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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FOR UPPER CANADA.

REGULATIONS FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOL LIBRARIES IN UPPER CANADA.

1. ESTABLISHMENT OF LIBRARIES.

- The Council of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, as authorised by the thirty-eighth section of the School Act, of 1850, make the following regulations for the establishment and management of Public School Libraries:
- 1. There may be School Section Libraries, or Township Libraries, as each Township Municipality shall prefer.* 1. In the state of the satablehment of a Township Library, the Township Council may either cause the books to be deposited in ciso pass, or recognize each School Section within its piraticition as a ternot of the Township Library Corporation, and cause the Library to be divided into parts or sections, and allow each of these parts or sections of the Library to be circulated in succession in each School Section.
- II. Each Township Library shall be under the management of the Township Corporation; and each Branch or School Section Library shall be under the management of the School Section Corporation. The Township Council shall appoint or remove the Librarian for the Township; and each Trustee Corporation shall appoint or remove the Librarian for the School Section, as already provided by the seventeenth clause of the twelfth section of the School Act of 1850.
- III. Each Township Council and each School Section Corporation receiving Library books, must provide a proper case for the books with a lock and key; and must cause the case and books to be kept in some safe place and repaired when injured; and must also provide sufficient varaping paper to cover the books, and writing paper to enable the Liberatian to keep minutes of the delivery and return of books and write the needful notes or letters. The Members of the Township and School Section Corporations are responsible for the security and preservation of the books in their charge.
- IV. When any books are taken in charge by the Librarian, he is to make out a full and complete catalogue of them and at the foot of each catalogue the Librarian is to sign a receipt to the following effect:
- and at no loc of each catalogue list. Librarian is to sign a receipt to the innovang enect:

 "A. B. B., do hereby acknowledge that the books specified in the proceeding catalogue have been delivered to me by the Municipal Council of the Township of——, or (as the case may ba) by the Trustees of School Section Na.——, the Township of——, to be carefully kept by me as their Librarian, for the use of the inhalitants within their jurisdictice according to the regulations preservised by authority of the Status, for the management of Public School Librarian, to his concusted for by me according to and regulation, to said Consoil, or Trustees, as the case may be, and to be delivered to my successor in office. Daried, the: "Such catalogue, with the Librarian's receipt, having been examined by such Council or Trustees, and shall be kept among their official papers.
- V. The Librarian is accountable to the Trustees or Council appointing him, for the cost of every book that is minsing, or for the whole series of which it formed a part. The Librarian is also accountable, in like manner, for any injury which a book may appear to have sustained, by being solid, edited, etc., no otherwise liquid; and can be relieved from such accountability only by the Trustees or Committee, in the being satisfactorily shown to them, that some sustainer, willin, higher than the contraction of the contra
- The Library in which is beinged half to written, either on a princial label pasted inside the cover of the book and the name of the Library to which is belonged half to written, either on a princial label pasted inside the cover of the book, for on the first blank leaf of it; and he is on no account to deliver out any book which is not beins numbered and identified. He is also to cause all the books to be covered with strong wrapping paper, on the back of which is to be written the title of the book, and the number in large figures. A new books are added, the numbers are to be continued, and they are in no case to be altered; so that if the book be lost, its number and title must still be continued on the catalogue, with a note that it is missing.
- VII. The Librarian must keep a blank book, which may consist of a few sheets of writing paper stitched togetherruled across the width of the paper, so as to leave five columns of the proper size, for the following entries—to be written lengthwise of the paper: In the first column the Title and No. of the Book; in the second column, the Name and Residence of the person to whom delivered in the third column. Dust or Delivery, in the fourth column, the Date of its Return; in the fifth column, Remarks respecting the Condition of the Book, as good, in jurnet, turn, or defineed, &c.
- As it will be impossible for the Librarian to keep any trace of the books without such inhaites, his own interest as well as his duty to the public, should induce him to be exact in making his entries at the time any book is delivered; and when his returned, to be equally exact in noticing his condition, and making the proper mixing.
- when a is returned, to or equally exten in nonuning its consistion, and maxing the project minute.

 VIII. The Liberarian is to act at all times and in all things according to the orders of the Corporation appointing him; and whenever he is removed or superseded, he is to deliver to his successor, or to the order of his Trustees or Councell, all books, catalogues, and papers apportabiling or relating to the Liberary; and if they are found to be satisfactory, his Trustees or Councell, or successor in office, shall give him a receipt to that effect. But if any of the books shall have been lost, or in anywise injured, the Librarian shall account and pay for such loss or injury, unless released by his Trustees or Council.
- IX. The Trustees and Council are to attend faithfully to the interests of their Library; they are, at all times, when the proper, and as often as possible, to examine the books carefully, and compare the books with the catalogue, and note such as are missing or highret; and to see that all forfeitures are promptly collected, and that injuries done to books are promptly repaired, and that the Library is properly managed and taken care of.
 - 2. REGULATIONS FOR THE CARE AND USE OF THE LIBRARY BOOKS.
- X. The following are the regulations for the care and use of the books in the Library:-
- The Librarian has charge of the books, and is responsible for their preservation and delivery to his successor, or the order of his Trustees or Council appointing him.
- 2. A copy of the Catalogue of the books is to be made out and kept by the Librarian, and open to the inspection of all relatives or council.
 Trustees or Council.
- Books are to be delivered only to residents of a School Section in which a Library or Branch Library is established or to the residents of a Township, where Branch School Section Libraries do not exist.
- 4. Not more than one book can be delivered to a person at a time; and any one having a book out of the Library must
- b. No person upon whom a forfeiture has been adjudged under these regulations, can receive a book while such forfeiture remains unsaid.
- On Each including resulting in a Sobool Section, of sufficient age to read the books belonging to the Library, shall be entitled to all the benefits and privileges conferred by these regulations relative to Public School Libraries: but no person, under egg, cut be permitted to take a book out of the Library, unless he reades with some inhabitant who is responsible for him: nor can be received as look if notice has been given by his parent, or guardine, no person with whom he reades, that he will not be responsible for books delivered to such minor. But way minor can draw a book from the Library, on depositing the cost of rout book with the Library.
- This of course includes Ward or other authorised branches of a Township Library,
 For hors of label authorised by this Regulation, see Appendix VIII, page 19 of the pumphies consisting the law and regulations relating to Public Authority Library,
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- 7. Where there is a sufficient number of volumes in a Library to accomodate all the residents of the School Section who whose to borrow, the Librarian may permit each member of a family to take books as often as desired, as long as the regulations are punctually and fully observed. But where there are no books encoged to supply all the borrowers, the Librarian must accomodate as many as possible, by furnishing each family in proportion to the number of its readers or borrowers, or by delivering not more than one books at a time for each family.
- 8. Every book must be returned to the Library within as many weeks after it shall have been taken out, as it contains hundred or pages—allowing one week for the reading of is included pages; but the same person may again take the same book, if application has not been made for it, while it was no out of the Library, by any person entitled who has not personally because the same book—in which case such applicants shall have the preference in the use of it. And where there have been reveral such applicants, the preference shall be according to priority in the time of their applications.
- 9. If a book be not returned at the proper time, the Librarian is to report the fact to the Trustees, and he must exhibit to them every book which has been returned injured by soiling, deficing, tening, or in any other way, before such book shall be again loaned out, together with the name of the person in whome possession it was when so injured.
- 10. For each day's detention of a book beyond the time allowed by these regulations, the forfeiture of one pensy shall be curred by the borrower, and shall be payable forthwith to the Librarian.
- 11. For the destruction or loss of a book, a ferfeiture shall be incurred by the borrower, equal to the cost of the book or of the set, if the book be one of a series. And on the payment of such forfeiture, the party paying it shall be entitled to the median of the series.
- 13. For any injury which a book may sustain by a borrower, and before its return, a forfaiture shall be incurred by used horrower, of not less than driver prace fuel/prough or every poot of greates or dirt upon the cover, or upon any leaf of the volume; for writing in or defacing any book, or for cutting or tearing the cover, or the binding, or any leaf, not less than theyence or more than the cost of the book.
- 13. If a leaf be torn out, or so deficed or mutilated that it cannot be read, or if anything be written in the volume, or any other injury done to it, which renders it until for general circulation, the Trustees shall consider it a destruction of the book, and the furtherise shall be converted accordingly, as above provided in case of the loss of a book,†
- 14. When a book shall have been detained seven days beyond the time allowed by these regulations, the Librarian sail give notice to the borrower to return the same within three days. If not returned within that time, the book may be considered as loat, and the forfeiture imposed is such case as incurred exceedingly.
- 15. When, in the opinion of the Librarian, any forfeiture has been incorred by any person under these regulations, he shall relius to deliver any book to the party liable to such fine until the Trainess shall have shedded more mark higher than the content of the province of a blook tilt, that he returned injured, to should see that the content of the province of a blook tilt, that he returned injured, to should see the content of the province of the content of the province of the content of the province who returns the book; and it should always, if speaking, he given to the fine the look is at the should always, if speaking, he given the time the look is returned.
- 17. The Librarian is to inform the Trustees of every such notice given by him, and they shall assemble at the time and papenised by him, or by any notice given by them, or any of them, and shall have the case. They are to keep a book of minutes, in which every forfeiture which, in their judgment, has been incurred, shall be enterted and signed by them, or the major part of them, or by their Secretary on their order, and these minutes, or a duly certified copy of them, shall be conclusive veidence of each of the facts recorded in them.
- 18. It shall be the duty of the Trustees to prosecute promptly for the collection of the forfeitures adjudged by them, and all forfeitures shall be applied to defraying the expenses and increasing the books of the Library.

3. MISCELLANEOUS REGULATIONS.

- XI. The foregoing regulations apply to Branch School Section Libraries, as well as to School Section Libraries; also to Township Donnells the same as to Trustees of School Sections, and to Township Libraries, the same as to Scool Section Libraries, and to the residents in a Township I which there are no School Section Libraries, the same as to the residents of a School Section; likewise to the Librarian of a Township, the same as to a Librarian of a School Section.
- XII. When a Township Councillor or School Trustee shall be notified as having incurred a forfeiture for detaining injuring or deterpting a book borrowed from the Library, he shall not act as a judge in his own case, but such case shall, be decided upon by the other members, or a majority of them, of the Township Council or School Corporation authorised to act in the matter. In all cases, the acts of a majority of a corporation are to be considered as the acts of the corporation.
- XIII. In order to prevent the introduction of improper books into the Libraries, it is required that no book shall be admitted into any public School Library established under these regulations which is not included in the catalogue of public School Library books prepared according to law.
- XIV. The Council or Trustees have authority, if they shall think proper, (according to the common practice of Circulating Liberates) to require the borrower to deposit with the Librarian as sum equal to the cost of the book taken by him, as a security for its safe return and the payment of any judyr which may be done to it.
- XV. These regulations shall apply to Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Villages the same as to School Sections. By the 3rd clause of the 9th section of the School Art of 1850, the Board of School Trustees in each city, to an and incorporated village has the same authority to establish and maintain a "school library or school differents," as the Trustees of a School Section have by the 17th clause of the 12th section of the same Act, to establish and maintain "a school library."
- XVI. The foregoing regulations being made under the express authority and requirement of the 88th section of the 88th section
- XVII. The Local Superintendent of Schools should inspect and inquire into the state and operations of the Libraries, or Branch Libraries within their respective jurisdictions, and give the results of their observations and enquiries in their annual reports; and each Township and School Section Corporation must report annually, at the time of making the annual school reports, the condition of their Libraries, with the number of volumes in each, and the success and influence of the system.
- XVIII. These regulations will be subject to reconsideration and revision from time to time, as experience and the
- (Adopted on the 2nd of August, 1883, and extracted from the Minutes of the Council of Public Instruction of that date.)

(Certified.)
J. GEORGE HODGINS,

EDUCATION OFFICE, Totonio, 15th June, 1854.

Totonio,15th June, 1854.

refeitures incurred under these regulations must be sued for in the Division Court, according to the interpretation Art. 12 Vict., th.

rhitore of six cents per day is imposed in each similar case in the State of New York.

In fortificarra are the same as in the State of New York in similar case.