

JUDGE KING DEAD.

A Member of the Supreme Court of Canada.

And One of the Most Able and Distinguished Jurists in the History of the Dominion—Death Due to Heart Trouble.

OTTAWA, May 7.—Judge King died at 12.30 o'clock. He was in the first year of his age, and has been sick for some little time. He showed signs of improvement up to today, when a change for the worse was noticed. Death was due to delatation of the heart.

George Edwin King was born in the city of St. John, N. B., October 1838, the son of George King, a prominent shipbuilder, also a native of St. John, who died in 1867. His mother was Ann Fowler, nee King, of Kings Co., N. B. Mr. King received his preliminary education at the Seaboard Institution, entered the Wesleyan University at Middletown, Connecticut, in 1855, and was graduated therefrom in 1859. He studied law in St. John with the late Mr. Morrison, who created the law office of Messrs. Morrison & King in 1856. Mr. Morrison, who was out of the prime of life, was one of the ablest men who was ever at the bar of New Brunswick.

In politics Mr. King was a strong supporter of the old liberal party of New Brunswick in this province, and an earnest advocate of Canadian federation. He made his entry into public life in the year of confederation, 1867, when he was elected to the House of Assembly for St. John city and county along with Joseph Corum on the retirement of Hon. John H. Gray and Hon. D. Wilson. He was returned at the general elections of 1870 and 1874. In January, 1869, he entered the government of Attorney General William Woodcock, and on the elevation of Mr. Woodcock to the position of premier, succeeded him as attorney general, holding that office down to 1878, when he resigned his seat in the legislature. From the death of the Hon. George L. Hatheway in 1872, Mr. King was leader of the New Brunswick government in the House of Assembly, and was greatly aided by Hon. John J. Fraser, provincial secretary; Hon. H. P. Stevenson, attorney general; Hon. William Kelly, chief commissioner of the board of works, and Hon. Robert Young, president of council.

Mr. King left his mark in the New Brunswick statute book. He was the author of the Free Non-Residence Act, 1871; the Abolition of Imprisonment for Debt Act; the Municipality Act of 1871; and of the Consolidated Election Act of 1869, the first act passed in any of the British colonies for the trial of election petitions by judges. The work of defending the School Act in the legislature, in the country, before the courts, and against the aggressive action taken in the Parliament of Canada, chiefly upon Mr. King. Upon the appeal to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council of the case raised upon the constitutionality of the act, Mr. King was counsel for the respondents, and his able and able advocacy. During the long period that Mr. King was attorney general, he conducted the trials for murder in the cases of the Queen against Rodger, and the Queen against O'Neil; the case against the growing out of the School Act in 1875, and the celebrated bismarck case of the Queen against Wright. He was also counsel for the Queen in the case of the Queen against the Queen's case, and in the case of the Queen against the Queen's case, and in the case of the Queen against the Queen's case.

On December 10th, 1880, he was appointed Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, in the place of the late learned Judge Fisher. He was elevated to the supreme court bench of Canada, in succession to the late Mr. Justice Patterson, September 21, 1882.

In 1886 he was chosen Her Majesty's commissioner, under the terms of the Convention of February 8, that year, between Great Britain and the United States, for the arbitration of the claims of the United States in connection with the Behring Sea seal fishery. He received the degree of D. Sc. from the University of New Brunswick in 1889, and that of D. C. L. from Mount Allison University in 1890.

In 1890 he married Lydia, daughter of Aaron Eaton of St. John. Two daughters survive, Miss F. and Miss D. Reynolds of York, England, who is now in Ottawa with her two children.

(Daily Sun Editorial, Dec. 11, 1886.) "Yesterday afternoon, at a meeting of the Privy Council, Hon. George Edwin King was appointed a Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, in the place of the late learned Judge Fisher. The appointment will be regarded with mingled feelings by the friends of Mr. King. While all will be glad to know that a gentleman who would be an ornament to the bench of any country, and whose services to his country will be remembered by the government of Canada, there will be thousands to regret that one who has shown in his public and private life, and who has become so strong a political force in his native province, should thus early be retired from participation in our political discussions. There lay before Mr. King a bright future as any public man could desire, and in the possession of a splendid intellect and an unusual political reputation, with a record in connection with our political history which placed him far in advance of any other politician of his time, with a host of devoted and faithful friends, willing at all times to share his political fortunes, Mr. King at the age of 62, and advanced in years, was called upon to mark his place for future eminence in Canadian public affairs. We will not pretend to dispute the fact that Mr. King's acceptance of a judgeship is a great loss to the political action of the Liberal Conservative party in New Brunswick, and that the loss of a man who has rendered such great service to his country, who has responded nobly to every call to honorable party warfare, and who has left on record so much to praise and so little to condemn, we feel with the public that the desire should not be to prevent the acceptance of the most exalted position in the gift of any government. This Mr. King is eminently fitted by mind and temperament for the bench will not be denied by any who have had opportunities of learning the eminently judicial cast of his mind. To a profound knowledge of the great principles of law, Mr. King has been enabled to unite a practice which brought him in relation to cases involving the very highest legal consequences, as Attorney General of the Province he never flinched from performing his whole duty to the people, regardless of personal or political consequences. His name is inseparably connected with the Free School system of the province, the promotion of railway construction, the establishment of municipal corporations, the establishment of imprisonment for debt, etc. His influence in the House of Assembly was very marked, and in debate he has not met his superior up to the time of his withdrawal from the legislature. It is to be known that Mr. King's appointment to the bench is with the hearty approval of the people, and the public will have confidence in believing that he will discharge his new duties in the able and upright manner which has distinguished those who are called to administer even-handed justice."

CASORIA

For Infants and Children.

Advertisement for Casoria medicine.



How Strong Are You?

The dial of the punching machine won't answer that question. Strength depends on nutrition. When the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased, the body fails to receive its full supply of nourishment and hence grows weak. That is why no man is stronger than his stomach.

THE DRINK EVIL.

Maritime Prohibition Convention at Truro, Poorly Attended.

Constitution Adopted—Resolution Passed Against the Gottheburg System—Small Attendances.

TRURO, N. S., May 7.—It was announced that the Maritime Prohibition Convention would meet in Truro today and tomorrow. This evening the first session was held, but the only officer who appeared was A. B. Fletcher of Truro, first vice-president for Nova Scotia. The absent officers were Rev. E. Crowell, Yarmouth, president; W. T. L. Reid, Fredericton, secretary; J. A. Simpson, Amherst, treasurer; W. L. McParlane, Nashuaque, vice-president for P. E. Island; and L. W. Fowler, vice-president for P. E. Island.

There were fifty people present, mostly townsmen. Not a single delegate from the Island appeared. Rev. D. McLeod of Fredericton, who opposed Gibson in the late election, and who acted on the royal commission, was the only New Brunswicker here.

Among the Nova Scotians from the side Truro were Rev. Mr. Koche, Nashuaque; Rev. Mr. Wilson, Yarmouth; Edward Fulton, Bass River; Sidney Purdy, Wentworth; Peter Fraser, New Glasgow.

No programme or outline of work for the convention was sent by the executive.

T. M. King was appointed chairman, and a re-organization was effected by appointing the following officers: President, Rev. Dr. McLeod; vice-president for Nova Scotia, A. B. Fletcher, Truro; vice-president for New Brunswick, W. L. McParlane, Nashuaque; vice-president for P. E. Island, Rev. H. Carter, Summerside; secretary, Rev. H. E. Roche, Annapolis; treasurer, Peter Fraser, New Glasgow.

Dr. McLeod was elected chief executive against his will. Among other excuses, he said he had not such things as he believed a maritime association as effective as provincial associations. He spoke heartily and said that "today the liquor traffic is more insidiously aggressive and aggressive than it has been during the last twenty years." He believed the meeting had not been properly announced. He warned the people not to be fooled by the cry of "nation control of the liquor traffic," but to stand tooth and nail for national prohibition.

S. E. Goulet, M. P., believed that with ten years agitation the country will have total prohibition. He spoke of the favorable temperance attitude in the house of commons. "While the members twenty years ago may have scolded, had same for drinking, they do not now."

Mr. Fletcher, the only officer present, gave a report. He had met failure at many points after his election to office, but had succeeded in organizing several conventions. Last year's work of the association was a complete failure, but with Dr. McLeod at the head, the members are looking forward to starting with new vigor.

TRURO, N. S., May 8.—The closing session of the Maritime Prohibition Convention took place this afternoon with an attendance of about twenty.

The first business was the adoption of a constitution. After much discussion the following was decided on:

First—This organization shall be known as the "Maritime Prohibition Association," having jurisdiction in the maritime provinces.

Second—The object of the association shall be to secure united action by the electorate as shall overthrow the liquor traffic of Canada by prohibitory legislation.

Third—The officers shall be one president, one vice-president for Nova Scotia, one for New Brunswick and one for Prince Edward Island, a secretary and treasurer, constituting also the executive board to direct operations.

Fourth—The association shall be composed of duly qualified delegates from the maritime provincial district, county and other temperance or religious organizations, not primary (primary meaning all local individual so-

eties excepting branches of the Maritime Prohibition Association) Any duly qualified elector may become a member who approves of the object, who will subscribe to the constitution and who will agree not to vote for any candidate for either provincial or Dominion parliament unless such candidate has given undoubted proof of disdiate has given undoubted proof of disdiate has given undoubted proof of disdiate is a total abstainer, and who will publicly promise that if elected he will use his influence and vote for the speedy enactment of a prohibitory liquor law, regardless of the effect such influence and vote may have on the political party with which hitherto he may have been associated.

Fifth—The association shall meet at the call of the executive, at least once a year.

Sixth—Funds for the support shall be derived from donations, from friends and societies, and collections at public meetings. The constitution may be amended by a two-thirds vote.

The Scott Act was discussed. It was decided to prepare a memorial to the government, to be presented through Messrs. Flint and Gourley, asking an amendment to the act to provide for searching suspicious premises at night, and for hard labor for liquor sellers convicted.

The Gottheburg system was introduced by L. M. Lang, in discussing the president's report, and a resolution was adopted as follows:

Resolved, That whereas the Maritime Prohibition Association is firmly convinced that traffic in use of intoxicating liquor for beverage is productive of great and serious evils, and is disastrous to the financial and moral well-being of any people and constitutes an eternal wrong that can never be made legally right;

Therefore Resolved, That we hereby place on record our firm and persistent protest against any system of license placing under either private or public control the sale of liquor, whereby we are compelled to assume the responsibility for the results of the traffic.

Further Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention the Gottheburg system, so called, giving the public control of the liquor traffic, would be no improvement upon our present laws, and this convention desires to record its conviction that the only rational solution of the drink evil lies in the strict prohibition of the importation, manufacture and traffic in all intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes and would urge upon our several legislatures the enactment of such laws as shall secure such prohibition in Canada. In this conviction this convention sincerely believes that it truly represents the enlightened sentiment of the people of the dominion.

N. S. STEEL COMPANY

About Sold to a Syndicate of English and American Capitalists.

Intention is to Erect Works at North Sydney that will Out-Rival Those at Sydney.

SYDNEY, N. S., May 8.—The Sun correspondent is in a position to state tonight that the Nova Scotia Steel Company is about sold to a syndicate, comprising English and American capitalists, the former mostly. The deal was consummated at Truro on Monday night. The syndicate has been given an option of fifteen days on the properties and plants of the company to include the works, coal and iron areas at New Glasgow, Sydney Mines and other places. There is very little doubt but that the option will be taken and that the Nova Scotia Steel Co. will pass up to the hands of foreign capitalists.

Upon acquiring the properties this syndicate will proceed toward the erection of an iron and steel plant that will out-rival those at Sydney in magnitude. The syndicate is capitalized at many millions of dollars. Negotiations looking to this deal have been pending since last year, and their accomplishment now means another era of industrial activity in this section of the province. The object of the whole deal is to raise money to erect works at North Sydney. It is probable that the large shareholders and directors of the present company are in the deal with the new.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

NEW YORK, May 8.—In a fit of insanity John D. Smith, a well-known man in Brooklyn, tried to murder his wife and sister-in-law today, and then killed himself.

Baby's Own Soap

"WHAT WE HAVE WE'LL HOLD."

Baby when he has once been treated to a bath with "BABY'S OWN SOAP" wants no other—because he knows no other makes him feel so nice.

Many imitations of Baby's Own Soap, look like it, but baby feels the difference.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

Advertisement for James Buchanan & Co. Scotch Whisky Distillers & Blenders. Includes text: 'Suppliers to the British Houses of Parliament', 'Sole Proprietors of THE BUCHANAN BLEND', 'GLASGOW, LEITH, LONDON, AND GLENTAUCHERS DISTILLERY, MULBEN, SPEYSIDE, N.B.', 'The Black Swan Distillery, 26, Holborn, LONDON, ENGLAND'.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Semi-Annual Convention of the Grand Division.

Met at Wilberforce Lodge Room, Milltown, Wednesday—Public Meeting in the Evening.

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., May 6.—The semi-annual convention of the Grand Division, Sons of Temperance, opened in the lodge room of Wilberforce division, Milltown, at 3 p. m. G. W. P. Rev. James Crisp, in the chair.

After the opening, initiation of candidates took place, followed by the reading of reports of the G. W. P. G. S. and G. T. These were referred to the different committees, who were to report at a meeting to be held after the public meeting in the evening.

Amstrong, H. Beaklin, J. E. Woodburn and C. N. Vessels, all of whom made vigorous speeches, especially exhorted the people present to support and uphold Wilberforce division.

The meeting closed with the National Anthem, after which the grand division officers, a large number of whom were present, adjourned to the lodge rooms to finish up their business, which was concluded at a late hour.

At the evening session after the public meeting, the committee on the state of the order and audit brought in their reports. The latter was received and adopted. The report on the state of the order was discussed and passed section by section. Brother Armstrong gave notice of motion for the annual session to divide the jurisdiction of New Brunswick into two grand divisions, so that the distance would not be so great as attend grand divisions. The Scott Act and a national division for Canada, were very thoroughly discussed and were adjourned to the annual session at St. John in October next. A very successful session was then closed.

The grand scribe, A. J. Armstrong's report was as follows:

Thirty-six divisions reported for the quarter year up to Dec. 31st last and forty-nine to date. The total number of divisions now on the books is good standing, this is considered a fairly good record for this time of year. For some years past, from the above returns the following statistics have been gathered, but I do not present the standing of some of the delinquent divisions at the time of their last report up to date. The total are:

Initiated..... 198
Resigned..... 32
Withdrawn..... 32
Expelled for violation of the pledge..... 1
Deaths..... 1
Number of divisions reported..... 36
Total membership..... 1,894

The Grand Scribe reported greatly regretted that no new divisions since the last annual meeting in December. No reorganizations had taken place either. Some divisions had to be dropped from the list, most of them for non-payment of the per capita tax. In the report it was quite possible for the Grand Division to meet this shortage by settlement or striking divisions, and show as them in getting a foothold again, but it was a deplorable fact the Grand Division remove in no position to assume any additional financial burdens. Some of the divisions dropped are as much as four and two quarters behind in their dues to the Grand Division, and several have acquiesced the Grand Scribe that at least for the present they are not active. It is deplorable, think the Grand Scribe, to have this fact confronting the S. of T. as many of the excluded divisions were only a short time ago vigorous organizations. Many are the reasons given for the cessation of these divisions, but the order—non-payment of dues by members; dissensions; joining of other societies; the loss of their own workers; and so on.

Financially, the Grand Scribe said he was glad to report the indebtedness to the National Division, an amount of \$1,000 had been paid. The last installment of the money is green for the college of St. John's University, the report of last year's work are still unpublished, small debts have been allowed to stand, and in many other ways expenses have been curtailed in order that funds should be preserved. The National Division might be preserved. The small debts allowed to stand will be paid very shortly. It is hoped, and the reports will be printed, but propagation work will have to stand until the Grand Division officials in their immediate vicinity labor a little along these lines. It is fondly hoped

The Semi-Weekly Sun

AND The Co-operative Farmer

ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.20.

This great combination offer is only open to new subscribers or to old subscribers who pay all arrearages at the regular rate, and one year in advance.

THE CO-OPERATIVE FARMER is a Semi-Monthly Journal, exclusively devoted to the interests of the farmers of the Maritime Provinces. It is the official organ of the Farmers and Dairyman's Association of New Brunswick; the Nova Scotia Farmers' Association, and the Maritime Stock Breeders' Association.

THE ST. JOHN SEMI-WEEKLY SUN is the best newspaper a Maritime farmer can take. It is published on Wednesdays and Saturdays, eight large pages every issue, containing all the provincial as well as foreign news. It has

THE MOST COMPLETE WAR SERVICE of any paper in Eastern Canada, and its frequency of issue makes it of especial interest during the strife in South Africa.

REMEMBER THIS OFFER IS GOOD ONLY ON ABOVE CONDITIONS. Address, with Cash

Sun Printing Company, St. John, N. B.

COLONIAL HOUSE, MONTREAL

We have recently opened a Sporting and Athletic Goods Department, with a full range of

Bicycles and Bicycle Sundries Baseball, Golf, Tennis, Cricket and Lacrosse Goods. Boxing Gloves, Striking Bags, Dumb Bells, Indian Clubs Croquet, Quoits Target Games and Fishing Tackle.

In connection with this department we have issued

An Illustrated Catalogue which is now ready, and will be mailed FREE to any address on application.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., - - Montreal.

DEATH OF MRS. MARY O. FLEWELL-ELLING.

GREENWICH, Kings Co., May 7.—The death of Mrs. Mary O. Flewelling, a respected resident of Oak Point, and widow of George T. Flewelling, occurred on Saturday, 4th inst. Although she had been in failing health for some time, the result of an attack of paralysis, her last illness was only about a week's duration. The very sad death, a few years ago, of her eldest daughter, Mrs. James Inch, and of her daughter-in-law, taking place within about a month of each other, never severe shocks from which she children are Duncan D. and Edmund H. Flewelling and Mrs. Jesse F. Crawford of Oak Point.

The funeral took place on Monday. A large number of relatives and friends assembled at her late residence and followed the body to the Methodist church, where the Rev. J. B. Gough preached an excellent sermon on the text: "Death is swallowed up in Victory." The interment took place in the Brown's Flat Methodist cemetery.

NEW YORK, May 8.—An incident illustrating quick turns in stocks occurred today when the collapse of the exchange, J. J. Manning, who was in for 1,000 shares of Northern Pacific, sold for 180, turning only 100, and a profit of \$18,000. Other traders were equally quick.

CONFIRMATION AT NEW DENMARK.

There is Now a Flourishing Colony of Some 500 Souls.

On Thursday last the Bishop of Fredericton visited New Denmark, the churchwardens and vestry walked upon the Bishop in the evening, and thanked him for having used his influence to bring back their pastor, Rev. C. E. Malneith. They pointed out that a clergyman who could not speak Danish would only be able to minister to a small portion of the colonists. On Friday morning the Bishop held a confirmation, when twenty young people were confirmed; eight lads and twelve lassies answering to their names. After the confirmation there was a celebration of the holy communion, when sixty-two communicated, including the newly confirmed. The Bishop returned to Fredericton the same evening. The colony of New Denmark is making rapid advances, the immigrants, who are adherents of the Church of England.

FREE HAT

Free hat, free hat, free hat. The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

Advertisement for Albert Toilet Soap Co.

ADVERTISING RATES

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising. For Sale, Wanted, etc., 50 cents each insertion.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY

ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., MAY 11, 1901

JUDGE KING

(Daily Sun, May 8.)

The announcement of the death of Hon. George B. King, Judge of the Supreme Court of Canada, will be read with regret and sadness in his native city and province.

His distinguished professional and political career was worked out in this province, which he loved and served so well. He was known and esteemed by all, and many will grieve that his brilliant career has closed at an age when he might have expected many more years of usefulness.

His death is given a brief sketch of Judge King's public career. It is at least an outline for the story of his political life is a part of a stirring legend in New Brunswick history.

THE WORD OF A MINISTER

The valued Telegraph, which appears to be edited in Ottawa, is lamenting the degeneracy of parliament, and particularly the want of courtesy shown the ministers by opposition members.

The Telegraph makes this specific complaint, which may be supposed to come from the neighborhood of the minister of railways.

A minister's word should be accepted as a statement of fact. Since the change of administration this country has almost wholly passed out of practice.

It must be frankly admitted that the Telegraph has foundation for this charge against opposition members. They do frequently insist that papers should be brought down when the minister has made a statement.

But have not the opposition members been justified again and again in demanding the production of correspondence in the first place the call for the documents relating to a public transaction is one that member has a perfect right to make.

In the second place, the history of the last five years explains too well any hesitation there may be in accepting the statement of some ministers. It is not a pleasant thing to say, but it is true that the ministers have on many occasions made statements that were contradicted by the documents.

It is fair to Mr. Blair to say that he is not the only offender. The discrepancy between the statements of Mr. Blair and the facts as subsequently shown in respect to Yukon matters is a case in point.

DRY DOCK SCHEME

Interview With ex-Mayor Geo. Robertson Who Has Just Returned From England.

Still Confident that the Dock Will Be Built—Admiralty Twice Reported Adversely.

Among the arrivals from the west on Wednesday George Robertson, M. P., who after spending about a year in England in the promotion of the St. John dry dock scheme, had been for some days at Ottawa.

ANOTHER NOVA SCOTIA STEEL SYNDICATE

The statement of our Halifax correspondent that the Nova Scotia Steel Company's properties have been acquired by a strong syndicate is not a matter of surprise.

ROW ON ST. JOHN SCHOONER

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., May 9.—The St. John schooner Bonny Doon finished yesterday discharging a cargo of coal at this port.

WESTWORLD CIRCUIT COURT

DORCHESTER, N. B., May 9.—In the circuit court today Arthur McLeod of Moncton, who is before the court on two indictments, was given his trial on the first, a charge of stealing a dress from a sleigh.

N. S. INSURANCE RATES

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BALDNESS CURED FREE

Prevents Hair Falling Out, Removes Dandruff, Stops Itching and Restores Luxuriant Growth to Shining Scalps, Eyebrows and Eyelashes.

A TRIAL PACKAGE FREE.



Thousands of bald heads honestly believe there is no cure for baldness. They feel so certain about it, they won't try—they imagine there is a peculiar case beyond remedial agencies—their hair falls out.

ANNUAL CONFERENCE

Of the Church of England Sunday School Teachers of New Brunswick

Opened in St. George's Church, Moncton, Yesterday—Several Interesting Papers Read and Discussed.

MONCTON, May 7.—The annual conference of the Church of England Sunday school teachers of New Brunswick opened in St. George's church school room this afternoon.

The C. P. E. company is placing a steel bridge across Patterson Brook near the station.

LAWRENCE TOWN NEWS

LAWRENCE TOWN, N. S., May 7.—Miss Alma Stevenson, who has been very ill with bronchitis, is slowly recovering.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERER

Samples of the "Gold Cure" for asthma and treatment on this disease. Address: Hayes & Co., Simcoe, Ont.

SCHOONER WOLA FLOATED

NEW YORK, May 8.—The British schooner Wola, N. B., Capt. McCauley, which was stranded on the morning of April 20th during a heavy gale, was floated and towed to New York with a cargo of dry hides to the U. S. Steamer Co. by the Merritt & Chapman Wrecker Co. yesterday.

A Cata/rh Specialist

Mr. James Spence, Chatham, Ont., says:—I have been a sufferer from catarrh for 15 years, which became chronic. I have spent a lot of money and consulted several doctors, among others a specialist in London. I have tried everything I could hear of or see advertised, without doing me any good.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Dr. Williams. Cure Sick Headache. For constipation, biliousness, indigestion, headache, dizziness, nervousness, and all ailments of the liver and bowels.

CITY

Recent Around Together With from Corre. Exc.

When ordering WEEKLY SUN of which the paper that of the other it sent.

Inhale Bentley in the head. A large number being erected in Campbellton.

Wanted—a case Kimford Headach cure in ten minutes.

The barquentine Brier Island Tugs to be the Earl Carrabelle to the Moncton fire.

Mrs. Elizabeth many years resident at Eastport in the way to Kings.

Conductor Stan painful injuries coupling cars at I. on Thursday evening.

The Fredericton forwarded a petition general asking him searching inquiry circumstances of the late Col. H.

Two enterprising importing a number from New York. Disturbed out at said if they prove goat farm will follow.

The Miramichi reported as coming last week, are now, as the water is low, being difficult.

Owing to the sea at the lobster shore of P. E. Island brought thoroughly to light prospects fishing—Guardian.

If it is asthma, such trouble, use Vapo-C.

The funeral of Kilpatrick, brother of the police on Monday at his home. The body was buried in England burying ground.

Capt. P. McLean Parramore the other hand, the diamond Length, 90.3 feet; hold, 31 feet. She tons and will be of T. Morrissey.

The Robb Bros. Limited, Amherst private fire department with their works, meetings and practical instruction with the assistance of the town, works of this company.

Spring And Furnest we Ladies' Plain or

We carry a large stock of goods. Wrappers, Shirts, Corsets, New Fashions, Gingham.

SHARP & Co. We carry a large stock of goods. Wrappers, Shirts, Corsets, New Fashions, Gingham.

FREE!

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FREE.



ON TURNER, College, Halifax, N.S.

of the above people, one of the chief objects of them you are at liberty to purchase and send to the above people, one of the chief objects of them you are at liberty to purchase and send to the above people...

CONFERENCE

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W. O. Raymond, Rev.

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CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

Unlabeled Bentley's Lintment for cold in the head. Price 10c.

A large number of new houses are being erected in Newmarket.

Potatoes sell at 90c a barrel at Campbellton.

Wanted—a case of headache that Kimford Headache Powders will not cure in ten minutes. Price 10 cents.

Bishop Kingston will institute Rev. H. Lynde in the rectory of St. Mark's parish, St. George, Charlotte Co., on Sunday morning.

The barquentine which passed in at Brer Island Tuesday night is thought to be the East Clark bound from Carabelle to this port with hard pine.

The Moncton firemen realized \$35 over an above all expenses at the entertainment given recently under their auspices by the Harmony club of St. John.

Mrs. Elizabeth Henderson, who for many years resided in this city, died at Eastport the other day. Her body was brought to the city yesterday on the way to Kingston for burial.

Conductor Stanley, who received painful injuries in his chest while coupling cars at Mt. Stewart, P. E. I., on Thursday last, is rapidly recovering.

The Fredericton W. C. T. U. have forwarded a petition to the attorney general asking him to cause a full and searching inquiry to be made into the circumstances surrounding the death of the late Col. Hewittson.

Two enterprising Halifax men are importing a number of Angora goats from New York. The goats will be pastured out at Windsor Junction, and if they prove a success a regular goat farm will follow.

The Miramichi drives which were reported as coming along favorably last week, are having a hard time now, as the water is very low and flowing difficult.

Owing to the severity of the weather, the lobster packers on the north shore of P. E. Island have not as yet got thoroughly to work. There are bright prospects for a good season's fishing.

It is in asthma, bronchitis, cough, or any such trouble, use Vapo-Cresolene, All Druggists.

The funeral of the late Alexander Kilpatrick, brother of Sergeant Kilpatrick, of the police force, who died on Monday at his home at Upham, took place Wednesday forenoon. The body was interred in the Church of England burying ground at Upham.

Capt. P. McLaughlin launched at Parrsboro the other day the sch. Bernard, the dimensions of which are: Length, 90.5 feet; beam, 26.7 feet; hold, 8.1 feet. She will register 123 tons and will be commanded by Capt. T. Morrissey.

The best family remedy for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, and every form of Inflammation is Bentley's Lintment. Sold by druggists and general dealers in two sizes. Price ten cents and twenty-five cents. Full directions on the wrapper.—Be sure you get Bentley's.

Prof. G. Sumner may go to the north in his car, as it is the answer which South Berwick made the other day in season, as the article passed upon her favorite author Rowland, by the Nova Scotian, who teaches French at Harvath—Antigonish Cadet.

The Robb Engineering Company, Limited, Amherst, has organized a private fire department in connection with their works, with regular officers, meetings and exercises. This in connection with the efficient fire department of the town, should render the works of this company very safe from fire.

Dean Partridge chardon took part in the latter thinking it too much time to and not enough to management of Sun-

White of Docktown, y. E. Hooper, and y. Mr. Schofield, and work being done by others being highly

of Moncton addressed on the question of inting out the neces-

ing. Most of the ed home this after-

noon went north to old confirmation ser-

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May 8.—The land Sunday school at which papers were

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NOTICE.

The canvassers and collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below. The Manager hopes that all subscribers in arrears will pay when called on.

B. W. Robertson, in Charlotte County.

Edgar Canning, in Albert County.

Bark Blanca Casanova gets the job on duty from Halifax to Casford, Newport, or Sydney.

John McGillivray, K. C., one of the most prominent residents of New Glasgow, N. S., died on the 4th instant, aged 56.

The name of Miss M. Florence Rogers of St. John West appears on the list of graduates of the Emerson College of Oratory, Boston. Miss Rogers has been very successful in her examinations and has secured the coveted Curzon Honor diploma, which is the highest given by the college.

Dr. Ferguson has returned from Montreal, where he has been the last week with E. Sinclair of Miramichi, consulting eminent Montreal physicians in regard to Mr. Sinclair's ailment. Mr. Sinclair returned home on Saturday, but his many friends in Moncton and elsewhere will regret to learn that his condition is not greatly improved.

The Sun's Digby correspondent telegraphed yesterday, "Leaving Mrs. Hanford VanBarcom of Barton injured in a collision with a motor car. Mrs. VanBarcom was driving with her husband from Digby to Barton and in the darkness their carriage came in contact with one of E. B. Churchill's teams. Mrs. VanBarcom was badly injured about the head, requiring the assistance of a doctor."

SACKVILLE MARSH SALES. SACKVILLE, May 6.—A quantity of broadleaf marsh belonging to the Crane estate was sold at auction this afternoon. Ten acres were sold to William M. Weston for \$370, 7 acres to Daniel McCaffrey for \$285, 5 acres to William Filmer for \$190, 10 acres to John M. Baird for \$350. The "Power Lot," containing 15 acres and situated in No. 4 body of Marsh land, was sold to Gilbert Carter for \$410. Two and a half acres in the Great Marsh near Fyfe's mill was sold to Albert F. Spowden for \$300.

THE DEATH ROLL. SACKVILLE, May 6.—The death of Mrs. Jane Chapman, widow of the late Dixon Chapman of Fobert, Bute, occurred Saturday night at the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Award, Great Shemogue. Mrs. Chapman, who was in her 86th year, has been in feeble health for some time and her death was not unexpected. Deceased was a very estimable lady and the news of her death will be heard with very much regret. She was the daughter of the late Joseph Award, and is survived by one sister and three brothers, viz. Mrs. Margaret McQueen, mother of Sherie McQueen, William and Charles F. Award of Great Shemogue, and John Award of Amherst. The funeral took place at Point de Buie.

DEATHS FROM CROUP & LIVER PILLS, the only reliable TONIC pill for Constipation and Indigestion, no sickness, no pain from using Beach's Pills. Send 10c. to the Baird Company, Woodstock, N. B., for a trial sample. Regular size bottle price 25 cents, at all druggists.

The engagement is announced of Miss Josephine Marie Fraser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Fraser of Grand Manan, and Rev. Robert G. Fulton, formerly of St. John and now in charge of the Methodist churches on Grand Manan.

Capt. Isaac Williams died suddenly on Tuesday, the 30th ult., after an illness of two days of inflammation of the bowels. Deceased was fifty-three years of age and had been living with his brother, Bradford, Williams, for the last few years. Interment took place at Gagetown on Thursday, 2nd inst.

During the month of June, our Commissioner, Leblond of the Public Works Department, and Hon. E. P. Francis, commissioner of agriculture, will make a tour of a portion of the province for the purpose of looking into the needs of the districts they will visit. They will begin at Madawaska and go from there to Van der Veer and other counties will be visited. Reports coming in indicate that there will be a large acreage of wheat, and that new cheese factories will be established.

FAMILY TROUBLES.

Mrs. Julia Lawson of King street east entered a valuable complaint at the police station yesterday to the effect that her grandchild, left by its father in her keeping, had been stolen from her by its mother, her daughter-in-law.

Her son, James Lawson, some years ago married a Miss Etta Sanford of Kentville, N. S., and for a time the families dwelt together. But the temper of the mother-in-law and daughter-in-law were decidedly incompatible and the man in the case apparently siding with his mother, his wife, returned to her home in Nova Scotia, their child remaining here. Anxious for the little one, Mrs. Lawson, Jr., returned to St. John, where she is staying on King road, and the grandmother of the child, who gave him up, she reported to strategy and captured it, acting, she claims, upon legal advice.

Hence the trouble. Mrs. Julia Lawson in making her complaint stated that her daughter-in-law was fainthearted and incapable of caring for the child, but the police who interviewed both women have a different opinion and will not interfere in the matter. James Lawson is at present working at McDonald's mill up the river.

GOLD CURE FOR ASTHMA.

Cure Asthma. Just comes that's all. Ask your druggist for it. If he has none he'll get it from his wholesaler. It's worth your while to have him do this. Others relieve. The Gold Cure cures. Hayes & Co., Simcoe, Ont. Write for free sample and treatise.

ST. JOHN BOYS' SUCCESS.

The Chicago Argus of recent date has a full-page picture of the immense building of the New Amsterdam Casualty Company and an interesting account of the organization. The account is of interest to St. John people from the fact that a former St. John boy holds a very important position in the office in New York. The Argus says W. J. McCaffrey, who gave Mr. Taylor's former assistant, is the head of the liability underwriting field work, as also the home office field work for all branches. The company writes accident, employers' liability and burglar insurances, and is one of the strongest in the world. McCaffrey, who in the nine years since he left St. John, has risen to this important position, will be well remembered by many here. He is a younger brother of J. J. McCaffrey, manager of the Dufferin hotel and was at one time the popular clerk in this city. It is to be hoped St. John friends will be glad to know that he is getting along so well.

McPEAKE REINSTATED

Manager of the Shore Line Railway By Russell Sage.

The Great New York Financier Knows a Good Man When He Meets Him.

Last month Mr. Rand, who is the advisor of Russell Sage on railway matters, came to New Brunswick and stayed a week looking into the affairs of the Shore Line railway. This road is still in the hands of receivers, one of whom Russell Sage is one and Col. H. E. McLean another. But since Mr. Sage is supposed to have advanced to Mr. Rand some \$1,000,000, a million dollars, it is not so large a financial interest as it might seem. The New York magnate has the most to say. This is especially the case in respect to the improvements required on the line, for which Mr. Sage may have to draw a cheque.

So it came about that Mr. Sage, who is somewhat advanced in years, and does not make a practice of inspecting railways, sent Mr. Rand to see about the business.

Mr. Rand did some inspecting, and he is said to have given Judge Barker a steady sort of estimate of the cost of repairs. When he got back he reported to Mr. Sage that Manager McPeake was not the right man in the right place, and nominated as a substitute a bright young man, almost fresh from college, whose knowledge of railways was largely obtained in the lecture room. So Mr. McPeake was retired and Mr. Boyd came.

All this met the new manager liked him, and those who had to deal with him were filled with sorrow that so good a fellow should have been sent to a place which required serious practical experience. Mr. Boyd could have done much better on a well equipped and well organized railway, ginner of construction, claims agent, and anything else that was required.

But while he struggled with the proposition Mr. McPeake went to New York to find out from Russell Sage why he should have been dismissed without a hearing, and without a charge against him.

Colonel McLean went with him, prepared to testify to the late manager's ability and to speak of his services, and also to protest against his unjust removal.

Mr. Sage has many things to think about in these times, but he put aside his other worries, forgot to denounce the bulls in the stock market, and gave a large part of an afternoon to a careful hearing of the case of Mr. McPeake. Mr. Rand was present to give his reasons, which were found to be not very good. At all events Mr. Sage heard what he had to say, listened to the statement of the St.

WEDDED MONDAY EVENING.

A very quiet wedding took place Monday night at the residence of Mrs. A. Paterson, Main street, when her sister, Miss Bertha Brown, was united in marriage to Bachelor McLean, son of the late Wm. McLean of this city.

Miss Brown is a daughter of the late W. E. Brown, and was for a number of years postmistress at Indiantown. Owing to the recent death of her father she was dressed in black and white. Rev. John White of the Main street Baptist church performed the ceremony, which took place at eleven o'clock. On account of the very short time allowed for preparations, both bride and groom were unattended, and the ceremony was performed in the presence of only a few of the most intimate friends of the parties concerned.

Mr. and Mrs. McLean left by the C. P. R. last evening for New York, where they will reside, and where Mr. McLean has obtained a good position.

MOTHERS DO NOT FAIL TO SEE that you obtain the original and genuine McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup—safe, pleasant and effective at all times. As all mothers desire to see their children healthy, obtain the reliable McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup.

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WE ARE LEADERS

Never in all our Career as the leading Clothiers in the Maritime Provinces have we shown our right to the Leadership we claim as we have this season. Our fabrics most of which are confined to us, are models of neatness and gentility. Our styles are perfect and correct, and our prices are such as permit the buyer to save from \$2.00 to \$5.00 on each Suit or Overcoat purchased from our tables.

OUR SPRING BOOK IS READY.

Shall we send it to you? Free. Which reminds us of what a Catalogue is for: To give people who live outside of Saint John, far, and near, the same chance to buy that Saint John people have—at least that is what our book is for. The Key to the whole book is, send back what you don't like and let us send you your money. Just like our Store business, you see.

KING STREET COB. GERMAIN. GREATER OAK HALL, Scovill Bros. & Co.

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Doctors Order It.

Doctors see at once the advantage of taking a medicine right to the part that is sick. You see the doctor orders his own medicines for the disease, and has his patient use Vapo-Cresolene at the same time. It destroys all germs of diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles, and other contagious diseases; and there is no remedy its equal for croup, sore throat and hard colds. You now see why it often cures whooping-cough in a few days.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lint, when used last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, \$1.50; extra supply of Cresolene, 50c. Send for our illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co., 10 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

AMHERST.

AMHERST, N. S., May 9.—Charles Wilson, aged 60, was so seriously injured today while working on his farm that it was found necessary to amputate his leg below the knee. Mr. Wilson was cleaning up a piece of land and was hauling off the rubbish on a drag when in some way he caught his foot in a hole, the loaded drag coming violently in contact with his leg, breaking it in several places. The shock to a man of his years may prove fatal.

A telegram received here today announced the death at Ontario, California, of W. K. Kelter Bird, for many years a resident of this country, but who had resided for the past few years in California. The remains are being brought to Amherst for interment. His wife is a sister of J. Botford Black of this town.

SUDDEN DEATH.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 9.—W. S. McInch of Indiana, who for the past six months has been bookkeeper with the Todd Gold Eagle Mining Company, near Bridgewater, was found dead last evening by the roadside, about a mile from the mines. While driving yesterday he called to consult Dr. Smith. Upon his return to the mine, while the team was passing along the road, people residing near the roadway noticed a man leaning forward considerably, but supposing it to be some one in a state of intoxication they paid little attention to him. It is thought now that the man who thus appeared to be driving was already dead when seen, for at the brook where the horse was accustomed to drink the body of the man was found lying on the ground dead, where it had apparently fallen from the carriage when the horse stopped. The body will be forwarded to Indiana.

IN MEMORY.

Of Chief Officer Newell of the city of Monticello.

(Yarmouth Herald).

Sanford & Sons are preparing a handsome monument in memory of the late Capt. Harvey Newell, who was chief officer of the steamer Monticello, to be erected in Yarmouth. The work was ordered by Capt. Smith, of the steamer Yarmouth. On the top of the tablet is a beautifully carved sheaf of wheat. The inscription on the tablet will be:

"And there was no more sea."

In memory of Captain Harvey D. Newell, aged 45 years, who was drowned at sea through the foundering of the steamer Monticello, November 10th, 1900.

"As chief officer of the ill-fated ship, he remained at his post calmly and bravely, fulfilling his duties until the end. A man honorable and upright in his daily walk through life, heroic and unflinching amid the extremities which marked its close, and faithful in all things, even unto death."

On the marble base is inscribed the following:

"They that have seen Thy look in death, may no more fear to die."

RICHBUCKTO.

Arrival of the First Vessel of the Spring Fleet.

RICHBUCKTO, N. B., May 9.—Rev. D. Fraser, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Kingston, has gone on a vacation trip to Pictou, N. S. Rev. Mr. Smith of New Glasgow, N. B., is supplying his pulpit during his absence.

The funeral of the late Beattie Bell took place from her father's residence yesterday afternoon. Rev. Mr. Smith conducted the services at the house and grave.

A large two-masted schooner was towed in by the Collins, this morning, making the first arrival of the season. The schooner Polar Star has sailed for P. E. Island with lumber.

DE TO DATE THREE BAPTISTS.

Rev. J. B. Daggert writes to the Religious Intelligence from the Harvath-Brighton Free Baptist pastorate that he has had a change upon the field is no longer a change upon the field mission band. The people got ashamed of seeing their name in the minutes year after year as receiving grants from the H. M. Board, and how they not only pay their speeches but their feet. They are making substantial contributions to the H. M. Board. There are other pastors that ought to get ashamed of themselves.

AIX LES BAINS, France, May 9.—First Post-Morgan left here for Paris this evening.

CONSTIPATION.

When Chronic is CAUSED BY CATARRH OF THE LIVER.

Few doctors know this. They think the trouble is too much bile.

THE BILE IS NATURE'S PURGATIVE. It is extracted from the blood by the liver and poured into the bowels. But when the bile has become too thick, it causes a catarrh of the liver. The bowels become sluggish and the blood becomes gradually impoverished from the drain. Each time it is harder for the liver to extract the bile from the blood. Thus stronger and stronger purgatives have to be used.

The blood grows poorer and poorer. It is CLOGGED WITH IMPURITIES. It lacks the rich life-giving properties. The sufferer, because of the poor state of his blood, feels dull and heavy, without energy or ambition. His appetite is variable. He has a tendency to the "blues." And all the time the constipation grows steadily worse.

THE LIVER

MORRISON HIS PRACTICE... S BROWNE'S ODYNE... LONDON NEWS... S BROWNE'S ODYNE... SPECIFIC FOR... ENTERTAINMENT... FREE... FENCE CO. (Ltd.)... WATCH... FREE... NOTICE... FREE... FREE OPAL RING

SUNDAY SCHOOL

The International Lesson.

Lesson VII.—May 19. GOLDEN TEXT. While he blessed them, he was parted from them, and carried up into heaven.—Luke 24: 51.

THE SECTION. Includes the ascension, and its connections. Parallel Accounts.—Mark (16: 19), Luke (24: 44-53), Acts (1: 1-11).

PLACE IN THE LIFE OF CHRIST. The close of the forty resurrection days. The ascension. The consummation of Christ's bodily mission.

HISTORICAL SETTING. Time.—The ascension. Thursday, May 18, A. D. 30. Not many days after the last lesson. Place.—The Mount of Olives, near Bethany.

JESUS ASCENDS INTO HEAVEN.— Luke 24: 44-53; Acts 1: 1-11.

1. The former treatise have I made, O Theophilus, of all that Jesus began both to do and teach. 2. Until the day in which he was taken up, after that he had through the Holy Ghost had given commandments unto the apostles whom he had chosen: 3. To whom also he shewed himself alive after his passion by many (a) infallible proofs, (b) being seen of them forty days, and speaking of the things pertaining to the kingdom of God: 4. And, being assembled together with them, commanded them that they should not depart from Jerusalem, but wait for the promise of the Father, which, saith he, ye have heard of me: 5. For John truly baptized with water; but ye shall be baptized with the Holy Ghost not many days hence: 6. When they therefore were come together, they asked of him, saying, Lord, wilt thou at this time restore again the kingdom to Israel? 7. And he said unto them, It is not for you to know the times, or the seasons, which the Father hath (c) put in his own power. 8. But ye shall receive power, after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you, and ye shall be (d) witnesses unto me both in Jerusalem, and in all Judaea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth. 9. And when he had spoken these things, while they beheld, he was taken up; and a cloud received him out of their sight. 10. And while they (e) looked steadfastly toward heaven as he went up, behold, two men stood by them in white apparel: 11. Which also said, Ye men of Galilee, why stand ye gazing up into heaven? this same Jesus which is taken up from you into heaven, shall so come in like manner as ye have seen him go into heaven.

REVISION CHANGES. Ver. 2.—(a) Omit infallible. (b) Appearing unto them by the space of forty days. Ver. 7.—(c) Set within his own authority. Ver. 8.—(d) My witness both. Ver. 10.—(e) Were looking steadfastly into.

LIGHT ON THE TEXT. Not long after the appearance of Jesus in Galilee, the disciples returned to Jerusalem, to their upper room of meeting in the city. Luke, in his last chapter (vs. 44-53), gives a summary of the teaching of Christ during the forty days, without the details of his various appearances.

1. All that Jesus began both to do and teach.—His whole life from the beginning, implying also "that the former treatise related what Jesus began to do and to teach; and this relates what he, the same Jesus, continued to do and to teach." 2. Forty days. This is the only place where we learn the length of time. It was long enough to give infallible proofs.

3. The promise of the Father.—That he would send his Holy Spirit, the sun of all the promises and of all good gifts, and the one means by which the kingdom of God could come. (See Joel 2: 28, 29; Isa. 44: 3; John 14: 26; 15: 26.) 4. Not many days hence.—Ten days. 5. Come together.—At Jerusalem, or on the Mount of Olives, where he led them from Jerusalem (Luke 24: 50, 51). Restore again.—They were looking for the promised time when all the world should be subject to the Jews, and the reign of peace and of God should come to all the world.

6. In his own power. Under his own authority. God controls and he only knows. 7. Witnesses.—The same word as "martirs." The gospel is built on facts. 8. He was taken up. His last act and words were of blessing (Luke 24: 50, 51). 9. Two men.—Angels. (Comp. Luke 24: 4 with Matt. 28: 2-5). 10. Jesus shall so come.—It is not stated when this will be, but the fact is certain; it shows that Jesus still lives, the same Jesus as he was here. This is the final coming at the end of the new dispensation; the culmination, the victory of his work in the new heavens and the new earth.

Do some work daily. Learn by heart vs. 9-11; Luke 24: 49-53. Suggestive questions for written and oral answers. Subject.—The Ascension and its Lessons. I. Luke's Summary of the Resurrection (vs. 1-3; Luke 24: 44, 48, 49). How completely was the resurrection of Jesus proved? During how many days? II. Waiting for the Promise of the Father (vs. 4, 5).—What was the promise of the Father? (Joel 2: 28, 29; Acts 2: 1-4; 16-18). When was it fulfilled? Why was it necessary? III. The Promise.—Power to Fulfill their Mission (vs. 6-9).—What were the disciples expecting? (See also Dan. 2: 44; 7: 13, 14; Isa. 11: 1-3; 60: 1-3; 12-21). What better gift than knowledge of these things did Jesus give them? IV. The Ascension (v. 9).—From

what place did Jesus ascend? What was his last act? (Luke 24: 50, 51). Where is he now? (Acts 7: 56; Rev. 1: 18; Matt. 28: 20). What comfort and help come from this? What else showed that he was alive? (Acts 9: 6). V. The Promise of Return (vs. 10, 11).—What promise did the angels bring the disciples? Find out similar promises. (Matt. 16: 27, 28; Mark 9: 1; Matt. 24: 27-31; I Thes. 4: 15-17). How does this promise give courage and hope? (Col. 3: 4; Tit. 2: 3).

WESTMORLAND CIRCUIT COURT.

True Bills Found Against Arthur McLeod and A. W. Belyea.

DORCHESTER, N. B., May 7.—Justice McLeod opened the Westmorland County court today here this afternoon. Two criminal matters were brought before the grand jury.

The King v. McLeod, and the King v. A. W. Belyea. Arthur McLeod is a well known character of Moncton. He is charged with having stolen a silk dress from a wagon belonging to Peter McSweeney, and some \$15 from one F. Fowles.

Belyea likewise belongs to Moncton, where for a number of years he was a Scott Act Inspector. He is charged with assault, it being alleged that during a quarrel in a certain Moncton hotel he drew and snatched a revolver at McGeage. True bills were found against both prisoners.

The case of the King v. Nickerson on the charge of receiving stolen goods, which was postponed from the last court, will be tried this afternoon. The civil docket consists of five jury and one non-jury cases. It is probable that the court will last the rest of the present week.

DORCHESTER, N. B., May 8.—In the circuit court here today the case of King v. Nickerson, on a charge of receiving stolen property, which had been adjourned over from the last circuit, was further postponed till the next court, owing to the absence of a material witness.

The case of King v. McLeod, a charge of theft, is now on. The court will adjourn tomorrow till Monday, as Judge McLeod leaves to attend the funeral of the late Judge King.

DESERTED HIS WIFE.

The disappearance of Charles Hastings, an elderly Englishman, who has been employed as engineer at Fleming's foundry, is causing some anxiety to many of his fellow-workmen, but particularly to his wife, whom he married about a month ago. Hastings is of a religious turn of mind, and he associated himself with the Salvation Army, attending their meetings and taking part in their devotional demonstrations. He got tired of living alone, so he paid court to a young salaried woman, but after going with her awhile, told some of his fellow-employees that she fitted him, and he felt all broken up over it. The woman, however, for it was not long before he was engaged to another member of the army, a woman who had arrived at several more years of discretion. They were married, and lived apparently happy in a house on Fond street. A few days ago Mrs. Hastings found a note the house signifying her husband. In it he said not to worry; that he was going away for a few days. The few days have passed, and she still waits and mourns his absence. So do some workmen who looked him small amounts of cash. He collected his wages in advance on Saturday.—Globe.

EXTENSION OF TIME REFUSED.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 7.—The Inverness county council has decided by a vote of 18 to 7 against granting Mackenzie and Mann an extension of time within which to complete the railway from Fort Hastings to Broad Cove. The county agreed to give the contractors a bonus of \$1,000 per mile if the road was completed by June 14th. Mackenzie and Mann realizing this could not be done, asked for an extension of six months, which was refused.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

TROUBLE EXPECTED. SYDNEY, N. S., May 7.—Notice has been served on builders and contractors of this town that on the first of June nine hours shall constitute a day's work, according to the rules and regulations. The International Union of Bricklayers, Plasterers and Masons are expecting labor troubles before the season is over.

TO CURE A COUGH IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. See E. W. Grove's signature on each box.

TWO BROTHERS DROWNED.

QUEBEC, May 7.—Rev. Mr. Almond received news from his home in Gaspe of the drowning of his two brothers, aged 25 and 15. While out boating, the craft was caught by an under-current and capsized.

BERLIN, May 7.—The Reichstag committee today passed the sacharoff bill by a vote of 19 to 7.

FREE OPAL RING. Showing all the beauties of the opal, with a diamond set in the center. The ring is made of 18 carat gold, and is set with a large opal, surrounded by diamonds. It is a beautiful and valuable piece of jewelry. Price \$100.00. Write for catalogue to J. W. B. Jewellers, 100 St. John Street, St. John, N. B.

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LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

CONCERNING GOLD LACE. To the Editor of the Sun: Sir—Your article in yesterday's Sun on gold lace does not, I think, present the matter in a fair light or with justice to the militia; even if the cost of an officer's uniform is \$300, and this is an outside limit, you must remember that every young man cannot be an officer, there must be some in the ranks. But why do we not hear complaints about those who join the Militia or other such societies? They have to buy regalia and pay dues, etc., or if a young man joins a bicycle club, or a yacht club, he must spend some money on these things, while you surely will admit that a captain of a merchant steamer must and does dress better than the crew. Now take your own suggestion and put our officers in the plainest of uniforms, say the serge jackets, which has no lace or ornament, and the necessary uniform for drill purposes, without any change to wear in the evenings, etc., will cost at least \$115. This is for jackets, trousers, cap, helmet, sword, belt, and great coat, so you see there is nothing here for gold lace which every one now-a-days seems to get so much. The sergeant's jacket must be of a class who can spend a little money on their themselves and their men, and if you mean that the sergeant should issue the same uniforms to the officers as to the men, you would find very few applying for commissions. Now if these patriotic young men who are so anxious to join the militia, to enter as privates and gradually rise to non-commissioned officers, they would find they are doing their country as much more pleasure in the ranks as the officers in England, and even in Western Canada, there are many volunteers and militia regiments where the men are of a better class and have more money than some of the officers. With regard to those who have recently returned from active service in Africa they seem to think they are fully qualified to act as officers, and that the training they give them for this opinion they would do far more good to their native city if they could continue to serve as privates and sergeants, and give the experience they have gained to their comrades. It is not gold lace that keeps young men from joining the militia, what is it?

Yours truly, ONE WHO ROSE FROM THE RANKS.

CONCERNING GOLD LACE.

ST. JOHN, 8 May, 1901. To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir—The question of uniforms for the militia is one which for years past has been agitated with but little result. All are agreed that the cost of officers' uniforms is very large for a complete equipment, of which the greater portion is but little used. The difficulty chiefly met with is that the relation of uniform to service is not sufficiently considered. In Canada we need a uniform for every rank, which requires to be efficiently taught and clothed with as small a drain upon the resources of the country and individuals as is compatible with efficiency. Experience has shown that a uniform of plainness, are readily available, but that the training afforded is of but little use. The writer has learned from both officers and men who served in South Africa, that they had immense practical lessons to learn before they were really ready to take part in the fighting.

What practical knowledge have cavalry officers of scouting and map drawing; artillery officers of the work of a field battery on an expedition or the conduct of coast defence; Infantry officers of work outside of squad, company and battalion parade drills? Very little.

So much for teaching. Now for clothing. The writer has had experience that many good men have been deterred by cost from looking for a uniform. Many others have got on as best they could with second-hand uniforms. On the other hand, many with means have obtained their commissions largely for the social effect of wearing a gay dress. It does not follow that men of means are not studious and do not work for efficiency but it too often happens so. For the teaching of a company the writer, after years of experience, would prefer as an officer a man who, irrespective of social position, would make the efficiency of his company his chief aim.

The ability to purchase an expensive set of uniforms should not be a qualification. It ought easily to be possible to design a serviceable outfit which should not exceed \$100, and for summer service need not be more than one half of that amount. Let us have men to direct, not clothes to display in our service. I remain, Yours sincerely,

ANOTHER RANKER.

CONCERNING GOLD LACE. To the Editor of the Sun:

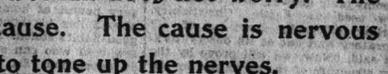
Sir—Pardon me for replying to your editorial today on the gold lace question. I do not say that those who cannot afford to buy an outfit should remain privates or non-commissioned officers, but they might serve in these capacities for a few years, till they are in a position to go higher up, and all this time they are gaining experience. But why should every one want to be an officer? There are only about 40 officers allowed in the three corps in St. John, and do you mean that there are only that number of young men in this city who are willing to serve their country by joining the militia? I know of many regiments of militia wherein the sergeants' mess would be a very good thing to have many social functions as their officers, and still are splendid soldiers. I still am of the opinion that it is necessary for the efficiency of a corps that the officers should spend some money on themselves and their regiment. Lord Wolseley in his "Soldier's Pocket" has laid down the maxim, "Make a man proud of himself and of his corps, and you can do anything with him," and this applies to officers also; they must be proud of themselves, their men and their regiment. You are right about the military officers in the recent war wearing simple uniforms, but what did they cost? And will they continue to wear them in garrison and in peace time? I think not. I have already shown that a simple uniform, minus gold lace, of serge, khaki, or even homespun, with



Nervous and Shaky

"Nerves," easily irritated; over-sensitive, so that any sudden noise or any repeated fidgety sound tortures; shaky hands or limbs; headache; sometimes neuralgia; temper variable; easily depressed; often wakeful at night, and tired on arising in the morning. These things also result from the hurried, nerve exhausting condition of present day life. A healthy man or woman does not worry. The cure is to remove the cause. The cause is nervous exhaustion—the cure is to tone up the nerves.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an immediate, unmistakable nerve food and nerve tonic. They healthfully stimulate the nerves and keep them stimulated. They cure the worried, jaded mind and temper through the nerves; give strength to the weak and aching back; fill tired, dejected, overworked men and women with cheerfulness, new ambition, and serviceable, work-producing energy. The first box proves it, but the first and every box must look just like this



or you will get one of the "something elses" that some dealers sell to people whom they think it safe to impose upon. "Something else" never cured anyone; Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured thousands—some of them your neighbors, who won't mind telling you so if you ask them.

PROOF OF CURE. Mr. Ambrose Major, Williamstown, Ont., says:—"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have restored me to health after suffering for months from extreme nervousness. The least sound would startle me; I was subject to headaches and easily irritated. My constitution was naturally strong and I at first ignored the trouble, thinking I would soon be all right. This was a mistake, for instead of getting better, I became worse and had to take to my bed. Only those who have been afflicted with nervous troubles can tell how much suffering they cause, and my condition was almost indescribable. I was attended for some time by a doctor, but found no improvement. Then a friend suggested Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a few boxes. After I had used the second box there was much improvement in my condition, and by the time I had used a half dozen boxes I was again enjoying good health. I naturally think no other medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for nerve troubles.

If your dealer does not keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills they will be sent by mail post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

why should we not set the lead in the right direction? As one of your correspondents remarked, that supposed cheap khaki dress is not cheap by any means. This would not do for the cheap callow. Ask any officer, what his cheap khaki uniform and puttees cost; it might surprise one. CIVILIAN.

Gossiping Neighbors. People will talk, and when neighbors get together there is very likely to be something said about Dr. Chase's Ointment, and the surprising cures it is effecting among sufferers with piles and itching skin diseases. It is by word of mouth, from friend to friend, that the fame of this great Ointment has girded the globe. It stands today as the only actual and guaranteed cure for every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles.

YOKOHAMA, May 7.—An important spinning company in this city has failed. The failure is traceable to the insolvency of the bank of Osaka, announced April 25. The panic feeling continues.

ONE WHO ROSE FROM THE RANKS. MORE GOLD LACE. To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir—It seems to me that there ought to be a via media in this matter. A soldier should be neat and natty, and this need not be expensive. An officer is not compelled to have a full kit on joining and may

accumulate his uniform gradually as needs arise. One great expense, and I think the leading mistake, is the change of fashions (which can only be in the interest of English military tailors). At one time it is silver lace on collar and cuffs, at another gold, and then again little or none at all, as the Service jacket. Then it is the head gear changing continually. And so on with the white belts, red heels, etc.

In some cases the officer has no sooner purchased his uniform than a newer regulation compels a new suit. This is wrong. This is the mischief to strike at.

A man feels mean, especially in a crack corps like our 5th, if he is not in the best of fashion, and a poor man finds it necessary to send in his resignation.

If Canada would adopt a neat, cheap uniform of its own, and stop the English fashions, the clothes could be made right here on the spot, cost less, and no change be necessary.

I believe the other colonies have a distinctive dress, and if this is not so,

accoutrements, would cost over \$100, and I think there are many young men who could just as well afford that as they can buy a dress suit or a club costume. Granted, however, that expense of uniform is keeping our young men from joining the militia (which I do not admit), what change do you propose? You have not yet suggested a remedy for your supposed evil. English military papers are bristling with articles on "Officers' Expenses," and the question is not yet solved, and I do not think we in Canada can solve it. Thanking you for space and courtesy,

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