THE NEXT EXCURSION TRAIN FOR MANITOBA WILL START ON

WEDNESDAY, 3RD MARCH 1880.

PARK'S

WM. PARKS & SON. New Brunswick Cotton Mills, St. John, N.B.



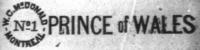
TOBACCOS.

TOBACCOS.



of Bright Tobacco yields a rich, frato be had in Canada.

EVERY PLUG.



throughout the Dominion.

W. C. McDONALD, . Manufacturer, MONTREAL.

THE WEEKLY MAIL Ord.

THE WEEKLY MAIL forms an excellent the public, and

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

ISMARCK'S OPPOSITION TO PLANSLAVISM— THE INCREASE OF THE ARMY APPROVED BY THE GERMAN NATION.

A SUDDEN CHANGE.

A Berlin correspondent reports that the postponement of the journey of the Crown Prince to Pegli, by the advice of Bismarck, has caused much surprise and is generally commented upon in all political circles.

AN ARMED TRUCE.

[BY GARLE TO THE MAIL.]

LONDON, Jan. 24.

TORON FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1'880.

THE CREDIT VALLEY KAILWAY.

Interview of the President of the Board with the Ottawn Government.

THE WOLVES AND THE SHEEP

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—Mr. Geo. Laidlaw, President of the Credit Valley railway, has had an interview with the Fremier and several Ministers of the Crown in relation to the general railway system of the coun-try. In the course of a conversation with

dimay and disappointment. Cornwell that awaits them it the Grand Trenk of other great companies, succeed in pooling, lessing, amalgamating or buying the local lines mainly subscribed and built to be source competition and fair treatments. If the Grand Trunk absorbed by degree all the local railways of Canada, we shall all be mere seria, I am going to Quebec, on my own responsibility, to see if the Fremier of Quebec will cooperate in securing absolutely that no stock jobbing or other action of the proprietary of the interior line of communication which should extend from Quebec, will decoperate the securing absolutely that no stock jobbing or other action of the proprietary of the interior line of communication which should extend from Quebec, will cooperate in securing absolutely that no stock jobbing or other action of the proprietary of the interior line of communication which should extend from Quebec, will octoperate in securing absolutely that no stock jobbing or other action of the proprietary of the interior line of communication which should extend from Quebec, will dopendent lines which there converge, would sever be allowed to be anything cles than an independent through the proprietary results of the proprietary of th A SUDDEN CHANGE.

A Berlin despatch says the Crown Prince of Germany unexpectedly postponed his departure for Italy to-day. Count Ven Molkke and other principal dignitaries had assembled at the railway station to say farewell, but were disappointed at his non-arrival. This sudden change in the programme of the Crown Prince has caused a great sensation. Rumours refer it to Prince Bismarck's resignation, the Vatican negotiations, etc. Bismarck had a long interview with the Emperor and Crown Prince to-day. The Reichstag has been summoned to meet on the 10th of February.

A THUNDERBOLT. A St. Petersburg letter states that the increase of the German army has fallen like a thunderbolt upon the Russian peo-

DISEASE AND DISTRESS.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 27.—More cases of typhoid fever are reported in Dartmouth, and there seems little hope of ridding the town of the disease. It appears to be confined principally to coloured people in poor circumstances.

A man named Jacob Farquhar disappeared from his home in Dartmouth a week ago, and was not heard of by his friends till to-day, when he was found grawling out of the woods near Mayland

ESCAPE OF A DEFAULTER.

UNDER THE OBELISK.

Examination of the Masonic Commission of the Masonic Commission of the Masonic Commission of the Masonic Emblems of the Masonic Commission of the Masonic

CORNWALL ELECTION.

CORNWALL, Ont., Jan. 2, 7.—The voting for a representative of Ca nwall in the Dominion Parliament to day resulted in the triumphant re-election of Dr. Bergin. The following are the majorities 3:—

Maj. for Dr. Bergin ... 182 Maj. for Dr. Bergin in 1878, 38

St. Louis, Jan. 27.—The negro immigration has set in again. About 100 arrived by steamer on Sunday and left for Kansas. As many more came last night. They have some money, and come chiefly from East Baton Rouge, La. Washington county, and Grenada, Miss. They say there are hordes waiting on the banks for transportation. The coloured agent has sent to the relief committee a list of nine hundred familles whom he says with to come north within a few days. Seven hundred immigrants have reached St. Louis. About 300 are here waiting for aid to help then on.

if he will recover. He has been sleeping in the woods for the past week, and is looked upon as insane.

There is much distress among the poor class of fishermen on the shores in the neighbourhood of Halifax, but the mild weather of the present winter has enabled them, so far, to ske out a living. Should severe weather set in, it is feared much suffering will be experienced, and the charitably disposed citizens are called on for help.

OTTAWA, Jan. 27.—A telegram was received from the Pickanock to-day, bearing the intelligence that Jos. Tessier and Ald. Egleson's election is to be contested on the ground of informalities in the nomination papers, and Mr. Rowe's for having an auctioneer's licence, and Ald. Starr's and Christin's for having liquor licences.

A meeting of farmers was held at Marsh Hill school house, Sidney, near Belleville, on Friday night, to consider the propriety of establishing a heat of the Ottawa Aldermen will be contested on the ground of want of proper qualification. Ald Egleson's election is to be contested on the ground of informalities in the nomination papers, and Mr. Rowe's for having an auctioneer's licences.

A meeting of farmers was held at Marsh Hill school house, Sidney, near Belleville, on Friday night, to consider the propriety of establishing a heat was a seried from the Pickanock to-day, bearing the intelligence that Jos. Tessier and Antoine Tessier, who belong to Cumber-land township, had met with an accident. They were employed in s sharty belonging to G.B. Hill & Co., and were crushed by a falling tree. Jos. Tessier was killed almost instantly, and Antoine is not expected to live.

A surveying Party for Maniteulin Island.

OWER SOUND, Jan. 27.—The steepers.

A Surveying Party for Maniteulin Island.
Owns Sound, Jan. 27.—The steamer Prince Alfred arrived here to-day from Wiarton, and left again with Col. Parijana and surveying party, who are going to make a survey of the channel at Little Current, Manitoulin Island. The weather is clear and mild. They are likely to have a good passage. a good passage.

a good passage.

Suicide of an Insane Councillor.

Halifax, N.S., Jan. 27.—County Councillor Donovan, of Ingonish, (Victoria Co.)
C.B., missing ten days, was found dead in the woods this morning, four miles from Braddock, about fifty yards from the post road. He committed suicide by hanging while temporarily insane.

Den t Flay Seith the Derrick.

LATEST HOME NEWS.

It is not probable the Quebec Legisla-ure will meet till March. Dr. Parnell, of Ottawa, is a first cousin of Mr. Parnell, the Irish agitator.

Oats are selling at one dollar and twenty cents at Rat Portage, on the Canada Pacific

The writ for Argentueuil has been issued.
The nomination takes place on the 5th February, and voting on the 12th.

The attempt to open a coffee house at London Ont., as a temperance measure, has failed from lack of public interest.

A gentleman in Ottawa is trying to form a syndicate to purchase the property of the Dominion of Canada Plumbago Co.

At the Halifax, N. S., police court yesterday morning, W. R. Henry was committed for trial for swindling the revenue.

Captain John Carson, in command of the first trial of the command of the first trial of the command of the first trial for swindling the revenue.

Captain John Carson, in command of the first trial for swindling the property of the command of the first trial for swindling the revenue.

Captain John Carson, in command of the first trial for swindling the property of the command of the first trial for swindling the revenue.

Captain John Carson, in command of the first trial for swindling the revenue courter Manhattan, on Lake On.

THE FIELD FOR PARMERS

What a Scottish Belegate Thinks of Our Country.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

Nova Scotia's Stock-raising Advantages.

Oswego on the 26th.

The population of Almonte is 2,674, an increase of 130 over the previous year. The mithorities are applying to be incorporated as a town.

Dr. Jöseph Clarke, of Pagwash, Cumberland county, N.S., accidentally poisoned himself on Sunday night by taking carbolic acid, and died an hour afterwards.

Mr. Justice Henry has refused the application to have the North Christic election appeal tried at the special sitting of the Supreme Court on the 3rd of February.

Several cases of poisoning from eating partridges kept too long after death have recently occurred at Halifax, N.S. Many of the victims had a narrow essape from death.

The Minister of Militia has appointed Capt. Prevoet, of the latest pattern of cartridge for the Militia of Canada.

An event in fashionable circles in St. Stephen, N.B., on Wednesday evening, was the marriage of Mr. W. D. Terrance, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Brantford, to Sarah, fourth daughter of Judge Stevens.

The competition amonagt fish buyers in

Q. What are the prospects then for an immigration of good tenant farmers with capital? A. The probabilities are that a great many will come out with capital, say from £500 to £3,000 each.

ELECTIONS OF WARDENS.

The control of the co

WALL STREET SYNDICATES.

Hurrah for Manitoba!

For particulars apply, enclosing 3 cent stamp, to R. W. PRITTIE. 64 KINGSTREET EAST, TORONTO.

COTTON YARNSI

Coloured COUTON CARPET WARP—Nos. 10s, 4-ply, White, Red, Brown, Slate, &c., fast colours. Full length and weight in every bundle.

REAM WARPS FOR WOOLLEN MILLS—Slagle, Double, and Twisted; White and Coloured.
OSIERY AN' KNITTING YARNS—Of every
variety required in the Dominion.



For the last TWENTY-ONE years this TRADE MARK has been known throughout Canada as the safest guide to RELIABLE



IDOL SMOKING

TOBACCO THE IDOL brand grant smoke, that will be highly appreciated by veteran smokers, surpassing that of any other Tobacco

THERE IS A TIN STAMP AS REPRESENTED ABOVE ON

For sale by all FIRST CLASS Grocery Houses

SARNIA, Jan. 27.—The funeral of Windgrove, the man supposed to have committed suicide last Sunday night by hanging himself, was to have taken place this
afternoon, but as the time approached for
the funeral, his friends decided not to allow it to proceed, as they wished to hold a
post mortom examination, there being a
supposition of foul play. The examination
is to take place to-morrow.

I HAD a severe attack of chills and
fever. I tried Quinine, Arsenle, and every
remedy that I could hear of.

Giles' Pills and Liniment made a complete cure of me.

Mr. Beckwith, Dentist,
22 East Forty-first street.

Gills' PILIS curee Piles,

LATEST CABLE NEWS

Advertisements of Farms For Sale or to Rent are inserted in this Column, 30 words for 560; each additional word to. Parties replying to advertisements will please state that they saw them in THE MAIL. Strained Relations of Russia and Germany.

VOL. VIII. NO. 4639.

farms tor Sale.

TMPROVED FARMS FOR SALE

farms Clanted

UNDER THE OBELISK.

Refused to Attend a Banquet

in Dublin. BRIGHT'S SCHEME FOR TRELAND'S RELIEF.

PARM OF 90 ACKES IN
Chinguacousy, two and a half miles from
Brampton, lot 2, osn. 3, west, C. B; good dwelling
and outbulldings: 12 acres of good hardwood bush;
a splendid wheat farm. Apply to JOHN TRIMBLE,
on premises, or address Brampton P.O. wheat in; 30 acres fall plughed; 30 acres fall wheat in; 30 acres fall plughed; 30 with orchard, dwelling house, trame barn and stable; 3 miles from Tottecham Station on the Hamilton and North-Western railway. Apply to WILLIAM ELLIOTT, Mount Wolfe P. O.

\$\frac{12,500}{\text{WILLIAM ELLIOTT, Mount Wolfe P. O.}\$

WILL BUY THE best thing the state of the seasures which her Majesty's Government have taken for Grimby; good peach country; one year's truit recently brought me \$5,000. In 1873 I had \$2,100 barrels of applies; good buildings; Hamilton City by Great Western. 50 conts; Ningare Falls, 31.

W. W. KITCHEN, Grimsby, Ont.

PLENDID FARM FOR SALE S.—I offer for sale 354 acres of the best farming lands in Fronteines County; admirably adapted for stock and grain raising; situated on barks of \$1. Lawrence river; obe mile trontage; buildings and fences in good erfor; all under cultivation; no wate land; 3,000 bearing apple trees; a fine garpossible of the distress existing in parts of the country. I regret that the character of the resolutions will prevent me from having the honour of dining at the Mansion House on the third of next menth, as it would not be in my power either to ignore them when they have received your official sanction, or to make observations upon them while accepting your Lordship's hospitality.

"I have the honour to remain,
"Your obedient servant,
MARLBOROUGH." The banquet has been abandoned. Its should decline to attend from the City of St. Catharines. The land is in splendid order, and the fences in excellent condition. The buildings are very extensive and as good as new, having been in most part rebuilt by Mr. Dew. There is a young apple orchard of select trees in addition to the old one; also, a number of peach, plumb, and pear trees, and choice grape vines, all in bearing; twenty-five acres of fall wheat in the ground; will be sold as a bargain. Apply to WM. CHAPLIN, St. Ostharines, Out.

And I have Devember abandoned. Its stimated expense of £500 has been given to the Dublin poor. It is proposed that the Lord Mayor should decline to attend the viceregal leves to-morrow, but the Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor should decline to attend the viceregal leves to morrow, but the Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor should decline to attend the viceregal leves to morrow, but the Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor should decline to attend the viceregal leves to morrow, but the Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor should decline to attend the viceregal leves to the Dublin poor. It is proposed that the Lord Mayor should extend the viceregal leves to the Dublin poor. It is proposed that the Lord Mayor should extend the viceregal leves to the Dublin poor. It is proposed that the Lord Mayor should extend the other as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor should extend the other as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor should extend the other as Chief Magistrate, proposed that the Lord Mayor should e

Mayor.

Mr. John Bright at Birmingham on Saturday suggested that Parliament should appoint a Commission to go to Dublin with power to sell farms of the landords to tenants willing to buy, and to advance three-fourths of the purchase money, principal and interest to be repaid in thirty five years. Such a measure Mr. Bright

mended compulsory sale only where the land is owned by London companies, as is the case with large tracts near London-derry. He expressed the conviction that if his plan was ever adopted, self-interest or public opinion, would soon compel individual landlords to sell to tenants.

Conservative journals contain editorial articles severely criticizing Mr. Bright's utterances, asserting that his evident design was to conciliate the Home Rulers and Liberals, and he was exceeding ly severe in depicting the deplorable result of alleged British misrule in Ireland. His denunciations were very violent, excelling those of Mr. Parnell and other agitators. The speech is believed to sound the key note of the Opposition policy in Parliament.

London, Jan. 27. MARMS PURCHASED - PER-C SONS having improved farms for sale throughout Ontario will find purchasers by sending particulars, stating acresses, improvements, locality and price to HAGEL & MURDOCH, Solicitors, Toronto.

Scrofulous Humers.—The Vegetine has cured many cases of Scrofula of five, ten and twenty years' standing, where the patient has bad many physicians, tried many of the known remedies; and, after trying the Vegetine, the common remark is, "It acts differently, works differently, from any medicine I have ever taken." Vegetine will cleanse acrofula from the system. Try it,

Hurrah for Manitoba! THE MEXI EXCURSION TRAIN FOR MANITOBA

WILL START ON WEDNESDAY, 3RD MARCH 1880. or particulars apply, enclosing 3 cent stamp, to R. W. PRITTIE, MANITOBA LAND OFFICE, 64 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

PARK'S COTTON YARNSI arded the Only Medal given at the Centennial xhibition for Cotton Yarne of Canadian Manu-TON CARPET WARP-Nos. 10s. 4-ply, White, Hength and weight in every bundle.

EAM WARPS FOR WOOLLEN MILLS—Slagle,
Double, and Twisted i White and Coloured.

IOSIERY AND KNITTING YARNS—Of every



TOBACCOS.

For the last TWENTY-ONE years this TRADE MARK has been known throughout Canada as the safest guide to RELIABLE TOBACCOS.



IDOL SMOKING **TOBACCO**

THE IDOL brand of Bright Tobacco yields a rich, fragrant smoke, that will be highly appreciated by veteran smokers, surpassing that of any other Tobacco to be had in Canada.

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W. C. McDONALD, Manufacturer.

MONTREAL. THE WEEKLY MAIL is published every Thursday morning in time for the English mail, second edition on Friday, and de-spached by first trains and express to all parts of the Illminion. Price \$1.60 a year. Advertisements for casual insertion are charged at the rate of twenty cense per line; contract rates. THE WEEKLY MAIL forms an excellent

Manitoba.
he Publisher of The Mail will not be responsible adversionments and the printed and published by CHRISTOPHER W. BUNTING, at the office, by CHRISTOPHER W. BUNTING, at the office, by CHRISTOPHER W. BUNTING, at the corner of King and Bay streets in the

Meetin Main

VOL. VIII. NO. 4679.

TORON FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1'880.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

Farms tor Sale.

Advertisements of Farms For Sale or to Rent are inserted in this Column, 30 words for 50c; each additional word 8c. Parties replying to advertisements will please state that they saw them in THE MAIL.

IMPROVED FARMS FOR SALE —Counties Wellington and York. ROBERT NWAY, Auctioneer, Eramosa post-office; or W. BEST, Barrister, Toronto. 393-52 ONE HUNDRED ACRES GOOD wild land, 8 acres cleared, for seven hundred to Clear deed and easy terms. Near Shele. Apply at once to W. R. SCOTT, Luther

\$1,600 will BUY 89 BRIGHT'S SCHEME FOR TRELAND'S RELIEF. nich clay loam; good buildings, orchard; railway handy. Apply to W. WIANCKO, Sparrow Lake,

Ont.

O NE BUNDEED ACRES GOOD

wild land for seven, hundred dollars. Good
terms and title. About seven miles from Shelbourne station. Apply at once to W. R. SCOUT,
where P.O., Ont. FARM OF 90 ACKES IN MARMS FOR SALE—A FULL L'ARM FOR SALE—THE EAST half of Lot 25, in the 10th con. of the Town-of Albion; 30 acres cleared; 20 acres fall it in; 40 acres fall pk ughed; with orchard, ling house, frame barn and stable; 3 miles from suham Station on the Hamilton and North-Western railway. Apply to WILLIAM ELLIOTT, Mount Wolfe P. O.

\$12,500 WILL BUY THE best, handsomest, cheapest best, handsomest, cheapest homestead and 25 acre fruit farm in Canada, situate in the beautiful, healthy incorporated Village of Grimsby; good peach country; one year's fruit recently brought me \$6,000. In 1878 I had 2,100 barrels of applies; good buildings; Hamilton City by Great Western, 50 cents; Niagara Falls, \$1. W. W. KITCHEN, Grimsby, Ont. CPLENDID FARM FOR SALE. — I offer for sale 354 acres of the best farming lands in Frontenac County; aimirably adapted for stock and grain raising; situated on banks of St. Lawrence river; o.e mile trontage, buildings and fences in good order; all under cultivation; no waste land; 2,000 bearing apple trees; a fine garden; near market; will be sold at a sacrifice; reasons for selling, old age. Enquire of J. H. bUSCH. Wolfe Island, Ont. 408-4

DARM FOR SALE. - THE homestead of the late John Dew, containing about 110 acres, and consisting of east half of lot 2, in concessions 5 and 6, Township of Louth. This farm is on the Louth Stone Road, about 11 miles from the City of St. Catharines. The land is in splendid order, and the fences in excellent condition. The buildings are very extensive and as good as new, having been in most part rebuilt by Mr. Dew. There is a young apple orchard of select trees in addition to the old one; also, a number of peach, plumb, and pear trees, and choice grape vines, all in besiring; twenty-five acres of fall wheat in the ground; will be sold at a bargain. Apply to WM. CHAPLIN, St. Catharines, Ont.

The banquet has been abandoned. Its estimated expense of £500 has been given to the Dublin poor. It is proposed that the Lord Mayor should decline to attend the viceregal levee to-morrow, but the Mayor considers that as Chief Magistrate, representing all shades of political opinion, he should attend the official levee of the Queen's representative, and thus show respect to her Majesty. The corporation has passed resolutions, sustaining the Mayor.

garms Clanted

to advertise with others in the Old Country. Send full particulars, on forms supplied, to ADAM-SON & CO., Hamilton. 405-1y LIARMS PURCHASED - PER-SONS having improved farms for sale throughout Ontario will find purchasers by sending particulars, stating acreage, improvements, locality and price to HAGEL & MURDOCH, Solicitors, Toronto. 399-5 2

UNDER THE OBELISK.

Examination of the Masonic Emblems Found There.

LONDON, Jan. 26. The Alexandria Herald correspondent telegraphs:—Dr. Fanton, a highly instructed Mason, has finished a careful examination of the foundations of the obelisk, and confirms Lieut · Commander Gorringe's discovery of the Masonic emblems, which establishes the relations of many ancient Egyptian monuments Dr. Fanton declares mon's temple, is disproved by the relations of the foundations of the obelisk. The Masonic emblems of life and the sun, beyond doubt, are identical with the monument of the Egyptian god Osiris. This proves that Masonry originated with the construction of the pyramids, or at least with a far remoter period than the construction of the foundation istan. the obelisk. The number of blocks comprising the foundation, as well as their position and arrangement, indicate that the ancients were familiar with the higher legrees of Masonry at least, as high as the 18th degree. Many peculiar emblems not understood by Lieut. Commander Gorringe but also in other parts of Egypt, rendering probable a solution of the mystery of the construction of the pyramids. Among the discoveries was found a perfect cube and Lieut. Commander Gorringe, who is a member of the Masonic fraternity, entirely approves Dr. Fanton's explanations, and

gives this despatch his entire approbation. End of the Great Coal Strike PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 26.—There was a general resumption of work at nearly all in the Cortes to-morrow.

the river mines to-day at the old rates, 3

The physicians propounce to 3½c per bushel, with no scale. A few pits remain idle from a cause not connected with the strike. This virtually ends the

great coal strike. Although the river miners have resumed work, it is reported they hold a meeting of delegates on Wednesday, and if twothirds of the miners favour a strike they will be out by Saturday again for 41 cents. The railroad miners are still out, except in a few cases. The operators claim they will all be in by Monday next. The Secretary of the Miners' Union, however, claims that the strike on the railroad is stronger than ever.

An Unprovoked Assault. QUEBEC, Jan. 27. -On Saturday night a milkman from Beauport, who was in the Albion Hotel, walked up to a gentleman sitting in the office, a retired British officer, and without any provocation struck him in the face, discoleuring the vicinity of one of his optics. A complaint has been made at the Police Court, and a warrant

has been issued for the arrest of the as-SARNIA, Jan. 27.—The funeral of Windgrove, the man supposed to have committed suicide last Sunday night by hanging himself, was to have taken place this afternoon, but as the time approached for afternoon, but as the time approached for the funeral, his friends decided not to allow it to proceed, as they wished to hold a supposition of foul play. The examination is to take place to morrow.

LATEST CABLE NEWS

Strained Relations of Russia and Germany.

BISMARCK'S OPPOSITION TO PANSLAVISM

ia Dublin.

Suspension of an English Journal in

The Herald Dublin correspondent telegraphs:—Much feeling has been aroused by the action of the Duke of Marlborough Chinguacousy, two and a half miles from pipton, lot 2, cen. 3, west, C. B.; good dwelling in refusing to dine at the Lord Mayor's outbuildings: 12 acres of good hardwood bush; but had been no forty wears there has been no by the action of the Duke of Marlborough in refusing to dine at the Lord Mayor's banquet on the 3rd of February next. During forty years there has been no occasion when the Viceroy has failed to Cocasion when the Viceroy has failed to attend the inaugural banquet. Even when build lands, threughout the whole of Western Ontario, sent to any address upon application to GEO.

B. HARRIS & CO., Real Estate Agents, London, Ont., or to our Branch Office, Temple Chambers, Toronto street, Toronto. Street, Toronto.

Trank FOR SALE—THE EAST a meeting of Irish Home Rule members of the 19th inst., supporting the O'Donoghue's resolution. The Viceroy's letter says :-"My Lord,-I observe that in your official capacity as Lord Mayor, you presided at a public meeting held in the City Hall, at which resolutions were passed in relation to the West of Ireland, to schemes of enforcement, and to the measures which her Majesty's Government have taken for the relief of the distress existing in parts of the country. I regret that the character of the resolutions will prevent me from having the honour of dining at the Mansion House on the third of next menth, as it would not be in my power either to ignore them when they have received your official sanction, or to make observations upon them while accepting your Lordship's hos-

"I have the honour to remain.

"Your obedient servant,

MARLBOROUGH." The banquet has been abandoned. Its

Mr. John Bright at Birmingham on Saturday suggested that Parliament should appoint a Commission to go to Dublin with power to sell farms of the landlords WANTED TO RENT, A FARM of 100 to 200 acres. WILLIAM WENMAN, burnhanthorse.

IMPROVED FARMS WANTED for chalogues now his proposed for distribution of the purchase measure, Mr. Bright for chalogues now his proposed for distribution of the purchase measure. Mr. Bright for chalogues now his proposed for distribution of the desires of the desires of the condition of the terrible condi

TPROVED FARMS WANTED to advertise with others in the Old Country. In deal, to ADAM to advertise with others in the Old Country. In and is owned by London companies, as is a few to be a companies, as is a few to be a companies. the case with large tracts near Londonderry. He expressed the conviction that if his plan was ever adopted, self-interest or public opinion, would soon compel individual landlords to sell to tenants.

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LONDON, Jan. 27. A steamer from Australia is on the way to London with an experimental cargo of fresh meat in cases containing fifty bullocks

and several hundred sheep. A Constantinople correspondent says the English newspaper thers has been suspendthat the Hiram version of Masonry, which originated with the construction of Solo-The printing office has been closed by force of police. The latter act in violation terms of the capitulation. The Porte will be called to account. A doubtful report from Teheran says that under the influence of England an

The approaching session of Parliament is regarded much anxiety. It will certainly be stormy. It is asserted by the Liberals that ere it has continued a fort-

night, the Gevernment may be compelled either to resign or dissolve. The Government party sneer at the threats of the were fully explained by Dr. Fanton from a
Masonic point of view. This discovery
furnishes a clue to other important discoveries, not only under the fallen obelisks,

pose of the German Government to maintain the most cordial and friendly relations with France.

The masters have replied to the engine discoveries was found a perfect cube and also emblems of all Masonic foundations.

nection with the Staffordshire cotton mill strike, that they should decline to consider any proposition coming from the employés as representing trades-unions. Personal appeals only would receive attention.

A Madrid despatch says the minority of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies have unanimously resolved to resume their seats

The physicians pronounce Gonzales, who attempted to assassinate King Alfonso of Spain, insane. An Athens despatch says the Ministry have tendered their their resignation because of the refusal of the Chambers to vote a sum of 21 millions of drachms, which the Ministry were in hopes of obtaining. It is understood that King George will take steps towards the formation of a Cabinet as soon as practicable. The sum asked for by the Ministry is equivalent to

The German Liberals will support the bill for an increase of the army if the military service is reduced to two years. The deposed Bishop of Breslau has submitted to the Government terms.

A Paris despatch says M. Tirard an nounced in the Chamber of Deputies to day that the Government would continue to

oppose universal amnesty.

The foundation for a report of a great disaster to the steamer Princess Alice off the Isle of Wight is in the fact that the sailors of the British navy. Two sailor

M. Gambetta is very ill with intermittent A great strike of the Burnley weavers is A despatch from Lahore says the Kehistans are preparing an expedition against the British.

A Berlin despatch says the owners of

the Luxor have made a claim for heavy

damages against Peru.

Lord Salisbury's health is reported to be

BY THE GERMAN NATION. LONDON, Jan. 28.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

BISMARCK'S OPPOSITION TO PLANSLAVISM-

A Berlin despatch says the National Zeitung, discussing the proposed increased army, says "the German nation is almost unanimous in its approval. Bismarck's resolution is to resist Panslavism as soon as it shows itself and becomes an aggressive power. As yet Germany preserves friendly relations with official Russia, but Europe Refused to Attend a Banquet can only be thoroughly quieted by exertions in the place whence causes of agitation have proceeded. Assurances of peace from the Russian press ought to be received with great satisfaction, but it must not be forgotten that it is more easy to excite fears than pacify them."

PROSPECTS OF A COLLISION. The Herald Dublin correspondent telegraphs:—Much feeling has been aroused by the action of the Duke of Marlborough cerning the condition and state of the national defences, and there is marked activity in military circles. There are also reports that Russia is endeavouring to negotiate an alliance with France. On the other hand it is asserted that Bismarck is attempting to secure the co-operation of Austria and Italy in his designs, whatever

they may be. Prince Bismarck remains in the city. He is much improved, but looks feeble and anxious. A SUDDEN CHANGE. of Germany unexpectedly postponed his departure for Italy to-day. Count Von Moltke and other principal dignitaries had assembled at the railway station to say farewell, but were disappointed at his non-arrival. This sudden change in the programme of the Crown Prince has caused a great sensation. Rumours refer it to Prince Bismarck's resignation, the Vatican negotiations, etc. Bismarck had a long interview with the Emperor and

A THUNDERBOLT. A St. Petersburg letter states that the necessary in Parliament. The Credit Valuerease of the German army has fallen ley bill is prepared. I could not have exike a thunderbolt upon the Russian peo-

ANOTHER CAUSE FOR COMMENT. A Berlin correspondent reports that the stponement of the journey of the Crown Prince to Pegli, by the advice of Bismarck has caused much surprise and is generally commented upon in all political circles,

AN ARMED TRUCE.

The Critical State of Affairs in Europe. [BY CABLE TO THE MAIL.] LONDON, Jan. 24. The Times, in a leading editorial to-day,

the statesmen may avert a collision of these armed forces, but such an achievement will need incessant vigilance and patience. At such a time England ought to hold herself as free as possible from all unnecessary entanglements, in order to be able, if necessary, to make her voice heard at some critical moment, when the whole course of European history might be hanging in the balance. Far greater issues to the world are now at stake in Europe than in any other quarter of the globe. In deciding them, Esgland may have a still more beneficent part to play than ever she has yet fulfilled. To play it effectively she must be strong, and she should be at

EVENTS IN CUBA.

Week of Earthquakes in the Vuelta HAVANA, Jan. 26.—This being the birth-

ruins. Seventeen members of the Civil Guard were wounded by falling buildings on the night of the 22nd inst. Heavy rain is falling to day in Vuelta

Abajo. The insurgent chiefs Carillo and Sanchez were recently defeated in Cinco Villas district, leaving four dead and some wounded, including a lieutenant-colonel.

Scandalous Scene in Church

BRANTFORD, Jan. 26 -Rev. Mr. Broadway, pastor of the C. M. church, West Brantford, couducted revival services on saturday evening, the little edifice being well filled with a devout congregation. The minister had concluded his address. and was engaged in prayer, when suddenly a woman named Miss Clinch strode up the isle with a shawl thrown over her head, and began pounding the minister, and shouting out that Mr. Broadway had ruined her character by slander. A great commotion ensued. A rush was made for the door by some. Others seized the intruder and hustled her out of doors. The minister explained that the woman was evidently insane, as he did not know her at all. Miss Clinch is a blushing maid of

fifty summers.

It is supposed Miss Clinch is labouring under an hallucination. She fancies Mr. Broadway wants to marry her. No other cause is assigned for the attack. Mr. Broadway has not given her any cause to suppose that he thinks more of her than other member of the congregation. Mr. Broadway is not a regularly ordained preacher, but has been filling the position for some time. He is a student attending Brantford Collegiate Institute, and from

A Duel on the Tapis, New Orleans, Jan. 27.—It is reported a duel is on the *tapis* this afternoon, between Major E. A. Durkee, of the *Demo-*crat, and Major H. J. Hearsey, of the *States*.

SCROFULOUS HUMORS.—The VEGETINE has cured many cases of Scrofula of five, ten and twenty years' standing, where the patient has had many physicians, tried many of the known remedies; and, after trying the Vegerine, the common remark is, "It acts differently, works differently, from any medicine I have ever taken."

Vegerine will cleanse scrofula from the system. Try it. I HAD a severe attack of chills and

fever. I tried Quinine, Arsenic, and every remedy that I could hear of. Giles' Pills and Liniment made a complete cure of me.
Mr. BECKWITH, Dentist,

GILES' PILLS cures Piles,

22 East Forty-first street,

THE CREDIT VALLEY RAILWAY.

later view of the President of the Board with the Ottawa Government.

Question of Paramount Interest to Toronto. OTTAWA, Jan. 28 -Mr. Geo. Laidlaw, President of the Credit Valley railway, has had an interview with the Premier and several Ministers of the Crown in relation

o the general railway system of the country. In the course of a conversation with reporter,
Mr. Landbaw said :—"I came here to Mr. Lalblaw said: — I came here to tell her Majesty's Ministers that her Majesty's wolves were devouring her Majesty's absep, and to represent that the Government should exercise their power,

or get it from Parliament to protect the municipalities from the bitter disappointment that awaits them if the Grand Trunk or other great companies, succeed in pool ing, leasing, amalgamating or buying the local lines mainly subscribed and built to secure competition and fair treatment. If the Grand Trunk absorbed by de-grees all the local railways of Canada, we shall all be mere serfs. I am going to Quebec, on my own responsibility, to see if the Premier of Quebec will co-operate in securing absolutely that no stock jobbing or other action of the proprietary of the interior line of communication which should extend from Quebec, via Ottawa, to connect at Toronto with all the independent lines which there converge, would ever be allowed to be any-A Berlin despatch says the Crown Prince thing else than an independent through competitive route, and remain subject to Government control in that respect. Such line would be worth a million dollars to Montreal and Quebec, and twice as much to the Province of Ontario, the Great Western, and all the independent lines which converge at Toronto. It would emancipate the country from the Grand Trunk. It is now for the city of Toronto to take steps to have the title to its pro-perty confirmed, and receive its value or Crown Prince to-day. The Reichstag has its rent. The City and County Councils been summoned to meet on the 10th ef should formulate their views, and through their members transmit them to the Secretary of State. Their influence will be

DISEASE AND DISTRESS.

pected a more appreciative reception from the Premier and the Government than I

yphold Epidemic in Dartmouth, N. S. Suffering of the Halifax Fishermen. HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 27 .- More cases of typhoid fever are reported in Dartmouth, and there seems little hope of ridding the town of the disease. It appears to be con-fined principally to coloured people in poor

circumstances. A man named Jacob Farquhar disap A man named Jacob Farquhar disappeared from his home in Dartmouth a week ago, and was not heard of by his friends till to-day, when he was found crawling out of the woods near Mayland Lake, with both feet bad. I seen and his ons fast to his hands. It is doubtful he will recover. He has been sleeping the woods for the past week, and

ooked upon as insane. There is much distress among the poor class of fishermen on the shores in the neighbourhood of Halifax, but the mild weather of the present winter has enabled them, so far, to ske out a living. Should severe weather set in, it is feared much suffering will be experienced, and the charitably disposed citizens are called on

ESCAPE OF A DEFAULTER.

An Individual Who Gave Himself Out as Drowned and Watched People Grappi ing for his Body. HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 27.—A telegram from Sydney, C. B., to night says:—Kavanagh, late publisher of the Express of that place, and clerk in the Savings Bank, who lately disappeared mysteriously, and who by his acts tried to leave the impression of having committed suicide by drowning, has been driven from his hiding place. He was concealed in a house of a triend in Sudney, and could see the recold HAVANA, Jan. 26.—This being the birthday of Mrs. Grant, General Callejas and family dine with General Callejas and family dine with General Grant and party. After dimer a few families will spend the evening at the palace. General Grant has accepted an invitation to visit San Diego mineral baths.

During the past week repeated shocks of earthquake were felt in the Vuelta Abajo district, being particularly heavy at San Christobal. Advices from the latter place have induced the Government to send the sendence of the sendenc have induced the Government to send thither part of the engineer corps. All the public buildings at San Christobal are in night, and, rushing past, carried Kavanagh night, and, rushing past, carried Kavanagi to a boat, when he made his escape to Isl Madame, Richmond county. Kavanagh is said to be a defaulter to the Savings bank to the amount of \$10,000.

CANADA'S MINERAL WEALTH.

Shipment of Iron Ore from Haliburton— Specimens Sent to Buffale for Assay. Lindsay, Jan. 27.—Several carloads of very rich iron ore, from Thomas Paxton' nine in Lutterworth, came down the Vic oria railway to-day for the States. large quantity is to be got out this winter.
Belleville, Jan. 27.—About 300 pounds of selected specimens of various kinds of ores from the mineral regions of the North were sent from this port yesterday to Buffalo, fer the purpose of assay. The specimens comprised iron, gold, silver and other ores and were selected by a practical mineralogist and assayer.

Stole from His Mother. NAPANEE, Jan. 27.-A young man about eighteen years of age, named Brown, stole \$61.50 from his mother at Kingston to day, and left the city. His mother took the afternoon train, expecting to overtake the boy and a companien on some freight train before they reached Toronto. Both boys got aboard the same train at Collins and Mrs. Brown had them arrested at

ATLANTA, Jan. 27.-Two barrels, shipped to Avery & Son, plough manufacturers, were opened yesterday, and found to con-tain the corpses of three half-grown persons. It was found they belonged to another Avery, a druggist, and were fer the Atlanta Medical College, and came from near Cincinnati.

this place and placed in the police station.

What a Box Wrongly Consigned Contained.

A Disappointed Heir. GREENSBURG, Pa., Jan. 27.—As the wil of the late Sebastian Brant, bequeathing his estate, valued at \$40,000, to his grand children, was being read yesterday Andrew George, his son-in-law, asked to see it, and threw it into the fire. The will left \$5 to George. He has been ar-

The Pain-Kitter. - We have known the high character of this medicine, and that it is used with great success and satisfaction in our very best families. It is the favourite medicine of our mission-aries in heathen lands, where they use it more than all else together for the disc that abound in those warm climates. It should be kept in every house, and be in readiness for sudden attacks of sickness.—

Christian Press, State Sta

CORNWALL ELECTION.

Dr. Bergin Re-elected by an Increased Majorit, V CORNWALL, Ont., Jan. 2, 7.—The voting for a representative of Co. nwall in the Dominion Parliament to day resulted in the triumphant re-election of Dr. Bergin. The following are the majorities 1:-

THE WOLVES AND THE SHEEP Bergin. 1 (cLennan Cornwall Town -Cornwall Township Totals...... 187 Maj. for Dr. Bergin . 182 Maj. for Dr. Bergin in 1878 38

> Net gain in 1880 144 Bands of music are playing and the streets are alive with vest growds of ejoicing electors. The friends of the opposition here are overwhelmed with dismay and disappointment. Cornwall fully and heartily endorses the N. P.

PRAIRIE PROVINCE NEWS.

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 27.—The Winnipeg harnessmakers, who recently organized an association, have made a tariff of wages, which the masters repudiate. The men have gone on strike. It is rumenred that Lieut. Governor Cauchon will shortly marry an Ottawa

lady.
In the Legislature to-day the Premier replying to a question, stated that no in-timation has been received as yet of the Dominion Government in respect to the me-morial adopted last session, praying for an extension of the boundries of Manitoba. St. Paul papers announce as one result of Messrs. Read and Pell's visit to Minnesota, the sale of two hundred thousand acres by the St. Paul and Sioux City railway to the Land Colonization and Banking Company of London, England, at six dollars per acre, payable in three annual

instalments. The City Council to-night formally accepted the plans and tender of the Toronto Bridge Co. for the proposed railway and traffic bridge across the Red River. The bridge is to be four spans with a central production of the proposed railway and traffic bridge is to be four spans with a central production. tral revolving section. The price is to be \$164,000. The contractors are allowed four days to deposit the required security. It is understood the contract was awarded to the lowest tender.

The Negro Exedus. St. Louis, Jan. 27.—The negro immi ST. LOUIS, Jan. 27.—The negro immigration has set in again. About 100 arrived by steamer on Sunday and left for Kansas. As many more came last night. They have some money, and come chiefly from East Baton Rouge, La., Washington county, and Grenada, Miss. They say there are hordes waiting on the banks for transportation. The coloured agent has cont to the relief committee a list of rise. sent to the relief committee a list of nine hundred families whom he says wish to come north within a few days. Seven hundred immigrants have reached St. Louis. About 300 are here waiting for aid to help then on.

Crushed by a falling Tree. OTTAWA, Jan. 27.-A telegram was received from the Pickanock to day, bearing the intelligence that Jos. Tessier and Antoine Tessier, who belong to Cumberland township, had met with an accident. They were employed in s shanty belonging to G. B. Hill & Co., and were crushed by a falling tree. Jos. Tessier was killed almost instantly, and Antoine is not expected to him.

A Surveying Party for Manitoulin Island. OWEN SOUND, Jan. 27.—The steamer Prince Alfred arrived here to day from Wiarton, and left again with Col. Farijana and surveying party, who are going to make a survey of the channel at Little Current, Manitoulin Island. The weather is clear and mild. They are likely to have

Suicide of an Insane Councillor HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 27.—County Coun-illor Donovan, of Ingonish, (Victoria Co.) C.B., missing ten days, was found dead in the woods this morning, four miles from Braddock, about fifty yards from the post road. He committed suicide by hanging

while temporarily insane. Don't Play with the Berrick.

MARIETTA, Pa., Jan. 27.—Two boys, one a tramp from Little Rock, the other Wm. Engmich, of Marietta, were killed yesterday by a falling derrick with which they were playing. Suicide from Religious Excitement LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 27.—This afternoon Charles Ponder, a local preacher of the M. E. Church, committed suicide by

hanging near New Albany. He was insane from religious excitement. Burned to Death. HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 27.—Mrs. Joseph

Ephallen, aged seventy-eight, widow, was urned to death yesterday at Little River, Yarmouth County, while alone in the House. It is supposed her clothing became ignited in attempting to light the fire. Grindstone Bursts with Fatal Effect PROVIDENCE, Pa., Jan. 27.—A grind-stone in the Scranton file works burst this

Mr. Valin will be the Conservative can didate in Montmorency, and Dr. De St. George the Liberal. Mr. Langlois will run as an Independent, in favour of Pro tection. A Mrs. Martin (nee Bourbeau) of St.

morning, instantly killing the grinder and completely shattering the building.

Anselme county, Dorchester, Que. St. Joseph, charged with setting fire to the barn of a neighbour with whom she had quarrelled. Her own children are witnesses against her. A company styled the Hastings Land Purchasing Association has recently been formed at Belleville for the purpose of purchasing and locating lands in Manitoba,

and sending these who are westwardly inclined thereto. The officers of the organization are as follows:—President, J. C. Foster; Vice-President, J. M. Ashley; Secretary, F. Brenton; Treasurer, P. R. Daly. Three delegates, who are to go out to Manitoba to select lands, have been appointed as follows:—Thomas Hambly, C. Ashley and J. S. Hamilton. There is no sweetness in a kiss,
Unless your teeth are just like pearls,
Then would you share its trembling bliss,
Use SOZODONT at once, sweet girls;

For it alone gives to the mouth, 25
White teeth and fragance of the South. We Pledge Our Reputation for the Ful. filment of what we here declare. In almost every nstance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, selief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes, after MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTH-

try and diarrhos and wind colie. Sure to regulat

LATEST HOME NEWS.

It is not probable the Quebec Legislature will meet till March. Dr. Parnell, of Ottawa, is a first cousin of Mr. Parnell, the Irish agitator. Oats are selling at one dollar and twenty cents at Rat Portage, on the Canada Pacific

The writ for Argentucuil has been issued. The nomination takes place on the 5th February, and voting on the 12th. The attempt to open a coffee house at London, Ont., as a temperance measure, has failed from lack of public interest. A gentleman in Ottawa is trying to form a syndicate to purchase the property of the Dominion of Canada Plumbago Co.

The population of Almonte is 2,674, an of cattle from Ontario to Halifax alone is increase of 159 over the previous year. The anthorities are applying to be in-

corporated as a town, Dr. Jöseph Clarke, of Pagwash, Cumberthe Neva Scotia cattle go on beard the land county, N.S., accidentally poisoned ship fresh, Q. Do you acid, and died an hour afterwards. Mr. Justice Henry has refused the application to have the North Ontario election appeal tried at the special sitting of the Supreme Court on the 3rd of February.

of the victims had a narrow essape from The Minister of Militia has appointed Capt. Prevost, of B Battery, now stationed at Quebec, to visit Woolwich to study the manufacture of the latest pattern of cartridge for the Militia of Canada.

An event in fashionable circles in St. An event in fashionable circles in St. Stephen, N.B., on Wednesday evening, was the marriage of Mr. W. D. Torrance, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Brantford, to Sarah, fourth daughter of Judge I have already had to contradict this Stevens.

One buyer shipped last week upwards of a ton of bass, pickerel, pike, &c., for the from £500 to £3,000 each. United States. Mr. David Tood, late foreman of Abell's works, Woodbridge, was presented the night before last with a silver fruit stand, The Presiding Officers Chosen by the County Councils. foreman fer fourteen years, and enjoyed the esteem and respect of the men.

On Saturday the Rev. J. A. Smith returned from Kings county to his home in St. Martin's, N.B. On arriving home he complained of a pain in his head, and died two hours later. He was one of the oldest Baptist ministers in New Brunswick.

negotiated the notes.

It is said that the seats of ten of the Ottawa Aldermen will be contested on the ground of want of proper qualification.
Ald. Egleson's election is to be contested en the ground of informalities in the nomination papers, and Mr. Rowe's for having an auctioneer's licence, and Ald. Starr's and Christin's for having liquor

A meeting of farmers was held at Marsh Hill school house, Sidney, near Belleville, on Friday night, to consider the propriety of establishing a beet sugar manufactory. Those present agreed to devote fifty-seven acres of land to beet culture this year, amount of stock would be taken up in

A gentleman of Quebec has arrived in Ottawa to confer with the Government in relation to the uncurrent coin n circulation in the city and district of Quebec, known as the copper currency.
The Quebec people desire the Government
to purchase the coin at a discount in the

cess Louise will arrive by the Sarmatian, probably on Saturday, and together with her suite, will also be the guest of the Lieut.-Governor. No decided arrangements as to landing, reception, etc., have as yet been made.

A disturbance occurred at a meeting of the Y. M. C. A., of Queen's University, held in the Medical College, Kingston. A number of young men commenced the disturbance by singthe worshippers in. One of the members climbed out of an upper window, and by this means let the brethren out.

Mr. J. B. McGann, the well-known instructor of the deaf and dumb, died at his residence in Belleville on the 23rd morning, after a long illness. He was the pioneer teacher of the deaf and dumb in this Province, having established a school in Teronto, whence he removed to Hamilton, where he carried on a school with assistance from the Government. On the establishment of the institution at Belleville, he was appointed one of its teachers, but on account of old age and ill-health resigned in 1878. Deceased was a native of Ireland, and aged seventy-three. The importations into the Dominion, exclusive of British Columbia, for December,

58,035 1,154.872 Grand total entered for consumption. \$4,092,117

The exports for December, exclusive of British Columbia, were :-Produce of the Mine....\$ 77,482

"Fisheries 435,182

"Forest... 2310,499 Agricultural Products...
Manufactures...... Grand total..... \$4,489,385

The monthly bank statement for ber shows the subscribed capital of chartered backs to be \$63,106,633 67; paid up capital, \$60,351,505.75; notes in circulation, \$22,252,761.79; total liabilities, \$105,802,821; total assets, \$178,302,684,

THE FIZED FOR FARMERS.

What a Scottish Pelegate Thinks of Our Country.

Neva Scotla's Stock-raising Advantages.

By Telegraph to The Mail. HALIFAX, N S., Jan. 27.-Pre Fions to sailing in the Sardinian, Mr. James Bruce, one of the Scottish Agricultural dele vates, was interviewed by an Evening Mail reporter. Mr. Bruce has spent three mon vis in Canada, and is well qualified to give and unbiassed opinion. He said :- I am so well pleased with it, that I purpose coming out At the Halifax, N. S., police court yesterday morning, W. R. Henry was committed for trial for swindling the revenue.

At the Halifax, N. S., police court yesterday morning, W. R. Henry was committed for trial for swindling the revenue.

At the Halifax, N. S., police court yesterday morning, W. R. Henry was committed for trial for swindling the revenue. Captain John Carson, in command of the Revenue cutter Manhattan, on Lake Ontago, for the past two years, died at Oswego on the 26th.

A. I am rather in layour of Nova Scotia; your facilities for cattle raising and close proximity to the sea rendering shipping taglo, for the past two years, died at the country of the transport o proximity to the sea rendering shipping coay and increasive. There eaght not to be a single acre of cleared land anemployed. I learn that the cost of the transport

> over \$70. Now, this of itself, is a large profit. In addition to which, owing to the short distance to the place of emberkati Q. Do you think cattle can be raised here as successfully as in Ontario?
>
> A. Yes, and more no, judging from the

nips and mangolds, why then, instead of shipping the potatoes to the States, are they not fed to cattle, which may be pre-Several cases of poisoning from eating partridges kept too long after death have recently occurred at Halifax, N.S. Many Q If you come to this country, what amount of capital would you likely bring with you? A. Well, I have £14 19. capital per acre invested in one way or another on my farm at home. The most of this I should be prepared to bring with me. I would not do this if I had the

slightest doubt as to the ultimate success

The competition amonsgt fish buyers in the Belleville district is so great that the price has been advanced to 4%c. per pound.

ELECTIONS OF WARDENS.

Following is a list of the Wardens chosen at the inaugural meetings of the County Councils yester-day, with the municipalities which they represent: Counties. Wardens. J. B. Schram, the agricultural implement pedlar charged with forging the names of a couple of Oxford farmers to notes, had a preliminary examination at Woodstook yesterday, and was sent to London for trial, as it was at that city he negotiated the notes.

It is said that the seats of ten of the Otin Morgan ... Ad J. McPherson R. Jaffray John Ramsey Capt Cook

obt. Purvis

Dr. Smith.... G. J. Duncan.

voting.

+BARRE, Jan. 27.—The members of the County Council met at 2.46 this afternoon. There was considerable excitement connected with the election of Warden. Four candidates were proposed, vis. R. Wilson, Reeve of Mono; C. Cook, Reeve of in circulation in the city and district of Quebec, known as the copper currency. The Quebec people desire the Government to purchase the coin at a discount in the same manner as the old American silver was purchased.

The City of London Horticultural Society at their meeting on Wednesday passed a resolution, requesting the City Council to withdraw their by law authorizing the sale of the Exhibition grounds. The by-law, unless withdrawn, will shortly be voted on. The Society reports a balance on hand of \$641. Mr. Thomas Partridge, jr., was elected President.

The Marquis of Lorne will arrive in Halifax, N.S., at noon on Friday, and will be the guest of his Honour Lieut. Governor Archibald. Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise will arrive by the Sarmatian, probably on Saturday, and together with her suite, will also be the guest of the Lieut. Governor. No decided arrange-

Boyle v. the "Globe."

gun on Monday and elosed on Tuesday, resulted in a verdict for the defendant.

The libel suit of Boyle v. the Globe, be-

The Glole had char ed that Mr. Boyle, who is the proprietor of the Irish Canadian, had been paid for withdrawing his tender ing a hymn in opposition to the one given out, and when they could not close the for the Departmental printing at Ottawa meeting by this means, they went outside and conducted themselves very unbecomingly. They capped the affair by locking the worshippers in. One of the members Maclean, Charlton, Starrs and Cotton. It was established that the tenders of Mack-intosh and Charlton were really in the inthe contract, and that Roger had given Cotton \$3,000 to buy Boyle off. Boyle, however, swore that he had neither received nor expected to receive any of this money, and Cotton said he had not paid him any. Mr. McCarthy, Q.C., appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Bethune, Q.C., far the defendants. THE ESTIMATES. The following is a summary of the esti-

mated expenditures of the Province for Civil Government.

ducation Tablic Institutions, Maintenance..... Immigration
Agriculture, Arts, Literary and Scientific Institutions Hospitals and Charities Public Buildings-Repairs......Capital Account..... Public Works-Capital Account
Colonization Roads
Charges on Crowa Lands
Refund Account
Unforeseen and Unprovided \$37.182 is asked for mis ellaneor s expenditure. Of this sum \$5,000 is ir serted

penditure. Of this sum \$0,000 is in served to defray the expenses of the proposed Agricultural Commission; \$5,250 for expenses of removing lunation, fe males to Mercer reformatory, etc., \$400, fer telephone service. Under the vote of \$49,50 for immigration, \$4,000 for 30 for nearly pnone service. Under the vote of \$49,950 for immigration, \$4 000 for 30 00 pamphlets; \$9,000 for provisions for immigrants; \$8,000 for carriage of immigrants in Ontario. The estimate for the Model Farm

26,992 13,073 117,217

THE GATINEAU MURDER.

Particulars of the Horrible Crime.

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—Mr. Wm. Logue, of the Desert Village, furnishes the following additional information in connection with the recent murder on the Gatineau:—"I received this Wednesday evening, the following information from a reliable party, who has just returned from the scene of the murder. On the evening preceding the murder two Indians went to Hennessy & Brisbers' depot to buy goods, and Hennessy seld nearly all the goods in stock, which Brisbers then and there claimed, and an altercation followed between Hennessy and Brisbers in the presence of the Indians. After completing their purchases, Brisbers told them not to stop at Hennessy & Brisbers' depot that night, but to go to sleep at another shanty. The Indians did as directed by Brisbers, and on the following morning Brisbers went to the shanty where the two Indians had slept, and offered them the clothes which they had seen on the murdered man the previous evening. The Indians would not take them, whereupon Brisbers told them that Hennessy had died during the night and requested the Indians to bury him. Brisbers then departed and has not gince hear heaved the Madoc, Jan. 26.—Petitions are mow being circulated in the countries of Essex and Kent, which are to be presented to the Dominion Parliament at its coming session, praying for the granting of a canal from Lake St. Clair to Two Creeks, on Lake Erie. A petition will also be presented signed by masters and owners of vessels from nearly every port on both sides of lakes Krie, Huron, where the Indians to bury him. Brisbers then departed and has not gince hear heaved.

Madoc, Jan. 26.—A deposit of free gold and the previous evening. Proposed Canal from Lake St. Clair to Leave Erie.

Leamington, Jan. 26.—Petitions are mow being circulated in the countries of the Briston of the Lake Erie.

Leamington, Jan. 26.—Petitions of the Leave Indians of the proposed Canal from Lake St. Clair to Two Creeks, on Lake Erie. A petition will also be presented signed by masters and owners o Hennessy & Brisbers' depot that night, but to go to sleep at another shanty. The Indians did as directed by Brisbers, and on the following morning Brisbers went to the shanty where the two Indians had slept, and offered them the clothes which they had seen on the murdered man the previous evening. The Indians would not take them, whereupon Brisbers told them that Hennessy had died during the night and requested the Indians to bury him. Brisbers then departed and has not since been heard of. After the Indians had breakfasted, they went to the depot and there saw the mutilated body of Hennesy lying in bed, and the clothes covered with blood. The Indians would not take the murdered man's clothing for fear they might be saddled with the murder. They are afraid to move the body, awaiting the action of the authorities. It is surprising the autherities take ne action in this matter. The body of the unfortunate man is still lying in his blood, and has been since the murder was committed, some four weeks ago. The party who gave me the above information, which is reliable, told me it was a horrible sight to look at a frozen mass of flesh and blood. The Indians will not inter the body, and as the authorities are silent, there is every probability of the body being eaten by dogs or wolves. The authorities at Ayimer should at once take the matter up."

at Ayimer should at once take the matter up."

OTTAWA, Jan. 27:—The following despatch has been received in relation to the Gatineau murder:—Buyza Daszer, Jan. 19.

"The forks of the Gatineau is about 100 miles above Desert village and about fifty miles above Messrs. Hamilton Bros., Sturgeon farm. At this point Brisbois and Hennessy were partners hunting for furs. Hennessy came from the River St. Frangois, below Quebec, and is said to have been a Metis, or hair-broed. They hunted together since September last, and had secured as far as can be learned about \$150 worth of furs, when Brisbois brutally murdered his comrade, and started down with the furs. He arrived in the example of the comrade, and started down with the furs. He arrived in the examined at the camp to hunt, that he had plenty of provisions, and that he (Brisbois) was taking down the furs to sell, and would return immediately. Brisbois continued his journey downward next day, but during the night it was noticed that he was reary restless, and walked about the house and slept but little. He arrived next night at one Dennis Sevenie's, who keeps a stopping place about twenty-lave miles above this place, and promised Sevenie \$7. To drive him to Pickanock, driving past this place in the night. When on the way during the night, he confessed to Sevenie that he killed his partner, that they had quarrelled about an otter skin, and that he struck him with his hatchet, that the was arraid that Brisbois would hill him. It ippears, however, from the statement of the Indians that Brisbois story with regist to the method of killing him is not true, that he was killed by a holow on the head by a tomahawk while in bed, hat the mardered man never moved from where he was struck, and no blood found other than where he say, so that the poor fellow must have been nurdered. Strange it is that a suman being should be left in this way. The likes are afraid to go near or bury him, and this come natural enough. Should not the Attorney-leaved from Quebec at once look into thi

THE WORKLY MAIL.

TORONTO, PRIDAY, JANUARY 50, 1880.

THE RAILWAY DISPOTE

THE RAILWAY DISPOT provided that laws then in force should remain in force until repealed by proper authority. Should the English Privy Council take the view of the law suggested, it would be necessary either to secure an amendment of the British North America Act, or have the Local Legislatures collect the taxes for local purposes, and divide them on some equitable plan.

Mining at Madec.

Madoc, Jan. 26 — A deposit of free gold has been discovered on Mr. Henry Bull's property in this place. This gentleman is the owner of a bed of red hematite iron within the corperation, and only about thirty rods from the railway station. Mr. Hall, of Buffalo, has been stepping here since Saturday last. He has purchased ten car loads of refuse from the iron mines. This refuse is too full of sulphur for manufacturing purposes, and he wishes to test it with his new process.

North Lamark Election.

Almonte, Jan. 22.—Following is the re-

ALMONTE, Jan. 22.—Following is the result of the North Riding election:—Majority for Jamieson—Almonte, 111; Pakenham, 81; Ramany, 7; total, 199.

Majorities for MacDonnell—Lanark Village, 36; Darling, 12; Lanark Township, 121; Elphin, 38; MacDonald's Corners, 44; Poland, 15; Watson's Corners, 31; total 207.

New York, Jan. 22.—A cablegram from Alexandria says with respect to the Mason's discoveries under the obelisk, it is a fact that in removing the pedestal of the Obelisk there were found:—First, a Mason's square of red cyenite granite, the long section being eight feet six inches long, seventeen inches broad, 25 inches thick, and the short section measuring from the outer angle four feet three inches; second, a pure white stone representing an apron; third, found under the apron, a perfect altar of red granite; fourth, a red granite rough Ashlar; fifth, a Mason's spoon-shaped fron trowel of ordinary size, totally oxidized; in all five emblems, each in proper position. Surrounding the foundation on all sides and forming a part of it, are three steps all of stone. The foundation, together with the steps, were boundly firmly together with, and very well preserved in, andron case, idiaid. Other stones in the foundation bear curfocus marks and cuttings, not hieroglyphics, which may be Masonic, but none are able to decide. All the stones in the foundation will be placed in New York exactly as they were discovered.

The Nomination on Friday.

dennett has lately instituted a new system of mining, whereby he secures coal as perfectly clean as possible. Some of it tried at this office, has given every satisfaction. It is good lasting coal, and it is said to be the only seam in Nova Sootia (except the old Mines Sydney) that resembles anthracite in possessing latent heat enough to reignite after smouldering eight or ten hours. This is, of course, a valuable quality for any grate coal.—Post.

Railway meetings in the interest of an experiment of the second sec

and Miles Sydney that resemble getter the cited in possessing lates has enough the several region call.—For grate call,—For gr

And the control of th

ity of running their line upon his track, because a cheap, simple and asy line can be got without inter-ering with the tracks, yardage, and witching operations of the other com-

fering with the tracks, yardage, and switching operations of the other companies." Mr. Paine says:—"Such a location should not be considered when any other can be found at reasonable cost. In this instance the alternative is simple, less expensive, and less free from any of the objections by which the line through the Northern grounds is surrounded."

Had these engineers been told that the line laid down by Mr. Frank Shanly through the Grand Trunk ground is opposed by that company with the utmost vehemence and determination, and that it crosses the Great Western track east of Bathurst street twice, the old and newly laid Grand Trunk tracks east of Brock street eight or ten times, and the Northern track once, it is not unreasonable to ampose that their opinions would, to say the least, have been considerably modified. As to the difficulty and danger of crossing the Northern ground, I venture to think that, having a space exceeding 50 acres between Bathurst and Brock streets, the Northern Company would have very cres between Bathurst and Brock streets, the Northern Company would have very little difficulty in so readjusting their tracks as to permit the location of at least one more track—a track which would be perfectly easy and safe, and that this might be done without straining the inenuity of any one of the engineers whos ns have been obtained.

opinions have been obtained.

It appears perfectly monstrous that one Company should be allowed to appropriate 50 acres of land commanding the approach to the business centre of the city, fill it with tracks, and then obstruct all other railway enterprise. The situation is very much aggravated when one considers that the Northern road has practically been built not only for, but by the people, and that for the land itself the Northern Company have never paid one farthing. Company have never paid one farthing.
(Signed,) R. M. WELLS,

THE VICE - CHANCELLOR'S JUDG MENT.

The following is the opinion of Messrs. McCarthy, Q.C., and Ferguson, Q.C., on the probable success of an appeal from the judgment of Vice-Chancellor Proudfoot:— Our opinion has been asked as to the probable success of an appeal from the de-Our opinion has been asked as to the probable success of an appeal from the decision pronounced in this case of the 7th January instant, by Mr. Vice-Chancellor Proudfoot, wherein he decreed that an injunction should issue against the Credit Valley Railway Company restraining them from taking possession of a portion of the 100 feet strip between Queen street and the diamond crossing, which the latter Company claimed the right to occupy under authority given to them by a Licence of Occupation granted in July last by the of Occupation granted in July last by the Minister of the Interior. We were also requested, in case we hould be of opinion that it would be ad-

visable to appeal from the decree made, to state at length our reasons for coming to that conclusion.

We have considered the questions which We have considered the questions which were determined by Mr. Vice-Chancellor Proudfoot in arriving at his decision, and we are of opinion that an appeal should be had from the decree.

It is not disputed by any of the parties to the litigation that the fee of this land is still in the Crown, and that no grant of any kind was ever made of it excepting to the military authorities as hereinafter mentioned until the license of occupation was issued to the Credit Valley Railway Company.

ments by the Grand Trunk Railway Com-pany of Toronto, is satisfactory. I am further desired to request that yeu will inform the Colonial Government that the occupation of this ground by the Rail-way Company is wholly unauthorized.

I have, etc.,

H. R. DRURY.

The Respective Officers, War Department,

Montreal.

These letters also throw strong light; upon what was undoubtedly the final opinion of the Ordnance Department as to the right of the railway companies to take the right of the railway companies to take their land without consent.

The Northern Railway Company have from first to last been paid by the Government—that is to say, by the people—more than enough to build and equip their road. In addition to this, they have grabbed over fifty acres of land and water lots in this city, for which they have never paid one farthing. The Grand Trunk Company have also received an enormous sum from one farthing. Also Grants are from have also received an enormous sum from the Government—that is, from the people the Government — the Grants—that is, from the people the Government — the Gov the Government—that is, from the people
—more than enough to build their read,
and yet these are the companies
who say to the city of Toronto,
and to the counties, townships, and
towns which have been compelled, by
their discriminations and conduct, to build
the Credit Valley railway: "We will
keep the Credit Valley out of Toronto,
and for that purpose will fight them from
court to court until the last forum is
reached."

reached."

The author of the published statement has given one extract from the speech of Sir John Macdonald on this subject. I will give another from the same speech:

"I think it would be impossible, and very unwise, for the other railways to attend the same speech." very unwise, for the other railways to attempt to keep the Credit Valley railway out of Toronto, because it is quite true, as Mr. Macdougall says, it would be impossible to prevent them getting power from the Legislature to do so, if in no other way. Public opinion would be against the Credit Valley being kept out. Whether it was visely commenced or not is another way. visely commenced or not is another ques-tion. There is a railway now in existence, a railway which is standing at the threshold of Toronto, wanting to get in, and if by any exercise of legal right the other railways keep it out of the city, I am other raniways keep it out of the csty, I am quite sure the Legislature, as a matter of justice, would be compelled by public opinion to over-ride all those legal rights and give this Company's railway admission into Toronto. Just as surely as I sit here, the Legislature would force the other railways to yield the tracks and, having that fact before them, I think that they should address themselves at once to do it without any trouble from litigation

or otherwise."
The friends of the Credit Valley railway The friends of the Credit Valley railway venture to think that this earnest public deciaration and pledge by the First Minister of the Crown will cenvince the public that the entrance of the Credit Valley railway into the commercial centre of the city, by a right of way which shall be uncontrolled by and independent of any rival railway Company, will be surely and certainly granted by Parliament, if in no other way. There may be a little further delay, but There may be a little further delay, bu the interests involved are too great, and e public are too much in earnest to make he final result a matter of very much

Since the above was written the North-Since the above was written the North-ern Railway Company have published a long statement in explanation of their hostility to the Credit Val-ley Company. They say that in April, 1879, they prepared and submitted a plan shewing a line for the Credit Valley from Queen street to Bathurst street, and that this plan was agreed to provisionally on behalf of the Credit Valley by Mesars. Campbell, Wells and Bailey. That is quite true. But the Northern Company are perfectly well aware that as soon as the Grand Trunk Company heard of what had been done, they promptly repudiated

Mr. Bell, their Solicitor, within three day after the submission of the Northern Rai way Company's plan:

BELLEVILLZ, 22ad April, 1879. Hon. R. M. WELLS,

Hon. R. M. Wells,
Barrister, Toronto.
My Dear Sir.—
Re C. V. R. and G. T. R.
I have your letter, which I have at once sent to Mr. Hickson. I may in the meantime say that the recent litigation betwen the Northern railway and this Company has been as to the ownership of the land between the Queen street crossing and the diamond crossing, and south of the Grand Trunk railway tracks up to the fence, and on the part north of our tracks fence, and on the part north of our tracks between diamond crossing and Bathurst

have no claim to them in any form. One cannot, therefore, help admiring the generosity of that Company in giving your people liberty to use that which is not people liberty to use com-

We must from the diamond east have and own our own double track. What right Mr. Hickson will give your people I cannot say, but this I can say, that if you attempt to take property claimed by us, we will take steps to protect our right and that are the same of the same

by us, we will take steps to protect our right, and that at once.

Yours truly,
(Signed)

JOHN BELL.

I pass over for the present the extraordinary contradiction as to the ownership of this land between Mr. Bell's letter and the evidence given in the recent sult between the Credit Valley and the Grand

Trunk.

The truth is that the Northern and Grand Trunk companies are ingeniously and cleverly playing into each others hands. They have a sort of joint control over the 100 feet strip from Queen to Bathurst street, and they occupy between Bathurst street and York street a block containing eighty acres.

The Northern company virtually say to

The Northern company virtually say to the Credit Valley Railway:—"We will let you come to Bathurst street, provided you do not touch on ground between Bathurst and Brock, and we won't let you come unless you will make an agreement to that effect."

The Grand Trunk virtually say:—"The The Grand Trunk virtually say:—"The Northern have no right to give you that track at all, but if you will agree not to cross our ground to your water lots we will permit you to come to Bathurst street." The result of this happy combination of offers, conditions, provisions, stipulations and humbug, is to keep the Credit Valley at Queen street. The Credit Valley do not care by which route they reach their water lots. If they can get a track through the northern depot grounds, they are content

lots. If they can get a track through the northern depot grounds, they are content to abandon the Shanly route through the Grand Trunk greund.

If they can get the track laid down by Mr. Shanly across the Grand Trunk ground, they are content to abandon the route through the Northern ground.

But the Northern say:—"You shall not go through our ground." And the Grand Trunk say:—"You shall not go through eur ground." And they both say in effect:—"You shall not even come to Bathurst street until you bind yourselves to abandon both routes." That is the plain English of it. And no amount of bland protestations can make it otherwise. The Northern Company have obtained opinions from several engineers adverse to the route through the Northern grounds. It is perfectly clear, however, that these gentlemen have been entirely misinformed as to the facts. They have been led to suppose that the Credit Valley had a safe, easy, clear and unopposed track through the that the Credit Valley had a safe, olear and unopposed track through Grand Trunk ground, and that, perve and unreasonably, they insist upon other and more dangerous one. Walter Shanly, for instance, says seems hard to comprehend why the C Valley should turn aside from the line pointed out to it, with one croonly to entangle itself in a mean of involving eight." Mr. Brydges say "It is, besides, entirely unnecessar what is wanted can be accomplished out incurring these risks and difficult Mr. Muir says:—"There is not the signal of the same of

THE WEST, SAIL TORONTO, PRIDAY, AANGANY IS 1944

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THE WERLY MAIL. TORONTO, PRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1880.

**THE WINDERSON, PRIDAY AND ASSOCIATION OF THE WARRENCE OF

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ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

MRST SESSION—FOURTH LEGISLATURE

The Assembly has done little during the week, adjourning early. The only business beyond routine was done on Tuesday, when Mr. Wood moved the second reading of the bill respecting the Agricultural College. He said the College was no longer an experiment. It was an accomplished fact; and it was considered now advisable to establish it permanently by Ast of Parliament. This was due to the faming community, who looked to it for assistance, and to the staff, whose positions should be made permanent during good behaviour. The public was fully in favour of the Institution. During the past year a thousand persons had visited it, and the grangers During the past year a thousand as had visited it, and the grangers tion. During the past year a thousand persons had visited it, and the grangers had, through the Dominion Grange, strongly recommended its permanent establishment. He had yet to learn that, netwithstanding the numbers of people who had visited the College, there was one report against it. Objection had been taken to the name of the "Agricultural College;" but that was the name by which the Cellege was known both inside and outside the House. The bill, besides providing for the establishment of the College, provided for the subjects to be taught the boys, for by-laws, regulating the duties of teachers, for the number and length of the sessions and for the affiliation of the College with the University of Toronto. Another clause provides that the President of the College and the Professor of Agriculture should be members of the Agricultural and Arts Association. This was done with a view to improving the opportunities which these officials would have of studying by coming into contents with practical farmers. In conclusion, he specks highly of the late principals. contact with practical farmers. In con-clusion, he spoke highly of the late princi-pal and the work he had performed, and expressed his confidence in that gentle-man's successor.

Mr. FRENCH (South Grenville) doubt-

Mr. FRENCH (South Grenville) doubted that the teaching of the College was practical, and expressed himself as opposed to the continuance of the College. The College was an attempt to play at farming, and the sections of the bill were complicated, and, in many cases, absurd.

The bill was read a second time. MECHANICS' INSTITUTES.

Mr. CROOKS moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Agricultural and Arts Act. The bill was not merely to transfer Mechanics' Institutes from the Department of the Commissioner of Agriculture to the Department of Education, but, as far as possible, by means of recreation and other inducements which shall tion and other inducements which shall be offered, to take care that evening classes shall still further flourish, and that better opportunity shall be given for making the different libraries still more

In reply to Mr. Meredith, Mr. CKOOKS said he would rather not say until the commates came down, whether there would be any increase or decrease in the grants to Mechanics' Insti-The bill was read a seaond time.

DRAINAGE BY-LAWS. The House went into Committee on

Attorney-General's bill to make further provision respecting Supplementary Drain-age By-Laws. The bill was so amended as to make the publication of the supplementary by laws unnecessary, in form it passed. THE JUDICATURE ACT.

The House went into committee o Judicature Act.
The various clauses passed with, many cases, no discussion.

On the 25th clause,
Mr. FRENCH suggested that the tern
"Supreme Court," as applied to the Rig
Court of Ontario, might clash with the
name of the Supreme Court of Canada.

The clause passed.
On the 27th clause,
Mr. MILLER expressed a hope that the
Attorney-General would consent to an ap
peal to go direct to the Court of Appeals.
Mr. MOWAT said that the bill provider over that certain sum, a second appear could be made to the Court of Appeals He also proposed to introduce a clause fix ing the sum under which the appeal coul not be made to the Supreme Court of Can

bill was to be of any use in cheapenin litigation, an appeal should go not first the full bench and then to the Court Appeal, but to the Court of Appeal in the first place.

Mr. HARDY said that in the Court Appeal the costs were two or three time higher than in the lower courts, and it we better to let a man go to the least expensive tribunal where he would be likely get satisfaction, than to force him to go the Appeal Court direct.

Mr. MILLER said that appeals from the decision of a stimendiary magnitude.

Mr. MILLER still thought that if th

Mr. Millikk said that appeals from the direct to the Court of Appeal, and he do not see why appeals from the High Could not go there also.

Mr. HARDY remarked that if all appeals were sent direct to the Court Appeal, either that Court would be

Appeal, either that Court would be down under it or a second court would have to be established.

Mr. PAXTON favoured a direct appearance of the had gone a lower way in the direction of reducing litigation he would, however, consider the suggestions.

Mr. FRENCH considered that the fu of the Courts as proposed was not a fur in fact, but a fusion only in name. there were so many judges of the varie courts, he thought it would be well divide them up into four different Cou of Appeal, and to divide the work of or aidering appeals among them, a provision being made that bidge who tried to case should not sit at the appeal again his decision.

Mr. MOWAT thought that such

Mr. MOWAI should be disastro division of the courts would be disastro Mr. ROSEVEAR here said :—It appo Mr. ROSEVRAR here said:—It appeto me that the laity in the House do knew what is going on; and if they read ounderstand the matter, then I do a think the lawyers do. I was talking to ther day to a gentleman who is a support of the present Government and he said believed Mr. Mowat (cries of "order would bring in a bill that would save great deal of expense; but this measurafter all, reminds me of the millers in e part of the country. Some millers, whyou take them your wheat say they captind it because its flinty; but they toll all the same. (Laughter.) Then whyou go to the next miller he can't do it some reason or other—but he tolls it a you go to the next miller he can't do it some reason or other—but he tolls it so it goes until, if a farmer goes to all mills he has nothing but his bags ! (Lond laughter.) I think this bill is wound hike the millers. The farmers if go to law will be tolled at every cour which they are sent and if a man has through all the courts his property will be gone and he won't have a head of collet. Now, if the lawyers don't seen the upon a good and cheap law, we farm will seen settle on one that will be benefit to the country. (Cheers.)

May part I don't understand one walout this bill. I have asked gentleme the profession in the House if they unstood it and they said they did not; and one know that the Attorney-Gendon. (Laughter.) I believe the Attorney General means well enough by the bill, he has been led away by gome one or o who has been led away by gome one or o who has been posting him up, and he got wrong. (Renewed laughter.) I not going to say one word about the lysts on one side of the House or the of out I have often said that it makes no forme on what side of politics a lawyer.

Lord Longford, an Irish landlord, prooses a very simple remedy for the conlition of Ireland, namely, that the peopledition of Ireland, namely, that the people should drink less liquor. It is a good suggestion, but why does not Lord Longford propose a more widespread application of his panacea? If the absentee landlords were to refrain from the use of costly wines and other superfluities, many of them would be able to make the reasonable reductions in rents which they now decline to do on the plea of inability. It's a poor rule that does not work both ways. A man who can not naw his rent should a poor rule that does not werk both ways. A man who can not pay his rent should not drink whiskey, but the advice to swear off comes with ill grace from a class who are notoriously extravagant and frequently dissipated—though Lord Longford personally may be neither.

It is proposed to increase the German army, already swollen out of all propertion to the resources and industries of the country, by another 20,000 men, making a total force of 422,000. The annual cost of the force is at present some \$90,000,000, and the additional levy will entail a pre-liminary expenditure of \$6,250,000, and an annual addition to the budget of four million dollars. The menacing aspect of Russta is probably the inciting cause of this step, which cannot but increase the this step, which cannot but increase the prevailing discontent. The personal prestige of Kaiser William and his iron-willed Chancellor may be able to prevent an out-break during their lives, but, if so, they will leave a legacy of trouble for their suc-cessors similar to that which the amiable-but nerveless Louis XVI. inherited from his strong and tyrannical ancesters.

provision of the Division Court law which permits imprisonment for debt, or rather imprisonment for refusing to obey judges's order directing the payment of a debt. A comparison of our statute with the English law shows that the latter is a good deal more just and reasonable. The County Court Judges of England can order imprisonment for debt, but only after clear proof of ability to satisfy the claim, which is not required by our law. The only case in which debtors are there imprisoned, is when having the means they intentionally and persistently evade newment. If our and persistently evade payment. If our law were assimilated in this respect, there would be no reasonable cause for com-plaint. As it stands it is rather absurd to say that we have no imprisonment for debt when a debtor can be sent to gaol for re-fusing to-day a judge's order with which it is often beyond his power to comply.

One of the little fables of the Opposition is a yarn to the effect that the Dominion is purposely refraining from dealing with the interprovincial award in order to spite Mr. Mowat and please their Quebec supporters. On Tuesday Mr. Treasurer Wood said :-"Prior to the last Dominion election he went to Ottawa to try and effect a settlement of this debt. The Mackenzie Administration were in power then, and told ministration were in power then, and told him they were quite willing to consider the question of settlement, but they preferred to leave it over until after the general election. After the election, however, another party acceded to power, and the answer he got to his application to them was a very reasonable one. They said that as they had their policy to prepare, they would not be able to deal with the subject until after the session. But after the session another delay was caused by the change of Government in Quebec. In reply to a letter which he had written to the Finance Minister the latter stated that after the present session the metter would after the present session the matter would be settled; and he had no doubt it would. He did not think, therefore, that any blame rested either on the Government of Ontario or on the Deminion Government."

The Montreal Witness does not take stock in the Globe's story that the country is going to the dogs as per Dun, Wiman & Co.'s returns :- "The statement issued six months ago showed that during the first half of the year one thousand and sixty-seven failures took place, and the sum of the liabilities amounted to \$17,425,953, and that during the last six months there have been eight hundred and thirty-five failures, with total liabilities of \$11,921,984. Of course the showing is somewhat misleading, as the comparison is not a fair one, owing to the fact that the greatest number of failures always occur during the early part of the year, when the paper given for the goods of the preceding fall and winter mature. But when it is remembered that the last six months have proved disastrous to three or four banks, and that, though the number of insolvents has been somewhat lessened owing to the number of assignments induced by the prospect of legislation with regard to insolvency during the first six months, it has also been swollen by those whom the failures of these banks compelled to assign—when, we say, first half of the year one thousand and swollen by those whom the faflures of these-banks compelled to assign—when, we say, this is remembered, it will be acknowledged that the improvement is not a fictitious, but a real one."

The time bill of the Local Legislature up to Monday morning, stood as follows. Mr. Speaker is supposed to take the chair at 3 o'clock. In night sessions there is an intermission from six to half-past seven, but we let that go also :-

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In ot	her words	our ex	ellent repres	enta-

ves have toiled just 25 hours in the 14 working days they have been in session. A session of ten weeks, or 70 days, including Saturdays and Sundays, costs, with the indemnity at \$600, about \$110,000; so that the running expenses for the past 18 days will exceed \$28,000; hence the 25 hours' legislation has cost \$1,120 an hourar pretty steep bill as times go.

Flemington, Hunterdon Co., N.J. Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N.Y.: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.:

Three months ago I was broken out with large ulcers and sores on my body, limbs and face. I procured your Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets, and have taken six bottles, and to-day I am in good health, all those ugly ulcers having healed and left my skin in a natural, healthy condition. I thought at one time I could not be cured. Although I can but poorly express my gratitude to yeu, yet there is a drop of joy in every word I write. Yourstruly, JAMES O, BELLIS.

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RELEASE MAGE OF THE WINDOWS PRIDAY, JANUARY 10-169.

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MOTHERS' DEPARTMENT.

A INFANT'S DIET.

(Continued.)

As a general rule, therefore, when the child and the mother are tolerably strong, he is better without artificial food until he have attained the age of three or four months; then, it will usually be necessary to feed him with the Milk-water-and-sugar-of-milk Food twice a day, so as gradually to prepare him to be weaned (if pessible) at the end of nine months.

When the mother is not able to suckle her infant herself, what ought to be done? It must first be ascertained, beyond all doubt, that a mother is net able to suckle her own child. Many delicate ladies do suckle their infants with advantage, not only to their offspring, but to themselves. "I will maintain," says Steele, "that the mother grows stronger by it, and will have her health better than she would have otherwise. She will find it the greatest cure, and preservative for the vapours (nervousness) and future miscarriages, much beyond any other remedy whatsoever. Her children will be like giants, whereas otherwise they are but living shadows, and like wise they are but living shadows, and like unripe fruit; and certainly if a woman is strong enough to bring forth a child, she is beyond all doubt strong enough to nurse it

The number of children who die under five years of age is enormous—many of them from the want of the mother's milk. There is a regular "parental baby slaughter"—" a massacre of the innocents"—constantly going on in consequence of infants being thus deprived of their proper nutriment and just dues! The mortality from this cause is frightful, chiefly occurring among rich people who are either too grand, or, from luxury, too delicate to perform such duties: poor married women, as a rule, nurse their own children, and, in consequence, reap their reward. quence, reap their reward.

If it be ascertained, past all doubt, that a mother cannot suckle her child, then, if the circumstances of the parents will allow—and they ought to strain a point to accomplish it—a healthy wet-nurse should be procured, as, of course, the food which nature has supplied is far, very far superior to any invented by art. Never bring up a baby, then, if you can possibly avoid it, on artificial food. Remember, there is in early infancy no real substitute for either a mother's or a wet-nurse's milk. It is impossible to imitate the admirable and subtle chemistry of nature. The law of nature is, that a baby, for the first few months of his existence, shall be brought up by the breast; and nature's law cannot be broken with impunity. It will be impera-

broken with impunity. It will be impera-tively necessary then -"To give to nature what is nature's due." Again, in case of a severe illness occurring during the first nine months of a child's life, what a comfort either the mother's or the wet-nurse's milk is to him! it often de-termines whether he shall live or die. But if a wet-nurse cannot fill the place of a mother, then asses' milk will be found the best substitute, as it approaches nearer, in composition, than any other animal's, to human milk; but it is both difficult and approaches to obtain. The next substitute of the state of the stat expensive to obtain. The next best substitute is goats' milk. Either the one or the other ought to be milked fresh and fresh, when wanted, and should be given by means of a feeding bottle. Asses' milk

by means of a feeding-bottle. Asses mik is more suitable for a delicate infant, and goats' milk for a strong one.

If neither asses' milk nor goats' milk can be procured, then the following milk-water-salt-and-sugar food, from the very commencement, should be given:

mencement, should be given:

New milk the produce of one healthy cow;
Warm water, of each, equal parts;
Thole salt, a few grains—a small pinch;
Lump sugar, a sufficient quantity, to slightly sweeten it.

The milk itself ought not to be heated over the fire, but should, as above directed, be warmed by the water; it must, morning and evening, be had fresh and fresh The milk and water should be of the same temperature as the mother's milk, that it to say, at about ninety degrees Fahrenheit. It ought to be given by means of a feeding-bottle, and care must be taken to scald the bottle out twice a day, for if attention be not paid to this point, the delicate stemach of an infant is soon disordered. The milk should, as he grows older, be gradually increased and the water decreased, until two-thirds of milk and one-third of water be used; but remember, that either much or little water must always be given with the milk.

The above is my old form, and which I have for many years used with great suc-cess. When the above food does not agree cess. When the above food does not agree (and no food except a healthy mother's own milk does invariably agree) I occasionally substitute sugar-of-milk for the lump sugar, in the proportion of a teaspoonful of sugar-of-milk to every half-pint of food.

(To be continued.)

USEFUL RECEIPTS.

BAKED CHICKENS. Dress the chickens and cut them in two, soak for half an hour in cold water, wipe perfectly dry and put in a dripping-pan, hone side down, without any water; have a hot even, and, if the chickens are young, half an hour's cooking will be sufficient. Take out, and season with butter, salt, and pepper; pack one above another as closely as possible, and place in pan over boiling water, covering them closely—this keeps them moist until served—boil the giblets in a little water, and, after the chickens are taken from the dripping-pan, put into it the water in which giblets were boiled, thicken it, and add the chopped giblets. This manner of baking chickens is fully equal to broiling them.

BAKED SPRING CHICKEN.

BAKED SPRING CHICKEN, Cut each of four chickens into seven or nine pieces, wash thoroughly and quickly, and put in a colander to drain; put a half tablespoon each of lard and butter into a dripping-pan, lay in the pieces, and add half a pint hot water; let steam and bake half an heur, turn, taking care that they get only to a light brown, and, just before taking up, add salt and pepper to taste; when done take out in a dish and keep hot. To make the gravy, add a half pint or more when done take out in a dish and keep hot. To make the gravy, add a half pint or more of water, set the dripping-pan on the stove, and add ene tablespoon flour mixed with half cup of cream or milk, stirring alowly, adding a little of the mixture at a time. Let cook thoroughly, stirring constantly to prevent burning, and to make the gravy nice and smooth; season more if necessary.

BAKED CHICKEN WITH PARSNIPS. Wash, scrape, and quarter parsnips, and parboil for twenty minutes; prepare a young chicken by splitting open at the back, place in a dripping-pan, skin side up, lay parsnips around chicken, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and add a lump of butter the size of an egg, or two or three alices of sweet pickled pork; put enough water in pan to prevent burning, cook until chicken and parsnips are done to a delicate brown; serve chicken separately on a platter, pouring the gravy in the pan over the parsnips.

CHICKEN CROQUETTES. Boil two fowls weighing ten pounds till very tender, mince fine, add one pint cream, half pound butter, salt and pepper to taste; shape oval in a jelly glass or mould. Fry in lard like doughnuts until

Take cold chicken, or roast or boiled beef or vail, mince very fine, moisten with the cold gravy if at hand, or moisten well and add one egg, season with pepper, sal and an onion or sage; make into small cakes, cover with egg and bread-crumbs and fry in lard and butter. One cup freal boiled, rice may be added before making into cakes. CHICKEN OR BEEF CROQUETTES,

BROILED CHICKENS OR OFAIL. Cut chicken open on the back, lay on the meat-board and pound until it will lie flat lay on gridiron, place ever a bed of coals broil until a nice brown, but do not burn. It will take twenty or thirty minutes to cook theroughly, and it will cook much better to cover with a pie-tin held down with a weight so that all parts of the

I felt eager to make a sketch of my friend, and I looked for a tray on my right for a pencil; then I thought, "Upstairs I have a sketch-book—shall I fetch it?" There he sat, and I was fascinated; afraid, not of his staying, but lest he should go. Stopping in my writing, I lifted my left hand from the paper, stretching it out to the pile of books, and moved the top one. I cannot explain why I did this to the pile of books, and moved the top one. I cannot explain why I did this— my arm passed in front of the figure, and it vanished. I was simply disappointed, and nothing more. I went on with my writing as if nothing had happened, perhaps for another five minutes, and I had actually got to the last few words of what I had determined to extract when the etermined to extract when the figure appeared again, exactly in the same place and attitude as before. I saw the hand and attitude as before. I saw the hands close te my own; I turned my head again to examine him more closely, and I was framing a sentence to address to him wheat I discovered that I did not dare to speak. I was afraid of the sound of my own ovice. There he sat, and there sat I. I turned my head again to my work, and finished writing the two or three words I still had to write. The naper and my nectors. to write. The paper and my notes are at this moment before me, and exhibit not the slightest tremour or nervousness. I could int out the words I was writing when the phantom came and when he disappeared. Having finished my task, I shut the book

and threw it on the table; it made a slight noise as it fell—the figure vanished. Throwing myself back in my chair. I sat for some seconds looking at the fire with a curious mixture of feeling, and I remember wondering whether my friend would come again, and if he did whether he would hide the fire from me. Then first there stole apon me a dread and a suspicion that I was apon me a dread and a suspicion that I was beginning to lose my nerve. I remember yawning; then I rose, lit my bedroom candle, took my books into the inner library, mounted the chair as before, and replaced five of the volumes; the sixth I brought back and laid upon the table, where I had been writing when the phantom did me the honour to appear to me. By this time I had lost all sense of uneasiness. this time I had lost all sense of uneasiness.

I blew out the four candles and marched off to bed, where I slept the sleep of the just or the guilty—I know not which—but I slept very soundly.

This is a simple and unvarnished nar-

ative of facts. Explanation, theory, or neerence, I leave to others.

AMERICAN NOTES.

New Orleans, La., is experiencing April reather. Orange, fig and peach and plum rees are budding. Strawberries are in

Dan Rice, formerly clown and now temrance lecturer, is reported by the Globe-Democrat as drinking whiskey publicly in a bar-room; but he explained that he took it for a cold, and not because he liked it. Mr. Whitelaw, of Brownville, Neb. told his daughter not to go to a party with Mr. Bradley, and when he saw her disediently getting into a waggon to start, threw a heavy stone at Mr. Bradley,

A large elm tree stood on the spot where man at Lewiston, N.Y., decided to build sidence. He did not cut it down, but ilt around it. The odd sight is presented of a tree growing out of the roof of a

A rumseller at Allegheny, Pa., suspec his barkeeper of pilfering, and got into the ice box, intending to keep a watch through a small spigot hole. He gained the desired information, but soon found himself sufformation. ing. When taken out he was nearly

order to prove that the allantus tree is not really worthless, has put on exhibition a table made of the wood. It is a pale straw ur, with dark lines dividing the annual layers of growth, and takes a beautiful

A daughter of Mayor rrange, died of poisoned blood, and an investigato tainted by sewer gas, which arose bugh a pipe into a refrigerator. The se of Mayor Prince is on the "made is a"

inter, to ride in the oldest sleighs that an be obtained. A wealthy Pittsfield man roudly uses one that is over a hundred ears old as to body, while the leather rings of the dashboard are more ancient

Some boys got into a theatre at Brad-rd, Pa, without buying tickets, and ere ejected. They planned, by way of venge, to cause an alarm of fire in the use on the next evening. The plot was erheard, and the audience was cantioned disregard any orter.

The Princess Winnemucca is lecturing in he Pacific States on the sorrows of the ndians. After telling an audience at Winflucca, Nev., near the home of her tribe, the wrong that the white man had done introducing firewater among her people, o got hilariously drunk.

A bridegroom was belated at Rochester, A bridegroom was belated at Rochester, and the time appointed for the wedding was over before he arrived in the city. In order not to miss the train on which the pair were to start on their honeymoon tour, the bride and her friends met him at the station, and the ceremony was performed hurriedly on the platform.

A pretentions traveller, who said he was A pretentions traveller, who said he was Lord Loftus, but didn't clearly prove it, turned up in Kansas City. He had been buffalo hanting on the plains, and was disposed to vary his diversions with some wild life in a western city. He got the money on a draft from England for \$2,500, to the money on a draft from England for \$2,500, to the money on a draft from England for \$2,500, to the money on a draft from England for \$2,500, to the money on a draft from England for \$2,500, to the money on a draft from England for \$2,500, to the money of the first from England for \$2,500, to the money of the first from England for \$2,500, to the money of the first from England for \$2,500, to the first first from England for \$2,500, to the first int most of it in a week's carousal, and ally was fined \$10 for drunkenness.

Chicago has a mystery. Mrs. Gale lies II of a nervous disorder, and much of the time is in a trance state. Loud raps are frequently heard around her bed, and the noise throws her into severe convulsions. Reporters are at work to discover faud, but thus far without success. They uspect the woman of deception, but have of been able to eatch her at it.

Mr. Wormley, of Reidsville, Va., had wo sons, Tom and Jack, both fond of playpg poker, but Jack was very sharp at the ame and Tom very dull. When the old an died he left Tom \$30,000 and Jack nly \$1,000, but he explained that \$1,000 as stake enough for Jack to win everyning that Tom had, and it was a wise proision, for the local newspaper says that it. n, for the local newspaper says that it s so turned out.

Mr. Smith was running to catch a midight train at Gallatin, Mo. Watchman
nyder mistook him for a fleeing burglar
nd gave chase, crying "Stop thief—if
ou don't stop I'll shoot." Mr. Smith
sard the whistle of the approaching
ain, and sped on faster than ever, until a
illet from the officer's pistol entered one
his legs, bringing him to the ground.
A man had a tosth extracted by a Chigo dentist, and expressed regret for the
ss. A girl whose jaws were everorwded
ith teeth entered the office to have two
them taken out. The dentist suggested
is elperiment of transferring one of these
and teeth to the vacancy in the man's
outh, and the operation was performed

uth, and the operation was performed th success, the tooth growing fast and n in ten days. There is a student of natural history at

There is a student of natural history at ico, Cal., who believe that the deer of the county know what day the game law as into effect. He has gravely zead a per before the California Academy effence, in which he asserts that they you the foot-hills every year until wember 2nd, and thea, knowing that on a fafter that date it is unlawful to shoot any go boldly down into the inhabited lay.

MOTHERS' DEPARTMENT.

A INFANT'S DIET.

(Continued.)

chicken may lie closely to the gridiron. While the chicken is broiling, put the liver, gizzard, and heart in a stew pan and boil in a pint of water until tender, chop fine and add flour, butter, pepper, salt, and stir a cup of sweet cream to the water in which they were boiled; when the chicken is done, dip it in this gravy while hot, lay it back on the gridiron a minute, put it in the gravy and let boil for half a minute, and send to the table hot. Cook quails in the same way.

A DEPARTEDIAT.

AGRICULTURAL.

POTATO SUGAR.

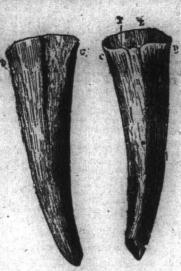
earning a much prouder niche in the temple of fame than either of the above mentioned characteristics are fitted to confer. Wise laws, few in number as possible, but rigidly suforced, should be our motto.

Bildy Knowes, Paris Road.

AGE OF THE HORSE. BY A. LIAUTARD, M.D., V.S.



us those characters; the upper are more irregular in their wear, and more difficult to examine and observe.



Lower incisives are divided into :— Nippers, A, (fig. 1); dividers, B; corners, C. Each one has a free part, or crown, and a portion contain in the alveolar cavity,

The crown has an anterior A (fig. The crown has an anterior A (ng. 2), and a posterior face B, an internal C, an external D, an anterior E, and a posterior F, surrounding at the superior extremity a cavity—the external dental





OVER THE SEA.

AGRICOLO.

AGRICOLO.

THE VOOCGUEE'S SECRESION

THE VOOCGUEE'S SECRESION

THE VOOCGUEE'S SECRESION

The "Time" on the Out-Clairforders

of the World.

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THE VOOCGUEE'S SECRESION

The Secretary of the World.

THE VOOCGUEE'S SECRESION

The Secretary of the World.

THE VOOCGUEE'S SECRESION

THE SEA.

THE LAND'S FRONT FOR EXISTENCE

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The following is the official report of the Stock Exchange, Jan. 28, 1880:—	The following is the official report of the T Stock Exchange, Jan. 28, 1880:-		A CONTRACTOR	NAME OF		
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Banks.	Sellors.	Buyens	1.
Montreal. Toronto Ontario Merchante	187 128 71 88	1911 69 874	
Consolidated	115	1162	130 at 1143
Hamilton	75 1011 964	74 101 961	40 at 74
Loan and Savings Cos. Canada Permanent Freehold Western Canada	180	177 147 147	==
Union	1294 134 80	1274 1324 76 1074	75 at 80
Imperial Farmers' London & C.L. & A. Co Huron and Erie	1194	182	2 at 1124
Dominion Savings and Investment Soc Ort. Loan and Deben. Co Can. Sav. and Loan Co	129 128 118	121 126	
London Loan Co	==	118	
Insurance, &c. British America Western Assurance	120	1164 157	===
Canada Life	***	208 182 123	==
Railways. Toronto, G. & B. Bonds Toronto & Nipissing Bonds	==	80	===
Debentures, &c. Dom. Goy. Stock, 6 p. c Dom. Gev. Stock, 5 p. c County (Ont.) Stock, 6 p.c.	==	100i 102	==:

leating cargoes - Wheat, the turn teady; good cargoes No. 2 spring wheat, off the coast, was 49s 6d to 50s, now 50s 6d; No. 2 red

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TORONTO WHOLE-

WEDNESDAY, January 28.

PRODUCE.

The market has been inactive all week, and until the last couple of days prices were declining in sympathy with English and States markets. All through, however, there were buyers of wheat to be found; but sellers were few, and in nearly all instances only at prices above those offered. Today this feeling has been developed more strongly; an improved demand for both wheat and flour has been heard, and at rather better prices, but holders have, in their turn, become hiffer; thus the market, and the latter few in numbers. Stocks in store have increased, though not very much during the week; and stood on Monday morning as follows:—Flour, 15,734 barrels; fall wheat, 154,534 bushels; spring wheat, 157,545; cats, 5,960; bariey, 183,833; peas, prices above those offered less freely, but prices, bave been unchanged at 75 to 76c on the street.

SREDS—Clover seems rather firmer, with sales of care at form \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on the street from \$4.25 to \$4.50 for re-cleaned; on \$4.25 per bushel. Aleiko steady at from \$7 to \$9.25 per bushel. HAY—Pressed has been offering at \$9 and not taken. The market was rather lightly supplied in the latter part of last week, but after for timothy, and the general run from \$7 to \$9.25 per bushel. HAY—Pressed has been offering at \$9 and not taken. The market was rather lightly supplied in the latter part of last week, but after for timothy, and the general run from \$7 to \$9.25 per bushel. Aleiko steady at from \$7 to \$9.25 per bushel. Aleiko steady at from \$7 to \$9.25 per bushel. Aleiko steady at from \$7 to \$9.25 per bushel. Aleiko steady at from \$7 to \$9.25 per bushel. Aleiko steady at from \$7 to \$9. and the latter few in numbers. Stocks in store have increased, though not very much during the week; and stood on Monday morning as follows:—Flour, 15,724 barrels; fall wheat, 154,534 bushels; spring wheat, 157,545; cats, 5,960; barley, 183,833; peas, 52,089 and rye, 2,776 bushels, against on the corresponding date last year:—Flour, 14,878 barrels; fall wheat, 73,799 bushels; spring wheat, 165,850; cats, 11,760; barley, 143,203; peas, 83,556; and rye, 257 bushels. Outsi is advices show in English quotations a fall of 2d on red wheat; of 4s on red winter, white and club; of 4s on corresponding of the corresponding to the correspondi last two days, with a continental demand to-day. Though last week markets were inactive all over, at weak and declining prices, scarcely any business DE BAG FLOUR, by our lot Lo.c. argoes being taken, some of them for the contient, at easier rates than before. In the week preeding a similar duliness and downward tendency revailed. The condition of the home grown wheat ffered in Mark Lane and the provincial markets was not improved; consequently millers almost to-tally neglected samples, and in the few cases where les were offered, sales were enly pracof foreign wheat were again moderate, and went mostly into granary. Stocks were said to be increasing, not only in England, but also in France; and in face of this fact, the large quantities affoat and in lace of this lace, one large quantities anothed and the downward tendency on this side, operators at home seem to have felt that they could wait quietly, and let the Keene combination hold as long at home seem to have felt that they could wait quietly, and let the Keene combination hold as long as it might feel inclined to do so. The quantity of wheat and flour is transit has shown little change during the week, and stood on the 22nd inst. at 2,000,000 quarters, against 2,210,000 quarters on the 23nd inst., and 1,800,000 quarters on the corresponding date in 1879. Of the quantity afloat on the 3th inst., however, there were no less than 1,390,000 quarters from California, the arrival of which may be spread over many months. Mail advices of the 12th state that advices from South Australia reported the crop as being likely to have 350,000 to 400,000 tons tof export, and a sample of it showed the quality to be fine plump grain. Beerbohn's Journal of the above date states that under these circumstances inanimate markets were expected to be the rule for some weeks, but a recovery in the latter part of the season was thought probable. Continental advices state that in France markets were quiet with increased home deliveries. The demand far native wheat, which was decidedly active during the previous severe weather, had fallen off, as the improved state of the roads enabled millers to obtain delivery of foreign grain which was accomplating at the ports. In spiles of the season are applied for the season was thought probable. The demand far native wheat, which was decidedly active during the previous severe weather, had fallen off, as the improved state of the roads enabled millers to obtain delivery of foreign grain which was accomplating at the ports. In spiles of the season was thought probable. The demand far native wheat, which was decidedly active during the previous severe weather, had fallen off, as the improved state of the roads enabled millers to obtain delivery of foreign grain which was decidedly active during the previous severe weather, had fallen off, as the improved state of the roads enabled millers to obtain delivery of foreign grain which was decidedly active during the provious severe weathe tive during the previous severe weather, had fallen off, as the improved state of the roads enabled millers to obtain delivery of foreign grain which was accumulating at the ports. In spite of the sackness of trade, prices were maintained with colerable steadiness, a rise having been quoted in eventoen and a fall in only nine markets out of eventy-three from whence reports had been received. The arrivals of foreign wheat at most of the remaining a see having been quoted in seventers and a fall in only nine markets out of seventy-three from whence raports had been received. The artivals of foreign wheat at most of the ports were ilbertal, especially at Havra, but at Marseillies the imports were not excessive, and wheat met a readler sale at the close of the week. At Bordeaux business ruled quiet, and the previous week's systes were fairly maintained. Basiness was restricted at Mantes, as river navigation was estill impeded by drift ice. Prices were, neverthele's, firmly supported. In Belgium markets were dull and prices wheat in grapathy with America; red winter at Antwerp was quoted at 55s to 55s 64 per quarter. In Germany markets were unsettled at Berlin, and apring wheat in less demand, with the consumption of rye decreasing. At Hamburg mild weather prevailed, navigation being open for steemers, but the upper libe was still closed by los. The new import duty just put in force, of 10s per ton on wheat, ye and eate, and is per ton on makes and barley, was considered likely to have the effect of decreasing the exportation of German wheat. Hamburg, together with Altons and Bremen are to remain free. With light stocks, wheat ruled firm, and fire maiting barley continued steady. In the Austro-Hungarian snuprie markets were inactive, but holders firm with buyers standing off. From the Black Sea it was stated that very little wheat was being ahipped at Odessa and other ports were close. Sy los. In the Austro-Hungarian snuprie markets were lockies, but holders from with buyers standing off. From the Black Sea it was stated that very little wheat was being ahipped at Odessa sand-other ports were close. The deliveries at seaboard ports, and the real state of the waste of the market, and almost market decrease. The deliveries at seaboard ports, and the real state of the waste of the was TRADE-Has generally been quiet during the

\$6.90,

Sain—Has continued unchanged. Liverpool coarse is held at 90c for car lots, and \$1 for small lots; dairy is firm at \$1.00 in bleached bags. Cachari has been firm. Goderich is steady but unchanged, with sales of cars at 85c.

Dams Arriss—Less demand has been heard for country lots, but they could still have found buyers at 89c; dealers held their stocks firmly, and usually all the 71c. It is the records to lots of the records.

HIDES—Green have been fairly abundant, and prices of No. 1 cows have been reduced 50c, or to \$9.50 per cental, but all other sorts unchanged. Cured have been easy, with sales of cars at 10c and at 9\$c.

quiet but secened firm. No. 2 fail was wanted at \$1.25 to \$1.24, and No. 2 tyring at \$1.21 to \$1.25 to \$1.24, and No. 2 tyring at \$1.21 to \$1.25 to \$1.24, and No. 2 tyring at \$1.21 to \$1.25 to \$1.24, and No. 2 tyring at \$1.21 to \$1.25 to \$1.25 to \$1.24, and No. 2 tyring at \$1.21 to \$1.25 to

wheat, just saipped, was 528, now 528 od; nearly
due, was 518, now 618 6d. Imports into the United
Kingdom suring the week.—Wheat,170,000 to 175,000
qrs; maise, 95,000 to 106,000 qrs; flour, 128,000 to
140,000 bbis. Liverpool—Spot wheat, improving;
maise, quieter.

Pase—Have been quiet, with buyers and sellers
apart; the only trausaction reported is the sale on
Monday of a lot of uninspected lying outside, but of
good quality, at equal to 664c here No. 2 in lots
on the spot would probably have brought 65 to 65c
to-day, but were held higher; cars, however, might
not have brought so much. On the street 63 to 66c
was paid. Prices have shown a fall of 25c on stove coals since our last, and of about 50c on soft coal. Wood also has declined 25 to 55c Trade has been fairly good, but the mild weather and large stocks may be credited with having led to the fall in prices and made sales rather less than usual. Quotations stand as follows:—Large egg, \$4.50; small egg, \$4.50; stove, \$4.50; nut, \$4.50; Briar Hill and Mount Morras, \$4.75 to \$5.50; Lehigh lump, \$6; Blossburgh, \$6; Maple, delivered from the yard, \$4.50; pine, \$3.75. RYS-Unchanged at 75 to 76c on the street.

Trade has been quiet, and no change in prices has been reported since our last. There has been nothing doing in car lots, business having been confined to small lots, which have sold fairly well. Quotations are as follows:—Refined, per Imperial gal, 0.00; white, by carload, 17c; lots of five to ten bbis, 17ic; single bbis, 18c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

HIDES, SKINS AND WOOL.

TRADE—Has been fairly active for the season

Mentreal Markets

Monveral, Jan. 28

Frours—Receipts, 525 bbis. There has been more business done this morning than for some time past at about quotations; sales, 100 bbis of strong bakers' at \$6.40; 50 bbis do. at \$0.25; 75 bbis do. at \$0.10; 50 bbis superior extra at \$0.20; 75 bbis spring extra at \$5.90; 100 do at \$5.85; 200 Omtaric bags each \$2.90 and \$2.80; superior extra at \$6.15 to \$6.20; extra superior extra at \$6.15 to \$6.20; extra superior extra at \$6.55 to \$6.50; fine at \$6.55 to \$6.50; middlings at \$4.40 to \$4.50; Ontario bags at \$2.90 to \$3.00; city bags, delivered, at \$3.25.

Balley-Nominal.

OATMEAL—Ontario at \$4.70 to \$4.75.

RYS—Nominal.

OATMEAL—Ontario at \$4.70 to \$4.75.

OATS-70 to 80c per 66 lbs; sold yesterday at 77c per 66 lbs in store.

Communal—\$2.90 to \$3

Communal—\$2.90 to \$3

Communal—Baselints 1 to \$1.36,
BUTTER—The market continues inanimate in consequence of lower advices, from England and New
York; 17 to 19c would, be paid for good for export
CHESSE—Market fizm at 14 to 15 for local.

New York Produce Harket.

OUTON-Nominal, at 12 13-16c for middling to hands.
Frour—Steady; receipts, 10,000 bbis; sales, 12,000 bbis; superfine state and western at \$4.40 to \$5.15; common to choice extra state at \$5.25 to \$5.60; common to choice extra western, at \$5.25 to \$5.75; common to choice extra western, at \$5.25 to \$5.75; common to choice extra round hoop Ohio at \$5.50 to \$7.50.

EXEMPLIANCE—Quiet; 200 bbis at \$4.80 to \$5 for experimental state. BTS FLOUR—Quiet; 200 bold at the property of the superfine state.

WHEAT—Spring, quiet and firm; winter, \$ to Ic better; receipts, 5,000 bush; sales, 224,000 bush; No. 1 white Michigan at \$1.41; No. 2 Chicago at \$1.32 to \$.35; No. 2 Milwaukee at \$1.36 to \$1.37.

BYS—Firm; State, Canada and western at 92 to \$1.37.

SYN-Firm; owner, contains; sales. 20,000 bush, at 58 to 612c for western mixed.

Baklay—Quiet; two-rowed state at 70 to 74c.
OATS—Steady; receipts, 8,000 bush; sales, 28,-000 bushs, at 47 to 48c for mixed state and western; 47 to 59c for white do.

PORE—Dull; sales of 150 bbls at \$12.50 for new mess.

COAL—Dull.

Naw York, Jan. 28.

RHORPTS—Flour, 9,982 bbls; wheat, 5,000 bush; corn, 13,000 bush; cats, 8,000 bush; rye, 500 bush; barley, 13,000 bush; pork, 310 bbls; lard, 1,931 bes; whiskey, 2,014 bbls.

Naw York, Jan. 28, 212 p.m.

WHHAT—Irrogular; sale, 400,000 bush; Chicago at \$1.35 to \$1.35; Milwaukee at \$1.36 to \$1.37; No. 2 red at \$1.47 for cash; \$1.46 for February; \$1.49 for March; No. 1 white at \$1.46.

COANS—Quiet.

TALLOW—6\$2.

DRISSEN HOSS—6\$2 to \$\$6.

WHISKEY—Firm; \$1.14 bid.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.

WHEAT—\$1.21\$ for March.

CORN—42\$ for May.

OATS—87 to 87\$c for May.

PORK—\$12 80 to \$12.83\$ for March.

Land—\$7.42\$ to \$7.46 for February; \$7.56 for Sarch.

bid for February; \$12.75 for March; \$12.96 for April.

Lami \$7.45 for January; \$7.45 for February;
\$7.55 to \$7.57\ for March; steam rendered, \$6.47\ for January; \$6.60 for March.

March.

WHART—Nominal; \$1.19\ for \$1.19\ for January;
\$1.20\ for February; \$1.21\ for March.

CONN-37\ for February; \$7\ for for March.

42\ for May.

OATS—32\ for February; 37\ for for March; 42\ for May.

OATS—32\ for February; 37\ for March; 42\ for March; 42\ for May.

OATS—32\ for February; 37\ for March; 32\ for March; 32\ for May.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.

for April; 37gc for May.

LATER.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.

FLOUE—Unchanged.

WHART—\$1.21\(\frac{1}{2}\) for February; \$1.22\(\frac{1}{2}\) for March.

ORN.—\$7\(\frac{1}{2}\) for February; \$7\(\frac{1}{2}\) for March.

ORN.—\$7\(\frac{1}{2}\) for February; \$7\(\frac{1}{2}\) for March;

38\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$2\(\frac{1}{2}\) for February; \$3\$c for March;

38\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$2\(\frac{1}{2}\) for May.

RYE—78 to 75c for cash; 78 to 78\(\frac{1}{2}\) for February;

RYE—78 to 75c for March.

BARLEY.—Nowinal; 79c for cash; 79c bid for Bebruary; extra Not \$ at 57c for cash.

WHINKER—\$12 50 bid for February; \$12.70 for March; \$1.28 bid for April.

LARD—\$7.45 for February; \$7.55 to \$7.57\(\frac{1}{2}\) for March; \$8.65() long clear, \$6.40; shoulders, \$4.10; green hams, 7c.

DRY SALYED MRAYE—Short clear, \$6.62\(\frac{1}{2}\); short rib, \$6.50; long clear, \$6.40; shoulders, \$4.10; green hams, 7c.

DRY SALYED MRAYE—Short clear, \$6.82\(\frac{1}{2}\); short rib, \$6.70; long clear, \$6.60; shoulders, \$4.30 sugar pickled hams, 8c.

REGEITS—Flour, \$3.86 bids; wheat, 57,000 bush; corn, 196,000 bush; cata, 24,000 bush; rye, 6,000 bush; barley, 14,000 bush.

SHITMENTE—Flour, \$5.12 bids; wheat, 13,000 bush; corn, 99,000 bush; cata, 3,000 bush; rye, 1,000 bush; barley, 6,000 bush; Fare Flour, 5.512 bids; wheat, 13,000 bush; corn, 99,000 bush; cata, 3,000 bush; rye, 1,000 bush; barley, 6,000 bush; Fare Flour, 5.512 bids; Wheat, 13,000 bush; corn, 99,000 bush; cata, 3,000 bush; rye, 1,000 bush; barley, 6,000 bush; Fare Flour, 5.512 bids; Wheat, 13,000 bush; corn, 99,000 bush; cata, 3,000 bush; rye, 1,000 bush; barley, 6,000 bush.

Milwaukee Markets.

Milwaukee, Jan. 28, 10.04 a.m.

Wheat—\$1.10\for January; \$1.10\for February;
\$1.20\for March; cars, 51.

Ours—Strandy, at \$3c.

Barley—Steady, at \$10.

Milwaukee, Jan. 28, 12.06 p.m.

Wheat—\$1.10 for January; \$1.10\for February;
\$1.20\for March.

Cors—Firm, at \$7c.

Oats—Steady, at \$3c.

Rys—Dull, at \$7s.

Barley—Steady, at \$3c.

Barley—Steady, at \$10.

Milwaukee, Jan. 28, 1.16 p.m.

WHEAT—Hard, \$1.32; No. 1, \$1.214; No. 2, \$1.16 p.m.
WHEAT—Hard, \$1.324; No. 1, \$1.214; No. 2, \$1.194 for cash or January; \$1.192 for February; \$1.215 for March; No. 8, \$1.064.

WHEAT—Hard, \$1.324; No. 1, \$1.224; No. 2, \$1.305 for cash or January; \$1.202 for February; \$1.22 for March; No. 3, \$1.07.

Toledo Markets.
TOLEDO, Jan. 23, 10 s.m.
WHEAT—Call—No. 2 red at \$1.28\$ bid for January sales; \$1.29\$ for February; \$1.32\$ to \$1.33
for March; \$1.35\$ to \$1.36\$ for April; \$1.32\$ to \$1.35
for March; \$1.35\$ to \$1.36\$ for April; \$1.32\$ to \$1.35
ots 33\$ for May.
OATS—No. 2, 37\$c asked for cash.
REGRIPTS—Wheat, 7,000 bush; corn, 58,000 bush;
oats, 200 bush.
SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 2,000 bush; corn, 38,000 bush; oats, none.
TOLEDO, Jan. 28, 12 m. WHEAT—Lower; No. 2 red at \$1.27\$ for cash; \$1.28 for February; \$1.31\frac{1}{2} asked, \$1.31 bid for March; \$1.36 for May.

Corn.—No. 2, 40\frac{1}{2} of cash; 44c bid for May.

OATS—Nominal.

Cons.—Unchanged; western at 58c.
Bantay—Quiet; No. 1 bright Canada held at
\$1; No. 2 Canada at 76 to 78c.

LAVERPOOL, Jan. 28, 6 p.m.—Flour, 9s 6d to 12s; spring wheat, 10s 0d to 10s 8d; rad winter, 10s 8d to 11s 0d; white, 10s 0d to 10s 11d; club, 10s 10d to 11s 3d; corn, new, 0s 0d; old, 5s 5d; barley, 5s 3d; oata, 6s 2d; peas, 6s 9d; pork, 60s; bacon, 35s 9d to 37s 6d; beed, 83s 0d; lard, 40s 0d; tallow, 36s 6d; cheese, 72s.

LOKDOR, Jan. 28, 8 p.m.—Consola, 98; bonds, new 45°s, 111; new 5°s, 1058; Eric, pfd., 48; Illinois Central, 1078.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Jan. 28, 1.30 p.m.

Lake Shore, 104½; Eric, 462; Kansas and Topeka,
Illinois Central, 101; Eric and Western, 32½; M—
48½; Michigan Central, 91½; A—— 56½; New
York Central, 181½; St. Louis, Kansas City
and Northern, 47½; Western Union Telegraph,
103½; Canada Southern, 71½; Pacific Mail, 40½;
St. Louis, Kansas and Northern, pfd., 72½;
St. Paul, pfd., 103; St. Paul and Minneapolis, 71½;
Manhattan Elevated Railway, 54; Fargo's Express,
102½; North-Western, 91½.

Closing Stocks New York, Jan. 28.
Pacific Mail, 40^a; Western Union Telegraph, 10^a; North-Western, 91^a; do. pfd., 105^a; St. Paul, 79^a; do. pfd., 108^a; Indiana Central, 24^a; Erie, 47; St. Joe, 41^a; do. pfd., 71^a; Lake Snore, 104^a; New York Central, 181^a; Ohio and Mississippi, 81^a; Union Pacific, 94^a; Michigan Central, 92; Delaware and Hudson, 74^a; Jersey Central, 82; Delaware and Lackawanna, 85^a; Erie, second, 89^a.

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S \(\frac{1}{2} \) of 24 in 2nd concession of Enniskillen, 100 acres. N \(\frac{1}{2} \) of 31 in 5th concession of Dawn, 100 acres. W part 34 in 14th concession of Dawn, 100 acres. E \(\frac{1}{2} \), and E \(\frac{1}{2} \) of W \(\frac{1}{2} \) 34 in 12th con. of Dawn, 76 acr Lots 10, 11, and 12 in 6th con. Brooke, 600 acres. Lots 10 and 11, in 7th con. Brooke, 400 acres. Apply to VAUGHT & FAIRBANK,

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To be sold by auction, without reserve, to the highest biddef, at the City Hall, Guelph, on WED-NESDAY. 4th FEBRUARY, 1880, at 11 o'clock a.m., the following improved farms in the Township of Luther, in the County of Wellington, viz.;—R. 1 lot 12, 3rd com, 102 acres, 60 cleared, 40 free of stumps, fenced and cultivated, good house and stabling. N. 1 lot 28, 4th con, 98 acres, 60 cleared, 40 free of stumps, well fenced and cultivated, good buildings. E. 1 lot 25, 4th con, 102 acres, 50 cleared, fenced and cultivated, good dwelling house and stabling. E. 1 lot 25, 5th con, 102 acres, 70 cleared, fenced and cultivated, good dwelling houses, fair stabling. S. 1 lot 19, 18th con, 102 acres, 90 cleared, fenced and cultivated, two good dwelling houses, fair stabling. S. 1 lot 19, 18th con, 12 acres, 50 acres chopped ready for logging, new dwelling house. Easterly 1 lot 25, 9th con, 180 acres, 50 cleared, fenced, lighly cultivated, new barn, 50 x 40, ordinary house and stabling. Lot 27, 9th con, 202 acres, 50 acres cleared, fenced and cultivated, new barn, 60 x 40, new dwelling house. Lot 12, 12th con., 202 acres, 30 acres cleared, fenced and cultivated, new barn, 60 x 40, new dwelling house. Lot 12, 12th con., 202 acres, 30 acres cleared, fenced and cultivated, new barn, 60 x 40, new dwelling house. Lot 12, 12th con., 202 acres, 30 acres cleared, fenced and cultivated, new barn, 80 x 40, ere chopped, 25 logged, fenced and ready for chopping and fencing. Lot 24, 14th con, 202 acres, 10 acres chopped, 25 logged, fenced and ready for chopping and fencing. Lot 24, 14th con, 202 acres, 60 eleared, fenced and thoroughly cultivated, two good dwelling house. Above are all first-class lands in old settled sections, good rosds, schools, convenient to P.O. and rail-ways. Offers rare chance to secure comfortable homes at low figures. Small payments only required. Perfect titles. For further particulars as to terms of sale, full description of land, locality and improvements, apply to Drawer 644, Guelph P.O., or to KNOWLES & SONS,

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VOL. VIII. NO. 410.

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icat in; 40 acres fall plunghed; with orchard,
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MR. PELL'S REPORT.

alt of the Agricultural Commission's LONDON, Jan. 31.

Mr. Pell, M.P., who visited the United Mr. Pell, M.P., who visited the United States to gain information of the agricultural interests has made his report. It is very voluminous, but treats mainly of the comparative condition of the farming interests of the United States and England, offering no satisfactory solution of the causes of the depression. It appears more like a studied effort to reconcile the English farmer to his lot than to attempt to show how he may better his condition. Mr. Pell dwells on the fact of British emigration to Mexico, and in a tone which would discourage such emigration. He considers at length the relative merits of Canada and the United States and generally to the discouragement of the latter as a Canada and the United States and generally to the discouragement of the latter as a place of residence, and paints Canada's nuture in most glowing colours. He admits the recent prosperity of American larmers, but claims that the farmers of England occupy a higher social position, are better and happier, realizing more uniform and reliable returns, and are less the victims of transporting monopolies. He also claims that England sustains her supremacy in scientific knowledge, and that her productions of the farm are superior to those of the United States.

ROBBERY ON A STEAMER. lan From London, Out. Arrested and Hold in Custedy.

York, Feb 2,—Geo. H. Raudell, West 22nd dealer in mica, had occasion to go on to New to pay off some hands on his father's pro On his return he had to travel over night o On his return he had to travel over night on mont Central railroad, and was considerably d from the loss of sleep. When he got on he steamer Cty of New York of the Norwich New London, he slept soundly in his state mill awakened between five and six o'clock-oming by Jas. Murphy, steward, who told it he saw a man coming out of his cabin, at he had been robbed. Mr. Randell ned that his gold watch and chain were safe, and one dollar in silver currency and a cerof shares in the Valley Gold Mining Comladabo, of the value of \$500, had been stolen clothing. Two passengers, who afterwards sir names as Geo. Willard 23 years, of Ont, Canada, had been observed moving an early hour long before daylight. Endown, Canada, had been observed moving an early hour long before daylight. Endown, Randell's room had been effected by a skeleton keys. Although it was quite urphy, the sto-ward, was able to recognize and Randell suggested that a berth jaintly by him and Dyer should be eserched.