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Vol. 36.

TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK ROOF GARDEN

STANFORD WHITE WAS SHOT BY HARRY THAW

Murderer, Who Was Arrested, Is Alleged to Have Expressed Gratification Over Deed.

New York, June 25.—Stanford White, member of the firm of McKim, Mead & White, architects, was shot and killed during the performance at Madison Square roof garden to-night. The police state that the murderer was Harry Thaw, a member of a well-known Pittsburg family. The murderer was arrested.

It was the opening night of the season of the roof garden. During the second act of the performance, while a comic-song was being sung, the audience was thrown into consternation by the firing of three shots. Immediately afterwards it was announced that a murder had been committed and the audience was dismissed.

White previously had been at the Manhattan Club and had only reached the garden a few minutes before the shooting occurred at 10:30 p. m. While Harry Short was singing "I Could Love a Million Girls," Thaw had been at the performance all the evening, and had been noticed to be nervous and excited.

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SEARCHING FOR INDIAN MURDERER

TWO PARTIES HAVE STARTED ON TRAIL

They Are Accompanied by Native Guides and are Prepared to Stay out for Weeks.

Hazelton, B. C., June 25th.—The Indian murderer, Simon, Gun-Ah-Noot is still at large, and nothing definite is known of his whereabouts. His wife left the village shortly after the murder, and has not been seen since.

On Friday evening the wife of Peter-Humadam, an Indian who was with Gun-Ah-Noot just previous to the murder of McIntosh, and who is said to be still with him, and is supposed to be implicated in the crime disappeared mysteriously from the village.

A patrol of seven men came upon fifteen dogs held upon the opposite side of the river from the village. Recognizing the dogs as those of the Indian suspected of the crime, the patrol killed them all in order to prevent their being used to travel with. Half an hour later one of the men came across the fresh tracks of Indians. It was evident that they were trying to cover their tracks by the way they avoided the regular trail. The party followed them most of the day, but a heavy rainstorm completely obliterated the tracks by which they travelled. It is thought they were those of Gun-Ah-Noot, Humadam and their family, or else the families on their way to join them.

Late on Saturday night four Indians who hunt and are familiar with the country to which the criminals are supposed to have gone, offered their services to follow and the two parties were immediately organized and started out on the trail for the murderer.

A special officer is en route here to take charge of the search.

A. O. U. W. ASSESSMENT. Decision of Supreme Lodge Which Has Been in Session at Montreal.

Montreal, June 25.—The supreme lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen concluded its sessions this evening. After consultation with Myles W. Dawson, the New York attorney, the supreme lodge decided to take the following action in order to place the order on a more substantial basis.

The present indebtedness of the order will be met by an assessment of ten cents per month upon each member until the arrears are all wiped out. This will be a pledge to the lodges which have failed to meet their obligations. Each high rate jurisdiction in debt will have to pay a quarter of its arrears. Any jurisdiction before receiving aid from the general order must agree to put in force the following rates before October 1st, commencing with \$1.24 per month, per \$1,000 at the age of 18 and scaling up to \$2.05 at 35; \$3.09 at 40; \$4.06 at 45; to the extreme limit of \$5.05 at 70. Specified forms of policies are exempted in addition as extra 50 cents per \$1,000 will be levied against hazardous occupations. The guarantee fund established three years ago, which resulted in the secession of several grand lodges, has been abolished.

Officers were elected as follows: Supreme master workman, W. H. Narver, Muscatine, Iowa; supreme workman, G. A. Eckstein, Nezium, Minn.; supreme overseer, J. F. Gallagher, New Haven, Conn.; supreme recorder, H. W. Sackett, Meadville, Pa.; supreme receiver, B. Dickinson, Buffalo, N. Y.; supreme guide, A. Patterson, Montreal; supreme watch, M. E. Schultz, Beatrice, N. B.; past supreme master workman, W. N. Colvig, Jacksonville, Oregon; supreme medical examiner, Dr. D. F. Shields, Hamilton, Mo.; committee on finance, E. H. Danworth, Shiohagan, Me.; B. F. Rehkopf, Des Moines, Ia.; S. R. Marton, Grand Island, Neb.; committee on laws, W. McNash, Gaiylord, Kansas; F. C. Wettmore, Cadillac, Mich.; S. S. Blitz, Louisville, Ky.; advisory committee, to degree of honor, W. B. McCormack, Minneapolis, Minn.; R. Feeny, Holland, Ore.; J. D. Lavin, South Dakota.

LOVER'S CRIME. Shot Girl Who Refused to Run Away With Him and Ended His Life.

New York, June 25.—The village of Amity, some miles from Morristown, N. J., was the scene of a doleful tragedy to-day. Freeman Longcore in love, sought to persuade Rose Collins, a girl twenty years of age, to run away with him. She refused, and later in anger he set fire to the house in which she lived. The girl was trying to save some of her effects when Longcore shot her. The murderer then fled with a crowd in pursuit. He found it would not be possible to escape, and, being cornered, killed himself.

Of all the letters which pass through the post offices of the world, two-thirds are written by and sent to people who speak English.

THE PENSION ACT.

TEACHERS WERE GIVEN A WELCOME

RECEPTION TENDERED YESTERDAY EVENING

The Tourist Association rooms were crowded on Monday for the two hours between eight and ten o'clock with ladies and gentlemen who have arrived to attend the teachers' convention. These people were the tutors of the coming generation, and the gladness of holiday time had enlivened their features, and the cares of a year's work had been thrown to the winds. There was in this gathering much resemblance to a college reunion, where friends and old-time companions meet after long absence, and remind each other of the days of long ago.

There the government officials mixed in friendly intercourse with those who of late times had dreaded their periodical visits. The superintendent of education, Alexander Robinson, dropped in for a little while, and Inspectors Wilson, Gordon and Gilles mixed with the jolly crowd on terms of equality rather than with condescending affability. Four members of the Victoria board of trustees, Mrs. Jenkins, and Messrs. Jay, Lewis and Dr. Hall, gathered around with sections of the board in view of selecting suitable material for this smiling crowd, with which to fill the gaps in the city staff.

City Superintendent Eaton beamed with delight that the scheme of a summer session, in which he has taken so much interest, seemed likely to prove so successful. Principals Leith, Robinson, Gilchrist and Murphy, from Vancouver; Coatham, from New Westminster; Bruce, from Rossland, and Bennett, from Cumberland.

As the visitors arrived at the Hotel Bantley, the Bantley orchestra played music, at times almost setting the crowd awailing, and beyond in the back of the room, the thrill, caused by the speeches, was quenched with sparkling lemonade. Light refreshments were passed around by the Ladies' Auxiliary, presided over by the president, Mrs. C. W. Rhodes, the same being served from a daintily decorated table, the decorations being the work of Misses Susie Pemberton and Mrs. Harold Robertson.

About half-past eight Secretary Cuthbert, of the Tourist Association, called the crowd to order and apologized for the absence of the mayor, welcomed all to Victoria. He was followed by Mayor Henderson, who spoke on behalf of the association. His remark aimed extending the freedom of the city to the visitors was humorously taken up by Mr. Cuthbert, who told of "general conditions" in Seattle where they were told that the police would be directed not to notice anyone wearing the visitors' badge.

Trustee Jay, on behalf of the city trustees, seconded the remarks of the mayor, and thought that it spoke well for the profession when so many would put themselves to great expense and inconvenience to attend a convention similar to this happening in Seattle where they would stay while longer than the convention week and enjoy the balmy air and Italian skies of Victoria.

E. B. Paul, of the High school, spoke on behalf of the city teachers. He said it did them all good to meet their erstwhile friends and scratch the moss off each other's backs. Messrs. Coatham and Murphy then expressed their pleasure at visiting a city where they were always treated well. The latter said that they preferred coming to Victoria to staying at home. Such a kind reception and the kindly words spoken were doubly pleasant because there were sometimes occasions when they were not received with kindly words, when a knock came to the door between the hours of nine and three thirty.

PRaises VICTORIA. W. T. White Says It Is Most Beautiful Residential City in Canada.

"I think we are going to have an Empire in the West," was the declaration which was made by W. T. White, general manager of the National Trust Company, on his return to Toronto.

Mr. White visited all the centres in the West, including Victoria. In expressing his opinion of the various points visited he described this city as the most beautiful residential city in Canada.

The title colonel comes from a word signifying a column. The colonel was so called because he led or commanded the column.

SECOND TOWARD OF FLUMERFELT PRIZE

VANCOUVER SCHOLAR WINNING CANDIDATE

Arthur Yates Succeeds in Obtaining the Scholarship of Five Hundred Dollars.

The second annual award of the Flumerfelt scholarship was made Monday by the committee of selection, consisting of Mr. Justice Irving, Col. F. B. Gregory, F. H. Eaton, M. A. superintendent of schools, Victoria; W. P. Argue, superintendent of schools, Vancouver; and Alexander Robinson, B. A. provincial superintendent of education.

Arthur Yates, of Vancouver, was the successful candidate, the others being Joseph Clearhous, of this city, and Jas. H. Wallace, of Nelson. Considerable difficulty was experienced in making the selection, the candidates all being possessed of the required qualifications and receiving high endorsements from their masters as to general character. So far, Vancouver has enjoyed a monopoly of this scholarship, as last year it went to Thomas Price, also a student of the Terminal City.

A. C. Flumerfelt, of Victoria, is the donor of this valuable incentive to students who wish to obtain a college degree. It is awarded annually, and is of the value of \$500. Only those who have completed a two year course in a high school or other institution affiliated with an university are eligible, and the scholarship is given to complete the third and fourth years at McGill or Toronto. The method of selection is very similar to that pursued in the choice of Rhodes scholars. Aside from scholastic attainments great attention is paid to physique, general character and to sports in athletics. Arthur Yates, the successful candidate, has been a student at Vancouver college for a little over two years, during which time he has pursued the first and second years of McGill University, with which the Vancouver High school is affiliated. He will complete his studies, under the scholarship just awarded, at the university mentioned.

ICE MEN COMBINE. Five Defendants Must Pay Fine or Serve Year in Workhouse.

Toledo, O., June 25.—Five ice dealers, representing local companies, were sentenced to-day to pay a fine of \$5,000, and each man to serve one year in the workhouse. The five men, all of them prominent in business circles, were taken to the county jail to await the making out of the necessary papers to commit them to the workhouse unless in the meantime they meet Judge Kinkade's requirements of restitution.

These men were indicted under the Valentine anti-trust law for combining to restrain trade. Under the pretext that the ice supply was much smaller than in recent seasons these dealers combined and advanced the price from 50 to 100 per cent. The sentence is the maximum under the law. If the men go to the workhouse they will be set to hard labor.

PULAJANES SURRENDER. Manila, June 25.—The Pulajane leaders, Quintine and Adava, have surrendered to the governor and constabulary. These are the last of the men arrayed against the Americans on the Island of Cebu. The riffs and ammunition of their bands were also surrendered.

AUTOMOBILE CONTEST.

Two Accidents During First Day's Racing For the Grand Prize.

Paris, June 25.—The automobile contest for the grand prize over the Sarthe course was started at 8 o'clock this morning. A very large crowd of people was present, and great enthusiasm was manifested. The course, which is 103 kilometers long, was paraded by troops. Baros (France) covered the first round in 52 minutes 25 seconds at the rate of 118 kilometres per hour. Dury (France) was second in 53 minutes and 40 seconds. Two accidents occurred during the first round. Fabry (Italy) collided with a wall with the result that his machine was completely demolished, and the occupants were uninjured, and Leblon (France) was ditched and upset, without the occupants of his car sustaining any injuries. Baros covered the second round in 52 minutes 30 seconds. Slize (France) led during the third circuit, steadily increasing his lead and won the day's racing in 5 hours 45 minutes, 30 2/5 seconds. Clement (France) was second in 6 hours 10 minutes 10 seconds. Slize was enthusiastically greeted.

The racers will start again at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning. France has 25 entries, Germany three, and Italy six in the Sarthe contest. The course must be covered twelve times. The cars "timing" six hours daily for two days to complete the total distance, 1,236 kilometres.

TRADING COMPANY CONTRACT. Letters and Telegrams From Lord Strathcona Read at Meeting of Committee.

Ottawa, June 25.—At today's session of the public accounts committee several telegrams and letters were read from Lord Strathcona in reference to the North Atlantic Trading company's contract. The Lord Strathcona endeavored to make it clear that he was not in sympathy with the contract although he consented to it and was only acting for the department. He had nothing to do with organizing it. He makes no objection to the government in withholding the names of the company. Upon that point he has nothing to say.

EX-DETECTIVE KIDNAPPED. Taken From Vancouver in Schooner From Which He Escaped at Everett.

Vancouver, June 25.—Wm. Shearer, who disappeared a week ago on Sunday morning from Vancouver, returned to-day. He was induced by means of a letter to go to the foot of Cadboro street bridge. There he was pinned and gagged and thrown into a boat then taken to a schooner in English Bay. From there his kidnapers and himself sailed for Everett. Two days later Shearer escaped. He was formerly a detective, and five years ago assisted in the capture of Sherman, a smuggler, at Sumas. Sherman was held by him for two days. He was later released by the party which carried out the kidnaping. Shearer is a respectable man, and the story is credited here.

THE PREMIER RETURNS. Hon. Richard McBride Arrives in City After Tour of Fraser Valley.

Hon. Richard McBride returned last night from a tour through the Fraser valley, particularly of his constituency, Dewdney. While away he paid much attention to the working of the new School Act, and stated on Tuesday that it was turned out most satisfactorily.

Meetings were held at Hancy, Dewdney, Agassiz, Port Moody and Mission City, at which the Premier delivered addresses. He also visited Chilliwack and Ladnera. "General conditions" in the Fraser valley, particularly good. The farmers of the Fraser delta are in high spirits over their magnificent crops. New Westminster is also making great progress. The re-opening of the market will give employment to hundreds of men and the tannery, car shops and distillery also make for the improvement of the city.

He visited the farm now used in connection with the asylum for the insane, near Westminister Junction, and was informed by Dr. C. E. Doherty, the medical superintendent, that the patients improve rapidly under the outdoor life. The farm contains 1,000 acres, which about 40 are ready for cultivation. Sixteen acres have been cleared by inmates of the asylum and a comfortable house erected. There are 17 employed there at the present time, and they must enjoy the life.

ON YACHTING CRUISE. Kiel, Germany, June 25.—The yacht Meteor, Hamburg, Iduna, Clara, Susanne, Orion, Navaho, Comet and all the other large yachts cruised from Kiel to Rotterdam, over a 52-mile course, to-day, followed by the steam yacht, Emperor William was on board the Meteor, but the steamer Hamburg went back to Rekenfoerde, and His Majesty and his party will spend the night there. The yacht will cruise back to Kiel to-morrow.

A Seattle dispatch says: "Frank Jones, a youth who last Friday evening struck Thomas Colton, of Everett, on the jaw, causing death, was on Monday exonerated by the coroner's jury, and was given his freedom. The prosecuting attorney's office will lay no charge against Jones. The jury decided Jones struck the blow in self-defence."

John Wenzel, 33 years old, found guilty of murder in the first degree in having shot and killed George Spatz, a saloon keeper, has been sentenced to be electrocuted in Sing Sing during the week beginning August 6th.

ORION SEAMEN SET AT LIBERTY

MR. JUSTICE IRVING QUASHED CONVICTIONS

He Upholds Contention That Police Magistrate Had No Jurisdiction in the Matter.

On Tuesday Mr. Justice Irving handed down judgment in the case of the Orion seamen. The proceedings arose out of the imprisonment of three of the crew of the steam whaler Orion on a charge of disobeying the commands of the captain of the vessel. The three men were convicted before Police Magistrate Hall and sentenced to four weeks' imprisonment. Their time would expire on Thursday, but for about two weeks these men have been out on bail.

Proceedings were taken on their behalf by Frank Higgins on certiorari. H. Dallas Heinichen, K. C., and Fred Peters, K. C., appeared for the attorney-general in the application and argued against it.

Mr. Justice Irving after taking into consideration all the points raised quashed the convictions. Mr. Higgins argued that when the Orion was given a Canadian register the crew were not entered on the articles according to the Canadian act. His contention was that the ground of the application was that the magistrate's jurisdiction in a summary way was limited by section 91 of the Seamen's Act in case of ships of the Canadian registry to men who have duly signed an agreement as required by the Seamen's Act. The articles of agreement entered into December 8th, 1904, at Christiansburg was not in the form prescribed by the Canadian statute nor were they acknowledged with the formalities required by the Canadian act. They were in the form prescribed by the Imperial Merchant Shipping Act of 1894, section 145.

Under the provisional certificate of registry the Orion was a registered British ship for six months. On August 22nd, 1906, she was duly registered in the customs house here as a British ship of Canadian registry. Section 91 of the Seamen's Act declares that any seaman lawfully engaged or bound to any ship registered in any of the said provinces, and who has duly signed an agreement as required by the act shall be liable to be punished summarily upon committing specified offences.

The Orion was a ship registered in one of the provinces, but the seamen engaged to serve, had not signed articles as required by the Canadian statute.

His lordship quashed the conviction because the statute conferring jurisdiction on a magistrate limits his jurisdiction to men who have signed articles as required by the Canadian statute.

On the point that the proceedings before the magistrate could not be viewed by certiorari Mr. Justice Irving decided that the objection failed as a question of jurisdiction raised in one of the collateral matters.

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TEACHERS ARE NOW IN SESSION

ANNUAL MEETING OPENED ON TUESDAY

All Districts are Well Represented—J. L. Hughes on Modern Tendencies in Education.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The annual meeting of the British Columbia Teachers' Institute opened this morning, the High school assembly room being taxed to its utmost to accommodate the large number of teachers and others interested who gathered to hear the lecture on "Modern Tendencies in Education" by Inspector Hughes, Superintendent Eaton presiding.

The speaker at once got on good terms with his audience and held them throughout, drawing forth smiles, ripples of laughter and louder expressions from time to time.

To commence he told a story of a woman applicant for a position as teacher. A Scotch trustee said he would vote for a female, an Englishman would not vote for a male, but the Irishman said he would vote for neither, but for a man.

Coming to the subject matter of his lecture, Inspector Hughes said that to-day everything was better than in the old days, but he would never sneer at the old things. He looked upon the past with much reverence, he was an old man himself, and he continually changed his mind.

Every element in our system is modern. Four great men gave us almost everything we have in education. Pestalozzi, Froebel, Barnard and Mann, while Dickens was the only great English educator. Of this I will speak more particularly to-night. These were all modern teachers.

All modern tendencies centre around one great central idea. That idea is that every child has a distinct individuality, each different from that of his fellow. That fact lays on the teacher a great responsibility.

Children have three great tendencies. First, to do things, and to do them after their own planning and to go on their own. The girl wishes to help her mother cook and the boy will work with his father.

These three elements should be dominant, but they were not. All culture must tend to develop these rather than suppress them. Many teachers were incapable of developing them, and therefore not real educators.

Actively, original and co-operation are part of the individuality of every child and they must be developed in a different way. It is useless to try to train all alike. One method applied to fifty pupils is better than fifty different methods applied to fifty pupils.

Some of the things that have been done through literature, others through literature. The lecturer said he obtained his own first consciousness of good through science. Mathematics appealed to many, but probably manual training appeals to the greatest number. These facts, as they are sometimes called, are among the greatest influences in the child's life.

Boys were often twisted through heredity, or bad treatment. He tried hard to have this boy, but nothing did it except drawing. When the stupid boy left school he took an important position as a draughtsman. He has since that time built the Toronto city hall, one of the finest buildings in that fine city.

Boys should be given a chance to use their productive and constructive powers. Few people do the creative and constructive work they might. Even Victoria might be improved, and teachers should train men to do this. It is not the work of teachers to train men to get a living, but to live.

In the old days we tried to make machines, but to-day we try to develop the soul, the individuality of the child. Book-learning was of little use unless it developed something already within the individual.

Six results come from doing: Power, tendency, joy, consciousness of power, faith in self. When he was a young man he was told by the preachers that he was a worm. This idea he was glad to say had almost passed.

He was glad Victoria teachers were taking up nature study, not because of the knowledge they could impart, but because of the influence it would have on the pupils. "Do not kill the fower in order to study it," said he. "The true nature study is a revelation of the soul, and this is its chief educative value."

"Train up a child in the way he should go," was the direction of the wise man, but we train often in the way he should "not go." To train, "to do," is always greater than "to do not." The teacher should co-operate with the pupils rather than suppress. Teach him reverence for law, but not for a person. To teach to keep away from the bad is not to teach self-control. Pupils should be taught not to keep away from bad people, but to help them.

Mr. Hughes does not believe in corporal punishment. He thinks children can be managed by changing their centre of interest. Boys like "to work" better than "not to work." The bad would always work if he were allowed to, and not interfered with. Suppression makes slaves, while encouragement to work makes men.

It is not, as is often stated, the flogging that develops the great men from England's public school, but the recreative games and sports. Sherring told him that, during the late race, he could not see in the last one hundred yards and nothing but the knowledge that Canada and his mother expected him to win, impelled him forward. One woman he told of asked him if whipping might not be a good thing to improve a boy's circulation.

Mr. Hughes is one of the most attractive speakers that has ever visited this city, and no one should miss hearing him this evening when he will speak on "Dickens as an Educator."

From Wednesday's Daily.

Quite a large section of the teachers attending the convention of the provincial institute were rather disappointed in Inspector Hughes at the yesterday morning's session. Of course they were vastly entertained by the distinguished visitor's sparkling wit, but they thought many of his premises untrue and his arguments fallacious.

In the evening, however, they were unanimous in praising the stirring address on Dickens as an Educator, to which they listened for two hours and a half. The spacious hall was packed to the door with earnest men and women seeking inspiration from England's great novelist as interpreted by Inspector Hughes.

"I love the memory of Charles Dickens," said Mr. Hughes, "and I love him because he loved the children. He was the greatest child lover except Froebel. These two men looked at life from the child's point of view, and taught others to do the same. Dickens was a follower of Froebel, and wrote an article on the kindergarten."

"Do justice and honor to the nature of the child," was one of Dickens' great sentences. He revered the children and tried to serve them.

"There is coming a time," he went on, "when every girl will have an opportunity to study kindergarten methods in order that she may be able to train her own children, if she is privileged to have any."

Dickens was the first man to think of the blind and the otherwise defective children. The neglected were his heroes, and to him is due much of the credit of getting the English children into the schools. Free national public schools were the things he advocated. That is why he wrote about the frightful private schools of the day.

The lecturer reprimanded the audience some of the great characters or caricatures of Dickens and interspersed stories of his own. Some of these were exquisitely funny. The stories were told by Dickens to illustrate the abuses that had grown up in the private schools of England.

Dickens did much to put down the brutal corporal punishment of the age when boys were almost killed in the name of correction. He condemned almost every type of coercion. Coercion he thought was the most degrading form it was used. Of course the lecturer was hardly consistent in his argument because he expressed approval almost in the same breath of a case where a woman was confined in doing her duty by being sent to jail for three months for improperly punishing her child.

Mr. Hughes appealed to the audience to look at themselves and find out whether there was no action of their own that resembled the acts of squeezer and the other brutes of those days. He prophesied that twenty years hence little children would not be crammed as they often are to-day. "There would result from this increase of power, life, energy and activity. Advanced studies are given too early, and Dickens saw that years ago. He saw that the heads and livers of the young folks were being crushed down by the weight of application. They were injured for life."

Children are often killed by being crammed beyond the fatigue point. Dickens tells of cases of this in the child-stories of his works.

Mr. Hughes told many stories to show that teachers should be natural before their pupils, and try to treat them as reasonable beings. Not being afraid to laugh with them and make the school a happy place.

Not three per cent. in this country, he ventured to say, continued to study literature after leaving High school with the idea of getting uplifted. Unrelated facts were taught often with no aim in view.

New subjects train hand and eye as well as the intellect. The important subject used to be reading, writing and arithmetic, but to-day the important subjects are such ones as literature, the others being only means to an end, through the steps of development or they never become perfect adults.

Many of his illustrations of children without childhood, were pathetic in the extreme.

Dickens saw the abuse of dwarfing the individuality. Every child has a natural bent, and it is the business of the parents and teachers to find out what the bent of the children is while they are developing.

Dickens knew more about the value of the imagination as the basis of all education than all the writers and educationists that have followed. Imagination brings one of the most glorious pleasures. The gold of childhood is the most real that ever comes after.

All evil springs from unused good. Love misused is one of the most dangerous things in the world. Uncultivated is a great danger.

Physical education was one of the needs Dickens saw. He pictured institutions and children that were undeveloped physically, and others that were happy as the day is long. Nutrition and exercise go hand in hand, and the former is coming to the fore and being studied by the great educationists.

In conclusion he repeated the words of Dickens, beginning, "Do you remember me, young Jackson? Yes, I remember you. You are the source of joy to me. You bring to my eyes the only exultant tears that ever stood in them."

In response to an invitation from Nelson city, it was decided to hold the next meeting of the institute at the Kootenay capital.

Afternoon Session. Although there was not as large a crowd present yesterday afternoon as in the evening, there were but few vacant seats in the High school assembly hall. The subject first on the programme was but a common place one, "Practical Education." It was handled, however, in a practical way, and proved of great interest. The speaker, Superintendent Argue, of Vancouver, disclaimed being a public speaker, but he could not see in the last one hundred yards and nothing but the knowledge that Canada and his mother expected him to win, impelled him forward. One woman he told of asked him if whipping might not be a good thing to improve a boy's circulation.

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—Photo by Jones & Co., Government St.

DELEGATES TO THE PROVINCIAL TEACHERS' CONVENTION NOW IN SESSION IN VICTORIA.

nationalists he showed that the tendency was to give a liberal education to everyone.

"Discussing the meaning of the term educated, he said it should be applied to any man who was able to do things in the world. Many people thought that an education was only to be obtained by studying certain classical subjects.

The broadening of the university programme has resulted in a large number of graduates departing from the usual course of taking up law, medicine or the church. Commercial and technical schools are being instituted to cater to the demand for education by commercial men.

"Taking up the programme of the British Columbia schools, he showed how this had in later days been enriched. The question for teachers and teachers of the senior grade of the common schools met at 10 a. m., the first subject under discussion being the conditions of High school admission.

The chairman, Provincial Inspector Stewart, in opening the discussion, stated that the members of the department realized the importance of the entrance examination, and that they, with the teachers, were but cogs of the great educational machine working for the highest good of the children and the children alone. They would, therefore, welcome any suggestions from the teachers with regard to the present conditions. Opinions, favorable or otherwise, concerning matters of policy would receive careful consideration.

A most interesting and profitable hour ensued, during which the various topics appertaining to the subject in hand were freely and ably handled by many of the seventy teachers present. Evidently the consensus of opinion was that the present standard was the average age of candidates and their subsequent work in the High school be taken into account, not too high, but

C. A. Thompson, Rosland; G. I. Pedley, Ferris; E. I. Landells, Golden; Miss S. Hewton, Grand Forks.

Resolutions—J. Shaw, Nanaimo; E. H. Murphy, Vancouver; D. Robinson, Vancouver; I. J. Brück, Rosland; W. C. Coatham, New Westminster.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The annual meeting of the British Columbia Teachers' Institute was continued in the assembly room of the High school this morning.

To-day the work has been divided into separate sections in order that teachers may be able to take up the subjects in which they are particularly interested. A feature of these sectional meetings was, the absence of set papers, the proceedings taking rather the form of general discussion.

Section A, comprising the principals and teachers of the senior grade of the common schools met at 10 a. m., the first subject under discussion being the

rather that the range in each subject was too extensive. Further, as J. M. Campbell (Victoria), pointed out, the papers set were not unreasonable, but the verbiage of the questions themselves was often beyond the comprehension of the ordinary scholar. S. K. Moore and others wished that the questions be confined to the required text books.

Principal Tait (Victoria), and Mr. King (Surrey), were glad that department was now willing to consult and to act upon the advice of the teachers. Mr. King was also pleased to observe that the teachers were now willing to give advice to the department. He hailed as the "breaking of the morning light" this recognition on the part of the teachers of their responsibility in this direction, and the necessity of their co-operation for the wise conduct of school affairs.

A consideration of the advisability of attempting a departmental instruction in the senior grades consumed the second hour of the morning session. Superintendent Argue, of Vancouver, reviewed briefly the principal arguments pro and con, after which these were fully dealt with by Messrs. D. M. Robinson (Vancouver), Tait (Victoria), Bennett (Cumberland) and Casspell.

In section B, with Inspector Gordon presiding the subject of Inductive Geography Teaching came up for discussion. In the absence of E. H. Murphy the opening paper was given by W. N. Winsky, who dealt with it on the following lines:

In order to teach geography correctly it is absolutely necessary to have apparatus such as globes, charts and maps. Pupils should be led to obtain much of the information themselves. In many cases this subject is taught by a system of cram. Travel is the best mode, but as this is too expensive a method for the average person we have to resort to maps. These should be used freely, and a good deal of time may be given to map drawing. The making of placostene maps is even more valuable than drawing, as a lasting impression is left. All enjoy this work, the pupils being willing even to remain after school hours to work at them.

The plan for map work was carefully elaborated, and it was shown that much time must be given to one map a week sometimes—and when the picture of the map has been learned it should be reproduced from memory.

Inspector Gordon gave one of his own experiences. He took a long time with the work, and the best map was always framed.

Miss McGregor hoped that she would not have been called upon. She quoted Mrs. Parkhurst, another suffragist, to-day applied to a magistrate for summons against the officials mentioned, stating that Mr. Asquith would be a position to explain to the court why the suffragists invaded Cavendish Square while the premier and Mr. Lloyd-George could testify in regard to the speeches in which they advised the women to take the course they adopted.

The magistrate declined to compel the attendance of Mr. Asquith, but promised to grant summons for Premier Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Lloyd-George if the applicant produced evidence that the women had acted at their instigation.

BASEBALL PLAYER KILLED. Marshalltown, Iowa, June 25.—Catcher Whitney, of the Burlington, Iowa, baseball team of the Iowa State League, died in the hospital to-day as the result of an injury sustained in last Sunday's game. He was struck in the head by a pitched ball.

ASSENTED TO BILLS. Ottawa, June 25.—Chief Justice Fitzpatrick appeared in a frock coat and took his seat in the Speaker's chair instead on the throne in giving assent to bills in the senate to-day.

A signboard in Chartres, France, bears the following inscription: "E. Ploch, dealer in firewood, polisher of shoes, undertaker and embalmer, festival and wedding dinners and suppers provided. Debtors elected."

JAMES L. HUGHES OF TORONTO.

James Laughlin Hughes, educationist, is of Irish descent, and was born near Bowmanville, Ont., on February 10th, 1850. His whole life has been spent in his educational work with the exception of a few years on his father's farm before he became a school teacher. In 1859 he was appointed assistant in the provincial Normal school, Toronto, shortly afterwards becoming its head master. This position he resigned in May, 1874, to become inspector of public schools for the city of Toronto, which position he still holds.

Professor Hughes has found time to become deeply interested in athletics. He was for many years secretary of the Lacrosse Association of Canada, and later president of the Toronto Lacrosse Club. At the time of the Chicago exposition a fitting tribute was paid him by his selection as chairman of the World's Congress on Elementary Education. He is an ardent Imperialist in politics, and was formerly councillor of the Imperial Federation League. One of the organizers of the Equal Rights Association he is a strong opponent of the demands of political Romanism and a supporter of the prohibition movement. On one occasion he attempted to enter politics, being an unsuccessful candidate for the Ontario House in the county of Peel in 1890.

Several works of an educational character have appeared from his pen, including topical histories of England and Canada. He is one of the foremost authorities in the world on kindergarten work, and it was mainly through his instrumentality the system was introduced into Ontario, together with the phonic method of teaching, reading and systematic hand training, as a means of intellectual development. Inspector Hughes has held high offices in Masonic, Orange and temperance bodies, as well as in other fraternal orders and societies.

With a reputation all over America as an entertaining and instructive speaker, it was not surprising that his addresses before the provincial teachers' convention in the city Tuesday were thoroughly enjoyed. His subject in the morning, "Modern Tendencies of Education," showed his practical side, while the evening lecture, "Dickens as an Educator," evidenced the fact that he has found time for the cultivation of literature. He left for home Tuesday night.

Mr. Gillis and the chairman also took part in this discussion, all agreeing that too much time should not be given to making fine maps.

J. D. Gillis opened the discussion on Non-Essential Arithmetic. He thought the text-book was often followed too closely. Many of the phases of this subject as taught are absolutely useless and should be ignored. Silly and useless problems should always be avoided. Formal reduction, present worth and true discount should be eliminated, also clock, hare and hounds and many other such problems. He hoped this would be seriously considered and action taken on it.

R. G. Gordon agreed somewhat with Mr. Gillis, and criticized the book in use. He objected to any artificial way of doing the work. Pupils must understand exactly what they are doing, nothing more than possible being done artificially.

R. R. Watson thought the previous speakers had read his mind, and therefore he just seconded their remarks. Mr. Gillis would be the most intelligent inspector on the staff if he could eliminate some of the obsolete problems.

Mr. Murphy said it was only now and then that they could get a chance to advise to the inspectors. He thought the present outline good, and he hoped at some future time it would be more thoroughly explained.

The discussion was closed by Inspector Gillis.

Mr. King thought a new text book was necessary.

In section C, under the presidency of D. Wilson, the Times Element in the Lower Grades was up for discussion. Miss Russell led with a short paper in which she emphasized the importance of not attempting too much, but doing it thoroughly. Number work in the first year she thought should not extend beyond the number ten. Miss Lawson would almost eliminate number work, giving counting with absolutely no written problems. Miss Johnson, Inspector Wilson and others took part in the discussion.

Mr. Henry led the discussion in Field Work. He told what was being done in school gardening in United States and Eastern Canada, where special courses in horticulture and botany were given in the Normal schools.

Misses Johnson and Blackwell told of their school excursions. Miss Lawson described Kingston street garden, and said excursions were the best thing for bad boys. Mr. Saul said arrangements were made in Vancouver for fortnightly field days and winter lectures. Miss L. Blackwell advocated the placing of names on the trees in parks, a suggestion which might well be followed.

In section D, in the absence of Mr. Stramberg, of New Westminster High school, Mr. Paul, principal of Victoria College, was chosen as chairman.

Without any circumlocution the discussion of the Junior Grade Time-Table was commenced.

G. E. Robinson opened the discussion and elaborated upon the blackboard of the present time-table used in Vancouver High school. He advised that the following division of time be suggested, with latitude for each school to adapt the suggestion to the circumstances existing in their respective schools: Of the 1800 hours allowed for the first two years' work, 530 should be given to English subjects, including history, 480 to mathematics, 320 hours to science, 500 hours to classics, and about 144 hours to drawing.

In the English division he advised disposing if possible with history and geography in the first or preliminary year's work.

In mathematics he proposed disposing of arithmetic in the first year's work.

Mr. Russell then briefly outlined the time-table as used in Victoria College, and agreed in the main with the suggestions offered by Mr. Robinson.

After an interesting discussion in which Principal Shaw, of Vancouver High school; Mr. Sedgewick, of Nanaimo; Mr. Langdon, of Victoria; and Mr. Little, of Vancouver, were the leading speakers, the suggestion as given by Mr. Robinson was formulated as a resolution.

(Continued on page 6.)

WOMEN SUFFRAGISTS AND BRITISH MINISTERS

Wish Premier and President of Board of Trade to Testify in Their Behalf.

London, June 25.—The women suffragists are trying to drag Premier Campbell-Bannerman, president of the board of trade, David Lloyd-George, and Chancellor of Exchequer Asquith to a police court on June 27th in order to testify in their behalf when the adjourned hearing comes up of the case against Miss Billington, Miss Kenney and three other leaders of the militant women suffragists who were arrested in Cavendish Square, June 21st, for creating a disturbance outside of Mr. Asquith's house.

Ms. Parkhurst, another suffragist, to-day applied to a magistrate for summons against the officials mentioned, stating that Mr. Asquith would be a position to explain to the court why the suffragists invaded Cavendish Square while the premier and Mr. Lloyd-George could testify in regard to the speeches in which they advised the women to take the course they adopted.

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WORKERS OF MIRACLES!

Premier McBride and various members of his government have announced that there will not be a general election until another year...

The influence of the government in every other direction was negative, but look at what has been accomplished. The lumbering industry was depressed...

NOVA SCOTIA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The corrected returns from the province of Nova Scotia prove that the conservative opposition had merely increased its strength by 100 per cent.

ditions in British Columbia after the elections are held should bear a very close resemblance to the situation in Nova Scotia.

THE NEED OF A UNIVERSITY.

Doubtless there are defects in the educational systems which have been set up in this country...

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LOCAL NEWS.

At the last meeting of the New Westminster city council the sum of \$240 was granted towards the maintenance of a tuberculosis hospital.

The Epworth League of the Metropolitan Methodist church will hold a moonlight excursion on July 15th, having chartered the City of Nanaimo for the purpose.

The marriage of Mr. Joshua Ingals and Mrs. Margaret Duboit took place Wednesday, the ceremony being performed by Rev. G. K. B. Adams at the Metropolitan church.

A basket picnic will be held under the auspices of the Mothers' Club on Wednesday the 11th of July, at the Gorge park.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the Provincial Royal Jubilee hospital held yesterday afternoon in the board of trade rooms.

The closing exercises of Cadboro school were marked by a distribution of prizes presented by the school trustees and others.

BUSY SCENE AT PRINCE RUPERT

(Special Correspondence of the Times.) Metlakahla, June 22.—Although some papers announce the erection of thirty or more buildings in Port Rupert, only one structure in addition to a number of tents makes the terminus so far.

WEATHER TOO ROUGH

For Salmon Traps to be Successfully Operated—Fish Taken to Esquimalt.

LADIES' AUXILIARY OF JUBILEE HOSPITAL

Reports Read at Public Meeting Yesterday Show Great Progress During Past Year.

R. M. PALMER RETURNS FROM THE OKANAGAN

Secretary to Bureau of Information Gives Interesting Particulars of Interior Conditions.

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

J. S. H. Matson Has Obtained Control of Stock in Victoria Transfer Company.

BOZON.

BOTHWELL—At 3 Cornwall street, on June 28th, the wife of J. J. Bothwell, of a son.

MARRIED.

EAGLESON-DAVEY—At Victoria, B.C., on the 21st June, 1906, by the Rev. S. C. Owen, the only daughter of Frederick Davey, Burnside road, to

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COUNCIL DISCUSS NORTH WA

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GAZETTE NOTICES.

Appointments and Other Official News Contained in Provincial Organ.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

This week's Gazette contains notice of the following appointments: Philip Sheard Falkner, of Steveston, to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the province of British Columbia.

THE BRITISH TRAMP STEAMER ELLERIE

which was in Esquimalt some months ago, and after being repaired, proceeded to Portland to load for Mexico, returned to the Royal Roads on Thursday.

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CARD OF THANKS

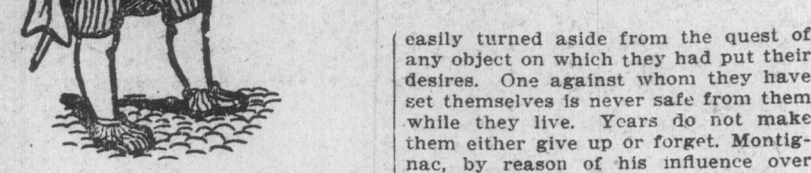
Mrs. James Redford, of Alberni, wishes to thank her many friends for sympathy and kindness shown in her recent bereavement.

FARMERS' SONS WANTED

work and fair education to work in an office, \$500 a month with free board and laundry, and a small salary. Branch offices of the association are being established in the following places: Vancouver, Victoria, Esquimalt, and Nanaimo.

An Enemy of The King

By Hagenbuch Wyman



CHAPTER XI.—(Continued.)

"In the first place, monsieur," I began, having no knowledge how I was to finish, "you and your gallant companions are doubtless tired, hungry and thirsty."

An assenting grunt from the tall fellow, and a look of keen interest on the faces of all, showed that I had not spoken amiss.

"You are quite lost in these woods," I went on. "You do not know how near you may be to any road or to any habitation, where you might have food, drink, and shelter. In giving me the pleasure of meeting you, has also done you the kindness of sending one who can guide you to these blessings."

"That is the first service I can do you," I said. "Very well, you shall be informed. I can kill you as well afterward."

"But I will not do it unless I have your promise, on your honor as gentleman, to give me both life and my liberty immediately."

"My very modest lackey, you greatly undervalue both your life and your liberty, if you think you can buy them from me at so small a cost. No, you offer too little. The pleasure of killing me far exceeds that of having your guidance. Now that we have happily met, you know that there must be shelter, food and drink, somewhere near at hand, where we can refresh ourselves in as short a time, perhaps, as it would require you to take us there. We shall doubtless have the happiness of meeting there, and the gallant mustard and the lady whom he protects with your arm and sword. Having robbed him of his means of guarding his lovely charge, I shall in fairness relieve him of the opportunity of learning whether it was under the governor's orders received through Montagnac, that De Berquin pursued mademoiselle, while she came in quest of the Sieur de Varion, or whether it was on his own account."

"You infatuate for this lady must be very great," I said, in a tone too low for his four followers to distinguish my words, "to lead you to force your presence on her."

"My infatuation," he repeated, and then he laughed. "My very knowing lackey, you seem to be curious on this point, you would know that an infatuation for Mile. de Varion is a luxury that I cannot at present afford. A man who has lost his estates, his money, his king's favor, and who has fled from the creditors in Paris to prey on the provinces, thinks not of love, but of how to refill his pockets."

"Then it is not for the purpose of your pursue Mile. de Varion?" I said. "I now believed, as I had first thought, that the governor had changed his mind after ordering mademoiselle to leave the province, had decided to see her in person, and had commissioned De Berquin to detain her, as well as to hunt me down. But I put the question in order to get further time for thought."

"For love, yes; but not for mine!" was the answer. "For that of M. de la Châtre," I asked, quickly.

"You seem to be curious on this point," said De Berquin, derisively. "If I am to die," I replied, "you can lose nothing by gratifying my curiosity. If I am to live, I may be unable to serve you if you gratify it."

"I am not one to refuse the request of a man about to die," he said, with a self-mused look. "It is not La Châtre, the superior, who has ordered me to come into this cursed wilderness to serve."

"Then who?" But I stopped at the beginning of the question, as a new thought came to me. "The secretary?" I said.

"Montagnac, the modest and meditative," replied De Berquin. "What man of his age, however given to deep thought and secret ambition, could have been insensible to her beauty, her grace, her gentleness? Such a youth as Montagnac, with a thousand women in the world, and at last perceiving in Mile. de Varion at first glance the perfection that distinguished her from others of her sex. Doubtless to him, she was an ideal, an ideal, an ideal, of whom he had scarcely dared hope to find the realization. Seeing her at the inn, he had been warmed by her charms at once. He had resolved to civil himself of his power and of her helplessness. Her father in prison, herself an exile, without one powerful friend, she would be at his mercy. Forbidden by his duties to leave the governor's side, he would charge De Berquin, in giving the latter the governor's orders concerning myself, with the additional task of securing the person of mademoiselle, that he might woo her at his leisure and in his own way. The governor, ready enough to frighten into an enervated exile a woman whose entreaties he feared would not yet be so ungracious as to give her to his secretary for the asking. But Montagnac might safely hold her prisoner, the governor would think that she had left the province, there would be none to rescue her. Such were the acts, designs and thoughts I attributed to the reticent, far-seeing, resolute secretary. All passed through my mind in a moment."

And now I feared for mademoiselle as I had not feared before. I never feared a man, or two men at a time, but the carnal sword in hand, but how is one to meet or even to perceive the blows aimed by men of thought and power? Such as Montagnac, inscrutable, patient, ingenious, strong enough to conceal their own passions, which themselves are more intense and far more lasting than the passions of a mere man of fighting, are not

TEACHERS ARE NOW IN SESSION

(Continued from page 3.)

Special work occupied the attention of the teachers at the meeting yesterday, being divided into all grades that met simultaneously in different rooms of the High school. Nature study was taken up by two separate gatherings, one for the purpose of assigning home lessons. Nature could not be studied from a book.

Inspector Wilson thought it better to simply talk with the teachers, who have no text books than that they should be recommended to read the teacher's office recommended Our Home and Its Surroundings as an interesting and suitable book for beginners in geography.

The absence of a suitable history for the intermediate grade was noted by Principal Bennett, of Cumberland, who advocated a combined history and geography reader, simply written, that could be placed in the hands of the pupils. Others who took part in this discussion were Messrs. Price, Burns and Campbell.

The literature occupied this section for the last hour of the afternoon, it being introduced by Miss E. G. Lawson. She advocated using the works of the great authors such as Stevenson, Riley, Wordsworth, Longfellow and Burns. Among the other teachers who took part the fairy tales and animal stories seemed to be the favorites. The annual meeting was continued this morning.

The annual meeting of the Provincial Teachers' Institute closed this morning. It was on the whole very successful, and nothing of particular note developed during the three days' session.

The teachers are enjoying themselves up to the gorge this afternoon. Boats have been provided for the change, and at 8 o'clock Mayor Morley will address the visitors. There will be a concert. The concert is free to everyone wishing to attend.

Alex. Gilchrist, principal of Fairview, presided at this morning's session. Superintendent Robinson announced the change in the regulations dealing with the summer holidays. After this year the holiday will extend from July 1st to the fourth Sunday in August. He was personally opposed to this change for coast districts, and feared that the result might be a demand for a ten-day extension of the holiday.

Mr. Gilchrist said that at least two things must be taken into consideration, viz., the age limit and the competency of parents. Many of the children at school, with regard to the separate class for dull or defective children the speaker mentioned that such an experiment had been successfully tried in Boston and elsewhere. He did not consider, however, that the number of such children would render such a step necessary in this province. Time and patience would in most cases work their own cure in the development of these pupils.

The other topic to which extent more individual instruction was desirable, and in what subjects—was well discussed by several speakers. Mr. Stewart, in introducing the question, was emphatic as to the fruitlessness of merely talking to public school pupils in mass, that is, lecturing to them in the manner of voluntary contributions. A method would make them receptive only, not self active, original thinkers. Much judicious questioning adapted to the differing needs of the scholars was essential in all subjects.

J. M. Campbell outlined his plan for individualization. To those pupils whom he found unable to follow or readily understand the regular class teaching he assigned front seats. Whenever the rest of the class was engaged in written work he was at liberty to devote his energies to meeting the various needs and peculiar difficulties of the "front benches."

Mr. King asked if it would not be a desirable plan to have a court of arbitration to decide whether local trustees were wrong or right in dismissing teachers. He thought teachers should not be dismissed without cause, and that practically all dismissals are the intelligence of the department and the legislature.

In answer to Mr. Rolston, the superintendent explained that in assisted schools the money for sundry expenses was raised by voluntary contributions. He found this method of assessment. He also stated that a meeting held at the wrong time was illegal and of no effect.

Mr. Rolston thought the subject of reading demanded much greater attention. Principal Burns, of the Normal school, Vancouver, opened the normal study subject. He gave several samples of nature study as taught. He said one of the great troubles and bugbears of the teacher was this study. Teachers should be given the opportunity of teaching nature. They should teach the object and only use the words when wanted.

Observation is one of the great aims of teaching. They are glad to see each other and to see the work. They should adopt some method of arranging the work. Individual plants or trees may be used as illustrations, following their various changes. Each child should be given a tree which he would study. It is better he thought to know one tree well than study a hundred.

Children like to learn by observation and to conduct experiments. They are glad to help make a barometer or a thermometer. R. S. Sherman, of Vancouver, explained methods of preserving and collecting insects. He said that the work of catching and the bottle in which the insects are kept. A number of specimens were passed around for examination. Both mounted and unmounted. The insects are easily preserved, the skeleton of their bodies being on the outside and of a bony substance.

H. F. Deane, of Victoria West, thought the scope of our nature work very wide. He took exception to the terms physical and chemical used on the entrance papers this year. These words were unnecessary, and he thought the scope of entrance work. He thought the written examination not a good deal of observation work which should be noted on the examination.

Teachers in the lower grades shirk nature study with the result that the principals bear the whole time to do. Mr. Gilchrist said that much of the work about nature study, but much of the difficulties of the teacher. In spite of the theory of Messrs. Hughes and Burns, the examinations were set demanding facts, so facts must be better than usual this year, they did worse than usual on the examinations.

H. F. Pullen thought the department there was bound to be cramming, but he was not necessarily any nature study. On the other hand no examination meant no study of the subject.

Mr. Caspell partly endorsed this view, but believed it could be taught without newspapers for notices, the government for annual grant and payment of Mr. Hughes' expenses, Victoria Tourist Association and Ladies' Auxiliary for reception, Victoria school board for building of High school building, the Victoria teachers and city council for courtesies extended, and J. L. Hughes for his lectures.

An interesting exhibit of water color paintings of British Columbia, with flowers by Mrs. J. T. Higgins, of Fort street, attracted much attention, and was much admired.

The High school class rooms were set apart for an exhibit. The English children seem to have given a great deal of time to drawing, especially brush work. Illustrations gathered from every source, even from catalogues from which figures are cut. One prominent example was

CHARACTER OF NOVEL

or inattention caused the waste of material, time and labor. Mrs. McNaughton spoke of the necessity of the co-operation between the home and the school if the lessons given by the domestic science teacher were to be of the lasting good to the pupil.

Mrs. Wm. Grant praised the neatness and dexterity of the pupils, and hoped that the day was not far distant when we would have another centre in Victoria.

Mrs. Jenkin closed the meeting with a few words of congratulation, and expressed a hope that the domestic science course for Victoria would be the future include the systematic teaching of needlework.

MILLIONAIRE BUYS PROPERTY HERE

Winnipeg Merchant MAY BUILD RESIDENCE

Purchases Splendid Property Near Exhibition Building Having Extensive Water Frontage.

Mrs. Alfred D. Fuller and her son, Harry Fuller, of W. Williams & Company, yesterday sold fifteen acres of land, almost opposite the exhibition buildings to Alexander McDonald, of Winnipeg. The purchase price being about \$100,000. The land in question is one of the most beautiful residential sites in the city, consisting largely of park land and having an extensive frontage on the beach. It is planted extensively in rare trees and there is a small orchard on the property.

The purchaser is senior member of the well known wholesale grocery firm of A. McDonald & Co., of Winnipeg, and is reported to be a millionaire. Although his intentions with regard to the property are not known, it is presumed he will use it as a home.

Another millionaire, this time an Oriental one, has also decided to locate in Victoria. Lee Gee Wing, the well known Chinese merchant of Vancouver, has purchased a part of the Yates property at Curtis Point from Mrs. Agnew, of Winnipeg, who bought it about a year ago. A. Maxwell Muir has been entrusted with the preparation of plans for a handsome residence that the new owner will occupy immediately on completion. This is the second prominent Chinese to purchase property in this vicinity, Lee Mong Kow, the official interpreter, having resided in that vicinity for some months.

Among other properties purchased by outsiders during the past few days were three lots in Caledonia park, bought by Mr. Cox, a new arrival from the Northwest, who will build a residence as soon as possible. A corner lot on Simcoe street was also sold yesterday by Beaumont Buggs to another man from the prairie.

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Mr. Landells, of Golden, was in favor of as much individualization as possible, both for the unusually dull and remarkably clever. The latter may thus be stimulated to outstrip their companions. Each child should be taught individually or "self-hood," to quote Mr. Hughes, of Toronto. The more this fact was recognized the better would be the system of education.

Mr. McDonald, Vancouver, thought the discussion altogether superfluous. He already gave as much individual instruction as he deemed advisable, and hoped that other teachers would use their own discretion in this matter.

Mr. Murphy (Vancouver) differed entirely with the former speaker, and considered that any teachers who were satisfied with their present teaching had reached a dangerous point in their career. He rather desired it to be the aim of all teachers to so adapt their instruction to the needs of each child that practically all children should be always individual. The ideal condition of a class in recitation, he said, was "all the pupils attending all the time."

The domestic science section met yesterday afternoon in a rooming school. Miss McKean had a class of little girls to whom she gave an excellent lesson on the preparation of an omelette. In the course of the lesson the children were instructed in the use of an egg as a food product and the reason of the different processes used in preparing it for the table. Then they set to work to make the omelette, and did the work so deftly that it was almost surprising that older people might envy. Having served some of the visitors with the tempting looking little dish, the utensils were cleared away and washed, and the room made perfectly neat again.

Miss Berry, of Vancouver, then read a short but instructive paper on the necessity of individualization. She referred to the sceptical attitude of many people towards the subject. The preparation of food, the writer contended, was a working with forces outside ourselves, and required some knowledge of chemistry, biology and economics. Children should learn the cooking school how to prepare food with the least expenditure of time or money. A great deal of the suffering of society to-day was due to the ignorance and want of skill of those whose duty it was to prepare nourishment for the people. High school should be the business partner in the home, and should know how to buy the most nourishing foods at the cheapest rates, and prepare them in the most economical way. The work done in the cooking school made girls strong and self-reliant as well as induced a right attitude of mind towards all manual labor.

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ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS.

Large Number Will Visit Great Works in the Old Country.

London, June 28.—Having concluded a week of sight-seeing in London, the guests of the British Institution of Electrical Engineers, including fifty Americans and a number of Canadians, started to-day on a tour of England and Scotland, which will occupy ten days. They will visit all the great electrical works in the country. Special trains will carry the party, which numbers over 200, of whom 190 are foreigners representing American, German, French, Swiss and Italian societies of electrical engineers. The Americans come from every state, and also include many who have invaded Europe with American inventions.

THE INVESTIGATION.

No Judge Has Yet Been Appointed to Go Into Selk's Point Matter.

There has been no appointment of a commission to go into the Selk's Point transaction. The absence of Hon. R. P. Green in Cariboo is given as the reason for the delay. The chief commissioner is expected back in about a week, and on his arrival it is promised that steps will be taken looking to the holding of the investigation.

It was the original intention that a Selk's Point commission be appointed as the commission. It is now regarded as very doubtful that this will be done. The absence of Mr. Justice Martin has filled the hands of the remaining four judges very fully, and this, among other reasons, it is felt would be sufficient grounds should they choose to decline to act.

MEN RULE BY FORCE, WOMEN BY CHARM.

And yet because they live less strenuously, women are the early victims of senescence of falling vigor.

The wise woman will not permit her charms to be robbed by ill-health. When she feels appetite failing, nerves sinking on edge, color fading, she takes Ferrozone. How it sharpens the appetite? How quickly rich blood is available to restore color to the cheeks, buoyancy to the step.

Don't be debarrated from strength and spirit, don't give in to illness and despair. Ferrozone supplies tone and vigor through which all functions of womanly life are maintained and fortified.

From New Richmond, Que., comes the following statement of Mrs. Isidore Boinsoneault, "I take deep pleasure in testifying to the powerful influence of Ferrozone. For years my daughter has been pale and sickly—showed signs of advanced anaemia. Her lips got so white and her cheeks so devoid of color I feared consumption. I can certify, Ferrozone was an excellent cure, and to-day my daughter's health is the best."

Mountains of misery can be saved by using Ferrozone promptly. 50c per box. It will not apply to my amount less than 50 cents. The Yuokn is exempted from the bill.

ANTI-USURY BILL

Has Passed the Committee on Banking and Finance.

Ottawa, June 27.—The anti-usury bill passed the banking and commerce committee today. It will be impossible to charge any higher than any money lender than 12 per cent per annum, and after judgment it will be 6 per cent. The bill will not apply to my amount less than 50 cents. The Yuokn is exempted from the bill.

It is a fascinating and Australian encounters when one cartoonist. High facings eyes, one of a human voice. The noble mouth and the beard give an ancient the man was born to ally other professional of place.

What would be a turned out a blessing. He was attacked, who by typhus fever that died, and for ten years a human voice. One of nineteen his father land and a noted artist in introducing articles that have altered the period of death he to quieter recreation age boy, and was his bent towards dress cases shows the period the noises of the world in disguise.

"It was like coming here," he said this in remembered as a sake of the Australia. It was born a lump throat. There was the Jack floating in the slight of the familiar my Atkins and a boy. In the sixteen left Australia this time I have been on once more under the "Your work much, the late Phil May," porter.

"I am proud to have replied Mr. Levy. Together on the Sydney received from him artistic instruction a man to give good youngsters, and I should draw or sketch matter. When one of street many things as impressed upon this sketch of a soldier that drew the papers. The tightly trousers and the little on the side of his hes profession desired, and small boys admiring picture, but their post suggested. I line form a necessary use as well as a matter. Mr. Levy attained immediately he stepped Francisco in February coming across the sketches that attracted of J. D. Spreckles the newcomer a commiseration. Ezra Rudno's power judges very fully, and this, among other reasons, it is felt would be sufficient grounds should they choose to decline to act.

It is an interesting vaudeville. He received to provide a page of week for the Telegraph magazine created in the required living and people behind the thought suddenly came, for the time, "as the fraternal dubbed." No sooner With Dorothy Verrill famous model, he art ville act that leaped. He favored, so much that Vernon was camped New York he was West and appear as he had achieved showed him was good. The device used in projecting drawings his own invention. Idea of drawing upon with a wooden stick line as made appear audience. After carrying the apparatus was passed the bill.



SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

WHAT CHILDHOOD TEACHES MATURITY.

The International Sunday School Lesson for July 1st is, "Jesus and the Children." Matt. 18: 1-14.

By William T. Ellis.

A revolution has been wrought in education within the past fifty years. The place and the power of childhood, and the reverence extended to it, have been enhanced beyond measure.

The world is ever rising to nobler conceptions of what is meant when Jesus took a little child into his arms; although the tenderness and beauty of that spectacle have warmed the hearts of humanity for two thousand years.

The inadequacy of friendship is as important a truth as the fellowship and affinity of friendship. No one is fully understood by any one else.

While he was moved by the deepest emotions that swayed his being, his followers, who should have been his sympathetic friends, were squabbling over conflicting ambitions.

The Child in the Midst.

A story is often a better answer than an argument. Jesus told what he thought of this unseemly strife by taking a little child in his arms.

He seeks for His followers, not emulthood, nor learning, nor position, but the crown of the simple heart.

The Sovereignty of Babyhood.

A magnate's attitude toward his grandchild, as we read of it in the daily paper, recalls us to a sense of real value. Many a man, whose heart is centered chiefly on some tiny bundle of humanity, which knows and cares naught for dollars or position.

PRIDE-CANNOT PRAY; IT ONLY BOASTS.

When we seek to make a name for ourselves we do not honor Christ's name.

By William T. Ellis.

These fresh, fragrant lives, "Home-keeping hearts are happiest." In all Newport there is no palace of pleasure to equal the humble home where little children have first place.

The stirring words of President Roosevelt upon the subject of childhood are, after all, but a modernization of this exhortation of Jesus: "See that ye despise not one of these little ones; for I say unto you, that in Heaven their angels do always behold the face of my Father which is in Heaven."

Christ takes His stand with childhood. He inviolates His own personality by childhood, and in turn, inviolates childhood by His personality.

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THE REAL RULER OF THE HOUSEHOLD.

The father placed the indiarubber ball near to his eye as one determined to take clear, straight views and bowl his very best.

By William T. Ellis.

It was when Christ was humblest—when, indeed, he was doing a slave's work—that he said, "I have given you an example."

What a pitiful sight men must present to the beholding angels! We go about, each with his little claim to distinction, which he flaunts in the eyes of the world, and each asking that the world do him honor for it.

The Wesley Brotherhood, an organization for the men of the Methodist church, is to publish a Laymen's Quarterly, as their special organ.

Rev. Hugh Black, of Edinburgh, will accept the professorship of practical theology in Union Theological Seminary, New York City.

A fund of a thousand dollars has been subscribed by the churches in Hawaii to commemorate in some way the missionary pioneers from this country.

Rev. Wm. J. Dawson, who has been in England superintending the removal of his family and goods to this country, will arrive in Boston, June 2nd.

"Something New in Old China" was the first woman's lecture ever given in Peking. It was delivered under the auspices of the American board missionaries by the editor of the Peking Woman's paper, a native Chinese woman.

About three hundred words of a supposed lost gospel are reported to have been discovered by Drs. Grenfell and Hart in the ruins of Oxyrhynchus.

A Business Men's Conference of the United Presbyterian church met in Pittsburgh recently, and discussed for three days the ways in which successful business methods might be applied to the work of the church.

The governor of the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, has requested the International Young Men's Christian Association to establish an association in the city of Chihuahua.

Several foreign pilgrimages have recently been made to Rome, the members being received in audience by the Pope.

That the promises of the Russian government for full religious toleration were to be trusted, and that they are open for the free proclamation of the gospel throughout the empire is the belief expressed by Baron Uxkull, a Russian nobleman, during a recent visit to the United States.

SEVEN SENTENCE SERMONS.

They love truth best who to themselves are true.

By William T. Ellis.

They love truth best who to themselves are true. And they dare to dream, of dare to do.

The supreme test of truth is willingness to wait God's time.—Anon.

As no man ever had a point of pride that was not injurious to him, so no man had ever a defect that was not somewhere made useful to him.—Emerson.

What I aspired to be, and was not, comforts me.

To be obliged to beg one's daily happiness from others bespeaks a more

PARENTAL DISCIPLINE.

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By William T. Ellis.

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TOO MANY QUESTIONS.

"Mamma, the youngest Duckling said, As they set out to sail, 'I'm sick of down; why can't I have some feathers in my tail?'"

By William T. Ellis.

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CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

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WANTED-MARK.

Advertisements under this word each line a word each line.

WANTED-Messenger boy, Apply 77 Johnston street.

WANTED-Everyone to Union Presbyterian Church, on Monday, June 30th, 10:00 a.m.

WANTED-Perfect good for children to drive, see advertisement.

WANTED-Second-hand No. 8, Apply Box 22, Victoria.

WANTED-All kinds of work, all work guaranteed, given on all plumbing.

WANTED-Store business, hardware, clothing, etc., (post office address), opposite eight.

FOR SALE-Fresh call, Colquhoun P. O.

FOR SALE-Telegraph bicycle, Dunlop tires, 16 inch wheels, 28 inch frame.

FOR SALE-Cheap, good, reliable, 28 inch wheels, 28 inch frame.

FOR SALE-Naptha lens, 1/2 inch, 1/2 inch, 1/2 inch, 1/2 inch.

WHEN ANSWERING under this heading please see this announcement.

TO LET-Furnished, light, bath, etc., Apply street.

TO RENT-5 roomed house, 1/2 inch, 1/2 inch, 1/2 inch, 1/2 inch.

ADVERTISEMENTS

RATES for insertion in THE TIMES: All Classifications except Births, Marriages and Deaths 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. TIME RATES ON APPLICATION.

WANTED-MALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

BOY WANTED-To work in store. Inquire at 51 Government street.

WANTED-A boy, to work in store. Apply 37 Johnson street.

WANTED-Messenger boys. Apply C. F. R. Telegraph Co.

ANY INTELLIGENT person may earn a good income corresponding to newspaper; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars to Western Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

ANSWERING advertisements in this heading please say that you intend this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED-PEOPLE HELP. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED-Girls, at Standard Laundry, 35 View street.

WANTED-Competent nurse girl, to care for child 3 years old. Apply 11, G. Wilson.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED-Port Angeles property. State Office, location, etc., to Box 50, Times Office.

WANTED-Everyone to attend the Union Presbyterian S. S. picnic at Goldstream on Monday, July 2nd. Return fare, 50 cents; children, 30 cents. Trains leave 8.00 and 10.00 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.

WANTED-For few weeks in holidays, horse and two-seated buggy. Address: Box 33, Times Office.

WANTED-Perfectly gentle, aged horse, fit for children to drive. Apply 123 Government street.

WANTED-Second-hand cooking stove, No. 8. Apply Box 213, this office.

FOR SALE-At The Ark, cor. Broad and Pandora: Express wagon, 2 seats, \$51; road car, \$12; 2 buggies, \$16; boat of furniture, lawn mowers, etc., at auction. Prices.

WANTED-Good press will be paid for HOUSE RAGS of any kind, also old copper, brass, zinc, lead, cast iron, etc. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street.

WANTED-Old coats and vests, pants, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, shot-guns, revolvers, overcoats, etc.; highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Armstrong's new, second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, 7th floor below Government street.

WANTED-All kinds of bicycle repair work. Express wagon, 2 seats, \$51; road car, \$12; 2 buggies, \$16; boat of furniture, lawn mowers, etc., at auction. Prices.

WANTED-To buy for cash, second-hand world's wonder, apply by letter M. C. S. Room 8, Elsmore House, Pandora street.

SUNLIGHT SOAP COUPONS WANTED. Toilet soaps given in exchange for these coupons by C. E. King & Son, 15 Wharf street, Victoria.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE-Store business, groceries, hardware, school supplies, candies, etc. (post office) business, (open daily), opposite eight roomed school, newly growing district; business easily transferred; no canvassing; no used; ready to take comfortable cottage in Victoria as part payment; new and second-hand store, 250 4th avenue, Fairview, Vancouver.

FOR SALE-Fresh calved cow, very good price \$35. Apply C. B. Jones, Colquhoun P. O.

FOR SALE-Two pure bred, registered Shetland ponies. Apply S. de Trafford, 1000 Hamilton, Dunsmuir road, Victoria West.

FOR SALE-Telephone outfit, \$30; bicycle, Dunlop tires, Morrow coaster, 24 inch wheels, \$12; dining table, \$10; reel, \$2.50; double mattress, \$2; feather pillows, \$1; one lot of tools, \$1; Jacob Armstrong's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

ENGLISH BICYCLE-Raleigh 3-speed, high-top, rusting tires and spokes, suit tall rider, \$50. Apply Y. M. C. A.

FOR SALE-Cheap cow, about to calve, suit milking. Ring, young, Apply 212 Richmond avenue.

FOR SALE-One black horse, five years old, sixteen hands high, very gentle; one bay horse, six years, \$2; sorrel horse, six years, well broke; also buggies, carts, and second-hand harness. Apply I. J. J. Fisher, Carriage Shop, Store street.

ENGINE FOR SALE-In horse power. Can be seen in operation at the Times Building, 20 Broad street, running Times machinery.

FOR SALE-If you were a Chatham inventor or brooder, farming mill or farm scale, send your name and address to Box 124, Victoria. Your own time to pay for them. We pay freight.

FOR SALE-Cheap, flags for decorating, fire extinguishers, furniture and stoves. Our Curiosity Shop, cor. Fort and Blanchard streets.

FOR SALE-Naptha launch, Blanche, of the following dimensions: Length, 25 ft. beam, 6 ft. 2 in. depth, 2 ft. 6 in. in first-class condition. For particulars apply to E. B. Marvin & Co., 14 Wharf street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

TO LET. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET-Furnished cottage, electric light, bath, etc. Apply 130 Quadra street.

TO LET-Large furnished bedroom, on car track. Apply 115 Superior street.

TO RENT-5 roomed house, partly furnished, at Vesuvius Bay, Salt Spring Island. For particulars apply to E. J. Curt, on premises.

Partic of offices on first floor Montreal building, Occupied. Apply Bank of Montreal.

Housekeeping rooms, large, sunny, in the Douglas Hotel, one block from C. P. R. Half block from Parliament.

If furnished house, modern, on car line. Apply B. Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Store street.

THE LINE OF DANGER

One great merchant in Gotham makes it a rule never to allow his appropriation for advertising to fall below his total expense for wages of employees. He argues that the expense of serving customers should not be greater than the expense of bringing them to the store with well defined ideas of what they want to buy. "Below this mark is the line of danger in any business," he says. How does the rule apply to your business?

An "Ad." in THE TIMES (whether it be in the Daily or Weekly Edition) always has the desired result.



LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

LOST-Brown spaniel pup. Return to Fell & Co.

LOST-A gold brooch, between Yates and Pandora, leech Yukon on it. Reward if returned to 21 Johnson street.

LOST-On Thursday, the 21st June, 1906, black cow with white and black under, heavy milk. Any person notifying Mr. P. O. Squamish, at Beaumont, P. O., Squamish, or Barracks.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

STUMP PULLING-By power, on large or small scale, residue of stumps immaterial; work guaranteed; rates reasonable. House moving, etc. Apply Stumps, this office.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

LODGES.

VICTORIA LODGE, No. 2, A. O. U. W. meets every second and fourth Wednesday in month at A. O. U. W. Hall, 1000 Hamilton, Dunsmuir road, Victoria West.

COURT CARIBOO, No. 43, I. O. O. F. meets in K. of P. Hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets, on the 2nd Tuesday and 4th Monday of every month, at 7 p. m. For information inquire of C. B. Beville, M. Secy, at Malrose, Co.'s, Fort street.

COURT VANCOUVER, 550, A. O. F. meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora streets. S. Wilson, Secy., Michigan James Bay. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

NATIVE SONS-Post No. 1, meets K. of P. Hall, last Tues. of each month. A. E. Haynes, Secy., Bk. of Commerce Bldg.

THE PROVINCIAL ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL

(Incorporated 1880)

The sixteenth annual meeting of the donors and subscribers to the institution will be held in the City Hall on Friday, the 23rd June, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Business: Receiving the annual report of the directors, the treasurer's statement for the year ending 31st May, 1906, and the election of directors.

The four following directors retire, but are eligible for re-election: F. S. Barnard, H. D. Holmeken, F. D. Pemberton and Leopold Lowenberg, on the 17th day of March, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, to issue a duplicate of the above mentioned Certificate of Title.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar General, Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., 21st day of May, 1906.

MARINE IRON WORKS

PEMBROKE ST., VICTORIA, B. C. ANDREW GRAY, Prop.

STOCK-We buy first hand for cash MACHINERY-Modern and labor saving by SKILLED MECHANICS. PRICES-Cost of materials and labor, with a moderate percentage added.

TEST THE ABOVE STATEMENTS. Works Tel. 81. Res. Tel. 106

IF YOU HAVE anything for sale and are not as well known to the public as you wish to be, make your advertisement known through the Times want columns.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ART STUDIO. MISS MILLS, Art Mistress, 18 C. A. London. Lessons in drawing, painting and design. Studio, 8 Canadian Bank of Commerce, Government street.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR. THOMAS CATERALL-16 Broad Street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 523.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES. BABY CARRIAGE TIRES-Harris & Moore, 42 Broad street, have the latest appliance for re-tiring baby carriage wheels.

NO MANTLER where you bought your shoes, bring them here to be repaired. Hubs, 3 Ontario Ave., opposite Grand Theatre.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR. M'CARTER & DRYSDALE, builders and contractors. Houses built on installment plan, 61 First street. Phone 415.

J. LEWIS, 30 Fort street, carpenter. Jobs at your home, office or store skillfully and promptly executed. Phone 1281.

CHAS. A. MORGAN, 35 Yates street. Jobbing trades a specialty. Twenty years experience. Orders promptly filled.

DISPENSING CHEMISTS. DO NOT BE SICK-Our medicines will cure you. Physicians' prescriptions and family recipes dispensed at all hours. Hubs, 3 Ontario Ave., opposite Grand Theatre. King's road and Douglas street. Phone 530.

COFFEE AND SPICES. VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS-Office and mills, 148 Government St. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING. CHIMNEYS CLEANED-Defective flues fixed. Chas. Wm. Neal, 23 Quadra street. Phone 1013.

LOYD & CO.-Sweepers for H. M. Naval Yard, Jubilee Hospital, Dominion, Vernon, etc. Also linen and silk embroidered goods, Chinese fire crackers, etc.

DE. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewell Block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets. Telephone 1281. Residence, 122.

DYEING AND CLEANING. VICTORIA DYE WORKS, 116 Yates street. Dyeing and cleaning; modern plant; satisfaction guaranteed. Tel. 711.

B. C. STEAM DYEWORKS-Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Phone 20. Harris & Centway.

GEORGE CROWEING, engraver and glass cutter, 12 Wharf street, opposite Post Office.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and beautifully. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad street.

IF YOU WANT thorough instruction in shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, read a course at The Shorthand School, 15 Broad street, Victoria, B. C. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

YOKOHAMA BAZAAR, 122 Government street. Japanese fancy goods just arrived.

ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 30 Douglas street, 200 to 400 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1500x500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim, is \$5. At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1 an acre.

The present provides for heretofore a royalty of 25 per cent, on the sales. PLACER mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee \$5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior. The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 25 per cent, collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

W. W. CORY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N.B.-Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Pursuant to an assignment for the benefit of creditors made by William McHugh, of Victoria, B. C., all persons having claims against the said William McHugh are required to forward to the undersigned particulars of such claims, any security held by the same and of all persons indebted to the said William McHugh, as verified, forthwith pay said indebtedness to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of July, 1906, after which date the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims which he shall then have had notice of and that he will not be responsible to any creditors of whose claims he shall not then have had notice, or of assets, or any part thereof, so distributed.

H. A. TURNER, Assignee, Date 1st 25th day of June, 1906.

NOT RESPONSIBLE. Capt. Rogers, of the ship Tamar, will not be responsible for any debts incurred by any of the crew without his written orders. (Signed) GEORGE N. ROGERS, Captain.

FOR SALE. The following Desirable Property: 4 lots, Phoenix St., Victoria West, 1 minute from Craigflower tram line. (Purchaser can have single lot if desired.) 3 lots, James Bay, fronting on Superior, Kingston and St. Lawrence Sts., first-class building site. 1 1/2 acres, Viewfield Farm, of Esquimalt road, beautiful site for a dwelling. 160 acres, Matchless, very cheap. 100 acres, Shawanigan District, about 1/4 mile from Shawanigan Lake, would make capital fruit ranch. Easy terms, balance at 6 per cent, interest. FLINT & CO., Real Estate Brokers, 15 Tronnie Ave.

JUST ARRIVED. Large shipment of Chinese Pongee Silks, best quality, also Japanese Cotton Crepe, of all colors and prices, for sale by piece or by yard, or in any quantity required, at lowest prices. WAH YUN & CO., 78 and 80 Comorant Street, Next the Fire Department. Telephone 124.

Patents and Trade Marks. Procured in all countries. Searches of the Records carefully made and reports given. Call or write for information. ROWLAND BRITAIN, Mechanical Engineer and Patent Attorney, Room 3, Fairfield Block, Granville Street.

Ladies' Tailoring Parlors. ROOM 3, MOODY BLOCK. SPRINKLING & CO. MERCHANT TAILORS. Room 2, Moody Block, Up-Steps. 76 1/2 YATES STREET.

AT BITTAN COURT'S GROCERY STORE. SECOND STREET. 20 lbs. Granulated Sugar \$1.10 Victoria Creamery Butter 3c. lb. Orange Peiko Tea 35c. lb.

SHOW CASES. We manufacture Up-to-Date Show Cases, Bank, Store, Hotel and Office Fixtures, Hat Cases, Counters, Scales, Saws, Desks, Arc Lights and Mirrors. Order Furniture a Specialty. DICKSON & HOWES, 121-123 Johnson St., Phone 1165.

Wood Wood Wood. We have the largest supply of Good Dry Wood in the City. Fine Cut Wood a specialty. Try us and be convinced. Burt's Wood Yard, Telephone 523, 61 Pandora.

REAL ESTATE DIRECTORY.

PEMBERTON & SON. 4 FORT STREET. FOR SALE. FORT STREET-Very nice 6 roomed cottage, with good grounds and full sized lot, very close to town, \$3,750.

NIAGARA STREET-New bungalow, on car line, near Beacon Hill park, \$2,700, terms.

BEACON STREET-Good two story house and two lots, well fitted and very desirable, \$2,475.

SIMCOE STREET-Large ten roomed house and lot \$2,250, usage convenient, easy terms, \$3,500.

NIAGARA STREET-Five roomed cottage, hot and cold water, etc., lot 50x150, \$1,800.

SEVERAL GOOD HOUSES TO LET-See our list.

J. STUART YATES. 22 Bastion Street, Victoria. FOR SALE. VALUABLE water front lots, at foot of Yates street, with large wharf and two warehouses.

LARGE WAREHOUSE PREMISES, on Yates street.

FRUIT LAND-In any quantity, just outside city of Victoria.

FINE RESIDENTIAL SITES-Fronting on Gorge and Burnside roads, from \$300 to \$500 per acre, according to location.

LAND FRONTING on Sooke Harbor, 22 BUILDING LOTS-In Esquimalt town.

TWENTY-FIVE ACRES-In Esquimalt District, facing Royal Road.

For particulars apply to J. STUART YATES, 22 Bastion Street, Victoria.

P. R. BROWN CO., Ld. 30 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents.

Call for a List of Our One Hundred and Fifty Dwellings for Sale.

FOR SALE-Old Esquimalt road, beautiful cottage, with all modern conveniences, price \$2,500, terms, \$500 cash, and the balance at 4 per cent. (872.)

FOR SALE-Superior street, 7 roomed cottages, with large and small oak trees, all modern conveniences, \$2,100, terms. (857.)

FOR SALE-3 1/2 acres on Mount Tolmie road, this is choice and cheap, it is covered with large and small oak trees, and would make a handsome site for a gentleman's residence. (332.)

FOR SALE-James Bay, on the car line and within five minutes walk of the park, a cottage of 7 rooms, and all modern conveniences, basement cemented, also best \$2,200.

FOR SALE-Stern wheel steamer "Sistrionna", full equipped and furnished; built for the Northern trade; 18 feet long, 20 feet beam, tonnage 200, draws three feet when loaded, speed 10 miles, carries 250 passengers, electric lights and searchlight, engine of 120 horse, hull in good condition; a bargain.

FOR SALE-New bungalow, just completed, with large and small oak trees, Central school, this contains, all modern conveniences. This is cheap and very easy terms. (723.)

FOR SALE-\$300 cash and \$2 per month will purchase a 8 roomed modern dwelling, on the car line; no interest. (804.)

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE-Pemberton road, 2 story modern building, containing 2 parlors, dining room, 2nd kitchen and fittings. Gasoline at lowest price in special auto cans. 7 Johnson street. Tel. 674.

POTTERY WARE. SEWER PIPE, FIELD TILE, GROUND FIRE, GLAY, FLOWER POTS, ETC. B. C. POTTERY CO., LIMITED, CORNER BROAD AND PANDORA STS., VICTORIA.

SADDLERS. HORSEOWNERS' ATTENTION-For new goods, highest quality and lowest prices, call at A. H. Shobolt's, 25 Douglas, Porter Block.

TRUCK & DRAY. TRUCKING-Quick service, reasonable charges. Walsh Bros., Tel. No. 1, Baker's Feed Store, 20 Yates street.

WATCH REPAIRING. A. PETCH, 30 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

BUSINESS CHANGES. A BUSINESS PROPOSITION given publicity in Times want ads is sure of consideration. They go into a man's private office, his home, go into his car or to meet with him, and compel his attention.

FOR SALE-The only choice acre on the Arm and water front, this is for sale on easy terms and at a moderate price.

FOR SALE-Two acres of choice land at Shoal Bay. (218.)

FOR SALE-1/4 acre on Oak Bay avenue, cheap. (224.)

FOR SALE-Somenos District, 150 acres, 100 acres of good bottom land, 1/2 acre of orchard, this is a bargain and worth looking into. (281.)

FOR SALE-Lots in all parts of the city. Corner of Hillside avenue and Third street, two lots for \$25. (224.)

FOR SALE-Two lots on Kingston street, having a water frontage; these are for sale for \$1,150, and in a few years time will be worth double the money. (228.)

FOR SALE-Two acres, at under cultivation, within a block of the Gorge tram line; these are beautifully situated and are cheap at \$1,200. (224.)

FOR SALE-Toronto street, one lot 60x75 feet, with a new barn and water laid on the premises. (221.)

FOR SALE-5 acres at Gordon Head, 400 fruit trees, 3,000 raspberry plants, 14,000 strawberry plants, 10 cottages, 6 rooms, barn, woodshed, 3 small hen houses. This is for sale at \$3,000.

EXPRESS BUYING. It would be well for you to investigate our list. MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE INSURANCE. ESTATES MANAGED. STORES AND DWELLINGS TO LET.

CALL ON WHITE for a list of our property for sale, either farms or residential, as we have the largest list in town. P. R. BROWN LTD., 30 Broad Street, P. O. Box 423.



OAK BAY-3 acres, very choice residential site, fine view of water; price \$2,000.

GORDON HEAD-5 acres, in orchard and small fruit, new cottage; price \$3,000.

ESQUIMALT WATER FRONT-23 acres, beautifully situated for gentleman's suburban home (all fenced); price \$2,500.

GOLDSTREAM-Small farm and poultry run, 160 acres, three cleared, house, barn, horse and cow, implements and furniture; price \$1,000.

METCHOSIN-100 acres with water frontage, 50 acres cultivated, large barn, stock and implements a bargain.

BUNGALOW-4 acres, 7 room new dwelling, very choice locality; price \$2,500.

CEDAR HILL CROSS ROAD-7 acres, all cultivated, 40 fruit trees, cottages, horse, cow, wagons and implements; owner leaving city.

NURSERYMAN-100 acres fine land, 1 mile from station, 40 acres improved, 4 acres orchard, large glass house and nursery, 6 room house, barn, stock, implements. As a going concern, can be secured cheap.

BRIGHTON BEACH (P.O. Bay)-40 acres, sub-divided; price \$10,000.

COWICHAN STATION-64 acres, with cottage, 10 acres cultivated, 20 acres pasture; also flock 50 sheep; price \$2,500.

COTTAGE AND TWO LOTS-Fronting sea, close to tram, price \$2,500.

COWICHAN VALLEY-100-acre farm, over 20 acres cultivated and pasture, 7 room house, barn, etc., 2 horses, 6 cows, 1 bull, implements, 15 minutes walk from church, school and post office; a going concern; cheap, \$4,300.

COWICHAN RIVER-180 acres, 15 acres cultivated, 20 acres cleared, 4 miles from Duncan; price \$2,000.

PENDER ISLAND-75 acres bottom land, water frontage, part Section 7; price \$800.

NORTH DAIRY-6 acres, mostly clear, Cedar Hill cross road; price \$750.

COTTAGE-80 acres, at Tyee Station, 2 acres cultivated, 8 pasture; price only \$250.

COTTAGE-Fronting Beacon Hill park, 3 lots in orchard, dwelling has electric light and is severed; terms easy; price \$1,500.

DALLAS ROAD-N. E. corner Boyd and Dallas road; price \$750.

TO LET-Summer cottage, at Poul Bay.

SWINERTON & ODDY. 102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

JUST COMPLETED-3 roomed dwelling, in splendid location, modern conveniences lot 58x120, concrete fence and walk, only \$1,600.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT-St. Charles street, 4 rooms, 30 per month.

20 ACRES TO LEASE-Nearly all cleared, South Saanich, orchard, \$150 per year.

10 1/2 ACRES-Cultivated, 6 roomed dwelling, barn, 60x14, 10 poultry houses, creek, \$2,500.

SEAVIEW-Splendid building sites, just off Hillside Ave., \$110 to \$300 per lot.

ACRE BLOCKS-On Saanich road, near terminal of proposed extension of tram line, cultivated land, suitable for fruit, \$250.

2 1/2 ACRES-Cedar Hill road, all cleared and cultivated, will sell in 3 acre blocks, \$200 per acre.

EARTHQUAKE WAS FELT UP NORTH

THE QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS DISTURBED

Cannery on Skeena River are Preparing For the Run of Sockeye Salmon.

While Vancouver Island escaped the earthquake which devastated San Francisco and wrought great havoc in California, Queen Charlotte Islands lying farther to the west was not so fortunate. Rev. Mr. Connell, of Masset, who came south on the steamer Tees as far as Vancouver yesterday, reports that the Queen Charlotte group got a severe shaking by the same seismic disturbance. The tremors shook the earth for several seconds at a time. There were, however, no tall brick buildings as in the Bay City to be shattered by the movement, nor were there crowded cement buildings to destroy the lives of many. Of what happened San Francisco and surrounding country, Massettites did not learn till three weeks later.

The Tees reached Victoria on Tuesday after landing the major number of her passengers at the Terminal City. Among these was Mr. Corker, of the industrial school at Alert Bay. Mr. Corker is taking his first holidays in fourteen years. All this time he has labored continuously at the school, and his work has been crowned with success. The Indian boys attending are not only educated, but receive a military training as well. They have their uniforms, and regularly every morning go through exercises. Other passengers who came south on the Tees were R. Bellamy, an American capitalist, R. Irving, Miss Rhodes and Miss Grant.

When the steamer left the Skeena, cannery men were making ready for the run of sockeye salmon. These fish had commenced to run, and it was expected that all the canneries would be busy shortly.

The crew of the Tees will now be transferred to the Amur, and when the steamer Queen City arrives from the West Coast her crew will be assigned to the Tees, so that the latter will take her new run on or about the 1st of July.

SAILORS ILL-TREATED.

The ill-treatment accorded Gordon Maguire, a midshipman on board the barque Pass of Killisnoak, of which an account was given some time ago in the Times, has aroused considerable interest in the East. His father has instituted legal proceedings against the owners, Gibson & Clarke, of Glasgow, and the same course has also been taken by the father of another midshipman named Cree, who was landed at Los Angeles in a crippled condition, and is still under care of the doctors.

Maguire was taken from the ship at Tacoma by his father, to whom he telegraphed imploring help, and a demand made upon the owners for the return of a fee of thirty guineas paid when the boy was indentured. The owners replied asking time for an investigation, and finally, upon receipt of a second demand, offered to take Midshipman Maguire aboard another vessel, but positively refused to return the fee or make any compensation. The bill before the Imperial House of Commons to prevent the appointment of German officers on British ships has been greatly stimulated by the happenings on this voyage.

TRAVEL ON ATLANTIC.

E. E. Blackwood, agent for the Cunard steamship line, has been advised that all the first and second-class berths on the new turbine steamer Carmania, sailing July 2nd, have already been sold, nothing remaining except steerage berths. This shows the heavy travel to Europe from the United States. The White Star line's large ships are also full up.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The ship Tamar was towed into the inner harbor by the tugs Albion and Dominion Wednesday and will be hauled on the ways of the Victoria Machinery Depot for a cleaning and painting.

The contract for building the new hydrographic steamer has been let to the English firm of Armstrong, Whitworth & Company, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

The Blue Funnel liner Tydeus will leave port for the Orient this afternoon.

The N. Y. K. steamship Kaga Maru will be due from Japan to-morrow.

TRAMP KILLED IN WRECK.

Tacoma, June 28.—One tramp was killed and two badly hurt in a freight wreck on the Northern Pacific at Lester on Green River, at 12.05 yesterday morning. Two box cars were demolished and a third car and a locomotive derailed. Members of the train crew and the men in charge of the derailed cars escaped uninjured.

A Tacoma dispatch says: "C. M. Levy, third vice-president of the Northern Pacific railroad, will at once build a steam or electric railroad, probably electric, on the old Union Pacific grade from Tacoma to Portland. The Northern Pacific will also build an electric line from Tacoma to Seattle."

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
GRAVEL
DIABETES
MIGRAINE
HEADACHE
RHEUMATISM
GOUT
NEURALGIA
BRUISES
SWELLINGS
SOLD ONLY IN PACKETS

WHAT Fruit-a-tives ARE

Fruit-a-tives are the marvels of modern medicine. They have accomplished more actual cures—done more good to more people—than any other medicine ever introduced in Canada for the time they have been on sale.

- Fruit-a-tives are fruit juices. They are nature's cure for:
- CONSTIPATION
 - BILIOUSNESS
 - BAD STOMACH
 - DYSPEPSIA
 - HEADACHES
 - IMPURE BLOOD
 - SKIN DISEASES
 - KIDNEY TROUBLE
 - RHEUMATISM
 - IRRITATED HEART

Fruit-a-tives are the juices of apples, oranges, figs and prunes. These juices are concentrated—and by a secret process, the juices are combined in a peculiar manner. This new combination is much more active—medicinally than fresh juices—yet so perfect is the union that Fruit-a-tives act on the system as if they were in truth a natural fruit, medicinally stronger than any other known fruit.

To this combination of fruit juices, tonics and internal antiseptics are added, and the whole made into tablets.

These are Fruit-a-tives—sold everywhere for 50c a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED - OTTAWA.

THE WITHDRAWAL OF ALL AMERICAN SILVER

From Circulation in Canada Proceeding Apac—Newfoundland Half Dollar Worth Face Value.

Early last March, Victorians will remember, the Dominion government issued instructions providing for the discontinuance of the circulation of American coin in Canada. The plan adopted was that it should be collected by the different banks doing business in the Dominion and forwarded, through the savings department, to New York, credit being given the respective institutions for the amounts collected, such sums to be replaced by Canadian money. This gradual withdrawal of American coin has now been going on for some months, and many Victorians, doubtless, have noticed the almost imperceptible diminution in the number of "big nickles" and the eagle adorned half dollar and dollar. Inquiry at the Dominion Savings Bank this morning elicited the information that approximately \$200,000 of United States currency had been forwarded from western Canada, a district including British Columbia and the Yukon.

In Victoria an interesting incident has occurred in connection with the transfer of the silver. Some of the banks have refused to accept the Newfoundland fifty cent piece claiming that their customers will not take it, and that it is not passed by many of the prominent local business establishments. The local officials, therefore, wish to point out that the Newfoundland coin is "legal tender," that it is worth its face value the same as any Canadian silver. This only applies to the fifty cent piece. So far no twenty cent coin has been received, and no instructions are to hand in respect to it. But the Newfoundland half dollar, it is explained, is good, and there is no reason why those engaged in business should hesitate in accepting it.

According to the original estimate it was thought that American coin in circulation on this side of the 49th parallel could be returned by the 30th of June. It is believed, however, that the time will have to be extended as there is still a large amount to be found throughout Canada.

PERSONAL.

J. E. McConnell, of the advertising agency of McConnell & Ferguson, of London, Ont., is in the city, a guest at the Grand Hotel. Mr. McConnell is on his first visit to Victoria, and he decided that the occasion was sufficiently important to mark it in an auspicious manner, and he purchased two tickets instead of one. His visit to Victoria is a hurried one, as he has already spent several weeks in Manitoba and the Territories in the interests of the enterprising young firm of which he is the head. McClary's Stove Works, of London, is one of the big accounts which McConnell & Ferguson handle, and he is devoting some attention on the trip to the interests of this and other firms which he represents.

J. P. McConnell, erstwhile journalist, of Toronto, Ont., but now a plutocrat of Aspen Grove, B. C., whence he sends breezy letters to Coast and Eastern papers just to keep his journalistic hand in, is a visitor to the city to-day. McConnell is one of the men from Bruce, about whom he wrote so entertainingly in the Times a few weeks ago, and while here managed to slip up a number from the same stout old shire. Among the latter was John Shaw, principal of Nanaimo High school.

Capt. R. Macdonald, R. A., son of Senator Macdonald, has been promoted to the rank of Major. Major Macdonald is a native son. He is at present with his regiment in England.

R. S. Sherman, A. M. Lewis, E. Kennely, J. C. Shaw and W. J. Linton, of Vancouver, are guests at the King Edward.

Hugh Gilmour, of Vancouver, formerly a member of the legislature, is in the city to-day on private business.

J. B. Eager and a party of friends from Los Angeles are at the Victoria.

Sporting News

LACROSSE. STICK TO THE GUNS.

After having had time to consider the situation in the light of the poor support received on Saturday in the endeavor to defeat the New Westminster stalwarts, members of the Victoria club management have decided to carry through the season's programme despite their discouragement. They will fill all dates as long as twelve stick handlers can be found willing to take the field. While the directors have determined to take a strong stand against the apparent lack of interest in the Canadian national game, their attitude is not one of antagonism towards the general public from whom they have not received the assistance to which their efforts entitle them. On the other hand, they still solicit the co-operation of all and hope that in the next home game the attendance will be larger than heretofore, and also that employers of players will not be so ungenerous as to refuse their leave of absence to permit them to participate in league matches.

A word to the players themselves would not be amiss at the present time. Last evening a Times reporter came in contact with a number of prominent members of the Victoria team and everywhere was apparent the same dissatisfaction. All expressed disgust, principally over the lack of interest on the part of the general public. But they had many other things to grumble about and didn't hesitate to circulate their grievances, almost invariably ending with the emphatic announcement that they were going to quit playing and wouldn't put in another practice. Now, it is to be hoped that these players will reconsider matters before making up their minds. After all, does a man play lacrosse because he feels in duty bound to do so? Isn't it his love for the pastime that takes him out regularly twice a week to indulge in a few rounds of the game, or is it his respect for the request of his manager? If he goes for the latter reason, then he might as well remain away, because one whose spirit is unwilling is seldom found to prove a valuable question. It is safe to say, however, that what really takes the players out occasionally is their fondness for the exciting sport, and it is equally safe to say that the boys find their pleasure in sticking to the guns they will back them up with increased earnestness. Providing all concerned join hands in such a way there is yet time to retrieve the losses which must be met against Victoria.

The season's programme, after all, is just opening. With Manager York at the helm, Victoria's ship may yet come home. On Saturday, July 21st, the local intermediates will again try conclusions with New Westminster. This match will take place on the Royal City grounds. It offers an excellent opportunity for the home players to redeem themselves. Let those in charge select their material with the utmost care, being sure to train players who may get away from their duties when the important occasions arrive, and, even on strange grounds and before an unfriendly crowd, the tables may be turned. On August 4th another home league game will take place, the contesting teams on this occasion being Victoria and Vancouver. By that time the Capital City aggregation should be thoroughly welded together and in every way prepared to show the visitors that stick handling is not altogether a thing of the past on Vancouver Island.

During the lengthy intervals between the dates mentioned the players will be entertained by exhibition matches. Lady-smith, Nanaimo, and teams representing other cities will be invited to Victoria. Thus the interest will be sustained through the summer months.

Under the circumstances, there is no reason why the players should quit the game. Let all put their shoulders to the wheel and Victoria will be found nearer the championship at the close of the league than the most sanguine dare to predict.

THE OAR.

AMERICANS AT HENLEY. Henley, Eng., June 25.—The residents of this river town, who reap a rich harvest yearly from the regatta, are anathematizing Coach Fletcher, of Oxford, to-day. They realize that their pockets will be touched if the proposition to exclude Americans from future regatta is realized, and they do not like the prospect. There are indications that considerable opposition will develop against Mr. Fletcher's sweeping resolution. He contends that the American National Association of Amateur Oarsmen did not properly investigate the amateur standing of the Vesper oarsmen. Joseph Wright, stroke of the Argonaut (Canadian) crew, denounced the Fletcher resolution as being an insult to their colleges. He said: "If the resolution is carried, it will create a lot of bad feeling. It is manifestly unfair to cast a slur on the amateurism of over forty bad rowing clubs because of one or two black sheep. Amateur rowing is the parent of sports in America and Canada."

Sir John Edwards-Moss, a high Oxford authority on rowing, is not especially hostile to American entries, but considers Henley is not the proper course for international racing, because under conditions of wind, a second rate crew might win through having a sheltered position.

The Tribune this morning states that it is informed on high authority that the Henley regatta committee is unlikely to take any steps to adopt the motion of Coach Fletcher, of Oxford, to exclude Americans from future regattas.

The Canadians bravely faced a heavy wind this afternoon, rowing over the entire course. They started at 40 strokes per minute and finished at 33 strokes. Time, 2 minutes 35 seconds.

A TRIAL SPIN. Henley, Eng., June 26.—Owing to heavy winds only the more daring of the crews ventured out on the course to-day. The Argonauts, of Toronto, had a practice row, finishing the course in 7 minutes 54 seconds.

W. B. West, of the Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia, was out sculling, but the wind was too strong and he only for singles. Reviewing the work of his opponents, Mr. West, who is to compete for the Diamond sculls, said: "I guess I am up against a tough proposition, but I shall have a try."

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL. PRESENTED TROPHY. Col. English and Major Bland, on behalf of the Imperial forces which recent-

ly left the city, have presented a splendid challenge cup to the British Columbia Football Association. The Garrison took an active interest in the game during their stay at this station, frequently winning championships in desperate struggles with the civilian representatives, their keenest rivals in the race for the pennants. The new trophy has been given to perpetuate the memory of the Imperial forces. It will be competed for by those entering the Vancouver Island senior league, and one of the conditions upon which it has been presented is that it shall be made a permanent challenge cup, that is, that no club shall ever become permanent possessors of it no matter how often successful.

THE TURF. FORTHCOMING RACES.

The Dominion Day races are being looked forward to with considerable interest by a large number of Victorians. The preparations are gradually rounding into perfect shape. The track is being carefully prepared, with the stalls being fitted up for the accommodation of the large number of racers expected from Seattle and other points. Entries for the races, which take place on the 30th Inst., the 1st and 2nd of July, are being received, and any application forwarded before that time will be accepted by the management committee. Outside horses should begin to arrive to-morrow, and by Saturday two weeks of racing are expected to be at the track in readiness for the opening race.

An invitation will be extended to the inmates of the Home for the Aged and infirm by those in charge. The Fifth Regiment band has been engaged and the proceedings will be enlivened by a choice musical programme. Everything points to a most successful meet.

BASEBALL. CHASE THE IDOL.

In a recent issue of the Sporting News appears a picture of Hal Chase, formerly of the Victoria team, who is now one of the idolized heroes of New York fans. Speaking of the player that publication says:

"Hal Chase, first baseman of the New York team in the American League, is a batting round ball player, and is daily pulling off sensational plays that stamp him as the star of his position. Experts wonder at his work, and spectators in cities other than the New York applaud play made by him that bring defeat to the home team. He is the idol of the Highland park regulars. Hal has made himself famous at an age when most major league players are experiments, and should add to his prestige as he gains experience. He made his debut in professional company, with the Los Angeles club in 1904 and was drafted at the close of that season by the New York club."

A Spokane man who is now one of the idolized heroes of New York fans. Speaking of the player that publication says:

"Hal Chase, first baseman of the New York team in the American League, is a batting round ball player, and is daily pulling off sensational plays that stamp him as the star of his position. Experts wonder at his work, and spectators in cities other than the New York applaud play made by him that bring defeat to the home team. He is the idol of the Highland park regulars. Hal has made himself famous at an age when most major league players are experiments, and should add to his prestige as he gains experience. He made his debut in professional company, with the Los Angeles club in 1904 and was drafted at the close of that season by the New York club."

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CHAMPIONSHIP GAMES.

Wimbledon, June 28.—In the second round of the tennis championships to-day Raymond D. Little, American, beat T. G. Pipon by a score of 6-1, 6-4, 7-5.

In the third round (singles), K. Powell beat K. Craig, American, after a hard battle. The scores were 6-4, 4-6, 6-4, 6-2.

In the first round of the doubles Kreigh Collins and Raymond D. Little (Americans) were given a walkover. Little was also given a walkover in the third round of the singles.

SUMMER FAC.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS THE BEST TONIC FOR SUMMER.

The long hot summer thins the blood, and leaves you weary, worn and wretched. Nothing can cure that summer ailment except Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—because they actually make new blood and strengthen every organ and every tissue in the body. Every dose fills you with new strength, new energy, new life. Purge your system, weaken you more. Common tonics only stimulate for the moment. But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood, and nothing but good, pure rich red blood can you get any better than the summer. That is why you should take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now. Mr. J. N. Norfolk, White Horse, Yukon Territory, says: "I am thirty-nine years of age and have been an athlete who scarcely knew the meaning of illness. Last year, however, my health gave way. I became nervous, did not sleep well and grew as weak as a kitten. It seemed as though I was compelled to work out. I tried several so-called tonics, but they did me no good. Finally I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they put me on my feet again, and gave me new health and strength."

Every weak and easily tired man and woman will find new health, new strength and new energy through a fair trial of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They cure all blood and nerve disease like anaemia, nervous exhaustion, headaches and backaches, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism, and all ailments that afflict most growing girls and women of mature years. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FIGHT BETWEEN PEASANTS AND TROOPS

SEVERAL MEN WERE KILLED AND WOUNDED

Rumor That Strong Faction at Russian Court Now Favors Change of Ministry.

St. Petersburg, June 28.—The government, taking advantage of the effect produced by the frankness and sincerity of Interior Minister Stolypin's declaration in the house of parliament, has taken prompt steps to prevent further anti-Semitic excesses. The sentiment in favor of a change in the ministry is now not only shared by the upper house of parliament and voiced by the state press, but is supported by a strong faction at court, with which, the Associated Press is informed by a relative of Gen. Trepot, the former head of police, is allied. General Trepot, it is alleged, has found the temper of the army and peasantry to be such that it would be better to bow to the storm than to adopt the dangerous last resort of repression under a dictatorship.

The revolutionists are jubilant at the progress made by the military propaganda. Agrarian disorders at Kharkoff, Poltava and Tamboff have led to conflicts with the troops. Four peasants were killed near Poltava and many were wounded, including an officer and soldier, in a fight between dragons and plunderers armed with scythes. On the estate of Princess Yusopova, near Kharkoff, a general feeling of terror prevails among the petty administration officials in various parts of the country, many of whom have resigned to save their homes.

ALEXANDER MUIR DEAD.

Author of "The Maple Leaf Forever" Passed Away Suddenly.

Toronto, June 27.—The News to-day opens a fund for the erection of a bronze memorial tablet in Gladstone avenue school to the memory of Alexander Muir, the author of "The Maple Leaf Forever," who died suddenly last night. The co-operation of all Canadians is asked, especially of school children. Any contributions addressed to the News will be acknowledged in that paper.

Mayor Coates, chairman of the school board of education, and Inspector Hughes, will be the committee to carry out the movement. Newspapers throughout the Dominion are asked to co-operate with the News in this tribute in the memory of a man who has done so much to unify the nationhood of young Canada.

ENJOYABLE BENEFIT CONCERT LAST NIGHT

Function Under Patronage of Lieutenant-Governor Attracts Large and Appreciative Audience.

A large audience gathered on Tuesday in the school room of First Presbyterian church on the occasion of the concert given in aid of the widow and family of James Redford, of Alberta. His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, under whose patronage the concert was given, was present attended by his private secretary, Mrs. and Miss Dunsmuir, and thence astronomically east 80 chains, thence astronomically west 80 chains, thence astronomically south 40 chains, and thence astronomically east 40 chains to point of commencement, containing three hundred and twenty acres.

Professor F. Meyer, of San Francisco, appeared for the first time in Victoria, and proved a pianist of high attainment. His selection, "An Puntaput," by Rameau, created great enthusiasm, but an encore was not responded to owing to the length of the programme. Practically all the other numbers were by old favorites in the city, and needless to say were well received. Miss Underhill received a hearty recall for her recitation from "The School For Scandal," and Mrs. G. J. Burnett after her song, "Valley of the Sea." Schuberth's "Serenade" was given as an instrumental trio, by Gideon Hicks sang the well-known duet, "O, That We Two Were Mayings," and gracefully responded to an encore. J. G. Brown, who opened the programme with W. D. Kinnaird in Bouheur's duet, "After the Tray," also gave Stephen Adams' "Veteran," and for both received an enthusiastic recall. To the latter he gave "The Little Irish Girl." Songs by Mrs. Wm. Gregson, Miss McCoy, Mrs. D. C. Reid and Hugh Kennedy completed the programme, all being extremely well received.

About 400 attended the concert, which resulted in a good sum being obtained for the praiseworthy object for which it was given. J. G. Brown and his associates deserve great commendation for their hard work in the cause of charity.

The Philadelphia bureau of health on Tuesday directed the owners of 37 slaughterhouses in various sections of the city to abandon their establishments. By reason of their unsanitary condition they are declared to be nuisances destructive to the public health.

The German Empress invariably writes with a swan quill, and wherever she goes packets of these quills are among her baggage.

Bowes' Corn Cure Hinders Corns

When you apply our Corn Cure to your corns it acts as a hoodoo on the corn's growth; kills it in fact, so you can pick it out by the roots.

25 Cents Per Bottle.

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST
of GOVERNMENT ST., NEAR YATES ST.

RED JACKET PUMP.

SO EASY TO FIX

Double-Acting Force
Single-Acting Force
Turret Tank Force
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Pitcher Pumps
AND
Hydraulic Rams

Write for Catalogue and Prices to

The Hickman-Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.
VICTORIA, B. C. Agents, Telephone 65.
P. O. Drawer 613.

Tenders For Real Estate

Tenders are called for the purchase of 50 acres of land, being the south half of section 17, range V. east, South Saanich, Vancouver Island. The land comprises upwards of 30 acres cleared, valued at \$150.00 per acre, the remainder is partly timbered and valued at \$75.00 per acre. Also, for lot 608 Victoria City, situate on the north side of Fisgard street, between Government and Douglas streets, being 60x120 feet, and on which is a 10 roomed dwelling house; this property is assessed at \$4,200.00.

Tenders must be in before July 13th, 1906. Address tenders to

H. A. TURNER,
Trustee of the Estate of William McHugh.
P. O. Box 432, Victoria, B. C.
Dated this 23rd day of June, 1906.

A GREAT OFFER

Regular Price \$3.15

THE London TIMES Weekly Edition \$4.00

Regular Price \$1.00

The Semi Weekly Victoria Times for ONE YEAR FREE

Regular Price \$5.15

Pearson's Magazine

OR

The London Times Weekly and either one of the others For \$3.30

A great chance to obtain England's greatest weekly, British Columbia's greatest paper and a world-renowned magazine at a bargain. Annual subscriptions only, payable in advance, to P. S. Wright, Canadian Agent, the Times, Ottawa, Ontario.

NOTICE

The taxpayers of the Municipality of Saanich are hereby notified that all taxes for 1906 are due and payable at the Provincial Assessor's Office, Victoria, H. O. CASE, C. M. O.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that, 60 days after date, we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase the following described land: Commencing at the southeast corner post on Dease Lake, Cassiar, near Bay's Landing, of Lot 306, thence north 40 chains, thence east to the lake shore, thence following the lake shore to the point of commencement, and containing 40 acres more or less.

Dated at Dease Lake, B. C., May 24th, 1906.

THE GOVERNOR AND COMPANY OF ADVENTURERS OF ENGLAND TRADING INTO HUDSON'S BAY.
J. C. MAVER, Agent.

NOTICE.

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Dated this 31st day of May, 1906.

CREASE & CREASE,
Victoria, B. C.

RE KENNETH M'KENZIE, DECEASED

Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of Kenneth McKenzie, late of Lake District, B. C. who died on 16th May, 1906, are required to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned, Solicitors for Robert G. McKenzie, the administrator, on or before the 31st August, 1906, after which date the administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated this 31st day of May, 1906.

CREASE & CREASE,
Victoria, B. C.

DOMINION HOTEL, Victoria, B. C.
Maintained on the highest standard; rates \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day. Free bus. Stephen Jones, Prop.