

THE VICTORIA HOME JOURNAL

Devoted to Social, Political, Literary, Musical and Dramatic Gossto.

VOL. III., No. 8.

VICTORIA, B. C., DECEMBER 2, 1893.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM

TALES OF THE TOWN.

*"I must have liberty,
Withal as large a charter as the wind—
To blow on whom I please."*

IF anybody should set out to write on the subject "The Abolition of the Pulpit" the audacious writer would probably at first be considered a dangerous man, an assailant of the whole church institution or even of Christianity itself, so closely identified in the minds of many is the place where the minister stands with the subject matter of his discourse. But it might be interesting to find out how far the pulpit has actually been abolished in this country. In many of the churches there is not much left of it. The platform is left, to be sure, but it does not occupy the elevated position that was common to old-time sanctuaries. As for the desk, that has been greatly reduced in size. In some of the orthodox churches the minister has only a small stand on which to place his Bible, etc. When he comes to preach his sermon he advances to the front of this. It is a fact that there is not much of the pulpit left and pulpit orator will soon be a misnomer.

Not long ago an incident occurred in a Victoria church on a Sunday morning that tells the story of why it is that so many men grow up in the well-dress rowdyism which will allow him to cling to a street car seat and allow a delicate woman to stand and hold a bouncing baby of nearly her own weight. It was a fashionable, well-dressed church where pews cost up in the hundreds, and where capitalists and prominent citizens delight in basking in the warm spiritual sunshine of a religion that shows

them a way to heaven past all the dark obstacles of their life of wealth gathering. The church was crowded to the doors, and charity to the new-comers, and those within the fold as well, would have advised the planting of the "standing room only" sign at the portals. A well-dressed man and wife entered with a bright little boy.

"Here's a seat; come, John, quick," exclaimed the wife in an audible whisper, espying a small space of unoccupied cushion. "Hurry, John, or some one will get it."

The woman plunged into the seat in an ecstasy of delight at having secured something that others might want, sat down on a little lady and shoved vigorously until she had made room for her husband to get a hold to crowd a place for himself. The mother then motioned for the boy to come and wedge himself in between her and his paternal ancestor. The lad protested that there was not room, and his modesty would not allow him to make the attempt.

Chairs were being carried in and the father commanded him to "grab a chair and put it down and sit on it," and he felt compelled to do so, though the ushers protested against chairs being placed near the door. When service began seats had been found for most of the people. A few ladies yet stood by the door. The boy rose to tender his seat to one of them. His mother whispered vociferously over the space that separated them: "Sit down George, sit down," and his father motioned a similar command.

The poor boy in confusion sat down blushing from shame;

questioning whether to obey his parents or his conscience. Finally he got up and coming to his father, said:

"There are ladies there without any place to sit down and I can't sit there and let them stand up."

His parents still refused their consent, but the little boy could not stand it any longer and went back and insisted on one of the ladies taking the seat.

A mistaken opinion as to the object for which a newspaper is conducted appears to prevail in the minds of many people in this city. On this point I desire to emphasize the remark of an eastern writer, that the newspaper business is a purely commercial enterprise. I do not believe that newspapers are published for the good of the public—that is to say, I do not believe that philanthropy enters into the question in the slightest degree. The newspaper business is carried in much the same way as any other business—let us say, the shoe business, for instance, by way of example. The man who sells shoes is anxious to get all the trade he can. He tries to buy a better article than his competitor, and he tries to sell it cheaper. By so doing he gains trade and many dollars. The newspaper editor aims to be more enterprising than his rival. He tries to get more and better news and special articles in advance of his neighbor, and in that way gives his newspaper a standing for enterprise and ability.

The labor conference, from which so much was expected towards ameliorating the condition of the horny-handed sons of toil, unfortunately terminated somewhat abruptly. Quite

naturally the *Colonist* acquits the Government of any responsibility for the unsatisfactory result of the meeting between the Provincial ministers and the labor delegates; of course the *Times* sees much in the Government to condemn, and assures the public that the duly authorized representatives of organized labor were without fault. The writer of this column, not being under special obligation to either the Government or the labor element, can afford to express an unprejudiced opinion concerning the meeting.

To begin with, I am on record as having opposed the appointment of Mr. Gray, for the good reason that by no stretch of imagination can one conceive a capitalist becoming acceptable to organized labor. While I did not go so far as to accuse Mr. Gray of being ignorant of the fact that the Foresters are not an organized labor body, yet subsequent developments appear to confirm the conclusion that his imperfect knowledge of the question led him into this error. The deputy commissioner was a business man, and as such could not be expected to devote much attention to labor matters; while he was sitting in his counting-house, burning the midnight oil over the latest foreign market quotations, the laborer was studying the great social problems of the day. Consequently it was unjust to Mr. Gray to appoint him to a position in which he would meet every hour men who had a theoretical and practical knowledge of the subject which concerned them.

As to the appointment of delegates to meet the Government, I believe that the workingmen were very much to blame in some of their selections. For instance, what could be expected from a man like Keith, of Nanaimo, whose dense ignorance is a reproach to our free school system. His repeated references to "conciliation" disgusted more than

one of the intelligent delegates present. Another ill-advised selection was that of one Howell, who is an employer of labor; of course, not on so large a scale as the Dunsmuirs, but nevertheless an employer of labor, and as such disqualified to represent the workmen. The greatest care should have been observed in selecting delegates to the meeting. Sincere workers in the ranks of labor should have been chosen—solid, intelligent men, of the Arthur Dutton stamp.

Under the circumstances, there is nothing surprising in the failure of the delegates to come to satisfactory terms with the Government. The latter started in too late to confer with the men who are most interested in labor statistics, and the delegates unreasonably demanded more than Messrs. Davie and Baker could at this stage of the deliberations give them, without striking at the root of "that freedom which is, and should be, the pride of all *Anglo-Saxon speaking people*." The appointment of officials for any position within its gift rightfully belongs to the government, as under our form of government the official is responsible to the head of his department, who in turn is responsible to the people. This principle, however, does not throw any obstacle in the way of appointing duly qualified persons to fill positions.

With regard to the seventh clause, I am firmly convinced that organized labor was quite within its right in demanding "the government to insert a clause in all contracts let by them to the effect that all the trade rules in the locality in which the contracts are let be observed." The adoption of this principle would often bring order out of chaos.

I have not the time requisite to discuss the various demands made upon the government and the replies thereto; but in conclusion I

would offer it as a suggestion to Mr. Davie that he instruct Col. Baker before attempting further legislation bearing upon the condition of the down-trodden son of toil to consult someone conversant with the aspirations and requirements of the laboring man.

It is apparent to all that the stage is in a very unsettled state, and it is hard to tell whether when it settles down it will be on a higher or a lower plane than it has occupied before. It has passed through a fever of mechanical realism, from which it is hardly yet convalescent, and now shows all the symptoms of a severe attack of social realism. There is no doubt that it will recover from the former unimpaired in strength and vigor, and will be able to purge its system of tanks, saw-mills, pile-drivers, fire-engines and all similar cystic evils; but if it becomes thoroughly impregnated with the poison of modern French realism, will it then ever be able to recover its normal, healthy tone? Improper relations between men and women ought not to furnish the only dramatic theme for play-rights, but if plays like "The Fringe of Society" succeed and are given to only crowded houses, it argues a demand on the part of the public for that style of drama, and to what subjects can the writers turn then, for writers have to suit the public taste or else fail? No thoughtful mother would want her young daughter to see "The Fringe of Society," and it would be certainly wrong in her if she did; just as wrong as to present her with the latest erotic publications which come from, or are inspired by, the same trans-Atlantic source.

Vice, and especially social vice, is made hideous enough in real life, and when its face is made attractive, as it is in the modern plays of the realistic school, it is easy for the young to forget what misery lurks behind its smiling and seductive exterior. The

stage should be an educator, and it is, but whether it is going to suffer from the sporadic diseases which now threaten it and lose its value as a teacher, is the question which nobody can answer. If we let ourselves become accustomed to plays of the kind above described, the finer sensibilities will become dulled, and then the public will refuse its patronage to the cleaner and more wholesome productions.

There are few people who do not recollect with pleasure the enjoyment they derived from a perusal of Sir Walter Scott's great novel, Rob Roy MacGregor. An impression seems to prevail that in the dramatization of this justly celebrated story all the characters speak broad Scotch, but such is not the case; in fact all speak English except three of the principals. This drama, requiring the services of almost one hundred people in its production, will be presented by members of the Theatre Royal Dramatic Company, of Glasgow, Scotland, assisted by local talent, at the Victoria theatre, Friday, December 8. The presentation will be under the patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

It sometimes becomes my unpleasant duty to speak of the inefficiency of our police force. The other day a gentleman who required the immediate services of a police officer on Government street, rang the Delivery Co's call for one, and after waiting some time a messenger boy came along and told them there was no policeman at the station. The gentleman then went down to the station, and on his arrival there was told THE policeman had gone out for luncheon. When the policeman returned he was too late to accomplish the object for which he was sought. It appears to me that some arrangement should be made whereby a policeman could be found at the time he is required.

PERE GRINATOR.

ALBION C. C. CONCERT.

In point of attendance the concert in connection with the Albion Cricket Club Wednesday evening was a little discouraging, although it was generally stated that a much larger number of tickets had been disposed of than there were seats filled, in addition to which Rhea was a great counter attraction. Of the concert itself as a musical event, it was very good and very indifferent, the first when the singer was good and the second when he or she was the reverse. The event had been advertised, not openly, but by and among the friends of the club on the strength of the appearance of the Arion Club, or a portion of that body. A collection of gentlemen connected with it appeared under the name of the "Strollers." It would have been just as well, instead of designating a spade by the term an oblong instrument of agriculture, for the club to have appeared under its proper name. Its change of appellation for the occasion does not lessen one bit its lame excuse for its ungrateful refusal to sing at the lacrosse club concert. Of course it is the Club's own business where or under what circumstances it sings, so that perhaps any reference to the incident in question is out of place. The numbers sung Wednesday evening were all selected from the last concert of the Arion Club, and with the exception that they perhaps were more agreeably sounding with possibly fewer and better selected voices, there was not much change. Mr. Russell took the tenor solo, but whether suffering from the effects of the dreadfully bad weather, or not, his voice sounded husky in the lower register, and metallic in the higher. He manifested an improvement in a duet with Mr. Rowlands, in whose company he seemed to gather confidence and give more play to the chest. Sullivan's "The Long Day Closes" received very acceptable treat-

ment, the expression and shading being a beautiful picture in part singing, an effect which was totally spoiled in the subsequent and closing number, "The Soldier's Chorus," in which the basses and baritones manifested a strong desire to shout, thereby greatly detracting from the ringing vim and musical enthusiasm which this selection always awakens. That "esteemed professional singer," Mr. Clement Rowlands, was on the platform, and, to borrow a phrase recently used, he was "extremely out of place." The influence and magnetism of that grand voice, so powerful, so supremely controlled, yet so full of pathos, deep passion and so rich in music, was indeed out of place after hearing half trained "amateur" voices of indifferent timbre. The hall was filled with that voice, but there was not a suspicion of shouting, every note not only clear and correct, but infused with the soulfulness that is music. Mrs. Schwengers, Miss Hutcheson and Miss Jameson sang appreciably, and Miss Leech rendered a pianoforte solo with tasteful finish.

BY-STANDER.

LADIES,

ASK YOUR

DEALER

FOR THE

GRANBY

STORM

RUBBER.

THE VICTORIA
HOME JOURNAL.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY AT VICTORIA, B. C.
SUBSCRIPTION - - \$1.00 PER YEAR.
Advertising Rates on Application.

Address all communications to
THE VICTORIA HOME JOURNAL,
Office: 77 Johnson street,
Victoria, B. C.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1893.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

Subscribers ordering address of their papers changed must always give their former as well as present address.

CONTINUED.

All papers are continued until an explicit order is received for discontinuance, and until all arrearages are paid.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Mrs. Coverdale Watson has returned from a visit to Vancouver.

Mrs. A. Rocke Robertson has returned from the Mainland.

Mrs. J. Muller, a well known artist of New Westminster, is in the city.

One of the fair residents of Victoria district, popular in social life, is engaged to a Vancouver gentleman.

A young commission merchant and the fair daughter of one of our prominent wholesale merchants, are engaged, it is said.

A social dance and supper will be given by Court Vancouver, No. 5755, Ancient Order of Foresters, on Tuesday evening, at the Philharmonic Hall.

There will be a fashionable full choral wedding at Christ Church cathedral on Wednesday; both of the high contracting parties are popular in social circles.

There is considerable talk of the approaching wedding of a prominent surgeon to an estimable and popular young lady, who has recently returned to this city from the upper country.

CHRISTMAS GOODS

Do you want to make a nice Xmas present? Just look at our stock of Diamonds, Gold Jewelry, Watches, Sterling Silver Leather Goods and Novelties and you will be sure to find what you want. Special orders promptly attended to.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
Jewellers. 47 Government St.

It is reported that the Victoria Association Football club are making preparations to give a minstrel show in the near future. Mr. John Boyd will be interlocutor.

Mr. A. Goddyn, a prominent member of the Mechanical Engineers society, was married on Tuesday to Mrs. Holly, daughter of Mr. James Furner, manager of a millinery house at Winnipeg.

The First Presbyterian church choir are daily expecting the music from Scotland for their annual Burns' concert, on or about January 25, 1893. They intend making this concert more attractive and enjoyable than ever, and that is saying a good deal.

Our Italian skies where are they? And where oh where are our City Fathers with their mud scrapers? It is needless to say that our streets are disgraceful in the extreme, so much so that almost everybody has to go to Erskine's for Gum Boots, Rubbers, Overshoes, etc. Corner of Government and Johnson streets.

Ogilvie's Hungarian stands on top in comparison with other flours. It has attained that position by reason of its superior quality, for it is milled from the choicest Manitoba wheat, No. 1 hard, by distinctly new and improved methods. Ogilvie's Hungarian makes the biggest and best loaf and more bread per barrel than any other flour manufactured in the world.

MAYORALTY.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA:

Ladies and Gentlemen—I beg to announce myself a candidate for the office of Mayor for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and interest. I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN TEAGUE.

THE VICTORIA

HOME JOURNAL,

\$1.00 PER ANNUM.

A LONG FELT WANT SUPPLIED.

Furniture upholstered, re-covered and repaired. Mattress-making a specialty.

Carpets taken up, cleaned and re-laid. Orders solicited.

By W. G. FURNIVAL,
Tel. 540. 58 Broad St.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA

Rhea played to a \$770 house.

Sarah Lord Bailey, who comes highly recommended from the East, will be the next attraction at The Victoria.

Barlow's Minstrels, one of the best organizations of the character on the road, will appear at The Victoria on the evening of Dec. 6.

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

THIS surely is a great advertising age, and if the world does not know the merit of Dr. Smith's Pink Pills and Brown's Sarsaparilla, it will not be want of its being made known. To assist the general public, there continually appears wood cuts of those various sufferers who have been benefited—of how they looked before treatment and the wonderful improvement after. Our dry goods traders are also unsparing in their efforts in making known how they can supply their customers. Even ministers of religion have caught the fever and with the view of attracting an audience advertise the subjects of their morning and evening discourses; indeed, one need not be surprised if on some emergency there should be announced that "the Rev. So-and-So will preach (D. V.) on the subject of 'the Author of Satan's Being.'"

History tells us that the Jews, God's chosen people, when they were oblivious of Divine favors, and went astray, as punishment for such transgressions they received chastisement from the Assyrians, the Egyptians and other nations. Now, there are many who believe that our own country has been blessed with such especial favors from the Almighty, and that not having been sufficiently mindful of the fact, she is now suffering chastisement, like the Jews of old. Never was our country in greater peril—perils from without and perils from within—from without by the combination of Russia and France threatening her national existence, and which threatening at any moment may break into actual war; from perils from within, by the powerlessness of a defeated government dragging its slow length like a wounded snake, and, to add to these troubles, the National Church, that ought to be a tower of strength, by its undue attachment to Ritualism, to forms and ceremonies, ignoring the solemn fact that "the letter

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

288 YATES ST., MISS M. B. SHARP, PRINCIPAL

A full and efficient staff of teachers for all branches. Classes in Sight Singing and lectures on Musical History and Analysis will be given during the year free to all pupils in musical department of the Conservatory.

killeth, but the spirit only giveth life."

If the recent visit of the French fleet to Toulon had done else but just this mere visit, it has furnished no end of comment by the antics and theatrical extravagances of the French people. On some occasions it appears that their enthusiasm reached such a pitch that the women, nay even the ladies, hugged the Russian soldiers, and pressed them to their embrace. In connection with these eccentricities there is also the bombastic bearing of the Parisians resulting from this Russian alliance. Verily Voltaire was right when he said of his countrymen, a Frenchman was a compound of the monkey and the tiger.

The *Colonist*, in its last two Sunday issues, has furnished its readers with notices of what Bill Nye's imagination in his American home pictured out as having occurred while visiting in England. Doubtless these manufactured jokes and vulgarities must have brought down many a laugh and broad grin, and more especially to that class who patronize the *Colonist* by getting a cheap sight of it when posted at Campbell's Corner when looking over the shoulders of others thus similarly engaged.

THE BOHEMIAN.

The author of "After the Ball" has been married in Milwaukee. This is a case where the bawl will come after—the event.

The next Government House function is looked forward to with great eagerness. The curious want to know what constitutes second-class society in this great city of Victoria.

Subscribe for THE HOME JOURNAL.

VICTORIA School of Music, 63 GOVERNMENT ST.

LESSONS GIVEN IN

Singing, Flano, Violin, Organ and Harmony.

MR. CLEMENT ROWLANDS, MR. ERNEST WOLFF, L.C.M.,

Madame Laird : - :

TEACHER OF

VOCAL MUSIC

In all its branches. Sacred Music a specialty.

161 VANCOUVER ST., cor. Pandora Avenue

Richardson's Orchestra.

Music supplied for Dancing, Social and Private Parties.

ADDRESS:

77 DISCOVERY ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

MR. GEORGE PAULINE

(Organist Christ Church Cathedral.)

LESSONS GIVEN IN

THEORY, PIANO, ORGAN.

Director

THE SALON ORCHESTRA

For Concerts, Receptions, Etc.

TERMS MODERATE.

9 LABOUCHERE STREET PIANO AND ORGAN

I am prepared to receive pupils for musical instruction both on piano and organ at the studio

93 1/2 DOUGLAS STREET.

G. J. BURNETT,

Organist of St. Andrew's Church.

BANTLY FAMILY ORCHESTRA.

Music supplied for Balls, Parties, Receptions and Concerts. Any number of instruments supplied on the shortest notice.

FOR TERMS APPLY AT

155 Fort Street, near Quadra, Victoria

as present? Gold er Leather be sure to s promptly

L, nment St.

ALTY.

THE CITY OF

lemen—I beg to candidate for the ensuing year, solicit your votes the honor to be, nt servant, HN TEAGUE.

TORIA

JOURNAL,

ANNUM.

NT SUPPLIED.

tered, re-covered ess-making a spe

cleaned and re d.

FURNIVAL, 58 Broad St:

THE DRAMA

\$770 house.

ley, who comes ded from the next attraction

els, one of the of the character appear at The ening of Dec. 6.

WHEN TO STOP ADVERTISING.

The following replies were received by an English trade paper to the question put to its advertising patrons: "When is the best time to stop advertising?"

When the population ceases to multiply, and the generations that crowd on after you, and never heard of you, stop coming on.

When you have convinced everybody, whose life will touch yours, that you have better goods and lower prices than they can get anywhere else.

When you perceive it to be the rule that men who never advertise are outstripping their neighbors in the same line of business.

When men stop making fortunes, right in sight, solely through the discreet use of the mighty agent.

When you can forget the words of the shrewdest and most successful business men concerning the main cause of their prosperity.

When every man has become so thoroughly a creature of habit that he will certain'y buy this year where he bought last year.

When younger and fresher houses in your line cease starting up, and using the newspapers in telling the people how much better they can do for them than you can.

When nobody else thinks it pays to advertise.



NOTICE.

Neuralgia and Lumbago Permanently Cured in a few minutes.

Eye Water Formula by late Sir Henry Marsh Her Majesty's physician, better than any eye glass; sure cure. Price: 25 cents.

Toothache (Hollow Tooth) Cure, almost instantaneous and permanent, no pain. Price 50 cents. Apply to Prof. Tottenham, 56 Pandora street Victoria.



For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

CAMPBELL, THE TAILOR,

BIG \$6.00 PANTS.

88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

The Leading Music House

From now until New Year's we offer reductions on all our large stock of small musical instruments, and in addition we give a piece of music away free for every \$1 spent in cash at our store.

Accordeons from \$1.00 Upwards.

Violins	"	1.50	"
Guitars	"	3.00	"
Banjoes	"	6.00	"

The Most Complete Stock in the City.

The Favorite Heintzman Piano—Over 10,000 in Canada To-day

M. W. WAITT & CO, 64 Gov St

THE VICTORIA TRANSFER COMPANY,

LIMITED.

This Company have the Largest and Finest Stock of Horses, Carriages, Buggies and Phaetons in the City.

Strangers and visitors will find it to their advantage to employ our Hacks the rates being uniform and reasonable.

First class double and single Buggies and Phaetons can be procured at our Stables at Moderate Prices.

BAGGAGE TRANSFERRED TO AND FROM STEAMERS.

A. HENDERSON, Supt.

F. S. BARNARD, Pres'd.

ALEX. MOUAT, Secy

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Special VALUES in MELISSA and RIGBY WATERPROOF MACKINTOSHES and WINTER SUITS.

200 BOYS' OVERCOATS, marked down to clear. EVERY COAT A BARGAIN.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS, 97 JOHNSON STREET.

THE GREAT FIRES OF HISTORY.

An exchange remarks that the four great fires of history were those of the City of Rome in the tenth year of the Emperor Nero, or about 65 years A. D., London in 1666, Moscow in 1812 and Chicago in 1871. Of these the latter was by far the greatest and most disastrous, though statistical details are not obtainable so closely for either of the three preceding. Those for Rome are especially meager, the historian Tacitus neglecting to state how many houses and insulae were destroyed, and he notes but briefly the famous fanes and monuments which were swept away. The fire lasted for six days, and just as the wretched people were beginning to take breath and sit the ruins of their former homes, a second fire broke out which lasted three days. In that respect the conflagration of Rome paralleled that of Chicago, as that city, which began Sunday night, was preceded by an extensive one Saturday evening. Of the fourteen regions of Rome three were entirely destroyed, seven others were more or less severely injured and only four escaped unhurt. Whether it be true that the emperor played on his fiddle when the city was burning, there is no reason to doubt that the people were so thoroughly exasperated with him that he judged it necessary to divert their suspicions that he had deliberately set the city on fire in order to rebuild it to his own glory. So he "saved himself at last by sacrificing the little and of alien sectaries, already the objects of their hatred and revilings, to whom the vulgar gave the name of Christians."

The great fire of London lasted four days and nights, reducing to ashes five-sixths of the whole city within the walls, the population of which was estimated to be about 200,000. It had been much reduced by the great plague of 1665. The area burned over was about 436 acres, being about one-third of that laid waste by the fire in Rome. London was rebuilt within the next few years on a much improved plan. The destruction of Moscow appears to have been complete except the Kremlin, the city having been set fire to by its own inhabitants the night of September 14, after which they abandoned it to the French troops, who looted it and probably took little thought for the 11,000 wounded men who were left behind when the Russian army evacuated the place. A few years earlier Moscow had contained about 9,000 houses, of which one-sixth were stone, 314 manufactories and workshops, and nearly as many churches. The Chicago fire devastated an area of 100 acres, or nearly three and a third square miles, destroyed 17,450 buildings, and rendered homeless 98,500 persons. The number of killed was estimated at about 200. The value of the property burned up was ascertained to have been about \$192,000,000 the day preceding the fire, and the deduction from this for salvage was variously estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000. The loss was not from one-third of the whole value of property in the city, and only \$44,000,000 was received in insurance, much of the property having been insured in home companies, the assets of which were reduced to zero by the calamity. In a year after the fire a large part of the burned district had been rebuilt; and the volume of business was much larger than before the event.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

The only store in the city where you can secure a first-class outfit. :- :- :- :-

**CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES.** :- :-

Telephone Call 563. 35 & 37 Johnson Street

**WALTER D. KINNAIRD
THE CASH TAILOR,
46 JOHNSON STREET.**

We Fit all Forms and Your Money's Worth Every Time.



NOTICE.

Over 1,200 Paragon Oil cans are now in daily use in Victoria, and orders still increasing; 1,700 more cans now on the road. The Paragon Oil Co are selling over two cars of oil per month, and will soon be selling four car-loads per month.

Every one should use the Paragon Oil Can. The Company guarantee satisfaction.

Office, 106 Gov. St. Works, 141 Yates St.

DELMONICO HOTEL

107 & 109 Government St.

WELL VENTILATED THROUGHOUT.

ROOMS TO RENT AT REASONABLE RATES

CHOICE WINES and LIQUORS AT THE BAR

PETRIE & JACKSON

PROPRIETORS.

THE WOOL HOUSE OF CANADA.

RUSSELL & McDONALD,

134 DOUGLAS ST.

Aberdeen 5-ply Fingering.....\$1.00 knott

Patins Glasgow " 1.00 "

Scotch Knitting Yarns, 75c for 12 skeins

Baldwin's Packet Wool, two packets 25c

Saxony Yarn.....10c and 20c packet

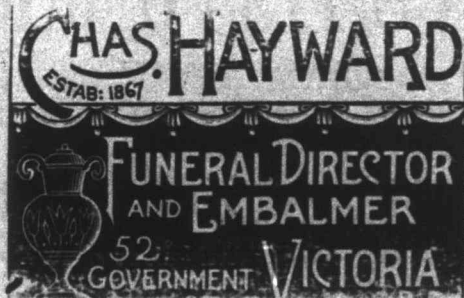
Berlins, all colors and shades....10c bunch

S. F. McINTOSH,

ROCK BAY

Coal and Wood Yard

Telephones 470 and 512.



COUGHS
COLDS
ROUP } are cured by

Atwood's Cough Cure.

Numero us testimonials R. S. W. ATWOOD
from Victorians. 68 Douglas St

THE STANLEY HOUSE,

General Dry Goods, Millinery and Mantles,
55, 57, 59 DOUGLS STREET, COR. FORT STREET.

CHEAP DRESS GOODS at the Stanley House.
CHEAP TRIMMINGS at the Stanley House.
CHEAP HOSIERY : : at the Stanley House.
CHEAP GLOVES : : at the Stanley House.
CHEAP JACKETS : : at the Stanley House.
CHEAP CAPES : : : at the Stanley House.
CHEAP WATERPROOFS at the Stanley House.
CHEAP UNDERWEAR at the Stanley House.
CHEAP CURTAINS : at the Stanley House.
CHEAP LINENS : : at the Stanley House.

Cheaper than the Cheapest is our
BRETAGNE LACING KID GLOVE.

Every pair guaranteed. Only \$1.25 a pair. As sold in MONTREAL for \$1.40. Full range of SIZES AND COLORS.

OUR STOCK IS REPLETE WITH THE LATEST NOVELTIES in every department, and prices are
MARKED DOWN to the **LOWEST NOTCH TO SUIT THE TIMES.**

NEWEST MILLINERY AT LOW PRICES.

BE SURE AND CALL AT

THE STANLEY HOUSE, 55, 57, 59 Douglas Street,
Cor. of Fort St.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

The People's Dry Goods Store.

CAVIN BROTHERS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HAVE REMOVED FROM

94 DOUGLAS ST. TO 94 YATES ST.
IN THE "WILSON BLOCK."

We have just opened out a large stock of
Fall Goods.

We Have the Finest Line

Of Christmas Presents in the City, and at the
Lowest Figures. Come and See

Our Art Room : : -

OPEN FROM 9 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

DAVIDSON BROTHERS,

The Jewellers, 59 GOVERNMENT ST, VICTORIA.

CHRISTMAS : GREETINGS.
"SUNBEAM" PHOTOS
\$1.00 PER DOZEN.

When sent as a greeting
To friends far and wide,
They come like bright "sunbeams."
At glad Christmastide.

Cabinets \$3.00, Cartes de Visites \$2.00 per doz.
Finest Finish given to all cards. K. Forbes
Mackie, Photographer, 50 1/2 Government St.

**QUICKER, BETTER
CHEAPER.**

It is a fact that you can obtain
PHOTOGRAPHIC ENLARGEMENTS of the
highest class in SHORTER TIME with
more ARTISTIC FINISH and at LESS
COST than by sending away your
photographs to be enlarged elsewhere.
Call at the Imperial Art Studio, 76
Yates street, and assure yourself of the
fact.

E. J. EYRES, Proprietor.

Dr. A. R. BAKER,
DENTIST.

Treatment of Diseased Teeth a Specialty
OFFICE:
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets
Over drug store.

ATWOOD'S COUGH CURE is specially
recommended for children when suf-
fering from whooping cough and croup. It
has no equal. R. J. Atwood & Co., sol
manufacturers, 68 Douglas street.