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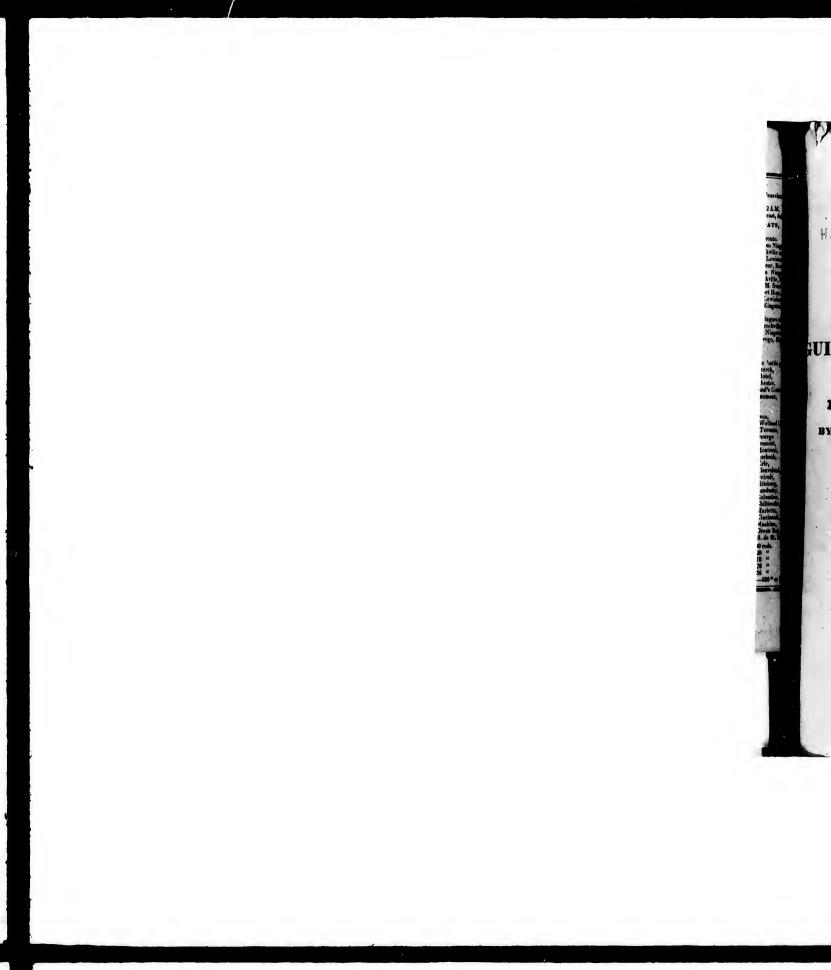
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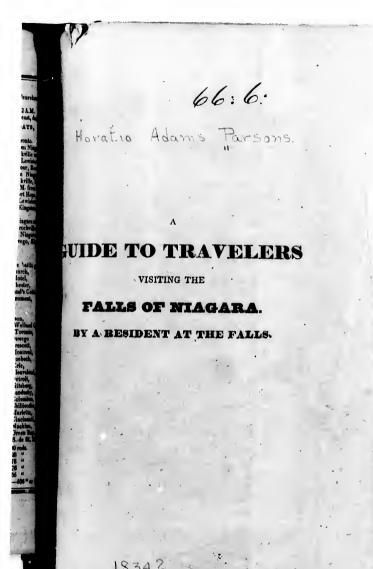
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WIDE TO THE NIAGARA FALLS.

NIAGARA RIVER.

GIRA RIVEN flows from lake Erie to Luke Ontario, n disof thirty-five miles, and receives the waters of all the upits, as Erie, St. Clair, Huron, Michigan, Nepissing, Su-Winnipeg, Lake of the Woods, &c.

inter as it flows from Lake Erie is about three-fourths of ende, and from thirty to fifty feet deep; it soon expands ridth of six or seven miles, and embraces, before it reachfalls, several large islands. Of these the largest are and Navy Islands. The former commences five miles the lake, is twelve miles in length and from two to six in and terminates two miles above the Falls, containing tacres. The land on this island is well timbered, rich and rive. As the deepest channel of the river, forming the largest to the state of New-York, and has been inhabited ally by squatters and smugglers; but in 1833, a compam Boston purchased nearly the whole of the Island, and v. 1834, erecting upon it, near the site of the famous Jewty, Ararat, projected in 1825 by Maj. Noah of New-York, and for in mediately some hundreds of men, ams in proportion, for the purpose of preparing and sending eastern cities a large quantity of ship-timber; but their ulobject is, as the land becomes cleared, to have it settled by ntial and industrious farmers, and to build up a large and hing town.

by 1759, during the old French war, two large French s, ia danger of being taken by the British, were burat and hear the lower end of this island. Some parts of them are sible; and not many years since a party of men, by raking erat that place, secured a number of tons of Iron.

ow the termination of Grand and Navy islands, the river is essed to the width of two and a half miles, and the bed of er soon commences a rapid descent to the Falls, making

- Martine to

in about three-fourths of a mile a descent of about fifty-two feed and forming by the beautiful rapids a very important part of the grand and unpuralleled curiosities of this river.

THE RAPIDS.

Three miles above the Falls you see the white crested rapids dashing, foaming, and tossing sometimes 20 and sometimes 3 feet from the main current; and at the same time hear a low monotonous, tremendous rear; and as you approach neare, for a tremulous motion of the earth. The distance at which the rear can be heard, varies with the state of the atmosphere, for three to twenty miles; and the mist, arising like curling such and separating as it rises into masses of fantastic clouds, is see at the distance of many miles around.

GOAT, OR IRIS ISLAND.

GOAT ISLAND is so called from the circumstance, that he the year 1770 Mr. Steadman, residing near the Falls, contraby some means, to land a few gouts upon this island; but is more appropriate and adapted name is fris island. It comma ces near the head of the rapids almost in the middle of the me and runs to the precipice; and contains ubout seventy-five and of rich and heavy timbered land.

Situated in the midst of the rapids and surrounded by there three sides, this island is one of the most beautiful, fascinating a romantic places in the world. Fanned by gentle breezes, from insects, encircled by a neat gravel walk, and presenting the visiter a great variety of views of the Falls and rapids, feels a reluctance on leaving it, and is wont to exclaim with in the language of Milton,

"Must I thus leave thee, Paradise ? ______these happy walks and shades, Fit haunt of Gods ?" &c.

About two thirds of this island are still covered with tall are many of which are clothed with a magnificent drapery of iven other creeping plants, and many have been killed by reason the countless names that have been cut into their bark. The earliest date of any name yet found is in the year 1769; but the rocks near the Falls on the American side, there are non chiseled out and dated 1711, 1726, 1745, &c. A number of man skeletons have been dug up within a few years on Geals land, supposed to be the remains of Indians buried in a fem

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covered with tallue icent drapery of ivyabeen killed by reason it into their bark. The inte year 1769; but an side, there are nam , &c. A number of a few years on Goath dians buried in a form

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e, and there are doubtless many more still resting there in unnumbed repose. On this island is found a grent variety of wild as, shrubs and flowers; more than one hundred different spee, some of them very rare, have already been discovered. Of Trillium Grandiflora, sixteen varieties are fourd here.

A some of them very rate, nave intreaty been discovered. Trillium Grandiflora, sixteen varieties are fourd here. When the present proprietor shall have completed the spacious when which he has laid out, in which he designs to cultivate all fuits that will grow in this climate, and shall have finished many other improvements which he has projected, no other experhaps in the world, will present attractions equal to those fait leand. The approach to it is from the American side tenss of a bridge of most difficult and hazardous construc-, which extends from the shore 28 rods to Bath Island, and we lê rods further to Gont Island. Visiters pay twenty-five is for the use of the bridge during their visit, or for the seatof this river, a number of which, as Bath, Moss, Luna, &c. menceted with Gont Island by bridges, and afford the most is proteure and impressive views of the surrounding it, picturesque and impressive views of the surrounding it, nor Gont Island, and divides the stream, forming a casof univalled beauty and splendor. There are ten other this the rapids besides those above montioned.

hewater, on the American side, fulls 164 feet, and on the daside 155 feet. The full on the Canada side, embracing alk largest channel of the river, is called, from the shape of recipice, "The Horse Shoe Fall;" and near to this a bridge been constructed from Goat Island, called the Terapin e; and near the termination of this bridge, in the water and every brink of the precipice, a stone tower forty-five feet has been creeted, from which, or from the end of the bridge, feet of the Falls upon the beholder is most awfully sublime sterly indescribable. The rain-bows, and lunar-bows, and d the whole scenery of the Falls, appear to better advanfom this point than from any other.

the lower end of Goat Island, about half way across it, the stair Case, erected in 1829 at the expense of Nichelas E. Esq. of Philadelphia, gives visitors an opportunit of deling below the Falls between the two main sheets of water, f advancing for a considerable distance under the Falie on ride.

THE FERRY.

There is another stair-case leading from the bank immediate below the Falls, where visiters will find a safe ferry to the f da side, and an opportunity to view these mighty waters a roll and tumble from the precipice above. A carriagem about to be constructed down these perpendicular banks to allow teams and carriages to cross here ; and, when this is pleted, it must become an important thoroughfare.

CANADA VIEWS.

Directly opposite the Falls on the Canada side, an entern company have projected and laid out what they call "The the Falls," and are now making very considerable improve There are on that side two spacious hotels, many objected riosity, and many delightful views of the Falls. Secon west is the Welland Canal, connecting the waters of lata and Lake Ontario; six miles north upon Queenston heir General Brock's monument, 126 feet high, and admitting cent to the top by a flight of 170 winding steps; one mile a from the Falls is a burning spring, and at the Falls near Rock is a museum and a stair-case. The Museum kept Barnett, contains among other things, 118 different species birds, 47 different species of beasts and reptiles, 24 di-kinds of fishes, 300 different kinds of insects, &c. &c.-which are said to have been caught in the vicinity of the Fa Directly opposite the Falls on the Canada side, an enter

SUMMER AND WINTER SCENERY.

The surrounding scenery on both sides of the river is in keeping with the magnificence of the Falls. By most vi is seen only in summer. But in winter it is inimitably add is seen only in summer. But in winter it is immitably as scribably beautiful. The trees and shrubbery on Goutad Islands and on the banks of the river near the Fulls, are m with transparent alect, presenting an appearance of mila glittering chandeliers of all sizes and description, and givin a most vivid idea of fairy land. The secue presents and counterpart to Goldsmith's description of the subterratean to be a subtrated by the subtrateant of the subtrateant tos of Paros and Antiparos. The mist from the Fallsh upon the trees so gradually and to such thickness, that i bears a most exact resemblance to alabaster; and this at the dazzling colors of the rainbows that span the river from ty different points, seems, by nutural association, to raise the gination to that world, where the streets are of pure gold, gates of pearl, and night is unknown.

winter the sjournese spe their dep h some r and som ally happ d that, as they are relives go bey dive i falls or up ad fish, to ag in the s, Hawks wen by the ch inume the bank ket, so th

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Canada side, an entern what they call "The the considerable improves hotels, many objects of the Fulls. Seren ag the waters of Laka upon Queenston heigh high, and admitting ling steps; one mile a und at the Falls near The Museum kepty (s, 118 different speci and reptiles, 24 cothe vicinity of the Falls

ER SCENERY.

ides of the river is in Falls. By most visit er it is inimitably adi hurubbery on Gout and near the Fulls, are or appearance of mille description, and giving e scene presents a spin of the subterranes mist from the Falls uch thickness, that it inbaster; and this, set at span the river from issociation, to raise the cets are of pure gold. 6

winter scenery about the Fulls is peculiar, a sight of which the a journey of ono thousand miles. Myriads of wild ducks rese spend the day in and above the rapids, and regularly their departure for Lake Ontario every night before dark; a some are often found in the norming with a broken leg or and sometimes dead, in the river below the Fulls. This, nly happens after a very dark or foggy night; and it is supthat, as they always have their heads up stream while in the , they are curried down inscusibly by the rapids till they find whes going over the precipice, and then, in attempting to y dive into the sheet of water, and a buried for a time under alls or upon the rocks.

dish, too, of almost all sizes and descriptions, are found gin the river, below the Falls, forming a repust for Gulls, , llawks, and Eagles. During a part of the winter, the ice eaby the wind from Lake Erio and poured over the Falls a insuense quantities, as to fill and block up the river bethe banks for a mile or more to the depth of from thirty to kt, so that people cross the ice to Canada on foot for weeks

NUMBER OF VISITORS.

enamber of visitors at the Falls has generally been from fifteen thousand annually, and the number is every year ining. During the winter mouths, though there are many whey are generally such, as are passing through the reabusiness, and stay only a short time. Frequently, howparies from Buffielo, Lockport, Rochester, Canandaigua, ther places, visit the Falls by sleighing, and after spending or two, go away enraptured, and sometimes overwhelmed scene.

RIVER BELOW THE FALLS.

width of the river at the Falls is a little more than threesof a mile, but below the Falls it is immediately compressed arrow channel of less than one-fourth of a mile, and its is about 250 feet. This channel is between perpendicular , and after two miles, it runs with amazing velocity to Lew-; and, what is somewhat remarkable, while the river makes that descent, the banks have a gradual ascent for six miles, thora the top of the bank to the water, opposite Brock's ment near Lewiston, is 334 feet. The quantity of water and; pouring over the Falls is computed at 670,250 tons mate.

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From Lewiston to Lake Outario 7 miles, the river is a smooth, and navigable for vessels of every description; and iston being the head of navigation, is the principal landing for the American Steamboats that run on Lake Outario. A mouth of the river on the American side stands the villa Youngstown and Fort Niagara; and on the Canada side village of Newark or Niagara, and Fort George.

CURIOSITIES.

One mile above the Falls on the American side, is the i the old Fort Schlosser, a place very considerably distinin the early history of this region, and commanding a most tiful prospect of the river and rapids, of Grand and Nayla and of the village of Chippewa on the opposite bank. Befor construction of the Erie Canal, all the business between the was interchanged by means of a land curringe from this pla Lewiston.

Half a mile below the Falls under the bank is Catlin's Ca visit to which no traveler will be likely to regret. Twomb low is a Medical Spring vory strongly impregnated with a and by the use of its waters muny important cures have be focted.

One mile further down leads to a tremendous whirlpool, a bling very much in its appearance and operations, the edd Maelstrom on the coast of Norway. Logs and trees are times whirled around in rapid succession for days together outer circles, while in the centre they are drawn down perse larly with great force, are soon shot out again at a dista many rods, and occasionally thrust into the channel to pass the rivor. The channel us it proceeds out of the whirlpool nearly a right angle, is narrower than at any other place int ver, not more than 'thirty rods in width, and the current ran such amazing velocity us to rise up in the middle ten fet a the sides. This has been ascertained by actual measures

About the year 1812, an incident occurred here perhaps recording. A party of men were employed in cutting cear near the river above the whirlpool. One of them, stepping some rafted logs that were in the water, was impercept perhaps through carelessness, drawn by the current into the pool. He clung to a log and was carried round and rea hours, expecting every moment to be crushed among the thrust into the vortex, while his companions on shore could

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reief. At length some of them ascending the bank, went mion four miles, and procured a boat to be drawn up by This was let down the bank, and many people asseminopes, poles, &c. to render assistance. After the boat well secured, and some men had stepped in intending to ainte the whirlpool, the mun upon the log, still whirling in w pril of his life, was, by some action of the water, sent river the abore, and finally saved without receiving any others.

below the whirlpool is a place, on the American side, the Devil's Hole," onbracing about two acres, cut out us perpendicularly in the rock by the side of the river, a 180 deep. How this hole was thus made it is difficult two. Visitors look into it with silent, inexpressible wat.

bace is distinguished by an incident that occurred about 1759. A company of British soldiers, pursued by the ad ladians, were driven off the rock near this hole at the be bayonet. All, save one, instantly perished upon the Write beneath. This one fell into the crotch of a trees, weded in making his escape.

when an inducting the excepts. also the name of Steadman, who lived at Fort Schlosser, aghia company of British, but made his escape on horsethefore coming to the bank, though many balls whizzed in his flight. The Indians afterwards imagined him to whale and invincible, became very friendly, and finally, leation of some services he rendered them, they gave as land included between Niagara River and a straight in fom Gill Creek above Fort Schlosser to the Devil's breing about 5000 acres. The heirs of Steadman so leyer 1823, instituted and carried on a long and expennit with the State of New-York to recover this land. but resulted in favor of the State and the present occu-

immediate vicinity of the Falls many circumstances have to impart an additional interest. During the last war at Britain, the battles of Chippewa, of Bridgewater or Lane, of Queenston on the Canada side; and the avillages and plunder of property on the American side, membered, and the circumstances detailed with thrilling y many of the inhabitants.

Ta bridge was constructed from the shore to the head of and, but was swept away by the ice the ensuing spring.

The present bridge was constructed in 1818, and is in rods in length exclusive of Bath Island. This bridge crossing the rapids only sixty rods above the Falls, is safe for all kinds of teams and carriages, and seems de stand a great length of time.

8

stand a great length of time. Till the year 1317 there was no way of descending a ing the bank below the Falls except by means of a lad 100 feet in length; since then a safe and convenient stairs has been crected, as also were the bridges, by Porter, Esq. the proprietor of the Islands and land adjust

INCIDENTS.

Men have occasionally been drawn 1:to the rapids boats, and carried over the Falls; but not a vestige di their boats has scarcely ever been found.

In 1625, three men on the sabbath, in attempting a some barrels of whiskey across to Chippewa, were dam rapids and hurried down the cataract.

In September, 1827, notice having been given in the that the Michigan, a large vessel that had run on Ia would be sent over the Falls, thirty thousand people at estimated, assembled to witness the spectacle. On the yeasel were put two bears, a buffalo, two raccoons, a goose; the bears made their escape in the midst of the and finally reached the shore in safety. The otherw and perished. The Michigan before she reached the hing been considerably broken in the rapids, sunk to at the surface, and went over near the centre of the horse. The distance from deck to keel was sixteen feet, and s not appear to touch the bottom for eighty rods before over, the copclusion is, that the water as it passes over piece there, must be at least twenty feet deep.

In October, 1829, another vessel was advertised to over, which drew together about fifteen thousand people vessel lodged in the rapids and remained a number of we finally passed over the Falls in the night.

In August, 1828, a small sloop being near Chippewa, doned by the men through fright, and was blown, withdl up, so far across the river as to come down on the Ame of Goat Island; but was broken to a perfect wreck in so as to pass under the bridge and over the Falls.

In July, 1832, a Canal Boat was blown over from C and lodged in the rapids a short distance above the bridg one woll eril, and tober, 18 s of specow the F lle Stair from the 10th, 18 two year ting bel-

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uding wat years; or such an es illage is d manufactu me from t above the c Rail-roa n Buffalo must be Falls in all cted in 1818, and is in h Island. This bridg, ods above the Falls, is arriages, and seems de

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ing near Chippewa, with all and was blown, with all me down on the Americo a perfect wreck inth lover the Falls. as blown over from C stance above the bridg 9

one woman were on board, and were saved at most imeril, and the bont was finally secured and drawn ashore: over, 1829, Sam Patch jumped twice, in the presence of a spectators, from a ladder ninety-seven feet into the owner Falls. This ladder was crected near the foot of the Stair Case. Poor Sam afterwards lost his life by from the Falls of Genesee River at Rochester. 10th, 1831, Francis 'Abbott, an Englishman, who had itro years as a recluse on Goat Island, was drowned ing below the Falls.

VILLACE OF NIAGARA FALLS.

antry in the vicinity of the Falls present many powertions for a permanent residence. For subbrity of air humess of climate, it yields to no spot in the United In the village of Niagura Falls, on the American side, gabout 80 families, there are two spacious Hotels, the the Cataract, which will accommodate 100 permanent They contain 114 rooms, including 72 sleeping rooms; are furnished with all the comforts and luxuries that my sflords.

lage also contains a Presbyterian and an Episcopal in extensive Paper Mill, a Flouring Mill, two Saw Mills, Factory and a number of other mechanic's shops; and a opportunity of using water here for hydraulic purposes greater extent than at any other place in the United Two thousand mills and factories might be erected here safe from any inundation, and having a never failing water at a very moderate expense. There is also a ladightful village laid out, the lots of which are sold at ladightful village laid out, the lots of which are sold at help price. The proprietors of this village offer, to give apany that will crect a Cotton Factory here, as much adag water privileges, as they will cover with buildings wars; or as much land as may be needed for the pursult an establishment of the largest kind.

lage is destined without doubt, to become one of the manufacturing places in America. Canal boats and me from the Eric canal and the lake to the distance of above the Falls; and charters have recently been granto Rail-roads to this place,—one from Lockport, and the Buffalo; when these go into operation, the business of must be greatly increased. Stage coaches now run Falls in all directions, and the mail passes regularly twice

every day. A steamboat also runs daily from B landing, a short distance above the Falls; and a seven miles below, steam-boats from Lake Ontain bringing and receiving passengers. Near Lewista the celebrated Ridge-road, --formerly without down on the margin of Lake Ontario, --- and runs east to R thence nearly to Oswego, a distance of about 140 m nearly parallel with the lake, from 6 to 10 miles dist 40 to 80 yards wide, 30 feet higher than the contigue 139 feet higher than the lake. It is an excellent re sons of the year.

10

BEST ROUTE FOR TRAVELERS AN THEY ARRIVE AT THE FALLS.

If you arrive on the American side, go first to Bah small Islands,—then to Goat Island and follow the p small Islands,—then to Goat Island and follow the p at the right, down to the Cascade and cross the bid Island; then follow the walk to the Biddle Stair Cas that without fail, as you will there have an apportune that we particular the state of the stat the two entire falls, standing between them, and also considerable distance under the Falls.

Having ascended the Stair Case follow the walk in corner of the island, where you will find the Stone To Terapin Bridge, from both which places you will have the best views of the Falls that can be taken from any Here you will realize power, grandeur, sublimity, in nothing can describe it. Pursuing your way with an entirely round the island, as you ought without fail to much as you will thus get a better view of the rapids rounding scenery than can be obtained any where elsepass from Goat to the Moss Islands, and thence back to the bridge.

As you come nearly opposite the saw-mill, you will place where a number of human skeletons have been

supposed to be the former site of an Indian burying go If your visit is protracted at the Falls, you will mis through Goat Island by the different paths in order too

romantic beauty, and realize its thousand attractions. You ought ulso if time permit, to visit the sight of Schlosser, the Whirlpool, the Devil's Hole, &c. If you cross the river, you will descend the Stair Cas

edge of the Falls, where you will find many objects of

ery ne appre iensure which on the ion Roo ck, you of the mile a Rock to

urroua. lock's ure or

> ort Sch o Pavil the river t Island the Fall the foot the Hor f water e Eagle

Caaada e Eagle the bank River Canada e top of

e falls to to the to the Canal a alo, reland, oit by lan iston,

carora vi

10

to runs daily from Ba bove the Falls; and a bats from Lake Ontai gers. Near Lewista formerly without doubt o,---and runs east to Ba stance of about 140 miles distance of about 140 miles from 6 to 10. miles dist igher than the contigue It is an excellent ru

TRAVELERS AN E AT THE FALLS

an side, go first to Bai island and follow the m de and cross the brie o the Biddle Stair Can here have an apportuni tween them, and also Falls.

Case follow the walk in will find the Stone Ton ch places you will have can be taken from any p grandeur, sublimity, in ung your way with an u ought without fail to tter view of the rapids btained any where else, ands, and thence back

the saw-mill, you will is keletons have been d of an Indian burying gro he Falls, you will wish rrent paths in order too thousand attractions. , to visit the sight of evil's Hole, &c. descend the Stair Case I find many objects of

11

ery near view of the highest fall of water. No dan-opprehended in crossing the river; it is attended issure and the utmost safety. You will then ascend mage road, and proceed near the bank up to Tablo or which you will find Barnett's Museum, and a spiral on the foot of which you can pass for some distance in Rock under the sheet of water. From the top cl, you have one broad grand view of the whole Falls of the scenery of the rapids and Islands. mile above is the Burning Spring. In going up lock to the hotels, you will have a fine and extensive urounding country, and can visit Chippewa, Lunery near view of the highest fall of water. No dan-

urounding country, and can visit Chippewa, Lun-lock's monument, the Welland Canal, &c. as you sue or inclination.

DISTANCES.

of Schlosser across to Chippewa, -	11 miles.
e ravilion to Chippewa.	2 "
the river at the Falls,	4
tisland by the bridge,	4 "
he Falls on the American side,	58 rods.
the toot of Loost Falam.	56 "
the Horso-shoo falls	80 "
water at the Users 1	14 "
water at the Horse-shoe,	20 feet
" Lagic Flotel across to the Pavilian and	
vallida side, 14 intles, viz	
e hagie flotel to top of hank	100 rods.
he bank down tho stair-case to the river,	28 "
River below the Falls,	56 "
anada bank,	96 "
etcp of the bank to the Pavilion -	256 **
falls to the Minoral Saut	536 rods.

e falls to the Mineral Spring, to the Whirlpool, to the Devil's Hole,		536 rods. 2 ms. 3 " 31 "		
Canal at Tonewanta, alo, reland.	-	11 22	44 m	
oit by land through Canada.	•	215 244	64 1 66	
iston, arora village,	-	7 8	66 66 18	2

12 To Fort Niagara, To Oswego, To Prescott, To Montreal, -To Quebec, To Lockport, To Rochester, To Albany, To New-York,

C. FAXON, PRINTER, BUFFAIA,





