from the Indians, and known as the "Huron Tract," shall not hereafter be granted to claimants not sold for Scrip, but that the same shall be withheld from sale, until the provisions of the Act passed during the present session, appropriating one million of acres of land to Common School purposes, shall have been complied with so far as relates to the setting apart of the said million of acres.

#### PAST DUE FEES, OR SETTLEMENT DUTIES.

§ 5. That all lands upon the grant of which fees were payable, and which fees are now due, or upon which settlement duties remain to be performed or the performance of such settlement duties to be proved, shall

be forfeited at the end of two years from the passing of this Act, unless such fees shall be duly paid, and such settlement duties duly performed, and the performance thereof proved to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council within the said period: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be held to apply to free grants of fifty acres, made upon the lines of public roads, as provided by the twenty-sixth section of the Act hereby amended. [1 & 5 Vic., cap. 100, passed 1841.]

#### LOCAL AGENTS, &c.

§ 6. The Governor may appoint Local Agents, from time to time, for the sale of Public Lands, and make regulations for their guidance, and "such alterations in the Crown Lands Department, as may be deemed necessary and expedient, for the better and more efficient management thereof."

#### TO CORRECT ERRORS IN PATENTS.

§ 7. That whenever a Patent shall have been erroneously issued in consequence of any clerical error, in correct return of an Agent, or wrong description of the land thereby granted or intended to be granted, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor in Council, upon the Report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands thereon (there being no adverse claim), to direct the defective Patent to be cancelled, and a correct one to be issued in its stead, which said corrected Patent shall relate back to the date of the one so cancelled, and be construed to have the same legal effect as it would have had, had it borne the same date as such cancelled Patent.

#### ASSIGNMENTS OF LOCATION TICKETS.

§ 8. Provides for the Registration of Assignments of Location Tickets, in the Crown Lands Department, which when registered, shall be valid against any of previous date, not registered, except in cases of express notice. All assignments shall be unconditional, and when produced to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, they shall be accompanied by an affidavit of their due execution, sworn before any Justice of the Peace, which shall duly express the time of their execution. In Lower Canada, assignments executed before Notaries, or before one Notary and two witnesses, shall be sufficient; and in Upper Canada, Commissioners for taking affidavits in the Queen's Bench, shall have the same authority in administering oaths, in matters relating to the Crown, Clergy, and School Lands, as is now exercised by Justices of the Peace. In case of the absence or absence from the Province, of the subscribing witnesses to assignments, affidavits of the fact, and proof of their handwriting, shall be sufficient evidence to authorize the registration of the assignment by the Commissioner of Crown Lands. The Crown Patent Decree for the Lands, shall be issued to the Assignees.

#### FORFEITURE OF LANDS FOR ARREARS.

§ 9. That it is shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Crown Lands, as soon after the passing of this Act as circumstances will permit or be expedient, to cause to be prepared lists of any of the Public Lands under his management already sold or leased, or which may hereafter be sold or leased, and upon which arrears of one or more instalments or of one or more years' rent have already or may hereafter accrue, and to direct sales to be made thereof on any specific day to be named, after a notice of not less than thirty days, and one publication at least in the *Canada Gazette* and a local or District newspaper, published in the County or District in which such lands shall be situated and when no newspaper shall be published in such County or District, then such publication shall be made in a newspaper in the District or County next adjoining.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE WHEN ARREARS HAVE ACCRUED.

§ 10. That it shall be the duty of the said Commissioner before publishing any such list, to submit the same for the consideration and approval of the Governor in Council, who shall establish the price and conditions upon which the said lands shall be offered; and lots which shall not meet with purchasers at the upset price on the first day of sale, shall thereafter become disposable by the Local Agent, in the same manner as other advertised lands, subject to such modification of price and terms as may from time to time be deemed proper by the Governor in Council. To the first applicant who complies with the conditions required, the first licensee excepted, who shall in no case be allowed

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to re-purchase at private sale unless paying up the whole of the arrears due with interest by the date of such sale.

INDULGENCE TO LOCATEES TO STOP SALES.

§ 11. That no sale shall be made under the provisions of this Act, until after the expiration of six calendar months from the passing thereof; and provided further, that if the original locatee or purchaser of any lot so advertised for sale, shall at any time before the day of sale pay one of the instalments due on the said lot with interest accrued thereon, then it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Crown Lands to withdraw the said lot from the intended sale; and the said original locatee or purchaser shall be held to comply with the conditions

of his purchase or lease so long as he continues to pay yearly one of the instalments due with interest, or three years' rent or interest for lots on lease or on quit rent, otherwise the lot shall again be liable to be sold as aforesaid, for the remaining instalments due.

FIELD NOTES OF TOWNSHIPS.

§ 12 & 13. The Commissioner of Crown Lands is required with all convenient speed, to deposit in the Register Office of each County in Canada, a copy of the Field Notes of the original surveys of each Township in such county; and a certified copy by the County Registrar shall be received in all Courts of the Province, as *prima facie* evidence, without the production of the originals, or of the copies deposited with the Registrar.

Population of Upper Canada,

And its increase, at several periods between the years 1824 and 1848, according to the Division into Municipal Districts.

DISTRICTS.	1824.	1825.	1830.	1832.	1831.	1830.	1830.	1841.	1842.	1848.
Bathurst.....	10121	10309	16015	16636	23071	21127	21632	27625	21655	29148
Brook.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15621	17280	29219
Colborne.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13708	21879
Dalhousie.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16163	25520
Eastern.....	11759	16521	19753	21735	25105	25011	28227	30279	32008	34553
Gore.....	13157	14215	20015	27221	31618	43922	51027	45577	45659	67671
Home.....	16669	17916	28365	36633	55308	53211	59229	67074	83491	106895
Huron.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7199	29450
Johnstown.....	11741	12906	19277	21300	25001	29227	32689	35652	32115	43196
London.....	17523	17551	28203	28911	37105	47055	48222	39257	39270	46547
Midland.....	27695	27116	31190	37157	32500	25118	26179	32208	31111	43209
Newcastle.....	9292	9066	11850	21019	27104	32200	36011	41851	21015	37133
Niagara.....	17552	12906	20916	21181	25317	30117	29553	31577	36332	53005
Ottawa.....	2560	2500	4833	5231	6321	7127	8121	4321	7329	10341
Prince Edwd. Simcoe.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11829	12219	13909	11631	11915	18621
Talbot.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3955	10215	10713	11576	*	23050
Victoria.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9060	9020	10155
Wellington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10527	12055	13141	13190	21133
Western.....	6952	7741	9287	10627	12755	17005	19207	23026	23309	27110
Totals.....	151937	158027	210137	261860	310633	372502	407515	465457	480655	723292†
1825.....	.....	6950	52110	50523	59633	51406	35913	57122	20608	237237
1830.....	.....	.....	59319	123023	119250	141118	46222	92253	78511	358235
1832.....	.....	.....	.....	102963	162306	162306	116155	116054	119523	315777
1831.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	196506	211755	197078	21207	163192	337720
1836.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	221405	219188	251920	251905	602599
1833.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	256118	307330	275011	162292
1841.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	111260	394026	512255
1842.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	231956	552265
1848.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	572195

Upper Canada. The population of the several Counties, we have given separately, in another Table.—(See p. 54.)

\* Included in Home District. † In the detail, the number is 723,372, shewing a difference of 50. Note.—The blanks in the foregoing table, arise from the circumstance, that the Districts in which they occur, were not set apart as separate Districts at these periods; and the population appertaining to them respectively, is included in that of the different Districts, of which they then severally formed a part. The Districts to which we refer were severally formed as follows, viz: Brook, from a portion of London. Prince Edward, from a portion of Midland. Simcoe, from a portion of Home. Colborne, from a portion of Newcastle. Talbot, from a portion of London. Dalhousie, from parts of Bathurst, Johnstown, and Ottawa. Victoria, from a portion of Midland. Huron, from a portion of London. Wellington, from parts of Gore and Home (now Simcoe).

Population and extent of Great Britain.

	Population.					Extent in square miles.
	1801.	1811.	1821.	1831.	1841.	
England.....	8391494	9598827	11291437	13091005	14095138	50987
Wales.....	541546	611766	717433	806182	911893	7425
Persons travelling at night, June 6.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5010	.....
Scotland.....	1590063	1895668	2063456	2305114	2621184	32167

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Gross Abstract of Census of Upper Canada, 1848.

	1818.	1842.	Inc'se 1848.		1818.	1842.	Inc'se 1848.
1. Population . . . . .	729,832	1,600,555	237,277	32. Persons over 5 and under 14—			
2. Houses occupied . . . . .	112,305	27,000		Males . . . . .	60,130	63,113	32,503
3. " vacant . . . . .	27,000	4		Females . . . . .	49,261	52,235	31,229
4. No. of persons to each house . . . . .	6.4	4.0	Very im-	33. MALES:—			
5. No. of heads of families as-			per	14 and not 15, married . . . . .	1050	1015	35
6. Average No. of persons in each	11,000		fectly	" " " single . . . . .	3158	20370	11218
7. Real Estate,—Proprietors . . . . .	60,530		given in	18 and not 21, married . . . . .	1551	1594	47
8. Non-proprietors . . . . .	49,321		the Cen-	" " " single . . . . .	20510	12202	8291
9. Occupations,—Professions . . . . .			sus of '42.	21 and not 30, married . . . . .	25227	15405	9492
" Trade or com-			Not	30 and not 60, married . . . . .	5049	1903	10730
" Agriculture . . . . .			given	" " " single . . . . .	4308	8711	5234
" Laborers . . . . .			in	60 and upwards, married . . . . .	1108	850	2308
" Handicraft . . . . .			the	" " " single . . . . .	312	428	1154
" Employed in fac-			Cen-	34. FEMALES:—			
10. Members of family absent . . . . .	3506		sus of	11 and not 45, married . . . . .	7900	59307	25539
11. Resident non-members . . . . .	12770		1842.	" " " single . . . . .	60661	36882	23792
12. No. of children between 5 & 16	20230			45 and upwards, married . . . . .	2338	15100	7908
	196231			" " " single . . . . .	7500	5854	1043
				35. NATIONAL ORIGIN:—			
				England . . . . .	61560	43009	21531
				Scotland . . . . .	57374	45063	15571
				Ireland . . . . .	10673	9243	3730
				Canada French . . . . .	20400	14767	5723
				Canada British . . . . .	38061	26182	12192
				Germany . . . . .	7730	no return	
				United States . . . . .	35579	31739	2160
				Other countries . . . . .	11117	6957	4100
				36. BARRIS during the year:—			
				Males . . . . .	15317		
				Females . . . . .	12371		
				37. MARRIAGES during year . . . . .	5307		
				38. DEATHS during year:—			
				Males . . . . .	6129		
				Females . . . . .	5085		
				39. LUNATICS and Idiots:—			
				Males . . . . .	457	462	5
				Females . . . . .	311	636	345
				40. DEAF and DUMB:—			
				Males . . . . .	231	232	12
				Females . . . . .	194	132	62
				41. BLIND:—			
				Males . . . . .	152	111	5
				Females . . . . .	200	54	111
				42. (Male farm servants, resident.	7514	3181	4330
				43. (Domestic servants:—			
				Males . . . . .	4400	3028	1351
				Females . . . . .	10701	5181	5620
				44. (Colored persons:—			
				Males . . . . .	3010	2160	607
				Females . . . . .	2133	1757	605
				45. Persons attending Schools or			
				Colleges:—			
				Males . . . . .	19371	14845	20326
				Females . . . . .	31050	13176	20614

\* In 1842 the Church of Scotland numbered, according to the Census . . . . . 93,291  
 Since then, the disruption took place, and the Church of Scotland is now set down at . . . . . 67,900  
 The Free Church do. do. . . . . 64,729  
 Making together in 1848 . . . . . 132,629  
 Showing an increase since 1842 of . . . . . 39,335

† The British and Canadian Wesleyans were separate bodies in 1842, but they have since united. The Census of 1842 gave of—  
 British Wesleyans . . . . . 27,986  
 Canadian do. . . . . 38,713  
 Total in 1842 . . . . . 66,679

‡ No return in 1842, under this head, but the deficiency unaccounted for, of the gross population, is 80,364, which has been divided in proportion among all the denominations enumerated.

§ These returns, for 1818, are exclusive of the Township of Dumfries, in the Gore District, and the whole of the Western District. The return for Brockville is also imperfect; and there are no returns, under these heads, from Brantford and Dundas.

¶ No returns for 1842 under these heads.

§ The returns for the Western District, for 1842, are taken, with 10 per cent. added to the columns of servants, colored persons, and children.

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1842.	1848.
21655	29148
17280	29219
13706	21679
10133	25520
29008	28653
45059	67671
3401	106895
7190	29450
32115	12136
20970	16317
3111	15299
31015	17133
36352	33985
7969	10361
11105	1821
26	23050
26	10155
31	13108
31	11176
26	26065
26	21390
26	27410
177	160055
12	26088
555	7851
661	11353
2927	165392
1920	24905
7330	27561
1200	49804
31	33198
	532985
	52195

given separately, in

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 to them respectively,  
 the Districts to which

Middland.

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Home (nowSimcoe).

1841.	Extent in square miles.
14995138	50987
911693	7425
5016	
2020181	32107

Gross Abstract of Census of Upper Canada, 1848—(Continued.)

	1848.	1842.	Incr. 1848.		1848.	1842.	Incr. 1848.
<b>PRODUCE.</b>				<b>LIVE STOCK.</b>			
46. Wheat.....bushels	755-773	3221901	13307-2	58. Neat Cattle.....	565-45	504093	608-2
47. Barley.....do	515727	1031335	515408	59. Horses.....	1513-9	119657	37732
48. Rye.....do	410281	202970	133323	60. Sheep.....	833-07	573740	23-077
49. Oats.....do	7053730	1788107	2307563	70. Hogs.....	4-1241	301300	89575
50. Pease.....do	1751-16	1103551	508201	<b>DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.</b>			
51. Malt.....do	1275555	601359	116106	71. Pulled Cloth.....yards	624071	433537	191134
52. Buck Wheat.....do	432571	3527-6	707-7	72. Linen.....do	71715	100-82	95107
53. Potatoes.....do	1751331	-0-0397	322060	73. Flannel.....do	1205172	7372-2	507884
<b>PRODUCTS.</b>				<b>PRODUCE FOR MARKET.</b>			
54. Flax.....lbs	41500	No returns	1842.	71. Butter.....lbs	39-0406	No returns	1842.
55. Tobacco.....lbs	1-65	Incr.	1842.	75. Cheese.....lbs	64-837	No returns	1842.
56. Maple Sugar.....lbs	3761213	36995-59	613-1	70. Beef or Pork.....lbs	99231	No returns	1842.
57. Wool.....lbs	23307-56	1302510	1037210				

Abstract of Census of 1848—Upper Canada.

DISTRICTS, CITIES AND INCORPORATED TOWNS.	Gross Population.	Houses occupied.	Houses vacant.	Proprietors assessed.	Non-Proprietors assessed.	Professions.	Trade or Commerce.	Agriculture.	Labourers.	Handicraft.	Employed in factories.
<b>DISTRICTS.</b>											
Bathurst.....	2044-8	412-2	147	2006	1007	114	115	3139	107	742	53
Brook.....	29319	4724	57	2913	1-07	55	171	3550	370	416	335
Colborne.....	15473	3203	45	1343	706	52	61	2715	320	360	50
Dalhousie.....	10245	2501	10	1091	1022	No Return	made	under these heads.	...	31	198
Eastern.....	37199	5259	141	2519	2019	106	702	4222	545	...	1025
*Gore.....	53920	88-4	217	4103	356-2	07	1631	5065	1327	...	162
Home.....	31192	13667	372	7-04	61-0	2-0	20-3	9377	1706	...	60
Huron.....	20450	3021	91	2060	1-17	70	506	3242	55	...	224
Johnstown.....	39212	5667	90	4010	4357	184	345	4263	136-	1191	105
London.....	41664	7607	213	1711	2009	87	202	5508	2-9	75-	150
Midland.....	36930	4575	81	2515	1504	121	258	3788	1002	041	150
Newcastle.....	41-95	6396	60	4071	300-	65	1165	5235	810	...	125
Niagara.....	36531	5-95	130	329-	2490	105	1003	329-	868	...	224
Ottawa.....	10264	1558	32	713	3-0	35	265	976	117	...	45
Prince Edward.....	10402	20-5	17	15-3	820	52	537	1508	275	...	38
Simcoe.....	21050	30-2	40	2173	1313	11	090	2910	330	...	227
Talbot.....	19374	2706	63	1191	1190	59	655	2275	311	...	242
Victoria.....	20101	2371	13	1291	1431	20	25	2445	2-1	463	72
Wellington.....	30-65	6715	167	4-57	2302	88	203	4-31	370	601	21
†Western.....	27440	4312	118	2760	1558						...
<b>CITIES.</b>											
Toronto.....	23593	3795	341	1352	20-6						...
Hamilton.....	98-9	1037	22	4-2	1002						85
Kingston.....	5369	1102	23	201	1172						...
<b>INCORPORATED TOWNS.</b>											
Bytown.....	6275	1019	4	277	738						30
Corwall.....	1451	213	..	110	9-8						...
Brookville.....	2119	313	3	172	211						30
Prescott.....	1775	323	..	02	220						55
Picton.....	1500	252	..	102	135						38
Bellefleur.....	2930	360	..	157	306						60
Colongre.....	3513	569	3	1-6	375						...
Port Hope.....	2925	339	11	116	2-9						...
Niagara.....	3100	449	42	109	299						...
St. Catharines.....	3454	630	3	210	476						107
London.....	45-1	4-22	13	358	4-1						...
Peterboro'.....	1096	310	2-	115	195						53
†Brantford.....	2259	420	14	206	223						...
†Dundas.....	1912	336	8	187	151						...
<b>Total, 1848.....</b>	<b>723332</b>	<b>112325</b>	<b>2706</b>	<b>60559</b>	<b>40321</b>	<b>Returns too</b>	<b>imperfectly</b>	<b>made.</b>	<b>3866</b>		

\* The Township of Dumfries not having made a Return, that of 1842 is taken.  
 † Are the Returns of 1842, with 12½ per cent added.





Annual Amount and Value

Of all Articles Assessed for Local Taxation in Upper Canada, under the several Assessment Laws of that portion of the Province, compiled from the Returns of the Clerks of the Peace.

Years.	LANDS.				GRIST MILLS.				LIVE STOCK.							
	Population.	Uncultivated & assessed value in £s. per acre.	Cultivated & assessed value in £s. per acre.	Houses of all kinds assessed.	No. of Mills.	Addit. mill. of stonors.	Merchants' Shops.	Store Houses.	Horses.	Oxen.	Milch Cows.	Young Cattle.	Saw Mills.	Carriages kept for Pleasure.	Amount of Assessment Value of Property.	Gross Amount of all Local Taxes.
1825	15827	2500301	515212	8876	232	71	456	51	225-0	23000	51216	22501	501	587	2256-71	7 8 10235
1826	16173	2611725	611251	16732	250	90	477	57	2105-0	265-0	61951	24-00	422	522	1019041	17 9 9140
1827	17512	2929074	632607	90829	292	91	496	51	25526	291-28	67319	279-18	461	756	21128-17	11 0 11509
1828	18615	3677-07	973618	101-21	271	90	514	68	27360	336-70	67915	295-27	515	96	25796-83	3 12 2333
1829	19670	3097777	715522	11291	286	102	604	72	263-8	331-51	75901	331-14	533	983	27373-3	19 10 2732
1830	21567	3778-10	775013	1298	273	121	74	91	367-77	337-71	84003	333-99	555	968	29292-99	9 2 1355
1831	23101	375028-9	814213	13963	291	135	757	95	331-07	366-57	85519	331-81	523	1111	31131-4	10 0 13320
1832	26992	37901-1	916173	11550	330	134	851	96	366-01	33-91-11	91679	333-56	671	1262	31158-22	9 1 16363
1833	29674	115353	9-1835	16116	367	173	1023	105	102-19	11-70	33422	366-09	723	1421	37660-10	4 2 18397
1834	32675	171985	1631910	16771	329	193	1657	123	41-56	121-5	99471	367-09	778	1463	39117-32	11 2 16800
1835	31616	176736	126575	1848	332	199	1657	123	177-24	30-69	16646	366-29	759	1483	38119-13	6 2 2316
1836	37236	171006	129312	2065	334	227	1613	123	5-16	1-99	1265-14	1669	962	1730	16631-01	1 0 2160
1837	39621	173628	143353	2365	366	233	119	117	57-10	16-17	12302	184-80	86	163	14310-08	8 0 24337
1838	43852	1653-90	1900165	25133	350	251	915	90	227-22	8-577	169891	175-14	774	1167	32255-11	3 0 24977
1839	40755	114123	157676	25919	329	293	1039	113	622-20	17-569	138951	176-21	652	1769	24333-21	0 6 33210
1840	42741	52901-1	170666	26557	320	293	1129	130	727-34	46-117	118900	1-923	962	1165	50674-26	7 8 37165
1841	46337	531063	170666	27960	313	331	1211	145	767-17	50-21	163063	300-55	98	1936	62639-8	12 6 13908
1842	1-66557	551-557	191631	11638	355	359	1290	164	837-55	55-137	173894	700-1	98	2188	69133-11	9 3 5-854
1843	551-163	191631	11638	355	359	1290	164	837-55	55-137	173894	700-1	98	2188	69133-11	9 3 5-854	
1844	551-163	191631	11638	355	359	1290	164	837-55	55-137	173894	700-1	98	2188	69133-11	9 3 5-854	
1845	607-2078	211239	17114	378	417	1636	174	9-50	6-127	169337	68-063	1272	3310	7775-112	5 0 76292	
1846	618-2118	2161704	36925	492	426	1868	186	1653-17	6-963	211565	71574	1191	3310	256077-1	0 8 3437	
1847	647733	267329	1269757	475	1943	179	113	13-12	72-017	218653	73933	1191	1085	537601-1	0 8 6098	

\* For the year 1838, the Assessment Rolls were very imperfectly taken, owing to the disturbed state of the country consequent on the outbreak.

Remarks on the foregoing Table.

(By the Board of Registration and Statistics for Canada.)

The Acts of Parliament which regulate the Local Taxation in Western Canada, declare the value which shall for that purpose be placed thereon, according to their classes. In all new Counties, particularly where, as in Canada, the value of the labour in erecting houses is so much greater than that of the material used, the dwellings of the earlier settlers are generally "Shanties," many of which are retained several years after the owner has become independent, and as such dwellings are not liable to any taxes, no account has been kept thereof; we have only therefore a table of those houses which fall under one or other of the following classes:—

1st—sq. logs, 2 sides, 1 story, 2 fire places, rated at £20 each	4
Additional fire places	30
2nd—sq. logs, 2 sides, 2 stories, 2 fire places	8
Additional fire places	35
3rd—frml. houses under 2 stories, 2 fire places	5
Additional fire places	40
4th—Brick or stone, 1 story, 2 fire places	10
Additional fire places	65
5th—frml. brick or stone 2 stor., 2 fire places	10

It will be at once perceived that the above classification will give but a very distant idea of the actual progress of improvement, where the value of the house is fixed by the number of stories; however, as it is the only guide we have, we are compelled to adopt it, and we have the following results:—

CLASSES.	1827.	1832.	1837.	1842.	1847.
1st Class . . . . .	2714	3-61	4641	4572	3162
" Ad. fire places	115	118	146	215	321
2nd Class . . . . .	221	3-2	3-6	3-3	4-6
" Ad. fire places	33	40	48	79	94
3rd Class . . . . .	5221	8-29	12-10	2006-2	2710-7
" Ad. fire places	510	8-11	12-7	2095	3059
4th Class . . . . .	3-40	4-6	6-11	21-11	31-2
" Ad. fire places	8-1	1-1	2-5	6-00	7-50
5th Class . . . . .	131-1	1-72	2-5-4	4-110	6-2-0
" Ad. fire places	8-20	8-3	9-2	3-40	49-7
Total Houses . . . . .	48-0	1155-0	2205	3168	4273
" Ad. fire places	1592	26-4	230	6-23	921
Value for assmt. £	2333-151	16677318-8	122318-0	1679106	

The last period is exclusive of the Cities of Toronto and Kingston, and must at best be taken as a mere approximation.

In England, previous to the year 1824, when the house tax was repealed, the Parliamentary Returns showed its increase on Houses divided into 2 Classes, viz.: 1st. those paying from £10 to £10 a year Rent, and 2nd. those paying above that sum; these may be taken as affording a sufficiently accurate datum of increase on which to found a comparison merely to show the improvement in Canada.

*The gross increase in Great Britain of Houses of both Classes:*

Between 1812 and 1821	was 20.54 P cent.	2.25 P annum.
" 1821 " 1831	" 21.69 "	2.17 "
" 1831 " 1833	" 1.2 "	0.1 "

*In Canada the Increase:*

Between 1827 & 1837	was 123.12 P cent.	12.31 P annum.
" 1837 " 1847	" 93.70 "	9.37 "

The latter, however, does not include Toronto.

The Census of 1842 gave for Upper Canada 71,000 houses inhabited to a Population of 1,540,053, or between 6 and 7 inhabitants to each house; in 1841 we have 112,595 houses to a population of 723,532, being a very nearly similar proportion; the number of inhabitants to each house in 1841, (the last Census), in England, was 5.14, Scotland 5.04, Ireland 6.51; and these numbers show pretty accurately the number of individuals constituting each family.

**GRAIN MILLS.**

On reference to the foregoing Table, which being completed from the various Assessment Rolls, I adopt rather than the Census of 1842 or 1844, we have the following results, dividing into periods of 3 years:

Between 1825 & 1830	the in. was 41 or 17.6 P c., or 3.51 P annum
1830 " 1835	" 79 " 28.35 " 5.79 "
1835 " 1840	" 68 " 19.22 " 3.48 "
1840 " 1845	" 58 " 11.00 " 2.50 "
1845 " 1847	" 49 " 10.26 " 5.13 "

The most reliable index to improvements is found not in the number of Mills, but in the figures in the next column showing the additional run of stones employed; this gives a great increase and indicates a rapidly increasing prosperity, by the erection of larger Mills, for in 1825, we find 71 additional runs to 231, or 1 Mill in 3 with 2 runs, whereas, in 1847 we have 475 to 527.

These Returns are below the truth, for in 1842 under the Census Act, there were returned 414 Mills, with 54 run of stones, and by the Census of 1845 we have 512 Mills with 1200 runs. This difference is easily accounted for by the manner in which they are assessed for taxes—each additional run of stones being charged at the value of £50; at the periods of the year too at which the Assessments are taken, many of the Mills are idle, and are consequently not given in.

**MERCHANTS' SHOPS.**

From this column little information can be gleaned, Ist, because it is generally most loosely taken, 2nd, because it is not generally known what is meant by the term "Merchants' Shops," and 3rd, it would be impossible to form even a distant idea of any relative value—the shop of a chapman, when sales amount to £50 a year, being assessed at an equal value to that of the most extensive Merchant, both being £200.

**CATTLE.**

1. *Horses*.—This column includes only horses 3 years of age and upwards, and are valued by the Assessment Laws at £8 each. Every means at the command of this office were employed to arrive at a just

value, and the average was fully established at £12 10s. or even higher. One half of the horses in Upper Canada are valued above £15, and one-fourth above £20, and about one-half above £30, and a like number at £35.

Increase between 1825 & 1830	2,188 egl.	to 36.20 P cent.	or 7.24 P annum.
1830 " 1835	16,917 "	53.06 "	11.01 "
1835 " 1840	25,410 "	50.90 "	11.33 "
1840 " 1845	25,461 "	37.55 "	7.41 "
1845 " 1847	15,219 "	15.41 "	3.12 "

2. *Oxen*—4 years old and upwards, valued at £4 each.

Increase between 1825 & 1830	9,750 egl.	to 41.24 P cent.	or 3.26 P annum.
1830 " 1835	12,290 "	36.45 "	7.29 "
1835 " 1840	2,257 "	7.07 "	1.41 "
1840 " 1845	15,510 "	32.67 "	6.44 "
1845 " 1847	4,490 "	10.82 "	5.26 "

This shows a singular fluctuation; allowing the tables to approach anything near the truth, in the 3rd period from 1837 to 1840, is embraced a time when the troubles in Upper Canada materially affected the returns; but throwing this period out of question, we have a regularly descending ratio. To explain this, we must observe, that in the earlier settlement of the Country, most of the agricultural operations were carried on by means of oxen, which as the country improves gives place to horses.

The increase on which counterbalances the decrease in the others.

3. *Milk Cows*.—Valued at £3 each. As there is no animal more conducive to comfort, so none afford a more correct index to prosperity. In Upper Canada, the number may be taken as given, 1 to every 3 persons.

Increase between 1825 & 1830	20,893 egl.	to 57.94 P cent.	or 11.56 P annum.
1830 " 1835	28,896 "	35.46 "	7.09 "
1835 " 1840	35,285 "	32.29 "	6.44 "
1840 " 1845	54,637 "	37.70 "	7.54 "
1845 " 1847	19,116 "	9.60 "	3.80 "

The seeming decrease in the ratio between 1845 and 1847 is easily accounted for by an inspection of the annual returns. The average annual increase for the first period being 5,940; for the second, 5,740; for the third, 4,000; for the fourth, 10,926, and for the fifth, 9,557. The whole increase in the 23 years being 107,437, or an average of about 7,294 a year.

4. <i>Young Cattle</i> .—Valued at £1 each.			
Increase between 1825 & 1830	9,845 egl.	to 32.15 P cent.	or 5.43 P annum.
1830 " 1835	5,931 "	17.76 "	3.55 "
1835 " 1840	9,206 "	23.63 "	4.75 "
1840 " 1845	30,040 "	61.20 "	12.36 "
1845 " 1847	Decrease.		

For this decrease it is difficult to account, particularly as it is the generally received opinion that they had increased.

**SAW MILLS. Speak for themselves.**

**CARRIAGES.**

Under this head a great and rapid increase is perceptible. No farming carriages are liable to assessment, and consequently many which are used for both purposes are not returned.

**Population and extent of the Principal States of America.**

STATES.	English sq. miles	Population.	Pop. to sq. mile.	CAPITALS	Population.
<b>NORTH AMERICA.</b>					
British America.	751577	1680000	2.2	Montreal.	40000
Central America.	108000	2000000	10.2	Guatemala.	50000
Mexico.	1290000	7720000	5.9	Mexico.	140000
United States.	2654661	17083153	13.5	Washington.	22304
Texas.	256000	250000	1.	Austin.	
<b>SOUTH AMERICA.</b>					
Bolivia.	320000	1090000	3.2	Chiquinea.	14000
Brazil.	2700000	5130118	1.9	Rio Janeiro.	200000
Chili.	130000	1290000	9.2	Santiago.	55000
New Granada.	380000	1680000	4.1	Bogota.	40000
Venezuela.	404000	1051000	2.6	Caracas.	30000
Ecuador.	325000	600000	2.	Quito.	50000
Guiana.	130000	182000	1.4	Georgetown.	20000
La Plata.	720000	1060000	1.5	Buenos Ayres.	60000
Paraguay.	80000	300000	3.1	Assumption.	10000
Peru.	506000	1700000	3.7	Lima.	60000
Uruguay.	75000	150000	2.	Monte Video.	12000

The assess 65,000 about under truth, latter, people cultivat populat 1,016,3 47 per cent putat ing M guide, In Is cultivat profit into cu while (that du lation The off the agr by the we hav our cul tury, w every v The Whie Barre Rye, Onta Prair Buck Potat Add This counted crops no

Abstract of Census, Upper Canada, 1848.

DISTRICTS.	PRODUCTS.				LIVE STOCK.				DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.					
	Flax.	Tobacco	Maple Sugar.	Wool.	Neat Cattle.	Horses.	Sheep.	Hogs.	Furled Cloth.	Linen.	Flannel.	Produce for Market.		
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.	Butter.	Cheese.	Pork or Beef.
Bathurst	544	8	15-489	106729	23220	4442	30110	13375	31755	1126	7121	303750	9573	7410
Brook	1541	112	430063	126701	30412	4577	40007	27522	20147	1269	26322	107474	115138	5328
Colborne	249	20	83000	47104	17579	3781	24222	10471	23402	121	31924	98572	11384	3068
Dalhousie	15	15	32016	47054	14111	3790	10106	8870	10353	543	32240	15747	1826	1585
Eastern	6540	138	173347	126208	20888	11140	48457	20017	47471	6004	52301	158409	37572	2067
*Gore	4121	13	130673	205570	40201	11010	68108	41201	34670	621	122227	271612	23522	2569
Home	5092	122	341005	314062	60202	21700	105063	70802	67711	4025	124911	429297	110002	14564
Huron	2870	11	119221	47104	24163	2004	17311	19424	10723	1451	31415	63944	5510	2154
Johnstown	484	12	105455	100110	34153	10008	52116	18000	51003	10710	82274	403104	42000	2228
London	2,42	277	553067	232727	53322	12310	60350	45701	50522	2408	130250	351897	35550	17605
Midland	1094	46	106680	131401	20144	5775	44281	17079	15506	900	56470	108318	35540	5014
Newcastle	1040	25	234123	151055	37811	10752	52090	33020	44250	3050	84723	15842	77161	7509
Niagara	8007	3000	81587	147774	20058	14422	48122	20063	54408	5021	65453	200702	30233	3327
Ottawa	182	341	21240	22226	6485	2175	9137	3081	4951	111	13089	44717	10131	2237
Prince Edward	738	106	119549	30224	14880	6007	31104	8284	19531	700	50036	90350	24361	2221
Simcoe	871	11	153000	62571	17800	3327	24530	21047	13712	2400	37613	80406	7391	1069
Talbot	1156	220	148665	85284	15714	4811	20333	13012	10722	1226	41701	78106	11657	6836
Victoria	612	76	121300	77089	18878	4700	20409	12621	21512	3157	30186	70007	76039	2519
Wellington	3451	38	23218	80204	32400	5242	32015	25305	17367	13023	30572	100653	20751	4661
Western	No ret.	15843	11157	26494	8005	19140	31472	14900	9260	37444	No return	na.	na.	na.
Total	11500	1863	376124	2330736	565435	15138	893407	482411	624071	71715	120172	2340406	60357	30231

Remarks on the foregoing and two succeeding Tables.

By the Board of Registration and Statistics for Canada.

LANDS.

The number of Proprietors of Real Estate liable to assessment in Upper Canada, was about 60,000 say 65,000, and the number of acres occupied 8,613,591 or about 133 acres each; allowing the return of lands under cultivation (arable and pasture) to be near the truth, viz. — 1,784,152 of the former, and 760,768 of the latter, or 2,540,920 in all, and as the great body of the people are supported by agriculture, we find every 34 cultivated acres maintaining a person. In 1842, the population was 486,055 and the cultivated acres 1,046,319, the increase in the former has been about 47 per cent, while in cultivated lands it was only 33 per cent; and further, that every 100 increase in population added 205 acres to the cultivated lands. Taking Mr. Coaling's estimate of lands in England as a guide, we have the following results:—

In 1827 the lands of England were divided thus: cultivated 25,622,000, uncultivated 3,154,000 and unprofitable 3,250,400, and the number of acres brought into cultivation between 1760 and 1831 was 6,340,540, while the increase in population was 10,859,588, so that during that period every 100 increase in the population added about 68 acres to the cultivated lands. The effect of the rapid increase of Manufactures on the agricultural pursuits of the people is made evident by the fact that while taking the whole period as above we have 68 acres for every 100 persons; if we confine our calculation to the 1st quarter of the present century, we find the proportion to have been only 37 to every 100.

The number of acres returned under tillage was 1,780,152 while under the designated crops we have:

Wheat	593,635 acres.
Barley	29,321 "
Rye	38,452 "
Oats	255,371 "
Pease	22,510 "
Maize	51,397 "
Buck Wheat	20,653 "
Potatoes	50,790 "
Add for omissions 10 per cent.	116,500 "
	1,281,501 "

This leaves a deficiency of 496,638 acres, easily accounted for as being comprehended under various crops not specified, gardens and town plots.

The unprofitable lands in Upper Canada comprise 571,130 acres, or about 6.63 per cent, and even this proportion is beyond the truth, because much land is returned as unfit for cultivation which only requires a good system of drainage, it being mostly included in swamp lands. The unprofitable lands in England according to Mr. Coaling was about 10 per cent of the whole extent.

Great difficulty arises as to obtaining any idea of the value of landed property in Canada, because under the assessment laws all lands are valued at the same price. The following estimate is founded on the best information that could be obtained from the Registrars of the several Districts, and the computation of the several averages given in the Census Rolls. According to these, 17 Districts have returned the wild land as at £24 15s. 2d., or an average of £19 5s. 2d. per acre, and the cultivated at £80 5s. 10d. or an average of £3 10s. 10d. per acre; and these approach very near the truth.

Cultivated lands, 2,516,920 at £3 10 10 per acre, = £9,020,311 13 4  
 Uncultivated do., 5,819,406 at £1 9 2 per acre, = 6,530,383 15 0

£17,550,725 8 4  
 If we take the annual rental to establish a value, we find that in Upper Canada farms of average value generally rent at 15s per acre whereas about 75 per cent are cleared. Yet, taking a lower average of 10s. per acre, the rental of cultivated lands in that portion of the Province with a corresponding quantity of uncultivated would be about £1,057,946. This approximation is not given as being the truth, but from the means within our reach it no doubt comes as near as possible. The next Census, however, with the operation of a more just and equitable valuation of property will throw much light upon the subject.

Before entering upon any analysis of this branch of the subject, I cannot refrain from quoting a few remarks from Bortol's Progress of the Nation, as bearing directly on the position of Canada. "It is much to be regretted that in this country, (England,) rich as we are in the possession of facts connected with many branches of social economy, we are almost wholly uninformed with regard to the statistics of agriculture. The knowledge we have upon that important subject, the quantity of land in cultivation within the kingdom is entirely due to the industry of an individual whose estimates have never been either confirmed or questioned. What proportion of the cultivated land is applied to the production of any one

ed at £12 lbs.  
 Upper Can-  
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7.21 P annum.  
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 11.33 "  
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Population.	Population.
40000	40000
50000	50000
140000	140000
22364	22364
14000	14000
200000	200000
50000	50000
40000	40000
30000	30000
50000	50000
20000	20000
40000	40000
10000	10000
60000	60000
12000	12000

Abstract of Census, Upper Canada, 1848—(Continued.)

DISTRICTS.	PUBLIC BUILDINGS.						LANDS.										
	Town Halls.	Churches.	Colleges and Highschools.	Schools.	Inns.	Merchants Shops.	Contents of each district according to House-lic.	Occupied.	Tillage.	Pasture.	Wild.	Returned as unfit for cultivation.	Average value of Land & acre.				
	1	2	3	4	5	6							7	8	9	10	11
1 Bathurst . . . . .	5	32		103	4	64	1200800	457431	53314	53753	380306	121022	£ s. d.	£ s. d.			
2 Brock . . . . .	1	33		112	52	50	584326	320463	85706	10670	232108	13416	3 15 0	1 0 0			
3 Colborne . . . . .	3	22		2	40	47	617040	320407	46331	35020	196346	4201	2 12 0	0 18 9			
4 Dalhousie . . . . .	2	23		1	101	73	418000	297404	36117	23185	213010	38614	2 10 0	0 17 0			
5 Eastern . . . . .	1	42		150	72	105	776520	521331	21181	30481	405158	5106	3 0 0	0 5 0			
6 Gore . . . . .	3	61		1	105	257	186	741700	368805	14031	82121	55551	No Return given				
7 Home . . . . .	10	173		12	239	305	598	1301600	420221	271488	493235	40560	2880	5 15 5	3 3 3		
8 Huron . . . . .	2	15		44	52	39	1101600	367375	40495	15382	20504	11531	3 9 0	0 15 0			
9 Johnstown . . . . .	4	54		1	18	189	85	1021000	516578	39133	45143	304368	91281	Vary very much			
10 London . . . . .	3	50		4	120	143	83	399940	628457	127723	56844	410229	16467	3 10 0	1 5 0		
11 Midland . . . . .	3	41		7	167	108	113	1168730	431156	14573	56781	29002	47321	4 10 9	2 16 3		
12 Newcastle . . . . .	0	70		109	101	139	1311610	510760	147950	55952	310553	17734	3 0 0	1 0 0			
13 Niagara . . . . .	2	90		2	17	136	113	703360	381160	109677	52127	204644	1922	6 6 6	3 3 4		
14 Ottawa . . . . .	6	13		1	1	17	22	532960	138083	16160	11077	11876	1368	1 13 0	0 9 9		
15 Prince Edw. . . . .	1	26		100	20	31	230000	217216	76160	28121	11131	5013	4 12 6	3 4 0			
16 Simcoe . . . . .	1	31		73	53	36	1468800	355169	51711	21158	296883	19794	4 11 2	1 18 7			
17 Talbot . . . . .	2	30		26	53	47	34000	238850	70768	22135	169772	17533	4 0 0	1 0 0			
18 Victoria . . . . .	1	16		61	63	43	812000	287776	62821	19336	127403	16904	2 7 6	1 4 0			
19 Wellington . . . . .	4	31		1	80	107	73	1067660	532210	9339	31936	40685	25372	3 0 6	0 17 6		
20 Western . . . . .	2	22		107	100	42	1616340	46782	62862	20954	36221	16712	Not given.				
Totals . . . . .	68	895		39	2161	2117	19101	18358800	5143391	1780157	706768	584900	521100				

In 1842 were returned 44 Colleges, 1111 Inns, and 927 Schools. \* No return for 1848—1842 with 10,7 is taken.

REMARKS, &c.—(Continued.)

article of food, it has never been attempted to ascertain. We know every rod of ground that is employed for the cultivation of Hops, because of the direct financial interest which the Government has in ascertaining the fact; but it does not appear sufficiently to be understood how the national interest can be concerned in any kind of knowledge that does not yield money to the exchequer; and there is reason to believe, that if any comprehensive measure were adopted by the government with a view to ascertain the actual condition of the country as regards its agriculture, so much jealousy and so many groundless fears would be excited in the minds of persons from whom the information must be sought, that the returns obtained would be extremely erroneous, or so incomplete as to be of little value." The above remarks apply with great force to Canada, the least steps towards obtaining any statistical information, had hitherto been met with objections of all sorts, for there are never wanting persons who

make it their study by misrepresentation to lead the public mind astray, and as soon as the idea of a Census is promulgated the cry of intended taxation is raised and the people deterred from giving true replies to the questions; this difficulty is however rapidly abating, and in a few years a perfectly correct Census will be attainable.

So much has been said of the fertility of the United States that the following table will not be without interest; it shows the proportion of each kind of grain raised to the population at two periods in the United States and Canada. That of the United States for 1845 being taken from the Report of the Commissioner of Patents and being merely an estimate.

In 1840 the population of the United States, was 17,063,353, and in 1847, 20,746,400.

In 1842 the population of Canada West, was 450,055, and in 1845, 723,332.

CROPS.

	UNITED STATES.				CANADA.			
	1840.	1847.	Quantity to each inhabitant.		1842.	1847.	Quantity to each inhabitant.	
			1840.	1847.			1842.	1847.
Wheat . . . . . bushels	81-23272	111235500	4.03	5.50	3221091	7557733	0.62	10.45
Barley . . . . . "	4161504	56199554	.25	.28	1631345	513737	2.12	1.71
Oats . . . . . "	123671311	167-67000	7.21	8.09	478-167	7655730	9.85	0.75
Rye . . . . . "	1-645507	29222700	1.09	1.42	292970	410293	.60	.02
Buckwheat . . . . . "	7291709	11073508	.43	.56	352780	423573	.72	.06
Maize . . . . . "	377511875	530350000	22.12	26.01	691359	1137555	1.42	1.57
Potatoes . . . . . "	10-235108	106965000	6.35	4.86	8080397	4751314	16.02	6.57
Peas . . . . . "	Not given in either returns.							

From the above table, it will be seen that in proportion to the extent and population, Canada is a more agricultural country than the United States, and the surplus of wheat is very great. The usual quantity allowed for the consumption of each inhabitant is generally 5 bushels, which would leave for export one

half the produce of the country. The large quantity of Indian Corn grown in the States enables them by making it a staple of consumption to export a large stock of flour. In Canada, on the contrary, little Indian Corn is grown, and wheat becomes of necessity the great article of food.

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PUBLIC SCHOOLS, UPPER CANADA, 1848.—Under the Common School Act.

DISTRICTS, CITIES, AND INCORPORATED TOWNS.	No. of School Sections.			MONEY.			TEACHERS.			SALARIES.			LIBRARIES.														
	No. of Schools in Operation.	Appointments from School Trustees.	Amount Imposed by the Municipal Councils.	Amount Imposed by Rate Mill.	Total Annual Rates of Teachers.	No. of Children between 16 years and 18 years.	No. of Pupils between the ages of 5 and 16 years.	Pupils above the age of 16 years on the Roll.	No. of Indigent or non-paying Pupils.	Total Boys.	Total Girls.	Bibles used in	Male Teachers.	Female Teachers.	Average Salary of Male Teachers without Board.	Average Salary of Female Teachers without Board.	Number of Good or First without Board.	Number of Middle or Second Class Schools.	Number of Inferior or Third Class Schools.	No. of separate Schools.	Common Schools.	Sunday School.	Number of Volumes therein.	Public.	Number of Volumes therein.		
Eastern.....	172	106	10	0	4530	11867	632	45	219	2616	5126	63	267	10	50	40	0	45	112	4	111	7	433	1	190		
Cornwall.....	6	5	23	11	180	310	211	35	35	131	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ottawa.....	46	43	25	1	1385	1921	1248	3	16	1238	684	16	1	1	63	32	0	41	22	5	296	36	623	0	275		
Johnstown.....	206	19	1190	11	3065	14325	306	6	16	172	163	11	1	1	63	32	0	41	22	5	296	36	623	0	275		
Brockville.....	3	3	5	4	49	468	306	2	6	133	133	0	0	0	46	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Prescott.....	4	3	71	0	100	468	462	2	5	23	23	0	0	0	37	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Bathurst.....	124	70	119	0	2671	6363	313	60	117	472	1616	37	19	10	37	0	0	63	5	20	0	15	2720	6	181		
Barnston.....	6	6	68	0	187	313	313	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Midland.....	172	107	0	118	6530	12371	682	42	112	3789	3241	115	77	0	0	0	0	43	27	51	1	312	1	312			
Kingston.....	10	10	297	0	3191	321	42	201	377	117	117	0	0	0	35	0	0	10	27	40	0	17	2451	1	250		
Prince Edward.....	9	9	61	10	2100	5631	421	32	46	237	353	106	3	0	36	0	0	15	0	0	0	10	116	1	36		
Pictou.....	3	3	38	15	138	296	296	2	2	136	131	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Victoria.....	125	109	637	15	2342	4172	412	64	21	285	413	40	0	0	60	0	0	4	0	0	0	10	116	1	36		
Bellefleur.....	4	4	53	12	210	417	412	0	0	132	132	0	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	377	37	3157	3	570	
Newcastle.....	18	18	107	16	706	1531	985	56	162	421	301	3	0	0	51	0	0	53	10	10	0	2	320	0	0		
Colongue.....	5	5	74	0	45	101	101	0	0	48	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Port Hope.....	31	28	5	6	220	402	402	0	0	101	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ilene.....	3	3	297	0	1000	2859	1378	311	329	1637	666	15	2	0	12	0	0	96	2	2	0	5	4167	0	0		
Ilene.....	16	16	40	0	840	5200	1078	0	0	36	1637	666	15	2	12	0	0	96	2	2	0	5	4167	0	0		
Collingwood.....	97	89	838	4	2572	7700	2095	0	0	115	1532	113	30	1	38	0	0	10	10	10	71	0	0	0	0		
Simcoe.....	103	89	685	5	3260	9271	4006	0	0	102	2215	1724	7	0	98	0	0	16	16	16	0	0	0	0	0		
Gore.....	210	182	1228	10	4687	9506	5206	72	251	5309	3338	136	49	0	51	0	0	151	36	36	6	279	31	4315	576		
Hamilton.....	5	5	12	15	600	2165	500	0	0	72	331	274	5	0	100	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Braunford.....	2	2	48	15	300	530	150	0	0	11	131	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dundas.....	17	17	975	5	2627	4141	388	0	0	333	348	91	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Niagara.....	4	4	61	0	950	1148	500	0	0	30	116	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
St. Catharines.....	3	3	61	3	465	685	285	0	0	5	171	114	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Talbot.....	101	101	752	6	4152	8621	4261	165	109	9111	2529	336	25	0	30	0	0	16	16	16	4	0	22	3320	1	500	
Windsor.....	101	101	752	6	4152	8621	4261	165	109	9111	2529	336	25	0	30	0	0	16	16	16	4	0	22	3320	1	500	
Wellington.....	181	163	846	6	5300	9114	551	0	0	61	129	8903	2529	336	33	0	0	13	13	13	51	50	23	3324	1	500	
London.....	295	262	245	11	6825	15311	6114	0	0	3439	3000	1099	508	0	50	0	0	22	22	22	3	132	12	171	1	200	
London.....	4	4	123	5	210	6650	0	0	0	576	576	136	105	31	41	0	0	15	15	15	0	0	0	0	0		
Huron.....	55	53	13	4	1583	2158	1081	0	0	13	212	114	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Western.....	107	113	933	15	6700	11901	5163	171	169	3168	2165	32	150	15	30	0	0	22	22	22	4	0	0	0	0		
Grand Total.....	2595	2300	19247	18	8769	31192	12814	1288	3800	72928	57717	7170	2607	670	62	0	0	557	1216	1017	32	106	1570	960	40920	143	11376

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1841 and 1848 show the population of the counties comprised within each district. The defect in the first three returns alluded to, as regards the population of counties, arises from the circumstance already referred to, of the frequent changes in the boundaries, and the non-identity of the present counties, with those which existed previous to the union.

For the sake of convenience, we have added to the Table, statements of the contents of L. Canada, divided into Counties and Districts, in square miles and acres, and the proportion of it actually laid out in square miles. Also, returns of the number of Schools, and Scholars attending them in 1848.

Population, Lands, and Schools, Lower Canada.

COUNTIES.	1825.	1827.	1831.	1841.	1841.	1848.	Square Miles.	Acres.	Laid out in square Miles.	No. of Schools.	No. of scholars attending, between 5 & 10 yrs
	Popula- tion.	Popula- tion.	Popula- tion.	Popula- tion.	Male Adults.	Popula- tion.					
DISTRICT OF GASPE.											
Gaspe .....	2108	2017	5066	7118	1157	7771	4053	2509920	696	16	331
Bonaventure .....	4317	5108	8349	8246	1762	5791	4500	2018400	1600	15	530
Totals, District of Gaspé ..	6425	7777	13312	15362	3199	16557	8613	5512320	2296	25	861
DISTRICT OF QUEBEC.											
Sagueny .....				13475	9662	19369	75700	4841800	1258	34	1200
Montmorenci .....				8641	1845	8988	7465	4777600	720	18	852
Quebec .....				16003	9300	10654	16940	10265000	476	17	1607
Quebec City .....				35073	6300	3920					
Portneuf .....				15922	3453	17777	10110	6684000	1050	35	1585
Rimouski .....				17640	3120	19683	8200	5218600	2240	36	1271
Kamouraska .....				17465	3328	18992	1090	697900	568	21	1136
L'Islet .....				17043	3601	18502	1220	736000	560	54	2351
Bellevue .....				11549	3125	15222	1683	663920	720	31	1218
Lotbinière .....				13667	2845	15222	735	470400	735	45	1472
Dorchester .....				3117	7107	3877	2050	1112000	1800	39	1590
Mégantic .....				6749	1425	7538	1465	937900	1400	6	203
Totals, District of Quebec ..	124755	141772	151985	265127	49923	219322	125184	8036220	11632	351	13498
DISTRICT OF THREE RIVERS.											
Champlain .....				10464	2147	11318	6200	3968900	1010	21	993
St. Maurice .....				16390	4052	17881	7300	4672000	575	62	2638
Three Rivers Town .....				4297		4672					
Drummond .....				9371	1831	10467	1644	1052160	1644	21	671
Yamaska .....				11956	2471	13000	283	18121	283	3	1484
Nicolet .....				16310	3882	17753	487	311680	478	51	2191
Totals, Dist. Three Rivers ..	43044	45257	40466	68877	13909	75168	15914	10184960	4920	191	7977
DISTRICT OF ST. FRANCIS.											
Sherbrooke .....	4769	5471	7104	12690	2280	11168	2785	1782400	2006	61	2467
Sherbrooke Town .....				795		857					
Stanstead .....	668	8272	10300	11961	2568	13669	632	404490	632	56	2350
Totals, Dist. St. Francis ..	10791	13743	17416	25119	4788	26614	3417	2186880	2638	175	4817
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.											
Berthier .....				26859	5337	29088	9590	6137600	700	51	2325
Leicester .....				25333	7158	28507	5690	3274000	500	46	2720
Terrebonne .....				20646	4330	28032	5435	348800	491	39	1621
Two Mountains .....				26825	5666	29932	1161	895590	700	74	2596
Ottawa .....				12191	2843	17871	35100	2246400	1410	25	488
Montreal .....				14915		15808					
Montreal City .....				40301	15115	55148	197	129680	197	58	2610
Yaudreuil .....				17643	3437	18551	330	211200	330	55	2435
Beauharnois .....				28740	5940	32065	717	458880	717	66	3724
Huntingdon .....				36204	7287	39371	488	312220	488	91	4011
Chamilly .....				17115	3325	18616	211	135940	211	42	2435
Vercheres .....				13107	2618	14028	198	129720	198	34	1755
Richelieu .....				26882	4683	22555	371	278720	371	45	2112
St. Hyacinthe .....				24973	4361	23044	477	365220	477	81	3995
Rouville .....				22498	4577	24000	429	271560	429	71	2836
Shefford .....				10405	2192	11282	749	479360	749	28	507
Missisquoi .....				16805	2497	11845	360	236400	360	90	1921
Totals, District Montreal ..	238015	256278	279749	375637	79272	117243	56258	36005120	8900	912	38928
Grand Totals, L. Canada ..	423630	464277	511922	690782	141091	768211	209088	134115300	29180	1655	66470

Since 1st January, 1841, there were granted in Lower Canada, by purchase .....

by free grants .....

Total .....

\* Each County is divided into School municipalities, and 87 of those municipalities made no return to the Superintendent for 1848, when the report from which the above is taken, was made up. Had the whole of the returns been given in, the result would have shown a larger number of Schools and Children attending them.

**Progress of Settlement and Value of Lands in Lower Canada.**

A system of Registration of Titles to Property has been lately established in Lower Canada, which seems to have succeeded to some extent.

The following is an Abstract of the information furnished to the Board of Statistics, in reply to a series of questions proposed by them to the several Registrars of Counties, in the view of getting at some foundation on which to predicate future enquiries.

COUNTY OF QUEBEC.

Charles N. Montzambert, Registrar.—The number of deeds registered within the year 1847, was 13-3; all containing either general, special, or tacit mortgages as limited by the ordinance 4 Vic. cap. 30, have been discharged. New settlers seldom remain in the County of Quebec. The Registrar states the average value of uncleared lands at 5s. per acre, and of cleared at from 15s. to 17s. 6d. The average per centage increase in the value of land during the last ten years has been exclusive of Quebec and its environs, about 20 per cent.

COUNTY OF NICOLET.

Joseph Jutras, Registrar.—In this County in which very little land has been purchased by new settlers, there were registered 350 deeds and 150 mortgages. Mr. Jutras states the value of cleared lands at from 5s. to 20s. per acre, and of uncleared 2s. to 10s.; he remarks that instead of increasing in value, land is decreasing in the County for the last ten years in consequence of the crops being so bad.

COUNTY OF DORCHESTER.

R. A. Fortier, Registrar.—Not one new settler has fixed in this County during the last year within the knowledge of Mr. Fortier; large purchases however must have been made from the fact that 413 deeds and 231 mortgages were registered. The value of the old cleared lands has remained pretty stationary during ten years, new lands have however increased 2, 3, and 4 times their value in the same period; the average price of cleared land is from £1 to £10, depending on the quality of the soil—the distance from the main roads, churches, mills, &c., uncleared lands are granted by the Seigniors at an annual charge of from 15s. to 30s. per 90 superficial acres.

COUNTY OF MEGANTIC.

J. R. Lamby, Registrar.—Mr. Lamby, who appears to have paid great attention to the matters made subject of enquiry, states the average value of land to be about 6s. 3d. per acre, except in some of the Townships, particularly Lambton, Forsyth, and Somerset, in the latter of which it sells at 20s. per acre. Mr. Lamby then proceeds: since my acquaintance with this County, viz. 1830, it has been steadily increasing in population and in the actual value of property, notwithstanding a decrease in the market value of the land. The major part of the population come to settle in this County possessed but of small resources, and in fact many in a state of indigence, who are now in a comparative state of wealth to what they were in their own country, and that, by their own industry.

It must be understood that this county is not indebted, (as most others are) for its increase of population to Immigration, but solely to its own resources; in fact so rapid has been the increase, that I believe, referring to the last Census will show that for the last ten years it has been in a greater ratio than any other County in Canada, although others have had the advantage of Immigration, and this I would be inclined to attribute to the salubrity of the atmosphere, and the productiveness of the soil.

The inhabitants are industrious and supply the Quebec market largely with butter, pork and sheep, and also great numbers of horned cattle; the butter of this County carries the palm in the Quebec market, and the sheep are superior to any thing of the kind in Lower Canada, and in fact could not fear competition with those of the Upper Province; in a word, agriculture is flourishing in this County, it abounds in valuable timber as oak, pine, spruce and hemlock, as also maple, beech, birch, elm and ash of a superior quality, lying contiguous to and at the head of a water communication, which, with a little outlay, might easily be made one of the finest transits for timber in Lower Canada, having its débouché at St. Nicholas, on the St. Lawrence, and thus open up an almost inexhaustible source of valuable timber as well as minerals. These waters are above the head waters of the Beaucaour, having their confluence below Three Rivers, on

the St. Lawrence, and in their present condition form a boat navigation of 30 miles to the Black Lake, and thence to the head waters of the St. Francis, by a portage of three miles.

At the head of these waters is a valuable iron Mine, and in 1847 a rich copper bed was discovered in the Township of Inverness, about fifty miles from Quebec. There are also many quarries of good lime stone.

COUNTY OF SHERBROOKE.

Wm. Ritchie, Registrar.—The number of deeds registered in this County in 1847, was 284. The Registrar states that he does not know of a single new settler having located himself in any of the new Townships of this County, nor does he think that there has been an increase in the value of lands for ten years.

COUNTY OF LOTBINIERE.

R. S. Noel, Registrar.—During the year from 300 to 375 mortgages have been registered. No new Settlers. Cleared lands sell for £2 10s. per acre; uncleared lands may be had from the Seigniors for nothing a *titre de cens*; no increase in value.

COUNTY OF YAMASKA.

J. O. Arnaud, Registrar.—The increase in the value of lands in this county is stated to have been about 25 per cent, the cleared selling at from £1 10s. to £7 10s. and the uncleared from 15s. to £5. The deeds registered were many, thus stating the Registrar, 411 titles, 141 obligations, 58 contracts of concession and 54 donations of land.

COUNTY OF ROUVILLE.

H. Aubertin, Registrar.—The increase is stated at 50 per cent, in consequence of the clearing, 687 deeds have been registered 377 mortgages, 52 *decharges*, and 270 land deeds.

COUNTY OF SHEFFORD.

H. S. Forster, Registrar.—A small portion of the lands which were sold during the year was purchased by new settlers (not more than 1,000 acres) generally at from 15s to 20s. per acre. The Township of Milton and the north part of Stukely are fast filling up with French Canadians. The increase in the value of land within ten years has been 5s or 6s. per acre.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

J. F. Taylor, Registrar.—Wild Lands have sold from 5s. to £5, and some cleared lands in Hull have sold even as high as £10.

COUNTY OF TWO-MOUNTAINS.

D. DeHertel, Registrar.—During the year 1847 there were registered 5-7 deeds of all kinds; a few new settlers located in the Townships where uncleared lands sell at various prices from 1s. 3d. to 10s., and cleared from 10s. to 40s. The Townships are settling slowly, and the increase in value has been little or nothing.

COUNTY OF LISLET.

J. D. Lepine, Registrar.—The Registrar complains of the inefficiency of the Registration Act, and says, that of 30 deeds of Sale which have passed during the month, only 10 have been registered. This complaint is also made by others. Mr. Lepine has been a resident of the County for seven years, and during that time thinks the value has retrograded in consequence of bad crops.

COUNTY OF VERCHERES.

L. Menard, Registrar.—191 Registrations. Cultivated lands in the County sell for from £3 to £4 per acre, and the uncultivated which derive their chief value from the timber, sell from £2 to £5. The County has 122 or 125,000 acres, and a population of about 4,000.

COUNTY OF LEINSTER.

L. Archambault, Registrar.—711 Registrations. Of these 275 were land deeds. No new settlers. Cleared lands average £1 and uncleared £1 per acre. The increase in value has been 6 per cent.

	No. of Schools	No. of scholars attending, between 5 & 10 yrs.
16	16	331
15	15	530
25	25	841
31	31	1200
17	17	1007
35	35	1585
36	36	1271
31	31	1136
51	51	2351
46	46	1218
45	45	1472
30	30	1580
6	6	203
351	351	13-98
20	20	093
62	62	2638
24	24	671
3	3	1481
51	51	2101
191	191	7077
4	4	2467
50	50	2350
175	175	4817
51	51	2525
66	66	2720
30	30	1024
71	71	2596
2	2	68
51	51	2010
36	36	2155
30	30	3724
10	10	4011
42	42	2215
31	31	1755
45	45	2112
51	51	3005
74	74	2230
2	2	87
60	60	1921
013	013	3-926
1055	1055	*06170
114	114	327
200	200	102
150	150	930

no return to the whole of the attending them.

COUNTY OF ST. MAURICE.

G. Duval, Registrar.—331 Registrations. New lands filling up.

COUNTY OF BEAUCHARNAIS.

D. K. Aldithall, Registrar.—Registered 450 deeds, 173 mortgages, and 75 mortgages were discharged. The lands sold were about 2,500 acres, of which about 3 per cent was purchased by new settlers. Lands sell well, and the increase for the ten years has been great, especially in the Townships.

COUNTY OF KAMOURASKA.

Hon. J. B. Tache, Registrar.—311 Registrations, 117 of which were conveyances of lands, 27 being to new settlers. Uncleared lands sell for 2s. 6d. and cleared for £2 per acre.

COUNTY OF BELLECHASSE.

P. Forques, Registrar.—No new settlers. Cleared farms well situated sell from £4 to £6. Mr. Forques says the value of land has decreased during ten years, 16 or 12 per cent.

COUNTY OF STANSTEAD.

C. A. Richardson, Registrar.—310 deeds of various kinds registered during the year, and the deeds of transfer covered about 10,118 acres. The general average price of cleared land varies very much, it goes as high as \$8 in Stanstead, and as low as \$3 in Barford; the general value of uncleared lands is from 5s. to 7s. 6d. per acre.

COUNTY OF SAGUENAY.

C. D. Berger, Registrar.—346 Deeds registered.—The value of lands has decreased, and many of the inhabitants have sold their lands very low, and migrated to the new crown settlements on the river. The mode of cultivation is very bad indeed.

COUNTY OF MISSISQUOI.

R. Dickenson, Registrar.—About 11,000 acres of land were sold, very little of which was purchased by new settlers. Lands sell at a general average of from 45s. to 20s. Some parts of this County were granted so early as 1792, and the increase in ten years has been 25 per cent. The income of many of the farmers of this County is from £300 or £400 per annum, chiefly derived from butter, cheese, pork, and beef and young cattle. Some farmers in the spring of the year often take to the Montreal market, cheese to the amount of £100, and the Registrar knows one who laid down an acre and a half in hops, from which in two years he realized £175.

COUNTY OF VAUDREUIL.

H. F. Charlebois, Registrar.—Registers 250. Contracts of sale, obligations 130. Discharges 31. Cultivated land sells for £2 10s. and uncultivated for £1 per acre. The increase has been in ten years about 25 per cent.

COUNTY OF GASPÉ.

P. Winter, Registrar.—Transfer of sales 43. Wills 4. Obligations 22. Jud. rents 35. The quantity of land covered by 32 deeds was 4200. The sales to new settlers were very trifling, if any. The price for front village lots was in some instances as high as £15 per acre. Lands one half cleared, sell for from 10s. to 25s. per acre, while the government upset price is 3s.—Fishing rooms sell for about £15. Owing to the falling off of immigration, the lands are not fast filling up.

COUNTY OF RIMOUSKI.

A. G. Ruel, Registrar.—About 8000 acres have been sold, about one third being to new settlers. The increase has been about 15 per cent on the value of property.

Answers from the other Registrars do not contain any information worth noting.

Lands and their Produce.

In 1-37, Mr. Bouchette states the total number of acres of land in culture to be, . . . . . 2,000,565 acres. The Census of 1831, gives only . . . . . 2,065,013 "

" " 1844, . . . . . 2,302,317 "

This shows that Mr. Bouchette must have over-rated the quantity. Taking the two last Census as being authentic, we find that the increase was 35.6 per cent, while the increase in population was exactly similar, being 35 per cent. The number of landed proprietors

in 1831 was 57,591, being on the average about 30 acres to each, while in 1844 the proprietors amounted to 76,440, or about 30½ acres each; this shews us that the state of agriculture in Lower Canada must have been sadly neglected, and that it is only followed far enough to give an actual sustenance to the cultivators. The increase in the population of the City of Montreal will not account for the non-increase of cultivation, in proportion.

The produce of Lower Canada is thus stated by the foregoing authorities :

Table with 4 columns: Crop, 1831, Bouchette 1827, Census 1844. Rows include Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Potatoes, Buck Wheat, etc.

This shows a fearful falling off in the production of wheat. The produce for 1841, without any deduction of seed, would only furnish 188,367 barrels, or only 1 barrel for every 5 inhabitants.

The whole produce in 1841 exclusive of potatoes, was 11,445,727 bushels, and allowing that two-thirds of the cultivated lands were under potatoes and fallow, it would give an average crop of 12 1/2 bushels per acre of all grain for the remainder. In 1831, the same allowance being made, the average crop would be 12½ bushels, while Mr. Bouchette for 1827 makes it 7 26/100 bushels exclusive of 184,050 bushels of mixed grain.

1841—Of the 76,440 Proprietors of real estate, 15,188 held their lands in " Free and Common Socage," and the land so held amounted to 1,706,993 acres, of which 549,256, were cultivated. These held under Indian and other leases, 169 persons occupying 25,508 acres, of which only 5,915 acres were under cultivation.

Table with 4 columns: Category, 1831, 1844, Increase. Rows include Houses inhabited, Houses building, No. of Hives of Bees, Lbs. of Maple Sugar, No. of Taverns, Stores where Liquors are sold, Grist Mills, Run of Stones, Oatmeal Mills, Barley Mills, Saw Mills, Oil Mills, Fulling Mills, Carding Mills, Thrashing Mills, Paper Mills, Iron Works, Nail Factories, Distilleries, Breweries, Tanneries, Pat & Pearl Ash, Factories, Other Factories.

Cattle, &c.

Table with 4 columns: Category, Bouchette 1827, Census 1831, Census 1844. Rows include Neat Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Swine, Totals.

\* Including 145,002 oxen.

T to a year Mac men ble can to th T treat ever who amou table As butal cess o ports the fu grow Whea much our e he disp When in 1847 bushel Our show t ceived while t facilit consoli greatly year as that wh forem d inland wards o way of

TRADE, COMMERCE, & FINANCES OF CANADA.

(From the Montreal Brokers' Circular, 25th March, 1840, printed by order of the House of Assembly.)

The period has arrived, when, from obtaining access to the public accounts, we are enabled to lay before you a statement of the Imports and Exports for the fiscal year just closed; and having obtained from Messrs. MacDougal & Glass the use of the tables and statements published by them up to March last, we are enabled at the same time to give you a complete statistical view of the commerce of the country from 1835 up to the present time.

That the trade of Canada, and particularly of Montreal, was unusually depressed last year, is known to every one concerned in it; but there are few perhaps who will be prepared for the enormous falling off in its amount, both as to Imports and Exports, which our tables make manifest.

As to Imports, a part of the decline is no doubt attributable to the Importations of 1847 having been in excess of our actual wants, and the decrease of our Exports of agricultural produce is to be accounted for by the facts, that in 1847 the Exports were swelled by Flour ground in bond for exportation from United States Wheat, whilst in 1848 the quantity so exported was much less, and that the high prices of 1847 induced our own farmers to bring every bushel to market which they could spare, thereby leaving less in their hands to be disposed of in 1848. The quantity of United States Wheat ground in the manner alluded to for exportation in 1847 was 533,465 bushels, and in 1848 only 127,355 bushels.

Our General Tables, to which we beg you to refer, show the Imports under separate heads, viz., those received inland, separately from those received by sea; while the following table which has been prepared to facilitate comparison, shows the Imports by both routes consolidated. A glance at its contents will show how greatly the Import business of the Country fell off last year as compared with 1847, and also the striking fact, that while the total importation of goods paying *ad valorem* duties fell off materially, such goods imported inland, (that is from the United States,) increased upwards of forty per cent., showing a large decline by way of the St. Lawrence.

Imports.

ARTICLES.	1847.	1848.	1848. Inc or Dec
Vessels . . . . .	1431	1330	81
Wines, gallons . . . . .	235731	141578	94353
Rum . . . . .	192507	53039	47228
Spirits . . . . .	233136	194307	58829
Molasses . . . . .	457255	402624	54631
Sugar—			
Refined, lbs. . . . .	988935	731275	257660
Muscovado and Inter- wards, lbs. . . . .	14140613	9155723	4980290
Coffee, lbs. . . . .	109612	60677	48935
Tea, lbs. . . . .	3373555	2203901	1109654
Tobacco—			
Manufactured, lbs. . . . .	2288296	1704735	591131
Unmanufact'd. . . . .	317909	102205	215704
Salt, bushels . . . . .	220990	948991	In. 728001
Value of Goods pay- ing <i>ad valorem</i> du- ty, Sterling . . . . .	£2167403	£1721517	£445940

Exports by Sea.

The Exports by sea, exclusive of Timber, Deals, &c., for the last two years, compare as follows:—

ARTICLES.	1847.	1848.	1848. Inc or Dec
Ashes bris . . . . .	10243	18252	8011
Flour . . . . .	651030	383503	267437
Wheat, bushels . . . . .	625901	228451	397450
Peanse . . . . .	119252	88265	30987
Oats . . . . .	103505	6102	139643
Barley . . . . .	23012	3600	19412
Onmeal, brls . . . . .	21099	0072	15927
Pork . . . . .	4074	2649	2025
Beef . . . . .	1899	2479	In. 1580
Butter, lbs . . . . .	1096553	923604	Dec112901

Exports Timber, &c., by Sea.

Of Timber and other articles of wood exported by sea, the comparison shows an increase in 1848 of 1,083,040 feet of White Pine, and an insignificant increase in Staves, but an enormous falling off in every other article, as will be seen by examining the following table:—

ARTICLES.	1847.	1848.	1848. Inc or Dec
White Pine, feet . . . . .	9620640	10700080	In. 1083040
Red Pine . . . . .	436680	4265560	Dec 101390
Oak . . . . .	180080	879040	927040
elm . . . . .	1591520	1171700	419700
Ash . . . . .	01040	59680	31360
Birch . . . . .	102560	92300	10200
Staves—			
Standard M. . . . .	990	1103	Inc. 173
Pancheon M. . . . .	1710	1731	Dec. 110
Barrel, M. . . . .	100	159	Incr. 59
Deals—			
Pine, Pieces . . . . .		2455010	Dec 552038
Spruce . . . . .	3390529	301881	
Tannarac, feet . . . . .	1372520	123168	1247052
Lathwood, cords . . . . .	4218	3819	300

Exports from Canada by Inland Ports in 1848, with the Custom House Values.

Our Exports by Inland Ports (in addition to those above given by Sea,) we think it advisable to bring prominently into view, inasmuch as the extent of our direct export trade to the United States, seems to us to be greatly underrated. It will be seen by the annexed table that it reached the value of 2772,492 \$s. 4d. in the year just closed. This table is made up from returns chiefly furnished by officers of the Custom House Department of the United States, our own Customs' officers being unable to supply the data, as our laws do not make it compulsory to enter goods exported by the frontier. It may reasonably be assumed, therefore, that a large additional quantity of commodities is annually smuggled into the United States, for which their high tariff holds out a great inducement.

PRODUCE OF THE FOREST.

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.	VALUE.
Boards, feet . . . . .	378831	£10331
Cedar Posts, Cords . . . . .	128 and Cords 0	151 0 0
Hop Poles . . . . .	Quan. not given.	0 12 3
Lumber, Feet . . . . .	3000	
Do. Walnut, do . . . . .	57761196	125307 1 3
Pine, Pieces . . . . .	6000	16 0 0
Do. Feet . . . . .	17133	127 18 0
Saw Logs, No. . . . .	1760	17 10 0
Scantling, Pieces . . . . .	3453; Cords, 31	4901 2 9
Shingles . . . . .	Ft. 107528	54 19 3
Do. Bundles . . . . .	2903	203 5 0
Shingle Wood, Feet . . . . .	No. 6741000	3630 14 9
Do. Cords . . . . .	1557000	300 0 0
Shingle Bolts, Cords . . . . .	101	149 5 0
Spruce, do . . . . .	612	436 0 0
Staves, Coopers' cords . . . . .	744	953 0 0
Do. other . . . . .	921	7 6 0
Do. other, Pieces . . . . .	1277	638 10 0
Do. other . . . . .	37757	410 5 0
Do. other . . . . .	W. I. 83; Puns. 16	358 6 0
Do. not described . . . . .	Quan. not given.	3808 4 0
Do. not described . . . . .	6000	2483 7 0
Do. not described . . . . .	Ft. 242760; Pa. 7400; Cords, 133	2742 5 0
		£150331 0 5

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Census  
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1105150  
333446  
111068  
991880  
371500

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Exports by Inland Ports—(Continued)

ARTICLES.	VALUE.
<b>LIVE STOCK.</b>	
Animals, not specified.....	£2000 15 0
Cattle, Horned, No. 3052.....	10655 2 0
Horses, No. 3100.....	3315 15 0
Sheep, 2231, £504 5s.; Swine 115, £231 10s.....	825 15 0
	£54213 7 6
<b>SUNDRIES OVER £10,000.</b>	
Specie.....	36100 5 0
Sheep Skins.....	19-92 11 6
Furs.....	10041 10 11
	£68804 16 5
<b>SUNDRIES OVER £5,000.</b>	
Private Effects.....	9365 0 0
Sundries not classed.....	6727 18 8
	£16092 18 8
<b>SUNDRIES OVER £1,000.</b>	
Skins.....	4269 18 0
Fish.....	3668 11 5
Iron of all kinds.....	3213 12 8
Hardware.....	2121 19 6
Rags.....	1905 0 6
	£15230 8 1
<b>SUNDRIES OVER £500.</b>	
Whiskey, 2523 Barrels.....	£762 5 0
Furniture.....	562 10 0
Salt.....	510 5 0
	£1835 0 6
<b>SUNDRIES OVER £100</b>	
Bees Wax.....	100 15 9
Bricks, 310,000.....	319 15 0
Copper, Old.....	120 5 0
Carriages.....	168 0 0
Lasts.....	210 10 1
Candles, 140 Boxes.....	215 0 0
Horns.....	219 0 0
Lime.....	351 15 11
Sap.....	133 0 0
Starch, 402 Boxes.....	311 14 0
Waggon.....	288 0 0
Woollens.....	379 11 1
	£2069 6 10
<b>SUNDRIES UNDER £100</b>	
	£1280 0 2

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIONS, &c.

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.	VALUE.
Apples, Bushels.....	8501	£252 10 0
Ashes, Pots.....	Hrs. 7250; Bush. 10; Cwt. 53	4108 0 8
Do. Pearls.....	Tons, 35; Cwt. 1138; Hrs. 39.	2011 4 21
Do. Leached, Tons.....	265	2-13 0
Barley, Bushels.....	1135	1027 1 0
Beans, Tons.....	105	210 0 0
Butter.....	Lbs. 11327; Pks. 13; Tubs, 118; Kegs, 2-38.	8792 6 0
Cider, Gallons.....	306	81 0 0
Eggs, Dozens.....	8750	131 1 6
Flax Seed, Bushels.....	11700	3065 15 0
Flour, Barrels.....	27031; & Cwt. 11	316005 9 3
Grass Seed.....	Bush., 1712; and Barrels, 5190.	1520 11 0
Hops, lbs.....	42978	31-15 0
Linseed, Bushels.....	200	42 1 0
Lard, Kegs.....	170	212 16 0
Malze, Bushels.....	2011	412 11 0
Meal, all kinds, do.....	98	82 7 0
Oats, do.....	4321	25 17 4
Onions, do.....	10	1 10 0
Pens, do.....	27561	351 5 0
Potatoes, do.....	535	3 9 9
Rape Seed, do.....	15	1 5 0
Rye, do.....	276	15 12 3
Salted Meats.....	Cwt. 494-3-21; Barrels, 2013; Packages, 473	727 0 0
Salts of Leys.....		707 11 3
Timothy Seed, Bushels.....	2555	607 10 0
Wheat, do.....	207011	63125 5 0
Wool, lbs.....	128827	5324 16 1
		£154351 0 0

RECAPITULATION.

Produce of the Forest.....	£159351	6 5
Agricultural Productions.....	451250	0 0
Live Stock.....	51211	7 6
Over £10000.....	66-61	16 5
" 5000.....	10092	15 8
" 1000.....	15236	8 1
" 500.....	1835	6 6
" 100.....	2069	6 10
Under 100.....	1280	6 2
Sundries valued.....		
" 100.....		
" Under 100.....		
Total.....	£772132	5 4

Imports into Canada by Inland Ports, in addition to those by Sea.

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.	1847.		1848.	
		1847.	1848.	1847.	1848.
Wine.....	gallons	6139	16-13		
Spirits.....	"	67709	19371		
Rum.....	"		2-52		
Molasses.....	"	121805	80981		
Sugar.....	lbs	107730	295882		
Refined.....	"	5129014	3155519		
Muscovado.....	"				
Coffee.....	lbs.	82940-	767114		
Teas.....	"	2530716	1720435		
Tobacco.....					
Manufactured.....	"	2200333	1214531		
Unmanufactured.....	"	18715	2281		
Salt.....	bushels	130110	53846		
Goods pay'g ad valorem duties.....		3-37-1	£51943 Sterling		

Comparative Statement of Value of Exports and Imports at the Ports of Montreal and Quebec for the last Eight Years.

The next table to which we would draw your attention, is that which shows the declared value of the Imports and Exports of Montreal and Quebec alone. The decline in the trade of both Ports, in money value, is very striking: EXPORTS. IMPORTS.

	Port Quebec.			Port of Mon't.			Total Cure'y.		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
In 1841	1727726	15	1	700070	2	0	2427796	17	10
" 1842	991180	8	0	728729	14	0	1720219	3	6
" 1843	1367651	17	5	388109	1	0	1755500	18	5
" 1844	14-08-18	17	0	754231	2	6	2241080	0	5
" 1845	2050851	1	1	720797	7	8	2777618	8	9
" 1846	1860150	18	5	658319	0	8	2524705	5	1
" 1847	1831399	13	0	848082	18	10	2676382	11	10
" 1848	1357926	6	1	301841	5	0	1719167	11	1

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Imports into Canada by Sea, from 1838 to 1848, Inclusive.

Years.	Vessels with cargo and in Ballast.	Wines.	E. I. & B. P. Rum.	Foreign Spirits.	Whiskey.	Molasses.	SUGARS.				TOBACCO.		Salt.	Value of Goods pay'd ad val. duty.	Value of Goods admitted free.
							Refined.	Musco. and Bazaar.	Coffee.	Teas.	Leaf.	Manuf'd.			
		Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.		£ S <sup>rs</sup> G <sup>rs</sup>	£ S <sup>rs</sup> G <sup>rs</sup>
1838	1001	298410	682730	363735	15371	30237	1769247	4772-03	43430	10411065	8701	10693	309-163	113215-9	178031
1839	1147	292304	150082	801720	10104	82920	1075007	5410301	21723	971707	5789	25748	154002	708-311	150112
1840	1432	310050	30091	53517	29789	146379	1745822	5471917	174741	7205550	75392	46490	154282	8570300	129542
1841	1454	214721	1004-7	2828-0	167	78601	285-717	5318410	218633	1037435	41416	15507	310728	1063409	120221
1842	1081	300402	32346	221-57	9060	117000	1011070	4857010	60860	175300	1477-	18405	17000	701732	70699
1843	1110	200213	31712	149215	372	137510	273131	7075545	152000	77497	72-01	41170	11110	1270294	11118
1844	1420	333371	129087	312704	6123	222286	1610059	1151306-1	432105	837774	304022	395512	83550	1024000	68787
1845	1600	201116	137870	242175	28	452976	1448-10	5925718	3544-	725070	16421	122115	17363	315344	45541
1846	1600	316074	63340	150547	4058	151873	805049	85008-2	105582	60003	330107	8505	151300	211151	50384
1847	1334	220508	102707	185307	68	205450	880303	710009	201444	81068	22924	68561	8784	173062	
1848	1330	124504	35030	172474		321643	525308	600175	25023	43628	70924	600204	15111	1180274	

Table Shewing the quantity of United States Produce Imported into Canada by Sea and Inland Navigation, on which duty was paid.

ARTICLES.	1847.		1848.	
	Barrels.	Bushels.	Barrels.	Bushels.
Flour	25538	4820	25538	4820
Barley	1430	1240	1430	1240
Maize	do.	7592	80328	do.
Oats	do.	5701	400	do.
Rye	do.	1228	4323	do.
Indian Meal	Barrels.	18-5	877	do.
Wheat	Bushels.	110-	312	do.
Beans	Cwt.	67-	2301	do.
Butter	do.	97	23	do.
Cheese	do.	325	2560	do.
Bacon	Cwt	388	874	do.
Pork	do	29367	20770	do.
Fresh Meat	do	1811	720	do.
White Pine	Feet	33017	2634	do.
Oak	do	97110	2090	do.
Birch	do	112	do.	do.
Ash	do	259279	60372	do.
Plank	do	1652065	740048	do.

Comparative Statement of Receipts and Exports of Produce at the Port of Montreal for the Years 1845, 1846, 1847 and 1848.

	1845.		1846.		1847.		1848.	
	Brls.	Brls.	Mnths.	Brls.	Mnths.	Brls.	Brls.	
Receipts per Lachine Canal and River.	1845	3307-5	30796	437780	305-	7277	20525	351
Do.	do.	20321	81178	67300	52-	7830	10314	745
Do.	do.	21173	80330	513707	3041	30678	6163	30400
Do.	do.	23095	615320	530-12	7320	22250	7778	3649
Exports from Port of Montreal.	1845	25074	228-00	312501	27471	28800	10188-1	432
Do.	do.	1810	1742	250001	50621-	3257	33200	15213
Do.	do.	15128	2-1000	501067	2287	146154	90401	16843
Do.	do.	15017	159417	1792071	200	45975	1760	108-1

Agricultural Produce.—Average Prices in Currency, at Montreal, from 1843 to 1848.

	Flour.	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Peas.	Oatmeal.	Butter.	Mess Pork.	Pot Ash.	Pearl Ash.
	bbls.	bush.	bus.	bush.	bush.	ddl.	lb.	bbl.	bbl.	bbl.
1843	25 7	1 10 1/2	1 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	15 7	0 3 1/2	60	35 5	20 10
1844	25 2	1 4	1 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	10 1/2	0 3	63 14	31 10	25 13
1845	27 1	5 8	1 6	2 6 1/2	1 5	10 3/4	0 3	87 10	32	23 1/2
1846	20 2 1/2	5 3 1/2	1 0 1/2	3 0 1/2	4 2 1/2	25 0 1/2	0 6 3/4	70 4 1/2	22 0	22 1
1847	30 5	6 5 1/2	2 0 1/2	3 0	5 5 1/2	25 0 1/2	0 7	73 4	27 0 1/2	29 2 1/2
1848	20 3	5 7	1 8	2 5 1/2	3 4	24 10 1/2	0 6 1/2	71 0	26 9 1/2	27 10 1/2

Pine Timber and Deals.

Total Cure'y.	White Pine in shipping order, per foot.			Red Pine, (4 feet average) in shipping order, per foot.			Deals, Bright Pine, 3/4s for 2nds & stand. ard.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	1843	0	0	7 1/2	0	1	0	11	6
1846	0	0	5	0	0	1 1/2	11	14	3 1/2
1847	0	0	4 1/2	0	0	9	11	10	3 1/2
1848	0	0	4 1/2	0	0	8 1/2	0	15	3 1/2

Freights.

	Flour, bbl.			Wheat, Gr.			Ashes, Ton.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	1843	0	3	5	0	0	0	1	7
1844	0	4	6	0	8	2 1/2	1	11	10
1845	0	4	8 1/2	0	8	7 1/2	1	11	3
1846	0	5	2	0	9	11	1	15	6
1847	0	5	4	0	12	7 1/2	1	16	3
1848	0	4	2	0	10	2 1/2	1	9	3

of value of the in money value,

VAL. &c. £232 10 0 11086 9 8 2011 4 2 29 15 0 1027 1 0 210 6 0 8722 6 0 84 0 0 135 11 6 3005 15 0 310005 9 3 1530 11 0 31 15 0 43 1 0 212 11 0 415 11 0 842 7 6 2517 1 4 110 0 0 3511 2 0 3 0 0 15 0 0 15 12 3 727 0 0 707 11 3 907 10 0 63125 5 0 5324 16 1 £15435 11 0 £150351 6 5 45150 0 0 31243 0 0 60541 16 5 16002 18 8 15230 7 1 1835 1 0 2060 0 0 12-0 0 2 £77242 5 4 Y Sea. £1848. 761714 1720435 124531 22881 53946 £510243 Sterling of Montreal red value of the in money value, 71. Total Cure'y. n £ s d 10 22-0052 12 1 1 2237770 6 0 5 5 14017708 0 0 5 5 2190063 1 4 1 2 3320450 14 0 11 3051801 4 4 11 2860358 1 1 0 2107264 0 8

**Abstract Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Consol**

HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	CIVIL LIST.				PERMANENT ACTS AND ORDINANCES			
	Canada E.		Canada W., Province.		Canada E.		Canada W.	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Interest on Provincial Debt.								
Do. on Turnpike Trusts.								
Civil Government.			39250	0 6	39250	0 9	3172	18 4
Administration of Justice.	1055	5 3	6513	14 4	21220	9 7	1372	9 0
Provincial Penitentiary.							35	0 0
Legislature.								
Education.							1934	10 3
Agricultural Societies.								
Hospitals and other Charities.								
Public Works, including the Geological survey, but exclusive of Works out of the guaranteed loan.)								
Militia.								
Maintenance of Lighthouses.							4220	18 1
Emigration and Quarantine.			752	4 2	752	4 2		
Pensions.	2615	10 11	3439	14 10	6032	5 6	3158	10 11
Miscellaneous.					1415	10 9		
Indian Annuities.			6655	0 0	6655	0 0		
Redemption of Public Debt.								
	£ 17301	16 2	10635	9 2	31002	4 11	70920	10 3
							6313	7 1
							9652	19 3
							15066	6 4

HEADS OF REVENUE.	WHERE COLLECTED.			Total.	Grand Total	
	Canada East.	Canada West.				
<i>Duties from Commerce.</i>	£	s	d	£	s	d
Customs... { Montreal and Quebec...	106723	17	3	106723	17	2
{ Inland Ports.....	23659	19	11	23659	19	2
<i>Internal Duties.</i>						
Excise.....	9721	0	8	18221	2	0
Light House or Tonnage Duty.....				1041	0	8
Bank Imposts.....				12473	1	0
Militia Commission, Fines, &c.....				41	10	0
Fines and Forfeitures including Seizures.	653	9	6	410	19	9
Casual Revenue.....	1623	7	2	2753	18	4
Interest on Deposits.....				108	18	2
Public works.....						
Territorial.....						
					19018	2 9
					24057	16 9
					3181	0 10
Add Excess of Expenditure over Receipts.....					91815	15 10
Total Currency.....					£ 47449	3 6

**Total Value of Goods Imported into Canada in 1847 and 1848.**

ARTICLES.	1847.	1848.
Goods paying Specific Duties.....	£ 1,082,003	£ 922,978
" " paying <i>ad valorem</i> duties.....	2,712,911	2,065,820
Total Currency.....	£ 3,795,847	£ 2,988,798

**Exports from Canada by Sea, (exclusive of Timber) for the Years 1838 to 1848.**

YEARS.	ASHES.	BUTTER.	BEEF.	BARLEY.	FLOUR.	OATMEAL.	PEASE.	PORK.	WHEAT.	OATS.
	Barrels.	Lbs.	Barrels.	Bushels.	Barrels.	Barrels.	Bushels.	Barrels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
1838	20451	80530	439	146	59394	522	1115	8968	None.	None.
1839	25180	72248	2310	130	48427	50	2855	6179	3336	"
1840	24108	463730	385	60	315612	6088	58878	11230	112659	"
1841	22012	211407	2968	4501	359210	4587	123574	44795	562862	"
1842	27641	542511	9008	807	204700	6754	78955	40288	204107	5660
1843	34016	374267	7195	6940	209657	5327	88318	10084	141233	3851
1844	35743	460800	5508	63735	415407	6725	130355	11104	282183	21574
1845	30916	812475	2140	27626	442228	1570	220012	3493	396252	53390
1846	26011	786701	2826	6287	555902	5930	218339	5599	534747	46600
1847	19213	1026355	1899	23012	631030	21099	119252	4674	628001	168805
1848	18282	923094	3470	3000	384393	6072	68363	2619	228051	6102

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dated Revenue Fund of the Province of Canada, for the Year 1848.

PERMANENT ACTS OF THE PROVINCE.				VOTES OF PARLIAMENT.				GRAND TOTAL.
Canada E.	Canada W.	Province.	Total	Canada E.	Canada W.	Province.	Total.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
3390 8 1	12592 14 10		16080 2 11	25025 13 1	1330 8 8	351 17 10	26354 17 10	169011 12 2
		4733 8 10	4733 8 10			13000 0 0	13000 0 0	3172 18 4
3384 10 3	22102 17 0		25486 3 3	4303 18 8	1335 11 1		5638 0 9	32018 18 7
4232 14 0	5143 15 0		9375 0 0					10492 12 3
				550 0 7	4119 13 0		4669 13 7	13000 0 0
		2278 8 0	2278 8 0	2107 11 11	7781 14 0		9888 5 11	22231 7 3
		9 11 8	9 11 8					1370 0 0
				601 4 10		1837 13 5	2438 17 5	1817 6 1
200 0 0	200 0 0		400 0 0	20 0 8			20 0 8	601 4 10
870 0 0			870 0 0	13330 0 8	21 18 1	4520 3 1	17851 1 10	752 4 2
								10830 0 0
								29222 12 7
								10655 0 0
								15000 0 0
42745 12 10	10996 0 0	7021 8 0	50766 8	51313 5 7	13000 12 0	10410 0 2	64323 6 7	174401 3 0

RECAPITULATION.	Canada East.		Canada West.		Province.		Total.	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Civil List.....	17300	10 2	10615	0 2	34002	4 11	79939	10 3
Acts and Ordinances.....	6313	7 1	3632	10 3			15060	0 4
Acts of the Province.....	42745	12 10	36909	0 10	7021	8 0	90706	8 2
Votes of Parliament.....	51313	5 5	13080	12 0	46410	0 2	115011	6 7
Interest on Public Debt.....					106011	12 2	106011	12 2
Redemption of Public Debt.....					15000	0 0	15000	0 0
Total.....	£120074	1 0	53369	7 3	396418	11 0	171491	3 0

	£ s. d.	
	£	s. d.
Legislature embraces... Returning Officers.....	4733	8 10
Printing the Laws.....	3127	13 10
Salaries and Contingencies of the Legislature.....	26921	1 0
Militia.....	3779	0 11
Pensions embraces... Legislative.....	514	13 4
Judges.....	2058	14 5
Schedule B.....	4193	11 4
Rent of Bishop's Palace, Quebec, and Assessment on Property at Quebec and Montreal.....	1111	2 2
Miscellaneous embraces... Rent, Repairs, &c., to Public Buildings.....	1740	8 0
Travelling Expenses to the Hon. H. H. Killaly, for the years 1843-45-46.....	10150	3 10
Relief to the Montagnais' Indians.....	600	0 0
Expenses of the Provincial Penitentiary, Commission.....	600	0 0
	1500	0 0

Bank Stocks, 1848.

The prices of Bank Stocks show how greatly our monetary institutions have been affected by the depressed state of the Trade and Commerce of the Country. As a contrast, we may mention that in 1846, and for some years before it, the Stock of nearly every Canadian Bank in the Province, stood at, or above par. That of the Bank of Montreal, for instance, was as high as 11 per cent. premium, in 1846. But the losses which they all suffered in 1847, were very heavy, and business has since then, been too depressed, to admit of their making sufficient profits to re-establish the value of their Stocks at par.

The Bank of British North America, not being a Canadian Bank, requires a separate notice. Its Stock also has been much depressed, but the transactions in it here are at all times very limited, the Stock being chiefly owned out of the Province.

The premium of Exchange on London, between April and November 1848 inclusive, ranged between 13½ and 10 per cent. On the 1st March, 1849, it was 10½.

Bank of Montreal Stock was at 3½ per cent. premium, on 25th April, 1848. It fluctuated until November,

when it was quoted at 1½ @ 2 per cent. discount, and it again rose to par. On 1st March, 1849, the quotation was 2½ per cent. discount.

Bank of British North America Stock was at 64 per cent. discount, on 25th April, 1848, and from 6th May to 15th August, it was quoted at 74 discount. The quotation from 23rd August until 21st October, was 12 per cent. discount, after which there were no sales.

City Bank Montreal Stock was quoted on 26th April, 1848, at 74 per cent. discount. It continued to decline until 30th June, when it was quoted at 18 @ 20 per cent. discount. It remained at 20 discount until 15th August, and afterwards went down as low as 32½ @ 33½ discount, closing in November at 32 discount. On 1st March, 1849, it was quoted at 40 @ 45 per cent. dis.

Banque du Peuple, Montreal Stock was quoted on 26th May, 1848, at 6 per cent. discount. In June it was quoted at 10 dis., in July at 11 dis., and in August at 12 dis., after which it was reckoned as unsaleable. Since September 1848, it was offered much below 12 per cent. discount, without finding buyers.

Bank of Upper Canada Stock was at 5 per cent.

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 01 185005  
 51 0102

discount, on 25th April, 1848. It gradually declined until in July it was quoted at 10 dis., in August at 12 dis., and in September at 25 dis. On 1st March, 1849, the quotation was 25 @ 25 per cent. discount. Commercial Bank, M. D., Upper Canada Stock was

quoted on 25th April, 1848, at 1 per cent premium. In May the quotations were 14 per cent. prem. Between June and September it fluctuated between 24 prem. and par; and on 18th October it was quoted at par @ 4 per cent. discount. On 1st March 1849, the quotation was 2 @ 24 discount.

**Exports of Timber from Canada, by Sea, from 1845 to 1848, Inclusive.**

	1848.	1847.	1846.	1845.	1848.	1847.	1846.	1845.	
White Pine, feet.	10760050	10026040	13392320	15228880	Staves, Sta'd. M.	1103	1090	970	1497
Red Pine, do.	4665500	4460850	5200010	5122320	Do. Punc'h. M.	1721	1740	2203	3652
Oak, do.	870040	1800850	1742628	1307440	Do. Barrel.	150	100	273	652
Elm, do.	1171760	1391320	1793322	1423020	Deals, Pine, per.	2450010	3309920	2081200	23062015
Ash, do.	59850	91040	188900	207080	Do. Spruce do.	361881	37807	3	527250
Birch, do.	92360	108500	147884	183300	Panamae, feet.	12510	1372520	771480	
					Pathwood, cords	32	4218	5007	

**PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.**

**SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, FREDERICTON.**

The extent of New Brunswick is set down at 27,700 Square Miles, and the population is estimated at 210,100. The quantity of granted lands, to the year 1847 inclusive, is given at 6,790,320 acres; and the ungranted lands at 12,300,851 acres. In 1847 the pasture lands amounted to 28,450 acres, and those cropped and in hay, 330,000 acres. There are about 4,090,000 acres of land in the Province unfit for Agriculture.

The produce of the Province in 1847, was 189,600 bushels Wheat; 12,602 bushels Rye; 652,225 bushels Oats; 30,413 bushels Barley; 325,346 bushels Buckwheat; 32,402 bushels other grain; 1,908,665 bushels Potatoes; 183,225 bushels Turnips; 10,121 bushels other roots; and 1-1,393 tons Hay.

The Stock in 1847 was as follows:—26,643 horses; 120,113 Horned Cattle; 180,852 Sheep; and 51,409 Swine.

The Revenue and Expenditure of the Province, in 1848 and 1847, were as follows:—

Revenue, 1-10.....	£127,336 18 10 3/4
1847.....	127,410 7 2
Increase Revenue, 1847.....	£ 73 8 3/4
Expenditure, 1-10.....	£113,240 4 9
1847.....	133,530 12 7

Increase Expenditure, 1847..... £ 23,181 7 10  
In 1846 the Revenue exceeded the Expenditure by £13,957 11s. 13d.; but in 1847, although there was an increase of Revenue over 1846, the Expenditure, nevertheless, exceeded the income by £9,120 8s. 5d.

In 1835, with a population of 119,457, the Revenue amounted to £79,512, and the Expenditure to £79,512. The Imports were £900,800, and the Exports £632,151. In 1845, with a population of 150,102, the Revenue reached £113,619 17s., and the Expenditure £25,417 18s. 3d. The Imports amounted to £1,081,151, and the Exports to £787,421.

**LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.**—His Excellency Sir Edward Walker Head, Bart. Private Secretary.—Richard T. Pennefather. *Aides-de-Camp.*—Lieut. Colonels Richard Hayne and Charles Drury.

**EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.**—Hon. M<sup>rs</sup> Edward B. Chandler, Dorchester; Robert L. Hazen, St. John; Alexander Rankin, Douglastown; George Stillman Hill, St. Stephens; Samuel A. Wilnot, Fredericton; John R. Partelow, Fredericton; Charles Fisher, Fredericton; and William B. Kinneair, Fredericton.

**PROVINCIAL SECRETARY.**—Hon. John R. Partelow. **ATTORNEY GENERAL.**—Hon. Samuel A. Wilnot. **SOLICITOR GENERAL.**—Hon. Wm. Boyd Kinneair. **ADVOCATE GENERAL.**—William Wright, Esq. **AUDITOR GENERAL.**—Hon. Frederick P. Robinson. **RECEIVER GENERAL.**—Hon. Thomas C. Lee. **SURVEYOR GENERAL.**—Hon. Thomas Baillie. **PRINCIPAL TREASURER.**—Beverly Robinson, St. John. **CONTROLLERS OF CUSTOMS AND NAVIGATION.**—Alexander Grant, St. John; David Swayne, Miramichi; John McKindie, Dorchester; Richard Hockin, Richibucto; William Whiteside, St. Andrews; D. Bennett, Campo Bello; A. J. Wetmore, Magaguadavic; and J. H. Oviatt, St. Stephen.

**LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.**—The Honorable Wm. Black, President. Hon. M<sup>rs</sup> George Shore, Fredericton; Joseph Cunard, Chatham; John S. Saunders, Fredericton; Amos L. Hotsford, Westport; Edward H. Chandler, Dorchester; John Robertson, St. John; Thomas Weyer, St. Andrews; Harris Hatch, St. Andrews; Wm. B. Kinneair, Fredericton; Hugh Johnston, St. John; W. F. W. Owen, Campo Bello; William Craue, Sackville; George Minchin, Fredericton; Thomas H. Peters, Chatham; and Charles Simonds, Portland. **CLERK OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.**—George Bosford. **SERGEANT-AT-ARMS AND USHER OF THE BLACK ROD.**—Beverly R. Joneit. **CHAIRMAN.**—Reverend George Coster. **HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.**—(Elected 1846).—The Hon. John Wesley Weldon, Speaker.

The House consists of thirty-nine members. The Counties of York, St. John, Westmorland, Charlotte, and Northumberland, return four members each; King's County returns three; and each of the Counties of Queen's, Sunbury, Carleton, Kent, Gloucester, Restigouche, and Albert, and the City of St. John, two members.

**CLERK OF ASSEMBLY.**—Charles P. Wetmore. **SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.**—George Garden. **CHAIRMAN.**—Rev. Wm. G. Ketchum.

**SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE.**—Chief Justice, Hon. Ward Chipman, J.L.D.; Justices—Honorable James Carter, Robert Parker, and George Frederick Street. **CLERK OF THE CROWN.**—John Ambrose Street. **CLERK OF THE PEACE.**—George Shore. **CLERK OF THE CIRCUITS AND CLERK OF THE CROWN ON THE CIRCUITS.**—Hon. John S. Saunders.

This Court has, within the Province, the combined jurisdiction possessed as Courts of Law, by the Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer in England. The full Court is held four times a year at Fredericton. Courts are also held twice a year by one of the Judges, for the trial of Civil and Criminal causes, as well as in St. John and Charlotte Counties, and once a year in each of the other counties. When the sum in dispute does not exceed £20, the proceedings are summary, the pleadings simplified, and the costs about one half the amount of ordinary proceedings. There is an appeal to the Governor in Council, where the amount exceeds £300 sterling, and from that Court to the Queen in Council, where the amount in dispute exceeds £500 sterling.

**COURT OF CHANCERY.**—Chancellor, the Lieutenant-Governor; Master of the Rolls.—Hon. Neville Parker; Registrar.—Daniel Ludlow Robinson; Deputy Registrar.—Henry B. Robinson. There are twelve Masters and five Masters Extraordinary.

The general business of this Court is conducted by the Master of the Rolls, from whom an appeal is permitted to the Chancellor, and from him to the Queen in Council. All proceedings relative to Lunatics and Idiots must be had before the Chancellor himself, who generally claims the assistance of one or more of the Judges of the Supreme Court as advisers. The Equity system of the English Court of Chancery is generally adopted, varied in some respects by local legislation and particular rules of practice established by the Court.

BANK OF £100,000. and White's COMMERCIAL BANK.—In £150,000, wident, Branch at Agency at CENTRAL (Capital £50,000.) J. W. Babi Connell. CHARLOTT

**COURT OF GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL.**—*President*, the Lieutenant-Governor; *Vice-President*, the Master of the Rolls; *Members*, the Executive Council; *Registrar and Clerk*, John C. Allen. *Terms*—2nd Tuesday in February, and 3rd Tuesdays in June and October.

The jurisdiction of this Court is confined to questions concerning marriage, contracts of marriage, divorce, and separation and alimony.

**COURT FOR THE TRIAL AND PUNISHMENT OF PIRACY AND OTHER OFFENCES COMMITTED ON THE HIGH SEAS.**—The Governor; the Judges of the Supreme Court; the Executive Council; Judge of the Vice Admiralty; Public Secretary; Public Treasurer; Commander-in-Chief; Flag Officers and Captains, and Commanders of Ships of War on the station, for the time being. *Registrar and Scribe*, ———; *Protost Marshal*, C. H. Joubert.

When cases arise calling for the exercise of the jurisdiction of this Court, it sits at any place within the province, to be appointed by any three of the members, the Governor, Chief Justice, or one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, or Judge of the Admiralty, being one. The proceedings are similar with those in the ordinary Criminal Courts in the province.

**COURT OF VICE-ADMIRALTY.**—*Judge and Commissary*, Hon. Robert Leonard Hazen; *Advocate General*, William Wright; *Registrar and Scribe*, John M. Robinson; *Marshal*, John Humbert.

The Governor is Vice-Admiral. This Court has two branches—a Prize and an Instance Court—the former applicable only in time of war. The latter has jurisdiction in suits for seamen's wages, pilchage, bottomry, damage to a ship by collision, contempt in breach of the regulations and instructions relating to Her Majesty's service at sea, and salvage and dr. of its Admiralty, notwithstanding the cause of action may have arisen out of the local limits of the Court. It has also jurisdiction in cases of seizures for the contravention of the laws in force within the province, for the collection of the duties on timber. An appeal lies to the Queen in Council.

**THE COURT OF ORDINARY AND SURROGATES' COURTS.**—The Governor is the Ordinary of the Province, giving him the power of collating to churches, chapels or other Ecclesiastical benefices, and of issuing all marriage licences. The other duties of the office are discharged by Surrogates, of whom there is one for each county, having power to grant Probates of Wills and Letters of Administration. An appeal is allowed from the Surrogate to the Court of Chancery.

**COURTS OF JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.** for the recovery of debts not exceeding £5, and covering cases of trover, trespass &c., where the damages to real property do not exceed 40s. These cases are decided by the Justice alone, unless either party demand a Jury. An appeal is allowed to a Judge of the Supreme Court. The jurisdiction of the City Court of St. John, is the same as that of the Justice of Peace Court.

**THE INFERIOR COURTS OF THE COMMON PLEAS**—One of these is established in each county, and is held four times a year. The Judges are appointed by the Crown. They have jurisdiction in all cases in which the titles to lands do not come in question. Where the matter in dispute does not exceed £20, the costs are on a reduced scale. Should the matter in dispute exceed £20, the defendant may by Habeas Corpus, remove the cause into the Supreme Court; and either party, after judgment, may, by writ of error, remove the judgment into the Supreme Court.

**BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK, (in St. John)**—Capital, £100,000. *President*, Thomas Leavitt; *Cashier*, Richard Whiteside.

**COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK, (in St. John)**—Incorporated by Royal Charter. Capital, £150,000, with power to increase to £300,000. *President*, ———; *Cashier*, George P. Sancton. Branch at Miramichi—*Cashier*, Thomas C. Allan. Agency at Woodstock—*Cashier*, James Grover.

**CENTRAL BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK, (in Fredericton)**—Capital, £25,000, with power to increase to £50,000. *President*, William J. Hedell; *Cashier*, Samuel W. Babbitt. Agency at Woodstock—*Agent*, Chas. Connell.

**CHARLOTTE COUNTY BANK, (in St. Andrews)**—Cap-

ital, £15,000. *President*, Hon. Harris Hatch; *Cashier*, John Rogers.

**ST. STEPHENS BANK.**—Capital, £25,000. *President*, Gilman D. King; *Cashier*, H. Union.

**BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, (Established in London)**—Capital, £1,000,000 Sterling, with power to increase. *Manager of the Branch at St. John*, F. W. Wood. *Manager of the Fredericton Branch*, Geo. Taylor.

**NOVA SCOTIA AND NEW BRUNSWICK LAND COMPANY.**—Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1824. Capital, £200,000, with power to increase to £400,000. *Governor*—John Godson, M. P.; *Deputy Governor*—John Moxon; *Secretaries*—John Bainbridge and Wm. Aggar; *Bankers*—Williams, Deacon, Labouchere & Co., Birch Lane; *Commissioner at Stanley*—Lieut. Col. Rich'd. Hayne; *Clerk*—Thomas Wright; *Resident Agent at St. John*—John V. Thurgar.

**BARRISTERS' SOCIETY OF NEW BRUNSWICK.**—Incorporated 1846. *Teachers*—Hon. the Attorney General, Hon. the Solicitor General; Hon. E. B. Chandler, G. C.; Hon. J. H. Weldon, G. C.; William Carman, George Botsford, B. Bayard, J. W. Chandler, and D. S. Kerr. *Librarian*—George J. Bliss. *Secretary and Treasurer*—George Lee, jr.

**PUBLIC ESTABLISHMENTS AT ST. JOHN.**—Provincial Vaccine Establishment; Provincial Lunatic Asylum; Provincial Penitentiary; Marine Hospital, for the relief of sick and disabled seamen; City of St. John Saving's Bank.

**EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.**—Moses H. Perley, Emigration Officer at St. John; James Boyd, Emigration Officer at St. Andrews. In other parts of the Province, the Deputy Treasurers act as Emigration Officers.

In 1877, the total number of Emigrants landed in New Brunswick, was 10,251. Of these 1,292 died at St. John, St. Andrews, and Miramichi, after landing. In 1878, the total number of Emigrants landed in the Province, was 4,121.

**AGENTS FOR LOGS.**—Henry P. Sturden, *St. John*; Hon. Thomas Wyer, *St. Andrews*; Joseph Cunard & Co., *Miramichi*; John Wicketon, *Richibucto*; and Wm. Stevens, *Bothwell*.

**MILITIA OF NEW BRUNSWICK.**—Field Officers, 63; Captains, 34; Subalterns, 746; Staff, 120; Sergeants, 1030; Drummers, 60; Rank and File, 27,200. There are three troops of Cavalry, each averaging thirty Rank and File, properly officered, which are not included in the foregoing enumeration.

**PROVINCIAL BOARD OF EDUCATION.**—The Lieutenant Governor and the Executive Council. *Secretary*—John Gregory; *Principal Training Master, Fredericton*—Marshal D'Avary; *Training Master, St. John*—E. H. Duval.

**UNIVERSITY OF KING'S COLLEGE, FREDERICTON.**—*Patron*—the Queen; *Visitor on behalf of Her Majesty*—the Lieutenant Governor; *Chancellor*—the Chief Justice; *President*—the Bishop; *Council*—the Chancellor, President, Master of the Rolls, Speaker of the Assembly, Secretary of the Province, Attorney General, and eight others; *Convocation*—the Chancellor, President, Professors, and all persons admitted Masters of Arts, or to any Degree in Divinity, Law, or Medicine. **COLLEGE.**—*Principal*—the Rev. Edwin Jacob, D. D.; *Professors*—Classical Literature, History, Moral Philosophy, and Divinity.—Rev. Dr. Jacob; Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.—William Mack, A. M.; Chemistry and Natural History.—James Robb, M. D.; Modern Languages.————. **COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.**—*Head Master*—George Roberts; *Classical and Mathematical Masters*—George Roberts and Charles Coster, A. M.; *French Master*—the Professor of Modern Languages in King's College; *English and Writing Master*—Hugh Moore; *Registrar*—Charles Fisher, A. B.; *Librarian*—Edwin J. Jacob, A. M.

**PUBLIC SCHOOLS.**—Besides the Collegiate or Grammar School of York, noticed in connection with King's College, there is a Grammar School in each County, except Kent and Westmoreland, where there does not appear to be any,—and Northumberland has two. The Collegiate School of York receives an annual allowance of £375 from King's College, and the services of a French Teacher. The supervision of the other Grammar Schools, is exercised by Boards of Directors and Trustees, appointed by the Governor in Council. The St. John School receives £150 a year

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from Government, and all the others £100 each, except one of the two in Northumberland, which receives only £50. These provisions are made, on condition that the inhabitants pay the further sum of £50 to the Teacher.

The Parish Schools are under the general management of the Board of Education. The average number of these Schools has been limited to nine for each Parish, but may be increased to thirteen in any Parish, provided the whole number in the County does not exceed the established average. The Government allowance is £30 per annum to Teachers of the First Class; £22, Second Class; and £18, Third Class. The emoluments, exclusive of the Government allowance, range between £20 and £100. The general average about £30.

The number of Grammar Schools in the Province is eleven, of which the Collegiate or Grammar School of York has four Teachers, and each of the others one. The whole number of Scholars attending them in 1848, was 486.

The number of Common or Parish Schools in the Province, is 571. There were in 1848, male Teachers 413, and Female Teachers 126, in charge of these Schools. The number of Male Scholars was 9737, and of Female Scholars 7650.

WESLEYAN ACADEMY, MOUNT ALLISON, SACKVILLE.—*Governor and Chaplain*—The Rev. Albert Desbrisay; *Principal*—The Rev. Humphrey Pickard, A. M.; *English Master*—Thomas W. Wood; *French Tutor and Assistant in the Classical Department*—Joseph R. Ilea; *Treasurer*—Charles F. Allison; and a Committee of four.

NEW BRUNSWICK BAPTIST EDUCATION SOCIETY.—*President*—Rev. Joseph Crandall; *Vice-Presidents*—Rev. J. Masters and Rev. S. Robinson; *Secretaries*—John T. Smith and S. W. Babbitt; *Treasurer*—Solomon Hershey; The Ministers of the Denomination members of the Board. An Executive Committee of eight. *Principal of the Seminary at Fredericton*—Rev. Charles Spurden; *Assistant Teacher*—Thomas B. Smith.

MADRAS SCHOOL.—The Governor and Trustees of the Madras School in New Brunswick, are, the Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief, the Bishop, the Executive Council, the Judge of the Admiralty, the Speaker of the Assembly, the Mayor and Recorder of St. John, the Ecclesiastical Commissary of the Province, the Rector and Church Wardens of Trinity Church St. John; together with three others. *Treasurer*—Robert F. Hazen; *Clerk*—James Wm. Boyd; *Deputy Post General, Post Office, St. John*—Deputy Post Master General—John Howe; *Surveyor*—A. W. Howard; *First Clerk*—James M. Hopley, and two additional Clerks.

ST. JOHN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—*President*—Hon. John Robertson; *Vice-Presidents*—John Duncan and John V. Thurgar; *Secretary and Treasurer*—Robert Jardine; and a Committee of fifteen, including the members of the Assembly, for the City and County of St. John.

**Imports into and Exports from New Brunswick.**

The following Table gives no returns of the value of the Exports from St. Andrews and its Outfalls. Even were we to resume a sum as the probable amount, the Imports

would far exceed the Exports, for the whole of the Province. The statement shows an increase of Imports into the Province in 1847 over 1846, of £89312 stg. The Exports from St. John in 1847, fall short of the amount in 1846, by £17430 sterling. There is a great falling off in the Export Trade to every place except to the United States, which shows an increase of £22624 in 1847 over 1846,—but this is very trifling indeed, compared with the aggregate decrease. Supposing the Exports from St. Andrews to be equal to the Imports, the deficiency in value of the Exports from the Province in 1846, compared with the Imports in that year, will then amount to £106,941 stg., while upon the same hypothesis, the deficiency in 1847 in the value of the Exports compared with the Imports for that year, will amount to £137,902 sterling.

IMPORTS.	BRIT. COLONIES						
	Great Britain.	North America.	W. Indies.	Elsewhere.	U. States.	Foreign States.	Total.
1846.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Port St. John	512401	164929	1254	554	270027	24658	877053
Port St. And	20651	8253	41	...	27079	...	58333
Total...	533052	176282	1295	554	297106	24658	1038010
1847.							
Port St. John	567573	163281	5863	377	367053	26365	1075314
Port St. And	15703	5083	25	...	33043	...	5414
Total...	583276	168264	5888	377	310096	26365	1123328
Incre'te 1847	40224	...	4500	...	42002	1707	69312
Decre'te 1847	...	7048	...	177	...	...	...

EXPORTS FROM ST. JOHN.							
1846	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1846	701994	88100	6581	150	10813	3008	847442
1847	502123	82158	1612	...	40407	2052	632612
Decre'te 1847	199871	5648	1000	150	...	110	178130
Incre'te 1847	...	...	...	...	20624	...	...

The Imports to St. John, for the half year ending 5th July, 1849, were £253,530, sterling. Of these £120,433, sterling, were for British, and £197,053, sterling, for United States goods. Of the latter £19,021 were imported in American, and £7,503 in British vessels. The Imports from the United States, for the corresponding half year of 1848, were £17,311, sterling. The Exports from St. John for the half year ending 5th July, 1848, were £139,162, and for the corresponding half year of 1849 they were £112,905. The Export of Timber, for the same period in 1848, was 61,000 tons, and in 1849, 35,520 tons. The Export of Deals for the same periods compare as follows:—1848—45,124 feet; 1849—43,879 feet. The difference in quantity is small, but there is a great depreciation in value. The vessels and tonnage for the same period compare as follows:—*Inwards*, 1848—751 vessels, 141,767 tons, viz., 130,843 tons British, and 10,924 tons American; 1849—634 vessels, 110,370 tons, viz., 103,066 tons British, and 6,903 tons American. *Outwards*, 1848—705 vessels, 137,491 tons, viz., 127,110 tons British, and 10,370 tons American; 1849—685 vessels, 112,355 tons, viz., 106,061 tons British, and 6,294 tons American.

**Tariff of Customs' Duties, New Brunswick.**

£ s d	£ s d	£ s d			
Apples, per bushel.....	0 0 0	Lard, per pound.....	0 0 1	Molasses and Treacle per gallon.....	0 2 0
Butter, per hundred weight.....	0 0 4	LEATHER—Sole, Upper & Leather, Harness & Belt Leather £ lb.....	0 0 2	Soups, per pound.....	0 0 0
Candles of all kinds, except Sperm and Wax, per pound.....	0 0 1	Sheep Skins, tanned and dressed per doz.....	0 3 0	SPICES AND CORIANDS, viz: Brandy per gal, Rum and other Spirits and Cordials: For every gallon of such Run or other Spirits or Cordials of any strength under and not exceeding the strength of proof of 24 by the Bubble.....	0 3 4
Sperm and Wax, per lb.....	0 0 4	Calf Skins, tanned per dozen.....	0 6 0	And for every Bubble below 26 in diameter by the Bubble, an additional per gallon.....	0 0 2
Cattle of all kinds over 1 year old.....	2 0 0	Malt Liquors of every description, (not being aqua vite, otherwise charged with duty,) whether in bottles or otherwise, per gallon.....	0 0 6	Meats, fresh, per cwt.....	0 0 4
Cheese, per cwt.....	0 0 4	" Salted and cured " per cwt.....	0 4 8		
Cider, per gallon.....	0 0 3				
Clocks or Clock Cases of all kinds, each.....	0 15 0				
Coffee, per pound.....	0 0 1				
Conis, per ton.....	0 0 4				
Fruit, dried, per cwt.....	0 0 4				
Horses, Mares and Geldings, each.....	2 0 0				

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DEPART...  
Solicitor...  
General...  
R. S M Bouc...  
West, E A M...  
Clerks, Grant...  
Birch, C St G...  
Assistant...  
Clerks, Thom...  
and A R Roeb...  
Provincial...  
Wm Kent, and...  
Deputy Insp...  
E

Lemon Syrup, per gallon.....	1 0 0
Sugar Refined in Loaves, per pound.....	0 0 14
Refined Crushed, and white bastard, and hundred weight.....	0 9 4
Of all kinds except Refined Crushed, and white Bastard, per hundred weight.....	0 6 0
Tea, per pound.....	0 0 2
Tobacco, manufactured, except Snuff & Cigars.....	0 0 12
Wines, per gallon.....	0 2 0
And on every £100 of the true and real value thereof.....	10 0 0
Wheat Flour, per barrel.....	0 2 0

*Ad-valorem.*  
On the following Articles for every £100 of the true and real value thereof: viz.—

Ancient Ashes; Barilla; Beans and Peas; Burr Stones; Canvas; Cordage, except Manila Rope; Chain Cables and other Chains for Ships' use; Cotton Wool & Cotton Warp; Copper in Sheets; Bars and Bolts, for Ship Building; Dye Wood; Felt; Hemp; Flax and Tow; Hides, green and salted; Iron in Bolts, Bars, Plates, Sheets, & Fig Iron; Nuts and Seines; Oakum; Ores of all kinds; Pitch; Sails and Rigging for new Ships; Sheathing Paper; Silk Plush for Hat-	1 0 0
---	-------

ters' purposes; Tallow; Tar; Tobacco, unmanufactured; Wool; Axes & Bread & Biscuit; Bricks; Iron Castings; Manila Rope; Ready Made Clothing; Boots, Shoes, and other Leather Manufactures; Carriages, Waggon, Sleighs, and other Vehicles; Chairs and prepared parts of or for Chairs; Clock Wheels; Machinery and Materials for Clocks; Household Furniture, (except Baggage, Apparatus, Household Effects, Working Tools and Implements used, and in use of persons or families arriving in this Province, if used aboard by them, and not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale); Looking Glasses; Oranges and Lemons; Whale Oil, (except the return cargoes of Vessels fitted out for Fishing Voyages from Ports in this Province); Wooden Wares of all kinds; Matches; Corn Brooms and Brushes; Hats & Hat Bodies; Piano Fortes; Snuff and Cigars; and all other Goods, Wares and Merchandize, not otherwise charged with Duty, and not hereafter de-

clared to be free of duty, for every £100 of the true and real value thereof..... } 7 10 0

**EXEMPTIONS.**

Baggage, Apparel, Household Effects, Working Tools and Implements used, and in use of persons, or families arriving in this Province if used aboard by them, and not persons, or for any other person or persons; Carriages of Travellers not intended for sale; Coins and Bullion; Corn Brown Brush; Corn, Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Barley, Oats, Rice, ground and unground, and Buckwheat; Barley Meal, Rye Flour, and Meal; Oatmeal, Indian Meal, Buckwheat, Meal, Eggs, Lines and Twines for the Fisheries; Manures of all kinds; Oil, Blubber, Pius and Skins, the produce of creaturs living in the Sea, the return of Vessels fitted out in this Province for Fishing Voyages; Oil—Seal, Cod, Hake, Shrobs, and Trees; Printing Papers, Types, Printing Presses, and Printers' Ink; Rags, old Rope and Junk; Rock Salt; Sails and Rigging saved from Vessels wrecked; Salt; Soap Grease; Wood and Lumber of all kinds, (except Cedar, Spruce, Pine and Hemlock Shingles).

*Note.*—The Act imposing the foregoing duties, came in force on 1st April, 1850, and shall continue in force until the 1st April, 1850. Reciprocal free trade exists for the present between Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, in certain articles, being the growth, produce or manufacture of any of them. For list of articles, see note to Canada Tariff.

whole of the increase of Imports of £8312 stig. all short of the there is a great place except to case of £23024 filling indeed, Supposing the to the Imports, in the Province that year, will in the same hyne of the Ex that year, will

Foreign States.	Total.
£ 24657	£ 977053
.....	58333
24657	1036010
26365	1075141
.....	54811
26365	1123328
2 1707	29312
3008	210732
2952	632612
116	178130

year ending ng. Of these £97,065, sterling latter £19,021 031 in British notes, for the £211, sterling. If year ending be correspond- s. The Export was 61,000 tons, of Deals for the —43,124 feet; tivity is small. The vessels are as follows:— 1, viz., 130, 43 British, and 1849—634 British, and 705 vessels, and 10,375 tons ons, viz., 106, au.

per 2	s. d.
.....	0 2
.....	0 0 06
.....	0 3 4
.....	0 1 6
.....	0 0 2

**SUPPLEMENT.**

**PROVINCE OF CANADA.**

(See Page 17.)

**Seat of Government, Toronto.**

**EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.**

President of the Council—the Hon Wm Hamilton Merritt; Attorney General East—the Hon L H Lafontaine; Provincial Secretary—the Hon L H Lafontaine; Attorney General West—the Hon Jas Leslie; Inspector General—the Hon Francis Hincks; Speaker of the Council—the Hon R E Canon; Commissioner of Crown Lands—the Hon J H Price; Receiver General—the Hon L M Viger; Chief Commissioner of Public Works, the Hon E. P. Tache; Assistant do—the Hon Malcolm Cameron.

**OFFICERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.**—Clerk—John Joseph; Assistant, Wm H Lee; Clerks—S B Smith, F Vallerand, W A Hinnsworth, and O Coe.

**DEPARTMENTAL AND SUBORDINATE OFFICERS NOT MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.**

Solicitor General East—L T Drummond; Solicitor General West, —; Clerk to the Attorney General, R S M Houcette; Assistant Provincial Secretary, West, E A Meredith; Chief Clerk, T D Harrington; Clerk, Grant Powell, Henry E Steele, Charles J Birch, C St George Yarwood, and W R Wright. Assistant Provincial Secretary East—E Parent; Clerks, Thomas Ross, Henry Jarmy, Wm H Jones, and A R Roche. Provincial Registrar—Hon R A Tucker; Clerks, Wm Kent, and George H Lane. Deputy Inspector General, Joseph Cary; Corres-

ponding Clerk, Philip Durnford; Book-keepers, Wm Dickinson, and Norris Godard; Clerks, David A Ross, John Drysdale, Henry H Duffin, and Archibald Cary. Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands—Tancred Boutillier, Cashier and Accountant, Alexander MacNabb; Assistant Accountants, Wm F Collins, C W Shay, and C W Macdon; Corresponding Clerks, J Langevin, and J C Tarbut; Registrar, David H Morphy; Clerks, Thom Hammond, W F Whitecher, and P N Laurent; Clerk of Jesuits' Estates and Queen's Domain, Felix Fortier. Surveyors and Draftsmen, (formerly Surveyor General's Department)—Joseph Houcette, Andrew Russell, Sprague, Thomas Hector, and H J Jones. Confidential Clerk to Receiver General—E C Anderson; Clerks, T Dufort, J B Stanton, and E C Houtrret. A Begly, Deputy Adjutant General of Militia, West—Lieut Colonel Donald Greenfield Macdonell. Deputy Adjutant General of Militia, East—Lieut Colonel Alphonse De Sniiberry. Clerks, Charles Felliclar, Joshua Thomson, and Peter L Macdonell. Superintendent General of Indian Affairs—The Governor General's Secretary, Assistant Superintendent of Indian Affairs and visitor, East—D C Napier;

do do, West, J B Clench, London; T G Anderson, Colong; do do, Manitoulin Islands, George Ironsides; Interpreter, East—Isaac Ginnson; do West, Francis Asekinnack; Missionaries—Rev A Jamison, Walpole Island; Rev James Flood, Carradoc; Rev S Givins, Tyendinaga; Rev F B Olscamp, Restigouche; F Boucher, Lorette; Joseph Marceux, Castelnau; F H Marceux, St Regis; Joseph Maurault, St Francis. School-masters—Vincent Ferrier, Lorette; Charles Forrest, Christyville; Manitoulin Island Establishment—Surgon, D. S. Laxton; Missionary, Rev F O'Meara, I.L.D.; schoolmasters, Charles Futhy, and Alex Cadotte.

Clerks to Governor General's Secretary.—Henry Cotton, W. R. Bartlett, and Michael Turnor. QUEEN'S PRINTER—Stewart Derbyshire and George Desbarats, Montreal.

LOCAL AGENTS FOR CROWN LANDS.—Sault Ste Marie, Joseph Wilson; Northern Division of Owen's Sound Settlement, Huron, George Jackson; Southern Division of Owen's Sound Settlement, Huron, George Snider. See County Agents in subsequent Table, p. 64.

Customs Department.

Surveyor of Customs—John W Dunscomb; Clerks: Alex S Menzies and Matthew Jack; Clerk of Blue Book and Statistical Clerk, W C Crofton.

The following are explanations of the additions to the names of officers in the subjoined list:—A, stands for Appraiser; C, for Collector; C. O., for Coast Officer; Ck., O., for Check Officer; C. S., for Clerk of Ships; E. W. K., for Examining Warehouse Keeper; G., for Gauger; L. W., for Landing Waiter; L. W. and S., for Landing Waiter and Sealer; L. S., for Landing Surveyor; P. O., for Preventive Officer; S., for Surveyor; S. C., for Sub-Collector; T. S., for Tide Surveyor; T. W., for Tide Waiter; W. L., for Warehouse Keeper.

- PORTS. OFFICERS.**  
 Amherstburg—Francis Caldwell, C; J Hamilton, L. W. Bath—Colin Mackenzie, C; John Cameron, L. W. Benace—T J Tschirenu, C. Belleville—Samuel P Finden, C; Henry Easton, L. W. Bond Head—E Clark, C. Brockville—W T Meuell, C; A. Dixon, and W. J D Duff, S. Carlton—Edward Man, C O. Chatham—William Cosgrave, C. Chippawa—Oliver T Macklem, C; G Nicholson, S; H N Warren, and John Macdonald, L. W; W O Buchanan, P. O. Clarenceville—Charles Stewart, C; A Holden, and W B Vipond, P. O. Cobourg—Wm H Kition, C; H McCarty, L. W. Gampton—Robert Vincent, C; Aaron Workman, John Ford, and C O'Connor, P. O. Cornwall—Guy Carlton Wood, C; A Macdonell, P. O. Coteau du Lac—W B Simpson, C; John Garland P. O. Dickinson's Landing—J Verner, C; W Elwell, L. W. Dundee—L H Masson, C; David Leahy, and J W Smith, L. W. Dunnville—Walter B Sheehan, C; Samuel Amsden, and James Wright, L. W. Eaton—H F Moore, C. Edwardburgh—A McMillan, C; J Jellyman, P. O. Father Point—P Gauvreau, C O. Fort Erie—Col James Kerly, C; E Anderson, S; J Schryer, L. W. Freleighsburg—A Kemp, C; A Cooper, and C Stevens, P. O. Gananoque—E Webster, C; E Nalty, L. W. Gaspé—H Cavanagh, S. C. Goslerich—John Galt, C; John W Jones, P. O. Grafon—S S Walsh, C; H Lennon, L. W. Hamilton—John Davidson, C; Wm Pring, S; J H Palmer, Jos Whetherall, and R A Kelly, L. W; George Maxwell, P. O. Hemmingford, G N Johnson, C; R Feger, P. O. Huntington—James Botham, C; Patrick Finn, Charles McHardy, and John McNider, P. O. Kingston—James Hopkirk, C; Geo A Maillet, S; J C Garry, D Lynch, L. W. Lachine—J Gray, P. O. Lacolle—Thomas Garlon, C; Ed March, L. W; James Dowley, P. O.

- Magdalen—J C Bellou, S. C. Maitland—D Jones, C; A Delmage, L. W; Thomas Haly, P. O. Marlton—A Macdonell, C; Wm Rose, P. O. Montreal—Wm Hall, C; R H Hamilton, L. S; Thos Thain, and Hy Pratt, L. W; James Mills, T S; J J King, and Leon Gilebskie, A; A Henderson, and H Fletcher, T W; W Scholes, W L; Wm McNeider, B. W. K. New Carlisle—J Fraser, S. C. Newcastle—Jos Bertram, C; J Johnstone, S. Niagara—Thos McCormick, C; C O'Brien, S; John Hall, L. W; P Purton, J Clench, and D B Bridgford, P. O. Oakville—R K Chisholm, C. Owen Sound—R Carney, C. Penetanguishene—Wm Simpson, C. Perce—Ed Flynn, C. O. Philipsburg—P P Russell, C; John Henderson, S; Alex Young, and George Campbell, P. O; Port Burwell—J P Bellairs, C. Port Colborne—Thos Parke, C; Jas Wright, L. W. Port Credit—J R Yielding, C. Port Dalhousie—John Clark, C; B Horner, L. W & S. Port Darlington—Henry S Reid, C; W Mitchell, L. W. Port Dover—H H Haycock, C; H Forbes, and James Ryser, L. W; A S Barber, and John Stevens, P. O. Port Hope—M F Whitehead, C; W R McLaughlin, and G F Ley, P. O. Port Milford—R K Bullock, C. Port Rowan—G J Reade, C; Jas Cowan, L. W. Port Sarnia—R E Vidal, C; Thos Forsyth, L. W. Port Stanley—Richard Smith, C; H B Sheehan, S. Potton—Jas H McVay, C; W Perkins, P. O. Prescott—A Jones, C; Wm Armstrong, M Garvey, P. O; Alex Home, L. W. Quebec—Hy Jessopp, C; Chas G Stewart, L. W; J Fletcher, J P Meara, and C A Allen, L. W and S; John File, T S; Thos Lambert, and James Carmichael, T. W; McLean Stewart, Ch O; George Henderson, C. S. Queenston—G McMecken, C; S Jurdon, L. W. Riviere aux Roines—Wm Robinson, C. Ronde Eau—Thos Cronyn, C; George Duck, P. O. Russell Town—John Davidson, C; Thos Kennedy, and John Charters, P. O. Sandwich—Jas F Elliot, C; J Haggerty, L. W. Sagueny—G Bauston, C. O. Sault Ste Marie—J Wilson, C; J Bowker, L. W. Stanstead—J Thompson, C. Andrew Paton S; Jas Young, E T G Stoddert, Mathew Dixon, W McGowan, Thos Wilson, Fred J Parker, and W G Cowee, P. O. Sutton—B Seaton, C; Reed Billings, P. O. St. Regis—W B Gwyn, C; H J McDougall, L. W. St John's—Wm Macrae, C; J W Taylor, S; R Curran, G; Wm Leggatt, and L E Vendale, L. W; — Fournier, A. Toronto—Robert Stanton, C; —, S; J Hemphill, and George Ewart, L. W; Lardner Bostwick, and Chas E Bowen, P. O; R Cathart, A. Wallaceburg—John Bell, C. Wellington—Thos Worthington, C. Whitty—Wm Warren, C; Wellesley Richey, S; George Ironside, P. O.

INSPECTORS OF REVENUE DISTRICTS.

Saint Francis—Chauncey Bullock; Eastern—Phillip Vankoughnet; Ottawa—Jon McDonald, (F); Jolinetown—John Weatherhead; Bathurst—Anthony Leslie; Dalhousie—John Barreille; Prince Edward—Adam Hubbs; Midland—A Thibido; Victoria—Paul Peterson; Colborne—Thomas Milburn; Simcoe—E A Walker; Niagara—W D Miller; Wellington—James Hodgerts; Brock—Jordan Charles; Talbot—Edward P Ryser; Huron—Charles Wilder; Western—W G Hall; Kent—William A McTear; Gore (North Division)—Duncan McDougall do (South Division)—Hon John Willson; Home (York Division)—James McDonell; do (West Division)—Peter Morgan; do (East Division)—John Rose; Newcastle (Northumberland Division)—G S

W. J. Pr. Se. P. Br. Jo. tar. E. Lo. Ag. for. Agre. Pr. rat. Hon. "P. "P. "R. "R. "G. "A. "B. "J. C. "A. "J. M. "F. I. "A. I. "P. I. "T. M. "P. I. CONSTITU. CERS. Beaulieu Hellechass Berthier Bonaventur Brockville (Town) Bytown (Town) Carlton Chamby's Champlain Cornwall (Town) Dorchester Drummond Dundas ... Durham ... Essex ... Frontenac Gaspé ... Glengary ...

# SCOBIE & BALFOUR'S CANADIAN ALMANAC.

I. W.; Thomas  
Rose, P. O.  
Linton, L. S.; Thomas  
H. L. W.; James  
and Leon Glou-  
ches, and H  
holes, W. L.; Wm

stone, S.  
O'Brien, S.; John  
n, J. Clouch, and

Henderson, S.;  
Campbell, P. O.;

Wright, L. W.

Corner, L. W. & S.  
W. Mitchell, L. W.  
rber, and James  
rber, and John

R McLaughlin,

van, L. W.  
rysh, L. W.  
Sheehan, S.  
P. O.

ong, M. Garvey,

swart, L. W.; J.  
or, C. A. Allen,  
ile, T. S.; Thos  
ruchael, T. W.;  
George Hen-

on, L. W.

Duck, P. O.  
Thos Kennedy,  
y, L. W.

cker, L. W.  
Paton S.; Jas  
Mathew Dixon,  
Wilson, Fred J.  
P. O.

agall, L. W.  
S.; B. Dur-  
L & Ven-  
A.

S.; J. Hempt-  
L. W.; Lardner  
Bowen, P. O.;

y Richey, S.;

ACTS.

—Philip  
(F); John  
Anthony Leslie;  
—Adam  
—Paul Peterson;  
—E. A. Walker;  
—James Hodge;  
—Paul Rycer;  
—H. Hall; Kent-  
—John  
—John Wilson;  
—H. do (West  
—John  
—G. S.

Duntry; do (Durham Division)—James McKibbin;  
London (First Division)—John H. French, do (Second  
Division)—Freeman Talbot; Montreal (First Division)  
—D. Stewart; do (Second Division)—Mathew Ryan;  
Three Rivers—L. B. Gareau.  
TRINITY HOUSE MONTREAL.—Master, Robt. Armour;  
Deputy Master, J. W. Duncomb; Wardens, H. L.  
Routh, John Try, Wm Edmonstone, John Molson,  
Andrew Shaw; Secretary and Treasurer, Jas Holmes;  
Har Master, Capt P. H. Morin; Water Bailiff, J. Thomp-

AGENTS FOR LLOYD.—Montreal, Ryan, Chapman  
& Co.; Quebec, John Jameson; New Carlisle, H.  
Kavanagh; Bathurst, Wm Stevens; Gaspe, John D.  
McConnell; Magdalen Islands, John F. Muncy; La-  
brador, P. De Quetteville.

BOARDS OF TRADE, QUEBEC.—President, Hon. W.  
Walker; Vice President, James Gibb; Treasurer, H.  
J. Nord, MONTREAL.—President, Treasurer, H.  
President, D. L. MacPherson; Treasurer, Ryan; Vice  
Secretary, Charles Lindsay; Toronto.—President, G.  
P. Ridout; Vice President, P. Paterson; Secretary, G.  
Brent; Treasurer, R. H. Brew. HAMILTON.—President  
John Young; Vice President, Archibald Kerr; Secre-

EMIGRANT AGENTS.—Chief Emigrant Agent for  
Lower Canada—A. C. Buchanan, Quebec, Chief Emigrant  
Agent for Upper Canada—A. B. Hawke, Toronto, Sub-  
Agent—A. B. Hawke, junior, Kingston.

POST OFFICE, CANADA.—Deputy Post Master Gene-  
ral, Montreal, Thomas A. Stayer; Chief Clerk, Gil-

bert E. Griffin; Clerks, T. Sutherland Skayner, Edwin  
King, and C. Griffin; Accountant, Edwin A. King;  
Julyan, Edward C. Hayden, John Ashworth, Robert  
McQuinn, Surgeon, William Henry Griffin, and T. C.  
Clerk, W. Harrington, Surgeor, Edward S. Freer,  
Toronto; Clerk, P. P. Warburton, Surgeor, John  
Dewc, Kingston; Clerk, P. W. Stuymer.

AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION OF UPPER CANADA.—  
President, John Wetenhall, M. P. P. Nelson; Vice-  
President, John W. Marks, Kingston, and Thomas  
Clark Street, Niagara Falls; Treasurer, Thomas G.  
Ridout, Cashier Bank of Upper Canada, Toronto;  
Secretary, George Luckland, Toronto. The Annual  
Show will be held in the Niagara District in the  
Autumn of 1850.

CANADA COMPANY—INCORPORATED 1826; Capital,  
£2,000,000, with power to increase it to  
£2,000,000.—Governor, Charles Franks; Deputy Go-  
vernor, James McKillop; and ten Directors. Office in  
London—Canada House, St. Helen's Place, Bishopsgate  
Street. Commissioners in Canada West—Toronto,  
Frederick Widder; Goderich, Thomas Mercer Jones,  
District; and J. C. W. Daly, Stratford, Huron District.  
The Canada Company remit from London to Canada  
any sum of money by letters of credit upon their Cor-  
respondents, and likewise transmit any sum of money  
upon the Directors.

PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM, Toronto.—Resident  
Medical Superintendent—Dr. Primrose, Steward—  
William Ramsey, Matron—Mrs. Ramsey.

## Legislative Council of Canada.

HON. R. E. CARON, SPEAKER.

NAMES.	RESIDENCES.	HON. A. DIONNE.	HON. FRED. A. QUESNEL.
Hon. R. S. Jameson.	Toronto.	Dionne . . . . . Kamouraska.	Hon. Fred. A. Quesnel, Montreal.
" P. B. DeLaGuire.	Kingston.	" G. J. Goodhue . . . . . Requet.	" J. Bourret . . . . . Montreal.
" Peter McGillivray.	Montreal.	" L. P. Sherwood . . . . . London.	" G. S. DeBeaujeu, Coteau Lae.
" R. H. Sullivan . . . . . Toronto.	" R. E. Caron . . . . . Quebec.	" W. Walker . . . . . Quebec.	" L. Methot . . . . . Belleville.
" W. Morris . . . . . Montreal.	" G. Penberton . . . . . Quebec.	" C. Widmer . . . . . Toronto.	" J. O. Turgeon . . . . . St. Croix.
" A. Fraser . . . . . Fraserville.	" B. Joliette . . . . . Village of Industry.	" J. E. Irving . . . . . Newmarket.	" S. Crane . . . . . Prescott.
" J. Crooks . . . . . Plamboro' E.	" A. Ferguson . . . . . Kingston.	" Louis Massue . . . . . Quebec.	" R. Jones . . . . . Terrebonne.
" J. Macaulay . . . . . Kingston.	" J. Hamilton . . . . . Kingston.	" P. Boucher De . . . . . Boucherville.	" J. Wylie . . . . . Christville.
" F. P. Bruneau . . . . . Montarville.	" A. Ferrie . . . . . Montreal.	" J. Morris . . . . . Brockville.	" S. Mills . . . . . Ramsay.
" A. Ferrie . . . . . Montreal.	" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" J. Gordon . . . . . Toronto.	" J. F. Taylor, Deputy Clerk and Master-in-Chancery;
" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" P. McKay . . . . . New Edinburgh.	" H. Pinkey . . . . . March.	" J. Pennington, Assistant Clerk;
" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" P. H. Moore . . . . . St. Arnaud.	" R. Matheson . . . . . Montreal.	" Rev. W. A. Adams, Chaplain and
" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" P. H. Moore . . . . . St. Arnaud.	" G. S. Boulton . . . . . Perth.	" Librarian; E. L. Moutzambert,
" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" P. H. Moore . . . . . St. Arnaud.	" D. B. Viger . . . . . Cobourg.	" Law Clerk; Robert LeMoine, French
" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" P. H. Moore . . . . . St. Arnaud.	" E. P. Tache . . . . . Montreal.	" Translator, P. S. Jarvis, Gentleman
" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" P. H. Moore . . . . . St. Arnaud.	" James Leslie . . . . . Montreal.	" Usher of the Black Rod; Olivier
" P. H. Knowlton, Iroquois.	" P. H. Moore . . . . . St. Arnaud.	" James Leslie . . . . . Montreal.	" Valierand, Sergeant-at-Arms.

## Legislative Assembly of Canada.

HON. A. N. MORIN, SPEAKER.

CONSTITUENTS.	MEMBERS.	Grenville . . . . .	Missisquoi . . . . .
Beauharnois, Jacob Dewitt.	Haldimand . . . . . Read Burrill.	Hilton . . . . . David Thompson.	Montmorency, Joseph Cauchon.
Bellechasse . . . . . Hon. A. N. Morin.	Hamilton . . . . . John Wetenhall.	Hamilton (City) . . . . . Sir Allan Napier Mc-	Montreal, Hon. L. J. Lafontaine.
Berthier . . . . . David M. Armstrong.	Hastings . . . . . Billa Flint.	Hastings . . . . . Billa Flint.	Montreal, Benjamin Holmes.
Bonaventure, William Cuthbert.	Huntingdon, Tancrède Sauvageau.	Huron . . . . . Hon. William Cayley.	Montreal, Andre Jobin.
Brookville, George Sherwood.	Huron . . . . . Hon. William Cayley.	Kamouraska, P. Canne dit Marquis.	Niagara, Walter H. Dickson.
Bytown, John Scott.	Huron . . . . . Hon. William Cayley.	Kingston . . . . . Hon. Mém. Cameron.	Niagara, James Hall.
Carlton, Edward Malloch.	Kingston . . . . . Hon. J. H. Macdonald.	Kingston (City) . . . . . Robert Bell.	Niagara, Thomas Fortier.
Chambly, L. Lacoste.	Leamark . . . . . Robert Bell.	Leamark . . . . . Robert Bell.	Niagara, Hon. H. J. Boulton.
Champlain, Louis Guillet.	Leeds . . . . . Wm. Buel Richards.	Leeds . . . . . Wm. Buel Richards.	Niagara, John Myers.
Cornwall, Hon. J. H. Cameron.	Leinster . . . . . Norbert Dumas.	Leinster . . . . . Norbert Dumas.	Ottawa, John Egan.
Dorchester, Francis Lemieux.	Lotbiniere . . . . . Benjamin Seymour.	Lotbiniere . . . . . Benjamin Seymour.	Ottawa, Hon. Francis Hicks.
Drummond, Robert Nugent Watts.	L'Islet . . . . . Hon. W. H. Merritt.	L'Islet . . . . . Hon. W. H. Merritt.	Ottawa, James Hall.
Dundas, John Philip Chrysler.	London . . . . . Chas. F. Fournier.	London . . . . . Chas. F. Fournier.	Ottawa, Antoine J. Duchesnay.
Essex, James Smith.	Lotbiniere . . . . . John Wilson.	Lotbiniere . . . . . John Wilson.	Ottawa, Thos. H. Johnson.
Frontenac, Henry Smith, jr.	Mezantic . . . . . Joseph Laurin.	Mezantic . . . . . Joseph Laurin.	Ottawa, David H. Meyers.
Gaspe . . . . . Robert Christie.	Middlesex . . . . . William Notman.	Middlesex . . . . . William Notman.	Ottawa, John Egan.
Glengary . . . . . John S. McDonald.			Ottawa, Hon. Francis Hicks.

Rouville . . . Pierre Davignon.  
 Russell . . . George Byron Lyon.  
 Saguenay } Hon. M. P. De Sales  
 } La Terriere.  
 Shefford . . . Lewis T. Drummond.  
 Sherbrooke } B. C. A. Gagy.  
 (Town) }  
 Sherbrooke } Samuel Brooks.  
 (County) }  
 Simcoe . . . Hon. W. B. Robinson.  
 Stanstead . . . John McConnell.  
 Stormont . . . Alexander McLean.  
 St. Maurice } Thomas Boutillier.  
 } Hon. L. J. Papineau.  
 Terrebonne } Hon. L. M. Viger.  
 Three Rivers } A. Poite.  
 Toronto } Hon. Henry Sherwood.  
 (City) } Wm. Henry Boulton.

Two Moun- } Wm. Henry Scott.  
 tains . . . }  
 Vaudeuil } Jean B. Mongenais.  
 Verchures } George Cartier.  
 Waterloo . . . Adam J. Ferguson.  
 Welland . . . Duncan McFarland.  
 Wentworth } Hermann Smith.  
 Yamaska . . . M. F. dit Leveille.  
 York }  
 (N. Riding) } Hon. Robert Baldwin.  
 York }  
 (S. Riding) } Hon. James H. Price.  
 York }  
 (E. Riding) }  
 York } Joseph C. Morrison.  
 (W. Riding) }  
 PERMANENT OFFICERS.—Wm. B.  
 Lindsay, Clerk; G. B. Fairbairn.

Ass't do; G. W. Wicksteed, Law  
 Clerk and English Translator; W.  
 B. Lindsay, Ass't do; W. P. Pat-  
 rick, Chief Office Clerk; Thomas  
 Vaux, 2nd do., and Accountant;  
 Wm. Ross, Chief Clerk of Commis-  
 sions; Alfred Patrick and Alfred  
 Todd, Clerks of do.; Henri Voyer,  
 French Translator; G. Levesque,  
 D. P. Myrand, J. Huston, Ass'ts do;  
 P. E. Gagnon, Clerk of French  
 Journals; G. M. Muir, Clerk of  
 English do.; William Winder, Li-  
 brarian; Alphaeus Todd, Ass't do  
 (George K. Chisholm, Sergeant-at-  
 Arms); Felix Fortier, Clerk of the  
 Crown in Chancery.

COUNTY OFFICERS IN UPPER CANADA.

Counties and Unions of Counties.	Sheriffs.	Clerks of Peace.	Treasurers.	County Judges.	Clerks of Court.
1 Carleton . . . . .	Simon Fraser,	F. C. Powell,	D. O'Connor,	C. Armstrong,	H. Billings, Jr.,
2 Essex, Kent and Lambton . . . . .	J. Waddell,	Charles Baby,	J. B. Baby,	Alex'r Chewett,	
3 Frontenac, Lennox and Addington . . . . .	T. A. Corbett,	James Nickalls,	Wm. Ferguson,	S. F. Kirkpatrick,	Alex'r Pringle,
4 Hastings . . . . .	J. W. D. Moodie,	Wm. Fitzgibbon,	N. G. Reynolds,	William Smart,	W. H. Panton,
5 Huron, Perth and Bruce . . . . .	John McDonald,	Daniel Lizars,	Geo. Brown, Jr.	A. Ackland,	J. Colville,
6 Lanark and Renfrew	Andw' Dickson,	W. F. R. Berford,	T. M. Radenhurst,	J. G. Malloch,	T. D. Campbell,
7 Leeds and Grenville	Adiel Sherwood,	James Jessup,	J. L. Schofield,	G. Malloch,	C. Saeche,
8 Lincoln, Madamand and Welland . . . . .	Wm. Kingsmill,	Jos. Woodruff,	D. Macdonald,	E. C. Campbell,	J. B. Cleugh,
9 Middlesex . . . . .	James Hamilton,	John B. Askin,	J. S. Buchanan,	G. M. Boswell,	R. D. Chatterton,
10 Norfolk . . . . .	H. V. A. Rapelle,	Wm. M. Wilson,	Ily. Groff,	Wm. Salmon,	W. M. Wilson,
11 Northumberland and Durham . . . . .	Henry Rutan,	Thomas Ward,	Hon. Z. Burnham	G. M. Boswell,	R. D. Chatterton,
12 Oxford . . . . .	James Carroll,	W. Lapointiere,	H. C. Barwick,	D. S. McQueen,	R. Fougnet,
13 Peterborough . . . . .	W. S. Conger,	W. H. Wrighton,	C. Ferguson,	George B. Hall,	Thomas Portye,
14 Prescott and Russell	C. P. Traverswell,	D. McDonald,	P. H. Johnson,	Peter Freel,	J. W. Marston,
15 Prince Edward . . . . .	G. McMathon,	Phillip Law,	David Smith,	D. L. Fairchild,	C. Mortimer,
16 Simcoe . . . . .	B. W. Smith,	W. B. McVity,	Edmund Lally,	Jas. R. Gowan,	Jonathan Lane,
17 Stormont, Dundas, and Glengary . . . . .	D. E. McDonell,	James Pringle,	R. McDonald,	Geo. S. Jarvis,	Geo. Anderson,
18 Waterloo . . . . .	Geo. J. Grange,	Thos. Saunders,	Wm. Hewat,	Wm. D. Powell,	John Smith,
19 Wentworth & Halton	E. C. Thomas,	S. H. Freeman,	Jas. Kirkpatrick,	Miles O'Reilly,	Andrew Stuart,
20 York . . . . .	W. B. Jarvis,	George Gurnett,	Jas. S. Howard,	S. B. Harrison,	W. Mackenzie.

COUNTY OFFICERS IN UPPER CANADA—(CONTINUED.)

	Crown Land Agents.	Principals of Gram'r Schools.	School Superintendents.	Deputy Clerks of Crown.	Judge of Surrogate Court.	Registrars of Surrogate Courts.
1	John Durie,	Rev. J. Robb,	Rev. J. Flood,	R. Billings, Jr.	C. Armstrong,	B. Billings, Jr.
2	P. McMullin,	Paul J. Salter,	George Duck, Jr.	P. N. Morin,	J. A. Wilkinson,	J. Askin,
3	John P. Roblin,	S. Lightbourne,	John Strachan,	John S. Smyth,	G. A. Cummings,	I. Fraser,
4	P. McAnnamy,	Alex'r Burlon,	Wm. Hutton,	Wm. H. Panton,	J. B. Crowe,	William Bowen,
5	I. Clark,	John Haldane,	Rev. C. Fletcher,	M. Hamilton,	A. Ackland,	T. McQueen,
6	A. Leslie,	John McIntyre,	Rev. J. Padfield,	Charles Saeche,	B. McMartin,	C. Saeche,
7	W. J. Scott,	James Winicent,	Eichey Waugh,	T. D. Campbell,	G. Malloch,	J. Jessup,
8		J. Whitelaw, MD	D. D'Everardio,	W. D. Miller,	W. Claus,	C. B. Secord,
9	J. B. Askin,	B. Bayley, B. A.	Wm. Elliott,	John Harris,	H. Allen,	H. C. R. Beecher,
10	A. Geddes,	Rev. G. Salmon,	Rev. W. Clarke,	A. B. Rapelle,	W. Salmon,	W. M. Wilson,
11	E. P. Smith,	R. Hudspeth,	Rev. Jas. Baird,	H. W. Jones,	Thomas Ward,	M. F. Whitehead,
12	J. Carroll,	Geo. Strachan,	Rev VII London	R. Fougnet,	W. Lapointiere,	J. G. Vansittart,
13	W. Crawford,	Rev RJC Taylor,	Elias Burnham,	W. H. Wrighton,	G. B. Hall,	Thomas Portye,
14	H. W. McConn,	W. A. Ross,	Thos. Higginson,	T. H. Johnson,	D. Pnter,	J. W. Marston,
15	A. Macpherson,	Frederick Gore,	Thos. Donnelly,	C. Mortimer,	S. Washburn,	S. Merrill,
16	I. Alexander,	William Kay,	H. A. Clifford,	H. H. Gowan,	J. R. Gowan,	J. Lane,
17	S. Hart,	E. M. Stewart,	Rev. W. Fraser,	G. C. Wood,	G. McDonell,	Alex. McLean,
18	D. Campbell,	George Elmish,	Alex. Allan, A.M	Wm. Hewitt,	W. D. Powell,	T. R. Brock,
19	J. T. Gilkison,	M. G. Grouble,	P. Thornton,	Alex. Stewart,	S. B. Freeman,	George Rolph,
20	Thomas Baird,		H. Hunter,	G. C. Smith, Clk.	S. B. Harrison,	W. J. Fitzgerald

JUDICIARY.

I. Upper Canada.  
 LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA, OSANODE HALL,  
 TORONTO. BENCHERS—Bartholomew Cannell Bonds-  
 ley, Samuel Sherwood, Henry John Boulton, Thomas  
 Ward, George Ridout, John Rolph, George S. Boulton,  
 James Edward Small, Marshall S. Bidwell, William  
 Elliott, Robert Baldwin, Robert Symphon Jameson,  
 David Jones, George Rolph, Robert Berrie, George S.  
 Jarvis, Donald Bethune, Sir Allan Napier MacNab,  
 Robt. B. Burns, Henry Sherwood, Thomas Kirkpat.

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Assize.—W.  
Lean, W. J.  
pick.—Clerk  
Small; Clerk  
Practice Cou

Wicksteed, Law  
Translator; W.  
do; W. P. Pat-  
Clerk; Thomas  
and Accountant;  
Clerk of Commit-  
ment and Alfred  
Henri Voyer,  
G. Levesque,  
Clerk of French  
Muir, Clerk of  
in Windsor, L.  
Todd, Ass't do  
Sergeant-at-  
r. Clerk of the

Clerks of Court.  
J. Billings, Jr.,  
Alex'r Pringle,  
V. H. Pouton,  
J. Colville,  
F. D. Campbell,  
Saché,  
B. Clench,  
B. A. Askin,  
V. M. Wilson,  
D. Chatterton,  
F. Poquet,  
Thomas Fortye,  
W. Marsion,  
Mortimer,  
Jonathan Lane,  
Geo. Anderson,  
John Smith,  
Andrew Stuart,  
W. Mackenzie.

Surgeons of Sur-  
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Jan Bowen,  
McQueen,  
Saché,  
Assup,  
Secord,  
R. Beecher,  
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**Judge, John G. Sprague, Clarke Gamble, Marcus F. Whitehead, Thomas M. Radenhurst, George Malloch, George Hoswell, Edward Clark Campbell, Miles O'Keilly, Wm. Notman, Wm. Hume Blake, John H. Cameron, James C. P. Esten. The Hon. James E. Small, Treasurer. For Law Terms, see page 2.**

**SUPERIOR COURTS, U. C.—The Act 12 Vic. cap 62 regulates the establishment of two Superior Courts of Common Law, viz: the Court of Queen's Bench and the Court of Common Pleas, and also a Court of Error and Appeal, in Upper Canada. It abolishes the former Practice Court. The Act 12 Vic. cap 64, regulates the establishment of the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada. The Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, shall each be presided over by a Chief Justice and two Puisne Judges, and the Court of Chancery by a Chancellor and two Vice Chancellors; while the Court of Error and Appeal shall be composed of the Judges of the Courts of Queen's Bench, Chancery and Common Pleas. These courts all sit at Osgoode Hall, in Toronto. The Judges shall have rank and precedence in the following order, viz: first, the Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench; second, the Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas; the Chief Justice of the Court of Chancery; and, according to seniority of appointment, Vice Chancellors, who were five Judges in the Court of Queen's Bench, two of whom are to be transferred to the Court of Common Pleas; but the appointments to this latter court have not as yet been made, (October 1-19). The subject lists therefore shew at present five Judges in the former and none in the latter, but the necessary changes and additions will be made before the close of 1-19. The of at least ten years' standing, and shall hold their offices during good behaviour, removable upon an address of both Houses of the Provincial Parliament, subject to Appeal to the Queen in Privy Council. The salaries of the Chief Justices and Chancellor are £1,250, currency, each; and those of the Judges and Vice Chancellors are, £1,000, currency, each. This does not apply to the present Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, who retains his usual salary of £1,000, 3s. 4d. currency; or to the senior Vice-Chancellor, who retains his usual salary of £1,250, currency. The Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, shall have each a Clerk of the Crown and Com- mons, at a salary of £100, currency, per annum. All the other Clerks of the Crown and Com- mons shall receive £250, currency, and each senior to receive £250, currency, and each junior £150 cur- rency. The present Clerk of the Crown and Com- mons Pleas, shall have each a Clerk of the Crown and Com- mons Pleas, at a salary of £100, currency, per annum. The several Clerks of the County Courts shall be *ex officio* Deputy Clerks of the Crown and Pleas. The present Deputy Clerks of the Crown and Pleas, are, nevertheless, considered as officers, p. 65.—(see the lists of county officers, p. 65)—their remuneration to be fixed by the Governor in Council. There shall be a Master and a Deputy Registrar, in the Court of Chancery, the latter to be also *ex officio* Clerk of the Court of Error and Appeal. He is also empowered to appoint one Clerk. The salaries are, to the Master £500, and to the Registrar £100, currency, per annum. The fees of these courts are to be paid into the consolidated fund, out of which all the salaries are to be paid. The circuits are to be held twice a year in each county, between Hilary and Easter terms, and between Trinity and Michaelmas terms, ex- cept in the County of York where there shall be three in each year, to commence on the first Mon- day in January, May, and November, respectively. An annuity equal to two-thirds of the salary may be granted for life to any Judge on retiring from the Bench, after fifteen years' service, or on account of some per- manent infirmity disabling him from the due execution of his office.**

**COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH, U. C. Chief Justice—Hon. John Beverley Robinson; Puisne Judges—Hon. James B. Macaulay, Archibald McLean, Wm. H. Draper, and Robert Baldwin Sullivan. CLERKS OF THE COURT.—W. A. Campbell, —Horne, Thomas McLean, W. J. Draper, —Horne, Thomas McLean, —Clerk of the Crown and Pleas—Charles C. Small; Clerk in Court—John Radenhurst; Clerk in Practice Court—Wm. B. Howard; Office Clerks—**

Wm. H. Coxwell, Thomas Coxwell, Robert Pearson, George Goldsmith, and Wm. Innes. Reporter to the Court—J. Lukin Robinson. —*See* there must be alterations in this Court and officers—*See* Superior Courts above for explanation.

**COURT OF CHANCERY, U. C.—Chancellor—the Hon. S. Jameson; and Vice Chancellors—the Hon. Robt. G. Sprague; and James G. P. Esten; Master—John Alexander Grant. Registrars—Andrew N. Buell, Reporter—lasting for two weeks, and commencing respectively on the second Mondays in January and April, and the first Mondays in July and December. Long vacation from 15th August to 1st October. Court days Tuesdays and Fridays.**

**COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, U. C.—Appointments not yet made—(Oct. 1-19)—see Superior Courts above.**

**COURT OF APPEAL, U. C.—The Judges of the Courts of Queen's Bench, Chancery and Common Pleas. Soeker, Brough, Toronto; Registrar—Charles Fitz-Gibbon, Toronto. For Surrogates and Registrars see County lists, p. 65.**

**COUNTY COURTS, U. C.—For Judges and Clerks see county lists, p. 65. These Courts are presided over by Barristers of at least five years' standing, and have original jurisdiction in civil matters to the extent of £25, in cases of notes or bills, and £50, currency. Appeals allowed to the Courts of Queen's Bench or Common Pleas.**

**DIVISION COURTS, U. C. are held in different places in each county by the County Judge, for the summary disposal of cases not exceeding £10, currency, in amount. A jury is permitted, in certain cases, but seldom applied for. Attachments against personal property, of concealed or absconding debtors, from one county to another, or from the Province, to avoid the vice of process, with intent to defraud, may be issued by the Clerk of the Division, or by the Judge, or any Justice of Peace. We trust to have given the limits of the several divisions in each county, and the names and residences of the various clerks, but have been disappointed. We trust to be more successful another time.**

**INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT, U. C.—The County Judge in each County presides in this Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors. The Bankrupt Court is abolished.**

**QUARTER SESSIONS, U. C.—Chairman—the County Judge in each County, who with one or more Justices of the Peace, holds a Court of Quarter Session in his county four times a year, for trials by Jury in cases of larceny, misdemeanor, and other minor offences. The Court also grants Tavern Licences, and has the supervision of accounts in the county, and relating to the administration of Justice, &c.—Sittings—first Tuesday in January, April and July, and third Tuesday in November, with power of adjournment.**

**HEIR AND DIVISOR COURT, U. C.—Commissioners—the Heir and Divisor Court of Queen's Bench, the Chancellor, and such other persons as may be appointed by the Commission under the Great Seal. Their duties are to determine claims to Lands in Upper Canada, for which no patent has issued from the Crown, in favour of the proper claimants, whether as heirs, devisees, or assignees. Sittings at Toronto first Monday in January and July in each year. Clerk to the Commissioners—Wm. H. Lee, Executive Council Office. See Act. 12 Vic. cap. 5.**

**II. Lower Canada.**

**THE BAR OF LOWER CANADA.—All Advocates, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, and Proctors at Law, in Lower Canada, are incorporated—(see Act 12 Vic. cap. 40)—under the name of "The Bar of Lower Canada." The corporation is divided into three sections, viz: one for each of the Districts of Montreal, Quebec, and Three Rivers; the members of the profession residing in the District of St. Francis, forming part of the section of Three Rivers; and those residing in the District of Gaspé, forming part of the section of Quebec.**

**SUPERIOR COURTS, L. C.**—The Act 12 Vic. cap. 98, abolishes the Courts of Queen's Bench in the several Districts of Lower Canada, and the office of resident Judge of Three Rivers, and Provincial Judge of St. Francis. It then establishes for Lower Canada a Court called the "Superior Court," to consist of a Chief Justice, and nine Puisne Judges; four of whom shall reside at Montreal, four at Quebec, one at Three Rivers, and one at Sherbrooke. The appointments to be from the existing Judges of the Queen's Bench, or Advocates of ten years' standing. This Court has original civil jurisdiction throughout Lower Canada, except in Admiralty cases, and cases which, by the Act are expressly confided to the Circuit Courts. Appeals are allowed to it from the inferior courts. This act continues the numbers and localities of districts in Lower Canada, for the administration of Justice as formerly; viz: the Districts of Quebec, Montreal, Three Rivers, St. Francis and Gaspe—except that two new districts are authorised by it, viz: "Kamouraska," to comprize the counties of Kamouraska and Rimouski, and "Ottawa" to comprize the county of Ottawa, whenever a gaol and court house shall be erected at Kamouraska and Aylmer respectively, and proclamation thereof issued. Circuit Judges when in Gaspe shall be Judges of the Superior Court; and also out of term in Kamouraska and Ottawa. The terms are, at Montreal and Quebec, from 1st to 20th April; 1st to 20th Sept., and 1st to 20th December; Three Rivers, from 12th to 25th February; 1st to 14th June, and 1st to 14th November; Sherbrooke, from 20th to 31st January; 10th to 27th July; Perce, from 21st to 30th August; New Carlisle, from 4th to 15th September. The sittings at Perce and New Carlisle form only one term. The "Superior Court" has criminal jurisdiction in the District of Gaspe, to be exercised in term there. The appointments to the Superior Court have not yet been made—(October, 1849.)

**CIRCUIT COURTS, L. C.**—These courts, by the same act, have original civil jurisdiction, to the extent of £50, currency. The Judges must be Barristers of at least five years' standing. In cases not exceeding £15, or not relating to property titles, the proceedings shall be summary; and if the value shall not exceed £25s., then the suit shall be determined according to equity and good conscience. In cases exceeding £15 an appeal is allowed to the "Superior Court" of the district. The Circuits are to be held as follows, viz:—

For the District of Quebec—at Quebec, on the last six juridical days of each month, except August; Rimouski, in the parish of St. Germain, from 19th to 26th of each of January, May, and September; Kamouraska, in the parish of St. Louis, from 1st to 10th of each of Feb., June, and Oct.; St. Thomas, from 13th to 22nd of each of Feb., June, and Oct.; Bessac, in the parish of St. Marie, from the 1st to the 10th of each of March, July, and November; Leeds, from 16th to 25th of February; 19th to 28th June; and 20th to 29th Oct.; Lotbiniere, from 13th to 22nd of each of March, July, and November; Portneuf, in the Parish of Cap Saute, from 7th to 16th of each of January, May, and Sept.; Saguenay, in the parish of Les Etoulements, from 1st to 10th of each of March, July, and October; Chicoutimi, at the Village, on the last six juridical days of January, February, May, June, September, and November.

In the District of Montreal—In Montreal on the last six juridical days of each month, except August; Berthier, from 21st to 30th of each of January, May, and September; St. Pierre de L'Assomption, from 1st to 10th of each of March, July, and November; St. Louis de Terrebonne, from 12th to 21st of each of March, July, and November; St. Benoit, Two Mountains, from 7th to 16th of each of January, May, and September; Aylmer, Ottawa, from 20th to 29th of each of January, May, and September; St. Michel de Vaudreuil, from 1st to 10th of each of March, July, and November; Ste. Martine, Beauharnois, from 12th to 21st of each of March, July, and November; St. John the Evangelist, from 10th to 19th of each of February, June, and October; Nelsouville, in the Township of Durham, Missisquoi, from 21st to 30th of each of Feb., June, and October; St. Hyacinthe, from 10th to 19th of each of February, June, and October; St. Ours, Richelieu, from 21st to 30th of each of February, June, and October.

In the District of Three Rivers—At Three Rivers, on the last six juridical days of each of March, May, June, September, November, and December.

In the District of St. Francis—At Sherbrooke, on the last six juridical days of each of Feb., March, June, September and October; and on the first six juridical days of December; Richmond, in the township of Shipton, from 10th to 19th of each of March and Sept.; Stanstead Plain, from 15th to 24th of each of May, and November.

In the District of Gaspe.—At Perce, from 1st to 10th of each of March and November; at the Basin of Gaspe, from 15th to 24th of each of March and Nov.; at Grande Riviere, from 1st to 10th of each of April and December; at Amherst Harbour, Minglen Islands, from 1st to 10th of July; at New Carlisle, Bonaventure, from 15th to 24th of each of May and December; at Carlton, Bonaventure, from 15th to 24th of each of January and July; and at the Mission at Ristigouche, Bonaventure, from 27th January, to 5th February, and from 27th July to 5th August.

The total number of Circuit Judges in office at any one time shall not be more than nine, and the salary of each shall not exceed £250 a-year, to be in lieu of all fees, &c., whether for travelling expenses, or otherwise. The Circuit Judges shall be Chairmen of the Quarter Sessions. The District Judges in Gaspe shall henceforward be called Circuit Judges.

**COURT OF APPEALS, L. C.**, called the "Court of Queen's Bench," L. C. has appellate civil jurisdiction, and also the jurisdiction of a Court of Error, and original jurisdiction in all criminal matters throughout Lower Canada except such as are cognizable only by the Court of Admiralty. "The Court of Queen's Bench" was thus established by the Act 12 Vic cap. 37: It shall consist of four Judges, viz., a Chief Justice, and three Puisne Judges, appointed by the Crown, from those who were either Judges of the former Queen's Bench, or Judges of the Superior or Circuit Courts, or who are Advocates of at least ten years' standing. They shall reside either at Quebec or Montreal, and there must be one of them at least at each of those places. There shall be two terms of the Court of Error and Appeal held each year in Quebec and in Montreal, viz.: at Quebec from 7th to 15th January, and from 1st to 12th July; and at Montreal from 1st to 12th March, and from 1st to 12th October. Appeals are allowed in certain cases to the Queen in Privy Council. There shall be two terms of the Criminal Court held in each District yearly, except Gaspe, viz.: at Quebec on 20th January, and 14th July; at Montreal on 14th March, and 14th October; at Three Rivers, on 2nd February and 11th September; at Sherbrooke, on 12th February, and 1st September. The terms shall continue in each place until the business shall be brought to a close. The Judges are not yet appointed. (October, 1849.)

**COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.**—The following are the Judges, &c., of this Court, at present—(October, 1849.) The Court will be succeeded by the "Superior Court," and the "Court of Queen's Bench," or "Appeals," as explained above:—

**MONTREAL.**—Chief Justice—Hon. J. R. Rolland; Puisne Judges—Hons. C. D. Day, and James Smith; Prothonotary—S. W. Monk, W. C. H. Coffin, and L. J. A. Papineau; Clerk of Crown—A. M. Bellisle; Sheriff—John Boston and W. F. Coffin; Coroners—Joseph Jones, and Charles Cousol; High Constable—Benj. Bellisle.

**QUEBEC.**—Chief Justice—Hon. Sir James Stuart, Bart; Puisne Judges—Hons. Ed. Bowen, Ph. Panet, and Thos. C. Aytwin; Prothonotary—E. Burroughs, and L. Fiset; Clerk of Crown—James Green; Sheriff—Wm. S. Sewell; Coroner—B. A. Panet, and J. A. Panet.

**THREE RIVERS.**—Resident Judge—Hon D. Mondelet; Prothonotary and Clerk of Crown—E. Barnard; Sheriff—J. C. Ogden; Coroner—V. Gulliet; High Constable, Philip Barria.

**ST. FRANCIS.**—Provincial Judge—Hon. R. H. Gairdner; Prothonotary and Clerk of Crown—W. Bell; Sheriff—F. G. Bowen; Coroner—C. A. G. De Touancour.

**GAPE.**—District Judges—Hons. John G. Thompson, and Jos. F. De Blois; Prothonotary and Clerk of

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Crown, J. Winkle, and G. F. Tremblay; Sheriff—Martin Sheppard; Coroners—W. Tully, for Gaspe, and R. W. Fikson, for Bonaventure.

CLERKS OF PEACE.—Quebec, F. X. Perrault, and P. Donnet; Montreal, Alexander M. Bellisle, and W. H. Williams Bell; Gaspe, John Winkle, and A. Behee; Bonaventure, G. F. Tremblay. Court of Quarter Sessions held quarterly in the several Districts.

Vice Admiralty Court.—Judge—Hon. H. Black, Quebec; Registrar—J. P. Bradley; Marshal—John B. Parkin.

COMMISSIONERS' COURTS held monthly in the Country Parishes, for determining cases in a summary way, not exceeding £20 5s., currency, each in amount.

EDUCATIONAL.

Department of Common Schools.

UPPER CANADA.—Chief Superintendent—the Rev Egerton Ryerson, DD; Chief Clerk—J. George Hodgins; Junior Clerk—Thomas Hodgins; Education Office, corner of Simcoe and King streets, Toronto. Office Hours—from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The Hon Samuel Bealy Harrison, Judge Home District Court, Chairman; the Rev Egerton Ryerson, D D; the Rev Henry James Grasset, A M; His Worship the Mayor of Toronto; Joseph C Morrison, M P P; Hugh Scobie, and James Scott Howard. Recording Clerk—J. George Hodgins. Days of Meeting.—Tuesdays, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

PROVINCIAL NORMAL SCHOOL.—Under the management of the Board of Education. For the instruction and training of (male and female) Common School Teachers. Head Master—Thomas Jayffray Robertson; Mathematical Master, etc.—Henry Youle Hind; Teacher and Senior Teacher Model School—William Towns. Archibald McCallum; Assistant Teacher—John Saugapart every Friday afternoon for the separate religious instruction of the Students by the pastors of their respective parishes. Number of Teachers trained since, ending 15th April, 1878, 62 males; ditto, during second Session, ending 15th October, 1878, 101 males; 22 females—total 193; ditto, during the third Session, ending the 15th of April, 1879, 70 males, 33 females—total, 103. The Sessions are half-yearly commencing 15th May, and 15th November, and continuing five months each. Students not admitted after the first week of Session.

LOWER CANADA.—Superintendent of Education—J. D Meilleur, M D; Secretary—L. Girard; Clerk, W S Williams. Education Office, Government House. Statistics of schools are given in other parts of this Almanac, as will be seen by reference to the index at the end.

Universities and Colleges.

UNIVERSITY OF KING'S COLLEGE TORONTO.—CHANCELLOR.—The Governor General; Visitors—the Judges of the Queen's Bench; President—the Rev John McCaul, LL.D.; Council—the Chancellor, the President, Professors Beaven, Croft, Gwynne, King, Beaumont, Speakers of the Legislative Council, and House of Assembly, the Attorney General, and House of Commons. Registrar and Bursar, Henry Boys, M D. Professors—Professor of Classical Literature, Belles Lettres, Rhetoric and Logic—Rev J McCaul, LL.D.; Dean, Prof Rev James Beaven, DD; Professor of Moral Philosophy and Experimental Philosophy—Henry Holmes Croft; Professor of Anatomy and Physiology—W C Gwynne, M B; Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine—John King, MD; Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery—William Beaumont, FRCS, Eng; Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children—George Herrick, MB; Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy—W B Nichol; Professor of Practical Anatomy and Curator of Anatomical and Pathological Museum—Henry Sullivan, MRCS, Eng; Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy—Rev Robert Murray; Professor of Medical Jurisprudence—Lucius O'Brien, MD; Professor of Law and Jurisprudence—S Connor, LL.D.; Hebrew Tutor—J M Hirschfeld. The Academic Terms are three—Michaelmas, Hilary, and Easter; and the Terminal Dues, payable by

students in the Faculty of Arts are £1, currency, including all charges for tuition. The Medical Session extends over Michaelmas and Hilary Terms. Those who are desirous of attending particular courses of Lectures, attended by not members of the University, may be admitted as occasional students, but such attendance will not be regarded as a qualification for a degree. In October, 1870, the College Council established seventy-two Scholarships; three for each of the Districts of Upper Canada, and six for the University. They are tenable for three years; and the advantages to be enjoyed during that period are, by the students of the College, exemption from all dues and fees; and privilege of rooms and commons without charge. The Examination takes place in October.

N.B.—The statement given above represents the arrangement at present (October, 1878) existing in the University, but considerable changes will be made at the 1st January, 1879, when the new act comes into operation.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE, TORONTO.—Principal—P W Barron, M A; First Classical Master—Rev H Scadding, M A; Mathematical Master—Rev H Maynard, M A; 2nd Classical Master—Rev G 3rd do; Rev W Bennett, B A; French Master—Mr De la Haye; First English Master—M Barrett; 2nd do—; Geometrical Drawing Master—J Howard. First Quarter.—From end of Summer Vacation to Christmas Vacation (about 20th December); 2nd do—from end of Christmas Vacation to 20th March; 3rd do—from 20th March to 3rd June; 4th do—from 3rd June to Midsummer Vacation, about 6th of August.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE, KINGSTON.—Principal and Primaries Professor of Divinity—Rev John Macfar D D; Systematic Theology—Rev James George; Church History—Rev Hugh Urquhart, A M; Mathematics, Logic and Natural Philosophy—Rev James Williamson, A M; Classical Literature and Moral Philosophy—Rev George Romanes, A M; BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—Revs Hugh Urquhart, A M, George Romanes, A M, John Harely, A M, James Bell, Alexander Mathieson, D D, John Cook, D D, Robert Neil, Robert McGill, James Williamson, AM; Alexander Fringle, Hugh Allan, John Cameron, George Malloch, John Mowat, F A Harper, Chairman, George Thompson, and Joseph Bruce; Hon. John Hamilton, James Crooks, William Morris, Justice McLean, Thomas McKay, Peter McGill. The College Session lasts for seven months, commencing the first Wednesday of October.

MCGILL COLLEGE, MONTREAL.—Principal—Edmund A Meredith, A B, T C D; Vice-Principal—Rev W T Leach, D C L. Professors—Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.—Andrews; Classical Literature—Rev W T Leach; Lecturers—Law, Hon W Badgley; History and Geography, Rev J Abbott; French Literature and Language, Le Montier; Professor of Literature, A F Holmes, M D; Lecturers—Surgery, G W Campbell, MD; Materia Medica and Pharmacy, A Hall, M D; Obstetrics, W Fraser, M D; Clinical Surgery, James Crawford, M D; Clinical Medicine, R L McDonnell, M D; Clinical Medicine, W Fraser, M D; Anatomy, V T Bruneau, M D; Chemistry, Win Sutherland, M D; Forensic Medicine, F Badgley, M D; Botany; Demonstration of Anatomy, W E Scott, M D; Reporter, George Abbott, A M.





of £3 11s. 1d., currency, in fee simple or in freehold; derived, as in the previous case, and with the same conditions as to possession, registry, &c., *A tenant solar, in city or town*, must have occupied by actual residence, as a separate tenant, a dwelling house, or houses, part or parts of houses, for twelve months, of the yearly value of £11 2s. 1d., currency, and have paid a year's rent, or that amount of money for the twelve months just preceding the date of election writ. A person holding only a shop, or place of business, but not actually residing in it, not qualified to vote. A voter having changed his residence within the town during the year does not affect his right to vote, but must vote in the ward in which he resides on the day. Occupier of dwelling house, provided for him by Government, civil or Military, or by any Incorporated body, or Society, not entitled to vote on such occupation, unless such party shall have contracted to pay, and

*bona fide* have paid one year's rent for the same. When property lies partly in one County or Riding, and partly in another, the vote shall be taken for the county for which the election is held; and when property is situated partly within one polling place, and partly in another the elector may vote at either. A proprietor in a town or city, whose lot is partly within and partly without the limits cannot vote, unless the "dwelling house" be wholly within the limits. In *Lower Canada* only where one shall have the right of property and another the usufructuary enjoyment for his own use and benefit, the latter only shall vote. Joint tenants or tenants in common may each vote, if his individual share be the proper value; shareholders in Incorporated Companies excepted. British subjects only of the full age of twenty-one years are allowed to vote. Deputy Returning Officers may administer oath of allegiance.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT—HALIFAX.

The Area of Nova Scotia, including Cape Breton, is set out at 12,742 square miles. Population 200,000. Revenue, 1-17. . . . . £111,925 15 4 Sg. Expenditure, 1-17. . . . . 122,222 1 1 Imports, 1-17. . . . . 1,031,355 10 2 Exports, do . . . . . 831,071 0 1

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, AND COMMANDER OF THE FORCES—His Excellency Lieutenant-General Sir John Harvey, K. C. B., and K. C. H. *Aid-de-Camp*—Lieut. Ruxton. *Private Secretary*—Henry John Harvey, Esq. *Military Secretary*—Capt. Bourke, 34th. *Public Officers*.—*Attorney General*—Hon. James B. Uniacke. *Solicitor General*—Hon. W. F. Desbarres. *Provincial Secretary, Treasurer of the Casual Receipts, and Clerk of the Executive Council*—Hon. Joseph Howe. *Receiver General*—Hon. James McNab. *Financial Secretary*—Hon. H. Huntington. *Surveyor General of Lands and Commissioner of Crown Lands*—Joseph Story Morris. *Collector of Excise*—Thomas A. S. De Wolf.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.—*President*—Hon. Michael Tobin, and nineteen members. *Clerk*—John C. Halliburton.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.—*Speaker*—Hon. Wm. Young. The House consists of 31 members. *Clerk of Assembly*—John Whidden.

SUPREME COURT.—*Chief Justice*—Hon. Brenton Hall-

iburton. *Assistant Judges*—Hon. Jas. Wm. Blowers Bliss, Thomas C. Halliburton, and Edmund Murray Bodd. *Clerk of the Crown and Prothonotary*—James W. Nutting.

There are also other Courts in this Province, corresponding with those already noticed, in New Brunswick.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.—*Deputy Post Master General*—Arthur Woodgate. *Surveyor of Post Offices*—H. M. Watson.

HALIFAX BANKING COMPANY.—*President*—Hon. H. H. Cogswell. *Vice-President*—William Fryor. *Cashier*—N. T. Hill.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.—*President*—Hon. Mather B. Almon. *Cashier*—James Foreman, junr. *Agents at Windsor*—James D. Fraser, and Harry King. *Yarmouth*—James Bond, and Norman J. Bond. *Pictou*—James Primrose.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, HALIFAX BRANCH.—*Manager*—Stephen N. Binney. *Accountant*—J. W. Smith.

AGENTS FOR LLOYDS.—*Halifax*—J. and M. Tobin. *Pictou*—James Dawson. *Sidney, Cape Breton*—P. H. Clarke. *Port Hood, C. B.*—G. C. Lawrence. *Arichat, C. B.*—S. Donovan. *Plaster Cove, C. B.*—J. G. McKeen. *Pugwash*—H. G. Pines. *Yarmouth*—E. W. H. Moody. *Westport*—Edward A. Jones—*Sw's Agent*.

Tariff of Customs' Duties, Nova Scotia.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Apples, fresh or dried	0	4	0	Leather, Sole Leather, including hides & skins partially dressed therefor, per lb. . . . .	0	0	1
Bacon, per cwt. . . . .	0	0	0	Upper leather of all sorts, including hides and skins, partially dressed therefor, per lb. . . . .	0	0	2
Beef, salted, per cwt. . . . .	0	6	0	Molasses per gallon . . . . .	0	0	2
" Fresh, per cwt. . . . .	0	5	0	Onions, per cwt. . . . .	0	2	0
Biscuit, line, called Crack- ers or Cakes, per cwt. . . . .	0	3	4	Pears, fresh or dried, per brl	0	4	0
Butter, per cwt. . . . .	0	8	6	Pork, salted, per cwt. . . . .	0	6	0
Candles, Tallow per lb. . . . .	0	0	1	" Fresh, per cwt. . . . .	0	1	0
All other Candles per lb. . . . .	0	0	3	Raisins in boxes, per lb. . . . .	0	0	4
CATTLE, viz: Horses, Mares or Geldings, each. . . . .	2	0	0	" In other packages, per lb. . . . .	0	0	4
NEAT CATTLE, viz: OXEN, or other Neat Cattle, 3 years old or upwards, each. . . . .	1	10	0	Spirits, viz: Brandy, Gin, Rum, or other spirituous liquors, which by any way or method whatsoever shall be manufactured, com- pounded, or extracted, distilled, or made with- in this Province, not exceeding the strength of proof by Sykes' Hy- drometer, and so in pro- portion for any greater strength than the strength of proof, per gallon. . . . .	0	0	11
Cows and Cattle under 3 years old. . . . .	0	10	0	Brandy, Whiskey, Gin Cordials and other spir- its, (except Rum,) not exceeding the strength of proof by Sykes' Hy- drometer, and so in pro- portion for any greater strength than the strength of proof, per gallon. . . . .	0	2	8
Sheep, each. . . . .	0	0	0	Rum not exceeding the strength of proof by Sykes' Hydrometer, and so in proportion for any greater strength than the strength of proof. . . . .	0	1	6
Hogs over 100 lbs wt. each. . . . .	1	0	0	Shrub or Sautice, per gal. . . . .	0	1	4
" 100 lb & under, each. . . . .	0	2	0	Sugar, refined, per cwt. . . . .	0	14	0
Cheese, per cwt. . . . .	0	5	0	" Crushed & Bastard Fainings, per cwt. . . . .	0	10	0
Chocolate, or Cocoa Paste per lb. . . . .	0	0	1	" Brown or Musco- vado, not refined, per cwt. . . . .	0	7	0
Coffee, Green, per lb. . . . .	0	0	1	Tens, viz: Scotch, Con- go, Pekoe, Bohem, Pon- chong, and all other Black Tea, per lb. . . . .	0	0	2
" Roasted, burned, or ground per lb. . . . .	0	0	2	Tens, Gunpowd'r, Hyson, Y. Hyson, Twankay, & other Green Tens, per lb. Tobacco, manufactured, (except Snuff & Cigars) per lb. . . . .	0	0	4
Clocks, on all Clocks cost- ing under 20s. . . . .	0	5	0				
On all others. . . . .	0	10	0				
Hams, smoked or dried, per cwt. . . . .	0	0	0				
Lard, per cwt. . . . .	0	8	0				

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In a portion  
p. 31 read "2,  
of Townships in  
Godfield, Malde  
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contains Brook  
This also affects  
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Omit "Elgin"

Tongues of Cattle, dried or Pickled, per cwt. . . . . 0 0 0  
**Wines, viz:** Black, Constantia, Malaisey, Tokay, Champagne, Burgundy, Hermitage, Claret, called Lafite, Lafite, Lafitte, Margaux, or Hautbrion, per gallon. . . . . 0 2 0  
**Madeira and Port per gallon**  
 Sherry Wine, of which the first sort is £20 per pipe or upwards, per gallon. . . . . 0 2 6  
 Other Claret Wines, Barbec, Sautern, Vin de Grave, Moselle, and other French Wines, and Lisbon & German Wines, per gallon. . . . . 0 1 3  
 All other Sherry Wines, Teneriffe, Marsella, Sicilian, Malaga, Fayall, and all other Wines per gallon. . . . . 0 1 3  
**Clothes, viz:** all Woollen Machinery, and Materials for manufacturing Cloths, Confectionary, Syrups, and Articles manufactured from Sugar, Hay and Straw, For every £100 of the value. . . . . 20 0 0  
**Cigars and Snuff, Cartrons, viz:** Boots, Shoes, and Leather Manufactures of all sorts, Meat, Fresh, Poultry, of all sorts, Deal, For every £100 of the value. . . . . 10 0 0  
 Anchors, Grapnels, and Anchor Palms, Cables of Hemp, or other vegetable substance, or of Iron. Copper, viz: Plates, Sheets, Bars or Bolts, for Ship Building, wrought or cast for Machinery, pure or with-

out other metal, Copper Castings of every description for Machinery for Mills or Steam Motors, Copper & Composition Nails & Spikes for Ship Building, Cordage, Tanned or untanned, and whether fitted for Rigging or otherwise. Iron, viz: In Bars or Bolts, Castings for Mills or Steam Engines, and Cast or unwrought Pipes and Tubes, Sheet Iron and Iron Spikes, Oakum, Pitch, Sail Cloth of all kinds, Canvas included, Tar, For every £100 of the value. . . . . 2 10 0  
 All other Goods, Wares and Merchandize, not otherwise charged with duty, and not enumerated in the Table of Exemptions, For every £100 of the value. . . . . 6 3 0  
**EXEMPTIONS.**  
 Ashes, viz: Pot Ashes and Pearl Ashes; Asses and Mules; Baggage and Apparel of Passengers not intended for sale; Barilla and Soda Ash; Beans, Biscuit, or Bread; Books not prohibited to be imported into the United Kingdom; Bullion, Gold or Silver; Burr Stones; Coal; Cocoa; Coins, Gold and Silver Coins and Trade Copper Coins; Copper, viz: Copper Ore, or in Pigs or Bricks old or worn, or fit only to be re-manufactured; Corkwood; Corn, viz: Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Barley, Oats, Rice, and Buckwheat, unground, Wheat, Flour, Barley, Meal, Rye Meal, Oat Meal, Indian Meal, Buckwheat Meal, Peas, Beans and Calavanners; Fish, viz: Fresh, Salted, Dried or Pickled; Fish Hooks; Fish Oil, viz: Train Oil, Sperm-cet Oil, Head Matter and Blubber; Fins and Skins the

produce of Fish, or creatures living in the sea; Flux; Furniture that has actually been in use, Working Tools and Implements, the property of Immigrants, or persons coming to reside in this Province, and not intended for sale; Hemp; Hides, or pieces of Hides, raw, not tanned, curried or dressed; Horns, Horses and Carriages of Travellers, and Horses, Cattle, Carriages and other Vehicles when employed in carrying Merchandize, together with the necessary Harness and Tackle, so long as the same are bona fide in use for that purpose; Iron, viz: Unwrought or Pig Iron, Ores of Iron of all kinds, Iron Rails for Rail Roads, Bolters, Plates and Plough Moulds; Limest; Lime and Lime Stone; Lines for the Fisheries of all kinds; Manufactures of all kinds; Maps and Charts; Nets, Fishing Nets and Seines of all kinds; Ores of all kinds; Paintings; Palm Oil; Plants, Shrubs and Trees; Plate of Gold and Silver, old, and fit only to be re-manufactured; Potatoes; Rags, viz: Old Rags, Old Rope, Junk, and Old Fishing Nets; Rosin; Sails or Rigging saved from vessels wrecked on the coast of this Province; Salt; Seeds of all kinds; Skins, Furs, Pelts, or Tails undressed; Stone, unmanufactured; Sugar of the Maple, Tallow. Twines and Lines used in the Fisheries; Vellum, unmanufactured; Wax; Turbentine; Whale, Fin or Bone; Wood, viz: Boards, Planks, Staves, Square Timber, Shingles and Firewood.  
*Note.*—The Act imposing the foregoing duties, came in force on 1st April, 1849, and shall continue in force until 1st April, 1850.  
 For inter-colonial free trade in native products, in British North America, see note to New Brunswick Tariff and also that to Canada Tariff.

**Prince Edward Island.**  
**SEAT OF GOVERNMENT—CHARLOTTETOWN.**  
 LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR and COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE ISLAND—Sir Donald Campbell, Bart.  
 LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.—Honorable Robert Hodgson, President, and ten members.  
 HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.—Speaker—Honorable Joseph Pope, and twenty-three members. Clerk—J. McNeill.  
 PUBLIC OFFICERS.—Colonial Secretary and Registrar, and Clerk of the Executive and Legislative Councils.—Hon. T. H. Haviland. Treasurer.—Hon. J. Spencer Smith. Surveyor General.—George Wright. Deputy Registrar.—George Hreshner, Sent. Queen's Printer.—James D. Haszard. Attorney General.—Hon. Robert Hodgson. Solicitor General.—Edward Palmer.  
 POST OFFICE.—Deputy Post Master General.—Thos. Owen.  
 SUPREME COURT.—Chief Justice.—Hon. Edward J. Jarvis. Assistant Judge.—Hon. James H. Peters. Puisne Judges.—Hon. Thomas H. Haviland and John

Harrow. Clerk of the Crown and Prothonotary.—D. Hodgson. The other Courts in this Colony, correspond in character with those of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.  
 AGENT FOR LOYDS—Daniel Hodgson, Charlottetown.  
**Newfoundland.**  
**SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, ST. JOHN'S.**  
 EXECUTIVE GOVERNMENT.—Governor, Vice-Admiral and Commander-in-Chief, Sir John Gaspard Le Marchant; Private Secretary, Ed. E. Rushworth; Colonial Secretary and Clerk of Council, Hon. James Crowley. The Legislative Council consists of nine Members, and the House of Assembly of fifteen.  
 SUPREME COURT.—Chief Justice, Hon. F. Brady; Assistant Judges, Hons. A. W. Desbarres and James Simms; Attorney General, E. M. Archibald; Solicitor General, H. A. Emerson. The Chief Justice is also Judge of the Vice Admiralty Court.  
 AGENTS FOR LOYDS—St. John's, Robinson, Brooking & Co; Burlington, William Hooper.

**ERRATA.**

In a portion of the Edition "Lambton" is omitted. On p 33 read "1. Essex, Kent and Lambton." Also on p. 34 read "2. Essex, Kent and Lambton." The omission of "Lambton" renders a correction of the contents of Townships in "Essex, Kent and Lambton" necessary as follows, viz: Essex contains Anderson, Colchester, Gosfield, Maldstone, Mersea, Malden, Rochester and Sandwich. Kent contains Camden, Chatham, East Dover, West Dover, Urwick, Howard, Orford, Raleigh, Romney, East Tilbury, West Tilbury and Zone. Lambton contains Brooke, Dawn, Bosanquet, Emiskillen, Euphemia, Moore, Plympton, Sarula, Sombra and Warwick. This also affects the Table, on pp. 30, 37, as regards the Townships in "Lambton," also West Tilbury in "Kent," p. 34, for "William Jones," read "H. Glass," Chatham, Registrar for Kent and Lambton. Omit "Elgin—Frontenac," on p. 30, in the alphabetical list of Townships.

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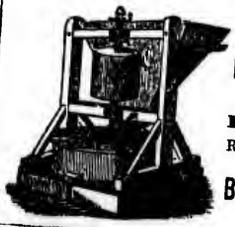
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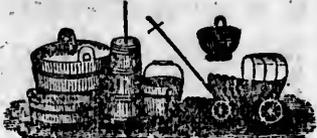
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