

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT,

AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. 1. No. 81.]

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, 1ST SEPTEMBER, 1838.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.]

QUEBEC AUTUMN RACES.

1838.

Under the Patronage of

His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

MONDAY, the 2d. & TUESDAY, the 3d. SEPTEMBER, 1838.

FIRST DAY, MONDAY, 2d. SEPTEMBER.

Her Majesty's Plate of Fifty Guineas.

Entrance, Five Pounds: to each five miles and a distance. Open to all horses bred in the Province of Lower Canada, that never won a mile, plate or sweepstake. Weights—three years old, 8 st. 11 lb.; four yrs. 9 st. 11 lb.; five yrs. 9 st. 11 lb. and six yrs. and over, 10 st.

Ladies' Purse, \$100.

Entrance Five Dollars, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. Free for all horses. — Weight for age—4 st. 10 lb.; 5 st. 7 lb.; 6 yrs. 9 st.; 7 yrs. and over, 9 st. 7 lb. Each year under allowed 7 lb. Mile heats starting from the distance. Gentleman rider.

Trial Stakes, \$100.

Five Dollars entrance, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. For all horses bred in the Canadas, which have never won a race in Quebec, Montreal, or Three Rivers. — Weight for age—four yrs. 8 st. 7 lb.; five yrs. 9 st.; 6 yrs. and over, 9 st. 7 lb. Mile heats once round the course and a distance.

Stewards' Stakes, \$50.

Five Dollars entrance, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. Catch weights. One third of a mile. Gentleman riders. Winner to be sold for \$50.

Bonne's Rouge Stakes of 20 Dollars.

Entrance One Dollar. For all horses sown to the satisfaction of the Stewards, bred thorough Canadian breed. One mile, starting from the distance post. Handicap races.

SECOND DAY, TUESDAY, 3d. SEPTEMBER.

Handicaps, \$100.

Four Dollars entrance, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. Free for all horses. One heat of two miles, starting from the distance. Gentleman riders. Weight, 11 st.

His Excellency's Cup, value \$100.

Entrance Ten Dollars. For all horses bona fide the property of Her Majesty's subjects residing in the Canadas, and in fact possession for one calendar month previous to these races. One round of the course, and a distance. Gentleman riders. To close and come on the 2d. August. Horses to be handicapped by the Stewards—to be shown on the course at two, p. m. on the 27th August, and weights declared on the following day. Ten horses to start, or no race.

Quebec Stakes, \$200.

Five Pounds entrance, to which the Stewards will add — Pounds. Free for all horses; second horse to save his entrance. Weights as in the Trial Stakes. Two mile heats, starting from the distance. A winner of one race to carry 7 lb., and of two races 14 lb. extra. Three horses to start, or no race.

Garrison Plate of 50 Pounds.

Entrance Five Dollars: For all horses bona fide the property of Officers of the Army, one month previous to the races. Weight as in the Trial Stakes. The winner of any race to carry 7 lb. extra. Mile heats, starting from the distance. Gentleman riders.

Beaten Plate, \$50.

For all horses beaten at this meeting. Entrance Five Dollars, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. Heats once round the course, and a distance. To be handicapped by the Stewards.

ORDER OF RUNNING.

FIRST DAY.—Queen's Plate—Ladies' Purse and Trial Stakes, alternate heats.—Stewards' Stakes.—Bonne's Rouge Stakes.

SECOND DAY.—Handicap Races.—His Excellency's Cup.—Quebec Stakes and Garrison Plate, alternate heats.—Beaten Plate

The Rules and Regulations of these Races may be had at T. Cary & Co's Printing Office

Note: but subscribers of Five Dollars to enter no horse.

No public money given for a walk over. Horses to be entered for the first day's races before one o'clock on Saturday, 1st September, at Payne's Hotel, Esplanade.—For the second day, Monday the third, on the Course.

The acceptances must be delivered the day after the Handicap, between the hours of 11 and 12.

Admission Tickets to the Stand House, Half-a-Dollar each, to be had at the Printing Office of Messrs. T. Cary & Co. end at the Stand.

All race-horse admitted on the course to pay a quarter of a dollar each day. Horses, seven pence halfpenny.

Horns of string—One o'clock each day. It is particularly requested that no dogs be brought upon the Course.

N. B.—The 3d. of August is the last day for naming horses for the Governor General's Cup, but no entrance money need be paid until the owner has accepted the Handicap.

STEWARDS.

Colonel Hon. C. Gore, C. H.
Captain Hon. James Lindsay, C. G.
Captain Hon. R. E. Boyle, C. G.
Captain Hon. F. W. Wilton, A. L. C.
Lieut. Brown, Royal Artillery.
Hon. George Pemberton,
G. H. Ryland, Esquire,
W. K. Mc-Cord, Esquire,
C. Delory, Esquire,
Lieut.-Colonel Gury,
Hon. Captain Lindsay,
J. C. Fisher, Esquire, and Secretary.

POETRY.

PRAYER.

Oh! what can soothe the mourner's grief,
When friends depart? Or give relief
To deep consuming woe!
What can allay each anxious fear,
Heal the lone heart, and bid the tear
Of sorrow cease to flow.

When sickness comes with gloomy sway,
The restless night, the feverish day,
And all her wailing train;
Oh! what can cheer the sufferer's bed,
And consolation soothly send
Around the couch of pain!

And is there aught with influence vast
Can soothe the mourner's troubled mind,
Or heal a wounded heart!
Aught that can cheer when pains subside
The languid frame, and from the view
Hope's last faint rays depart!

Oh! yes! there is one seraph power
Can radiate every varied hour
Of human care or blight;
One power whose calm and holy breath
Can sweetly cheer the bed of death,
And guide to realms of light.

Our great Creator from above
Viewed with compassionate love
Our folly and despair;
Then from his throne beyond the skies
Sent a bright beam to tranquilize
Our hearts,—and sent us Prayer.

A REVERIE.

Some days are filled with pleasure,
And some are filled with pain,
And though a different measure
Each mortal may obtain,
There's joy enough to speed us
Through life's short journey home,
And who was enough to lead us
To long forworld's to come.

Life bears such recollections,
Such changes on its wings,
Such beautiful affections,
Such black and baneful things,
That the fond's hope would try to
For future joy and pain,
Who that had hurried by it
Would try the path again!

THE DISPENSATION.

AN UNFINISHED STORY.

BY MRS. C. S. HALL.

(Concluded.)

"Do tell us where you've been, Watty!" inquired Alick, anxious to change the conversation.

"All in good time—not till we get home; and my uncle, at the Bleach House ye must give us all supper; and Mary, if ye're not able to sit up, I'll support ye—but to rest not one of ye shall go, till ye've heard my travels."

"Some folly, I'll go bait," observed his father.

Walter looked at him—meditated, but only replied, "time 'ill tell."

The day fully spent, and the gentle twilight had been succeeded by the deepening darkness of night; gradually the pale stars came out in their meek beauty, illuminating the blue arch of heaven with their sparkling fires. The party were too fatigued to keep up any conversation, always excepting Walter, whose spirits were overflowing, and who sung snatches of old ballads with untiring perseverance.

When they came within sight of the village, through which they must pass before they arrived at the Sullivan's home, the party halted and gave three loud cheers; in moment every living soul, even to the toddling wee thing hanging to its mother's apron, rushed as with one feeling to meet and congratulate them; the joyous news spread even to the silent dwelling where the mother of Mary, sick and despairing, was rocking herself over the ashes of the turf fire. Jessie had joined the villagers, and, in her best sterner happiness, kissed and embraced every one she encountered.

But who can relate the meeting of the mother and daughter!—how the aged woman laid the pale girl on her bosom; pushed back from her delicate features the clustering and disarranged tresses; again and again pressed her lips on her fair brow, and repeated over and over, the sweet words, "My child, my own born child, is safe!—my child, my own born child, is safe!" Nor was her aunt less fervent in her demonstrations of affection.

In the excessive joy of this happy restoration, few thought of the sorrow that still weighed on the hearts of Alick and Mary. Nor was it until Watty had three times shaken his aunt by the shoulders, and demanded supper for himself and his companions, that the poor woman would resign her child.

"Ye're keeping over her, as if she were dead—so ye are—and I want my supper; for after that I've got a message for his Reverence, Father Neely, that I swore to give afore I'd lay side on a bed this happy night."

Basins of bacon, fresh eggs, new milk, strong ale, and plenty of whisky-punch, formed the regale.

"Jessie," said Mrs. Sullivan, "if ye were hanny now, ye would n't be long twisting the necks of five or six chickens, and they'd do diligently in the red ashes."

"No, no!" vociferated Walter, "I'll not stay in the house if a living thing is made dead this night. I've got the means of making ye all kings and queens; one round, load luizza—now a glass a-piece—and now for a fool's toast!—May old Nick make the bed of all who contrive mischief! Alick, come here, agree—that that, astome! I never saw the good of teaching people to dirty clean paper, until I got that scrap from his high Reverence, Doctor O'Brien—bishop of this and other districts."

All started in stupid astonishment, as Alick took the profane document; he unfolded it; but kept the contents most religiously to himself; it was soon evident he could not read it aloud; his cheek flushed—his eye kindled—his hand trembled; yet still he held it fast, as if fearful that if aught touched it, save himself, the illusion would be destroyed.

"Give it me, Alick," said Walter, taking it from him, "give it me. Now, father, read it. I know what it is—but I'd like to hear it

set out regularly. Why, you look as much loathered as Alick—now for it!"

The father did indeed read—what gave universal happiness to the entire party—fully authorizing the marriage of Alick and Mary Sullivan. The ecstasy, and happiness, and show all, the gratitude felt and spoken, can be more better imagined than described.

Astonishment was loudly and universally expressed, as to the how and the where of Walter's plans. Watty, however, was never long in one mood, and he seemed disposed to hold his tongue, just at the moment they wished him to be particularly communicative.

"Let Mary ask him—let Mary ask him to tell, and he will!" said Jessie.

"May-be I might then; if she'd ask me partly, and call me brother." This was obviously a difficult task for the blushing bride-elect; but on Watty's placing his ear very near her lips, she, I suppose, complied, for he seemed satisfied; and seating himself on the table, in the midst of his animated and delighted auditory, recited his adventures.

"Ye mind Doctor O'Brien's sister's son, who is to be a priest, and was taking for a while at the squire's—well, he was very kind to me, as you may remember; and stood a power of pains to incense me into many things, and was desperate civil to me all thro', and often wanted me to go up to his priest's place; indeed, I think he'd ha' made a uncle of me, if he had his will;—ye may laugh—but sure it's faith is the great thing in a priest; and father, if ye had given me the fanning, I'd ha' been a jewel of a priest; but no matter—sochlow, it came across me, that Father Neely took too much entirely upon himself, about the dispensation." (Here a general "Oh, oh, Watty!"—say, Watty!" murmured amid the hearers.) "If ye don't let me tell my story my own way, ye may do without it," said the orator; "I'm not afraid to repeat it—like many others in the world, he had too much upon himself—save us!—don't wrona me just's flesh, as well as ours! There now, Mary, sorry, if it vexes you, I won't brattle a word more about it. Well, I thought me I'd just make myself decent, and unobtrusively, and lay the whole case before his holiness the Bishop; seeing I was sure of the good word of my uncle pley-fellow, his sister's son; so I set off, as you know—but you don't know that when I got to his house—my darling!—it's off he was—a big piece the other side of Keegan's wood, and my honorable friend with him, going a' visiting for a bit. Well, I took after him—Rory and me—and of course I first axed to see the young gentleman; and sure he's a odd thing, only a dale more stout and hearty; and I'm sorry for him—very much given to shooting quarts, which I tould him was very unchristian." (Here another "Oh, Oh!" burst forth; but Walter continued.) "Well, he has a kind heart—he remembered all of ye; and said my family was at the top of the country for decency. So he brought me straight to his neck, and wouldn't cut me up what to say—only did me tell my story my own way; and then I thought of the blessing you gave me, Mary, and spoke up, 'an' th' lauded. He's a new man, the bishop, as you see in a month of Sundays; tall, like a mountain ash, with hair as white as the foam of the waves, and a voice so soft—yet so grand!—'Did you say,' says he, in fine English, 'that the girl and boy have grown up under one roof and take heart-love to each other from their early years? I remember his very words.

"'Just, yer grate reverence! I mad answer, 'like two birds in a pigeon's nest; and a cool look, nora hard thought, has never come betwixt one of the family.'

"'I wonder why Father Cormack should so go against it,' says he again.

"'If yer honour's glory 'ill permit, I'll tell ye,' says I. 'He has a bit of a neevy that's taken a wonderful fancy to Mary's face, and Mary's form—his reverence knows him.' (I knew the young master had an odd grudge agin him, for a dirty turn he did). So with

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that he speaks up, and says his say, out o' the face, and fitted his jacket nately, like an honourable, honest man.

"Well, they be can talking in an unknown tongue, after the fashion of a batch of crows—caw—click—caw—and at last the Bishop says, 'You know that a Dispensation is a great expense, and those who expect the like favours from the Church must help to support it.'

"'Is this as sure?' says I, 'but as I mean all this as a surprise—and thinking of the state the curators are both in, dying with such a complaint, and all, I trust y'er reverence's Holiness will be light upon me.'"

"'Sure, I'd have given hundreds for it,' exclaimed Alick.

"'It's you 'ud be the fool then,' observed Walter.

"'It 'ud be no better for that—I pulled out my bag—(I had five guineas in all)'—"

"'Where did ye get the money?' inquired his father.

"'Don't ye remember,' replied the young man, 'that whenever my head is steady enough to do a turn o' work, ye pay me for it?—and I saved it all up—for my heart told me that some o' ye might want it, one of these days; wild Watty has no right to it—for sure he's been a pain o' a reproach to ye all his life—little left than a born natural.'"

The tone of these words, contrasted painfully with his former cheerful voice; it was like the tolling of a funeral knell, even while the sound of joy-bells lingered on the air; but after a brief pause he resumed:

"'Five guineas,' said the Bishop, 'is the lowest penny.'

"'Och, murder!—y'er honour's reverence 'ud never think of that, sure!' said I—'three guineas and a half—(I'd scorn, poor as I am, to offer ye trash o' paper) I'll give, as I say, how.' Well, he considered a bit, and the two began the caw—cawing, in the foreign language, which I own I didn't think manners—except for quality—to be sure they 've ways of their own—well, he offers me the thing for four guineas; and done, says I, and I told it down to him on the sod, honest, as the saying is, as a judge. Well, now listen, boys, for the flower of the story! he takes up the gould, and he looks at me somehow—askin' that my heart went bobbin'—and my eyes felt queer. 'Take it back,' said he,—and with that he handed it across to me—'and keep it to buy a wedding shute, and an old man prays that at the day o' judgment all may make as *clane breads* as you have now; keep the money, and there's the Dispensation.'

"'Now, boys and girls,' added Watty, grinning—'isn't it the height o' condescension in me to be discorsing wid you here, after talking face to face to a bishop? Look at me! I've seen one of the world's wonders—a priest return money!—but I expect to see another—a wife that won't sound. Ye all know the rest,' he added, when the merry laugh had subsided, excited by his 'st remark; 'how I was returning by way of a short cut through the wood, and—but where's the good o' going back, as ye say that spillooge of a villain got off?—well, may-be so best—only I don't like to think of it.'"

After many demonstrations of Irish joy, which I beg it clearly to be understood is much more boisterous than spher English custom would warrant, and various congratulations, the party separated.

"'Now I'm off to the priest,' exclaimed Watty.

"'You're not, take my word for it,' replied his father; 'what 'ud you go to the priest at this hour for?'

"'List to do the Bishop's bidding—sorra! a thing else—didn't he tell me to tell Father Neddy, with his compliments, that he'd be with him the morrow?—and—by the powers, I clane forget it!—he said he'd have the pleasure of marrying Mary and Alick, as his holy self, the next day.'"

As he concluded this sentence, there commenced in the cottage a confusion of tongues, and noises not easily described. Mary, who had been exchanging a few parting words with her lover on the narrow step leading to her little chamber, leaned against the rail for support; the only face that beamed unalloyed pleasure, and the perfection of happiness, was Alick's—he pressed Mary's hand closely to his heart; and then, with a delicacy of feeling that would add a new grace to any rank, however exalted it might be, beckoned Jessie to assist her to her room; and, giving utterance to the joy and hope which filled his bosom, gently and affectionately bade her good night.

"'It's quite an impossibility! Watty, he'll never come to good for not telling us afore—sure that was the first thing ye should ha' thought of!' said the father of Mary.

"'A Bishop, holy and bones, coming to marry a child o' mine?' exclaimed the mother; '—and not a tating in the house!—the hours in the laying time—thin as frosty suppers; and the chickens not as big as drops o' Sorra! a grain o' tea have we, nor a drop o' wine—it can't be, that's sartin!'

There was too much anxious conversation going forward in the kitchen, for Jessie to remain long in Mary's room; from which she soon flounced forth, exclaiming, 'It's out o' the question; and a dirty turn o' ye, Watty, not to tell it at once, and ye more nor two hours in the house; and not a stitch o' hoo's muslin to be had nearer nor Ballybay, nor so much as a yard of satin ribbon. Oh, joy be with you, sweet Dublin!—one h' only to cross a street, and the most beautiful of things for aerals or weddings are o' yer hand. If y'er pockets are full of money, sure it's there ye can empty them, and that witho' any trouble to signify; while here, one may live for ages, and see nothin' worth dressin' for—nothing but the likes o' ye, Watty, and folk too busy in love to think of any but themselves, and a pack of old fogies that I wouldn't be seen speakin' to in dailin' Dublin.'"

"'Ye're wrong, Miss Jessie,' replied Walter, 'in one thing; sorra! o' the likes o' me, here or elsewhere, ye'll ever see. As to Dublin, or any other place, you girls fill contive to spend y'er money, if ye have it; but look I'd go off in the morning to Ballybay, and bring ye as much finery as ye want—and tay, and sugar, and wine, and every thing for a wedding we must have; and now 'ud I to the priests.'"

The miller accompanied his son; and neither family went to bed that night, so busy were they with preparations for the coming feast—for in that light an Irish wedding is always considered. After the seniors had maturely deliberated on the affair, it was an agreed-upon-matter that it was perfectly impossible to put off a priest, much less a bishop; and I confess myself unable to describe the extreme preparations that consequently occupied the next morning, day, and night. Such doings had never been heard of in the country. Literally, the fattest calf was killed; and Walter executed his commissions to the satisfaction of everybody, except Jessie, for he brought her white calico instead of muslin—declaring that it was worse than mad to pay so much more money for what was no better than a cobweb.

Sweet Mary Sullivan—she appreciated too highly the affection of Alick, the wild, devoted kindness of poor Walter, and the condescension of the Bishop, to urge obstacles which she did not feel ought to exist. The desire of her heart was fulfilled—the affection that had grown with her growth was to flow on undisturbed in its unpolliuted course; and she silently thanked God, and prayed that she might continue worthy of Alick's love.

To a delicately-minded woman, the wedding-day is one of mingled mournfulness and hope. To be another's—to resign to another's care her will, her happiness—to think that every feeling must be moulded to please one, who accepts her submission as a duty, not a duty, not a favour—is a sacrifice indeed; but, the longer, that, in return for the homely comforts, the cheer'd acquiescence, the soothing voice, the ready smile, the delightful tranquillity that woman's love sheds over the humblest home—the hope that these tendernesses will be repaid by the wise guidance, the steady counsel, the noble friendship into which the tumultuous feelings of the lover subside, when he is called husband, cheers and supports the most sensitive mind under a charge so decided and entire.

Doctor O'Brien was received with slavish obsequiousness by Father Neddy Cormack, and the house was put in especial order for the purpose. He, however, declined accepting the priest's invitation to remain. He was going on to the squire's, he said, to spend the night; but hoped to have the pleasure of meeting his reverence to-morrow at the Bleach House. Father Cormack must see, he added, the necessity of his appearing there; as he had heard on his way that a very dreadful outrage had been committed on the Sullivan family, into which some inquiry must necessarily be made.

I am sorry for it—but the next day Father Neddy was at the "pint o' death wid the age, and a smothering about his heart, and

a pain in his head, and not able to touch a drop o' liquor"—according to Katty ("Flin," who smelt the wedding preparations afar off; as did some dozens of variegated beggars, who afterwards, seated on the green sward, enjoyed the remnants of the treat—a peculiar privilege, which that class of persons have enjoyed since out of mind; to them a wedding or a funeral are alike signals for feasting; and I have often been amused at the mixture of rags and happiness such gipsy-like groups present.

Need I add that our bride looked lovely—that the bridegroom was grateful for his long-sought treasure—that the bishop was gracious, and departed with the heartfelt prayers of his people? No!—but I must add that the air of that part of the country disagreed so much with Father Neddy Cormack, he soon found it necessary to "quit," for another province; and that the bishop's nephew was appointed to his parish—a circumstance at which Walter rejoiced exceedingly; the more so, as the young priest good naturedly promised to forgo his once-favourite amusement of "shooting wood-quests."

THE LLAMA.

The current number of the *Foreign Quarterly Review*, put its seal to the following affecting particulars respecting the llama, which it describes as authentic:—"The llama is the only animal associated with man, and undebaused by the contact. The llama will bear neither beating nor ill treatment. They go in troops, an Indian walking a long distance a head as guide. If fired they stop, and the Indian stops also. If the delay is great, the Indian becoming uneasy towards sunset, after all sorts of precautions, resolves on supplicating the beasts to resume their journey. He stands about fifty or sixty paces off, in an attitude of humility, waves his hands coaxingly towards the llamas, looks at them with tenderness, and at the same time, in the softest tone, and with a patience I never failed to admire, reiterates—'C-o-c-o.' If the llamas are disposed to continue their course, they follow the Indian in good order, at a regular pace, and very fast, for their legs are extremely long; but when they are in ill humour, they do not even turn their heads towards the speaker—but remain motionless, huddled together, standing or lying down, and gazing on heaven with looks so tender, so melancholy, that we might imagine these singular animals had the consciousness of another life, of a happier existence. The straight neck, and its gentle majesty of bearing, the long down of their allay clean and glossy skin, their supple and fluid motions, all give them an air at once noble and sensitive. It must be so, in fact; for the llama is the only creature employed by man that he dares not strike. If it happens, (which is very seldom) that an Indian wishes to obtain, either by force or threats, what the llama is unwilling to perform, the instant the animal finds itself affronted by word or gesture, he raises his head with dignity, and without attempting to escape ill treatment by flight, (the llama is never tied or fettered,) he lies down, turning his looks towards heaven, large tears flow freely from his beautiful eyes, sighs issue from his breast, and in half or three quarters of an hour at most he expires. Happy creatures, who so easily avoid suffering by death! Happy creatures, who appear to have accepted life on condition of its being happy! The respect shown these animals by the Peruvian Indian amounts absolutely to superstitious reverence. When the Indians load them, two approach and caress the animal, hiding his head that he may not see the burden on his back; if he did, he would fall down and die. It is the same in unloading. If the burden exceeds a certain weight, the animal throws itself down and dies. The Indians of the Cordilleras alone possess enough patience and gentleness to manage the llama. It is doubtless from this extraordinary companion, that he has learned to die when overtaken."

AN ALLEGORY.

A stoic, swelling with the proud consciousness of his worth, took a solitary walk; and straying among the groves of Academus, he sat down between an olive and a pine tree. His attention was soon excited by a murmur among the trees. The whispers increased; and listening attentively, he plainly heard the pine say to the olive as follows—"Poor tree, I pity thee! thou now spreadest thy green leaves, and exultest in all the pride of youth spring; but how soon will thy beauty be tarnished! The fruit which thou exhaustest thyself to bear, shall hardly be shaken from

thy boughs before thou shalt grow dry and withered; the green vines, now so full of juice, shall be frozen; naked and bare, thou wilt stand exposed to all the storms of winter, whilst my firmer leaf shall resist the change of seasons. *Unchangeable* is my motto, and through all the vicissitudes of the year I shall continue equally green and vigorous as I am at present." The olive, with a graceful wave of her boughs, replied, "It is true, thou wilt always continue as thou art at present. The leaves will keep that sullen and gloomy green in which they are now arrayed, and the stiff regularity of thy branches will not yield to those storms which will bow down many of the feebler tenants of the grove. Yet I wish not to be like thee. I rejoice when nature rejoices; and when I am desolate, nature mourns with me. I fully enjoy pleasure in its season, and I am contented to be subject to the influences of those seasons and that economy of nature by which I flourish. When the spring approaches, I feel the kindly warmth; my branches swell with young buds and my leaves unfold; crowds of singing birds which never visit thy noxious shade, sport on my boughs—my fruit is offered unto the gods, and rejoices men—and when the decay of nature approaches, I shed my leaves over the funeral of the falling year, and am well contented not to stand a single exception to the mournful desolation I see every where around me." The pine was unable to frame a reply, and the philosopher turned away his steps, rebuked and humbled.

UNITED STATES.

New York August 25th.—The steamboats Motte and Pekin came in collision on Sunday night last, about 100 miles below Louisville. The Pekin sunk immediately to the top of her lower cabin. The Motte ran ashore to save herself from sinking.

Only three steamboats—as far as been ascertained—were sunk in the Mississippi the week before last. Two of them sunk each other by a collision.—*Boston Transcript*.

The feelings of our citizens have been wounded by the outrage which we mentioned in this Gazette yester-day, committed in a grave yard attached to the farm of Mr. Levi Morris. The remains of Charles Thompson, the Secretary to the Continental Congress, have actually been stolen away from it. What adds to the heinousness of the offence is that the interment was made there in accordance with the well known wish of the deceased.—*Nat. Gaz.*

We learn from the Coroner, that a man named McCarney was taken last night to the watch-house, in Comptroller street, charged by his captor with disorderly conduct. He died this morning between seven and eight o'clock. He is one of the same family with the Kearney who was killed not long since, by a stab from a colored man, about the period of the abolition riots. It is a curious circumstance that five members of this same family have died from casualty within one year; of which one was burned; one poisoned by poppies; one stabbed; and another expired from intense heat on board a ship lying at one of our city wharves. Such distressing mortality from uncommon causes, and in one household, is extremely rare.—*Phil. Gazette*.

REMARKABLE CIRCUMSTANCE.—It is stated in the Charleston Courier of Tuesday, that the making arrangements for the re-building of a house in the burnt district of that city which was destroyed by the great conflagration, the workmen discovered that a parcel of coal remaining in the cellar was on fire, and a piece of fat pine imbedded in the same was also in a state of ignition, having, without doubt, been in that state since the morning of the 20th of April last, a period of three and a half months, being protected from the air by the rubbish which had fallen on it. The fact is vouched for by credible testimony and deserves general attention.

LOOK OUT!—A large number of counterfeit five franc pieces, Mexican dollars and American halves, are said to be in circulation. They are of a dark pewter aspect compared with the genuine, and some of the five franc pieces are dated 1830, with the head of Charles X. Roy France.—*Id.*

EARLY MARRIAGE.—We see by the notice in the L. L. Star, of the marriage at Hampstead Harbor, of Edward Tappan to Miss Harriet Allen, that Mr. Tappan is 15 years of age, and Mrs. Tappan is 11 years and 10 days old.

Very fair for North and South Hampstead—*Hampstead Inquirer*.

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OFFICE OF THE DARIEN TELEGRAPH, AUG. 4.
It is with mortified feelings that we have to announce to our readers that we will discontinue the publication of the *Darien Telegraph* for the present.

Our friends may be aware that it is no slight cause that leads us to this course. When we say, that if we do not do so, our house will be burned—our helpless innocent children and beloved wife, murdered—and the few gallant friends we have, sacrificed—and that property would be destroyed in the city, that fifty years would not replace—we say the truth. But enough, at present.

Those who are indebted to us, will please make immediate payment to the persecuted Editor.
C. MACARDILL.

GO IT WIND AND SAILS.—A sailing vessel, taught Liverpool from Charleston in sixteen days, and one entered the same port from New Orleans in eighteen days recently. Old Horace is brushing up his energies, determined not to be out done by swimming.

GREAT FEAT IN SWIMMING.—One of the soldiers of the 83d Regiment, at Malden, U. C., deserted to the American side, by swimming from that place to Grosse Isle, a distance of three miles. He was pursued to Grosse Isle by an officer and guard, but was protected by American citizens.—*New York Herald*.

Lord Rolle, in succeeding lately to his West India property, emancipated all his slaves, two hundred and seventy-two in number, and gave them, in addition, the whole of the cultivated land, stock, and agricultural implements.

LOWER CANADA.

Montreal, 28th August.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Yesterday the trial of William Ryan, for murder, was proceeded on agreeably to appointment. The Jury returned a verdict of Manslaughter against him. Magloire St. Claire, arraigned on a charge of having stolen a heifer, pleaded 'Guilty.' James Harper on his arraignment for Grand Larceny, pleaded 'Guilty.' Augustin Lefevre was put on his trial for Grand Larceny and found guilty of Petty Larceny. At the hour of 5 o'clock, P. M. when the Court adjourned, the Grand Jury had not yet reported on the bill for the murder of Lieut. Weir, laid before them so early as 2 o'clock the preceding day. The circumstance was deemed extraordinary; and it is said that great division exists between the members of the Grand Jury, and much discussion has taken place among them in reference to the bill.—*Herald*.

We have received two heads of what is called the seven headed wheat, grown on the farm of Mr. W. B. Bradley, and we have no doubt that farmers will find it for their interest to cultivate it, as it is so much more full and heavy than the common wheat. It has been but recently introduced into this country, for which it appears well suited.—*Ibid*.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, 1st SEPT. 1838.

LATEST DATES.

London, . . . July 20. New-York, . . . Aug 27
Liverpool, . . July 21. Halifax, . . . Aug 18
Havre, . . . July 18. Toronto, . . . Aug 23

The packet ship *Sheridan* arrived at New York on Sunday last, bringing Liverpool dates to the 21st July, a day later than those received by the *Great Western*. They contain nothing of interest.

The Buffalo papers mention that a person named Christie, from Upper Canada, had been arrested there as being one of those concerned in the affair of the *Caroline* steamer, and on the day following he was brought before the Police Magistrate for examination. The result had not transpired at our latest accounts.

The Editor of the *Christian Guardian*, with reference to the shameful appointment of Mr. Henry S. Chapman to a lucrative situation by the Ministry, states—

We happen to have some personal knowledge of this man's doings in London; and in addition to the fact stated by the *Quebec Gazette*, the violent and revolutionary London Correspondence of the late Correspondent and Advocate, during the last few months of his existence, was from Mr. Chapman's pen—the original in Mr. Chapman's own hand having been frequently seen by a respectable person of our acquaintance—correspondence which

we doubt not has been the means of rousing many a credulous man to rebellion against his Sovereign, to the ruin of himself and family. Are the *dupes* of Mr. Chapman and his coadjutors to be banished or executed, and are their deceivers and the joint authors of their crimes and misery to be rewarded with office? Is the same description of characters who are exiled in Canada to be elevated to office in London? If this be so, sedition must rise to a premium, and allegiance to fall to a discount; and it becomes impossible to cherish the respect of the judgment and the heart for the Imperial and Local Executives at the same time.

We deeply regret the occasion of such a line of remark. It is alien to our feelings—we love to speak in terms of satisfaction and thankfulness of the acts of those on whom rest the responsibilities and difficulties and toils of government; but to see what has, at great risk and labour, been done here by various classes of British subjects to support established laws, virtually undone in England by the bestowment of government favours upon the authors of our troubles, impels us to the foregoing remarks, and to a decided protest against such a subversion of allegiance to the Throne, come from whence it may.

As a specimen of the freedom of opinion enjoyed in the United States, we observe that the editor of a paper called the *Telegraph*, published in the State of Georgia, has announced that he is obliged to discontinue the publication of his paper, or run the risk of his house being burned, his wife and children murdered, and his friends sacrificed.

THE TURF.—It will be seen on reference to the advertisement of the Races, in this day's *Transcript*, that the Stewards have fixed the several amounts to be given by them as follows—First Day—Ladies' Purse, \$100; Trial Stakes, \$100; Scurry Stakes, \$50; Bonnet Rouge Stakes, \$20. Second Day—Quebec Stakes, \$200; Garrison Plate, \$200; Beaton Plate, \$50; Hurdle Race, \$100. Her Majesty's Plate of Fifty Guineas will be run for on the first day, and the Governor General's Cup of £100, on the second day.

The Theatre in this city will be opened on Monday next, with the comedy of "Perfection, or the Lady of Munster;" "Loan of a Lover;" and the "Waterman;" in which Messrs. Edwin and Latham, Miss Melton, and Mrs. Knight will appear. From the popularity of the pieces selected, and the talent of the actors, the performances of Monday evening must prove attractive; and we have no doubt that throughout the season, which we understand will be very short, the well known manager, Mr. Abbot, will receive the support to which his spirited enterprise justly entitles him.

We learn by the *New York Spirit* of the Times that Miss Clifton has left New York to fulfil engagements at Buffalo and Montreal. She is a great favorite with our neighbours, and we hope will prove equally attractive here. She is sister to the unfortunate Miss Missouri, who died of a broken heart lately, in consequence of the persecutions of her abandoned mother.—*Montreal Herald*.

Should the weather prove favorable the steamer *Charlevoix*, will proceed on a pleasure trip to-morrow round the Island of Orleans. She will start from the Napoleon wharf at eleven o'clock, P. M., and is expected to return about seven o'clock, P. M. The fare is fixed at five shillings.

From the Three Rivers Correspondent of the *Quebec Gazette*.

Tuesday evening, 28th Aug. 1838.

The Head Quarters of the 66th Regiment have been removed from this place and are now at William Henry. Great regret was expressed here at the departure of the excellent hand of this Regiment. The Officers who accompanied it were Major Johnston, Lieutenant Dames, the Honorable Mr. Lambert and Mr. Godby and Quarter Master Hornby.

The Three Rivers Races take place on the 11th and 12th September, when great sport is anticipated. Lord Durham refused absolutely, to patronize the Three Rivers Races. His predecessors had all very liberally contributed to the support of these races, and the citizens had every reason to believe, that Lord Durham would have given them some compensation for the loss of the "Queen's Plate," which had been hitherto offered for

competition on the Three Rivers Race Course. 'Twas indeed "recorded as a precedent," that the Three Rivers Race Course, (for its central situation and the facilities it afforded to the owners of horses in the three adjoining Districts,) was the most eligible Race Course in the Province, for this purpose. Lord Durham has visited every town, village and hamlet, in the two Provinces, and has not yet been amongst Her Majesty's "liege subjects" in the District of Three Rivers.

POSTSCRIPT.

Two o'Clock, P. M.

Private letters received by the steamer *Charlevoix*, just arrived from Montreal, state that the Grand Jury had found true bills against all the prisoners charged with the murder of Lieut. Weir and of Mr. Chartrand.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

Sept. 1st.
Brig Procter, Arnold, 18th July, Southampton, W. Price & Co. ballast.
Brigantine Flora, Langlois, 8th August, Labrador, V. Hamell, fish, oil, &c.
Schr. Barrette, Richards, 8th do. Halifax, Montreal, sugar, &c.

CLEARED.

August 30th.

Brig British Queen, Tilley, London, Maitland & Co.
Brig Queen, Hart, London, do.
Brig James, Scurr, Cardigan, Symes & Ross, 31st.
Brig Triton, Waken, Penzance, Levy & Co.
Bark Abercromby, Ure, Liverpool, Symes & Ross.
Bark Ann, Day, Hull, Gilmour & Co.
Bark Mariner, Clarkson, London, Atkinson.
Brig Pilgrim, Allan, Aberdeen, Maitland & Co.
Brig Preston, Fish, Shoreham, Lemesurier & Co.
Bark Try Again, Heacock, Cork, Pemberton.

DIED.

At Montreal, on Thursday last, James M'Doual, Esq. aged 67.

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT

IS PUBLISHED
Every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday,
Price Ten Shillings per annum.

The weekly circulation of THE TRANSCRIPT, at present amounts to upwards of FOUR THOUSAND copies; and it consequently offers the most decided advantages to persons desirous of giving publicity to their advertisements.

FOR SALE

No. 11, Notre Dame Street
THIRTY TERCES OF BRIGHT SUGAR,
100 kegs Pig Tobacco,
100 Boxes English Candles,
4 Hubs Mustard,
5 Pipes superior Cognac Brandy.
JOHN FISHER
Quebec, 30th August, 1838.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

THE Subscriber begs most respectfully to acquaint his friends and the public, that he has opened a GROCERY STORE, in the house forming the corner of St. John and Palace streets, known as GENERAL WOLFE'S CORNER, where he has on hand a choice selection of Wines and other Liquors, Teas, Sugars, Coffee, and all other articles usually connected in his line. Mr. J. is determined to procure the best articles; the market can afford, and to dispose of them at the lowest possible profit, and in a special attention to all orders with which he may be favoured, he trusts to merit a share of public patronage.

H. J. JAMESON

N. B.—For sale at a very reduced price, 33 dozen of superior London Particular O. L. P., and O. L. T., warranted eleven years in bottle
Quebec, 16th August, 1838
H. J. J.

MUSSON & SAVAGE,

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

UPPER TOWN,
Have just received a supply of

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS,
AND
PHENIX BITTERS.

Quebec, 16th August, 1838

PIANO-FORTES.

THE Subscribers have JUST RECEIVED, and offer for Sale, four elegant CABINET PIANO FORTES, best Metallic Plates, and fortified for climate. Manufactured by SMALL, BRUCE & CO. GILLESPIE, JAMESON & CO.
Quebec, 23rd August, 1838.

T. HOBBS,

Cabinet, Sofa, and Fancy Chair Manufactory,
NO. 18, SAINT JOHN STREET,

IN returning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has hitherto received, informs them that in addition to his Cabinet stock of Furniture on hand, he has commenced the FANCY CHAIR BUSINESS in all its branches, having engaged experienced workmen for that purpose. On hand, and nearly finished, 300 Chairs of various patterns and colours; Garden Chairs made of any pattern, of the best materials.
All orders in the above line executed with dispatch.
F. Furnerals furnished on the lowest terms—Hearse to let.
Quebec, 16th August, 1838

PROUDLEY'S

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL.

MANY Masters of vessels, Gentlemen and Families visiting Quebec, and seeking the accommodations of an Hotel, have been led into error by supposing that the subscriber occupies the house built on the spot where the St. Lawrence Hotel formerly stood, and which was kept by him previous to the fire by which it was destroyed. He therefore deems it necessary respectfully to inform them, that he has removed to the house fronting on the Queen's and Napoleon's Wharves, and

OPPOSITE

To the Establishment he formerly occupied; and he trusts, by assiduity and attention in promoting the comfort of his visitors, that he shall continue to receive the same liberal patronage and support with which he was favoured in his former establishment.

H. PROUDLEY.

Quebec, 18th August, 1838.

SWAIM'S

CELEBRATED PANACEA,

AN invaluable remedy for RHEUMATISM, SCROFULOUS, AND ULCEROUS DISEASES, and all disorders arising from AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD. For sale by
MUSSON & SAVAGE,
Chemists and Druggists,
Quebec, 16th August, 1838. Upper-Town

OFFICE OF CROWN LANDS,

DEPARTMENT OF WOODS AND FORESTS.

Quebec, 23d August, 1838.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Sale of Licences to cut Timber in the Districts of Quebec, Three Rivers and Montreal, will take place at this office, on THURSDAY, the 13th September, at Noon, and for the District of Gape, in Carleton, at the Office of WILLIAM McDONALD, Esq., the Agent of the Land Department for that District, on MONDAY, the 1st day of October next, at Noon.

The upset price of Oak Timber, per (24) cubic ft. 1d.
Red Pine, 1d.
White Pine, 1d.
Red Pine Saw Logs of 12 feet, a 7d. (10) cubic ft. 5d.
White Pine do, 5d.
Spruce do, do, 2d.

Non-enumerated Timber, at the rate of £10 on every £100 of its estimated value.

CONDITIONS:

One-fourth of the purchase money down; the remainder to be paid on the 1st October, 1839, for which a bond will be required with sufficient surety.—The whole payable in coin current in the Province.

Persons intending to purchase, are to lodge a specification of the tracts on which they wish to bid for Timber, which is to be filed on the day previous to the sale.

When Licenses are required on Surveyed Land, the lots and ranges of the Townships to be specified.

All persons holding Licenses are, on being requested so to do, to present them to the Fore-rangers, who may be appointed by this department to visit Timber Berths in the several Districts.

The several Newspapers published in this Province, are requested to insert the above advertisement once a week, in their respective languages until the 11th day of September next; but those offices which issue more than one paper, will insert the above only in that which they consider their leading publication

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO. HAVE FOR SALE

ROM, Jamaica and Grenada, Sugar, Muscovado and Claret, Molasses, Balsa Tea, Cognac Brandy, Hollands Gin, U C Flour, Upper Canada Leaf Tobacco, Pickles, Sauces, &c, Blacking, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw, Mahogany.

Quebec, 14th August, 1858

Oatmeal, Pot Barley, Sails, &c.

FOR SALE.

A FEW TONS OATMEAL, in large and barrels, 45 barrels Pot Barley, superior quality;

A variety of Sails, comprising Fore-sails, Topsails, Top-gallantsails, and Gillsails, suitable for vessels of from 200 to 500 tons, 10 cent, 2 3/4 Span Yarn, and A few cwt. Oatmeal.

1000 2, 3, and 4 bushels Rope and Stacks

JAMES S. MILLER, Commercial Buildings, St. Peter Street

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE.

FIRST-RATE HAVANA CIGARS, various brands.

Natche Towbe Snuff, American Gentleman do, Prince's Mix'd de French Rappes, Macaroni do, Cassiter Tobacco, Spanish Cut do, adios' Twist do, and Plug Tobacco &c &c

Their usual Stock of LEATHER, consisting of English, American, and French manufacture, to be sold low for cash or approved notes.

M. C. FRATT & BROTHER, Foot of Mountain Street Lower Town.

Quebec, 12th June, 1858.

WINE S.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO. have received their usual supply of—

Sparkling Champagne, Fine Old Hock, Claret, LaBite, Maeterle,

They have also on hand, in wood— Fine Old Port, Sherry, Pale and Brown, Madeira.

Quebec, 14th August, 1858

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS—

SIX HUNDRED Minors Peas, 50 cwt Ship Boston, 20 barrels Flour Crackers, 50 kegs Butter, 30 cwtes Salsal Oil, 40 cwtes Hull Cement, Green and Blue Paint.

CHEELMAN & LEPPER,

MADEIRA WINE.

A FEW CASKS Howard March & Co's Madeira Wine—price 270 per pipe of 110 gallons—for sale by

JOHN GORDON & CO. St. Paul Street Quebec May 1858.

SCOTCH MARMALADE.

JUST RECEIVED, A few cases NEW MARMALADE, in lb jars.

SCOTT & McCONKEY, Quebec May 31, 1858. Confectioners.

BRITISH AND IRISHAN MARBLE CHIMNEY PIECES, for Sale by

REIDSON BROWNE, Hope Street.

NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE.

No. 92, St. John Street.

THE subscribers most respectfully inform to their friends and the public at large, that they have always on hand a choice assortment of Fresh Cakes and Confectionary as usual

SCOTT & McCONKEY, Quebec, 1st May, 1858.

FOR SALE,

A FEW first rate plain and shafted SADDLES, by H. J. MANNING, SADDLER, 55, St. John Street, near the Gate.

Quebec, 14th August, 1858

H. CARWELL,

REMOVED from Palace Street to Fabrique Street opposite the Upper Town Market, Quebec, 4th May, 1858.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER— 450 MINOTS superior Moroccan Fat Peas 100 do Boiling Peas 20 bushels Irish Pot Potatoes 10 barrels London Flour, 3 dozen each

Agneral Assortment of Wines, Spicuous Liquors, fine-flavoured Teas, Peppor's Cakes—and every article in the general Grocery line.

July 16 T. BUCKELL, Cover of St. John & Stanislas Streets.

SUPERIOR CHAMPAGNE AND CLARET WINES.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED, And offer for Sale—

56 BASKETS JOLLY'S CHAMPAGNE,—price 50s. per dozen, 10 baskets Jolly's Champagne, Cup Brand, 90s. per dozen,

71 cases LaBite and St. Julien Claret, 70s. per dozen.

JOHN YOUNG, Quebec, 14th August, 1858

ON SALE,

UPPER CANADA FLOUR, of superior quality, which will be disposed of cheaply, to close a consignment;

Single and Double-barrelled GUNS, of the very best quality. These Guns are all proved, and warranted by us to be the most accurate. Each piece offered upon into Canada; and will be sold at a moderate key will bring.

E. M'LEON, No. 3, St. Julien-Maitels Street. Quebec, 11th August, 1858

FASHIONABLE GOODS

THE subscribers beg to inform the public that they have received a splendid assortment of FASHIONABLE GOODS of every description, including Scarfs and Durable Banners of the latest styles, which, with the newest Gauze Ribbons,—they will be prepared to show on Saturday. The other Goods are now preparing, and will be ready for sale early next week.

B. SUMES & Co. Who have also an assortment of Gentlemen's best and most fashionable BEAVER HATS. 23 1/2 17, 1858.

BEGG & URQUHART.

BEGG is intimate to the public, that they have opened an office stocked with French Medicines, of the finest quality, that they

No. 8, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town, (formerly occupied by the late Dr. ROBERTS,) where they intend carrying on the business of

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS

in all its branches, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

THEY HAVE FOR SALE— Very superior Stoughton Bitters, Black, Red, and Cayenne Pills, Ship's Medicine Chests, complete, Soda Water and Lemonade from the Fountain and in Bottle, Moffat's Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters.

Quebec, 17th May, 1858.

MOFFAT'S

Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters.

THE subscribers have just received a fresh supply of the above.

BEGG & URQUHART, Agents. Quebec, 5th May, 1858.

GROCERY STORE.

THE Subscriber, in returning thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business, most respectfully intimates that he has constantly on hand a choice Assortment of Wines, Spicuous Liquors, Groceries, &c, all of the best quality.

JOHN JOHNSTON, Corner of the Upper-Town Market Place, Opposite the Gate of the Jesuits' Barracks

NEWSPAPER & PERIODICAL AGENT.

G. F. BRADFORD begs respectfully to inform the Proprietors of Newspapers, and others, that he has commenced the above business, and he trusts by attention and care to merit any confidence placed in him. No exertion shall be spared to further the interest of his patrons

No. 2, Saint Stanislaus street, 16th August, 1858

AGENCY FOR THE TRANSCRIPT

IS THE UPPER TOWN.

MR. JAMESON, LIBRARIAN, No 24, Fabrique Street, opposite the Market Place, is AGENT FOR THE TRANSCRIPT in the Upper Town; he is authorized to receive Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c, and from him the paper may always be had immediately after publication

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Jewellery Establishment.

GEORGE SAVAGE & SON beg most respectfully to thank their numerous friends and the public in general for the liberal encouragement they have heretofore received, and embrace the present opportunity of informing them that they have

OPENED A SPLENDID STORE, Corner of Notre Dame and Saint Gabriel Streets, MONTREAL,

and have received, direct from the manufacturers, a Rich and Fashionable assortment of Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery of every description, Silver & Plated Ware, Table and Hanging Lamps, Superior Cutlery, Japanese Teas, Tea Caddies, Tea and Coffee Urns, G Gentlemen's and Ladies' Dressing Cases, Bone Ware, B. America Metal Goods, and a great variety of Fancy Articles

Montreal, 2nd August, 1858 2nd 2w

HORATIO CARWELL,

No. 1, Fabrique Street, IMPORTER OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS,

Is now receiving, per the "Hibernia," from London, a small selection of choice Cloths, English, and American Flannels, Cash Merinos and Handkerchiefs, and Chambray, Brussels, and Brocade Veils, Burests and Broad Laces, 4-1 1/2 and 1 1/2 Trillie Burest Capes, Mantillas and Collarlets.

1 French beautiful Monsieur de Laque Dresses, with Blooms

2 new and French Stays, printed and plain, 6-4 Stuff and Cloth Merinos

ALSO ON HAND,

Rich Danish and W. Watered Merinos for Children Rich Fingings and Bandings of each of the newest styles, Royal Blue Cape, very large, 4-6 and 5-6 Cd per yard, Royal Red Watting for passages, Venetian and White Silk Carpeting, White Rugs, Painted Doglets, Furniture mats, 10-1 Room Sheetings, Towelling, Danish Table Linen, Quilts and Counterpanes, a few very fine Summer Spades, Cloth Clothings and Table Covers, richly ornamented.

Gentlemen's Beaver Hats of the newest styles, and a few of very superior quality—price 5/6. Double Hair Caps and Bucks, quack hats, Longcloth and men Shirts, Silk and Parasol Sticks, with a general assortment of Plain and Fancy Goods.

H. CARWELL would respectfully solicit the attention of his friends and the public to an examination of his Stock. Being desirous of making quick sales, he is disposed to offer the Goods at

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES. Quebec, 19th July, 1858.

MORRISON'S UNIVERSAL MEDICINE.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, general Agent for Morrison's Pills, has appointed WILLIAM WHITEKAT, Sub-Agent for the Upper Town, No. 27 St. John Street.

That the public may be able to form some idea of Morrison's Pills by their great consumption, the following calculation was made by Mr. WHITE, Clerk to the same Office, New-castle House, in a period of six years, (part only of the time that Morrison's Pills have been before the public.) the number of stamps delivered for that medicine amounted to three million, nine hundred, and one thousand.

The object in placing the foregoing before the public is to denote the extent of the following powerful argument in favour of Mr. MORRISON'S system and to which the public attention is directed, namely, that it was only by trying an innocuous purgative medicine to such an extent that the truth of the Hygienic system could possibly have been established. It is clear that all the medical men in England, or the world, put together, have not tried a system of vegetable purgation to the extent and in manner prescribed by the Hygienic. How, therefore, can they (unless they accidentally) know any thing about the extent of its properties?

BROWN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES CLEANING ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 9, outside St. John Street Gate.

* Cast off Clothes bought, sold, or exchanged for new, and money advanced on goods given in for sale.

Quebec, 25th Feb, 1858 6 m 2

ENGRAVING, &c.

J. JONES, Visiting Card Engraver and Printer, REMOVED to No. 18, Couillard Street, two doors from St. John Street, Upper Town.

Quebec, 25th July, 1858 3 m 2

WANTED.

A SITUATION as MILLER or MILLWRIGHT of both. The most satisfactory certificates of character and capabilities can be given.—Apply at the Office of this paper.

Quebec, 14th August 1858

WILLIAM BURKE, BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

No. 15, Fabrique Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public that he has received from London a choice assortment of articles in his line, among which are black Buck and Antelope Goat Skins, of a superior quality, for Gentlemen's Summer Boots, which will be made upon the most stylish and on the latest notice.

Quebec, 25th May, 1858.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS MARTIN, formerly Leighton, respectfully announces the Public that she intends again opening a boarding Establishment in the House formerly occupied by Sir John Caldwell, St Peter Street, Lower Town and hopes by strict attention to merit a share of Public favour.

22 The Stabling attached to the above premises to let.

T. RICHABY, CABINET MAKER, CHAIRSTER, and Upholsterer,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed to No. 26, St. John Street, Suburbs, the place he is only occupied by Mr. Allen, from and also makes it to be hoped by strict attention and accurate work to merit and receive a continuance of the liberal support he has hitherto received.

27 Furniture finished on the shortest notice. Quebec, 25th May, 1858.

VICTORIA HOUSE

(SEE HOUSE REPORTS—REVUE.) GEORGE ANGLADE, PROPRIETOR,

IS now opening the reception of travellers. The situation and accommodation of the premises combine advantages unsurpassed by any similar establishment in Quebec, and situated at the 4th corner. The arrangements have been made to facilitate superintendance of the property, and as the business will be conducted by himself personally, every attention will be bestowed to those who may favour him with their visits. To those gentlemen in particular who are connected with the business of the post, the convenience of the premises, in the direct vicinity of the Steamship Wharves, and Customs House, offers great advantages and to the public in general, the arrangements of the establishment are such as to procure every convenience. On the ground floor are an extensive Saloon and Reading Room, On the 1st floor are two spacious rooms, which by means of folding doors between, who ever require to be converted into one magnificent apartment of 2000 or 3000 feet, and 10 feet high; a drawing room, which is a most eligible place for meetings, &c. The numerous apartments contained in the three upper stories are fitted up for the accommodation of families and individuals. A spacious gallery in the four corners a splendid view of the harbour of Quebec and the surrounding country.

The Wine and other Liquors of the establishment will be of the best quality; subscriptions of all kind may be had throughout the day; and it will be the study of the proprietor in providing for his guests, to combine moderate charges, and superior accommodation.

Quebec, 25th June, 1858.

GEO. ARNOLD

Noted as a banker, Merchant and others connected with the branch of commerce, will meet with every accommodation and attention at the above establishment, the proprietor having for many years past had an extensive acquaintance with parties in that line, from the Cape of Province and the United States.

FOUR THOUSAND DOLLAR REWARD.

WHEREAS WILLIAM GATES, of the City of Quebec, late First Teller, of the Branch of the Montreal Bank, established at Quebec, and charged with feloniously stealing, in the month of February last, from the Office of the said Bank at Quebec, a large quantity of notes of the Montreal Bank, amounting in the whole to nearly Ten Thousand Four hundred and whereas the said William Gates hath been committed to the common jail of the District of Quebec, to take his trial for the said offence, and whereas the greater part of the said Notes so stolen, as aforesaid, has not been found or traced—Notice is hereby given, that the above reward of

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS sterling, will be paid to any person or persons who shall give information by which the whole of the said stolen property shall be recovered, and a proportionate part of the above Reward according to amount which may be so found and recovered upon application to the undersigned at the office of the said Bank in St. Peter Street, in the City of Quebec.

A. SIMPSON, Cashier

N. B.—The Notes stolen are principally Note of 100 dollars, 50 dollars and 20 dollars each, of the Montreal Bank, payable at Quebec.

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