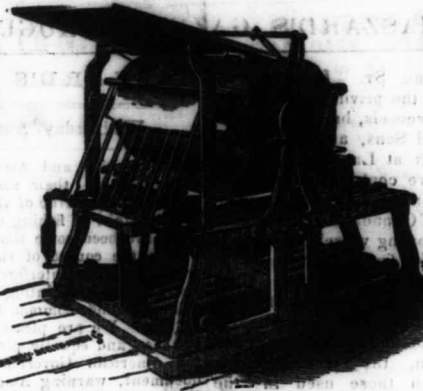


HASZARD'S

FARMER'S
COMMERCIAL
PUBLISHED ON EVERY



GAZETTE

JOURNAL &
ADVERTISER.
WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.

Established 1823.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Wednesday August 13, 1856.

New Series, No. 367.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE
Published by Haszard & Owen
Queen Square,
Is issued twice a week, at 15s. per year.
AND CONTAINS,
THE LATEST NEWS, AT HOME & ABROAD.

Harness and Coach Hardware.
EDWARD DANA,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER
39 Kilby Street, (near State), Boston.
OFFERS for Cash at low prices, Springs, Axles,
Bolts, Spokes, Rims, Shafts, Enamelled Cloth,
Patent and Enamelled Leather; all of first quality.
SUPERIOR malleable Iron on hand, and furnished to
order and pattern. Full assortment American Har-
ness, Hardware. PARTICULAR ATTENTION
GIVEN TO ORDERS.

COALS! COALS!!
40 CHALDRON Pictou COAL, Just arrived and
for Sale by
JAMES PURDIE.
Charlottetown, Dec. 5.

EDUCATION.
A Rare Chance for Young Men.
MR. A. A. MACKENZIE wishes to inform
the Young Men of this City, that he has
opened an Evening Class in the Temperance Hall,
and is prepared to give instructions in the follow-
ing branches, and on the following Terms per
Quarter of 48 Evenings each, namely:—
1st, Reading, writing and arithmetic, £0 10
2d, Grammar and composition, 0 15
3d, Practical Geometry and mensuration, 0 15
4th, Trigonometry and mensuration, 1 0
One-half of the Quarterly Fee to be paid on enter-
ing.
Those studying the first three Branches would
require to be in attendance at 7 o'clock, and those
in the others at 8.
Mr. McK. flatters himself, that his long and
well-tried experience in the practice of teaching.
Evening Classes, will enable him to convey a far
greater amount of practical knowledge to his pupils
in a given period of time, than has been commu-
nicated by any of his predecessors.
Charlottetown, Feb. 21st, 1856.

JOHN HARPER,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
(Queen-St., in Mr. Desbrisay's Buildings.)
Solicits the patronage of the public, and will endeav-
our to merit the confidence of all who may favor him
with business in the above line. Feb. 11, 1856.

Carriage Bolts.
HASZARD & OWEN have received a large
Stock of the above of the following sizes:—
LENGTH. DIAMETER.
1 1/2 inches by 5-16 2-8
1 3/4 " " 5-16 2-8
2 " " 5-16 2-8
2 1/2 " " 5-16 2-8
3 " " 5-16 2-8
3 1/2 " " 5-16 2-8
4 " " 5-16 2-8
These Bolts have neatly turned heads and are offered
for sale at from 25 to 50 per cent lower than they can
be made for on the Island.

COPAL VARNISH.
A FEW Tubs of superior COPAL VARNISH
for sale by
H. HASZARD.
Charlottetown, July 23, 1855.

PASTURE TO LET.
CATTLE will be taken to graze on the
farm, from the first June next, at the following rates,
viz:—
All under 3 years old, 2s.
All over 3 years old, 3s.
All fence breakers will be turned out.
W. W. IRVING,
Secy. R. A. Society.

Hardware Hardware!!
JUST RECEIVED from the United States, and
for Sale by HASZARD & OWEN—
Mortise Locks and Latches, from 9d to 20s each,
Rim, western, store door and plate Locks, &c.
Small Locks, (a large stock.)
Wardrobe, hat and coat Hooks, 4s a 2d 6d per doz.
Iron and wooden Bench Screws,
Clamp and Riggers' Screws,
Wilson's Braces, (gear-wheel'd), &c. 2s 3d a 16s,
Mineral, porcelain, silvered Door-Shutter and Draw-
er Knobs,
Mahogany, walnut and japanned Drawer Knobs,
Coal Chisels and Tipemiths' Tools,
Pencil Sharpeners,
Grindstone Fixtures, from 7s 6d a 12s
Circular Saws and Arbors, and Leather Belting,
Hammers, (a large assorted Stock)
Hatchets, (chipping, claw, lathing, broad, &c)
Narrow and Broad Axes and Adzes,
Plumbs and Levels,
Screw Plates and Dies,
Web Saws and Handles, lever Sawsets
India Rubber Packing, combs, toys, bat, ball, &c

STEAMER
Lady Le Marchant
PHILIPS F. IRVING, COMMANDER.
Under contract with the Provincial Govern-
ment carrying Her Majesty's Mails.
THIS superior British built STEAMER—coppered
and copper fastened, 212 tons Register, 50
horse power, classed at Lloyd's for 13 years, having
superior accommodations for Passengers—will run
regularly, during the season, on the line between
Charlottetown and Pictou, and between Charlottetown
and Shediac:—
Leaving Shediac, unless prevented by unforeseen
circumstances, every Tuesday morning, at 6 o'clock,
for Charlottetown; leaving Charlottetown for Pic-
tou every Tuesday at 2 o'clock; returning from
Pictou every Wednesday, leaving at 8 o'clock; will
again leave Charlottetown for Pictou every Thursday
morning, at 10 o'clock; will return from Pictou
every Friday, leaving at 6 o'clock; and will go on
to Shediac, leaving Charlottetown at 1 o'clock.
For freight or passage, apply at Richibuctou to
the owner, L. P. W. DESBRISAY, Esq.—in Shediac
to E. J. SMITH, Esq.—in Pictou to Messrs. J. &
J. YORSTON.—or in Charlottetown to
THEO. DESBRISAY.
June 12, 1856.

Tin & Copper Worker,
GAS-FITTER, &c.
THE undersigned, grateful for the encouragement
he has received since his return from Califor-
nia, begs leave to inform the Citizens of Charlottetown,
that he has, in addition to the Copper and
Tinsmith business, undertaken GAS-FITTING,
(with the approval of the Gas Company, they having
declined this branch of their business,) to which and
his former business, the public may depend, he will
give every satisfaction, and dispatch all orders with
which they may favor him.
JAMES MILLNER.
Charlottetown, June 13, 1856.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
TO BE SOLD by private Sale, a valuable free-
hold farm, containing two hundred (200) acres
of land, fifty of which are in a state of high cultiva-
tion, on which is a new dwelling house finished,
length 36 feet, by 26, with a Barn, finished also, 66
feet by 27, a well of water convenient; a never
failing stream runs through the rear, fitted for
machinery or pasturage of cattle. This valuable
property is situate 8 miles from Georgetown, and
23 miles from Charlottetown. For further particu-
lars, apply to
PETER STEWART,
Notary Public, New Perth.

A CARD.
HAVILAND & BRECKEN,
Barristers & Attorneys at Law,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
OLD CUSTOM-HOUSE BUILDINGS,
WATER STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN,
P. E. ISLAND.

The Hon. John Montgomery, member for
Restigouche, was sworn in as Surveyor General
for the Province of New Brunswick.

The *Toronto Gazette* says:—"We regret to
learn that that destructive insect, the Weevil, or
wheat midge, has already considerably damaged
the wheat crop in this and other neighbouring
townships."

The *Boston Journal*, a leading Republican
organ in New England, contains the following
paragraph:—

"We are decidedly of opinion that monarchy
and hereditary monarchy, is by far the best form
of Government that human wisdom has yet devised
for the administration of considerable nations,
and that it will always continue to be the most
perfect which human virtue will admit of."

A COUNTESS IN TROUBLE.—The Coun-
tess de Roudeau, a French lady just arrived
at New York, is charged with smuggling
\$30,000 to \$40,000 worth of laces, shawls,
&c., and the goods have been taken in cus-
tody by the custom-house officers. The
packages were landed from the vessel in
which they and the lady arrived from Cal-
cutta, and taken to the Lafarge House,
through the instrumentality of a custom-
house broker. Madam E. states, that the
goods belong to her, and that she intends
taking them to France.

ARRIVAL OF THE STAMSHIP "ATLANTIC."
NEW YORK, August 5th.

The *Atlantic* arrived last night. The
English news is unimportant. Parliam-
ent would adjourn about the 30th.

From Spain there are contradictory
reports, but it appears the insurrection
had been put down in Madrid, with the
loss of two hundred killed. In other
parts of the country, the insurgents are
making head-way.

MONEY.—The Loudon Money Market
was unchanged.

BREADSTUFFS were generally firm; the
better grades of flour exhibit a slight
improvement, but lower had a declining
tendency. In wheat, the better grades
had advanced one penny, while other
descriptions were about two pence per
bushel lower. Corn was firm, but trans-
actions small. Other markets unchang-
ed.

News by the English Mail!

We kept back our paper until after the arri-
val of the Steamer *Lady Le Marchant* with a
British Mail. We find very little important
news to communicate to our readers.
The harvest prospects were exceedingly good.
Flour and Grain were falling in price.

MARSHAL CARROBERT has been invited
by the King of Sardinia to pay a visit to
Piedmont.

The potatoe disease, has made its ap-
pearance in Ireland and the Isle of
Wight.

Arrivals in Britain from P. E. Island
Plymouth, July 25—Elizabeth, Salmon.
Liverpool, July 25—Balcatta, Garwin.
Sailed from Liverpool July 25—Ellen, Hunter.

In the Steamer *Lady Le Marchant*, this day from
Pictou, Messrs. E. C. Seville, (Agent), Messrs. J. &
J. YORSTON, Capt. Salmon, and 4 in the steerage.
In the Steamer *Shediac* on Tuesday, R. Dawson,
Esq., Hon. J. H. Hales, E. Brecken, Esq. & Lady,
John O'Brien, Geo. Wilson, and 2 in the Steerage.

THE INSURRECTION IN SPAIN.

The latest intelligence from Spain does
not add anything of much importance to
that which is already before our readers.
It seems probable that for the time, at least
General O'Donnell will succeed in carry-
ing out the *coup d'etat*. So far as we can
ascertain although it is clear the accounts
which reach us cannot be wholly relied
upon, the troops remain faithful to Queen
Isabella, and in many places where it was
supposed disturbances would have taken
place the leaders of the movement seem to
have abandoned for the present all intention
of resistance. There is no doubt, however,
that a strong feeling of dissatisfaction ex-
ists in many parts of Spain with the pre-
sent state of affairs, and there is no saying
where or how soon fresh troubles may
break out.

The Spanish capital was perfectly tran-
quil, and the order to give up arms had
been so promptly responded to that 400
muskets were delivered more than had been
distributed to the National Guard. Malaga
and Granada were said to be still against
the new government. It was thought proba-
ble that the present Cortes would not be
called on to meet again. The publication
of the official political programme of the
Ministry has been postponed until the
entire pacification of the kingdom had been
effected.

Parliament was prorogued on Tues-
day, July 29.

The Queen's speech, delivered by
commission at the close of the session,
in well enough as a leave-taking of the
Legislature for six months; but there is
hardly a sentence or a paragraph which
will live on the memory. The allusion
to the close of the war and to the co-
operation of our allies during the struggle,
affords a clue to the supineness which
marked the session. People expect leg-
islators to be something more than hu-
man. When the war began in earnest
Parliament could do nothing but vote
the supplies.

HER MAJESTY'S VISIT TO LISBON.—There
is a strong and growing belief that the
Queen will take a trip to Lisbon in the
course of the autumn. It is said that pre-
parations are already in progress; that the
naval force stationed at Lisbon has been
increased to give eclat to the visit; and that
the royal yacht has lately been testing her
sailing and steaming qualities in the Bay of
Biscay. The sound judgment evinced by
the King of Portugal since the termination
of his minority renders him worthy of
such a distinction; and the excursion will
be a fresh proof of our courageous Sov-
erign's love of the Englishman's element—
the Sea. From Lisbon, it is understood
that the royal party goes to Ireland, where
an Irish welcome awaits the Queen. These
public gaieties at an end, her Majesty will
forthwith betake herself to her beloved so-
ciety at Balmoral, to enjoy once more the
fresh and bracing breezes of the mountain.

THE SOUND DUES.—It is stated semi-
officially that all the European Govern-
ments have agreed on a principle with re-
gard to the redemption of the Sound Dues,
save England.

RUSSIAN MENACES.—It is said that the
Russians are about to construct forts in the
Baltic in an menacing position to Sweden
as was Bomarsund.

RAILWAYS IN RUSSIA.—A scheme for a system of railroads establishing direct communication between the Baltic, Black and Caspian seas has been submitted to the Emperor of Russia, and will probably be adopted and speedily put in execution.

NICARAGUA.—New York, Aug. 2.—Details of the news from Nicaragua, brought by the Granada to New Orleans, are in the New Orleans papers of Saturday.

Gen. Walker received an overwhelming majority for President, and was inaugurated on the 12th ult., with imposing ceremonies.

Don Firmin Ferrer, the provisional President, delivered an address, resigning the reins of office, and administered the official oath to Gen. Walker in the presence of an immense and enthusiastic assemblage.

Gen. Walker delivered an Inaugural Address, in which the programme of his administration of the foreign and domestic concerns of the Republic was briefly yet pointedly laid down.

The country was tolerably quiet. Ravis held possession of Leon, and a party of Chamoristas were in the vicinity of Choutales.

As soon as the rainy season is over, it is expected the allied forces of the Northern Central American States will commence hostile operations, and Gen. Walker is sadly in need of the sinews of war to repel the invaders.

NOVEL SPECULATION.—Among the many joint stock speculations which have been submitted to the public of late years, there is none so remarkable, whether in the novelty or grandeur of the enterprise, as that contained in a pamphlet recently published in Brussels, London and Leipzig, entitled "La Conquete de la Chine," (the Conquest of China) from the pen, as represented, of an "eminent politician and journalist."

The "eminent politician and journalist" readily disposes of any objection which may be raised against the legality or morality of the enterprise by saying, that if the "initiative is not taken by the Europeans, a Lopez or a Walker will soon be found to carry the plan into effect;" and as regards the law of nations, he says "laws only exist for those who respect and observe them themselves, not for a blood-thirsty corrupt government which punishes everything like progress as a crime, and which only maintains itself by a continual violation of all law."

Whether the author designs his pamphlet to be considered as "a serious incident in the domain of reality," or as an extravagant satire upon the wild speculations which are now daily proposed in Europe, we are unable to say.

As the scheme may appear, it is scarcely more so, than many of the bubble speculations which, under more specious names, have already found numerous and willing dupes.

The "above novel speculation," is a "disparaging satire on the American annexation notions, and their very lax rules for the interpretation of de facto governments."

TUGS FOR RIVER ST. LAWRENCE.

We had yesterday the privilege of inspecting two very fine vessels, built by Messrs. Robert Napier and Sons, and at present lying in their dock at Lancefield. They are tugs which were contracted for by Mr. Baby of Quebec on the part of the provincial Government of Canada, and are intended to be used for towing vessels engaged in the Canadian trade from the Island of Anticosti up to Quebec.

[Captains Davison and McKay are natives of Pictou. The former was last year in command of the Canadian steamer Doris, and both are well known as skilful and energetic seamen.—ED. CHRON.]

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—We learn by telegraph from Digby, that a young woman named Pappon, in Lower Granville, on Monday last, while assisting her husband stowing hay, fell from the mow upon the pitchfork in his hand, which penetrated her heart—causing instant death!

NEWFOUNDLAND.—By the arrival of the R. M. Steamer Ospray, we have St. John's dates to the 23d July. A fearful gale took place on the 2d July along the coast of Newfoundland. At Placentia Bay, 10 boats, 1 schooner, and 9 cod seines are reported lost.

A fire broke out in St. John's on the evening of the 15th July, on the east side of Garrison Hill, which proved of a very destructive character before it was subdued. About twenty houses were consumed. Among the names of those burnt out are mentioned Kellond, Burk Green, Capt Forward Mrs Knight, Hughes, Colton.

The prospects of the Fisheries through out the Island are stated to be anything but encouraging; but, at the date of the latest accounts, they were improving in the vicinity of St. John's.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

Wednesday, August 13, 1856.

The British and American Commissioners appointed by their respective governments under and by virtue of the late treaty respecting the right of fishing on the coasts of America have been some time in the Island, and are in the course of visiting all parts of it whenever their interference is necessary, for the purpose of pointing out the limits of the fishing grounds common to the subjects of both nations.

Nor would this be all; there are farmers in large numbers near to the coasts, who from sheer want of space are compelled to go into the interior in search of farms, much to their mortification, for to men brought up within hearing of the noise of the waves of the ocean, nothing is more distressing than to have to reside in a country at a distance from it.

There is a fascination about the sea that is felt most, when we are, or are about to be deprived of the sight of it, and the pleasures, gratifications and comforts that a proximity to it affords. Let these men know from information that they can rely upon, that farms of a far better description of soil and at a much cheaper rate, can be had in Prince Edward Island, where, when once there, they will be within an hour or two sailing or rowing of good fishing-grounds and to which they and their families, furniture and household gear may be carried by water by a voyage of a week at most, instead of a long and tiresome journey to the far west, and depend upon it many will be glad to come.

THE BELFAST TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The monthly meeting of the above association was held in the Pinette School House, on Saturday the 26th July. Present—A. Beaton, A. McEachern, A. McDonald, D. McLeod, J. Morrison, J. Power, K. McKenzie, H. Campbell, and J. McMillan, Esq.

The City and its vicinity was visited by a very severe than for storm accompanied with hail and rain of the heaviest description, beginning about 8 o'clock, and continuing with some intervals until between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning.

The Bank of P. E. Island we are happy to perceive by the advertisement in this day's paper, has commenced operation.

FIRE INCENDIARISM.—Between Saturday night and Sunday morning last, Aug. 10th, the house, barn, bed and bedding, clothes, furniture and farming utensils, belonging to James Conway, (blind), of the West River, near Crosby's Mills Lot 30, was consumed by fire—during the absence of the family which resides on the Tryon Road. It is suspected to be the work of an incendiary, the public are respectfully solicited to aid him in getting up another house.

ENIGMA.

I am composed of 19 letters. My 17, 6, 11, 2, 5, is a geometrical term. My 7, 18, 10, 8, is one of the asteroids. My 8, 17, 4, 13, 12, is one of the planets. My 1, 3, 4, 7, 19, imparts motion. My 14, 9, 5, 4, 13, 10, 17, is a property of matter.

Married.

At the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. James Allen, Curate, Mr. ALEXANDER ROBERTSON, of Bonshaw, West River, to Miss ANN MILLAR, eldest daughter of James Millar, Esq. Five Mile House, St. Peter's Road.

Died.

At the North River, on the 8th instant, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with patience and resignation, Mrs. Elizabeth Malone, aged 67, much and deservedly regretted by her friends and acquaintances.

Port of Charlottetown.

Aug. 6—Mayflower, Parry, Pugwash; limestone. 8—Lively Lass, Pictou; coal. 11—Ornament, Aylard, Sydney, coal, feathers &c. 12—Unicorn, Gallant, Shediac; deals. Aurora, Hume, Bathurst; Limestone. 13—Bee, Oulton, Bay Verte; deal.

Auction.

TO BE SOLD, at 11 o'clock on FRIDAY morning next, the 15th instant, at Auction, a good sized

Lighter.

now lying off Douso's wharf. For further particulars apply to

BENJ. DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Regatta.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Prizes will be awarded, to be contended for between row boats manned by men belonging to H. M. S. Arab:—First prize £4; second do £2. No second prize, unless three contestants. The race to come off 12 o'clock on Wednesday, the 29th instant. Resolved, That the time for entrance be extended until Saturday night, the 16th instant. By order of the President, BENJAMIN DAVIES, Sec'y.

Shingles, Lumber, &c.

PINE BOARDS, (a good article), Spruce Boards, Deals, Scantling, Studing, Joister Posts, Laths, Birch Plank. SHINGLES, (Fine, Cedar and Fir). 100 pair WINDOW SASHES, (8, 10 & 12). JAMES N. HARRIS. August 11, 1856.

Wanted to Purchase.

OATS, OATMEAL, BUTTER, LARD, Machera, Cod Oil, Cod Liver Oil. JAMES N. HARRIS. August 11, 1856.

Feathers! Feather Beds!

JUST ARRIVED, per Ship: Ostrich and other Feathers, and quality. JAMES N. HARRIS. August 11, 1856.

TO LET. THREE or four Rooms in a respectable part of the city, suitable for a genteel family. Enquire at the office of this paper. Aug. 13, 1856.

Furniture, Furniture. PERSONS desirous of purchasing, will please call and see the Subscriber's Furniture Rooms—a useful and good assortment. JAMES N. HARRIS. August 11, 1856.—31

Bank of P. E. Island. THE Bank of Prince Edward Island, is now open for the transaction of business, at the office in the Dwelling house of Wm. H. Pope, Esq. Grafton Street. Hours from 10 to 3. Discount days—Monday and Thursday in each week. Wm. CUNDALL, Cashier. Charlottetown, 13th August, 1856. R Gaz.

By the Mayor. CIVIC ELECTION! IN Pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the Eighteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intitled "An Act to incorporate the Town of Charlottetown," I do hereby give public NOTICE that an Election for

ONE COUNCILLOR For WARD NUMBER TWO (2) in the said City, in the stead and place of JOHN COLL MCDONALD, Esquire, resigned, will be held on THURSDAY the 31st day of this present month, (AUGUST), in the said Ward at the Fire Engine House, fronting on Great George Street; and that at the said Election the poll will be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and continue open until five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, unless sooner closed by Proclamation according to law.

WARD NUMBER TWO Comprises all that part of Charlottetown which lies South of Richmond Street, and North of Dorechester Street. ROBERT HUTCHINSON, Mayor. Mayor's Office, August 11, 1856. All the papers

By Authority of the City Council. THE CIVIC ELECTIONS for the ensuing year came off on Tuesday, 5th August, 1856 as follows:—

MAYOR: Robert Hutchinson, Esq. 328—majority 58—re-elected. JOHN C. BINNS, Esq. 275 WARD. COUNCILLORS: No. 1, John Rigg, Esq. 73—majority 21 No. 2, Wm. Morrison, Esq. 52 No. 3, Don. McIsaac, Esq. 51—majority 20, re-elected No. 4, Henry Hazard, Esq. 51 No. 5, Silas Barnard, Esq. 50—majority 37, re-elected No. 6, Bertram Moore, Esq. 21 No. 7, Neil Rankin, Esq. 118—majority 37. No. 8, Wm. Lobban, Esq. 51 No. 9, H. B. Smith, Esq. 55—majority 5. T. B. Tremaine, Esq. 50. W. B. WELLNER, City Clerk. Charlottetown, August 7, 1856.

Victoria Cloth and Carding Mill. THE Subscriber begs to return his sincere thanks to the public generally, for the very liberal support given to the above mills, for the last five years, and would intimate that he is now prepared to take in Cloth and Wool, and return the same with despatch. The above Mills having undergone a thorough repair, parties may depend on having justice done to anything they may please to forward. JOHN HENDERSON, Brackley Point Road. Agent, Messrs. Beer & Son, Charlottetown. August 13, 1856.

SELLING OFF! MESSRS. D. & G. DAVIES respectfully announce to their customers and the public, their intention of SELLING OFF their large STOCK OF GOODS,

they now hold, preparatory to the receipt of a New Importation, being bought at the present time by the head of the Firm at different Manufacturers in Great Britain. Their Merchandise will be offered at very Reduced Prices, and it comprises almost every article required in the country in the DRY GOODS line, among which are large Stocks of READY-MADE CLOTHING of the latest cuts, suitable for the Season; together with 47 pieces of CARPETING of various patterns, and a small stock of Ironmongery, and 20 TONS BAR IRON. They invite their old customers to come and participate with the community in the advantages which will be derived from the BARGAINS THEY WILL OFFER. The Goods will be ready for sale on Monday next, and they will continue to call at the before named rate for fourteen days. (The terms are cash, and during the above time they will sell for cash only.) Queen Square, August 12, 1856. In

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for AUGUST just received at Hamann & Owen's Book Store.

AUCTION,

BY H. W. LOBBAN. ON THURSDAY the 14th of August next, at 11 o'clock, on the Farm of Mr. ROBERT SAUNDERSON, North River, about 5 miles from the City,—

THE CROP, Comprising about 13 tons Upland HAY, 20 acres OATS, 4 acres POTATOES, 6 do WHEAT, 2 do BARLEY, And a lot of TURNIPS, &c., &c. Terms.—All sums to £5, Cash; from £5 and upwards, a Credit of Three Months will be given on approved Notes of Hand.

Recollect, that THURSDAY, the 14th of August is the Day. City of Ch. Town, Aug. 4, 1856.—Isl.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR Country Dealers & others.

POSITIVE SALE OF DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, COOKING & Franklin Stoves, Boots & Shoes HAY, &c., &c., BY WILLIAM DODD.

ON TUESDAY the 24 day of SEPTEMBER, at 11 o'clock, at the Subscriber's BRICK STORE Pownall Street, and to be continued from day to day till the whole is disposed of, the whole of his present STOCK IN TRADE, without the least reserve—consisting in part of—

White and grey Cottons, striped Shirtings, Gingham, Bedticks, black, brown and blue broad-cloths, Doekins and Tweeds, satinetts, printed cottons, Threads, gloves, hosiery, hats & caps in great variety, umbrellas, India rubber coats.

TEA, Soap, Candles, Indigo, Burning Fluid, buckets and brooms, starch, pepper, alspice, 20-hour and 8-day clocks, looking glasses, glass and earthenware, lanterns, cast steel axes, scythes and sheaths, rakes, grain cradles, hay and mow forks, horse nails, eye woods, coppernails, salt petre, Epsom salts, boxes 2x16, 10x12 and 12x14 window glass, putty, kegs white lead, boiled and raw oil, mercuric, rim, pad and trunk Locks, brass taps, gimblets, shingle and bench Axes, rulers, squares, hammers, with a variety of CARPENTERS' TOOLS.

Better and soda crackers, dozens of wood and enameled chairs, arm chairs, office do., rocking do. in variety, 2 dozen bedsteads, (assorted patterns) horse brushes, white wash do., hair do., clothes do., manors' riddles and trowels. Cooking Stoves in variety,

consisting of Governors, Forest Queens, Red Jackets, Improved Nationals, Black Diamonds, Moving Stars, with an endless variety of other Stoves.

Also, 500 pairs Boots and shoes, one bale HOPS, with a variety of other articles.

—LIKEWISE— 1 light GIG, 1 CART, 1 Sleigh, 20 tons superior HAY. All sums from £20 to £50, 4 months. £50, six months. THOMAS DODD. June 12, 1856.

Farm Stock, Crop, Implements, & Household Furniture,

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of August, at 11 o'clock, at GARVIE'S, (formerly Mrs. Widger's,) 10 miles from the City, on the Tryon Road, the whole of his

Stock, Crop, Farming Implements and Household Furniture,

Consisting of French and Tent Bedsteads with Curtains, Down and Feather BEDS, Bolsters and Pillows, Wash-stands, Dressing Tables, Sofa, Chairs and Tables, an elegant Chest Drawers, Eight Day Clock, Carpets, Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, 1 very handsome set China, 1 common do. Glass and Earthenware, Books, Spinning Wheel and Reel, &c., new Cooking Stove, 2 Franklin Stoves, 1 Close do., Kitchen Utensils, &c.

STOCK. 1 MARE, 4 years old, 1 Magdalen Island PONY, 3 Milch COWS, 6 years old, 1 Year Old Heifer, 1 Ram, 3 Sheep, 2 Lambs, 4 Large PIGS, Poultry, &c.

IMPLEMENTS. 1 Plough, Harrows, Market Cart, Jaunting and Wood Sleighs, Harness, Hay and Mow Forks, Spades, Shovels, Rakes, &c.

Also—The STANDING CROP, consisting of 4 Stacks Hay, 4 Acres of Canada Wheat, 18 Acres black OATS, 2 Acres Potatoes, Turnips & Buckwheat. All sums under £5 cash; over that sum 4 months on approved Notes.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer. August 9, 1856.

A GARD. HAMMOND JOHNSON, M. D.

May be consulted at the Dispensary, 121 St. John's Street, at 11 o'clock, on the 17th.

STANDING CROP.

WHEAT, OATS, POTATOES, HAY, TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, the 18th instant, at "DUNBAR" the Farm of Captain McIntosh, about two miles from the City, on the Malpeque Road, the whole of his STANDING CROP, consisting of

24 acres Golden Straw WHEAT, 13 do. very fine black OATS, 2 do. do. cap POTATOES, A quantity of Early Potatoes in the Garden.

Also—About 10 Tons very fine HAY, in barrack. The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Terms of Sale—Purchasers to the amount of £5 and upwards a credit of 4 months will be given, on good and approved joint notes of hand. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer. Charlottetown, August 8th, 1856.

THE Count Allison Wesleyan Academy.

REV. M. RICHEY, DD., President of the Board of Trustees. REV. W. TEMPLE, Secretary. REV. E. FICKARD, DD., Governor and Chaplain. REV. H. EVKARD, A. M., Principal. CHAS. F. ALLISON, Esq., Treasurer.

THE first Term of the next Academic Year is to commence on THURSDAY, the 14th of August, and the second on the 20th of November.

The Institution will continue to be conducted upon the same principles as heretofore. Everything possible will be done to promote the safety, comfort and improvement of the Students. The exertions of the honored Founder, and of the Trustees and Officers, to extend the blessings of a sound religion, but not sectarian Education, have been, to a most encouraging extent, successful. During the last Academic Year, not less than two hundred and fifty Students gathered from families of almost every Christian denomination, and from all the various parts of these Provinces, were connected with the two branches of the Institution. Within the last twelve months, nearly two thousand pounds have been expended in still further improving the buildings, and otherwise increasing the Educational facilities afforded in the two establishments.

The Boards of Instruction include twelve Professors and Teachers, all suitably qualified for their respective departments.

Notice is, therefore, respectfully but confidently given, that a thorough Academic Training may be here obtained, by Youth of either sex, under the most favorable circumstances, and upon the most advantageous terms.

The charges for Board, &c., and Tuition in the Primary Department, is £25 N. B. C., for the Academic Year—25 Gs. 6d. being payable in advance at the beginning of each Term. All communications respecting the Male Branch should be addressed to the Principal; those concerning the Female Branch, to the Governor and Chaplain. 21 (July 23, 1856)

TO LET.

ONE half of that beautiful Brick house the property of Mr. George Foster, situated on the south side of Kent Street, and nearly opposite the residence of the Hon. George Coles; for particulars apply to the Subscriber. JAMES J. DEVAN. Charlottetown, July 16th, 1856.

SPRING SUPPLIES.

HASZARD & OWEN, have received ex Ellen from Liverpool, part of their Spring supplies, among which will be found Post, Foolscap, and Pott paper, of every description and quality. Ruled Papers from Note size to Demy. Ledgers, Day and Account Books of every variety. Bill Books—receivable and payable, Penn, Penholders, Blacklead, and slate pencils—a large stock. Envelopes, Cloth lined, official and other sizes Wrapping paper, Brown, and Gray of all sizes.

JOHN BOYER respectfully informs those Ladies and Gentlemen who may wish to partake of his Cool and refreshing Summer drinks, that he has appropriated a large and well ventilated room for their accommodation. Entrance Hall door, Corner Queen Street, July 9.

Carding Machines, &c.

THE Subscribers offer for Sale Carding Machines, Machine Cards, Crank Plates, Cleaners, Wool Pickers, Power Treadmill Machinery on a new construction. Orders punctually attended to. Address John Morris & Son, Seckville, County of Westmeath New Brunswick, or David Stewart, Cash. Charlottetown, July 18, 1856. 1751

TO CAPITALISTS.

WANTED to borrow by the Charlottetown, Gas Light Company upon transferable Debentures the sum of £1000 at 6 per cent per annum, for three or any greater number of years, the Debentures not to be less than fifty pounds each. Persons wishing to purchase one or any greater number, can obtain the same with any particulars they may desire, upon making a written application to me at the Gas Company's Office, 121 St. John's Street, at 11 o'clock, on the 17th. Wm. HARRIS, Manager.

AYER'S Cathartic Pills, (SUGAR COATED.)

CHANGE THE BLOOD AND CURE THE SICK. Invalids, Fathers, Mothers, Physicians, Philanthropists, read their Effects, and Judge of their Virtues.

FOR THE CURE OF Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Indigestion, Bilious Disorders, &c.

Dr. J. C. AYER, Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once. If they will cure others as they do me, the fact is worth knowing.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. FRIELE, Clerk of Superior Court.

Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, WASHINGTON, D. C., 7 Feb. 1856.

Sir: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot but testify to their being the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them.

Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Cholera, and Worms. Four Ounces, HARRISON, Liv. Co., Mass., Nov. 14, 1855.

Dr. AYER: Your Pills are the perfection of medicine. They have done my wife more good than I can tell you. She had been sick and pining away for months. Went off to be doctored at great expense, but got no better. She then commenced taking your Pills, which soon cured her, by expelling large quantities of worms (dead) from her body.

They afterwards cured her and our two children of bloody dysentery. One of our neighbors had a child who was cured in two doses of your Pills, while others around us paid from five to twenty dollars doctors' bills, and lost much time, without being cured entirely even then. Such a medicine as yours, which is actually good and honest, will be prized here.

Dr. J. GRIFFIN, Postmaster.

Indigestion and Impurity of the Blood. From Rev. J. F. Allen, Pastor of the Methodist Church, Boston.

Dr. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HINNEB.

WARRAW, WYOMING Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

Dear Sir: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountain of the blood.

JOHN G. BRADSHAW, M. D.

Erysipelas, Scrofula, King's Evil, Tetters, Tumors, and Salt Rheum. From a Newspaper, Worcester, Mass., Feb. 4, 1856.

Dr. AYER: Your Pills are the purgative of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of a serious case upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGENTHAU.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Gout. From the Rev. Dr. Henshaw, of the Methodist Ep. Church. PLYMOUTH, VERMONT, Jan. 6, 1856.

Honorable Sir: I should be ungrateful for the relief your pills has brought me if I did not report my case to you. I was afflicted in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgia pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Henshaw, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them I am now entirely well.

REYNOLDS, BOSTON, Nov. 10, 1855.

Dr. AYER: I have been entirely cured by your Pills of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.

VINCENT BLIDELL.

For Dropsy, Plethora, or kindred Complaints, requiring an active purge, they are an excellent remedy.

For Costiveness or Constipation, and as a Dinner Pill, they are agreeable and effectual.

Piles, Suppression, Paralysis, Inflammation, and even Deafness, and Partial Blindness, have been cured by the alterative action of these Pills.

Most of the pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, INFLAMMATION OF THE THROAT, AND FOR THE RAPID CURE OF CONSUMPTIVE PATIENTS IN advanced stages of the disease.

We need not speak to the public of its virtues. Throughout every town, and almost every hamlet of the American States, its wonderful cures of pulmonary complaints have made it already known. Nay, few are the families in any civilized country on this continent without some personal experience of its effects; and fewer yet the communities any where which have not among them some living trophy of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disease of the throat and lungs.

While it is the most powerful and safe yet known to man for the formidable and dangerous disease of the pulmonary organs, it is also the pleasantest and safest remedy that can be employed for infants and young persons. Parents should have it in store against the likelihood of their children being thus exposed. We have abundant grounds to believe the Cherry Pectoral saves more lives by the consumption it prevents than those it cures. Keep it by you, and cure your colds while they are curable, and protect them until no human skill can master the insupportable cancer that festers on the vitals, and your life away.

All know the dreadful facility of lung diseases, and as they know too the victims of this disease, we need not do more than to assure them it is still made the best it can be. We spare no cost, no care, no toil to produce it the most perfect possible, and thus assure those who rely on it the best agent which our skill can furnish for their cure.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass. AND SOLD BY T. DEBBRISAY & Co., General Agents.

And by McLEMBEL OWEN, Georgetown; EDWARDS GOFF, Grand River; EDWARDS NEWMAN, St. Peter's Bay; J. J. FRASER, St. Elizabeth's; GEORGE WICKHAM, Grand Falls; JAS. L. HOSKINS, St. Elizabeth; and JAMES FIDONIS, New London.

A STORY OF ENGLISH LAW
(Continued)

CHAPTER III.

The letter Stuart had opened in Mrs Herbert's presence was speedily followed by several others, to none of which he thought it expedient to make any reply. But after a short interval came one to which he felt disposed to pay attention. It was an offer from the wretched woman who had worked him so much, to the effect that she would, on the receipt of a certain sum of money, at once emigrate to America, whither some of her friends were shortly to sail. Stuart was more than willing to acquiesce in this arrangement, and speedily signified his consent. With the Atlantic between them, his spirit might feel lightened of some part of its burden: he could walk freely through the world without fearing at every step that the cause and evidence of his infamy—so he called it—would start up and shame him. Her departure made no change in his position; yet, when the vessel which contained her quitted the shores of England, George Stuart felt himself a happier man.

Six weeks afterwards, he was startled by the intelligence that that ship was lost. It is not in human nature not to rejoice at deliverance, no matter how effected, and Stuart may be forgiven, if his strong feeling for that disaster was one of thankfulness. In the list of passengers lost was that one name. Mr. Morgan made no scruple of expressing his satisfaction, and noted with excessive pleasure, that though as quiet in his manner as ever, the relaxed lip and softened eye of Stuart betrayed far more than his words confessed.

Both, however, knew that a possibility of mistake existed. The list of persons saved might have been incomplete, others of the missing passengers might turn up elsewhere. For some months Stuart waited, if not in expectation, yet in readiness, for evidence contradictory of the report; and, not content with waiting only, he caused careful inquiries to be made in every accessible quarter, nor till these proved fruitless did he venture to believe himself free. Is he to be blamed, if in those months his thoughts sometimes reverted to, and dwelt upon her whom he loved, and who, he well knew, loved him! His love now was very different from the impetuous, ungovernable feeling of his boyhood. Experience, sharp and bitter, had taught him how to curb the torrent, and in the furnace of affliction many passions had been sorely tried. But neither experience nor affliction can annihilate those passions in a noble mind; and though strangely altered and subdued, the gustings of his heart were stronger now than ever. He was no longer a boy, but he had found that of which his boyhood had been disappointed—a pure and gentle spirit to sympathize with his.

As months wore on, and Stuart grew satisfied of his own safety, it is no wonder that he relaxed somewhat in his strict self-government, and every man knows, or ought to know, that when this is the case, a crisis is not far off. The crisis came, and Catherine Herbert listened to the strange story of his life, ere he would permit her to answer the avowal by which it had been prefaced. But it was soon answered afterwards; and Catherine felt that, if possible, she loved him better now for that very silence which had previously so much distressed her.

My tale is not ended, but I must hasten towards its close. This will bring me to a period more than a year after the loss of the emigrant-ship *Ashbourne*, and a very few weeks after Catherine Herbert had given her hand to Stuart.

It was morning, and Stuart was preparing to go out, when he was informed that some person wished to see him immediately. Ordering the applicant to be shown into his study, he presently repaired thither himself.

How little do we know what lies before us! Stuart walked into the room carelessly drawing on his gloves, and thinking so little of his visitor that he had closed the door and taken two steps forward ere he perceived who was there. Then he stood still. Speechless, motionless, while his heart leaped with a terrible agony, he gazed upon her whom he a moment before believed that the waters had engulfed! He asked no questions—he wished for no explanations—it was enough that she was there. No explanation could do away with the fact of her existence—her living, moving presence on that earth which held him and his wife!

His wife! Who was she! To whom did the title belong? To her who long ago had forfeited her right to bear it, and had covered herself and him with dishonour! Yes, in the eye of the law that creature was still his wife. And she, the pure and irreproachable being, the very impersonation of true conjugal widowhood, who had lately cast in her lot with him—what was she!

'Good-morning,' said the visitor, perceiving that Stuart did not seem likely to break the silence. 'I don't wonder you are surprised to see me; for I dream you heard of the wreck! Stuart said "Yes" calmly—it was the calmness of desperation; the cup of trembling seemed full for him.

'The fact is, I was picked up by an American vessel the morning after the wreck. I had taken a "life preserving cap" with me, and it kept me afloat beautifully. Capital things those life-preservers, are they not?'

The easy nonchalance of the speaker was not without its effect upon Stuart. Sometimes like indignation empowered him to ask: 'Why have you been so long in discovering the truth to me?'

'About my being alive, you mean! Oh, how could I! The ship that took me up was not coming to England. We went to some place in South America, and then, after a while, back to New York.'

'You might have written.'

'Well, I never thought of that; or if I did, you know you made me promise not to write to you again.'

'You promised also that I should never see you again.'

'Yes—the reply was accompanied by a spiteful laugh—but then I wasn't expecting to be wrecked. Shipwrecks are sad things for upsetting arrangements.'

'Why did you not stay in America?'

'The idea! When every one of my friends was drowned!—Good morning, ma'am—how do you do?'

Catherine, believing that Stuart was gone to the office, had come in search of some trifle which had been mislaid, and opened the study-door before she was aware of the room being occupied. The word 'shipwrecks' caught her ear, and a horrible suspicion darted through her mind. It was speedily confirmed, for, as Stuart hastily turning, when the stranger greeted her, would have hurried her from the place, his tormentor exclaimed, with the same levity as before: 'So, then, this is the mistress in my husband's house!'

Stuart tried to lead Catherine away, but she was fainting on his shoulder. He lifted her up, and carried her to her room. Presently he returned. 'Why are you here!—what do you seek?' he asked in a voice husky though unbroken.

It was money that was wanted, and obtained. 'Go now,' said Stuart, 'and come to this house no more. At the office you may see or hear from me, but here it is not safe for you to come.'

The dark, almost fierce glitter of his eyes seemed to startle his auditor. She took the money silently, and departed at once. George wrote a couple of lines to Mr. Morgan, begging him to come immediately, and then returned to the room where Catherine still lay helpless. The sudden shock had completely unsettled her nervous system; and the doctor, who had been hastily summoned, said gravely that she must be kept quiet. Quiet she certainly might be, so far as the body was concerned, but it would perhaps have been better for her if the fainting-fits which continually returned upon her had been more profound or of longer duration. As it was, the intervals of consciousness served to remind her that some dreadful event, she scarcely knew what, had occurred, and that its consequences were still impending. It is well known, that this kind of consciousness is very dangerous to persons of delicate organisation: before the night closed in, 'Mrs Stuart' was pronounced to be suffering from brain-fever.

Who can describe the agony of him who bent over her couch listening to her wanderings, and feeling that this was his work! Oh, how deeply he regretted the weakness which had permitted him to accept the love she gave!—how he reproached the frenzied rashness of his youth!—how, in the bitterness of his spirit he cursed the iniquitous law which, while offering deliverance to the wealthy, condemned him to this everlasting bondage of shame! In vain, in vain! She for whom he would gladly have given his own life, was dying before his eyes, the victim of his errors! Yet, was it so! Was he indeed to blame! Partly—not all. Again, with the fierce wrath of a revenged, deeply injured man, he execrated that mockery of justice, that solemn puppetry which only gold can set in motion—the English law of divorce.

Mr. Morgan had been with Stuart more than once or twice, but could do little to quiet the tumult of his feelings. Several days had passed ere he began to speak decisively of what he thought advisable.

'Everything must be risked now, George,' said the kind old man. 'Money must be had, and I will undertake to say that it shall be.'

'My kind, good friend!' said Stuart sadly; 'but it is too late.'

'I confess we shall be under several disadvantages; but I do not despair, nor must you.' Again the other murmured: 'It is too late!' and Mr. Morgan took his leave.

George slowly sought the chamber, from which he could scarcely bear to be absent, though it agonized him to be there.

'The fever has abated,' whispered the doctor whom he met on the stairs.

'Will she recover?'

'The doctor paused. "Unless she is too weak to rally," and he passed on.'

With a noiseless step Stuart approached the bedside. Catherine lay quite still, with her eyes partly open. Presently her lips moved,

and it was his own name they formed, but scarcely uttered. As he bent down, and lightly kissed her forehead, a faint smile played over her lips. 'George, dearest,' again she murmured, and with a sudden effort she threw her right arm around his neck.

That effort was the last: in another moment the arm relaxed its hold, the last faint breath escaped, and the lips pressed with his were those of a corpse.

There is no stone by Catherine's grave, but Stuart knows it well; and sometimes when the streets are quite still, when the moon is down, and only the stars glimmer faintly on the tombstones, he wanders among the graves, and perhaps pauses a minute beside one undistinguished hillock—sometimes, but not often; for to nourish and indulge such grief as his would be madness, and he is no repining, melancholic man. The proud spirit is wrong, the strong heart nearly broken, but his burden of bitter memories is borne calmly; the duties of the dull present are performed uncomplainingly, and what he suffers, he suffers in silence.

NOT AT HOME.—We have had the Englishwoman in Russia. The Englishwoman in Thibet. The Englishwoman in America, and the Englishwoman in almost every hole and corner of the globe. If our beautiful countrywomen carry out this mania for travelling much further, the greatest novelty our publishers could give us will be—The Englishwoman in England.—Punch.

BURYING AN ATTORNEY.—An attorney in London dying exceedingly poor, a shilling subscription was set on foot to pay the expenses of his funeral. Most of the attorneys and barristers having subscribed, one of them applied to Toler, afterwards Lord Chief Justice North, expressing a hope that he would also subscribe his shilling. "Only a shilling?" said Toler, "only a shilling to bury an attorney! Here is a guinea; go, bury one and twenty of them."

TOM MOORE'S POLITICS.—The subjoined lively epigram was published in Dublin at the time that the representation of Limerick was offered to Moore:

When Limerick, in idle whim,
Moore as her member lately courted,
"The boys," for form's sake, asked of him
To state what party he supported;
When thus his answer promptly ran,
(Now give the wit his meed of glory,) "I'm of no party as a man,
But, as a poet, am-a-tory."

'I never complained of my condition but once,' said an old man, "when my feet were bare and I had no money to buy shoes; but I met a man without feet and I became contented."

DID YOU EVER observe the change that is gradually made in the style of our cravats as we grow in years? Up to the age of ten our necks are left at liberty. As far as eighteen, the cravat is a matter of utility. From twenty to twenty-five it is an article of taste; at thirty, it is a matter of study; at forty it is a matter of art. Having passed this age, our pretensions to elegance have become extinct, our cravat does as it likes; we take no heed of it, and it becomes a kind of bag in which we bury the chin, the mouth, and sometimes the end of the nose.

A SCOTCH LOVER.—A Morayshire farmer recently sent the following message to the "lady of his love":—"Tell her," he said, "that gin she doesn't ha'e me, I winna kill myself, but Ill pine awa'!"

Horne Tooke ridiculed the practice of sea bathing, and said, if any one of the seal species were sick, it would be just as wide for a fish-physician to order him to go on shore. Persons declared that sea-bathing was only reckoned healthy because many persons have been known to survive it; but Sheridan's objection to salt water was the most quaint—"Pickles," said he, "don't agree with me."

CONSCIENCE.—Looking over other people's affairs, and overlooking our own.

'Vice stings us even in our pleasures, but virtue consoles us even in our pains. All that is truly good and beautiful in life blooms around the altar of domestic love. A good daughter is the morning sunlight and evening star of her parents' house.'

A. M. MORAY, NOTARY PUBLIC, GENERAL WILLIAMS, writing recently to some Halifax friends, says his important duties in England will prevent his visiting this continent until next year.

TO BE SOLD.

THE Farm at present in the occupation of Mr. Andrew Smith, at the Cross Roads, Belfast. For particulars apply at the office of T. HEATH HAVILAND, Esq. Barrister at Law. Charlottetown, April 25th, 1856.

"ALBION HOUSE,"
STREETLY & COUCHMAN

DEG respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Charlottetown and its vicinity, that they have taken the store lately occupied by MR. NEIL RANKIN, and have opened it under the above title with a magnificent and

MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK
OF DRY GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

This stock having been purchased with great advantages, for taste, variety, quality, and cheapness, cannot be surpassed by that of any House in the Island. It would be impossible in the limits of an advertisement to particularise, but on inspection it will be found to contain everything, that is supplied by the most extensive houses in the first Cities of B. N. America, from the minutest article in Haberdashery, to those of the more costly character in

Dresses, Silks, Shawls, Mantles, &c.

In making this announcement, we trust the public will encourage us in this undertaking, and we pledge ourselves to carry on this business in a spirit of liberality, and continue to offer to purchasers advantages which will, we have no doubt, be appreciated.

STREETLY & COUCHMAN.

Charlottetown, May, 17, 1856.

A MARVELLOUS REMEDY!
FOR A MARVELLOUS AGE!



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

THE GRAND EXTERNAL REMEDY.

By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these, this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part. Diseases of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthma, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows, that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that cannot be reached by other means.

ERYSIPELAS, RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC HUMOURS.

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of diseases of the skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. Scurvy, Sore Heads, Scrofula, or Erysipelas, cannot long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health.

SORE LEGS, SORE BREASTS, WOUNDS & ULCERS.

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment, when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swellings, and tumours. Professor Holloway has dispatched to the East, large shipments of this Ointment, to be used in the worst cases of wounds. It will cure any ulcer, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years' standing.

FILES AND FISULAS.

These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured, if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Bad Legs | Cancers | Sore-throats |
| Bad Breasts | Contracted and Stiff Joints | Shingles |
| Burns | Elephantiasis | Scurvy |
| Bunions | Fistulas | Sore-heads |
| Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand Flies | Gout | Sore-eyes |
| Cold in the Head | Glandular swellings | Stomach Disorders |
| Chilblains | Hemorrhoids | Ulcers |
| Chopped Hands | Rheumatism | Wounds |
| | Scalds | Yaws |

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 264, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London. See 55, Maiden Lane, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:—at 1s 3d; 2s 6d; and 5s each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size. DIRECTIONS for the use of the Ointment are affixed to each Pot.