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The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JUNE 9 1921

MEMBER OF
CANADIAN WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS
ASSOCIATION

Whole No. 2574.

PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I will offer for sale by public auction on Saturday, June 11, 1921, on lot 3, con. 5, Mosa, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the contract to construct the Wm. Munro's drain.
J. D. McNAUGHTON, Com.
Dated 3rd June, 1921.

U. F. O. PICNIC, STRATHROY, JULY 1

One-mile relay race, \$150, divided \$50, \$40, \$30, \$20, \$10. Four men to a team; each and every man must be bona fide resident of municipality he represents. No entry fee. Entries positively close June 15. Open to McGillivray, East and West Williams, Lobo, Adelaide, Carradoc, Metcalfe, Delaware, Ekfrid, Mosa, Glencoe, Newbury, Wardville, Ailsa Craig, Parkhill and Strathroy. For further information apply to:
HAROLD CURRIE, Sec.,
R. R. No. 7, Strathroy.

DR. H. C. BAYNE DENTIST

Office now open above Parnall Store, Newbury

HELP WANTED

Wanted—A local representative at Glencoe to represent "The Old Reliable Pothill Nurseries" and cover surrounding territory. A splendid opening for a reliable man. Exclusive territory.
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Fridays, Dr. Wilson's office
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FARM FOR SALE

Old Clanshan homestead for sale; 119 acres; lot 1, range 3 south of Longwoods road, township of Mosa; 5 miles from Glencoe; fairly good buildings; 40 acres of hardwood bush; best of soil; lots of spring water; mile and a half from church and school. Apply to Neil McKellar, Glencoe.

YELLOW EYES

We have some choice improved Yellow Eye Seed Beans, small variety. These beans went 38 bushels per acre last year.
J. A. McANDRESS, West Lorne.

BULL FOR SERVICE

Choice registered Shorthorn Bull, Rosewood Baron, 12448, roan.
D. A. COULTHARD & SON
Route 1, Glencoe; phone 609 r 11

GLENCOE LODGE, No. 133, meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—J. A. Jones, N.G.; H. J. Jamieson, R.S.

Great War Veterans' Association of Canada (Incorporated)

Glencoe Branch meets 1st Friday each month at 7 p.m. in I.O.O.F. rooms, Main St. All Veterans Welcome.—W. B. Mulligan, President; J. Tait, Sec.-Treas.

INSURANCE

The Ontario Farmers' Weather Insurance Mutual Co., Grand Valley, and the Great West Life Insurance Co.—Mac M. McAlpine, agent, Glencoe, Ont.; Box 41.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

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H. J. JAMIESON
District Manager of
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Also the leading Companies in Fire and Automobile at low rates.
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Phone day 23, night 100

Gifts for the June Bride

Hand painted China Pieces, 50c to \$10.00.
Silverware Pieces, \$1.50 to \$35.00.
Rich Cut Glass Pieces, 75c to \$18.00.
Mantle Clocks, 8-day, gong strike, Mahogany, Oak, Black Enamel, \$7.00 to \$15.50.
Pyrex Ovenware—Pie Plates, Casseroles, etc.—\$1.25 to \$4.50.
We have a complete stock of Old Colony 1847 and Adam Pattern Community Silverware.

C. E. Davidson, Jeweler

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In all lines of Staple Merchandise, including Millinery, Dry Goods and Groceries.

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Spring Millinery now on display.

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THE EDUCATION OF YOUR CHILDREN!

Have you the money with which to do it? Start to save while they are young. Let them commence life knowing you are at the back of them. Savings Accounts are a specialty with

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

G. Dickson, Manager, Glencoe

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Economy

Ford car economy in first cost, in fuel cost, in maintenance cost, makes it the car for the owner of today.

The secret of Ford car economy is the Ford engine, simple and powerful, using a minimum of gas and oil for a maximum of mileage. Ford car sturdiness of construction throughout gives it the endurance which assures economy of maintenance as well as of operation.

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Touring Car, \$675 Runabout, \$610
Coupe, \$1,100 Sedan, \$1,200
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\$100 extra for starter, except on Coupe and Sedan, which are equipped with starter. These prices are f.o.b. at Ford, Ont.

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We have a full stock at present and can fill your requirements. It will pay to buy now.

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Homemade Cream Candy, Nut Fudge, Peanut Crisp, and other lines, made by an expert. Always fresh in stock. Close prices.

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Fresh Eggs, good table Butter and all marketable produce taken at highest price in cash or trade.

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'Exquisite,' WOMEN SAY.

THAT'S the general verdict pronounced when women see our new display for Summer. It's most gratifying to us to be talked about in that fashion. And we believe you'll hold the same opinion once you have seen the new Hats. Every desirable shape, material and color in turbans, toques, tams, sailors, sport effects and elaborate picture Hats is now shown.

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GLENCOE

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Agency for Parker's Dye Works and Pictorial Review Patterns

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Highest prices paid for all kinds of Fowl, live or dressed.
Cash for Eggs, Butter, Hides, Wool. On sale—all kinds of Canned Goods.
Agent for Tanabake for feeding pigs.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

Mrs. E. Barnes of Brooke died suddenly a few days ago in her 82nd year.

The tobacco acreage in Southern Ontario will only be about half of that of last year.

Pay of the average railroad man in the United States will be reduced 12 per cent. on July 1.

Ex-Mayor William Weir, the first white child born in St. Marys, died on May 24. He was born in 1844.

Raids by mosquitoes have forced women on both banks of Desplaines River in Illinois to wear long dresses. It has been the only successful attack on short skirts.

The Board of License Commissioners for the Province of Ontario has issued an order that in future doctors in this province must limit themselves to 50 liquor prescriptions per month.

Officers discovered a large still on the Bisnett farm in Harwich and the outfit seized indicated that operations might have been carried on on an extensive scale. Two persons were arrested, one being a Russian.

Dutton Sons of Scotland have taken steps to provide the village with a park that will be suitable for athletic purposes, as well as for public gatherings. Five acres in the western part of the village have been secured by the society.

Provincial constables are enforcing the law against under-age drivers of motor cars. Several fines have been imposed. If under 16 years of age you must not drive a car. If over 16 and under 18 years, you must have a permit to drive a car, or run the risk of appearing in court.

Ontario will probably go "bone dry" during the week of July 18th. The thirty days which must elapse between the taking of the referendum and the placing of the ban on the importation of liquor into this province expires on July 18, although the Governor-in-Council may not issue the proclamation.

Organic union with the Methodist and Congregational churches was approved by the Presbyterian General Assembly of Canada Tuesday by a vote of 414 to 107. The result was little different from the vote on union taken at the Winnipeg General Assembly in 1916, when the returns were 406 to 90 in favor of union.

A resident of Kitchener was brought before Magistrate Weir charged with maintaining a nuisance in keeping bees. The magistrate decided that he could not find the owner of the bees guilty of maintaining a common nuisance, criminally, but at the same time he considered that the keeping of 28 hives of bees in a residential district was annoying to those who did not keep bees. He dismissed the charge.



J. CLARENCE GREENE,
EVANGELIST.

of Chicago, who is conducting special meetings in the Town Hall, Glencoe.

Mr. Greene will speak on the following subjects:
Wednesday, June 8, at 8.15 p. m.—"The Man of Sin."
Thursday, June 9, at 8.15 p. m.—"Is There a Personal Devil?"
Friday, June 10, at 8.15 p. m.—"Is It Necessary to Contend for Premillarianism?"
Sunday, June 12, at 3 p. m.—"The Mysteries of the Bible," at 8.15 p. m.—"The Question for This Age."

Everybody welcome to these services.

GRAHAM ROAD IMPROVED

Crinan, June 3.—The graveling of the Graham road north has been completed. The work was done under the supervision of John D. McRae, who has had 26 teams hauling gravel from the Webster gravel pit on the Longwoods road. The Graham road is now one of the very best roads in the county of Elgin. The teamsters are now busy drawing gravel on the concession lines, which have been put in first-class shape for the work of graveling. This year statute labor has been abolished, and the township and ward commissioners have the oversight of the roads. So far this spring an effort has been made to have a good roadbed formed and the roads properly drained. Each concession line receives as its share this year from twenty to thirty cords of gravel, which is being drawn from the Nethercott pit on the Graham road.

Stuart D. McIntyre has received word from the post office department at Ottawa of the acceptance of his offer for drawing the mail over R. R. No. 1, Crinan.

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

HOMING PIGEON RACE

The Hamilton Homing Pigeon Club held its second old bird race on May 28th from Glencoe, airline distance being 100 miles. One hundred birds were liberated at the Grand Trunk Railway station here at 11 o'clock by J. Wass, convoyer. The weather was extra fine and a close finish was the result. Local people who witnessed the flight will be interested in a letter received by C. O. Smith, G. T. R. agent here, giving the results of the flight, which was a close one. The winning bird owned by Mr. Hills made the distance in 2 hours, 3 minutes and 22 seconds, and was closely followed by birds owned by T. Richardson and G. Seager.

DEATH OF MRS. J. D. BROWN

The death occurred at her home here on Thursday, June 2, of Catherine Brown, wife of J. D. Brown, in her 53rd year.

Mrs. Brown was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Flinn of Windsor and was born in St. John's, Newfoundland. She leaves her husband and one son, Frank D., and two sisters in Detroit and a sister and brother in Chicago. Mrs. Brown's illness extended over a period of about seven years and was of an anemic nature. Mrs. Brown was a member of the Presbyterian church since childhood.

The funeral service was held at the Presbyterian church on Saturday afternoon, conducted by the pastor, Rev. D. G. Paton. Interment was made at Oakland cemetery.

WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

The sixty-first anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Rothwell Winship of Mosa township was celebrated on May 30th, when a party of 81 relatives and friends gathered at the home and spent a most enjoyable afternoon and evening. The prize for which was won by Mrs. Kelly. The happy aged couple, who are enjoying the best of health, received hearty congratulations and wishes for many more days of felicitous married life. Their family consists of five girls and two boys, namely—James of Mosa; Mrs. Scrimshaw of Woodgreen; Mr. Haggitt of Mosa; Mrs. Hick of Glencoe; Mrs. Bradshaw of Nelson; B. C. Logan of Mosa and Richard. With the exception of the latter, whose present address is unknown, all were at this gathering. Besides the above family, Mr. and Mrs. Winship have 23 grandchildren and 14 great-grandchildren. Those present from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. Martin and Mr. and Mrs. Bourne of Lambeth; Mr. and Mrs. Rothwell Winship and two children of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Winship and son of Jeannette's Creek and Mr. and Mrs. Kelly of Ekfrid Siding.

DR. J. B. MARTYN DIES

Alvinston, June 3.—After a few days' illness from pneumonia, the death occurred here early this morning of Dr. John Barton Martyn, at the age of 53 years.

Dr. Martyn was gold medalist of Trinity Medical College class of 1891. He took an active part in political matters, and was representative for East-Lambton in the Legislature from 1914 to 1919. He was a member of the school board for a number of years and took an active part in local village affairs. He was a prominent Mason, a Past D. G. M. of St. Clair District No. 2, also an active member of Mocha Temple, London. He was a member of the Anglican Church.

He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Jessie Rae, and one daughter, Ella, aged 14, and by three sisters, Mrs. J. L. Luckham of Glencoe, Mrs. Anderson and Miss Martyn of Alvinston.

AUTOMOBILE OVERTURNS

While attempting to pass one of Silverwood's large trucks on the Longwoods road near Melbourne a car driven by John Craig of London ran over the end of a culvert and falling down a seven-foot embankment, overturned in the ditch. While Mr. Craig and a young lady who accompanied him were buried beneath the car, they were not injured in any way. The car was not damaged with the exception of some slight tears in the top and the windshield was broken. Both vehicles were traveling towards Glencoe at the time.

George Marshman, a farmer living close to the scene of the accident, hurried to the spot, and succeeded in rescuing the couple from under the car. Further assistance was called and the car was hauled to the road again.

According to Mr. Marshman the culvert has no railing and Mr. Craig did not notice the culvert when he attempted to pass the truck.

ARGYLE CHURCH JUBILEE

The diamond jubilee of Argyle church, Crinan, will be fittingly celebrated on Sunday and Monday, June 12 and 13. At the Sunday services morning and evening, Rev. S. W. Dyde, M. A., D. D., of Queen's, will preach. Jean Anderson Thirde of Toronto will sing and the choir will be assisted by the Dutton male quartette.

A reunion tea meeting and concert will be held on Monday evening. Scottish songs by Jean Anderson Thirde and other talent and addresses by Major Tolmie, M. P. F., Rev. Dr. Stalker and others.

FUNERAL OF W. G. ROBINSON

Melbourne, June 2.—A large number of people attended the funeral of the late W. G. Robinson yesterday afternoon. The members of the Sunday school of which he had been superintendent for a number of years marched from the house to the church, also the pupils of the public and continuation schools, all bearing flowers. A large number of Odd Fellows from the district also marched in a body to the church, where the services were in charge of Rev. Dr. Brown, assisted by Rev. John Elder, pastor of the Presbyterian church here, also Rev. W. R. Vance, Rev. C. R. Durst, Rev. C. Clarke and Rev. B. Snell, all of whom have been mentioned and lived in this village. Wm. Lewis, superintendent of the Sunday school, sang a solo. After the services the large funeral procession went to Mount Carmel cemetery, where the remains of one of the very best citizens that Melbourne has ever known were laid at rest.

HONORED AT CAMPBELLTON

Campbellton, June 6.—A pleasant evening was spent at the home of Alex. Finlayson on Thursday when a large number of his friends and neighbors gathered to spend a social time with Mr. and Mrs. Finlayson prior to their departure to their new home in Dutton. A good program was given, consisting of selections by the orchestra, solo by Mrs. M. McAlpine, duets by Misses Eva and Jennie McPherson, recitation by Finlay Stewart, and speeches by J. R. Leitch, Donald McMillan and Chas. Shaw. John McPherson occupied the chair. Mr. and Mrs. Finlayson were presented with a handsome library table. A dainty lunch brought the enjoyable evening to a close.

MacLEAN-PARR

A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday, June 1, at 7 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Parr, Melbourne, when their youngest daughter, Margaret Annabell, was married to Neil MacLean, youngest son of Mrs. Mary MacLean and the late John MacLean of Ekfrid. Rev. Maxwell C. Parr of Stratford, brother of the bride, officiated, assisted by Rev. Dr. Brown of Melbourne Methodist church.

The bride, who was given away by her father, looked charming in her gown of white satin trimmed with pearls and carrying a shower bouquet of white and Ophelia roses and plumose fern. The wedding party entered the parlor to the strains of Loehring's Wedding March, played by Miss Mary Parr of Davidson, Mich., cousin of the bride. Miss Fay Muckle of Kingsville, a little niece of the bride, carrying a dainty basket of sweet peas, made a charming flower girl and ring bearer. The ceremony took place under an arch of orange blossoms and the general color scheme of decorations was carried out in pink and white.

After the signing of the register a dainty wedding supper was served. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold wrist watch, to the pianist a necklace and to the flower girl a lock of chain. The young couple were the recipients of many beautiful gifts. Mr. and Mrs. MacLean will spend their honeymoon on a trip up the Great Lakes, and on their return will reside on the groom's farm near Ekfrid.

NEWBURY COMES BACK

A correspondent writes:—On Tuesday night Wardville baseball team journeyed to Newbury and were hopelessly outclassed. Wardville used three pitchers in an endeavor to tame the Newbury team, but to no avail. Creegan, the mighty Wardville hurler, was batted to all corners of the lot. Douglas, who succeeded him, was treated the same. Watterworth, who replaced Douglas, was also batted freely, and had not darkness arrived he would soon have had to be replaced. The final score stood 12 to 4 in favor of Newbury who were still at bat when the game ended on account of darkness. Hendershott pitched for Newbury and was never in trouble. Newbury pulled off two double plays and stole bases whenever they felt like it, but were handicapped through the absence of three of their best men.

"Nothing But the Truth," a real comedy drama, presented by the London dramatic club in the Glencoe opera house Wednesday evening, June 15. Plan of hall at Lumley's drug store. Admission 50c. Don't miss this.

RECRUITS WANTED

for the
26th Battalion
to attend the
Militia Camp at London
commencing Friday, June 10.
Pay \$1.50 and up per day.

Apply immediately to
W. B. Mulligan - Glencoe

The Secret of the Old Chateau

By DAVID WHITELAW.

(Copyrighted)

Synopsis of Previous Chapters.
Vivian Renton and Eddie Haverton, modern soldiers of fortune, have been gambling with Hubert Baxenter, a prosperous attorney, in his London apartments. After their departure late at night Renton returns to the house, murders Baxenter and hides the body on the roof. While waiting for night to come again in order to make his escape, he finds in a desk a curious old yellowed document telling of a mysterious chest left in the care of one of Baxenter's ancestors by a French nobleman, the Marquis de Darigny, of the Chateau Chauville. The chest has been handed down from one generation of Baxenters to another, and carefully guarded in the hope that some day its rightful owner will be found. Renton decides to pose as the missing heir and claim the chest. He goes to France to make some inquiries about the Darigny family. The story of the mysterious chest goes back to the troubled days of the French Revolution and the escape of the Marquis and little granddaughter to England, where the chest and document were given to the Baxenters for safe keeping. Now, more than one hundred years later, Hubert Baxenter's life is found, but the police find no clue. Meanwhile, Renton changes his name to Baptiste Darigny, and visits Canada; then he presents his fictitious claims to Robert Baxenter, new head of the firm, and receives the treasure chest. Robert calls on Stella Benham whose heart is set on making a great success on the stage. She tells him he must wait a year for her answer. Darigny is at first greatly disappointed to find only a paltry thousand pounds in the chest. He is relieved to discover later a large key and a parchment telling where the real treasure is hidden. Giving Baxenter a quaint locket and chain which he found in the chest, Darigny goes to France. By posing as an artist he gains admittance to the Chateau Chauville.

CHAPTER XI.—(Cont'd.)

Vivian carefully oiled the wards of the key from a tiny oil can he took from his pocket, and, after a few attempts, the heavy key turned—grated—there was a rattle of locks. The man stared in wonderment—nothing had happened.
Then his eyes travelled to the fireplace. The large slab that comprised the back of the deep grate had rolled aside, displaying a cavity through which he could, with stooping, crawl. It seemed to yawn invitingly.
He thought rapidly and decided that what was to be done had better be done at once. It would take old Henri at least ten minutes to return, even if he started back at that moment, and Vivian could see that the old man had settled down to his wood-chopping and was hardly likely to leave the job he had put off to watch the sketching. Vivian tip-toed across the hearth and, bending nearly double, passed through the aperture.
A circular chamber, choked with the accumulated dust of ages, perhaps ten feet in diameter and with stone walls which narrowed up, meeting in a small dome about a dozen feet above his head. Vivian told himself that he was in one of the round towers which formed the corners of the chateau. The air was hardly breathable, and it was so cold after the sunshine of the room that Vivian shivered slightly.
He came out again almost immediately into the dining-room and passed out through the French windows into the garden. He called to Henri and waved a farewell, then turned the corner of the tower. There he waited out of sight, watching until the old manservant entered one of the barns, when Vivian returned to the dining-room un-

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RICH IN VITAMINES

MADE IN CANADA
The importance of Vitamins in food is being recognized at the present time to a greater extent than ever before. It has been conclusively demonstrated that yeast is rich in this all important element. Many people have received great benefit physically simply by taking one, two or three Royal Yeast Cakes a day. Send name and address for free copy "Royal Yeast Cakes for Better Health."

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plored for a few feet, only to return to the main way. More than once, too, a pit yawned suddenly at his feet, and it had not been for his inborn caution the Chateau Chauville would have added yet another secret to its dark history. It was evident to Vivian that the builders of the hiding-place, deeming it necessary that an emergency exit should be at hand, had made it so that while egress was difficult ingress was well-nigh impossible for those not knowing the pitfalls and the way of it.

It must have been after an hour's walking that the walls on either hand seemed to recede from Vivian, and at last they were lost in the gloom beyond the reach of the rays of the little torch. Apparently the tunnel had widened out to use with the ice.

The man hesitated, somewhat mystified by the loss of the friendly walls, and at the same moment his feet came sharply into contact with some obstruction. He stumbled, the torch fell from his hands, a thousand stars danced before him.

He came to himself in bewilderment. The darkness closing in upon him seemed in the silence to be pressing on him. His head ached abominably and there was a wound in the centre of his forehead that was warm and sticky to his touch. Slowly it all came back to him and he knew he must have struck his head as he fell. He reached out, groping in the darkness in the hope of finding the torch unharmed. In this he was disappointed, but he made the discovery that he was lying beside a perpendicular structure of masonry, which on reaching his hand, he found to be the support of what felt to be a table of stone, low and heavily built.

Painfully he drew himself up on to his knees and so to his feet. Again his hands did duty for his eyes and a little cry of horror broke from the man's dry lips.
Beneath the touch of his sensitive hands a form was taking shape—the unmistakable shape of a coffin. It seemed to him that in the darkness he could make out the dim outlines of the sinister bulge of the sides. Feverishly, he dropped to his knees and felt for the friendly torch. Light to him had suddenly become as necessary as food to a starving man. The walls of darkness hemmed him in so that he felt that he, too, was in a coffin; then he saw the flicker of a light, and a few wax vestas. He stuck one upon the stone slab and gazed round him as he held the flickering wax above his head.

Row upon row they lay, that noble army of dead Darignys, the square ends of their earthly resting places standing out each from its little niche. On the slab before him lay the casket he had felt, upon which upon which a rusty scabbard and the moth-eaten remains of a flag showed in sombre pageantry.

Vivian Renton was not a nervous man, and although which he held the flame trembled a little and filled the place with dancing shadow he felt no fear. After all, one living man was more than a match for a whole array of dead warriors. By the light of the match he recovered his torch, which, to his relief, he found not to have suffered in its fall, and he began a systematic investigation of his surroundings.

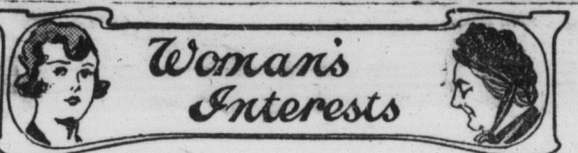
He knew quite well, now, where he was; old Henri had shown him proudly, only yesterday, the chapel in the grounds of Chauville, through the floor of which the dead of the house of Darigny had from time immemorial seen their way to their last resting places. The old man had, by means of a lever concealed in the ironwork of the railing, swung back the marble slab which covered in the vault so that a visitor might gaze into the gloom below—and, with a start, Vivian remembered that the mechanism had in some manner stuck and refused to move when the caretaker came to replace the slab. Henri had told him that he would have to send into Blois for the locksmith, and the man in the vault; as he held his torch high, wondering whether this had yet been done. Above him, the oblong cut in the roof shone darkly, and at one end a corner of the partially closed slab was visible. Here, then, he told himself, was his one means of escape.

The distance, he judged, was not more than ten feet, the stone table reduced to eight, and Vivian himself was but two inches short of six feet. He unwrapped from his waist the cash of red silk, which to sustain his role as a Bohemian artist, he wore swathed around him in place of a belt. This sash he now twisted rope-wise and, mounting upon the stone table, peered up through the cavity. He remembered the little iron railings surrounding the tomb above, but his efforts to lasso a spoke of these with the scarf proved beyond his powers.

Then his eye fell upon the lid of the coffin and, reaching down, he picked up the sword that lay upon it. At his touch the scabbard and hilt fell away, but the blade itself, notched and red with rust as it was, still was strong enough to serve his purpose. He made a slip-knot in the twisted silk and, upon the point of the weapon, raised it carefully and hooked it over one of the corners of the tomb rails. Vivian tested this fully with his weight and found that it held. He asked himself whether he should return to the treasure, but the thought of the tortuous trap he had been forced to traverse to get to the treasure terrified him. Besides, in the pockets of his painting-coat was a considerable fortune, and he had his key. The next time, however, that he entered he would make sure that his line of retreat was open to him.

(To be continued.)

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians



Woman's Interests

Summer Drinks.

Strawberry Shrub.—Place twelve pounds of strawberries in a large crock and pour over them two quarts of water; let stand forty-eight hours, covered with a plate. Strain through a flannel bag, add one pint of sugar to every pint of juice and let boil twenty minutes. Seal in hot sterilized cans or bottles, being sure to make air-tight. This may be diluted half or three-quarters water when served.

Raspberry Shrub with Vinegar.—Pour one quart of pure vinegar over six quarts of red raspberries. Let it stand for forty-eight hours, then strain through a flannel bag, pressing out all juice. Allow one pint, or pound, of sugar for every quart of juice, and boil twenty minutes. Seal as the strawberry shrub. These shrubs may be used for ices as well as for drinks.

Ice milk to which fruit juices or chocolate sauce has been added makes a refreshing summer drink, especially if you can keep on hand carbonated water and add a dash of that. To prepare the drink use two-thirds of a cup of milk and one-third juice. A good chocolate sauce to use with the ice milk is made as follows: Melt one ounce of chocolate over hot water and add one cup of sugar and one-fourth teaspoonful of salt and gradually, a cup and a half of boiling water. Cook, stirring five minutes after it begins to boil and then add a level teaspoonful of cornstarch, dissolved in cold water and boil ten minutes longer. Flavor with vanilla and chill before adding to milk.

Strawberryade and currantade are refreshing drinks. To make either, first prepare one quart of simple syrup by boiling two pounds of sugar—four cups and two quarts of water—eight cups—thirty-five minutes.

Strawberryade.—Add one pint of strawberry juice, obtained by crushing fresh berries and straining through a jelly bag, the juice of two lemons, and two quarts of ice water, to the quart of syrup.

Currantade.—Crush one quart of currants and one pint of raspberries and strain through the jelly bag. Add this juice and two quarts of water to the quart of simple syrup.

For a party French punch is delicious. Grate one pineapple and boil with three cups of water twenty minutes. Strain through a jelly bag, pressing well. Let cool and add the juice of six lemons, and a dozen oranges, one cup of freshly-made, strong black tea, one quart of any fruit juice you may have bottled, as grape, berry, cherry, currant, and one quart of syrup made as above. Make this early so that it can stand on ice several hours before serving. To serve pour over a cube of ice in the punch bowl, garnish with bits of

orange, candied cherries, slices of banana, or mint leaves, and just before serving add one bottle of charged water.

Dental Hygiene in Childhood.

The relation between sound teeth and sound health is close. Consequently a child's teeth should be looked after most carefully. The old way, common both to parents and to dentists, of ignoring the first teeth of a child because they are temporary, has many unfortunate results.

The child whose first teeth become infected or who loses them prematurely is to be pitied. If he loses them, he may spoil the arch of the mouth, a thing that is most important to facial symmetry. If they become infected, the nerve pulp cannot be kept in perfect condition; and if it is not, irregular permanent teeth may follow.

Young children should be protected from toothache; yet how often it is regarded as something they must expect to bear now and then! Moreover, a child with a septic mouth invites all sorts of communicable disorders. The parent who does not take his young children to the dentist for regular treatment falls in a plain duty. So does the community that does not establish dental clinics for the poorer classes. Bad teeth cause suffering that can and should be prevented, injure health, delay not only physical but mental growth and sow the seeds of troubles that may result in lifelong invalidism. The time to care for a tooth is the moment the first break in the enamel occurs, and only the dentist can know that moment.

Mislead.

As Lynn Mason came swinging down the road under the June maples she seemed the very spirit of summer joy. But she was feeling most unlike the spirit of any joy; she was thoroughly angry. If Lois Grantley could not even send her a post card in seven weeks—after all the letters she had written her—Lynn was through; that was all. She was so angry that she did not want to speak to anyone and pretended not to hear Miss Minty Brook's eager tap on the window. But Miss Minty ran to the door, and her voice made Lynn swing round in spite of herself.

"What is it, Miss Minty?" she asked. "Is Miss Vera worse?"

Miss Minty's faded eyes filled with tears. "Sister's been suffering all night. I telephoned to the doctor, and he sent some medicine up, but when I tried to read the directions I couldn't

COARSE SALT LAND SALT
Bulk Carlots
TORONTO SALT WORKS
G. J. CLIFF - TORONTO

To Buy or Not to Buy?

There Can Be No Question!

EVERY time you spend a dollar for advertised goods you create employment for somebody.

Every time somebody else spends a dollar for advertised goods they create employment for somebody—maybe for you.

That may sound far-fetched, but if you reason it out you will find that it is so.

The world revolves upon industry.

That which creates industry is the consumption or wearing out of goods, and the buying of other goods to replace them.

Without industry the world would stagnate.

Without steady, persistent buying, industry would cease.

Those who refuse to buy at the present time, because of a false impression regarding values, or for some frivolous reason, retard industry, and by so doing impair the prosperity of themselves, the community they live in and the country at large.

The important thing to remember is, to buy from those who advertise in this paper. These merchants and manufacturers have faith and they are backing their faith with money to stimulate industry and prosperity.

SONG WRITERS

revise songs for publication. Music set to melodies. Music transposed and orchestrated. JULES BRAZIL, Professional Song Arranger, 41 Gormley Ave., Toronto.

find my glasses. I've been hunting ever since the medicine came. Vera tried to read it, but she couldn't either; and there hasn't a soul passed since the mail carrier."

Lynn patted one of the small bent shoulders with her strong young hand. "Don't you worry, Miss Minty. I'll read you the directions, and then we'll find those glasses."

This time, however, it did seem as if Lynn were going to fail. She looked in all the old places and in every new one that her imagination could suggest. She even hunted in the chicken house. Miss Minty was sure that she had not been out of the house since the carrier came, but then Miss Minty always was sure. Finally, just as she was ready to give up in despair, Lynn had an inspiration. She ran down to the mail box and opened it. And there she found the glasses.

"Well, that's a new place!" Miss Minty exclaimed. "I wonder what I'll do with them next. Seems queer to think that they're always just the same, that it's only me that's mislaid them and upset everything. I surely am obliged to you, Lynn."

Lynn went on down the hill, smiling over Miss Minty. Suddenly she stopped short. "I wonder!" she said aloud. She sat down on a stone wall to think it out. Was that the way it was with real things sometimes, intangible things like ideas and ambitions and friendships? Was her friendship with Lois Grantley only—mislaid? Down in her heart Lynn knew that Lois was not the one to change. What kind of friend was she to "get mad" even if her letters had been unanswered for weeks? There must be some reason. She would write again and keep on writing until she found the old Lois "in the mail box."

A radio station has been proposed for Greenland which would bring it into contact with the outside world during the winter months. It is estimated that such a station for direct communication with Copenhagen, Denmark, would cost about \$2,000,000, and for intercommunication with Iceland and Canada, about \$250,000.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Merchants
PHONE YOUR RUSH ORDERS
For anything in Fancy Goods, Cut Glass, Toys, Smallware, Sporting Goods, Wire Goods, Druggists' Sundries, Hardware, Specialties, etc., to MAIN 6700
on a reversed charge.
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On a Bamboo Bridge.

An American tells of crossing the Teesta River, in the Himalayan region, on a rickety bamboo bridge.

The bridge, always dangerous, was at that time a more ragged skeleton of itself, and to make matters worse was slippery with green slime. Such bridges are usually rebuilt once in two years, but this one had evidently not been touched for much longer than that. On this narrow, tottering structure, open at the sides, the American had to cross over the turbulent, rapid river, 300 feet wide and seventy feet below the bridge.

The instant one steps on such bridges they recoil from him and swing and shake in an alarming way, rolling from side to side and pitching like a ship in a storm. They swerve with a sudden jerk every time one lifts his foot; not only sideways and lengthwise, but downward and forward, as one's weight depresses the bridge. This goes on until one passes the middle of the bridge, after which the swaying structure kicks up behind one as he ascends.

Now, this American got on fairly well as long as he could see the bamboo rod on which he had to walk, although the open sides heightened the sense of insecurity. But away from the bank, if one looks down to see where to place his foot, the rush of leaping water in the torrent below gives him the dizzy sensation that both he and the bridge are running swiftly up stream.

Yet one must keep his eye upon the single bamboo overhanging the abyss and find a shaky footing upon it, since to miss it means certain death.

The American was a quarter of the way over, perhaps, when he stepped from one bamboo to the next it tilted up and he could see most of those in front were lying loose and disjointed in their valleys. They had been broken away by the passing of persons who had preceded him. He could not swing round to go back; forward was his only course.

He went on with long strides to get a foothold on this shivering, swinging line of "bamboo bridges." After each step he had to half close his eyes to counteract the dizzy feeling of the upward rush of the bridge. It was a creepy, ghastly process. A false step meant death in the raging gulf below. After what seemed an age he reached the opposite bank.

A Spool of Warp.

When I was a child I went one day to the weaver's house with rags that my mother had saved for a carpet. Once there I lingered a while to watch the weaver at his work.

On a shelf at one side of the room were spools of colored string, which he told me were spools of warp. One spool I especially admired. It was a deep red, and the last thing I saw as I turned from the door was that spool standing there on the shelf.

A week later, when the carpet was done, I went back to the weaver's house. Mindful of the pretty spool of warp, I glanced toward the shelf. The spool was gone. When I asked the weaver about it he smiled and pointed to the end of a red cord in the fringe of the carpet.

After I had reached home with the carpet, we spread it out on the door. "Look at that deep red thread running through it!" exclaimed mother. "It is just the touch needed to set it off. I should never have imagined that a little bit of red could make such a difference."

When I told mother of the spool of red warp at the weaver's and assured her that the thread in the carpet came from the spool she traced the thread as it twisted in and out, and said, "Do you remember the thought I was trying to impress on you children last Sunday? The value of a life depends not on what it is by itself, but on its filling its proper place in God's plan. The spool of warp, beautiful in color though it was, would never have amounted to anything so long as it stood on the shelf. But here the carpet made it a wonderful difference it makes."

Our lives will never amount to anything if we live them selfishly. But if we give ourselves to God, who is the great Weaver in the world, He will fit us into a place in the universe, and we shall serve a noble purpose, even though our lives are but cords running through the pattern of the Kingdom.

Who Stole the Pig?

The prisoner was charged with pig stealing. There was only one witness for the prosecution, to whom the prisoner had admitted the offence.

The witness was Paddy Murphy. He was called to the witness-box to give his evidence.

"What I want you to tell is the exact words used by a pinner when you saw him," said the Judge, addressing the witness.

Paddy—"He said, my lord, that he stole the pig."

Judge—"No, no, he would not have used the third person."

Paddy—"But, my lord, there was no third person."

Judge—"Then he must have said, 'I stole the pig.'"

Paddy—"Begorra, and maybe you did, but he didn't split on you!"

Very Good Reason.

"This isn't a very good picture of your little baby brother, is it?" said the visitor.

"No, ma'am," replied little five-year-old Alice. "But, then, he ain't a very good baby."

Most Comfortable and Economical of Summer Shoes
FLEET FOOT
ENJOY the greatest foot comfort you have ever known in summer by wearing FLEET FOOT. Enjoy the economy of having several pairs of FLEET FOOT at the cost of one pair of good leather shoes.
Wear FLEET FOOT right through the summer. Put on FLEET FOOT heavy shoes for work about the fields, garden and barn. Have the FLEET FOOT white shoes, oxfords and pumps to wear when work is done.
There are FLEET FOOT styles for every summer need, for men, women and children. Put the whole family in FLEET FOOT. Genuine FLEET FOOT shoes have the name **FLEET FOOT** stamped on them. Look for it.
Ask your Shoe Dealer for Fleet Foot and make sure you get Fleet Foot

ARKANSAS RIVER FLOODS PUEBLO CLAIMING 250 VICTIMS

**Torrential Rains Cause Dams to Burst Into City Streets—
Three Floods Follow in Succession—Fire Adds to Hor-
ror and City is Without Food and Drinking
Water—Danger of Pestilence.**

Denver, Colorado, June 5.—The Arkansas River, swollen by cloud-bursts, is believed to have claimed at least 250 lives since Friday night at Pueblo and in the country surrounding. There are other estimates of dead reaching up to 1,000. The property damage with amount to many millions. Late Friday afternoon the river began to rise, and it swept through Pueblo, carrying all before it. The people had warning of it, and many did not think of any calamity until they saw a wall of water almost upon them.

The first deluge was followed by two others, all three coming within a space of 48 hours. The second and third floods of this morning and afternoon did comparatively damaged, as the waters raced along the devastated pathway of the first.

First estimates of the dead, based upon reports from excited eye-witnesses, who told of seeing hundreds of bodies swept through the streets, are to-day considered greatly exaggerated. While no official count of the fatalities has been attempted, it is stated that the death toll will probably not exceed 250, if that high.

One hundred bodies have been recovered, but it is feared that when the mud and debris which fill the streets and buildings in the flooded area are cleared away more bodies will be found.

Relief work is progressing under the direction of Red Cross officials and Governor Shoup. The greatest danger at the present time is said to be from pestilence. Food is being rationed. Those without funds with which to purchase provisions are being cared for by the Red Cross and other agen-

Disastrous Floods in Last Century

Some of the great floods during the last century were:

- 1824—Petrograd (River Neva). 10,000 lives lost.
- 1829—Scotland—Moray River. 1830—Vienna—River Danube.
- 1846—Central and Western France—\$20,000,000 damage.
- 1849—New Orleans, La.—1,600 lives lost; \$28,000,000 damage.
- 1856—Southern France.
- 1874—Mississippi Valley—1,338 square miles inundated.
- 1875—France—\$60,000,000 damage.
- 1876—Bengal, India—200,000 lives lost through storm wave.
- 1889—Johnstown, Pa.—2,500 lives lost.
- 1897—Mississippi Valley—20,000 square miles inundated.
- 1900—Galveston, Texas—5,000 lives lost; 8,000 buildings.
- 1905—Guantanamo, Mexico—1,000 lives lost.
- 1907—Pittsburg, Pa.—\$6,514,000 damage.
- 1910—Paris, France—\$200,000,000 damage.
- 1913—Dayton, Ohio—700 lives lost and \$20,000,000 damage.

To those who have funds military permits are being issued, allowing the holder to buy only a limited amount of food from local stores.

Pure water is at a premium. People have been warned to boil water before drinking. In anticipation of an epidemic a large quantity of typhoid antitoxin has been called for, and will be administered as soon as available.

British Fleet Assembling in Malta

A despatch from London says:—The Daily Express declares that Great Britain is facing a new war in the Near East. The British fleet is assembling at Malta in anticipation of the allied support of Greece in her war against the Turkish Nationalists in Asia Minor.

It is well known, says the Express, that Premier Lloyd George is a friend of Greece and is bitterly hostile to the Turks.

Says Business Depression of 1921 Has Passed

A despatch from New York says:—The business depression of 1921 has definitely passed and the financial condition of the United States is such now that it should inspire only optimism. W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, declared in an address before the annual meeting of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce.

"The public has a lot of buying power left. We want to get the people out of the idea that prices are going lower and lower," he asserted.

TWO THOUSAND PRINTERS STRIKE IN TORONTO FOR 44-HOUR WEEK

**Strike Effects Nearly One Hundred Job Shops and Includes
Printers, Pressmen and Bookbinders—Increase
in Wages Also Demanded.**

A despatch from Toronto says:—Rejecting a final offer from employing printers of the Toronto Typographical Union, the National Pressmen's and Press Assistants' Union, and the Bookbinders' and Bindery Women's Union, the report of negotiating committees of the unions that the offer of employers be rejected was unanimously endorsed.

The strike is likely to prove a protracted affair. Employers state, through Treasurer F. M. Kimbark of the Toronto Typographical Union, that it is impossible for them to meet the demands of the unions, and union officials declare that their members are insistent in the demand for the 44-hour week without a reduction in wages at least, if not with an increased wage.

Employers and unions are provided with large funds to carry on the fight. Some time ago the Typographical Union announced an assessment of three months' payroll and overhead expenses to meet expense its members might

incur by a strike, and later the union levied a 10 per cent. weekly wage assessment on its members. The Toronto printers will likely receive \$17 a week strike allowance for single men and \$22 a week for married men, which is what is now being paid to the Hamilton strikers.

According to union officials, there the 102 members in the Toronto Typographical Union, President Andrew Gerrard of the printers' union, claimed that some of these concerns had agreed to give the 44-hour week with present wages, pending a settlement, and in these shops men would be permitted to work.

Among the latter is the Wilson Publishing Company, a large newspaper distributing concern, the closing down of which would have had a serious effect upon publications throughout the country.

Some officials of the Typographical Union claim that the National Pressmen's and Press Assistants' Union may come out of the strike with better agreements than other organizations. The pressmen are insisting upon 42 a week and the 44-hour week, and have been able to secure the signatures of some employers to an agreement to this effect.



THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
Presenting Col. Walker Bell with the M.C. at the garden party given at the Government House, Toronto, in his honor. This was His Excellency's farewell visit to Toronto.

THIRTY PERISH IN TULSA RIOTS

**Racial Fight Between Whites
and Negroes Results in
\$1,500,000 Loss.**

A despatch from Tulsa, Okla., says:—Martial law prevailed in bullet-swept Tulsa Wednesday afternoon, with order restored under the grim threat of four companies of war-manned State troops.

Twenty hours of desperate race rioting had destroyed over a million dollars' worth of property and razed the entire negro section.

The city, blood-drenched and blackened by incendiary fires, was beginning to care for its dead.

According to the latest authentic report, nine whites and twenty-one negroes are known to have been killed during the race clash. An estimate places property damage at \$1,500,000. All this, according to Gen. C. F. Barrett, commanding the State troops, called here to maintain martial law, was instigated by "an impudent negro, a hysterical girl and a yellow journal reporter."

Representative citizens of Tulsa met

on Thursday and condemned the city and county law enforcement officials, holding them responsible for the disastrous outbreak. In addressing this meeting Gen. Barrett stated that while he was ordering the withdrawal of the National Guard from Tulsa, there was no intention to remove the martial law edict until such time as it was shown the city could care for itself.

A committee, in which Mayor T. D. Evans was denied a place, was appointed to care for the helpless negroes, estimated to number more than 3,000, and to expedite the work of rebuilding the burned negro quarter.

Gift of Experimental Farm.

A despatch from London says:—Lord Lee, First Lord of the Admiralty, who gave his mansion, Chequers, as a permanent residence for the three Ministers of the Government: Hon. C. A. Dunning, Provincial Treasurer; Hon. S. J. Latta, Minister of Highways, and J. A. Maharg, whose portfolio is yet unknown.

Elections will be held in 60 of the 63 constituencies a week from today, those of Cumberland, Isle of Man, and the Tizard having been deferred. Owing to the conflict of the roads in the Tizard district, polling and nomination has been deferred two weeks.

The Government has a candidate in every field except Thunder Creek, the principal opposition being offered by the Independents, who nominated 34 candidates to-day.

Three Conservatives were named as such throughout the province, three Laborites and three non-partisans. In most of the constituencies the fight will be two-cornered. In the cities of Regina, Moose Jaw and Saskatoon, where two members are to be elected, there are five in each city named. Outside of these three cities but one candidate is to be selected.

The following Government candidates were elected by acclamation to-day: G. A. Scott, Arden River; A. D. Pickett, Battleford; H. T. Halvorsen, Cypress; Robert Dunbar, Estevan; H. M. Thoresen, Humboldt; D. M. Finlayson, Jack Fish Lake; R. J. Gordon, Lloydminster; Hon. S. J. Latta, Last Mountain; Hon. C. A. Dunning, Moose Jaw County; H. Larson, Milestone; J. A. Maharg, Morse; J. G. Gardiner, North Qu'Appelle; George Spence, Notukeu; C. A. McDonald, Prince Albert; Dr. J. M. Ulrich, Rosthern; W. H. Schmalzer, Saltcoats.

King and Queen to Open Ulster Parliament

Belfast, June 5.—While official announcement is being withheld, it is generally accepted that King George and Queen Mary will attend in State the opening of the Ulster Parliament, and that they will travel to Bangor, the home of the famous Royal Ulster Yacht Club, accompanied by war ships. King George has not set foot in Ireland since his visit to Dublin a decade ago, and has not been in Belfast since he came here as Duke of York twenty-two years ago.

Britain to Build Four Battleships

London, June 5.—Orders for two of Britain's four new battleships will be placed with private firms at the end of July. The other two will be constructed at Devonport and Portsmouth.

The ships will cost nine million pounds each and take three years to build. They will be oil-burning. The armament is undisclosed. It is understood a new feature will be triple superimposed turrets.

Sinn Feiners Cut Wires at Liverpool

A despatch from London says:—Lancashire Sinn Feiners following a carefully prepared plan, cut telegraph and telephone wires over a wide area in the Liverpool district early Friday morning. Communication between the city and many towns in Cheshire, Lancashire and the North has been temporarily severed, more than 300 circuits being affected.

British Miners Reject New Offer

A despatch from London says:—Another deadlock seems to have been reached in the coal dispute with the notification given by the miners' executive to Premier Lloyd George on Friday that the various mining districts have rejected the Government proposals for a settlement.

It is understood that the miners' executive is considering the convocation of a national delegates' conference in London the coming week, with a view to obtaining a new mandate for negotiations.

The Chinese usually open a conversation with "How old are you?" instead of "How do you do?"

LORD BYNG OF VIMY NEXT GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA

A despatch from London says:—The appointment of Lord Byng of Vimy as Governor-General of Canada in succession to the Duke of Devonshire has been officially announced.

General Lord Byng of Vimy, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., M.V.O., was created First Baron of Vimy in 1919, and his title will forever link his name with that of the Canadian Corps. Born on the 11th of September, 1862, the seventh son of the Second Earl of Strathford, he comes of an old English family, possessed of a notable record both by sea and land. In 1902 he married Marie Evelyn, daughter of the Hon. Sir Richard Moreton, K.C.V.O., a younger brother of the Third Earl of Ducie.

Joining the 10th Royal Hussars in 1883 his first experience of war was with the Sudan Expedition in 1884, when he was present at the actions of El Teb and Tamai. He served in the South African War, 1899-1902, being promoted Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel in 1901. From 1904 to 1905 he had charge of the Royal School of Cavalry at Netheravon. Afterwards taking command of the 2nd Cavalry Brigade, two years later he was transferred to the 1st Cavalry Brigade, and in 1909 he was promoted major-general, and given the East Anglian Territorial Division.

On the outbreak of the war in 1914 he was recalled from Egypt, where he had been G.O.C. for two years, to take command of the 3rd Cavalry Division, Landing in Belgium in October, 1914, he, along with the 7th Cavalry Division, under General Rawlinson, covered the retreat from Antwerp to Ypres. During the First Battle of Ypres the 3rd Division was part of Allenby's cavalry that held the right of the salient, and at the Second Battle of Ypres, the Cavalry Corps, now under Byng, as General Allenby had been transferred to command the Third Army, was in close support, ready to cover a retreat on St. Omar if the line should break.

In August, 1915, he was given the Ninth Corps at the Dardanelles, and remained at Suvla Bay until the expedition was withdrawn four months later. Returning to France in February, 1916, he succeeded General Alderson in May in command of the Canadian Corps, which then consisted of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Canadian Divisions.

In June, 1917, he was transferred to the Third Army.

It is indeed most fitting that one who ranks among the very highest of Great Britain's leaders in the war, should also hold the rank of General in Canada's Army, and his appointment will meet with the heartfelt approval of the nation he guided with such zeal and determination through some of the hardest fought actions of the war.

LEAGUE DISCUSSES CANADA'S PROPOSAL
Jurists Asked to Report on the Elimination of Article Ten.

A despatch from London says:—The League of Nations Committee on Amendments again discussed the Canadian proposal for the elimination of article ten from the covenant. Arthur J. Balfour, who is presiding over the sessions, interpreted that, owing to the conflicting interpretations of the article and the importance attached to it in the United States, it should be referred to a committee of jurists to obtain an exact definition of what responsibilities it places upon the members of the League, and what relationship it bears to the rest of the covenant.

This proposal was adopted and the article was referred to a committee made up of Vittorio Scialoja for Italy; Sir Cecil Hurst, Great Britain; M. Fromageot, France; M. Struycken, Holland, and M. Bourquin, Belgium. The committee's report and Canada's statement on the article will be submitted at the next meeting of the League of Nations Assembly.

University Standards.

Entrance requirements in several faculties of the Provincial University have recently been raised and announcement is made that, in some cases, a still further increase will soon occur. Intelligently considered, this action is seen to be unquestionably in the best interests of the parents of the youth of Ontario.

To study for an additional year in the legal collegiate institute or high school before beginning a university course is not a hardship to any boy or girl. Quite the contrary. It means another year at home under parental care and influence; it means also a saving in money.

Success in a university course depends very largely upon two conditions, viz., a good educational foundation which enables one to grasp readily what is taught and a maturity and stability of character which prompts one to study diligently even when away from parental oversight. The attainment of both these necessary qualifications is made easier by more rigid university entrance requirements.

In raising its standard the University of Toronto is acting solely in the interests of prospective students and their parents, by carrying out its well-known democratic policy, and its augmenting its right to its position as "the poor man's college."

Spitzbergen.

When the talk of the two Oxford expeditions to Spitzbergen some one cries out and says: "Why should anybody want to go to Spitzbergen?" Spitzbergen is the group of islands due north of the North Cape between Greenland and Nova Zembla. The very name brings cold shivers on the warmest day. Yet Spitzbergen has and other valuable minerals, and settlements have waxed and waned and its blasts and blizzards.

The men of science are going there to study geology, botany, bird life and climate and the ancient fossil evidence; and much that they learn will have a value for the materialists whose one-string harp plays the single tune of practical. But just as adventure has much to whisper to those who are essaying the heights of Everest, so the explorers and the chasers of the character of Stanley and Peary, Scott and Shackleton yield to the lure of the untrodden distant places and unobserved conditions which still are crying to man's restless spirit that earth has many wonder stories yet untold. Spitzbergen is more than a group of icy islands where the birds in summer come to make their nests and rear their young. It is (in spite of Conway and other pioneers) a terra incognita whose secrets to every science and to the earnest discipline of truth promise a rich compensation of discoveries and further victories for the unconquerable human spirit.

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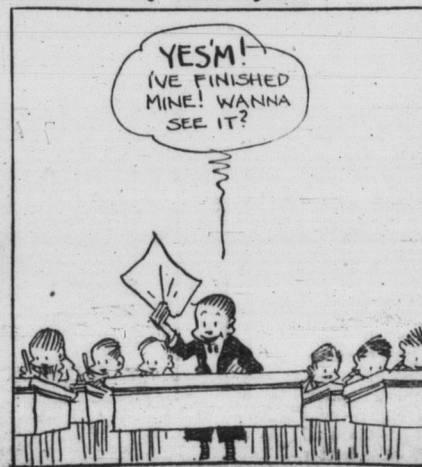
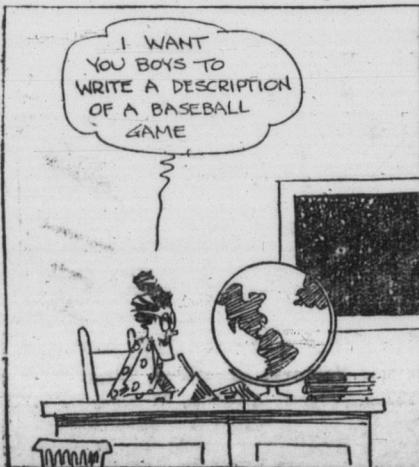
A despatch from London says:—Lancashire Sinn Feiners following a carefully prepared plan, cut telegraph and telephone wires over a wide area in the Liverpool district early Friday morning. Communication between the city and many towns in Cheshire, Lancashire and the North has been temporarily severed, more than 300 circuits being affected.

British Miners Reject New Offer

A despatch from London says:—Another deadlock seems to have been reached in the coal dispute with the notification given by the miners' executive to Premier Lloyd George on Friday that the various mining districts have rejected the Government proposals for a settlement.

It is understood that the miners' executive is considering the convocation of a national delegates' conference in London the coming week, with a view to obtaining a new mandate for negotiations.

The Chinese usually open a conversation with "How old are you?" instead of "How do you do?"



REGULAR FELLERS—By Gene Byrnes

SALES ENDING MAY 31

Show wonderful increase over any other year for like period. **WHY?** Because we are satisfied to mark down prices each month to where they ought to be regardless of what the goods cost us.

More Big Reductions for June, With Great Improvement in Quality

Big saving in prices on just what you want. Some idea as to the June reductions compared with last year's closest price:

Last Year's Price	New Revised Price	Last Year's Price	New Revised Price
Best Ticking	95c	White Cottons	18c
Best 8-oz Denim	95c	72-in. Sheet	55c
Standard Shirting	75c	72-in. Sheet, large	45c
Rock-fast Shirting	68c	White Quills, large	\$4.00
Fine Gingham	65c	72 x 90	\$2.00
.....	50c	Flannelettes	35c
Grey Cottons	55c	35c
.....	38c	18c
.....	30c	Fancy Chintz	35c
White Cottons	38c	All Pure Linen
.....	45c	Damask	\$3.25
.....	25c	\$1.75

Big Reductions in Hosiery

Averaging easily half or more.

Better Quality of Underwear

All big reductions.

Workingmen's Outfits Greatly Reduced

Heavy Work Shirts, reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.45.

Overalls and Smocks, best standard makes—

Former prices \$3.50, for \$2.50.

3.00, for 2.25.

2.50, for 1.50.

Decided Improvement in Quality in All Spring Clothing, at Prices Within Reason

Former prices \$65, new prices \$38.50

" \$50, " \$29.50

" \$35, " \$22.50

Boys' and Youths' Suits down in price, showing wonderful reductions.

Here's What You Save on Shoes From Our Standard Makers' Goods

Women's Vici Kid former price \$12.50, new low price \$8.75

" " 10.50, " 7.90

" " 9.00, " 6.75

Women's Dong Kid " 7.50, " 5.50

" " 6.50, " 4.90

Men's Gunmetal Shoes " 12.00, " 8.50

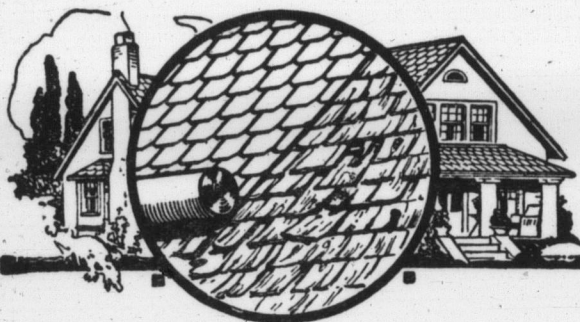
" " 10.00, " 7.50

Men's Box Calf Shoes " 9.00, " 7.25

" " 7.75, " 5.75

You can rely on this store to serve you well and meet all competition, no difference from what source

J. N. CURRIE & CO.



Put a New Roof Right Over the Old One

Do it with Art Craft—the economy roofing. You'll save the labor cost of tearing off the old roof—and the litter and the time. You'll have an all-weather-proof roof with fire-danger greatly reduced.

Art Craft Roof

Red—Green

This is the quality roof that wears, wears, wears. It is a beautiful roof that stays for years and years. It is practical and economical. It costs less than other worthy roofings. Its colors are permanent. It is guaranteed for service.

Samples and Estimates Free

Exclusive Agent

J. W. EDWARDS - GLENCOE

For Sale and Applied by
Vincent Watterworth

GALL STONES

"MARLATT'S SPECIFIC"

A never failing remedy for Appendicitis. Indigestion, Stomach Disorders, Appendicitis and Kidney Stones are often caused by Gall Stones, and mislead people until those bad attacks of Gall Stone Colic appear. Not one in ten Gall Stone Sufferers knows what is the trouble. Marlatt's Specific will relieve without pain or operation. For sale at all Drug Stores or

H. I. Johnston, Druggist, Glencoe, Ont.

J. W. MARLATT & CO., 211 Gerrard St. E., Toronto, Ont.

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Order your next lot of these at the Transcript Office

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—In Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year.

Advertising—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application.

Job Printing—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1921

There is more sunshine than rain, more joy than pain, more smiles than tears in the world. Those who say the contrary we would not choose for our companions. The good heart, the tender feelings, and pleasant disposition make smiles, love and sunshine everywhere. A word spoken pleasantly is a large spot of sunshine on the sad heart, and who has not seen its effects? A smile is like the breaking up of the sun behind a dark cloud to him who has no friend in the world. The tear of affection, how brilliantly it shines along the pathway of life! A thousand gems make a milky way on earth more glorious than the glorious cluster above our heads.

"There is no doubt that people read the advertisements," said a leading merchant as he handed in the copy for some extra advertising. "We have tried it and know. We have had three special sales already this year and in every case we have cleared out our whole stock of the goods advertised. The response has come not only from town but by mail and telephone as well as in person from the country for miles around. People are watching the papers to save money these days. Yes, we are quite satisfied that it pays to advertise these days. In fact no up-to-date merchant can afford to neglect his advertising." Is there not an idea in this for doubting Thomases?

The Revenge of The Farm

(From The Farmer's Sun)

It is at such a time as the present that the agricultural industry reveals one of its greatest advantages. There is bread enough and to spare on the farms. The three essential elements in income are amount, security and the prize opportunity. In times of business expansion, when profits on trading are large, prices are rising, and speculation is rife, life on the farm looks tedious and dull. Then human nature longs and pants for the jostling city, where money is made without effort and spent with reckless generosity. It is the period when men dream of making fortunes and of moving onto Ea y street to-morrow. Such chances are concentrated in the cities.

It is undeniable that farming profits were larger several years ago than they are to-day. The city critic, agape at the sums deposited in the country banks, which thus became the financial basis of city expansion and speculation, blamed the farmer for lack of exaltation in his prosperity. He forgot, of course, that the farmer's ambitions were thwarted for lack of supply of labor. And he forgot, as well, that the farmer's gains were trifling beside those of the merchant and manufacturer. They were but the scraps which fell from the rich man's table. In the economic comparison between city and country, two years ago, the superiority was all with the city, as was attested by the steady stream of population flowing citywards.

But, nowadays, a blight has fallen upon the harvest of "plums." The prevailing ambition of men in business is not to make a fortune but to make a living. Factories are idle, retail stocks are unsold, the demand for luxuries has abated, and knots of idle and suffering men gather on the corners of the streets. The joy has fled from life in the cities. Every citizen is conscious that the great mass of the people are hard hit. The small home and the boarding-house are staggering under the blows of financial reaction. Thousands must beg or starve.

There is no such misery on the farms. Prices of farm products have been the first to fall and have fallen farthest. Yet the grim spectre of penury and starvation is kept at bay. It takes the hides of six steers to buy a pair of shoes, yet the farmer's family are shod. Not in daintiness and splendor, but in comfort and strength—and it is beginning to dawn upon all our minds that comfort is better

than splendor, and that security is better than "plums."

The house which is built upon the rock endures the storm. Plain living, self-control, steady industry, the saving habit—these are the basic things. If these days of hardship and distress serve to recall the people of Canada from their love of idleness, extravagance and self-indulgence to a rational acceptance of the facts of life, they will not have been altogether valueless.

MOSA COUNCIL

A meeting of the Mosca council was held at Glencoe on May 25. Members all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. Moved by E. Hurdle, seconded by J. T. Armstrong, that the following accounts be paid: John Read, \$25, for sheep killed by dogs; Wm. Ellis and Wm. Kelly, \$300, for work done on the McKee drain; Mitchell Jones, \$30, for sheep killed by dogs; Robert McLachlan, \$5, for bringing supplies to D. H. McLachlan, and Fred Haghigh, \$5, for bringing supplies to Geo. Haskell, during quarantine for smallpox; H. Fennell, \$6, for fumigating house of Geo. Haskell and house of D. H. McLachlan for smallpox; R. W. McKellar, \$130, for services as assessor. Carried.

Moved by J. T. Armstrong, seconded by J. D. McNaughton, that the application presented by James Abbott to have the Wm. Stinson drain repaired be accepted, and the clerk is hereby instructed to request Jas. M. McGregor, C. E., to make an examination of the area described in the petition and if in his opinion the land requires to be drained to go on and lay out the work necessary to be done and report to this council. Carried.

Moved by E. Hurdle, seconded by I. Watterworth, that the petition presented by Jas. Abbott and John McEachren to have an extension of the Wm. Stinson drain be accepted, and the clerk is hereby instructed to request Jas. M. McGregor, C. E., to make an examination of the area described in the petition and if in his opinion the land requires to be drained to go on and lay out the work necessary to be done and report to this council. Carried.

The council adjourned to meet at Newbury on June 18th at 10 a. m.

C. C. McNaughton, clerk.

METCALFE COUNCIL

Meeting of Metcalfe council held May 30. Members all present. Minutes read, approved and signed.

Moved by Blain and Taylor, that the reeve act as clerk during the absence of H. Thompson.

Moved by Blain and Taylor that the Canada Ingot Co. be paid \$581.13, 2 culverts, div. 2; Municipal World, \$17.11, supplies for road overseers and commissioners; Jas. Wright & Son, \$9.50, pump for gravel pit; Len. Merrick, \$200, part payment, Eames drain; A. Munro, \$150, rep. bridge opp. lot 16, con. 2, div. 1; G. Freer, 50c, rep. culvert sideroad 34, con. 2, div. 1; Jerome Goldrick, \$4.40, rep. sidewalk Napier, div. 2; Pike and Robotham, \$9.10, 7 hours scraping con. 34, div. 2; J. Hughes, \$3.25, 5 hours drawing culvert opposite lot 3, con. 5, div. 2; Ken. Houston, \$4.90, 7½ hours drawing culvert sideroad 9, con. 7, div. 2; John Eames, \$2.85,

rep. road opp. lot 7, con. 5, div. 2; A. Taylor, \$2.25, helping with culvert opp. lot 7, con. 5, div. 2; sideroad 9, div. 2; J. D. McAlpine, \$4.55, 7 hours man and team, div. 5; A. McKellar, \$3.25, 5 hours man and team, div. 5; A. D. McCallum, \$8.45, 13 hours man and team, div. 5; Angus McCallum, \$7.60, 2 men and teams 8 hours, div. 5; A. McCallum, \$3.90, 6 hours man and team, div. 5; Joe Moore, \$3.50, rep. bridge opp. lot 24, con. 13-14, div. 5, and \$20.15, 31 hours scraping road opp. lots 20 to 24, con. 13-14, div. 5; Geo. McPhail, \$2, rep. 2 culverts sideroad 4, con. 12, div. 4; Joe Blaine, \$3, \$1.50 drawing plank to gravel pit and \$1.50 drawing tile opp. lot 13, con. 12, div. 5; W. Ebertz, \$6.50, 10 hours scraping opp. gore 9, con. 7, div. 3; W. Brigham, \$350, part township grant S. S. No. 1; E. S. Moore, \$200, part township grant S. S. No. 14, and \$4.90, 7½ hours scraping sideroad 16, con. 15, div. 5; A. Taylor, \$67.50, \$39, 6 men and teams 1 day; \$12, 4 men 1 day; \$1.50, ¼ day rep. bridge; \$5, for temporary bridge opp. lot 3, con. 5, div. 2; John Boyd, Wm. Paisley and Sam. Dinsmore, \$2.30 each, and C. C. Henry \$1.05, 3¼ hours men and teams and operating grader, con. 13-14, div. 4; E. S. Moore, returned dog tax No. 129, dog killed.

J. A. Dodd waited on the council re an agreement drain. On motion of Hawken and Taylor he was requested to proceed under the Ditches & Watercourses Act.

Moved by McNaughton and Hawken that Archie Campbell be paid \$6, s. l. done in 1920; Geo. Howie, \$15, lifting and replacing culvert, 1.1 Brooke and Metcalfe, half to Brooke, div. 1.

Moved by Taylor and McNaughton that the assessment be accepted as revised and that the assessor, A. Clouthier, be paid \$88.50—\$75, salary as assessor; \$10, delivering dog tags; \$2, attending court of revision, and \$1.50 postage.

Moved by Taylor and Hawken that by-law No. 274 be passed authorizing the reeve and treasurer to borrow up to \$8,000 for current expenditure for 1921, and that a note be given for \$2,500.

W. Woods, treasurer, reported to the council on the non-attendance of pupils and stated that if parents were not more careful of the attendance of their children that he would be forced to bring some of them into court.

Council adjourned to Monday, June 27th, at 1 o'clock.

A court of revision on the assessment was reduced \$100 for barn sold since being assessed for that amount. Some dogs were strayed off the coll. owners having disposed of them.

C. C. HENRY, Clerk pro tem.

S. S. No. 10, Ekfrid

IV—Frank Carman 61.1 per cent. Meta Pettit 53.8.

III—John McDougall 57.5, Irene Rosenmiller 53.5, Ethel Smith 50.1, Alvin Duns 49.8.

H—Grace Nicholls 73, Grant Carman 73.3, David Ramey 64.3, Pearl Davis 54.1.

II—Fred Roemmele 67.6, Edna Pierce 63.3.

Primer A—Alma Campbell 76.6, Bessie Smith 54.6.

B—Nellie Campbell 73.6, Florence Hardy 64.3, George Essey 52.3.

C—Elwyn Pierce; absent for examination. Velma Patterson.

BUSINESS WELL MAINTAINED BY MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA; SUBSTANTIAL GAIN IN DEPOSITS

Profit and Loss Account Shows Satisfactory Profits For Year—Surplus of \$293,375 Carried Forward After Payment of Dividends and Bonus—Current Loans Amount to \$112,000,000.

The strength of the Canadian banking system during the period of deflation is strikingly reflected by the statements of the larger Canadian banks. The annual report of The Merchants Bank of Canada, details of which have been made public, is the first of the larger banks to make its appearance for the fiscal year to April 30th.

This covers almost the twelve months during which deflation has progressed throughout the country, and on this account it will be of special interest to shareholders of the bank to know that its business has been so well maintained. During the war period, as is well known, all the banks undertook special business for the governments. For the past year there has been a general tendency to adjust these special undertakings and to go back to normal lines of business.

The Merchants Bank is particularly interested in the growth and development of Canadian commerce, agriculture and industry. On this account its business is closely related to the whole general public of the country. There will be special interest to see whether during the period of deflation and lessened industrial activity the people of the country have been able to keep on adding to their savings. As far as the Merchants Bank is concerned, its clientele have been able to do this, as deposits bearing interest at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$120,904,549, an increase of approximately \$6,000,000 for the year.

Notwithstanding the changed conditions and the lessened requirements of customers, current loans have been well maintained. These now stand at \$112,269,195. Of this amount current loans and discounts in Canada total \$109,183,592 and loans to cities, towns, municipalities and school districts \$3,085,602.

Of the total assets of \$190,367,409.

Liquid assets amount to \$69,427,380. Included in them are Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, amounting to \$11,039,325, up from \$7,893,229 in the previous year, while Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks stand at \$5,020,059, as against \$4,507,688. Canadian Municipal Securities and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian amount to \$13,153,767, practically the same figure as a year ago.

During the year the Capital of the bank was increased to \$10,500,000, up from \$8,400,000. In the same period the Reserve Fund has also increased to \$9,450,000, up from \$8,400,000.

The Profit and Loss Account also contains a number of interesting features. Even during the period of lessened activity, all the dividends have not only been comfortably earned but the bank has, in addition, been able to pay a bonus to shareholders. Profits for the year amounted to \$1,402,820. In addition there was received as premium on new stock \$1,050,000. The amount brought forward from the previous year was \$260,774. This made the total amount available for distribution \$2,713,595, which was apportioned as follows:

Dividends and Bonus	\$1,273,635
Government War Tax on Note Circulation	96,585
Transferred to Reserve Fund from Premium on New Stock	1,050,000
leaving a balance to be carried forward of \$293,375.	
The principal items in the general statement of assets and liabilities show as follows:	
Total assets	\$197,387,855
Liquid assets	69,427,380
Current loans	109,183,592
Loans to cities, towns, municipalities, etc.	3,085,602
Deposits not bearing interest	28,733,531
Deposits bearing interest	120,904,549

SHELTAND

Mr. and Mrs. George Bolton spent Monday at Bridgeton.

Miss Bessie Jeffery has returned home from London where she had an operation for adenoids and tonsillitis, and is doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jeffery were in London last week.

Royal Badgley is visiting friends in London.

The rain was a welcome visitor as everything was suffering from the hot, dry weather.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Showers spent the week-end in Detroit.

E. Brownlee is moving his barn.

Miss Millie Bolton returned home from Petrolia on Monday.

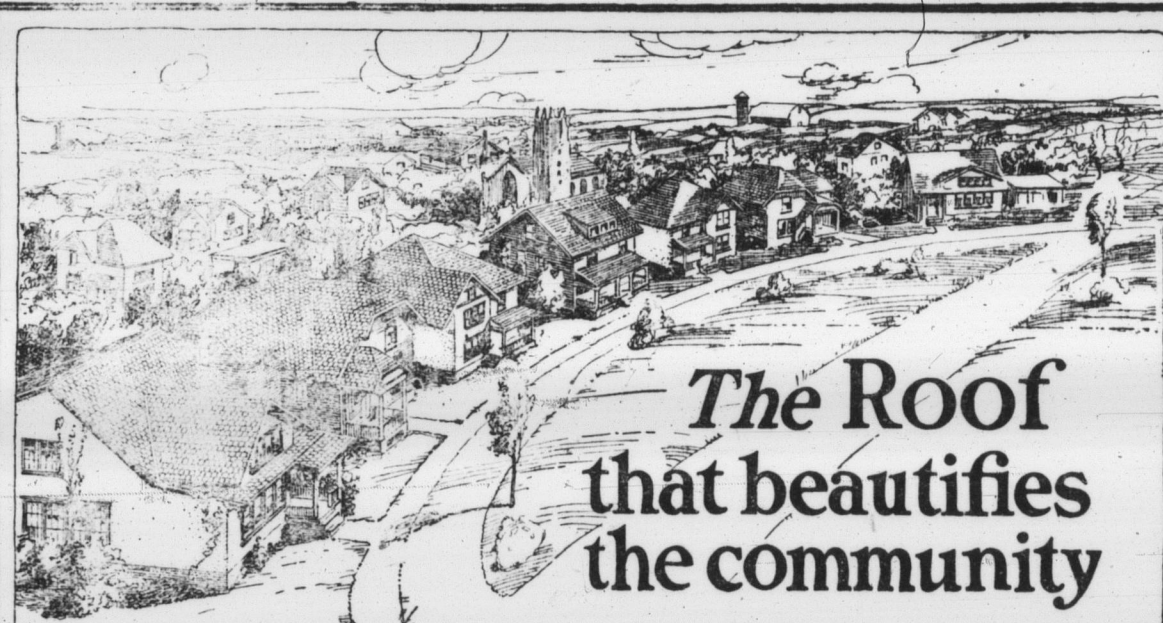
The Young People's Class held a shower for Miss Grace Craig at her parents' home on Monday.

The wedding of Miss Grace Craig and Marrett Smith took place on Wednesday, June 1st, at the home of her parents.

Born—on May 29, to Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Moorhouse, a son.

The Friend of All Sufferers.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a valuable remedy to all those who suffer pain.

It holds out hope to everyone and realizes it by stilling suffering everywhere. It is a liniment that has the blessing of half a continent. It is on sale everywhere and can be found wherever enquired for.



The Roof that beautifies the community

Homes and buildings roofed with Brantford Asphalt Slates lend distinction to the neighborhood. The red and green slates are in Nature's own colors, unfadeable, and harmonize perfectly with the surroundings. You will add attractiveness and value to your home by using

SIX ROOF COSTS

- 1—INITIAL COSTS OF MATERIALS—Brantford Asphalt Slates are sometimes higher in initial cost for the material.
- 2—NAILS REQUIRED—Brantford Asphalt Slates require ONLY 603 nails to lay a square. Brantford Asphalt Slab Slates require ONLY 450 nails.
- 3—COST OF LAYING—Brantford Asphalt Slab Slates are four on one strip—require only one operation in handling, one operation in spacing—individual slates are 24½ inches—Cut easily, fit easily, fit on angles and bend over round surfaces. You save 30 to 50 per cent. in laying.
- 4—NO PAINT OR STAIN REQUIRED—The surface of Brantford Asphalt Slates is in nature's permanent colors, green and red, unfadeable, always attractive—requiring no stain to produce artistic effects, no liquid costs to make them fire-resistant.
- 5—SAVING OF INSURANCE—Brantford Asphalt Slates are classed as non-combustible by fire insurance companies—direct saving of from 10 to 20 per cent. on premiums is effected. In certain localities fire regulations demand asbestos paper under some roof materials, but Brantford Asphalt Slates are fire-resistant and are immune from special regulations.
- 6—COST OF REPAIRS—From the day they are laid Brantford Asphalt Slates roof show almost 100 per cent. of the original roof untouched. Brantford Asphalt Slates do not curl, split, crack or rot. Complete protection and permanent protection are built into Brantford Asphalt Slab Slates.

Brantford Asphalt Slates

Roofing with Brantford Asphalt Slates, individual, slab (four in one) or Winthrop tapered, provide a roof covering that lasts for years without repairs or renewals.

Highest quality felt, best grades of asphalt for saturation and coating, and the encrusting of the upper surface with slate—every operation and all materials conform to Brantford Roofing standards.

Put the Best Roofing on YOUR HOME.

Distributed under Brantford Roofing Trade Marks, through Brantford Roofing Dealers. Stock carried, information furnished, service rendered by our dealer in your district.

Brantford Roofing Company, Limited

Head Office and Factory: Brantford, Can.

Branches at Toronto, Montreal, Halifax, Winnipeg

121

For Sale by McPherson & Clarke

Let Us Be of Service to You in Sending Money Abroad



TRANSFERS of money to all parts of the world, by draft, post remittance, or cable, can be made through this Bank quickly and at advantageous rates.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
Glencoe Branch, BOTHWELL BRANCH, NEWBURY BRANCH.
R. M. MacPHERSON, Manager.
N. R. HENDERSON, Manager.
Safety Deposit Boxes to rent at Glencoe Branch.

Opera House, Glencoe

Saturday, June 11th—starting 8 o'clock

THE WORLD'S GREATEST MOTION PICTURE

"THE WHIP"

300 Mighty Colossal, Impressive Thrills!
Wonderfully Beautiful Scenes!

SEE the dashing Fox Hunt scenes; the blood-tingling Auto Disaster; the Race between Auto and Train; the terrible Railroad Wreck; the wonderful Horse Race!

Direct from the world's shrine of mammoth plays—Drury Lane, London, Eng.

NOTE.—Owing to the size of production, the feature will be shown once only, starting at 8.30.

Children, 27c; adults, 37c. Come early!

Lawn Mowers

Keeping the lawn velvety and beautiful is more play than work if you have the right kind of lawn mower. See our stock from \$9 to \$15.

HAMMOCKS from \$3.50 to \$10.00

Screen Doors and Windows, and Screen Wire 20c to 50c yd.

HOT WEATHER STOVES

New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves—2, 3 and 4-burner.

JAS. WRIGHT & SON

GOLD MEDAL
BINDER TWINE

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
PAINTS

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

between
MONTREAL
TORONTO
DETROIT
and
CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service.
Sleeping Cars on night trains and
Parlor Cars on principal day trains.

Full information from any Grand
Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning,
District Passenger Agent, Toronto.
C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; tele-
phone No. 5.

Garden Party Lighting

Committees in charge of this work
will do well to make early arrange-
ments for good lighting.

THE DELCO LIGHT

is the only satisfactory light for this
purpose. Terms on application. Sat-
isfaction guaranteed.

M. C. MORGAN

Delco Light Products, Kerwood

We Carry A Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized
Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.
Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing,
Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc.
done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
GLENCOE
Tinmith Plumber

east of Highgate, on Wednesday ev-
ening, June 22. Attractive program.
Look for particulars next week.

A garden party to be held on the
school grounds in S. S. No. 9, Mosa,
Friday evening, June 17, promises to
be one of more than ordinary inter-
est and attraction. Look for particu-
lars and bear the date in mind.

A London paper reports that the
Middlesex county council has granted
to Glencoe \$400 annually for a period
of 15 years towards the paving of
Main street, the grant to be consid-
ered part of the appropriation for
county road purposes.

Among the names of those who
successfully passed the fourth year
of Faculty of Arts at Toronto Univer-
sity is Miss Jessie Humphries of
Glencoe. The graduation exercises
will take place on Friday, June 10th,
in Convocation Hall, Toronto, when
the graduates will receive the de-
gree of B.A.

Miss Drynan of Strathroy address-
ed the Glencoe Book Club at their
regular meeting on Monday after-
noon held at the home of Miss Black-
burn. She also addressed the Ross
Mission Band on Tuesday evening.

Miss Drynan recently returned from
a trip to the West and the impres-
sions of her trip made very interest-
ing subject matter for her addresses.

Robert J. Matheson, formerly of
Crinan, died a few days ago in the
hospital at Brandon, Manitoba. He
was in his 49th year and had been
living in the West for quite a time.

He leaves a wife, formerly Miss Alice
Lord of Newbury, and a family of
seven sons, besides his mother, Mrs.
Catherine Matheson, concession 2,
Aldborough, and three brothers and
three sisters.

Wm. O. Thomson was taken sud-
denly ill a few days ago and was
rushed to the hospital at London for
an operation. His condition was
quite critical for a time, but we learn
that there is now some chance for a
complete recovery.

Mr. Thomson went to Cuba and was
stricken with the fever peculiar to
that country, which left him in a
crippled condition, with septic poison
developing.

The death occurred in Providence

hospital, Detroit, on June 2nd of Mr.
Edward Reichman in his 45th year.
Mrs. Reichman was a daughter of the
late John McEllan. She was born in
Glencoe and went with her par-
ents to the town of Somers when a
child, living there till her marriage
in 1895 to Edward Reichman of De-
troit. She leaves her husband, three
sons and one daughter, also her aged
mother, one brother and three sis-
ters.

A most interesting event, which
took place last Thursday evening in
the Presbyterian school room, was a
piano recital given by the pupils of
Theodore R. Gray. There were 32
numbers, including solos and duets,
and hearty applause from the large
audience showed how they appre-
ciated the splendid talent of the pupils.
Much credit is due Mr. Gray for the
zealous manner in which he is hand-
ling his class of musicians. Profes-
sor Howard Gordon rendered several
violin solos in a pleasing manner.

J. Clarence Greene, evangelist, of
Chicago, who is conducting a series
of meetings at the town hall, Glencoe,
will speak on Wednesday, Thursday
and Friday evenings of this week at
8.15 o'clock, and conclude the series
with two meetings on Sunday at 3 o'-
clock in the afternoon and 8.15 in the
evening. The subjects dealt with by
Mr. Greene are questions which all
Bible students are much interested
in at the present time, and no one
should miss the opportunity of hear-
ing these discussed. Mr. Greene is a
pleasing speaker and has the reputa-
tion of being a thoroughly orthodox
exponent of the Word.

One evening last week while J. H.
Morrison, storekeeper at Inwood, and
a party of four or five, others were
motoring home from London their
car struck a horse running loose on
the Longwoods road, near Melbourne.

It is not known who owned the horse,
but it appears that the animal was
driven out of a lane. The horse ran
directly in front of the car and be-
fore the machine could be stopped
the animal reared and plunged fore-
ward into the windshield. The horse
was so badly hurt that it had to
be shot. The car was much dam-
aged, including the smashing of the
windshield and headlights. Those in
the car escaped without injury.

William McCallum, automobile
dealer, Glencoe, has not fully recov-
ered from injuries he received two
weeks ago when a car he was driving
from London ran over the end of a
culvert and upset in a ditch opposite
the farm of Mr. Macrae, a short
distance east of Melbourne. Mr. Mc-
Callum had gone to Toronto to bring
back a new car for a customer at
London. After driving all night and
delivering the car at London early in
the morning he started for Glencoe
with a car which he had taken in part
payment for the new one. When
nearing Melbourne he was overcome
with drowsiness and awoke to find
himself heading for the ditch, but not
in time to avoid disaster. The cul-
vert at the point where the accident
occurred is said to be below the stan-
dard width and has been responsible
for other accidents of a similar na-
ture.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Arthur McCracken is home from
Toronto on a visit.

—Miss Fern Graham is home from
Chatham for the holidays.

—Miss Drynan of Strathroy is visit-
ing Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Wright.

—W. H. Gardiner of Chatham spent
the week-end at A. H. Copeland's.

—L. H. Diggon motored to Strat-
ford on Sunday and spent the day.

—Mrs. L. D. Tait of Rochester, N.
Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Diggon.
—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hicks of De-
troit spent the week-end with re-
latives here.

—Mrs. W. H. Gardiner of Chatham
is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
A. H. Copeland.

—William and Thomas Harrison of
London visited friends in Glencoe
over the week-end.

—Mrs. Gray of Poplar Hill spent a
few days last week with Mr. and

Mrs. Wm. Stevenson.

—Mrs. John Cottam of London
spent the week-end the guest of her
cousin, Mrs. Thos. Sison.

—Miss Addie Rogers of London
was the guest of Mrs. Blackburn and
daughters over the week-end.

—Mr. and Mrs. Rainie of London
spent a couple of days last week with
Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McPherson.

—Miss Ada Reyecraft, principal of
Taylor avenue school, Chatham,
spent the week-end at her home
here.

—Mr. and Mrs. Vanderlinder of
Lambeth spent a couple of days last
week with Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Rey-
craft.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ross Bright of
Windsor motored to Dutton and Glen-
coe recently to visit relatives and
friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wortman and Miss
Betty Morton of London were guests
at Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McPherson's
on Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Bradshaw and sons
of Nelson, B. C., who are on a visit
in this vicinity, spent the week-end
with relatives in Detroit.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Strachan
and family left on Tuesday on a mo-
tor trip to visit relatives and friends
in Brussels and Port Elgin.

—Mrs. (Dr.) Murphy of Pittsburg,
Pa., is on a visit to her parents, Mr.
and Mrs. W. A. Currie, and leaves to-
day to spend a short time in Detroit
on her way home.

—Dr. and Mrs. McIntyre and fam-
ily motored to Belmont and spent
Sunday with Mr. McIntyre's brother
there. Miss Kathleen Charles ac-
companied them from London.

—Gordon Bradshaw, student of Mc
Gill University, Montreal, was visit-
ing his grandfather, R. Winslip, last
week, and is accompanying his mo-
ther and brother this week on their
return home to Vancouver.

—The engagement is announced of
Jean Elliot, eldest daughter of Mr.
and Mrs. Arthur E. Sutherland, Glen-
coe, to Herbert J. Jamieson, eldest
son of Mrs. Martha Jamieson of Crin-
an, the marriage to take place June
23rd.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harvey D. Ander-
son, who were visiting Mrs. Ander-
son's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R.
Sutherland, left on Sunday for Hous-
ton, Texas, having received word of
the serious illness of Mr. Anderson's
mother.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Strathroy bread at 11c, at George's.
Young pigs for sale.—W. A. Mc-
Cutcheon.

25c trade and 23c cash for eggs, at
Mayhew's.
—Wanted—stave joiners.—Reid
Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

I still have some fertilizer on hand.
—J. D. McKellar, Glencoe.
A few young calves for sale. Ap-
ply to Tom Walker, Glencoe.

Bruce McAlpine, dealer in flour,
feed, coal, wood, salt, cement, etc.,
Kellogg's corn flakes 11c and 1-lb.
box soda biscuits 16c, at Mayhew's.
Lamont's sale of pants still going
on. Clearing out regardless of cost.

Am still buying wheat at North
Glencoe.—J. D. McKellar; phone 623
ring 23.

Cottage for sale or rent in Glencoe.
Apply to A. L. Campbell, 94 King St.,
Chatham.

Overalls, \$1.50 to \$2.50; work
shirts at \$1; the best work shirts at
\$1.40.—D. Lamont.

For sale—Primolite lens for auto-
mobile headlights, at 12 per pair.—
Galbraith Bros., Appin.

Some extra good bargains in
horses. Must be sold. I have no
pasture.—Wm. McCallum.

Wanted—young man, 17, 18 or 19
years, for bank office. Apply, in own
hand-writing, to Box 22, Appin.

Lost—Monday night, between Glen-
coe and Mulrirk, auto marker No.
104566. Please notify McCallum's
garage.

One Ford sedan, looks and runs
just like new; all new tires. Will
take \$795 if sold this week.—Wm.
McCallum.

Keep in mind the date—July 4th—
garden party at Harry Galbraith's,
under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid
of Bethel church.

As I have recently sold my busi-
ness, I am offering the balance of my
stock of used cars at greatly reduced
prices.—Wm. McCallum.

Seats are now on sale at Lumley's
drug store for "Nothing But the
Truth," in Glencoe opera house Wed-
nesday evening, June 15th.

I am prepared to do all kinds of
work in the way of raising and mov-
ing buildings.—Wesley Henderson, R.
R. No. 1, Glencoe; Bell telephone 609
r 24.

The return baseball game between
Melbourne and Walkers will be play-
ed at Walkers, tonight (Thursday) at
6.30. Come and cheer for your home
team.

One nearly new Red Star washing
machine and wringer, used only a
short time in my own home; am now
using electric; will sell cheap.—Wm.
McCallum.

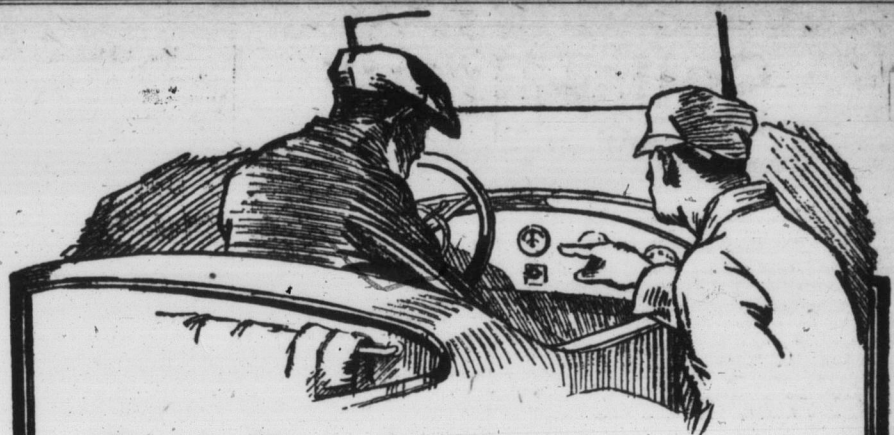
Anniversary services will be held
in the Church of Christ, Mosa, on
Sunday, June 12. Rev. C. A. Tharp
of Bridgeburg will preach at 11 a.m.
and 5 p.m.

The Fletcher Mfg. Co. will be doing
custom sawing for the next two
weeks. All parties having logs at
the mill will please come in and see
about the cutting.

Those who did not call for binder
twine which they ordered from the
Mosa and Ekfrid Co-operative will
please secure it at W. J. Edwards' or
store.—Wm. N. Hillman, treasurer.

Grand U. F. O. picnic in Hugh Mc-
Alpine's grove on the Sydenham Riv-
er, Mosa, Wednesday, June 22. Pro-
gram of sports in the afternoon and
concert in the evening. Watch for
further notices.

The members of the Junior Aux-
iliary of St. John's church will give a
strawberry social on the church lawn
on Friday evening, June 24. Good
program and other amusements. Ad-
mission—adults 25c, children 10c.



Watch Your Ammeter It's Your Battery's O. K. Signal

THAT little dial will keep you posted on the amount of electrical energy that is being put into your battery. If the needle doesn't respond promptly when your engine is running, that's your danger signal. Go to a battery service station immediately—a Prest-O-Lite Service Station by all means.

If you are luckily the owner of a Prest-O-Lite Storage Battery, you can know that your battery was tested and your generator carefully adjusted to recharge it correctly when the battery was installed in your car.

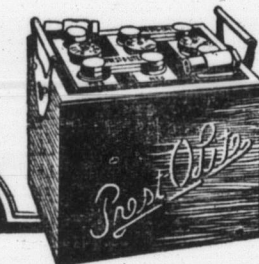
There's one thing, however, you ought to watch—how far over the needle goes when the battery is recharging. Overcharging may burn out your battery.

Whatever make of car you drive—whatever battery you now have—come in and let us test your battery, give you the correct charging rate to be indicated by your ammeter, and prevent damage to your battery.

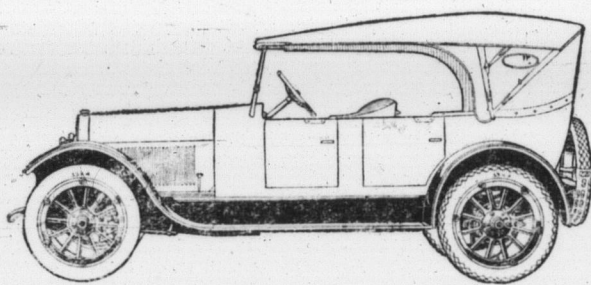
When repairs or recharging are necessary, remember we carry a complete stock of repair parts for all makes of batteries.

We will not try to sell you a new battery as long as there is a spark of life in your old one. But when the time comes for replacement, be sure to get a Prest-O-Lite—the battery that gives brighter lights, surer starts, greater power and longer service.

W. B. MULLIGAN



Prest-O-Lite
STORAGE
BATTERY



McLAUGHLIN

"Canada's Standard Car"

Present Lines of new Master Six and Light Six series will be continued in the 1922 season.

Beginning June 1st, the new series and prices will be as follows: F. O. B. Oshawa, Ont.

Master Sixes:

	Old Price	New Price
Model 22-44 Three Passenger Roadster, Cord Tires	\$2550.00	\$2215.00
Model 22-45 Five Passenger Touring, Cord Tires	2550.00	2245.00
Model 22-46 Three Passenger Coupe, Cord Tires	3405.00	2995.00
Model 22-47 Five Passenger Sedan, Cord Tires	3920.00	3445.00
Model 22-48 Four Passenger Coupe, Cord Tires	4000.00	3345.00
Model 22-49 Seven Passenger Touring, Cord Tires	2895.00	2595.00
Model 22-50 Seven Passenger Sedan, Cord Tires	4350.00	3795.00

Light Sixes:

	Old Price	New Price
Model 22-62 Roadster	1895.00	1615.00
Model 22-63 Five Passenger Touring	1895.00	1650.00
Model 22-62 Coupe, Three Passenger	2640.00	2390.00
Model 22-63 Sedan, Five Passenger	2685.00	2435.00

SALES TAX EXTRA

McLaughlin Motor Car Co., Limited

OSHAWA, ONT.

12 BRANCHES

Dealers Wanted in Open Territories

M. J. McALPINE

Dealer - Glencoe

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

The Grading of Wool.

The official grading of wool has had a wonderful effect in improving the quality and preparation of Canadian wool for market. It is a well-known fact that not so many years ago Canadian wool was held in poor esteem abroad owing to its coarseness and deficiency in purity. Now this is largely remedied, and wool from this country is able to compete in some measure with the best wool from New Zealand and Australia and to command as good a price. During the war the demand for wool was enormous, and prices naturally soared very high. Now they have dropped to some extent in every market, but there is abundant evidence that with the return of settled and normal conditions prices will be found remunerative and fluctuation considerably checked. The valuable work done by the official graders is testified to by the fact that the demand for Canadian wool has been greatly increased. Their task is hard and exacting. Its extent is denoted by the fact that for the year ending March 31, 1920, 3,788,138 pounds were graded for farmers' co-operative organizations. Of this amount 780,379 pounds were from Ontario, 743,562 pounds from Saskatchewan and 1,464,161 pounds from Alberta. The system has undoubtedly given stability to the wool industry and led to an increase of sheep breeding, and sheep of an improved quality. It also equalizes prices and encourages farmers to take greater care of and more pride in their flocks. Grading, after all, is only one step that has been taken to develop the wool industry. Exhibits have been made at home and abroad. In Canada displays were made at all the leading fairs. In ten western exhibitions there were shown the grades of wool, processes of manufacture of both wool and mohair, a full line of shepherd's supplies and samples of the best fleeces for sheep. In the east at several of the principal exhibitions demonstrations were given in the preparation of wool for market, shearing, grading of wool and dipping. Stationary wool exhibits have been supplied to the agricultural colleges and placed on view in museums. Demonstrations have further been made by experts in the finishing of sheep and lambs for the market in docking and dipping, in shearing, and in the care of sheep generally, both on the farm and in transit.

The Apple-Growing Industry.

One industry that suffered owing to the war was that of apple-growing. Owing to the embargo on apples

placed by the British Government and the lack of exportation facilities due to the demands of the war, trans-oceanic shipping was entirely at a standstill for such commodities. As a consequence of this and because of other discouragements orchards suffered greatly. In addition, during two seasons the weather was unfavorable and scab developed to such an extent as to reduce the vitality of the trees. Vigorous efforts are now being made to remedy this state of things. Meeting are being held in the various apple-growing districts, conducted in co-operation by provincial and Dominion authorities, at which demonstrations are given in the proper methods of pruning, spraying, grading, packing and shipping. Organization and co-operation for marketing purposes are being urged. As a result of these efforts, officials feel warranted in saying that apple-growers have every reason to feel optimistic as to the future. It is also said that although prices for many agricultural products have declined, the price for the best quality of apples has not fallen, nor is it likely to do so owing to the fact that production, even under favorable conditions, is not greater to-day than it was a quarter of a century ago, and cannot be materially increased for some years to come.

Provincial Butter-Making Standing.

Ontario does not appear to stand extra well as regards butter-making compared with other provinces. During the past year or two Dominion-wide contests have been held with the objects of establishing a uniform type of creamery butter throughout the country, to create a healthy rivalry between the provinces, and to help in the standardizing of methods and practice in the butter-making industry. As a result in these contests, Ontario stood last of all the provinces, stood last in 1919 and eighth in 1920. The standing of the provinces last year was like this:

For flavor: Alberta, Quebec, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Ontario, British Columbia, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick.

For workmanship: Nova Scotia, Alberta, British Columbia, Quebec, Saskatchewan, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Ontario, Manitoba.

Samples from the contests are exhibited at the dairymen's conventions in every province of the Dominion, at the dairy schools, at produce merchants' conferences, at butter graders' conferences and during butter-scoring competitions.

Poultry

One of the best schemes to discourage broodiness, widely used and endorsed by the foremost authorities, is to place the broody hen in a coop that is fitted with a slatted bottom. The hen is unable to squat in a comfortable position, because her feet protrude through the openings between the slats. She has no sense of privacy or security, and the sensation of currents of air under her is not to her liking. Two or three days of this harmless penalty usually disgusts her with the notion of setting, and when released she is only too anxious to rejoin her companions in the laying house.

It is understood that food and water are kept in the coop at all times, for the "chicks" should be encouraged to maintain their physical trim and not be starved. The coop should be kept in a well-ventilated place, under perfect sanitary conditions, preferably where there is strong light, because plenty of light is distracting to the sitting hen, who naturally seeks a dark, secluded spot in which to bring off her brood.

In mild, pleasant weather the "broodies" can be turned into a yard and made to sleep outdoors. Do what you will with them to distract the inclination to sit, provided they are not injured, frightened or impaired in any way. By all means feed and water them liberally.

The chief consideration is to segregate the hens as soon as they become broody, if possible on the first day. A hen removed from the nest at this time is very much easier to discourage than when she has been allowed to indulge her fancy for a week or more.

To insure getting the "broodies" at an early stage, the poultry keeper should make it a hard and fast rule to go over the nests every evening about an hour before sundown, during the spring and summer months, and to remove therefrom any hens found at this time. Very few hens lay after 4 o'clock in the afternoon, consequently one is entitled to view with suspicion any fowls found on the nests in the evening.

Don't be afraid of thinking too highly of yourself, for if the Creator made you, you must have inherited divine, omnipotent possibilities, you must partake of His qualities.

The Dairy

Propensity is the power which gives a bull or cow the ability to stamp its own characteristics on its offspring. The value of the pure-bred bull on the grade herd rests in this ability to mark the calves and make them both better lookers and better producers than their mothers.

The gestation period of the cow is nine and one-half months, or two hundred and eighty days. Sometimes a breeder figures it as nine months to the day, and then worries because it seems to run over a couple of weeks and the calf is not born when supposedly due. For example, a cow bred on January 1 would be due about November 8, not on November 1. The date of calving is found by counting forward the two hundred and eighty days from the date of service.

Weakness in breeding stock is often laid to inbreeding but facts prove that the greatest progress in producing fine cows has been by skilled men who have used inbreeding. But such breeders have known the blood lines of their stock and they are thus able to mate so that strong points will be made stronger instead of weak points made weaker, as is often the case when breeding methods are careless.

An argument for fall freshening of cows is the fact that summer is a busy season on the farm and it is difficult to give cows the best and most regular attention about harvest time. If the milking work is reduced when the work with crops is heaviest it is a great help on the farm. Then the cows can freshen in the fall when the weather is cooler and the field work less heavy.

Horses and Motors.

Of special interest both to farmers and horsemen is the effect that motor traction is having on the horse industry. In the United States investigation is being made on the cornbelt farms with the object of finding out to what extent the tractor has replaced the horse. Enquiry has also been made as to the disappearance of the horse in cities and towns. Nothing in this direction so far has been done in Canada, but in the estimates at Ottawa this year a small amount has been voted to meet the cost of a similar investigation. When completed the information received will undoubtedly be of considerable public interest.

Specimens of the smallest pike in the world, measuring scarcely two inches in length, have reached London from Singapore.

The Children's Hour.

Some say that the ants were not always industrious. They spent their days worrying their neighbors and were always in trouble because of their idleness. They laughed at the bee because he worked so hard at making honey, at the spider because he worked so hard over his web and at the bird because he worked so hard in making his nest. They were friendly with the shiftless flies.

The laziest of all the ants was a young ant named Bill. There was a certain little fly named Jack, who was even lazier than Bill. The two were perpetually up to mischief; no one had ever known either of them to do anything worth while.

One day Jack and Bill met a bee on his way to gather honey. They stopped the bee and asked him to play hide and seek with them among the flowers.

"No," said the bee; "winter will soon be coming, and I have no time to waste."

He hurried off, and Jack and Bill went to hunt up the spider. The spider was spinning his web. The two friends were afraid to go near his house, but they stood a short distance away and made fun of him.

"Why do you not work?" the spider said. "Where will you get your dinner to-day? I know; you will steal honey from the bee."

Jack and Bill laughed and went away. At a turn in the path they met a robin who was hunting food for his little ones. The robin flew down to the ground. "Now I have caught you!" he cried. "You are so useless and harmful that I am going to feed you to my little birds. That's what I'm going to do!"

Seizing Jack and Bill he flew off to his nest. As he dropped Jack off the big mouth of a young bird Bill tumbled to the ground. He was so much frightened that he ran home as fast as his little legs could carry him.

When he reached home he cried, "O mother, Jack has been eaten up by a robin, and I was nearly eaten up, too! If we do not build us all, we ought to work, like the rest of the world."

Bill trembled with earnestness; he had learned a great lesson in a short time.

"Let us start right now," replied his mother. "We will build us a house and store up food for the winter."

That very moment they began to carry out their resolve. And all their ant neighbors, seeing them so busy, began to follow their example.

From that day to this ants have worked so hard that "as busy as an ant" has become a common saying in the world.

Canada's Healthy Live Stock.

The report of the Veterinary Director-General recently issued covers two years, the first part for the year ending March 31, 1919, and the second part for the twelve months terminating March 31, 1920. The health of Canada's live stock during both years is shown to have been highly satisfactory. In fact, it is easy to believe that Canada is the healthiest country in the world for all breeds of live stock. No country can claim to be absolutely free from ailments in its cattle, horses, sheep and swine any more than it can that every human being is health-perfect. But Canada, it is safe to assert, comes nearer to the ideal state than any other land. None of the epizootic diseases that cause most anxiety to sanitary officials, such as foot and mouth diseases, cattle plague, and contagious pleuropneumonia, are found within our borders. Diseases that do exist to a very limited extent, such as glanders, hog cholera, and cattle mange, the report shows are being kept well under control and are diminishing in number year by year. Glanders is prevalent in the north, but in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Manitoba and in those provinces extremely few cases are reported. All the outbreaks, the Veterinary Director-General is able to state, have been efficiently dealt with and the disease eradicated. Where hog cholera and cattle mange have appeared vigorous action has immediately been taken, with the result that contagion has been everywhere checked and districts entirely cleared. Regarding hog cholera, experience shows that nearly all cases originate on premises where garbage is fed to the animals. Cooking, if properly done, is stated to be an effective safeguard. Full statistics are given in the report of the activities undertaken all over the country which indicate the remarkable results achieved. A marked increase is shown in the number of live stock inspected for exportation in the year 1919-20 compared with the previous year, the figures being 340,000 as compared with 100,000.

The Coming Game Bird.

Young guinea fowl, weighing about two pounds each, are rapidly taking the place of wild game on the tables of the exclusive. These birds are easy to raise, requiring but little care and feed after reaching the age of one month. They are marketed at the age of three months or earlier. The writer has received as high as \$2.50 per pair and as low as \$1.75, when the birds arrived at a weight of two pounds. Poultry and commission houses in the large cities buy them alive. If marketed dead, the head and feathers are not removed.

Usually it is better to hatch the youngsters with common hens, confining the little birds closely for the first few weeks. Once the feathers get a start, the birds may go anywhere without danger. Wet grass is fatal at the start, but later they seem immune to illness and hardship. As to feeding, any program, which brings success with common chicks will find success with guineas. During late summer and early fall the youngsters will pick up most of their feed from the fields. Usually the old guinea will adopt the young birds when they are about half grown and will lead them over a wide range. We have never lost a young bird through hawks and foxes, as has often been the case with the chickens. The best time to market guinea broilers is from the middle of November to the first of January. Birds hatched in July are ready for market in October but usually this is a little early for highest prices. Last summer we hatched in August and marketed in November. September hatchings would prove profitable but grasshoppers are not as plentiful as the season advances, hence the cost of growing is a little more. The guinea requires care similar to that given the turkey but is not subject to the ills that have made the raising of the turkey something of a gamble over a large part of the country.

The Dipping of Milk Cows.

Experiments prove that the objection of many stockmen to the dipping of milk cows is not well founded, as they evidently can be dipped without affecting the secretion of milk to any appreciable extent. During the dipping of 87 cattle in the southern part of Alberta for the prevention of mange, careful records were kept for two days preceding the dipping and two days following. The total milk produced was: First day, 3,128.4 lbs.; second day, 3,101.4 lbs.; third day, 3,051.9 lbs.; fourth day, 3,113.6 lbs. This shows the effect on milk production of the dipping in the official time and sulphur solution in the standard cage vat at a temperature maintained at from 110 deg. F. to 118 deg. F., 1921.

The majority of our people are many times weaker in confidence than any other faculty. A large percentage of those who are failures could have succeeded if this one quality had been properly trained and strengthened in their youth.

Matters of Agricultural Moment.

Silver-black foxes are henceforth to receive the benefit of registration. A stud book has been opened at Ottawa, wherein it is proposed to record the best producing strains. Foxes which hitherto have been nameless except as regards species will now be given names, and in the course of years will come to have pedigrees, if not as long as any other animal, at least as correctly kept.

Under Dominion auspices, records of performances are to be kept of the best laying hens on a similar principle to that governing the record of performance of dairy cattle. Note will be kept of the best strains of male birds.

The appointment of a woman Home Demonstrator to carry on household science extension work in Peel county, Ontario, is the first of the kind, and is official recognition of the greatly extended sphere that women have entered upon in rural life.

The advantage of summer fallowing is abundantly proven in the Prairie Provinces. Thirty years of trial with the system—the fallowed land being first plowed before July 1, and cultivated as each crop of weeds appears—shows that it is a sure method of preparing land to counteract the effect of dry seasons to which some sections are subject.

It is interesting to note the great progress that has been made by the system of inspection called for by the Meat and Canned Foods Act of 1907. At that time there were fewer than sixty inspectors employed with 28 establishments under inspection and 1,079,698 slaughtered animals passed upon in nineteen months. During the year ending March 31, 1920, a staff of 275 inspectors passed upon 3,738,214 animals slaughtered in fifty plants. These statistics show that Canada's dead meat trade has more than increased fourfold in a dozen years. In addition to animals, all exports and imports of fruit and vegetables are inspected.

The bulk of the apple crop in Ontario is graded and packed in the orchard and shipped as speedily as possible, there being no facilities for storing and protecting the packed fruit against frost. On the other hand, in Nova Scotia and British Columbia, the other important apple-growing provinces, the crop is usually hauled to a packing house especially equipped for the work to be done at a minimum of cost. Selling agencies have also been established, and co-operation has been brought into play between growers' organizations and dealers.

Preventing Soft-shelled Eggs.

When the hen lays a soft-shelled egg, one marketable egg is lost for the poultryman. The egg may be eaten by other hens or the hen that lays it and this often develops the egg-eating habit. If the egg is dropped among other eggs in the nest they are all soiled and have to be washed. And washing eggs is injurious to their keeping qualities.

An over-fat hen is apt to lay soft-shelled eggs, as the fat hinders the proper operation of the shell-forming glands. Such a hen should be isolated from the flock and fed a ration of bran, and water and oats can replace most of the corn in the ration. If the hen continues to lay soft-shelled eggs she should be marketed for table use. In many cases time is saved by marketing fat hens as soon as they are found instead of taking the trouble to reduce their weight. Sometimes the accumulation of fat seems to result when a hen has a lazy disposition and refuses to scratch and such a bird is not a profitable producer and should never be used as a breeder.

Grain and clover contain a certain amount of lime which is sometimes sufficient for a hen to make strong shells on the eggs produced. However, some hens will not seem to obtain enough shell-making material from their regular ration and for this reason oyster shells must be provided in hoppers at all times. We have never found many soft-shelled eggs in houses where the oyster shell hopper is always filled. A soft-shelled egg is a rare find in such a house. Even if the hens make fair quality shells without oyster shells, it is better to supply

Fair Premiums For Children

All normal boys and girls are on the alert to make money; and all men and women, who are on the alert to keep the young folks on the farms, want to help them. The fair managers in many counties offer special premiums to young people; but even where there are no special awards it is easy to let the boys and girls earn money at the fairs. Instead of entering farm produce in their own names, fathers and mothers get the children to select the articles and then collect the premiums, only stipulating that the young workers prepare everything, attend to making the entries and getting the things back home again.

Where there are both boys and girls in a family, the girls usually take the domestic and vegetable exhibits while the boys show chickens, grains, and the farm animals. But a family of girls can show the grains along with the fancy work and canned fruits, omitting only the animals. It is hard for a girl to enter and exhibit a pet calf or lamb, and boys on the other hand do not like to potter with vegetables, unless it be mammoth pumpkins or melons.

Everybody wants to succeed, of course, and there are a few simple tricks in the trade that will help success along. Several months before the fair time, get out the list of premiums offered in the previous year. Even if an item or two should be dropped, the list will serve as a first-rate guide. Look it over carefully and mark on a piece of paper every item that could possibly interest you. If you see some vegetable or grain which you can furnish, and in which there will be few entries, mark that thing down with a star, for it's your particular big chance.

Then when you have decided on your representative for the fair, you can begin to "doll" them up. The fine pumpkin must be watered in dry weather and have all the small pumpkins and buds picked off, so that the vine will have nothing on its hands but the raising of one big vegetable. The choice potatoes can be picked out of the early ones and carefully compared to see that they are of even size and weight. The finest apples can be located and all defective fruit removed from the branch on which they grow. The tomatoes can be trimmed so that the sunlight falls on every side of the fruit, and the vines can be carefully tied to stakes to avoid discolorations or bruised spots at the last minute. Any flowers and plants to be shown should have special attention, and the pots should be made clean and attractive.

The fancy-work department always offers great inducements to the girls. Even if the premium is only \$1 for first and fifty cents for second prize, it pays to hunt up every quilt and bit of needlework that has a least chance of winning. There are always the latest things, too, in the way of fancy

bags, aprons, hand-embroidered towels, table-covers, camisole yokes and what-not made in leisure minutes and exhibited with pride and success.

The domestic booth with its canned fruit is profitable also, especially because the canned fruit is not made just for the occasion but must be provided for winter in every home. By taking a little extra care, and selecting jars of the same size and shape, it is possible to pick up many extra dollars in this department. In some counties fruit can be entered as single exhibits and also in groups, so that it is possible to win two separate prizes on the same display. I think nothing gives a greater thrill to a young canner than to see her beautiful fruits and vegetables securely sealed in clear glass and ornamented with the red or blue ribbon that marks the first prize.

Meanwhile, the boys will be getting the calves, colts, sheep, chickens and grains ready for exhibition. The grains should be cleaned and re-cleaned, as the judge will use a powerful glass to determine whether or not there is foreign matter in the exhibit. Selecting corn for the fair is an education in itself, and the boys should be encouraged to ask an agricultural student to coach them in the art of picking winning ears. With beets and pumpkins and turnips, size is about the only requirement; but in selecting corn, clover seed, and oats many other necessary qualities determine the prize-winning display.

Chickens are always interesting to exhibit, as more and more of the young people of the country are finding out. With plumage well washed and combed in good order the feathered-pets attract attention everywhere. Prize winners at the big county fair usually find their way to bigger shows that offer bigger inducements, and because of these the young folks are easily led to develop a really profitable chicken business.

Hares, puppies and other pets often come in for special prizes, besides giving an opportunity to their owners to sell at a profit and have only empty coops to take home from the fair.

Exhibiting calves and sheep and pigs means more work than showing vegetables, but it pays to let the youngsters show off the best stock on the farm and enjoy the premiums. The boy who leads a prize heifer in the ring, or raises the prize colt, will have a more exalted opinion of farming than hundreds of lectures on the superiority of farm life over city existence will ever give him.

Young people sometimes earn from \$10 to \$25 in premiums and then have the articles left for sale or for home use. Often a public-spirited merchant will buy the prize vegetables to display in his window together with the name of the grower; or again some person who expects to exhibit at the Canadian National Fair will buy the best of the display to add to his own collection.

them and obtain the stronger and thicker shells which are better able to stand jostling during transportation.

Platinum is nearly four times dearer than gold.

If your flower garden is a pretty one, some one is sure to be tempted to make one like it.

The cows are in the corn, and there they browse. But if your fence was down, don't blame the cows.

WOOL

Pack up your lot and ship to us. We do the rest—fair grading—highest prices—spot cash payment. Try us.

WM. STONE SONS, LIMITED
WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO
Established 1870

Baby Chicks

Bathurst breeders are the large, early-maturing, trap-nested, bred-to-day S.C. White Leghorns. They are prolific winter layers because they are Canadian and acclimated to our severe winters. For June delivery: 100 Chicks, \$20; 50 Chicks, \$10; 25 Chicks, \$5. Special prices for larger quantities. Free circular.

Bathurst Poultry Farm
RICHMOND HILL, ONT.

CAPITAL FOR FARM SUCCESS

One of the greatest handicaps met by the average farmer is the lack of sufficient capital to properly finance his business. This fact has been revealed by every economic survey made of the industry. It can thus be taken as an established fact that as a whole the business of farming is under-financed. Yet everywhere there are examples of farmers who began without capital other than their own resources of brain and brawn and have not only succeeded in financing a prosperous farm business, but have accumulated a considerable surplus for investment in other channels. Nor are these cases a rare exception in the general rule of under-financed farm businesses. They are to be found in every farm community in every section of the province and country. In fact, they are so numerous that enterprising seeking new capital are very generally seeking it among farmers rather than among city business men or capitalists.

These examples are sufficiently numerous to prove that lack of capital is not an insuperable obstacle to the young man with an ambition to become a successful farmer.

This does not mean that better credit facilities for farmers are not desirable, and particularly in sections which are in process of development. But it does mean that the young man with sound economic ideas and the energy to work them out will succeed in capitalizing his farm business, just as the young man with similar characteristics will succeed in capitalizing some other enterprise which he undertakes.

As a matter of fact, the crisis through which we are passing has demonstrated that many other businesses besides farming are under-capitalized. The tremendous bank loans which have strained the credit machinery of the country have not been made to farmers. And in many cases they have proven that too easily available capital for the purpose of expansion may be a handicap, rather than an advantage in the long run. Too often easy credit conditions make for extravagance rather than thrift. And thrift is the basis of ultimate business success. The person or the business firm that has demonstrated the possession of thrift will always be a preferred credit risk, and will least feel the handicap of limited capital, not alone for this reason, but as well because more will be accomplished with the capital already available.

Experimental Agricultural Activities on the Increase.

By the annual report of the Dominion Experimental Farms for 1920, it is evident that the spirit of progress has set in with increased vigor since the termination of the world war. During that period, when many prominent workers had gone abroad to do their bit in the devastating struggle, part of the activities then in prospect had necessarily to be foregone. Many contemplated advances permitting of wider experimental work, have since been made. A modern dairy building, affording space for demonstrations of up-to-date dairy methods and bacteriological research, have been constructed at the Central Farm at Ottawa. Preparations have been made for an expansion of work in connection with live stock. Dairy herds at Ottawa and elsewhere have been strengthened. Horse breeding, notably of Clydes and Percherons, east and west, and of French-Canadian horses at St. Joachim, Que., is receiving increased attention. Sheep raising under range conditions has been put under way at Lethbridge and Lacombe, Alberta. The scope of poultry work has been enlarged several fold. Egg-laying contests have been trebled in number. Experiments in poultry breeding, the investigations of diseases and chemical and biological research are being vigorously prosecuted. Illustration stations have been increased in number and developed in usefulness. In short, in every division and every activity the year 1920 saw new and renewed forces at work, full details of which will be found in the well-prepared and carefully arranged annual report referred to.

Housing of Poultry.

Not all who keep chickens either in town or country know how to secure the best results from their flocks. For lack of knowledge the chicks often develop into spindly-legged, small-bodied, poor-laying creatures. And yet any amount of instructive literature is published and can be had without cost by applying to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. Housing shares in importance with feeding if the best results are to be gained. In this connection it is interesting to observe that a revised edition of the bulletin on Poultry House Construction by F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman, has just been issued by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, to meet the constantly increasing demand for information coming from almost every class of the community. The bulletin, which is based on trials of various kinds of poultry houses in different parts of Canada, treats of the subject clearly and comprehensively. Plans and building instructions, with illustrations and diagrams, are so given as to enable anyone to erect such a poultry house as may be desired.

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AMERICAN
ORIGINAL AND
GENUINE FENCE
STEEL FRAME GATES

Ask Your Dealer for this better, stronger, heavier galvanized fencing. He buys in large quantities, secures lowest freight rates and can sell to you cheaper than anyone else.

London, Smokeless, Bathed in Sunshine.

A bright day has dawned in London out of the darkness of the coal strike. For three weeks 7,000,000 persons there have been astonished by the remarkable improvement in the air they breathe. For the first time in their memory London is practically a smokeless city, and meteorological experts can give no other reason for this than the enforced cutting down in the use of coal. It is an absolute fact—suspected for some time, but not fully realized and appreciated—that London can see, breathe, smell, touch and taste the benefits of the miners' strike.

The great gray curtain that has always been as much associated with London as is the Thames has disappeared and the city is bathed in warm sunshine, and is seeing the blue sky. There has never been such a thorough spring cleaning in the memory of living man. The atmosphere is cleaner, the people are happier and it is now apparent that one of these is contingent on the other. Observers readily say that it is reasonable to believe that the coal miners' strike is responsible for all this.

Dr. John Owens, superintendent of the Advisory Committee on Atmospheric Pollution to the Meteorological Office, said there had been a gradual improvement in conditions since April 15. He insisted that the reduction in the amount of coal consumed here had had a remarkable effect and urged the public to take steps to make the atmospheric purity more or less permanent. For years he has been experimenting by filtering air through paper discs, and the density of one period compared with another was easily discernible. On the last day of March, the day before the beginning of the strike, his discs showed a deplorable dirty state of atmosphere. Three weeks later improvement was noticed until the last day of April, when it was almost clear. Since then the discs have continued to improve, and now Dr. Owens is forced to use more delicate discs in order to get finer results.

London air is always dirtiest in winter, when household fires are principally to blame. The last months in the year bring the famous London fogs, but since the miners' strike became serious the public have been unable to burn coal in their homes. Dr. Owens said the London fogs were caused by the hundreds of thousands of chimneys which send forth smoke at such a rate that between 7 and 9 o'clock in the morning more than 200 tons of soot have been sent over the city, where it hangs like a black cloud, causing the fog. He denied that the chimneys of industrial plants were mostly responsible for this.

Jack O'Leary's Coat.

Most prisoners would be content to escape punishment for a crime they had committed. But not so with Jack O'Leary. He wanted his coat. How badly he wanted it is told in the Canadian Magazine by Col. George T. Denison, who as a young barrister was asked to defend O'Leary against a charge of burglary.

He was almost caught in the act, says Colonel Denison, being found in a lane in his shirt sleeves behind the shop that he had broken into; in the shop as his coat.

There was little chance of getting him off, but I did the best I could with the jury, making a strong point of the fact that the coat was his, and that there was no evidence that it was his coat. To my amazement the jury acquitted him. I left the court, and O'Leary came after me and asked me to apply to Chief Justice Draper for the restitution of the coat. I refused most emphatically, told him to say nothing about it, and advised him to leave the city at once.

The next morning I was passing through the courthouse when Dan Dwan came up to me and said:

"Good morning, Mr. Denison. I was in the court yesterday, and I heard ye pleading for Jack O'Leary. Be japers! Ye did it well. Ye mulvathared that jury till they didn't know where they were at. For he was bloody guilty."

"I am afraid he was," said I.

"Yes," said Dan. "But you know, he had no business to ask for his coat."

"I refused to apply for it," I replied. "He then told me that O'Leary had gone in himself, just as the court was opening that morning, and had asked the chief justice to order the return of his coat."

"But you said that it was not your coat," replied the chief justice.

"No, my lord, I did not."

"Well your counsel did."

"No," said O'Leary, "he did not. He only said that they did not prove it was my coat. But I can prove it is my coat."

"I think this is the most impudent request ever made of me," said the chief justice. And he ordered the coat to be sold and the proceeds given to a charitable institution and ordered O'Leary to be removed from the court.

I do not think I ever defended another prisoner. I was not pleased with my experience in that case.

The coronet of a baron carries six silver balls.

Sweden occupies the leading position in the lumber market of the world.

For use on toilet tables a new perfume atomizer works on the pump principle without the use of a rubber bulb.

HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON

Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at the Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Ill-health in various forms, and certain definite diseases can be prevented if more attention is paid to the kinds of food we eat. This is becoming more and more clearly understood and appreciated as a result of recent studies on what are known as accessory food-products or "vitamins."

On account of the absence of these substances many so-called deficiency diseases, such as rickets in this country, and beri-beri in the East, result. As long as there is a sufficient variety of foods, and the food in its natural state there is little danger of any such disease developing. But when the variety is limited, or the natural qualities have been impaired or changed through boiling, heating or preserving, as in canned foods, then it is that deficiency diseases may make their appearance.

Errors in diet often result in stomach troubles, due to over-eating or the use of too many meats and starchy foods such as potatoes, bread, etc. Other errors of diet include a too free use of foods fried in gravy, or of sauces, candies, etc., which often produce indigestion.

It is not, however, with over-eating or with indigestion in diet that this article deals. It is rather with the nature and ingredients of the food used as regards the presence or absence of vitamins in its composition. The question is:—What are vitamins? I will answer in a somewhat round-about way:

Science for a long time has believed that the essential composition of food that maintains life consists of carbohydrates, fats and proteins in certain proportions, with due admixture of salts and water. Though this is theoretically correct, modern research on metabolism has shown that a pure diet of carbohydrates, fats, proteins, salts and water is not sufficient to maintain health. Something else must be present, although by comparison it is infinitesimal in amount, and this something is described as a vitamin.

A professor at Cambridge who has done much work on this subject, recently fed a number of rats and puppy dogs on an artificial diet of protein, fat, starch and sugar; and by carefully watching the animals he found that they ceased to grow, although the amount of food they consumed was actually more than what was necessary to maintain normal growth. On adding a small quantity of raw, fresh milk to this diet a marvelous improvement in the health and growth of the animals became evident. The improvement was not due to the lactalbumin or salts in the milk, as an equal rate of growth was obtained from protein and ash-free extracts of the milk solids, and from yeast, in exceedingly small quantities. This Cambridge professor therefore came to the conclusion that there was some other essential factor in food, in addition to the protein, fat and sugar, that is essential to growth.

The next question is "Are there more vitamins than one?" Yes, up to the present there are three kinds described, viz:—

- (1) The Fat Soluble A, vitamin, present in fresh milk, butter, animal fats, etc.
- (2) The Water Soluble B, or anti-beri-beri vitamin.
- (3) The Water Soluble C, or anti-scurvy vitamin present in fresh fruits, vegetables, etc.

Nor are there carrying on the researches by any means certain that these three are the only ones.

Baths by Order.

In the near future baths on board ship may become compulsory for all steerage passengers. This knowledge has struck terror in the hearts of some of those emigrants who prefer to be warm in the winter time!

This sudden attack of cleanliness is due to the fact that a steamship of the Holland-American line possesses a very particular physician who used to be with the United States Public Health Service. After inspecting the immigrants in his boat he immediately

made daily baths compulsory, much to the surprise and indignation of many of the passengers, some of whom had not been out of their clothes for months!

Every day during a recent voyage the steerage passengers were invited to bathe. If they protested they were seized and scrubbed, free of charge, by the doctor's bathing battalion, which consisted of stewards, sergeants-at-arms, and a few of the more intelligent immigrants.

The fact that no diseases broke out during this voyage speaks for itself.

There are different vitamins shown by the different diseases that result when certain foods are lacking in certain essentials. Take for instance the case of beri-beri, a disease that is very common in certain eastern countries where the chief article of diet, and where polished rice is used. Polished rice consists of the kernel of the grain with the husks removed, and this process involves not only the removal of the husk but also the outer lining of the kernel known as the "silver skin," which contains the vitamin.

A type of disease more heard of in this country is infantile scurvy, believed to be due to the absence of vitamin C in a diet of a vitamin deficient, well-defined antiscorbutic properties. Infants, fed for long periods exclusively on condensed milk or preserved foods, have been shown to sometimes suffer from a form of scurvy, with hemorrhages under the outer layer of the long bones. Where an infant is brought up entirely on boiled or sterilized milk, a small quantity of grape, orange or lemon juice should be administered daily. In this country scurvy is seldom seen nowadays except during times of want or among crews of ships on long voyages where the diet is of the tinned or canned variety almost exclusively. It has also occurred in construction camps in this country where canned goods form the chief articles of diet, and where fresh meat, milk and vegetables are not easily procured.

Vitamin C is also deficient in fresh vegetables that have been dried, or even kept for long periods without drying.

When vegetables are boiled the process should be short, and the vegetables not allowed to soak long. The sooner the boiling is finished and the vegetables removed the more nutritious they will be.

The fear of destroying the vitamin in fresh milk has been one of the chief objections to the wholesale pasteurization of milk. However, by exposing milk that has been previously cleaned by filtration to a temperature not exceeding 158 deg. F. for a short period, the vitamin in the milk is not destroyed but only slightly impaired. This cannot be avoided, however, and the deficiency is more than counterbalanced by the greatly increased purity of the milk after pasteurization, and the destruction of practically all the harmful bacteria that the milk might have contained.

The more this subject of vitamins is investigated, the more apparent it becomes that their absence or deficiency is associated with many of the diseases of metabolism which are so obscure, and which hitherto have been difficult to account for in human beings. Mortar is comparatively an extremely small fraction in the materials that make up a house, but it is a very necessary part. Vitamins, similarly are an infinitesimal part of the amount of food necessary for the maintenance of health and growth in the individual, but without these accessory food products the body will not thrive. The small fraction of vitamins usually yielded by articles that contain them is a serious difficulty in the way of finding out their exact nature and composition. It is improbable that vitamins are in themselves nutritive, but they produce co-ordination of metabolism. By this means the body is able to adjust itself to carry on life and maintain health under varied conditions and surroundings.

Let This Food Help You to Health

Sound nourishment for body and brain with no overloading and no tax upon the digestion, is secured from

Grape-Nuts

It embodies the nutrition of the field grains, and it makes for better health and bodily efficiency.

Ready to serve—an ideal breakfast or lunch. "There's a Reason"

With the Boy Scouts.

"Gee! I wish I could belong to that troop," said a young Toronto Scout the other day when he heard of the plans the First Penetanguishene Troop is making for its summer outing. It is one of the most interesting enterprises yet attempted by Ontario Scouts and takes the form of an expedition from Penetanguishene down to Ottawa, and perhaps Montreal by the route followed by Champlain and his fleet of two hundred war canoes in 1615. The boys will make the trip in canoes by way of the Georgian Bay and French River, across Lake Nipissing, down the Mattawa and the Ottawa, and if they go to Montreal, the St. Lawrence too. The Hudson's Bay Company officers in North Bay and Mattawa are endeavoring to secure the old-time large voyageur birch bark canoe of the Chasse-Galerie type, in order that the trip may be made as realistically historical as possible.

At the Victoria County Boy Scout Rally held in Penetanguishene on Victoria Day the Penetanguishene Troop captured the George Beaulieu 500 yard relay race trophy which is one of the big incentives to Scout athletic work in that part of the province. In the other field day events, Penetanguishene captured five first prizes and three seconds, while Lindsay took home four seconds.

The Scout Movement "keeps moving." Grimsby had one troop last fall. Since then it has grown so large that it has been found necessary to reorganize it as three separate troops under a District Scoutmaster, Mr. J. A. M. Livingston. And that is not all, because two whole patrols of boys who came from Beamsville have become the nucleus of a new troop with headquarters in their own town. Renfrew, too, has experienced a similar growth in Scout interest, and Kincardine has a troop which is also suffering from growing pains and plans are being made to divide it into two.

Preparations for the summer camps are proceeding wherever there are Scouts, according to Provincial Headquarters in Toronto. A recent double number of "The Trail," the Ontario Scout officers' paper, was devoted entirely to the subject of Camping and Camp Management.

WHEN BABY IS ILL

When baby is ill; when he cries a great deal and no amount of attention or petting makes him happy, Baby's Own Tablets should be given him without delay. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colic and simple fevers and make teething easy. Concerning them Mrs. Desire, Theberge, Trois Pistols, Que., writes: "I have used them with my baby, and I have found them of great benefit to my baby when he was suffering from constipation and I can strongly recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Miser.

I have seen many things. Too beautiful for words; Twilights tremulous with mist—Birds.

I have heard music That was to me—Soft as the clinging fingers Of the sea.

I have known many things: Now I am old—I am a miser Counting my gold.

MONEY ORDERS. It is always safe to send Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

Allowing Plenty of Time. Parcel Post Clerk—"On that live turkey the postage will be a dollar and thirty cents."

The Poultryman—"Guess I'll start him on four bits' worth of stamps. I expect he'll lose enough weight on the way to make that about right before he's delivered."

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Dressed Like Adam.

In the wilds of the Chichibu district of Japan live a group of mountaineers clad only in the costume of Adam. Their existence was unknown until the taking of a recent census revealed their whereabouts.

Passing through the Crystal Valley, census officials were amazed to meet human beings, wearing long hair, whose only covering was leaves. They made no response when spoken to. Their chief occupation seems to be hunting with the bow and arrow and the making of charcoal, which they exchange in the neighboring districts for necessities.

It is thought that the ancestors of these wild folk were refugees of the Samurai class, who, defeated in battle hundreds of years ago, fled for safety to the lonely heights which surround the Crystal Valley.

Uruguay has about 1,600 miles of railroads, but only one tunnel.

Sufferers from rheumatism should eat celery; while bananas are useful in the case of those suffering from chest complaints.

PALE AND NERVOUS SCHOOL CHILDREN

Need Rich, Red Blood to Regain Health and Strength.

Many children start school in excellent health, but after a short time home work, examinations, hurried meals and crowded school rooms cause their blood to become weak, their nerves over-wrought and their color and spirits lost. It is a mistake to let matters drift when boys and girls show symptoms of nervousness or weak blood. They are almost sure to fall victims of St. Vitus dance, or drift into debility that leads to other troubles. Regular meals, outdoor exercise and plenty of sleep are necessary to combat the nervous wear of school life. But it is still more important that parents should pay attention to the school child's blood supply. Keep this rich and red by giving Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and the boy or girl will be sturdy and fit for school. The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind is shown by the statement of Mrs. Watson, Grand Falls, N.B., who says: "In the spring of 1919 my daughter Thistle, then 12 years of age, began to show symptoms of nervousness which developed into St. Vitus dance. She seemed to lose control of her limbs and at times every muscle in her body seemed to be twitching and jerking, and the trouble seemed to be growing worse. We finally decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and the result was better than we had hoped for, and she is now enjoying the best of health." You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Truth.

When I must die I shall not fear the going; There will be daybreak somewhere, a new dawn Spreading before me and new strength bestowing. And I shall be no more an earth-bound pawn.

There will be life enriching, pulses leaping, Vision unveiled before my eager eyes; And I shall still be loving, learning, Keeping The zest of life in some fair paradise.

I have no fear that I shall be but blended With Being infinite and undefined; Only the service of the body's ended, I shall not lose my eager soul, my mind;

I shall not lose my love, and you, O dearest, Seeking your way, will meet once more my own. And when you fear me farthest find me nearest; All that is true, though each must go alone.

All that is true—but truth does not deceive me. These poor wise words no shield of comfort make; If it were you, and death did thus bereave me,— If it were you—were you—my heart would break.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

How Tall Are You?

Most men are quite positive as to their exact height and would become indignant if you questioned the accuracy of their statements in that respect, but, as a matter of fact, no man can say, unless he has just then been measured, exactly how tall he is at any particular time. If the original measurement on which he bases his statement was made early in the morning, he has been crediting himself with too much height most of the time, while he has not given himself all the height to which he is entitled if the measurement was made in the evening. This is for the reason that all persons are taller in the morning.

The disks of cartilage between the twenty-four vertebrae of the backbone yield considerably to the pressure due to the weight of the body when it is erect, and expand themselves while the body is in a recumbent position. The effect in the case of a fairly heavy man of average height may amount to a half inch, and in the case of a policeman or postman who walks upon pavements all day the difference in height at morning and night might amount to three-quarters of an inch.

These are facts worth keeping in mind if you contemplate a physical examination for some appointment requiring a certain height, and you are very near the minimum. Do not stand or walk much before the examination—and take it in the early morning.

In Germany there are now only 818 men between the ages of twenty and thirty to every 1,000 women.

AUTO REPAIR PARTS

For most makes and models of cars. Young men who own cars should have a complete set of spare parts. Write or wire us describing what you want. We carry the largest and most complete stock in Canada of slightly used or new parts and automobile equipment. We ship C.O.D. anywhere in Canada. Satisfaction or refund in full our motto. **Shaw's Auto Salvage Part Supply, 933-931, Dufferin St., Toronto, Ont.**

BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE

Right Description.

Tenderfoot—"Gee, that dog has a long tail. It must be about three feet." First Class Scout—"Yes, that's his back yard."

Habit.

Maid (reporting)—"There's a man at the door with a wooden leg, mum." "Thank you, Maggie; we don't need any."

Right Description.

Poor Suitor—"Is it true that your father has lost his fortune?" His Lady Love (sighing)—"Yes, ah! is swept away, but you are left, dear!" "Great Scott! I should say I am left!"

Dividing It.

A case came before a court involving the ownership of an eight-day clock. After listening to both sides, the judge turned to the plaintiff: "You get the clock." "And what do I get?" complained the defendant. "You get the eight days," replied the judge.

Adding Class.

A family named Stubbs, which became very rich during the war, purchased a stately home.

It happened that someone who had known them in less prosperous days was in the neighborhood, and thought he would call. He did so, and asked for "Mr. Stubbs." The butler regarded him with a perfectly straight face. "There must be some mistake, sir," he said. "This is the house of Mr. St. Ubs."

Quite True.

A pompous manufacturer of machinery was showing a stranger over his factory. "Fine piece of work, isn't it?" he said, when they were looking at a very ingenious machine.

"Yes," said the visitor, "but you cannot hold a candle to the goods we turn out." "Indeed!" said the chagrined manufacturer. "What is your line?" "Gunpowder," was the reply.

His Title.

The nine-year-old son of a New York doctor recently sought out his father and put to him this question: "Dad, do you know what nickname they gave to Napoleon Bonaparte?" Now the father desired that his son should have the pleasure of bestowing this information; so he evaded the reply by an interrogatory on his own part: "What was it, my son?" Whereupon, to the great astonishment of the physician, the lad replied very proudly: "The Little Corpse."

His Hearing Restored.

The invisible ear drum invented by Minard, sitting inside the ear entirely out of sight, is restoring the hearing of hundreds of people in New York City. Mr. Leonard invented this drum to relieve himself of deafness and head noises, and it does this so successfully that no one could tell he is a deaf man. It is effective when deafness is caused by catarrh or by perforated, or wholly destroyed natural drums. A request for information to A. O. Leonard, Suite 437, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City, will be given a prompt reply. Adv.

How Did He Know?

Freddie—"Ma, what is the baby's name?" Ma—"The baby hasn't any name." Freddie—"Then how did he know he belonged here?"

Salt mixed with starch will prevent it from sticking.

Forest fires benefiting no one and they rob the workman, the merchant, the farmer, and indirectly every citizen. Forest fires are fought not only in the bush, but in towns and cities. When Canadians of town and farm and forest are all determined to stop forest fires, then our forests will be freed from the ravages of this fiend.

ASPIRIN

"Bayer" only is Genuine



Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drugists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetateidester of Salicylicacid.

JOSEPH DROUIN, of Montreal, declares he suffered six years with dyspepsia but six bottles of Tanlac made a new man of him—Gained 35 pounds.



"I could hardly believe my eyes when I stepped on the scales after taking six bottles of Tanlac and found that I had actually gained thirty-five pounds in weight," said Joseph Drouin, 2194 St. Denis St., Montreal, who, for the past twenty-six years, has been passenger conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railway and is well and favorably known along the line of his run between Montreal and Mount Laurier.

"Before I started on this medicine I was in a bad way. For years I'd had to take my meals 'hurry-hurry' and everywhere where I went I'd find myself getting all out of working order. I lost all desire for food and what little I ate would form gas and bloat me up until I could hardly breathe. I became so nervous I couldn't sleep at all well at night, and was often so tired in the mornings I didn't care whether I took my train out or not. I fell off twenty-five pounds in weight and became alarmed about my condition, for I had tried all sorts of medicine without getting any relief."

"Then, one day I read a statement in the paper that decided me to give Tanlac a thorough trial. Well, I never would have believed any medicine could do a man so much good in such a short time. It quickly settled my stomach and gave me such an appetite that I could eat three good square meals a day and no longer have a trouble with indigestion or gas and I sleep so well at night, even when on the road, that I think it would take a collision to wake me up. I now turn the scales at two hundred and ten pounds, which is ten pounds more than I ever weighed in my life and feel better in every way than I have for a very long time. Tanlac is the best medicine I ever tried."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Adv.

An Easy Thing.

Next to making his own mistakes the easiest thing in the world is to criticize the mistakes of others.

To clean a photograph wipe with a soft cloth wrung out in warm water and a little ammonia. Dry with another cloth.

NOTHING TO EQUAL



For Sprains and Bruises

The first thing to do when you have an injury is to apply Minard's famous Liniment. It is antiseptic, soothing, healing, and gives quick relief.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed and Maltreated to any Address by the Author, Dr. Clay Glover Co., Inc., 115 West 31st Street, New York, U.S.A.



CUTICURA FOR THE DAILY TOILET

Use Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet and have a healthy clear complexion, soft white hands and good hair. Assist when necessary by touches of Cuticura Ointment. The Cuticura Talcum is also ideal for the skin.

50c Box, 25c Jar and 10c Tube. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: London, Ontario, 341 St. Paul St., W., Montreal. (Cuticura Soap always without name.)

ISSUE No. 24-25.

"TO BUY OR NOT TO BUY"

THAT IS THE QUESTION. Whether it is wiser to spend your money where you get quantity of questionable worth, or to seek the store of REAL VALUE PRICES. Everybody is talking economy, but are we all spending what we have to spend with that saving idea in view? And that raises the question, Are "cheap" goods always cheap? There is no question as to the economy when you buy at the store of REAL VALUE PRICES, because you save money in spite of yourself.

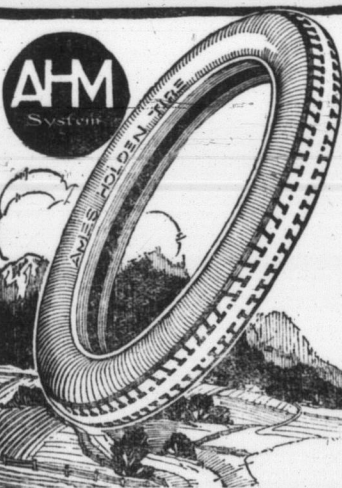
Just investigate for yourself; do not be misled about our values.
By request—an array of values.

Many of our customers have requested us to put on a special "Array of Values" prices to equalize with the drop of farm products. We are always ready to oblige when possible, and, as this is your store, you are at liberty to make such requests.

Cut out price list and pin it up for ready reference.

STAPLE DEPARTMENT	HOSIERY DEPARTMENT
If you have been paying more for these articles, you have been paying too much.	Buying direct from manufacturers gives us the advantage.
Standard Shirts.....29c	One reason why you can buy cheaper here.
Best heavy weight Denims.....39c	Ladies' extra special Silk Hosiery, all colors.....37c
Best A.A.C. Ties.....38c	Ladies' Fine Lisle Black and White Hose.....39c
Best English Gingham.....38c	Ladies' Fine Cotton Black Hose.....35c, 3 pr. for \$1
Heavy weight Sheet.....29c	Ladies' Fine Cotton Black Hose.....25c
White Cottons.....17c	Ladies' outside size Silk Lisle Black Hose.....75c
Roller Towelling.....17c	Men's Black Cotton Sox.....19c pr.
All Linen Towelling.....25c	Men's Black Cotton Sox.....35c, 3 pr. for \$1
Fancy Chintz.....24c	Men's Fine Lisle, all colors.....48c
"Linen" Wash Suits.....29c	Men's Fine Silk Sox, all colors.....\$1
Sateens.....35c	WHITWEAR DEPARTMENT
Circular Pillow Cotton, 42-inch.....39c	You cannot equal our White-wear values anywhere else in Canada.
All pure Linen Damask.....\$1.48	Women's White Nightgowns.....\$1.25, \$1.69 and \$2.25
GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT	Women's White Cambric Petticoats, lace and embroidered.....\$1.25 and \$2
Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, per garment.....79c	
Men's Fine Shirts.....\$1.29 & \$2	
Men's Balbriggan Combinations.....\$1.39	
Men's All Silk Ties, new shape.....50c	
Men's extra strong Ties.....\$1.35	

E. A. MAYHEW & COMPANY



"Auto-Shoes" Mean Mileage

The mileage given by the best tire you ever used would just about approximate the average given by Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" year after year.

Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" are miles better than ordinary tires. The name "Auto-Shoes" is to help you to remember that to make it easy for you to get the cheapest mileage you can buy.

AMES HOLDEN "AUTO-SHOES"

Cord and Fabric Tires in all Standard Sizes

For Sale By

M. J. McAlpine
Phone 19w

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Geo. Parrott
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The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1921

NEWBURY

Mrs. Lamb and daughter, Minnie McLean, have arrived home from London where they spent the winter. Mrs. A. B. Dobbyn accompanied them. Mr. and Mrs. Bright of Windsor visited Mrs. Sandy Armstrong last week.

A. R. Winslow and wife returned on Saturday from a visit with Lambeth friends.

Gordon Bradshaw of McGill College, Montreal, is spending his vacation at his grandfather's, R. Winslow's.

Miss Parnall of Chatham is visiting her brother here.

Mrs. Fred Sullivan of Bothwell spent Monday with her mother, Mrs. Jane Connelly.

W. E. Simpson of Edmonton called on Miss A. L. Tucker on Sunday.

It is a matter of regret that both school teachers, E. C. Squires and Miss Mamie Fennell, are resigning.

A. Holman, census enumerator, has been on his trip since June 1st.

Mrs. Farquharson of Chatham is visiting her nephew, Rev. C. D. Farquharson, at the manse.

Rev. Mr. Marshall of Chatham held preparatory service in Knox church on Friday evening.

Miss Jessie Fletcher spent Saturday in London with her sister Carrie.

Mrs. (Major) Hugh Ferguson of London visited her cousin, Mrs. J. G. Bayne, on Saturday.

His many friends here were proud and pleased at the election of Rev. J. W. Hibbert as president of the London conference. Rev. and Mrs. Hibbert were popular with all during his pastorate here.

Mrs. Graham returned to Toronto on Monday after spending several months with her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Moore.

Reeve Holman is in London this week attending county council.

Mrs. Wm. Glennie is visiting London friends.

Born—June 6, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Woods, a daughter.

Remember June 22nd, Newbury Anglican garden party. Kekoa singers, best ever.

Mrs. Minnie Forman left on Tuesday for Kenora and other Western points.

Knox church W. M. S. held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. Chas. Telfer, with 17 members and 2 visitors present. The usual devotional exercises were used.

after which Mrs. Munroe gave an excellent paper on the activities of the Bible Societies. Miss Owens read a much appreciated article on India, dwelling on the attitude of the people. The meeting closed with the Lord's Prayer, after which a very dainty lunch was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Abe Gee and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Weaver of Zone visited at Mrs. Sarah Yates' on Thursday last.

Mrs. Bidner and son and daughter of Alvinston called on Mrs. Yates last week.

WARDSVILLE

A goodly number from Wardsville and the surrounding country attended the movies in the town hall here on Wednesday.

An old Wardsville high school boy, Wm. E. Simpson, barrister-at-law, of Edmonton, Alberta, called on Mr. and Mrs. C. Minna.

Jim Humphrey of Windsor is spending a few days with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Humphrey.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Gaults and son Ray, Jack Simpson, Tom Simpson and Clara Tunks have returned from a motor trip to Owen Sound.

Mrs. R. J. Murphy, daughters Violet and Maud, son Ford and Miss Jean McRae motored to London on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Brenning and son Harry and Mrs. A. Minna of London visited Mr. and Mrs. C. Minna Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Love, Norman Brown and Hugh Whitfield motored to London on Friday.

Usual Sunday services were held in the Anglican church Sunday evening when the candidates who were confirmed on May 27 received their first communion.

Norman Brown spent the week-end in Rodney.

F. A. Gourley of Adrian, Mich., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jim Thomas.

Will Purdy and wife of Windsor visited at the home of Mr. Purdy's brother, Ethridge Purdy.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Simpson and son Lloyd motored to Thorndale for a short visit.

Worms, however generated, are found in the digestive tracts, where they set up disturbances detrimental to the health of the child. There can be no comfort for the little ones until the harmful intruders have been expelled. An excellent preparation for this purpose can be had in Miller's Worm Powders. They will immediately destroy the worms and correct the conditions that were favorable to their existence.

ery blouse.....\$1.125 and \$2

Women's White Lonsdale Cotton Drawers, tucked or embroidered blouse.....69c, 75c & \$1

O. & A. Corsets.....\$1.39, \$2, \$3, \$4

Pretty Lingerie Blouses.....\$1.50 and \$2.95

Novelty Voles, in beautiful French designs.....79c

SHOE DEPARTMENT

Just in—many new lines. All our shoes are only the very best. Only a few from our many specials:

Ladies' Kid and Patent Leather Oxfords, high or low heels, brown or black.....\$3.88

Ladies' Fine Kid high top shoes.....\$4.95

Ladies' Fine Kid Kid shoes.....\$5.75

Ladies' Fine White Canvas Oxfords.....\$1.95

Men's Brown Oxfords, correct style.....\$6.85

Do not overlook our Children's Shoe Department. Values extraordinary.

MELBOURNE

The baseball team from Walkers came over and played a friendly game with the team of this village Friday evening. The result was 8 to 6 in favor of the visiting team. A good game was played by both sides. After Angus McMaster of Walkers had batted he attempted to make a run. The ball went low. Murray Laing stooped down to catch it and in some way or other McMaster stumbled and fell over Laing. It was thought for a moment that McMaster's leg was broken, but after being examined it was learned that it was a bad sprain.

Rev. Dr. Brown and Mrs. Brown left here Friday morning to attend the Methodist conference in London. From there they will visit Peterborough, Smith's Falls and Montreal. They expect to be away two weeks.

Mr. Kneeland of Forest is supplying as principal of the school here for the remainder of the term.

NORTH EKFRID

The Swastika Band met at the home of Miss Lizzie Pierce Wednesday afternoon with a good attendance. Miss Adeline Pierce took the topic which was much enjoyed. Tea was served in the evening.

Miss Harrison of Springbank is the guest of Miss Lizzie Down.

Mrs. Louis Thornton is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roemmel, Jr.

Miss Ella Mills spent Sunday in Strathroy.

Miss Leath is the guest of Miss Irene Roemmel.

Mrs. Annie Hardy spent the week-end with Mrs. Sara Hardy.

Mr. and Mrs. John Davis spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Howard Davis.

The frost Saturday night did some damage to the gardens around here. Tomatoes and cucumbers were nipped.

Thomas Ramey had a bee last week moving a barn.

We are pleased to learn that Mr. Nichols is very much better.

Miss Pearl Pettit spent the week-end with her aunt in Detroit.

Mr. Brown of Melbourne gave an interesting address in the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon. His text was taken from II Timothy 2:3: "Thou therefore endure hardness as a good soldier of Jesus Christ."

Pettit brothers were home for a few hours on Sunday evening.

CAIRO

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Barr, accompanied by R. Burr, motored to Hepworth on Saturday for a visit among friends.

Mrs. D. M. Smith left on Saturday for a visit with friends in Walkerville, Windsor and Detroit.

Miss Margaret Burns of Dresden, after a brief visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Coleman, returned to her home on Sunday.

Mrs. Brisley of Thamesville is a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Thompson.

Miss Mona Ennett of Chatham visited at the home of her uncle, Thos. Coleman, during the week with the Coleman family.

Mrs. Fred Melow and son Gordon are visiting at the home of Mrs. Ed Arnold.

Alvin Ard, after a week's visit at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Fred Burr, returned to his home on the 4th inst.

Miss Ila Burr, after an extended visit in Windsor and Detroit, arrived home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Bell of Croton motored to Cairo on Sunday, calling at the home of J. A. Wehlann.

The king's birthday was duly celebrated here by the young men playing two games of baseball. In the evening a dainty lunch was provided by the young ladies.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McKeown visited at the home of M. D. Smith of Aberfeldy on Saturday.

It testifies for itself.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil needs no testimonial of its power other than itself. Who ever tries it for coughs or colds, for cuts or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body, will know that the medicine proves itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why this oil is in general use.

ELMSVILLE

Will Plaine has purchased the 50-acre farm of the late Charles Armstrong.

As Neil Waterworth was working in his orchard one day recently he killed two large black snakes, one of which measured 5 feet 6 inches, the other 4 feet 6 inches.

Mr. Gee is remodeling his barn, putting in a cement foundation and otherwise improving it. Chas. Osier of Walkers has the contract.

Messrs. Brodie and Brown of London, real estate agents, recently visited this vicinity, being guests of Mr. Donaldson.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McAlpine of Aberfeldy, Mr. and Mrs. Dugald McTavish and Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey McMurphy and family of Glencoe were visitors at Joseph Waterworth's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Waterworth and son Neil attended the funeral of the late John McPherson of Glencoe.

There was a light frost on Saturday night but no damage is reported.

CAMERON

We have had some nice showers of rain which improved the crops.

The picnic and the socials have started.

Mr. Jack Frost was around on Saturday night.

Miss Jean Plaine and her friend spent Sunday with friends at Highgate.

Remember the garden party at Harry Galbraith's on July 4th.

Hugh A. McAlpine has purchased a new Overland car.

Miss John F. McTavish is spending a few days at John C. Gillies'.

Miss Annie Bowler spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. A. D. Ferguson.

There is to be a union basket picnic in Hugh R. McAlpine's grove at the river on June 22. This includes No. 7, No. 12 and Walkers U. F. O. clubs and several in Brooke.

APPIN

Appin, June 3.—Mrs. Thos. Howe is visiting her daughters, Mrs. Allan Perry of Windsor and Mrs. Fred Perry of Sandwich.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Perry and family of Sandwich have returned home after spending a week with relatives in this vicinity. Thos. Howe accompanied them home.

Mrs. Colin Leitch of Glencoe is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Howe, who is recovering from an attack of appendicitis.

Born—at 604 Jansette Ave., Windsor, on Friday, May 27, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Perry, a son.

Appin, June 6.—Mrs. Geo. Scates passed away on Saturday evening after a long illness at her home here.

Mrs. James Glasgow has been very ill with tonsillitis and erysipelas.

There was no service in the Methodist church on Sunday evening on account of the conference meeting in London.

Mr. Peckham is moving into the house he purchased from James McMaster.

Wedding bells will soon be ringing in this neighborhood.

We are very pleased to see Alice Galbraith about again after her long and serious illness.

Appin's baseball team is flourishing so far this season.

Mrs. Albert Nevill is home from the hospital after undergoing an operation.

Sorry to hear that Miss Gibbs is not improving very fast.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pole, Miss Jean and Mrs. Charles Hardwell spent the week-end in London.

Mrs. Edwards is able to be out again.

EKFRID STATION

The U. F. O. are holding a meeting in S. S. No. 4 next Friday evening, June 10. J. G. Lethbridge, M.P.P., will address the club. Everybody is welcome.

Frank Brown, who is visiting at his home in Melbourne, addressed the people in a very able manner last Sunday evening in S. S. No. 4.

Ekfrid played a game of ball at Cowal last Friday evening.

Mrs. J. T. McLean visited friends near Rothwell last week.

Mrs. John Lee of London spent last week at Geo. Lee's.

KNAPDALE

Miss Katie McIntyre has returned to Detroit.

Alvin McNeil and son Etell and daughter Flora Bell, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Hector McNeil, spent Sunday at Neil Mitchell's.

Stanley and Mary Bell McLachlan and Mrs. Angus Campbell of Brooke visited at Neil Leitch's one day last week.

Mrs. Duncan Mitchell and son Lorne and daughters Lillie and Minnie and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Giles visited at Neil Mitchell's on Sunday.

Wm. June has moved his barn to its new site. Chas. Osier of Walkers had charge of the work.

Mrs. Will Hillman entertained a few of the children to tea on Thursday, that day being little Lene's birthday.

Knapdale U. F. O. held a meeting on Wednesday evening and decided to unite with the other clubs who purpose holding a picnic in the McAlpine grove on June 22.

A group of our youth and beauty went on a fishing excursion to the Thames on Saturday.

TAIT'S CORNERS

The monthly meeting of Tait's Corners U. F. W. O. was held at the home of Mrs. Geo. Coad on Friday, May 27.

After the business part of the meeting an excellent program was rendered as follows:—Papers on interesting subjects, by Mrs. James Lethbridge, Miss E. Urquhart, Mrs. Tait and Mrs. C. Allan; instrumental, Miss Mary Belle Duncan; solos, Miss Mildred Murphy, Miss Mary Coad and Mrs. James McRae.

The singing was brought to a close by singing God Save the King, after which lunch was served. The next meeting will be held on Wednesday, June 29th, at the home of Mrs. Dan Allan.

Paring a corn is both risky and ineffective. It is much better to use Holloway's Corn Remover and eradicate them entirely.

PARKDALE

Mr. and Mrs. J. Jeffery of Newbury and Mr. and Mrs. F. Underhill of Bothwell were Sunday visitors at the home of Thos. Haggit.

Wm. Thompson and Miss Edythe motored to Strathroy on Friday to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Haggit, James Haggit and Mrs. Bradshaw motored to Windsor on Sunday.

Frank Campbell has returned to Windsor after spending a few days at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. L. McKim and children of Merlin were week-end visitors with the former's sister, Mrs. A. Campbell.

Mrs. Wm. Thompson has returned home after having spent the past week with relatives in Strathroy and vicinity.

Wm. Nichols is visiting his son at Southwold.

MOSA

Miss Belle McIntyre has returned home after a pleasant visit with friends in Detroit.

Messrs. Duma and Nisbet and Mrs. Thos. Nisbet of Wanstead were visitors at A. E. McLachlin's on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. John McLean and family visited his mother, Mrs. Mary McLean, on Sunday.

Dan McKellar and D. J. Mitchell were delegates to the U. F. O. convention at Strathroy last week.

The scheduled passing No. 9 school is being scrapped to make it passable for automobiles. So, everyone remember the garden party on June 17.

Now that Gardfield is out of the way, daily newspaper readers are relieved of another agony.

THE SIXTIETH ANNIVERSARY

DIAMOND JUBILEE

Celebration of the Erection of

Argyle Church, Crinan

will be held on

SUNDAY AND MONDAY.
June 12th and 13th

ON SUNDAY Rev. Principal Dyde, M. A., LL. D., of Queen's Theological College, Kingston, will conduct the services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.

Special Music by Dutton Male Quartette, also Solo at each service by Jean Anderson Thirde, Soprano, of Toronto.

ON MONDAY, June 13th, there will be a Grand Celebration and Reunion on the church grounds.

Major J. C. Tolmie, M. L. A., Windsor, will be present to deliver an address, also Rev. Dr. Stalker, and others. There will be a good Musical Program, also Scottish Songs by the Queen of Scottish Sopranos, Jean Anderson Thirde, of Toronto.

Supper will be served by the ladies from 6 to 8 o'clock. Refreshment booth on the grounds.

Rev. A. L. Carr, B. A., chairman.

Admission—Adults, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents.

GLENCOE HORSE SHOW

Wednesday, June 15th

DOMINION TIRES

DUNLOP TIRES

GOODYEAR TIRES

Electric Supplies—Irons, Toasters, Grills, Washing Machines, etc.

Muresco, Floglaze and Sherwin-Williams Paints.

Beatty Bros. Hay Cars and supplies.

Barrett's Slate Surface and Everlastic Roofing.

Perfection Oil Stoves, Lawn Mowers, Hammocks, Harvest Tools, Auto Accessories, Buggy and Auto Rugs—in fact, just about anything you need in hardware, at prices that are "exactly right."

C. T. DOBBYN, NEWBURY

H. K. L. CHARLTON

Concert Baritone

Pupil of Prof. M. A. Francis, Windsor, and Prof. Clyde Nicholls, Detroit, is open to solo singing engagements at garden parties, entertainments, etc. He will also take a limited number of pupils during the summer. For terms, etc., apply The Rectory, Glencoe, or phone 14r2.

FOR SALE