

# The Conception-Bay Man.

"TRUTH—Ever lovely since the world began, The foe of Tyrants and the friend of Man."

VOL. 2. HARBOR GRACE, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1857. No. 3

## NOTICE.

### Office of the Board of Works,

April 8th, 1857.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board on the 4th inst:

**Resolved.**—That the Board of Works will not be accountable for any expenditure on Roads, Public Buildings, or any institution over which it has control, except such expenditure shall be ordered by the Board,—such order to be verified by the written order of the Chairman and Secretary for such expenditure.

**Resolved.**—That no Surveyor or Inspector of Roads, or servant of the Board, shall give or have authority to give any order for Supplies, or work of any description, without first obtaining the written order of the Chairman and Secretary.

## NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE BOARD OF WORKS hereby give notice that the temporary Light exhibited on Green Island, at the entrance of Catalina Harbor, Trinity Bay, since the 1st March last, was on the 13th instant, removed, and replaced by one of a more brilliant character and extensive range. This is a **FIXED WHITE LIGHT**, burns at an elevation of 92 feet above high water, exhibited every night from sunset to sunrise, and in favorable weather will be seen from E. N. E. seaward, to S. W. 12 miles. Vessels bound Northward by keeping this Light open with the North-head of Catalina unill Bonavista Light opens with Cape Le Jean, will give the Flowers Rocks an ample berth—or when coming from the Northward and bound for Catalina, by giving the N. Head a moderate berth, you will clear the Brandies Rocks by steering for Green Island Light. Green Island is situated in lat. 43. 30. N. long. 53.03 West.

JOHN STUART  
Acting Secretary Board of Works.  
Board of Works Office,  
St. John's, 18th July, 1857.

## F. R. PAGE.

**BEGS** to return thus publicly his thanks to those inhabitants of Harbour Grace and Carbonear who subscribed to his Chart of St. John's, and also to those who promised their support for performing a like work for Harbour Grace.

**FREDERICK R. PAGE**  
Is now willing to undertake the publication of the Chart, showing Entrance, Harbour and Town, on the same plan as that of St. John's should a sufficient number of subscribers come forward to warrant him in doing so. Some time has already been devoted to the preparation of a manuscript, which may be seen during MR. PAGE'S stay, for a few days at

**TOUSSAINTS HOTEL**  
Price 10s.—100 subscribers will warrant the execution of the work.  
A List for Subscribers is now open.  
Harbour Grace, August 3.

## For Sale.

**BY THE SUBSCRIBER,**  
His Premises and Property in Catt Harbour  
CONSISTING OF  
**A Dwelling House**  
**Shop, two Stores,**  
Two ground cellars, Fishing Room & Flake.  
Ten seal nets with moorings, and six Acres of land (well fenced) Possession to be given the next day of August next.  
JOHN BRIDE,  
May 7th 1857.

## LET US REASON TOGETHER. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. **HOLLOWAY'S PILLS** are specially adapted to the relief of the Weak, the Nervous, the Delicate, and the Infirm of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Prof. or Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines and offers them to free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

## THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

## DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorder of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. These soon give a healthy tone to the organs, however deranged, and when all other means have failed.

## GENERAL DEBILITY—ILL HEALTH

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate habit, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

## FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No female young or old should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without them.

## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best

remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—  
Ague, Ashes, Bilious Complaints, Blisters on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colic, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Goat Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, King's Evil, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, Sore throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary symptoms, Tic-douloureux, Tumours Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor **HOLLOWAY**, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world at the following prices:—1s. 3d.—3s. 3d.—and 5s. each Box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the large size.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Wholesale and retail by  
**T. McCANNAN.**  
St. John's N.F.

**N & J. JILLARD**  
Watch and Clock Makers, Jewellers, General Dealers, and Commission Agents.  
Quadrants, Compasses, Charts, Nautical Almanacks, Accordians, Violins, Flutes, and other Musical and Nautical Instruments  
Sold and Repaired,  
Depository for the British and Foreign Bible Society, and the Religious Tract Society  
**BIBLES** and other **BOOKS**  
Sold at the Societys Prices, Tracts Gratis

## A MARVELOUS REMEDY FOR MARVELOUS AGE. HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

*The Grand External Remedy.*  
By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part.—Disease of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthmas, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that cannot be reached by other means.

## Erysipelas and Rheumatism, Scorbatic Humours.

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of disease of the Skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. Scourvy, Sore Heads, Scrofula, Erysipelas, cannot long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health. *Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Wounds and Ulcers.*

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment, when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years standing.

## Piles and Fistulas.

These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

## Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies, Cerebra, Cheilof-foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns, (soft) Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Skin-diseases, Scourvy, Sore-heads, Tumours, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaw.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor **HOLLOWAY**, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World at the following price:—1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. sterling, each Pot.  
Sub-Agents,—John McCarthy, Carbonear; N. & J. Jillard, Harbour Grace; John Stentford Briggs.

Wholesale and Retail by  
**T. McCANNAN,** Agent.  
N. B.—Directions for guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

## THE NEWFOUNDLAND MINING ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL—£50,000 Sterling

**WILL** deal **LIBERALLY** both by Money Payments and in awarding Paid-up Shares to any Party who may bring to the Notice of their Manager at St. John's, any Mineral discovery, for INDICATIONS which may lead to the Discovery of any remunerative Mineral Deposits.

The Discoverer of any Specimens which may on examination at the Company's Office, prove worthy of attention, will be **FAITHFULLY SECURED** in his rights on account of such Discovery, before application shall be made to the Colonial Government for any Licence of occupation on the Company's account.

F. N. GIBORNE,

Manager  
OFFICE at the head of Messrs. GIBORNE and HENDERSON Wharf, St. John's, Newfoundland to whom please direct all parcels of Samples Letters, &c.

**PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**

Lombard Street, and Channing Cross, London

[ESTABLISHED IN 1782]

Insurances against Fire are effected by the **PHENIX COMPANY** upon all descriptions of Property in Newfoundland, on the most favourable terms; and the experience of nearly three quarters of a century has manifested to the public the promptitude and liberality with which all losses have been adjusted by them.

Persons Insured by this Company do not depend upon restricted funds for the payment of their claims; the Security offered by the **PHENIX OFFICE** being unlimited, comprising in addition to the large invested Capital of the Company, the whole fortunes of a numerous Proprietary, composed of some of the most opulent gentlemen and merchants in the United Kingdom.

Rates of Premiums, and all particulars of Insurance, will be made known on application to the undersigned, by whom Policies are issued free of charge.

W. & G. RENDELL,  
Agents for Newfoundland.

## Post Office Notice.

## SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

**MAILS** will be made up at the General Post Office for the following places:—

Harbour Grace, Carbonear and Brigus—on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays a 10 o'clock a. m.

Trinity, Bonavista and King's Cove,—every Thursday, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Bay Bulls and Ferryland,—every Wednesday at 10 o'clock a. m.

Trepassey, St. Mary's, Placentia, Burin Harbor, Briton, Bargee and Greenspond,—every alternate Thursday commencing on Thursday the 13th inst.

Fogo and Twillingate,—monthly, commencing on Thursday, the 16th inst.

W. L. OLOMON,  
Post-Master General.

Post Office Department,  
Newfoundland  
9th April 1857.

**THE LAST OF THE ABORIGINES.**  
A FEW Copies of this Newfoundland Poem remain to be disposed of at this Office.  
Price 1 shilling.



# THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

From Willmer & Smiths European Times.)

## THE INDIAN MUTINY.

Major-General Windham, C. B.,—The Hero of the Redan,—who has been selected to command a division in the East Indies, has left town for Marseilles, there to embark for Alexandria, overland to Calcutta. Major-General Dupuis, C. B., of the Royal Artillery, another distinguished Crimean officer, who is to have the command of the Royal Artillery, departed on the 20th, by way of Marseilles, to assume his military duties in India.

The widow of the lamented General Barnard resides in Paris with her family of two sons and three daughters. Sir John Barnard, the brother of the deceased, left Paris by the last mail for India, and he will have learned the sad news of the general either at Malta or Alexandria.

THE TELEGRAPH IN THE PUNJAB.—“What a wonderful mercy the telegraphic communication has been kept up in the Punjab; here is a use it was put to: A letter was intercepted at Pindie which said, ‘Three natives of high rank (giving names) sit in council to-morrow to decide what to do against the English.’ Telegraph said, ‘Let a spy attend and report.’ This was done, and in a few minutes after the outlines of the plot were before Lawrence. Telegraph again, ‘Hang them all three.’ In fifteen minutes they were hung. Short work.—Letter from Peshawar.

## THE STRENGTH OF DELHI

The Paris Pays gives the following account of the strength of Delhi, as coming from a certain source:—Delhi, at the moment of the breaking out of the insurrection, contained the products of the cannon foundries of Kasfour and the gun carriage and artillery materials manufactured at Fatchigar, and those of the celebrated powder mills of Ichapoure. Independent of the heavy ordnance on the ramparts, it had in store 640 heavy guns of the calibre of from 18 to 24 pounds, intended to supply the different parts of the north eastern provinces of the Calcutta presidency, besides 480 pieces of field artillery of the calibre of from 7 to 9, and 95 obuses and 70 mortars. The store of projectiles and munitions was also very considerable. The Indian artillery ought to have a well merited reputation, and all these guns were in excellent condition.

At the time of the insurrection there was not a single English regiment in Delhi. The native regiment of artillery and engineers did garrison duty, and this explains how it happens that the defence of the place is organised in such a regular manner. General Barnard wrote a few days before his death: “I cannot disguise from myself that I am before a new Sebastopol.”

## THE QUEEN'S DEPARTURE FOR SCOTLAND.

On Thursday morning the Queen left Osborne and arrived early in the afternoon at Buckingham Palace.

Yesterday morning at 8 a.m., the Queen, the Prince Consort, the Princess Royal and several other members of the Royal Family, left King's Cross Station, en route for Scotland, by the Great Northern Railway.

Her Majesty, who appeared in excellent health and spirits, seems to have derived great benefit from her Channel cruise, was enthusiastically received by a large concourse of persons who had assembled in the neighbourhood of the station.

On the departure of the train her Majesty and Royal party were greeted with another outburst of popular enthusiasm, which was repeated on the train's passing various points in the suburbs, where numbers of her Majesty's loyal subjects had congregated to catch a glimpse of the train as it proceeded on its journey.

Several foreign journals have announced as positive a meeting at the Camp of Chalons-sur-Saone between the Emperors of France and Russia.

DISTURBANCES IN SYRIA.—Letters have been received from Jerusalem to the 1st Aug. Some sanguinary disturbance had broken out near that city within about three leagues to the north, at a place called El Bireh, in consequence of an old family quarrel having been resuscitated. The opposing parties had come to actual hostilities; 22 men and two women were killed. The consequence was that all the neighbourhood of Jerusalem was in agitation, and the surrounding villages were preparing to take up arms. The governor was absent at Djennin, on the northern boundary of the province. His presence was anxiously looked for at Jerusalem, as the most likely means of putting an end to the disturbance.

A COUNTESS IN CUSTODY.—The Dowager Countess of Castle Stuart has brought an action for a malicious prosecution against M. Cernier

and Manoury, tradesmen in Paris. It appears that the countess, who lost her husband some months ago, ordered some mourning of the defendants, with whom she had frequently dealt before, and as she was about to embark at Marseilles for Rome on the 2nd of June last, she and her cousin, Mr. Henry Bathurst, who was travelling with her, were arrested on a charge of having obtained the goods under false pretences. Mr. Bathurst was released in the course of the day, but the countess was incarcerated in two different prisons, and kept in custody thirty-six hours. When the proper authorities of Marseilles investigated the charge they decided that their was not the remotest foundation for it.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.—The select committee of the House of Commons, which has sat during the last session for the purpose of considering the propriety of continuing the exclusive privileges of the Hudson's Bay Company, have just agreed to their report. The enquiries have, as is usual in such cases, resulted in a sort of compromise. While they recommend the cession to Canada of the territory now held by the company on the Red River and Saskatchewan, and declare that it is advisable to terminate, as soon as possible, the connection of the Hudson's Bay Company with Vancouver's Island, as the best means of developing the resources of that important colony, they express an opinion that it is desirable, both in regard to the welfare of the Indians and the preservation of the fur animals, to continue to the company the exclusive privilege of trading over the extensive districts in Rupert Land, or the Indian territory, in which, for the present at least, there is no probability of any permanent European Settlements being established. While, however, they point to these as the objects to be attained, they express a doubt as to the extent to which the chartered rights of the Company would prove an obstacle to their attainments; and they recommend that the whole question should be dealt with by legislation, in a spirit of mutual conciliation and concession, during the next session of parliament. Mr. Roebuck, who was one of the most active members of the committee, has already given notice of a motion on the subject so that there can be no doubt of its receiving the early consideration of parliament. Its importance can hardly be overrated when we recollect that it involves the question, whether an immense portion of our North American possessions is to remain a mere desert; or whether, in the development of its resources, it is to keep pace with neighbouring territories of the United States.

PROPOSED NEW PEERS.—Lord Robert Grosvenor has vacated his seat for the county of Middlesex, preparatory to being raised to the peerage. It is also said that Lord John Russell, Lord Harry Vane, and Mr. Compton Cavendish are to be raised to the peerage.

THE NEW COMMANDER AT DELHI.—Major General Thomas Reed, C. B., who was appointed to the command of the troops before Delhi on the death of General Barnard, is an officer of experience, and has seen much service. He entered the army in 1853, and was present at the battle of Waterloo. Since he has commanded a division of the Bengal army he has participated in several engagements. In 1856 Major General Reed commanded a brigade of the army of the Sutlej, and was wounded and had a horse killed under him at the battle of Ferozeshah. A medal was conferred upon him for his bravery upon this occasion.

Mr. Edward Highton C.E., son of the late Mr. Henry Highton of Leicester, has just completed his patent for, firstly sending telegraphic messages both way through one and the same wire at the same instant, without the messages interfering in any way with each other; secondly, for preventing the destruction of a wire in the sea or underground; and, thirdly, for mending a decayed telegraphic wire in the ocean without leaving the land.

## THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

HARBOR GRACE, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1857.

THE fall business commenced earlier this season than for some years past; our Merchants and Shop-keepers are generally busy, and we hear no complaints of the result of the shore fishery, we believe it to have been a fair average catch; but actively engaged as our Merchants at present are, it is only a prelude to greater exertions upon the arrival of the Labrador fleet. The quantity of fish expected to be collected here this fall, we believe to be unprecedented.

We are happy to announce the arrival home, of William Donnelly Esq. and Lady, after a short visit to Europe. Also of Mr. and Miss Golden from Canada.

Altho the following letter is personally flattering to us, if our own feelings were alone to be consulted we should hesitate to give it publicity; but we look upon Newspapers in the light of public property, and whenever we are favoured by a communication which does not trench upon private character, we do not deem ourselves at liberty to reject it. Our correspondent

was evidently annoyed that the concluding remark of the Express as to our respectability, should pass without reply; but in the first place we do not think that Editors, more than others, are generally the best judges either of their own or of each other's respectability; and secondly we approve of the reply of the honest Blacksmith who, when advised to prosecute for defamation of character answered “that he could go into his shop and hammer out a better character than any court in the country could give him.” We shall endeavour to do likewise.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

SIR. Whatever the Editor of the Express newspaper may say to the contrary, the course pursued by you with regard to the singular appropriation of £250 from the Treasury for the amusement of the metropolitans; is just as it should be—a condemnation of the grant in terms explicit and unmistakable, and it entitles you to the thanks of every outport inhabitant, whether in Conception or any other Bay of the Island; I wonder what would the Government think of an application from the people of this Bay for a certain sum to celebrate the submersion of the Atlantic cable, and of applications from every district which pays into the Chest. No doubt they would look with wonder and amazement, and speculate upon the audacity, or ignorance of the applicants. But in what would the inconsistency differ from that of the St. Johns appropriation? Rather, would there be any inconsistency in such an application? I cannot see how there would. We pay our quota towards the revenue, and if the Electric cable is to be of such immense advantage to this country, why should not we celebrate the grand event as well as the St. Johns folks, and from the same fund too? The curious arguments of the Express supporting the robbing of the public monies, for it is no other, are very much like that wise individual himself, and are worth just as little, either for their consistency or any other merits, it is well known to every one that has read his paper for any length of time, that he is unstable in all his ways, like water, he cannot stay long in any position, always chopping and changing, now here, now there—seeking, as it were, the best spot in which to feather his nest—fencing against the Government one day and the next silent upon their mal-practices. Such is the Editor who bears out the Government in the squandering of monies which belong neither to him nor them, but to the people of the whole Island—such is the man who unscrupulously asserts the right of the government to spend the monies of the people of this Bay for the bare amusement of the St. John's men and a few strangers who might have visited the metropolis upon the successful completion of the Telegraph cable. How well the following couplet applies to him:—

“New ways I must attempt, my grovelling name  
To raise aloft and wing my flight to fame.”

In fact it looks very much as if this was exactly his object, but when attained, what a fame would be his! No, Sir! the expenditure of one farthing of public money for any such purpose would have been a robbery, and had it taken place a cry would have been heard from more than one District of the Island, protesting in loud tones against any such nefarious plunder. But the Champion of the fraud has exhausted himself—he has lost his lance, and like a defeated ‘op, sighs that the Conception-Bay folks had no more respectable opponent for him: Your material may not be as good as his, but there the difference rests—Your cause is better—Your arguments more to the point—Your manly exposure of the mal-appropriation more commendable—Your truthfulness more sustainable—Your moral power more forcible—Therefore in all you have done in this affair, your respectability is untouched by the Express, whilst his has only maintained that very questionable shape which has always belonged to him as a political truckler, indeed which has fastened it the more surely upon him. Respectability and Seaton! Consistency and the Express! Heaven help us.—

## WHAT NEXT.

### JUDICIAL.

Editors Court, Job's Cove, Sept. 16th 1857  
In the matter of the Submarine Telegraph Cable.

### LEDGER versus NEWFOUNDLANDER.

Whereas it appears on evidence before this Honorable Court that the suggestion—as to the advantage of Commencing to lay the said cable in Newfoundland and thence proceeding to the old countries—originated solely with the plaintiff, and was with little alteration, transcribed by the defendant without due notice or acknowledgment on his part; be it therefore decided! That the plaintiff in this case is justly entitled to whatever credit the suggestion in question may command. And further that as only one sixth of the cable was successfully laid in an opposite direction—So Defendant must forfeit to Plaintiff, one sixth part of all and singular, the profits and emoluments of his special Government connection, for one year from the date hereof; or, should considerations of state policy

require secrecy to be observed with regard to the details, to pay or cause to be paid to the plaintiff the sum of £166 currency being, in the opinion of this Court, a fair and proper consideration for that moiety of defendant's annual extract from the public chest.

Signed for self and fellow Editors.

C. B. M.

“It is Appointed unto all once to die.”  
DIED.—On Sunday last Francis Holden, aged 65 years, his funeral will take place this day at 3 o'clock, from the house of Mrs. Butler, his late residence, his friends are respectfully requested to attend.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

ENTERED.  
Sept. 16.—Trinidad Primeira,—(sp.) Qerratt Cadiz, 35 days. Punton & Munn.  
18.—Alliance, Tremblay, Montreal & R & sons  
CLEARED.  
16.—Greyhound, Layton, Labrador  
19.—Acatus, Walsh Queenstown-Ridley & sons.

## FALL GOODS.

RIDLEY & SONS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED.

PER, Barque “Spirit of the Times” from Liverpool.  
A varied assortment of manufactured GOODS,  
Comprising all the Novelties of the Season,

ALSO  
T E A S,  
CONGOU,—SOUCHONG & HYSON.  
Crushed Sugar.  
Irish Butter,  
A CHOICE ARTICLE.  
Cordage,—Nails,—  
TAR.

And every article suitable for the Fall business  
Sept. 16th 1857. 1m.

## BUTTER.

400 Tubs BUTTER per Highlander and Emi y Corbett,  
Can be recommended as a PRIME ARTICLE.  
RUTHERFORD BROTHERS  
Sept. 15.

Ridley & Sons.  
Have just received ex “Nightingale” from Alexandria,  
A cargo SUPERFINE FLOUR,  
All from New Wheat  
WHICH IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED.  
To the attention of HOUSE-KEEPERS  
ALSO  
ex Olive from Montreal  
1000 Brls. Extra Superfine CANADIAN FLOUR,  
50 Brls. PEASE  
100 Kegs BUTTER. 1M.  
Sept. 15.

For Sale.  
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS  
Ex Barque Queen  
20 days from Liverpool  
Their usual extensive and varied selection of British Manufactured  
GOODS  
Suitable for the Season  
ALSO  
TEAS—Souchong Hyson and Congon  
COFFE SUGAR RICE &c  
CHEAP for CASH—FISH and OIL.  
PUNTON & MUNN.  
Sept 15.

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Sept 15, 1857.

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**THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN**

**The subscribers.**

Have received a prime article of Irish  
**BUTTER.**  
Which will be disposed of, Cheap for Cash  
RIDLEY & SONS.  
Sept 15, 1857.

**By the subscriber.**

20 Boxes Congou  
**Tea**  
A SUPERIOR ARTICLE.  
10 Boxes good retailing  
**Tobacco,**  
20 Sides Sole Leather,  
ALSO  
A large assortment British Manufactured  
**Goods.**  
CHEAP FOR CASH.  
J. B. DRYSDALE.  
Sept. 15.

**Just Received.**

EX BALTIC from Baltimore.  
**628 Barrels superfine FLOUR.**  
**129 do. Prime PORK.**  
ALSO

Ex "Cecile" from  
Montreal.  
**60 Casks family BUTTER.**  
Cheap for Cash, Fish, or Oil.  
PUNTON & MUNN.  
Sept. 8.

Just arrived.  
Per BALTIC from  
Baltimore,  
**500 Barrels superfine FLOUR.**  
**50 Do. PORK.**  
Cheap for Cash, Fish or Oil.  
WILLIAM DONNELLY  
Sept 9.

For Sale.  
By the Subscribers,  
Ex "Mary Ann" from  
Bathurst.  
**50,000 Pine BOARD,**  
a very good article,  
**10,000 Pine Plank,**  
1 2 & 3 inch.  
**5,000 Studding**  
4. x 3.  
**5,000 do. 5. x 4.**  
**20 M. Laths.**  
**200 M. Prime Cedar Shingles.**  
RUTHERFORD, BROTHERS.  
sept. 7.

For Sale.  
THE CARGO OF THE BRIG JOHN BENSON  
CONSISTING OF  
**70,000 feet PRIME PINE BOARD.**  
RUTHERFORD BROTHER  
August 18  
Ledger and Express, one week.

**Ridley & Sons.**

HAVE JUST LANDED.  
Ex "Haidee" from Hamburg  
**1400 BAGS No 12 & 3 BREAD.**  
**250 FIRKINS Randers BUTTER,**  
ON HAND,  
OF FORMER IMPORTATIONS,  
**SUPERFINE FLOUR,**  
Baltimore & Canadian—  
**PORK,**  
Prime & Mess,  
**BUTTER,**  
New Grass  
**MOLASSES,**  
Choice Muscovado,  
CHEAP FOR FISH, OIL, OR  
CASH.  
August 18.

BY PUNTON & MUNN.  
The Cargo of the Schooner "Alice Mowe,"  
FROM BALTIMORE  
1330 Barrels Superfine  
**FLOUR**  
200 Barrels Prime Mess  
**PORK,**  
50 Boes Cavendish  
**TOBACCO,**  
All of which will be sold Cheap for  
CASH, FISH OR  
**OIL,**  
August 18.

**For Sale.**

THE  
**SUBSCRIBERS**  
Offer for Sale the cargo of the Brigantine  
"COMMISSARY,"  
CONSISTING OF  
**100,000 feet Hemlock BOARD.**  
**10,000 feet Hardwood PLANK.**  
**10,000 LATHS,**  
and  
**80 Tubs BUTTER.**  
A good article.  
RUTHERFORD BROTHERS.  
Ledger & Express  
August 25.

The Subscribers,  
Have just received per Barque "Rothesay,"  
FROM DEMERARA,  
**123 PUNCHONS choice**  
**MOLASSES.**  
CHEAP FOR CASH,  
FISH OR  
**OIL.**  
PUNTON & MUNN  
August 12

Just Landed.  
Ex "Sarah Thorndike" from Baltimore, "Bril-  
lant" & "Joachim Henreich," from Am-  
burgh.  
**500 Barrels Superfine Baltimore FLOUR.**  
100 Firkins Randers  
**BUTTER,**  
10 Boxes  
**TOBACCO,**  
400 Bags No. 1-2 or 3 Hamburg  
**BREAD,**  
**Coffee, Rice.**  
WILLIAM DONNELLY  
June 2nd, 1857.

**NOTICES.**

THE STEAMER.  
**'Ellen Gisborne'**  
On Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays  
Will start from Harbour Grace at half past 8  
o'clock a. m.  
Weather permitting.  
For Brigus and Portugal Cove  
**And**  
will return the same days to  
BRIGUS AND HARBOR GRACE  
**ON WEDNESDAYS,**  
From Harbor Grace at half past 8 o'clock a. m.  
For Carbonear and Portugal Cove,  
**And**  
will return the same days to  
**CARBONEAR & HARBOR GRACE**  
W. DONNELLY, Agent  
Harbour Grace,  
7th Sept. 1857.

WHOEVER harbours or employs  
MICHEL WALSH,  
the shipped servant of JAMES HENNESSY Tail-  
or, after this notice will be prosecuted with the  
utmost rigour of the law.  
JAMES HENNESSY,  
Sept. 16.

COMMERCIAL BANK  
OF NEWFOUNDLAND.  
**NOTICE.**  
INTEREST at the rate of Four per Cent.  
per annum, is allowed by this Bank for  
Money on Special Deposit.  
(By order of the Board)  
R. BROWN.  
Manager.  
Sept. 5.

UNION BANK  
OF NEWFOUNDLAND.  
**NOTICE.**  
INTEREST at the rate of £4 per Cent. per  
annum, will be allowed by this Bank for  
Money on Special Deposit, and all Parties now  
holding Deposit Receipts, will be credited at  
the same rate from this date.  
(By order of the Board)  
JOHN W. SMITH.  
Manager.  
Spt. 4.

HARBOR GRACE,  
MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.  
THE SUBSCRIBER  
BEGS to inform his friends and the public,  
that having just received per "SUPERIOR"  
from Liverpool, a well selected assortment of  
*Medicines & Perfumery,*  
of the best quality. He has opened the above  
Establishment, trusting that considerable ex-  
perience in this line of business in St. John's, with  
great care and attention on his part, will in-  
sure him a share of public patronage and support.  
JOHN FENNEL, Jr.  
August 26.

WHOEVER harbours or employs  
RICHARD WALSH,  
the Shipped servant of EDWARD MAHER,  
of St. John's, Tailor, after this notice will be  
prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.  
**HOGSETT & FLOOD**  
Solicitors for  
Mr. EDWARD MAHER,  
August 20.

**LAURENCE GRUBERT,**  
BOOT & SHOE MAKER,  
TAKES LEAVE to inform his friends and  
the public that he has recommenced busi-  
ness in his native place, having had considerable  
experience in Canada, he trusts by strict at-  
tention to business, to merit and obtain a share  
of public patronage.  
Harbour Grace, June 23, 1857

**Warren, Brothers.**  
ST. JOHN'S.....NEWFOUNDLAND  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GENERAL  
AGENTS  
C. S. WARREN  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
Agents Canada Life Assurance Company

**BRITANIA LIFE Assurance Co**

1, PRINCESS STREET, BANK,  
ESTABLISHED—183  
Empowered by Special Act of Parli-  
ment, Vict. cap. IX.  
ADVANTAGES OF THIS INSTITUTION  
INCREASING RATES OF PREMIUM.  
A Table especially adapted to the securing of  
Loans or Debts, and to all other cases whereof  
Policy may be required for a temporary purpose  
only, but which may be kept up, if necessary,  
throughout the whole term of Life.  
HALF-CREDIT RATES OF PREMIUM.  
Credit given for half the amount of the First  
Seven Annual Premiums, the amount of the un-  
paid Half-Premiums being deducted from the  
sum assured when the Policy becomes a claim.  
SUM ASSURED PAYABLE DURING LIFE.  
The amount payable at the death of the As-  
sured, if he die before attaining the age of sixty  
out to the assured himself, if he attain that age,  
thus combining a provision for old age with an  
assurance upon life.  
ORPHAN'S ENDOWMENT BRANCH.  
Established for the purpose of affording to  
parents and others the means of having Children  
educated and started in life, by securing annu-  
ties, to commence at the Parent's death, and  
to be paid until a child, if a son, shall attain his  
21st year, or, if a daughter, her 25th year of age.

BRITANNIA MUTUAL  
**LIFE ASSOCIATION.**  
1, PRINCES STREET, BANK, LONDON,  
INSITUATED—1839.  
Impowered by Her Majesty's Royal Letters  
Patent.

Annual Division of Profits—applied in reduc-  
tion of the current year's Premium.  
Policy-holders entitled to participate in the  
profits after payment of Five or Seven Annual  
Premiums according to the table of Rates se-  
lected.  
Premiums charged for every three months  
difference of age—not, as is usually the cases  
for every whole year only.  
Half Credit Policies granted on terms unusu-  
ally favourable to the assured, the amount of  
half premiums for which credit is given being  
liquidated out of the profits.  
At the last Annual General Meeting a reduc-  
tion 30 per centum was made in the current  
year's premium on all participating Policies.  
Age of the Assured in every case admitted in  
the Policy.  
Medical Attendants remunerated in all cases  
of the Reports.

Age.	Quarterly Premium.		Half Yearly Premium.		Annual Premium.	
	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0
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11	0	0	0	0	0	0
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54	0	0	0	0	0	0
55	0	0	0	0	0	0
56	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	0	0	0	0	0	0
59	0	0	0	0	0	0
60	0	0	0	0	0	0

Detailed prospectuses, and every requisite infor-  
mation as to the mode of effecting Assurances  
may be obtained upon application to  
**ROBERT PROWE,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
Agent for Newfoundland  
January  
**NOTICE.**  
PERSONS having claims against the estate  
of the late Isabella Richards are reques-  
ted to furnish them to the subscribers:  
Harbour Grace } John Richards } Executors.  
May 13 1857. } Robert Walsh }



# THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN

## SELECT POETRY.

God's Blessing on them.

BY CHARLES WILTON.

God's blessings on them!—those old saints  
Who battled hard and long;  
Who cleft in twain a stubborn chain,  
And conquered might and wrong!  
O Time! revere their sanctity,  
Not let their glory cease  
For by mortal victory  
They sealed immortal peace.

God's blessings on them—those stout hearts  
In these advancing days,  
Who seek to guide the progress stride  
From errors countess sways!  
O be their track a track of light,  
The onward march of man,  
The wise to shape our step aright—  
The good to lead the van.

God's blessing on them—one and all,  
Of every rank and clime,  
Who strive to aid the stern crusade  
Against the growth of crime!  
O be their names a rallying cry  
For ages yet to come,  
A word whose echo shall not die  
Till nature's self be dumb.

### THE ATROCITIES AT DELHI.

The following letter is from a clergyman:

BANGALORE, July 4.

I began writing you an account by the last mail of this terrible outbreak in the Bengal Presidency, and I have determined to give you a brief outline of what further has been perpetrated, as Englishmen ought to be in possession of facts, lest there should be any squeamishness about the punishment in store for the brutal and diabolical mutiners.

We have had an awful time of it, I can assure you, though we ourselves have been mercifully kept from alarm or danger. No words can express the feeling of horror which prevades society in India, we hear so many private accounts of the tragedy, which are too sickening to repeat. The cruelties committed by the wretches exceed all belief.

No European man, woman, or child has had the slightest mercy shown them. I do not believe that the world ever witnessed more hellish torments than have been inflicted on our poor fellow-country-women. At Allahabad they have rivalled the atrocities of Delhi. I cannot tell you the cruelties these demons have been guilty of—cutting off the fingers and toes of little children, joint by joint, in sight of their parents, who were reserved for similar treatment afterwards. I told you how gallantly our Madras Fusiliers, poor J—'s regiment, has behaved; one hundred of them, under Col. Neil, killed six hundred and fifty mutineers. I saw a letter from one of the officers yesterday. He says that no imagination can depict the scenes he witnessed when he arrived at Benares. All the troops were in a state of revolt. They saved Benares. The whole of the Bengal officers were paralysed with terror and astonishment; so Col. Neil assumed the command and proceeded to the most summary measures, cutting off whole regiments. All the ladies were crowded into one room, with wounded and dying men, and from the window the sight that greeted his eye was a row of gallooses, on which the energetic colonel was hanging mutineer after mutineer, as they were brought in. After restoring some little order at Benares, on went the gallant Fusiliers towards Allahabad; thermometer above 100 deg.; 30, and even 40 mile marches; no supplies to be had living on flour and water. On reaching Allahabad at night the whole cantonment was in a blaze. The regiments had already mutinied, and slaughtered their officers with unheard of cruelty. The Sikhs had not actually mutinied, but they assisted the rebel regiments in pillaging the houses of Europeans. This Sikh regiments plied the fatigued Fusiliers with liquor and the scene of dirt, drunkenness, and wretchedness baffled all description. The officers of the Fusiliers went to the Sikh lines and bought up all the liquor they could, to prevent the men from getting it; and they bought chests of champagne, beer, &c., at four and eight annas (61 and 1s) a bottle. Now I hear the indefatigable Col. Neil is beginning to bring about some degree of order, and is hanging scores and scores of prisoners. But we get very little official tidings yet. I am longing to hear more, for I do not hesitate to affirm that each day of delay places all our lives in some jeopardy.

### THE MUTINY AT ALLAHABAD.

EXTRACT FROM THE LETTER OF A CIVIL SERVANT.  
We were told off on our guard, and had laid ourselves down on our beds (those who were not on watch), when about half-past nine we heard firing in the station, and on the alarm bugle being sounded we ran up to the ramparts in breathless silence. The firing grew heavier and we all thought that the insurgents had entered the stations, and were being beaten off by

the regiment. So steady was the musketry, regular file firing; on, on it continued, volley after volley. 'Oh, we all said, 'those gallant sepoy are beating off the rebels,' for the firing grew fainter in the distance, as if they were driving a force out of the station. But before long the sad truth was known. Harwood rode in, bringing the tidings that the wretched sepoy had risen, had seized his guns, and had marched them up to the station. He had escaped, and had run up to poor Alexander's camp, who emptied on his horse and rode up towards the lines, with as many of his men as could be got ready; he had been caught in an ambush by a body of sepoy lying in wait in an empty tank, and was killed by a musket being placed to his side, blowing out his heart. His body was brought in later in the night, and I gave his hand a last shake, and shed tears over his bed. The officers were at mess when the wretches sounded the alarm bugle to bring them to the parade, and shot them down right and left! Wretched murderers, may they receive their reward! Nine poor little ensigns doing duty with the regiment were bayoneted to death in the mess-room, and three of the officers who escaped heard their cries as they passed! poor boys, who had never given offence to any native, nor caused dissatisfaction to the sepoy. Five officers were shot belonging to the regiment, besides the poor boys. Birch and Innes, with the sergeant-major, in all 17 military men, many merchants, and others were most cruelly butchered—in all fifty Europeans fell that night by the hands of the murderous sepoy. The treasury was plundered, the prisoners released from gaol, and the work of destruction commenced. The whole station was destroyed, house after house plundered and fired. What a night! Each moment we expected the Sikhs would turn on us, and then! . . . But the Almighty mercifully decreed otherwise. We disarmed the 6th guard, at the main gate, and found the villains with loaded capped muskets, ready to turn out; What an escape we had! Five officers came in, all having escaped in a wonderful manner—three naked, having had to swim the Ganges. We were all night under arms, and in the morning lay down on our cots sad and weary, each moment expecting to be called up. The streets of the city are about half a mile from the fort, and during the five following days troops of the rioters were to be seen rushing from place to place plundering and burning. Day and night we manned the ramparts in the hot blazing sun, and day and night the guns and mortars belched forth, throwing shell and grape shot, tearing down houses, and scattering the demons wherever they were seen.

### AMUCIDENT AT MEERUT.

The subjoined is a copy of a letter from Adolphus de Kantzow, who so greatly distinguished himself at Meerut. The governor General wrote him from Government House, Calcutta, June 7:—"I have just read, from a report of the magistrate at Mynpooree, the account of your conduct upon the occasion of the mutiny of a portion of the 9th regiment of Native Infantry at that station, on the 22nd ult. I have read it with an admiration and respect I cannot adequately describe. Young in years, and at the outset of your career, you have given your brother soldiers a noble example of courage, patience, good judgement, and temper from which many may profit. I beg you to believe it that it will never be forgotten by me."

The following is the lieutenant's own account of his exploit:—"I was returning from reconnoitring when information was brought me that five troopers of the 7th Light Cavalry were coming along the road. An immediate pursuit was of course ordered by me, and my 39 troopers tore away at full speed after me. I was just coming up to them, and had already let drive among the murdering villains, when lo! I came upon 200 of their comrades, all armed with swords and some with carbines. A smart fire was kept up at a distance of no more than 25 yards. What could 39 do against 200 regular troopers well horsed and armed, particularly when walked into by the bullets of 100 of the infantry? I ordered a retreat, but my cavalry could not get away from troopers mounted upon good stud bred horses; so we were soon overtaken, and then commenced the shindy in earnest; 12 troopers surrounded me, the first a Mahomedan priest, I shot through the breast just as he was cutting me down; this was my only pistol, so I was helpless as regards weapons save my sword; this guarded off a swinging cut given me by No. 2, as also another by No. 3 out the fun could not last. I bitterly mourned not having a couple of revolvers, for I could have shot every man. My sword was cut down and I got a slash on the head that blinded me another on the arm that glanced, and only took a slice off. The third caught me on the side, but also glanced and hit me sideways. I know not how I escaped. God only knows, as twelve against one were fearful odds, especially as I was mounted on a pony bare back. Escape, however, I did, and after many warm escapes, to numerous to mention, I got back here. Fourteen of my brave fellows were killed, four wounded, six missing, total 24 out of 39. Good odds, was it not?" He says, in another letter (referring, it is fancied, to his saving the gaol at

Mynpooree from destruction,) that he has been praised by the Major-General, Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, and his doings brought to the notice of the Governor-General; and he is now in command of the station of Mynpooree and the remains of three native regiments there—an irregular force in fact.

THE MUTINY IN INDIA.—We hear with much satisfaction that the sum of 20,000 rupees has been forwarded by the Lord Mayor to the Governor-General by the last mail as a first instalment resulting from the meeting at the Mansion House for the relief of our suffering countrymen in India.

A European woman at Meerut, living with a native, took part in all the horrors enacted there! She has been caught and hanged.

We hear with regret that the brave Lieutenant Willoughby, who blew up Delhi arsenal, and escaped wounded to Meerut, died there of the injuries he had sustained.

### ENGLAND.

The Queen is fond of excitement; she moves about with extraordinary rapidity. The cruise in the channel is followed by a journey to Scotland. On Thursday the Royal family arrived at Buckingham Palace from the Isle of Wight, and yesterday morning the illustrious party left the Great Northern Railway station at King's Cross for their autumn home in the Highlands. Last night her Majesty slept at Holyrood, and this morning will proceed to Balmoral. The middle of October is named as the time for the return of the Court to London.

It is satisfactory to know that the commerce of the country is progressing most favourably. The trade and navigation returns for July have been published, and the result is all that could be wished. During that month of the present year the exported produce amounted to £12,201,000; in the same month the previous year to £9,968,000; and in July, 1855, to £8,150,000. The increase is, therefore, more than eighty per cent. on the corresponding month of 1855, and about twenty per cent. on that of 1859. In the seven months of 1855 £63,936,000; so that the increase is about nine millions as compared with 1856, and twenty-two millions as compared with 1855. The import tables are also cheering. Most of the articles of domestic use show an increase in last year, especially tea, the more surprising considering the present position of affairs in China. The navigation returns are not less consolatory.

The laying down of the Atlantic Cable is delayed until next year. The engineering and scientific world are offering in the meantime every imaginable suggestion to ensure success. The officers in command of the ships that formed the telegraph squadron have given their individual experience and opinion, and they say in substance that they know of no nautical or physical obstacle to success. Improvements nevertheless, in the machinery for paying out the cable are suggested, but they repudiate the idea that any under or surface currents between Ireland and Newfoundland exist to interfere with the permanent safety of the cable. Professors Morse and Thompson declare that the cable in existence is the most perfect and best adapted for the work which ingenuity can devise, which they have tested by experience.

MISS MADELINE SMITH.—Miss Smith has sought retirement elsewhere. She has gone, we believe, to the south of England, for a permanent residence. Her departure was managed so quietly that it was scarcely known till some time after she was gone. She went on board the steamer at Rosneath on Friday last, and sailed up the river unnoticed, and had completed her journey before even those who were partially in the secret and on the look-out were aware of her movements. The morbid curiosity which seems to influence a large section of society has lately developed itself in an amazing quantity of letters, which were poured in upon this unhappy girl—letters, we believe of the most frivolous nature, and chiefly written with the view of securing her autograph. Among these epistles, she told a friend, were ten offers of marriage! If this be true—and there seems little doubt of it—we may blush at the moral degradation of the men who wrote them.—*Dumbarton Herald*.—The following letter has been handed to us for publication, but we do not vouch for its authenticity:—"You will be glad to hear that I am well—in fact, quite well—and my spirits not in the least cast down! I left Edinburgh and went to Slateford, and got home to Rowaleyn during the night; but, alas I found mamma in a bad state of health; but I trust in a short time all will be well with her. The feeling in the west is not so good towards me as you kind Edinburgh folks showed me. I rather think it will be necessary for me to leave Scotland for a few months, but mamma is so unwell we do not like to fix anything at present. If ever you see Mr. C. Combe, tell him the 'panel' was not pleased with the verdict. I was delighted with the loud cheer the court gave me. I did not feel in the least put about when the jury were out, considering

whether they would keep me or send me home. I think I must have had several hundred letters, all from gentlemen—some offering me consolation, and some their hearts and homes. My friend I have not seen Lim. I hear he has been ill; but I don't much care. I hope he will give me a note. Thank Miss B. and Agnes in my name for all their kindness and attention to me. I should like you to send me my bible and watch to 124, St Vincent-street, Glasgow, to J. Smith. The country is looking most lovely. As soon as I know my arrangements I shall let you know where I am to be sent to. With kind love to yourself and Mr. Smith, ever believe me, yours sincerely, MADELINE H. SMITH.—*Edinburgh North Briton*.

THE SIAMESE PRINCES EXPECTED.—Her Majesty's ship Caradoc has been waiting at Alexandria for the last three weeks to receive on board two princes from the famous kingdom of Siam, who are about to visit this country with a splendid embassy, for the purpose of entering into important commercial treaties with the British Government. They embarked on board her Majesty's ship Encounter at Bangkok, in the Gulf of Siam, bound for Red Sea. The Siamese princes being of royal rank, her Majesty's ship Desperate has been sent also to Alexandria, to salute them as soon as they arrive there. The recent operations in the China seas are making the power of England felt by the potentates, such as those of Siam, bordering on the Celestial dominions. A princely embassy from a rich populous and exclusive Oriental nation will be a great novelty here. One of the Kings of Siam, for their appears to be a double ruling sovereignty in that country, is an enlightened man, who takes great interest in the progress of science, and entertains great respect for the English nation.

### IRELAND.

Fresh riots have arisen in Belfast, out of the desire of the Roman Catholic party to suppress street preaching.

The Rev. Dr. Cahill calls upon the people of Ireland to forget even their religious differences and unite for tenant right.

On Sunday, 23rd, Doneybrook fair commenced. There were five or six tents in the field, and dancing commenced after two o'clock. Crowds from Dublin were present, but the people were most peaceable, and scarcely a drunken person was to be seen.

ENUMBERED ESTATES COURT.—The estate of Mr. Vincent Scully where unfortunate connection with the Tipperary Bank has involved, him in a sea of litigation, are to be sold in the Enumerated Estates Court in November next. The property lies in the counties of Tipperary and Cork, and comprises in the gross 3166 acres yielding a net rent of £2100 a year.

APPREHENSION AND COMMITTAL FOR TRIAL OF SPOLLEN.—James Spollen was re-arrested on Saturday the 22nd, at his lodgings in Exchange-street, on a charge of robbing the late Mr. Little. Spollen confessed to be greatly astonished at his recapture. On Monday he was brought up at the Chapel-street Police Office, and was committed for trial at the next commission for Dublin. Spollen's money and watch were returned to him.

SCARCITY OF WEAVERS.—So many weavers' both of cotton and linen fabrics, have been tempted by high wages to abandon, for the present, the loom for the sickle, that Belfast manufacturers have been obliged, in several instances, to curtail their make. One house in the militia line could only find looms for about twenty "chains" last week, instead of their usual issue of five times the number.

HOLLOWAYS OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Lacerations of the flesh, bruises and fractures, occasion comparatively little pain or inconvenience when regularly lubricated or dressed with Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it is invaluable a cooling application for the rashes, excoriations and scabious sores, to which children are liable, and mothers will find it the best preparation for alleviating the torture of a "broken breast." As a remedy for cutaneous diseases generally, as well as for ulcers, sores, boils, tumours and all scrofulous eruptions, it is incomparably superior to every other external remedy. The Pills, although Toronto, Quebec, Montreal, and our other chief towns, have a reputation, for the cure of dyspepsia, liver complaints, and disorders of the bowels; it is, in truth, co-extensive with the range of civilization.

### THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

Is Edited and Published every Wednesday, morning by GEORGE WEBBER, at his office water-street, opposite the Premises of W. DONNELLY Esq.

TERMS.—Fifteen Shillings per annum half in advance.

VOL.

Office

The following Board or Resolved be accounts Public Buildings has control, ordered by the secretary for Roads, or have authority work of any he written ary

NOTICE

THE notice on Green Harour, Iru was on the by one of a sive range. LIGHT, or high water, to sunrise, a seen from miles. Vess this Light of until Bond Jean, will g bertin—or w and bound i a moderate Rocks by st Green Isl long. 53,08

Board of W St. John's

F BEGS to those Carbonar w John's, and support for Grace.

Is now will the Chart, Town, on the should a suit forward to w time has alre tion of a ma MR. PAGES

Price 10 the exec A Harbour Gra

F

BY T His Premises

A D Shop

Two ground Ten seal ne land (well last day of

May 7th