KING AND WILSON SEND CHEERING MESSAGE TO HAIG

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BRITISH AND FRENCH ARE NOW COUNTER-ATTACKING

HAIG'S BARRAGE RIPS TO BITS DRIVE AT DAWN

HAIG HITS BACK, FRENCH AIDING; BREAKS UP RUSH

British This Morning Opened Up Heavy Counter-Attacks Assisted By French Troops While Artillery Stopped Attempted Advance At Dawn Near Bapaume.

London, March 25.— The British this morning were counter-attacking be tween Nesle and Ham, Reuter's correspondent at Bri tish headquarters reports. The French also were in a ction.

North of Bapaume, h e states, the Germans were attacking in considerable force at dawn, but did not get through the British b arrage.

UNITED STATES ENGINEERS IN IT.

American Engineers have again been in the throes of fierce conflict, in which they have done excellent work in transportation.

German cavalry in small numbers has been in action, but thus far it has been used merely to harass the British during their withdrawal.

The Germans, says the correspondent, are relying upon sheer weight of numbers in their heavy attacks on the British lines, relieving their tired troops by fresh divisions which press forward without waiting for artillery support.

BATTLE BY MOONLIGHT.

The enemy all day yesterday and through the moonlight last night kept up his hammering of the British positions, the message states, the British troops resisting with valiant stubbornness.

The Germans are employing many small bodies of Uhlans, mainly as scouting patrols, it is added.

The Germans have been pushing forward by sheer weight of numbers, with the assistance of little artillery.

In the region between Bapaume and Peronne the British fell back again somewhat in the fighting late on Sunday. This marked the main success of the enemy, whose progress is being contested bitterly step by step.

Early this morning the Germans again hurled great numbers of infantry against the British line near Ervillers, but at the latest reports the onrushing troops had been unable to force their way through the intense artillery barrage which the British maintained.

HEAVY BATTLE PROCEEDING.

A heavy battle also has been proceeding today on the British right flank, where the enemy had succeeded in forcing his way across the Somme and the canal south of Ham. The Allies were delivering counter-attacks with the purpose of pushing the invaders across the waterway.

GERMANS ARE WEARY.

There seems small doubt but that the German attacking troops are dog-weary, fighting under great strain; but this is mentioned merely as an interesting sidelight, and not for the purpose of sounding a note of optimism. Harder fighting than has yet occurred undoubtedly will follow.

The British have been fighting with traditional stubbornness, and at many points they have held the Germans back time after time, although themselves greatly outnumbered.

Throughout the night there was fierce fighting north of Bapaume, along the Bapaume-Arras road, but except that Mory again changed hands the defenders held their own gallantly.

EMPIRE CALM, CONFIDENT, GEORGE'S WORD TO HAIG

London, March 25.—King George today sent the following message to Field Marshal Haig:

"I can assure you that the fortitude, courage and self-sacrifice with which the troops under your command continue so heroically to resist greatly superior odds are realized by me and my people. The Empire stands calm and confident in its soldiers. May God bless them and give them strength in this time of trial."

WILSON CABLES HAIG PRAISE FOR SPLENDID VALOR SHOWN

Says All America Confident Secure and Final Victory Will Be Won.

Washington, March 25.—President Wilson today cabled Field Marshal Haig congratulating him on the British stand against the German offensive and predicting a final Allied victory. The president's message read:

"May I not express to you my warm admiration of the splendid steadfastness and valor with which your troops have withstood the German onset, and the perfect confidence all Americans feel that you will win a secure and final victory."

PROFESSOR LABAND DEAD.

Amsterdam, March 25.—Professor Paul Laband of the chair of international law at the University of Strasburg is dead at Strasburg. He was born in Breslau in 1838.

Professor Laband, in an article in the Deutsche Review last July, admitted that Alsace-Lorraine was strongly French, and that the natives had not responded to 45 years of effort at Germanization. He advocated renewed efforts to compel the population to become German.

TORPEDO ACTED AS BOOMERANG

London, March 25.—How a German submarine was destroyed by one of its own torpedoes, which acted as a boomerang, is vouched for in an official statement by Captain Frewen of the British steamer Flixton. The captain declared that while on his way from Havre to a Welsh port a German U-boat discharged a torpedo, which when a short distance from the steamer was deflected and, describing a semi-circle, struck the submarine and sank it.

THE REAL THING.

London, March 25.—Chung Lung Soo, a magician, died in a hospital yesterday from a bullet wound in the chest, received while performing a trick with loaded rifles Saturday night. When the magician was shot and staggered and fell to the stage the audience thought he was carrying out a part of his performance. He was 59 years old and had appeared several times before King George.

ENEMY CLAIMS HAS BAPAUME; STATES 45,000 MEN CAPTURED

Berlin Reports Bapaume and Nesle Fallen to Hindenburg.

Berlin, March 25.—German headquarters reports that Bapaume was captured during the night.

In the evening Nesle was taken by storm, the statement adds. British, Americans and French were thrown back through a pathless wooded country.

More than 45,000 prisoners and more than 600 guns have been captured, the statement says.

Bapaume is on the northern part of the battlefront, where the British line for the most part has been held. It is one of the larger towns on the fighting front, from which a number of roads radiate. The official German statement of Sunday night said a gigantic struggle was taking place for the town. It is 13 miles below Arras.

Guiscard and Chauny were captured in the evening. Violent fighting developed for possession of Combles and the heights west of the town. The enemy was defeated, the statement says.

OTTAWA BELIEVES CANADIAN DRIVE IS COMING ABOUT LENS

Important Battle Announcement Likely To Be Made Wednesday.

Ottawa, March 25.—There is great interest about the corridors of Parliament in the news from the front, and it is not unlikely that before the House rises on Wednesday important official communications will be announced in Parliament. It is thought that the gas attack by the Canadians may be the forerunner of an offensive in the Lens sector, where the majority of the Canadian force is located. Confidential advices as to the progress of events in France are being received by Premier Borden from the war office.

DUTCH HAVE REFUSED ALLIES GRAIN OFFER?

Will Not Sanction Seizure in Exchange for Food.

London, March 25.—The Dutch cabinet is said to have decided Sunday to send the allied powers a formal refusal of their offer of grain in return for Dutch ships, a dispatch from The Hague to the Daily Mail says.

The original compact for the use of Dutch ships by Great Britain and the United States called for the placing at the disposal of Holland of 100,000 tons of foodstuffs. Dutch ships were to carry this food.

HERBERT R. YATES DEAD.

Brantford, March 25.—Herbert R. Yates, a noted railway engineer in old days, in which profession he worked with his father, Herbert Yates, one time chief engineer of the Grand Trunk Railway, passed away here this morning. He was long a noted sportsman, being a clever cricketer and tennis player and a good shot. For twenty-five years past he had been one of the most active members of the Brantford Golf Club, being captain of the local team at one time. He is survived by a widow, whose mother, Mrs. Alexander Fair, died yesterday, and one son, Rushton of this city. The funeral on Wednesday will be a double one.

HENRY OF REUSS KILLED.

London, March 25.—Prince Henry of Reuss, head of the younger branch of the Reuss family, has been killed in the fighting on the western front, according to a Central News dispatch, quoting advices received from Berlin.

FALLS DOWN SHAFT.

Brantford, March 25.—Asa Shaver, an aged employee of the Massey-Harris Company, was killed this morning when he fell down an elevator shaft at the plant, a distance of 15 feet. He had been ill for some time, but reported today, and it is thought that heart failure caused his fall.

MAN WHO LEADS FREEDOM'S LEGIONS



Advertiser Illustrations.
FIELD MARSHAL SIR DOUG. HAIG.

SEAFORTHS AND THE BUFFS WIN UNDYING GLORY

Kilties Cover a Retiring Force Until Nearly All Had Fallen.

BUFFS STUCK TO THE END

Battalion of a London Regiment Fought Until But 30 Men Were Left.

London, March 25.—The village of Mory, southwest of Croisilles, was the centre of an inferno of German shells, according to a correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing yesterday. For two miles behind and in front of the village the land was like plowed ground.

"I don't believe," a British gunner said, "that there was an inch of ground near my guns which was not hit."

A German prisoner said that his company went into action with 258 men, and had been reduced to 50 at the time he was captured.

Kilties Held On.

A party of Seaforth Highlanders, belonging to the 51st Division, was ordered to cover some neighboring troops who were falling back. They had to face heavy odds and came under an appalling gunfire, but they held on until the movement was completed, although more than three-fourths of them fell in the action.

A small garrison of Buffs held the remnants of an old fort on the Oise, north of La Fere. The Germans crossed the river at Moy and La Fere and advanced upon it from two directions. All one morning they were kept at a distance, but by early afternoon the investing force was several times larger than the number of defenders. At 4 o'clock the Buffs were still holding, though much weaker through lack of numbers. After that nothing was heard of them. It is not known whether they retired, were forced to surrender or were annihilated.

A battalion of the London regiment, confronting the Germans who tried to cross the Oise at La Fere, fought until but 30 were left. A battalion of the Leicestershire Regiment made a similar fight by moonlight Friday, keeping up the fight all night until only a few were left.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FAIR.

Toronto, March 25—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Moderate to fresh northwest to west winds, fair today and on Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures for the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	56	40	Rain
Calgary	54	36	Fair
Winnipeg	52	32	Fair
Port Arthur	52	26	Clear
Parry Sound	38	18	Cloudy
Port Stanley	46	24	Clear
Buffalo	48	24	Clear
Toronto	42	26	Clear
Kingston	38	24	Clear
Ottawa	36	20	Clear
Montreal	32	24	Fair
Quebec	30	20	Cloudy

Weather Notes.

Fair weather prevails over Canada attended by very mild conditions in the West.

HAIG'S HEROES OUTNUMBERED EIGHT TO ONE

Each British Battalion Had To Face Division of the Enemy.

ONE EVERY 2,000 YARDS

Main Thrust of Foe Made Against Right Flank To Get High Ground.

British Army Headquarters in France Sunday, March 24.—By the Associated Press.—The main thrust on the British right flank by the Germans Thursday morning was south of St. Quentin and the enemy used a division for every 2,000 yards of the front, there being approximately one German division against every British battalion. The purpose of the attack here was to capture Urvillers and Essigny-le-Grand, and thereby acquire high ground for a further advance. It is now possible to give more details of the early stages of this and other fights.

Battle in Lowlands.

On the extreme right of the British army the enemy crossed the River Oise at two places. One body of troops came out of La Fere, and swung north, while another army crossed at Moy and turned south to form a junction with the La Fere group. Throughout the day the battle raged in the lowlands about the Oise.

At Vendeuil a group of British held out until 4 o'clock Friday afternoon. A little farther north the Germans stormed Urvillers and Essigny. Just west of St. Quentin the British were forced to fall back, but throughout the day they clung to the Holnon Wood, a little northwest of the city.

A Gallant Defence.

South of St. Quentin, a number of strong British redoubts made a gallant defence and it was nightfall before the last of them, with their machine gunners, had been reduced. The end of the first day found the British behind the St. Quentin canal.

Friday morning the enemy renewed his assault with increasing vigor, and after desperate fighting in the region of La Fere, succeeded in getting across to the British side.

Further north the British also withdrew from the Nolnon wood. The Germans then drove at Ham, which had been cleared of civilians, and Saturday morning, after obtaining a crossing of the canal, drove southward into the British positions.

Drive Against High Land.

In the other main theatre of operations—between Arras and Bapaume—the Germans made their first drive against the high ground between the Cojel and Sensee Rivers. The German preliminary bombardment was terrific and their infantry outnumbered the British eight to one in some cases.

Early the Germans attacked southward into Bullecourt, and the British withdrew to a line covering Vaulx-Vrancourt-Morchies and Baumetz-Lez-Cambrai. The hottest and most disputed point was Mory, which the Germans occupied only yesterday.

During Friday the Germans overran St. Leger, Vaulx-Vrancourt and Henin. One company of machine gunners on Henin Hill held up the German advance for a long time, doing deadly execution in the densely formed ranks.

The Germans have been bringing up artillery in the most able manner behind their shock troops, and have been making full use of this arm as the advance continued.

BRITISH BLOCKHOUSES DELAYED GERMAN WAVES

London, March 24.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at the front, telling of the battle now in progress, says:

"Along a considerable part of the front there was a series of redoubts about a mile apart, each redoubt being held by a hundred men, somewhat on the principle of blockhouses in South Africa, with formidable belts of barbed wire around them, and a strong armament of machine guns and trench mortars, and provisioned for two days.

"All of them did valuable work in delaying the German waves of advance. They were surrounded and subjected to a terrible fire, but all held on during the first day of the attack until late in the afternoon.

"The Germans suffered most from the machine gun fire. Their mode of attack in crossing No Man's Land consisted of a first wave of two companies, marching almost shoulder to shoulder, with light machine guns. A hundred yards behind came two more companies, closely followed by a number of machine guns. Next, after an interval of two or three hundred yards, came the light trench mortars and the battalion staff. Again there was a space of two hundred yards, and then at prepared exits in the the German trenches the field artillery drove out into the open in columns, forming into line of battle as soon as possible."

WITHDRAWAL OF ESSEX RECOUNT UNQUESTIONED

Ottawa, March 25.—The cabled report that the recount of soldiers' votes in North Essex has been withdrawn is not questioned here. The demand for a recount was made by Kennedy's opponents and not by the Government. Withdrawal probably was decided on when it was decided that absentee votes could not be counted, as there were not sufficient other soldiers' cast in the constituency to change the result.

HAIG HURLS FOE BACK TO SOMME'S EAST BANK; FRENCH ARE NOW IN IT

THE WAR SITUATION

THE WAR SITUATION.

France has thrown the weight of her forces into the great battle raging with unexampled intensity on the western front, and the British and French armies are now battling together against the onslaught of the common enemy in his desperate attempt to break through the Allied lines.

British Holding Fast.

The British armies are holding fast along the line of the Somme and also in the region north of Bapaume, Field Marshal Haig reports today. The Germans in their thrusts in the latter section reached the British trenches at only one point, and there they were immediately ejected. Their assaults elsewhere were smothered by the British fire, with great losses to the enemy.

On the Somme line bodies of German troops which had succeeded in forcing their way across the river between Licourt and Brie, south of Peronne, were driven back to the easterly banks. On both sides of Bapaume the German attacks were resumed today.

The Danger Point.

The greatest danger point at present seems to be further south, where the Germans apparently have driven through the greater width of the region they devastated in retiring in 1917, as the Paris statement today reports heavy fighting in the region of Noyon. This town itself is some ten miles to the west of Chauny, in the region of which Berlin yesterday reported the repulse of Franco-American reserves, but the German advance probably has been met considerably short of Noyon.

A Deep Wedge.

The wedge driven into the Allied line is evidently a deep one, however, as the French troops are reported by Paris to be contesting for the heights to the north of Oise with important German forces. The Oise on this part of the front runs southwest past Chauny and passes to the south of Noyon.

MONSTER GUN AGAIN SHELLING FRENCH CAPITAL

Paris Showing Little Interest in Unique Attack—Air-Men Hunt Gun.

Paris, March 25.—The Matin says one of the shells fired in the direction of Paris yesterday by the Germans struck a church in the suburbs. Several of the persons who were attending a Palm Sunday service were killed.

Paris, March 25.—The long-range bombardment of Paris was resumed at 6:30 o'clock this morning, but was interrupted after the second shot.

After a brief interval two more shots were fired. The bombardment was again suspended at 9:10 o'clock.

As was the case yesterday, the people did not take to shelter. Cellars which were filled on Saturday remained empty this morning. Little interest was shown in the bombardment.

Soon after they were awakened by the first shot and the people were brought to their windows by the rattling of drums. Policemen circulated through each quarter of the city, introducing the new system of alarm which is distinguished from the alarm in the case of air raids. The police came in for a great amount of chaffing, the people being greatly amused at their lack of proficiency with the drumsticks.

Paris Not Worrying.

This appeared to mark their limit of interest in the bombardment.

Work was resumed under normal conditions. All the transportation lines were running. The streets were full of people whose sole subject of conversation was the new battle of the Somme which is generally compared with Verdun.

AIRMEN HUNTING IT.

Paris, March 25.—It is to be hoped that the gun which shelled Paris will very shortly be silenced, says the Figaro, which gives the following quotation from a man who is said to be in a position to know:

"The 380-millimetre gun which bombarded Dunkirk two years ago from a distance of 25 miles was located by our airplanes, and soon put out of action. The same methods will be adopted with regard to the 240-millimetre gun which has been bombarding Paris for the past two days. Since Saturday our airplanes have been looking for it, and the fact that it stopped firing is due, perhaps, to their arrival. It will not be long before the gun is definitely placed; then its career will soon be over."

The military authorities, according to another morning newspaper, are convinced that the Germans are using two new guns, while Richard Arapu, the military expert of L'Oeuvre believes there is a whole battery of them.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 50; lowest, 26.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 38; lowest, 25.

British Last Night Repulsed Heavy Attacks Near Bapaume and Drove Portion of the German Troops Across River—Fresh Attacks Developing, With Bapaume As the Storm Centre.

FRENCH TAKE OVER FRONT FOR THE HARD PRESSED BRITISH

London, March 25.—Fresh attacks by the Germans have developed northward and southward of Bapaume, the war office announces. The British repulsed powerful attacks yesterday afternoon northward of Bapaume.

The British drove back to the eastern bank of the Somme bodies of German troops which had crossed the river between Licourt and Brie, south of Peronne.

ENEMY ATTACKS STOPPED.

The statement follows:

"The battle continues with great violence on the whole front. Powerful attacks delivered by the enemy yesterday afternoon and evening north of Bapaume were heavily repulsed. Only at one point did the German infantry reach our trenches, whence they were immediately thrown out. Elsewhere the enemy's attacks were stopped by rifle, machine gun and artillery fire in front of our positions, and his troops were driven back with great loss.

"During the night and this morning fresh hostile attacks have again developed in this neighborhood and also to the south of Bapaume.

"South of eronne, bodies of German troops who had crossed the river between Licourt and Brie were driven back to the east bank by our counter-attacks."

FRENCH ON BATTLEFRONT.

Paris, March 25.—The French on Saturday went to the assistance of the British and took over a sector of the battlefront, the war office announces.

In the region of Noyon and on the right bank of the Oise heavy fighting with the Germans is in progress.

The statement follows: "French troops began to intervene on March 23 in the battle now being fought on the British front. They relieved certain of the Allied forces and took up fighting themselves on this sector of the front.

FIGHTING FOR RIVER BANK.

"At the present time they are engaged in heavy fighting in the region of Noyon, and they are disputing the heights of the right bank of the Oise with important German forces.

"Northwest of Rheims there has been a violent artillery action in the region of Courcy and Loivre. In the Champagne two German surprise attacks east of Suippes resulted in failure. French patrols took some prisoners near Tahure.

GERMANS REPULSED.

"There was much artillery activity between Arrocourt and the Vosges. At daybreak German forces attacked the French lines east of Bieneroy and east of Badonviller. The Germans were repulsed with heavy losses."

ONE GOOD OMEN.

London, March 25.—The Manchester Guardian says a significant feature of the situation on the battlefront is that after three days of fighting, the enemy claims only 5,000 prisoners more than after the second day, which means that the British withdrawal after the rupture of the front west of St. Quentin was made in excellent order. The newspaper regards this as a good omen for the future.

HANDFUL OF TOMMIES AND TANK FOUGHT UNTIL BUT FEW WERE LEFT, THEN CHARGED THROUGH GERMANS

FOE CORRESPONDENT GIVES TRIBUTE TO BRAVERY OF BRITISH

Amsterdam, March 24. — Describing the first day of the battle on the western front, the correspondent of Vossische Zeitung says that the British artillery was held with "uncanny precision," and its counter-efforts became even fainter and less systematic.

"The British strewed their shells without system over the wide zone of attack," he adds. "Our guns, supported by cannons and howitzers of our Austro-Hungarian allies, had cleared the way for the infantry. The German storming troops swung over the ramparts punctual to the minute which had been fixed weeks ago and made a great push into the enemy territory on the same ground over which the von Hindenburg retreat took place a year ago.

Admit British Brave.

"The attack westward now went forward with the old elan and offensive spirit of 1914. Our battalions stormed over the ground and broke the enemy resistance along the entire line. It is declared unanimously that the British fought bravely, but their leadership was not equal to the mighty blow. By evening the British front had been pushed back on the whole broad battlefield."

London, March 25.—The Germans swarmed over No Man's Land in such great numbers in their first attacks that it was impossible for the British gunners to miss them, telegraphs the correspondent at British headquarters in France of the Daily Express. Two batteries at Epehy fired steadily with open sights at 400 yards for four hours. Telling of the thrilling exploit of Leicestershire troops, the correspondent says:

"Persieres was held for a time by two companies of Leicestershires assisted by two tanks. The enemy kept pressing them back, however, and one company was completely cut off. Instead of surrendering, they held to the village until only a few men were left. Then, the surviving officer led them in a charge through two lines of Germans, and they fought their way back to our main body."

GUNNERS STUCK TO LAST.

London, March 25.—The British in their retreat defended every hill, ridge and fortification with the greatest stubbornness, messages from German war correspondents on the western front say, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam. The British artillery, it is added, splendidly sacrificed itself in covering the retreat, the batteries only breaking up when the German storming troops arrived within a few hundred yards of the positions. The British gunners then fired their last ammunition and retired.

A Safeguard

"I am certain I paid Stone & Co.'s bill, but they will not credit my account unless I produce the receipt. I cannot find it, and will have to pay the account again." Most annoying!

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FAREWELL BANQUET TO CANADIAN CLUB'S POPULAR PRESIDENT

Friends Gather To Honor J. H. Fowler, B.A.

TRIBUTES ARE GENERAL

Wonderful Expression of Regret and Praise at Departure Made by Speakers.

The warmest tributes to his worth as a newspaperman, friend and citizen were paid to J. H. Fowler, B.A., at a banquet tendered by the members of the Canadian Club at the Tecumseh House grill room on Saturday night. Mr. Fowler, for many years a member of The Advertiser editorial staff, leaves for Ottawa this week, where he will engage in the duties of a capital correspondent. He will retain his connection with The Advertiser, and will give special attention to the affairs of Western Ontario constituencies.

Mr. Fowler has been president of the Canadian Club during the present year, and the club has been conspicuously successful under his guidance. It was natural that the club should have marked his departure for a new field of activity, but it was unusual that everyone present should have expressed keen personal regret. There has seldom been in London a more spontaneous expression of appreciation to a man who has come in close contact with all classes of citizens. While the banquet was a Canadian Club function, it partook of the nature of an official farewell for the city. Public men, businessmen, his newspaper associates, political friends and opponents, the bar and city officials, were represented, and in an informal way gave Mr. Fowler something to carry away with him that was more precious than gold—the certainty that he had won goodwill and permanent friendships and that as an "institution" he would be much missed.

A pleasing feature was the presentation of a handsome club bag by E. J. Carty and Philip Pocock on behalf of the Irish Benevolent Society. Mr. Fowler's good works for this organization were remembered in a tangible way.

A. A. Campbell called on Jared Vining and Rev. Cameron Waller, D.D., to propose the health of the guest, and as past presidents of the Canadian Club they expressed the most hearty sentiments of gratitude. As president of the club, Mr. Fowler had been of value to the city, but it was as a journalist and a citizen he came first.

In his response Mr. Fowler spoke of the kindliness with which everyone in London had always treated him. He would carry away with him the memory of that absence of hatred and ill-feeling.

Messrs. Carty and Pocock referred to Mr. Fowler's achievements for the city, while George S. Gibbons said that with Mr. Fowler it was first of all a triumph of personality. C. B. Edwards, who knew Mr. Fowler from his earliest days as a reporter, paid a tribute to his skill and trustworthiness. Fred Landon, public librarian, and formerly a correspondent at Ottawa, said Mr. Fowler possessed the ideal requisites for achieving success at the capital. U. A. Buchner referred to the fact that Mr. Fowler was usually the "life of the party" wherever he went.

Other brief tributes were paid by G. F. Rogers, W. J. Laut, H. T. Reason, Gerald Pearson, Dr. Robinson, Frank Jewell, Ald. Ashplant and C. R. May. J. C. McCann, a former president, introduced the speakers.

THREE CONFIRMATION SERVICES ON SUNDAY TAKEN BY BISHOP

Confirmation services were conducted in three of the local Anglican churches on Sunday by Bishop Williams of Huron. In the morning a class of seventeen was confirmed at Bishop Cronyn Memorial Church, in the afternoon a class of six in St. Mark's Church, and in the evening a class of thirty at St. James' Church, South London.

The bishop preached at the morning service in Memorial Church.

Rev. G. Q. Warner, the rector, in the evening held a special interceptory service for the Allied armies. It was announced at the evening service that a special service will be held on Good Friday. Three hours, commencing at 12 o'clock noon, will be devoted to prayer for the success of the Allied armies.

Following is a list of those who were confirmed at the Sunday morning service: F. W. Bilyea, Peter Swain, Bradley Granger, William T. Fitzgerald, Freeman Talbot, Herbert Meek, Mrs J. M. Rider, Edith Dean, Dorothy Treheaven, Evelyn Watson, Agnes Davis, Nellie Howell, Sarah Fitzgerald, Kathleen Gibson, Ruth Granger, Miriam Eckert, Pearl Egget.

Bishop Williams confirmed 30 young people at St. James's Anglican Church on Sunday evening. The necessity of faith was emphasized in the confirmation sermon. Special music, under the direction of Charles Percy was rendered by the choir. Rev. C. C. Waller, who has been in charge of the work during the past four months, has been most successful, the members state.

Those in the confirmation class were: Arthur M. W. Muir, John F. Aitken, Allan J. Yorick, John E. P. McConnell, Charles E. McConnell, Newton I. T. Bigelow, Chester St. C. Abell, Georgina Isabel Mansbridge, S. Lorraine Crouch, Gladys Holland, Margaret Ida Thomas, Eleanor S. Hessel, D. Isabel Hessel, Thelma I. Hessel, Muriel S. Jones, Edith C. Bentley, Thelma N. Logan, Kathleen B. Richardson, Grace B. Sabine, Marjorie A. Darned, Kathleen E. F. Seabrook, Helen N. Seabrook, Lillian T. Dunn, Florence H. Gardenne, Lillian M. Gilbert, Iva Jone Kingsley, Dorothy I. Campbell, Eleanor S. Chantler, Doris E. Clarke, Gladys H. Complin.

The afternoon service in the St. Mark's Church was well attended. In his sermon to the candidates, the bishop urged them to study the Bible carefully. Those who were confirmed were: Winnifred Dunston, Rheta Gladys Wannamaker, Lily Turner, Mary Mirehouse, Herman Cecil Hodges and Harold Edmund Skellett.

ADDED FEATURES OF 1918 WESTERN FAIR PLANNED BY BOARD

Pure Food Show and Art Exhibit Included.

ADDITIONS TO PRIZE LIST

Treasurer Resigns and F. G. Jewell Takes Over That Office.

The appointment of F. G. Jewell, C.A., to succeed D. Mackenzie, treasurer of the Western Fair Association for the past thirty-six years, was an important item of business transacted at the meeting of the board of directors held on Saturday afternoon. Much regret was expressed over the resignation of Mr. Mackenzie, the official of the board of longest standing, who, indeed, has been closely associated with the association the greater part of its history. The directors put themselves on record to this effect in a resolution moved by W. E. Robinson and seconded by Controller J. H. Saunders.

Owing to his new office, Mr. Jewell tendered his resignation as auditor, and Messrs. Dale and Screaton were appointed in his place.

The meeting was devoted largely to consideration of recommendations of committees in charge of arrangements for the next Western Fair.

A pure food show, held in the process building is to be a feature of the Western Fair of 1918. The exhibits will be placed by the Retail Grocers' Association, but the show will be under the control of the fair board, and the building will be open to exhibition visitors the same as others on the ground.

An effort is being made by the board to secure a loan of pictures from the Canadian National Art Gallery of Ottawa for the exhibition. Among other new features will be the selling of the cheese and butter on Monday of Fair week, instead of Friday, as has been the custom in the past. Friday night is to be made one of the most attractive of the whole week, with a special program. About $1,500 is being added to the prize list this year, another indication of the manner in which the Western Fair keeps growing up. Some of the recommendations of committees submitted and accepted re prizes, etc., were as follows:

In the thoroughbred class light horses, the stallion sections will be put together in one section; prize money, $40, $30, $20, $10. In the farmers' class there will be a section for 3-year-olds on the line; prizes $20, $15, $10, $5. In the speed department every heat will be a race, with eight $100 purses and two consolation events. The cattle exhibitors will be asked to give the names and numbers of all registered animals, including their herds and groups, to the secretary, on their entry forms, or their prize money will be withheld. A fourth prize of 25 cents will be placed on all classes of poultry, and some new sections added to both poultry and pigeons.

On recommendation of the finance committee, the salary of Secretary A. M. Hunt was increased $200.

The deep regret of the board over the sudden death of one of its members, Charles Trebilcock, was expressed in a resolution moved by Controller Saunders and seconded by Mr. Oke, and the secretary instructed to send a letter of sympathy to Mrs. Trebilcock and family.

Lieut.-Col. W. M. Gartshore presided.

VETERANS' HOME FUND NOW GOES OVER $1,000 MARK FOR CASH GIFTS

Promise of Furnishings for Three Rooms Also Secured by Canvassers.

Subscriptions to the Great War Veterans' Memorial Home fund in London now total $1,103, according to an announcement made by Signaller W. E. Capewell, who with Capt. Warburton, is looking after the canvass in the downtown district. In addition to the cash donations, two bedrooms in the new home will be furnished, a reading-room will be fitted up and a rug will be given by friends already canvassed.

The members of the G. W. V. A. expect to reach their objective by the end of the month.

The campaign committee announces the following additional donations:

Sir Adam Beck	$100.00
Major Ingram	50.00
Col. Hobbs	25.00
Leonard & Sons	25.00
Scandrett Bros.	25.00
A Friend	20.00
Trafford's	10.00
Dowler's	10.00
Mr. Mitchell	5.00
Kingsmill's	1 rug

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.

REAL PRAIRIE BLAZE

Five Acres Burned Over to North of McCormick East End Factory.

London staged a prairie fire on a small scale Sunday afternoon in the field northeast of the McCormick Manufacturing Company factory, Dundas street east. In the long grass the fire burned fiercely, the flames shooting 10 to 12 feet in the air. The firemen were called to the scene, but could not reach the fire with water lines on account of the condition of Palmerston street.

Chemicals were used, however, and the fire was confined to a space of about five acres in extent. The small boys had the time of their life killing the field mice that were driven out of their nests by the flames. When they tired of this sport they took off their coats and beat the fire out with them, regardless of the heating their coats would get from father later.

No damage was done by the blaze.

RECOUNT OFF

Overseas Vote In West Middlesex Will Not Be Scrutinized Again.

Press cables from the old country announce that the demand for recount of the soldiers' vote in West Middlesex has been withdrawn. The recount in North Essex, it is announced, has also been called off.

DIZZINESS, CONSTIPATION bad taste in the mouth, despondency, or "the blues," and other miserable ailments call attention to the liver. It is torpid. Take Hood's Pills—they rouse the liver and relieve all liver ills. They are the old and favorite family cathartic. Purely vegetable. Gentle and thorough, 25c. All druggists.

Growing Boys and Girls

The great strain that the younger people are subjected to at school sometimes makes them susceptible to Nervous Troubles. They become pale, languid, easily tired and irritable, due to too much confinement and to mental worry and study. Hacking's Heart and Nerve Remedy supplies the required amount of Nourishment to the Blood, adds Tonicity to the Heart and is soothing and quieting to the Nerves. This remedy will increase the mental and physical powers of the younger people and restore their youthful vigor and capacity for work. Price 50c a box, 3 for $1.25, postpaid, or mrom your dealer. C. B. Hacking, Phm.B., Listowel, Ont. 40u



Many quaint conceits are revealed in the new modes for early spring—simple lines charmingly modeled in fascinating fabrics, strike the dominant note in fashionable feminine attire—for growing-ups as well as for grown-ups. Silks, Satins, Georgettes, Embroideries and Laces are all to be enrolled in the service of Madam La Mode this year—often to be worn in picturesque conjunction with smart jaquettes of velvet or velveteen, and all of these delightful novelties are interestingly featured in this early Easter display, which includes many exclusive creations from New York designers.

SPRING COATS FOR WOMEN

MODELS AT THEIR BEST FOR EASTER.

Coats that present all the successful style-themes of spring are assembled now in absolute completeness. Notable groups of Spring Coats are especially featured in this section, coats that stand in readiness to meet every demand, no matter at what price your limitation is set. Ladies' and Misses' Topcoats in velours, gabardines, tricotines, Delhi cloths and Donegal tweeds, in pastel shades, sand, rose, Pekin blue, harvest, green and taupe.

Donegal Tweed Coats in belted styles at ..... $15.00, $16.50, $18.50 and $20.00

Navy Serge Coats in belted styles, convertible, at .....$16.50, $22.50, $25.00 to $50.00

Velour Coats, showing shawl and convertible collars, with outer collars of silk, novelty pockets, button trimmings, Empire styles for the small women, belts used in nearly all models, in full length or showing 2 to 4 inches of the skirt. Prices ...$35.00, $40.00, $45.00 to $65.00

Black Coats in serge, at ....$18.50, $22.50, $25.00 to $35.00

Black Moire Silk Coats at....$20.00 and $25.00

Black Gabardine Coats $40.00, $45.00 to $55.00

Handsome Coat of black silk poplin, silk lined throughout, collar of marabout, cuff trimmed with two rows of marabout banding, belted style, with pleats from waistline at back. Price $78.00

Satin Coat with marabout collar and cuffs, at $85.00

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF EXCLUSIVE EMBROIDERED VOILES

A beautiful range of High-Grade Voiles, richly embroidered, in pastel shades of pink, mauve, green, maize and black, in stripe and conventional designs on white grounds. This line of Voiles comes in short lengths only, and to those desiring something exclusive we would suggest an early visit in order to secure a waist or dress length; 38-inch width. Prices, per yard ..... $2.75 and $3.50

Wash Goods Dept., West Aisle, Main Floor.

Easter Hats

NEW PARIS IDEAS, ALSO OUR EXCLUSIVE ORIGINATIONS, FOR WOMEN AND MISSES.

Interpreting in harmony of colorings, richness of materials and supremacy of style, the dominant trend of the real Easter hat.

Copies of original creations from abroad and the classic conceptions of our own designers, destined for the particular purpose of dress and street attire of the woman of individual and exclusive tastes. Our Easter display this week assures our patrons a choice of hats with the real Paris air. Prices.....$6.00 to $15.00

SECOND FLOOR.

Silk or Lisle--The Easter Hosiery

All-Silk Hose of good quality are becoming more and more difficult to procure. We are fortunate in having contracted for an ample supply, and have the qualities you have learned to depend upon from this store; new styles, quite the prettiest we have seen, and we are sure that you will thing so, too; silk, lisle and cashmere.

Ladies' Fibre Silk-Ankle Hose, in black, white or tan, double garter top, heel and toe; sizes 8½ to 10; seamless. Price .....55c pair

Ladies' Heavyweight or Lightweight Black Lisle Thread Hose, seamless, double garter top, heel and toe; sizes 8½ to 10. Price...35c pair

Ladies' Lightweight Black Cashmere Hose, deep double garter top and sole, seamless, fine quality; sizes 8½ to 10. Price.....85c pair

Ladies' Dark Tan Pure Cashmere Hose, seamless double feet, full fashioned; sizes 9, 9½ and 10. Price ..... $1.50 pair

Boys' and Girls' School Hose, in black, 1-1 rib, cotton, good weight, seamless double feet; sizes 6½ to 10. Price .....25c and 40c pair

BEAUTIFUL MODEL SUITS FOR EASTER PARADE

Just a walk through this section is an inspiration to the woman who is planning her Easter outfit, and women who wish to attain apparel distinction should by all means give these garments attention. With so varied an assortment, the pleasure of selection is certainly added to. Popular-priced Suits in Black Serge, Poplin and gabardine.

Suit of Fine Serge; coat in belted style, convertible collar with outer collar of white silk, tailored sleeve, five rows chain stitching trimming side of coat, silk lined; skirt in two-piece style. Price $30.00

Suit of Fine Serge; coat in Russian belted style with uneven fronts, shawl collar with outer collar of black silk, set-in tailored sleeve, back of coat trimmed with five rows of half-inch silk braid, novelty pockets trimming front of coat, silk lined; skirt two-piece with box pleat over hips. Price $35.00

Suit of Fine Serge, in plain tailored style; coat has notched collar, three-button closing, collar, pockets, cuffs and seams in back of coat showing braid binding and button trimmings, satin lining; skirt two-piece, belt across back. Price $27.50

Other styles $21.00, $25.00, $30.00, $35.00, $60.00

NEWEST COATINGS

Wool Velours, beautiful shades, lovely soft quality for ladies' long coats, for spring and summer wear.

52-inch Velour, beautiful soft finish, lovely shades of Pekin blue, French grey, raspberry and buftan. Price $4.50

54-inch Velour, creations of beauty, soft finish, handsome shades of rose, buftan, burgundy, French grey and harvest fawn, exceptional value. Price $5.50

52-inch Velour, two colors only, navy and rose, good wearing qualities. Price ....$3.00 yard

54-inch Broadcloth, beautiful novelty shades, superior quality, in new beaver, Quaker, harvest, new rose and buftan. Price...$7.50 yard

ICE CREAM.
To take home. Smallman & Ingram quality. Our own make. 20c pint. At Soda Fountain.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

MANICURING AND HAIRDRESSING.
Shampoo, electric face massage, electric scalp treatments, etc. Six treatments for $2.50.

87 MORE SOLDIERS INVALIDED HOME IN LATEST LOCAL PARTY

Men Reach London This Afternoon Via C. P. R.

ANOTHER "FIRST" MAN

Stratford Soldier, Sergt. Guilfoyle, Crossed With Original Contingent.

Invalided soldiers to the number of 87 arrived here via C. P. R. shortly after 1 o'clock today. In addition, about a dozen officers, most of whom had been overseas on conducting duty, returned to this district.

The men were taken to the Princess avenue barracks, and will be "boarded" and furnished with pay checks, so that they can go to their homes as soon as possible.

Among those who returned was Pte. J. Guilfoyle, a member of the "Original First" contingent. He is returning to his home in Stratford.

Most of the men are men unfit for further service overseas, and may be employed on duty here in Canada or given their discharge.

Dinner was ready at the barracks, but it was not served, as the men had dined on the train.

W. O. R. as Guard of Honor.

A large detachment, consisting of over 100 men from the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, acted as a guard of honor at the station, and by keeping the crowd back, kept open an avenue through which the returned men could pass from the train to the waiting automobiles.

Among the men who arrived was Pte. F. Foldey, who enlisted with the first American Legion. He was wounded in the battle of Ypres on the 16th of June. Pte. Foldey has served in France seven months. His home is in Detroit. He will come before the board this afternoon and hopes to receive his discharge.

Pte. R. O. O'Neil enlisted here with the 135th Battalion. He has been in many of the large engagements in France.

A 33rd Member.

Pte. P. W. Hutchinson of 389 Central avenue enlisted here with the 33rd Battalion, and has served two years and seven months in England.

Pte. J. F. Jeffery, 33½ Dover street, Chatham, enlisted with the 186th Battalion and was on police duty in England and Scotland.

"Snaps" from Home

Every Soldier Boy loves them. Don't delay—take some new pictures today, or have some of your older negatives printed. Every print a "PERFECT PICTURE," if you bring your films to

Cairncross' the Chemists

216 Dundas Street. Phone 880

(Cut Prices Every Day.) 40u

At Easter Time

Send her a box of

Peters Swiss Milk Chocolates

She will appreciate the beauty of the box and the quality of the contents. They never fail to make an appeal.

SEND IT TODAY.

Peters Shops

Watch This Space

Every day we list here Meat Specials that save you money.

WILSON'S Phones 5600-5601. MARKET

HOTEL ST. CHARLES
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on the Boardwalk.
ALWAYS OPEN Apr.8-z

Free! BOYS and GIRLS Free!

TEDDY BEARS AND DUTCH DOLLS TO BE GIVEN AWAY

The Advertiser has on hand about 800 Teddy Bears and Dutch Dolls, all nicely colored and printed on linen. When cut out and sewn together they make admirable indestructible dolls for the kiddies.

Remember just 800 to be given away.

Clip out the accompanying coupon and present at The Advertiser Office.

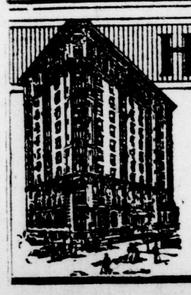
COUPON

Good for one (1) cut-out Doll or Teddy Bear, as offered by The London Advertiser.

Name .....

March 25, 1918.

The London Advertiser



HOTEL SEVILLE

Fifth Ave. & 29th Street,
New York City.
Convenient to all best shops.
Ideal for Out-of-Town Visitors.
Single Rooms, with Detached Bath, $2.00 per day.
Single Rooms, with Private Bath, $2.50 per day upward
Rooms, with Bath, for Two, $3 to $5 per day.
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $5 to $10 per day.
Descriptive booklet, with room plan stating all prices, on request.
JOHN F. GARRETY, Mgr.

40n

LOCAL NEWS

GREAT SAP RUN.—Record runs of sap were recorded in the London district on Sunday. The coolness of the previous evening seemed to stimulate the sap to even extra efforts.

RENOVATE RECTORY.—The rectory of St. James' Church, South London, has been redecorated in preparation for the new rector, Rev. W. Leslie Armitage. More than $600 has been spent in repairs and decorations.

UNION SERVICE.—Baptist churches of the city will hold a union intercessory service in Adelaide Street Church on Good Friday. Special prayers will be offered for the British soldiers and for the success of the Allies' cause.

THREE OVER WEEK-END.—Three more men in this district were apprehended over the week-end for failure to comply with the regulations of the Military Service Act. The daily score average is remaining at approximately this figure.

JUDGMENT RESERVED.—Judgment was reserved until Saturday by Judge Macbeth in the case of Clifford Ellison, who was tried today on a charge of having carnal knowledge of a girl under 16 years of age. Ellison was remanded to jail until Saturday.

SOMEWHAT DECEPTIVE.—Weather conditions of Sunday were somewhat deceptive when the official temperature readings for the day are considered. The warmest during the day was 50 and the coldest 26. In the sun it seemed much warmer than 50, and out of it—well it seemed more like 20.

RAPID RISE IN C. P. R. SERVICE—A former Londoner, William J. Moule, of Montreal, son of the late Robert Moule of this city, has been appointed to the position of assistant comptroller of the C. P. R. His advancement with the company has been rapid, he having risen from an office clerk at the local depot to his present position. Police Court Clerk John Moule is an uncle.

SUPERVISING OFFICER. — Lieut. George A. McHaffie, recently of the 5th Canadian Mounted Rifles, has been posted for duty to the branch of the quartermaster-general, with his headquarters in Toronto, as supervising officer for supply and barrack services required for military hospitals in Military Districts Nos. 1, 2 and 3. He has been granted the temporary rank of captain in the C. E. F. while so employed, with effect from March 18, 1918, camp orders announce.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

BURIAL AT MOUNT PLEASANT.

Funeral services for the late Charles E. Trebilcock were held on Saturday afternoon at his late residence on Colborne street by Rev. Dr. Barber of Colborne Street Methodist, of whose congregation deceased was a member. Interment was made at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. W. H. Sanborn, Ernest E. Skinner, Edward Screaton, R. E. Ruse, Haskett and E. J. Liddicoatt.

DEATH OF MRS. DAY.

The death of Mrs. Margaret Day, aged 85 years, widow of Riley Day, occurred Saturday at the residence of her son-in-law, Fred Quaint, lot 7, concession 6, West Nissouri Township.

The funeral was held this afternoon from the residence of her son-in-law. Interment was made at Zion Hill Cemetery.

DEATH OF MISS BALCH.

Miss Eleanor Mary Balch, aged 30, died at the family residence, 1091 Talbot street, on Sunday. She is survived by her mother and three brothers, Sapper James Balch of the Engineers, John Balch of England, and George Balch of this city. Two sisters, living in England, also survive.

The funeral will be held from the family residence on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30, services being conducted at 2 o'clock by Canon Craig. Interment will be made at Mt. Pleasant Cemetery.

BURIED AT MT. PLEASANT.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Fletcher, wife of John W. Fletcher of this city, was held from the undertaking parlors of George E. Logan this afternoon.

Services were conducted by Rev. H. H. Bingham of Talbot Street Baptist church. Interment was made at Mt. Pleasant Cemetery.

MRS. SULLIVAN BURIED.

The funeral of Mrs. Eliza Sullivan, whose death occurred on Friday last, was held this morning from the residence of her son, John S. Sullivan, 873 Hellmuth avenue, to St. Michael's Cathedral.

Solemn requiem high mass was sung by Fathers Hamlyn, Foley and Gaetz. The children of St. Michael's School attended the funeral in a body.

The pallbearers were: J. J. Callahan, M. J. McKeough, M. P. McDonagh, G. G. Jones, James Byrne and P. Quigley.

Interment was made in St. Peter's Cemetery.

COLD CAUSED DEATH.

The death of Miss Ann O'Connell, a life-long resident of this city, occurred at St. Joseph's Hospital Sunday evening. A cold contracted a week ago, which developed into pneumonia, was the cause of death.

The funeral will be held to St. Peter's Cathedral on Tuesday morning.

DEATH OF SOLDIER'S WIFE.

The sudden death of Mrs. May Crockford, wife of Pte. Walter Crockford, occurred at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Tait, 1063 King street. Although in poor health for some time, Mrs. Crockford was apparently improving, and her death came as a shock to her many friends.

Besides her husband, Mrs. Crockford is survived by her parents, three brothers and three sisters, Allan and Edward, now in France; Nathaniel, returned from overseas; Mrs. H. Mater and Mrs. Nettie Mann, both of this city, and Mrs. James Atkins of Windsor.

LITTLE HOPE OF GETTING HYDRO FOR NEW USERS

Local Power Situation Growing Worse and Not Better.

FURTHER REDUCTIONS?

New 27,000-H. P. Demand Complicates London's Trouble in Getting Juice.

As a result of the request of the Amotol Company at Niagara Falls for 27,000 horsepower, the power situation in Ontario is more serious than ever, and may lead, it is claimed, to the London Electric Company being ordered by Power Controller Drayton to keep its plant in operation.

The hydro commission is considering the request of the Amotol Company for power. If it insists on having it, there will be no alternative but to grant its request.

Already the question has been brought to the attention of the United States fuel controller, and he has agreed to see that the Toronto Electric Light Company gets coal to operate its steam power plant, even to the extent of supplying the coal for nothing. This to facilitate and rush the manufacture of munitions.

If the request for 27,000 horsepower is granted it will mean that the municipalities will have to cut down in their use of power to the same extent as at New Year's. This will mean that London will have to conserve 1,200 horsepower.

Sir Adam Beck stated to The Advertiser today that the request of the Amatol concern was for 27,000 horsepower and that the hydro commission turned over 2,000 horsepower to it on Saturday. This plant, the only one of its kind on the continent making this explosive, is classed as "very essential," and must be given the power. The United States is behind the proposition as it wants the explosive.

The hydro commissioner has but one customer taking more power than requested by the Amatol Company. This is the large carbide plant near St. Catharines.

As to the operating of the steam plant in Toronto and the possibility of the London Electric being forced to operate, Sir Adam said that these plants would take care of but a small part of the shortage which would exist. The United States was seemingly willing to supply the coal, but the ordering of the plants to operate would be a question for the Dominion power controller.

The Amatol plant is located in the large fertilizer plant which was recently shut down when the power commission cut off its supply of power.

No Reply Yet.

Mayor C. R. Somerville states that the city has not had a reply to the recent letter to Sir Henry Drayton, the power controller, in which he was asked to give a decision on the question of whether or not he would order the London Electric to continue operating its plant until the situation was relieved. The mayor intimated that he expected a reply in a day or two.

Many Local Complications.

The local situation is facing many complications. The utilities commission is preparing to apply the some 60 odd power customers of the London Electric after Sunday night next. Coming on also are the Hunts' new mills and the Beattie Bros.' new plant. Both of these have contracted for considerable additional power. If the local supply is cut down, it will not only mean the reduction of the street and store lighting, but also the probability that the majority of the London Electric customers, if not all, will be forced to go without power. Even then, General-Manager E. V. Buchanan of the utilities commission expects difficulty in cutting down. Firms which resorted to their steam plants in the winter would object to doing so now, as the use of coal to develop power would be chargeable to power only, whereas in the winter it was chargeable to power and heat.

Chairman Philip Pocock of the local commission has had no word from Dominion Power Controller Sir Henry Drayton. He went over the situation thoroughly with Sir Adam Beck, chairman of the Ontario Hydro Commission, on Saturday and the latter agreed that the situation was, if anything, worse, considering the new demand.

Only Hope in Coal.

As for the light users of the London Electric, the only hope for them at any stage of the situation is that the London Electric be ordered to continue operation for the time being. It is considered not unlikely that the United States fuel commission would agree to supply the local plant with coal on the same basis as it will be supplied to the Toronto Power Company.

LAD SHOT IN SIDE BY THE ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGE OF GUN

Tripped While Carrying the Weapon—Condition Critical.

The accidental discharge of a .22 calibre rifle which he was carrying Sunday afternoon, resulted in a bullet entering the body of Charles Wood, a 14-year-old boy, whose home is at 791 Hamilton road.

The boy, with a companion, was walking on the river bank carrying the rifle in such a way that the muzzle rested against his side. It is believed the gun was discharged when the boy tripped over a small log.

Help was summoned by Wood's companion, and the wounded boy carried to a nearby house. Dr. Copeland was called, and had the injured boy removed to Victoria Hospital. Efforts are being made today to locate the bullet.

Although the boy's condition is regarded as critical, it is believed he will recover unless blood-poisoning sets in.

HOUSE COMPLETELY DESTROYED BY FIRE, CONTENTS LOST TOO

Blaze on Hamilton Road East Causes Heavy Loss This Morning.

Fire this morning completely destroyed the house just east of the city limits on the Hamilton road, occupied by Edwin Turner. The family was out at the barn when the fire was discovered.

The firemen quickly responded, but the blaze had made such headway that nothing could be saved. The furniture was all destroyed. The cottage next door caught fire several times, but prompt action on the part of neighbors saved this building.

The house which Turner occupied was owned by Mr. Allen. The loss of the house is partly covered by insurance, but there was no insurance on the furniture.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Tate and family, 1063 King street, wish to thank their many friends, also the military police, for their kindness and floral contributions received during their recent bereavement. b

NEW DISTRICT CLEARING DEPOT TO HANDLE ALL RETURNING MEN OF DISTRICT NOW BEING FORMED

Work of Hospitals Commissio n Command, Casualty Unit, Present Clearing Depot, N o. 1 Special Service Company and 7th Guard Details Be ing Consolidated Under Command of Major Nelson.

Preparations for the organization of a big new district depot for handling soldiers of all ranks who return from overseas are approaching completion at district militia headquarters here.

The new depot will be in command of Major G. W. Nelson, at present deputy assistant adjutant and quartermaster-general at district headquarters, who will have the rank of lieutenant-colonel, and through it will pass every officer, non-commissioned officer and man who comes to Military District No. 1 from overseas.

The plan is being carried out along the same lines in all the military districts under instructions from Ottawa, and the depot for returned soldiers will combine the present functions of the district casualty office, No. 1 Casualty Unit, part of those of "F" Unit, Military Hospitals Commission Command, and later those of No. 1 Special Service Company and the 7th Guard Details.

It is hoped to thus relieve district headquarters of an immense amount of work in handling men who return here for treatment (either as in or out-patients), or for discharge as unfit for further service or for any other reason), or for permanent duty in Canada, or on furlough or leave.

The complete staff for the new depot has been chosen, with the exception of officers to act as paymaster and quartermaster. As second in command, Lieut.-Col. Nelson will have assisting him Major John R. Millard, who saw service at the front with the 1st Battalion, and who recently was attached to the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment.

Lieut. Charles F. Stevenson, who went overseas with the 91st Battalion, and who has also been with the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. R., will be adjutant with the rank of captain. Lieut. F. A. Herman, at present assistant adjutant of "F" Unit, M. H. C. C., will continue in his present capacity, with the duties of assistant adjutant in the new depot.

All Have Been "Over There."

All the officers so far chosen for the staff have seen overseas service. The positions of paymaster and quartermaster have not been filled yet.

The organization of the new depot is to consist of (a) a depot headquarters, and (b) two companies and three sections, namely, a casualty company, a details company, a hospital section, a leave and furlough section, and a discharge section.

The casualty company will be composed of men of all ranks returning from overseas pending the disposal by the adjutant-general or pending discharge, irrespective of category.

The details company will handle all ranks returning from overseas requiring out-patient treatment and fit for light duty.

In the hospital section will be posted all ranks who have returned from overseas and who require hospital care and are under treatment.

All ranks who return on leave or furlough from overseas will be attached to the leave and furlough section.

The discharge section will carry out the discharge of all ranks posted to it from the casualty company and ready for discharge.

In the three sections documents only will be handled, and in the two companies the men will be actually handled. For example, in the hospital section the men will not be given treatment, that being done in the hospitals, but their documents and records, etc., will be handled through this section, and the hospitals and district headquarters will be relieved of this part of the routine work.

In addition to the staff above mentioned, there will be a sub-staff, consisting of a depot sergeant-major, a depot quartermaster-sergeant, an orderly-room sergeant, and a provost-sergeant, who will have under him two military policemen for every hundred men on the strength of the depot.

Separate Establishments.

Each of the companies and sections will also have its own establishment, the whole plan being worked out along similar lines to the organization of a battalion. In the hospital section there will be a major in command, a captain, four sergeants and two corporals, with stenographers, clerks and orderlies as required. The establishment of the two companies has not been announced as yet.

The establishment outlined is not rigid, as is the case in a battalion, however, but other officers may be appointed if required, this, of course, to be regulated by the number and size of the hospitals and the number of men to be handled by the depot.

The route to be taken by officers, N. C.O.'s and men in the future will be something like this: After having passed through the clearing depot either at Halifax, St. John or Quebec they will proceed to their districts as at present. On their arrival in this district they will be attached to the district depot, and will be posted to the company or section to which they should be belong.

Takes Full Responsibility.

The depot will be responsible for all the returned men in the district from the moment they set foot in London until they have received their discharge or return overseas. Documents, treatment, medical boards, leave and furlough, all will be part of the duties of the depot, which must see that the men are taken care of until they are discharged or return overseas.

As soon as the organization can be perfected and all arrangements completed the new depot will come into being. At present the officers who have been chosen to command the depots in various districts, together with their adjutants are in Ottawa attending a conference, where they are obtaining instructions regarding their duties.

Every man who returns to this district, no matter what his rank or why he has returned, will be handled by the depot, and district headquarters, which has sufficient to do in looking after the men in training for overseas service will be relieved of the burden of also attending to the men who are constantly returning for one reason or another.

One Hospital Under Depot.

The Central Military Convalescent Hospital, which was taken over from "F" Unit, M. H. C. C., a few days ago, will now come under the supervision of the new depot. The other three hospitals for returned men in Western Ontario, those at Byron, Guelph and Freeport, will remain with the Hospitals Commission for the present, and will be used for the incurable cases, while the military authorities will look after the convalescent cases.

Many locations are being looked over by the military authorities in their search for a suitable place in which to house the big depot. The board of education has been approached with a view to securing all or part of the new technical school. If the technical school is not secured other premises will have to be prepared, as men are being returned to Canada in increasingly large numbers, and no time can be lost in getting the depot in operation.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTOR WILL BE TRIED TOMORROW BY COURT MARTIAL HERE

Drafted Man Who Refuses T o Put On the King's Uniform Comes Up in Military Cou rt in What May Be Test Case for Whole of Dominion.

After, it is alleged, steadfastly refusing for some days to put on the uniform, on the ground that he conscientiously objects to military service, Pte. Sydney John Mitchell of the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, tomorrow will come before a district court-martial at the Armories for trial.

The case will be heard before Major J. Douglass, officer commanding No. 1 Special Service Company, who is announced in camp orders today as president of the court, and he will be assisted by Major J. C. Massie of the 1st Depot Battalion and Capt. John M. Watt of the 7th Regiment Fusiliers.

This is the second courtmartial to take place here within five days. Waiting members of the court are Capt. William H. Bevan of the 1st Depot Battalion and Lieut. Harold A. Fraser of the 63rd Depot Battery.

Lieut. William H. Lewis, adjutant of the 1st Depot Battalion, will act as prosecutor, and the court will also have the services of Major George N. Weekes, who has been appointed to act as judge advocate.

Test Case for Dominion.

The case is said to be the first of its kind to come up in the whole of Canada, and great importance is attached to it, as it is in the nature of a test case, and if the findings of the court are approved by Ottawa it may be taken as a precedent for dealing with similar cases.

The question is not wholly one of obedience, but the right of the people of Canada to enforce the military service act is also involved. According to the rulings of the tribunal before which the case of Pte. Mitchell was heard, his religion does not come within those entitled under the M. S. A. to exemption from combatant service.

Pte. Mitchell, claiming that he is not of this world, has refused to put on the uniform, and as a result has been kept in detention for some time, pending an authoritative decision in the case. It is said that the surroundings in the interior of the "klink" did not dampen his ardor, and that he held impromptu prayer meetings while confined there.

The following officers will attend the court for instruction: Three junior officers will be detailed by the O. C., 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. R.; one officer to be detailed by the O. C. 63rd Depot Battery, C. F. A., C. E. F.; one officer to be detailed by the O. C. Service Company, C. E.; one officer to be detailed by the O. C. A. S. C. Details.

TREASURER'S RETIREMENT TAKES AWAY ONE OF FAIR'S "OLD GUARD"

Veteran Official Has Been Connected With the London Exihibition Since Its Inception.

Few men are more intimately acquainted with all the ins and out of the Western Fair, or have been more closely associated with its development than D. Mackenzie of Hyde Park, whose resignation from the office of treasurer was regretfully accepted at a meeting of the board of directors Saturday afternoon. Mr. Mackenzie is one of the few left of what might be termed "the Old Guard," so far as the Western Fair is concerned. He attended the first fair 51 years ago.

During the fair in 1916, he stated to The Advertiser: "I have attended every fair since the first one," a record probably not held by a single other individual in the city or district. In addition, Mr. Mackenzie has attended the Western Fair every day, every fair the greater part of the time. He was elected to the board in 1875 and in 1882, appointed to the position of treasurer, which he has held ever since.

Owing to the increasing responsibilities of the position, particularly during the exhibition, he has been obliged to resign on account of his other duties.

The following resolution was passed by the board last Saturday:

"Moved by W. E. Robinson, seconded by Controller J. H. Saunders, that the board accept with regret the resignation of D. Mackenzie, as treasurer of the Western Fair Association, a position held by him since 1882, during which period his keen interest and attention to the affairs of the association have materially assisted in its success, and that the president and secretary be requested to convey to Mr. Mackenzie the regret of the directors on the occasion of his retirement from the position of treasurer, and the hope that he may be spared many years in the enjoyment of health and happiness."

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

OAK DINING - ROOM TABLE, chairs, mahogany settee, set blinds, go-cart, veranda gates. 298½ Wolfe. Phone 2568. 40c

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18 VOLUNTEERS FOR CANADIAN FORCES IN WEEK-END LIST HERE

Only One Comes From Canadian Side of Border.

Week-end recruiting at the local mobilization centre was again brisk. Eighteen volunteers reported for service Saturday and Sunday. Nine of the volunteers came from Detroit, two from Grand Rapids, one from Cleveland, one from Windsor, one from Toledo, two from Flint and two from Bay City. Fifteen were placed in Category A-2 and three in B.

One recruit gave Holland as his birthplace and another Italy.

The following is a list of week-end volunteers: J. L. Pitman, C. E., Flint; Oscar Desilet, C. E., Bay City; Jos. Divizio, W. O. R., Detroit; A. W. Hill, 64th Battery, Detroit; W. M. McLennan, 64th Battery, Flint; Thos. Regan, Railway Construction, Detroit; D. C. Ivers, C. E., Detroit; M. J. Carty, Railway Construction, Detroit; Albert Van Gael, C. E., Bay City; A. J. Young, W. O. R., Toledo; Thos. Huntoon, C. E., Detroit; Fred Martin, Railway Construction, Detroit; John Clement, C. E., Detroit; W. A. Morrison, C. E., Detroit; E. A. Chapman, 64th Battery, Grand Rapids; F. Slack, 64th Battery, Grand Rapids; E. Hoskins, W. O. R., Cleveland; A. J. Robertson, W.O.R., Windsor.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

A SOLDIER'S COMPLAINT.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Would you be so kind as to spare me a little space in your valuable paper regarding the Y. M. C. A.? They were supposed to come to the sanatorium to give the boys a concert last Tuesday night, March 19. The car arrived at Springbank at 7 p.m. One of our sergeants was there to meet them. They got off the car, and when they found we had no touring car to meet them, they got back on the street car and proceeded back to town again, and the remarks they passed were to the effect that they were not going to walk through the mud to soil their shoes. I wonder what they would think of our boys that are up to their waist in mud and water for weeks at a stretch fighting for them.

We would not have thought so much about it, only it was the first concert this season, and after putting in a long and dreary winter out here, the boys were all gathered in the recreation-room for a pleasant hour. After waiting patiently for our arrivals, the sergeant returned and told us the concert was off and they had returned to town. You should have heard the boys then, but still I did not know the Y. M. C. A. to be any good. All they want is the money. The same thing occurs at the front with their canteens. You can go into them, but if you want a cup of coffee to warm you up and have not got the price to pay for it you can't get it, and they charge you the top price for everything you get from them. I am a returned soldier myself, and I like to give credit where it is due. The Salvation Army has them all beat, for they do look after the boys at home and abroad. I don't think the Y. M. C. A. need come out here again to give us a concert, because the boys would not listen to them. Thanking you for your trouble, I remain yours truly,

SERGT. E. BALL,
A Returned Soldier.
Byron Sanatorium, London.

R. P. Riddle of the Y. M. C. A. says the party in question was made up of himself and eight ladies, four of them of middle age. Major Chesham had asked them to give the concert, and they had agreed. He said he would have a conveyance meet them. There was none on hand. Four of the ladies were not favorable to the mile-and-a-quarter walk through the mud and dark. They were not prepared with rubbers. Some of them had already experienced the trip in the dark, and one of them fell on the stairs in the dark. He says he regrets the incident, but it was useless to go on and provide only half the program.

TWO CARS STOLEN

Thefts of two motor cars in the city on Sunday evening were reported to the police today.

A Ford car, 1915, town model No. 47042, was stolen from the market garage early Sunday evening. No trace has yet been found of the stolen machine.

Another car belonging to George May, Whitcliffe road, was stolen from the latter's yard, but was recovered some hours later at Lambeth.

STANDARD STOCK AND MINING EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 25.—Morning sales: Apex, 1000 at 5; Dome Extension, 500 at 9¾; Holly, 100 at 510; McIntyre, 2500 at 136, 100 at 137; New Ray, 7250 at 18; Adanac, 500 at 9; Crown Reserve, 1000 at 23½; Gifford, 1500 at 2¼, 1000 at 2½, Hargraves, 500 at 7; La Rose, 2000 at 63, 1000 at 62, 500 at 62½, 2000 at 64, 2500 at 65, 1000 at 66, 3300 at 68, 1500 at 67; McKinley, 2000 at 42; Provincial, 1000 at 51½, 500 at 50½, 500 at 51; Temiskaming, 1000 at 26¾; Wettlaufer, 500 at 5.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Chicago, March 25.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Corn—				
March ...$1 27⅜				
May 1 25⅜	1 26		1 25⅜	1 25⅜
Oats—				
March ...	89⅜	90¾	89⅜	90
May	85¼	85¾	84⅜	85⅜

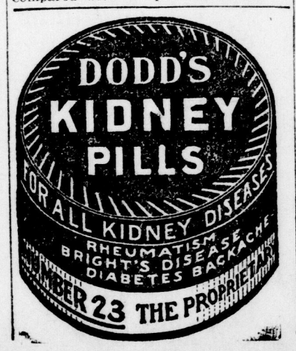
LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, March 25.—Closing prices today were:

British 5 per cent loan	93⅞
British 4½ per cent loan	100½
Consols, for money	54⅛
Atchison, com.	86
Baltimore & Ohio	55
Canadian Pacific	159
Chesapeake & Ohio	59
Chicago Great Western	8
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	49
De Beers	12⅞
Denver & Rio Grande	5
Erie, com.	19
Erie, 1st pfd.	31
Grand Trunk	9¼
Illinois Central	99½
Louisville & Nashville	118
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	6¾
New York Central	72
Norfolk & Western	107
Rand Mines	2¾
Reading Railway	83½
Southern Railway	25¼
Southern Pacific	87½
Union Pacific	154
United States Steel	93

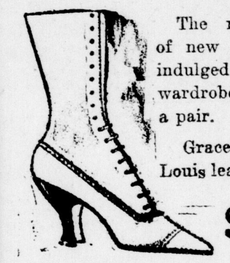
OTTAWA BANK REPORT.

Ottawa, March 25.—An increase of approximately $10,000,000 in demand deposits, $8,000,000 in notice deposits, and $14,000,000 in deposits outside of Canada, are noteworthy features of the February bank statement issued by the finance department today. Call loans in Canada are approximately the same as in January, but such loans outside the Dominion have increased from $132,000,000 to $160,000,000. Dominion notes show a considerable shrinkage as compared with the previous month.



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Graceful lines, dainty shades, full Louis leather and wood heels.

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SOLE AGENTS.



Little Miss Muffet
Sits on a tuffet
Washing her hands and brow,
The soap, there beside her,
Her mother supplied her.
It's "Infants-Delight," I trow.

INFANTS-DELIGHT TOILET SOAP

SOOTHES and cleanses the most delicate skin, because it is Borated. Its perfume is pleasing and refreshing, with a lasting fragrance reminiscent of full blown roses. ¶Send us three of these ads—all different—for beautiful Mother Goose Book in colors.

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Dept. 4 TORONTO.

WAR MAY SWALLOW UP NATIONAL PREJUDICE, SAYS REV. McINTOSH

Sees Rebuke to National Pride in Book of Revelations.

Taking as his text that verse in John's description of the Holy Jerusalem, Rev. W. R. McIntosh preached in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church Sunday morning.

"The book of Revelations was not intended to be taken literally, but was rather an appeal to the imagination," he declared. "We should not take it as preterit, being fulfilled in the time of Nero, nor should we dream that it will be fulfilled at a future date, that it describes the glorified progress of the world toward the future coming of Christ. Rather should we consider it as an appeal to the imagination, to be of service to us in the present day and in every day.

"What of the twelve gates? They suggest, first of all, a great hospitality on the part of God, liberty, room, equality. They suggest everything that is involved in the democratic ideal. They suggest the world-wide proclamation of the gospel. Here we have a rebuke to the non-missionary church, that God is impartial as far as nations are concerned. It is a rebuke to our too national prejudice, showing that our national pride and prejudices are probably rising to a fall. We must learn not to sing national anthems, but international anthems, that this great struggle which is going on in Europe today will probably make for the equality of all nations, and that these nations will learn to set aside their individual aspirations and all work for the Kingdom of God.

"In the gates of the Holy City, we have a rebuke to the diversity of opinion on the part of those entering the kingdom. Some denominations are so narrow as to think that no people shall come into the kingdom unless through their own gates. Our denominational pride and prejudice is probably rising to a fall. How different is it on the battlefield in France, when a Jewish rabbi will lift the cross before the eyes of a dying soldier and Protestant chaplain and Catholic priest go arm in arm among the dying. Mayhap after the war, these men will have something to say to us when they come home, that denominational pride and prejudice will all be swallowed up."

MILITARY FUNERAL

Veteran of 1st Battalion Buried Today With Full Honors.

Full military honors were accorded Pte. George Neil, late 1st Battalion, whose funeral was held this afternoon from the family residence, 700 Dundas street, to Woodland Cemetery. Pte. Neil died suddenly last week.

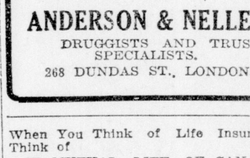
The funeral was held under the direction of the London Branch of the Great War Veterans' Association. Members of the G. W. V. A. acted as pallbearers and as an escort to the casket which was carried on a guncarriage of the 63rd Battery.

The cortege was headed by the band of the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. R. A firing party was supplied by this battalion.

COMING ON FURLOUGH

Mrs. J. N. Gunn of Calgary, who has been staying with her parents, Rev. W. M. Martin and Mrs. Martin, Ridout street, South London, during the absence on overseas service of her husband with the Canadian Army Medical Corps, has received a cable that he is on his way home on furlough.

This is Lieut.-Col. Gunn's first leave since going overseas in March, 1915, with the 1st Field Ambulance Depot. With the exception of a couple of months, the entire three years has been spent in service at the front in France. From England he was sent to France to No. 2 Casualty Clearing Station, where he was stationed for 18 months. He was subsequently transferred to the 8th Field Ambulance as commanding officer, with which unit he has been for the past sixteen months. Mrs. Gunn had a brief visit with her husband in England a year ago last summer when she went over with her brother, Capt. Beattie Martin, R. A. M. C.



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GERMANS CAPTURED PERONNE, WITH HAM AND CHAUNY TOWNS, 30,000 TROOPS AND 600 GUNS; BRITISH HOLD UNBROKEN LINE

Berlin Claims Retiring British Are Burning Towns and Villages, and Report the Thir d Line Broken—Ninety-seven Divisions Thrown Against Gen. Haig — Germans Have Already Drawn Upon Half of Available Forces in France and Prisoners Says One-t hird to One-half of These Have Been Put Out—Retireme nt According to Allies' Plans.

London, March 24.—"Fresh hostile attacks developed this morning in great strength on the whole battle front," says Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters, "and they have continued throughout the day.

"South of Peronne the enemy succeeded after heavy fighting in crossing the River Somme at certain points. These are being dealt with.

"North of Peronne enemy attacks were directed with the greatest violence against the line of the River Tortille (a tributary of the Somme). Our troops on this portion of the battle front have been withdrawn and are fighting on new positions.

"Further north repeated assaults by large bodies of German infantry have been repulsed with hevay losses to the enemy. In this fighting the 17th and 40th divisions greatly distinguished themselves, beating off many hostile attacks."

An official report on the aerial operations says that 54 enemy airplanes have been brought down.

GERMANS ARE EMPLOYING HALF AVAILABLE FORCES.

LONDON, March 24.—Describing the great struggle in France, the Havas correspondent says:

"The British retired in good order, ceding ground foot by foot to strong positions prepared months ago.

"In the latter stages of the battle 97 German divisions were engaged. Thus the German command conducted against the British front half of the divisions at their disposal on the western front. Based on 12,000 men to a German division, the number of Germans engaged, according to the correspondent, was approximately 1,164,000."

Copies of the German plan of offensive taken from prisoners, according to the British headquarters correspondent at Reuter's, Limited, show that the enemy's objectives were as follows:

First day, average penetration along the whole front of attack, eight kilometres; second day, twelve kilometres; and on the third day, beyond which the scheme does not appear to be carried, twenty kilometres.

The success attained thus far falls much short of these objectives, the dispatch states.

Weapons From Balkans.

"Among the captured machine guns are some identified as having been used in the Balkans last year," the dispatch continues.

"Every attempt to cross the Somme by means of four bridge thrown over the river during Friday night was detected and frustrated with loss by our artillery fire. All roads in the rear of the German advance are blocked by columns of troops, guns and transport vehicles, furnishing a target upon which we are making deadly play. Rough estimates of the casualties inflicted vary between 30 and 50 per cent of all enemy divisions so far identified, but I give these figures for what they are worth. They probably are based mainly upon statements made by prisoners."

Withdrawal as Planned.

The withdrawal of the British forces along the battlefront in France was long ago planned in the event of the Germans attacking in great force. This announcement comes from the British front through the Associated Press correspondent, who describes the operation of the British army as a masterly withdrawal, made possible gallant shock troops in the front lines, who checked the advance of the Germans, while artillery, machine gun and rifle fire worked appalling slaughter among the masses of German infantry as they were sent forward, thus enabling the main body of the British to fall back deliberately and without confusion.

This army, it is declared, has been conserved, and up to the present very few counter-attacks have been made against the Germans. Where the British have stormed the Germans' newly-acquired positions they have driven them back. But each mile of advance makes the bringing up of supplies to the German artillery more and more difficult, and unquestionably the British strategy, as demonstrated since the beginning of the great attack, is to let the enemy, so far as he may, wear himself out against a powerful defence.

Watching Optimistically.

Both British and French forces, where their lines meet, south of St. Quentin, are watching events with optimistic eyes.

The town of Chauny, southwest of St. Quentin, situated on the road to Compiegne, the gateway to Paris, has been occupied by the Germans, and according to the Berlin official communication, everywhere between the Somme and the Oise rivers the Germans are pressing their advantage.

Throughout Sunday along the entire 50-mile battlefront the fighting never ceased for a moment, and where Field Marshal Haig's men were unable to withstand the terrific onslaughts delivered by greatly superior forces, ground was given, but always in orderly fashion.

It has now been definitely ascertained that considerably more than a million Germans have been brought to the western front in an endeavor to crush the British army holding the line of the region of Arras to the south of St. Quentin, but it daily becomes increasingly evident that the enemy in his drive has met with opposition not counted upon and been unable to realize to the full his objectives.

Enemy In Desperation.

There is every reason to believe that harder fighting than has yet taken place will develop shortly. The Germans, in the British view, cannot now hesitate in carrying on their attack, and it is a case of break through or admit defeat. In this circumstance it is interesting to note a statement made yesterday by a German officer, a prisoner, who declared that the German offensive was an act of desperation brought on by the fact that the fatherland must have peace.

However, the British take such assertions at their face value, and are proceeding accordingly:

In the Italian theatre the snow on the ground and the freshets in the valleys continue to hinder the operations on a large scale, but from the preparatory artillery activity and the skirmishes that are being carried out it becomes increasingly evident that this theatre shortly is to be the scene of a sanguinary encounter.

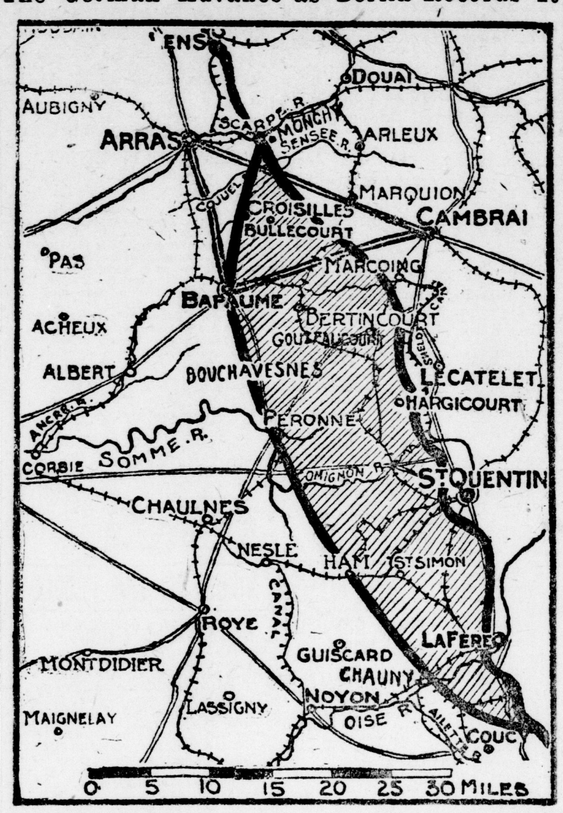
CAPTURE OF CHAUNY MAKES SITUATION BAD.

LONDON, March 25. — The official reports of last night represent the battle position in France as undoubtedly grave, and the newspapers recognize this, but do not attempt to appraise or prophesy the course of events. They consider this the critical hour of the war.

The German seizure of Chauny may compel the withdrawal of the French lines, in order to preserve contact and alignment with the British. Much ress on the use of the Allied "army of manoeuvre," organized by the Versailles conference, which may prove the decisive force of the battle.

The Daily Mail says that if Field Marshal Haig's report that the Germans broke through west of St. Quentin uses the term "broke through" in the generally accepted military sense, it is serious, but that time alone can show the correct interpretation.

The German Advance as Berlin Records It



FIRST BATTLE IS WON, IS STATEMENT OF FOE.

BERLIN, March 23.—(Via London.)—(British admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—The Germans have captured Peronne and Ham and defeated British and American regiments brought up from the southwest for a counter-attack on Chauny, according to the war office statement today.

The statement adds that more than 30,000 prisoners have been captured, and 600 guns have been taken by the Germans.

Victory in the battle which has been raging near Monchy, Cambrai, St. Quentin and LaFere is claimed by the Germans. The British third and fourth armies and parts of Franco-American reserves are declared to have been beaten with the heaviest losses on the line from Bapaume to Bouchavesnes and behind the Somme between Peronne and Ham. The statement adds that the British in their retirement are burning French towns and villages, and that between the Somme and the Oise the Germans are still going forward. Enormous quantities of booty have been taken by the Germans, according to the statement, which follows:

Still Going Forward.

"Between the Somme and the Oise our corps are fighting their way forward. Chauny has been taken. The English in their retirement are burning French towns and villages.

"We have bombarded the fortress of Paris with long-distance guns.

"A gigantic struggle is taking place for Bapaume. A battle is in progress on the Transloy-Combles-Maurepas line. The Somme has been crossed at many points in our attack between Peronne and Ham.

"The battle near Monchy, Cambrai, St. Quentin and LaFere has been won. The British third and fourth armies and portions of Franco-American reserves who had been brought up were beaten and on the line of Baupaume-Bouchavesnes and behind the Somme between Peronne and Ham, as well as at Chauny, were repulsed with the heaviest of losses.

Storm Monchy Height.

"The army of Gen. von Below (Otto) took by storm Monchy Height, and south thereof carried forward the attack in a westerly direction beyond Wancourt and Henin. It is now engaged in a fight northwest of Bapaume for the third enemy position. Strong British counter-attacks were repulsed.

"The army of Gen. von der Mar-Witz, following up on the heels of the vanquished enemy, pressed forward in close pursuit Friday night as far as the third enemy position, in the Equancourt, Nurlu, Templeaux, LaFosse, Bernes line.

"Early yesterday morning they renewed their attack against the enemy and defeated him, in spite of his desperate defence and continual counter-attacks. A junction with the left wing of attack of Gen. von Below was affected.

"Between Manacourt and Peronne the troops of Gens. von Kathen and von Gotard have forced a crossing over the Peronne sector, and on the Somme battlefield are fighting around Bouchavesnes. Peronne has fallen. Other divisions have pressed forward to the south thereof as far as the Somme.

Third Line Broken.

"As early as Friday evening the army of General von Hutier, pressing closely forward, took by storm the third enemy position, broke through it and compelled the enemy to retire.

"In ceaseless pursuit the corps of General von Luettwitz and von Oettinge have reached the Somme.

"Ham fell, after a desperate fight, into the hands of our victorious troops. English reserves which were thrown against them in a desperate attack sustained sanguinary losses.

"The corps of Generals von Webern and von Conte and the troops of General von Geyl after a fierce battle crossed the Crozeat Canal.

"French, English and American regiments which had been brought up from the southwest for a counter-attack were thrown back on Chauny in a southwesterly direction.

Tribute to Troops.

"For the achievement of a formidable success, the troops of all the German races exerted their utmost; the attacking spirit of the infantry could not have been exceeded. It has shown what German bravery can accomplish. Light, heavy and the heaviest artillery and mine-throwers, unceasingly pressing forward over crater fields, essentially contributed to the support of the infantry attack, which continually pressed forward.

"Flame throwers took their part of pioneers in the fighting as in their ordinary work and maintained the old traditions.

"Aviators and balloons brought valuable information to the command. Our chasing and battle echelons, accustomed to victory, maintained in hard fighting mastery in the air and attacked the retreating enemy columns. Motor troop columns and trains worked incessantly.

"Points of communication in the enemy rear were objectives of our bombing squadrons, who have been very active every night.

"Our captures have increased to over 30,000 prisoners and 600 guns. On many of the remaining points of the western front artillery battles and reconnoitering engagements have continued.

"In the other theatres there is nothing new."

FRENCH HURL FOE BACK SOUTH OF JUVINCOURT.

PARIS March 24.—The war office communication issued today says:

"German troops, after a violent bombardment, undertook an attack to the south of Juvincourt, but quite without success.

"There has been fairly spirited artillery fighting in the region of LePreure Wood, in the Vosges not far from La-Fontenelle and at Hartmannsweilerkopf.

"A later communication says: There was intermittent artillery activity north of the Chemin-Des-Dames. Artillery engagements, sometimes violent, occurred in Champagne, in the region of the Monts, on the right bank of the Meuse, between Cauricres Wood and Bezonvaux, and at Hartmannsweilerkopf."

"Artillery actions, occasionally of great violence, have occurred south of the Oise, in the region of Rheims, in Lorraine, between Harracourt and the Vosges mountains, and in the heights of Alsace.

"An enemy attack against the Rirtzeach Wood was a complete failure.

"Belgian communication: In the course of the past two days the activity of the enemy artillery has been manifested principally upon our zone by the bombardment of our communications in the vicinity of Adinkerke, Furnes and Loo, also upon the cantonments in the region of Lieuport, Ilveringuek and Polinchove We have carried out reprisals upon enemy installations and cantonments at Keyem, St. Pierre Capelle and Liddelkerke and against numerous enemy batteries."

more Soap PREMIUMS



Premiums not good value now

We've given them up—until after the war anyway. There is a far better way to give you real Comfort value for your money and we've done it—we've made the Comfort Soap bar much bigger.

COMFORT SOAP

The new bigger bar—better value now

Many of the Premiums—books, glassware, toys, jewelry, etc., used to come from Europe. These cannot be shipped now on account of the war, and the premiums we can still get are either so poorly made or so expensive that the value simply isn't there. The best way out is to give you all the value of the premium in the biggest-selling soap in Canada—that's Comfort. The Comfort bar is bigger now—at the same price.

Of course all wrappers, coupons, etc., now out in the stores will be redeemed as heretofore—but get them in early before our present stock of good Premiums is used up. If the new bar isn't in stock yet, the old one is just as good value--with premiums.

Pugsley, Dingman & Co., Limited,
Toronto



more Soap HIGHER PRICES

HINDENBURG'S GOAL THE CHANNEL PORTS, IS NOW DISCLOSED

Must Continue To Waste His Many Division in Bath of Blood.

WILL SOON BE EXHAUSTED

Allies Can Hold Reserves Powerful Enough for Crushing Counter-Stroke.

LONDON, March 24.—While clouds of uncertainty obscure the details of the world's greatest battle, the guns of which were heard in London last night, there is a measure of relief felt that Germany has finally shown her hand.

The purpose and method of her long-talked-of blow are now plain. Hindenburg's objective is undoubtedly the channel ports, but he purposes to take the first step toward them by breaking through the Allies' line near the junction of the French and British armies.

The attack thus far has shown no new strategy, but appears to be simply a colossal blow with masses of guns and men hitherto never used together on any battlefield.

No Alarm In Bending.

There is no surprise that the British line has been forced back. Lines of defence have been bent before all great offensives in this war. What the British people look to the army for is that it shall not break.

With usual caution, the German official reports of the first day's fighting did not reveal to their own people the extent of importance of their effort. Only when a partial success had been recorded was Emperor William designated as commander-in-chief and the crown prince mentioned.

"Nothing we have heard up to the present would lead me to think that anything has happened which could not have been expected. There is no reason to come to the conclusion that things are looking bad," Gen. Sir Horace Lockwood Smith-Dorrien says in an interview with the Weekly Dispatch.

Enemy Exhausting Himself.

Commenting on the great batle in France the Sunday Times says:

"In all previous great assaults the chief success has been gained at the first thrust, but in this battle, whereas the Germans were unable to issue a flowery report at the close of the first day, it has to be admitted that their second and third commiques will be more satisfactory from this point of view. The German military caste are out for victory, even if to gain it they must destroy the people to whom they promised its fruits. They have already flung nearly one-half of their entire western resources against the sector measuring one-tenth of the western front, and must continue to fling fresh divisions into the blood bath.

"With time on our side and fewer troops exposed to the death-blast thy may rasonably count on holding in hand reserves powerful enough to deal a crushing counter-stroke when von Hindenburg has shattered his last legions against the impregnable British wall."

CHILD GETS SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

Look at tongue! Then give fruit laxative for stomach, liver, bowels.

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm children and they love it.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is ofttimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

"IT IS GOING WELL"

PARIS, March 24.—A message has been received by courier by Homer Folkes, head of the department of civil affairs of the American Red Cross, from Edward Eyre Hunt, who is directing the Red Cross relief for civilians, just behind the new battle line. In his message Mr. Hunt says:

"I have seen something of this situation today and shall see more tomorrow. It is going well. Do not let anyone make you think it is not."

KAISER AND HINDY EXULT.

AMSTERDAM, March 24.—"Well, your majesty, I think we may be well pleased with this initial success."

Thus, the Berlin Tageblatt quotes Field Marshal von Hindenburg as saying to Emperor William, when the field marshal received the first telegram, concerning the offensive on the western front.

The newspaper adds that the time for the offensive was fixed long ago, and that it began at exactly the time set for its commencement, even to the hour.

Another dispatch from Berlin says the German empress has received the following message from Emperor William:

"I am pleased to be able to tell you that, by the grace of God, the battle of Monchy, Cambrai, St. Quentin and LaFere has been won. The Lord has gloriously aided. May He further help."

KAISED IN COMMAND, HELPED BY "HINDY" AND CROWN PRINCE

Sends Message That the Lord Has Gloriously Aided.

LONDON March 24. — Saturday's German official announcement, received here, state that Emperor William is in command on the western front.

"This announcement is regarded as further evidence that the emperor has staked his all on an offensive, hoping to win and to go down in history as the victor in this great and decisive world conflict.

"Dispatches from Amsterdam picture the emperor at Spa, Belgium, which is being kept isolated on a radius of fifteen kilometres. The German crown prince, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, von Ludendorff and other prominet Germans are also reported there with him."

HOW TO POP CORN

It is done in different ways, but the most approved method is to pop your corns with Putnam's Corn Extractor—corns pop out for fair, and stay out too, when removed by "Putnam's." Try this painless remedy yourself, 25c, at all dealers.

SELECT MEDICINE CAREFULLY

Purgatives are dangerous. They gripe, cause burning pains and make the constipated condition worse. Physicians say the most ideal laxative is Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut; they are exceedingly mild, composed only of health-giving vegetable extracts. Dr. Hamilton's Pills restore activity to the bowels, strengthen the stomach, and purify the blood. For constipation, sick headache, billousness and disordered digestion no medicine on earth makes such remarkable cures as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Try a 25c box yourself.

DESERVES GOLD MEDAL FOR THIS

Cincinnati authority tells how to dry up a corn so it lifts out.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn stops soreness at once and soon the corn loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

A quarter of an ounce of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but is sufficient to take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue or skin.

TractionCompany

Sunday service will be resumed on Sunday, March 3rd. Cars will leave London at 10 a. m.,1, 5 and 9 p. m.

Cars leaving at 1 and 5 p. m. will run to Port Stanley.

LONDON AND PORT STANLEY RAILWAY

Timetable Effective Sept. 20.

TO ST. THOMAS—†5:20, †*6:20, 7:20, *8:20, 9:20, *10:20, 11:20 a.m., 12:20, *1:20, 2:20, *3:20, 4:20, *5:20, 6:20, *7:20, 8:20, 9:20, *10:20, †11:20 p.m.

TO PORT STANLEY—†*6:20, *8:20, *10:20 a.m., *1:20, *2:20, *5:20, *7:20, *10:20 p.m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Limited trains, London to St. Thomas.

CUNARD LINE

PASSENGER SERVICE
BETWEEN
HALIFAX AND BRISTOL

Money remittances made by mail or cable. Apply to Local Agents or The Robert Reford Company, Limited, General Agents, 50 King street east, Toronto. Mar.30



FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR. YOU CAN HELP BY NOT WASTING IT.

EASTER WEEK

FINDS THE "ARTISTIC" STORE FILLED WITH THE CHOICEST OF

SPRING APPAREL

Every new trend of fashion in style, material and color is shown in this wonderful display. Our stocks are complete in readiness for the big Easter rush. You can make your selection now from the finest assortment of spring apparel we have ever had.

A Wonderful Selection of New Spring Suits at $25

In all-wool serges, tricotine, poplins, gabardines and silks. If women who understand much about tailoring and materials will please examine these suits they will see that they are remarkable for $25.00. In the first place they are all man-tailored, lined with good silk linings, made in the latest spring styles in all the fashionable colors of navy, black, new clay, sand, brown, green and grey. Others from $17.50, and many exclusive styles at $35.00, $45.00 and $50.00.

New Easter Coats $15.75, $20, $25 to $45

A splendid variety of alluring new models is ready for your inspection. They come in the new long, empire effects that are so new and original.

Grand Selection in Easter Millinery---2nd Floor

Moderately priced. Your inspection invited.

Alterations Free

By competent and experienced tailors. We guarantee perfect fit.

AVOID THE LAST MINUTE RUSH—MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS QUICKLY.

Artistic Ladies Wear Co.
SHOP OF FASHION 211 DUNDAS ST.

NO GREAT DANGER IF BRITISH CAN ESCAPE "PINCERS" AND HAVE POSITIONS TO RETIRE ON

Unless Most Elementary Precautions Were Overlooked, Crisis Will Be Weathered Without Serious Loss.

By FRANK H. SIMONDS.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The events of the past forty-eight hours demonstrate clearly that the German attack in Picardy is the great offensive. The Germans are plainly seeking a solution of the problem of the world war upon the battle-field and endeavoring to insure the performance of their war-won structure, of their great Mitteleuropa edifice, by a military victory. Since Napoleon set out for Moscow, therefore, there has been no campaign equal in magnitude of issues to the present. Germany is fighting, as Bernhardi forecast, for "world power or downfall."

Not less clear is the fact that the Germans have chosen to make their supreme effort against the British. "The day," long forecast by William II, has arrived, although it is the British army, not the navy, which bears the brunt of the attack. And the Germans have attacked the British, because the British are their great enemy. If the French were attacked and beaten the great British army would remain, and Britain would be forced to continue the war, if only to save her empire. But if the British army shall be defeated and driven back to the coast, France can hardly escape making a separate peace, since she will be unable to bear the full weight of victorious German armies, and American help cannot be material for a year.

British Picked as Easier to Beat.

Hating the British most, believing them the real remaining obstacle to a victorious German peace, the Germans have also attacked Haig because they believe that it will be easier to smash the British than the French, if the trench warfare can be ended and the struggle transformed to a war in the open, a war of manoeuvre, like the campaign from Mons to the Marne. In German military calculation, the British army will prove an easier victim than the French, since it is made up of non-professional soldiers, officered largely by civilians, not soldiers by career, if old-fashioned warfare be restored.

As to the actual battle aspect of the German offensive, it is to be noted first that the artillery preparation was short, but of unprecedented intensity, recalling the Verdun offensive of two years ago. At the Somme and in Flanders the artillery duel lasted weeks, but, thanks to captured Russian and Italian artillery, and to the aid of German and Austrian guns released from the eastern front, the Germans have been able to intensify the fire and shorten the duration of artillery preparation.

After their artillery preparation on a front of some fifty miles between the Scarpe and the Oise, that is between Arras and St. Quentin, the Germans three days ago began their infantry attacks, not evenly along the line, but at various widely separated points. On the first day their main effort was directed at British positions on either side of the Cambari-Bapaume-Amiens road, not far from the scene of the recent battle of Cambrai and extending to the ground of the battle of Arras. By Friday their activities had shifted to the other end of the operative front before St. Quentin and along the St. Quentin-Noyon-Paris road.

Double Turning Movement.

It would seem, therefore, that the Germans are again seeking to employ their favorite strategy of a double turning movement.

In other words, they are endeavoring to break through the British line at two widely separated points, isolating the British troops between the two breaks, enveloping them, and thus making a really great gap in the whole front. This they did with great success in Poland in 1915, in Rumania in 1916, and in Italy last autumn.

Following this plan the Germans have made material but indecisive gains on the north along the Bapaume road, Croisilles, Lagnicourt, Bourstes, and Doignes, mentioned in the official reports of Friday, are all in this region. On the other hand, they have made more considerable gains about St. Quentin, and a material retirement of the British along the Noyon road is disclosed in Haig's Saturday report. The two German thrusts may be compared to the application of a pair of pincers, and the German aim is to crush all the British line between the upper jaw of the pincers on the Bapaume road and the lower on the Noyon road.

But the real question which is now raised is not a question of the relative or actual success of the Germans in breaking one, two or even three lines of British defences, or taking a number of ruined villages; it is whether the British have provided a sufficient number of positions, one behind the other, to enable them to break the weight of the first German thrust. On this depends the fate of the Allied campaign of 1918. Because the French failed to make this provision at Verdun they nearly lost that town; a similar Russian failure led to the disaster of the Dunajec, and the Italian defeat at the Isonzo had exactly the same cause. On the other hand German foresight in Champagne, at the Somme and in Flanders deprived Allied advances of any but local profit.

Problems of Defence.

Haig's report of German success about St. Quentin and British retreat over the devastated country to their next line raises the whole question squarely. The Germans devastated the country with an eye to possible later offensives. They destroyed every village and wood that might give the enemy cover or material to improvise a defense under pressure. All depends now upon the prepared lines behind, of which Haig speaks. The Germans on their part will be handicapped by the difficulties of bringing up their guns to face the new position and of transporting their munitions.

Thus, if the British have foreseen the present emergency, they will presently be in their new lines, and the Germans will be compelled to pause while their heavy artillery is getting up. Such an interlude marked the battle of Arras after the first British rush over the Vimy Ridge to the plain. Such a pause has been a familiar circumstance in all great offensives.

On the other hand, if the British have been caught napping, if they have not prepared lines, as the Germans did before the Somme, if their main systems have been penetrated, then difficult and dangerous days must be expected. Then Haig will have to counter-attack while new lines are constructed, just as Petain had to counter-attack on the Douaumont plateau at Verdun, just as the Germans themselves counter-attacked at once at Cambrai while they were preparing their main counter-thrust, which did not come for nearly a week after the first British success.

We are then clearly at the decisive moment of the first phase of the great German offensive. All depends now upon British forethought and British success in retiring upon carefully prepared lines. The battle is now in the stage which a year ago saw the Germans retiring from Vimy Ridge and the hills just east of Arras to that famous series of "switch lines" before which the fury of the British attack wore itself out after the very great initial success.

If the British are unready, then we may look for a real German success. Their great aim has been made where the front is nearest Paris, some 80 miles distant. Any considerable advance here would drive a wedge between all the French armies and all the British armies and might ultimately enable the Germans to roll up the eastern flank of the British and throw them back upon the coast. We may talk about this exactly as we talked about expelling the Germans from France a year ago, during the Aisne and Arras offensive, or of driving them back from the Belgian coast in the Flanders operation last year. These maximum possibilities have never yet been realized, but have always to be recognized.

We of the Allies are now in the position of the Germans a year ago when the news came rolling in of the steady progress of the British and French after the first big leap. The Germans have not yet achieved a similar success, although they seem in a fair way to accomplish something like as much about St. Quentin.

Attack on Morale Also.

In sum, we have come to the first crisis of the German offensive; the German gains have been considerable and the British have had to give up lines they meant and expected to hold at the danger point of the whole front, that nearest Paris, but unless they have omitted to take the most elementary precautions against a blow they have long expected to fall when and where it has fallen, this crisis will be weathered with no real loss, as the Germans have weathered several even more serious crises on the same front in the past four years.

It is well to realize, too, that the German offensive is not merely a supreme military effort, it is also an attack upon Allied morale. If the German shock our morale without breaking the Allied lines, he might get his victorious German peace. To guard against such an enemy success behind, the fighting lines is an obvious and imperative duty imposed upon all of us.

Clogged Nostrils Open, Breathing Made Easy, Catarrh Cured!

New Method Very Successful

It is a new method of treatment, that of medicated air, and cannot fail to be beneficial. It goes wherever air can go, thus reaching all the affected parts. It purifies as by fire, simply burning up the disease germs.

Catarrhozone is a non-poisonous and healing agent; it therefore acts upon the mucous tissues of the throat, nasal passages, and bronchial tubes, destroying all microbe life, and at the same time heals up all the inflamed parts.

As a cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe; as a strengthener for the throat, Catarrhozone cannot be equaled.

It is a guaranteed cure, and is highly indorsed by prominent physicians who use Catarrhozone in their practice.

Sufficient Catarrhozone for two month's use, price $1.00; smaller size, 50c; at all dealers.

SYSTEM WAS FULL OF POISON

Pain in Back So Bad at Times She Could Scarcely Walk—Thorough Cure Was Effected.

Flamboro, Ont., March 24.—At this season of the year there is a great deal of suffering from poisons in the system. Living too much indoors, breathing vitiated air and eating artificial foods all tend to derange the normal action of the kidneys, liver and bowels.

With these filtering and eliminating organs sluggish and inactive poisons are left in the blood to poison the whole system and set up pains, aches and serious disease. The writer of this letter was in a serious condition from constipation and kidney trouble when she began using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and was entirely cured.

Mrs. Ed. Miller, West Flamboro, Ont., writes: "I can truthfully say that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have cured me of constipation. I suffered with constipation almost ever since I can remember, and for four years had pains at the left side of the back. If I walked across the kitchen floor, I would have to sit and rest. That, I think, was terrible for a woman of twenty years. The condition of my blood was shown by pimples breaking out on my face. I suffered so much from pains and stiffness in the back I am sure my system was full of poison. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have entirely cured me, and I feel better than I have felt for many years."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting substitutes. Imitations only disappoint.

GUN SHELLING PARIS HAS BEEN LOCATED 76 MILES DISTANT

Planted in Forest of St. Gobain Behind Enemy Lines.

GOVT. IS NOT DISTURBED

Normal Life of Capital Uninterrupted—Propellers on Projectiles?

PARIS, March 24.—The German "monster cannon," which has been bombarding Paris, has been located in the forest of St. Gobain, west of Laon, and exactly 122 kilometres—approximately 76 miles—from the Paris city hall.

Palm Sunday in Paris was ushered in by the loud explosion of one of the 10-inch shells fired by the Germans from their new gun, more than 76 miles distant, at 6:55 o'clock this morning. The alarm was sounded immediately.

Palms Sold as Usual.

Many people took shelter, but larger numbers appeared in the streets on the way to the churches, which were almost as crowded as usual, the women who sell palms doing their customary business.

The shells arrived at regular intervals of 20 minutes at first. The detonations seemed louder, amid the ordinary Sunday calm, than yesterday, but they seemed to have lost their power to disturb the population, which refused to be distracted from its Sunday habits to any great extent. In the absence of means of transportation a great many people were seen on the streets leading to the centre of the city, walking to keep their appointments.

Intervals Are Shortened.

The rapidity of the fire increased after the first few shells landed, explosions following each other every fifteen minutes on the average. Some of the shots came after intervals of only twelve minutes.

Today's bombardment seems to be over as this dispatch is sent (3:05 p.m.) No shell explosions have been heard for more than an hour from the Associated Press office.

The subways and tramways began running again before noon today, and in the afternoon the streets were in a still greater state of animation. It is believed in military circles that the Germans are using two long distance guns against Paris.

The "all clear" warning was sounded at 3:30 o'clock, showing that the bombardment was over.

Government Undisturbad.

The Government has decided that the bombardment of Paris by long distance guns shall not interrupt the normal life of the capital, but that the population shall be warned of the bombardment by distinctive means, differing from the usual warning for an air raid. Drums will be beaten and the police will blow whistles. The public services, the trains in the subways, the tramways and the automobile 'buses will continue to be operated normally. The new warning is to be known as warning No. 3. It will mean that any formation of crowds in the streets is prohibited, and that all shelters, except the subway stations, will be open. The end of any kind of a raid will be announced, as before, by a special trumpet call and the ringing of the church bells.

The comments of the French press this morning were about evenly divided between the big gun which has been bombarding the city from back of the German lines, and the terrific battle raging on the British front.

The tone of the comment on the bombardment is one of astonishment at the feasibility of the performance, while as to the battle the favorable ending of it is confidently expected. The newspapers do not conceal their admiration for the mechanical feat of the Germans in constructing their new weapon, but speak passionately of the useless barbarity of the bombardment. The Matin says it is consoling to note that the number of victims is small, but it asks for reprisals on German cities.

Propeller on Projectile?

Professor Paul Painleve, former premier and president of the Academy of Sciences, told the Excelsior that by using tungsten in the fabrication of the projectile the tungsten shells would be of about half the diameter of steel shells of an even weight, and that therefore the atmospheric resistance would be less, this accounting for the extremely long range. He also touched on the possibility of a propeller being employed on the projectile. Alfred Capus, in the Figaro, alludes to the making of the gun as a great mechanical feat, but says that as a military factor the weapon is entirely inefficacious. The Petit Parisien comments on the bombardment as an extremely minor incident, as compared with the gigantic battle in progress on the British front.

A "Political" Cannon.

Le Petit Journal says that Jules Verne had foreseen this gun, and it declares moreover that it is a French invention. "More than a year ago," it adds, "we discovered the secret of firing our cannon more than 100 kilometres. The secret lies in the greater suppression of the atmospheric resistance." The Echo de Paris declares that the bombardment is designed to give the impression that Paris is within the range of the German guns. "It is a political cannon," the newspaper adds.

Premier Clemenceau's newspaper, L'Homme Libre, says that the password of the hour is confidence. "Germany," it declares, "has wished to make it a complete offensive on all fronts—the land, water and air fronts, as well as the 'front of the rear.' We are facing an enemy who wishes to end it as soon as possible. That suits us. Every shell that falls into Paris drives deeper into us the confidence in an ultimate victory."

Directed by Aviators.

In yesterday's bombardment 24 shots in all were fired from 7:20 a.m. to 3 o'clock p.m., a shell dropping every 20 minutes with monotonous regularity. The bombardment presented all the characteristics of a bombardment by heavy artillery, there being regular intervals between the shots, and the shells falling within a restricted area, enemy aviators who flew high over the city during the early hours of the bombardment regulating the firing.

For the benefit of that portion of the populace which had been led to believe the Germans had broken through the line and were bombarding Paris from near-by positions, a semi-official note was issued during the day. This warned the people against believing pessimistic reports.

"The French front is intact," said the note. "Any assertion to the contrary is a lie."

Foe Transport Sunk by Mine; Admiral Lost

Crowded With Soldiers, Cannon and Munitions—All Lost.

LONDON, March 24.—Finlanders arriving at Stockholm on the gunboat Svensksund say that the German transport Frankland struck a mine and sank at Norland, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Stockholm. The transport was crowded with soldiers, cannon and munitions and, according to the dispatch, the entire crew, all of the soldiers and Admiral von Meyrer were lost.

A Stockholm dispatch, dated March 22, said that another German transport had been blown up by a mine near the Aland Islands and that the transport Frankland, which came up to its rescue was damaged severely by another explosion.

DECISIONS REACHED ON ALL MATERIAL POINTS BY IRISH CONVENTION

LONDON, March 23.—The newspapers are taking an optimistic view concerning the prospects for the Irish convention. Chairman Plunkett will prepare a report of the work for the grand committee for presentation April 4. An official statement says that decisions have been arrived at on all material points.

The Westminster Gazette states that public hopes should not be too high, since there are many stages and pitfalls between a draft of a report and a final agreement.



PLEASED?

What girl wouldn't be pleased with a box of Moir's Chocolates?

Moir's Chocolates have long been famous for the smoothness, richness and thickness of their chocolate coating, and for the wide variety of their delicious centers.

MOIR'S LIMITED, HALIFAX, N. S.

MOIR'S Chocolates

50

BRITISH HAVE FORCED PASSAGE OF THE JORDAN

LONDON, March 23.—The British in Palestine have forced a passage of the River Jordan, bridged the stream and established themselves on the east bank. They afterwards advanced eastward against considerable opposition, and are continuing their operations, according to the official report announcing the crossing. The text of the statement reads:

"In the early hours of Friday our troops effected a passage of the Jordan despite the strong current. The river was then bridged and passed by our forces, which established themselves on the left bank and made progress eastward, encountering considerable resistance.

"The operations are continuing."

FIG SEN

MAKES IT EASY FOR YOU TO KEEP FIT The Sure but Gentle Laxative

10¢ Rexall Quality Stores 25¢



Gray Hair use Hay's Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hairdressing. Is not a dye. Generous sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.



Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic troubles, nervousness and headaches and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatments would relieve me for a time, but my doctor was always urging me to have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. I took five bottles of it and it has completely cured me and my work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Nellie B. Brittingham, 609 Calverton road, Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such trying ordeal.

THE OIL OF GLADNESS

SUFFERERS FROM COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, CHEST AND THROAT TROUBLES, COLIC AND OTHER INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL PAINS ARE READILY RELIEVED BY

Dr. Thomas' ECLECTRIC OIL

GOES RIGHT TO THE SEAT OF TROUBLE AND RESTORES A NORMAL CONDITION. HAS GLADDENED THE HEARTS OF SUFFERERS FOR GENERATIONS. DON'T ASK FOR JUST ELECTRIC OIL—BE SURE YOU GET Dr. Thomas' "ECLECTRIC" OIL. 25c ALL DEALERS

ONLY SEVEN DAYS MORE

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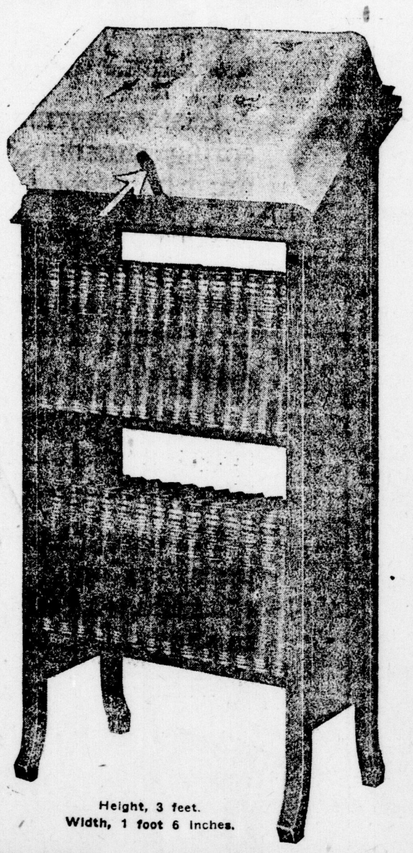
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THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY, COMPANY.

London, Ont., Monday, March 25.

NO NOTE OF DEFEAT IS HEARD.

A THOUSAND questions came over the telephones of The Advertiser during the early hours of the big smash and for every succeeding hour.

"What's doing on the war front?" was the effect of every eager inquiry.

"Just hell, that's all!" was the final editorial effort at giving some conception of the news. That was about the only adequate description, for the first dispatches gave no clear story of results. The big gun that was firing shells into Paris bothered many people. But the stark, staring answer sought was to the one question "Did the Germans break through?"

The Germans have not broken through any more than the British and French broke through in the offensive of 1917. Towns have been captured, salients driven in, prisoners taken by the thousands and the defenders battered down with weight of metal. But, after more than forty-eight hours of the most intense and desperate attack, with the supreme concentration of men and guns, there was not a note of alarm from the British commander-in-chief, Sir Douglas Haig. In calm phrases he sent hearty words of praise to the troops that were bearing the brunt of the onslaught. "I rely upon you to crush these attacks," was his stern military way of expressing his utmost reliance in our forces—the English version of "They shall not pass."

Even Berlin was not emitting the customary squawks of delight. While there were uncertainty and doubt and the knowledge that many square miles had been taken, the note of defeat did not strike the Allied peoples. So far there has been no hint of disaster as having happened or as impending. And this is regarded as the last determined throw of the Germans, born of desperation and the fear that in spite of purchased Russian peace the whole Prussian structure will crumple if the most decisive victory of the war is not won in the present fight.

For Germany this last drive means everything. The imminent danger of Austrian defection and rebellion at home has been considered. The knowledge that the Allies cannot be beaten by any ordinary methods has led to the final effort to dislodge the whole organization of the western front from its base, casting dismal chaos upon the Allies and securing command practically of bases which would render ineffective a real coordination of effort. But while the worst that can happen to the Allies, according to the most careful estimates, is the prolonging of the war for another year or more, the worst that can happen to Germany is overwhelming defeat. That is, failure to crush the Allied forces on the west will be a more severe German defeat than if Allied forces made a serious thrust into Belgium or Northern France. The attackers must pay the price.

And Germany is paying the price. Her reserves must soon be brought into the great strike for victory. Her men will fight as well as men can, no doubt; but while they may develop new offensive tactics, they will be up against a prepared defensive, with ample reserves and inexhaustible ammunition. And, greatest of all, the spirit of humanity's cause.

It will be a few days before definite solutions of the present advance will be given out. The tumult of fighting will sway backward and forward. The Allied commands will be playing their retirement safely. They will also look forward to the possible advantage of Germany going ahead too far. The unusual fervor of the Germans for this offensive may blind them to the possibilities of another Marne or a greater Cambrai. Sheer weight has not proved victorious in this war. Another Verdun, on such a scale as will exhaust the enemy completely, will force him to speedily advance peace terms that will lack the flamboyancy of Hindenburg's boasts. German victories up to date have been by lack of Allied co-ordination, by treachery or by failure of preparation. If the Germans cannot be mastered in the present struggle, then there is no possibility of mastering them. The chances lie on the Allied side, and up to the present no note of alarm is even faintly sounded.

NO "ULTIMATUM."

HOLLAND'S people and press have had their feelings hurt by a dispatch from Washington which spoke of the United States having seized Dutch ships after Holland had "rejected the American ultimatum." They declare they never heard of any ultimatum.

The use of the word in this connection is unfortunate, to say the least. "Ultimatum" is too closely associated with war in these days to be used lightly or in place of a harmless word like "alternative." Perhaps the Government at Washington will consider it worth while to trace the dispatch to its source and find out whether the objectionable word was used inadvertently by a good American or with malice prepense by a German trouble-maker. Little clues sometimes lead to the discovery of enemy plots and if Germans or pro-Germans can do anything to cause ill-will between the United States and Holland they will not let pass any opportunitties.

THEY BLAME THE GOVERNMENT.

DISAPPOINTMENT is expressed by many of the officers and men of the 5th Canadian Division, according to a correspondent, because the division is not to cross to France as a unit, but is to be broken up for reinforcements. He adds that some officers blame the Union Government for promising that if compulsory service were supported the future of the division would be secured. Both the disappointment and the blame are easily understood, and friends in Canada sympathize with the sufferers, having examples at home of the difference between the pre-election promises of the Government and the actual accomplishments.

The correspondent (and he is writing for a staunch Tory newspaper) says that when Sir Edward Kemp, Canadian minister of overseas militia, was questioned about these political promises, he replied that the heads of the army were not tied by political considerations; their duty was to win the war and use the troops to the best advantage. This is rather rich, coming from one who was very much a politician and very little of an army head a short time ago. He thrusts aside politics as if they were not, and never had been, of any importance to him, but it is noticeable that this attitude has been assumed only since December 17, 1917.

It is welcome assurance, if true, that the heads of the army are not tied by political considerations, but one cannot forget that Gen. Currie called for reinforcements in vain while he professed to be bewildered as to the reason that certain available troops were not utilized. Perhaps the hands of the chiefs of the army were tied but not the chiefs themselves.

STYLE RESTRICTIONS.

CANADIANS may have to be content with less ornamental footwear in the near future, and may have to submit to regulation of even the height of their boots. Legislation is predicted which will prohibit the importation of fancy foot coverings, and may go so far as to compel manufacturers to use only standard lasts.

It is possible that such laws would be welcomed by the great majority. There are a few people to whom the amount of money spent on boots and shoes is not a matter of much concern, and who are eager to have the very latest styles, especially when these are so expensive as to assure their not becoming common. But to ninety-nine out of a hundred families the cost of footwear is a serious question, and anything which will tend to reduce it will be welcomed, so long as people are not compelled to wear anything which is out of style in comparison with that worn by others.

The effect of prohibiting the importation of expensive boots from the United States will be to reduce the trade balance which is so heavily against Canada. Millions of dollars worth of luxuries are being brought in by Canadians, and all are paid for in cash, which weakens the nation's financial standing. It is important that some way of reducing the $400,000,000 trade balance per year be adopted.

Standardization would mean a great saving in leather and in money. It would prevent perfectly good boots and shoes being thrown aside as junk just because they were out of fashion. Those who want to pay big prices would be able to buy better quality materials, while others could have similar styles in less costly leathers. A restrictive measure would be more popular with men than with women.

THE DOMINION ARCHITECT.

THE POSITION of architect for the Dominion is vacant. The duties are being attended to by Richard Wright, who has been in that department of the Government for many years.

Mr. Wright is a native Londoner, a son of the late Mr. John Wright, of the well known firm of builders, Wright & Durand, of this city. James Durand, the other member of the firm, was several times the Liberal candidate for London.

Richard Wright received his professional education as an architect in this city under the then city engineers, Messrs. Robinson and Tracey. The late William Robinson's students proved in after life to be capable architects. His partner, T. H. Tracey, one of them, afterwards became city engineer of Vancouver. Mr. Wright has been in the public service for a number of years. He is well qualified to occupy the position of chief architect of the Dominion. His many friends in this city would be much pleased to hear of his permanent appointment. It would be a well deserved promotion.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Wilhelm calls this the decisive moment of the war. When it passes without German victory he will name another one.

Bavarian prince says Wilson is ready to accept Germany's views. If so, German views must have changed considerably in recent days.

Hindenburg is beginning to qualify his promises of victory by prefacing them with "God willing," which makes them meaningless.

A Windsor man told the magistrate he required one gallon of whisky a week to keep him in condition. His health is apt to suffer after April 1.

To the friends at home, word that Canadian solders are not in the present terrific battle is a relief, but the men overseas will be eager to have a hand in the "big show."

Premier Hearst's salary is increased by $3,000 per annum. This should go a long way towards counterbalancing the high cost of living. How do others manage to make ends meet?

It is to be hoped Col. John Currie, M.P., felt better after his outburst against G. M. Boivin, deputy speaker. That amount of bitter feeling, pent up, might have caused a serious illness.

A Baptist clergyman from Canada goes to a United States penitentiary for 15 years as a result of making disloyal statements and hindering military plans. The punishment fits the crime.

Waterford has given a deserved rebuke to the Sinn Feiner who tried to secure the parliamentary seat left vacant by the death of John Redmond. The ballots were almost two to one against him.

Jails do not seem such undesirable homes when one reads that the total cost of food per head in these institutions is only 14 cents a day. Some governors should make fortunes by keeping boarding houses.

Major-Gen. Mewburn would refer all who are not receiving justice from the Government in separation allowance to the patriotic fund. That is one way of shifting burdens, but if the Government is to make use of the fund it is time it also took over the raising and administering of it.

The Advertiser's Daily Short Story

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FOR FRITZ'S SAKE.

By Mauna Cowles.

"It is perfectly outrageous for you to go on talking German," Mrs. Van Bergen told her daughter Freda, as they approached the hotel where the Van Bergens had their winter apartments. Freda raised two Teutonic eyes to her mother appealingly. "But Fritz cannot understand English," she said. 'Can you, Fritzi, dear?" At which a very long short-legged dachshund, whose silky coat showed Freda's devoted care, wagged his tail and flapped his ears. He had at least understood Freda's tone of voice, though not the gist of the conversation.

"Well, of course, you will do as you choose—you always do," said Mrs. Van Bergen. "But I think you are taking risks. You are a perfect Gretchen type. I can't imagine where you get that flaxen hair. There hasn't been a blonde in our family for generations, and none of your father's people looked Teutonic. And that awful German dog and your incessant German. It was your father's idea to have a German governess, not mine. You talk like a native, and added to that, the name of Van Bergen, why you would be taken for an alien any time. The secret service people are getting very careful."

"But Van Bergen isn't German—it's Holland Dutch," insisted Freda. "And anyway, I'm sure I don't look like a spy."

"You can never tell," reiterated the mother. "Sometimes simple looking people are shrewd enough, and it would be just like the Huns to make an accomplice of a simple little Gretchen—and that's what you look like."

Freda especially resented this attitude on her mother's part, because she thought that the motive was entirely Mrs. Van Bergen's hatred of Fritz, and that she was merely trying to frighten Freda into giving up her pet. Still she recalled that she had frequently been taken for a German girl, and German tradespeople not infrequently addressed her in their native language as a matter of course.

The next morning, as she was taking her breakfast in the Van Bergen apartment, with the cherished Fritz sitting on a cushion in a chair at her side—for Freda breakfasted an hour or so before her parents—she glanced at the headline in a newspaper, emitted a little shriek of fright, and then began to fondle Fritz's soft long ears because she needed some encouragement. The article whose headlines she had read told of the taking of a girl as a spy, and of the suspicion entertained by the secret service men of three or four women accomplices. One of them, the account said, was a blonde young German girl of the perfect Gretchen type. She made her headquarters at one of the big city hotels and was never seen without a thoroughbred German dachshund. Soon, however, Freda forgot her fright, and she was lighthearted and joyous when she started forth from the hotel with Fritz pattering behind her, for her constitutional in the nearby park. Even more joyous than usual she was, perhaps, because as she passed sedately from the elevator through the lobby she chanced to see a certain well-built, thoroughly American young man whose eyes had more than once met hers as they dined at adjoining tables in the hotel dining-room. There had never been an introduction, but today the young man raised his hat in a dignified manner as she passed in the lobby. Somehow that little courteous ceremony made the world seem like a nicer place than ever to live in.

When Freda returned her mother had gone out for a shopping tour and again her only companion was Fritz. He sat beside her as she practiced a Beethoven sonata on the piano. The telephone sounded and presently her mother's maid came to her to say that a Mr. Drew wished to speak to her. But as Freda had never heard of a Mr. Drew and did not wish to interrupt her practicing, she asked the maid to take the message.

"He says he is very sorry, miss, to disturb you, but all he wants to know is whether or not you're a German."

Freda thought immediately of the headlines she had seen in the paper.

"I can't imagine why he wants to know," she said. "Will you please ask him who he is and what his business is?"

The maid returned, saying that Mr. Drew realized that he had been abrupt, but he would call and explain himself at the apartment.

All Freda's fears returned, and gathering Fritz in her arms, she hurried to her room, assuring her pet in a volley of her best German, that she didn't deserve to be treated like a spy, and that if they took her away to prison even she would not be separated from him.

Presently the maid came to her room, bearing a card. Mr. Drew had failed to put any of his personal calling cards in his case this morning, hence he had only a business card to send to her. Under the name of Mr. Drew there was the simple words, "National Detective Bureau," and the address of that concern.

"He says if he could please to see you, he would explain why he was intruding," the maid said.

Freda's round blue eyes were rounder and bluer than ever, and her heart had never before beaten so fast. "If I had only taken mother's advice," she whispered to Fritz in German. "Tell him I'm—I'm ill," she said to the maid. "And if he starts to search the apartment," she added with trembling voice, "why, you'll know I've gone down the fire escape."

Mr. Drew did not attempt to search the apartment, but he told the maid he was extremely sorry to have bothered Miss Van Bergen, and that he was surprised th she was ill, since he had seen her that morning, and had judged from her appearance and from the fact that she was speaking German to her dog, that she was of German origin. That was his only reason for looking her up, he said. "One finds so few Germans about nowadays," he added in an embarrassed manner. "Perhaps she will be able to see me later."

Freda kept to her room the rest of the day, and as she remained in confinement the suspicion grew upon her that the good-looking young man who had spoken to her that morning was no other than Mr. Drew. She had often heard that men engaged to do detective work were usually ingenuous in their appearance and of attractive personality. She was in a quandary as to what to do about dinner. She did not want to tell her mother of the incident with the detective, for she knew hat might mean a compulsory parting with Fritz. She did not want to go without dinner, for she was hungry. Besides, if she said she was ill, she would be treated as an invalid, and this she detested. What she finally did was to slip away before dinner time, leaving word with her mother's maid that she had gone to dine with a chum and would be back right after dinner. The chum with whom she wished to dine was not at home, and what refreshments she did have that night she got at a French pastry shop, because she thought that no detective would ever suspect a German spy of making her headquarters in such an establishment. Besides Fritz was very fond of sweets and she knew they would not refuse him admittance there.

When she came back, she found her mother and father, whom she had not seen before that day, and there was something in her mother's manner as she greeted her in the hall that told her that a guest was present, and that she should be on her best behavior.

The guest was Henry Drew. Her father had recently discovered him to be the son of his best friends. He had dined with them, and, expressing disappointment at not meeting the daughter, whom he had hoped to meet, he had come up to their apartment with them. Everything in Freda's parents' manner showed supreme approval of the young man.

"I especially tried to get in touch with you this morning." Mr. Drew told Freda as soon as they could have a little tete-a-tete conversation. "It was awfully impertinent of me, but you see I'm working for my uncle—that one that has a detective business—and I'm on a shoplifting case—trying to locate some stolen goods. I intercepted a letter written by the shoplifter to the person that disposes of the goods and I'm trying to trap one of them by writing another letter, forging the handwriting, arranging a rendezvous. It seems simple enough, but you see they were Germans. I wanted to write the letter in German, of course. I could have gone to some German teacher, I suppose, but I wanted to keep the matter dark, and since the war native Germans are so scarce. I just had an idea that you could and would help me out—but I was sorry to intrude——"

"Then you—you don't think I'm a spy?" she said. "And you don't think I'm that Gretchen girl with the dachshund they've been trying to find?"

"I think you are the most charming little girl in the world," said Mr. Drew, which was perhaps indiscreet. Perhaps it was not. For already Mrs. Van Bergen was making plans for the engagement that she was sure would come about and Mr. Van Bergen was reflecting that if he had a really worth-while son-in-law like that he could set him up in a business that would be much more worth while than that of trailing shoplifters.

Wait a Minute!

By J. H. F.

In a few days we will be out of London and will go to live in Ottawa. We have decided to pull up stakes here, and pitch our tent in the Capitol City.

* * *

We regret that we have to leave London. It is a glorious city, filled with the best people, kindly, courteous, friendly. We have found them A1 at Lloyds during our stay in this city. It causes a wrench, when one must leave good fellows.

* * *

However, we will keep our connection with our old friends through the colyum. We will write it every day, weather permitting, and we will be with you in the days to come. We thank you for all the kindness to us in the past. We will come back often to see our old friends.

* * *

Don't let this drive get under your skin. One swallow does not make a summer, and one smash does not end this war. The breed of the Britisher is still strong. The French withstood a Verdun. The Americans will make a good. It's horrible beyond all contemplation, but without the shedding of much blood there can be no peace.

* * *

Kaiser Bill has been leading the battle in person. His precious self will be kept many miles from any possibility of danger.

* * *

The Germans have a gun that shoots 76 miles. When the Huns shoot the chutes, there will be something better to talk about.

* * *

German people will remember much longer this drive, because of the myriad graves it caused, rather than the capture of a few acres of churned-up ground.

* * *

The Germans have taken Ham. They will scramble the eggs yet.

* * *

An American claims to have invented a waterproof, windproof and foolproof match. Now, if it were a matrimonial match for instance, a lot of folks would be quite interested.

* * *

More than 38,000 divorces have been granted in Russia recently. No wonder the girls wanted to slough such birds as the Russians. Wise girls.

* * *

Prohibition would have been disastrous in France. There would have been no wine cellars for dignitaries to hide in during bombardments.

* * *

The members of parliament are all crazy to give the women the vote, but they yell like blue murder when it is proposed to place the girls in the same pews with them. They want those jobs.

DANGEROUS COURTING

Man Who Claims To Be Under U. S. Draft Runs Foul of M. S. A. by Wooing.

Joseph Whalen, no particular address, was charged in police court today with a breach of the military service act for his alleged failure to register.

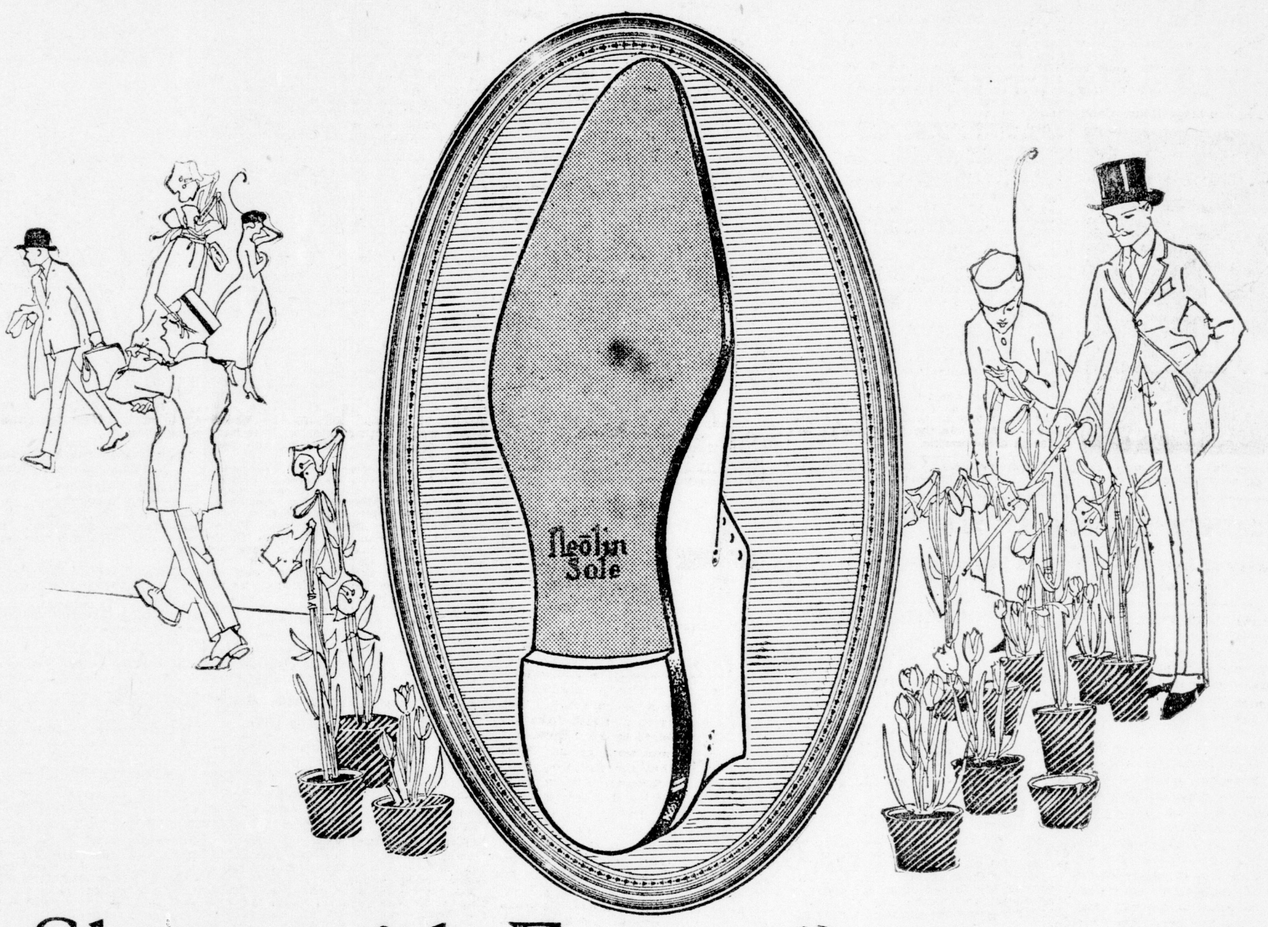
Major Osborne, provost marshal, stated that Whalen was arrested by a member of the military police Friday evening, and when questioned at the Armories declined to give satisfactory information.

Whalen stated to the court that he has registered in Detroit and had received notice that he was in the fifth call of the United States army draft.

"What are you doing ver here in Canada, then?" asked the magistrate.

"I am paying attention to a lady friend here in London who I expect to marry," replied Whalen.

The man was remanded to fall for one week to permit of further inquiry being made into his statements.



Shoes with Easter Smartness

Easter morning—spring clothes and spring sunshine. And a man's shoes must have good looks, too.

As for milady—spring shoes *must* smartly harmonize with *chic* spring costumes. Modern must be their appearance—and the new-day style touch is Neōlin.

Neōlin Soles give to good-looking shoes a distinctive finish. Above all, they mark the modern mode.

Nor are Neōlin Soles modern in appearance only. Modern are all their qualities—meeting present-day demands in shoe soles.

Waterproof they are—and permanently so. Unsightly rubbers become practically superfluous—and the menace of damp feet disappears.

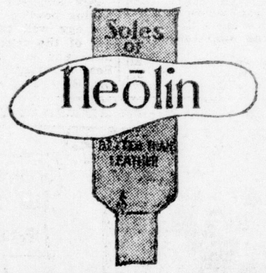
They're comfortable, too, from the very start—easy as an old shoe.

And they wear evenly and very slowly.

Neōlin-soled shoes are built for the whole family. Most merchants carry various styles and prices. You will obtain them easily at shoe stores that show this Neōlin price-ticket in the window.

Shoe repairers will Neōlin-sole your present shoes—with full soles or half soles.

But in either case—on new shoes or as re-soles—be sure you see the Neōlin trademark illustrated below. Otherwise the sole is not Neōlin.



The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited

Neōlin Soles

Don't Worry!
USE
SUNLIGHT
SOAP
the purest soap your money can buy
18

PAGE OF INTEREST TO WOMEN



SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Readers are invited to 'phone all news of this kind to the Society Editor. Phone 3680.

Dr. and Mrs. Tufford and Miss Katherine Tufford have returned to St. Thomas after spending a couple of days in the city.

A reception for the grand officers of the Order of the Eastern Star was held on Friday afternoon by Mrs. Cousins of Grey street. Members from the Forest City and Ruth Chapters were present as well as a few members from the Maple Leaf Chapter at St. Thomas.

Mrs. Fred Heard of St. Thomas was in the city last week, attending the funeral of her cousin, Rev. Father Ryan.

Miss Hazel Brodey was a visitor in the city from St. Thomas last week.

Mrs. (Lieut.-Col.) Clyde Kidd Morgan, daughter of T. H. Smallman, arrived in the city on Wednesday last from England. Mrs. Morgan is on her way to Washington to join her husband, who is chief medical officer of the British mission there. Mrs. Morgan has been an active Red Cross worker in London during the war.

Mrs. A. Kingsmill is in Chatham, the guest of Mrs. Robert Grey.

The recital at Conservatory Hall was given last Saturday afternoon by the following pupils: Audrey Farncombe, Marian Baker, Sybil Hill, Edna Barbour, Benny Mendelsohn, Theda Guymer, Kathleen Partridge, Claire Jones Mildred Baker, Lillian Webster and Dorothy Munroe.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bragg are in St. Thomas, visiting Mrs. Bragg's mother, Mrs. Ed. Loucks, Locust street.

The engagement is announced of Miss Annie Myrtle Nixon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Nixon, of Inglewood, to J. Gordon Armstrong, the marriage to take place the end of this month.

A very enjoyable supper party was held at the home of Mrs. Braithwaite, the girls of Western University being the guests. Mrs. Jones, a returned missionary from China, was present, and spoke on the manners and customs of that country.

The informal dance and euchre party, given by the Janey Canuck Chapter, I. O. D. E., in the Alma block, on Friday evening, drew a large crowd, and a jolly time was spent by all. Mr. Mace was the pianist for the evening, and donated his services free. The euchre prizes were won by Mr. Dyer and Mrs. Branston. Refreshments were served by the chapter. Ladies on the convening committee were Miss Inez M. Arthur, Miss Aileen Raymond and Miss M. Croden. The proceeds of the dance will be given to the soldiers' comfort fund.

ADVERTISER PATTERNS



A PRACTICAL DESIGN.

2132—Ladies' "Cover All" Apron. This model will make an ideal morning house dress, especially for warm weather. It is comfortable, has ample fullness and lovely, spacious pockets which are cut in one with a belt, that holds the fulness of the garment. The design is good for gingham, seersucker, lawn, percale, alpaca, brilliantine and sateen. The pattern is cut in four sizes: Small, 32-34; medium, 36-38; large, 40-42, and extra large, 44-46 inches bust measure. It requires 4 7-8 yards of 36-inch material for a medium size.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

ADVERTISER PATTERN DEPT.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below:

Name .....

Town .....

Province .....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

Measurement: Bust..... Waist.....

Caution: Be careful to inclose the above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 25, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot date of application.

BACKYARD GARDEN HINTS

(By The Girl With the Hoe.)

LETTUCE.

Planting Time:
Plant indoors six weeks before plants are set outdoors.
Transplant outdoors—April, as soon as ground can be worked.
Plant seed outdoors—April, as soon as ground can be worked.
Plant—One-quarter inch.
Harvest—June 1, all season.
Varieties for Ontario:
Grand Rapids, Nonpareil, Big Boston, Cos.

Lettuce is a native of India or Central Asia, and is about the best known salad crop. To obtain early lettuce the seed is usually sown in flats about six weeks before it is time to plant outdoors. It is sown in drills ¼-inch deep and 4 inches apart, the seed being barely covered with earth. Keep the flats well watered, and before transplanting harden them off well. The plants should be from 2 to 2½ inches long when ready for transplanting. Long, spindly plants should not be set out, as they will yield but a poor crop of lettuce. To induce a stocky growth the outer leaves of the plants may be sheared off, allowing the plant to stand only two inches high when transplanted. If the roots are very long they, too, may be clipped.

The soil for lettuce should be sand or sandy loam, and a southern exposure, with a wind-break should be chosen if possible. Good drainage is essential. The plants can be set out as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, for they will stand considerable frost. However, if a very severe frost is expected it is wise to cover them with earth for a day or two. Lettuce is frequently grown between rows of early cabbage or cauliflower. The soil should be richly manured, the richer the ground the better the crop. Applications of nitrate of soda, raked in between the rows of lettuce, will force the crop.

The plants are set out in rows 12 to 14 inches apart, with 8 inches between the plants. Lettuce is also grown from seed sown outdoors. This may be sown broadcast or in rows. It is a good thing to sow it thickly in rows in a planting plot and then transplant it later. To insure a constant supply of fresh lettuce there should be several plantings made during the season, that is, until June 1. These plantings are usually a week or ten days apart. Seed may also be sown the first of August for a fall crop. There should be sufficient cultivation of the soil to keep the surface soil fine and the weeds down. This is usually done with a hoe.

PARSLEY.

Variety for Ontario:
Champion Moss Curled.

Parsley belongs to the same family as the parsnip. It may be handled in much the same way as lettuce, but should be planted indoors ten weeks before transplanting outside. It is harvested about July 1 and all the rest of the season.

RED CROSS AND C. W. C. A. COLUMN

OH! THE HOUSE-CLEANING!

I suppose it is necessary that our homes be kept clean if we are to keep strong and healthy and in condition to do our work. But how are we to take from two weeks to a month from our war work to devote to our homes, and still have the war work go on? That is a problem that the Red Cross and C. W. C. A. workers must solve. And let us say right at the beginning, it can't be done. The only result possible is that the war work will stop.

And it is slackening; there can be no doubt of that. Complaints from heads of committees are heard on all sides.

"I am becoming alarmed," reports one convener, whose assistants had almost all left the work to her and sent the excuse "house-cleaning." "I have a large house of my own to clean," she went on. "But it must just wait. We dare not let our Red Cross work stop."

And she is only one of many who are going on bearing the burden while others drop out. Would it be possible just before the "house-cleaning drive" opens for all the women who have been sewing and knitting to meet on a few extra days and sew up enough to keep our shipments up to the normal, then rush home and attend to the spring cleaning, and rush back, so that the boys at the front will never know we stopped work?

If anyone has a better plan, will she please write it to this column at once and have it published? For we surely must do something. The kaiser himself has said, "We are at the decisive moment of the war." Already the terrible German drive has been launched. Everything we hold dear hangs in the balance while this tremendous struggle is on. We may be sure the women of France and England are little concerned over their carpets and curtains. And in the face of this terrible danger, we are going to leave the ranks, declaring that our selfish interests must come first?

Red Cross workers, the Red Cross cannot wait till you go home and attend to minor duties. The streams of wounded men from the gigantic battlefield will not stop while you are attending to other interests; the hospitals cannot close their doors because you have stopped making supplies. There was never a month in the past three years of war that workers were so badly needed. Can we not let our house-cleaning and our spring sewing go just for this time? We may never have another such chance.

From London Township.

A generous donation to Red Cross work has just come in from the Anglican Young People's Association of St. George's Church, London Township, sent by the treasurer, Miss L. C. Martin, of Denfield. The young folks at that locality deserve to be congratulated on their splendid effort.

Our Latest Overseas Gift—155 Boxes.

The C. W. C. A. shipped from Hyman Hall on 19th of March 62 boxes, containing the following articles: 5,616 pairs of socks, 171 day shirts, 1,422 towels, 84 caps, 6 sweater coats, 6 mufflers, 110 handkerchiefs, 1 box of trench candles, 6 pounds carbolic, 8 shaving sticks, 8 cakes of soap, 1 cake and 3 pounds candy.

On the same date the Red Cross shipped 93 boxes, containing as follows: 552 shirts, 894 pyjamas, 21 bed jackets, 240 stretcher cups, 372 housewives, 19 hospital kits, 12 dressing gowns, 364 sheets, 773 pillow-slips, 1,249 towels, 35 mattress covers, 120 pairs bed socks, 864 pairs socks, 72 pillows, 17 boxes of surgical supplies and 2 boxes of old linen.

MARIAN KEITH,
Press Secretary.

Patriotic Western Ontario

Address All News for This Column to the Editor of the Women's Page.

TEESWATER.—The Red Cross ladies of the 8th concession, Culross, held a social last night and realized $118. A feature of the evening was the auction of the season's first gallon of maple syrup, which ran up to $9.75. This was donated by J. Walker.

The ten-cent tea held recently in this town resulted in $46 being added to the Red Cross Society.

BOTHWELL.—The lively knitting contest of the Women's Institute has ended. For the past month the ladies have been busy knitting and trying to outwork each other. The captains of the contest were Mrs. D. Tait and Mrs. Thomas Baynton, the latter's side winning by an easy victory, with a majority of 40 pairs. Over 500 pairs were knit altogether.

SHEDDEN.—The Kitchener Club met at the home of Mrs. John Orchard with 25 in attendance. After the period of knitting was over, a good program was given, consisting of songs, piano selections and recitations. Before leaving a splendid lunch was served by the hostess.

CARGILL.—The Women's Patriotic League made the following shipment recently: 128 bed socks, 39 suits pyjamas, 49 personal property bags, 84 pairs of socks, 29 surgical shirts and 6 quilts.

GRANTON.—The regular meeting of the Women's Institute was held at the home of Mrs. Coxon. A goodly pile of work was handed in and a goodlier supply planned for. The ladies also arranged for the packing of the boxes for the Granton boys who are serving their country overseas.

EMBRO.—The ladies of the Badminton Club met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Murray. The president, Mrs. Green, who occupied the chair, called on Mrs. J. J. Matheson, Mrs. Robert M. Ross and Mrs. Wm. Dawes to come forward. Mrs. Ross read an address to Mrs. Matheson, stating what a valued member she had always been and how deeply they regretted that she was leaving the village, and Mrs. Dawes presented her with a beautiful cut glass pickle dish. Mrs. Matheson made a very suitable reply, thanking them most heartily for their kindness. Short addresses were made by Mrs. Hawke and Mrs. A. A. McKinnon, and instrumental selections given by Mrs. W. W. Murray, Mrs. J. M. Ross, and Miss Lillian Green. A Gaelic song was rendered by Mrs. Columbus Ross, which was very much enjoyed. Mrs. O. Peacock danced the Highland Fling. A floral contest was put on and Mrs. W. H. Sutherland was the winner of a beautiful china tea plate. A dainty lunch was served and the remainder of the evening was spent in social chat.

FLORENCE.—The Florence Patriotic League met, packed and shipped to Hyman Hall, London, a bale containing the following articles: 312 pairs socks, 48 suits pyjamas, 19 pillow-slips, 32 towels, 24 handkerchiefs and 18 washcloths. The regular meeting of the League was held at the home of Mrs. Miller, when about 60 ladies were present doing their bit with the grey wool. After the business for the day was completed, the losing side of the knitting contest served ten-cent tea, which netted them $6.75. A pleasing program was given at the close of the tea, which included readings, solos, duets and piano selections. An enjoyable time was spent. The Florence Dramatic Club offered to put on a play for the league some time in April, entitled "The Three Hats," the proceeds to be used for patriotic purposes.

The Women's Institute held a successful box social and St. Patrick's concert in the hall here, notwithstanding the state of the roads. An excellent program had been provided and consisted of violin selections by Mr. Trusdale and Mrs. O'Neil, also solos by Mrs. Mabel Tripp, Miss Sinclair and Miss Mills, interspersed with recitations by Miss North. B. W. Fansher acted in an able manner as chairman. Mr. Daley at the close of the program auctioneered the boxes off. There were many of them very pretty shapes and well filled and they sold for good sums, going anywhere from $2.50 to $4. The total proceeds came to about $90, to be used for Red Cross purposes.

JIMMY COON STORIES

By Dr. Warren G. Partridge.

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JIMMY COON IN A SUBMARINE.

When little Fred's Uncle Tom, the Captain of the Submarine, came up to talk with Jimmy Coon, who was standing on top of a big box on the dock, Jimmy wanted to be very polite, so he bowed politely to the captain; and then he did the funniest thing you ever saw, for he took off the Captain's hat.

You see, Jimmy Coon had no cap of his own. So Jimmy took off the cap of the other fellow when he bowed, and gave a little squeal that meant "Good morning." And Uncle Tom and the sailors thought it the best trick they ever saw, and they laughed loudly and long. And Uncle Tom said: "Little Fred, would you like to take a little ride in the Submarine?"

And it didn't take little Fred long to answer: "Yes, indeed, Uncle Tom, I am just dying to go. And can I bring Jimmy Coon along?"

"Of course you can bring Jimmy Coon.



It was a sword-fish that Jimmy saw, 'way down in the ocean.

I know he would make a splendid sailor," replied Uncle Tom. And Jimmy Coon loved to get into that nice little Submarine.

What will Jimmy Coon do next? He is a wonderful traveler. And do you know that when they were all on board that little boat steamed on top of the water for some distance, and then suddenly dived and swam under water. And little Fred and Jimmy Coon had the best time in their lives, steaming along fast under water.

And Jimmy Coon said to himself: "I must tell Sammy Muskrat about this nice boat, for the Captain must have learned this trick from Sammy Muskrat; for it is just like Sammy, for it goes on top of the water part of the time, and then it dives and swims under water just like Sammy, and then it bobs up on top of the water again, just like Sammy Muskrat, to get a long breath of air."

And Jimmy Coon got up on the seats and stood up on his hind legs, and looked out of the portholes. You see the portholes were watertight and covered with thick glass. And Jimmy Coon was awfully excited to see the creatures and fish in the sea.

And Jimmy Coon gave an awful jump, and he said to himself: "My, that's the biggest crawfish I ever saw in my life. How I wish I could catch him for my breakfast, as I used to do in Mirror Pond." It was a very laughable thing for Jimmy Coon to say, for the creature Jimmy saw was a big lobster, and Jimmy Coon thought it was a crawfish.

Then Jimmy Coon jumped again, saying to himself: "My, that's the biggest, horned Pout I ever saw in my life." Now this was awfully funny, too, for it was a sword-fish that Jimmy saw, 'way down in the ocean, as that Submarine steamed under water. But you see this was the first time Jimmy Coon ever had a vacation at the seashore, and it was the first time he was ever on a Submarine.

Tomorrow—Jimmy Coon Becomes a Mascot.

Increased Food Production

(A Survey of Last Year's Work In London and District.)

(By the Girl With the Hoe.)

Refused To Be Fired.

The following letter, which was written by one of last year's fruit pickers, illustrates the spirit, in which the girls undertake their work. In spite of the trying times which they sometimes had a strong sense of humor helped them along.

"We're still here at ———. This morning we were ready for work at seven, not knowing where we'd be sent. Mr. ——— came out and sent a few pickers up to ———, and when the rest of us asked where we were to go, he said, 'Oh, you'll all be paid off.'

"Well, we were peeved, and refused to be fired at such short notice, so we waited around until about half past eight, when he came in his car, and took us up to another farm. Up there it is much easier to pick, as the trees can all be reached without ladders. But it was pouring with rain, so we soon had to go into the packing-house, and work until we ran out of peaches at about half-past eleven. Then we stopped for dinner.

How They Dine.

"The dinner up there was the funniest thing I ever saw. It was served in a huge tent, where, as soon as you got in, you grabbed a plate, then went to a table, where sausages and fried potatoes were handed out to you. Then on up to grab a couple of one-inch thick slices of bread and a slab of butter. Thence to a table loaded with platters of tomatoes and cucumbers sliced, and beet salad. There one fills up the rest of the space on one's plate and then gets what's left in the way of knives, forks and spoons. I had to dispose of my whole dinner with a knife and a teaspoon.

"On still another long table there are several pots of tea, coffee, and cups of milk and sugar, where one gets a drink the first time one's there. But after one tasting the stuff—never, no more!

"As it continued to rain hard all day we couldn't work any more, so, tired of waiting for a motor to come for us to take us home, we started to walk.

"Believe me, it was SOME walk. There were four of us, trudging along in the rain, on a road with the mud about three or four inches deep, and skidding at every other step. We hailed every car or buggy that passed, but, apparently, they thought we looked too disreputable, so passed on.

"On the way we visited several grape fields, and at the general store in ——— we bought some all-day suckers. So, after all we enjoyed our three and a half mile jaunt.

"We have really had an awfully good time here, but will be rather glad to get home.

Some of the farm youths are funny. One of them has an ambition to do things like a city boy. We walked to ——— with some of them one night, and this boy fussed up in his best suit and shoes, and fedora and kid gloves. We girls were in bloomers and overalls.

"Just now I'm in bed and the other girls are up in the mess tent. I would not have come to bed, had I known there would be anything doing. Our first few nights here we went to bed early. But now we don't, and when the horn goes in the morning, oh!

"I had a great experience the other night. We all got our hot water bottles filled and put them on our beds, when we went to our tents. When I was ready for bed, after writing some letters, I discovered that the water had leaked out of mine. I had to chase around in my pyjamas and borrow all the coats I could find. Gee! I was uncomfortable.

"Here are the girls back from the mess tent, so I must cease."

Oatmeal Muffins:

1 cup cooked oatmeal
1 1-2 cups flour
1-2 cup milk, 1 egg
2 level tablespoons sugar
2 level tablespoons melted butter substitute
4 level teaspoons baking powder
1-2 teaspoon salt.

Mix and sift flour, sugar, salt and baking powder. Add half the milk and the egg well beaten. Mix the remainder of the milk with the cooked oatmeal and add to the dry ingredients. Beat thoroughly, then add melted butter. Bake in greased gem pans.



Cotton Dress Fabrics
For Spring and Summer

The Wash Goods Section is featuring a complete assortment of the most wanted and difficult to obtain wash fabrics; the leading shades and combinations are conveniently displayed on Second Floor. Here is a partial list of our well-assorted stock.

White Voiles and Organdies

Plain White Voiles, fine sheer qualities, with a beautiful finish, 38 and 40 inches wide. At ..... 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c and 65c yard

Dainty Embroidered White Voiles, pretty lacey effects, with embroidered designs, 40 inches wide. At ..... 75c yard

Fancy stripes and checks, in White Voiles, various designs, 36 to 40 inches wide, ranging in price from ..... 35c to 75c yard

White Striped Organdies that launder well, 39 inches wide. At ..... 50c yard

White Swiss Voile, fine sheer quality, 40 inches wide. At ..... 60c yard

The Wash Skirtings and Suitings

White Suitings and Skirtings, Gabardines and Hopsacks, in a complete range of the newest stripes and plaids, 36 to 40 inches wide. Priced from ..... 35c to $1.25

White Piques and Mercerized Bedfords, 28 to 40 inches wide. At.... 25c, 35c, 50c and 65c

Mercerized White Cotton Poplin, a splendid wearing quality for children's apparel, 36 inches wide. At ..... 50c yard

36-inch White Repps and Poplins. At..... 25c, 30c, 50c and 75c yard

White Gabardine Suitings, with hairline stripes and checks of blue, green, black and gold, extra fine qualities, to make up stylish suits and skirts, 36 inches wide. At..... 75c yard

Black and White and White Bedford Cords, extra heavy quality, suitable for skirts, 36 inches wide. At ..... $1.00 yard

Voiles in Plain Colors and Novelty Effects

Mercerized Voiles to be had in pink, maize, nile, coral, sand, rose, mauve, black, light and dark copen, 40 inches wide ..... 50c yard

40-inch Voiles, obtainable in sand, sky, pink, coral and maize. Price ..... 40c yard

Paris Cotton Foulards, very popular for dresses, in stylish patterns on green, rose, sand, copen, navy, black and grey grounds, 32 inches wide. At ..... 60c yard

Other Foulards in great variety. At ..... 40c and 50c yard

Novelty Printed Voiles, a wonderful collection of pretty designs, in the newest color combinations. Price ..... 50c yard

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DOMINION CORSET CO., QUEBEC—Montreal—Toronto No. 524

POLLY AND HER PALS.—Ma'll Make Pa Forget His Lonesomeness. — By Cliff Sterrett.



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HAMILTON HERE TO MEET WESTERN IN FIRST OF FINALS

O.B.A. Intermediates Clash for Title at University Gym Tonight.

"KIDS" AT ST. CATHARINES

"Y" Squad Meets St. Kitts Team in Next Round of Junior Series.

The first of the series of home-and-home games for the Intermediate O.B.A. title will be played tonight at the university gymnasium, when Western meets the Hamilton Central Y.M.C.A. team. The return game will be played next Saturday night in Hamilton.

The Hamilton squad is rated pretty high and should make the locals hustle for the money. They defeated the Toronto Playgrounds team, which trimmed Western in the finals last season. Fans have it doped out that tonight's game will be one of the fastest seen for some time here.

Captain Art Smith announces that the varsity will play their usual line-up. The team plays well together and should make a good showing.

Western will line-up: Pritchett, right defence; Smith, left defence; Wortman, centre; McGeough, left guard; Simpson, right guard.

Hamilton Central Y.M.C.A. will likely line-up as follows: Forwards, Burton and Voght; centre, Arnold; defence, Thompson and Mellon; sub, C. Dent.

A preliminary game between the Y.W.C.A. Winners and the Western University girls' team will be played.

Juniors at St. Catharines.

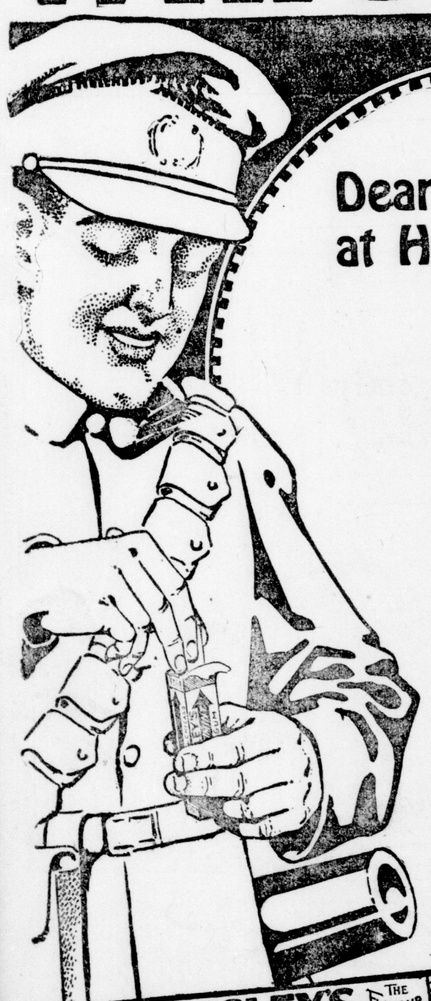
The Y.M.C.A. juniors meet St. Catharines in the next round for the O.B.A. junior title tonight, playing away from home. The return game will be played at the Y.M.C.A. gym here on Thursday night. The juniors have had a few days' rest after trimming Galt, but have been keeping in shape by stiff practice games. They met the Western intermediates in several games.

On Thursday night the juvenile team from the Y.M.C.A. is slated to do down to Hamilton to play the Hamilton Juvenlies in the next round of the O.B.A. Juvenile series. The Hamiltonians will come to London for the return game on Saturday night.

MUTT AND JEFF.—Some Hairless Mexican Dogs Are Nice Dogs at That. (Copyright, 1918, by H. C. Fisher. Trade mark registered in Canada (BY "BUD" FISHER)



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WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM THE FLAVOUR LASTS
MADE IN CANADA

WESTERNERS PICK OFF SECOND GAME FOR TITLE

Torontos Defeated 6 to 4 in Rough-House Game Saturday Night—Handicapped by Western Rules.

TORONTO, March 24.—By a score of 6 to 4 Vancouver defeated Toronto in the second game of the Stanley cup series last night, showing a marked superiority over the N. H. L. champions on the play throughout. The game was played under western rules and the losers were manifestly handicapped. They displayed little system, and their rushes were of an individual variety, while the winners combined neatly at all times. The majority of the winners' goals were earned, and but for the cruel and deliberate rough play in the final session Vancouver would probably have won further off. When the Blue Shirts realized that they were in for a beating they cast all decency aside and gave the visitors a rough passage. Taylor was a marked man throughout, and finally he was compelled to retire, following a vicious slash over the arm from Randall. The latter was the bad actor of the game, drawing three penalties, two of a major variety. Mummery ran him a close second in this respect, his work being so crude that even the home fans hooted him.

Vancouver Earned Win.

For the greater part of the last period the Torontos were playing short-handed owing to penalties. McKay and Donald were not slow in retaliating, and Griffiths made his weight felt. It was a strenuous argument from start to finish, and Vancouver fairly earned the decision. McKay was the star performer of the night. His dazzling rushes brought the crowd to its feet repeatedly. Taylor also was a shining light, and with McKay as his partner blazed the way to most of the westerners' counters.

Vancouver's defence was airtight. Griffiths and Lloyd Cook were almost impassable.

Shirts' Broken Play.

For Toronto Skinner was perhaps the best. He scored three goals and led in work on the attack. Meeking showed fine form throughout, but Noble was decidedly weak. Cameron was more useful on the attack than on the defence. His lone goal was the result of a magnificent effort. Mummery spoiled his effectiveness by his rough-house tactics. Holmes allowed one soft goal to beat him, but on the whole did good work. The work of the officials did not please the fans, or Manager Querrie, and George Irvine, the western referee, came in for a lot of the abuse. Early in the game he was injured by a fall, his face being cut by one of the player's skates.

Odds on Westerners.

The betting was 3 to 2 on Vancouver before the game, as it was figured that the Blue Shirts would be handicapped by their unfamiliarity with the Pacific coast code. The dope was right—they were.

The third game was a humdinger.

The crowd was not as large as on the first night, less than 6,000 persons being in attendance. The ice was faster and more to the liking of Vancouver. Taylor's injury was not serious. It was at first thought that a bone was broken in his shoulder, but he will be in shape for the third game.

Lloyd Cook came off the ice limping. He was slashed hard on the ankle by Cameron. All the other players escaped undamaged. President Patrick was highly incensed at the foul play of the Toronto team, and at one stage it looked as if he might take his players off the ice.

The line-up:

Toronto.		Vancouver.
Holmes	Goal	Lehman
Cameron	Defence	L. Cook
Mummery	Defence	Griffiths
Randall	Centre	Taylor
Noble	Rover	McKay
Meeking	L. wing	Moynes
Skinner	R. wing	B. Stanley

Officials—Arthur Ross, of Montreal; G. Irvine, of Vancouver.

WHY DID LARRY LEAVE THE LEAFS?

The Toronto World says:

What has happened to our baseball hero? The Toronto ball club made a ten strike when they signed Larry Lajoie to manage the Toronto club last year. Larry came here rated as a "has-been," made good, and was treated right by Toronto fans and the Toronto club. Now Larry has been handing the local magnates rather a raw deal. He has been trying to get away all winter, and has been doing it in a round-about manner. There is a nigger in the woodpile somewhere.

Toronto ball fans are puzzled and would like to know something definite. A look over the correspondence between President McCaffery and Larry Lajoie puts the manager in a bad light. The correspondence was opened in the late fall and Larry was asked to state who he would like to keep and what players he thought should be disposed of. Larry answered these letters all right, and then he was assured that the Toronto club would look after him.

Next came word from the great hitter that he thought that the International League would die and that if Toronto did decide to have a team they could not come out on the right side of the ledger. The batch of letters from Toronto assured Larry that he should not worry. He was told that he is still under contract to the Toronto club and that they would see that he was paid his contract price, even if the Toronto club did not operate. In spite of this Larry went to Indianapolis and assured McGill that he would manage the American Association champions if the International decided to give up.

This is rather a high-handed way for a man under contract to a club to act. Nobody can figure out Larry's side. He would be looked after by the Toronto club, could be sold to a major league club, or could be given his unconditional release. In view of these facts the Toronto manager goes right merrily on his way and no later than Friday issues a statement from Cleveland that he will be found at Indianapolis.

There must be a reason for all this. Larry seemed to be satisfied with the treatment accorded to him last year here. He was well liked by the fans and officers of the club. On several occasions Larry had trouble with the players. He was a hard driver, but was always supported by the club in any move he made, and cannot say that parties on the inside were working against him. The whole move has been a mystery to the local club, and the only way of figuring it is that the American Association club has promised Larry a large salary and a huge bonus if he wins the pennant. McGill is a smooth worker and had likely promised Lajoie that he will fix it with the Toronto club in the matter of smoothing out the details of his leaving here.

President McCaffery and his fellow-officers of the Toronto club are not pleased with the manager's attitude, and will now likely hold Larry up. They can refuse to release him and then sell him to the club offering the most money. This would seem the right proceedure after the way the big Frenchman has acted. Developments are expected this week. Nothing will be done until after the International League clubs meet in New York on Wednesday. Toronto is expected to get a berth in a new league that will be announced at this meeting.

NATIONAL BOWLERS LOSE TWO GAMES TO SAUNDERS' TEAM

Dingman of Locals Does Fine Trundling in First Game.

NATIONALS WIN DOUBLES

Karrys and Dingman Defeat Hartman and Bird Two Games.

The Saunders bowling team from Toronto won two of the three games played with the Nationals at the National alleys here on Saturday night. Both teams did some nice bowling, although the Nationals were slightly unsteady, as their scores will show, but despite this, it was left to a National trundler to do the most sensational work of the night. In his first game Dingman was in great shape and piled up a total of 233.

This was the highest individual score of the evening. In his next two games he was off and his scores were much lower. In the second game he dropped to below the average.

Karrys wasn't in as good shape as he usually is, and 182 was his top mark. He did better in the doubles played later in the evening. Sansone rolled two nice steady games, running 181 and 187 for his first and last, but slumping to 159 for his middle affair. Mascari turned in three real totals with 185, 196 and 195, tying Dingman on a total of 146.

For the Saunders men Jackson beat with 204 and 205 as his last two scores, which helped him to make the high mark of the night, 573. Gillies ran a close second with 571.

In the doubles Kerrys and Dingman won twice from Hartman and Bird. Both of the London men went well over the 200 mark, Dingman making 227 in his first game and Karrys 232 in his second, and coming again with 202 in his third.

The Nationals will meet the Hamilton bowlers next Saturday night.

The scores for Saturday's games follow:

Saunders.				
G. Hartman	174	170	213—	557
T. Bird	144	175	193—	512
A. Johnson	169	204	205—	578
S. Schleiman	172	163	188—	522
H. Gillies	199	189	183—	571
Totals	858	900	982—	2740
Nationals.				
D. Catalano	187	169	155—	511
G. Dingman	233	148	165—	546
M. Sansone	181	159	137—	527
P. Mascari	185	196	195—	546
G. Karrys	176	157	182—	515
Totals	932	829	884—	2654

DOUBLES.

Saunders.				T.	Av.
Hartman	196	183	175	554	185
Bird	193	229	193	617	206
	389	412	370	1171	
Nationals.				T.	Av.
Dingman	227	153	175	555	185
Karrys	198	232	202	632	211
	425	385	377	1187	

AT FORT WAYNE NOW

Willard and Fulton Going to Meet There, Says Promoter.

Fort Wayne, Ind., March 25.—George Biemer, fight promoter, returned here from Chicago, where he met Jess Willard and Fred Fulton, who are to fight for the world's championship. Biemer announced today that in all probability the bout would be staged in Fort Wayne, as he had offered $140,000 to bring it here.

KITCHENER DEFEATED BY CLEVELAND TEAM FOR THE SECOND TIME

O. H. A. Champions Lose the Second Game by 5 to 2.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

CLEVELAND, O., March 24.—Just to prove that its victory over the Kitchener hocky team Friday night wasn't a fluke, Cleveland Saturday night again trimmed the Canadian champions at the Elyseum, 5 to 2, making a clean sweep of the series, which they won by a total of 10 goals to 5.

Tonight's fracas was a battle royal during the first half, which ended with honors even, 2 to 2, but in the second period Cleveland outplayed the Canadian champions in all departments. They showed more stamina and finished fresh and strong while the bell was a welcome sound to the team that downed Ypres in the tussle for the Allan cup.

Cleveland played wonderful hockey. For that matter Kitchener also staged a brilliant spectacle, but with the start of the second period Kitchener let down.

The game started with a rush. Hiller got the washer on a pass from Solomon, jammed it past Turner and Kitchener was in the lead. In the next ten minutes Cree got the puck and lifted a long shot into the corner of the net and it was even up. Five minutes later Cree dodged through the Kitchener defence, carried the rubber right to the net for another tally, putting Cleveland in the lead. Just before the half ended Karges emulated Cree's feat and evened the score.

In the second half, after fifteen minutes of play, Parkes passed back to Trushinski and the latter overskated the puck. Like a shot Trimble picked up the rubber and driving a hot one that Hainsworth didn't touch, Cleveland was again in the lead.

On the following face off Trimble got the disk, passed to Debernardi and before Kitchener was well aware that the game had started again, "Debby" drove into the corner and Cleveland was two goals to the good, and just to make certain that victory would be with Cleveland "Debby" and Trimble got wording some two minutes later. This time with Debernardi carrying the puck on the rush up the ice and passing to Trimble, who shot forth the final marker of the game.

The Summary.

Cleveland (5)		Kitchener (2)
Turner	Goal	Hainesworth
Killaly	L. D.	Karges
Jamieson	R. D.	Trushinski
Cree	Rover	Parkes
Irving	L. W.	Soloman
Debernardi	R. W.	Leroux
Trimble	Cover	Hillier

Goals—First half—Hillier 6, Cree 11, Cree 18, Karges 19. Second half—Trimble 15, 28; Debarnardi 15, 5, 5; Trimble 17, 20.

Stops—Turner (Cleveland) 9, 4, 13; Hainesworth (Kitchener) 14, 13, 27.

Penalties—Jamieson 2; Parkes.

Referee—Schweitzer.

JAP PROFESSORS ARE BOOSTING EXPEDITION

Campaign for Sending Half Million Men to Irkutsk, Siberia.

London, March 23.—A Daily Mail dispatch from Tien-Tsin says that Japanese university professors are conducting a campaign in favor of sending half a million troops as far as Irkutsk into Siberia to check the German ambitions in the far east before it is too late.

BELFAST SHIPYARDS PUT OUT CONCRETE SHIP

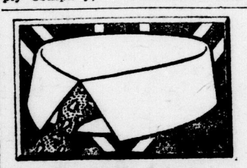
Six Have Been Ordered By the Government.

Belfast, March 24.—The keel of the first concrete vessel to be built in Ireland has been laid in a new shipyard on the north Irish coast. It will be an ocean-going vessel of 1,000 tons, and the first of six ordered by the Government.

MARENCE SPIES IS DROWNED AT ELMIRA

Elmira, March 23.—The body of Marence Spies, daughter of A. C. Spies, was taken from a creek running through her father's farm today, after word of her drowning was brought to her parents by her 4-year-old brother. The creek was rising, and it is believed the child fell in while attempting to make a crossing. With her younger brother she was going to meet her father when the tragedy occurred.

Bull Dog Starters For Ford Cars
Why fight a kick from a crank when you can get a Bull Dog? Demonstrations—Westman Machine Company, 226 Talbot Street, and London Engine Supply Company, 83-85 Dundas Street. zxv


CASCO - 2 1/8 in.
CLYDE - 2 1/8 in.
New ARROW COLLARS
FOR SPRING
Cluett, Peabody & Co. Inc. Makers

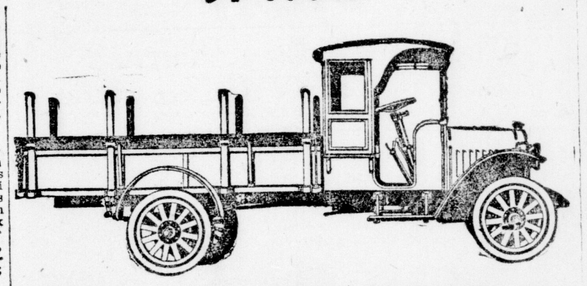
HUNTLEY MFG. CO. WILL BUILD IN TILLSONBURG

Tillsonburg, March 24.—The directors of the Huntley Manufacturing Company have decided to build their new factory in Tillsonburg after having looked over an empty factory building in St. Thomas. Since the day after the fire tempting offers have been made to firm by Windsor, Chatham, Ingersoll, St. Thomas and other towns. Yesterday it became a choice between Tillsonburg and St. Thomas, and now Tillsonburg is assured of a business to have double the capacity of its output a year ago. Mr. C. G. Hammond, of Silver Creek, is president of the factory.

Word was received today from Ottawa announcing that Flight Officer Cecil Franklin, R. N. A. S., had been killed in action. He was a very popular drug clerk here. He enlisted in Toronto last fall.

FOUND DEAD IN WOOD WITH BULLET IN BACK

Toronto, March 24.—What appears to be a clear case of murder came to light tonight when the body of a man thought to be a Macedonian, was discovered in the woods near the Thorncliffe race track, about six miles east of the city. A bullet wound was found in the middle of the victim's back, and while that may have been caused by a stray bullet, it is thought to be highly improbable. The police are investigating.

You can buy 5 Maxwell trucks for the price of one reliable 5-ton truck

MAXWELL TRUCK
The $7000 5-ton truck isn't any better than a Maxwell. It's merely bigger. That's all.
And you can own five Maxwells for the price of one reliable 5-ton truck.
The five Maxwells will do more work, carry more goods, carry them faster, serve more uses at less cost.
How good these Maxwells are is shown by this great figure: 99.6% perfect—a verdict taken from service records covering 6600 Maxwells now in use.
$600 less than any other truck of similar capacity in the world.
$1415, chassis only, f. o. b. Windsor. Electric lights. Electric generator. Worm drive. 10-foot loading space. 2500 pounds.
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A. H. BURROWS,
68-72 York Street, London. Phone 1414.

Daily Magazine Page for Everybody

Good Night Stories

By Blanche Silva

Illustrated by Gruelle.

MRS. WOOD TURTLE.

Oh, look what I've found!" cried Dotty.

Bobby came running up to his sister's side.

There in front of a toadstool, eating his breakfast, sat a queer little animal. His little head, legs and tail were a deep greenish brown, and his back was black and spotted with bright yellow.

"It's a turtle!" exclaimed Bobby. "I bet he's lost!"

The children stooped over the queer little fellow to watch him.

The turtle, paying no attention to the children, took off another mouthful of toadstool, chewed it up, swallowed the juice and spit the pulp out on the ground.

"Let's put her back into the pond!" exclaimed Bobby, picking the little fellow up by his back.

"Please don't throw me into the water," begged Mrs. Turtle. "I don't live in the water—I hate it."

"Then where do you live?" asked Dotty. "I thought all turtles lived in the water."

"Oh, no!" replied Mrs. Turtle. "You're thinking about my cousins, the marine turtles. They live in the water. But I'm a wood turtle. Folks are always getting us mixed. Why just the other day a rude boy threw me into the water, and I had a hard time getting out again. I can swim all right, but I do hate the water."

"If You'll Excuse Me."

"Then where is your home?" asked Dotty, when Bobby set Mrs. Turtle back on the toadstool.

"Why this little black and yellow shell you see on my back is the only house I own," Mrs. Turtle explained. "I carry it around with me every place I go. When I want to, I just draw in my legs, head and tail and I'm not at home to any one."

"And you're all alone in the world?" asked Dotty.

"No, indeed!" replied Mrs. Turtle. "Somewhere in the woods my children are running around. I don't like the care of children, so I just lay my eggs and bury them in the sand. They hatch out when they get ready and take care of themselves."

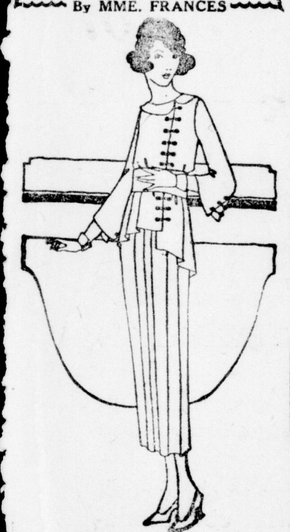
"That makes it nice for you," laughed Bobby. "You don't have to be bothered with them, and can go where you please."

"Yes, and I'm going to find another toadstool right now if you'll excuse me. This one wasn't nearly big enough for my breakfast," replied Mrs. Turtle. Then pulling in her four little feet, her tail, and lastly her head under her shell house, Mrs. Turtle rolled off the edge of the toadstool to the ground beneath.

The last Dotty and Bobby saw of her she was hurrying away through the grasses hunting for more breakfast

Today's Fashion

By MME. FRANCES



Street Frock of Beige Tricot.

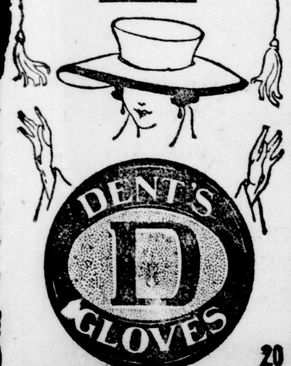
Both practical and smart is this street frock of beige tricot. The bodice is fashioned to simulate a jacket, and is effectively trimmed with dark blue braid and buttons. The sleeves and the pleated peplum are lined with dark blue afleta. The tightly-fitted sub-sleeves have turned-back cuffs. The pleated skirt is of medium width and falls close to the figure, preserving the straight, slender lines of the frock.

The beautiful enamel which is used for covering Japanese trays, boxes, etc., and on which the painted birds, flowers and figures show so brilliantly, is obtained from the sap of the lacquer tree. This tree grows sometimes to the height of 30 to 40 feet in Japan.

Madam

When buying DENT'S Gloves for Easter wear you get not only better value than in ordinary makes, but you have perfect fit, durability, and what is very important, correct style. Look for the name.

INSIST ON DENT'S



20

HARBINGERS OF SPRING

By Will Nies



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JUST when Spring begins is never a question that can be answered by the calendar—though March twenty-first *is* given in the almanac—it's too delicate for such a practical solution, too variable for any determination save that of FEELING. When does Spring romp over the hills to YOU—that's the answer! But chief among its harbingers are the couples that stroll on the hilltops arm in arm, the little boy with his hoop, Miss Food Gardener in her feminalls—she's VERY important THIS year—the little girl picking wild-flowers with Muvver and—CUPID. Bless his heart, HE casts his spell over HER. Who is she? Look into YOUR heart and see!

The Easy Payment Schedule

FIRST PAYMENT 25c	2nd Paym't 25c	3rd Paym't 25c	4th Paym't 25c
5th Paym't 50c	6th Paym't 50c	7th Paym't 50c	8th Paym't 50c
9th Paym't 75c	10th Paym't 75c	11th Paym't 75c	12th Paym't 75c
13th Paym't $1.00	14th Paym't $1.00	15th Paym't $1.00	16th Paym't $1.00
17th Paym't $1.10	18th Paym't $1.10	19th Paym't $1.10	20th Paym't $1.10
21st Paym't $1.20	22nd Paym't $1.20.	23rd Paym't $1.20	24th Paym't $1.20.
25th Paym't $1.30.	26th Paym't $1.30.	27th Paym't $1.30	28th Paym't $1.30
29th Paym't $1.40	30th Paym't $1.40	31st Paym't $1.40.	32nd Paym't $1.40.
33rd Paym't $1.50.	34th Paym't $1.50	35th Paym't $1.50	36th Paym't $1.50
37th Paym't $1.60	38th Paym't $1.60	39th Paym't $1.60	40th Paym't $1.60
41st Paym't $1.70	42nd Paym't 90c	Total $48.	

You Can Still Join

BUT MEMBERSHIPS ARE GOING RAPIDLY IN THE

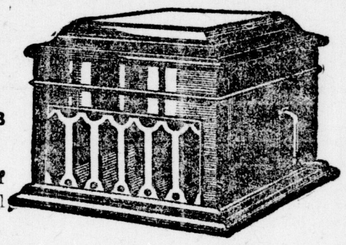
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SPECIAL PRICES ARE OFFERED CLUB MEMBERS.

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Secrets of Health and Happiness

What Every Mother Should Do to Start Her Child Right

By DR. LEONARD KEENE HIRSHBERG, A. B., M. A., M. D. (Johns Hopkins University.)



DR. HIRSHBERG

Pneumonia in cold weather, bowel trouble in warm weather, adenoids and bottle feeding are the abominations which lie largely at the root of infant deaths. While infants and children of poor neighborhoods and crowded districts suffer more losses and a greater mortality, it is, after all, not due to poverty itself so much as it is due to the lack of proper care the little ones receive.

Well-fed babies are safer from sickness and death than those fed artificially. That is to say, mother's milk nourishes the infant because it is created for the child. It goes directly from its source into the youngster's stomach without being exposed to dirt and germs from fingers, bottles, water and air. Bottle-feeding, therefore, may be associated with a high death rate, despite extreme care and diligent precautions. A mother who fails to do her absolute utmost to nurse her infant at the breast stands revealed by these facts as one who fails in her greatest duty.

A baby in the house is a well-spring of pleasure, but not if it is sick. The mother who can and does not nurse her infant is wilfully blind to the dangers of bottle-feeding, and risks a calamity to her child.

Once the infant is given a first-class start in life by maternal nursing this bank capital should be added to by such additional items as vaccination against smallpox, anti-typhoid vaccination and anti-whooping cough vaccine. Next to these come the preventive measures against ear abscesses, pigeon breasts, mouth breathing and facial deformity by the removal of adenoids.

Have you done these things? Are you willing to do so, or do you intend to play with chance and gamble with the future health of your child by "waiting to see" and doing nothing until you are driven to it—when it may be too late.

The curious streak in human nature which makes even some loving mothers delay until too late what should be done at once is responsible for much ill-health, many premature deaths, deformities, inefficiency and incapacity in their children.

Answers to Health Questions

A FAIR SUBSCRIBER.—Q.—Will you kindly tell me what to do for extremely oily hair?

A.—Glycerine, orris root and washing the hair frequently diminishes the oil. A little tincture of benzoin, 1 dram; rosewater, 1 ounce; and glycerine, ½ ounce, is a good remedy to be used on alternate nights.

I. F. M.—Q.—Kindly give me a remedy for pimples.

A.—Apply a little of the following to the pimples about three times a week:

Sulphur loti	2½ drams
Balsam peru	½ dram
Camphor	½ dram
Green soap	1 dram
Lanolin	½ ounce

B. N. Q.—A.—Please send a self-addressed, stamped envelope with your question repeated, and I will be very glad to answer you in a personal letter.

CANUCK, London, Ont. Q.—Please give me a good remedy for failing hair.

A.—Try a little of the following about three times a week:

Quinine	1 dram
Pilocarpine	2½ grains
Salicylic acid	15 grains
Lanolin	½ ounce
Petrolatum	½ ounce

POLLY, London, Ont. Q.—Will you please tell what I can do for a severe pain under my left shoulderblade?

A.—This may be due to constipation, overexertion, muscle strain, occupation too long in one position, etc. You should have a thorough physical examination made.

Dr. Hirshberg will answer questions for readers of this paper in medical, hygienic and sanitation subjects that are of general interest. He cannot always undertake to prescribe or offer advice for individual cases. Where the subject is not of general interest letters will be answered personally, if a stamped and addressed enveloped is inclosed. Address all inquiries to Dr. L. K. Hirshberg, care this office.

ADELE GARRISON'S NEW

REVELATIONS OF A WIFE

What Happened in the Waiting Room When Allen Drake Arrived at Last.

The platform waiting-room at the Jamaica station seemed lonelier than ever when the inquisitive guard had gone his way. There had been a cer-protection in his presence, alarming though his questions had been. But I knew I ought to be glad he was gone. His eyes were entirely too curious to make it safe for him to witness the coming meeting between myself and Allen Drake.

That is, if there was to be any meeting. I occupied myself in speculating as to Mr. Drake's probable course after he had seen me off on the train, if, as I suspected, he had meant me to read in his casual remarks an order to wait on the Jamaica platform until he came.

He would, of course, first have to rid himself of the company of Grace Draper. Upon the speed with which he accomplished that would depend the manner of his trip to Jamaica. If it took too long he would have to get the next express, almost a full hour away. But if he managed to elude her within a few minutes of my departure, I felt sure he would commandeer a taxicab, if, indeed, he didn't have a machine of his own in readiness, and motor to Jamaica at top speed.

What I should do if he didn't come upon the next express or sooner I did not know. I would hardly dare to stay in the waiting-room after the next Marvin train after my explanation to the inquisitive guard.

Quick—into the Booth!"

It seemed interminable hours that I put in going over the problem while my fingers were knitting two, purling two, but, alas, making a hopeless bungle of the counting. When at last my pugatory ended with the entrance into the waiting-room of Mr. Drake, looking as cool and unhurried as if he were out for a moonlight stroll, my trembling fingers were powerless to hold the knitting, and the ball, needles and heim fell to the floor, a hopelessly tangled mass, as I rose.

Mr. Drake bent and gathered up the knitting deliberately. But, to my surprise, as he did so, I heard a voice in a tense whisper:

"Quick. Get into the telephone booth and pretend to be telephoning. Take everything with you."

His words were like an electric battery galvanizing me into action. Snatching the knitting from his outstretched hand, I crammed it into Katherine's knitting bag, and with it and my own traveling bag in my hands fairly sprang into the telephone booth.

Mr. Drake must have closed the door behind me. As I heard it shut I turned to the telephone, after depositing my bags upon the floor, took down the receiver, and, with the other hand, held the transmitter down so that Central should see no flash in the number on her distant switchboard.

Whose Is That Voice?

Then I ventured to turn my eyes toward the glass upper half of the telephone booth door. To my surprise, it was blocked by Mr. Drake's stalwart shoulders. No one from the outside could have discovered my identity, so effectively did he conceal me. Indeed, I imagine that to the casual glance the telephone booth appeared to be empty.

I discovered something else also. After Mr. Drake had closed the door, he must have pushed it open again, ever so slightly. At any rate, though I could neither see or be seen, I could here the sounds from outside. Even his breathing, calm, unhurried, like himself, was audible to me.

But I hadn't long to wait for other sounds. Footsteps came down the platform outside the windows, then, rounding the corner, entered the door near which Mr. Drake was standing. I tried to tell myself that they were no different from the ordinary masculine footsteps, but there seemed a sort of stealthiness about them that struck terror to my soul. They stopped as they came inside the door, and then I heard a voice, in all its intonations an American voice, and yet to me unaccountably suggestive of alien gutturals.

"Could you tell me how soon the Hempstead train will be in?"

Where had I heard that voice before? The words were commonplace enough, but I felt that I must cry out at the menace my imagination was reading into the suave tones.

"Sorry, but I haven't the slightest idea," he said. "I'm waiting myself for the Oyster Bay train. That pulls in here in half an hour."

The other man didn't reply for a moment. When he spoke there was a note of enthusiasm in his voice.

"Wonderful night, isn't it?" he asked.

"Yes, indeed," Mr. Drake replied, and then there was another silence.

"I believe I would better telephone," the newcomer said next in an offhand manner. "If I may pass you, please."

"Sorry," returned Mr. Drake, in an unmoved tone, "but my wife is using the booth now, and I have a most urgent message to send as soon as she has finished. But there is a booth upon that outside platform over there."

"Thanks," the man said curtly, and as he turned on his heel and his footsteps retreated I clutched the telephone tightly to keep from falling.

For I was sure that I recognized the voice at last. He was the man whose hand I had scarred with carbolic acid when he was trying to effect an entrance into Lillian's library—the peddler of poor William Trumbull's terrible experience.

Simple Remedies That Help To Relieve a Too-Dry Skin

BY LUCREZIA BORI

The Famous Spanish Prima Donna



LUCREZIA BORI

One of the most annoying of complexion ills is a dry skin. In many instances the skin is naturally dry, while in others the dryness is due to exposure to raw weather. In both cases it is necessary to soften the skin by the application of an oil.

Unless particular care is taken of the skin when it is inclined to dryness, the face may become wrinkled and of a parchment-like color and texture. The woman with a rough, scaly skin can manage to look well at night under soft, shaded lights, but sunlight reveals the real condition of her complexion.

There is no reason why your skin should not always be clear, soft and smooth. Begin now to correct the dryness which robs it of its fine texture.

Since every day a change takes place in your skin—the old skin dies and new forms—your hope lies in the new layer, which can be made smooth and clear and free from all blemishes if you are willing to spend a little time in giving it the proper attention.

The First Steps.

The first step in the treatment is to remove the dead skin. Wash your face with plenty of soap and water, using a vegetable soap. A complexion brush will aid in the process, but be careful to select one whose bristles are not too stiff. After scrubbing the face remove all traces of the soap by rinsing the skin with clear water several times. Then rub it vigorously with a towel. In this manner most of the dead particles of skin will be removed.

Now prevent the new layer of skin from becoming dry and rough by applying the following softening cream.

Sweet oil of almonds	2 ounces
Orange flower water	2 ounces
White wax	2 drams
Oil of sweet orange	1 dram
Spermaceti	2 drams

Should you prefer mixing this cream yourself follow these directions:

Half-fill a saucepan of boiling water. Stand a small glass or porcelain bowl in this. Shred the wax and spermaceti into the bowl. Let it melt. Heat the orange flower water, add it to the melted mixture—half a teaspoonful at a time—stirring constantly. Lift the bowl from the saucepan and beat the mixture with a silver fork, adding the oil of sweet orange, which has been heated. When the cream is white and smooth put in pots and cover with paraffin paper.

For Neck and Scalp.

Rub the cream into the skin until the pores have absorbed all they will hold. Allow a coating of the emollient to remain upon the skin as long as you can conveniently do so, particularly during the night.

Lotions that soften and refine are also excellent for a skin that's too dry. Almost any of the cucumber or honey-and-almond preparations are valuable for this purpose.

But dryness of the skin doesn't confine itself to the face. There is a dryness of the neck that is very unsightly, especially when evening gowns are worn. To overcome this condition massage the throat, neck and shoulders frequently with olive oil or almond oil. First warm the skin and rub it gently but firmly into the skin.

When the hands are rough use the following lotion freely:

Glycerine	2 ounces
Rosewater	3 ounces
Tincture of benzoin	30 drops

Dryness of the scalp is ruinous to the hair and should be corrected as soon as the tiny particles of dry skin begin to powder your tresses. Massaging the scalp and frequently brushing the hair will do much toward relieving this condition, but a lotion of some kind should be applied to the scalp as well. Any reliable tonic containing a softening, nourishing oil should be rubbed into the scalp with the fingertips or a soft toothbrush.

Dryness of the skin is a blemish that will respond quickly to treatment if kept up regularly. Why not soften and beautify the texture of your skin?

KITCHEN ECONOMIES

BY ISOBEL BRANDS

OF THE APPLECROFT EXPERIMENT STATION.

Four Delicious Ways to Make Cabbage the Main Dinner Dish.

When you want to prepare a substantial "one-piece" dish try cabbage and variations. For cabbage is not only a vegetable side dish and salad basis, but also combines with other foods into most appetizing dishes. A few drops of vinegar added to the cabbage will minimize the odor, or if you will leave the cover off the stew pan while cooking it will not be so offensive.

Baked Stuffed Cabbage.

One head of cabbage.
2 cupfuls of any chopped leftover meat.
1 cupful of breadcrumbs.
¼ cupful of milk.
1 egg.
½ teaspoonful of mace.

Scoop out the centre of the cabbage. Mix together into the cabbage. Tie the cabbage in a cheesecloth, so that it will hold its shape, then bake it or steam it until it is tender.

Cabbage Au Gratin.

1 medium-sized cabbage.
1 cupful of stale breadcrumbs.
1½ cupfuls of white sauce.
½ teaspoonful of salt.
1 tablespoonful of grated cheese.

Remove the outer leaves of the cabbage and cut it into eighths. Soak it in cold water for half an hour. Boil it, adding salt when the cabbage begins to get tender. When tender, remove it from the water and drain it. Place the cabbage in a buttered baking dish. Pour over it the white sauce. Cover it with the breadcrumbs, grated cheese, a little butter and bake it until browned.

Casserole of Cabbage.

3 cupfuls of cabbage.
2 small onions.
3 tablespoonfuls of butter.
1 teaspoonful of salt.
⅛ teaspoonful of pepper.
⅛ teaspoonful of nutmeg.
1 teaspoonful of sugar.
1 cupful of minced meat.
2 cloves.
2 cupfuls of strained tomato juice.
3 tablespoonfuls of flour.
1½ cupfuls of water.

Chop the onions and fry them for five minutes. Add the flour and seasonings, stirring them well, then add the tomato, meat, water and also the cabbage. When boiling, pour the whole into a casserole and bake it two hours, and serve.

Cabbage and Chestnuts.

1 small head of cabbage.
2 cupfuls of chestnuts.
2 tablespoonfuls of butter.
1 tablespoonful of sugar.
1-3 cupful of stock.
½ teaspoonful of salt.
A few grains of cayenne.

Cook the cabbage in boiling, salted water until it is tender, then drain it and saute lightly in a little butter. Cook the chestnuts in boiling, salted water until they are soft. Cook the butter and sugar together until brown, stirring constantly. Add the chestnuts and when the chestnuts are brown add the shredded cabbage, stock and other ingredients.

If you desire any further recipes for preparing cabbage, write Isobel Brands direct, addressing her at the Applecroft Experiment Station, Greenlawn, N.Y., and inclosig a stamped, self-addressed envelope for a reply.

WINIFRED BLACK

Writes About If You Were Forty-One.

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Winifred Black

Oh, yes, it's all very well telling what you'd do if you were twenty-one, but how about some of the other ages?

Take forty-one, for instance—what would you do if you were forty-one, and, what is quite as important, what are some of the things you would not do, if you were forty-one?

If I were forty-one, I shouldn't try to pretend that I was just sweet sixteen or even only twenty-five.

No one ever believes you when you do that, and it is such a waste of energy to try to make them do it.

I wouldn't carry around a signboard saying "I am forty-one," either, and I wouldn't always murmur things about "at my age."

Forget Your Age.

Who cares how old you are, or how young you are, except the doctor and the directors of a life insurance company? It only bores people to think about it, people who are of the least importance and intelligence, I mean.

There is, of course, a certain type which always wants to know, not what you are and how you live and whether you are good or bad, selfish or unselfish, fine and ignoble, but how much money you have, what was your mother's first cousin's maiden name, why your Aunt Belinda never married, how many times you've worn your prettiest party dress, what rent you pay, how many times a year you have your bedroom curtains washed, and—how old you are.

But people like this don't count. No one cares what they think, anyhow. So I'd let the age question drop—if I were forty-one.

And I wouldn't be jealous of every young, fresh, pretty girl and every blooming, joyous, young, beautiful matron, and every gay, attractive, interesting belle—if I were forty-one.

I'd remember my own youth and my own joy in it, and I'd borrow a few years and a little fun and a lot of gayety, and some faith and some trust and some belief in life from every young girl and every hopeful, happy lad I could manage to know and love and understand.

I wouldn't forget what life meant to me when I was sixteen—I'd remember, and I'd try to give Sixteen some of the good times I had myself and some more of the good times I missed.

I'd forget the sad things and the dreary things and the bitter things in my own life, and I'd keep right on remembering everything that's sweet and pleasant and kindly and encouraging, and I'd think of them for an hour a day, if I ever found myself getting bitter and cynical.

Expect the Best.

And if people didn't invite me to their parties any more, I wouldn't be cross about it and think it was because I wasn't pretty or didn't have enough jewels. I'd watch myself and find out what was the matter—not with the party and not with the people who gave it, and not with the pretty girl who was the belle of the occasion, and not with the men who flocked around us—but with myself! And when I had found that out, I'd have the key to the puzzle and wouldn't have to look for the answer another minute.

And I wouldn't expect my friends to be perfect. I'd get over that on the day I saw my first grey hair and felt like sitting down in a corner and crying about it.

But I wouldn't cry about it. I'd laugh, and I'd say:

"Welcome, Wisdom. Good-day to you, good friend Experience. Step into my heart, dear Tolerance. Bear me company the rest of the way, sweet Patience. Sing in my heart for all the long years to come, kind Memory. Here's the first leaf in my chaplet of laurel."

Then I'd pin a rose in my hair, right where it was beginning to get grey, and I'd laugh when people spoke of it, and the first thing I knew they'd be laughing with me, and all the world would turn into a sweet and reasonable and tempered place for a sweet and reasonable and tempered being to live.

And it wouldn't be a bad thing at all to be forty-one, but a sweet and beautiful and powerful and joyous thing—and that is what all life should be, and what all life is just as soon as we learn to make it so.

To-morrow's Horoscope

By Genevieve Kemble

TUESDAY, MARCH 26.

This promises to be a day of much gratifying achievement, excepting, perhaps, for those in the employment of others. The two greatest "malefics" promise unstinted aid, particularly from elderly persons, through Saturnine avenues—such as printing, machinery, mining, agriculture, "things in the earth"—as well as through combinations, alliances and schemes. From these there should be financial increase and profit, as Jupiter, too, is under the best possible Lunar aspect. Mars is under slight affliction, which admonishes against argument, petulance, quarrels and law. With these warnings, it is a day for pushing to the bent of the abilities with every prospect for large returns.

Those whose birthday it is should have a year of enterprise and increase. Those in employment should not attempt change, or seek favors. A child born on this day will be proud, generous, steady and persevering, but must be taught not to be overbearing.

The Origin of Famous Sayings

Charles Kingsley. 1819—1875.

Be good, sweet maid, and let who will be clever;
Do noble things, not dream them all day long;
And so make life, death, and that vast forever
One grand, sweet song.

—A Farewell.

The world goes up and the world goes down,
And the sunshine follows the rain;
And yesterday's sneer and yesterday's frown
Can never come over again.

—Dolcino to Margaret.

To be discontented with the divine discontent, and to be ashamed with the noble shame, is the very germ of the first upgrowth of all virtue.

—Health and Education.

The water of the Antarctic Ocean has been proved to be colder than that of the Arctic seas.

THIS WEAK, NERVOUS WOMAN TOOK VINOL

It Made Her Strong and Well

Barneveld, Wis.—"I was in a weak, nervous, run-down, anaemic condition, so that my housework was a burden. Vinol was recommended, and it made me well and strong. It is certainly the best tonic and strength creator I have ever taken."—Mrs. John Lewis.

Vinol is a cod liver and iron constitutional remedy for weak, nervous, run-down conditions of men, women and children. Your money will be returned if it does not help you.

Taylor Drug Company, London; also at the best druggists in all Ontario towns.

A KITCHEN ENCYCLOPÆDIA THE PURITY FLOUR COOK BOOK

containing 180 pages of tried and tested information on food preparation reviewed and approved by the DOMESTIC SCIENCE DEPARTMENT of the McDONALD INSTITUTE

Mailed post paid for 20 cents

Western Canada Flour Mills Co Limited

TORONTO.

22

PETROLEA.—Dealers from northern Michigan are here taking orders for potatoes at $1.80 per bag. This price covers a duty of 40 cents a bag.



Your Liver Is the Best Beauty Doctor

A dull, yellow, lifeless skin, or pimples and eruptions, are twin brothers to constipation.

Bile, nature's own laxative, is getting into your blood instead of passing out of your system as it should.

This is the treatment, in successful use for 50 years:—one pill daily (more only when necessary).

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bears Signature

Colorless faces often show the absence of Iron in the blood.

Carter's Iron Pills

will help this condition.

NUXATED IRON



You Can Tell the Women with Plenty of Iron in their Blood---Beautiful Healthy Rosy Cheeked Women Full of Life Vim and Vitality.

Dr. Ferdinand King, New York Physician and Medical Author, says physicians should prescribe more organic iron—Nuxated Iron—for their patients—Says anaemia—iron deficiency—is the greatest curse to the health, strength, vitality and beauty of the modern American Woman,—Sounds warning against use of metallic iron which may injure the teeth, corrode the stomach and in some cases thereby do more harm than good; advises use of only nuxated iron, taken three times per day after meals. It will increase the strength and endurance of weak, nervous, run-down folks in 10 days' time in many instances. *Dispensed by all good druggists.*

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapepsin" makes sick, sour, gassy stomachs feel fine.

Time it! In five minutes your sour, acid stomach feels fine. No indigestion, heartburn, or belching of gas, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in sweetening upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain stomach antacid in the whole world, and besides, it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and enjoy it, without dread of acid fermentation in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement due to fermentation and acidity, at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

Why Chilly Weather Brings Rheumatism

Says skin pores are closed and uric acid remains in blood.

Rheumatism is no respecter of age, sex, color or rank. If not the most dangerous of human afflictions, it is one of the most painful. Those subject to rheumatism should eat less meat, dress as warmly as possible, avoid any undue exposure, and, above all, drink lots of pure water.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid, which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine; the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid, which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles, causing stiffness, soreness and pain, called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

CANUCKS SEND GAS TORRENT INTO THE FOE

Greatest Gas Bombardment in World's History.

GERMANS LOSE HEAVILY

Hun Beaten at His Own Game of Diabolical Invention.

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Thursday, March 21.—Via London, March 24.—(By W. A. Willson, special correspondent of the Canadian Press.)—While German and British troops were struggling far to the south in the opening clash of the spring campaign, the greatest projector gas bombardment in the world's history was carried out by the Canadians last night against enemy positions between Lens and Hill 70. Sharply at 11 o'clock a signal rocket gave notice of its beginning. A moment later over 5,000 drums of lethal gas, simulanteously released from projectors, were hurled into enemy territory from the outskirts of Lens to Cite St. Auguste and Bois-de-Dixhuit. From his front lines and strong points favoring winds carried the poisonous clouds back upon the enemy's dugouts, supports, reserves and assembly areas.

Germans Signal Distress.

The whole front was lit up with enemy flares, which could be dimly seen through the heavy mist, while the men in our line could hear the enemy's gas alarm and cries of distress from the hostile trenches.

Nine minutes later our field artillery, supported by heavy guns and trench mortars, opened up with a slow bombardment, increasing in violence until, 40 minute later, the enemy positions were swept with a short, intensive, creeping barrage, which raked his forward and rear areas with high explosives.

Caught by our gas, without a moment's warning and caught again as he was emerging from his shelter by our artillery, the enemy's casualties must have been very heavy, for the effectiveness of our smaller gas operations had been emphatically proved by the evidence of prisoners, and tonight's bombardment was three times greater than anything of its kind ever attempted by us on the western front, and much greater than anything ever launched by the Boche.

Canada's Mighty Revenge.

Canada in the field has had a mighty revenge for the intermittent gas activities of the Hun during the last three weeks, though the scores of the second battle of Ypres and other reckonings are still to be settled—and will be settled. Forced reluctantly to retaliatory tactics after the Hun had outraged all the principles of civilized warfare, our scientists and chemists have beaten Germany in her chosen field.

Information gathered from numerous prisoners proves that the Huns fear the Allied gas and gas machinery. It is his own morale which is being affected. His forces were beaten off with heavy loss shortly after 5 o'clock this morning, when they launched a raid in strength against our trenches in the Hill 70 sector.

MAGNETIC CURRENTS ENABLE CANNON TO BOMBARD PARISIANS

American Chemist Explains How Friction Is Likely Eliminated.

Paris, March 25.—A prominent American chemist, whose name is withheld for military reasons, in a statement to the Associated Press yesterday concerning the long-range gun that is being used to bombard Paris, advanced the theory that the barrel of the gun is surrounded by a magnetic field which keeps the shell virtually free from the sides of the gun when it is being fired, thereby greatly increasing the muzzle velocity of the gun. The chemist pointed out that apparently the same propulsive power was being used as in other high-velocity guns, but in much greater quantity. He added that the shell of the new gun travels to a great height and largely through atmosphere much thinner than that traversed by the ordinary shell, and therefore with much less air resistance. The opinion was given that the shell probably is made of highly-tempered tungsten steel and that the deterioration of the barrel of the gun is not likely to be as rapid as in the ordinary high-velocity gun because of the elimination of friction. It was stated that heavy charges of explosives would tend to decrease the accuracy of the gun.

PLAN TO MAKE FAIR A RECORD-BREAKER

INGERSOLL, March 23.—The Ingersoll, Dereham, North and West Oxford Agricultural Society, at a meeting this afternoon, took early action in arranging for the Ingersoll Fair, which it was decided to hold on September 30 and October 1. These are the days—Monday and Tuesday—on which the fair has been held for several years past. Many matters pertaining to the success of the fair were discussed, and it is hoped that last year's splendid record will be surpassed.

The board listened to a report from President R. A. Skinner and J. B. Thompson, who attended the meeting of the Fairs Association at Toronto in February.

The following committees were appointed for the work of the year: Heavy horses, J. L. Revell, E. Moulton; light horses, W. H. Chambers, E. S. Dodge; cattle, John Nancekivell, T. G. Gregg; sheep and hogs, W. J. Stephenson, A. J. Budd; poultry and grain, Wm. Colyer, A. D. Robinson; roots and vegetables, J. B. Thompson, George Way; fruits and flowers and dairy products, A. Mitchell and George Uren; school fairs, A. D. Robinson, W. H. Chambers, E. Moulton, Wm. Colyer. The president will act with each committee.

J. B. Thompson was appointed the society's representative to act in conjunction with the council and the 3,000 Club in the matter of greater production.

WESTERN ONTARIO BRIEFS

INGERSOLL.—Commissioner Richards of the Salvation Army addressed largely-attended missionary meetings Sunday, at which Donald Sutherland, M.P., presided.

WINDSOR.—James Morrill was notified last evening that his son, Harold Morrill, of the Flying Corps, had been killed at Saloniki. He was 20 years old.

HESPELER.—Three foreigners convicted of breaking the liquor laws were fined $200 each by Magistrates Jardine and Weaver.

ST. THOMAS.—Robert Pincombe has completed negotiations by which he becomes the owner of the Dake block on Talbot street.



LIEUT.-COL. T. B. WELCH, who died at Windsor on Sunday, was for many years a resident of Strathroy, and was widely known all through this district. He brought the 99th Battalion, which he recruited and trained, to London, and it left from this city for overseas.

LT.-COL. WELCH DIES AT WINDSOR AFTER SERIOUS OPERATION

WINDSOR, March 24.—Lieut.-Col. Thomas B. Welch, the first soldier from Canada to set foot in France, died at his home, 182 Ouellete avenue, this afternoon, following complications which resulted from an operation he underwent for kidney trouble on Wednesday last. The funeral will be held on Wednesday afternoon to Strathroy.

Lieut.-Col. Welch has been the central figure in mobilizing and organizing units in Windsor since the war began. When the war broke out he offered his services to the Government, and became transport officer for the first contingent. As officer in charge of this division, he was the first of the Dominion soldiers to set foot on French soil.

After a year's service in France he was recalled to organize and command the 99th Battalion, the first county battalion to be raised in Canada. He went to England with the battalion, but here it was broken up and the men detailed to fill gaps in other Canadian contingents on the fighting front.

Shortly afterwards he returned to Windsor and was made head of the Windsor centre for recruiting.

During the recent election he took a most active part, being one of the most ardent supporters of Wm. C. Kennedy, the Laurier-Liberal candidate. He also spoke in aid of other Liberals in various parts of Western Ontario.

Lieut.-Col. Welch was 61 years old, and came here from Strathroy eight years ago. He was engaged in the retail drug business until going overseas. He was a native of Scotland.

CANTERBURY ASKS PRAYERS FOR FIGHTERS

LONDON, March 23.—The Archbishop of Canterbury today issued the following:

"It is obvious that in these days of anxiety special prayers ought to be offered in all our churches on behalf of the army and the righteous cause for which we are fighting."

JAPANESE CONTINUE CAMPAIGN PREPARATION

London, March 25.—An Exchange Telegraph Company dispatch from Tien Tsin, China, dated Friday, says that the latest message from Tokio declared that the Japanese Government regarded the Siberian situation as sufficiently grave to warrant the continuance of preparation. Further formal deliberations between Japan and the principal allied powers, it is added, would be necessary in order to obtain absolutely unanimity.

NEW AIR RAID ALARM DISTURBS PARISIANS, BUT PROVES FALSE ONE

Paris, March 25.—Another air raid alarm was sounded shortly after 1 o'clock this morning. After three-quarters of an hour firemen's bugles and church bells announced that all was clear and the Parisians were able to return to their beds.

SPANISH STEAMER SUNK.

BARCELONA, March 21.—It is reported here that the Spanish steamer Begona IV., of Bilbao, has been torpedoed by a submarine. The crew succeeded in reaching Naples.

The Begona IV. is not listed in available shipping registers. Apparently she is identical with the steamer Begona, reported in official dispatches from Barcelona received from Washington yesterday as having been attacked and sunk by a German submarine while she was bound to Piraeus.

LEMONS BRING OUT THE HIDDEN BEAUTY

Make This Lotion For Very Little Cost and Just See For Yourself.

An attractive skin wins admiration. In social life and in business the girl or woman whose face and hands show evidence of constant care enjoys a tremendous advantage over those who do not realize the value of a healthy skin and a spotless complexion.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan, and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin.

DOES YOUR SCALP ITCH?

And hair fall out because of dandruff or eczema? Use Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Samples free with 32-page book. Address Cuticura, Dept. S, Boston.

ALL-NIGHT DISORDER FOLLOWS ELECTION OF CAPT. WM. REDMOND

WATERFORD, Ireland, March 23.—The election of Capt. William Redmond to the House of Commons over Dr. White, a Sinn Feiner, was accompanied by disorders here which lasted all night.

Crowds of men and women paraded the streets. Windows were broken, firearms were used and twenty persons were injured. One of these is Dr. White, who was hit on the head with a brick when the result of the election was announced. Capt. Redmond was cheered by crowds. Joseph Devlin, a prominent Nationalist member of Parliament, in a speech from a window of a hotel, said Waterford had struck a blow for the honor of Ireland.

JURY FAILS TO AGREE IN DYNAMITING CASE

MONTREAL, March 23.—The jury trying the nine men charged with complicity in the attempted destruction of Lord Atholstan's residence at Cartierville last summer have disagreed. They returned to the court this afternoon and announced that, while they were satisfied Goyer, Cyr, Bolduc, Chagnon, Romeo, Wisintainer and Paquette should be given their liberty, they were unable to reach a verdict regarding Eugene Tremblay, the member of the gang turning king's evidence, Eli Lalumiere, one of the three leaders, and Charles Desjardins, the former federal police officer.

Accordingly, bail was fixed at $30,000 each for Lalumiere and Desjardins, and Tremblay was returned to jail without bail as a material witness for the retrial which will open on April 2.

The six remaining defendants were allowed their liberty, and it is said they will not be called upon again to answer the charge on which they have been held.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES ASHAMED TO GO OUT

Many an otherwise beautiful and attractive face is sadly marred by unsightly pimples, blotches, flesh worms and various other blood diseases.

Their presence is a source of embarrassment to those afflicted, as well as pain and regret to their friends.

Many a cheek and brow cast in the mold of beauty have been sadly defaced, their attractiveness lost and their possessor rendered unhappy for years.

Why, then, consent to rest under this cloud of embarrassment?

There is an effectual remedy for all these defects.

It is Burdock Blood Bitters. This remedy will drive out all the impurities from the blood and leave the complexion healthy and clear.

Mrs. Katherine Henry, Port Sydney, Ont., writes: "Two years ago my face was so covered with pimples I was ashamed to go out at all. I tried several remedies, but they were of no use. At last a friend advised me to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I got a bottle, and by the time it was used I could see a difference. I then got two more, and when I had used them the pimples were completely gone. I can highly recommend B. B. B."

Manufactured only by the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Haig Relies on Men To Crush Last Hope of Foe for Success

LONDON, March 24.—The following telegram, dated March 21, has been sent to the general officers commanding the third and fifth British armies:

"The field marshal, commanding-in-chief, sends his congratulations to the troops of your army on their splendid defence today. He relies upon their continued steadfastness and valor to crush this new attack, and with it the enemy's last hope of success."

CHARGED WITH MAKING DEFECTIVE PARTS FOR U. S. WATER TORPEDOES

PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—Frederick Schubert, vice-president and general manager of the United States Gauge Company, was arrested by federal agents at Sellersville, Pa., today in connection with the alleged conspiracy to defraud the Government by furnishing defective high-pressure gauges for water torpedoes. This makes the fourth executive of the company taken into custody.

ARMISTICE EXTENDED WHILE RUMANIA FORMS ITS NEW GOVERNMENT

BERLIN, March 23.—Via London.—Today's official communique states that because of the delay in the formation of the new Rumanian cabinet the armistice with Rumania has been extended by three days.

A Berlin dispatch on Wednesday announced that the armtistice with Rumania had been extended until March 22 at midnight.

The foregoing message indicates that the newly-extended armistice therefore will expire at midnight of March 25.

BRITISH AIRMEN DRIVE NINE DOWN IN ITALY

French Patrol Cautures Prisoners at Monte Tomba.

LONDON, March 24. — "There have been slight artillery actions and activity by reconnoitering parties along the whole front," says today's war office report. "A French patrol captured a few prisoners at Monte Tomba."

LONDON, March 24.—An official statement dealing with aerial activity on the Italian front, issued early today, says:

"Saturday our aircraft superiority was maintained. Eight enemy machines were destroyed, one was driven down out of control, and we suffered no loss ourselves."

The PLAZA HOTEL NEW YORK

FIFTH AVENUE and FIFTY NINTH ST.

Exclusive, quiet and homelike, with an unhampered view of Central Park in all its beauty.

Within easy reach of all theatres and shops.

Reservations now being made for over Easter.

FRED STERRY, Managing Director.

2xv—May15

ADAMS BLACK JACK

Remember the boys at the front. They need chewing gum and their preference is usually Adams Black Jack. A stick a day keeps a cough away. Every time you buy some for yourself, buy some for a soldier, too.



ADAMS

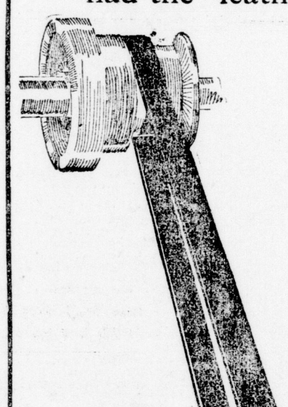
Pure Chewing Gum

EXTRA POWER BELTING

Breaking Belt Records

Some of Canada's biggest machine shops are hearty friends to Extra Power Belting—because they believe in the conservation of energy and the efficient transmission of power. We have in mind one in particular.

Sixteen months ago this shop was equipped throughout with leather belting. They had the "leather belt" habit.



But one pipe cutting machine was giving continual belt trouble. It was a slow, heavy drive—handling pipe up to 15 in. in diameter. The best record made by leather belts was six months. The superintendent was not satisfied.

Sixteen months ago we induced them to try Extra Power on this difficult drive. That one belt sold itself to them over and over again.

Sixteen months—and it is still in service. Sixteen months—and never taken up, never dressed. Sixteen months—and the machine has never stalled. And they say the belt is "in A-1 condition".

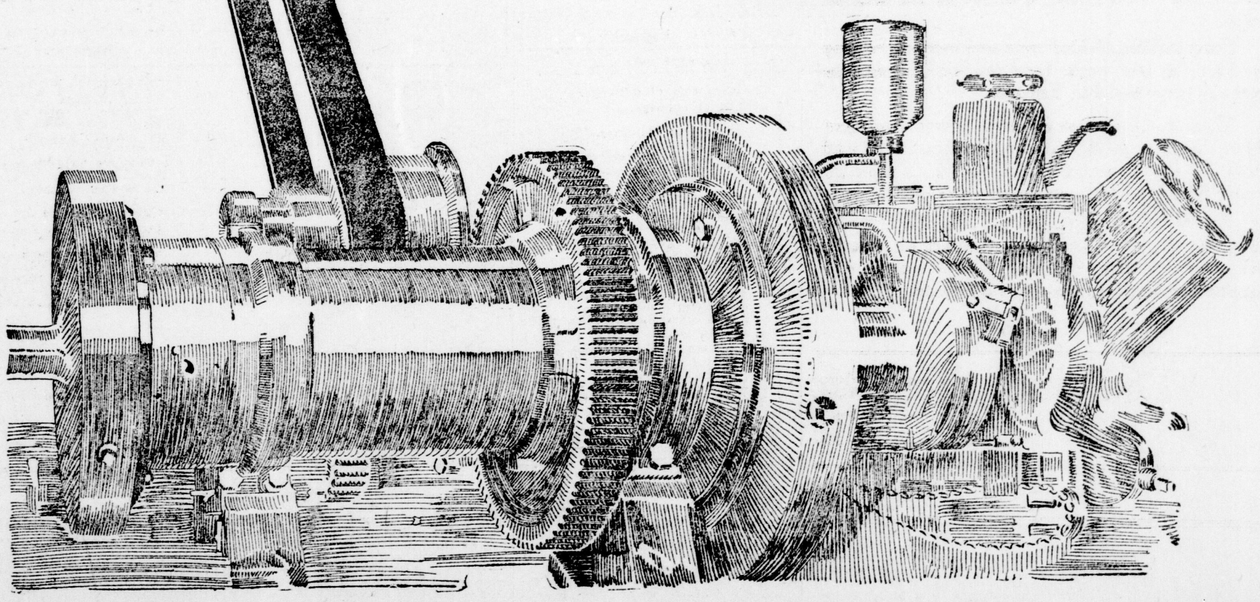
This is a splendid record; but it is not unusual for Extra Power to show such superiority over other belts. Our files become daily heavier with commendations from the hundreds of Extra Power users in Canada.

Extra flexibility; great strength without power-squandering weight; long life; a pulley-gripping, coal-saving friction surface—these are the qualities which are winning Canadian industrials to Extra Power Belting.

Somewhere in Canada men in your line of industry are using Extra Power Belting. Let us tell you what it has done for them. Let us show you how it will save you money and make you money. 'Phone or write your nearest Goodyear branch. No obligation, of course.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited

Branches: HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, MONTREAL, OTTAWA, TORONTO, HAMILTON, LONDON, WINNIPEG, REGINA, CALGARY, EDMONTON, VANCOUVER.
Service stocks in smaller cities.



Drawing of the actual machine referred to above

Lack of food—threatens the battle line

ONTARIO

"The food wanted by mankind does not exist.
The word 'shortage' is not strong enough.
The whole world is up against a nasty thing, familiar to the people of India, called 'famine.'"
—Lord Rhondda,
Britain's Food Controller.

One year ago, only the enemy was on rations.

To-day, Great Britain, France and Italy, are on rations.

To-day, Germany controls the wheat lands of Roumania, Russia, Poland and Ukrania.

To-day, the shadows of hunger, famine, disease and death hang over the Allies.

Upon the 1918 crop from Canada and the United States depends the fate of the democratic peoples of the world.

If that crop is sufficient the Allies can be fed.

If that crop is not sufficient the Allies may have to accept a German peace.

That Battle-Line in France and Flanders Must Not Want

Do you realize what a German Peace would mean to Canada?

Germany covets our natural resources—our agricultural and mineral wealth, our forests, our fisheries, everything that is Canada's.

Germany won't be satisfied with European territory, with teeming masses, wrangling factions and depleted natural resources. She wants colonies—big, thinly-populated countries in temperate zones for her sons and daughters to go to propagate their kind.

The Kaiser would sacrifice millions of Germans to-morrow if he thought that by so doing he could set foot on Canada's shores as Conqueror.

And what's more, the Germans would offer themselves for the sacrifice, so great is their subjection to the military ideal.

The only thing that balks German ambition is that battle line from the North Sea to Switzerland—and the British Navy.

The Only Thing That Sustains Our Men on Land and Sea--Is Food

What are we, each one of us, prepared to do to insure that Food supply?

Germany, by her submarine campaign, has seen that great Armada, the British Mercantile Marine, shrink in volume.

Germany has seen South America, Australia, New Zealand, India and far away outposts of the Empire practically cut off from supplying food to the Motherland because of the lack of ships.

Forty million Allied men and women having been put on war work, food production has dangerously decreased in Europe.

These forty million consume more food than when they were in ordinary occupations, and there are fewer men for farming. Hence an increased demand and decreased supplies.

The harvest of France was one-third less in 1917 than 1916, and this year must be smaller still, owing to lack of fertilizers, which cannot be supplied through shortage of shipping.

The world's decrease in live stock, as compared to 1913, is approximately 115,000,000 head.

Herbert Hoover Says:

"Our European Allies are dependent upon us for greater quantities of food than we have ever before exported. They are the first line of our defence. Our money, our ships, our life blood, and not least of all, OUR FOOD supply, must be of a common stock.

"In pre-war times, Britain, France, Italy and Belgium yearly imported more than 750,000,000 bushels of grain, plus vast quantities of meats and fats.

"The submarine destruction of shipping has made it necessary to abandon the hope of bringing food from South America, Australasia and India.

"Food must, therefore, be shipped from Canada and the United States—the nearest and safest route.

"Canadian and United States supplies are normally 350,000,000 bushels short of the Allied needs. By greater production and conservation Canada and the United States must combine to increase the export of grain by 150,000,000 bushels.

"The remaining shortage of 200,000,000 bushels must be overcome by greater reduction in consumption in the allied countries. And this is being done by Britain, France and Italy rationing their people.

"From two and a half years of contact with the German Army I have come out of the horror with the complete conviction that autocracy is a political faith and a system that directly endangers and jeopardizes the future of our race—that threatens our very independence. It has, however, been able to command a complete inspiration of devotion and self-sacrifice in its people to the interest of their nation. The German farmer, in the name of the Fatherland, supports a nation two-thirds as large as the United States and threatens to subject the world from an area one-half the size of Ontario.

"My vision of war is not of an academic problem to be solved by discussion. To me it is a vision of brave, dying men and suffering women and children, for service on whose behalf the greater exertion of the Allies' farmers comes as a direct necessity and a direct plea. The Canadian and the United States citizen who sees war as I see it, needs no inducement and no inspiration but the thought that every spade full of earth turned, and every animal reared is lessening human suffering and guaranteeing the liberty of the world."

Lloyd George's Warning

"I fear the disciplined people behind the German Army, the rationed family and the determination of wife and sister and daughter and mother to stand and starve—so that their fighting men may be fed—I fear it more than the Imperial German Army itself."

Britain is now on Food Rations.

France is now on Food Rations.

Italy is on the verge of starvation. Only continuous support from us can enable us to hold out.

Only with a disciplined people behind can we hope to win. The rationed British Nation, blood of our blood, bone of our bone, are proudly paying the price and sharing with France and Italy their limited stock of food. For in this there is mighty pride, a conscious measuring of their glory with the best traditions of ancient Sparta, and of Imperial Rome, for Britons know that upon them rests the burden of saving humanity. The story of their service shall ring and echo forever along the hill tops of history.

The Heart of This Problem is Labour

Without More Farm Labour More Food Cannot be Produced

If you really want to serve your Country in a big, practical way, register now for farm labour, or urge or assist your male employees to do so.

To Send More Food to Our Allies Is Not Charity

It is war. The Allies have a right to demand it. They have a right to resent the offer of only what is "left over." Those who are fighting the common battle for civilization and for our protection have a higher claim than had Lazarus, to only the "crumbs that fall from the rich man's table."

The Canadian people must recognize that Our Allies have the first claim on our food supplies.

As the shipping situation makes the Allies dependent upon the North American continent for food, it is vitally necessary that Canada should increase her production of food in order to take a larger part in providing for the Allies' requirements. This is especially urgent as the maintenance of a large United States army in the European field will cause a very heavy drain on that country's food resources.

There must be no peace without victory.

For nearly four years Germany has been struggling against the powers of law and order. She has failed so far to make good her escape with her booty by superior strength and skill. And now she is attempting by intrigue, suggestion, device and propaganda to divert the attention of her antagonists from the struggle itself, and thus to gain her ends by relaxing the strength and skill of her antagonists.

What she can gain from these tactics is plain to all the world in the sorrowful experience of Russia.

Germany's most dangerous weapon is not her Zeppelin—that is obsolete. Not her submarine—that can be overcome. Not her machine-like army—that has been repeatedly hurled back by the living armies of freemen. Her most dangerous weapon is her propaganda of peace.

While with her hands she murders and despoils, with her voice she invites to parleys.

When Liberty is in Peril There is Threat of Lasting Disaster in the Very Word "Peace"

Lord Leverhulme, long known in Canada as Sir William Lever, who knows well the German mind, in a recent interview stated:

"You will never be able to dictate terms to Germany [illegible] she is beaten. The argument you mention is founded on the dangerous fallacy that because Germany is sick of this war she is sick of war in general. She isn't. I doubt if her Government is even sick of this war. You've read the speech of that old brigand, Hertling. Is there any sign of repentance in that speech? Is it a chastened speech? Is it the speech of a statesman who wants disarmament and a league of nations? No! Germany is back in her mood of 1914. She believes she is winning the war. She believes she has won now. And if we talk of peace she HAS won it. Why, it would be better a thousand times that every man in England should be dead than that Germany should issue from this war with the feeling of a conqueror. You hear people use the phrase, 'to the last man, and the last shilling,' and you think it is only a bit of rhetoric, but to my mind it's the most solemn and absolute truth. I mean when I say it that it would in very truth be a million times better for the people of these islands to be dead, every one of them, rather than live on as the serfs of a triumphant Prussia."

How can any lover of liberty remain insensible to this peril?

Food means Victory and the world made safe for democracy—

Lack of food means disaster and subjugation to Germany.

The Citizens of Ontario Must Lead This Mighty Crusade for Greater Food Production

They did it last year and will do it again.

As the greatest food-producing Province, Ontario must maintain her leadership in America. Great are our opportunities—our responsibility is tremendous.

Upon every man and woman, boy and girl, rests a personal obligation to serve. Every pound of food produced, in whatever form, is a contribution to the Cause of Freedom.

Ontario farmers should sow 500,000 acres of spring wheat.

Every Ontario farmer whose land is at all suitable should put an extra five acres into wheat, even at the expense of another crop.

What YOU Can Do to Help

At all costs production must be maintained.

That's why farmers and farmers' sons are being exempted from military service. Working on a farm is equivalent to service in the Second Line Trenches.

To enable the farmer to do the work two factors are essential. The first is Time. Whatever we are to do must be done at once. Nature waits for no man. The second is Labor. Many farmers cannot plant the acres they would because they cannot get the necessary help. Many are afraid to increase their acreage because they fear they would not be able to cultivate and harvest an unusual crop after they had raised it.

The burden is not one to be placed solely upon the farmer. Neither can it be placed upon the townsman. It is a personal obligation upon every man, woman, boy and girl, in every farm, town and city home in the Province of Ontario.

AWAY WITH CRITICISM—CO-OPERATE! Mr. City man, don't say that the farmer should do so-and-so, and thus allow criticism in this hour of our Nation's peril to cripple your effort.

Mr. Farmer, don't hastily under-estimate the value the city man can be to you.

Get Together in the Fight For Liberty

Let us not lament what MIGHT be, but earnestly face what MUST be.

Fifteen thousand boys between the ages of fifteen and nineteen must be organized as "Soldiers of the Soil" to work on Ontario farms this season.

Farmers can get one or more of these boys by applying to their District Representatives or to the Public Employment Bureaux at Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton or London.

Unmarried men, exempted from military service, are urged to take up farm work. Married men who have had previous experience on a farm are urged to resume farm work for a season. Employers of labor are asked to assist men to take up farm work.

We urge the farmers and the townsmen to get together for greater production in the interests of a free people and democracy.

Let the Organization of Resources Committee, your District Representatives or the Public Employment Bureaux act as your intermediaries.

When we have done our best, the cry for food cannot be wholly met.

For the rest—our Allies are tightening their belts.

Organization of Resources Committee
Parliament Buildings, Toronto Ontario.

CHAIRMAN: His Honor Sir John S. Hendrie, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario. VICE-CHAIRMEN; Honorable Sir William H. Hearst, K.C.M.G., Prime Minister of Ontario; William Proudfoot, Esq., K.C., Leader of the Opposition. SECRETARY: Albert H. Abbott, Esq., Ph.D.

The only thing that balks German ambition is the battle line in France and--- the British Navy.
The only thing that sustains our men on land and sea is Food

AMUSEMENTS. LECTURES

PATRICIA

TODAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY.
TAYLOR HOLMES
IN "FOOLS FOR LUCK."
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN "WORK."
TASMANIAN TRIO
Harmony and Comedy.
CANADIAN SCENIC.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY.
"Two Little Imps," Featuring Jane and Katherine Lee.
Good Friday matinee, all seats reserved, 15 and 25c. 40u

MAJESTIC
THE THEATRE · THE SHOW · THE ORCHESTRA
TODAY AND TUESDAY.
ANN PENNINGTON
IN "SUNSHINE NAN."
Matinee only: EARLE WILLIAMS in "AN AMERICAN LIVE-WIRE."
Vaudeville, Keystone Comedy and News Weekly.

Princess :: Theatre
TODAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY.
"THE LOVING TWINS"
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY.
"THIS WAY OUT."
Musical comedies. Theatre under new management.

TONIGHT
ISOLDE MENGES
The World's Renowned Violinist.
and
EILEEN BEATTIE
Australia's Most Talented Pianist.
AT THE
MASONIC TEMPLE
8:15 P.M.
Tickets 50c, 75c and $1.
Special rates for parties of ten or more.
Plan now open at Heintzman & Co. b

VICTORY BONDS
Exempt from Dominion war tax. Victory Loan and all Canadian bonds. Invest in Canada's premier securities.
F. B. CLARKE
London Stock Exchange, 416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ontario.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DANCING — EVERY WEEK — PALACE Academy—Three big nights, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. Best orchestra, floor and program in London. Join us. Lessons any time. Dayton & McCormick.

NOT A DULL MOMENT FROM start to finish in the program supplied by the Henderson Amusement Exchange, 91 Wellington street, London. Phone 2670.

PHONE 2198 REGARDING MINERAL baths and massage treatments for various ailments. Experienced attendants.

LONDON JUVENILE PIPE BAND—Expert dancers and entertainers. Concert engagements accepted, whole or part program provided. Sole booker, Pipe-Major Macdonald, 480 Colborne, London. Phone 4215.

SAM MUNRO, CANADA'S JUVENILE Harry Lauder, dancer. Concerts accepted. 101 Waterloo street. Phone 3199.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

GLADYS COMBER, PIPER AND dancer. Leader of Henderson's Kiltie Band. 431 Ottaway. Phone 4397.

ROBERT HANNAH, ELOCUTIONIST, entertainer, concert engagements. 367 Princess avenue. Telephone 3733.

GEORGE A. STEER, ELOCUTIONIST and soloist—Concert engagements accepted. Care The Purdom Hardware Company, London.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.—ON OR BETWEEN FIRST Concession and Hamilton road, heavy dark coat. Reward if returned to this office. b

LOST.—SATURDAY NIGHT, GOLD bar brooch, with one green stone, two pearls. Reward at this office. 40u

LOST — SUM OF MONEY BETWEEN the Market Square branch of the Bank of British North America and the corner of King and Talbot streets, Saturday, about noon. Finder kindly leave money at the Bank of British North America, Market Square. 40u

LOST.—BLACK AND WHITE SWALLOW pigeon, black feathers on feet, on January 21. Reward if returned to 867 William street, city. 39c

BONEHEADED MAN'S UMBRELLA, white child's mitt, black lady's veil, and many other articles found in street cars. See Street Railway Service for weekly list. "Take One" in the cars. 39n

LOST.—PEARL SUNBURST, EITHER on Ridout, Horton, G. T. R. depot or Richmond street. Reward this office. 38c

USED CARS FOR SALE.

FORD DELIVERY FOR SALE. APPLY J. M. Chivas, 117 Dundas street. 39c

5-PASSENGER 1916 HUPMOBILE IN excellent condition. Apply 197 Elmwood avenue. Phone 3314. 39g

HUDSON SPEEDSTER, IN GOOD shape, or will take smaller make of car as part payment. 362 Dundas, or Phone 5285. 36n

EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR GENEMOTOR STARTING AND LIGHTING SYSTEM.
No battery trouble. Thirty days' free trial. One year guarantee. $125 installed. One-man tops, slip-covers, shock absorbers, accessories of all kinds, second-hand car exchange.
UNIVERSAL MOTOR SALES.
Corner Pall Mall and Colborne Sts.
Phone 6012. 35bu

ADVERTISING RATES.

Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion.
Meetings—One cent per word each insertion.
Births, Marriages and Deaths—One insertion, 50 cents. Each subsequent insertion, 25 cents.
Cards of Thanks—Fifty cents each insertion.
Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Vacant, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen cents.
An extra charge of ten cents is made for all transient advertisements that are charged.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

DIED.

BALCH—At the family residence, 1001 Talbot street, on March 24, 1918, Eleanor Mary Balch, youngest daughter of Sarah Balch, in her 30th year.
Funeral from above address on Tuesday, March 26, at 2:30, services at 2 p.m. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. 40u

DAY.—At the residence of her son-in-law, Fred Quait, lot 7, concession 6, West Nissouri, on Saturday, March 23, 1918, Margaret, relict of the late Riley Day.
Funeral on Monday, March 25th. Service at 2 o'clock. Friends please accept this intimation. Interment at Zion Hill Cemetery. 39u

EGGETT—Killed, somewhere in France, on March 15, Sergt. Charles Eggett, beloved husband of Jane Eggett, 682 Princess avenue. He enlisted with the 164th Battalion at Hamilton. (Hamilton papers please copy.) b

FLEMING.—Died at the family residence, Hamilton, Ont., on March 22, 1918, Elizabeth, dearly beloved wife of Joseph Fleming, and daughter of Frederick Cheeseborough, formerly of London.
Funeral on Monday afternoon at 3 p.m., services at 2:30, from the funeral parlors of J. Ferguson's Sons, King street. Interment Woodland Cemetery. Friends of the family kindly accept this announcement. 39u

THOMSON—On Sunday evening, March 24, at the family residence, 446 Queen's avenue, Caroline Augustus, second eldest daughter of the late Henry L. Thomson, of this city.
Funeral from the above address on Wednesday, March 27th, at 3 p.m., services at 2:30. Funeral private. Interment Woodland Cemetery. In kindness, no flowers. 40u

MEETINGS.

I. O. O. F.—FOREST CITY LODGE, No. 38, will meetin their hall, Richmond street, at 8 p.m. General business. Officers and brethren please attend. Visitors welcome. Archie Ashford, N. G. P

LOCAL 239 SHEET METAL WORKERS meets second and fourth Mondays, Sherwood Hall, Market Lane. b

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN! MANY HAD to vacate homes, leave friends, business and country, without consent of resignation. Have your passports examined, 357 Richmond street, nightly. City Mission.

BUSINESS CARDS.

CUSTOM SAWING, $5 — TERMS prompt cash; no credit given. James McLean, Strathroy, R. R. No. 6. 36m

LEWIS, 10½ KING, BUYS AND SELLS all kinds second-hand house-furnishings for cash.

FOR GENUINE PLUMBING REPAIRS phone 5778, S. H. Hammond, 765 King street.

MORREN FOR DRY CLEANING pressing, repairing. 424 Wellington street. Phone 2698. Heavy overcoat for sale.

McLEOD & GREY, REAR ADVERTISER—First-class livery and boarding. Bus parties our specialty. Phone 1277.

The Peoples Shoe Store
REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Joseph Holland, Repair Manager.
Expert work guaranteed at reasonable prices. Whether you bought your shoes here or not we repair them. 131 Dundas street. 12 Market Square. zxt

National Brass, Limited
94 CARLING STREET.
NICKEL-PLATING
Have your bicycle parts nickeled before spring. zxv

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED.—ONE 45 H.P., 3 PHASE, 25 cycle, 550 volt electric motor. Give lowest price and full particulars. Box 295, Milverton, Ont. 39c

WANTED.—SECOND-HAND STEEL garage, in good condition, cheap. Apply Box 222, The Advertiser. 39c

WANTED.—100 GOOD SECOND-HAND coal sacks. Apply Heaman's Coal Yard, York and Burwell. 38c

WANTED — MUSKRAT — SHIP TODAY—We pay $1 each for good spring rats. T. L. Borrowman & Son, Wyoming. 37bu

WANTED TO PURCHASE — 100 quarts of milk daily. Apply 184 Wharncliffe west. 35n

LEFF, JUNK DEALER, PAYS BEST prices. 316 Grey. Phone 4626.

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle. Will pay $1 to $3 for live animals. London Fertilizer Company. Phone 638.

MELODEONS WANTED AT KEENE'S Antique Store, 342 Talbot street.

POULTRY AND EGGS.

WHITE WYANDOTTE EGGS. — MY hens consist of two-year-old hens and yearlings. Well developed; snow white, and good producers, Regal strain. The males are choice birds. Eggs $1.50 per 15. Sixty, $5. D. H. Porter, Whetter avenue, London. Phone 1167. Eggs delivered at 110 Dundas street, for city customers. 40bu

MISCELLANEOUS.

EARTH FREE FOR HAULING away. 198 Grey street. 39c

DEBTS DUE MERCHANTS OR others collected anywhere. No collection, no charges. Rates and references on application. Canadian Bureau of Credits, Dominion Bank Chambers.

CIRCULAR LETTERS, NOTICES, announcements, etc., perfect imitation typewriting, done on our Flexotype machines at short notice. The Copy Shop, 3 Dominion Bank Chambers.

MALE HELP WANTED.

MAN WANTED TO HELP WITH gardening in city. Steady work all the year around, to suitable man, to commence right away. Apply Box 228, Advertiser. 40c

JANITOR WANTED, FOR DOWNTOWN business place. Give references with application. Box 227, Advertiser. tf

MAN TO WORK IN GARAGE WANTED, experienced, with or without tools. Box 223, Advertiser. 40c

WANTED.—AN ACTIVE, RELIABLE boy about 15 years of age, to work on small farm. Good home, good wages to right kind of a boy. Apply 138 Central avenue. 39c

WOODWORKER OR CABINETMAKER wanted. Apply A. B. Greer & Son, corner York and Talbot streets. 39c

YOUNG MAN WANTED. APPLY A. B. Greer & Son, corner York and Talbot streets. 39c

SMART BOY WANTED — APPLY Tip-Top Cap Company, Greene-Swift Building. 39c

COATMAKER WANTED — SACKS $6.50 up. Wm. Stevenson, Aylmer. 39bu

MORE YOUNG MEN WANTED AS telegraphers and station agents. Great demand. Good wages to start. Regular railway forms and main line telegraph connection from Canadian Northern insures best results. Positions secured. Expenses earned while training. Free Book O explains Day and Mail Courses. Write Dominion School Railroading, Toronto. zw

WANTED — GOOD, LIVE OFFICE boy to do filing and make himself generally useful. Good opportunity for smart boy. Empire Manufacturing Company, Limited, East London. 39tf

YOUNG MAN WANTED FOR SHIPPING room. Apply, giving experience, Box 214, Advertiser. 39c

RETURNED SOLDIER OR YOUNG man, with office experience, one with knowledge of typewriting and shorthand preferred. Apply Box 209, The Advertiser. 38c

TEAMSTER WANTED — HEAMAN'S coalyard, corner York and Burwell. 38c

WANTED — SMART MESSENGER boy. Apply National Drug Company, York street. 38c

WANTED — TWO CATHOLIC MEN, experience unnecessary. Permanent position. Returned soldiers preferred. See Mr. Bilhimer, Richmond Hotel, after 6 p.m. 38c

DIE MAKER, TOOL MAKER, TOOL lathe hand and machinist wanted. Good clean tool room. Top wages. Motor Products Corporation, Walker Power Building, Walkerville, Ont. 37n

GOOD SMART BOY WANTED TO learn job printing. Apply to Advertiser Job Department, Corner York and Wellington streets. tf

WANTED.—AUTOMOBILE REPAIRMAN for garage. State experience. Wages wanted. Motors, Limited, West Lorne, Ont. 37n

GOLF PROFESSIONAL
Wanted for London Hunt and Country Club.
All applications to be addressed to the Secretary, London, Ont. 37n

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS FITTER, accustomed to good work; steady employment; married man preferred. Apply D. McKenzie Machinery Company, Guelph, Ont. 37n

LINOTYPE OPERATOR wanted for night staff of The London Advertiser. Apply to foreman. 37tf

MECHANIC WANTED.—LINOTYPE operator on Model 5. Good wages. The Courier, Brantford. 36n

WANTED — TINSMITH OR IMPROVER, steady work. Jackson & Prescott, Chesterville, Ont. 35n

WANTED
MACHINISTS,
MOULDERS,
BLACKSMITHS,
FOR MARINE WORK
Apply
The John Inglis Co., Ltd.
14 Strachan Avenue, Toronto.
Ap. 12.

WANTED AT ONCE — EXPERIENCED beam-hands, married men preferred. Apply The Breithaupt Leather Company, Limited, Woodstock, Ont. 29tf

A RELIABLE SALESMAN WANTED in every town and district in Western Ontario where not represented. Spring planting list now ready. Send for terms and new catalogue. Start now at best selling time. Stone & Wellington, the Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont. 25tf

AGENTS WANTED.

AMAZING SELLER — TABLETS that wash clothes spotlessly clean, without rubbing; promise to solicit orders with 10 cents will bring samples for four washings; make $1 an hour. Washing Tablet Distributors, Brantford, Ont. Ap 1.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — PERSONS TO GROW mushrooms for us at home; from $15 per week upwards can be made by using waste space in cellars, yards, gardens, etc. Start now. Illustrated booklet sent free. Address Montreal Supply Company, Montreal. tzx A20

HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—MAN AND WIFE TO work 100-acre farm on shares. Apply M. J. Redmond, 5 House, Sarnia road, or R. R. No. 3, London. 39c

PANTMAKER WANTED — APPLY Dambra & Walsh, 422 Park avenue. 39c

$20 — ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON can earn it weekly by showing new domestic products to neighbors; send 10 cents for samples that retail for 25 cents. Domestic Products Distributors, Brantford, Ont. Ap. 1.

WANTED — I HAVE A NEW HOUSEHOLD article, having big sale through local salespeople; traveler, man or woman, needed to make appointments; guarantee and expenses weekly, with liberal commission; phenomenal selling proposition. T. H. Linscott, Brantford, Ont. Ap. 1.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

FORELADY TO TAKE CHARGE OF fine chocolate package and sample department in candy factory. Apply Ontario Government Employment Bureau, 108 Dundas. tf

GENERAL MAID, SMALL FAMILY. Apply 293 Hyman street, or Phone 2667. 40c

GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. APPLY Mrs. Gilmour, 51 Blackfriars. 40n

COOK, GENERAL, TWO IN FAMILY, with references. Apply to 88 Ridout street south. 39n

EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRL wanted at once. Apply Black-Bell Inn. 40c

GIRL OR WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 238 St. George street. 40c

WE HAVE POSITIONS FOR FOUR first-class sewing machine operators on pants and overalls. Excellent salaries and our bonus system. Apply Regal Manufacturing Company. 39c

WANTED — MILLINERY SALESLADY—One who can trim hats preferred. J. H. Chapman & Co. 39c

Young woman, 25 to 30 years, to be responsible for management of up-to-date ice cream parlor, centrally located.
ONTARIO GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
108 Dundas Street. No Fees.

WANTED.—CAPABLE MAID. TWO in family. Apply Box 205, Advertiser. Phone 479. 38c

Some Capable Girls
Wanted for our Candy Department at once.
Apply Timekeeper,
D. S. PERRIN & CO, LTD.
38n

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework and two children. 487 Dundas. Phone 3238. 38c

WOULD YOU LIKE $1 TO $2 daily at home, knitting war socks on Auto Knitters? Experience unnecessary. Send 3-cent stamp. Department 29 C, Auto Knitter Company, College street, Toronto.

NURSES WANTED AT ONCE FOR training school at the Homewood Sanatorium, Guelph. Apply head nurse. 37n

WE CAN TAKE A FEW GOOD dressmakers; weekly wages. Helena Costume Company. 37n

SMART GIRLS
For good openings in airy factory; light and ventilation unexcelled. Attractive lunch and rest rooms for noon hour. Hours, 8 to 5:30; wages to start, $6.50 and $7. Apply Employment Department.
McCORMICK MFG CO.
37n

VACANCIES FOR A FEW EXPERIENCED operators, good wages. Helena Costume Company. 37n

BRIGHT, STEADY GIRL FOR SORTING and wrapping department. One with experience preferred. Apply Parisian Laundry. 36n

COATMAKER WANTED. SACKS start at $6.50. Apply Wm. Stevenson, Aylmer. 36bu

DININGROOM GIRL AND CHAMBERMAID wanted at once; comfortable home, high wages. A. Hall, King's Hotel, Kingsville. 36g

WANTED — BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN of character, good appearance, to introduce popular line of household products and toilet articles; previous experience unnecessary; weekly salary and commission. Bradley-Garretson, Brantford, Ont. Ap. 1.

EXPERIENCED MACHINE OPERATORS wanted. Apply Coilene Corset Company, Dowler Building. 35n

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GENERAL maid. Light housework. Mrs. Jack Barnard, 427 King street. 33tf

TOBACCO STRIPPERS WANTED—John McNee & Sons, 381 Clarence street. 75-tf

TEACHERS WANTED.

$600 FOR QUALIFIED PROTESTANT teacher for S. S. No. 18, Colchester South, Essex County. Duties to commence after Easter. George Higgins, secretary, R. R. No. 2, Harrow, Ont. 40k

TEACHER WANTED — S. S. NO. 5, Warwick. Duties to commence at Easter. State salary and experience. Apply John Hall, R. R. No. 8, Watford, Ont. 35g

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 5, West Nissouri. State qualifications and salary expected. Duties to commence after Easter. Apply Thos. Hardy, Thorndale R. No. 1. 34h

TEACHER WANTED—S. S. NO. 24, Sombra. Duties to commence at Easter; salary $600. Apply to S. C. McDermid, Tupperville, R. R. No. 2. Mar. 27.

WORK WANTED

MAN WANTS OPPORTUNITY TO go to Vancouver, B. C. Capable of taking charge of car of cattle or horses. Box 218 Advertiser. 39c

NOW IS THE TIME TO HAVE YOUR fruit trees pruned. Phone 2441. City only. 39c

BARTER AND EXCHANGE

LOT 50x133 FEET, KNOLLWOOD Park, for second-hand car in good condition. Apply 865 William. 39u

EDUCATIONAL.

IF YOU HAVE A SOLDIER FRIEND returned, disabled, have him train at Canada Business College, Chatham, for bookkeeper or stenographer, where pay is good, work light, and surroundings pleasant. We place thousands in choice positions. Write D. McLachlan, Principal, for Catalogue B, for home training department, get Catalogue I. 40n

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates—Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, 117 Dominion Savings Building (first floor up).

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates, terms to suit. T. W. Scandrett, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. U. A. Buchner, corner Talbot and Carling.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—TWO ACRES, BRICK house, 8 rooms, full basement, furnace, 2 large chicken houses, barn, fruit. Twenty minutes' walk to market. $5,000. P. O. Box 412. 40n

SAM D. CAMPBELL, OVER BANK of Nova Scotia, 420 Richmond street, has two nice modern homes to let; six first-class modern 2-story brick homes for sale at reduced prices; also five small cottages, brick and frame, modern, and semi-modern, reduced for quick sale; 1½-story new red brick, expensively finished, reduced $700 for quick sale; three 50-acre farms and four 100-acre farms, with good buildings, not far from city. List your properties, including western lands, with me for sale, rent or exchange. Call for particulars. 40c

91 ACRES, LOAM SOIL, 6 MILES from London, 1½ miles from Hyde Park, good brick house, large basement barn, drive barn, horse stable, and other outbuildings, about 5 acres bush, orchard, well fenced and drained. Apply Thomas Skippon, R. R. No. 1, Hyde Park. 40n

TWO CHEAP VILLAGE PROPERTIES—Two acres in Elgin County, first-class 7-room frame house, good barn and outbuildings, real bargain at $1,300, $600 cash. House and lot, with quite a lot of fruit, in village in Huron County. Bargain at $500. The Western Real Estate Exchange, Limited, 78 Dundas street, London, Ont. 40c

ONE HUNDRED OR TWO HUNDRED acre farm. Lots 1 and 2, concession 9, London Township. Good buildings. Modern equipment. Easy terms. Apply Cole Bros., Ilderton, R. 3, or 40 Bank of Toronto, London. 40n

50 ACRES, LONDON TOWNSHIP, modern buildings. Will sell stock, implements, seed. Everything ready to go to work. Owner going west. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

20 ACRES
Adjoining London and Port Stanley Railway, Wilton Grove, 5 miles from city. Will be sold on easy terms, and at a low price to close an estate.
ANDERSON & CO., 12 Market Lane. zyxwv

FOR SALE—A CHOICE UP-TO-DATE dairy farm, buildings No. 1. Full particulars, apply to Donald Graham, Kelvin, Ont. Mar. 26

City Property.

FOR SALE — 1½-STORY FRAME dwelling, 8 rooms, all in good condition; lot 80x200 feet, plenty of fruit. See it. No. 967 Dame street, London. This property can be bought at a great bargain as owner is leaving the city. Apply to S. Wilson, 216 Richmond street. 39u

1½-STORY WHITE BRICK, DOUBLE parlors, dining-room, kitchen, five bedrooms, w. c., bath, furnace. Lot 40x192, henhouse. Two blocks from Normal School. Price reduced to $3,500 for quick sale. 50 Craig street. 39u

FOR SALE—FULLY MODERN BRICK cottage, large lot and barn, on paved street, east end. Apply Box 220, Advertiser. 39c

PRINCESS AVENUE EAST—1½-story brick veneer, three bedrooms, bathroom complete, electric light and gas, large lot. Will sell cheap on easy terms. Must sell at once.
THOMAS C. KNOTT,
117 Dominion Savings Building,
London, Ontario.
zyxwv

$1,650.—NEW COTTAGE, EAST LONDON, worth $1,800. Rented for $15 per month. Apply 296 Richmond street, Shoe Store.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT, 205 Regent street. 39c

I HAVE SIX COTTAGES, DIFFERENT localities, east end, easy terms. Apply Bert Weir, 493 Adelaide street. 37n

1½-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, slate roof, veranda, very central. Price $2,500. 301 Pall Mall street. Apply 640 Wellington. Phone 4570. tf

STORY AND HALF BRICK, SEVEN rooms, part modern. Bargain for quick sale. Phone 5017. 38n

HALF ACRE, CLOSE TO CAR LINE. Bargain for quick sale. Phone 5017. 38n

LOT FOR SALE, CHEAP, ON SOUTH side of Windsor avenue, between Wortley and Ridout. Phone 3512. 38c

36-FOOT LOT ON ERIE AVENUE, London's finest residental street; last lot on street for sale. New $6,000 bungalow just finished opposite, and another to be started soon. Twenty-three dollars a foot, if sold at once. Apply 22 Erie avenue. Phone 5267. 36n

W. H. RAE, 330 GREY STREET, CARPENTER, builder and contractor. Shingling, jobbing, alterations and patent roofing. Country and city work solicited. Phone 4488. tf

SAM D. CAMPBELL, GENERAL real estate, insurance, loans, etc. Over Bank of Nova Scotia, 420 Richmond. Phones: 420, 4064. 69tf

LARGE BRICK HOUSE, NINE ROOMS on King street; also a cottage suitable for doctor's residence or Catholic family. Reason for selling through ill-health. Brick cottage north end. For particulars, apply to R. Reely, 795 York street. A.13.

HORSES, CATTLE, ETC. For Sale or Wanted.

FOR SALE.—REGISTERED HACKNEY Stallion, three years old, good actor. Or will exchange for good Ford car or span of work horses. W. A. Bryant, Strathroy, Ont. 39c

THOROUGHBRED JERSEY COW — Milking, $85. 120 Thompson avenue, city. 39c

HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP — Phone 3722. 91 Maitland street. 38c

JERSEY COW, RISING 7, FRESHEN first week in April. 1165 Richmond street north. 38c

FOR SALE — FOUR GOOD AND well-bred Shorthorn bulls, fit for service, two of pure Scotch breeding; fit to head good herds. S. W. Edwards, R. R. 4, Watford, Ont. 381

JERSEY HEIFER CALF — APPLY A. Struthers, care R. C. Struthers & Co. 38c

NEW MILCH DURHAM HEIFER and springer. Apply lot 6, con. 9, London Township. 38c

FOR SALE — CLYDE STALLION — Six years old; also registered Clyde brood mare. B. Sells, Komoka. 36bu

CALVES FOR SALE — HOLSTEIN, grades and thoroughbreds. Inquire Box 186, Ingersoll. Ap.11

TO LET.

463 YORK STREET, SEVEN ROOMS. Near Leonard's Foundry. Phone 5365. 40c

PASTURE FOR CATTLE TO LET for season. Apply C. H. Bolton, Ilderton. 40c

TO RENT.—MODERN FLAT, NEAR Hunt's Mills and McCormick's. Apply 625 Elias. Phone 1861 39u

BUILD UP THOSE TIRED NERVES—Spend the season near Springbank; beautiful home to rent for the season or will lease; large garden if desired. Apply Box 267, Advertiser. 39k

FURNISHED HOUSE, CENTRAL LOCATION, from May 1 until September. Apply Box 216, Advertiser. 39c

TO RENT, BY APRIL 1ST, MODERN heated, central located, 6-room apartment. Phone 5032. 39c

TO RENT.—75 OR 100 ACRES, LOT 2, concession 4, West Nissouri. Ray Bott, R. R. 4, Thorndale. 39c

FOR RENT — THREE OR FOUR beautiful rooms, furnished, for light housekeeping; all conveniences. Telephone 6188 or call 87 Askin street. 38c

26 CRAIG STREET — SYDNEY Smythe, insurance agent, Talbot street. Phone.

ROOMS TO LET.

TO LET—VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED room, use of phone and piano. 361 Dundas. 38c

TWO WELL-FURNISHED LIVING-ROOMS, suitable for two, central, gas and electric light, $8 per month. Apply Box 201, Advertiser. 38c

LARGE WELL-FURNISHED FRONT room in modern private home, suitable for traveler or businessman; hot water, telephone and every convenience; only five minutes' walk from Dundas and Richmond. Telephone 5276 for particulars. 26tf

BOARD AND ROOMS.

BOARDERS WANTED — WE HAVE room for several boarders; good locality and all conveniences. Apply 378 King street. 38k

BOARDERS WANTED — WE HAVE room for several boarders; good locality and all conveniences. Apply 378 King street. 37k

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED.—BY COUPLE, WITH ONE child, three or four unfurnished rooms for housekeeping. South preferred. Box 226, Advertiser. 40u

WANTED BY MAY 1ST, FIVE-ROOMED apartment, either private or apartment house. Phone 5378. 39c

WANTED BY APRIL 14, COTTAGE, fifteen minutes walk from London East station. Moderate rent. Apply 1195 King street. 38c

WANTED. — WELL FURNISHED modern house or apartment by April 1st. Telephone 5534. 38c

WANTED.—BY MAY 1ST, MODERN house, with barn, London South preferred. Apply Box 204, The Advertiser. 38c

WANTED, BY APRIL 1 — HOUSE, centrally located, moderate rent. Apply Box 22, Advertiser. 67tf

MOVING AND STORAGE.

DRAYING AND FURNITURE MOVING promptly done at reasonable rates. Dixon's Transfer. Phone 2839.

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowers, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636.

S. J. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving vans and storage. Phone 1254. Residence, 573 Adelaide.

BROUGHTON THE MOVER—SPECIALTY, crating and shipping. Phone 1444.

BRIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE—Clean and dry. Prices reasonable. The Forest City Moving Vans. Phone 1162. 97 Carling street. zxv

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY the Mover." Motor vans. Fireproof storage at reasonable rates. Residence, 480 Maitland. Phone 2887. H. F. Day.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GROCERY CORNER, ABOUT $1,500 stock, 10 per cent off present prices, with a five years' lease or a sale of property. Box 217, Advertiser. 39u

CARPET CLEANING PLANT, stamping works, red pressed house, vacant lot, Wellington road; billiards and pool. Sydney Smythe, London.

BLACKSMITH BUSINESS FOR SALE cheap, in village of Centralia. Apply at once to W. Hodgins, Centralia. 38c

GOOD GROCERY BUSINESS FOR sale, small capital investment, established 18 years. Reasons. Box 200, Advertiser. 37c

FOR SALE — GENERAL STORE, stock and fixtures, close to Michigan Central Railway station; no opposition; postoffice mail contract to station; easy terms; would consider exchange for suitable farm. Apply J. A. Denning, Walkers, Ont. 37m

MARRIAGE LICENSES

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas

ROOFING.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer. Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY is slate blackboards. J. Whittaker, 551 King street.

INSURANCE

G. M. GUNN & SON (GEORGE C. Gunn)—Established 1859. Fire, life, accident and automobile insurance.

AUCTIONEERS.

ROSE & SHAW, LICENSED AUCTIONEERS — City Hotel, London, every Saturday, or phone Dorchester. Specialty, farm sales.

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES.

FIRST-CLASS DRIVING MARE, RUBBER-TIRED buggy, cutter and harness. Will sell cheap for quick sale. Box 211, Advertiser. 39u

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO order. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER, NEW model, low price. E. O. Graves, 119 Dundas street.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—REED BABY BUGGY. 28 Tecumseh avenue. b

GENT'S PEERLESS WHEEL FOR sale. 411 Hamilton road. b

PRIVATE SALE, 17 ERIE AVENUE—Handsome new walnut bedroom suite complete, sacrifice; mission library table, desk, easy chairs, rugs, kitchen table, white enamel bed, bureau and chair, piano. 40u

MOTORCYCLE, $50 CASH — C. C. M. make. Address Box 225, Advertiser. 40n

FOR SALE — COMPLETE OUTFIT for moving buildings. C. D. Glennie, Delaware. 401

PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD furniture. Apply evenings only at 189 Central avenue. 39n

GURNEY-OXFORD GAS RANGE, with double oven. Phone 5716, 356 Rectory street. 39c

BEAUTIFUL HEINTZMAN & CO. square grand piano, 7 1-3 octaves; first-class condition, only $100. Gourlay's, 261 Dundas street. 39c

FOR SALE — DAVENPORT, TWO stoves and other articles. 60 Holman street. 39c

FOR SALE — ONE VESSOT GRINDER, 15-inch plate, also oat crusher, capacity 3,000 per hour, nearly new, cheap, for quick sale. Box 424, Aylmer. 371

SEE, HEAR THE WONDERFUL Brunswick—All phonographs in one; plays all makes of records, in addition to the beautiful, soft-toned Brunswick records. C. Crawford, 336 Dundas street.

WHY WAIT TILL THE LAST MOMENT, when you can secure your Easter suit of the latest design in ladies' suits, coats, skirts, waists and dresses; also gentlemen's and boys' suits and coats, with a complete line of furniture and house furnishings? All these necessities you can secure at $1 per week. A phone call to 1267 will bring the goods to your residence for inspection, or call at 502 Hill street. M. Lerner. Your business is confidential.

McKIM'S AUCTION ROOMS — 400 jars of good fruit, 2 oak counters and shelving, 6-foot showcase, splendid oak dining suite, beds and mattresses. Phone 4820.

FOR SALE. — BOWSER GASOLINE pump and tank. Apply Box 221, Advertiser. 39n

INLAID MAHOGANY DINING-ROOM suite, davenport, large mirror, electric stove, bureau, stand, settee, iron beds, springs, mattress and other household effects. 197 Elmwood avenue. 39g

QUIET YOUNG HORSE, WEIGHT 1,300; also six hotbed sashes and single plow. Apply Samuel Prince, R. R. 7, London, River road.

HANDSOME MAHOGANY MODERN upright piano, used only few months; snap for quick sale, $200 cash. Gourlay's, 261 Dundas street. 39c

THREE LARGE FRAME BUILDINGS, in good repair, on the Hodgins property, in the village of Ilderton, will be sold separately or together. Tenders received to April 1. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Ernest Charlton, 211 Wharncliffe road west. 39c-tzw

PRIVATE SALE OF KITCHEN CUPBOARD, cabinet, table and four-piece parlor suite; in good condition. 311 Wharncliffe west. 39u

FOR SALE — SOUVENIR RANGE — 257 Waterloo. 39c

KEROSENE TRACTOR 24-12 h.p.; power steer, two speeds, and in first-class condition. Address Box 198, Advertiser. Apl.6

PRIVATE SALE OF FURNITURE — Buffet, dining table, chiffonier, dressing table, bed, mahogany table, linoleum, refrigerator, bed-couch, hall-bench and mirror. 153 John street. 38c

FOR SALE — BRASS ELECTRIC reading lamp, silk shade. 29 Bruce street. 38c

MISS B. LARKIN, 138 CLARENCE—Exclusive millinery. Open Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday evenings.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, renovated. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

GRAFTING OF ALL KINDS. GRAFTS and wax all ready. Instructions given and the work done. All grape vines have twelve varieties of wood every year, but when leaves are off, come back to three varieties of canes, all inferior. Trees and shrubs on hand. Charles Baker, nurseryman. Phone 2222.

WILL THE GOVERNMENT PUT A tax of 10c a pound on tea in a few days? Teas are very cheap today. Buy now; you cannot lose. Alfred Tyler, 355½ Clarence. tf

SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND FEET all kinds of second-hand lumber, joists scantling, inch lumber, timbers and flooring; also doors and windows. Apply corner Richmond and Bathurst. Salesman on premises. 35n

LONDON BATCH CEMENT MIXER, with 4-horsepower gasoline engine; also London pressed brick machine. Apply 160 North Wharncliffe. 39c

LADIES' SPRING SUITS, COATS and dresses on easy terms of payment; also men's and boys' suits, furniture and house furnishings. Drop me a line or phone 3208 and I will give you my best attention. J. Wolff, 821 Lorne avenue.

SECOND-HAND PIPE AND CASING for sale, all sizes. Box 688, Petrolea, Ont. June15

BELTING, REPAIRING AND LEATHER supplies. Phone 1061. Mills, Belt Manufacturer, 152 Carling.

GO TO ROBERTSON'S, RICHMOND and Kent streets, for school books and school supplies.

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH, OYSTERS, poultry, twice daily. 143 King street, opposite market. Phone 1206.

BLANCHARD'S FISH MARKET, 525 Richmond street. Phone 1510. Fresh fish every day.

NEW WOOD YARD, 241 OTTAWAY avenue. Phone 2208. $2.75 to $5.50 per load.

HANDSOME LARGE UPRIGHT PIANO—Splendid tone quality; for quick sale $165; cash buyer only entertained. Apply 613 Wellington street.

FOR UPHOLSTERING TRY CHAS. M. Quick, 725 Richmond street. Phone 1479. z

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS made to order. Chamberlain weather strip. Phone 1504.

BUY YOUR CLOTHES ON CONVENIENT terms—Ladies' suits, tweed and plush coats, hats, furs; men's, boys' suits and overcoats. Let us help you with our confidential credit system. Prices and terms to suit every purchaser. A telephone call will bring goods to your home. Call, write or phone. W. Goldenberg, 761 Dundas street, next Wood's Fair. Phone 1987. Open evenings.

Bicycle Repairs and Parts
We have them for all makes of wheels. First-class services.
Bicycle and Motor Sales Co.
425 Wellington Street. Phone 3182.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Pork Cuttings, pound	32c
Beef Cuttings, pound	25c
Stewing Lamb, pound	23c
Veal Shanks, pound	10c

Anderson's Big Food Store
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Market House.
Phones 1643 and 1644.
Watch for Our Big Fish Ad. Tomorrow.

THE JOY-FUL SMOKE — SMITH'S "Joy" 10-cent cigar. S. Smith, manufacturer, London.

CABINET PHONOGRAPH AND RECORDS at Keene's, 342 Talbot. Records exchanged.

WE BUY AND SELL SECOND-HAND clothes and shoes. We pay the highest price. 341 Dundas.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, with cash order. Subscriptions: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

BARGAINS
in rebuilt Bicycles and Motorcycles. Also one good Auto Truck, used tire, 35x4½. One C. C. M. Motorcycle.
A. TANNER, 665 DUNDAS STREET

ROBINSON & GRAHAM
Choice Lean Beef Cuttings......25c lb.
Fresh Ground Steak ....25c lb.
All-Pork Sausage ......30c lb.
Green Onions, Lettuce, Celery, Parsley, Radish, Etc.
PHONE 6186. 206 DUNDAS.
zx

S. O. S.
SELLING-OUT SALE
Everything Must Be Sold
AT THE
GIANT CLOTHING HOUSE

Good USED BICYCLES
$5.00 to $25.00
GURD'S, 185 DUNDAS ST.
zxv

LOOK! Here's How I Save You Money on Shoes---
GET WISE AND BUY IN THE LOW-RENT DISTRICT.
MEN'S $5.00 SHOES $3.00
worth $7 uptown, very stylish, made of dongola leather. While they last.
LADIES' $5.00 SHOES $2.75
Cloth tops, patent leather, Goodyear welt, high Louis heels, long receding toes, last-minute style.
PAXMAN'S
DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING.
King Street, North Side, Just West of Richmond Street.

WE MEAN JUST WHAT WE SAY
This is your last chance to buy Tea at the old prices.
Grand Mogul Tea, half-pound 24c
Salada Tea, half-pound 26c
Lipton's Tea, half-pound 26c
Red Rose Tea, half-pound 26c
FRANK SMITH, Market Sq.
zx

ELECTROPLATING
In Nickel, Brass, Copper and Bronze. Polishing and Lacquering. Automobile, motorcycle and bicycle parts made like new. Church brass work, lighting fixtures, etc., refinished.
THE DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS COMPANY, LIMITED, LONDON, CANADA. zxt

HAVE YOU Considered Hydraulic Water System for farm, house and barn? If not, why no consult us about the L. E. S. Waterworks System? Write today.
LONDON ENGINE SUPPLY CO., 83-85 Dundas Street, London, Ontario. zxt

Gammage
THE HOUSE OF FLOWERS.
BUY YOUR
EASTER LILIES
EARLY
AS THEY WILL BE SCARCE THIS YEAR. PRICES FROM
25c Each Up
Phone your order today and we will save one for you till Friday or Saturday.
Gammage
PHONES 90-5313.

CONGOLEUM RUGS
All sizes, suitable for any room in the house. Prices, $6.50 up.
COLLETT FURNITURE CO.
95-97 KING STREET.
zxy

NEW LITTLE BIG BARGAIN HOUSE
Special showing in children's Easter millinery. A thing of beauty is a joy forever. Come and see them. Ladies' bungalow aprons, Saturday only, 59c. Ask to see our raincoat bargains.
MARSHALL'S, 328 DUNDAS STREET, Opposite Armories. zxv

LONDON ART WOODWORK COMPANY, LTD.
Designers and Makers of Furniture and Fittings for Church, School, Lodge, Office, Bank, etc. Everything in high-class woodwork.
LONDON, ONT. zxv PHONE 5132.

SPECIAL PRICES ON ENAMELWARE
J. A. BROWNLEE.
385 and 387 Talbot Street.
zxv

THAT SON-IN-LAW OF PA'S.—Of Course, Pa's Room's Just the Place. By Wellington.



AUCTION SALE

35 Head of Jerseys

One mile west of Dorchester, on Hamilton road, on Wednesday, March 27, 1918, at 1 o'clock. The cattle are a choice lot, and are bred right. See Farmers' Advocate March 14. Terms: Cash or six months credit, with interest at 6 per cent. Trains met at Dorchester. C. E. Rogers, Proprietor, Ingersoll 39u

CLEARING AUCTION SALE OF FARM STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

Neil D. Munro will sell by public auction at Lot 11, Concession 5, Westminster, (¾-mile from Stop 6, L. and P. S. R.), on Tuesday, March 26, at 1 o'clock p.m.

CLEARING AUCTION SALE.

Of farm stock and implements on north half lot 5, concession 6, London Township, on Friday, March 29, 1918, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp. Positively no reserve. Terms.—Seven months' credit on approved joint notes. R. A. McDonald, Auctioneer. L. Quinn, proprietor. 39c-tzx

COOPER'S AUCTION

TOMORROW MORNING,

757 ELIZABETH STREET

Opposite Wolseley Barracks.

Don't forget this large sale of useful, clean goods. Sale at 10 a.m.

C. N. COOPER,
Auctioneer and Valuator.
258 Dundas Street. b Phone 1332.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the Estate of Mary Burchett, late of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, widow, deceased

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to R. S. O., 1914, Chapter 121, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Mary Burchett, who died on or about the 11th day of November, 1917, at the City of London, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the Fidelity Trusts Company of Ontario, London, Ont., executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their names and addresses and full particulars in writing, of their claims or demands, and statement of their account and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And take notice that after the 15th day of April, 1918, the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for any assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim they shall not then have received notice.

Dated at London, this 8th day of March, 1918.

The Fidelity Trusts Company of Ontario, Dominion Savings Building, London, Ont., executors, by Purdom & Purdom, their solicitors.
Mar.11.25.Apl.10

AUTOMOBILES AND TAXIS.

EXCELSIOR FOR SALE, BIG TWIN, three speed, run six months, A1 condition. Fred H. Burdon. 38c

AUTO AND TRUCK REPAIRING AND painting by experts; prices right. John R. Munro & Son, corner Albert and Richmond streets.

HOP TAXI. PHONE 3911—HEATED cars. Day and all-night service. New cars.

PHONE 5993 FOR RELIABLE TAXI service. Clare Brothers. Reasonable rates. All hours.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS—SPRINGS made and repaired. Carriage and wagon painting. Cooke's Repair Shop, 347 Ridout street. Phone 5143.

MARLEY & HEXTER TAXI GARAGE—New cars. Open day and night. Phone 2859.

SOONER OR LATER

your battery will wear out, even with the best of care. When you need a new battery, remember, there is a Prest-O-Lite Battery of correct size for your car, a battery designed and built to give you the utmost in power, service and value.

LONDON BATTERY REPAIR CO., 339 Talbot Street. Phone 6151. zx

Taxi-Phone 5337

HEATED CLOSED CARS.
LAUGHTON'S GARAGE zxv

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. PINGEL, LONDON—ELECTRICAL treatment of diseases a specialty

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL—OFFICE AND residence, 244 Queen's avenue. Specialty, diseases of women and surgery

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach and surgery. Hours, 1-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. BROWN, EYE, EAR, NOSE AND throat. Office, Ardagh Apartments. Appointments preferable.

DR. KARN, SPECIALIST GENITO-URINARY and rectal diseases of men and women. 426 Richmond street, London.

DRS. FERGUSON & FERGUSON, South London. Phone 753. Dr. R. Ferguson, specialty midwifery and diseases of women. Dr. J. I. Ferguson, specialty children's diseases.

DR. HOLMES, 244 RICHMOND—SPECIALTY, skin diseases, medical electricity. Hours by appointment only.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, PARK avenue, corner Queen's, Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. A. A. McLEAN, CORNER DUNDAS and William—Specialty, diseases of stomach and children, and non-surgical treatment of women.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 395 Dundas street.

DR. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England) 287 King street. Phone 839.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, 620 RICHMOND, corner Hyman. Specialty, surgery, diseases of women.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 226 QUEEN'S avenue, in addition to regular practice, will give special treatment for cure of liquor and drug habits.

DR. J. S. SCHRAM, CORNER KENT and Talbot street. Phone 2250.

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LONDON CHRONICLE SEES BIG REVERSE FOR THE PRUSSIANS

Losses Have Been Monumental, Without Strategical Success.

THE PERIL IS STILL GREAT

Post Deplores Lack of Men, and Says Irish Conscription Must Be Enforced.

London, March 25.—Commenting on the results of the big German offensive, the Daily Chronicle says:

"Assuming that the German losses are at least 150,000, the enemy has sustained a reverse, for he has not obtained a strategical success directly conducing to a decision, while he has lost eight or ten per cent of his effectives without similarly lowering the efficiency of the Allies.

Anglo-French Junction Holds.

"The matter of the greatest importance for Germany at present is in the critical moment when the manpower pendulum is swinging in favor of the Allies. No weakness at the Anglo-French junction has been yet disclosed, and the task before the enemy in the next days of the battle is more formidable than that already accomplished."

"The ultimate object of this rapid and intent enemy advance is clearly the great strategic point of Amiens," says the Times, "and, though it is still remote, the situation is sufficiently serious to warrant a contemplation of catastrophe. The fall of Amiens might have threefold consequence. It would bring the enemy to a point from which to threaten our northern line. It would assist them to strike at the Channel ports, and it would endanger seriously the safety of Paris."

The Times advises the British people to take seriously the long-range gun which has bombarded Paris, and adds: "We may be quite certain that our own inviolate shores will soon learn what the new gun can do."

Morning Post Scolds.

That Great Britain failed to make a greater concentration of men on the western front is deplored by the Morning Post, which urges that conscription be put into effect in Ireland to fill the gap.

"This great battle," it says, "teaches us all the vital nature of the western front. It is here that the war is being directed. What would we give now for all these glorious legions we have sent to the ends of the earth at the behest of our amateurs in strategy. Even the dazzling glories of Jerusalem fade into insignificance in the light of this conflict on the Somme.

West Decisive Front.

"We have all along urged that the western is the decisive front. The skill of our generals and the steadiness of our men are now barely enabling our armies to hold their own against this tremendous assault which our commanders had foreseen. The most urgent need is for men upon the western front. They must be got if our army and our country are to be saved. And to get them, one measure above all others is needed.

"We must apply the national service act to Ireland. When we do that our Government will rest its further claims upon this country upon a rock of justice as well as of necessity."

KAISER SCATTERS HONORS.

Amsterdam, March 25.—Emperor William at German main headquarters, on Sunday, according to an official announcement at Berlin, conferred the Iron Cross with gold rays on Field Marshal von Hindenburg, and the Grand Cross of the Order of the Iron Cross on Gen. von Ludendorff. The emperor also gave various decorations to departmental chiefs, along with a signed photograph with the date of the battle, March 21-23.

SIR ARTHUR CURRIE HOTLY REPUDIATES STORIES ABOUT MEN

Says There Is Not An Army In the World With Higher Morality.

Ottawa, March 14.—Hamnet P. Hill, who has just returned to Ottawa after four months abroad as special returning officer in Paris for the continental soldiers' vote, brings back an interesting story of the indignation of Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, commander of the Canadian forces, at the reports reaching Canada of intemperance among the troops. Mr. Hill stated today that Gen. Currie had not only labelled the reports as base calumnies, but declared that there was not an army in the world with a higher standard of temperance, morality and general decency than the Canadian army.

He instances the fact that last year out of approximately 4,500 officers, only two-thirds of one per cent had been reported for drunkenness, and in many of those cases it was indiscretions due to celebrating a promotion, or receipt of an honor.

"I would like to substantiate Gen. Currie's remarks," said Mr. Hill, "by stating that I was in Paris during January and February, and although I saw hundreds of Canadians on leave there, I did not see one under the influence of liquor. While I was at the front, I was in several of the messes and I saw no officer drink whiskey at any of them."

3 SERGEANTS, ALLEGED DESERTERS, ARRESTED ON FORGERY CHARGE

Winnipeg, March 25.—George S. Pener, F. Shields and Albert Johnson, posing, it is claimed, as staff sergeants of the Canadian militia, have been taken into custody here for trying to cash forged checks. They are alleged to be deserters from the Forestry Unit stations at Truro, N. S.

SAYS PRIESTS GIVE WRONG FIGURES ABOUT SCHOOLS OF QUEBEC

Montreal, March 25.—A severe arraignment of the Roman Catholic school authorities in the Province of Quebec was made on Saturday by T. D. Bouchard, M. L. A., mayor of St. Hyacinthe, in an address to the Headmasters' Association of Montreal on "Compulsory School Attendance." Mr. Bouchard asserted that the statistics as to the school attendance in this province, prepared from figures compiled by cures, was incorrect and misleading, and arranged with a view to give the impression that under the present system the school attendance in Quebec Province was ahead of every other province in Canada except one. This, he intimated, had been done entirely to back up the opposition of the Roman Catholic Church to compulsory education, and he sharply criticized the authorities of the church for that course, declaring that if the church feared the light of education there must be something wrong.

AMERICAN STEAMSHIP SUNK BY SUBMARINE

London, March 25.—The admiralty announces that the American steamship Chattcochee, 5,088 tons net, has been sunk by a German submarine off the English coast. Her crew of 78 was landed safely. The master states that the submarine fired a number of torpedoes, of which four struck the vessel.

NEW MONOPLANE PROVES WONDER

Britain's Latest Air Weapon the Most Effective Produced Since War Commenced.

Paris, March 25.—In the battle that is beginning, there is an immeasurable advantage on the side of the Allies, especially the British, and when the time comes, the Americans. That is their aerial superiority. It is undeniable that the Germans have lost a greater number of men in the prime of life than the British. This state of things reacts on the aviation service, where young and athletic men are at a premium.

The new British machine, a small monoplane on the same lines as the French "Spade," has proved the most successful air weapon of the war to date.

The British successes of the last two months, which have had a marked deterrent effect on German air activities, have been largely due to this new machine and the confidence it has produced throughout the air service. The German aviators have been correspondingly depressed, and the recent loss of many of their leading pilots has contributed to their growing weakness.

BALLINGTON BOOTH SPEAKS FROM PULPIT OF ANGLICAN CHURCH

Montreal, March 25.—General Ballington Booth of the Salvation Army in the United States, gave two addresses in this city yesterday. Last evening he spoke in Christ Church Cathedral, where he was introduced by the rector, Rev. Dr. Symonds, who had charge of the service. General Booth is the first unordained Christian leader to have been granted the privilege of speaking from the pulpit of Christ Church Cathedral.

FOE SUBMARINE PUTS INTO SPANISH PORT, DAMAGED BY BATTLE

Ferrol, Spain, March 24.—A 400-ton German submarine has sought refuge in this port. The captain made an urgent request for admission, declaring that his craft had been damaged severely in a fight with three ships. The U-boat carries two 11-centimetre guns and a crew of thirty. A Spanish warship has been sent out to guard her.

ENEMY AIRSHIP SEEN OFF EGYPTIAN COAST

London, March 25.—The inhabitants of Cairo, Egypt, were informed officially last Thursday, according to a Reuter dispatch that a hostile airship had been observed over the coast. The public was warned of the possibility of air raids, and ordered to observe the necessary lighting regulations.

Cairo, the capital and most populous city of Egypt, has been in no danger from air raids since the Turks were driven back from the Suez Canal. The Turkish lines in Palestine are the nearest enemy points to Cairo, and they are 320 miles northeast. An enemy airship might also come across the Mediterranean Sea from the southern coast of Asia-Minor. The distance by that route would be 460 miles one way. A German airship recently attacked Naples, Italy, after a trip of 300 miles from the Austrian coast along the Adriatic.

An official statement issued in Athens on Saturday says that on Thursday zeppelins passed over the island of Crete, traveling in a northerly direction.

JAPS NOT STUDYING SIBERIAN CAMPAIGN

London, March 25.—Japanese Premier Count Terauchi informed the House of Peers that the Japanese Government was not studying the question of intervention in Siberia, according to a Tokio dispatch to the Daily Mail, dated Wednesday. The premier said the Government did not consider Siberia menaced by the presence of large numbers of prisoners of war, whose power was negligible.

An Associated Press dispatch from Tokio Sunday said the Japanese Government was still studying the question of intervention in Siberia, but had not decided upon its policy. The situation was said to be regarded as serious and much interest was being displayed in Japan over the possibility of sending a Japanese army to Siberia.

WILL GO OVERSEAS INSTEAD OF TO JAIL

Man Who Left 1st W. O. R. Without Permission Gets Second Chance.

Sentence was suspended by Magistrate A. H. M. Graydon in police court today in the case of William J. England, who pleaded guilty to being absent without leave from the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. R.

Major Baron Osborne, on behalf of the military authorities, asked for suspended sentence on the grounds that the prisoner was willing and anxious to go overseas. England will be sent over with the next draft.

Asked for an explanation for leaving his unit without permission, England said he had no particular reason, except that he was homesick and wanted to get back and see the folks. "I made a fool of myself, but I am sorry now," said England.

"I would have sentenced you to a term in prison had not Major Osborne made the representations that he has," said Magistrate Graydon.

UP TO EMPLOYERS

Dominion Police Tries to Make Them Responsible for Men's Papers.

Employers of labor in large factories will be held responsible for the failure of their men to carry exemption certificates if a ruling now being sought by the Dominion police is granted. The Dominion police has taken the question up with the Government, and expect that a favorable ruling will be made.

The failure of men in factories to have their exemption papers in their possession has led to considerable trouble, which, Lieut. C. H. Atkinson, deputy inspector for this district, claims could be avoided if the men would carry them.

In Toronto some of the larger firms there, in order to facilitate matters for the Dominion police, have stationed men at the entrances, and any man who comes to work without his exemption certificate is sent home for it.

BIG COAL SURPLUS

40,000-Ton Stock Secured by Grand Trunk in Western Ontario.

The coal stocks of the Grand Trunk Railway Company which were nearly depleted a month ago have been replenished to such an extent that nearly 40,000 tons of a surplus stock is now on hand in Western Ontario.

More than 300 carloads of soft coal are in transit between London and Sarnia at present.

The railway company will continue to add to the stocks in an effort to guard against a shortage next winter.

Owing to the severity of the winter, more coal was consumed by the G. T. R. locomotives during the past winter than at any similar period in the last 40 years.

EVERGREEN FOR PALMS.

Montreal, March 25.—There were no palms for Palm Sunday services in the Catholic churches in this city yesterday because of the great demand on shipping space for war materials, and Canadian evergreen firs were used instead. These were blessed by the priests as the best substitutes for palms.

BANK CLERKS, WHO WILL BE CALLED, GETTING NOTICE

Deputy Registrar's Department Here Sending Out Official Call.

Official confirmation of the recent decision made by Mr. Justice Duff with respect to bank clerks' exemptions has been received at the deputy registrar's office. As a result the call to the men in this district to be selected for service will be sent out in the next few days.

The refusal of Mr. Justice Duff to allow the bank clerks exemption means that the majority of the financial institutions in this city and Western Ontario will be affected by the loss of one or more men.

The head offices of all the banks have sent out circulars to the deputy registrars and bank managers, in which the names of the clerks available are set forth. Notices to report for service will be sent out to these men at once. Several bank clerks have already reported rather than await the call.

LAYS BLAME FOR BAN ON PUBLICATIONS ON RELIGIOUS LEADERS

Bible Students' Association Speaker Accuses Clergy of Persecution.

"There should be no ban on the proclamation of good tidings at a time like this, when there is sorrow in thousands of homes of Canada. The International Bible Students' Association publications are messages of comfort," said Ernest Whelpton of Hamilton at the Majestic Theatre Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Whelpton, speaking on religious intolerance, reviewed the persecutions of the past centuries.

"Christ was persecuted and put to death at the instigation of the religious leaders of his day," he said. "The civil rulers found nothing in his life for which he should be condemned. The common people heard him gladly, but the Pharisees and all the religious leaders feared the loss of their positions if Christ's teachings were generally followed. Hence they plotted to kill him."

Done by Zealots.

Sometimes persecutions were carried out by zealots with honest intentions, the speaker stated. The life of Paul before his conversion was given as an instance.

Referring to the present, Mr. Whelpton declared, that the influences at work were similar to those of the earlier ages. The religious leaders and clergy of today are behind the movement to ban the works of the I. B. S. A. from circulation, he claimed.

Each Has Rights.

Continuing, he asserted that each individual should be allowed the privilege of his own interpretation of the Bible. He should also be allowed to present the truth as he saw it to his fellow being.

That there should be perfect obedience to the laws of the country was pointed out by Mr. Whelpton. He dwelt on the privileges that Canadian citizens enjoy. He regretted the fact that the Government had placed a ban on some of the I. B. S. A. publications. The doctrine of the I. B. S. A. had been misrepresented, he declared.

The speaker outlined the teachings of the association. The doctrine of eternal torment, he said, was not found in the Bible. Everyone has come under the sentence of death, but in the next age everything will be restored. Conditions will be similar to those of the garden of Eden.

Asks To Speak.

One of the audience wished to make a speech. Mr. Whelpton said that he would answer any questions, but he would allow no one to address the meeting. The question was asked if Pastor Russel was the author of one of the books on which a ban had been placed. Mr. Whelpton replied that this was the case.

The audience was given an opportunity to sign a petition asking that the ban be lifted.

THREE YEARS AT FRONT

London Veteran of 1st Contingent Home On Furlough for Three Months.

Pte. W. R. Martin, who left London for overseas on August 29, 1914, is home on furlough after spending three years in the trenches.

Pte. Martin was through many of the big battles in France. He was wounded in the head at the second battle of Ypres, and was in the hospital for about six weeks as a result of the wound.

Pte. Martin reports a quick passage from England despite the fact that they met a heavy storm on the way over. He expressed the belief that the present drive will end disastrously for the Germans. The fact that the Allies have fallen back a short distance is not serious, he says.

Pte. Martin was born in Chatham, but he lived in London for a number of years before he enlisted. His father with at one time a member of the firm of Blight, Fielder & Martin.

Pte. Martin is leaving in a few days to visit his mother in Chatham. He expects to spend the greater part of his time in London, however. His leave dates from March 12 to June 4.

$440 IN FINES

Breaking Ontario Temperance Act Enriches Police Court Coffers.

Fines aggregating $440 and costs were levied in police court this morning. All were imposed for violation of the Ontario Temperance Act.

Robert David and Frank Uwca pleaded guilty to having partly consumed bottles of liquor in their possession at placed other than their private residences.

A fine of $200 and costs, or in default of payment three months in jail, was imposed in each case.

David had the required coin, and liquidated his fine. Uwca took the three months.

Two others, charged with being drunk, paid $10 and cost each.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SLOW MARKET AFTER RECORD SALE OF HAY

110 Loads Brought in Last Week—Oats Drop to $2.82 Per Cwt.

One hundred and tenloads of hay reached the market last week. This is a record-breaker. Most of the hay was of the best quality and sold at the top price.

The market was slow today, a number of loads of hay being offered, but were not in good demand, selling from $11 to $13.50 a ton.

Eggs are firm, selling for 43c a dozen retail and 40c a dozen wholesale. Butter is scarce.

The live stock market is firm.

Dressed hogs remain at $25 a cwt.

Poultry is scarce.

Small vegetables were plentiful on the market Saturday and in good demand.

Oats dropped to $2.82 per cwt.

Grain, Cwt.—			
Oats, per cwt.	$2 80	to	$2 82
Grain, Bushel—			
Wheat, per bu	2 10	to	2 12
Oats, per bu.	95 1-5	to	97 9 1-0
Vegetables—			
Celery, per doz	50	to	80
Cabbage, dozen	1 00	to	2 00
Home grown potatoes, per bag	2 00	to	2 25
Rhubarb, dozen	1 00	to	1 00
Carrots, bu.	35	to	50
Parsnips, bu.	50	to	60
Radishes, doz bunches	40	to	60
Turnips, bu.	30	to	40
Onions, bu.	1 40	to	1 75
Beets, per bu.	50	to	50
Hay and Straw—			
Hay, per ton	11 00	to	13 50
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	8 00
Dairy Products, Retail—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	55	to	55
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	50	to	52
Butter, crocks, lb.	48	to	49
Eggs, per dozen	43	to	43
Maple syrup, gal.	2 15	to	2 60
Dairy Produce, Wholesale—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	52	to	52
Butter, dairy, lb rolls	48	to	49
Butter, crocks, lb.	47	to	48
Eggs, crate lots, doz.	40	to	40
Eggs, basket lots, doz	40	to	40
Poultry, dressed, Retail—			
Chicken, lb.	33	to	35
Ducks, pound	25	to	28
Geese, pound	24	to	28
Turkeys, pound	33	to	35
Live Stock—			
Hogs, per cwt.	19 00	to	19 25
Fat sows, cwt.	16 50	to	16 75
Small pigs, pair	12 00	to	16 00
Butchers' Meats—			
Dressed hogs, cwt.	25 00	to	25 00
Beef, per cwt.	16 00	to	20 00
Veal, per cwt.	20 00	to	23 00
Heifer beef, cwt.	20 00	to	20 00
Lambs, per cwt.	26 00	to	28 00
Hides and Wool—			
Wool, unwashed lb.	50	to	50
Wool, washed, lb.	60	to	62
Calfskins, per lb.	15	to	19
Country hides	9	to	10
City hides	11	to	13

LIVE STOCK

Toronto, March 25.—Trade was slow at the Union stockyards this morning. Prices were medium, the tendency of cattle being moderately lower. Lambs firm; 37 very choice Easter lambs sold at $20 85. Receipts, 3,446 cattle, 448 calves, 2,881 hogs and 135 calves. Quotations:

Cattle—Exporters, choice, per cwt, $12@12 25; do, bulls, $9@10 25; butchers, choice, $10 25@11 25; do, medium, $9 50@10; do, common, $8 50@8 75; do, cows, choice, $9@10; do, medium, $8 75@9; do, canners, $7@7 25; do, bulls, $8 75@9; feeding steers, $8 50@10; stockers, choice, $8@8 75; do, light, $7@7 50; milkers, choice, $90@130; springers, choice, $90@130; calves, $16@17.

Sheep—Ewes, cwt, $13@15; bucks and culls, $7 50@10 50; lambs, $19@20 50.

Hogs—Fed and watered, per cwt, $21; f o b, $20.

Chicago, March 25—Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; market weak; beeves, $9 50@14 40; stockers and feeders, $7 90@11 75; cows and heifers, $7 10@12; calves, $10 50@16.

Hogs—Receipts, 77,000; market slow; light, $17 10@17 75; mixed, $16 75@17 70; heavy, $16 15@17 40; rough, $16 15@16 45; pigs, $12 75@16 50; bulk of sales at $17 15@17 60.

Sheep—Receipts, 18,000; market weak; lambs, $14 50@18 65; sheep, $11@15.

East Buffalo, March 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,800 head; active and strong; prime steers, $13 50@14; shipping steers, $13@13 25; butchers, $10@12 75; yearlings, $11 75@13 25; cows, $5@12 25; bulls, $7@11 25; stockers and feeders, $7 50@10 50; fresh cows and springers, $65@135.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,800; irregular; heavy, $18 25@18 50; yorkers, $18 90@19; light yorkers, $18 25@18 50; pigs, $18@18 50; roughs, $16 50@16 75; stags, $13@14.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 7,000 head; strong; wool lambs, $13@19 35; clipped lambs, $16 35; others unchanged.

GRAIN.

Chicago, March 25.—Opening: Corn—May, $1 25¾.

Oats—March, 89⅜c; May, 85c.

Chicago, March 25.—Corn values declined to a moderate extent today in sympathy with weakness on the New York stock market. War news took the attention of traders to such a degree that business shrank to small proportions. Ordinary crop and weather received no notice whatever. Opening prices, which showed a setback of ⅛c to ½c, with March at $1 27¾ and May at $1 25⅝@1 25¾, were followed after a while by something of a rally.

General commission house selling carried down oats. As in corn, the chief factor was war news, as reflected by the course of the New York stock market. After opening ⅜c to ½c to 1⅛c down, recoveries took place, but were succeeded by fresh down turns.

COTTON BREAKS.

New York, March 25.—Cotton broke 25 to 51 points in the market here today, attributed to the military situation, the maximum decline representing $2 50 a bale. Trade buying and reports of dry weather in the Southwest brought brought later rallies, during which more than half the losses were recovered. The old contract positions were weakest.

Liverpool, March 25.—Cotton—Futures closed quiet. New contracts: March, 24.45d; April, 23.34d; May, 24.24d; June, 24.12d; July, 24d. Old contracts (fixed prices): March, 22.93d; March and April, 22.84d; April and May, 22.76d; May and June, 22.68d; June and July, 22.60d.

PROVISIONS.

London, March 25.—Beef—Extra India mess, 370s.

Hams—Short cut, 137s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 152s; clear bellies, 160s; long clear middles, light, 160s; do, heavy, 159s; short clear backs, 157s; shoulders, square, 128s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 149s 6d; American refined, in pails, 152s; do, in boxes, 150s.

LONDON MARKET FIRM.

London, March 25.—The feeling in financial circles in regard to the situation on the western front is one of quiet confidence in the ultimate outcome of the struggle. Much interest was shown as to the manner in which the stock market would open this morning, after digestion of the somewhat startling week-end news. There were no signs of weakness anywhere.

As was to be expected, brokers took precautions, marking down gilt-edged securities fractionally to guard against the situation which might arise in the event stocks were thrown on the market, but nothing of the kind occurred. There were few offerings. Consols and the war loan were absorbed readily, prices mainly being only ¼ point below Saturday's close.

Irregularity in other sections of the market was overcome, andthe tone became quiet and cheerful.

No Panic.

London, March 25.—With underlying conditions healthy, the stock market today easily withstood the startling week-end news from the western front, and after the precautionary marking down of gilt-edged securities a fraction, dealings were resumed with a quietly confident tone which gradually brought most quotations of home funds and Allied bonds back to Friday's level. Most of the transactions were recorded in war loans, home rails, shippings and bank shares and tin mines. The closing tone was firm. Money was plentiful and easy. Discount rates were quiet.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Edward Cronyn & Co.]
Toronto, March 25.

	Asked.	Bid.
Am Cy	40	36
do pfd.		52
Ames, c.	14½	N
do pfd.	50	..
Barcel	..10	9½
Brazilian	34¾	34¼
B C Fish	46½	44
Burt, p.	86	84¼
C Bread	17	16
C Car	25	23
do pfd.	63	61½
Cement	60½	60
do pfd.	..	90
C S L	40	39½
do pfd.	75¾	75
CGElec.	102½	101¼
CLoco,p.	..	82¾
C P R	..137	135½
C Dairy	..	30
do pfd.	..	62
ConLife	375	..
C Smelt.	25	24⅜
Cr Nest.	50	..
Canners.	25	24
do pfd.	68	65
Dome	..850	810
D Steel	59½	59
Duluth	41	..
La Rose	68	65
Mackay	76	74½
do pfd.	..	62
M Leaf	96	90
Monarch	43	40
do pfd.	80	..
N S Car	11	8
do pfd.	36	32
Nipis'g	850	825
NS Steel	63½	..
P Burt	34	..
do pfd.	77¼	..
Penmans	75	73½
Petrol.	1350	1275
Russell	60	55
do pfd.	68¼	..

	Asked.	Bid.
Riordon	121	..
Sawyer	..	10
do pfd.	40	..
Span, p.	50	..
St Ch, p.	57	..
Stl Can.	56½	56
do pfd.	90½	88½
T Paper	72	65
Tor Ry.	58	..
Tre'wey	17	15½
Tucketts	19	..
Tw City	53	52
Win Ry.	48	..
Banks—		
Com'rce	185	..
Dom	..202	..
Hamil'n	184	..
Imperial	..	185
Molsons	179	..
Montr'l	210	..
NScotia	248	..
Ottawa	201	..
Royal	..208	..
Stand	..200	..
Toronto	187	..
Union	..	145½
Loans, etc.—		
C Land	148¾	..
C Perm	172½	..
C Invest.	63	..
H Prov.	..	135
H & Erie, 20% pd	..	196
L Bank	140	..
L & C	126½	..
N Trust	199	..
T Mrt	134	..
Bonds—		
Penmans	80	..
Rio Jan.	..	83
Stl Can.	..	88½
War Loan,		
1925	94	93¾
1931	93	92½
1937	92	91¾

WALL STREET SLUMP AT OPENING, BUT LATER SHOWS RALLY

New York, March 25.—Stocks broke from one to three points at the opening of the market here today on first heavy selling, impelled by the war news. The weakest issues again included equipments, or war shares and special industrials. United States Steel, the market leader, opened with a sale of 9,000 shares at from 96½ to 86¾, representing a maximum decline of 2 points. Union Pacific also broke two points. Among the other stocks which exhibited weakness were Texas Company, Crucible Steel, Bethlehem Steel, Central Leather, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, and Chesapeake and Ohio.

New York, March 25.—Wall Street, 10:30 a. m.—Recessions of two to four points accompanied the feverishly active opening of today's stock market, urgent selling resulting from latest war advices. Rails, the various war equipments, shippings, coppers and oils, also a score of specialties shared more or less equally in the severe decline, much of which suggested liquidation. Fractional rallies occurred on moderate support before the end of the first half hour. Bonds, including French issues, were heavy.

The Noon Report.

The selling wave expanded itself in the first hour, substantial buying of leaders effecting rallies of one to two points. By noon the rebound was further augmented with full recoveries for United States Steel and other active industrials, while investment rails, notably Union Pacific, Canadian Pacific, showed actual gains of a point. International securities suffered in the early setback, Anglo-French 5's and French state and municipal issues losing from ½ to 1 per cent. Liberty bonds were heavy.

Standard Stocks Rally.

Rallies of 1 to 2 points were made in the first hour by standard stocks, including Canadian Pacific, Union Pacific, Reading, leading rails and shippings after which normal conditions succeeded on a marked diminution of offerings.

The early heaviness extended to French bonds, state and municipal issues reacting from fractions to one per cent. Exchange on Italy also moved against that country. Sales to 11 o'clock were estimated at 300,000 shares.

1:30 p.m.—Further improvement was made in the afternoon, many important stocks advancing materially over last week's final prices. Rails, industrials and a few active specialties were favored. United States Steel gained almost a point on heavy accumulation.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Buildingg, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, March 25.

Trunk Lines and Grangers—	Open.	High.	Low.	1:30.
Baltimore & Ohio	51	51¼	50½	51½
Erie, com.	14⅝	15	14⅜	15
Erie, 1st pfd.	25½	27⅛	25½	27⅛
Great Northern	87⅛	87⅞	87½	87⅝
New Haven	28	28	27½	27½
New York Central	68½	..	..	..
Rock Island	19⅛	19½	19	19½
St. Paul	38¾	41	48¾	41
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Atchison, com.	81½	82	81⅛	82
Canadian Pacific	135½	137½	135¼	137½
Col. Southern	16	..	..	..
Louis. & Nash	112¾	..	..	..
Missouri Pacific	21½	21⅞	21½	21⅞
Southern Pacific	81½	83	81½	83
Southern Railway	21⅝	22½	21½	22½
Southern Ry., pf.	58¼	58½	58¼	58½
Union Pacific	116	119	116	118⅞
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	54	55¼	54	55⅛
Lehigh Valley	56	..	..	..
Norfolk & West	102¼	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	44	44⅜	44	44
Reading Railway	77½	79⅝	77½	79⅝
Tractions—				
Interboro, com.	6¾	7	6¾	7
Industrials—				
Allis-Chalmers	23	23¼	23	23¼
Am. Beet Sugar	75	75¼	75	75¼
American Can	39	40	38⅞	40
American Car	74	76¼	74	76¼
Am. Locomotive	100¼	..	..	..
Am. Smelters	75½	76¾	75½	76¾
Am. Tel. & Tel.	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛	100¼
American Wool	48	48¾	48	48¾
Baldwin Loco	72	73¼	71⅝	73¼
Central Leather	62¼	63½	62	63½
Corn Products	35	36¼	35	36¼
Col. Fuel & Iron	36½	37	36½	37
Distillers	37½	38¾	37½	38⅝
General Electric	134½	136¾	134½	136¾
General Motors	113½	117	113½	115½
G. Northern Ore	25½	26¾	25⅝	26¾
Inter. Nickel	27¾	28	27½	28
Maxwell Motor	26½	..	..	..
Marine, com.	23⅝	24⅜	23½	24⅜
Marine, pfd.	90	90¼	89½	91½
Studebaker	44	45⅝	44	45½
U. S. Rubber	54½	54½	54⅜	54⅜
Virginia Chemical	38½	..	..	..
Western Union	90⅞	..	..	..
Westinghouse	40	40½	40	40¼
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper	60¼	61½	60¼	61½
Chino Copper	39½	39¾	39½	39¾
Inspiration	43⅝	44¼	43⅝	44
Miami Copper	30	30	29⅞	30
Nevada Con.	17⅞	18⅛	17¾	18⅛
Ray Consolidated	22⅝	23¼	22⅝	22¾
Tennessee Copper	15½	..	..	..
Utah Copper	76¾	77½	76¾	77½
Oils—				
Cal. Petroleum	16	..	..	..
New Mexican	90	91⅜	89½	91¼
Texas Oil	140	143	140	142⅞
Steels—				
Bethlehem Steel	74	77	74	76¾
Crucible Steel	59	62⅛	59	62
Lackawanna	75	..	..	..
Republic Iron	76⅝	78	76½	78
Railway Steel	49⅝	..	..	..
Sloss-Sheffield	48	50	48	50
U. S. Steel	86½	89	86½	88¾
U. S. Steel, pfd.	108	..	..	..
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's	89⅝	89¾	89⅝	89¾

HAY

Toronto, March 23.—There were 28 loads of hay sold on St. Lawrence market yesterday. The price paid for the No. 1 quality was $21, and No. 2 quality sold from $16@19 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, $20@23; mixed and clover, $18@20.

Montreal, March 23.—Hay—No. 2, per ton, carlots, $17.

Detroit, March 23.—Hay is in good demand and steady. Receipts show only a moderate increase, and there is no increase in stocks.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $25.50@27; standard timothy, $25.50@28; light mixed, $25.50@26; No. 2 timothy, $24.50@25; No. 1 mixed, $24.50@25; No. 1 clover, $24.50@25; tangled rye straw, $12.50@13; wheat and oat straw, $11.50@12 per ton in carlots, Detroit.

OILS.

London, March 25.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 72s.

Turpentine Spirits—125s.

Rosin—Common, 64s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 6⅝d.

War Kerosene—No. 2, 1s 2¾d.

MONEY.

London, March 25.—Bar silver, 46d per ounce.

New York, March 25.—Bar silver, 92⅞c per ounce.

LOWER PRICES IN WINNIPEG GRAINS

Flax Down 5 Cents for May and July.

Winnipeg, March 23.—Oats closed 1⅝c lower, and July finished 2⅜c down. Barley closed ⅜c lower for May. Flax finished 5c down for May and 5c cheaper for July.

Futures market prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Oats—				
May	95¼	..	..	93⅞
July	93⅛	..	..	91⅛
Barley—				
May	1 79	..	..	1 78
Flax—				
May	3 94	..	..	3 90
July	3 87½	..	..	3 87½

Cash grain:

Oats—No. 2 Canadian western, 95⅞c; No. 3 Canadian western, 91⅞c; extra No. 1 feed, 90⅞c; No. 1 feed, 89⅜c; No. 2 feed, 84⅞c.

Barley—No. 3 Canadian western, $1.80; No. 4, $1.75; rejected, $1.50; feed, $1.50.

Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $3.87; No. 2 Canadian western, $3.82½c; No. 3 do., $3.65.

Toronto, March 23.—Both Manitoba cash oats and the Winnipeg options closed stronger yesterday. According to the board of trade quotations, on the basis in store at Fort William, No. 2 C. W. oats were marked up ⅝c at 98c, and No. 3 C. W. at 94c; extra No. 1 feed selling at 93c.

Toronto board of trade quotations:

Manitoba Wheat—In store, Fort William, nominal (including 2½c tax); No. 1 northern, $2.23½; No. 2 northern, $2.20½; No. 3 northern, $2.17½; No. 4 wheat, $2.10½.

American Corn—U. S. S. war board prohibits importation.

Manitoba Oats—No. 2 C. W., 98c; No. 3 C. W., 94c; extra No. 1 feed, 93c; No. 1 feed, 91½c, in store, Fort William.

Ontario Wheat—New crop, No. 2, $2.22, basis, in store, Montreal.

Ontario Oats—No. 2 white, 94@95c, nominal; No. 3, 93@94c.

Rye—No. 2, $2.50.

Barley—Malting, new, $1.78@1.80.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 24.—Owing to the weakness of the Winnipeg market for oats on Saturday an easier feeling prevailed in the local cash oats market, and dealers reduced prices 1c per bushel, and at the close quoted carlots of No. 3 Canadian western and extra No. 1 feed at $1.07½ per bushel, and Ontario No. 2 white at $1.07.

Oats—Canadian western, No. 3, $1.07½; extra No. 1 feed, $1.07½; No. 2 local white, $1.07; No. 3 local white, $1.04; No. 4 local white, $1.03.

DETROIT.

Detroit, March 23.—Saturday was a quiet day in all grain markets, and nothing of importance was developed. Oats opened under the bearish influence of a report that there would be no more export buying for the next ten days, but all trade did not accept this, and many dealers, knowing the heavy needs of Europe, feel confident of a continuation of the foreign purchasing that brought so much activity and strength to the market last week.

The best grades of corn advanced Friday, and held firm at the close of the week, which shows that there is not enough good corn moving to satisfy the demand.

Wheat receipts were very small, and scarcely any rate is moving. Demand for flour is very heavy.

Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, $2.17; No. 2 mixed, $2.15; No. 2 white, $2.15.

Corn—Cash No. 3, $1.70; No. 3 yellow, $1.80; No. 4 yellow, $1.70; No. 5 yellow, $1.25; No. 6 yellow, $1.20.

Oats—Standard, 96½c; No. 3 white, 98c; No. 4 white, 97c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, $2.75.

FLOUR

Toronto, March 23.—The new war flour is selling well these days, there being an enormous demand for the same. Ontario war flour is selling at $10.70 delivered, Toronto, and the Manitoba flour at $11.10, on the same basis. There is practically no bran or shorts being offered on the local market, most of the supplies being sold direct from the mills.

Ontario Flour—Winter, in new bags, prompt shipment, war quality, $10.70, Toronto delivery; $10.70, Montreal, prompt shipment.

Manitoba Flour—War quality, $11.19, Toronto.

Montreal, March 23.—A steady trade was done in flour, and the market was fairly active, with sales of Government standard grade for shipment to country points at $11.10 per barrel, in bags, f.o.b. cars, Montreal, and to city bakers, $11.20 per barrel, in bags, Montreal.

The railway freight rate on all lines of millfeed from Fort William to Montreal has been advanced 40c per ton, the rate being $4.60 now, and in consequence there is an advance in millfeed prices of 40c a ton.

Bran is now quoted at $35.40 per ton, and shorts at $40.40 per ton, including bags, delivered to the trade.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, new standard, $11.10@11.20.

Rolled Oats—Bags, 90 lbs., $5.60.

Bran—$35.

Shorts—$40.

Middlings—$48@50.

Moullie—$60@62.

Detroit, March 23.—Flour—Per 196 lbs., in eighth-paper sacks: Straight winter, $11.30; spring patents, $11.50; rye flour, $14@14.50 in jobbing lots.

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PRAYERS FOR THE ALLIES OFFERED IN LONDON'S CHURCHES

Efficacy of Prayer on Behalf of Soldiers Urged.

Fervent prayers were offered up in the churches of the city yesterday on behalf of the fighting men of Canada, of the whole of the Empire and of the Allies, in the face of the great crisis of the present. On Saturday, Rev. Byron Snell, secretary of the Ministerial Alliance, on request of the president, Rev. J. H. Boyd, called attention of the members of the Alliance to the call to prayer to the women of Canada issued by the National Council of Women.

The call to prayer, sent on from the corresponding secretary of the National Council, to the president of the local Council of Women, Mrs. H. A. Boomer, was read at the morning services in a large number of churches.

In practically all churches, reference was made to the big offensive launched by the Germans. In St. Paul's Cathedral, in addition to the usual prayers for the war, special prayers were offered yesterday. In St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, a large portion of the evening congregation waited for a special prayer service on behalf of the soldiers on west front and the cause of the Allies, which followed the regular service. Announcing the special service, Rev. D. C. MacGregor urged the importance and efficacy of prayer, recalling the manner in which the children of Israel turned to God in time of trouble, and the deliverance which again and again followed fervent, persistent prayer.

A special prayer service followed the Sunday school hour in Dundas Centre Methodist Church.

It is understood that some arrangements will be made by the Ministerial Alliance at the regular meeting this forenoon for a special union service of intercession and prayer.

ALL CATHOLIC CHURCHES CELEBRATE PALM SUNDAY

Palm Sunday was celebrated in all the Catholic churches of the city yesterday.

At the 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning service at St. Peter's Cathedral, Dr. O'Boyle of Vancouver acted as celebrant of the mass. J. Ducharme and E. Gerrard officiated as deacons. Palms were blessed and distributed to all, each person receiving a palm upon entering the cathedral. Each held the palm branch in his or her hand, while the "passion" from St. Matthew's gospel was sung by Fathers Finn, Roy and Brisson. High mass was sung by Father O'Boyle.

At the 8:30 o'clock morning service at St. Peter's Cathedral, Maxim Brisson of Drysdale and Edmund Gerrard of Windsor were ordained as deacons by Bishop M. F. Fallon. Along with E. McArdle and D. Ducharme they will be ordained as priests next Saturday.

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A Restorative and Tonic.
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NEXT FRIDAY BEING GOOD FRIDAY,
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DECLARES RUSSIANS' ONLY HOPE LIES IN A STABLE GOVERNMENT



Advertiser Illustrations.

MAJOR G. I. HUNT, London doctor, who returned to this city after three and a half years' war service, many months of which were spent in Russian hospitals and in the land of the ex-czar.

DAYLIGHT-SAVING IS MOST DETRIMENTAL IN OPINION OF FARMERS

County Councillors of District Strongly Against Proposal.

WILL HINDER PRODUCTION

Township Organizations To Be Formed to Help in Great Work.

The greater production of foodstuffs in Ontario and how best to obtain the desired results was outlined by speakers at a special meeting of the Middlesex County Council on Saturday afternoon.

The meeting was called by Warden Donald M. Graham following the order-in-council issued by the Provincial Government. All the members were present, and all manifested a keen desire to do everything possible to assist in the movement.

Addresses were delivered by Warden Graham, R. A. Finn, H. Tutt, J. C. Elliott (M.P.P), John Grieve (M.P.P.), and Peter McArthur.

A resolution protesting against the passing of the daylight-saving bill now under consideration by the Dominion Government was passed, and a copy of the same will be sent to Ottawa.

Many Suggestions.

Many valuable suggestions in the interests of the greater production campaign were offered by the speakers.

Warden Donald M. Graham in the opening address of the meeting dwelt upon the seriousness of the situation with reference to the food problem.

"The food production for 1918 means either the winning or losing of the war," he said. "The problem is so vital that it should at once receive the most earnest consideration of everyone."

Reference was made by Warden Graham to the daylight-saving bill now under consideration by the Dominion Government.

Will Be Dertimental.

"Daylight-saving will be highly dertimental to the interests of the farmer," he said. "At this time, when greater production appears to be the paramount issue, it seems a shame that the Government should consider the forcing through of an issue that will be disadvantageous to the farmer. Hoeing and other classes of work cannot be done in the morning when the dew is on the ground. Help from the city will without a doubt recognize the daylight-saving, and it will be a direct loss to the farmer."

Warden Graham referred next to what he termed the lack of co-operation between the city residents and farmers. He deprecated a feeling that should not exist, and thought that a better understanding between the country and city residents should be sought. Greater production could only be brought to a successful issue by the co-operation of all.

R. A. Finn, district representative for the Ontario Department of Agriculture, outlined the situation in detail. He showed the pressing needs for food. A greater number of implements and more were needed to till the soil. There was any quantity of land, but the great trouble was a shortage of experienced farm help.

An appeal was being made in all the factories for experienced help on the farm. Boys would also be used to a great extent.

An organization to that end should be effected in every township in the county.

While the seed merchants are as usual making provision for the needs of the province, the Ontario Department of Agriculture has been keeping in close touch with the situation, and is prepared to render assistance as to securing supplies when not available locally.

Bought Spring Wheat.

The department has purchased 50,000 bushels of Marquis spring wheat, the most desirable kind for Ontario, to supplement the supply of seed already in the province. This seed will be distributed to various centres throughout the province in carload lots, and from these centres will be shipped in smaller quantities to individual farmers. The wheat is being supplied at cost, or slightly below cost, and every care is being taken to insure the seed being of the very highest grade. Arrangements for procuring this seed wheat can be made through the district representative of the department of agriculture in each county.

H. Tutt, local representative of the Ontario Bureau of Labor, addressed the meeting upon the importance of securing farm help.

J. C. Elliott, M.P.P., John Grieve, M.P.P., and Peter McArthur spoke on the necessity of producing foodstuffs in a greater quantity than ever before, as upon increased production might depend the winning or losing of the war.

TWO 'ORIGINAL FIRSTS' ARRIVE IN LONDON ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON

Two "original firsts" arrived in the city Sunday afternoon. The men were met by representatives of the Soldiers' Aid Commission, and were taken to their homes. A party of seven men was expected, but only two arrived.

Pte. James Rattew, 192 Central avenue, was one of the members of the party. He enlisted here with the 6th Field Battery, and went overseas with that unit under the command of the late Lieut.-Col. Wood Leonard.

Pte. Rattew served in all the large battles, such as Vimy Ridge, Ypres, and the Somme, but has not been wounded or gassed. He stated he thought some of the single men who are members of the 1st Battalion should be allowed to come and see their friends. "Some single men who are 50 years old would decidedly like to get home on furlough," Pte. Rattew said.

The other "original first" was Pte. W. Martin, 125 Oak street. After arriving in the city he learned his wife was visiting relatives in Ingersoll and went to join her.

HUNS WILL NOT GET MUCH FOOD FROM RUSSIANS

Major Hunt Says Germans Have Lots of Troubles Coming.

PRAISES THE RUMANIANS

Stable Government Is the One Hope for Great Empire.

The German invasion of Russia will bring little reward in the shape of foodstuffs to relieve the ever-increasing food shortage in Germany, according to Major G. J. Hunt, A. M. C., who has arrived in London after spending three and a half years in the war, the larger portion of which was with a British hospital attached to the Russian army. Major Hunt will take up private practice in London, having been discharged from the army as physically unfit for further military service.

Major Hunt does not picture a rosy outlook for the Russians. He does look for trouble for the Germans in Russia, for he is certain that they will try and take foodstuffs from West Russia. This will be opposed and trouble will certainly follow. The Germans may get the food, but it will take a vast number of men to do it.

Major Hunt's hospital was for the most part with the eighth Russian army on the Galician front. His experience has been a wonderful one. Following the breaking up of the Russian forces he went to Petrograd and was present during the many stirring times which marked the short career of Kerensky.

Defends Russians.

Major Hunt rises a little to the defence of the Russians. His word picture of the people of this vast nation is in accord with a story which recently appeared in the Saturday Evening Post, and was headed, "More to be pitied than censured."

Major Hunt's defence of the Russians is no more or less than a statement of what they achieved in the war prior to their withdrawal. When the Russians were at their height, they had 12,000,000 men mobilized and 17,000,000 horses. It is estimated that they lost between five and six million men in the war. Germany holds 2,000,000 Russian prisoners. At one time there were 500,000 Russians with legs off waiting for artificial limbs.

Russians Neutral.

As for Russian demeanor, he says that today the Russian is neutral. He will resent any encroachment on his new found liberty on the part of the Germans or others. As a nation they are fatalists. They are given much to procrastination. They are always a little late in everything they do. They are more oriental than occidental. They are tragic, they revel in grief, and hold life cheap. Like the Indian, they will do anything for alcohol. Vodka-making is again spreading rapidly. Farmers instead of selling their grain are having it made into alcohol and are selling the grain alcohol at $35 a bottle. They know no such a word as patriotism.

Briefly, the major found them like impulsive children, easily swayed.

They are illiterates. The czar was their king and god. When he fell the whole nation fell. For this reason the major expects the Russians to give little trouble to the Germans for breaking up their country. The major said they were very provincial. They cared little or nothing what happened to Poland or Lithuania, as long as their own little province was not touched, and as long as the Germans permit the Bolsheviki to rob and plunder there is little likelihood of much opposition to the German invasion of the country.

May Stop Huns.

Japanese intervention may in a measure stop the Germans getting into West Russia, where the only foodstuffs of the country are. The rest of the country, and especially Petrograd, is facing starvation. The major did not think that the German prisoners in Siberia had got out. He tried to return home that way and could not get transportation anywhere near Siberia, so that if it was impossible to get in it was equally impossible to get out. For this reason he believed that the vast majority of the thousands of Huns held by the Russians are still there.

Major Hunt paid a great tribute to the Rumanian army. His hospital was for a time in North Rumania, having made the trip down through Bessarabia. When it reached Derahoi, it found three large hospitals without medical staffs, owing to the ravages of typhoid. The hospitals were full of wounded because of the great battle of Marachueko, which for the Germans was a second Verdun. The Hun threw immense forces against the Rumanian army in an effort to break through, and take the remainder of their oil fields. No words of praise are too high for the valiant little army that has been reorganized by 1,200 French officers.

Are Industrious.

Unlike Russians the Rumanians are a clean and industrious race. But, like the Russians, they suffer because of the large landholders. Had the Russians remained in the fight Rumania would have been in to the last, but the Russians' fall left them no alternative, with their means of supply cut off. They had no food left. The Russian army bought up all the food. In December they were facing starvation, so the major wonders how they ever passed the winter. For this reason he expects the Germans to get little assistance in the shape of food from this country.

The returned London doctor believes the one hope for the Russians is a stable government. The country will never progress until one is secured, and it will be many years before it will ever advance to a strong position in the world. Stable government, he says, is also the only hope of the bondholders of the cancelled Russian debt.

Major Hunt met the famous Kerensky, whose downfall he places at his inability to subordinate his own personal aims to the country's good. Kerensky was a fluent orator, but not equal to the task he faced when called upon. Russia's one hope was when Kornioff announced his dictatorship. Instead of standing by him Kerensky denounced him, and that started the fall.

The major tells many amusing stories to illustrate the Russian character. One is that of the first battalion to enter an armistice with the Germans, and just the day previous they had, at the request of another unit, attacked and driven back the Germans for putting 600 men of one unit out with gas.

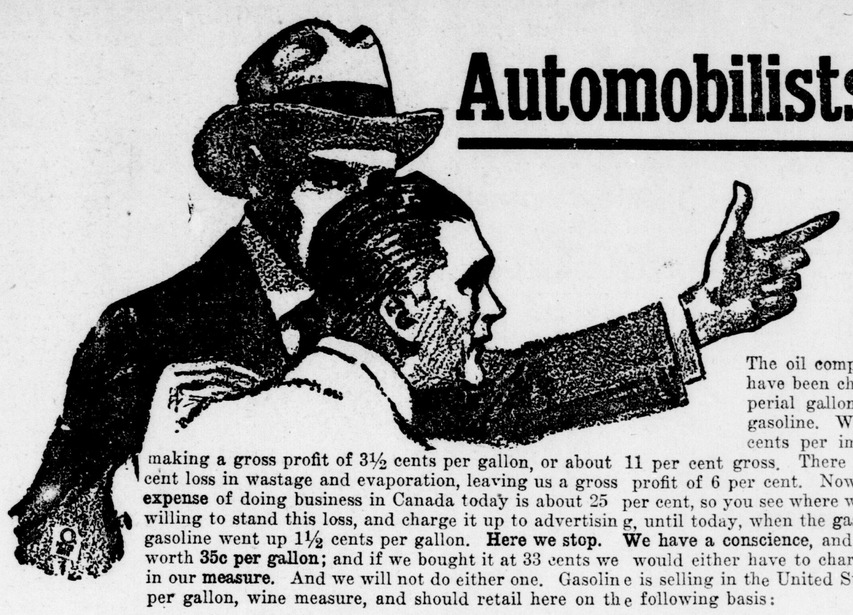
In England Major Hunt found the people strong for a fight to the end. He sees no reason for undue anxiety in the present struggle. The concentration of large bodies of troops on a narrow front will bend any line back.

Receives Word of Father's Death at Her Confirmation

Girl Gets a Tragic Message From Front While In Church.

A telegram announcing the death of Corp. Charles Eggett was received at Cronyn Memorial Church Sunday morning during the service at which his daughter, Pearl Eggett, was confirmed. Corp. Eggett enlisted in Hamilton, and left Canada just one year ago Sunday as a sergeant. He was detained in England for some time as an instructor. Later he went to France as a corporal.

He was not long in France before he was killed. Full particulars of his death have not been received yet. Mrs. Eggett with her two children moved to London when Corp. Eggett enlisted. They are living at 662 Princess avenue.



Automobilists, Notice

WE HAVE DISCONTINUED SELLING GASOLINE FOR AUTOMOBILES.

Here is our reason, and we leave it to your good business judgment if we are right or wrong in taking this course. The oil companies **(or gasoline barons)** have been charging us 31½ cents per imperial gallon for a very low gravity of gasoline. We have been retailing it at 35 cents per imperial gallon, **full measure,** making a gross profit of 3½ cents per gallon, or about 11 per cent gross. There is in gasoline at least 5 per cent loss in wastage and evaporation, leaving us a gross profit of 6 per cent. Now then, **the average overhead expense** of doing business in Canada today is about 25 per cent, so you see where we stand. We were, however, willing to stand this loss, and charge it up to advertising, until today, when the **gasoline barons** advised us that gasoline went up 1½ cents per gallon. **Here we stop. We have a conscience,** and know that gasoline is not worth **35c per gallon;** and if we bought it at 33 cents we would either have to charge you more or be **dishonest** in our **measure.** And we will not do either one. Gasoline is selling in the United States, retail, at 20 to 22 cents per gallon, wine measure, and should retail here on the following basis:

Wine measure, per gallon	22c
20% difference in imperial gallon	4½c
7½% war tax	1½c
Freight, 1 cent per gallon	1c
	29c

Gasoline barons tell you that there is a shortage. We have it on good authority that there is so much gasoline on hand that it will soon have to be poured in the ocean if it is not used up. You are paying too much for your transportation, **and we can solve the problem.** This is a period of conservation, and it is up to you. We can sell you 20,000 miles of **transportation for $50.00,**

A BRANTFORD RED BIRD BICYCLE

the wheel that made walking an extravagance, car fare and gasoline buggies an unnecessary expense. There is nothing that can take the place of a BRANTFORD BICYCLE. Come in and see us.

Bicycle and Motor Sales Company

425 WELLINGTON STREET. PHONE 3182. EXPERTS IN TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS.

MEMORIAL TABLETS MAY BE ERECTED TO MIDDLESEX HEROES

Ten Officers of the 26th Have Given Lives.

The annual meeting of the 26th Middlesex Light Infantry Regiment was held at the Grigg House on Saturday afternoon. The commanding officer, Lieut.-Col. J. H. McKay, Ailsa Craig, presided at the meeting, which was attended by a number of the officers, including many who have returned from overseas service.

The war record of the 26th is a proud one, for reports were submitted, showing that six of the eight companies had a record of 50 enlistments each (a full militia company) in the C. E. F., while two others—the ones at Strathroy and Pottersburg had 75 members each, approximately, in the overseas forces.

A list of 67 officers of the regiment who are serving or have served in the C. E. F. was prepared. This list is supplemented by four former officers of the regiment now in France on active service, while four others have served in the C. E. F. in Canada, although not overseas.

Ten Have Fallen.

An honor roll of ten officers has been prepared of those killed in action. This roll includes the names of Major T. N. Elliott, second in command of the 135th Battalion and adjutant of the 26th; Major Horace Baker, son of City Clerk Baker, and one of the officers of the 26th; Capts. F. W. Robinson and F. W. ("Pat") Jay of Strathroy and Lieuts. A. B. Rimmer, J. A. M. Shore, J. T. Hill, Bart Cottam, Harold Mills and W. MacW. Cuddy.

The question of erecting memorial tablets to the memory of the officers who have given their lives was brought up, and a committee, composed of Lieut.-Cols. H. L. Gilligan, D. S. O., and Bart. Robson and Capt. Earle Insley, was named to take up the question and report at the next meeting.

The treasurer's report, presented by Lieut.-Col. McKay showed a substantial balance to the credit of the regiment in the bank.

To bring the officers of the regiment closer together it was proposed to hold an officer's dinner at Strathroy in the near future. This dinner will be followed, it is proposed, by a dance in the 26th armories at Strathroy, the proceeds of the dance to be devoted to some patriotic object.

The committee to make arrangements for this dinner and dance includes Capt. Earle Insley, Capt. Lieut. A. R. Skelton was Lieut. Pincombe.

All Reappointed.

The standing committees of last year were appointed. These are: Band: Lieut.-Cols. H. L. Milligan, D.S.O., A. E. Somerville and Berdan; mess committee: Lieut.-Col. Milligan, Lieut.-Col. A. E. Somerville and Capt. Rutledge; entertainment committee: Major Robinson, Major H. A. Stevenson, Capt. McKay and Mr. Pincombe.

OBJECT TO MAKING CLEARING DEPOT IN TECHNICAL SCHOOL

Committee Will Urge Re-educational Work.

The militia department may not get the new Technical School for the establishment of a district clearing depot. The industrial advisory committee of the board of education would much rather it was used for re-educational work among the returned soldiers, and will take steps in that direction.

The question was considered at a meeting of the committee on Saturday. Before it was the letter of the local military headquarters staff to the mayor asking for the use of the building. This the mayor and board of control had referred to the board of education, and it in turn referred it to the advisory committee.

When sending the request along, the mayor and board of control expressed belief that they should be called in to the pour parlers that would dispose of the matter. The board of education ignored them. The reason is now apparent.

Saturday night's meeting decided to take steps to get the views of the department of education and the military hospitals commission in regard to the disposition to be made of the school. One of the reasons for the erecting of the school was the crowding of the Collegiate. The Ontario Department of Education assisted materially, giving $11,000 last year. The committee will find out what will happen to these grants and what will be the department's demands for Collegiate facilities if the Technical School is turned over to the militia.

As the soldiers' commission re-educational work is going on in four places in the city, the committee will ask the heads of the commission if they believe it would be better to centralize the work in the new school, which would take care of a large increase in the classes and at the same time provide the room necessary for increased Collegiate facilities. The members of the committee said that they thought re-educational work was by far the more important and would favor putting the building to the best possible use.

Chairman A. A. Langford, W. N. Manning and Principal H. B. Beal were named a committee to go to Toronto at once and interview the department and soldiers' commission heads.

ENORMOUS ENTHUSIASM OVER ISOLDE MENGES; APPEARS HERE TONIGHT

The enthusiasm over the second visit of Isolde Menges to London is quite unique. London hears many great artists during each season, but it is years since music lovers got such a delightful surprise as that given by this young artist, who is to appear here tonight at the Masonic Temple. b



At the Majestic today, Tuesday and Wednesday, Violet MacMillian, the dainty little moving picture actress, in a unique vaudeville novelty, "In and Out of the Movies." Special feature, Ann Pennington, the well-known Danseuse of the Ziegfred Follies, and Miss 1917 in her latest comedy drama, "Sunshine Nan," a Keystone comedy and a news weekly, complete a great show.

PATRICIA

Taylor Holmes, appearing in a five-part photoplay, "Fools for Luck." Charlie Chaplin, in his biggest scream, "Work." The Tasmanian Trio, harmony singers, musicians and dancers, and a Canadian scenic form a combination of attractions that will find instant favor with Patricia patrons today, Tuesday and Wednesday.



Taylor Holmes in "Fools for Luck"

At the Patricia Today, Tuesday and Wednesday.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

KILLED IN ACTION

LONDON.
Sergt. Charles Eggett.
TILLSONBURG.
Flight Lieut. Cecil Franklin.
NOT STATED.
F. Buysse.
Pte. Geo. Rennie.
KINCARDINE.
J. A. Stewart.
PULMAN.
G. A. Rennie.
FLESHERTON.
W. J. Sharp.

DIED OF WOUNDS

TARA.
P. Beaton.
INGERSOLL.
Gunner Morton Gerrie.

DIED

PETROLEA.
D. Gallvan.
WINDSOR.
J. A. MacKenzie.

PRESUMED TO HAVE DIED

PETROLEA.
J. Powell.
CHATHAM.
W. Roebuck.
SIMCOE.
C. Reed.

WOUNDED

WYOMING.
L. A. Melton.
LONDON.
M. H. Parker.
BRUCEFIELD.
M. C. Fraser.
ESSEX.
I. W. Hart.
OWEN SOUND.
G. L. Kechen.
SIMCOE.
E. Smith.
WINDSOR.
T. M. Lowes.
GLENMEYER.
G. H. Carson.
STRATFORD.
H. W. Turner.
ZURICH.
J. Quackenbush.
NOT STATED.
T. J. Evans.
TILLSONBURG.
G. W. Baker.
OWEN SOUND.
O. W. Holmes.
WINDSOR.
W. Whitmore.

ILL.

MOUNT FOREST.
J. H. Williamson.
LONDON.
Nursing Sister A. E. Whitely.

WOUNDED AND GASSED

LONDON.
Lieut. D. Logan.

GASSED

T. J. Evans, (not stated.)

BURNS

PALMERSTON.
P. N. Watt.

WILL BE INDUCTED ON GOOD FRIDAY

Rev. W. Leslie Armitage will be inducted into the rectorship at St. James' Anglican Church on Good Friday. All the Anglican ministers of the city will be in attendance. Special intercessory services will be held from 12 to 3 o'clock on Good Friday in the church. Rev. C. C. Waller will be in charge. The soldiers will be especially remembered at this service. It is thought that there will be a large number out to the services.

ADVISES NOVICES TO LET GARDENING ALONE

A pastoral from Right Rev. M. F. Fallon, D.D., bishop of London, dealing with the subject of conservation and greater production, was read yesterday in the Roman Catholic churches of the city, and throughout the diocese. While strongly urging the importance of increasing the food supply, a striking feature of the pastoral was the practical advice to those who know nothing about gardening. "Let it alone, and don't make things worse by wasting seed."

Listen! Burn Wood!

It is cheaper than coal. You don't need a fire all day. A few pieces of our wood takes the chill off and makes everybody happy. It saves coal bills and a lot of other bills. No ashes to sift. Use wood on mild days and save any coal you have on hand for next winter.

The quality of our wood is good. It burns easily, is cheap and we sell a lot of it. We want to sell you some of it. Order now.

$3.50 PER LOAD
Delivered to your door.
Anderson's Coal and Wood
495 YORK. PHONE 1391.
"YOUR SATISFACTION IS OUR SUCCESS."
zxv

These Are Times
When Patriotism and Loyalty
Will dictate moderation in all tastes, and while we carry lines in all the more expensive shoes we are glad to sell those which give the greatest service for the money paid. Such economical purchasing of the necessities of life enables our people to save more and that is what our King and country needs now. Every one should do their "bit." Some can do this by going to the front. Others by buying savings certificates. Others by producing more. Every one can do something to help win this war. It must be won, and those who save in any way are trying to do their share. Look at those
Shoes for Men, Women and Children
in our Richmond street window and you will see your opportunity to save on footwear.
Cook's Shoe Store

GRANTED LEAVE AFTER BEING DRAFTED, TO MAKE EXEMPTION CLAIM

For the purpose of presenting his claims for exemption before an appeal tribunal, Pte. Gordon E. Kramp of the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, has been granted leave by the district leave of absence board until April 15, 1918.

This is the first case in this district where a man, after being drafted, has been granted leave to present his case before a tribunal.

Pte. J. A. Anderson has also been granted leave until June 4, 1918.

GUNNER MORTON GERRIE IS DEAD OF WOUNDS

INGERSOLL, March 24.—Gunner Morton Gerrie, who was reported wounded on Thursday, has died, according to word received today by his mother, who resides in North Oxford. He was 22 years old and after enlisting with the 53rd Battery at Toronto went overseas in September, 1916. He was a former student at the Ingersoll Collegiate.

Pte. George Rennie, aged 25, who went over with the 135th Middlesex Battalion, has been killed in action, his mother was advised today. He had only been in France about two weeks. Pte. Rennie was widely known in this district as a baseball and hockey star.

ADVERTISING CAMPAIGN FOR FOOD CONSERVATION TO START THIS WEEK

James Gray, who has charge of the Canada Food Board's conservation propaganda campaign in this military district, plans to launch his advertising campaign in London this week. Already some advertisers have taken up the work. Forty city advertisers have agreed to use special conservation material in their ads this week.

In the meantime the work of organizing the rest of the district is going on. Chairmen to take charge of the work have been appointed in about half the centres of the district with a population over 500. Mr. Gray is now waiting for Ottawa to send the material for window displays. The majority of the business houses of the city have been canvassed, and will carry food conservation advertising and displays in their windows.

LOSS OF SLEEP IS EASILY REMEDIED

Find it hard to get to sleep at nights? Wake in the morning feeling tired and irritable? You need iron, and the best iron to get is the new French formula, Tonal Iron Capsules. They have cured others, and will cure you. Start taking them today. At all drug stores, or by mail $1. Tonal Iron Company, Box 184, London. 3tu