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Saylor

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

To all parts of Canada and Newfoundland, \$2.00 per year; United States of America, \$3.50 per year.

# THE DAILY MAIL.

WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto (noon)—Fair and moderately cold to-day. Wednesday fresh south to west winds, milder with light local snow.

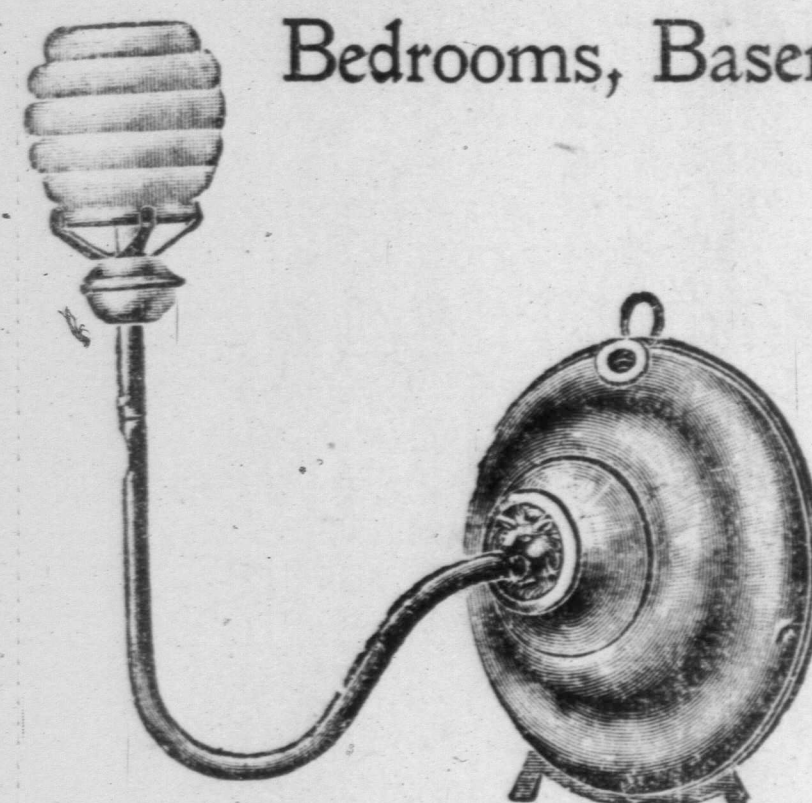
VOLUME 1, No. 17.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1914.

PRICE:—1 CENT.

## The Little Beauty Night Lamp.

Will Stand or Hang. The only perfect Lamp for Halls, Bathrooms, Bedrooms, Basements, etc.



It burns ordinary kerosene oil, and from one filling (which costs less than 1 cent) will burn 40 hours without odor. For entries, doorways, stairways or anywhere. Each lamp is provided with 21 inches of wick, and with ordinary care this wick will last several years. The lamps are made of brass, handsomely nickel plated. They look like an electric light when lighted. Hang it up when retiring and it will afford a steady light throughout the night.

Extra Globes and Wicks, 7c. each. Price 75c. or 80c. Post Paid.

## STEER BROTHERS.

## Columbia Records By Laughing BILLY WILLIAMS

"WHEN BILLY LAUGHS  
WE ALL LAUGH."

10 inch Double-Sided 75c. each.

- 2102 Call Me Early in the Morning. Oh! for Another Day at Margate.
- 2103 The Ragtime Wedding. The Worst of it is I Like it.
- 2104 I Come Fra Scotland. Mr. John MacKenzie, O.
- 2225 Jean Loves all the Jockies. All the Ladies Fall in Love With Sandy.
- 2226 Giving a Donkey a Strawberry. Let's Have Another One Together.
- 2227 There Must be Something Nice About the Isle of Man. She is My Best Girl Now.

U. S. PICTURE & PORTRAIT CO.  
Graphophone Department.

## OUR NEW 22-Cal. Rifle

HITS THE BULLS-EYE EVERY TIME!

Selling at the Remarkably  
LOW PRICE of

**\$2.00**  
and  
**\$2.25**

ALSO  
CARTRIDGES  
TO SUIT SAME

Martin Hardware Co.

## Mr. Coaker Preaches Sermon In Decorum To Hon. J.C. Crosbie.

### Gives Member For Bay de Verde Stinging Castigation For His Unseemly Conduct.—Hospital Affairs Aired.

Petitions were presented by Hon. C. H. Emerson from English Harbor West asking to be made a port of call; by Mr. Moulton from New Harbor on the same purpose; by Mr. Jennings from Twillingate asking for the appointment of a Road Board; by Mr. Stone from New Melbourne and Mr. Targett from New Chelsea on the subject of breakwaters; by Mr. Hickman from Bay de Verde District, asking that a date be appointed for the picking of partridge berries; by Messrs. Lloyd, Stone and Targett from Trinity District, on same subject.

When the House opened yesterday few thought the session would prove so interesting or exciting. After the usual batch of petitions had been presented.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the estimates.

Mr. Kent started the ball rolling and showed up the short comings of the votes for salaries, making a special plea on behalf of the firemen and policemen.

He showed that the estimates were very poorly prepared. He also pointed out the error of the Government last session in voting the surplus estimated them at \$150,000, for every and any purpose including the expenses of the elections, which time had shown to be wrong; for instance, \$150,000 surplus, had been estimated and it only amounted to \$115,000, and before one cent had been expended on the elections \$126,000, or \$11,000 more than the surplus had been spent by the Government and they were now compelled to bring in a supplemental vote to cover the \$11,000 over-expended and the whole cost of the elections.

#### Premier's Reply.

The Premier replied in his usual bluffing style, talking loud and long, without making anyone anything the wiser.

He was followed by Dr. Lloyd who in a half hour's speech, picked the Premier's speech to pieces and sent many of his statements into the melting pot.

Mr. Moulton had a few remarks to make and made them in his own peculiar way which showed that he possessed an independent view of what was being done by the Government, all of which did not meet with his strong approval.

Mr. Coaker then claimed the floor and spoke from 6 to 6.30 when the

House adjourned to meet at 8. Mr. Coaker then spoke until 8.45, delivering a splendid speech upon the votes for the several services, especially condemning the payments of large salaries to sub-collectors in outports where little or no work had to be done.

He referred to such stations as Botwood where a Magistrate was drawing \$500 with nothing to do, who could easily perform a sub-collector's duty and save \$500 for the Treasury.

Exploits and Fogo also came in for strong condemnation. Gambo, he thought, might go to a doctor whom the people desired to have established in that section. They were not able to raise enough money from fees, but if the Government would make a doctor the sub-collector and give him \$500 salary and perquisites, which total \$600, it would be the means of conferring a great blessing upon that section of the district which now had to depend upon a doctor a hundred miles away to come by train.

#### Condemned Increase.

He condemned the increase of \$200 to the sub-collector at Greenspond who was a cousin of the defeated Tory candidate—Mr. Blandford—and said the people would deeply resent the giving of \$500 to support the occupant of the office. If \$300, with pickings, was enough for him since 1909 it was enough still. There was no need of having a sub-collector and magistrate at Greenspond. Either had but very little work to do and the magistrate could very easily attend to the duties of the two offices.

Mr. Coaker showed that he was once a civil servant doing the work of three offices, and he did not have 20 minutes work to do in a day. He had to give it up as it was ruining him as a man of energy and industry for had he remained one year longer in that job he would have become by force of habit a loafer and unfit for any other labor or work.

Three able bodied men had been employed to do the work of the three offices before he took over the job of running the three and he had no doubt but what the same story could be told of almost all the jobs in the civil service.

King's Cove, Twillingate, Nipper's Hr., and Pilley's Island also were spoken of.

He showed that a sub-collector at Salvage worked for \$15 and he had no

doubt but what that official did just as much work as many that were paid \$500. If Salvage could get along with a salary of \$15 so could many of those places he mentioned.

Thousands of dollars were wasted in keeping political friends in public positions and there was no justification for the huge expenditure made in connection with such jobs.

The Premier wanted to know where a beginning could be made at reform in the civil service but he in reply to Mr. Coaker would not consent to accept suggestions made to him in view of introducing such a reform.

## PRIVY COUNCIL WILL SETTLE THE LABRADOR BOUNDARY.

### The Law Lords of The Empire to Decide Between Quebec and Newfoundland.—The Case Has Been Up Since 1898.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 30.—The long-standing dispute between the Province of Quebec and Newfoundland over the boundary line between Quebec and that portion of the territory subject to the jurisdiction of Newfoundland, which is to be dealt with and adjudicated upon by the Imperial committee of the Privy Council.

It is probable that when the case comes up it will be watched on behalf of the general interests of the

Dominion by Hon. Arthur Meighen, Solicitor-General.

Sir Edward Morris informs as far as the Newfoundland Government knows, the exact terms of the submission on this question to the Privy Council have not yet been finalised between the two Governments and, therefore, no date of hearing has been set.

The message must, therefore, refer to some debate on the matter which has taken place in the Quebec legislature.

The vote for the firemen and policemen of St. John's was dealt with by Mr. Coaker and his utterances brought out general applause from the visitors present, as he asserted that the common men who did the work of protecting the streets and keeping order night and day in all weathers were not paid what was their due when they received but one dollar per day which is their pay. He asked for a fair deal for the firemen who faced death time and again in all weathers in order to protect the property of the city. He did not want more pay for the men who were usually called bosses, who ordered the men up into a burning building or on to a roof that might soon tumble in, but he wanted the men who did the work and took the great risks to be paid.

#### Governor's Salary.

He spoke of the increase of \$4,000 in the Governor's salary and expenses. He did not deny that such was necessary. He believed the Governor's expenses were very great and that he required the additional increases, but were we to announce to the Country that we were willing to increase the Governor's salary \$4,000, because he was influential and in a position that caused all to listen to his request, while there were hundreds of worn out widows receiving from \$15 to \$24 per quarter and hundreds of postal officials in outports who received \$3.75 for 3 months work handling mails, who had to find a room, fire, and often had to be up before daylight in order to accommodate couriers?

He mentioned a case at Newman's Cove where the postmaster had three mails weekly, had to find a room in his house for a post office, had to be up early in the morning to take the mail from the Bonavista courier, and who received but \$3.75 per quarter of a year for all this work.

He appealed to the Premier to consider the result of such treatment. He asked Sir Edward to give every widow 60 years of age \$30 a year as a pension and he would support the proposal to increase the Governor's salary as had been proposed by the Government.

#### Necessities.

Assistance to procure motor engines for fishermen, a grant for trade agents to open markets for fishery produce, proper treatment of the bodies of fishermen dying on the Lab-

## 302 WERE KILLED BY AUTOMOBILES IN NEW YORK, 1913

This is an Increase of 81 Over the Fatalities of 1912.—108 Fatally Injured by Street Cars and 132 by Waggons.

New York, Feb. 2.—In the year 1913 according to the report of the National Highways Protective Society, made public to-day, 302 persons were killed by autos in New York City. This is an increase of 81 over the 1912 figures. These figures and others show for the same period 108 fatally injured by trolley cars and 132 by waggons.

The quantity of iron ore mined in the United States in 1913, is estimated to have been between 58,000,000 and 60,000,000 long tons.

## Asquith Tries Conciliation.

Is Reported Willing to Make Advances to Ulster.—Redmond Holds the Key to the Difficult Situation.

London, Feb. 2.—John E. Redmond the Nationalist leader, and Augustine Birrell, Secretary for Ireland, were closeted with Premier Asquith at his official residence this afternoon.

It is understood that the Government is determined to make another effort to conciliate Ulster, before heated debates in Parliament stir into flame the admittedly dangerous situation in the northern province of Ireland. It is generally thought that Redmond holds the key to the position. In some quarters it is pointed out that if he is willing to go the same lengths as Asquith and members of his cabinet, and is ready to make advances in order to placate the north of Ireland, civil war may be avoided.

The Unionists say they would not be surprised to see Asquith riding for a fall, before the Home Rule Bill is again reached, in case the Irish leaders should refuse to make the concessions considered necessary. They say that if Redmond should agree to the exclusion of Ulster, even for a term of years, an agreement might be reached.

men dying on the Labrador or French Shore are to be brought to their friends at the expense of the Government.

Mr. Coaker's remarks were received by the House with close attention, and the visitors showed their sympathy. He spoke carefully and moderately and appealed again and again to the Premier to consider his ways and be wise, and the Premier to do him justice did listen attentively to the apostle of the "new gospel," and in his heart wished he had such a man as an associate,—one who so intimately knew the wants and requirements of the people.

#### Castigation for Crosbie.

At the close of his speech Mr. Coaker referred to the attack made upon him on Wednesday night by Hon. J. C. Crosbie, and in language that astonished the House—which listened in dead silence—he rebuked the member of the Executive Council for his unbecoming conduct and for the insulting and ungentlemanly language indulged in by the member for Bay de Verde.

(Continued on page 4.)

## Canadian Commission Makes Important Report On The Lobster Industry.

### As In Newfoundland, Its Money Value Has Increased, While The Catch Has Declined.— Conclusion Arrived At.

Halifax, Jan. 31.—The Report of the Dominion Shell-Fish Commission contains some important observations on the Lobster Fishery as prosecuted in Canadian waters and makes some deductions as to the decline in the number of lobsters caught each year.

The wonderful productiveness of the Canadian sea-shores is such, says the Report, that the lobster industry is still carried on on a vast scale, and the total money value of the lobster fishery is greater than ever, but the annual returns are really misleading, because, while the supply of lobsters is declining, the price has so materially advanced that the total value is greater to-day than at any previous period. Thus, in 1880, lobsters brought \$5 a case, whereas last year the price realized was nearly four times that amount.

The following points are worthy of attention in considering the present condition of the lobster industry:

1. The size of lobsters has materially declined, great catches being of very much smaller average size than in former years, while the fishing operations are being carried on over a very much larger area, and with greatly increasing number of traps and in deeper water, and, in some districts, with the assistance of motor boats.

2. The traps used are more effective and destructive than formerly, and the parlour and other forms of trap have replaced the lobster pot used in past years.

3. There is a tendency in some localities to increase the small canneries and, in such canneries, to either pack the fishermen's catches on shore or to pack them for the fishermen, charging a rate agreed upon for the cost of cans and the labor.

4. While the size limit has been ignored, and was practically a dead letter when various size limits were in force in the different lobster districts, the fishermen realize that the taking of small lobsters has been detrimental. In such localities as the shores of Grand Manan island, a large size limit seems to have been observed. It is a widespread opinion that, by returning small lobsters to the water and marketing only the large lobsters, the value of the catch has been increased. But, in general, fishermen do not favor a size limit, and some canneries would, for a time, be closed were the eight or nine-inch limit enforced generally. All, however, are convinced that the berried lobster—the female lobster carrying eggs—must be protected.

## THREE QUEBEC MEMBERS ARE FORCED TO RESIGN.

### As The Result Of Charges Of Bribery And Corruption Preferred Against Them By "The Montreal Daily Mail."

Quebec, January 29.—The biggest sensation of the day in connection with the charges of bribery and corruption launched against members of Provincial Government by the Montreal Daily Mail, broke this morning when it was announced before the investigating committee of the Assembly that Mr. J. O. Mousseau, chairman of the private bills committee, and the only member of the Lower House involved in the graft charges, and Messrs. Bergevin and L. P. Bernard, Legislative Councillors, had tendered their resignation to the Prime Minister.

The Quebec Legislature is now busy investigating charges of bribery against three of its members, in which it is said six others with seats in the legislature are implicated. The charges were made by the Mail, the

new Montreal Daily, which claims that some six thousand dollars were distributed in bribes to get a certain company incorporated. The president and the editor of the paper are appearing before the bar of the Assembly in response to the Speaker's summons. All the members involved are Liberals, but the Opposition are taking no part in the proceedings, Mr. Tellier, the Conservative leader, declining to act on the Committee of Inquiry. If the managers of the Mail fail to prove their accusations, they are liable to heavy penalties which will undoubtedly be imposed, for the affair has created a furor in political circles in Quebec.

If the charges are substantiated, they will reveal a condition of political debauching never heretofore approached in any Canadian legislature.



**SPOT  
CASH  
SALE.**

# G. KNOWLING.

**SPECIAL  
PURCHASES**

**SPOT  
CASH  
SALE.**

We offer at astoundingly low prices, owing to the advantageous terms on which we secured, nearly  
**\$20,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS**

We have at present ready the following items in  
**OUR CENTRAL SHOWROOMS TO-DAY**

Articles in Women's and Children's wear, and it will be only necessary for the most ill-informed as to quality and values to see these offerings to be convinced that there are  
**MANY UNDER HALF PRICE.**

### Marvellous Corset Cover Bargains.

Values such as these purchases include seldom or never offered. Not reduced because of old stock.

Charming confections of lace and embroidery-trimming of newest and smartest designs; fresh clean goods.

32 Corset Covers, lace and embroidery trimmed, worth 40c., for, each **25c.**

29 Corset Covers, lace and embroidery trimmed, worth 50c., for, each **30c.**

14 Corset Covers, lace and embroidery trimmed, worth 80c., for, each **40c.**

5 Corset Covers, lace and embroidery trimmed, worth 90c., for, each **50c.**

### Ladies' Night Dress Bargain.

Beautifully fine muslin and lawn muslin and embroidery trimmed garments at almost half price

22 Ladies' White Nightdresses, latest designs in lace and embroidery trimming, worth \$1.50, for, each **85c.**

9 Ladies' White Nightdresses, latest designs in lace and embroidery trimming, worth \$2.20 for, each **1.30**

10 Ladies' White Nightdresses, latest designs in lace and embroidery trimming, worth \$2.40, for, each **1.40**

### DAINTY UNDERSKIRT BARGAINS.

Mostly American make and designs; latest cut; fresh and new fine soft muslin with charming embroidered designs, etc. SEE THEM.

22 White Embroidered Skirts. Worth \$1.25, for, each **70c.**

15 White Embroidered Skirts. Worth \$1.50, for, each **85c.**

23 White Embroidered Skirts. Worth \$1.80, for, each **1.00**

16 White Embroidered Skirts. Worth \$2.00, for, each **1.25**

8 White Embroidered Skirts. Worth \$2.30, for, each **1.50**

11 White Embroidered Skirts. Worth \$2.50, for, each **1.75**

5 Black Sateen Embroidered Flounce. Worth \$4.00, for, each **75c.**

7 Black Schriensed. Worth \$3.20, for, each **1.95**

4 Black Schriensed. Worth \$1.65, for, each **1.15**

### LADIES' COSTUME BARGAIN.

Marvellous values, up-to-date styles, we offer  
**7 Ladies' Costumes**

In Navy, Serge and Tweed worth \$4.50 to \$5.50 for **\$2.75**

**We cannot charge or send on approbation, Sale Goods**

### UNUSUAL KNICKER BARGAINS.

Values such as these are seldom or never offered, and owing to the extraordinary values, would advise early purchases.

27 White Knickers, Nainsook body with fine lace and embroidery for trimming, worth 60c., for **30c.**

7 White Knickers, Nainsook body, with fine lace and embroidery for trimming, worth 70c., for **40c.**

6 White Knickers, porous knit, lace trimmed, knee length, worth 35c., for **25c.**

### LADIES' KNICKER BARGAINS.

Less than half price is the greater part of this offer.

Ladies Sateen Knickers, colored and black, worth \$1.20 for **75c.**

Ladies' Sateen Knickers, colored and black, worth \$1.60, for **1.00**

Ladies' Silk Moire and Serge Knickers in plain and fancy colors, cream and black, worth \$2.50 to \$4.50, for **1.50**

### GIRLS' CLOTHING BARGAINS.

We cannot impress sufficiently the importance of an early inspection of the following items. It cannot but strike one that the opportunity is for the early purchaser, the values being such that they will be snapped up on sight.

Smartly trimmed wash goods in cottons, zephyrs; gingham, white and fancy muslin, oatmeal cloths; basket cloths, etc. Will fit girls from 3 years to 10 years of age **40c.**

### Girls' Dresses.

Well made stylish dresses; will stand wear and tear; in white and fancy; strongly sewn and carefully finished. Will fit girls from 4 to 11 year of age **75c.**

### GIRLS' DRESS BARGAINS.

11 Childs' Navy Reefer Coats. Worth \$1.40 to \$3.20 for **75c. to 1.95** according to size.

14 Childs' Cream Bear Coats. Worth \$3.20 for **1.70**

Ladies' Jap Kimonos, worth 70c. now **35c.**

Ladies' Jap Kimono Jackets, worth 50c. **15c.**

### Ladies' Blouse Bargains.

It affords us great pleasure to be able to offer such remarkable values in White, Black and Colored Blouses. The most of these have never been out of their boxes, and there is every approved style to be found amongst them.

Prices are as follows:  
**35c. 45c. 50c. 75c. 95c.**

You will find almost every material and style. The regular of these blouses would be from 60c. to \$1.75 each.

### FURS.

There is nothing to equal these values we are now offering in Ladies' Fine Fur Goods. The most of this lot is marked **Far Below Half Price.**

It embraces nearly every kind of fur in the various styles of fur neckwear, of Collars, Throwovers, Grips, etc.

Prices range from **15c. to \$5.00**

Regular values were from \$1.00 to \$20.00 in black, brown, white, etc.

Lace Bureau Scarves, worth 50 to 60c. now **30c.**

Lace Bureau Scarves, worth 65c. to \$1.00, now **45c.**

Cushion Covers, worth 18c., now **10c.**

Table Centres, worth 70c. to \$1.00, now **40c.**

**CENTRAL  
STORE  
Showroom**

# G. KNOWLING.

**CENTRAL  
STORE  
Showroom**

## The Daily Mail Sporting Section

News Of Sport At Home And Abroad.

### BELIEVE JOHNSON WILL BEAT MORAN.

Boxing-Circles Have But Little Faith in the Latest "White Hope" Set Up Against The Big Negro.

Already in New York they are beginning to predict that Frank Moran, the Pittsburgh heavyweight, is going to be the easiest kind of picking for Jack Johnson, when they meet in Paris some time during the coming Spring. They are beginning to say around there that Moran doesn't class and that he won't do, and that his record is anything but reassuring and the like. It is a trifle early to venture any predictions along this line, but one thing will have to be taken into consideration, and upon that will depend the whole match. What kind of condition can the negro work himself into in that time?

If the match had been made a year ago and decided about that time we would feel the same way that the New York critics feel about it at the present time. But a year on an athlete's life when that athlete has reached already the decidedly ticklish age of thirty-six or so, counts for a great deal more than the average layman can calculate. So it looks safe at the present time to give over guessing about Johnson and pay attention to the Moran end of it.

Moran is twenty-seven years old and a seasoned battler, because he has been in the game for four years now, and has met some of the toughest of the tough. Much of Moran's ring work has been done on the other side, and he acquitted himself well enough there to justify getting the plum with Johnson. He beat Al Palmer (Fred Storebeck twice and several others during his first trip in England, but during subsequent visits to London and Paris failed to attract any attention as it seemed impossible to get men to battle him.

The Pittsburgher appears to have what might be called a spotted record. There are some bad places in it, and some fairly good ones, and all told, it is not half bad at all. One of the best things in his record strange as it may seem, is a defeat Moran battled Gunboat Smith for 35 rounds out on the coast, and barely lost a twenty-round decision to the man who now is claiming the white title. Moran battled well that night and always stood a good chance of winning the verdict.

### HOCKEY PLAYER FINED AT SYDNEY FOR ASSAULT.

Sydney, N.S., Jan. 29.—The hearing in the case of Andy Kyle of the Halifax Crescents, who assaulted Ken Rensell during last night's hockey match was held this morning before Stipendiary Cameron in the police court. Kyle pleaded guilty to the charge, and because of it being the first time a hockey player appeared in court he was let off with a \$15 fine and also paid the costs, amounting to \$2.75. The stipendiary said that the next case of a hockey player being brought before him he was to be given a term in the county jail with hard labor.

### CURLING

The Buchanan cup match was finished last night and resulted in a win for the White Division by 754 points. The scores were:

| Buchanan Cup      |                |
|-------------------|----------------|
| White             | Red            |
| A. Munn           | J. Hanley      |
| W. Peters         | J. A. Clift    |
| T. Godden         | G. Whiteley    |
| R. Stein 17 (sk.) | J. Browning 12 |

S. W. Cornick R. G. Ross  
R. J. Coleman D. McFarlane  
J. Maher H. Donnelly  
E. McNab 14 (sk.) R. G. Reid 7

J. Lindberg J. J. Henley  
A. Cunningham C. Ayre  
E. W. Taylor J. S. Munn  
F. W. Hayward 14 (sk.) H. E. Cowan 16

H. Crawford E. A. Bowring  
J. McIntyre F. J. Martin  
F. W. Bradshaw J. C. Hepburn  
S. Ryall 21 (sk.) H. D. Carter 9

W. Jocelyn H. Bartlett  
W. S. Monroe G. Peters  
T. J. Edens Dr. Macpherson  
H. W. LeMessurier (sk.) A. H. Salter 17

T. Cook J. Taylor  
J. Branscombe F. Rendell  
R. C. Smith D. McFarlane  
W. H. Duder 21 (sk.) J. Jackson 4

W. Cornick H. Hayward  
J. Grieve J. W. McNelly  
P. M. Duff R. Ross  
F. Brehm 16 (sk.) W. Shieran 10

### THE HERDER BOYS IN CANADIAN HOCKEY

Hubert and Ralph Herder are playing "bang-up" hockey in Canada. Hubert, who is at the Guelph Agricultural College, is playing with that town, and has been selected as the left wing on a team to go to Montreal. He weighs about 175, and as he is very speedy he is a valuable man in the forward line.

Ralph, who is at Mt. Allison, is playing on the left wing for his college, and putting up an excellent game.

### WRESTLING TO-NIGHT AT C.L.B. ARMOURY

The wrestling matches at the C.L.B. Armory, which begin at 8.30 this evening, should prove exciting and will no doubt attract a large number of spectators. The first bout will be between Hennebury and Rendell (bantams), and the second F. Roberts vs. R. Marshall (catchweights).

The third is the challenge match Hammond vs. O'Keefe, for a gold medal presented by the C.L.B. Athletic Association. Hammond has been training under Mr. F. Marshall, and O'Keefe at the Avalon Club.

Why pay \$100.00 for gasoline when \$20.00 will run a FRASER ENGINE the entire season and with better results than on gasoline.—Jan 24, 14

### MORE 'HALIGONIANS'

Messrs. P. Duff, W. J. Herder and J. L. Slattey have decided to go to Halifax with the curlers.

### HOCKEY POSTPONED

The St. Bon's-Crescent hockey match did not take place last evening, as Gus Herder is suffering from injuries recently received. He hopes to be able to play to-morrow.

### "Rewarded."

A certain firm in St. John's advertises and sold a large number of a certain article last Spring.—It was a new article, the first ever made for the purpose for which it was sold. It was highly recommended by the manufacturers—after selling several hundred a great many of which were shipped to Labrador, the fears of the firm selling the article were aroused in case it would not come up to representations and that many through it might lose their summer's voyage. They therefore decided to send an expert to Labrador to see if all was going well and did so at a great expense. However, they were rewarded by finding every single one of the articles working most satisfactorily. Nothing but praise was heard right down to Cape Harrison, the new article was a boon to all who had bought it, and hundreds of others were after it, and since, it has been imitated by a great number who were it was first introduced tried to "knock it."

The firm who sent the expert to Labrador was Franklin's Agencies Ltd., and the article was the famous FRASER kerosene adapter which runs the FRASER engine so successfully and cheaply on kerosene.—Jan 24, 14

Misery acquaints a man with strange bedfellows.

### "THE LAST PERFORMANCE" AT THE NICKEL THEATRE

There was a very large attendance at the Nickel Theatre last evening and all expressed delight with the entertainment.

The Williamson's animated news, which opened the bill, was a very creditable one and gave the audience a good idea of persons and places in Great Britain as well as other parts of Europe.

"The Last Performance" is a thrilling story of circus life, which had the undivided attention from first to last. It is a two reel film and was produced by the Pathe Co.

"The Unfulfilled Oath" and "How

They Outwitted Father" are fine subjects. Mr. Rudolph L. Koch rendered "Dear Heart" in a very pleasing manner, and was applauded by his many admirers.

This evening the show will be repeated.

### VALUABLE FOX DIED

And the Owners Sustained a Loss

They Estimate to be in Excess of Ten Thousand

A Summerside paper says: The McNutt-Cousins ranch at New London lost a valuable female fox by death this week. The fox had only been ill a few days. The loss is estimated to be in excess of \$10,000.

### UPPER HOUSE DINED

The members of the Legislative Council were dined at Government House last evening. The President, Hon. J. Harris and Hon. G. Knowling sat on either side of the Governor.

The others present were: Hons. A. F. Goodridge, W. C. Job, J. Anderson, J. D. Ryan, P. Templeman, J. A. Robinson, J. Harvey, J. B. Ayre, R. K. Bishop, S. Milley, M. G. Winter, J. J. Murphy, M. Power, P. T. McGrath, M. P. Gibbs, Clerk H. H. Carter and A.D.C. Goodridge.

Why pay \$100.00 for gasoline when \$20.00 will run a FRASER ENGINE the entire season and with better results than on gasoline.—Jan 24, 14

### FURS!

Mark Gibbons, Agent, St. John's, Buying Light and Dark SILVER FOXES; also RAW FURS. Highest Prices Paid. Wanted Two Pairs LIVE MARTEN, Mated.—Feb 2, 14

### SALE OF MAGAZINES, ETC.

At the B.I.S. reading rooms last evening the members assembled in large numbers, and as bidding was brisk, good prices were realized. Mr. Wm. Dunphy was auctioneer and at the close received a unanimous vote of thanks.

### BRITISH SOCIETY

The regular monthly meeting of the Newfoundland British Society was held in the British Hall last night. The attendance was large and the monthly collection of dues, etc., amounted to over \$145.00. A committee was formed to consider a date for the annual soiree, which takes place soon.

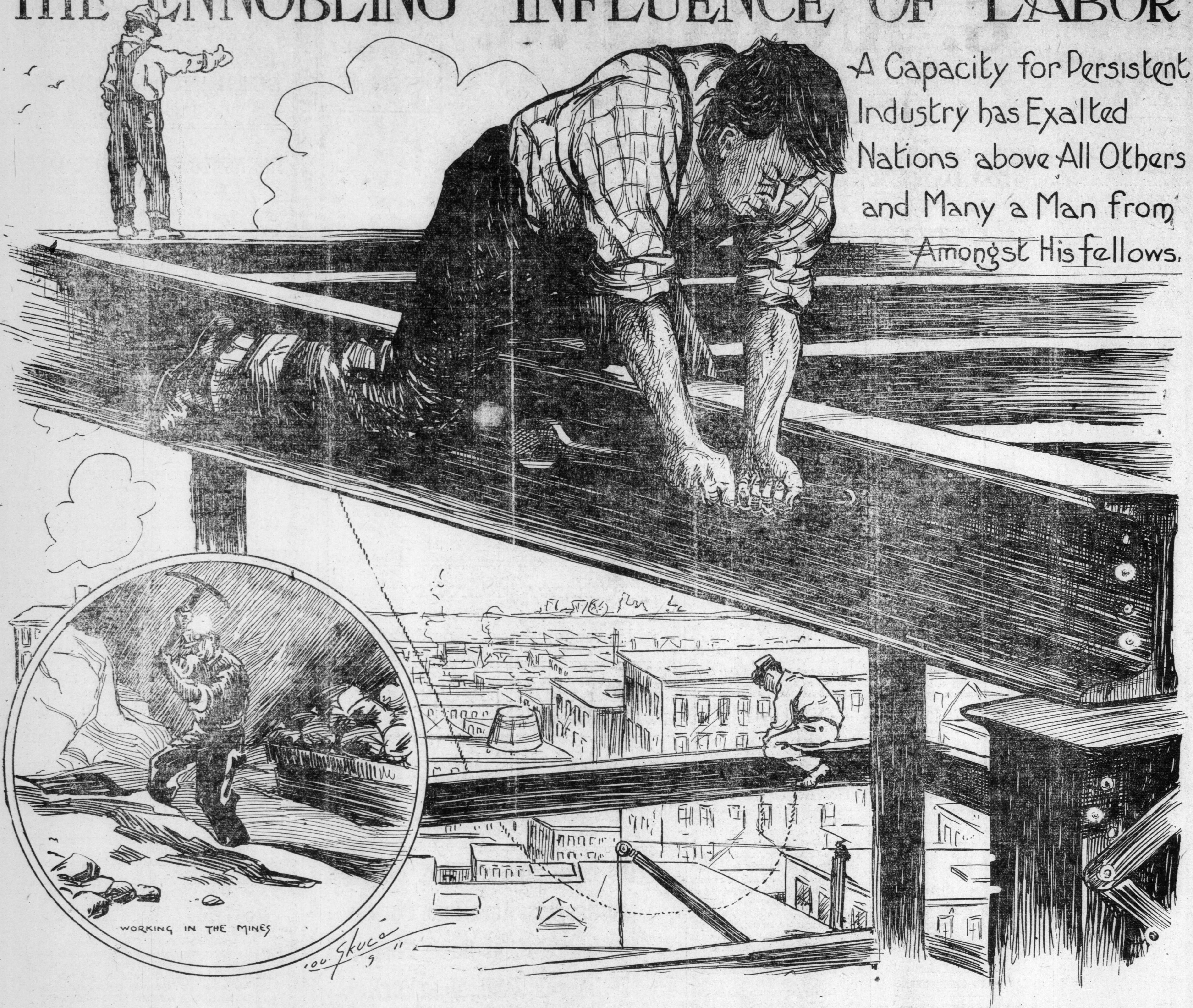
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One 6 h.p. 4 cycle stationary engine, gasoline. Kerosene oil consumer. Engine quite new. Can be seen on premises Union Trading Co. Price \$120. Union Trading Co.



# THE ENNOBLING INFLUENCE OF LABOR

A Capacity for Persistent Industry has Exalted Nations above All Others and Many a Man from Amongst His fellows.



## THE MILITARY SPIRIT AS OPPOSED TO INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

THE two paths of military aggrandisement and development of industrial energies are so essentially divergent that no nation can possibly walk along both of them. They represent the opposite poles of human activity, and no reasoning can bring them into harmony. We may be told that "only under the shadow of empire has commerce grown," but it is a simple historical fact that, with us, the exact reverse has been the case, and that from our commercial and colonising enterprise our empire has been created. It has grown up under the shadow of our trade. Our great strength lies, as Lord Beaconsfield boasted, in that we have the sinews of war. But it is commerce which creates those sinews.

England reverences great soldiers—they have their value. In past times they have rendered vast services. Often they have defended the liberties of the peoples of the world. Brave men, like the heroes of Themopylae, have rolled back the hosts which despots led; and they have by this means made a safe and secure home wherein freedom has had a regal seat, and art, science, and commerce have flourished. That is the proper work of the military art: it is to defend from harm those who are engaged in the pursuits of peace. It is to nations what the police system and the administration of justice are in internal affairs. Its one great duty is to keep the peace.

When a nation becomes military—when a military ideal is before it, and a military spirit is cherished—in just the degree in which it yields to that spirit has it departed from the line of wisdom, and it then begins to convert a blessing into a curse. Every man in its army or navy, every penny in its army estimate, more than is wanted for purposes of defence, is a dead loss to the nation, a deduction from its producing power, a weight needlessly borne, a

wanton destruction of so much of its riches. It is putting a tax on industry for the sake of military glory.

The war spirit is essentially a demon of destruction. To deface, to mutilate, to slay, to burn, is the only work it can do. It never rises higher than this, and it never can rise higher, in virtue of its very nature. It must change its inmost being, and become something other than it is, before it can have any nobler mission.

The war spirit, in our day, is nothing but the survival of barbarism. It tells how much of the savage we have still left in us. In the degree to which it prevails it is an indication that our refinement and civilisation are only on the surface; that we have changed our methods, not our temper; and that we are still calling upon science to supply us with larger and stronger arms, so that we may kill off a greater number of our fellow-men in a shorter period.

Now, in contrast to this, let us note the characteristics of the industrial spirit. It is essentially constructive. It does nothing but create and build up. It takes the force in man's body, the intellect in his brain, and, by means of these, it operates on material products, making out of them something that endures. It fashions and plies the loom, and thus creates textile fabrics; it digs into the mine, and brings thence iron and coal; it sets up huge factories, which give employment to millions of artisans, and it sends forth their work to be a blessing to mankind.

On other ranges, it leads the man of science to investigate Nature, to look into her ways; and when, prophet-like, he has read the truth there written, it leads him to combine all his scattered facts into laws, so that any one, with suitable capacity, can grasp those laws and become as wise as he. Thus he increases the mental power of the race.

Similarly with the poet, the philosopher, the artist, the musician. These build up in their own special modes; and in poem, picture, oratorio, they leave some enduring sign of

## THE GOSPEL OF LABOR.

But I think the King of that country comes out from his tireless host, and walks in this world of the weary, as if he loved it the most. And here in the dusty confusion, with eyes that are heavy and dim, He meets again the laboring men who are looking and longing for him.

He cancels the curse of Eden, and brings them a blessing instead; Blessed are they that labor, for Jesus partakes of their bread; He puts his hand to their burdens, he enters their homes at night; Who does his best shall have a guest, the Master of life and light.

And courage will come with his presence and patience return at his touch, And manifold sins be forgiven to those who love him much; And the cries of envy and anger will change to the songs of cheer, For the toiling age will forget its rage when the Prince of Peace draws near.

This is the gospel of labor—ring it, ye bells of the kirk— The Lord of Love came down from above to live with the men who work. This is the rose that he planted, here in the thorn-cursed soil— Heaven is blest with perfect rest, but the blessing of earth is toil.

—Dr. Henry Van Dyke.

their power. They touch our finer feelings, penetrate us with the sense of infinity, gently breathe into us intellectual might, make us grander and nobler over the whole range of being.

All these, then, are beneficent energies, producing, creative, in the highest degree helpful to man. More radical antagonism than between these and the destructive military spirit there can nowhere exist. The two are in opposing realms, and the difference between them is wider than any intellectual chasm.

The industrial spirit is essentially intelligent. It knows what it is going to do; it can tell the precise shape and pattern of the fabric it is about to make. The movements of all its machines are guided with unerring accuracy. It moves on its path of beneficent activity as exactly as the planets in their spheres. It is like the changeless laws of God, instinct with the force and intelligence of the mind from which it came.

If we contrast the painfully uncertain path of a projectile in the air, which may or may not hit the mark, with the exquisite precision of a weaving machine, where each single thread is guided with faultless exactitude; or better still, if we note how the gifted artist arranges his most imperceptible shades so as to heighten the general effect, we may, in this way, obtain some faint notion how coarse, and rude, and clumsy are the appliances and the results of war when placed side by side with the noble and beautiful creations which the constructive spirit fashions.

Thus the military spirit is essentially barbaric—the industrial spirit is essentially civilized. Now it is not possible for a nation to walk on both these paths at once. To accept the one necessarily excludes the other. It is not possible to cherish militarism except at the cost of industrial supremacy. In the exact degree to which it prevails in the councils of a nation to that nation weighted in its industrial energies. In that same degree is it committed to a policy which is barbaric and unprogressive.

## "I've Got Wise--Know Enough Now to Wear Gloves."

"Used to have my hands all crippled up—  
"Everlastingly peelin' my knuckles—always scratching my hands on the edge of metal plates—  
"But now I wear gloves; and say, it's far better than nursing hurt hands. These are

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"Wash like cloth—dry soft as new  
"Never get hard or stiff, sweat, oil, grease, or water don't injure them.  
"You certainly get splendid value every time in these "Asbestol" gloves. Look for that "Asbestol" trademark—it's the only way you can be sure of the genuine. The prices are low. See them to-day.

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**CARROTS** . . . . . 10 lb. for 20c.  
**BEEF** . . . . . 10 lb. for 20c.  
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**P.E.L. POTATOES, 90 lb.**  
 Sacks . . . . . \$1.15 sack

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Letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only and the real name of the author should be attached. This will not be used unless consent be given in the communication.

The publication of any letter does not signify that the Editor thereby shows his agreement with the opinions therein expressed.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., FEB. 3, 1914.

### OUR POINT OF VIEW.

#### THE LOBSTER FISHERY.

In practically all the speeches made in the House by members of the Government, emphasis is laid on the fact that the various fisheries constitute the vital industries of this Country. But if we are to judge from their actions—or rather, lack of action—they either hold no such opinion at all, or have deliberately set themselves to neglect these industries and allow them to fall into decay and ruin.

The estimates, as tabled the other day by the Minister of Finance, contain provision for increases in the public expenditure amounting to close on \$200,000. But virtually all of this huge amount is allocated for increasing salaries of Government adherents and for the provision of new jobs with handsome salaries attached thereto, but not one cent goes toward the encouragement of our vital industries.

That there are many aspects of our codfishery that need expert examination and careful attention is very well known. The cull should be standardized; trade agents should be appointed abroad and generally a systematic effort should be made to increase the value to us of our old markets and to open up new avenues for the disposition of our catch. Not even the fringe of the bait problem has been touched; the whale fishery should be carefully inquired into.

But the lobster fishery is a special case in point of a valuable industry that has been allowed to go down to almost absolute failure without any effort having been made to find the cause and to apply a remedy.

We grant that all this deterioration in our lobster fishery has not taken place under the regime of the present Government. But they appear especially culpable because, while this problem has become particularly pressing the last five or six years, they have taken no steps whatever to find a solution; and, on the other hand, they have made ducks and drakes of hundreds of thousands of dollars that might, with great advantage have been applied, in part at least, to finding some ways and means of getting

the lobster fishery back on its old footing of big value to the Country.

Forty thousand dollars have been spent every year on what is now such a problematic industry as agriculture—spent in experimentation; hundreds of thousands are flung away on a dredge; "experts" can be imported galore for more experiments on shale and what not, but not a cent is found for real work on saving its lobster fishery to the Country.

Canada is up against the same trouble, but Canada is making a practical effort to remedy it. In this issue appear extracts from the report of the Commission appointed to investigate the whole matter. This Country needs to make some such practical move.

Speaking on this subject in the Legislative Council a few days ago, Hon. John Harvey pointed out the seriousness of the situation and urged the Government to deal with it through the Department of Fisheries.

"The lobster fishery," he said, "unfortunately has declined to a regrettably small volume and it is really sad to see that that is so, for our lobsters are amongst the finest in the world. We used to have enormous numbers of them, but they are simply being destroyed for want of protection and care and I think that the Government directly, or through the Department of Marine and Fisheries ought to take heroic measures, if necessary, with the idea of trying to re-establish the lobster fishery and preserve it as a permanent industry."

"When we consider the small amount of expenditure upon individual plant and outfit that is required, the enormous value of the product as it comes from the water, for it is worth pound for pound six or seven times the value of codfish; the fact that there is no cullage or deterioration, the fact that the article is cash from the moment it comes from the water and requires no long period of preparation, that lobsters are constantly increasing in value, these are facts which make it imperative that something should be done, and all must believe that care and proper legislation will result in rehabilitating our lobster fishery."

"All these things, I say, Mr. President, lead one to impress upon the authorities the need of taking strenuous action, and trying to do something to conserve this most valuable asset."

And the absolute need of something practical being at once undertaken to conserve the lobster fishery as it is and to make it assume its old-time proportions and, thus greatly increase its value to the country, is proven by the figures quoted in the Legislative Council by Hon. John Anderson.

"In 1859," he said, "the export amounted to 76,226 cases containing 3,658,848 lbs. lobsters valued at \$6.20 per case. In 1909 the export amounted to 25,826 cases containing 1,233,848 lbs., valued at \$13.10 per case. During that period the export has declined in quantity 295.1 per cent; the value has increased 211.2 per cent."

"There has been a serious decrease in the catch of lobsters during the past season."

"In 1912, 26,148 cases were packed. In 1913, 16,565 cases were packed. '9,583 cases decrease."

#### AS IT IS ELSEWHERE

Three members of the Quebec Legislature have been forced to resign because of charges preferred against them by a Montreal daily paper.

We prefer this fact to the notice of Sir Edward Morris, with the suggestion that he investigate the apparent connection of certain members of his Executive with a shady mining prospectus.

This matter was well ventilated before the election; at least one of the ministers concerned was defeated, but others have been returned to power.

Let the Prime Minister show his desire for clean, straightforward government by taking up this matter at once. Make a public investigation and punish or exculpate the politicians concerned.

Consider the action of the Quebec Government, Sir Edward, then "go and do thou likewise."

#### WITH THE SAGES.

He that dies pays all debt.

Heaven doth with us as we with torches do,  
 Not light them for themselves; for if our virtues  
 Did not go forth of us, 'twere all alike  
 As if we had them not. Spirits are not finely touched  
 But to fine issues, nor Nature never lends  
 The smallest scruple of her excellence  
 But, like a thrifty goddess, she determines  
 Herself the glory of a creditor,  
 Both thanks and use.

O, it is excellent  
 To have a giant's strength;  
 But it is tyrannous  
 To use it like a giant.

## MR. COAKER PREACHES SERMON IN DECORUM TO HON. J. C. CROSBIE.

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. Coaker stated that he pitied one man during the delivery of Mr. Crosbie's remarks on Wednesday night, and that was the Premier, who must have been mortified and indignant at what he was forced to listen to from an associate in the Cabinet.

The Country pitied Sir Edward, for some of his associates were holding his administration up to ridicule, and the prestige of the Government had suffered unnecessarily since the House opened, for all eyes were watching what had transpired.

The House listened in silence and every word Mr. Coaker uttered came distinctly and in a tone that added to the evident sincerity of his words.

It was an admission that the House seldom hears from any of its members. It was a sermon on decorum and the dignity of Parliamentary debate and the conduct of Ministers and Cabinet Ministers that very few in the House could have delivered so effectively and so acceptably.

When Mr. Coaker sat down the Premier showed that the sermon administered to Mr. Crosbie had been fully endorsed by him and the House, and although at first Mr. Crosbie had hesitated to take notes of Mr. Coaker's remarks he very soon left off and when he had an opportunity to reply he sat silent in his place.

Here was a man whom he had violently assailed on Wednesday night without any justification rising in his place to reply and instead of hearing corner boy talk and slang Mr. Crosbie heard from him a sermon that would have done credit to Sir R. Bond or any of the greatest men who have sat in the House, that sank into the hearts of all present and left the sinner ashamed of his conduct and an inward admirer of the man he hates most.

An Offer.

When Mr. Coaker assured the Premier that if he would uphold his dignity as a Premier and Leader of the House he should take steps to punish what had transpired in the House since it opened that reflected upon his reputation as a leader and upon the dignity of the House, that he could, if any trouble was forthcoming in consequence thereof, depend upon the members of the F.P.U. in the House to stand by him in the interest of Right. The members of the House and especially those supporting the Government showed that the F.P.U. members were living up to their duty to those who sent them there and that their presence in the House would prove one of the greatest blessings yet conferred upon the Country, for that intimation alone was enough to justify the presence of a Union Party in the House.

At the Hospital.

Mr. Coaker referred to the rumors in connection with the wrong-doing at the Hospital and asked the Premier to take the House into his confidence but all the information he got from the Premier in reply was that it was the first he had heard of such, and if Mr. Coaker would put in writing what he had been told, he (the Premier) would ask for an explanation.

Mr. Coaker did put his information in writing and we hope the truth will be forthcoming, for the town has been in a continual twitter for over a month concerning rumors of what was going on at the Hospital. How it comes that those rumors had not reached the ear of the Prime Minister puzzled most of those who listened to his remarks last night.

Mr. Halfyard, Mr. Jennings and Mr. Winsor also took part in the discussion of the estimates yesterday and the remarks of each were well put and showed that they were giving close attention to their duties as the representatives of the people.

Questions were asked by Messrs. Halfyard, Stone, Abbott, Clapp, Kent, Hickman and Targett, and the House adjourned at 11.30, having devoted six hours to the estimates. Thus ended a most interesting and important session of the House and one which again proved that the Opposition Party is fully equal to its duty in the House as well as outside of it.

Notice of Question.  
 Mr. Stone—To ask the Minister of Public Works to lay on the table of the House a detailed statement of the expenditure of all grants other than local issued by his department to be expended in Harbor Grace District, during the year 1913.

Mr. Stone—To ask the Hon. Colonial Secretary to lay upon the table of the House a statement showing the amount paid Edward Gardner and Edward Cooper for carrying the mail from British Harbor to Ireland's Eye in the District of Trinity, for the year 1913.

Petitions.  
 Mr. Stone presented petitions from New Melbourne, asking that a sum of money be allocated to complete the two breakwaters at that place; also petitions from Lead Cove and Wisterton regarding a fixed time for partridge berries.

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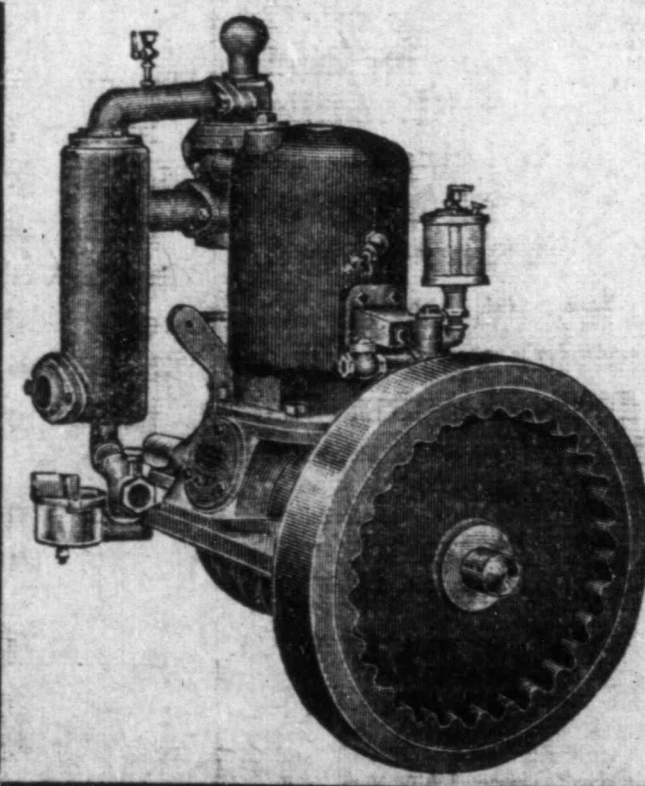
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- 100 barrels Ham Butt Pork
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- 75 barrels Fam. Mess Pork
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- AND—
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- COLOURED VELVETS at . . . . . \$1.40 a pound.
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Interesting bits from far and near.

The Unfulfilled Oath, a powerful love and war tale.

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IT'S ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW AT THE NICKEL!

News Of The World.

Foreign Events By Mail And Telegraph.

LEADING ORANGEMAN THINKS THE ATTITUDE OF ULSTER AMOUNTS TO DISLOYALTY

Prominent Official of The Grand Lodge of Canada Says That If The Province Actively Resists Home Rule It Will Commit High Treason.

Toronto, Jan. 30.—The Daily Star, a leading newspaper of this city, publishes an editorial headed "An Orange man on Rebellion," in which it says: "Armed resistance in Ulster is strongly opposed by Mr. Frank Schultz, Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Manitoba, Past Grand Master Black Chapter of Manitoba, Past Grand Auditor of Triennial Orange Council of the World, and at the present time Master of Orange Lodge of Balduf, Manitoba, Canada, a Member of Grand Orange Lodge and Grand Black Chapter of British America. Mr. Schultz's views are set forth in an open letter to Orangemen, published in the Winnipeg Tribune. "Mr. Schultz contends that the armed resistance contemplated by Sir Edward Carson and his followers, comes under the law against rebellion and treason, which he quotes. 'Treason, according to the Criminal Code of Canada, is: "An intention to levy war against His Majesty within any part of the said United Kingdom, or Canada, in order by force or constraint to compel him to change his measures or counsels, or in order to put any force or constraint upon or in order to intimidate or overawe both Houses or either House of Parliament of the United Kingdom or of Canada." "He also makes extensive quotations from the constitution of the Loyal Orange Association, and of the Black Chapter. From these it appears that Orangemen are bound to defend the constitution of 1688 and

the King against all foes, foreign and domestic. He contends that the taking up of arms by Sir Edward Carson and his followers is unconstitutional and in direct opposition to the teachings of the Orange Order; and he invites members of the Order to read the first four pages of the Orange constitution and see if he is not right. He says: "If we admit the right of Sir Edward Carson and the Ulster Orangemen to raise an army to fight the King and Government of England because they object to Home Rule, does it not follow that Home Rulers, with a majority of 100 members in the House of Commons, would be justified in raising an army against the King and Government for the purpose of securing Home Rule? If Sir Edward Carson is at liberty to organize armed resistance to secure certain concessions, would not the suffragists, the labor party, the socialistic party be equally justified in resorting to the same methods? If you admit the right of Carson and his supporters to rebel, you give the same privilege to any body of men or women dissatisfied with the legislation of the British Parliament." "Mr. Schultz seems to have worked up his case pretty thoroughly. It will certainly be rather difficult for the Ulster Orangemen, if they follow the teachings of Sir Edward Carson, to condemn rebellion in any part of the British Empire by any class of citizens who are dissatisfied with the law."

FIRES CAUSE BIG DAMAGE; LOSS \$400,000

Small Explosion in Oil Company's Plants Leads to Destruction of Much Valuable Property.—Business Section Almost Wiped Out. New York, Feb. 2.—Flames broke out after a small explosion in the plant of the Valve Line Oil Company at Edgewater, New Jersey, to-day. Thousands of barrels of oil were destroyed. The loss was about \$300,000. Approximately a half of the business section of Burnsville was wiped out by fire; ten business houses and one dwelling fell a prey to the flames. Loss, \$100,000. The University of Oregon has a total of 1781 students enrolled this year. South Dakota and South Carolina are the only States in which tin is produced.

BIG BATTLE IS IMMINENT IN MEXICO.

Ten Thousand Rebel Troops and Army of Six Thousand Federals are Facing Each Other and Fighting May Commence at Any Time. Jimenez, Mexico, Feb. 2.—Uncertain as to when they would be ordered to begin the attack on the federal army at Torion, scene of the most important conflict in Mexico, 10,000 rebels are mobilized along the railroad, south of here, to-day, awaiting the coming of General Villa. The federal strength is estimated by the rebels as from 6,000 soldiers upwards. It is expected that the rebels will outnumber the federals. General Velasco and his soldiers, however, have the advantage in positions, and are said to be supplied with superior artillery. The 1913 salmon pack on the Pacific Coast was the largest on record.

SPANIARDS DEFEATED THE MOORS.

Spanish Troops Had 26 Killed and 129 Wounded.—The Tribesmen Sustained Heavy Losses. Tetuan, Morocco, Feb. 2.—The Moorish tribesmen sustained very heavy loss in a stubbornly contested battle with a column of Spanish troops at Ben Islam, south of this town, while the Spanish forces were severely stricken, losing 4 officers and 22 men killed, with 4 officers and 116 men wounded.

MANY VALUABLE FOXES TRAPPED IN CANADA.

Ten Black Puppies, Valued at Ten Thousand Dollars, Shipped to a Firm in Brooklyn, N.Y. More than 200 live foxes, ranging from black, silver to red crosses, and valued at \$20,000 have been shipped from Edmonton, Alta., to Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and eastern points. The most valuable consignment, which consisted of ten pure black puppies, went to a firm in Brooklyn, who paid \$30,000 for them, it is said, and will send them to Pennsylvania for breeding purposes.

ADMINISTERED WRONG MIXTURE TO 6 CHILDREN

Nurse Gave Them Carbolic Acid in Mistake, Thinking it a Laxative Medicine.—Two Dead and Four Dying, as a Result. Utica, N.Y., Jan. 26.—Two children are dead and four others are dying due to the mistake of a nurse in administering carbolic acid to a number of little ones in the Utica orphanage asylum. There is an epidemic of measles at the institution and late yesterday, following the order of a physician that the children be given a laxative, one of the nurses administered the carbolic acid in mistake as a liquid laxative.

SPENT \$1,140,000 ON THE NEWSPAPERS

Some of the Conservative Papers of Canada Secure Rich Hauls.—Montreal Gazette Got Over \$300,000 Last Year. Ottawa, Jan. 30.—The Government's advertising bill for the last fiscal year amounted to a little over \$1,140,000. Needless to say, the distribution of this immense amount went to newspaper and printing companies which sought to influence public opinion in favor of the Administration. Whether or not the independence of the Conservative press, in regard to its discussion of public issues can be absolutely relied upon by their readers, may be gauged by a few instances of the larger amounts received by some of the Government organs. The Montreal Gazette heads the list with a total revenue from the Government of \$30,134, of which \$24,903 was for printing and lithographing.

Suffragettes Will Petition the King

Four Thousand Women to March to Buckingham Palace and Wait on His Majesty.—Plan New Outbreaks. London, Jan. 29.—Mrs. Dair Fox announced Monday at the weekly meeting of the Women's Social and Political Union in Knightsbridge Hall, that the suffragettes had completed their plans to carry a petition to King George. She said that 4,000 women would march to Buckingham Palace on Feb. 10, a few hours before the opening of Parliament, and present their pleas to the King. There were several Scotland Yard detectives at the meeting and they smiled cynically at Mrs. Fox's remarks. The suffragettes at the meeting voted approval of another scheme to force the public to take notice of them. Their plan is to disturb pleasure seekers on every possible occasion. They will start action of sympathetic disturbance in theatres, restaurants and moving pictures houses.

MISS EVA BOOTH IS SERIOUSLY ILL.

New York, Jan. 29.—Eva Booth, head of the Salvation Army in this country, who, for more than a week, has been ill in the Salvation Army Barracks here, after a nervous breakdown in Elmira, Ont., was reported to-night to be in a grave condition.

COOKING LESSONS IN THE HOUSEHOLD SCIENCE SCHOOL.

The Superintendents of Education beg to announce that if a sufficient number of young ladies apply evening classes will be organized for a course of Ten Lessons in Cooking. Enclose fee for the course, \$2.00. Applications should be made immediately to

MISS MADDOX, 160 Gower St. feb.23i

WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF YOU WERE PREMIER?

With the House of Assembly in session, things political and legislative are very much to the fore. Now anybody and everybody can perform a job better than the chap who holds it down. What would you do if you were in Sir Edward Morris's place? We'll be glad to hear from you and publish in The Daily Mail your ideas of what the Premier should undertake. Get busy and drop us a note.

F. A. MEWS, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR and NOTARY. ADDRESS: Law Chambers Building, Duckworth Street, St. John's, N.F. (Offices opposite Crosbie Hotel.)

King George the Fifth SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE, St. John's, Newfoundland.

PATRON:—His Majesty the King. Bedrooms can be booked at all hours; night porter in attendance. Small rooms 20 cents, and large rooms 35 cents per night, including bath. Meals are served at moderate prices. Girls' department (under the charge of a matron), with separate entrance.

DID THIS HAPPEN TO YOU?

Coming down Prescott he slipped and fell. And in less than two minutes he went to— NO! Not where you thought—but right to my office, immediately at the foot, where he took out an ACCIDENT POLICY. "Costs you a FIVE Spot and it's worth it."

P. E. OUTERBRIDGE, 137 Water Street TELEPHONE 60.

FIVE Pictures at the CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE.

- 1st. Through Strife Featuring Louis Webber and Phillips Smalley in a gripping tragedy.
- 2nd. Clever Sketches By Hy. Mayer.
- 3rd. His Mother's Love An I.M.P. Dramatic Novelty.
- 4th. The Boob A great Comedy Story.
- 5th. A Flower Festival At Pasadena, Cal. Mr. Dave Parks Baritone sings "THERE IS NOTHING LIKE A MOTHER'S LOVE." Usual sessions and prices at Crescent, the home of comfort, enjoyment and safety.

Tailoring by Mail Order I make a specialty of Mail Order Tailoring and can guarantee good fitting and stylish garments to measure. A trial order solicited. Outport orders promptly made up and despatched C.O.D. to any station or port in the Island, carriage paid.

JOHN ADRAIN, MERCHANT TAILOR, ST. JOHN'S. (Next door to F.P.U. office.) jan20,s,tu,th

NORTH SYDNEY COAL.

Due to arrive on Wednesday, January 14th, ex BEATRICE a small cargo of SCREENED. W. H. HYNES, East End Coal Dealer

HOCKEY VOTING CONTEST.

Here is an Excellent Chance for all interested in the Lively and Struou Game of Hockey to Record their Votes as to Who is the Most Popular of our City Players. The Coupon Printed Below will Appear in Every Issue of The Daily Mail for Two Weeks. Any Reader may use it to Vote for his Particular Favorite. The Hockey Player who, at the End of Two Weeks, has Received a Majority Vote from the Readers of this Paper will be Given a Choice of Any of the Articles Now on Exhibit in the Window of The Martin Hardware Co. Use the Coupon printed below as a Voting Form.

I hereby vote for..... As the most popular Hockey Player in St. John's. Mark your Envelope "HOCKEY CONTEST." HOCKEY NOMINATIONS. Choose your favorite player and keep him at the head of the list. CRESCENTS. Gus Herder, A. Joy, G. Marshall, C. Thomas. VICTORIAS. F. Brien, J. C. Parsons, C. Ford. FIELDSIANS. C. S. Strong, E. Pinsent, N. Hunt, T. Winter, A. White. ST. BON'S. J. Higgins, L. Edens, S. Shortall, S. Walsh, M. Godden. Each Coupon is worth one vote. One year's subscription, 500 votes; six months' subscription, 250 votes; three months' subscription, 125 votes.

FINE FAT HERRINGS NO. 1 TINNED SALMON SELLING CHEAP.

Smith Co. Ltd. Smith's Wharf, Water Street West. jan15,tu,th,sat

The Right Place To Buy-- Provisions, Groceries, Oats, Feeds, Wines and Liquors —is at—

P. J. Shea's, Corner George and Prince's Sts. or at 314 Water Street. Outport Orders promptly attended to.

The Canada Accident Assurance Company, of Montreal, is prepared to quote rates and issue policies for Personal Accident, Employers' Liability, and Health in Various Forms. Apart from its own strong financial standing its liabilities are guaranteed by the Commercial Union Assurance Company, of London, England. With assets of over Eighty-Six Million Dollars. All particulars will be given by JOHN COWAN, Agent for Newfoundland. jan21,3m,m,w,f

ALFRED B. MORINE, K.C., BARRISTER, SOLICITOR & NOTARY PUBLIC. BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING, Water Street. ROOM 34. PHONE 312.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS. Please write on one side of the paper, leave a good margin at the left hand side and be sure to sign your letter with your real name. If you write over another name we will use the real name of your real name, but the real name must be sent us with every communication.—Editor. DR. LEHR, DENTIST, 203 WATER STREET. BEST QUALITY TEETH \$12.00 PER SET. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN, 25c.—jan20,6m

DID YOU EVER FEEL LIKE THIRTY CENTS. Nearly everybody has, at some time or other, been "up against" an embarrassing situation. Not so funny at the time perhaps, but laughter-provoking, when you got over the confusion of the moment. Write and tell us about it 'Tis only fair to give all a chance of enjoying the joke, even at your expense,—although nobody will ever guess your identity, if you wish it kept secret. Make your story as short as possible.



# News of the City and the Outports

## "CANADA" AT BARBADOS CREW HAVE BERI BERI.

Vessel Was 63 Days Out from Brazil to This Port and Was Feared Lost.—Put In to Get Medical Treatment for Sick Man.

Mr. A. H. Prowse had a cablegram this morning that the Canada, Capt. Conrad, which was 63 days from Brazil bound to this port, had put in to Barbados for medical treatment for some of the crew. She is reported to have beri-beri on board.

### NELSON AT BRAZIL

The J. L. Nelson which loaded at Bowring's, arrived at Brazil on the 28th ult., after a passage of 34 days.

### S.S. RAUN IN PORT

S.S. Raun, 2 days from Sydney, arrived this afternoon with a cargo of coal to Morey & Co. Mr. J. T. Croucher arrived by her. After discharging her coal she loads fish for the Mediterranean.

### MINNIE ARRIVES

Goodridge's barq. Minnie, Capt. Wakeham, 39 days from Bahia, arrived yesterday afternoon. During the last week the weather has been very stormy, but the vessel came through without damage.

S.S. Beothic leaves for North Sydney to-morrow to load coal.

S.S. Nascope left Gibraltar Saturday for Halifax.

S.S. Stephano leaves New York to-morrow for Halifax and St. John's.

S.S. City of Sydney leaves New York on the 14th for St. John's.

S.S. Florizel was to have left New York yesterday for this port direct.

The Jean, which is loading at Baird's, sails for Brazil on Saturday.

### COASTAL BOATS.

#### BOWRING'S.

Prospero left Marystown at midnight, going west. She was obliged to pass Placentia because of the storm.

#### REIDS.

Bruce arrived at Basques at 8 a.m.

Lintrose left Basques at 2.30 a.m.

#### BISHOP JONES TO OFFICIATE

His Lordship Bishop Jones will hold a confirmation service in the Cathedral on Palm Sunday.

#### MAGISTRATE'S LEVIE

Two inebriates were fined small amounts. A 45 year old married woman was charged with being drunk and using obscene language. She was fined \$2 or 7 days.

#### STANDARD CO. MEETS

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Standard Mfg. Co. met at the Board of Trade Rooms at noon to-day, when a dividend of 7 1/2 per cent. was declared. The directors were re-elected.

#### WHAT'S WRONG WITH BIG BEN?

Something is wrong with the Court House clock, as this morning the hands on the Southern side were ten minutes behind the Eastern clock. Perhaps the authorities will have it regulated.

#### DEATH OF REV. DR. F. WOODS

Rev. Dr. F. Woods, brother of Hon. H. J. B. Woods, P.M.G., died at his home, 50 Lake Avenue, Melrose, Jan. 28th, at the age of 80.

Dr. Woods was born Sept. 7, 1833, in St. John's, N.F. He prepared for college at Sackville, N.B., and Genesee N.Y., and was graduated from Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in 1859. His many friends here will learn of his death with sorrow.

### GUARDS' NEW ARMOURY

The Methodist Guards drilled at the Highlanders Armoury last night, and will meet there every Monday evening for the present.

Work on the new armoury will start in April and it is hoped to have it finished by July.

### LADIES' CURLING

The ladies competed for Mrs. (Hon) J. Harvey's prize to-day. Mrs. Harvey was the highest scorer with 33 points. Mrs. Chesman 26, Mrs. W. H. Rennie 24, Miss P. Baird 23. Mrs. Chesman is the holder for this year. The junior prize was won by Miss Grace Goodridge by 16 points.

### BASKET BALL

The opening game of basket ball at the C.C.C. armoury last night, resulted in a win for Mr. J. Donnelly's team by 13 to 5.

To-night the players will be: W. Hart vs. P. Murphy P. Constantine R. Woods Cahill J. Donovan J. Murphy (Sr.) C. Murphy J. Evans M. Evans

Mr. T. Peel had a cablegram from Plymouth this morning that a son and heir had been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. T. McCarthy. Mrs. McCarthy is Mr. Peel's daughter.

The C.L.B. Band Dance Committee met last night. The Old Comrades will look after the arrangements. Several ladies have offered to take tables and others have sent along donations.

Judge Knight gave judgments in the case of M. Butt vs. the Council, and Walsh vs. Nickerson to-day. In the former the pltf. was awarded \$90.70, \$80 of which had been paid into court. Mr. Walsh, who sued for \$50, was awarded \$10. All paid their own costs.

Mr. John Fleet is to-day receiving the congratulations of his many friends and relatives on the anniversary of his 80th birthday.

Mr. Fleet is still hale and hearty, having been a man of regular and sober habits, and a hard worker; his is the type of the hardy and self-reliant Newfoundlander. He was captain of a fishing vessel, and brought her here to St. John's with a load of fish from Trinity at the time St. John's was enfeete to welcome the arrival of the late King Edward, as Prince of Wales. We wish Mr. Fleet many happy birthdays.

## NEWFOUNDLANDER CONCERNED IN LAW SUIT IN "OLD COUNTRY."

### Case Was Concerned With Disputed Liability For Expenses—Mr. W. B. Grieve, the Defendant, Won.

Mr. Justice Horridge, sitting with a jury, in the King's Bench Division, yesterday, heard an action by Mr. William Ravenhill, of Convent Garden, W.C., against Mr. Walter Baine Grieve, to recover £75, part of a bill of exchange. The defendant denied liability. Mr. Scott Fox, K.C., and Mr. Wylie appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Lowenthal for the defendant. Mr. Scott Fox, in opening the case for the plaintiff, said the defendant was a Canadian, and in 1910 he came to this country with the intention of selling either privately or by the flotation of companies various large properties, including timber land in Labrador, and a slate and slab quarry on the south shore of Random Sound, Dartmouth Cove, Newfoundland. He was introduced to Messrs. Thomas Pringle and Co., who among other things assisted in the promotion of companies for acquiring such properties as the defendant had for disposal. It was arranged that Pringle and Co. should receive for their services a percentage of the profits, and that if they were unsuccessful in selling the properties and they were disposed of through some other person Pringle and Co. should be paid their expenses. The Hermitage Bay Syndicate was formed, and another company, the Newfoundland Bay D'Espoir Company, was promoted to acquire from the syndicate a wood pulp business. When it was proposed to promote the Newfoundland Slate and Slab Quarries Company, a Mr. McBride said he could get the whole of the underwriting in the North if he were given money for his expenses. The defendant was approached, and he suggested that £150 should be obtained from the bank to cover expenses. To meet an objection raised from the bank, the plaintiff joined with the defendant in accepting a bill for £150. The bill was discounted by the bank and the money was used for furthering the defendant's inter-

## LORD STRATHCONA'S WEALTH IS ESTIMATED AT \$80,000,000.

### A Great Deal Consists of Property in Quebec, Which Province Will Receive Succession Dues Amounting to Several Million Dollars.

Quebec, Jan. 31.—The death of Lord Strathcona will have a material effect on the revenue of the province for the current year. It is understood that the immense holdings of the late High Commissioner will fall under the succession law of Quebec, and calculations are easily made that the revenue from the estate will amount up to millions of dollars. It is said it was anticipated that the value of the holdings was about \$80,000,000, and, if so, the succession dues at eight per cent. would amount to \$6,400,000. This amount will very likely be modified when the value of the estate in Quebec is known. At all events, the province is expecting to benefit to the extent of several millions by the decease of Lord Strathcona.

## MR. COAKER'S SPEECH IN REPLY TO MR. CROSBIE

### A Well-Deserved Rebuke Effectively Administered.

At the House last night Mr. Coaker referred strongly to the uncalculated attack made upon him by the Hon. member Bay de Verde last Wednesday. He (Mr. Coaker) said he was willing to take any castigation, or medicine no matter how bitter if he deserved it.

But the Hon. member for Bay de Verde should remember that the prestige and dignity of the House should be upheld. The language used by the member for Bay de Verde was degrading, low, mean and contemptible, and was only dishonoring to himself and tended to bring contempt and ignominy upon other Ministers of the Crown associated with him.

The Premier Mr. Hon. Sir E. P. Morris is to be pitted by friends and foes alike, when such men as the member for Bal de Verde help make up his Cabinet. The Premier must have had many bitter experiences with such men.

We should remember that what is stated in this House is published throughout the Country and what opinion will our people have of the Ministers of the Crown who become so lost to a science of decency and common courtesy, as to use language in speaking of an opponent that would not be tolerated with impunity in any public house?

Some of the Ministers of the Crown by their utterances during the session have lowered the dignity of the House, and have shown themselves to be unfitted for the high positions they occupy.

## THREE FUNERALS MONDAY AT R. C. CATHEDRAL

Mortal Remains of Mrs. Leary, Mr. M. Fitzgerald and Mr. D. McCarthy Laid to Rest.

There were three funerals at the R. C. Cathedral yesterday afternoon, that of Mrs. Leary, Mr. M. Fitzgerald and Mr. D. McCarthy. Rev. Dr. Greene read the prayers.

The enquiry into the Cochrane St. Church fire commenced this morning. Mr. H. Bartlett and Sexton King gave evidence.

## George St. Choir Meet

George St. Choir meet this evening at 8 for practice.

The properties, and the properties were purchased through the instrumentality of another person. It was true that the defendant accepted the bill with the plaintiff, who was a partner in Pringle and Co., but he never agreed to give the firm the £150.

The defendant, in the course of his evidence, said he understood that the plaintiff was a partner of the firm of T. Pringle and Co., and he agreed to become joint acceptor of the bill for £150 because he was informed that the firm was hard up. His bankers in London were the Bank of Montreal, and he was always in a position to draw a cheque for £150 if he required the money.

Cross-examined by Mr. Scott Fox, witness said he never agreed to give the firm the £150, but he was willing to assist them in raising the money.

Mr. Percy Bright, formerly a partner in Pringle and Co., stated that the firm was to be remunerated for their services out of the promotion profits. His Lordship gave judgment for the defendant with costs.—Financial Times.

**"S.P.C.A."**

## HORSE BLANKETS

*In variable climates, horses require almost as much attention as human beings to keep them in good condition. Especially is this so in cold weather, when it is not only advisable, but humane, to keep your horse comfortable. Nothing will do this better than one of our special*

**"S. P. C. A." HORSE COVERS.**

*These are made of Heavy Blanketing, very close in texture strongly bound; strap and buckle. Colors are Brown, Navy and Tan. Price. \$4.50*

**Japanese Hearthrugs.**

**\$1.50** Last week we advertised **Hearthrugs**, two yards long and one yard wide, and sold **100** of them. We still have a few **\$1.50** left at the same price.

**Ayre & Sons**

**LIMITED**

## BIG CONCERN PROPOSES SUPPLY BRITISH NAVY WITH OIL FOR FUEL.

### Huge Canadian Company Launched—Capitalised at \$7,000,000—Paid \$40,000 for Shale Areas in New Brunswick.

Montreal, Jan. 29.—Following closely upon the announcement of Lord Murray of Elibank that the British Government had failed to its negotiations to secure South American oil fields, comes the statement that "Oil Processes Limited," a Canadian concern, capitalized at £1,400,000 sterling, approximately \$7,000,000 is prepared to supply all the oil needed for British battleships.

"Oil Processes Limited" has been recently incorporated at Ottawa and has a charter that enables it to enter all sorts of business, from the manufacture of oil products to the building of ships and railroads. The head office is to be in Ottawa and Ottawa men are named as the directors, while an Ottawa firm, Perkins, Fraser and McCormick, are the legal advisers. However, it was said in Montreal last night that the real control is held by English and French capitalists.

The company recently acquired the shale lands of Senator Domville, of Rothsay, N.B., at a cost of \$400,000. These shale lands, situated in Queen's County, some eighty miles from St. John, are said on expert opinion to contain at least 1,000,000,000 tons of shale. From this the company propose to manufacture cement, sulphate of ammonia, and oil for various purposes, principally fuel. It is said that when the concern is thoroughly established there will be work for 8,000 men.

Ninety carloads of pecans, valued at \$200,000, were gathered in central Texas in 1913.

The Colony Club of New York city is said to be the largest women's club in the United States.

## MONTREAL'S UNEMPLOYED NUMBER FIFTEEN THOUSAND.

### Depression in Trade Circles Has Thrown a Large Number of Men Out of Work.

Montreal, Jan. 31.—The statement that only five thousand are unemployed in Montreal, which has been circulated during the past few days, is said by a labor official to be far too low an estimate.

Mr. J. T. Foster, president of the trades and labor council, estimates the number to be about 15,000, and these also are the figures given by Mr. O. Prioux, financial secretary of local 134 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, and by Mr. E. Campeau, secretary of the building trades council of Montreal. Of this number Mr. Foster states that about 10,000 are idle through the depression in trade, and consequent reduction in staffs, and the shutting down of works, the other five thousand being what may be termed the floating population. In the latter may be included longshoremen, whose work in the dock is only in the season when the river is open to navigation, and also those engaged in the building trades that carry out the greater portion of their work before the winter sets in.

## FIFTEEN BELIEVED BURNT TO DEATH.

St. John, N.B., Feb. 3.—In a fire which destroyed the Salvation Army Metropole this morning, in which 80 men were lodged, fifteen are missing, and it is believed were burned to death in the fire.

## STRATHCONA'S GIFTS TO MCGILL UNIVERSITY TOTAL \$2,275,000.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—The total of Strathcona's gifts to McGill University is brought up to \$2,275,000 by an announcement of the bequests in his will. His last gift of \$880,000 is the balance of a sum of one million dollars, which he promised for the extension of the Higher Education of the Women movement, Yale University benefits to the extent of \$800,000.

Ah me! for aught that ever I could read, Could ever hear my tale or history, The course of true love never did run smooth.