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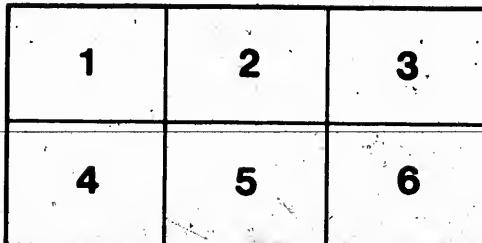
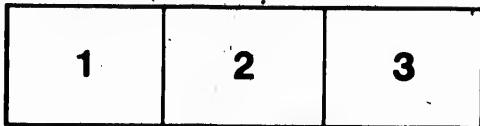
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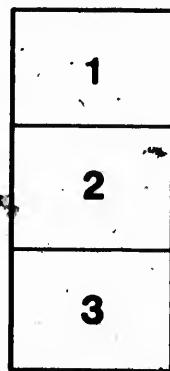
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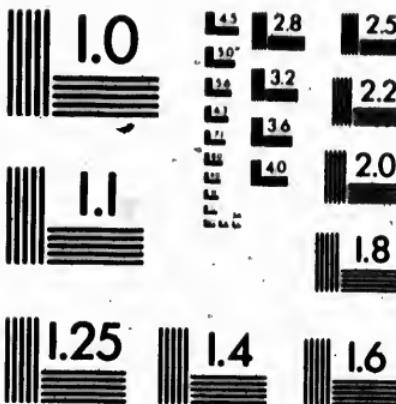
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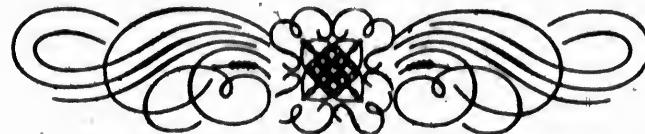
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P

THE
PRESBYTERIAN PSALMODY,
BEING A SELECTION OF TUNES FOR THE USE OF
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES, FAMILIES AND SCHOOLS,
THROUGHOUT CANADA.



Montreal :

PRINTED BY JOHN C. BECKET, NO. 22, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.
1861.

BR (S)

783.952

P 67

JUN 26 1973

A D D R E S S.

The Singing of Psalms is not an optional department of worship, but a divinely-appointed ordinance. It is pleasing to God, and profitable to his people; and, in every time of lively earnest religion—as in the earliest days of Christianity, and the period following the Reformation—much prominence has been given to exercises of united praise.

The primary duty is, to sing with the heart—for this is worship. But who does not recognize the propriety of singing with taste and understanding too?

The object of the present compilation is to facilitate the cultivation of Hallelujah Music. The thing we desire in the vocal praise of God, is, "grave, sweet melody." We are very far from approving the taste which, of late years, has produced and sanctioned so vast a multitude of Psalm and Hymn Tunes of a light and florid character,—full of involved passages, ambitious noise, and vain, irreverent repetitions. We would have them grave without gloom, simple without dulness, and cheerful without levity. The music we seek must be appropriate to worship—not to anything of operatic or theatrical display. In the following collection, therefore, will be found the Old Airs—so precious, not only for their intrinsic beauty, but also for their heart-stirring associations,—together with such modern compositions as have received a judicious and general approbation, and by their touching pathos or simple cheerfulness, subserve the great end of intelligent and harmonious worship.

There may be "bawling" in the Church—but there can be no true and pleasant "singing," until Congregations generally make this matter their study, and learn to sing. There are but few to whom the capacity has been entirely denied; and we hope the time is not far distant when all will learn to sing as regularly as they learn to read. The present collection is published with a view to meet the wants of many Families and Congregations; and to promote a general improvement in the vocal praises of the Church, that these may be more harmoniously celebrated by the worshippers at large, and not confined to little coteries or choirs of practised voices, while the people are dumb, or follow at a halting pace.

The excellent William Romaine, in an *Essay on Psalmody*, published A. D., 1775, keenly rebukes the practice of leaving this department of public worship to be "performed" before a congregation, not conducted intelligently,

honestly, and honestly by them :—” I have never even seen a congregation in which every one joined in singing. This is a very great abuse, because it is defeating the end of God’s institution. He commanded Psalms to be sung for mutual edification. It was to be the service of the whole Church. All were to join; whereas, among us, it is performed by none few, and they are sometimes set by themselves in a singing gallery, or in a corner of the church, where they sing to be admired for their sweet voices, and others hear them for their entertainment. This is a vile prostitution of Church Music, and contrary to the letter and spirit both of the Old Testament and the New.”

This however was, by its natural constitution, a set for clowns—Trotter, Operator Turner, Danse, and others. Trotter, who had this small division, the Second Ward in the present collection, is represented in five pieces....

Third.—The Counter-Tenor, or Basso-D'Uomo—to be sung by the deepest-voiced Tenor and highest bass voices.

...the more "appropriated" the deep-toned male voices, the more intelligent, interesting, and expressive they will be. In Congregational singing, a man, "singing" confusion of sound, so long as the air is resounding, by men, women, and children, a few, indeed, imagining that they sing the part, when they are only carrying out the air in a great noise.²

"O come, let us sing to the Lord; let us come before his presence with thanksgiving, and make a joyful noise unto him with psalms."

Monrovia, September, 1851. — Post of agent Mr. J. G. Davis, at port on River, 10 miles from town, and about 10 miles from coast. The port is situated on a small island, which is connected with the mainland by a bridge. The town is built on the mainland, and consists of a few houses, a church, and a school. The port is a small harbor, and is used for the exportation of cotton and other goods. The town is surrounded by a dense forest, and is situated on a hillside. The climate is warm and humid, and the soil is very fertile. The people are mostly black, and speak English as their native language. The town is governed by a council, and has a mayor. The currency is the United States dollar. The population is estimated at 1,000.

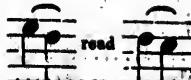
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INDEX.

V.	M. D. 1808, 33	12Y.	M. D. 1809, 33
X.	M. D. 1809, 33	13Y.	M. D. 1810, 33
VII.	M. D. 1810, 33	14Y.	M. D. 1811, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1811, 33	15Y.	M. D. 1812, 33
V.	M. D. 1812, 33	16Y.	M. D. 1813, 33
X.	M. D. 1813, 33	17Y.	M. D. 1814, 33
VII.	M. D. 1814, 33	18Y.	M. D. 1815, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1815, 33	19Y.	M. D. 1816, 33
V.	M. D. 1816, 33	20Y.	M. D. 1817, 33
X.	M. D. 1817, 33	21Y.	M. D. 1818, 33
VII.	M. D. 1818, 33	22Y.	M. D. 1819, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1819, 33	23Y.	M. D. 1820, 33
V.	M. D. 1820, 33	24Y.	M. D. 1821, 33
X.	M. D. 1821, 33	25Y.	M. D. 1822, 33
VII.	M. D. 1822, 33	26Y.	M. D. 1823, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1823, 33	27Y.	M. D. 1824, 33
V.	M. D. 1824, 33	28Y.	M. D. 1825, 33
X.	M. D. 1825, 33	29Y.	M. D. 1826, 33
VII.	M. D. 1826, 33	30Y.	M. D. 1827, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1827, 33	31Y.	M. D. 1828, 33
V.	M. D. 1828, 33	32Y.	M. D. 1829, 33
X.	M. D. 1829, 33	33Y.	M. D. 1830, 33
VII.	M. D. 1830, 33	34Y.	M. D. 1831, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1831, 33	35Y.	M. D. 1832, 33
V.	M. D. 1832, 33	36Y.	M. D. 1833, 33
X.	M. D. 1833, 33	37Y.	M. D. 1834, 33
VII.	M. D. 1834, 33	38Y.	M. D. 1835, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1835, 33	39Y.	M. D. 1836, 33
V.	M. D. 1836, 33	40Y.	M. D. 1837, 33
X.	M. D. 1837, 33	41Y.	M. D. 1838, 33
VII.	M. D. 1838, 33	42Y.	M. D. 1839, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1839, 33	43Y.	M. D. 1840, 33
V.	M. D. 1840, 33	44Y.	M. D. 1841, 33
X.	M. D. 1841, 33	45Y.	M. D. 1842, 33
VII.	M. D. 1842, 33	46Y.	M. D. 1843, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1843, 33	47Y.	M. D. 1844, 33
V.	M. D. 1844, 33	48Y.	M. D. 1845, 33
X.	M. D. 1845, 33	49Y.	M. D. 1846, 33
VII.	M. D. 1846, 33	50Y.	M. D. 1847, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1847, 33	51Y.	M. D. 1848, 33
V.	M. D. 1848, 33	52Y.	M. D. 1849, 33
X.	M. D. 1849, 33	53Y.	M. D. 1850, 33
VII.	M. D. 1850, 33	54Y.	M. D. 1851, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1851, 33	55Y.	M. D. 1852, 33
V.	M. D. 1852, 33	56Y.	M. D. 1853, 33
X.	M. D. 1853, 33	57Y.	M. D. 1854, 33
VII.	M. D. 1854, 33	58Y.	M. D. 1855, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1855, 33	59Y.	M. D. 1856, 33
V.	M. D. 1856, 33	60Y.	M. D. 1857, 33
X.	M. D. 1857, 33	61Y.	M. D. 1858, 33
VII.	M. D. 1858, 33	62Y.	M. D. 1859, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1859, 33	63Y.	M. D. 1860, 33
V.	M. D. 1860, 33	64Y.	M. D. 1861, 33
X.	M. D. 1861, 33	65Y.	M. D. 1862, 33
VII.	M. D. 1862, 33	66Y.	M. D. 1863, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1863, 33	67Y.	M. D. 1864, 33
V.	M. D. 1864, 33	68Y.	M. D. 1865, 33
X.	M. D. 1865, 33	69Y.	M. D. 1866, 33
VII.	M. D. 1866, 33	70Y.	M. D. 1867, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1867, 33	71Y.	M. D. 1868, 33
V.	M. D. 1868, 33	72Y.	M. D. 1869, 33
X.	M. D. 1869, 33	73Y.	M. D. 1870, 33
VII.	M. D. 1870, 33	74Y.	M. D. 1871, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1871, 33	75Y.	M. D. 1872, 33
V.	M. D. 1872, 33	76Y.	M. D. 1873, 33
X.	M. D. 1873, 33	77Y.	M. D. 1874, 33
VII.	M. D. 1874, 33	78Y.	M. D. 1875, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1875, 33	79Y.	M. D. 1876, 33
V.	M. D. 1876, 33	80Y.	M. D. 1877, 33
X.	M. D. 1877, 33	81Y.	M. D. 1878, 33
VII.	M. D. 1878, 33	82Y.	M. D. 1879, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1879, 33	83Y.	M. D. 1880, 33
V.	M. D. 1880, 33	84Y.	M. D. 1881, 33
X.	M. D. 1881, 33	85Y.	M. D. 1882, 33
VII.	M. D. 1882, 33	86Y.	M. D. 1883, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1883, 33	87Y.	M. D. 1884, 33
V.	M. D. 1884, 33	88Y.	M. D. 1885, 33
X.	M. D. 1885, 33	89Y.	M. D. 1886, 33
VII.	M. D. 1886, 33	90Y.	M. D. 1887, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1887, 33	91Y.	M. D. 1888, 33
V.	M. D. 1888, 33	92Y.	M. D. 1889, 33
X.	M. D. 1889, 33	93Y.	M. D. 1890, 33
VII.	M. D. 1890, 33	94Y.	M. D. 1891, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1891, 33	95Y.	M. D. 1892, 33
V.	M. D. 1892, 33	96Y.	M. D. 1893, 33
X.	M. D. 1893, 33	97Y.	M. D. 1894, 33
VII.	M. D. 1894, 33	98Y.	M. D. 1895, 33
VIII.	M. D. 1895, 33	99Y.	M. D. 1896, 33
V.	M. D. 1896, 33	100Y.	M. D. 1897, 33
X.	M. D. 1897, 33		

ERRATUM.

In first measure of the Treble of St. Neot's; for



XLV **LVI** **XVII** **LX** **V**
XIV **LI** **XVIII** **LIX** **XXI**
XIII **LI** **XIX** **LX** **XXII**
XII **LI** **XVII** **LXI** **XXIII**
XI **LI** **XVI** **LXII** **XXIV**
X **LI** **XV** **LXIII** **XXV**
IX **LI** **XIV** **LXIV** **XXVI**
VIII **LI** **XIII** **LXV** **XXVII**
VII **LI** **XII** **LXVI** **XXVIII**
VI **LI** **XI** **LXVII** **XXIX**
V **LI** **X** **LXVIII** **XXX**
IV **LI** **IX** **LXVIX** **XXXI**
III **LI** **VI** **LXVII** **XXXII**
II **LI** **V** **LXVIII** **XXXIII**
I **LI** **IV** **LXVIX** **XXXIV**



No. 9. 1st Version.

I.—OLD HUNDRED.—L. M.

Martin Luther,
OMK 1648.

Clef. Treble.
Key. F major.
Time. Common Time.

Upper.

All peo - ple that on earth do dwell, Sing to the Lord with cheer - ful voice,

Him serve with mirth, his praise forth tell, Come ye be - fore him and re - joice.

Po. 2288 1-4.

III.—FRENCH. O. M.

G. French, 1848.

I - to - the hills will lift mine eyes, From whence doth come mine aid,
My safe - ty com - eth from the Lord, Who heav'n and earth hath made.

III.—**S.** GEORGE'S CHURCH—C.M.D.

Dr. Andrew
Thomson.

The musical score consists of six staves. The top three staves represent the vocal parts: Soprano (S.), Alto (A.), and Bass (B.). The bottom three staves represent the piano accompaniment. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C'). The vocal parts begin with a melodic line, followed by lyrics. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

Ye gates, lift up your heads on high; Ye doors that last for ever,

Be lifted up that so the King Of glo-ry on - ter may;

St. GEORGES EDINBURGH Continued

A handwritten musical score for St. George's Edinburgh, Continued. The score consists of six staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in common time. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first two staves have lyrics: "But who of glory is the King? The mighty Lord is this," and "Ev'n that same Lord that great is might, and strong in bat. He is,". The remaining four staves do not have visible lyrics.

But who of glory is the King? The mighty Lord is this,

Ev'n that same Lord that great is might, and strong in bat. He is,

Saint GEORGE'S MARCH - Continued.

Ev'n that same Lord that great in might and strong in bat - the b

At the commencement of the Second Strophe of the next verse, the following variation is necessary.

But who will be that in the King, The King of glo - ry, who is this:

ST. GEORGE'S EDINBURGH. - Continued.

Ha - lo - ja - lab, Ha - lo - la - lab, Hal - lo - la - lab,

Ha - lo - ha - lab, Hal - lo - lo - lab, A - man, A - man, A - man.

Psalms 14-16.

W.—BEDFORD.—C.M.

By Wm.
Owen.

A handwritten musical score for two voices, likely soprano and alto, in common time. The music is arranged in four systems, each consisting of two staves. The top staff of each system begins with a bass clef, while the bottom staff begins with an alto clef. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns, with occasional sixteenth-note figures and rests. The lyrics are written below the music, corresponding to the notes. The first system's lyrics are: "O great - ly bles - sed the peo - ple (we are) The joy - ful sound that we know;". The second system's lyrics are: "In mod - e - bright ness of thy face, O Lord. They ev - er shall go.

PAGE. 15-16.
PART MUSIC

V. S. STADTMUeller. No. 2000.

No. 2000.

Tell word I In my heart have had, That I of God not thou,

On Land where by we was of art, Thy love more than me.

No. 106.

VI.—MARTYREDOM.—C.M.

One hundred
verses.

A handwritten musical score for a four-part choir (SATB) in common time (C.M.). The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a different key signature (F major, G major, C major, F major, B-flat major, A major, E major, and B-flat major). The lyrics are written below the staves, corresponding to the notes. The lyrics are as follows:

Be - more - el - li - u - o Gd! Thy mor - ay - u - le - m - e -

Do - then ex - tend; be - cause my soul for - beth (put her) trust in thine.

Bar 6

VII - HAMPTON 78 M.



Psalm 104. v. 10.

THE EASTER Hymn.

Sainte Anne.

A handwritten musical score for four voices and piano. The score consists of four staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The top two staves represent the soprano and alto voices, while the bottom two represent the tenor and bass voices. The piano part is located at the bottom of the page. The lyrics, written in cursive ink, are as follows:

O come, let us sing unto the Lord: Come, let us sing unto the Lord:
Sing unto the Lord, O ye saints of God: Sing unto the Lord, O ye saints of God:
Sing unto the Lord, O ye saints of God: Sing unto the Lord, O ye saints of God:
Sing unto the Lord, O ye saints of God: Sing unto the Lord, O ye saints of God:

IX. MARSHALLS! O H. M.

Dr. Samuel Breckinridge
October 1880.

Let all the earth: on - to the Lord stand forth in joy - ful noise.



Then your voices a - loud in him, sing praise and sol - i - jude.



No. VIII. 1-4.

X.—LONDON NEW.—C. M.

John Knox's Psalms,
Edinburgh, 1685.

A handwritten musical score for four staves, likely for a four-part choir or organ. The music is in common time and uses a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass clef. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The score consists of eight measures of music, followed by a repeat sign and another eight measures.

O then my soul, bless God the Lord;
And all that in me is

Be stir - ed up his ho - ly name To mag - ni - fy and Name.

Po. 282. C. M.

XI.—INVOCATION.—C. M. D.

R. A. Smith.

O send thy light forth and thy truth,
Let them be golden to me,
And
bring me to thine ho - ly hill.
Ev'n where thy dwell - ings be,
Then will I.

A. Smith.

INVOCATION.—Continued.

The musical score consists of four staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The lyrics are integrated into the music as follows:

- Staff 1: "To God's al - lar ge, To God my chief-est joy! You God, my God, thy
- Staff 2: "name to praise, My harp, My harp, My harp I will em - play, I will em - play.
- Staff 3: (No lyrics)
- Staff 4: (No lyrics)

XII.—S. ANDREW'S.—C.M.

Rev. Inv. 4-4.

A page of musical notation featuring four staves of music. The lyrics are integrated into the music as follows:
Staff 1: "Hark how it's - doi - ing here a - berry,"
Staff 2: "With songs sur - round the thron - e,"
Staff 3: "The throned ones and are their tongues, But all their hearts are one."
The music consists of quarter notes and rests, primarily in common time with a key signature of one sharp.

R. M. A. A.

XIII.—DUNDEE.—C. M.

110.

A handwritten musical score for a hymn tune. The title "XIII.—DUNDEE.—C. M." is at the top center. The key signature is C major (no sharps or flats). The music consists of eight staves of four-line staff paper. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, the next two with a bass clef, and the final four with a tenor clef. The notes are primarily eighth notes, with some sixteenth notes and quarter notes. The lyrics are written below the staves:

All, for thy lov-ing kind-ness, Lord, Have merc-y w·th me;

For thy own-pas-sions great, blest out All mine in · I qu . ey.

XIV.—ST. THOMAS.—C.M.

A handwritten musical score for three voices in common time. The music is written on five-line staves. The top staff is soprano, the middle staff is alto, and the bottom staff is bass. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines. The music consists of two systems of four measures each. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive hand. The first system's lyrics are: "How glorious His name now ap-pears, The glo-ry of our God!" The second system's lyrics are: "His throne he hath es-tab-lish'd here, Where shall his pow'r be-hold?" The score includes various musical markings such as fermatas, slurs, and dynamic signs like 'f' (fortissimo) and 'p' (pianissimo).

A handwritten musical score consisting of four staves of music. The music is written in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are in Old English and are as follows:

Lord! bless and h - ly us, Shind on us all with thy grace;
That is throu thy way god on - tions all May we know thy saving grace.

XVI.—ST. JAMES.—C.M.

GOSPEL

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff is for Soprano (S.) and the bottom staff is for Bass (B.). The music is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature is C major (indicated by a 'M'). The vocal parts are written in soprano and bass clefs respectively. The lyrics are as follows:

Soprano: Lord God of hosts, my pray - or - er, O Je - sus Christ, give us.

Bass: And God our child, look on the poor, for them a - min - ed dost.

XVII. HEBRON.—L. M. 2.

L. Morris.

O Lord thou art my God and King, Thou will I sing - thy and praise;

I will thee bless, and glad - ly sing Unto thy ho - ly name al - ways.

XVIII.—St. GEORGE'S.—C. M.

Let earth, and all that live there in, With love - ness for the Lord; Let
all the world's ha - ba - bi - tants, Let all the world's in - ha - bi - tants, Dived him with one co - cord.

Psalm 10

KIK-COUTAR C.M.

From John Green's
Primer, 1855.

The image shows a handwritten musical score for two voices. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The music consists of eight measures. The lyrics are written below the notes:

O give us m . le my wryde O Lord, My m . a . n . the night.
How my ^ load a wry my King my God, For I to then all aye.

XX.—ST. GREGORY.—C.M.

Dr. Wm. H. Dugdale



XXI.—LUTZEN.—C.M.

Martin Luther

F. H. M. 5-10

The mighty Lord is on my side, I will not be afraid.
For a - ny thing that man can do, I shall not be dismay'd.

Po. cl. 1-4

XXII. BALLERMA.—C. M.

Spanish Melody
of 16th Century.

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are written below the third and fourth staves. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, while the last two begin with a bass clef. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano).

I wait-ed for the Lord my God,
And pa-tient-ly did bear;

At length to me he did in-cline. My voice and cry to hear.

XXII.—UXBRIDGE.—L.M.

A musical score for the hymn "UXBRIDGE". The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The vocal line is in soprano C-clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass F-clef. The lyrics are printed below the vocal line in two stanzas:

Ye in - dol - ent and moth - ful rise, View the ant's la - bur and be wise.

She has no guide to point her way, No rail - or chil ding her de - lay.

XXIV.—ELGIN.—C. M.

A handwritten musical score for two voices in common time (C.M.). The music is written on four staves, each consisting of five horizontal lines. The top two staves are for the soprano voice, and the bottom two are for the basso voice. The notes are represented by vertical stems with small circles at the top, indicating pitch. The vocal parts are accompanied by a piano part, which is indicated by a treble clef and a bass clef positioned above the piano staff. The lyrics are written below the corresponding notes. The first section of lyrics reads: "Je - ho - vah bear thee in the day When trou - ble be - forth com - eth". The second section of lyrics reads: "And let the name of Ja - cob's God Thee from all ill do - send". The score is enclosed in a rectangular border.

XXV.—FALCON GENEVE, S.M.

Hand Books.

Musical score for the first system of the hymn 'FALCON GENEVE'. The score consists of four staves of music. The lyrics are written below the third staff:

They shall be brought with joy, And march on ev'ry day.

Musical score for the second system of the hymn 'FALCON GENEVE'. The score consists of four staves of music. The lyrics are written below the third staff:

In it is the palace of the King, And there they shall abide.

A handwritten musical score for piano solo, featuring four staves of music with corresponding lyrics. The music is written in common time, with various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are as follows:

As - tend, ye tribes that dwell re - mote, Ye tribes at hand give ear;

Tears, right in heart a - lone have hope, The tales in heart bring a - fear,

M. XXXVII.—SIXTYTHREE.—C.M. 7/8.

By. G. C. Smith

Lord there is none among the gods That may with thee com - pare.

And how the works that thou hast done, Not in my weak understandings.

XXVIII.—THE QUALITY—L. M.

Page 10 of 10

卷之三

When high time hours - by him, per se, slender. The hours of and set

July 1960 - The great high price was \$20 million weekly. The guardian

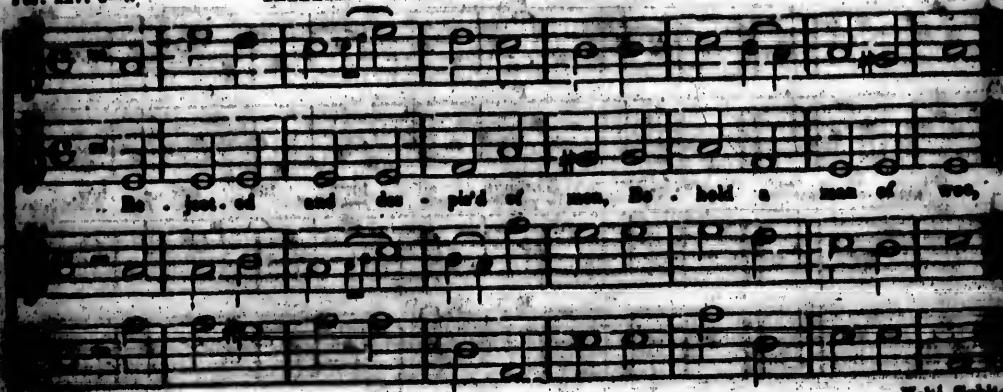
TRANQUILLITY.—Continued.



P. 11v. 6-7.

XXIX.—PAISLEY ABBEY.—C. M.

R. A. Smith.

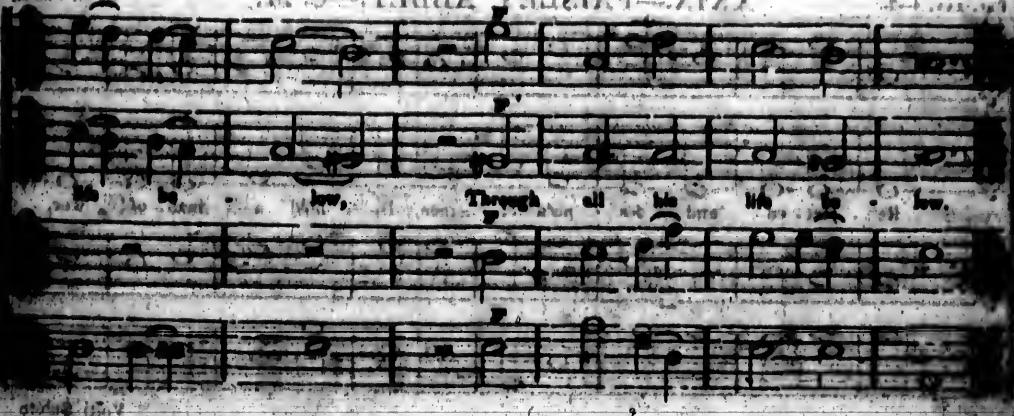


Vocal Score

PASLEY ARRIVED - Continued.



XIX - PASLEY ARRIVED - C.W.



XXX.—ARTS AND CRAFTS OF MUSIC

A musical score for a hymn or spiritual song. The top section consists of four staves of music for voices, with lyrics in italics: "I love the Lord who doth own my soul and I may - see the did - hear." Below this is a single staff of music for a piano or harp, featuring a bass line and a treble melody. The bottom section contains two staves of music for voices, with lyrics: "I, while I live, will call on him, Who brou'd to me his love."

Worship

XIX.—WORSHIP. — 8.M.

Worship

Our God shall come, & his enemies, & keep all knees shall bow to him.

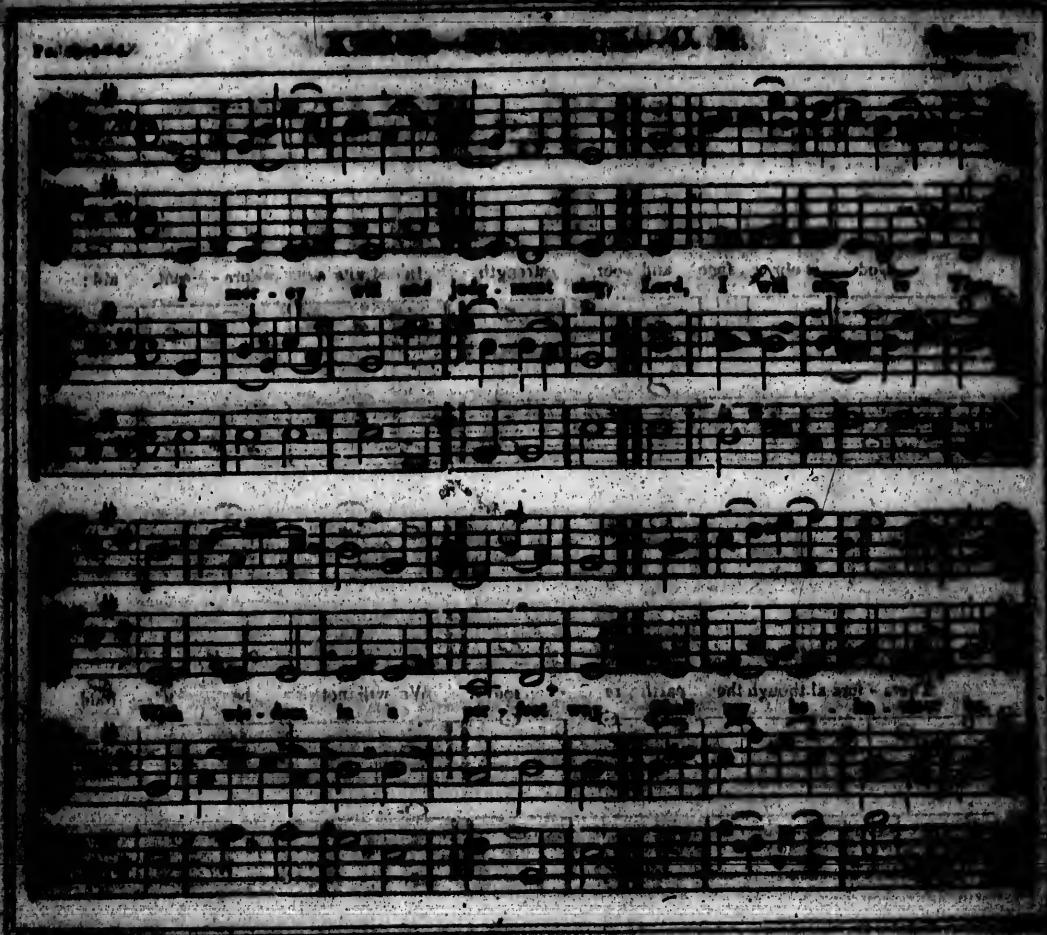
Do, free him the child wrote, great stories should record it. boast him be

A musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are for the voices, and the bottom two staves are for the piano. The music is in common time. The vocal parts are in soprano and alto range. The piano part includes bass and treble clef staves. The lyrics are printed below the vocal staves. The score is numbered XXXII at the top center.

And in our re-fuge and our strength,
In straits a-^{way} and aid;

They are al-though the earth to - mote,
We will not be -







Panama City.

XXIV. THE AMERICAN MUSEUM

1907.

How to get the most out of the White, Yellow and Black Birds of Panama.

How to get the most out of the White, Yellow and Black Birds of Panama.

SONG BY

170. *THE ROSE AND THE REX.*



Permit

KODAK SAFETY FILM
C. M.

A. A. Thomas

Look forward where there is the hope of a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

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see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

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see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

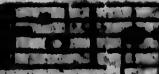
see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

see the day when we will have a field going up they said we will

S. Thompson

MONDAY IN THE MORNING

1860



The world will be well educated
And he will live who will



We need the world to be well educated
And he will live who will



We need the world to be well educated
And he will live who will



THE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE.

This will I proclaim with all my heart And will sing by praises over these



These things are of me - not of man. All that I have I give to you.



XXXIX.—SHENANDJOS. M.

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves are in common time. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano). The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first section of lyrics is: "What man is he that hateth the Lord, and doth him serve?" The second section of lyrics is: "Him shall we teach the way that he shall choose, and will ob-serve."

What man is he that hateth the Lord, and doth him serve?

Him shall we teach the way that he shall choose, and will ob-serve.

XII.—DIXIT DOMINA L. M.



Good unto all men is the Lord; Over all his works his name is by.



Every man shall praise the name of the Lord; They who O Lord, thy name shall know.



XLII.—PETERBOROUGH.—G.M.

A musical score for Psalm 4, Peterborough G.M. setting. The score consists of two systems of music, each with four staves. The music is in common time and uses a soprano C-clef. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first system contains the lyrics: "Praise ye gods for these in - in my land! To these nowe paid shall be." The second system contains the lyrics: "O thou that hear-est all my pray'r; All saints shall come to thee."

Praise ye gods for these in - in my land! To these nowe paid shall be.

O thou that hear-est all my pray'r; All saints shall come to thee.

Long hath the night of sin now a night'd. The dawn shall bring us light;

God shall appear and we shall rise, With gladness like the night.

KUMLA KIRK HURDLESON - OM. IX.

Rev. W. F. Jones

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive script. The first line of lyrics reads: "Be kind and meek, like the gift of love, The Father has both his sons". The second line of lyrics reads: "On earth as in the heaven, we may see the love of God". The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

Revised

XLIV.—HODDERFIELD.—C.M.

Rev. W. H. Park
O.M.

When ye that wait upon the rising Whirl-wind are born,

Then we stand in awe of you, O Lord, our God.

Then we stand in awe of you, O Lord, our God.

Then we stand in awe of you, O Lord, our God.

Then we stand in awe of you, O Lord, our God.

Then we stand in awe of you, O Lord, our God.

XLV.—Dr. H. M. STEPHENS.—C. M.

Common Metre

How still and peace - ful is the grave! Where, who - will be - quiet

Tran - scribed hymn by H. M. Ste - phens, Esq., all rights reserved.

PI. NO. 10-2.

XLVI. SWEET SHELDON C.M.

WILLIAM BRADLEY
OLIVE BRADLEY

A musical score for two voices and piano. The top section consists of three staves: two for voices (soprano and alto) and one for piano. The piano staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The vocal parts also have a common time signature. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves. The bottom section consists of two staves: one for bass and one for piano. The bass staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The piano staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics continue from the top section.

Top section lyrics:

How blest O Lord most glo - ri - ous, An - cond-ed up on high;

Bottom section lyrics:

And in tri - umph to the morn ing land. O'er - thine ev - er - al vi - ty

XLVII.—WILMINGTON L.M.

Dr. C. G.

As long as life the sum of . . . leads, Major's West do . . . will be . . . ver ends,

From while the land . . . to . . . born, The great . . . the . . . may . . . here.

PIANO 1-4.

ELVIRIA'S FESTIVAL - O.M.

PIANO 1-4.

ABR'D. This is the first and last strain when no strings. Let all the strings play quietly.

Now when the strings play, let them be heard and make.

XLIX.—ST. LAWRENCE.—C. M.

Tune Teacher
GOD IS WITH US

A handwritten musical score for a single voice, likely soprano, consisting of five staves of music. The music is in common time and C major. The lyrics are written below the staves:

The name of God I will sing Most cheerfully will sing

And I sing my best thanks to him His name shall high

POLYGRAPHIC-11.

L. - OCTOBER 1873 - C.M.

Arranged by G. R. Ward

My burden is now I know thy love Through thy hand, my dear,

Humble Lord, to hear, thy spirit fills me with thy love

Humble Lord, to hear, thy spirit fills me with thy love

L.M. COMMUNIONAL-L.M.

Dr. M. M.

The musical score consists of four staves of music, likely for organ or piano. The lyrics are written below the staves:

Twas on that night when dawn'd to know The on-gos-ing of ev'ry-
thing

THIS night on which he was b-i-thay'd, The boun-ties of the world took him.

LAT. AND JAPANESE MUSIC

The musical score consists of four systems of music, each with two staves. The top staff of each system is for the soprano voice, and the bottom staff is for the alto voice. The piano part is represented by a single staff at the bottom of each system, with various dynamics and performance instructions. The lyrics are written in both Latin and Japanese. The first system's lyrics are:

He who has seen the sun
will dream as in a poet's land,
the rock of ages goes around;

The second system's lyrics are:

He who has seen the sun
cannot see the moon,
for leaves the working of his hands.

The third system's lyrics are:

He who has seen the sun
will dream as in a poet's land,
the rock of ages goes around;

The fourth system's lyrics are:

He who has seen the sun
cannot see the moon,
for leaves the working of his hands.

LIII.—NEW ST. THOMAS.—S.M.

A handwritten musical score for the hymn "New St. Thomas". The score consists of six staves of music, each with four measures. The key signature is S.M. (common time). The lyrics are written below the third and fifth staves. The third staff contains the lyrics: "What man is this that comes The Lord, and who has seen?" The fifth staff contains the lyrics: "He shall be taught the way that he shall choose, and still ob-serve."

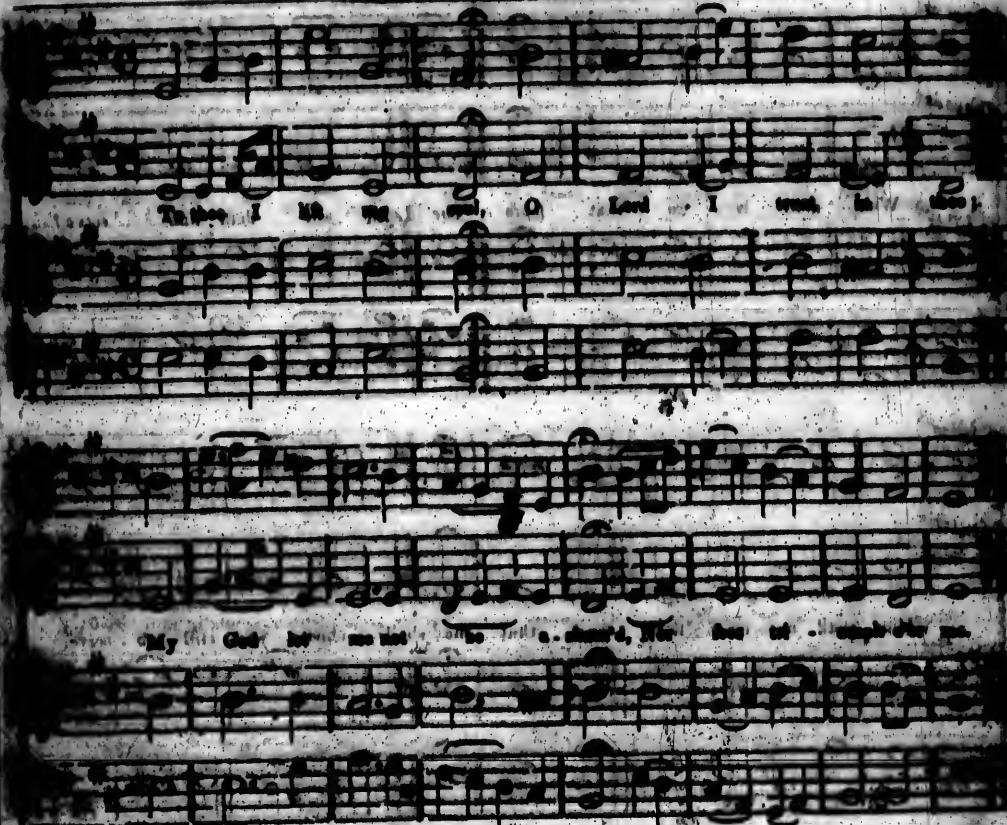
What man is this that comes The Lord, and who has seen?

He shall be taught the way that he shall choose, and still ob-serve.

Ps. 100. 1-4
In Praise

WALTON'S HANDBOOK OF MUSIC

1860



LV.—NOTTINGHAM.—COM.

BANTW.

Great is the Lord, and great - ly he is to be praised still;

With in the ci - ty of our God, Up - on his ho - ly

LULL - THE MASTERSAL - G.M.

In them let all be glad, And joy their souls, And sing;
In them who thy miseries have, They will, God, praise.

LVII.—CAROLINE—D.M.

A musical score for "Caroline" in D major (D.M.). The score consists of two staves of music, each with four measures. The lyrics are written below the first staff.

All who they will get out the most out, They have hide from my wife,

Create a new body don't know A right spirit in me will be A right spirit in me will be

1870

L VIII.—OLD TESTAMENT.—P. M.

Morse and Bowles Publishers,
Concord, Mass.

Now, Is, is - of al ways, says, and that I am - ly. 21. That the Lord had, not our wrongs made,

and that And that, not our righteas - ness, whose are - sh - ness, are -

OLD 143D.—Continued.



Roos Hill.
2d Version.

LXIX.—OLD 143D.—P. M.

Knox's Psalms.
Edinburgh, 1800



Vocal Score.

OLD 100. - Continued.

A handwritten musical score for "Old 100" continued. The score consists of two staves of music. The top staff is for a soprano voice and the bottom staff is for a bassoon. The music is written in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are written below the notes. The first section of lyrics is:

out, I
hum. By these re - quies; And
in thy faith - ful - ness, Up

The second section of lyrics is:

to me, an - ever make, And, In thy righteous - ness, Up - on me, I - take,

LX.—ST. STEPHEN'S.—C. M.

Give thanks and thal - - to the Lord, For he is al - - ly;
His ten - der merc - -y will on - - dure Un - - to e - - ter - - ni - -ty.

P.M. 190-174

LIL. S. NOTES. - U.M.

O let my ear - now pray'r and thy Come near be . Ann, thou, Lord;
Give us , dor - stand - ing in - to me, As - cord - ing to thy word.

LXII.—ASCENSION.—L. M.

John Brown.

A handwritten musical score for a four-part choir. The music is written on five staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The voices are labeled 'Soprano', 'Alto', 'Tenor', and 'Bass'. The soprano and alto parts sing in unison at the beginning, while the tenor and bass provide harmonic support. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first two staves contain the lyrics: 'Therefore my mouth and lips I'll frame To speak the prais - es of the Lord.' The last two staves contain the lyrics: 'To sing - in - fy his ho - ly name, For ev - er let $\text{H}\ddot{\text{E}}$ flesh as - cord.'

Lord:

word.

LXIII.—St. DAVID'S.—C. M.

Recessional.
One beat.

A handwritten musical score for "St. David's" hymn in common time (C. M.). The score consists of six staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The music is written in a soprano-like vocal style with eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, while the remaining four staves begin with a bass clef. The lyrics are:

O taste and see that God is good;
Who trusts in him is blessed.

Fear God his saints: none that him fear
Shall be with want op - proved.

LXIV.—WIRKSWORTH.—S.M.

The musical score consists of four staves of handwritten music. The top two staves are for the soprano voice, and the bottom two are for the mezzo-voice. The music is written in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are separated by a vertical bar line. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive hand. The first section of lyrics is: "My sins and faults of youth Do thou, O Lord forgive." The second section of lyrics is: "After thy mercy think on me, And for thy goodness great."

My sins and faults of youth Do thou, O Lord forgive.
After thy mercy think on me, And for thy goodness great.

LXV.—EASTGATE—C.M.

Bassoon

Be - hold how good a thing it is, And how be - com - ing well,

To - gether such as brethren are, In u - ni - ty to dwell! In u - ni - ty to dwell,

LXVI.—DEVIZES.—C.M.

For. 811. 8-4

Tenor

For God gave up his Son to death, So gen'rous was his love, That all the
world might on joy - E - ter - nal life a - bove. E - ter - nal life a - bove.

LXVII.—PEMBROKE—C. M.

Bless'd be the ev - w - hat - ing God, The fa - ther of our Lord; Be His

honored - ing wor - ey prais'd, His ma - jes - ty a - dored, His ma - jes - ty a - dored.

LXVIII.—HAMILTON.—C.M.

"R. A. Smith

How love - ly is thy dwelling place, O Lord of hosts to me; The la - bor -

na - cles of thy grace, How pleasant Lord they be, How pleasant Lord they be.

No. 291. Part II.

LXIX.—GAINSBOROUGH.—C. M.

Three Parts.

A handwritten musical score for three voices in common time. The music is written on four staves, each with a different key signature: the first two staves are in common time (no key signature), the third staff is in G major (one sharp), and the fourth staff is in A major (two sharps). The vocal parts are labeled "Soprano", "Alto", and "Bass". The lyrics are written below the vocal parts. The first two staves contain the lyrics "Do w - with m - to the Lord, Of peo - ple n - et with". The third staff contains the lyrics "Glo - ry to yo - u - to the Lord, And high - ly w - with". The fourth staff contains the lyrics "Hos - pe - di - al to yo - u - to the Lord, And high - ly w - with". The music consists of eighth-note patterns and rests, with some measure endings indicated by vertical lines and repeat signs.

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The music is written on five staves. The top staff is for the Alto voice, followed by a piano staff, then two staves for the Soprano voice, and another piano staff at the bottom. The music consists of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are written below the vocal parts:

Let heaven be glad to be here the Lord, And let the earth m - low.
Let sea, and all that is in there - in, Cry out and make it known,

MATTHEW—C. M. M.

Gospel Hymn

gave: Where, here vain to - split you

distance. It is
earliest days of
visions of united

propriety of sing-

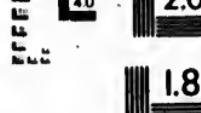
ing we deliberate
th, of late years,
rector,—full of
without gloom,
worship—not to

Old Air—



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART

(ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2)



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(716) 288-5989 - Fax

Ps. cxlv. 17-81.
2d Version.

LXXI.—ROTHWELL.—L. M.

Weinwright.

The musical score consists of eight staves of music. The first four staves are in common time (indicated by 'C') and the last four are in common time with a basso continuo (indicated by 'C b'). The key signature is mostly B-flat major (two flats). The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, tenor, and basso continuo. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves where appropriate. The first two stanzas of the lyrics are:

The Lord is just in his ways all, And ho-ly in his works each one. He's near to all that
on him call, Who call in truth on him a - lone, Who call in truth on him a - lone.

Part. xxiii.

LXXII.—FERNEYSIDE.—C.M.

Dr. Barnes.

Music score for "Ferneyside" in C major, 2/4 time, featuring four staves of music with lyrics:

o ci - ty of the Lord be - gin The u - ni - ver - sal song,

P.
And let the wait - ter'd vil - la - ges The cheer - ful notes pro - long.

LXXIII.—HENRY.—C. M.

Ye who the name of Je-sus bear, His sa-cred steps pur-sue;

And let that mind which was in him, Be al-so found in you.

Fa. cvi. 1-6

LXXIV.—GLASGOW.—C.M.

John Holden.
Flourished about 1770

A handwritten musical score for a four-part setting in common time (indicated by 'C.M.') and G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign). The score consists of six staves, each with a different vocal range (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) indicated by a 'S', 'A', 'T', and 'B' respectively. The music is written in a simple staff notation with vertical stems and small circles for note heads. The lyrics are written below the staves, corresponding to the notes. The first two staves contain the lyrics: 'Give praise and thanks un - to the Lord. For boun - ti - ful ho -'. The next two staves contain the lyrics: 'His ten - der mer - cy doth en - dure Un - to e - ter - ni - ty.'. The final two staves are blank.

Give praise and thanks un - to the Lord. For boun - ti - ful ho -

His ten - der mer - cy doth en - dure Un - to e - ter - ni - ty.

LXXV.—EASTER HYMN.—C.M.

B. Milgrave

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp (F major). The lyrics are integrated into the music:

O sing a new song to the Lord, For won - ders he hath done:
His right hand and his ho - ly arm Him vic - to - ry bath won.

LXXVI.—BANGOR.—C. M.

Old Welsh Melody.

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive script. The first stanza reads: "Lord, from the depths to thee I cry'd. My voice, Lord, do thou hear;". The second stanza continues: "Un : to - my sup - pli - ca tion's voice Give an at - ten - tive ear."

LXXVII.—BETHEL.—C. M.

This is the day God made, in it We'll joy tri - umphant - ly.

Save now, I pray thee, Lord; I pray, Send now pros - per - i - ty.

LXXVIII.—IONA or LUTON.—L.M.

Rever.

A handwritten musical score for two voices. The music is written on five-line staves. The key signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The vocal parts are labeled '1st' and '2d'. The lyrics are as follows:

Thy king-dom hath none end at all, It doth thro' a - gos all re - main.
The Lord up - hold - eth all that fall, The cast down raise - eth up a - gain.

The score consists of ten staves of music, with the first and second staves containing the lyrics. The handwriting is cursive and appears to be from a manuscript.

LXXIX.—SUNBURY.—C. M.

Jonathan Battishill,
Obit. 1800.

O. Lord, as - cord - ing to thy name, Through all the earth's thy praise;

And thy right hand, O Lord, is full Of right - eous ness al - ways.

Po. Chor. I-4.

LXXX.—STROUDWATER.—C. M.

Henry Purcell.
Obit 1665.

A handwritten musical score for 'Stroudwater' in common time, C major. The score consists of six staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are written below the third and fifth staves. The third staff contains the lyrics: 'When Bi-on's bond-age God turn'd back, As men that dream'd were we.' The fifth staff contains the lyrics: 'Our fill'd with laugh-ter was our mouth, Our tongues with me-lo-dy.'

When Bi-on's bond-age God turn'd back, As men that dream'd were we.

Our fill'd with laugh-ter was our mouth, Our tongues with me-lo-dy.

P. GRIFFIN
2d Version.

LXXXI.—BENEDICITE—P. M.

B. A. BAKER

A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of six staves. The top two staves are for the piano, with the right hand in treble clef and the left hand in bass clef. The bottom four staves are for two voices: soprano (treble clef) and alto (bass clef). The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts begin with a melodic line, followed by lyrics in italics. The lyrics are:

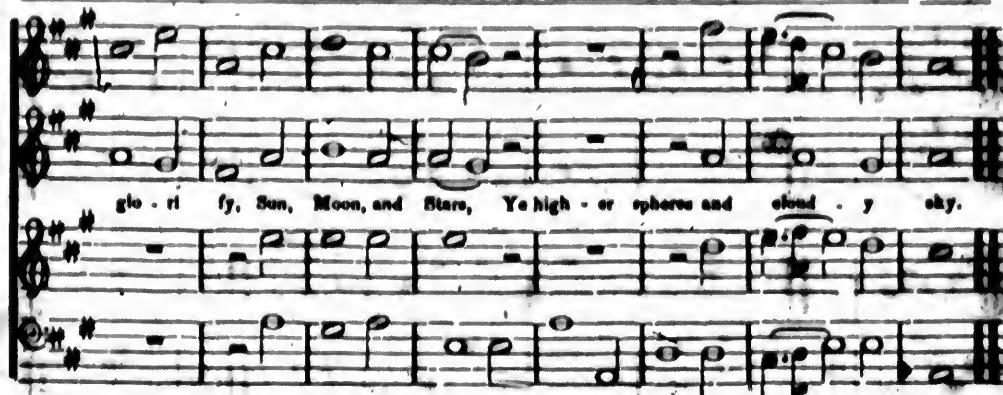
The Lord of hea'ns con - fess, On high his glo - ry reems;
Him let all an - gels bless, Him all his an - gelic praises bless.

Below the score, there is a small note that reads "Piano part".

P. GRIFFIN
2d Version.

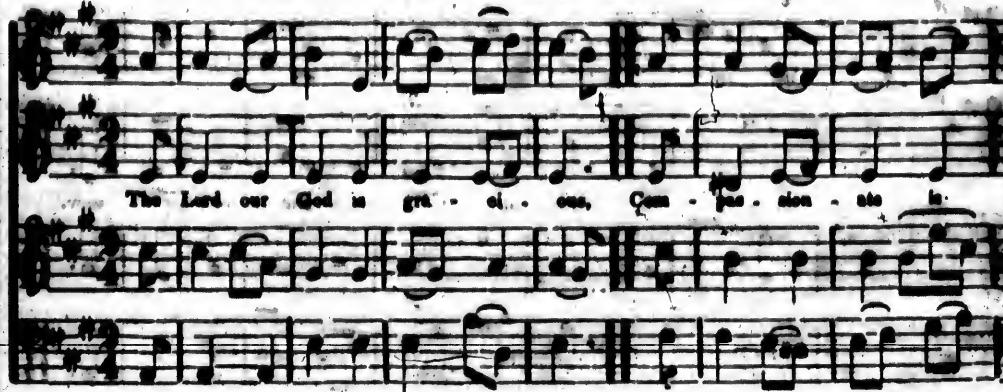
A. Smith.

BENEDICTUS.—Continued.



P. 64. v. 6-14.
2d Version.

LXXXII.—PORTUGUESE HYMN.—L. M.



Vox Studio.

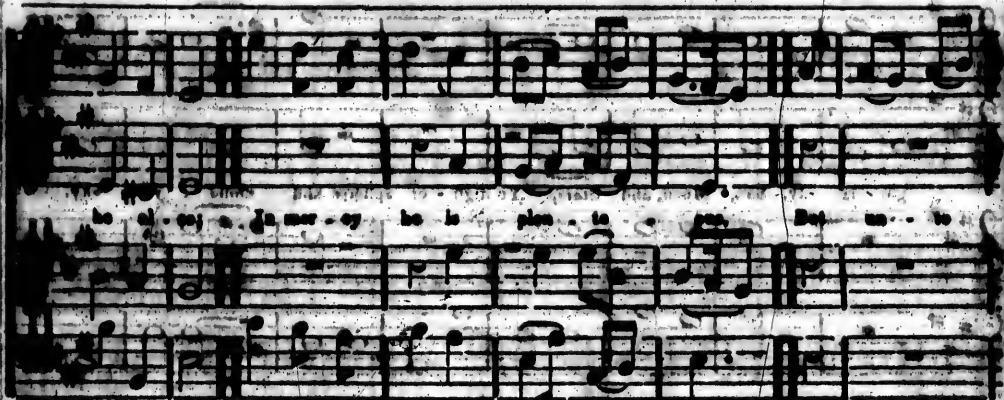


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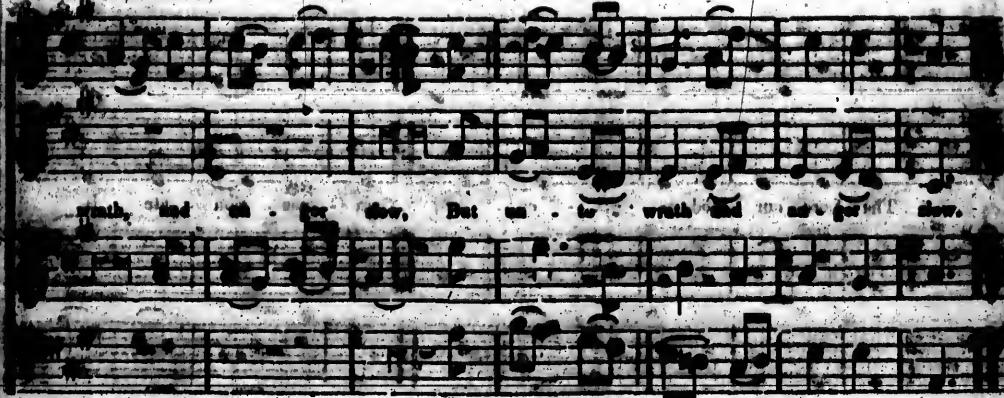


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PORTUGUESE HYMN. ILLUSTRATED.



THE PORTUGUESE HYMN.



THE PORTUGUESE HYMN.

LYRICAL CHURCH Hymn.

Hymns

On with thy wisdom, dear Lord, Up our's ly - ues, we - fly;

And we re - jices shall all our days, And still be glad in those.

LADY IV.—WADDEON.—G.M.

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff is in common time and common key, featuring a soprano vocal line. The lyrics for this section are:

Give go the glo - ry to that Lord That to his name is due.

The bottom staff is also in common time and common key, featuring an alto or bass vocal line. The lyrics for this section are:

Come to the glo - ry courts, and bring An of - fer - ing with you.

P. A. V. S. C. G.

XXXV. MONTROSE C. M.

Old Scottish Melody.

The musical score is handwritten in black ink on a white background. It features six staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time (C). The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes. Below the music, lyrics are written in a cursive hand. The first two staves have lyrics: "God is with shoots gone up, the Lord With trumpet sound - ing high." The last four staves also have lyrics: "Sing praise to God, sing praise, sing praise, Praise our King sing ye."

ED. CHAPL G.G.

LXXXVI.—St. ALBAN'S.—C.M.

The musical score is handwritten on four staves of five-line notation. The lyrics are written in cursive script below the notes. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, while the third and fourth staves begin with a bass clef. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes having stems pointing up and others down. The lyrics are as follows:

O happy is this man and blest, Whom Jacobs God doth aid; Whose hope up-

on him Lord doth rest, And on his God is stay'd, And on his God is stay'd.

PART III. 1

LXXXVII.—COMFORT.—C.M.

Mrs. P. Oliver.

A handwritten musical score for four voices in common time, C.M. key signature. The music is arranged in four staves, each with a different vocal range (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass). The notes are primarily quarter notes, with some eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are written below the staves. The first two lines of lyrics are: "Take comfort Christians when your friends In Je-sus fall a - sleep, Their bot-ter be - ing". The last two lines of lyrics are: "no - vev ead, Why then do - ject ed weep, Why then, Why then, Why then do - ject ed weep."

And now, O Lord, what will I say?
It is hard on me.

Free me from all my trouble.
The foul's scorn makes not me

LXXXIX.—SCARBOROUGH, C.M.

Wm. Shorebridge
Opus 1002

A handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The score consists of six staves. The top two staves are for the piano, showing bass and treble clef staves with various note heads and rests. The bottom four staves are for the voice, with lyrics written below them. The lyrics are:

Let Is - rai! In his Ma - ker joy, And to him prais - es sing;

Let all that Si - on's child - ren are, Be joy - ful in their king.

The music is in common time, and the vocal parts show a mix of quarter and eighth notes, with some grace notes and fermatas.

Ps. 137. 1-6.

XO.—OLDHAM.—C.M.

Low.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff begins with a bass clef, and the fourth staff begins with a tenor clef. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The lyrics are:

O thou that dwellest in the heavens, I lift mine eyes to thee,
Behold, as sor - vants' eyes to look Their masters' hand to see, Their masters' hand to see,

Ps. 60v. 5, 6, 20-21.

XII.—MARTYRS.—O. M.

From Ravensecroft's Collection.
London, 1621.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves are soprano voices, and the last two are bass voices. The music is in common time, with various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first stanza of lyrics is:

They hit they break in pie - ce, Lord, Those be - ri - ing op - prop -

The wi - dow they and stran - ger play, And kill the fa - ther - less,

XII.—SAXONY.—C. M.

Geo. Frd. Mendel
Opus 1762.

Lord, thou I'll praise with all my heart, Thy won-ders all pro - claim. In thee, Most

High I'll great-ly joy And sing un - to thy name, And sing un - to thy

Psalm 107.
100.

XCIII.—NEW CAMBRIDGE—C. M.

Dr. Bachman.

A handwritten musical score for a three-part setting (SATB) in common time. The music consists of six staves of music, each with a different vocal line. The lyrics are written below the staves. The first two staves begin with a forte dynamic. The lyrics are:

The majority of thy goodness great They large - ly shall ex - press; With songs of

praise they shall ex - al, Thy per - fect right-eousness, Thy per - fect right - eous - ness.

The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal parts are likely soprano, alto, tenor, and bass, though no specific part names are written above the staves.

XCIV.—LAINDON.—C. M. (111)

Anthem.

The musical score consists of eight staves of music for two voices. The top two staves are soprano parts, and the bottom two staves are bass parts. The music is in common time and has a C. M. (111) key signature. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive script. The first section of lyrics is:

O in the pre - ple praise thou, Lord; Let me - ple at this praise.

The second section of lyrics is:

O in the morn - ing be glad, And sing for joy to - day.

XCV.—WAREHAM.—L. M.

WILLIAM
CHAMBERS.

And to his glo-ry what up-pens, When he builds and re-primes

No man shall re-gard and load his dor. Un-to the non-dy's boun-ble prayn.



10

11

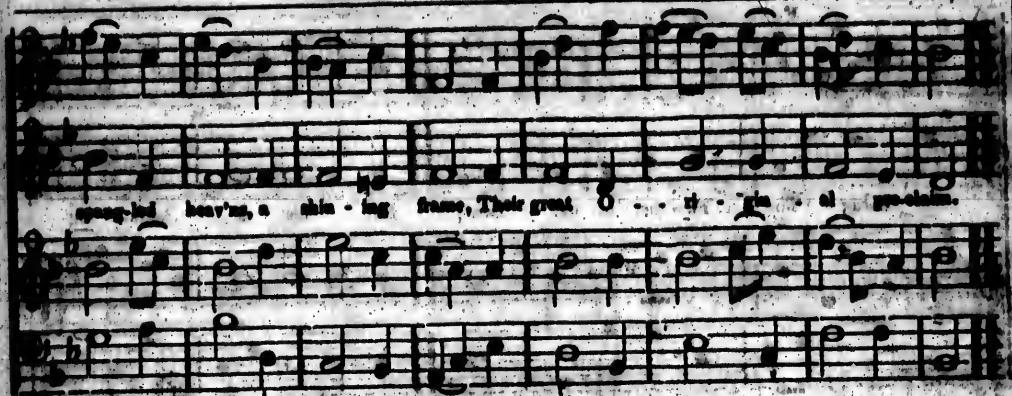
12

XCVI.—MOUNT ZION.—L.M.

The spangled banners, a shining train, Their great O - ri - gin - al pro - claim, And

This musical score consists of six staves of music in common time, featuring soprano, alto, tenor, bass, and two organ parts. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first two staves begin with a soprano vocal line. The third staff begins with an alto vocal line. The fourth staff begins with a tenor vocal line. The fifth staff begins with a bass vocal line. The sixth staff begins with an organ line. The lyrics describe a scene of celestial splendor with spangled banners and a shining train of angels.

MOUNT ZION.—Continued.



Part III.

XVII.—PIETY.—C.M.



PARTY. - ~~Original~~

A handwritten musical score for a four-part vocal arrangement. The score consists of four staves, each with a different vocal range: soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems indicating pitch and rhythm. The lyrics are written below the notes, corresponding to the vocal parts. The first two staves have lyrics: "Lord, The Father of our Lord; Be his name honored." and "Lord, Be my strength every where, Be my joy a-

Lord, The Father of our Lord; Be his name honored.

Lord, Be my strength every where, Be my joy a-

For Soprano & Alto

M. XCVIII.—ABINGDON.—C.M.

Dr. H. H. Higginson.

To right and left the Lord rejoices; It comes by him and right,

Then every right man, with thankful voice, should praise the Lord of might.

Pedalito, 8-8

XCI.—DUNFERMLINE.—C. M.

From John Knox's Psalms
Edinburgh, 1801.

P. 664.

Sing, now, else I will o'er the strings; And with my mouth I shall

Try and see what makes to be known To gen' - e - ra - tions all.

P. cœlest.

C.—KIELBURN.—C. M.

R. A. Smith.

Be - hold, bless ye the Lord all ye, That his at - tend - ants are, Let's you that
In God's house, play be, Let's you sing in God's temple by, And praise him mighty there.

Once.

Tom Dutton.

DOXOLOGY.

All Hail the Lord, the Lord God of Is - ra - el, From all the peo - ple say

And let all the peo - ple say

Let all the peo - ple say

And let all the peo - ple say

Let all the peo - ple say

DOMOLOGY.—Continued.

A - men, A - men, Let the peo - ple say A - men, Amen.

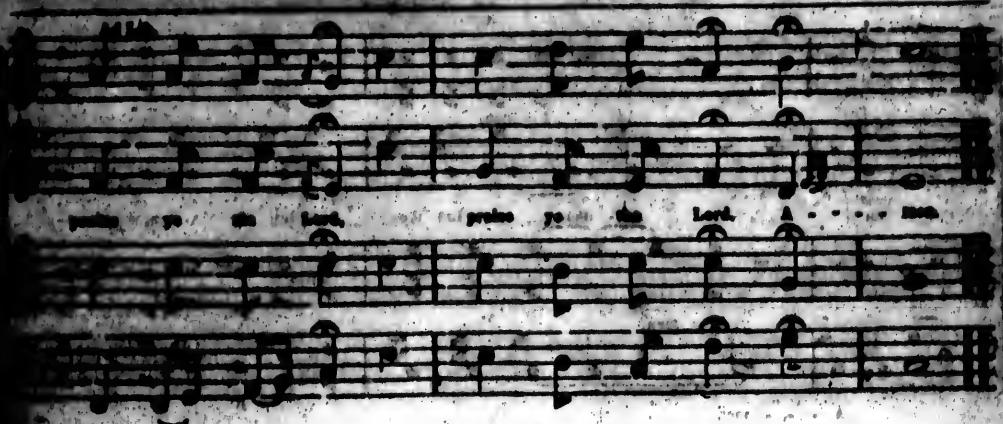
A - men, A - men, Let the peo - ple say A - men, Amen.

A - men.

men, A - men, Let the peo - ple say A - men, Amen.

A - men.

Y. L. Chorale



—PAINTED BY J. C. BECKETT, 83 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.

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