

EXETER PEOPLE INVOLVED IN CASE OVER OLD MAN'S MONEY

Bank Clerk Accused of Conspiring to Get His Adopted Grandfather's Cash—Mayor Judd's Story.

A most extraordinary tale of an alleged attempt by a young bank clerk in Exeter to get possession of \$9,000 of his adopted grandfather's money was told by Mayor Judd, aided by certain affidavits and papers, before Mr. Justice Teetzel at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, yesterday.

George Washington Holwell, of the village of Theford, Lambton County, is the plaintiff. Mrs. Fanny Powell, who has been separated for some time from her husband, has been his housekeeper, and is his adopted daughter. Her son, George Holwell Powell, is a clerk in the Sovereign Bank branch at Exeter.

Changed the Deposit.

Holwell, the plaintiff, is 71 years old. He alleges that the bank clerk and his father, J. H. Powell, came to him in last July, and induced him to take his \$9,000 out of the Sovereign Bank branch at Theford, and put it in the Exeter branch. The clerk told him he would get a higher rate of interest for it at the latter branch.

The old man made out the check to the young clerk, and the latter deposited the money in his own name in the Exeter bank. When Holwell heard of this he was very wrath, and demanded the return of the money. The young fellow would not give it back, and refused to accept a draft which Holwell drew on him. "It was a gift to me," is the claim of the adopted grandson.

The old man consulted Mayor Judd, and the latter brought suit before Judge Macbeth. A temporary injunction was granted, restraining the bank from paying over the money to either of the Powells, pending the trial of the action.

Changed Solicitor.

Then Mr. Judd was notified that Holwell had changed his solicitors, and he would no longer be retained to act for him. Mr. Judd tells this part of the story in his affidavit. "I called Theford by telephone, and was informed by the plaintiff's daughter that the defendant, the Powells, and one Stanbury, a solicitor, of Exeter, had taken the plaintiff to a hotel in Exeter and had made him sign a paper, the contents of which he did not know."

"I also telephoned Mr. J. M. McEvoy, who is alleged to have now received instructions to act for the plaintiff, and he informed me that the consent to change solicitors was witnessed by the said Stanbury, and who he thought sent the said consent to him, but that he refused to act until he saw the said plaintiff, and that he went to Theford on Tuesday and saw the plaintiff and had a talk with him, and was setting out his conversation with him in an affidavit which he intended sending to Toronto, and which conversation he detailed to me. In the conversation I had with the plaintiff's daughter she informed me that she was unaware of Mr. McEvoy having had any conversation with her father, and that he had certainly not been at plaintiff's house."

Yesterday morning Mr. Judd appeared at Osgoode Hall to ask for an order continuing the injunction.

Up rose Mr. Robert McKay, a Toronto lawyer, and stated that he represented Mr. McEvoy, who had a retainer from the old man. He had instructions to ask that the injunction be dissolved and the case dismissed.

Injunction Continued.

Mr. Justice Teetzel continued the injunction until Oct. 8, after Mr. Judd had charged that the old man had signed the second retainer only when taken to the hotel and when he did not know what he was signing.

Mr. Judd also filed certain documents, among them a couple of letters written by Powell to his son. These make interesting reading, and throw some sidelights on the case.

It seems that the bank clerk is a Mason, and that the fraternity had, at the suggestion of the young man's mother, taken a hand in the affair.

One letter, the first, reads as follows: "Dear George—Yours with inclosed letter received. You speak right now. Give them all to understand that they can't scare a dollar out of you. Your Ma started the Masons, and she can't scare them, and tell her if she don't give them a definite offer on paper. Say anything to her, and I'll keep the stuff in spite of the Masons and her. The trouble with giving her anything is that you cannot tell if she will quit or not. An easy settlement for a few hundred might do, but I like your talk better than that. If you are anything in the shape of advice is needed, we will see Ed Meredith, of London. You are the com. and position is nine points of the law."

Another letter, written on four square wards, and signed "J. H. P.," states that he had seen Dr. Grant, and the latter told him the Masons had not taken him to a hotel, but to a place called (Mr. Powell) act guardian, but only to act in a friendly advisory capacity.

RUSSIA SINKING INTO BARBARISM

Admonition of Shipoff, Who Refused a Port'io in Stolypin Cabinet.

Moscow, Sept. 28.—M. Shipoff, the veteran reformer, who declined a portfolio in the Stolypin cabinet, in an interview today said:

"The chasm between the people and the Government is now almost impossible to bridge. The ruling bureaucracy is bending every resource of the empire to the task of defeating the wishes of the people. The suspension of justice, ruthless punitive expeditions and the suppression of political parties form a damning contrast to the promises of reform. Even were the promises sincere and the reforms real the people could not accept them at the hands of distrustful rulers."

"There must be a change in the ministry, and Parliament must be reconvened forthwith. The majority would then be composed of Moderates, and as the process of revolutionizing will be arrested as soon as the people are assured that their struggle for elementary political liberties will be crowned with success the old regime will be irrevocably dead and a release will be impossible."

"The present regime is rapidly revolutionizing and demoralizing the country. Daily bloodshed is a matter of indifference, and political crimes are glorified. Moral principle is disappearing and ultimate right and wrong are ignored. Russia is sinking into barbarism without moral regeneration. She is doomed."

Revolutionary Order.

A revolutionary order has been circulated in the Baltic Provinces requiring the population, in addition to furnishing the Revolutionists with notification of the approach of police or troops, to institute a service for forwarding revolutionary correspondence, and making the support of the Revolutionists who have sought refuge in the forests an obligation on the whole neighboring commune.

The village elders must conceal the Revolutionists, provide them with passports and make known the lists of prescribed spies, who are to be killed on sight. The penalty for violation of this order is death, and ignorance of the revolutionary law will not be accepted as justification for its violation.

CAUGHT IN JAPAN.

Ottawa, Sept. 27.—H. W. Brick, the defaulting manager of the W. K. Wampole factory at Perth, who disappeared on July 1, leaving the company thousands of dollars behind, is reported here to have been arrested in Japan. A detective employed by the Toronto General Trust Company is said to have effected Brick's capture.

KILLED HER NURSE

Insane Murderess Stabs Attendant With Pair of Scissors.

Newburgh, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Lizzie Halliday, a murderess, confined in the Mattawan Hospital for Insane Criminals, made a murderous assault this morning on a female attendant, Miss Nellie Wicks, aged 21.

The Halliday woman followed Miss Wicks into a lavatory adjoining the ward, knocked her down, and taking a pair of scissors from Miss Wicks, stabbed her in the throat. Lizzie Halliday died two hours later. Lizzie Halliday in 1893 killed her husband, Paul, and two women, concealing the bodies under the house at Burlington, a little place in Sullivan County.

An insane fondness for Miss Wicks and violent opposition to her impending departure, was the motive which prompted Mrs. Halliday to kill her.



MR. C. A. STUART.

TRANSCONTINENTAL MIDDLESEX BOY IS PUSHED ALONG HONORED IN WEST

Tenders for 500 More Miles of the Road About To Be Called For.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—It is understood that the Transcontinental Railway commission is arranging to call for tenders for about 500 miles of the road. There is now 400 miles under construction. In November or early in December, by that time the surveys will be completed. The sections for which tenders will be called are as follows: Superior Junction, eastward; Latuque, westward; Quebec, eastward; Moncton, westward; and about 200 miles east and west of Lake Abitibi, which will make 500 in all.

MADE A LIFE MEMBER

Seventh Regiment Rifle Association Honors Major Hayes.

The Seventh Regiment Rifle Association showed its appreciation of faithful work when, at its annual meeting last evening, it elected Major Hayes a life member. For many years Major Hayes has taken a very active part in the promotion of rifle shooting among the members of the regiment, and has been in no small measure responsible for the success attending the many regimental shoots. That he should be honored by the association in this way was quite fitting.

The officers elected for the year are as follows: Honorary Presidents—Sir John Carling and Lieut.-Col. A. M. Smith. President—Lieut.-Col. Little. Vice-President—Major Hayes. Treasurer—Lieut.-Col. Bentley. Secretary—Lieut. Gregory.

The executive comprises the officers of the association, the rifle committee and staff officers of the regiment. The annual accounts, showing receipts and expenditure, were presented. They showed a small balance on hand and were sent to the auditors for verification. There was a large attendance and much enthusiasm prevailed.

FIRE IN WINNIPEG

Carriage Warehouse Damaged—Loss About \$28,000.

Winnipeg, Sept. 28.—Fire broke out in Boyce's carriage warehouse, Rose avenue, last night. It started in the basement and worked through the heating flue to the fifth floor. The department did excellent work, and within an hour had the flames under control, never having allowed damage to break through the walls. Damage about \$28,000, chiefly to the contents. Fully covered by insurance.

Dauphin, Man., Sept. 27.—Word has been received here of a serious loss of a farmer named E. Eagle, near Carrot River, some days ago, when a prairie fire destroyed his granary, containing 3,000 bushels of wheat. Forty tons of hay were also consumed.

LAST HAS PAID UP

No More Teamsters Will Appear in Court for a While.

The last of London teamsters who failed to pay his license appeared in the police court this morning, and after being severely censured for his carelessness was allowed to go, when he had taken out the necessary permit and paid the costs of the court.

One young man who rode a bicycle on the sidewalk was fined \$1. A non-support case was adjourned for one week to allow the parties concerned to reach a settlement.

One first-time drunk was allowed to go on condition that he refrain from drink forever more.

KILLED WIFE AND HIMSELF.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Charles G. Kline, an Evanston coal merchant, shot and mortally wounded his wife while she was in bed at their home early today. Then he placed the muzzle of the weapon against his side and killed himself instantly. Mrs. Kline died half an hour later. Kline was for some years a patient in a sanatorium. They leave six children.

MIDDLESEX BOY HONORED IN WEST

Mr. C. A. Stuart Appointed to Supreme Court for Northwest.

A dispatch from Ottawa announces the appointment of Charles A. Stuart, of Calgary, as a judge of the supreme court for the Northwest Territories. Mr. Stuart is a Middlesex boy, a brother of Mr. Alex. Stuart, K.C., of this city, formerly of Glencoe, and has many friends throughout the western section of the country, who will be pleased to hear of his appointment to such an important place on the bench.

Mr. Justice Stuart is the youngest son of the late Charles Stuart, of Carleton Place. He was educated at the public schools of Carleton Place, the Strathroy Collegiate Institute and Toronto University, obtaining at his matriculation four first scholarships, a record never excelled and only twice equaled in Toronto University. Throughout the university course his record was most brilliant, for he always took first place in first-class honors. He captured the scholarship in classics and the gold medal at graduation; first-class honors in modern languages for two years, and first-class honors and the Ramsay scholarship in political science.

"Public Finance" together with history and other prizes. At the same time he took a leading part in all university politics, being president of the all societies to which he belonged.

After graduating in Toronto he held a fellowship in Columbia College, New York, but returned to Toronto to accept the chair of history during the illness of Sir Daniel Wilson. He afterwards accepted a fellowship in Canadian and English constitutional history in the university, studying law at the same time in the law school, Toronto, and in the office of his older brother, Mr. Alex. Stuart, K.C., then of Glencoe.

After spending some time for the benefit of his health in Mexico and on his brother's ranch near Calgary, he began practicing in the latter city, and was soon recognized as a sound and reliable lawyer. He took an active part in public affairs, particularly on the foundation of the new provinces, and was recognized as the authority on all historical and constitutional questions. He was the choice of the Liberal party for the representation of Calgary in the Assembly, but declined in order to make way for the Hon. Mr. Hushgung. He was afterwards elected for the riding of Gleichen, and took a leading part in the legislation of the House, carrying through several important measures. His appointment to the bench had been predicted and highly approved by all parties in the Province.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—RAIN.

Toronto, Sept. 27—8 p.m. Showers have occurred today in the Maritime Provinces. Elsewhere the weather has been fine, and for the most part warm. The severe tropical storm which was approaching Quebec last night appears now to be centered over the State of Mississippi.

Minimum and Maximum: Vancouver, 50-60; Calgary, 36-60; Swift Current, 30-70; Winnipeg, 32-72; Port Arthur, 38-68; Parry Sound, 44-66; Toronto, 50-70; Ottawa, 52-66; Montreal, 66-68; Quebec, 62-68; St. John, 54-58; Halifax, 48-70.

FORECASTS.

Friday, Sept. 28—8 a.m. Today—Winds, increasing to gales, easterly to northeasterly; fair. Rain tonight and most of Saturday.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather. Calgary 28 24 Fair. Winnipeg 32 20 Fair. Port Arthur 38 24 Fair. Parry Sound 44 28 Fair. Toronto 50 42 Clear. Ottawa 52 46 Clear. Montreal 66 68 Clear. Quebec 62 68 Clear. Father Point 44 40 Clear.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest registration at the London weather bureau yesterday was 70°; low, 51°.

WEATHER NOTES.

A severe tropical storm is this morning centered in Arkansas. It is less energetic at present, but it still promises stormy weather over the west, and signals are displayed at lake stations for an easterly gale.

STORM COMING NORTH.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Reports received by the weather bureau today indicate that the southern storm is now central in Arkansas. Much diminished in strength. The wind has subsided, and normal conditions prevail. It was stated that the storm will doubtless continue in a northerly direction, and also that a second disturbance is moving eastward from the Gulf of Mexico, and that a second disturbance is predicted in the Ohio valley, the south Atlantic states and the western portion of the middle Atlantic states and the lower lake region. The changes will be generally unimportant.

A LONDON MAN UNDER ARREST

Information Laid Against Mr. John O'Gorman—A Bye-Election Echo.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Sept. 28.—On information laid by Provincial Detective James Rogers, the police arrested at noon today John O'Gorman, on a charge of bribery and other corrupt acts during the London bye-election, when Hon. C. S. Hyman defeated William Gray.

Mr. O'Gorman appeared in the police court this morning, and at the conclusion of the preliminary hearing was allowed out on \$1,000 bail.

The witness in the box today was the complainant, Jeremiah Collins, of London, who charged that Mr. O'Gorman had promised him a Government job if he would vote and work for Hyman.

Mr. Collins did not get the job, he says, and hence the arrest.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

RESCUED 400 PEOPLE

Fishermen's Women and Children Brought to St. Johns.

St. Johns, Nfld., Sept. 28.—The Government mail boat from Labrador has arrived, bringing 400 women and children who constituted the fishing crews wrecked in the Strait of Belle Isle, and along the coast of Newfoundland during the recent storms.

Most of the crews immediately started homeward. The survivors report the narrow escape of the missing hospital ship Strathcona, which was caught in a gale that it weathered with difficulty.

SALVATION GIRLS COMING

Daily Applications from Servantless and Wifeless Colonists.

London, Sept. 28.—"As regards the servants we are sending abroad," said Commissioner Nichol, when interviewed by a London newspaper, "we reach a class of women who do not usually come from the country. This usually is the woman who has been betrayed, but who is not evilly inclined. We remove her from the atmosphere of shame which surrounds her, from the pointed finger of scorn, from further temptation which may come of mere desperation. Then there are the semi-irrepressible girls, who are subject to discipline in new surroundings. Nearly all of these girls make industrious servants, and often become good wives and devoted mothers."

The Salvation Army is receiving daily applications from wives from servantless and wifeless colonists, and arrangements have just been completed for sending to British Columbia a number of household helpers, the employers and prospective husbands defraying part of the expenses.

The Bristol distress committee, under the unemployed workmen act, have emigrated eleven men, with thirty-nine dependents, to Canada.

RECALLS RODNEY MURDER

Man Tried and Acquitted Brings Action for Damages.

St. Thomas, Ont., Sept. 28.—The Rodney murder, for which no one has been punished, is recalled by an examination for discovery held before D. McLaws.

It will be remembered that Miss Eliza Lowry, an aged maiden woman, of Rodney, was staying with Mrs. Covel, of Old Rodney, her husband being away from home during the night. Miss Lowry was murdered and her body found lying outside, at the back of the house. Mrs. Covel was in the house on the night of the murder. Alex. Willis was arrested on the charge of committing the murder, and was tried and found not guilty.

Willis now brings action against Mrs. Mary Cole for damages for slander, it being alleged that she persistently alleges that Willis is the guilty party.

SEVEN HOTELMEN CONVICTED.

Toronto, Sept. 28.—Chief Officer Milo Saunders, of the license department at the Parliament buildings, reports that seven convictions were made before the magistrate at Welland, for infractions of the liquor license act, the fine imposed in each case being \$50. A number of other prosecutions are pending at Port Colborne, Bridgeport and Niagara Falls.

Andrews May Die

A special to The Advertiser from Guelph today states that doubts are entertained for the recovery of Hardy Andrews, the London brakeman who was injured on Saturday morning near Guelph Junction, in the collision between a G. T. R. mixed train and a fruit special.

Andrews spent a very bad night, and this morning his condition was critical. Chances of recovery are against him.

Everything possible is being done for Andrews by the Grand Trunk's medical attendant, and special nurses are caring for him both day and night.

Mr. Hyman Encourages the Canadian Architects

Offers \$15,000 in Prizes for Designs of Government Buildings.

Ottawa, Sept. 27.—Government today decided to set apart \$15,000 as prizes in the public competition for the best designs for the proposed new departmental buildings.

None but Canadians will be allowed to compete, and the designs must be in the hands of the Minister of Public Works by Feb. 15 next.

The first prize will be \$8,000, second \$4,000, third \$2,000 and fourth \$1,000. These awards should be sufficiently generous to develop a spirit of keen rivalry among Canadian architects and to result in the creation of a work of genius fit to take its place among the best examples of architectural beauty.

According to the arrangements decided upon Hon. Mr. Hyman; Mr. Edmund Burke, president of the Architects' Association of Quebec; Mr. Chase, president of the Architects' Association of Ontario, and Mr. David Ewart, chief architect of the public works department, form the board of assessors to determine which designs are most meritorious. Each competitor will be furnished with a copy of the conditions, and a survey showing the contour of the site, and must send his design and his name to the minister in a sealed envelope. Each design will be numbered before being handed to the assessors, so that the identity of the competitor will be unknown to them.

The space provided at present in buildings rented by the Government is 186,131 superficial feet. The new structures are to be fireproof in character, the materials composing the interior to be of steel and cement. The competitive designs will be limited to sketches in ink, and no brush work will be allowed, except for finishing the windows in sections. The number of square feet in each room, the lineal dimensions, and other particulars must be shown. The drawings are to be without shade or color, and contain plans of separate floors, elevations, etc.

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SPLIT IN RANKS OF CONSERVATIVES

Trouble Arises Over Patronage and the Packing of a Convention.

Toronto, Sept. 27.—There has been a split in the ranks of the North Toronto Conservatives over the packing of the convention that gave W. K. McNaught the nomination when Beattie Nesbitt was appointed registrar.

The unsatisfactory condition regarding the disposition of patronage is another grievance.

This has led to the formation of a new Conservative Association in North Toronto. The funds have all been subscribed and the provisional officers chosen.

The organization meeting will be held in a few days.

M. C. R. APPEALS.

Toronto, Sept. 28.—The Michigan Central Railway Company asks the court of appeal to set aside the verdict of \$9,000 damages awarded by Judge Tiesdel and a jury to the widow of Robert H. Schwoob, a fireman, who was scalded to death while in the company's employ. Judgment reserved.

FIRE RANGER DROWNED.

Biscotasing, Ont., Sept. 28.—Two fire rangers, who have just arrived from Green Lake Post, report that they picked up Angus Taylor in a helpless condition on Canoe Lake, his mate, Roy O'Donnell, of Brechin, Ont., having been drowned by the capsizing of their canoe in a squall. They were rangers on the Mississaugas forest reserve.

CITY SOLICITOR IS CRITICISED

BY MEMBER OF WORKS BOARD

Charged With Giving Two Opinions on Same Question—Company Gets Land.

The board of works last night agreed to allow the London Foundry Company to rent, from year to year, 30 feet on the east side of the west end of King street, immediately west of Thames street.

The motion, which was made by Ald. Saunders, was vigorously opposed by Ald. Wyatt, who pointedly criticised the City Solicitor Meredith for giving the council what Ald. Wyatt considered two opinions on the subject, diametrically opposed to each other.

When the London Foundry matter came up a memo. was read, in which it was stated that the company should be allowed to rent the piece of street from the city at a nominal rental from year to year.

Ald. Wyatt Astonished.

"Well, that beats me," Ald. Wyatt declared. "A short time ago he advised the council neither to rent nor sell the land, as it was very important that the city should hold it. Now he has swallowed himself. I can't understand it."

"What's wrong about it?" Ald. Garratt asked. "Didn't the city sell the west end of Bathurst street to the street railway company? Who made the kick then?"

"The cases are not parallel," Ald. Wyatt said. "They are altogether different. The city's main sewer does not run through Bathurst street, as it does through King street."

"Well, the city solicitor gave me that opinion," Ald. Garratt interrupted.

Sixty-five per cent of the property in Sussex street occupying the site of the proposed structures has already been purchased. If the owners of the balance hold out for a price deemed to be excessive the question of compensation will have to be determined by the exchequer court. It is proposed to have two separate buildings of five stories, one for the department of justice, the railway commission and the supreme and exchequer courts, and the other for departmental offices. What departments are to occupy the latter is a matter for future consideration. The judicial building, as it may be designated, will be equipped with free library.

The designs must cover placing buildings on sites, laying out of necessary avenues and roads, and connecting of Parliament Hill with Majors Hill Park, upon which the buildings will front, by an ornamental bridge over the Rideau Canal. The new buildings are to have a floor space of 225,000 feet, which is 12,000 more than is contained in the eastern and western and Languevin blocks.

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WESTERN WHEAT BEING THRESHED

Some 85,000,000 Bushels, the Estimated Yield from 4,500,000 Acres.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—The trade and commerce department has received reports which indicate the wheat yield in Manitoba, Alberta, and Saskatchewan at 85,000,000 bushels from 4,500,000 acres. It is said that the yield would have been considerably larger but for the hot wave in August, which was very severe.

About 6,000,000 bushels of the new wheat have been inspected. Of this 25 per cent is No. 1; 40 per cent, No. 1 Northern; 15 per cent of the yield to be high grade.

The fine weather is facilitating threshing, etc.

Some damage from frost is reported from the Regina country.

VALET GETS ALL

Rich Man's Will Leaves Mother and Sister Without a Cent.

New York, Sept. 28.—Patrick Colbert, a valet, receives a fortune under the will of his employer, Dr. Frank J. Freely, which was admitted to probate in the King's County court today as the climax of a long-fought contest.

Colbert is the sole beneficiary, as the testator cut off his mother, sister and other blood relatives.

Under the trust agreement the valet will receive about \$600,000.

Dr. Freely died at Stoney Creek, Conn., last March.

"If what you say is true, I have been misled by the city solicitor," Ald. Wyatt continued. "A short time ago he advised us neither to rent nor sell the property."

Ald. Garratt Objects.

"Perhaps it would be wise to have the solicitor to send in a written report to this effect," Chairman Gerry suggested.

"I'll move Mr. Meredith be asked for a written opinion," Ald. Wyatt said. This questioning of Ald. Garratt's accuracy irritated him.

"I object right now," he said. "This is the city solicitor's opinion. You've got the memo. from the city clerk," he said turning to Secretary Bell.

"No, I got it from you," Mr. Bell replied.

"Didn't the city clerk write it?" "Yes, he did," the secretary answered.

Motion Adopted.

"Well, then, to satisfy Ald. Wyatt, call up the city solicitor," Ald. Garratt said.

"I don't doubt Ald. Garratt's word," Ald. Wyatt explained, "but I can't reconcile the two opinions of the solicitor."

Ladies' Black
Sateen Underskirts
at 75c and \$1.

Woods' Fair

Splendid assort-
ment of Ladies'
Fancy Collars, 25c.

BIG UMBRELLA SALE SATURDAY

Children's School Umbrella with steel rod, Gloria covering and turned wood handle. Special sale price Saturday 50c

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S UMBRELLAS, 75c

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Umbrellas, assorted handles, bone, Congo and horn, silver tipped, steel rod, Paragon frame, Austrian cloth covering. Special sale price Saturday 75c

Ladies' Fall Waists, 69c

Ladies' American Cotton Flannel Waists, in navy, cardinal, green, blue and tan, fancy stripe, tucked front, plain back, long tucked cuff; sizes 32 to 42. Saturday sale price 69c

Ladies' Fall Vests, 25c

Ladies' Long-Sleeve Fall Vests, in pure white or gray, ribbed wrist, button front, shaped waist, lace and tape trimmed neck. Special sale price 25c

LADIES' VESTS, 35c

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Vests, long sleeves, light faced, ribbed wrist, shaped waist, lace and baby ribbon trimmed neck, button front, drawers to match. Our special sale price Saturday 35c

LADIES' 75c UNSHRINKABLE UNDERWEAR, 50c

Lennard's Crescent Band and Watson's Unshrinkable Underwear, finest quality, ribbed wrist and ankles, regular 75c. Sale price, garment 50c

Clearing sale of Ladies' Summer Vests, sleeveless, in pure white, regular 25c. Sale price 15c

CASHMERE HOSE, 25c

Fine Cashmere Hose, plain or ribbed, spliced heel and toe, full fashioned, some double knee, assorted sizes. Sale price 25c

All our summer hosiery clearing out at special prices.

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS, 10c

Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs with broad hemstitched hem. Sale price, each 10c

LADIES' TURNOVERS, 10c, 15c, 25c

Ladies' Fine, White Lawn Turnovers, embroidered in assorted patterns. Special sale price 10c, 15c and 25c

35c BOX NOTEPAPEL, 19c

Fancy boxes with pure dainty linen note paper in white and colors, also the new heliotrope with gilt edge, the very newest, 25 sheets and 25 envelopes, regular 35c. Saturday sale price 19c

ALGER BOOKS FOR BOYS, 25c

Ralph Crockett's Heir, Henry Series, David Crockett, Hector's Infatuation, Deerslayer, Jed, the Poorhouse Boy, Little Merchant, Andy Gordon, Among Malay Pirates, Sam's Chance.

\$1.25 MUSIC CASES, 75c

New shipment of Music Cases, made of polished calfskin, in wine, brown and black, regular \$1.25. Sale price 75c

WE ARE SHOWING A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF CLOTH-BOUND BOOKS, 25c

Dombey and Son, It's Never Too Late to Mend, Guy Mannering, Middlemarch, The Pickwick Papers, The Mill on the Floss, History of a Crime, All Mary Jane Holmes' books, Scarlet Letter, John Halifax Gentleman.

The newest designs in center pieces, shadow work, eyelid hole embroidery, etc., all at special prices.

New Beads for forget-me-not chains, in blue and white, a bunch 7c

SPECIALS IN CANDY

Fresh Peanut Crisp, 10c a pound; choice mixed candy, 10c a pound; fresh marshmallows, sale price, a pound 15c

NEW SHIPMENT OF SOAP

Gold Dust Laundry Soap, 3 large bars, Saturday, for 25c

ANOTHER GRANITEWARE DAY ON SATURDAY IN BASEMENT

Granite Dippers, 1 quart, regular 25c, Saturday 15c. Granite Bedroom Jugs and Basins, Saturday, 50c. Granite Tea Pots and Coffee Pots, 25c. Granite Stove Pots, No. 9, regular 50c, Saturday 35c. Granite Tea Kettles, No. 9, regular \$1.00, Saturday 69c. Granite Pie Plates, 10c, Saturday, 3 for 25c. Granite Chambers, white, regular 35c and 45c, Saturday, 25c and 35c.

LANTERNS, 43c EACH.—Although lanterns have advanced in price so much that we cannot buy them from the manufacturer at the above price, we are going to give our customers one more chance to purchase a good Colliery Lamp at about half regular price, Saturday 43c. Not more than two to a customer.

COME INTO OUR ART ROOM ON SATURDAY and see the beautiful new display of Japanese China, the prettiest we have ever shown.

Big value in Dinner Sets; a dollar's worth of graniteware given away with every set.

Lovers' Knot
Shirtwaist Sets
sale price
15c and 25c.

WOODS' FAIR

Fancy
Back Combs,
sale price
15c.

THE FALL EXHIBITIONS

Comber	Sept. 23-29
Bridgend	Oct. 1-2
Thorndale	Oct. 1-2
Tiverton	Oct. 2-3
Thamesville	Oct. 2-3
Lion's Head	Oct. 2-3
Alvinston	Oct. 2-3
Amherstburg	Oct. 2-3
Burford	Oct. 2-3
Tara	Oct. 2-3
Wallaceburg	Oct. 2-3
Lucknow	Oct. 2-3
Tilsonburg	Oct. 2-3
Delaware	Oct. 3
Dorchester Station	Oct. 3
Thedford	Oct. 3
Delaware	Oct. 3
Teeswater	Oct. 3-4
Blenheim	Oct. 3-4
Embro	Oct. 3-4
Dresden	Oct. 4-5
Wallaceburg	Oct. 4-5
McGillivray Agr. Soc.	Oct. 5
Caradoc (Mount Brydges)	Oct. 5
Forest	Oct. 4-5
Highgate	Oct. 5-6
Galt	Oct. 5-6
Florence	Oct. 8-9
Wyoming	Oct. 8-9
Ridgeway	Oct. 8-10
Westminster (Lambeth)	Oct. 9
Ingersoll	Oct. 9-10
Muncey	Oct. 9-11
Thamesford	Oct. 12
Moraviantown	Oct. 13-19

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain cure for piles, hemorrhoids, and every form of anal protrusion. It is a small, delicate, and powerful remedy, which is put up in a small bottle, and is so powerful that only small doses are required. The full strength of the extract is contained in this form, and do their work thoroughly.

American shoes are so popular in the city 30 miles an hour is allowed. Germany that many manufacturers in that country sell their goods as "American made."

DON'T DO ANY MIXING.

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—Mr. W. G. Parmelee, deputy minister of trade and commerce, is indignant at the suggestions thrown out from time to time in the evidence being taken by the grain commission that mixing of grain goes on at Winnipeg and other inspection points. "Any mixing that is done," said Mr. Parmelee this morning, "is the work of the producer or the dealer before the grain reaches Winnipeg. And our inspectors are not to blame. No mixing is done at Winnipeg or any other inspection point."

WOODSTOCK'S NEW RESERVOIR.

Woodstock, Sept. 28.—During the past year the city commissioners have expended \$50,000 in improving the waterworks. Electric mains and new pumps have been installed. The new reservoir provides for an inexhaustible supply of water in case of a big fire. The new equipment is operating to the entire satisfaction of the commissioners.

Michand finds a steady fall in the birth rate of men of talent from New England westward. In New England out of every 100,000 births 54 are those of men of talent; in New York that number falls to 34, in Ohio to 19, in Indiana to 11, in Illinois to 10, in Missouri to 8, in Kansas to 2, in Colorado to 1. This was learned by comparing the states by the number of persons whose names appear in a directory of those prominent in public life, the arts and sciences and literary pursuits, with the total number of persons born. The objection, of course, to these statistics is that a great many of these names, for instance, in New York City, come from natives and after they have become famous and prosperous have broadened their field of work by moving to a larger center of activity, where opportunities are greater.

CHEAPEST OF ALL MEDICINES.—Considering the curative qualities of Dr. Thompson's Electric Oil, it is the cheapest medicine now offered to the public. The dose required in any ailment is small, and the value of the benefit it confers. It is not purchased for many times the price has simplified and cheapened its manufacture.

Tigers appear to be on the increase in Burma, owing to the restrictions on the possession and carrying of arms.

CONFERENCE DEALS WITH DIVORCE

Bible Rule Alone Must Govern Re-Marrying.

DECLARATION FOR ARBITRATION

Uniformity in Order of Service Is Enjoined—Duty of Ministers Re-Secular Concerns.

Montreal, Sept. 27.—The General Conference of the Methodist Church closed its sittings here tonight. The conference opened on the 12th and has sat for thirteen days, one of the longest sessions on record.

The business of the closing sessions was largely routine, adoption of reports and disposal of routine business.

An important matter was brought up tonight by a report from the committee on memorials on the question of the remarriage of divorced persons. The report recommended that inasmuch as the Lord had given very definite declaration as to the ground for severance of the marriage tie, no Methodist minister should perform a marriage ceremony in which one of the persons had been divorced, unless satisfied that the divorce had been granted on this ground, and that the person about to be married was not the guilty party.

The report was unanimously adopted by the conference.

For Arbitration.

Today's business was commenced with the passage of a resolution in favor of the principle of arbitration for the settlement of international disputes. The resolution, which was moved by Rev. George F. Salmon, of Montreal, was as follows: "Whereas, this General Conference, representing the United Methodist Church of Canada and Newfoundland, advocates the spread of universal peace, and whereas we believe that arbitration is the best method of settling international disputes, and that the principle of arbitration should be given fullest expression wherever possible, and that this body approves the recommendation of the Interparliamentary Union to the Hague peace conference in favor of arbitration, and that this resolution be forwarded to the second Hague peace conference of 1907, through the representative of the Canadian Parliament to the Interparliamentary Union."

Order of Service.

Conference resumed consideration of the discipline committee's report. Uniformity of the order of service was striven for in one recommendation, which, with amendments, was adopted as follows: For morning service—Doxology, invocation, hymn, prayer, and anthem or hymn. Scripture lessons (one from the Old and one from the New Testament), collection (if before sermon), hymn, sermon, prayer, collection (if after sermon), hymn, benediction, silent prayer while the congregation stands with bowed heads. For the evening service—Minister's message, one Scripture lesson, instead of two.

Secular Work.

From the fog surrounding many minor recommendations, conference sat up when the matter of ministers' relations with secular trading companies came up. The discipline committee recommended the following provision: "No minister or probationer shall engage in any secular business or work that will detract from his ministerial character or usefulness, or interfere with the proper discharge of his duties assigned to him by the church, and it shall be the duty of any minister having knowledge or reliable information of such an offense to lay a charge before the proper authorities."

Rev. Dr. Young moved in amendment that conference strongly recommends that no minister or probationer shall become a member of a secular board of any trading company.

Rev. A. J. Irwin, Tara, thought the church had been under reproach because of the connection of ministers with trading companies, but he was against legislation that treated them as a class. He believed that ministers should be a member of a secular board of any trading company.

Rev. Dr. Williams, Hamilton, pictured the embarrassment of a minister being expelled for violation of a rule. "I do not believe we could carry out the legislation," he said, "and I do not believe if we carried it out we would be sustained by the country. I would leave it to the honor of the minister himself."

Rev. Dr. Crothers, of Peterboro, thought it a credit to the church that it had ministers of shrewdness and skill in finance, and he thought it quite compatible with spirituality.

Rev. Dr. Jackson, Toronto, championed the other side. He believed ministers were called of God and should devote themselves exclusively to their calling. He believed no minister could engage in secular business without injury to himself and to the church.

Rev. J. J. Reddy, Toronto, said the matter had become acute from one or two cases. Conference should not allow themselves to be stampeded into general legislation on that account.

A similar view was expressed by Rev. Dr. Sparling, Winnipeg.

Rev. Dr. Burns, of Brampton, announced that the memorial committee had a report to submit on the same subject.

Sir Andrew Fraser, Governor of Bengal, visited a force of 80,000,000 people, is the active President of the Calcutta Y. M. C. A.

COLLINGWOOD EN FETE

Opening of Northern Iron and Steel Company's Plant.

Collingwood, Sept. 28.—Yesterday was virtually a holiday in town, it being the big day of the Northern Exhibition. In addition to this, another interesting event took place in the morning, being the starting of the plant of the Northern Iron and Steel Company.

The men have been at work for several weeks fitting up the plant and the president, Major Currie, announced about a week ago that the first bar would be rolled on Sept. 27 at 10 a.m. At the hour named about 300 of the leading citizens of the town and surrounding country were present and witnessed the mills put in operation. The first bar was of large size, six inches by one inch. It will be cut up into souvenirs.

The machinery worked to the entire satisfaction of everybody and the officers of the company received the warm congratulations of all present. There is a large tonnage on the books for the mills, and shipments of finished product will commence next week. The starting of the steel plant will mean a good deal to the wire company, whose plant adjoins. When the steel plant commences furnishing rods, it will mean a saving in freight to the latter company of over \$100 per day. The wire company has been running all year night and day and is booked up for the remainder of the season.

ONE POLICEMAN SAVES SEVEN MEN

Crowds Cheer Gallant Officer for His Heroic Work After Collision.

New York, Sept. 27.—Single-handed rescues of seven men—a feat almost unknown in the records of the police or fire departments—were effected late yesterday by Patrolman George T. Conroy, of the Fulton street station, Brooklyn. He saved the men from death in the East River, using only a rope and a long pole in his work.

And when, in the dripping and panting from exertion, the bluecoat was dragged to safety himself, he attended first to the men he had saved, without regard to his own condition. Hundreds of passengers on a ferryboat and scores on nearby docks cheered themselves hoarse for the hero.

One William Ray, a detective employed by an agency at No. 1345 Broadway, was drowned in the accident, which was a collision between a tug and a lighter.

At 5:20 the Standard Oil tug No. 10 left Greenpoint for Pier 44, North River. Captain Harry Quillan was in charge. Ray was with him in the pilot-house, and Detective R. H. Curtis was just outside.

It is declared that the tug was sailing toward the bay on the left-hand side of the river—the wrong side—when the steam lighter Ella, of the Merchants' Express and Transportation Company, hove in view.

Signals Were Disobeyed.

Quillan says he tooted his whistle for the Ella to keep her course. At any rate he could have steamed between the lighter and the shore easily, and that he took the left-hand side of the stream in order to avoid the heavy wash from the Sound steamers which at that time were churning up the river.

He asserts that the Ella first kept her course and then swerved. At any rate, the lighter crashed into the tug just off the Empire Stores, at the foot of Albin street, Brooklyn. The side of the tug was ripped and crushed with tremendous force, and before even an unshaken lifeboat could be put off, the tug was in 20 feet of water.

The captain and crew managed to leap and escape the deadly snarl caused by the whirling of the water when the vessel went down. Ray in the pilot-house, seemed to be dazed. He and Curtis had been assigned to guard the tug, because of a strike, and it is believed the responsibility resting upon him and the sudden collision combined to render him incapable of judgment and quick action. He went down with the craft.

There were nine men floundering about in the water immediately. Their hope for help had attracted the attention of the Catharine Ferry line. Hundreds crowded to the rails and watched the struggling forms, but no attempt was made to rescue the endangered crew. Neither the Ella's crew nor the crew of the Ward Line steamer Cienfuegos, which lay nearby, put off a boat.

Hero To the Rescue.

Conroy, who was on the end of the dock, grabbed a coil of rope, tied one end to a plank and pushed the board into the water. Then, with the rope around his arm, he clambered down a ladder and swam to the spot where the tug's crew were struggling.

He pushed the plank ahead of him, and the men grasped it. Conroy then turned the rope several times around his body and swam to the pier, towing the plank and its human freight.

A score of workmen had rushed to the scene by this time, and they pulled Conroy to safety. One by one the seven members of the crew climbed the ladder. Two of their comrades were still in the water, too far away for Conroy to have reached them. The tug Robert McAllister, which was passing, halted and a boat was dropped. The two men were pulled aboard and saved.

The captain of the Ella tells his story, and on the strength of it Captain Quillan was arrested, charged with criminal negligence.

The police got the names of seven of those rescued. They are Engineer John Whittaker, Detective R. H. Curtis, Captain Quillan, Fireman Frank Miranno, Joseph Miranno and Ole Ohlang, and Assistant Engineer Henry Johnson.

The greatest Alpine avalanche was that which in 1827 swept away the town of Biel and killed nearly ninety persons.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY.

Fair, followed by rain.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Have You Noticed These Swagger Striped Tweeds?

Hardly help it, if you've walked through our Colored Dress Goods Section lately. They're the kind that compel attention. Swagger just about pictures their stylish beauty. Have them in fashionable shades of Burgundy, Navy, Brown, Gray and Dark Fawn, with fancy stripes to give them a more dressy look.

All wool materials with firm herringbone weave. Long wearers, don't crush, will withstand all kinds of weather. Price seems very reasonable, doesn't it? 85c

HANDSOME PLAID SERGES. Black, Burgundy, Navy, Putumia, Olive and Brown crossbarred with Light Gray threads to form unusually handsome plaid patterns. Don't miss these if you are thinking of a shirtwaist suit or odd skirt.

Serge is of fine quality wool. Will give excellent wear. The price marked will surely please you. Just 85c

Colored Dress Goods—Main Floor.

Bring the Children to Our Millinery Opening Saturday

Just because we have been emphasizing the charms of our millinery styles for ladies during the last few days doesn't mean we have overlooked the children—not by any means. We've a large collection of becoming styles for the youngsters, too. Just how neat, smart, pretty, bewitching they are you'll never know until you come and see them on the heads of your "treasures."

Bring the young "hopefuls" tomorrow and take in both the ladies' and children's sections of the Millinery Opening.

ROUND SOFT FELT Hats with dome-shaped crowns and upturning brims look very smart on some youngsters. Cardinal, navy and beaver \$1.00 to \$1.50

Others will find these jaunty FELT SAILORS more becoming. Cardinal, navy and beaver 65c to \$1.50

Quite striking are the PATENT SAILORS—the newest idea for autumn wear. Smooth, glossy black finish, which won't crack, because made over a felt foundation. See these for sure \$2.50

MOCHA Tams have a very dressy appearance, and only \$1.00

If you want some PRETTY FELT TRIMMED HATS we can please you. Charming variety to choose from. Various prices.

BONNETS FOR INFANTS. A beautiful lot of the cutest kinds you could wish for. Dainty SILK Bonnets 50c to \$1.25

ANGORA Bonnets for but \$2.00

Fluffy BEARSKIN creations 50c to \$2.25

Fancy CROCHETED Bonnets \$1.75

Other lines to show you, too. Haven't the space today to mention them. Come and see the whole assortment, Millinery Showrooms—Second Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street

GERMAN EXPANSION MARVEL OF EUROPE

Kaiser Rules Empire Greater Than Any Napoleon Had Dreamed Of.

Berlin, Sept. 27.—The Kaiser rules a stronger empire than Napoleon ever dreamed of. Germany has a population of 60,000,000. Outside the empire, there are 16,000,000 people of German race in Central Europe, who must gravitate toward Germany. Here are virtually 80,000,000 citizens of homogeneous nationality covering a vast territory and not divided by racial differences.

Germany has passed both England and France in population; her population is increasing faster than that of any other European state, Russia excepted; her death rate is lowest.

The official German annual, which appeared this week, makes good reading for the nation.

A generation back France had the largest population of the civilized European states. Now both England and France are falling rapidly behind. The German population is growing at a rate of rather over 900,000 souls a year, the British population by only 40,000 souls yearly. In man power, which is necessarily the basis of national strength, where the population is educated, intelligent and brave, Germany is outdancing her competitors.

The population of the United Kingdom last year was 43,200,000; that of Germany 60,000,000. Between 1890 and 1905 Germany gained 11,200,000, against England's gain of 5,800,000. Yet, notwithstanding this enormous increase in the number of men for whom work had to be provided, Germany's unemployment has not increased. The statistics are agreed that in 1905 there were fewer unemployed than in the past of German history. The percentage, in fact, was only 1.6, or one-thirtieth the British percentage.

The vitality of the nation is reflected in the high birth rate—much higher than that of England and Wales. The death rate at the same time is falling more rapidly than the British death rate, so that at either end of the chain Germany is gaining ground. The German surplus of births over deaths per 1,000 was 11.7 in 1890 and 14.5 in 1904. In England it was 10.7 in 1890 and only 11.7 in 1904.

In 1890 England used 154,000,000 tons of coal, Germany 83,000,000. In 1905 the figures were: England, 223,000,000; Germany, 173,000,000. These are significant figures, when it is remembered that in England more coal is used by the mercantile marine and burned in houses than in Germany. In fact, measured by coal consumption, German industry is fast overtaking British industry. In the manufacture of iron, where for a century England held the primacy, Germany has gone ahead.

For the past 15 years the dividends on the ordinary stock of British railways have been steadily declining, the fall having been from 4.8 per cent in 1890 to 3.9 in 1904, when all allowance is made for "watered stock." In Germany the profits earned by the railways have risen from 2.2 per cent in 1890 to 3.9 in 1904.

In wealth the advance of Germany is just as marked. In the 15 years between 1890 and 1905, the deposits in the Prussian savings banks have risen from \$20,000,000 to \$1,940,000,000, thus throwing into the shade the advance in England, which has only been from \$55,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000.

The number of those paying the Prussian income tax has risen in the astounding degree. From 2,400,000 in 1890, or 8 per cent of the population, it rose in 1905 to 4,390,000, or 12 per cent of the population, thus cruelly contradicting the Socialist thesis that the poor are becoming poorer.

Public Library Additions.

A handsome new edition of 15 volumes of the complete works of Daniel Defoe has been added to the literature section of the public library this week. Seventy new books will be placed in circulation on Saturday morning. Following is the list:

Watson—An Outline of Philosophy. Two volumes.
Stout—Analytic Psychology. Two volumes.
Small—General Sociology.
Rosenkranz—Philosophy of Education.
De Garmo—History and Herbartians.
Hinsdale—Horace Mann and the Common School Reform in the United States.
Laurie—The History of Education.
Pestalozzi—Leonard and Gertrude.
Haskue—Electro-Plating. Hand book.
Haskue—Birds of the Rockies.
Trevelyan—How to Build Dynamo Electric Machines.
Haskue—Upolstery. Hand book.
Gregge—Short-hand.
Rice—Manufacture of Concrete Blocks.
De Forest—A Short History of Art.
Sleighton—The Seasons in a Flower Garden.
Buckmaster—Architecture. A descriptive hand book.
Maxwell—George Romney.
Ffrangcon-Davies—The Singing of the Future.
Literature: Its Principles and Problems.
Whitting—The World Beautiful in Books.
Defoe—Colonel Jacques. Two volumes.
Defoe—Duncan Campbell.
Defoe—Fortunate Mistress. Two volumes.
Defoe—Journal of the Plague.
Defoe—The History of Daniel Defoe.
Defoe—Memoirs of a Cavalier.
Defoe—Moll Flanders. Two volumes.
Defoe—New Voyage Round the World.
Defoe—Preparation for the Plague.
Defoe—Robinson Crusoe. Three volumes.
Bradley—Captain John Smith.
Blossom—Checkers.
Cambridge—The Three Miss Kings.
Danby—Pigs in Clover.
Baring-Gould—Pabo the Priest.
N. Hawthorne—Fushway.
Hynes—Atoms of Empire.
McCarthy—The Flower of France.
Oppenheim—A Prince of Sinners.
Thurston—Called to the Field.
Thurston—Where the Tide Comes In

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC. AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND

TODAY-MAT. & EVE. SATURDAY-MAT. & EVE.

VAUDEVILLE

THE GREAT LIND Metropolitan Headliner
THE GREAT LIND Metropolitan Headliner
 FIELDS AND WOOLLEY, German Comedians and Dancers.
 JOHN B. HARDY.
 FRANCES AND LEWIS.
 Prices: Eve. 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Mat. 15c, 25c
 NEXT ATTRACTION, TUESDAY, OCT. 2 ONE NIGHT ONLY
 America's Greatest Emotional Actress:

VIRGINIA HARNED

OWN COMPANY
 Management Sam S. and Lee Shubert (Princes)
 "THE LOVE LETTER"
 Prices—\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.
 MISS HARNED positively plays no other city in Canada. Seats on sale Saturday morning.

BASEBALL

PARK

SATURDAY, SEPT. 29.
 Game at 3:30 o'clock.
STARS vs. NATIONALS
 Champions of Hamilton.

Empress of Ireland

Fastest voyage on record—5 days, 7 hours, 56 minutes, 40 seconds, from Quebec to Liverpool, Friday, Oct. 5. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street.

LECTURE BY REV. R. E. KNOWLES, First Presbyterian Church, Monday, Oct. 1. Imperial Male Quartet. Admission 15c.

FIRST CABIN RATES REDUCED—Steamship Lake Manitoba, last sailing from Montreal to Liverpool, Nov. 24. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street.

LECTURE—FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 28, at 8 p.m., First Church of Christ (Scientists), corner Richmond street. Principles and Practice of "Christian Science," by Bicknell Young, C.S.B., of Chicago, Ill., member of the Christian Science Board of Lectureship in England. No collection. All welcome.

PRINCESS RINK—BOXHOLDERS AND those having skates in the rink are respectfully requested to bring same at once. Apply to caretaker from 12 to 1 p.m., and from 7 to 9 p.m. London Rink Company.

SERVICE OF PRAISE—MONDAY evening next, Oct. 1, St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, at 8 o'clock. The choir and soloists, under the direction of Charles E. Wheeler, will render for the first time in this city Maunders' popular new cantata, "The Song of Thanksgiving." A choice miscellaneous programme is also provided. Mr. Robert Craig Campbell, the eminent tenor of New York, is engaged for the occasion. A collection of not less than 10 cents from each person taken at the church doors.

DANCING SEASON OPENS SEPT. 27—Lessons any hour. Call and register. R. B. Millard, 245 Princess avenue.

DANCING—FALL TERM OPENS—GENTLEMEN—Tuesday evening, Sept. 25; ladies—Thursday evening, Sept. 27. In first week. Dayton & McCormick, Phone 1774.

TONY CORSE—THE ORIGINAL London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 104 Maple street. Telephone 1570.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Harpers, 1250, Toronto. Italia Italia Harpers, 22 Queen's avenue.

MALE HELP WANTED.

BOY WANTED—SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY to learn the business in wholesale and retail. Apply Salesbury & Co., clothing manufacturers, 101 to 103 King street.

STRONG, ACTIVE BOY WANTED. A. M. Hamilton & Son.

WANTED AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS finishers, to work on cement work; good wages. Apply to W. Mills, Ingersoll, Ont.

A POSTAL GIVING YOUR ADDRESS mailed to you will bring full particulars of a splendid position for you, paying from fifty to one hundred and fifty per month. H. W. Somers, principal, Dominion School of Telegraphy and Radio-Engineering, Toronto.

OFFICE BOY WANTED. APPLY TO McKillop & Murphy, barristers, city.

LABORERS WANTED FOR SEWER work. Apply F. T. Harding, Grosvenor street, between Colborne and Waterloo.

WANTED—BRICKLAYER, USED TO brickwork for factory in this city; wages, \$2 per week, or nearly equivalent. Sunday work allowed, but work during the week is light, and one day is allowed off during each week. Box 60, Advertiser.

GOOD MAN WANTED ON A FARM. Apply T. Maloney, 551 Richmond, 43c.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED WAREHOUSEMAN, for wholesale grocery. Apply A. M. Smith & Co., 43c.

TINSMITH WANTED. APPLY J. D. Glazier, 689 Dundas street.

STRONG BOY WANTED. APPLIED THE Pandora Cap Company, Limited, 365 Richmond street.

EXPERIENCED CREAM HAND WANTED. ED. Apply D. S. Fern & Co., 42c.

BOYS WANTED. APPLY SOUTHERN Printing Company.

PLASTERERS WANTED AT ONCE—Highest wages paid; bring tools. Apply Homeowner, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.

ORGANIZERS WANTED THROUGHOUT the Dominion to establish local branches. Apply Alfred Tye, miller, London, Canada.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN earn good income at home in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

PRINTING—ALL-ROUND JOB HAND—steady employment to good man. Apply Advertiser Job Department.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

DRS. TAMLIN & SCOTT HAVE REMOVED to their new quarters, 43 Talbot street.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

pressing, repairing, 23 Dundas street. LANOLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING, Phone 121. Wagon call.

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS—NO ADVERTISEMENT LESS THAN TEN CENTS.

MEETINGS.—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. ARTICLES FOR SALE TO LET. HELP WANTED, SITUATIONS WANTED, BOARD AND LODGINGS, LOST AND FOUND, ROOMS TO LET, REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, ETC.—First insertion one cent a word; each subsequent insertion one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

MEETINGS.

Headquarters 7th Regiment Fusiliers, London, Sept. 26, 1906.
 REGIMENTAL ORDER BY Lieut.-Col. J. W. Little commanding. The regiment will parade for an annual drill on Monday, Oct. 1, at 8 p.m., and each succeeding Monday until further orders. By order, W. A. C. Crimmon, Captain, Adjutant 7th Regiment Fusiliers.

LONDON COUNCIL, NO. 23, ROYAL Arcade, will meet this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock, in Duffield block. Samuel M. Jepson, secretary.

REGULAR CONVOCACTION OF ST. George's R. A. Chapter, No. 5, in the Masonic Temple, Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. Visitors welcome. W. Spittal, Scribe; E. Dr. W. Shaw, P.

BOARD OF TRADE.—A GENERAL meeting of the London Board of Trade will be held on Friday, 28th inst., at 8 p.m. The water question will be discussed. Banquet committee appointed. Report of rooms committee and other important matters considered. Arthur W. White, president; J. A. Nelles, secretary.

LIVIES AND HACKS.

KING EDWARD LIVERY, WELLINGTON street—Hack and hack coupes, etc. Phone 503. Branch, corner Bathurst and Richmond, Phone 634. A. G. Stroyan.

DYER'S LIVERY, NEXT ADVERTISER. Telephone 127. Horses, trucks, etc. Open day and night.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

\$50 BUYS GOOD COUCH. PATTEN, the Furniture Man, next to Vaudeville.

FOR SALE—A BASEBURNER, CHEAP. Apply 315 Hyman street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—HEAVY BROOD mare, in foal, and colt 4 months old. See, Elgin, Phone 140.

\$50 WILL BUY GOOD SECOND-HAND automobile, in perfect running order. Horton's, London.

FOR SALE—FINE 16-FOOT CANOE, made by Canadian Canoe Company. Perfect, new, complete, with sail, mast, paddles, cushions, etc. Has been paid on it for winter. Apply Box 28, Advertiser office.

FURNITURE

The contents of a well-furnished house for sale cheap. Has only been used a few months. Apply 414 Central avenue.

FOR SALE—HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE. Apply 274 Hamilton road.

FURS, MEN'S OVERCOATS, BLANKETS and all kinds of furniture on easy terms at M. Horne's, 299 South street.

LEONARD THRESHING ENGINE and motor, in good running order; at low price for quick sale. Apply the London Soap Company.

D. H. GILLIES & CO., COAL AND wood dealers. Wood our specialty. Try our coal. Corner Adelaide and Bathurst, Phone 1312.

FOR SALE—HEAVY WORK HORSE, suitable for farmer or teamster; price, \$150. Apply 262 South street.

\$350 WILL BUY A NICE SHOE AT William Faxon's, 299 Dundas street.

WE HAVE MOVED OUR STORE TO 92 King street. Wallpaper cheaper than ever. Searrow, 92 King.

ONE JENKINS SQUARE PIANO (NEW York), 450 Mason & Francis, for sale, \$210. Easy terms of payment. Northman's, Limited, 155 Dundas street.

AUTOMOBILE—WILL SELL VERY cheap. Mrs. George Skinner, 115 Maple street.

A THREE AND SIX HORSEPOWER gasoline engine for sale; cheap. D. McKillop & Co., 125 Richmond street.

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices. Corner Adelaide and Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street.

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LONDON, FRIDAY, SEP. 28.

THE B. N. A. ACT.

The Toronto World makes reply to some words of reproof in The Advertiser, called forth by the World's suggestion that it was time the B. N. A. act was "wiped out altogether." Our contemporary alleges that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has plucked the B. N. A. act black and blue, and was vigorously aided and abetted by The Advertiser in assaults upon the constitution when the autonomy bills were under discussion. The World adds:

"The World is free to repeat that Canada should have her own parliament, subject to the royal veto, unfettered by acts of the Imperial Parliament. The United States is being destroyed today by the rigidity of its written, and to some extent obsolete constitution. Let Canada develop freely along the lines of least resistance. Public opinion is the best restraint upon the legislature. Britain has no written constitution; why is one so essential for Canada?"

"Every day this hard-and-fast constitution will blind closer and become more irksome. Let essentials be agreed on as to provincial rights and in unmistakable language; then let the parliament of Canada be, in fact and in spirit, the high court of the nation. Can we not trust our parliament?"

Probably as a result of Canada's growth in wealth, population and national pride and spirit, the time will come when the Canadian Parliament will be no longer in subordination to the Imperial Parliament. There may be a federation of the empire, but more likely the empire will, to use the phrase of the under secretary of state for the colonies, "center on the British crown," which does not mean a sovereign responsible exclusively to the British cabinet, or, in other words, to the people of the United Kingdom. We can go thus far with the World, but even if the Canadian Parliament should find itself tomorrow "unfettered by acts of the Imperial Parliament" our contemporary's advice to summarily wipe out the B. N. A. act would be equally bad. It savors more of Jacobinism than of Anglo-Saxon ideas of political development. British liberty and the British constitution are not the product of rash innovations.

The B. N. A. act has not been the Procrustean bed described by the World, but has been developed and expanded by a long series of judicial findings, and by supplementary acts. People who advocate tearing it up by the roots may be hard pressed to furnish even plausible reasons. It will be found that in most cases they are prompted by hostility to separate schools, which could not be "wiped out altogether" without destroying Canadian unity. As for the autonomy bills, the World is merely expressing its own opinion when it says they were a violation of the B. N. A. act. We believe the legislation was perfectly constitutional, and the wisest course that could be taken on the ground of public policy.

Great Britain is the only free country in which an unwritten constitution is possible, because in no other country has parliamentary government been the growth of centuries. The British constitution is an accumulation of precedents, but other countries have had to frame their constitutions in modern times, and build a new order on the ruins of the old. If the United Kingdom became a federation, a written constitution would be necessary, owing to the distribution of legislative powers. We don't see anything in conditions in the United States to warrant the sweeping assertion that that country is being destroyed by the rigidity of its organic law. The World ignores the part that interpretation plays in the development of a constitution, and that of the United States has shown marvelous elasticity and adaptability to the sound public opinion of the republic. The evils in the United States today are largely the result of a fiscal system which newspapers like the World are urging this country to imitate.

THE BRITISH LABOR CONGRESS.

The trade union congress of Great Britain, representing 1,500,000 men, has been meeting at Liverpool, and has definitely committed organized labor to the new political movement. The congress expressed approval of much of the legislation of the Campbell-Bannerman Government, but it is evident that the Labor party intends to set a faster pace than the old-line Liberals will care to follow.

Among the more important demands made in the form of resolutions by the congress were these: The complete secularization of public school education; the placing of secondary and technical education within the reach of every child by means of maintenance scholarships; medical inspection and medical attendance as features of public education; the nationalization of all the railroads, canals, mines and mineral

resources in the country; the establishment of compulsory state insurance against accidents; the extension of the power of municipalities with regard to ownership and operation of local public utilities; the granting to municipalities of authority to issue their own credit notes and do their own banking; and the establishment of a national system of old-age pensions, the minimum pension to be fixed at 5 shillings, and all men and women to be entitled thereto on attaining the age of 60 years.

The majority of the English people are opposed to the elimination of religious teaching from the school system. The education bill of the present Government was not a measure for secularizing the national schools, but a denominational compromise. The improvement of the facilities for acquiring secondary and technical education is, however, a plank upon which Liberals and Laborites can stand together. They must part company upon the question of nationalizing the railroads, mines and mineral resources, which involves a degree of state socialism the present Liberal Government will not espouse. As to municipal ownership of public utilities, it has been generally supposed on this side of the Atlantic that the British municipalities had almost unlimited powers. The authority to do their own banking and issue their own credit notes is a form of civic enterprise not embraced in Canadian ideas of municipal ownership, and not likely to be. A national system of old age pensions is something to which the Campbell-Bannerman Government is virtually committed, and legislation has been postponed on the plea that it can be better undertaken when the Liberals have placed the country in a stronger financial position. The Labor leaders, if they are wise, will not press for too much at a time, but will first take what they can get by co-operation with the Liberal party. For the rest they must rely upon the strength of the labor movement in politics, pitted against that of the historic parties.

INCREASE IN POSTAL SALARIES.

The Advertiser's Ottawa correspondent, who is usually well informed, says that an increase of the salaries of country postmasters, and of the clerks in city postoffices and inspectors' offices, has been decided upon. The Advertiser has advocated the claims of the country postmasters to larger remuneration, and hopes it is a fact that the Postmaster-General has seen the matter in the same light. The clerks in city postoffices and inspectors' offices are not overpaid, and there will be no complaint if they, too, have been remembered at headquarters.

A more liberal policy toward the service is rendered easier by the marvelous improvement in the finances of the department, under the businesslike administration ushered in by Sir William Mulock. In 1896 it ran behind to the extent of \$781,152 13. Sir William Mulock managed to pull this deficit down to \$47,592 29 two years later, and then courageously decided to reduce the postal rates, in the belief that cheaper postage would mean more postage, and eventually more revenue. His policy has been splendidly vindicated. In 1902 the department turned the corner, with a surplus of \$5,109 14. Last year it had a balance to the good of \$490,844 39, and this year the accounts show a surplus of about a million dollars. It will be creditable to the head and heart of the new Postmaster-General if he will do something to compensate employees for the increased cost of living, now that he is in a position to deal generously with them.

Is this the George E. Foster who was so horrified by the scandals which his own imagination conjured up at Ottawa?

A New York valet has been bequeathed \$600,000 by his master. No man can be a hero to his valet, but this case proves that a valet can be a hero to his master.

Hearst has captured the Democratic nomination, and the New York Sun makes the elegant comment that the Democratic party in New York State is now a heap of carrion, ready for the scavenger.

Premier Roblin, of Manitoba, advocates an increase of the duties on agricultural implements. If Mr. Roblin speaks for the farmers of Manitoba, the east has a wrong impression of the strength of low tariff sentiment in the west.

Mr. Haight, the Liberal candidate, told the nominating convention yesterday that the summons to him to run for Parliament came while he was cutting corn. Mr. Haight's business is to cut corn, and Mr. Marshall's is to cut it. Mr. Haight's interests lie in getting the highest price for corn; Mr. Marshall's in paying the lowest. Who is the better farmer's candidate?

SPECIMEN OF SIMPLIFIED GRAMMAR.

[Hyden (Ky.) Thousandsticks.]

We make this earnest appeal to the citizens of Leslie County, Mr. Edwards having done more for our country than any other congress member, giving

ing two of Leslie's brightest young men responsible positions and has took special interest in securing increases on invalid soldiers' pensions, that every voter go to the polls and cast their vote for Hon. D. C. Edwards.

A SUMMER ROMANCE.

[Judge.]
Summer maiden. Full of fun.
Summer fellow. Chapter One.
Moonlight evening. Naught to do.
Tender topics. Chapter Two.
Sparkling diamond. Love will be ever cherished. Chapter Three.
August passes. Girl no more.
Likewise diamond. Chapter Four.
Young man wakens. Heart to mend.
Love next season? NO! The End.

SUDIE MADE MARY ILL.

[Newbern (N. C.) Journal.]
Miss Sudie Chadwick, of Mills Creek, spent Monday night with Miss Mary Simpson. We regret to say that Miss Mary is on the sick list. We hope she will be out again soon.

WISDOM AND YOUTH.

[Exchange.]
Two owls sat on the limb of a tree
And they looked in each other's eyes.
One was old and the other was young,
And the old one was very wise.
But the young one thought he knew it all,
As young ones generally do.
And he said: "I am going to marry this fall."
And the old one said: "To who?"
Then the young owl said: "To a lovely miss
I met in the woodland shade,
And I know our life will be nothing but bliss."
When our beautiful home is made."
But the old owl sighed and said: "Beware,
Young fellow, for good ones are few,
And you'd better prepare—for the way you may fare
When you're married—to who? to who?"

AN OLD STORY REVIVED.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]
Many years ago Sir John Macdonald, Premier of Canada, was to deliver a speech at an important public dinner. In the conviviality of the evening he forgot the importance of his speech. When it was delivered it lacked somewhat of coherency. A reporter took some notes, which he did not publish, but told him that he was not quite sure of having secured an accurate report. He was invited to read over his notes, but he had not got far when Sir John interrupted him with, "That is not what I said." There was a pause, and Sir John continued, "Let me repeat my remarks." He then walked up and down the room and delivered a most impressive speech in the hearing of the amused reporter, who took down every word as it fell from his lips. Having thanked Sir John for his courtesy, he was taking his leave, when he was recalled to receive this admonition:

"Young man, allow me to give you this word of advice: Never again attempt to read a public speaker when you are drunk."

STRICTLY GERMPROOF.

[Woman's Home Companion.]
The Antiseptic Baby and the Prophylactic Pup.
Were playing in the garden when the Bunny gambled up;
They looked upon the creature with a loathing undiluted;
It wasn't disinfected and it wasn't Sterilized.
They said it was a Microbe and a Hotbed
Of disease;
They steamed it in a vapor of a thousand-and-a-half degrees;
They froze it in a freezer that was cold as banished hope;
And washed it in permanganate with carbolic soap.
In sulphuretted hydrogen they steeped its wiggly ears;
They trimmed its frisky whiskers with a pair of hard-boiled shears;
They donned their rubber mittens and they took it by the hand,
And lectured it a member of the Fumigated Band.
There's not a Micrococcus in the garden where they play;
They swim in pure iodine for a dozen times a day;
And imbibe his rations from a Hygienic Cup.
The Bunny and the Baby and the Prophylactic Pup.

WOMAN'S PRIDE IN HER HAIR.

[Aitchison (Kan.) Globe.]
Women have great times with their hair. If they visit in a dry climate they are sure to say when they come home: "My hair acted lovely; it did not come out of curl at all." If they go where it is damp they say when they come home: "It was the worst place for hair; my hair was as straight as a string all the time." One in three or four weeks they wash their hair and then they tell each other how they cannot do a thing with their hair, as it has just been washed. For a week or two before it is washed they say it is a disgrace they do not wash their hair; that is so sticky they cannot do a thing with it. The women are then telling each other they look horrid with their hair done low, or else they would not be seen with it done high. Their hair is either all coming out or else they cannot imagine what has happened, but it is coming in thick and "lovely." As they walk down the street the women are forever reaching for their back hair and catching up short locks with hairpins, or feeling to see if their hair is coming down. When they get in front of a mirror the very first thing the women look at is their hair and twirl it one way or the other. No matter what any woman has on her mind her hair takes first place.

PHONETIC SPELLING.

[Ottawa Journal.]
Take the following verses and spell the same way all the words that have the same pronunciation, and see how it looks, and whether you could easily get the sense if it were all in the phonetic spelling:

With tragic air the love-love loiter:
Once chased the chase loiter:
She quickly guessed the guest was there
To please her with his pleas.

Now at her side she kneeling sighed,
His sighs of woe full size:
"Oh hear me here, for I, most low
I rise before your eyes."

"This soul is sole this own, Louise—
'Twill never woe I mean,
The love I for are shall feel,
Though mean may be its mean."

"You know I cannot tell you no."
The maid made answer true:
"I love you aught, as sure I ought—
To you 'tis due I do!"

"Since you are won, oh, fairest one,
The marriage rite is right—
The chapel aisle I'll lead you up
This night," exclaimed the knight.

ST. MARYS FAIR WENT TWO DAYS

Old-Time Show Again Drove Well—Good Horse Racing, and Jumping Contest.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
St. Marys Sept. 27.—The old St. Marys fair grounds were crowded with visitors on Wednesday and Thursday, when the South Perth Agricultural Society held its annual show. The attendance this time was larger than it has been for the past twenty years, and the fair in every way upheld its splendid reputation.

The large grounds were little changed, and with the exception of a few small alterations, little had been done to the buildings. The usual slideshows were in full swing, with any number of grafters and try-your-luck men. A brass band was in attendance, and added by several phonographs, kept the air full of music, and everyone in the best of spirits. The weather was all that could be wished for on both days.

This year the personnel of the fair management was as follows: President, D. M. Cole; first vice-president, J. L. Webster; second vice-president, Wm. Mossip; directors, P. S. Armstrong, D. Bonis, R. S. Graham, D. G. McBeth, L. Turner, John Bolton, A. McNeill, Chas. Baird, J. Henderson, L. Walsh, Keith Lee, Wm. Roger, Arch. McDonald, T. O. Robson, Wm. Porter, J. M. Adam, J. H. McCully, J. W. Sutherland, R. M. Henderson, J. H. Robinson, Robert Sterritt.

Speeding Events.

The speeding events were very good, and while they were on they proved to be the chief attraction. Many good horses were entered, and some very fast. When the King and Edward the King and Bon Ton were apparently very evenly matched in the 2:50 pace and trot. The last heat was probably the most exciting of the afternoon. Just near the finish of the first time round, Edward the King was leading by a length, being hand followed by Bon Ton, when Edward suddenly broke, and a moment it appeared as if Bon Ton was going to profit by Edward being off his feet, but the latter's driver prevented Bon Ton from passing him, and succeeded in getting into an even swing again and winning out.

Dora D. and Jean Blewett were apparently badly and under way broke.

The summary:
Bon Ton, owned by R. Skinner, of Ingersoll 2 2 1 1 2
Dora D., owned by Charles Gurley, Tavistock 4 3 4 3 4
Edward the King, owned by H. H. Palmer, Norwich 1 2 2 1
Birdie L., owned by D. McCarty & Sons, St. Marys 5 4 3 4 3
Jean Blewett, owned by McMurray Bros, Leesboro 3 dr
Time—2:27½, 2:27½, 2:27½, 2:27½, 2:27½.
Free-for-all—
Col. Hunter, owned by Thomas Murdock, Hensall 1 1 1
Guy Rex, owned by H. H. Palmer, Norwich 3 2
Lady Hilda, Peter Borman, Stratford 2 2 3
Time—2:23½, 2:23, 2:23½.

Some High Jumpers.

The high jump, which was held after the races, was to many by far the most interesting feature of the fair. The following splendid prizes were offered: Highest jump—First prize, silver cup, donated by Mr. Lou Walsh, valued at \$10, and \$5 in cash; second prize, \$5; third prize, \$4. Many good horses were entered, and by the time the winners were singled out the hurrahs were heard. As is usually the case with hurdle events, some falls occurred, but fortunately no one was hurt. One of the horses which looked like a winner made a poor jump and got tangled up in the bars, which threw him heavily, but neither horse nor rider received anything more than a bad shaking up. Another horse refused to take the fence. His rider was thrown heavily into the bars, but was of the "dead game" sort, and stayed in the sport. Coming back to the hurdle again, he put his horse over in spite of the odds and won the cheers of the grand stand. Dr. Martin, owned by Mr. Lou Walsh, of Stratford, eventually proved to be the best horse, clearing the bars at a height which proved to be too much for the best of his opponents. The second winner, a small white pony, owned by Mr. Walsh, was really the most wonderful horse of the lot. Although very small, his jumping ability was far too good for any of the other horses, excepting Dr. Martin. The third horse was Jim Bradley, owned by Peter of Tavistock. He was a good one, but apparently nervous, and he would not take the fence without being driven to it.

In the Building.

The main building was well filled with exhibits. On the lower floor the fruit, fancy work, dairy produce, art, horticulture and such exhibits were shown. The fancy work, or women's exhibit, was filled to overflowing. There was some professional work, but it was surrounded by amateur work which made it look like a kindergarten display. Some exceedingly fine needlework was greatly admired by thousands of ladies.

St. Marys Fair can boast of its art exhibits. It was certainly a good one, and the best feature of the showing was that with the exception of a couple of pieces of work, there were no water color paintings, and many of the water color paintings were of quality astounding, and many men and women were looking at them with admiration. Some good specimens of hand-painted china were also shown. The horticulture exhibit was one of the striking features. The bulk of it was arranged in the form of a grand pyramid in the center of the main building. Most of the plants and flowers were home-grown, and spoke well for St. Marys horticulturists.

The dairy produce exhibit had the usual layout showing of butter, with lots of honey.

The exhibit which brought St. Marys well known was the one in the rear of that of home-made bread. A special prize was offered for this section. The exhibit was a fine one, and the first place was taken by a loaf of bread. Many splendid specimens of the winter varieties were shown. In roots and such things, many good specimens were to be seen. Some record-breaking pumpkins and melons were shown.

This year's horse exhibit was exceptionally good. Many splendid heavy horses were paraded in the ring. The exhibit of

See the New
Millinery



The new Fall Millinery is magnificent. It makes joyous the heart of every woman who sees it. The large hat which is always romantic is more beautiful than ever; the hat of medium size is given just the right tilt, and the small hat is so coquettish and chic. All three are stylish. In choosing a hat this season you certainly do not have to bow down to any narrowness on Dame Fashion's part, for she has been most liberal in the giving out of styles. Come to the opening and see for yourself.

Men's Tailoring Department

We show a line of fabrics for Men's Clothing that is exclusive in pattern and of unimpeachable quality.

We will tailor these goods to your order in a manner that will meet your unqualified approval.

Table Napkins

20 dozen Pure Linen Table Napkins, size 18x18, notice these are all linen and just right for hotel and restaurant use. Per dozen 95c
25 dozen Pure Linen Table Napkins, size 20x20, larger and better. Were \$1.75 dozen, at \$1.50
Linen Bedroom Towels. Worth 35c each, at 25c

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

drivers was far in advance of the showing of most fall fairs. The cattle exhibit was not quite so well filled as last year, although some good stock was shown. The exhibit of sheep and hogs was not quite up to some of the fall fairs. Fancy breeds of poultry are evidently gaining ground among the Western Ontario farmers in all sections, and, judging by the showing here, the farmers of this section are among those in the lead. The pet stock classes were no so well filled as they generally are, but what was shown was of the red card quality.

EASY MARKS FOR THE PARISIANS

Clever Rascals at the French Capital Victimize the Rich Yankees.

Paris, Sept. 27.—"The easiest marks that came to Paris are from America, especially New Yorkers."

"This is a proverb in the police service. So the cleverest rascals in Europe gather here to fleece the innocents from across the Atlantic."

So says Prefect of Police Leprie and certainly wealthy American women with costly jewels have recently been easy marks for clever rogues.

Mrs. Louise Bennett, who owns a large country place at Vesent near Versailles, is reaping the reward of a trust too implicit in a nobleman of chance acquaintance. Last August Mrs. Bennett wished to dispose of a \$40,000 pearl necklace before visiting America, and confronting its customs officials. When in Brussels she took into her confidence Count Hubert, Cachen d'Auvers, and asked him to be intermediary in the sale of the necklace, telling him frankly that his family's high standing gave her every confidence in him.

Cachen, to oblige her, offered to pay \$34,000 for the necklace, and being pressed for money, prevailed on Mrs. Bennett to take notes on his father's estate in France, which, as was well known, was under probate. The first note fell due in six months. Of course Cachen hoped to sell the necklace for its real value meantime.

The six months passed. Hearing nothing from the count, Mrs. Bennett went to Brussels with a lawyer. The young nobleman told her that he had found a purchaser for the necklace and the law's delays had kept him from

entering into possession of his father's estate.

His story was so plausible that the American woman's doubts vanished. Seeing a valuable ruby ring on her finger, the count begged permission to wear it as a mascot at the club card table. So farmers in all sections, and, judging by the showing here, the farmers of this section are among those in the lead. The pet stock classes were no so well filled as they generally are, but what was shown was of the red card quality.

Returning to France Mrs. Bennett began to look up the count's record. Explicitly she found it one of shady exploits at the race tracks and of escapes from creditors.

She discovered that Cachen is really a French subject, but having deserted from the army, he was banished from France and disowned by his family, so he has not the shadow of a claim to his father's estate. Thoroughly frightened, the glib woman has just laid the case before the Versailles police. One of the count's cousins, being interviewed, says:

"It is a mystery to me how anyone knowing my kinsman so little could intrust such valuable gems to him. I fear Mrs. Bennett has seen the last of her necklace and ring."

Another American woman stopping at a big hotel here has been made the victim of a clever ruse by a bogus Russian nobleman calling himself Prince Rodolphe Tohlendres. He paid her marked attentions and one evening presented to her a bouquet of rare flowers. She raised them to her nostrils to inhale their odor. Instantly she became deathly faint and leaning on the "prince's" arm, staggered to her apartment. He solemnly offered to hurry for a physician and vanished, taking with him a costly bracelet and other jewels she wore.

In his trunks the police found vials full of powerful narcotics. One had been sprinkled on the flowers.

The beauty of the Paris dressmakers' models, the Paris millinery rendered by the organizers of a beauty competition. Only those directly connected with the dressmaking could enter for the contest, and all the great Paris houses were represented either by their workers or their models. The first prize was awarded to Mme. Louise de Bech. Off-Dauids; the second to Mile. Daisy of Gelots. Close rivals were Mile. Germaine of Marbel & Boyers, Mile. Rosa of Decroix, Mile. Odette, of Paquins, Mile. Suzanne of Laferieres, and Mile. Albe of the New Sisters' establishment.

A rope that had been used by the public executioners in the hanging of several murderers was sold at auction in London the other day and brought \$125.

Corset Parlors

Greatest Corset Bargain Ever Offered in London.

Net Corsets, extra strong, steel filled, latest models, all sizes Regular 75c. To clear Saturday 37c

Travelers' samples, all lines. Worth from 50c to \$2.50. Slightly soiled. A rare chance 19c

STORE OPEN 9 A. M. THEY WON'T LAST LONG.

418 RICHMOND ST. NEXT BANK OF COMMERCE.

A picturesque figure will vanish from Paris, owing to the decision of the municipal council to abolish the office of "organizer of funeral pomp" at funerals. His only duty was to walk in front, resplendent in a three-cornered hat, dress coat and waistcoat, knee breeches and pumps, decorated with a scarf of colors of the city, and carrying a long ebony cane.

The bituminous coal mining in this country began as early as 1820 was about 50,000 gross tons. In 1840 the American output had reached nearly 2,000,000 tons. In 1850, with an output of about 7,500,000 tons, this country had already passed Belgium, France and Germany. Great Britain was then producing about 54,000,000 tons.

The streets of Peru, especially on gala days or when they wear the special dress of some celebration, are said to be among the most picturesque in the world. In their narrow proportions they resemble somewhat the streets of China, and variety and contrast of the colors used in decoration may be compared with Chinese. There is, however, a distinct Latin character to the decoration, which lends them an atmosphere entirely their own.

A rope that had been used by the public executioners in the hanging of several murderers was sold at auction in London the other day and brought \$125.

A MISSION FULFILLED

At length the ten days came to an end, and the last arrived, and this day Stefano bestowed some final confidence upon his sister. He had given up all idea of marrying Teresa, and meant to remain single, and look after the madre and the children until the padre's return, when he hoped to take his place on board the coral vessel, and persuade the latter to undertake the home fishing.

"It is hard upon the madre," he said, "to be so long without him; and I—I long only to see the world. Some day I will ship on board a vessel to Australia. About Teresa? Ah, well! Teresa's devotion to Geromino had been too manifest. That would care for a girl whose heart was full of another man."

"And Geromino?" she asked, with interest, remembering, as in a dream of previous existence, wiped out, that spring evening two years ago, when the young fisherman had so passionately besought her for her love. "And Geromino—does he not care for her—not yet? Poor Teresa!"

"Chi lo sa?" replied Stefano. "He walks beside her more often now than he used to do, and some say that he will marry her. But," he added, somewhat scornfully, "I know not; that is not to my taste. A woman should wait to be wooed; she should not woo. I never never see Raffaella act so—never!"

And his dark face flushed hotly. Then came the goodbyes—on board ship; for Keith drove Margherita down to the docks that she might see the last of her sailor brother.

Stefano was very shy and quiet; perhaps concealing more emotion beneath his silent demeanor than he cared to display. His berth was full of presents which the two had brought on

board, for the madre, Raffaella, and the bimbo; and the captain, fascinated by Margherita's sweet friendliness, had done the honors of his vessel with much geniality. It was time for them now to go, and Stefano went with them to the ship's side, where the boat lay tossing below for them to enter.

He was in his sailor's dress; and his shyness on this account, mixed perhaps with softer feelings, made it almost impossible for him to speak. It seemed so incongruous, so improper for Margherita, in her delicate cashmere and her lace bonnet, to be walking up and down beside him, a blue-shirted and barefooted seaman; and he felt the curious eyes of the rest of the busy crew as of sort of insult to her and a tacit reproach to him.

"Goodby, old fellow," said Keith, giving his hand a hearty grip. Stefano made no reply, but his dark face was flushed, and eyes cloudy with tears, as he returned the pressure, and then extended his hand to his sister.

But Margherita could not part with her brother in that way. Forgetful, or more probably careless, of the fact that she had been the involuntary expression of her yearning after old scenes, old affections; but the next instant, almost before her husband had placed his hand upon hers with a little reassuring word of control, Stefano shouldered her and at home that he left her and on sorrowful; the last look he saw upon her face should be one of happiness. Was she not a happy woman? Was not her husband good to her? Had he not promised her long—perhaps next year—to take her on more to visit her native land, to embrace the dear ones in the little cottage under the cliffs, beside the roaring, restless sea? Stefano would comfort her by telling them all this—they had not forgotten her, nor had she forgotten them. And then she turned with a look of grateful love toward Keith as the boat sped on, and Stefano, drawing his hand across his eyes, to brush away the mist that blinded them, moved away from the taffrail and joined the other sailors at their work.

CHAPTER XXVII.

Falling Shadows.

Shortly after Stefano's departure Margherita received a long letter from Florence. Her letters were usually amusing enough; but on this occasion, her communication was of an especially interesting nature to the other; for, after congratulating Margherita warmly on the pleasure she must feel in the meeting with her brother, and on Keith's good-nature over the circumstance, she went on to matters more personal, giving a description of the various gayeties of the hunt week just over, and entering into a good many details satisfactory to her reader, Lady Elizabeth, she said, was insolent herself—was trying now to cut the whole of the family; nevertheless, Florence appeared to regret the loss of her friend but little, and she had always been to an unusual degree, she seemed indeed to be inspired with a real desire for her pseudo-intimate, and to have her eyes opened for the first time to the character of the latter. Lady Elizabeth, she said, had lately started a fresh flirtation with a young officer, of so hot and obtrusive a character that it was forced upon the notice of society, and many people were beginning to talk of turning the cold shoulder to her. Incidentally too—with a brevity that implied constraint—Captain Saint-Barbe's name came in here and there; Florence had been pleased to find that Margherita had twice of late dined with the Teasdales.

"I am beginning to like Lady Teasdale," she wrote; "and to think that, after all, you are right, Rita, and that she is worth two of Lizzie Stockton. She is so frank and straightforward, and so fully clever, too, in her own way. Fancy what she said to me the other day: 'I hope we shall see more of each other now, Miss Ronaldson, and learn to like each other. Lady Elizabeth Stockton's friends could never be mine.' I felt I rather admired the woman for her cool candor."

After receiving this letter, Margherita waited with impatience for the next. Unkind though Florence had been for a time to her, she still had always liked her the best of her new female connections, and had taken a great interest in the girl, who was more giddy than heartless. But now that their relations to each other had become so friendly, and that Florence's flighty ardor had been subdued by the desertion of her former associate, Lady Elizabeth, Margherita's warm heart felt quite affectionately toward her.

She was not disappointed in her expectations. Captain Saint-Barbe, she had decided, would never have accepted Lady Teasdale's invitation and come down to that neighborhood had he not been drawn thither by some still existing feeling for Florence Ronaldson. Under these circumstances he would now see her at her best and quietest—the softer, more womanly part of her nature uppermost—and would surely speak, if ever.

Her feminine intuition did not deceive her. Only a few days later she received another letter from her sister-in-law, a short one this time, but written in a strain of quiet happiness new to her pen—to announce to Keith and herself her engagement to Captain Saint-Barbe.

Florence, it was clear, was not only in love with her fiancé, but was a little in awe of him; a fact that which there could be no better guarantee for future happiness. She was one of those women who, if they are to retain their love, must superadd to that sentiment one of respect; a woman easily led by such a lover, and pretty sure to prove more devoted to him day by day in married life as his influence increased. And very shortly this fact became most amusingly apparent.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Florence Ronaldson was by no means stupid, nor was she even weak-minded, in the ordinary acceptance of the term; but she was morally and intellectually indolent, with a capacity for heroic worship, combined with a better feeling, a latent reverence for the morally strong, the morally superior. She was one of those women who are entirely what their husbands make them; who are molded by their surroundings, human and incidental, to good or evil—one of those so-called "empty-headed" girls who make the best or the worst of wives, but whom it is tolerably safe for a man who is not only good—but stern to marry. In a short time her letters were a transcript of her lover's opinions, expressed in her own bright phraseology. She began to have a holy horror of Lady Elizabeth and her set, and to read improving books under Lady Teasdale's supervision. All this caused great amusement to Keith, who indulged at his sister's expense in a good deal of chaff, which his wife had some difficulty in restraining him from expressing in the form of personal congratulations to Florence upon her moral reformation.

It was a good thing for Margherita that she had this outside interest to occupy her awhile with pleasant thoughts, for her domestic affairs were in the most satisfactory condition; and some of her old heartaches were beginning to trouble her again at times. What it was she could not say she did not even guess with any probability; but that something was going wrong, that something weighed upon Keith's mind and troubled his conscience, that she was far too loving and observant a wife not to know.

True, his manner toward her was always most kind and affectionate, and day by day his regard and respect seemed to fix themselves upon a firmer basis. So far this was a matter for earnest gratitude to the Capri girl, who wondered at the self-evident fact, unconscious that it was merely the inevitable effect of her own character upon a man of Keith Ronaldson's temperament.

But this was only one side of the picture. On the other hand, there was, at the same time, it seemed to her, a gradual change in his disposition—an alternating of moods, moody restlessness. Sometimes he would be gay as ever, sometimes gloomy and depressed, even irritable, without apparent cause; and the fact that his little sharpness of speech toward herself was always relieved with an exaggerated penitence, alleviated her anxiety but little.

With the quick intuition of a wife, she guessed he was keeping something from her knowledge; that he had embarked on some course of conduct of which he wished her to be unaware—a course, probably, of which he knew that she might disapprove, or at any rate of which it would be painful for her to hear. Ah, if only the latter, how was it that men cannot understand that a trouble suspected is far worse to a loving woman than a trouble shared—that the hidden foe causes more terror than the one in sight?

For many days she waited, hoping that the confidence would come from him without her having to sue for it; then she spoke lightly and tactfully, as making little of the thing. But his answer was unsatisfactory. He hastily denied the existence of any trouble or anxiety; and he assured her—with an unnecessary heat that was anything but reassuring—that there was no concealment between them. And she said no more, letting his words pass in silence; accepting his statement without anger, without comment. Who was she to pry into his private affairs and demand to know that which he wished to keep to himself? It was her privilege, not her right, to share his secrets. That which he did not wish her to know, she would make no effort to find out. So the days passed on, and matters remained as they were.

And Keith was good enough to his wife outwardly, and bought her pretty dresses and took her to the opera; but was more and more absent and unlike himself at times, often leaving her at nights, and returning to his home in the small hours of the morning. And Keith's wife balanced her accounts with a severe exactitude, and kept well within the prescribed margin for her household, giving him a little allowance at home the nicest of little diners, and the company, when he went out, of one of the loveliest and best-dressed women in London—a woman whose cheerfulness never failed, and whose smile was as radiant at home as abroad. Yet did the smooth olive cheeks lose a little of their rounded bloom about this time. Was Margherita's first bloom passing away with her twenty years of girlhood? Or was it, perhaps, the result of those occasional nights of vigil, when she sat up, dry-eyed and uncomplaining, her hands clasped together in patient prayer for the man she loved, wrestling against an unknown trouble, a secret barrier?

Often during these silent hours did her thoughts revert to her childhood's home while memory laid before her, in many a softly colored picture, scenes of the old life that seemed separated by so strange and impassable a gulf from the present.

To be Continued.

STREET RAILWAY SOAKED

Toronto Girl and Her Father Get a Verdict for \$5,600.

Toronto, Sept. 27.—The jury in the assizes last night brought in a verdict against the Toronto Railway Company for \$5,600 in favor of Ena Brenner, a young Jewess, and for \$600 in favor of her father, Harris Brenner, who sued the company as the result of a street car accident, in which the daughter was hurt. Mr. Justice Macgill gave judgment on the questions which were submitted to the jury this morning.

Yesterday the defense called two witnesses, James Allen and Robert Marsh, who saw the accident, and testified that the plaintiff did not appear to have taken due precaution to see that the road was clear.

Other witnesses were Frederick Mitchell, the motorman of the car that ran over the young woman; Charles Lewis, Julius Whitehead and Thomas Cosgrove, expert motorman.

In Columbia rice is served twice a day at the tables of the rich as well as the poor.

BUILT UP HER HEALTH

SPEEDY CURE OF MISS ECCLESON

She is Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Writes Gratefully to Mrs. Pinkham.

For the wonderful help that she has found Zula Eccleson, 6 Erie St., East, St. Thomas, Ont., believes it her duty to write the following letter for publication, in order that other women afflicted in



Zula Eccleson

the same way may be benefited as she was. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I heartily recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a tonic and regulator for female troubles. I suffered for four years with displacement and no one but those who have experienced this dreadful agony can form any idea of the physical and mental suffering those endure who are thus afflicted. Your Vegetable Compound cured me. Within three months I was fully restored to health and strength and now my periods are regular and painless. What a blessing it is to obtain such relief when so many doctors fail to help you. Your medicine is better than any doctor or medicine I ever had."

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, headache, bloating (or flatulence), displacement of organs, inflammation or ulceration can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Her experience is very great, and she gives the benefit of it to all who stand in need of wise counsel. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

SOPHOMORES PAINT

THE "FRESHIES"

Girls in Seminary Expelled for Going to See College Boys Battle.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Thirty-two members of the sophomore class of the Armour Institute of Technology were arrested yesterday for hazing 55 freshmen, whom they ornamented Monday night with paints of many colors.

The hazing took place in a barn in rear of Wabash avenue and the sophomores probably never would have been discovered by the police had they not disturbed a funeral by their hilarity, thus bringing on themselves the wrath of members of the bereaved family.

The funeral was that of Maurice Dunne, and the man who complained to the police was Rev. E. M. Dunne, chancellor of the diocese of Chicago, and son of the deceased.

After hearing the reverend chancellor's complaint, police of the Stanton avenue station raided the barn where the hazers had their headquarters. Bursting open the doors, the officers found about 300 sophomores gathered about 55 freshmen. The latter were painted black, yellow, red, blue and green. Many were without shoes, others had lost part of their clothing.

The police arrested 32 of the hazers and hurried them off to the Stanton avenue station. The painted freshmen, now liberated, "closely followed" the sophomores and their escorting policemen, and threatened vengeance. The officers, however, by an occasional use of their clubs, prevented the freshmen from inflicting serious injury on their foes.

Although the police did not invade the hazers' headquarters until yesterday morning, many of the freshmen in the vicinity were alarmed previously by the sudden appearance on the street of painted men who had been turned loose. Some of the residents resorted to patrolmen that maniacs were roaming the streets.

The annual scrap between sophomores and freshmen of Lake Forest College took place, and resulted in a victory for the former. The scrap consisted of members of one class trying to tie up members of the other class.

Women Students Expelled. Twenty-five of the 100 students at the Washington Female Seminary were expelled by Miss Christiana Thompson, the principal, and are wondering how they will explain matters when they reach home.

The occasion was the annual canoe rush of the students of Washington and Jefferson College. Everybody in Washington attends this function, but this year Miss Thompson forbade the young women of the seminary to go. They were indignant and 25 decided to go anyway.

When the combatants saw the girls they shouted with joy, and soon a whirling, yelling mob had surrounded them. In two seconds the girls were in the center of the melee. When it was all over not one of them had a whole dress, and several who had been knocked down bore the imprint of men's heels on their cheeks.

Sadly the girls went home. Nothing was said to them at night, but next morning Miss Thompson applied discipline.

CHOLERA and all summer complaints are so quick in their action that the cold hand of death is upon the victims before they are aware that danger is near. If attacked do not delay in getting the proper medicine. Try a dose of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, and you will get immediate relief. It acts with wonderful rapidity, and never fails to effect a cure.

"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money"

Special Sale Silk Waists \$3 Buys Big Value Saturday

Several bewitching styles to pick from. Shoe-lace, hemstitched tucks, pin tucks, etc., for trimmings. Open back or front. Long or short sleeves. Black, navy, cardinal and green. Surprisingly good quality, surprisingly good dress waists, surprisingly big value for..... \$3.00

New LINEN and LAWN blouses for fall wear. Beautifully embroidered fronts, open back, long or short sleeves \$4.00 and \$5.00 Ladies' LACE Waists—An elegant creation. Very handsome designs, open back, short sleeves. Ivory silk slip included \$6.00

Ladies' Long KIMONOS. Good quality wrapperette, with neat cashmere trimmings. Pretty, fancy striped patterns \$1.50 and \$2.00 Comfortable BATH ROBES of Cotton Elderdown, shawl collar, silk girdle. Unique Jap patterns. You'll like them. \$3.00

Exceptionally Handsome Tweed Coats

These are the styles that will win the admiration of the most stylish dressers in the community. High-grade Tweeds—plain grays or fancy mixtures. Coats are in circular style, full 7-8 length, with fancy collar and pockets. Stitched strappings and broadcloth trimmings give them an exceptionally handsome appearance. You'll like them still better when you've examined them more closely and noted the reasonable prices..... \$18.50 and \$20

Very stylish coats in the fashionable TWEED CHECKS. Light shades. Long, loose-fitting garments, adorned with fancy strappings and velvet trimmings \$12.00

Some very SWELL COATS are shown in light check tweeds. Full, loose styles, 7-8 length. Trimmed with self strappings, and velvet collar \$15.00

Remember Our Millinery Opening

is still a great center of attraction. We expect a great number of our friends and patrons to visit us tomorrow—either during the day or evening.

This is proving to be a very successful opening. Ladies are becoming more and more wise to the fact that our milliners are adepts at illustrating in the most becoming and stylish way the favorite styles of the season. Our Millinery is distinctly high-class, and the most refined dressers are coming here in greater numbers with each successive season.

Even our \$5.00 Hats have a style distinction that is very often lacking in \$10.00 hats shown in some places. They are proving to be the talk of the town. Don't forget to see them.

150 Dundas and Carling.

GRAY & PARKER

150 Dundas and Carling.

Advertiser Patterns

Designed by Martha Dean.



A SHIRTWAIST SUIT IN LIGHT WORSTED.—6773, 6774.

The styles of summer have trespassed upon the hitherto forbidden ground of winter and with so much success that even fabrics of light weight are now being fashioned into shirtwaist dresses and separate blouses for general wear. An attractive costume of this kind is shown and will perhaps be a happy suggestion for a smart adornment. The shirtwaist has a seam in the center of the back which is very smart when the waist is cut on the bias of the material. Whether the waist should be cut bias or straight as well as the length of sleeve remain for the maker to decide. The shorter sleeve has a fancy cuff which renders it especially fetching. The skirt is one of the new seven-gored skirts, one of the best models for walking length. The trimming bands need not be used unless desired but they assist the flare and prove a smart adornment. The costume is one easily made and requires but 7½ yards of 44-inch goods in the medium size.

6773—Size 32 to 42 inches bust measure.

6774—Size 26 to 32 inches waist.

The price of these patterns is 25c, but either will be sent upon receipt of 10c.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

Name

Street Address

Town

Province

Measurement: Bust.....Waist.....

Age (if child or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than three or four days from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or postage stamps.

Address—

PATTERN DEPARTMENT, ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONT.

The Question Of Absorption

is a most important one for bakers, and one which should be seriously considered by all.

A strong, rich flour, which absorbs a great deal of water, is more satisfactory, inasmuch as, pound for pound, it will make more bread than a weaker flour, and with less trouble. Consequently, it is more economical.

All bakers who are desirous of reducing their expenses and increasing their profits proportionately should use our "FIVE ROSES" and "HARVEST QUEEN" brands. These are strong, rich, Manitoba flours, especially suited to fill the requirements of the bakery trade, and which will be found more economical than any ordinary brands on the market.

Lake of The Woods Milling Co.

MONTREAL.

Limited.

Local Office, Canadian Bank of Commerce Chambers, London, Ont.

Both a Toilet Soap and Complexion Soap

For 10c. a cake, 3 cakes for 25c.

You get two soaps in one— at the price of one—in

"Royal Crown" Witch-Hazel Toilet Soap

It's an ideal toilet soap. Its rich, creamy lather penetrates the pores—feeds the skin—leaves that delightful feeling of coolness and cleanliness that only the purest and finest of soaps can.

And there is the Witch-Hazel—soothing healing Witch-Hazel—to take away redness and roughness, allay skin irritation, and make the complexion beautiful.

10c. a cake—worth 25c. to every man or woman who values a healthful, clean skin.

Insist that your Druggist gives you "Royal Crown" Witch-Hazel.

The Maple Leaf is our trade mark for

COCOA AND CHOCOLATE

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THE COWAN CO., Limited, TORONTO.

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MAGIC



SODA

OR CALERATUS IS THE BEST. E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

Farm laborers are much needed in all parts of Mexico.

A LADY WRITES: "I was enabled to remove the corn, root and branch by the use of Holloway's Corn Cure." Others who have tried it have the same experience.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT & SONS, 48 Richmond street. Phone 97.

WHY THE CUBANS HATE GEN. FUNSTON

He Quit Army of Liberation in Cuba Soon After a Serious Dispute.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27.—The Washington correspondent of the Dispatch says: "By fully one-half of the survivors of the Cuban army of liberation Gen. Fred Funston is regarded as a deserter from the Cuban army. Even those who regard the manner of his leaving the Cuban forces in 1895 as no offense do not like him for what he did then."

The little Kansas man in New York in the latter part of 1895 looking for something to do, preferably as a reporter on one of the New York papers. He learned that Gen. Castillo, then the military man of the Cuban junta, was sending men to the field. That looked good to him. He applied, but was turned down cold because the Cubans in the field had been sending up reports that the Americans who had volunteered were not satisfactory.

As he was going out of the office of the junta he met an acquaintance whom he told his troubles. The friend said that what they really wanted was someone who could work Hotchkiss guns, because they had acquired a number of them. That gave Funston an idea. Going to the Hotchkiss people he permitted them to believe that he was going to Cuba to work the guns. He had sold to the junta. He wished to know if they were hard to work. Not at all, they said. Half an hour's work would fit him to hurl death and destruction. Would he like to be shown how? Well, surely. So in the course of the afternoon the young man was made over into an artillery officer.

Delay the Job.

Without delay he again presented himself to Castillo, who, having seen him for but a moment, did not recognize him. Funston introduced himself as an artillery man. Castillo asked him if he knew anything about Hotchkiss guns, for which Funston was waiting. Did he know anything about Hotchkiss guns? Well, he had just been on terms of the greatest chumminess with that brand of artillery. Therefore, Castillo met Funston, the one now in the brush—reached for and got Funston, who later brought a regular letter of introduction from General Stickles. The ex-clerk of the department of agriculture was sent to Cuba on the steamer that carried the Hotchkiss guns, and until he left the Cuban service he was in charge of them as well as of the Simms-Dudley dynamite piece. In all he served considerably more than a year with the rank and pay of a colonel.

Why He Left Cuba.

At the battle of Las Tunas occurred the incident that caused Funston to leave the service and earn for himself the hatred of Cubans. After Funston had got his dynamite gun into action the commandant of the fort on which it was playing sent out a flag of truce to ask for parley. A Cuban major, accompanied by a burly negro armed with a machete, was delegated to confer with the commandant. According to the tale told by an American who was at the battle the Cuban major, by pre-arrangement, turned his face away from the Spaniard and passed his hand across his brow. That was a signal for the negro. Without a word he used his machete upon the officer to whom the Cubans had given the solemn pledge of a flag of truce.

The garrison, 47 in number, deprived of their commander, surrendered at discretion, and old Gen. Garcia ordered the whole garrison taken out and butchered. The order was executed. The body of the Cuban was placed among his men, and in that way the evidence of the Cuban treachery was destroyed.

That incident is said to have caused Funston to declare that he would no longer serve in the Cuban army. He made his way to the Spaniards, he was first sent to Novitas and afterward to Havana, where Consul-General Lee got him passage to the United States.

Went To Manila.

The desertion, so-called, of Funston, it is said, caused the Cubans to prove

A Remarkable Case

Mrs. Barker Says She Is Quite Well Again.

Every woman in London will be interested in the letter of Mrs. William Barker, of 346 Tiltot street, St. Paul. "The change of life," the most critical period with a woman, was working on me when I began Dr. Leonard's Anti-Pill. I did not sleep at night, waking up with the most frightful dreams, and getting up in the morning feeling far worse than the previous night. My bones ached all over and my flesh seemed sore, and I would have terrible backaches. Several times during a week I have often been taken with tremblings, dizzy spells, and sometimes of a night a sort of numbness or creeping paralysis would come over me. I would have to have my limbs bathed and rubbed well before this feeling would leave me. Sometimes when up town I would have a bad spell, everything around me looking blurred or blotched out as it were. Of course this would only last for a moment or so, but it was very uncomfortable to know one was subject to such. To keep up my strength I ate, or forced myself to eat, but my stomach never craved for any food, although sometimes through the day would have a queer sensation as of a gasping or faint feeling. As soon as I would eat something this would pass away. I was also greatly troubled with constiveness, going a whole week at a time without a movement of the bowels. One day I was advised to try Anti-Pill. I did so and began to improve before the first box was gone. I also rested better at night. Anti-Pill did away with all my troubles and in no time I was well again."

All druggists sell Anti-Pill. The Wilson-Pyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

test against his assignment to the staff of any American officer destined to service in Cuba. The protests are said to be responsible for his seeking a commission in the Twelfth Kansas, with which he went to the Philippines, where he displayed the energy and skill that raised him from a militia colonel to a brigadier in the regular army, thus putting him far above men of his own age in the regular service.

The manner of his leave taking of the Cubans is like everything else he has ever done. To act instantly upon a conclusion is characteristic. He went into Alaska and accomplished what other men of the department of agriculture had failed to do. He swam the Bagbag and he captured Aguinaldo. He and Gen. Bell tried hard to convince Senor Buencamino, later secretary of war in Aguinaldo's cabinet, that the Americans would never give up the fight in the Philippines until the natives agreed to accept American sovereignty. He's always busy. San Francisco added to his reputation and soured Gen. Greeley. He was born in Ohio.

TERROR REIGNED ON NORD AMERICA

Fearful Experience of Those Aboard, Leaving Naples for New York.

New York, Sept. 28.—For a day and a night the crew of the Veloce Line steamer Nord America fought the flames which had broken out in the ship's forward coal bunkers on her trip from Naples to New York, which ended when, smoke-begrimed and manned by white-faced officers, she crept into port after one of the most thrilling struggles with fire a transatlantic liner has ever passed through.

The Nord America left Naples on Sept. 13. In her stateroom were 1,323 passengers. Her first cabin held eighty-five voyagers. For the first few days out all went well and then when the big vessel was six days nearer to the United States, the most dreaded of all sea perils broke out. The passengers had finished their evening meal, and were looting about the deck enjoying the fine evening when from the ventilator of the forward coal bunker came a tiny bluish wisp of smoke. The immigrants thought nothing of it, but it was a gray-faced engineer who reported to Capt. Barbieri, and without a word to the passengers the coal passers were put to work to find where the flames were eating their way into the bunkers.

They finally located the blaze, it was seen at once by the officers that they were about to face a bad fire. The coal mass was aglow with flames that needed only a puff of wind to fan them into destructive fury. The immigrants were ordered forward while the hatches were taken off in order that water might be poured on the glowing coals, but when the battens were hammered off, and a dense cloud of yellow smoke called out, a scream went up from them.

Fire Panic.

"The ship is on fire! We shall die!" they screamed, running to and fro. Women clutched their babies and hurried to the rail. Then a man's voice called:

"To the boatswain! Lower the boats!"

The crowd took it up. Wild-eyed men and women pressed forward. Some of them wielded knives. The crew fought them back, but they pressed in with the strength of terror.

To add to the horrors of the situation the sea began to rise. Capt. Barbieri saw that a boat launched in each weather would have no chance of life in the heavy seas. He ordered revolvers issued to the crew. Then he stepped up to the bridge and hailed the panic-stricken crowd of immigrants.

"You will be safe if you trust to us," he said; "but the first man who tries to force rope or to rush the boats will be shot."

The terrified crowd quieted down as they listened, and presently the crew drove them below. Then the whole ship's company turned to and fought the fire with steam. It was stubborn and several times it looked as if the ship would have to be abandoned, but they stuck to their work and at last the smoldering mass of coal was extinguished.

In the panic a woman named Julia Pizzamonte, who was coming here to meet her husband, died of hemorrhage caused by excitement, as she fought with the frenzied crowd at the boats to save her four children's lives. The orphaned children range in age from 10 to 2½ years of age. The four pathetic little figures told the immigration officials that they were to be met on their arrival here by their father, Santo, who lived in Brooklyn. Late this afternoon the father had not put in an appearance and the children will be cared for on Ellis Island till he can be found. If the immigration officials fail to discover his whereabouts the children will have to be sent back to Italy.

Miss Elise Lathrop, of this city, who was a cabin passenger on the Nord America, said today that the captain and crew acted with the greatest bravery. "As soon as the cry of fire was raised there was the wildest excitement among the steerage passengers," Miss Lathrop said. "Some were for lower bunks, others for the lifeboats, and others would have jumped overboard, but all were restrained by the officers of the ship, who circulated about the passengers, and told them to keep cool, as there was no danger."

KILLIAN TAXED \$50.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 27.—Player Killian, suspended by the Detroit American League Club, was reinstated by the national baseball commission today on condition that he pay a fine of \$50. After his suspension he played with an independent club in Chicago, which is given as the reason for lower bunks, others for the lifeboats, and others would have jumped overboard, but all were restrained by the officers of the ship, who circulated about the passengers, and told them to keep cool, as there was no danger."

HONEYMOON PAIR WERE MARCOINED

Couple Sent to Hoffman Island by an Unsentimental Health Officer.

New York, Sept. 28.—There is little sentiment in Hoffman Island and less in some of the health officers, and so a pair of newly-weds are spending part of their honeymoon at that quarantine station.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baer were married in Cincinnati early this month, came to New York, and engaged passage on the Morro Castle for Havana. The ship, one day out, encountered a hurricane and had to leave to Port hours the storm raged. While the crew were quieting the panic-stricken passengers, Edward Falsojoen, the quartermaster, in the sight of Mrs. Baer, was blown from the deck into the ocean. He was drowned.

The bride couple's experience in Cuba proved even more distasteful. On arriving at Havana they decided to spend two weeks in and about the Cuban capital. Their letters home were filled with praise of the beautiful city and its inhabitants, but on the second day they awoke to find Havana in a turmoil over the insurrection, and the streets filled with soldiers.

Mr. Baer regarded discretion as the better part of valor, so he and his wife sailed that afternoon on the Morro Castle on her return trip. On the way back, about 100 miles off Cape Hatteras, the vessel sighted four wrecked ships at intervals of about two hours. They had evidently succumbed to the big storm which struck the Morro Castle on her way over.

The big boat made a quick return. At quarantine yesterday health officers learned that the trip had consumed only three days and a half, and as the regulations of the board of health demand that passengers must be five days out of an infected port, the sixty or more who comprised the ship's list from Havana, where yellow fever is said to exist, were transferred to Hoffman Island.

Mr. Baer wanted an explanation. He saw swarthy skinned passengers meekly trooping down the gangplank, but he regarded his case as an exception. "Will you please state your reasons for not wishing to go with the others?" said a health officer.

"Yes," said Mr. Baer. "Here we've been two weeks out of New York on a wedding trip, have experienced hurricanes, typhoons and mal de mer; have witnessed drownings, accidents, and a quartet of shipwrecks, and now you want us to spend a day and a half—part of our honeymoon, mind you—on an island covered with low shanties and filled with the scum of Europe."

"Well," was the laconic reply of the officer. "I'm in hearty sympathy with you, but I can't see where honeymooning is an extenuating circumstance. I'm afraid that you'll have to spend the night there."

The tug Gov. Flower pulled alongside, and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baer, with the champion hard-luck honeymoon story, passed on board.

STEALING AN ISLAND?

The Dutch Are Said to Have Taken One of Philippines.

Washington, Sept. 28.—That the Dutch East India Government has "lifted" Palmas Island, one of the Philippines, and has its ruler in charge of affairs, acting under the Dutch flag, is the allegation made to the state department and the bureau of insular affairs.

The state department will take up the matter at once with the Dutch Government, and find out under what authority a Dutch representative pretends to govern the American island.

Palmas Island is situated 60 miles due east of the Sarangani Islands, and is well within the Philippine limits included in the transfer from Spain to the United States. It is a small, fertile, and highly cultivated island, the inhabitants speaking a dialect somewhat resembling the language of the Manobes, but presenting many of the characteristics of the Oceanic people.

On his report to the war department Gen. Wood says that the Dutch ships have been making voyages to Palmas for the last fifteen years, and that apparently there has been a gradual assumption of authority over the people. Active measures will be taken at once by the state department to adjust the matter with the Dutch Government.

CHICAGO'S FIERCE FOOD

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Two cars of cold storage chickens and over ten carloads of meat were condemned yesterday by Chief Food Inspector Murray and his assistants, to say nothing of fourteen carcasses of diseased cattle and four calves.

The condemnation of the chickens was due to private advices received by Murray. When he learned that the lot had escaped him and was on the way to New York he notified the authorities there so they can catch the shipment at its destination.

GOT \$10,000 FOR 2 CENTS

Grantham Victim Insured by London "Penny Weekly."

New York, Sept. 27.—A special cable dispatch from London to the Times states that the heirs of one of the victims of the Grantham disaster have received \$10,000 insurance, which was effected at a cost of one penny.

The insured was a regular subscriber to a London penny weekly, which insures its readers against accidents and death. The day of the disaster he sent his paper, duly signed, to the hotel at Retford, where he expected to pass the night. Within a few hours of his death the claim was examined, allowed and settled.

Entense Excitement Intensified.

Everybody talking about the New Clothing Store of Hamilton, Long & Co. This you will hear: Where did you get that suit? At Hamilton, Long & Co.'s. I suppose you put up \$20 for it? No, sir; only \$15. Well, I must say it's the most complete-fitting suit I have seen. A new Top Coat, Dick? Yes. Made to your order? No. You don't mean to say you bought that coat ready to wear? Yes. Where? At Hamilton, Long & Co.'s. Put up \$20 for it? No; only \$15. Say, Dick, that's the prettiest-hanging coat in town.

THE PEOPLE KNOW A GOOD THING WHEN THEY SEE IT.

We have placed at your disposal a bunch of perfect-fitting Toppers. For quality, fit and style there is nothing to equal them in London for \$8.50. See our windows.

Arrived today, New Shirts, New Neckwear.

Everything new at the New Store of

Hamilton, Long & Co.
Next Reid's Crystal Hall. 199 DUNDAS STREET.

wrong starch and elbow grease make ironing day trouble day

Put a hot iron on fabric well-starched with the right starch and what happens? The heat swells every little atom of the starch—like when you pop corn. As it swells it fills the pores of the fabric and the whole surface is smooth as glass, almost.

Rub the iron along that surface and the heat melts the little cells. As they melt, the polish follows the iron's trail. That's with the one right starch—Celluloid Starch. Needn't even cook it—use it as the package says—use hot irons—iron lightly. Does starched work better in half the time common starch will.

Use the wrong starch and you have to rub the fabric to rags, almost; wear yourself out, almost; rub and rub and rub. Simply because the starch cells, won't swell as they should. That's why you have so much bother with starched things now—you don't use the right starch right.

Celluloid Starch saves work and spares fabric

All Crippled up with Rheumatism.



Of course you know what is making you suffer so—what is making you a prisoner in the house?

Weak kidneys—and especially sick kidneys—let uric acid escape into the blood. And the blood carries this poison into the nerves. When uric acid reaches a nerve, it means pain.

There is just one way to cure Rheumatism

Take **Bu-Ju**

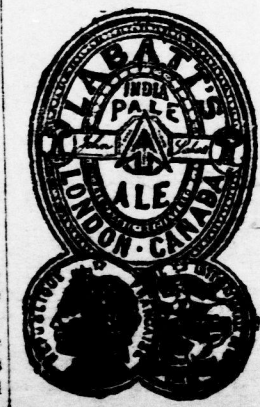
The Gentle Kidney Pill

These wonderful little pills go right to the root of the trouble—the kidneys—heat the kidneys, strengthen them, start them properly to work. When the kidneys are well, there's no more uric acid to irritate and inflame the nerves. And there is no more Rheumatism.

Take Bu-Ju on our positive guarantee that they will cure you of Rheumatism and every trace of kidney disease.

See a Bu-Ju. At all dealers or from

THE CLAPLIN CHEMICAL CO., Limited - WINDSOR, Ont.



ASK FOR **Labatt's** (LONDON) **INDIA PALE ALE**

The barley and hops used are the finest that money can secure. It is a prime favorite. 10 MEDALS—12 DIPLOMAS.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Depart—5:45 a.m., *6:45 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m., 7 p.m.
Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:10 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m., 11:20 p.m.
*To and from Walkerville, without change.
Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley.
Between London and St. Thomas only.

Ocean Steamship Tickets
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American Line—New York and Philadelphia services.
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Sailing lists, rate sheets, etc., on application to

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LOCAL AGENTS.

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The Wolverine

Connecting train from London leaves at convenient hour, 5:35 p.m. Through sleeper from St. Thomas, running over New York Central, via Buffalo and Albany, reaching Grand Central Station, in the heart of New York City, at 8 a.m.
Further information at city office, 335 Richmond street, Phone 28.
THOMAS EVANS, Agent, London.
O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. A., Chicago.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

DOMINION EXHIBITION

HALIFAX, N. S.

Sep. 22 to Oct. 5

1906.

SPECIAL FARES from Montreal and points west, via INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY and connections.

Sept. 19, 23, 25, 30 and Oct. 1.

LONDON to HALIFAX, N. S.

and return **\$27.35**

Sept. 21, and Sept. 28, 1906.

LONDON to HALIFAX, N. S.

and return **\$21.40**

Limit for return both issues to leave Halifax not later than Oct. 9.

Montreal Ticket Office, 141 St. James street.

Toronto Ticket Office, 51 King street east.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Hunters' Excursions

At Single Fare

Going Oct. 9 to Nov. 6.

To all points in Tennessee, on T. and N. O. Railway. To points, Mattawa to Port Arthur, via South St. Marie and Port Arthur, via Northern Navigation Company. To Georgian Bay and Lake Superior points, via N. N. Co. To points in Quebec. To points reached by Northern Navigation Company, extra amount will be charged for meals and berths returning.

Going Oct. 25 to Nov. 6.

To Penstern, Millard, Lakefield, all points west to North Bay, Argyle to Cobocook, Lindsay to Haliburton, all points, Madawaska to Depot Harbor, all points on Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Magnetawan River.

All tickets good returning until Dec. 8.

For tickets and full information call on E. DE LA HOOKE, city passenger and ticket agent, or E. RUSE, depot ticket agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Special Rates

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\$42.25

\$39.75

FROM LONDON

Second class one way, on sale only until Oct. 31.

Proportionately low rates to and from other points.

Tickets and full information at London offices: W. Fulton, 161 Dundas St. W. Hamilton, C.P.R. Station, or write C. B. Foster, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto.

HOURLY SERVICE

Between LONDON and ST. THOMAS

S. W. T. CO.

First car leaves London at 6 o'clock a.m.

Last car at 10 o'clock p.m.

First car from St. Thomas at 7 o'clock a.m.

Last car at 11 p.m.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big 4 for unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Prevents catarrh, gonorrhea, and not satiating or poisonous.

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Circular sent on request.

