

The G. O. M.

To Address a Meeting On the Armenian Question.

Sir Matthew White-Ridley is Not Anxious to be Speaker.

The Trinidad Excitement Simply Much Abo About Nothing.

MADE A BARONET.

London, July 30.—The Hon. Arthur Bower Forwood, who was elected by the Conservative party to represent the Ormskirk division of Lancashire in Parliament, has been made a baronet. He is a merchant and ship owner. He was Secretary to the Admiralty for several years.

LORD WODEHOUSE FINED.

London, July 30.—Lord Wodehouse, eldest son of the Earl of Kimberley, who led the mob that attacked H. Rider Haggard, the novelist, and his party at Stelham, while he was on his electioneering tour of the East Norfolk district, on July 29, was today fined for his participation in that affair.

DOESN'T WANT TO BE SPEAKER.

London, July 30.—Sir Matthew White Ridley, the Secretary of State for the Home Department, who is looked upon as the next Speaker of the House of Commons, in the event of the House refusing to re-elect Mr. Gully, in reply to an inquiry today said that he had no information to impart about the Speaker-elect, adding: "I hope to remain where I am."

TURKEY GIVES IN.

Berlin, July 30.—A Constantinople dispatch to the Tagblatt says that Turkey has decided to accept in their entirety the Armenian reforms demanded by the powers. The acceptance of these reforms, the dispatch says, is primarily due to the pressure brought to bear on the Government by Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador.

IN RE COPYRIGHT.

London, July 30.—The Morning Post, in discussing the copyright question tomorrow, will suggest that Canadian publishers follow the example of the English and established branch offices in the United States, in which event Americans may possibly be induced to remove restrictions which offend their neighbors. In any effort of that kind, says the Post, the colony may rely upon the support of the British Government. But any interference with an international understanding and imperial legislation would be disastrous to the interests of all parties concerned.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

London, July 30.—The United States Ambassador, the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, referring to the reported seizure of the Island of Trinidad by Great Britain and the suggestion in regard to that subject, said today that the incident was a trifling one. The island he added, was very small, only occupied by a few goats, and the British ships merely stopped there to lay cable. Great Britain, he continued, did not claim the Island of Trinidad. "Like most South American Governments," said Mr. Bayard, "the British Government is intensely excited over nothing. Mr. Bayard has not had any instructions from Washington regarding the Island of Trinidad."

GLADSTONE TO BE HEARD.

London, July 30.—The Daily News tomorrow will say that Mr. Gladstone has decided to address a public meeting at Chester on Aug. 6 on the Armenian question. This decision on the part of Mr. Gladstone, the News says, is attributed to the unsatisfactory progress that has been made in the settlement of the matter.

The Times says: Mr. Gladstone, who hitherto refused to speak on Armenia lest he might injure the cause by turning it into a party question, now that the election is over, has been approached by some of the Government's supporters, including the Duke of Westminster, and has consented to speak.

VICTORIA'S BUDGET.

Melbourne, July 30.—Hon. Geo. Turner, Premier and Treasurer, presented the budget statement in the Executive Assembly of Victoria today. The statement shows a deficit for the past year of £114,940, and an estimated surplus for the coming year of £28,168.

SURPLUS IN NEW ZEALAND.

Wellington, N. Z., July 30.—In the New Zealand Parliament today Colonial Treasurer J. G. Ward presented the annual financial statement showing an estimated surplus of £9,400 for the coming year. Mr. Ward announced that the Government proposed to reduce the duties on tea, kerosene and other articles. He said it was the intention of the Government to subsidize the Vancouver steamship service in the amount of £20,000 annually and to co-operate with Canada in the Pacific cable scheme.

GRAND TRUNK AFFAIRS.

Alleged Programme of the New Management.

A New Issue of Four Per Cent Debentures Authorized.

Montreal, July 30.—Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, the new president of the G. T. R., is expected here in a few weeks. The new platform arranged by the new board, it is said, will be as follows:

The amalgamation of clerical and working staffs; cultivation of local traffic and the curtailment of capital expenditure; an exhaustive inquiry into the whole system; an arrangement for better working treaties with other railway companies; a vigorous canvassing for local traffic; some method for the cutting down of superfluous trains will be prepared. The question of a Canadian board is to be again taken into consideration, whose duty it will be to dispose of all minor matters. Mr. Rivers-Wilson, the vice-president, will, it is said, suggest the formation of a deprecation fund for the rolling stock lent to the Chicago and G. T. R., so that provision may be made for prospective claims. It is thought that not only will there be a reduction in the clerical and working

staffs, but a general reduction in wages will take place.

The new directors have been authorized to borrow and raise by the creation and issue of Grand Trunk consolidated 4 per cent debenture stock such further sum or sums not exceeding the amount which the company is authorized to borrow as they may see fit from time to time.

Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson is considered a financial genius, and a man who is capable of reorganizing an important system like the Grand Trunk and bring it into a sound and healthy condition.

Another important question that is receiving the careful attention of the new president is the transfer of the accounts from Canada to London, Eng.

Are They Lost?

Lord Aberdeen's Son on a Missing Canadian Yacht.

Nothing Heard of the Sunbeam—Searching Sturgeon Bay.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 31.—Up to midnight nothing has been heard of the Canadian yacht Sunbeam, which left Sturgeon Bay last Tuesday, and her owner, Commodore English, has telegraphed to points along the west shore without finding any trace of her. Those on board the boat are Lord Cecil Haddo, a son of Lord Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada; Walter Kingsmill, a son of Judge Kingsmill, of Toronto; Haynes Jones, a son of a merchant in St. Johns, and Carl Thoroughgood, a sailor from Quebec. Lord Cecil is only a boy. Mr. English says, but Jones and Kingsmill are both experienced yachtsmen. They have been cruising for seven weeks.

HOLMES' HIDEOUS WORK.

Latest Developments in the Now Notorious Case.

More Bones and Part of a Skull Found in the "Castle."

Chicago, July 30.—The search for the remains of the Holmes' Castle was continued today. The tank which was uncovered on Monday was forced open, but nothing was found but a few inches of petroleum in the bottom of the vat. Old man Chappell's story that the tanks were used for dissolving human bodies was largely disproved by today's investigation. Search for other vats was continued, as it was believed that Chappell might have been mistaken as to their location.

In the course of the further excavation in Holmes' Sixty-third street building today the police unearthed parts of two other bones, a piece of skull and some smaller pieces.

Peter Cigrand, father of Emily Cigrand, who is said to have been murdered by Holmes, arrived in Chicago today with Philomena Cigrand, sister of the missing girl, and with Dr. B. J. Cigrand, a relative. They went to the police headquarters.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 30.—Lawyer Shoemaker, counsel for Holmes, said today he was able to meet any charges that might be made against his client. He is intensely excited over nothing. Mr. Shoemaker has not had any instructions from Washington regarding the Island of Trinidad.

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Terrorized Canadians.

How Missionaries Fared in Recent Chinese Outbreaks.

Men, Women and Children Attacked by a Howling Mob in Chen-Tu.

Driven From Compound to Compound—A Friendly Chinaman's Assistance.—All Property Destroyed.

Kingston, Ont., July 31.—Dr. Kilborn, of the General Hospital, is in receipt of a letter detailing the recent outbreak in China. The message comes from his brother, Dr. O. L. Kilborn, located with the Canadian Methodist mission at Chen-tu, Szechuan, China. He has arrived at Shanghai with his wife and son, his wife and family, and Geo. Hartwell, his wife and family, and the other Chen-tu missionaries. Two priests of the Roman Catholic mission accompanied them. They all bear evidence of a very severe beating by the Chinese mob.

TRYING EXPERIENCES.

Dr. Kilborn says, writing on June 15: "We have just passed through some very trying experiences. Myself and family and all other missionaries at Chen-tu have been nearer going to heaven than ever before. Twice we escaped as by a miracle from the very jaws of death, but we are absolutely safe, and we praise God for all his leading. Probably some of us will go to Shanghai and others remain in the province of Szechuan. You see, we are stripped clean out. We have absolutely nothing left but what we wore when we escaped from our home. We are eighteen adult Protestants, two Roman Catholic French priests, and all the foreign community of Chen-tu. Mrs. Kilborn and I left Kiating by boat at daybreak on May 15. We took all we possessed with us, and arrived in Chen-tu well and safe on May 24th. On May 25th we began moving our goods into our new home, and home, the one Dr. Hartwell formerly occupied. May 28th is one of the great days of the Chinese order, and consequently crowds of people were very easy to find. At 4:30 p.m. they mobbed us, the stones coming fiercely against our back street gates. There were in the compound Dr. and Mrs. Stephenson, and three children, Mrs. Kilborn, myself and child, and Dr. Kilborn, just arrived in Chen-tu, whose teeth I had just filled. Dr. Stephenson and I loaded our rifles, and the women and children went into the hospital compound, and all prayed for the arrival of the officer with his retinue to scatter the mob."

HOLD THE MOB IN CHECK. "By about 5 p.m. the two center gates fell in with a crash. We thought it was time to act. Dr. Stephenson and I appeared on the opposite side of the court with our guns. Instantly the mob saw our advantage, and they shot in quick succession through the open gate into the air. Upon the street they

at about 40 yards, and on the other side from our battered gateway. Presently there arrived about a dozen yamen runners, and two or three soldiers. They thought themselves perfectly safe, and sent word to our fatherly to that effect. We held the mob in check until about 6 o'clock; then we were induced by the runners to go in. The foreigners were scarcely out of sight before the yelling and stone-throwing began again. We waited half an hour, then made another sally. Though not so far, and their courage began to grow with their whirling darkness. We held them for a while, but stones of good size began to come so thick and fast we both knew it was no longer before we made a low and orderly retreat. By half-past 6 the gate was again in possession of the mob, and we had retreated into the hospital compound. Our little hospital building was of thick brick walls, and we thought of taking our station in one of the rooms, and trying to barricade and defend it. Providentially we gave that up. Not long after we left our dwelling compound to come to the hospital to see how things were. Crash and smash were heard with terrible distinctness, coupled with the yelling and the excited mob. The din was something never to be forgotten. We, five with our children, ran out of the dispensary building, and tried to find a hiding place in the rear corner of the compound, but we knew from the awful sound on the other side of the wall that hiding there was but putting off the fatal moment. We tried to get into the rear into our neighbor's compound, but were told in very plain language that we were not to be allowed to come over; as a last resort we began crawling under three or four enormous tree trunks, purchased from timber and lying a foot or more from the ground.

A WAY OF ESCAPE.

"Just at this moment a Chinaman whom we had never seen before to our knowledge came along, and said that the mob that had been running at the gate of the hospital had scattered, and we must escape through that way to the street. This again was providential leading, but we did not know at the time that it might be a trap to catch us. We followed this man, and crawled on by one through the hole made by the stones of the rioters in the wall. It was getting quite dark, and there were really very few people on the streets. We ran into the yard of the little house immediately opposite. They turned us out with yells. We ran out toward the big open ground two or three blocks away, the parade ground. We asked several of the groups of people who stood on their doorsteps if they would conceal us. Every time it was an emphatic 'No.' On the very edge of the parade ground is a soldiers' barracks with 100 or 200 soldiers quartered there. We ran in there, but were turned out with yells and curses. We then hurried across the parade grounds to the city wall. We helped one another up the inner parapet and stopped for a moment's rest. We did not know what moment during that chase on the street and parade ground we might be overtaken and struck down by the howling mob. We heard cries behind us on the street of 'Beat them! Beat them to death!' but none followed us upon the wall. The Chinaman was also with us who let us through the hole in the wall. He had been treated in our hospital some time before."

THE WORK OF DESTRUCTION.

"While on the wall we saw the re-

section of fire in our old home, and knew the work of destruction was still going on. After many hours of waiting we got messages that the other mission compounds were all right. We then made our way to the Chinese inland mission, where we were warmly received and fed. We thought, considering the quietness in the other mission compounds, that the principal riot was all over. When morning came we found how sadly mistaken we were. For word came that Mr. Hartwell's compound, directly across the street, was attacked and his new brick house committed to the flames. Mr. Hartwell and family had escaped over the compound wall to the house of a friendly neighbor. Finally all found their way to the compound where we were. All fully believed the mob would be upon us next. A decision was quickly come to to go to the magistrate's yamen before the streets in our vicinity should get crowded. We were about starting when a small officer arrived. He guaranteed us full protection. The crowd was getting large and difficult to control when the officer ordered us to go to the yamens. We barely got out of the compound, by means of a ladder previously arranged, one by one dropping over the wall, when the mob began the rush on the outer gate of the compound. We passed through by narrow alleys, and with the aid of an official who had followed us over the wall, and pulled the ladder after him, we got into a small court where eight families lived. We turned a corner and found ourselves in a long alley which opened on the street where the howling mob were.

IN HIDING. "Quick as thought we dashed into a small crowded house of two rooms, and secreted ourselves in the darker back room, crowded upon the small, filthy benches, and drew the blue common curtains closely around us. We scarcely dared to breathe. For three long hours we listened to the crashing, smashing howling mob, not ten yards from our hiding place. Twenty-four dollars shut the mouths of the two men in the house, and promises to the remainder of the eight families fixed them all right. About 2 p.m. of that eventful day (the 29th) we began to breathe more freely. The howling din just over the wall quietly died away, and the hours slowly passed till dark. About 8 p.m., under the cover of the friendly darkness, we passed silently out on the street, one by one, and before 9 p.m. we were safe with those who had arrived at the yamen in the forenoon. Later in the evening the members of the American mission came into the yamen from their quarters. By midnight all the Protestant missionaries of the Chen-tu were safe. Together we praised God as we had never done before. His care and love had saved us when the hand of man failed. We realized something of our close work had been a death—a violent death at that—and how we had been saved. About 2 a.m. that same night two Roman Catholic priests were brought in. Both had been pretty badly used, and a third was still outside."

Mrs. Hartwell and children will probably start for home in a month; also Dr. Stephenson, wife and family.

Late Canadian News.

The G. T. R. Don't Get in Winnipeg—Child Cremated.

The new station of the H. G. and B. at Hamilton is completed.

Mrs. Taylor, aged about 70 years, was killed by a Grand Trunk train near Eastwood.

On Sunday a little child of Robert Smith's, a farmer, who lives near Queensboro, was accidentally burned to death.

The Wentworth councillors have offered the old jail to Hamilton at the city's former bid, \$35,000, and the offer has been accepted.

F. Proulx, a prominent real estate agent of Winnipeg, died at the general hospital on Monday evening from the effects of a carbuncle on his side.

It is stated in Ottawa that an additional mail subsidy of \$100,000 per annum has been granted the Canadian Pacific Railway Company by order-in-council.

A Canadian Pacific agent left Winnipeg on Monday for Toronto to endeavor to secure men for track work, being unable to secure sufficient laborers at Winnipeg.

It is said to be as good as settled among certain Conservatives that Dr. Benson is the likely man to run as Conservative candidate in Winnipeg at the next Dominion election.

Chas. Carpenter, manager of the Beaver saw works, Hamilton, was found dead in his bed on Tuesday, where he had gone to have a rest. He had been enjoying good health. Heart trouble was the cause of death. He was 66 years of age.

Amelia M. Taylor, wife of Perry Taylor, Toronto, a Yonge street wall-paper merchant, about 2 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon was found by her husband in the bathroom of their house quite dead. She had apparently taken a fainting fit while taking a bath.

George Porter, son-in-law of Chief of Police Vohl, of Montreal, and paying teller of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal there, was arrested at his cottage on the Island of Orleans, where he is summering. He was drunk, and threatened the provincial police with a revolver.

Thieves entered the Catholic Church at Sarnia and stole the poor box money. The night afterwards the church was again entered. Thieves overturned the pulpit in raising a trap door. They stole a costly gold chalice, which they lost near the church in an effort to escape.

C. P. R. gross earnings in June, \$1,512,862; working expenses, \$315,962; net profits, \$596,900. In June, 1894, the net profits were \$435,357. The gain in net profits over last year is, for June, \$160,943, and from Jan. 1 to June 30, \$553,593.

GONE UP IN SMOKE.

Piggott & Sons' Planing Mill at Windsor Burned—Loss \$20,000.

Windsor, Ont., July 30.—About 6 o'clock this morning fire completely burned the fine house belonging to Jacob Erb, about two miles from this town. Loss estimated at \$15,000; insured in the Farmers' Mutual for \$1,200.

Windsor, Ont., July 30.—The saw and planing mill of J. Piggott & Sons, entirely destroyed by fire this morning. The loss will amount to \$20,000, with insurance of \$10,000. The fire department made a quick run, but the entire building was ablaze in a very few minutes. Incendiarism is suspected.

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Waterloo, Ont., July 30.—About 6

Advertisements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading 2c. word. Not less than 15 words.

ADVERTISER'S ANNUAL PICNIC
 Port Stanley, Saturday, Aug. 5. Train
 at 10:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m.
 50c

PORT STANLEY'S CHEAP EXCURSION
 To Toronto via Grand Trunk Rail-
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ONLIGHT EXCURSION - PORT STANLEY
 Thursday, Aug. 1, under
 the patronage of the Port Stanley
 Chamber of Commerce. Excursion
 tickets 35 cents; good afternoon trains.
 25 cents, at De la Houche's. Boat waits for
 train. 50c

FOREST CITY BOAT HOUSE - FOOT
 Dundas street; pleasure boats of all kinds.
 Phone 774. W. H. LANCHESTER, Prop.

TRAMWAY THAMES WILL LEAVE
 at 10 a.m. and 1:30, 3:10, 4:45, 7:30 p.m.
 city at 10 a.m. and 1:30, 3:10, 4:45, 7:30 p.m.

ALICE DANCING ACADEMY - THE
 recognized, leading school of dancing
 in the city. Fall term will open in Septem-
 ber. Dances and lessons. Members of
 A. M. D. Academy, 476 Richmond street,
 phone 511. Oxford street.

Meetings.

Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.

**MEETING OF THE WOMEN'S CHRIS-
 TIAN Association in "The Rooms, Dundas
 street, on Thursday, Aug. 1, at 2 p.m.**
 50c

ONION COUNCIL, No. 233, ROYAL
 ending at 8 o'clock, in Dufferin Bl. c.k.
 50c

O. O. F. DOMINION LODGE, No. 48,
 meets this (Wednesday) evening. Visi-
 tations cordially invited. J. BARNES, N. G.;
 HASTINGS, P. G. Secretary.

Female Help Wanted.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.

**WANTED - HIGH SCHOOL GRADU-
 ATES to study bookkeeping and
 shorthand at London Shorthand School.
 Positions guaranteed.**

Domestics Wanted.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.

**WANTED - GENERAL SERVANT FOR
 a small family. Apply Mrs. Queen's
 avenue (second door east of Memorial Church).
 50c**

Lost and Found.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.

**LOST - TUESDAY LAST - BLACK COCK-
 ER spaniel; white on breast; tag 335. Re-
 ward by returning to 23 Piccadilly street. Any
 one detaining after this notice will be re-
 warded.**

**LOST - ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON FROM
 26 Colborne street, a black spaniel puppy
 answers to name of "Jet." The finder
 rewarded on returning it to above ad-
 dress.**

Situations Wanted.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.

**AS GARDENER - MARRIED - THOR-
 oughly experienced greenhouse,
 flowers and grapes; good recommendations.
 Box 27, this office.**

Wanted.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.

**WANTED - BY SEPT. 1 - COTTAGE -
 Not less than five rooms, within five
 miles of city. No depot. Address H.
 D., this office.**

Wanted by a Traveler - Two or

three unfurnished rooms in good local-
 ity, with board for wife and child. Address H.
 B. Callender, 465 Buxton street.

Hotel Cards.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**ONEIL HOUSE - CORNER TALBOT AND
 YORK streets. Newly built and furnished.
 New and commodious stables. Wm. COLLINS
 (late of Lambeth), proprietor.**

**"DUKE OF YORK" HOTEL - LUNDAS
 street, London East. Good table; well-
 stocked sample room; kind treatment and
 proper attention. A share of your patronage
 most respectfully solicited. Wm.
 D. COLLINS.**

**"VICTORIA" - THE POPULAR \$1 A
 day house, Clarence street, corner of
 Dundas. J. Tomlinson, proprietor.**

**HODGINS HOUSE - BEST \$1 DAY
 house in city, corner King and Talbot
 streets. Barber shop and billiard room in
 connection.**

**THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MON-
 TREAL - Centrally situated and
 class in every respect. H. B. BAKER, proprietor.**

**ONTARIO HOUSE, KING STREET -
 Opposite the Court House, remodeled and
 returned; good stabling. JERRY McDONALD.**

**OFFICE RESTAURANT - RICHMOND
 street. Fresh lager. Best brands of all
 kinds of liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours.
 Theatrical and musical entertainment. D. S. BAKER, proprietor.**

**QUEEN'S HOTEL, BAYVIEW - THE
 most beautiful and picturesque summer
 resort in Ontario, situated on Lake Huron.
 Rates \$2 and \$3 per week. Address J. S. POL-
 LOCK.**

**GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL (FORMERLY
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 streets. Thoroughly renovated. Rates \$1 a
 day. JAMES McDONALD, Proprietor.**

**TECHUMSEH HOUSE, LONDON, ONT.
 Largest and best hotel in Western On-
 tario. No charge for baggage or sample rooms.
 Rates \$2 and \$3 per day. C. W. DAVIS,
 proprietor.**

**FRANKLIN HOUSE, PORT STANLEY.
 This popular hotel has been newly fur-
 nished and thoroughly renovated. Twelve
 large, airy rooms. Special rates to summer
 boarders. Choice liquors and cigars. Meals
 at all hours. J. S. MARTIN, proprietor.**

**HOTEL LONON - ON THE SITE OF THE
 old Batt House, new hotel, with every
 convenience for summer visitors; over 150
 balconies, overlooking Lake Erie. Terms
 on application. Special rates for families and
 wheelmen. MATT. LONEY, proprietor, Port
 Stanley.**

Marriage Licenses.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY
 W. H. BARTON, 99 Dundas street.**

**MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SUFFY'S
 Drug Store, 233 Dundas street, corner William. Make
 Dundas street car. No witnesses required.**

**W. H. WESTON, GROCER, ISSUES
 licenses at his office, 44 Stanley street.
 No bonds required.**

**LICENCES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN
 Jeweler, 402 Richmond street.**

Livery Stables.

**LONDON RIDING ACADEMY - QUEEN'S
 avenue, near Park. For terms inquire
 of Wm. LAWRENCE, riding master. Terms moder-
 ate. Telephone 912.**

**LILLEY'S LIVERY - NO. 619 DUNDAS
 street, East London, Ont. Telephone
 No. 619.**

**LONDON SALE, BOARDING AND
 Livery Stable. Express driving and
 livery. Telephone 503. A. G.**

Male Help Wanted.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.)

**AGENTS WANTED - \$20 PER WEEK -
 Apply to GEO. MARSHALL & CO., Tea Im-
 porters, 280 Dundas street.**

Houses, Etc., To Let.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**TO LET - COTTAGE - SIX ROOMS - OP-
 POSITE Huron College grounds. Apply
 next door to 323 Princess avenue. 50c**

**TO LET - TWO STORY BRICK - NO. 683
 Adelaide street; 8 rooms; very convenient;
 rent me. Apply to GEORGE TAYLOR, 571
 Adelaide street. 50c**

**TO LET - GOOD TWO-STORY BRICK
 house, Princess avenue, 10 rooms; all
 modern improvements. Apply J. & W. Mon-
 roe, 180 Fullarton or 307 Dundas. 50c**

**TO LET - HOUSE - 125 KING STREET -
 Ten rooms; modern conveniences. Apply
 GEORGE C. GUNN, barrister. 7411**

**LANDLORDS - NOW IS THE TIME TO
 advertise your vacant houses. An Ad-
 vertisement will secure a tenant.
 15c each insertion or six days for 15c.**

**"TO LET," "ROOMS TO LET," "HOUSES
 TO LET" and "For Sale" cards always on
 hand at ADVERTISER Office.**

Business Chances.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.)

**SHOE STOCK - CLEAN, WELL BOUGHT,
 for cash; \$5.00 (cost 1d) reduced to 10c. 100
 less than \$100, to be sold at a rate on the dollar;
 best retail business in the west; established 40
 years; must be closed out by Aug. 1, we are
 ready to close the retail trade. Also a quantity
 of shoe-makers' tools for sale in lots to suit pur-
 chaser. J. T. GRANT, Woodstock, Ontario.
 50c**

Agents Wanted.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for
 15 words.)

**WANTED - AGENTS TO SOLICIT
 business for the Home Life Associa-
 tion of Canada - assessment system. Good
 remuneration. Apply L. W. BURKE, Superin-
 tendent, No. 5 Masonic Temple. 21**

Massage Treatment.

**MISS SHUFF - GRADUATE OF DR. S.
 Weir Mitchell's Hospital for Nervous
 Diseases, Philadelphia. Massage and Swedish
 movements. 60 Dundas street, London, Ont.
 Phone, 502.**

**"SWEDISH MASSAGE" - MRS. RAY
 Gadsby, 322 York street, graduate of
 Walker's First Sanatorium, Berks county Pa.
 Swedish massage and electric treatment given.
 Removal of facial blemishes a specialty.**

Veterinary Surgeons.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**J. H. TENNENT - VETERINARY SUR-
 GEON - Office, King street, opposite
 Market House; residence, corner King and
 Wellington. Telephone.**

**J. H. WILSON & SON - OFFICE 30 KING
 street, London; residence, 545 Richmond
 street. Telephone.**

Business Cards.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**STOCKWELL'S STEAM DYE WORKS -
 259 Dundas street. Specialties: Ostich
 feathers and garment dyeing and cleaning.
 Parcels called for and delivered. Telephone
 501.**

**PAPER HANGING - WALL PAPER PROP-
 erty hung by practical paper hanger;
 80 roll; references. D. R. "Advertiser." 58c**

**GEORGE ROUGHLEY - FELT AND GRAVEL
 roofing; repairing a specialty; estimates on
 application. 150 South street, London. Tele-
 phone 588.**

**PRINTING TYPE, INKS, PRESSES -
 Supplies of all kinds; new outfits our
 specialty. Toronto type foundry, 44 Bay
 street, Toronto, and 286 Portage avenue, Win-
 nipeg.**

**BI-CYCLE AND GENERAL REPAIRING
 - Pattern and model making. J. BLYTHE,
 310 Dundas street, Abbott Block.**

**GO TO MRS. WOODLIFES, 286 DUNDAS
 street, for your cut flowers, stock of
 parcels, all kinds of green groceries and
 fruit. Phone 519.**

**A. T. CORP - PAINTING, GLAZING,
 paper hanging and house decorating.
 133 Oxford street. Telephone 758.**

**LONDON MARBLE AND GRANITE
 Company - Largest stock of marble and
 granite monuments. Talbot and Fullarton
 streets.**

**LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED - CHINA
 and glassware riveted. F. HAYES, 308
 Dundas street.**

**JOHN WHITTAKER IS PREPARED TO
 furnish estimates for slate roofing. 531
 King street.**

**SMITH & GRANT, MANUFACTURERS
 of packing, egg and beer cases. Orders
 promptly attended to. 567 Bathurst street.**

**BAMBOO EASELS, TABLES, ETC., FUR-
 NITURE and baby carriages nearly re-
 paired; moderate charges. KNAPP, 74 King
 street.**

**LOUIS PEDDERSEN, MAKER AND
 repairer of b-bys carriages and reed chairs,
 corner King and Ridout streets.**

**DOES YOUR LAWN MOWER NEED
 repairing? Drop a card to PERCY
 DAVIS, locksmith, 509 Richmond street.**

**CARPENTERING AND JOINING
 shop at Piccadilly street.**

**FURNITURE REUPHOLSTERED -
 Carpets cleaned and laid. GEO. AHELI,
 536 Talbot street. Orders promptly attended to.**

Accountants.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**GEORGE W. HAYES,
 ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR,
 INSURANCE AGENT.
 5 Masonic Temple Building.
 Representing Northern Assurance Co.
 Your patronage solicited.**

**ALFRED A. BOOKER, ACCOUNTANT,
 135 Elmwood avenue, South London.
 Telephone 1023.**

**W. MAGEE, ACCOUNTANT,
 413 Richmond street,
 or 610 Talbot street, London.**

Miscellaneous.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**HOME FOR INCURABLES, LONDON,
 Ontario. For terms apply to Secretary
 Women's Christian Association, 279 Talbot
 street. 58c**

Educational.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**SELECT PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR
 young children (boys and girls). Public
 school course. Music thoroughly taught. Mrs.
 BAKERVILLE, 144 Mill street.**

Legal Cards.

(Advertisements under this heading one
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**JARED VINING - BARRISTER - MONEY
 to loan. 414 Talbot street.**

**MONEY - CERTAIN SUMS OF \$500, \$500,
 \$500, \$1,000 and \$1,000 are in our hands
 for investment on first class mortgage. Also
 various other sums. WEEKES & SCANDRETT,
 solicitors, 88 Dundas street, London.**

**MCEVOY, WILSON & POPE - BARRIS-
 TERS, solicitors, 467 Ridout street,
 opposite court house. Telephone 979. Money
 to loan. W. A. WILSON, LL.B.; H. C. POPE,
 LL.B.; J. M. MCEVOY, LL.B.**

**E. W. SCATCHERD - BARRISTER,
 notary public, etc. Office under Bank of
 Commerce Buildings, London, Ont., telephone
 No. 977.**

**GUNN & HARVEY - BARRISTERS, SO-
 LICITORS, notaries, Bank of Commerce
 building. Telephone 112. GEORGE C. GUNN
 W. J. HARVEY.**

**JOHN W. WINNETT - BARRISTER,
 solicitor, notary, 420 Talbot street, upstairs.
 Main street, Belmont.**

**J. H. A. BEATTIE - BARRISTER, ETC.,
 solicitor, notary, 420 Talbot street, upstairs.
 Main street, Belmont.**

**STUART STUART & MOSS - BAR-
 RISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Offices
 southwest corner Dundas and Richmond.
 Telephone 112. GEORGE C. GUNN
 W. J. HARVEY.**

**A. GREENLEES, B.A. - BARRISTER,
 solicitor, 420 Talbot street, upstairs.
 Main street, Belmont.**

**POWELL & GRAHAM, BARRISTERS,
 money to loan. C. G. POWELL, R. M.
 GRAHAM.**

**T. H. LUSCOMBE - BARRISTER, SOLICIT-
 OR, etc., 108 Dundas street, near
 Richmond street, at lowest rates.**

**PARKE & PURDUM - BARRISTERS -
 T. H. PURDUM, T. E. PARKE, ALEXANDER
 PURDUM.**

**A. LEBERT O. JEFFERY, LL.B., D.C.L.,
 Solicitor, Notary Public, 180 Dundas
 street, corner Richmond, Market Lane,
 London.**

**MAGEE, McKILLOP & MURPHY
 Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc.
 420 Talbot street, London. Telephone
 112. JAMES MAGEE, Q.C., JAMES B. McKILLOP,
 THOMAS J. MURPHY.**

**W. M. CLARKE - BARRISTER, SO-
 LICITOR, notary, 420 Talbot street,
 corner Richmond, Market Lane,
 London.**

**TENNENT & McDONAGH - BARRIS-
 TERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to
 loan at lowest rates. 75 Dundas street. D. H.
 TENNENT, M. P. McDONAGH.**

**LOVE & DIGNAN - BARRISTERS, ETC.,
 413 Talbot street, London. FRANCIS
 LOVE, R. H. DIGNAN.**

**GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN - BAR-
 RISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner
 Richmond and Carling streets. GEORGE C.
 GIBBONS, Q.C., GEO. McNAB, P. MULKERN,
 FRED J. HARPER.**

ELECTRIC BATHS.
 WILSON'S SULPHUR BATHS ARE
 excellent, benefiting all who take
 them. 320 Dundas street.
 ELECTRIC BATHS ARE THE MOST
 curative - Toning and strengthening the
 system, and curing where other remedies fail.
 320 Dundas street. J. G. WILSON, Electrothera-
 pist.

Typewriters.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, SURGICAL
 appliances and supports for deformi-
 ties of all kinds. I have had 25 years
 experience and the limb I now make is
 second to none. All work guaranteed.
 Write for terms before purchasing else-
 where. JOHN BOYD, Lucknow, Ont.**

Dental Cards.

(Advertisements under this heading one
 cent a word each insertion.)

**DR. GEO. C. DAVIS - DENTIST -
 Graduate R. C. D. S. Toronto, 1879,
 graduate Philadelphia Dental College, 1883.
 Specialties: Preservation of natural teeth,
 crown, porcelain and bridge work. 179 Dundas
 street, London, Ont. Telephone 975.**

**DR. COLON E. J. SMITH - ARTIFICIAL
 teeth, crowns and bridges artistically
 inserted. Office, 3091 Richmond street, over
 Mount of Sion fruit store.**

**L. McDONALD - DENTIST
 Office - 1834 Dundas street, London.
 Telephone 702.**

**DR. CHESTER N. ARBOTH - DENTIST -
 Over Fitzgerald's grocery.**

**DR. J. N. WOOD - HONOR GRADUATE -
 131 Dundas street.**

**DR. SWANN - DENTIST - FORMERLY
 with S. Woodworth, L.D.S. Office 2074
 Dundas street, next door to Kent's confection-
 ery. Telephone 1131.**

**W. WOOLVERTON - SURGEON-DENTIST -
 210 Dundas street, over the Star
 across Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 822.**

**J. E. HOLMES - DENTIST - SUCCESSOR
 to Dr. W. R. Wilkinson. Crown and
 bridge work a specialty. Office, 4
 Block, corner Dundas and Clarence
 streets.**

Chase & Sanborn's



Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the
 Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the
 WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,
 BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO

QUICK CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
 KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
 DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS GUYDON ENGLAND

New Undertaking Establishment

284 Dundas St. - Spencer Block.
 Telephone 1150.

**WESLEY HARRISON,
 Embalmer and Funeral Director.
 N. B. - We have in stock a complete line
 of Picture Frame Mouldings.**

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION

at the auction rooms of J. W. Jones,
 242 Dundas street, London, on Friday, the 2nd
 day of August, 1885, at the hour of 2:30 o'clock
 in the afternoon, the stock of Andrew Newton
 of Woodstock, as follows:

Tweeds and cloths. \$314 33
 Men's furnishings. 106 00
 Shop furniture. 65 00

Total. \$485 33

Terms: One-third cash, balance in one and
 two months with interest at 7 per cent ap-
 proved security. Stock sheets on the premises
 and with GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN,
 Vendors Solicitors; C. B. ARMSTRONG,
 Auctioneer. 561 zxyw

AUCTION SALE.

HERE will be sold by public auction, at the
 rooms of J. W. Jones, 242 Dundas street,
 London, on Thursday, the 1st day of Aug.
 1885, at the hour of 2:30 p.m., the stock in trade
 of W. J. Bruce, of Glenora, in the county of
 Wellington. The stock will be put up in two
 parcels, consisting of - Firstly,
 Drygoods, clothing, hats and
 Boots and shoes. \$2,051 49
 Groceries, crockery and glass. 323 09
 Stationery and fancy goods and
 patent medicines. 43 74
 Shop furniture. 23 25
 And secondly: Hardware. \$1,075 00
 Jewellery, etc. 298 22
 Total. \$4,134 49

The Advertiser

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(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

By mail, per annum.....\$1 00

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,

LONDON, CANADA.

JOHN CAMERON,

Pres't and Managing Director.

God's in His heaven.

All's right with the world.

—Browning.

London, Wednesday, July 31.

THE BRITISH FLAG AT BOSTON.

To the Editor of the "Advertiser":

A report was circulated here the other day that at a joint meeting of Canadians and Americans at Boston, the Americans had offered an insult to the British flag. It turns out that instead of insulting the British flag they accorded it rather peculiar honors.

These efforts to keep up a bad feeling between the two countries are chiefly the work of persons who fancy that by affecting hatred and contempt of Yankees a man can make himself an English gentleman. But the cost is defrayed by the industrious people of Canada, especially by the farmers. In the shape of exclusion of their products from the American market by hostile tariffs, the natural fruit of international hatred.

We may be able to respect displays of anti-American sentiment when we can find a Canadian who has refused to better his condition by the acceptance of a place in the United States. I was myself abused some time ago by a Canadian free-trader in language of the utmost violence for my American proclivities. Not long afterwards I learned that my assailant, who was a clergyman, had been called to a preaching in the United States, and, no doubt after prayerful meditation, had accepted the call. Yours faithfully,

GOLDWIN SMITH,

Toronto, July 29, 1895.

DR. MURRAY AND THE SOUTH POLE.

Our former townsman, Dr. John Murray, chief of the famous Challenger expedition, made a wise suggestion at the Geographical Congress in London, Eng., this week. His own experience, as the head of a British Government expedition for investigating the secrets of the mighty deep, led him to propose that the inquiry into the wonders of the Antarctic Ocean should be undertaken by the navies of the world, and not by private enterprise. The investigations of expeditions with limited equipment and financial backing are not likely to be conclusive, whereas a joint naval investigation could, once for all, solve the disputed problems.

The maps have long shown the northern shore of a great continent in the Antarctic Ocean, and Dr. Murray is among those who believe in its existence. But there are those who hold that if there is land there it is merely a succession of volcanic islands. It is not yet positively known that land exists, and travelers have told us that a wall of ice, 300 feet high, guards the apparently impenetrable secret of the solution of the southern pole. If there is no land south of this ice belt, then must the conclusion be reached that the great mass of the land on the planet is huddled around the north pole, or at least, is situated north of the equator. For the present, the southern hemisphere is chiefly known as a dreary waste of uninvestigated waters. As to the land, if there is any, it is all speculation. The subject is worthy of the attention that has been given it, if for no other reason than to further the investigation of atmospheric influences. If an Antarctic island continent exists, as Dr. Murray believes, there will probably be discovered on it fauna and flora of a type totally new to us.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook will start from New York on October next on a private expedition towards the south pole. His party will sail in a steam whaler of about 300 tons, with full preparations and equipment for spending the winter on the Antarctic continent, should a landing be made upon it. Sledges, snowshoes, Esquimaux dogs, etc., will be taken along, in the firm belief that, should open country be found, or a smooth expanse of snow, a journey may be safely made to the pole itself. This expedition, daring though it promises to be, is not likely to accomplish much. It would be different with a well-equipped naval exploration, sent out by the various governments of civilization, who, in those piping days of peace, could continue their investigations at leisure, and have at their disposal abundance of supplies. The mutual employment of comparatively idle naval forces, in an investigation that must be of general interest, might help to convince those of a warlike turn of mind that there are many more defensible means for employing men and ships than firing big guns at one another.

An Exciting Meeting

Lively Times at a Convention in North Oxford.

Patron and Prohibition Coalition Agreed To.

Mr. Sutherland, M.P., Makes an Unassailable Defense.

Leader Haycock Non-Committal — Dr. Ross Puts a Pertinent Question — The Resolutions Adopted.

Among those who attended the meeting of the Patrons and Prohibitionists of North Oxford in the town hall, Woodstock, last Saturday, were the following: John Rice, Curries; E. J. Pearson, Kintore; Albert Pullin, Swaborg; S. P. Fraser, East Zorra; Donald Muter, North Oxford; Wm. Patterson, West Zorra; E. Tree, East Zorra; R. H. Calvert, Woodstock; J. Richardson, Tavistock; Rev. S. H. Nicholson, Inverkip; Walter McCormack, Inverkip; Wm. Leonard, East Zorra; Henry Whitehead, Woodstock; Daniel Brown, jun., Woodstock; Joseph Hutchinson, Blandford; James Cowan, Woodstock; Donald Sutherland, Nissouri; Charles Crawford, Ingersoll; Rev. Mr. Strath, Inverkip; John Rippon, Woodstock; Wm. Landman, Eastwood; Wm. Goodger, Jos. Kent, J. Gould, East Zorra; Abraham Bean, Bright; C. W. Budd, West Oxford; John McLeod, Embro; Alex. McIntosh, Braemar; Robert Williamson, Centerville; Ed. Tooping, Woodstock. The gathering was a very mixed one, consisting of Patrons, Prohibitionists, straight Liberals, and a sprinkling of Conservatives.

REV. DR. MCKAY'S SPEECH. From the excellent report of the speeches, given by the Sentinel-Review, we learn that Rev. Dr. McKay, in opening the meeting, said they had been called together to choose a man to day, a standard-bearer at the coming Dominion elections—a man who would be independent of and free from the shackles of the present political parties, and push questions which they considered of vast importance, irrespective of party. They were doing nothing new or strange in meeting as Patrons and Prohibitionists. In Manitoba, Quebec and New Brunswick the Patrons and Prohibitionists had united, and in Ontario the forces would have been united before this only that the matter had to be submitted first on the part of the Patrons to their individual lodges. He had had an interview recently with the editor of the Farmers' Journal, and Mr. Wrigley had assured him that it was a foregone conclusion that the lodges would report in favor of a union of the Patrons and Prohibitionists.

"We may go on talking temperance and preaching temperance until doomsday," continued the speaker, "but we shall never get prohibition from either one or the other of the parties. Until we make it an issue in the campaign we will never get men to push it into Parliament. We don't want men to represent us who will do the best they can for the brewers as well as for Prohibitionists; we want men who will be able to say, 'The liquor men fought my election, and I am here in Parliament to fight for them.'"

At this stage Mr. Sutherland, M.P., entered the hall and took a seat at the rear. Mr. McKay proceeded to say that he had no personal charge against Mr. Sutherland, but he wished to point out that that gentleman was present when he and others had an interview at Ottawa with the temperance men of the House in order to endeavor to get one of them to move a prohibition resolution. Mr. Charlton, Mr. Patterson, Mr. Coatsworth and others were at the interview. Mr. Coatsworth said, "I am personally a Prohibitionist, but I am here as a Conservative, and I am not going to vote what would virtually be a want of confidence motion in my party." Mr. Mills said that the Privy Council had not decided whether they had the power to pass a prohibition law.

"That," said the speaker, "I have no hesitation in calling a piece of pure phrasal cant." Mr. Charlton said he was a Reformer and must work and vote for those who returned him to Parliament. "We could not get a man in the House," he shouted Mr. McKay, "and there is not a man in the House today, I think, who will move a prohibition resolution in such a way as to get a vote upon it. I felt hurt that Mr. Sutherland had nothing to say on the subject."

Then Mr. Widdershield, of North Easthope, was elected chairman. MR. SUTHERLAND ALL RIGHT.

E. J. Pearson, of Kintore, then spoke in regard to the position of the Patrons. In the course of his remarks he said that while they could say many good things for the representative of North Oxford, yet they had felt that their interests would be better served if they elected someone to carry out their wishes irrespective of party factions. He did not wish to detract from the credit which was due to Mr. Sutherland, for he had many good qualifications, and he regretted that as the representative of the Patrons he had to place himself in opposition to that gentleman.

LIVELY ADDRESS. J. L. Lindsay, R. Williamson, Abraham Bean and E. S. Eden were appointed a committee on resolutions and while they were at work Joseph Rippon mounted the platform.

"There are two sides to every question," were the words with which Mr. Rippon started out. It appeared to him that there was no getting away from the fact that they could not do anything without "party." It would resolve itself into party whichever way they went. What they wanted to find was the way they could work the largest good for the largest community.

"I always go on the theory," continued Mr. Rippon, "that I will never force one upon you. I find another that is going to do me as much good. I don't see why we should turn around and put one on and take in another—one that we have tried for one that we have not tried." These were considerations, he argued, that they should bear in mind. They had heard from speakers that their present representative was a good man, but because he was not as shippy as others they wanted to depose him. "Mr. Sutherland does not argue for prohibition, but he votes for it," said Mr. Rippon, "and he is better than those who argue and don't vote." They must, he pointed out, get a sufficient number to work with on their lines before they could carry any measure, no matter how honest they were.

"We want unity," he continued, "but instead of getting unity I am afraid we are going to split. It would be far better for us to stop where we are or it will get worse." He did not think that meeting was a fair representation because the Prohibitionists had not been notified. How many Prohibitionists were present? He thought there had

been a want of attention in calling the party together. Himself had not been notified as well as others that he knew.

Mr. Rippon's next words caused a hubbub and brought his speech to an end. "I am not sure," said he, "that the best Patron you can get can do as much as Mr. Sutherland. The very best man you can get out of the Patrons today has not got the weight of that number to him in Parliament." At this there were loud whistles and hisses from the audience and cries of "Put him out" and "Sit down," during which Mr. Rippon resumed his seat. Dr. Ross, of Embro, here got off a joke. "Is it a Patron's meeting or a Prohibitionist meeting?"

Voices—Both.

Dr. Ross—It sounds awfully like a Patron meeting the way we hear the geese hissing. (Cries of Oh Oh.)

THE PATRON LEADER. But Dr. Ross had caught a tartar, for the next speaker was Mr. Haycock, the leader of the Patrons in the Local Legislature, a gentleman who showed himself during the last session of Parliament to be master of repartee.

"One gentleman has expressed the opinion," said he, "that this meeting was very much like a Patron meeting because he heard the geese hissing. I want to say to that gentleman that he ought to feel at home in this company." (Laughter.)

Mr. Haycock, the Patron leader, remarked that the Conservative and Reform parties had been successful in keeping the agricultural community fighting against each other while the corporation and manufacturers and that class of people had been reaping the reward of the labor of the agriculturists.

"What we want to do," asserted the speaker, "is to unite these farmers and send to Parliament men to represent the toiling masses of this country instead of men to work in the interest of party. We have had too much politics altogether." As Patrons they had, he said, been greatly misunderstood. There were a great many people who imagined that they banded together merely for commercial purposes—for buying cheap sugar and tea and tobacco. If there was a Patron within sound of his voice who went into Patronism with none but mercenary motives, the sooner that Patron went out of the organization the better. It was true, however, that they were banded together for the purpose of fighting combines, but they had no antipathy to or quarrel with the merchants of the country.

The object of the Patrons was to create a better feeling, a more independent spirit among the people of the country. One of the speakers who had preceded him had said they ought to work to do the greatest good for the greatest number, and he thought there was no use for a third party. Taking that first principle in political economy and considering the further fact that the agricultural community of this country and the toiling masses represented 75 per cent of the population and 75 per cent of the wealth, if they were simply going to legislate in the interest of the agricultural community they would still be carrying out that principle.

That principle became the stronger when they remembered that on them depended the balance of the community. They knew there was a boodle fund made up of subscriptions from manufacturers, contractors, railway companies and the liquor monopoly, with the knowledge that they would get their money returned with a good percentage of profit. So long as the two parties were kept fighting the class of people would hold the balance of power and do as they liked. The manufacturers and corporations had succeeded in placing between the two parties a cavern of political bigotry too wide and too deep to get over.

"We don't want any turncoats among the Patrons," said Mr. Haycock. "What we want a man to do is to throw away his old coat and put on a new pattern coat."

THE MEMBER'S STRONG POSITION. Mr. Sutherland, M.P., was then called upon. He had, he said, been honored with an invitation to attend the meeting called to nominate a Prohibition or Patron candidate, or both, as representative for the riding in the coming election. He noticed that the audience was very mixed. There were present a number who were not voters in the north riding at all; there were also a number of Patrons who would suspect of being hostile to the Prohibitionists, and there were a number of Prohibitionists who would not consider themselves associated at all with the Patrons. He very deeply regretted Mr. McKay's reference to the Hon. David Mills—a man who stood as high as any man in the country, both in politics and educational matters. When Mr. Mills said that he would vote for the amendment because it was a matter under litigation, everyone knew the gentleman would know that it was a candid and honest opinion of his own, and he was surprised that Mr. McKay should have accused him of hypocritical or phrasal cant. He did not think it was right for a man occupying a platform and putting his name forward as a public man, against whose honesty of purpose even his political opponents had not one word to say.

Dr. McKay—I did not speak of Hon. David Mills as a hypocrite, but I said that I said again, that the plea he put forward was a false plea, and he knew it to be false.

Mr. Sutherland—To the clerical mind there may be a difference, but we lay people cannot understand how a man guilty of using phrasal cant as an argument, can be distinguished from a man who practices phrasal cant.

ACCUSED OF NOT WORKING. Mr. Sutherland also condemned the hissing of Mr. Rippon, than whom, he said, there was not a man in Woodstock who had lived a more honorable and upright life, and had been a more consistent temperance man. Mr. Haycock had given them a good deal of information regarding the misdoings of the present Government. He agreed with all that that gentleman said in reference to the same. "But," he asked, "who gave Mr. Haycock that information? Was it not the men who subjected themselves to the bitterest opposition in the House of Commons in their determination to do their duty to their constituents? Have they not ferreted out these things, relying upon the farmers to support them? But what do we find? We find these men opposed to the Reform vote in large numbers where the Reform vote is large we find the Patrons bringing out Reform-Patron candidates. What is the object? Is it not to do away with the vote and will it not have the effect of supporting the very Government that has been guilty of this mismanagement? I am far from being a saint, but I will say this, that I have acted according to my conscience and done what I believed to be right. I came here today expecting to hear these gentlemen accuse me of some bad action, of some measure or supporting a wrong one, and I hear nothing of the kind. I say that truth and honesty ought to prevail, and if I am again a candidate for the North Riding of Oxford, I will come before you just as I did sixteen years ago and say what I have to say candidly on those questions. While I have my faults and weaknesses I will neither be a coward nor hypocrite. (Applause.)

A DISINTERESTED REPRESENTATIVE.

Continued. Mr. Sutherland said: I

agree with Mr. Haycock that the people should unite together to support what they believe to be right in their own interests, but do the farmers of this riding say I have been false to my trust, that I have ever voted for a measure that is against the interests of farmers? Have I not advocated to the best of my ability what I believe to be in their interests? Did I ever go to a man and say, come to the convention and support me? It was against my interests to go into political life from the first. It has been against my interests to be in political life, speaking financially and otherwise, while I appreciate the confidence placed in me by my friends and neighbors."

"JUDGE ME BY MY ACTS." With regard to the prohibition movement I have little to say, I went on the member. I find the most prominent Prohibitionists differing as to methods. I never believed in a representative man going to this sect or creed or denomination or class of people to try and hoodwink them and get elected by any one class of the community. I believe a man should be judged upon his merits—I am perfectly willing to be judged by my acts. While a young man in this town, knowing and believing as I do that the evils of intemperance should be checked by certain legislation, I threw my influence in the town council to pass a bylaw to separate the sale of liquors from other goods. But I don't find my Prohibitionist friends giving me any credit for that.

In those days a man who opposed the liquor trade had an unenviable position. Where were some of those, then, who, now it is fashionable to advocate prohibition, talk loudly? I made no bid in regard to this when I went to Parliament, except that I promised to use my best judgment and conscientiously vote according to my convictions. When the question came up in the House I voted on the side of temperance and prohibition. I did not come back and brag about it. If I have erred at all, it has been on the side of temperance. No person can point to a single vote in the House that I gave in opposition to that.

"I have always advocated the separation of church and state, and I still think so. We find some of our clergy, for instance, making objections in the way of a settlement of the National school question. It is not right that because a man holds a public position his people should be turned away from him by misrepresentation and falsehood."

Dr. McKay—What is the misrepresentation and falsehood?

Mr. Sutherland—I was speaking generally. All statements made about public men should be true. JUDGE THE LIBERAL PARTY BY ITS RECORD.

"We have a leader who is worthy to be the successor of the Liberal leaders in the past—a broad-minded man worthy of the confidence and support of the people of this country. Reformers of Oxford should look over the history of the Liberal party and consider the reforms that have been brought (Continued on page 5.)

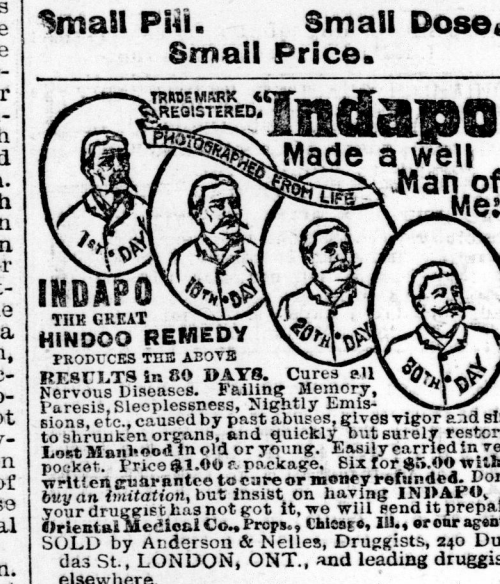
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS IN 30 DAYS. Cures all NERVOUS DISEASES, Failing Memory, Paralysis, Stenches, Rheumatism, Dropsy, etc., caused by past abuse, gives vigor and life to stricken organs, and quickly restores health to old or young. Each bottle contains a full guarantee to cure or money refunded. Buy on installment, but insist on having INDAPO. It is suggested that you not get it until you have seen the Oriental Medical Co., Proprietors, Chicago, Ill., or our agents, SOLD BY ANDERSON & NIELSEN, DRUGGISTS, Dundas St., LONDON, ONT., and leading druggists elsewhere.

ADAMS' Tutti Frutti

ALLAYS THIRST AND AIDS DIGESTION.

Used by the Leading Bicyclists.

See that "Tutti Frutti" is on each wrapper. Refuse imitations.

London Electric Motor Co'y.

We manufacture Motors, from 1 to 25 horse power, of any vol age, Incandescent Dynamos, from 10 light to 25 light. Selling also Counter Fans. General repairs promptly done.

Office and Factory, 90 York Street

PHONE 791

CHAPMAN'S Extension Sale.

The builders are extending the walls. The values we are offering are extending the business.

You are not so much interested in the men who build the walls as you are with goods that build the business. Here are a few of them.

TWEEDS.

7 pieces Strong Serviceable Wool Tweed, worth 30c, selling for 25c.

Very Special

10 pieces beautiful Wool Tweed, plain colors, light and dark grey and brown, worth 38c, now selling for 28c. This is a great snap.

Marvels of Value

Are our better lines in fancy checks and stripes, at 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c and 75c.

See Our All Wool

Navy Serge for boys' wear at 30c, 35c, 38c, 50c, cut to measure free of charge.

Washing Fabrics.

A splendid line of imported Chambrays, in pink, grey, light and dark blue, wide width, and very serviceable, worth 10c, selling for 6½c, worth 15c selling for 10c, worth 20c for 12½c, worth 25c for 15c.

Scotch Plaid.

Ginghams, fast colors and very durable, regular price 12½c, now selling for 8½c, 12 yards for \$1.

One Table Full

Of wide English Prints, some worth 10c, some 12½c, some 15c, all at one price, 8½c.

TWO TABLES

Of Prints, Sateens and Chambrays, some were 12½c, some 15c, some 20c and 25c, all for 10c per yard.

ONE TABLE

Of odds and ends of Crinkles, French Muslins, Chambrays and Crepons, worth 20c and 25c, selling for half price.

White & Colored Quilts.

Large size White Quilts at \$1, \$1 25, \$1 50, \$1 75 and \$2.

Large size Colored Quilts at 75c, \$1, \$1 25 and \$1 50.

English Toilet Quilts.

Sateen finished, very large size, for \$1 75, \$2, \$2 25, \$2 50 and \$3.

TABLE CLOTHS, TABLE COVERS, TABLE LINENS, TABLE NAPKINS, TRAY CLOTHS, COTTONS, TICKINGS, SHEETINGS, TOWELS, TOWELING,

And hundreds of odds and ends and broken sizes selling at about half their value. Shrewd buyers take advantage of such announcements to save cash. Everything as represented.

CHAPMAN'S

PHONE 791

After the Grip

It was in a dreadful state, weak and miserable. Doctor said I had bright disease. My kidneys were in dreadful condition. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to give it a trial, thinking at the time it was not much use as nothing helped me before. But, thank God, I got relief after the first bottle. I kept on taking it and used five bottles; and now I am cured; never felt better. I owe my life to Hood's Sarsaparilla. JOSHUA SMITH, 201, Market Street, London, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure nausea and biliousness.

Victory Repeated!

Mr. C. S. Hyman's Cricket Team Win Again.

The Canadians Outplay Their Chicago Opponents.

Two Thousand People Shiver over the Windsor Races—Baseball and Other Sporting News.

CRICKET.

HYMAN'S TEAM WINS AGAIN.
Chicago, July 30.—Chas. S. Hyman's Canadian eleven secured another victory on the cricket field today, the defeated team being from the Wanderers' club, on whose ground the game was played. The game on both sides was better than yesterday's. The teams were more evenly matched and stronger at the bat and in the field. Laing's superb batting, 51 and not out, was the crowning feature of the contest, and it can be said that his credit that he pulled victory from apparent defeat for his team by his expert handling of the bat. He made a specialty of leg hits to the boundary lines. The score was 151 to 150, but the Canadian record could have been made much bigger but for the agreement to stop playing at 6 o'clock if no more runs were needed to win. The field work of both teams was snappy at critical moments. Two of the Wanderers—Bradley and Lennon—were strong at the bat, securing 30 each. The weather was cold and raw, but the attendance was large. Tomorrow the Canadians play the St. George eleven. Score:

WANDERERS.	
J. G. Davis, b. Laing.....	25
J. Fletcher, c. Pope, b. Wadsworth.....	25
R. Fraser, b. Wadsworth.....	17
C. Dobson, run out.....	17
J. Bradley, c. Collins, b. Wadsworth.....	30
A. J. Goode, b. Laing.....	30
C. Lennon, c. Collins, b. Wadsworth.....	30
W. H. Snell, b. Pope.....	11
J. A. Campbell, b. Goldingham.....	12
P. Williamson, b. Goldingham.....	12
P. Clarke, not out.....	0
Extras.....	10

CANADIANS.	
M. Boyd, c. Paul, b. Davis.....	1
F. Reid, c. Clarke, b. Paul.....	7
P. C. Goldingham, b. Paul, hit wicket.....	1
Rev. F. W. Terry, b. Davis.....	30
A. H. Collins, c. Fletcher, b. Goode.....	30
J. Laing, not out.....	51
R. Wadsworth, c. Fraser, b. Davis.....	11
W. H. Pope, b. Paul.....	13
C. S. Hyman, c. Dobson, b. Paul.....	9
M. A. Walker, b. Paul.....	9
H. C. Beecher, b. Goode.....	4
F. Grew, not out.....	4
Extras.....	20

Total.....150
Umpires, Furness and Holman; scorers, Siddons and Suppl.

BASEBALL.
EASTERN LEAGUE SCORES—TUESDAY.
At Wilkesbarre..... R. H. F. 10
Wilkesbarre..... 15 15
Rochester..... 5 11 4
At Scranton.....
Scranton..... 13 20 2
Syracuse..... 2 8 4
At Buffalo.....
Buffalo..... 30 32 543
At Springfield—Springfield vs. Buffalo—Postponed on account of rain.
At Providence—Providence vs. Toronto—No game; rain.

EASTERN LEAGUE RECORD.
per
Springfield..... Won. 43 24 666
Providence..... 44 27 619
Syracuse..... 40 33 548
Wilkesbarre..... 39 32 544
Buffalo..... 40 41 493
Scranton..... 35 49 416
Toronto..... 23 61 311

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES—TUESDAY.
At Philadelphia..... R. H. E.
Philadelphia..... 10 13 5
Brooklyn..... 9 11 3
At Washington.....
Washington..... 5 9 16
New York..... 7 23 0
At Pittsburgh.....
Pittsburgh..... 3 9 1
At Louisville.....
Louisville..... 18 20 2
St. Louis..... 2 9 8
At Boston—Boston vs. Baltimore—No game; rain.

FLYING.
Saturday's Canadian League fixtures are: London with Crescents, at Hanlan's Point, and Galt at Hamilton.

The Alerts are trying to arrange to play two championship games in Hamilton on Monday next. It will be the Mountain City holiday.

At a meeting of the City League held last night the name of Mr. W. A. Reid, who was chairman of the board of arbitration, was erased from the rules, and that of Mr. C. G. Moorehead substituted, to give a decision re the Barron case. No accusation of unfairness was made by the Pastimes or others against Mr. Reid, but other arguments were brought forward which induced the meeting to substitute Mr. Moorehead. A meeting will be held, probably tonight or Thursday evening, and the matter will in all likelihood be amicably arranged.

THE TURF.

THE GOODWOOD MEETING.
London, July 30.—The Prince of Wales, the Duke of York and a distinguished party went to Goodwood today to attend the opening of the Goodwood racing season, which is of four days' duration. The festivities which take place during the Goodwood meetings will be somewhat marred this week on account of the death of Lady

Florence Gordon-Lennox, whose father, the Duke of Richmond and Gordon, has closed the Goodwood House, where the aristocratic gatherings are usually held.

Mr. Michael F. Dwyer had Primrose Knight, for whom he paid 500 guineas, and Harry Reed, entered in the first race on the card and the stewards' cup, respectively, but they did not go to the post. Lord Rosebery was also on the course, but he did not run any of his horses.

The stewards' cup, for which there were 22 starters, over the 2-year-old course, three-quarters of a mile straight, was won by Wise Virgin.

The race for the West Dean stakes, which was run over the last five furlongs of the 2-year-old course, was won by the Duke of Portland's Oyster Catcher, a 3-year-old chestnut colt, by Ayshire, out of Golden Eye.

WINDSOR RACES.
Windsor, July 30.—A crowd of 2,000 people braved the cold blasts to see the second day's races. Not a single favorite won, though all the winners had some backing. The track was slow.

First race, six furlongs—Tough Timber, 1; Sam Lewis, 2; My Hebe, 3. Time, 1:18. Jennie June, Blaze Duke, Outcro, Alamo, Gratz Hanley, Vida, Proverb, Rosa May, Sam Grille also ran.

Second race, 9-16 mile—Dr. Kellog, 1; Percita, 2; Brown Jewel, 3. Time, 53 1-2. Doubtful, Dan O'Donnell, Amerique, Gensbok, Muriel T. also ran.

Third race, 1-1/8 mile—Uncle Jim, 1; Lester, 2; Tasco, 3. Time, 2:00. Peytonia also ran.

Fourth race, 5-8 mile—Nellie Smith, 1; Mustard, 2; Bombard, 3. Time, 1:45 1-2. Mernell and Buttress also ran.

Fifth race, one mile—Little Ed, 1; Tippecanoe, 2; Yaxon, 3. Time, 1:45 1-2. Lady Rose, Gov. Hay, Uncle Dave, Lavin Weaverman also ran.

The Circus Here.
Barnum and Bailey's Great Show Draws Thousands.

The Erection of the Tents a Systematic Marvel.

The Process Described—A Magnificent Pageant.

Four special trains, bearing the vans and wagons, tents, horses, elephants and circus paraphernalia, of the Barnum & Bailey Greatest Show on Earth, arrived here shortly after midnight.

There was a crowd of people at the railroad yards to see the cars unloaded, and throngs of curious citizens followed the wagons to the circus grounds to see the tents put up. It is a slight well worth seeing, too.

The erection of the tents is a systematic marvel. The great canvas which forms the circus proper, covers nearly four and a half acres of ground. Its seating capacity is nearly 17,000 persons, and there is no other single tent in the world to compare with it in size.

The army of workmen—there are 966 people carried with the big show—worked like beavers, and within an hour and a half after the first wagon is on the ground, there arises a city of tents, covered with gaudily lettered banners of all the colors of the rainbow. By 9 o'clock everything was completed and the circus people ready to receive the visitors.

The erection of the big show this season, at last, is Prof. Carl Clark, and his military band of 50 pieces led the parade through the streets. Following the band came a company of 100 riders, mounted on thoroughbred horses. A band chariot follows this section, and another band of twenty musicians, a step and heard.

The horses, pulling the chariot, are concededly the finest ten-horse matched team in the world. There are seen the open animal dens. There are cages of lions, leopards, hyenas, wolves, cougars, panthers, royal Bengal tigers, and grizzly bears, each with trainers. The magnificent band chariot "Euterpe," with another band, comes next. In advance of a corps of lady riders, the Hippodrome, all richly costumed and mounted upon the finest horses, Hippodrome riders, standing riders, chariot drivers, both ladies and gentlemen, monster elephants carrying howdahs, in which are seen genuine native Burmese and Siamese, tabular chariots, representing nursery rhymes, a caravan of twelve educated performing elephants, a group of camels and dromedaries, etc. Another portion of the parade is devoted to tabular wagons, upon which are representatives of China, Japan, India, Africa, Algeria, Morocco, Spain, Portugal, France, Germany, Belgium, and other nations, each preceded by riders dressed to represent the monarchs of each country, and body-guard of soldiery, correctly uniformed.

The "greatest show on earth" was in the city today, and the greatest crowd in years was here to see it. As mentioned in the morning edition, it arrived in the Grand Trunk yard shortly after midnight. With the exception of 866 men and 550 horses began the work of unloading the 68 cars and transporting the paraphernalia to the show grounds—a mile and a half away, over the hill on Richmond street at Cheapside.

The animal vans, tent wagons and tabular floats are all transported from place to place upon flat cars of unusual size. These carry from three to five of the wagons. There is a train way running the full length of the tracks, and on this the wagons are run. The openings between the cars are covered with iron plates, so that a wagon at one end of the train may be wheeled its entire length and unloaded at either end. As fast as they were unloaded they were taken by the drivers with their teams of splendid horses and hauled to the grounds.

The elephant cars are built like furniture freight cars, except that they are very much larger. The elephants, of which there are 24 big fellows, carried with the show, have a box stall. When the doors were opened there was a chorus of delighted shrieks and trumpets from the great beasts, and they seemed glad to be able to see daylight once more. A huge gangplank was run up to the car doors and then the biggest elephant in the herd was loosed. He tested the platform very carefully, first with one foot and then with another, and finally backed down to the ground. He trumpeted his indorsement of its stability to the others in the car, and one by one they emerged in similar manner. When the entire 24 were unloaded and ranged up in line like a company of soldiers, they marched off in columns of twos, with military solemnity and precision.

The tents are located by the boss caravan man, and in a short time a marvelous transformation scene takes place. First comes the driving of the stakes, no slight task, since each stake is four or five feet in length. There are 3,000 of these stakes to be driven, which means two hundred and fifty thousand blows of the sledges. But for their special skill, this work alone would take the men half a day. They will do it in 45 minutes. The leader of

each gang places the stake, taps it two or three blows to make it stand alone, and then, with a nod, signals the gang to begin driving. The seven men stand in a circle around the stake, their sledges ready. Each man swings his sledge through a full circle, the heavy hammers coming down on the iron head of the stake in regular and rapid succession. Each man strikes about one blow a second, so that the stake receives seven blows a second. So skillful are the men that they never miss a blow, never interfere with each other and never vary from the measure set by the leader.

Poles are erected and the canvas spread, after which the wild beasts are domiciled. As soon as the menagerie tent is ready, the cages are drawn inside and set in a close circle. There is a place for each, and no variation occurs from day to day in the way they are placed. All are heavy, some of them weighing five or six tons, and as they stand close together, and to end, it is impossible to use horses in placing them; and as many as twenty men would perform this duty with difficulty. An easy method has been found by setting the big elephant "Babe" to push the wagons into place. Three men, with "Babe's" assistance, accomplish the whole business in half an hour, and "Babe" seems to greatly enjoy her part of it, using for the work the upper part of her trunk.

By 8 o'clock everything was ready for the performance, and between 800 and 900 men had breakfast in the hotel tent. At 9 the parade started. The procession was over a mile in length, and when the steam piano, which brought up the rear, was at the intersection of Richmond street and East avenue, the front portion of the parade had wound its way down Maple street, through Talbot, and was passing Park avenue again on Dundas street.

Parade for miles around ceased their work although at their busiest season and came to town. Whole families were trooping down town between 7 and 8 o'clock to wait in the cold and the show, and then to follow it up to the grounds and witness the free side show.

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The "greatest show on earth" was in the city today, and the greatest crowd in years was here to see it. As mentioned in the morning edition, it arrived in the Grand Trunk yard shortly after midnight. With the exception of 866 men and 550 horses began the work of unloading the 68 cars and transporting the paraphernalia to the show grounds—a mile and a half away, over the hill on Richmond street at Cheapside.

The animal vans, tent wagons and tabular floats are all transported from place to place upon flat cars of unusual size. These carry from three to five of the wagons. There is a train way running the full length of the tracks, and on this the wagons are run. The openings between the cars are covered with iron plates, so that a wagon at one end of the train may be wheeled its entire length and unloaded at either end. As fast as they were unloaded they were taken by the drivers with their teams of splendid horses and hauled to the grounds.

The elephant cars are built like furniture freight cars, except that they are very much larger. The elephants, of which there are 24 big fellows, carried with the show, have a box stall. When the doors were opened there was a chorus of delighted shrieks and trumpets from the great beasts, and they seemed glad to be able to see daylight once more. A huge gangplank was run up to the car doors and then the biggest elephant in the herd was loosed. He tested the platform very carefully, first with one foot and then with another, and finally backed down to the ground. He trumpeted his indorsement of its stability to the others in the car, and one by one they emerged in similar manner. When the entire 24 were unloaded and ranged up in line like a company of soldiers, they marched off in columns of twos, with military solemnity and precision.

The tents are located by the boss caravan man, and in a short time a marvelous transformation scene takes place. First comes the driving of the stakes, no slight task, since each stake is four or five feet in length. There are 3,000 of these stakes to be driven, which means two hundred and fifty thousand blows of the sledges. But for their special skill, this work alone would take the men half a day. They will do it in 45 minutes. The leader of

each gang places the stake, taps it two or three blows to make it stand alone, and then, with a nod, signals the gang to begin driving. The seven men stand in a circle around the stake, their sledges ready. Each man swings his sledge through a full circle, the heavy hammers coming down on the iron head of the stake in regular and rapid succession. Each man strikes about one blow a second, so that the stake receives seven blows a second. So skillful are the men that they never miss a blow, never interfere with each other and never vary from the measure set by the leader.

Poles are erected and the canvas spread, after which the wild beasts are domiciled. As soon as the menagerie tent is ready, the cages are drawn inside and set in a close circle. There is a place for each, and no variation occurs from day to day in the way they are placed. All are heavy, some of them weighing five or six tons, and as they stand close together, and to end, it is impossible to use horses in placing them; and as many as twenty men would perform this duty with difficulty. An easy method has been found by setting the big elephant "Babe" to push the wagons into place. Three men, with "Babe's" assistance, accomplish the whole business in half an hour, and "Babe" seems to greatly enjoy her part of it, using for the work the upper part of her trunk.

By 8 o'clock everything was ready for the performance, and between 800 and 900 men had breakfast in the hotel tent. At 9 the parade started. The procession was over a mile in length, and when the steam piano, which brought up the rear, was at the intersection of Richmond street and East avenue, the front portion of the parade had wound its way down Maple street, through Talbot, and was passing Park avenue again on Dundas street.

Parade for miles around ceased their work although at their busiest season and came to town. Whole families were trooping down town between 7 and 8 o'clock to wait in the cold and the show, and then to follow it up to the grounds and witness the free side show.

The Circus Here.
Barnum and Bailey's Great Show Draws Thousands.

The Erection of the Tents a Systematic Marvel.

An Exciting Meeting

(Continued from page 4.)

about the people of this country by the party before they are misled by any catch questions.

"You Prohibitionists are asked here (and I think that is misrepresentation, said Mr. Sutherland, turning around to Dr. Mackay) to join the Patrons, who are not Prohibitionists, to nominate a candidate for the purpose of putting myself out of the position which I hold, just because—because they have no fault to find with me. It is true the Prohibitionists say that the position of the Liberal party is not satisfactory on the prohibition question. I have here in my hand a code of the Patron platform, and I do not find even any reference at all to prohibition. (Applause.)

"I have here in my hand a code of the Patron platform, and I do not find even any reference at all to prohibition. (Applause.)

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Bayley's

172 and 174 Dundas Street.

EVER INCREASING.

These handsome stores are ever becoming more and more the shoppers' home. Customers ever increasing in numbers. Business rapidly growing. And it's no wonder; none sells so cheaply; Our

GRAND CLEARING SALE.

Is now in progress. A feast of bargains prepared daily:

Pure Linen Toweling for.....5c
8c Gray Cotton for.....5c
8c White Cotton for.....5c
10c Cotton Hose for.....5c
10c Shaker's Socks for.....5c
\$1.50 Shirt Waists for.....5c
50c to \$1.50 Ladies' Straw Hats for.....5c
40c Outing Serge, navy and black.....5c
40c Light Belaines.....5c
20c Linen Towels, 2 for.....5c

And so on throughout the whole establishment. Similar bargains to be had. We could write all day and not complete the list, and, besides, it would become tiresome to read. You would rather come and see.

Bayley's

South Bend and Syracuse

Walking and Riding

Plows.

St. Thomas

Plows.

A full assortment of Plow

Parts.

A. WESTMAN

111 Dundas Street West.

Branch Store 654 Dundas Street,

East London.

John Ferguson & Sons,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and

EMBALMERS.

FIRST-CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS.

Telephone—House No. 373; Store No. 433.

GOVERNMENT

School of Art

Day classes Monday, Friday and Saturday

from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m.

Freehand Model Drawing, Oil,

Water-Color and China

Painting, Etc.

Studios:

Mechanics' Institute, Dundas St.

Send for Circulars to

John H. Griffiths, Principal

Navigation and Railways.

L. E. & D. R. R.

Semi-Weekly Excursions

To Port Stanley, Wednesdays and Saturdays

Fare for Round Trip 30c.

Trains leave London 10:00 a.m., 2:30, 5:55 and

7:25 p.m.; returning leave Port Stanley 4:45,

7:25 and 10:10 p.m.

Cleveland & P. Stanley Line Steamers

Steamer R. S. Stewart leaves Port Stanley

10:00 p.m., Tuesdays, and Thursdays, and on

arrival of train leaving London 11:15 p.m.,

Saturdays of each week. Leave Saturday 4:45,

7:25 and 10:10 p.m. Get tickets at the "Clock

corner, or G. T. R. station.

Beaver Line.

MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL

Lake Ontario

Aug. 7th, from Montreal.

First Cabin Single \$45.

Return \$80.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner

Richmond and Dundas; Thos. R. Parker,

southwest corner Richmond and Dundas streets,

and F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street. cod

Comfort and Coolness

ARE IN DEMAND FOR

SUMMER DAYS...

Fibre Chamois

DENTON

and DEEKS

Importers of Woolen Goods,

Have in bond a large
case of superior goods
for the fall trade, which
will be opened in a day
or two. Orders solicited.

384 RICHMOND ST., LONDON.

The Secret Out.

"It was frightful, but I did not know how frightful till I came to think. Then I almost gave way to my terror and agitation, and when that scream came down from upstairs—"

She stopped; they did not wonder; such a horrible experience who would not shudder?

Her husband for the first time realized all she had been through, and he reached out his hand in sympathy, although there was yet much to be explained before he could feel reconciled to a past so full of mysteries and shadows.

"And how?" asked the detective, with nothing but formal respect on his part, "was the body disposed of? When next we hear of it, it was in the keeping of a Dr. Molesworth, who, as we have been informed, was not one of your wedding guests."

Mrs. Cameron did not flinch. She looked, if anything, more winning and candid than before.

"Dr. Molesworth was the man who had expected to marry her. He had gone to the hotel for that purpose, and had not found her; so he came where he suspected her to be. He was not one of my guests, but that did not keep him from the house. He came in at the front door and stood in the hall, and I happened to see him, and immediately knew what he was after. So I rose and went out, and meeting him in the hall, I told him that the person he wanted was in my room and bade him go upstairs and I would follow."

For I not only saw that he was in a state of feeling the borders of frenzy, but I also saw that if the matter was to be hushed up and the body got out of the house without disturbance, he was the man to do it; and I relied on him and went up after him and explained what had occurred and showed him the dead body of his bride, asked for help and got it. I don't know that I should call it help now," she added in a low voice, "for it might have been better for me if I had called the whole house to see that dead girl, and so escaped the days and weeks of deceit that have pressed upon me like so many mountain weights of lead."

Her husband looked as if he concurred with her, but he said nothing, and Mr. Gryce asked another question. "You read the account of the proceedings before the coroner, which was printed in the paper, is that right?"

She acknowledged that she had. "You must have seen that Dr. Molesworth testified to having found the girl on a stoop in Twenty-second street?"

"Yes, sir. It was agreed between us that he should tell some such story as that. It seemed wisest to us at the time. Since she had killed herself it would not hurt her and it would relieve me from endless complication, to have it thought she had committed the deed in the street. So we thought then; with how little judgment let this moment itself testify."

The detective fixed his eyes upon her and opened his lips to put another question. But he evidently found it difficult to say what was in his mind, and turned it into the simple suggestion, "You must have known Dr. Molesworth well, Mrs. Cameron?"

A flush, hot and vivid, answered him from the doctor's face, but her cheek did not alter, and it was with much composure that she said:

"I had learned much of his disposition from my conversations with the woman he expected to marry. As for his face, I had seen him at the house where I have been more than once. I had even had some talk with him. It was the situation which made us friends at once," asserted Mr. Gryce, but his looks did not bear out his words. "Your conduct is not so unexcusable," he went on; "women think much of appearances and are not apt to weigh the consequences of their impulsive efforts to preserve them. But a man usually halts long before he enters into a scheme that must end in perjury; and Dr. Molesworth committed perjury, Mrs. Cameron?"

She dropped her chin upon her breast and the presence of a gnawing dread began to show itself in her face.

"Not only that," the detective continued, "he engaged to do a fearful thing when he promised you to get a dead body out of the house alone and without discovery. Have you thought how much nerve and determination it would require? What self-sacrificing devotion it would need to lead a man not only to take the risk of such an act, but to subject himself to the horrors of it? I find it difficult to reconcile what I have seen of Dr. Molesworth with such devotion to a lady so little known to him. I would sooner think—"

He paused; she looked at him breathlessly—"that he had his own reasons for keeping the matter quiet," he pointedly added.

"Perhaps he had," she simply replied. "I cannot tell all that passed in his mind. I can only tell you what we did."

"And you repeat that it was through his agency that this dead girl was got out of your room and house?"

"Yes, sir."

"Alone?"

"Yes, sir."

"That I do not know. It was after I left."

"What, you went away before she

was removed from the house?"

"Yes, sir. Having made up my mind to trust the whole affair to him, I only thought of escape for myself. Then it could never have been managed if I had not cleared the back stairs by having my trunk carried out. It was down those he intended to go."

"And did he?"

"I cannot tell. I only know he succeeded in his undertaking. From the under what difficulties, he must himself inform you. I have never had an opportunity to ask him."

"And do you think he will tell me?"

"No," she returned boldly; "not while he doubts whether I have spoken of the matter or not. He has too chivalrous ideas of duty."

"What, when his life is at stake?"

"His life?"

"He was on the point of being arrested for murder when this testimony of Celia's came in."

"I suspected it, or rather I knew that he was under the surveillance of the police, for he told us so in an interview he had with the doctor about a case of his."

"And you were going to allow him to go to prison upon a charge you knew was perfectly unfounded?"

"Mr. Gryce, I was but two weeks married. I knew my husband hated deceit, and I lacked the courage to acknowledge that I had become entangled in it. Then I trusted to Dr. Molesworth discovering a way out of his difficulty, and was sure that he would, I never even thought of his being in any danger of his life. It is also only fair to myself to say that had he been brought to trial I should have relentlessly sacrificed myself. It was my hope that he would not, which kept me silent so long."

She was pleading her cause well and yet her shadowed brow and paling lip showed she was conscious that it was failing one, and that the doctor she had so long dreaded was rushing upon her.

"I accept your explanations," quoth the detective, "and it only remains at present for you to inform us where Miss Pauline got the drug with which she poisoned herself."

"I cannot tell you that," came in fainter tones from Mrs. Cameron's lips.

"Was it from her bag, her pocket, or from the folds of her dress that she took the thing which held it?"

Genevieve miserably shook her head. Mr. Gryce looked troubled; he hesitated a little, then suggested kindly, "You said her carry it to her lips?"

Genevieve faintly acquiesced.

"And did not see where she took it from?"

"I cannot answer."

"Dr. Cameron strode one step and stood beside his wife."

"Why cannot you answer?" he asked gently.

"Because—" she felt for a chair and sat down. "Because you will not believe what I say."

"I will not believe what you say?"

She turned her eyes, which had been fixed upon vacancy, on his face. There was unfathomable love in them, but there was unfathomable despair also.

"I think you would," said she, "and yet it is very incredible."

"The true things are often the incredible," observed he.

She smiled, but in a hopeless sort of way, and in an altered tone murmured: "Very well, then; she got it out of a box."

"A box she carried?"

"No; one she found in the room."

(To be continued.)

Weak and Nervous
Describes the condition of thousands of people at this season. They have no appetite, cannot sleep, and complain of the prostrating effects of summer. This condition may be remedied by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which creates an appetite and tones up all the organs. It gives good health by making the blood pure.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache.

Perhaps the explanation of the small number of fatalities in the Cuban war lies in the fact that the opposing armies are made up mostly of generals.

A LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron, states: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice, I procured the medicine, and less than a half-bottle cured me; I certainly have it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

Ambition is the murderer of mankind's peace.

A Great German's Prescription.
Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Oiler Root Tea.

The Teacher—Now, who can tell me which travels the faster—heat or cold? Johnnie Bright (promptly)—Heat, of course. Anybody can catch cold.

THERE IS NOT a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelling, neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claims to public confidence.

Don't be a saint in church and a heathen on the street car.

Consumption Can Be Cured
By the use of Shilo's Cure. This great Cough Cure is the only known remedy for that terrible disease. For sale by W. T. Strong.

The orange and lemon are both said to be fatal to the cholera bacillus. Placed in contact with the cut surface of the fruit, the bacteria survive but a few hours.

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.
C. W. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N. Y., write: "Please send us ten gross of Pills. We are selling more of 'Parnel's' Pills than any other Pills we keep. They have a great reputation for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint." Mr. Chas. A. Smith, Lindsay, writes: "Parnel's Pills are an excellent medicine. My sister has been troubled with severe headache, but these pills have cured her."

The Nile River has a fall of but six inches in the last 100 miles of its course.

A Baby's Life Saved.
"My baby had croup and was saved by Shilo's Cure," writes Mrs. J. B. Martin, of Huntsville, Ala. For sale by W. T. Strong.

A Nova Scotia photographer has this sign out: "Babies reduced to \$2 a dozen."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removes ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

THE ORANGEMEN.

Election of Grand Black Chapter Officers.

Grand Lodge Secretary's Report of the Growth of the Order.

Halifax, N. S., July 30.—This morning the Grand Black Chapter elected officers as follows: Grand master, Wm. Lee, Toronto; deputy grand master, Major A. J. Armstrong, St. John; associate deputy grand master, Lieut.-Col. J. H. Scott, Kinross; grand chaplain, Rev. Wm. Walsh, Brampton, Ont.; grand registrar, J. S. Williams, Toronto; deputy grand registrar, J. C. Guss, Shebanacadie; grand treasurer, J. B. Brown, Toronto; deputy grand treasurer, C. Brown, St. John; grand lecturers, D. F. R. Parnell, St. Catharines, H. Morton, Ottawa; Thomas Gilday, Montreal; R. K. Brace, Charlottetown; J. H. Scott, Kinross; Capt. C. O. Church, Chester; W. H. Conway, Winnipeg; Robert McLaughlin, Quebec; James Kennedy, Toronto; grand marshals, Robert Craig, Montreal; grand sergeants, J. H. Scott, Kinross, and John Cox, Montreal; grand pursuivants, Wm. Rossborough, Fredericton, G. O. Forbes, Stewarville.

The report of the Orange grand secretary shows that 40 new lodges have been organized during the year—28 in Ontario, 1 in Montreal, 2 in Nova Scotia, 4 in Manitoba, 4 in the Northwest Territories, and 1 in British Columbia. Returns of Provincial grand lodges show that 9,802 new members have been added. Losses during the year by expulsion and death have been 457, making the net total gain 8,345. Orange Young Britain lodges now number 73, with a total membership of 2,446. Increase during the year, 5 lodges and 299 members.

Grand Master Clarke Wallace addressed the lodge at length in regard to the Manitoba case, reiterating his former statements on the subject. At a public meeting in the Academy Music tonight a large crowd was present. As one of the speakers expressed it: "It was an Orange mission meeting."

Ex-Mayor Clarke, Toronto, whose remarks are regarded as important, said Orangeism was political in the highest sense of the term, but not in a general sense. "If we have been easy-going, and for sake of peace stretched the constitution, we must not," he said, "be held back by the question which will jeopardize rights of our children. The time has come when Orangemen must break with those with whom they have been associated in the past. He held that the highest sense of party politics should be lost sight of in the next election."

GARDEN OF CANADA.
Latest News From Western Ontario.

Stratford's civic holiday will likely be on Aug. 27.

Diphtheria has again broken out in Hamilton.

Grasshoppers are not as numerous in Huron this year as last.

The new Methodist Church, Exeter, is looking out for an organ.

Heavy bush fires have done much damage in the Bruce Peninsula.

Mr. E. P. Clement is the newly-elected president of the Berlin Y. M. C. A.

Capt. Orchard, of the Berlin Salvation Army, has received marching orders.

Goderich will have a new curling and skating rink. The Huron capital is putting on airs.

Shantyne & Son shipped \$13,000 worth of cheese from Listowel to Stratford last week.

It is now said that the defalcation of the Berlin customs collector is between \$9,000 and \$10,000.

Miss Alice Sherman, of Goderich, has secured a position in the public school at Prince Albert, N. W. T.

It took twenty stitches to sew up a cut Moses Moyer made with a scythe in his leg while crossing a fence near Baden.

It is said that Capt. McDonald, of the Salvation Army, Brussels, will shortly be changed from field to office duty, owing to ill health.

David B. Moore, of Morris, who is hiring from farming, has purchased Dr. Cavangh's residence in Brussels, and half an acre of land for \$1,500.

B. F. Brook & Son, Listowel, made a large shipment of wool last week, four cars in all, and amounting to about \$10,000 worth. It was exported to the United States.

John A. McCarthy, sen., Stratford's veteran police officer, and father of Chief McCarthy, and High Constable T. B. McCarthy, celebrated his 84th birthday on Tuesday. He is the oldest policeman in Ontario, and has been connected with the constabulary for over half a century.

The late Registrar Dickson, of Huron, who died last week, is survived by his second wife, and unmarried sister of greater age than he, and three sons and one daughter, as follows: John, deputy registrar, Goderich; Robert, of Toronto; Samuel, postmaster of Seaforth, and Mrs. J. E. Tom, of Goderich.

The superannuation of Mr. Morton has set the Windsor Conservatives in hot chase for the vacant place. A score of them are after it, the most prominent being Mr. Carney and Mr. Odette. The change is said to have been made as a matter of economy. As Mr. Morton will get \$1,000 pension, and the new official \$1,200, the Government must have peculiar ideas of economy.

WON'T FATHER THE REPORT.
Toronto, July 30.—Referring to an Ottawa dispatch of yesterday regarding the report of the commissioners appointed by the Ontario Government to investigate the Ottawa schools, Mr. Scott, chairman of the commission, desires to state that the commissioners are in no way responsible for the opinions therein expressed.

IN WAR PAINT.
Topeka, Kan., July 30.—Sheriff Naylor, of Jackson county, Kan., will ask for State troops to put down an uprising of Indians in the Shawnee Reservation. The trouble arose from a party of white men taking a section of the reservation claimed to have been leased from the Indian agent. On Saturday the white men were making hay on the lands, and Indians drove the white men off the lands. Warrants were put in the hands of the Indian police, and the redmen, who were heavily armed, refused to be arrested. The sheriff says the Indians are in war paint.

"I pray you, Master Lieutenant," said Sir Thomas More, as he ascended the scaffold, "see me safe up, and for my coming down I can shift for myself." "A dauntless soul erect, who smiled at death," said Thompson. He suffered martyrdom but once at the hand of the headsman, but how many suffer it every day through the slow, but insidious hand of disease. He put his faith in princes and the last, put yours, oh suffering female in the curative properties of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and be saved from hours of suffering. It cures every form of woman's weakness, strengthens the pelvic organs, and forever checks those "beauty destroying" diseases so common to your sex.

MRS. MACK'S SATCHEL FOUND

After a Two Month's Search—It Contained \$28,000 in Bogus Stamps.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 30.—Secret service detectives have found a satchel containing \$28,000 worth of bogus stamps, which belonged to Mrs. McMullen, alias Mrs. Mack, of Hamilton, Ont., who it now is said here awaiting trial for participation in the scheme to counterfeit and make United States stamps.

The satchel was found on the Terrace, in the possession of a person whose name is withheld, and who may be a member of a gang. The search for this satchel, which was in Mrs. Mack's hand when she visited the express office to ship her stamps to Chicago, has taken two months, and the detectives are jubilant at the discovery. Mrs. Mack fainted when she heard of it.

DEATH IN A WASP'S STING.

Aged Henry Smith Survived the Insect's Attack Only a Short Time.

Paterson, N. J., July 30.—Henry Smith, aged 72, a retired painter living in the village of Haledon, was crossing the lawn adjoining his house on Sunday night toward a windmill, which he was going to stop, when a wasp stung him on the left hand. He suffered severely from the pain, and called out to his nephew, asking what he should do for relief.

The young man told him to apply a handful of wet earth. Smith did so, and started back towards the house, holding the mud to his injured hand. As he reached the house he tottered and fell into the arms of his nephew. Before medical aid reached the house Smith was dead. Dr. T. Y. Kinnane, of this city, who was called, said the wasp's sting penetrated a nerve that communicated directly with the brain.

A LABORER'S LUCK.
Bristol, Pa., July 30.—A poor farm hand named Edward Cardwell, working for Farmer Kimble near Hersham, has received word from England, that his father had died, leaving him an estate valued at \$2,000,000. Cardwell did not wait to get his dinner, but started for New York to take the first outgoing steamer.

A Prominent Lawyer Says:
"I have eight children, every one in good health, not one of whom but has taken Scott's Emulsion, in which my wife has boundless confidence."

"America's Greatest Railroad."
At the recent meeting of the Institution of Engineers at Cleveland, Jeremiah H. McMillen, read a paper on the comparison of English and American railroads, and in referring to the New York Central Mr. Head said:

"An American railway, the New York Central, holds the palm at present for the quickest and most frequent service of any long-distance railway in the world. Between New York and Buffalo, 440 miles, there are 22 trains per day each way. The north-bound Empire State Express, which is one of them, runs the entire distance at 50-2-4 miles per hour, including stoppages, or 52-1-2 miles per hour excluding them. Our Western Coast Scotch Express achieves respectively only 47 and 51 miles per hour between Edinburgh and London, which is just 400 miles. The New York Central is also the only railway which has four tracks over the whole of its main line, an arrangement which enables the goods and passenger traffic to be kept entirely separate."—Buffalo Enquirer.

Connoisseurs of driving patronize Overmeyer's livery, Richmond street north, as he has only the latest style rigs. Phone 423.

CURE FOR ALL!!!
Is an infallible remedy for
Bad Legs, Bad Breasts,
Old Wounds, Sores
For
Disorders
Of the Chest
It has no equal
For SORE THROATS,
BRONCHITIS, COUGHS,
COLDS,
Glandular Swellings, and all Skin
Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.
Manufactured only at 75, New Oxford Street (late 23, Oxford Street), London, and sold by all
Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
Purchasers should look to the Label on the
Bottle and Boxes. If the address is not 75, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT
Is an infallible remedy for
Bad Legs, Bad Breasts,
Old Wounds, Sores
For
Disorders
Of the Chest
It has no equal
For SORE THROATS,
BRONCHITIS, COUGHS,
COLDS,
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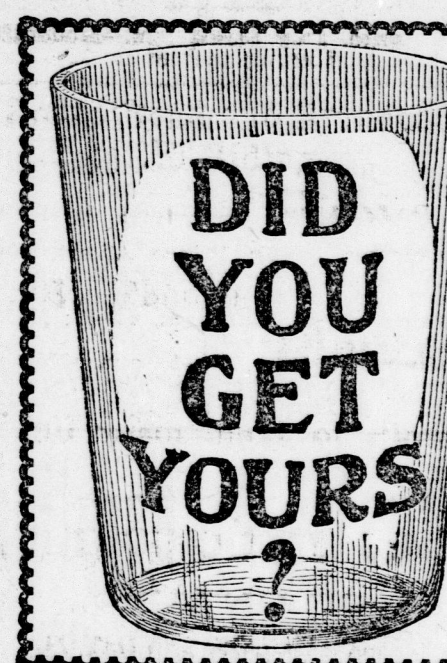
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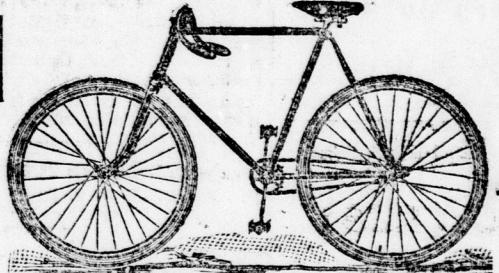
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