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# Lift tavanase oo's 

OF MONTREAL. ASSETS, - - about 81,000.000.

## "DIes AND ACCIDTNT ASSURANOT.

## The only Company in America issuing Unconditional Life Policies.

The Unconditional Policies gives the holders absolute freedom to go whet y they please, and to engage In any occupation whatever. For instance they may move from Canada to the North Pole, or to Central Africa, or engage in mining, blasting or other dangerous work without paying a cent of extra preminim. Thirty days of grace are also allowed, and the policies are absolutely indisputable.

These are great privileges and contrast very favorably with the numerous and annoying restrictions of other companies.

## THOMAS WORKMAN, Esq.. President.

 M. H. GAULT, Esq., M.P., Vice-President.
## THE SUN Life Assurance Company OF MONTREAL.

## acoident departuent.

 The Sun now offers to the Public incomparably the most liberal, straightforward, untechnical Accident Policy in existence.The following are a few points of superiority :
FTFTEEN DAYS OF GRACE are allowed. (See condition 1.) No other Company in America allows one day.

BONUS-Should no claim be made for five years, the sixth year's assurance will be allowed free of charge, if the age is under 65. (See condition 2.) Very few other Companies give this privilege.

POLICIES NOT VOIDED by engaging in a more hazardous occupation than that assured against. For particulars see Policy. This advantage can be obtained hardly anywhere else.

RESSIDENCE-More liberal conditions than given by any other Company in America.

## CLASSIFICATION AND RATES.

The following are the principal classifications of occupations, and the rates charged for $\$ 1,000$ if killed, and $\$ 5.00$ per week if injured. The premiums are so low that they, are within the reach of everybody.

Preferred-Includes Barristers, Clerks, Clergymen, Doctors, Merchants, \&c. Premium, $\$ 5.00$ for $\$ 1,000$, and $\$ 5.00$ weekly indemnity.

Inter-ordinary-includes Commercial Travellers, Bank and Assurance Inspectors, \&c. Premium, $\$ 6.00$

Ordinary-Includes Civil Engineers, Farmers, (not working) Customs Officers, Machinists, Millers, \&c. Premium, $\$ 7.50$.

Miedium-Includes Carpenters, Farmers, (working) Moulders, Masons, \&c. Premium, $\$ 10$.

## Dominion Line of Steamships

RUNNING IN CONNECTION WITH THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.


# Mississippi \& Dominion Steamship Co. 

1
Steamers Captains. Tons Steamers Captains. Tons Names. Captains. Reg. Names. Cuilding
Vancouver .. (Building) . 5700 Oregon. ..... (Building) . 3712
Sarnia....... 6 .. 3712 Toronto. ....Gibson.......3315
Brooklyn....Lindall. ...... 3575 Ontario.......Williams.... . $3^{176}$
Nontreal..... Thearle....... 3297 Texas. . . . . . . Prowse. ...... 2750
Dominion. . Reid..........3176 Quebec...... .Dale........... . . 2620
Teutonia .... Bouchette . . . 2690 St. Louis. . . . McAulay . . . . 2000

## SAILING BETWEEN <br> Liverpool, Quebec \& Montreal <br> In Summer, and

## Liverpool, Halifax and Portland

In Winter, calling at Belford on the passage from Liverpool. CABIN PASSAGE TICKET do . $\$ 50.00$ RETURN PASSAGE (prepaid froin Great Britain). $\quad \mathbf{2 7 . 0 0}$ STEERAGE PASSAGE (prepaid froin Great Britain). 227.50

Children under 12 years, Half fare; under one year, Free.
Prepaid Steerage Certificates to bring passengers from principal points in Great Britain, Ireland and all parts of Europe, to any important railway station in Canada or the United States, at the lowest possible rates.
For passage tickets or rates of freight, apply in Liverpool to Flinn, Main \& Montgomery, 24 James street; in London, Gracie \& Hunter, 96 Leadenhall street; in Belfast, Henry Gowan, 29 Donegall quay; in Queenstown, John Dawson \& Co.; in Glasgow, Robert Duncan \& Co, 91 Union street; in Toronto, G. W. Torrance, 65 Front street East; in Quebec, W. M. Macpherson, Peter street, or to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent.

```
            DAVID TORRANCE &E CO.,
                        General Agents,
Hospltal Street, + - - . Montreal.
```


## AIIAN IINE． <br> 

Under Contract with the Governments of Canada and New－ foundland for the conveyance of the CANADIAN and UNITED STATES MAILS．

## 1881．Summer Arrangements． 1881.

This Company＇s Lines are composed of the following Double Engine Clyde built IRON STEAMSHIPS．They are built in water－tight compartments，are unsurpassed for strength，speed and comfort，are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest，and have made the fastest time on record．

Vessels．
Parisian ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5,400 ．
Sardinian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4，650
Polynesian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4，100
Sarmatian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，600
Circassian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4，000
Moravian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，650
Peruvian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 3 ．3，400
Nova Scotian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，300
Hibernian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，434
Caspian．
－3，434
Austrian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2，700
Nestorian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2，700
Prussian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，000
Scandinavian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，000
Buenos Ayrean．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，800
Corean ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4，000
Grecian ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，600
Manitoban ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3，150
Canadian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2，600
Phœ⿱㇒日勺
Waldenesian．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2,600
Lucerne．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2，200
Newfoundland．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．，500
Acadian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1,350

The shortest sea route between America and Europe being only five days between land to land．
The steamers of the Liverrooi，Londonderiby and quebeo Mail SERvice，sailing from Liverpool every Thursday，and Quebec every SATURDAX，calling at Lough Foyle to receive and land mails and passengers to and from Ireiand and Scotiand．
For freight，passage or other information，apply to Allans，Rae \＆Co．， Quebec ；Allan \＆Co．， 72 La Salie street，Chicago；H．Bourlier，Toronto； Leve \＆Alden， 207 Broadway，Nev York，and 5 State street，Boston．Or to

H．\＆A．ALLAN，
80 State Street，Boston，and 25 Common Street，Montreal．

## Commanders．

Capt．James Wylie．

> \%. E. Dutton.
＂R．Brown．
＂J．Graham．
Lieut．W．H．Smith，R．N．R． ＂F．Archer，R．N．R．
Capt．J．Ritchie． ＂W．Richardson． ＂Hugh Wylie．
Licut．B．Thompson，R．N．R． ＂R．Barrett，R．N．R．
Capt．James．
＂J．G．Stephen．
＂Parks．
＂Neil McLean．
＂McDougall．
＂LeGallais．
＂Macnicol．
＂C．J．Menzies．
＂I．Scott．
＂Moore．
＂Kerr．
＂Mylins．
＂F McG
＂F．McGrath．

## WHOLESALE BUSINESS HOUSES OF MONTREAL.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS RECOMMENDED.
Buttone and Fancy Goods. Ross, Haskell \& Co., 43 Recollet street.

Boot aizd Shoe Manufacturers. JAMES POPHAM \& CO., Viotoria Square. Ames, Holden \& Co., 600 Craig street. W. MoLaren \& Co., Victoria Square.

Commiasion Merchant.
Henry J. Prince, Wines, Canned Goods, Lard, Cil, Blacking, etc., 488 McGill street.

H Corset Co.
T. JAMES CLAXTON \& CO., The Crompton Corset Co., 20 St. Helen street.

Cigars and Tobacco.
S. Davis, MoGill street.

Confectioners.
Jas. W. Tester \& Co., 162 and 164 McGill street.
China, Glass and Earthenware.
EDW ARD HAGAR \& CO., 446 and 448 Mc Gill street.
Clothing.
Charles Huston, 208 and 210 McGill street.
Dry Goods.
S. GREENSHIELDS, SON \& CO., 17 Victoria Square.

Mackay Brothers, 166 to 170 McGill street.
Alexander Walker, 226 and 228 McGill street.
JAMES DONNELLY \& SON, Dominion Building, MoGill street.
Paterson Bros., 22 St. Helen street.
Lonsdale, Reid \& Co., 18 St. Helen street.

## Druggists.

H. Haswell \& Co., 148 and 150 MoGill street.

KENNETH CAMPBELL \& CO., 156 St. Frs. Xavier st.
Hardware.
BENNY, MACPHERSON \& CO., 388 to 392 St. Paul st.

Grocers.
W. H. Gibbs \& Co., 158 and 158 McGill street. MATHEWSON \& PATTON, 188 and 190 MoGill street. J. A. Mathewson, 202 McGill street. Lightbound, Ralston \& Co., cor. McGill and College sts.

## Leather.

J. H. Mooney \& Son, 2 Lemoine street.

## Millinery Goods.

Thomas May \& Co., Victoria square.
Paper and Twines.
Alex. McArthur \& Co., 441 St. Paul street.
Paper and Card Board.
MONTREAL CARD \& PAPER CO., 515 Lagauchetiere st.

> Saw Works.

MONTREAL SAW WORKS, 456 St. Paul street.
Shoe Findings.
Cassils, Stimson \& Co., 13 and 15 St. Helen street. L. H. Packard \& Co., 146 McGill street.

Seedsmen.
William Evans, 89, 91 and 93 McGill street. EWING BROS., 142 McGill street.

> Scale?
H. B. Warren \& Co., 763 Craig street.

Slate and Metal Roofing.
Geo. W. Reed, 785 Craig street.
Sewing Cotton and Silk.
Moss \& Rushton, Dominion Building, McGill street. Foster, Baillie \& Co., 14 St. Helen street.

Wooden Ware.
H. A. Nelson \& Sons, 91 to 97 St. Peter street.

Woollen Goods.
Mills \& Hutchison, 186 McGill street.

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## TEE

# Canadian Traveller. 1881. 

Price, 15 Ots.

Published by ETATMA \& WHIFTNALI, No. 214 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

Sent by Mail on Receipt of Price.

For sale by all Book Stores.

Entered according to Act of Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, in the Office of the Minister of Agriculture, by W. E. Statia, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

## NOTICE.

## MARKS USED FOR HOTELS.

+ The best Hotels for the town.
- First Class Hotels for the town.
$=$ Good Second Class Hotels for the town.
* Summer and Winter Resorts.
F. H. Family Hotel.
(o) Denotes Hotel opposite or within one square of Railway Station.

The traveller using The Official Hotel List, will please remember that hotels mentioned are just as represented; also, that no hotels named in this work hut what are the best of the class. If you wish the bes it ey are marked thus + ; if good hotels, thus -; if comfortable second class hotels, thus $=$.

## CANADA.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Acton, Campbell's House, Alexandria, Commercial Hotel, Almonte, Davis' House, Alton, Stevens' Hotel, *Amherstburg, Park Honse Arnprior, Lyon's Hotel, Argyle, McCutchen's Hotel, Arthur, Clark House, Aurora, Remon's Hotel, Barrie, Barrie Hotel, Beamsville, Ruebottom's Hotel, Beaverton, Hamilton House, Belleville, Dafoe House, " Queen's Hotel, Berlin, American House, Bothwell, Campbell's Hotel, Bradford, Innis Hotel, Brampton, Revere House, Brantford, Kirby House, Brighton, Clark House, Brockville, Revere House,
" ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
" Central Hotel,

1,100
$+\$ 150$
$+\quad 150$
$150 \quad 2,650$
150 1,000
$200 \& 2502,753$
$150 \quad 2,147$
$150 \quad 900$
$150 \quad 500$
$150 \quad 1,000$
$200 \quad 1,854$
$150 \quad 350$
$150 \quad 500$

| 1 | 50 | 5,516 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 150 | $" 1$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 150 | 4,000 |

150 1,200
$150 \quad 1,000$
$150 \quad 2,920$
$200 \quad 3,626$

## $150 \quad 500$

$150 \& 2007,608$
$200 \& 150$
$\begin{array}{ll}200 \& 150 & " \\ 150 & \end{array}$


| Lancaster, Commercial Hotel, | $+$ | 15 |  | 720 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lindsay, Benson House, | $+$ | 15 |  | 5,150 |
| Lucknow, Pascoe House, | + | 0 |  |  |
| Georgetown, Clark's Hotel, | $+$ | 10 |  |  |
| Listowel, Grand Central Hotel, " Commercial Hotel, | + | 15 |  | 2,864 |
| London, TECUMSEIf HOUSE, (0) | + |  | 0 \& 2 | 19,763 |
| " Grigg House, (0) |  | 15 |  | " |
| " Revere House, | - | 15 |  | ، |
| Lucan; Central Hotel, | + | 15 |  |  |
| Meaford, Mrs. Paul's Hotel, | + | 10 |  |  |
| Millbrook, Crocker's Hotel, | + | 15 |  | 2,000 |
| Mitchell, Hick's House, | $+$ | 1 |  | 2,292 |
| Montrose, Dufrain House, | $+$ | 1 |  | 1,400 |
| Mount Forest, Coyne's Hotel, | + | 1 |  |  |
| Morrisburg, St. Lawrence Hall, | + | 1 |  | 1,670 |
| Napanee, Campbell's Hotel, | + | 2 |  | 3,684 |
| " Brisco House, | - | 15 |  | " |
| Newcastle, Windsor Hotel, | + | 15 |  | 2,000 |

New U
*Niagara, QUEEN'S ROYAL
HOTEL,
Oakville, Canadian Hotel,
Orangeville, Fordon House, Paisley House,
Orillia, Russell House,
Oshawa, Commercial Hotel,
" Central Hotel,
" Queen's Hotel,
Ottawa, RUSSELL HOUSE,
" Grand Union IIotel,
" Windsor IIctel,
Owen Sound, Hick's Hotel, " Colson House,
Paris, Bradford's Hotel,
" Windsor Hotel,
Pembroke, Metropolitan Hotel,
Perth, Hick's Hotel,
Peterborough, Huffman House,
Petrolia, Corey's Hotel,
Picton, Henderson's Hotel, " Globe Hotel,
Port Colborne, McNeil House,
Port Dalhousie, Wcod House,
Port Erie, Queen's Hotel,
Port Hope, St. Lawrence Hall, Queen's Hotel,
Port Perry, Walker House,

| $+$ | 300 | 1,441 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | 200 | 1,700 |
| + | 150 | 2,800 |
| - | 100 | " |
| + | 150 | 2,911 |
| + | 150 | 3,992 |
| $+$ | 150 | " |
| - | 150 | " |
| + | 200 to 4 | 27,417 |
|  | 250 \& 2 | ، |
|  | 150 | '6 |
| + | 150 | 4,246 |
|  | 150 | .6 |
| + | 150 | 3,000 |
| - | 150 | " |
| $+$ | 150 | 2,820 |
| $+$ | 150 | 2,467 |
| + | 150 | 6,800 |
| $+$ | 150 | 3,764 |
| + | 200 | 2,975 |
| - | 150 | 3,100 |
| + | 150 | 1,100 |
| + | 150 | 1,000 |
| $+$ | 150 | 1,000 |
| + | 200 | 5,588 |
| - | 150 | " |
| $+$ | 150 |  |

Preseott, Daniel's Hotel, Preseot,
Renfrew, Ottawa Hotel, Ridgetown, Benton House, Ridgetown, Benton Hous,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& +\quad 100 \\
& +\quad 200 \& 1503,850 \\
&
\end{aligned}
$$ " Alexandria Hotel, Seaforth, Commercial Hotel,

$$
\begin{array}{r}
150 \\
+\quad 150 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$ " Queen's LIotel

*Shorbet Lake, Shorbet L Simeoe, Battersby Hotel, Smith's Fall's, Commercial Hotel, Southampton, Busby's Hotel, St. Catharine's, Springbank Hotel,

$$
+\quad 200 \text { to } 1502,999
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& +\quad 150 \\
& +\quad 150 \\
& +\quad 1,680 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$ " STEPIIENSON



St. Thomas, Lisgar Hotel, $\quad$ C.S. R. DINING R00MS $+\quad 75 \mathrm{c}$. per meal.
Stirling, Scott's Hotel,
Stratiord, Albion Hotel, " Mansion House,
Strathroy, Queen's Hotel.
*Sturgeon Point, Sturgeon Pt Hotel
Thedford, Holwell House,
Thorold, Welland House,
Tilsonburg, Queen's Hotel,
Toronto, QUEEN'S HOTEL,
"، KOSSIN HOUSE,
" American House, (o G.w.r.) - $\quad 200 \quad$ "
" Walker House, (о G. т. в.) - $\quad 200$
Trenton, Queen's Sotel, $\quad+\quad 200 \quad 2,066$
Waterloo, Fi,wman's Hotel,
Whitby, Royal Hotel,
Windsor, Crawford House, " American Motel, " International Hotel,
Wingham, Brunswick Hotel, +150
Winnipeg, Canadian Pacific Hotel, $+\quad 200 \& 25012000$
Woodstock, Commercial House,
$+\quad 150$
"، Bishor IIouse,

- 150

Woodville, Elcon House,

## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

ol 1502,999 \& 200

1,680
$\& 1503,850$
,

8,345 $\therefore$ per meal.
50

Acton Vale, Dominion Hotel,

| $+$ | $150{ }^{\text {- }}$ | 900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pm$ | 150 |  |
| - | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 150 | 1,762 |
| $\perp$ | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 100 \& 1 | 50 |
| + | 300 |  |
| = | 200 |  |
| $+$ | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 150 | 2,009 |
| $+$ | 150 |  |
| + | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 150 | 600 |
| $+$ | 150 | 350 |
| $+$ | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 1. 50 | 1,050 |
| $+$ | 150 |  |
| + | 150 |  |
| + | ] 50 |  |
| + | 150 | 2,806 |
| + | 150 |  |
| $+$ | 1 : 0 | 1,500 |
| + | 250 |  | *Magog, Park Hotel,

Arthabaska Station, P. W. Hotel, + 150
Arthabaskaville, Albion Hotel, - 150
Aylmer, Brown's House, +150
Beauharnois, Kelly's Hotel, $\perp 150$ Berthier, Hotel Jalbert, Brigham, Wilkinson House, *Cacouna, St. Lawrence Hall, " Tadousac Hotel, Calumet, Calumet Hotel, Coaticooke, Conticooke Hotel, Cookshire, Cookshire Hotel, Carillon, Kelly's Hotel,
Cowansville, American House, Danville, Healcy's Hotel, East Hatley, Magoon Hotel, Eaton, Eastern Townships Hotel, Granby, Central House, Grenville, Ritchie House, Huntingdon, Moir's Hotel, Hemmingford, Exchange Hotel, Lachine, Ottawa Hotel, Hachute, Allan's Hotel, Lennoxville, Holmes House,


THE WINDSOR, MONTREAL, P.Q.
Montreal,
TIIE WINDSOR HOTEL, $+300 \& 400 \quad 145,000$ OT'TAWA HOTEL, $\quad+250$ \& 300


Montreal,
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, $+250 \& 300$
RICHELIEU HOTEL, on
Jacques Cartier Square - 200 to 300 Albion Hotel,

$$
-150 \text { to } 200
$$

"
Canada House, $\quad=150 \& 200$
St. James IIotel, (og.t.r.) =150 d. 200 American Ilouse,
$=150$ d 200
*Montmorency Falls, Mansion House $+\quad 150$
Morgantown, Clark House $\quad+200$


Quebec, ST. LOUIS HOTEL, " Russell Hotel,
" Albion Hotel,
" Mountain Hill House,

350
$+\quad 250$

- 250
$=\quad 200$
$=150 \& 200$

Richmond, Central Hotel, R. R. Eating IIouse, Saguenay, Tadousac Hotel, Sherbrooke, Magog House, " Sherbrooke Hatel,
Sorel, Victoria Iiotel,
Stanbridge, Central Hotel,
Stanstead, Russell House,
St. Andrew's, Sauve's Hotel,
*St. Leon's,
St. Leon's Springs IIotel,
Ste. Rose, Magnolia Hotel,
Ste. Magdeleine, National Hotel,
St. Anne's, Clarendon IIotel, *St. Hilaire, Iroquois House, St. Hyacinthe, Montreal House, " British American
St. Johns, St. Johns Hotel, " United States Hotel, Three Rivers, British American

Hotel, $+150 \& 2009,296$
is St. James IIotel,
*Tadousac, Tadousac Hotel,
Vaudreuil, Clifton House,
Waterloo, Brooks Housc,
*Waterville, Page's IIotel,
West Farnham, American House,
Windsor, Windsor House,
$+\quad 150$ \& 200 "
$+\quad 200 \& 250$
$+\quad 150$
$+\quad 150 \quad 1,420$
$+\quad 200$
$+\quad 150 \quad 800$
$+\quad 150 \quad 350$
,280

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.
Apohaqui, Apohaqui Hotel, Carlton, Tama House, Dorchester, American Hotel, Fredericton, Barker House,
"، Queen's Hotel,
" Brayley House,
Fredericton Junction, Avon House, Hampton, Victoria Hotel,

400
McAdam Junction, Junction House,
Moncton, Weldon Hotel,
" King's Hotel,
Petitcodiac, Mansard Hotel,
Riverside, Grand View Hotel,
Sackville, Brunswick Hotel,
"، Brooks' Hotel,
" Weldon Hotel,
$+\quad 150$
325
00
2,000
$+\quad 150 \quad 1,300$
100
$+\quad 20000$
$+\quad 200$
$=125$


100
$+\quad 150$
150
1,275
, ${ }^{\prime}$
325
$+\quad 130$
$+\quad 200$
$+\quad 200$
625
"


## PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

| Annapolis, Dominion Hotel, | + | 150 | 1,800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Antigonish, Cunningham House, | $+$ | 150 | 1,300 |
| Amherst, Lamey Hotel, | + | 150 | 4,000 |
| Bedford, Bellevue House, | + | 150 | 300 |
| Bridgetown, Intercolonial Hotel, | + | 125 | 1,200 |
| Digby, Royal Hotel, | + | 150 | 750 |
| Halifax, HALIFAX HOUSE, | $+$ | 200 | 30,000 |
| " International Hotel, | - | 200 | * |
| " Lovett House, | - | 150 | 6 |
| Kentville, Webster House, | + | 125 | 1,050 |
| Liverpool, Mansion Hotel, | + | 150 | 500 |
| " Arcadia Hotel, | - | 150 | * |
| New Glasgow, The Lorne House, | $+$ | 150 | 1,800 |
| Pictou, St. Lawrence Hall, | $+$ | 150 | 1,000 |
| Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke Hotel, | + | 150 | 800 |
| Schubenacadia, Internation'l Hotel, | $+$ | 150 | 300 |
| Truro, Prince of Wales Hotel, | + | 150 | 3,670 |
| " Victoria Hotel, | - | 150 | ${ }^{4}$ |
| Wollville, Arcadia Hotel, | + | 150 | 900 |
| Windsor, Clifton House, | + | 150 | 3,000 |
| Yarmouth, The Lorne House, | + | 150 | 8,000 |

## PRINCE EDWARD'S ISLAAND.

| Charlottetown, Rankin House, | + | 200 | 5,600 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVERE HOUSE, | + | $150 \& 2$ | $"$ |
| *Somerside, Island Park Hotel, |  |  |  |
| Clifton House, | + | $250 \& 2$ |  |
| CAPE BRETON ISLAND. |  |  |  |

Sydney, Archibald's Hotel,
$+\quad 200$
$+\quad 200$

Mou
St.
Dou
Dun
Mor

## PRINGE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

## TIA

| 50 | 1,800 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,300 |
| 50 | 4,000 |
| 50 | 300 |
| 25 | 1,200 |
| 50 | 750 |
| 00 | 30,000 |
| 00 | " |
| 50 | " |
| 25 | 1,050 |
| 50 | 500 |
| 50 | " |
| 50 | 1,800 |
| 50 | 1,000 |
| 50 | 800 |
| 50 | 300 |
| 50 | 3,670 |
| 50 | " |
| 50 | 900 |
| 50 | 3,000 |
| 50 | 8,000 |

IND.

```
0 0
5,600
50&2 "
50 & 2
5 0
D.
0 0
2,100
0 0
```


## SOURIS BRANCH.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mount Stewart. | 0 | St. Peters.. |  |
| St. Andrews.. | 1 | Rollo Bay.. | 16 25 |
| Douglas | 3 | Harmony | 35 |
| Dundee. Morell... | 6 9 | Souris ...... | 38 |

## NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY.



## WINDSOR \& ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Halifax................... | 0 | Grand Pre............. | 61 |
| Richmond ............... | 2 | Wolfville. | 61 64 |
| Four Mile House | 4 | Kentville | $64$ |
| Bedford..... | 9 | Cold brook | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ |
| Rocky Lake | 12 | Watervillo .................. | 76 80 |
| Windsor Junction...... | 14 | Berwiek.................... | 80 |
| Beaver Bank... | 17 | Aylesford.................... | 88 |
| Mount Uniacke | 27 | Kingston .......... | 98 |
| Stillwater................. | 34 | Wilmot | 98 |
| Ellershouse | 37 | Middleton ...... | 102 |
| Nowport. | 40 | Lawrencetown | 108 |
| Windsor . | 46 | Bridgetown............... | 116 |
| Hantsport | 53 | Roundhill. | 124 |
| Avonport ..... ......... | 58 | Annapolis................ | 130 |
| Horton Landing ........ | 60 | St. John | 190 | EUROPEAN AND NORTH AMERICAN RAILWAY.


| Staticns. | Miles | Stations. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. Stephen | 0 | McAdam Ju |  |
| Maxwell's............... | 5 | Canterbury | 35 57 |
| Watt Junc .............. | 19 | Debec Juno | ${ }_{7} 7$ |
| St. Andrews ........... |  | Debec Junc |  |
| Hewitts .......i. ........ | 19 | Greenville | 4 |
| Dumbarton ............. | 24 | Houlton ... | ${ }_{8}$ |
|  | 28 | Debec Jun | 75 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | Hodgdon... | 84 |
| Bangor |  |  |  |
| Exchange Street . | ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | Lincoln Centre. | 46 |
| Veazie............. |  | South Winn.... | 51 |
| Basin Mills | 8 | Winn......... | 56 |
| Webster | 8 | Mattaw'mk'g... | 58 |
| Great Work | 12 | Wytopitlock. | 66 76 |
| Oldtown | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | Baneroft ... | 79 |
| Milford | 13 | Danforth | 88 |
| Costigan | 18 | Eaton | 93 |
| Grambush | ${ }_{27}^{23}$ | Forest | 98 |
| Passadumkeag | 31 | Lambert Lal | 103 109 |
| eld ................... | 36 | Vanceboro'.. | $11+$ |

INTERCOLOMIAL RAILWAY.


| HALIFAX TOST. JOHN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATIOAS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| Malifas. | 0 | Ainherst |  |
| Bedford ...... ........ | 9 | Aulae ... | 145 |
| IViudsor Junc........... | 14 | Suckville | 149 |
| Finfield .................... | 21 28 | Worcheste: | 160 |
| Elinsdale ................... | 30 | Painsec Junc | 168 |
| Milford ..... | 37 | Mainsec Junc | 180 |
| Shubenacadie | 411 | Salisbury | 200 |
| Stewiacke | 45 | Petiteodiac | 210 |
| Brookfield .............. Truro . | 54 | Anagance.. | 216 |
| Triro $\qquad$ <br> Debert. | 62 | Penobstuis | 295 |
| Debert.................. | 74 79 | Sussex ..... | 232 |
| Wentworth............... | 92 | Apohaqui Norton | 237 |
| Greenvillo | 97 | Blortontield | 243 949 |
| Thompson ............... | 105 | Passekeag | $\stackrel{-29}{250}$ |
| Oxford $\qquad$ | 109 | Hampton | 254 |
| River Phillip........... | 111 | Nauwigewauk. | 259 |
| Athol | 127 | Rothesay .. | 267 |
| Macean ..................... | 131. | St. John .... | 273 276 |

## PICTOU BRANCH.

| STATIONS. | Mile | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Truro | 0 | Hopewell |  |
| Yalloy..................... | 4 | Stellarton.. | 40 |
| Union ................... | 9 | New Glasgow | 43 |
| Riversdale .............. | 13 | Pictou Landing | 51 |
| West River $\qquad$ <br> Glengarry | 20 | Pietou ..... ... | 52 |

POINT DU CHENE BRANCH (Intercolonial Ry.)



## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

MONTREAL AND QUEBEC.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Montreal................. | 0 |  |  |
| St. Lambert.............. | 7 | Danville | 76 |
| St. Hubert. ............... | 10 | Dinville .................. | 88 |
| St. Bruno.................. | 15 | Wingsey .................. | 92 |
| Bel@il .................... | 21 | Arthabaska .............. | 100 |
| St. Hilaire ... | 22 | Arthabaska ............. | 108 |
| Ste. Madeline ........... | 28 | Somersct ................... | 117 |
| St. Hyacinthe ............ | 35 | Ste. Julie | 123 |
| Ste. Rosalie.............. | 37 | Lyyster........ | 131 |
| Britannia Mills......... | 42 | Methot's Mills............. | 135 |
| St. Liboire.. | 45 | St. Agapit ................. | 143 152 |
| Upton <br> Acton | 48 | Craig's Road. | 152 157 |
|  | 54 | Chaudiere .... | 163 |
| Sanby ................... | 62 | Chaudiere Curve | 164 |
| Lisgar .................... | 66 69 | Point Levi (Quebec).. | 172 |

MONTREAL, ST. JOHNS AND ROUSE'S POINT.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Montreal ........ ........ | 0 |  |  |
| St. Lambert................ | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | Hemmingford ........... | 463 |
| Brousseau's ............. | $12{ }^{2}$ | Province Line ........... | 49 |
| Laprairie ................ | $14_{4}^{1}$ | Lacadie ......... . . . . . . . | $\frac{527}{201}$ |
| St. Constant. | 19 | Lt. Johns .................. | $20{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |
| St. Isidore.................. | $23{ }^{4}$ | Grand Ligne | 27 |
| St. Remi................... | $29 \cdot \frac{4}{4}$ | Stottsville................. | $33 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| St. Michel | 33 | Lacolle | 391 |
| Hughes $\qquad$ | $36 \frac{3}{4}$ | Rouse's Point ............. | 530 |
| Johnsons ............... | $40 \frac{3}{4}$ | Rouse's Point ........... | 50 |

## LACHINE LINE.

Montreal to Lachine

GRAND TRUNK Railway.
TORONTO AND MONTREAL.

| STA'TIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Montreal. | 0 |  |  |
| Lachine Junctio | 2 | Lansuown . | 147 |
| Iachine Bank.... | 2 | Gananoque | 155 |
| Dorval....... | $10^{2}$ | Rallantyne's | 162 |
| Valoisville | 121 | Kingeton | 169 |
| Pointe Claire | 14 | Kingston.... | 172 |
| Beaconstield | $14 \frac{1}{2}$ | Collins Bay | 180 |
| Ste. \nne.. | 21 | Earnestown | 187 |
| Vaudreuil | 24 | Fredericksburg ....... | 194 |
| St. Dominiçue | 31 | Napa | 198 |
| Coteau Landing ......... | $37 \frac{1}{2}$ | Shannonvill | 206 |
| River Baudette. | 43 | Shannonv | 213 |
| Bainsville .. | 43 48 | Bellevillo Sidney | 220 |
| Lancaster................... | 54 | Sidney Trenton | 227 |
| Summerstown | 59 | Smithfield | 232 |
| Cornwall.. | 67 | Brighton... | 238 |
| Mille Roches | 72 | Colborne. | 241 |
| Wales ........... | 77 | Grafton. | 249 |
| Farran's Point | 81 | Cobourg | 256 |
| Aultsville ................. | 83 | Port Hope ................ | 264 |
| Morrishurg................ | 92 | Newtonville | 270 |
| Iroquois ................. | 99 N | Newcastle | 279 |
| Edwardsburg ........... | 104 | Bowmanvill | 286 |
| Prescott ........... ...... | 112 | Oshawa...... | 290 |
| Ottawa .. | 164 | Whitby | 239 |
| Gladstone | 115 | Duffin's Creek | 310 |
| Maitland | 120 | Port Union. | 316 |
| Brockville | 125 | Scarboro Junction | 322 |
| Lyn | 129 I | York | $327 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Mallorytown | 138 ' | loronto. | $333^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |

## PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trenton Junction | 0 | Welling |  |
| 'Trenton.......... . | 1 | Bloomtield | 22 28 |
| Consecon ........... | 118 | Picton.... | 32 |

## GRAND TRUNK RaILWAY.

Toronto and Detroit.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STAT1ONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toronto......... | 0 | Mordon's Crossing .... |  |
| Carlton | 5 | Mordon's Crossing ..... London ............... | . 111 |
| Weston | 8 |  | 121 |
| Malton | 15 | Stratford.................... | 88 |
| Brampton | 21 | St. Pauls ................. | 93 |
| Norval | $27^{\circ}$ | St. Marys | 99 |
| Corgetown | 29 | Granton ... | 108 |
| Jimehouse. | 32 | lucan .................... | 114 |
| Acton West | 35 | Ailsa Craig ............ Park Hill........ | 121 |
| Rockwood | 41 | Park Hill................. | 128 |
| Guelph ..... | 48 | Widder Forrest | 137 |
| Mosborough | 58. | Forrest .... | 146 |
| Breslau .................... | 58 | Cumlachie ............... | 155 |
| Berlin ......... ............. | $62 \frac{1}{2}$ | Blackwell................ | 163 |
| Waterloo ............... | 64 | Sarnia (Pt. Edward).. | 168 |
| Berlin........................ | 64 | Port Huron ........... | 169 |
| Doon .................... | $70^{2}$ | C. \& G. T. Junc.. | 184 |
| Biair . | 70 | Smith's Creek. | 188 |
| Galt.. | $7{ }^{7} 7$ | Ridgeway... | 192 |
| Petersburg | 76 | New Haven | 198 |
| Baden..................... | 69 | Chesterfield | 203 |
| Hamburg | 72 | Mount Clemen | 208 |
| Hamburg .. | 75 | Fraser........... | 213 |
| Shakespeare ............ <br> Stratford. | 82 | Milwaukee Junc. | 226 |
|  | 88 | Woodward Avenuo | $226 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| tratford ................ | 88 | Detroit Junction | $228 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| St. Pauls ................. | 93 | Detr | $231^{\circ}$ |
| t. Marys ................ | 99 | Chicago ................. | 515 |

PORT DOVER \& LAKE hURON ANO STRATFORD \& hURON RAILWAYS.

| STATIONS. | Mile | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Listowal . | 1 | Norwich. |  |
| Millbank | 11 | Otterville | 63 |
| Milverton | 14 | Ha; | ${ }^{67}$ |
| Wtratford... | 28 | Canada Southern J | 72 |
| Burgessville.. | 60 | Sincoe .... Port Dover. | 83 |

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

| stations. | Miles | StATIONS. | Mile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buffalo | 0 |  |  |
| Fort Eria | 2 | St. Paul's................... | ${ }_{12015}^{115}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Portie }}$ | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | St. Mary's. | 125 |
| Wainfleet | 19 | Granton. | 26 |
| Feeder... | 32 | Lucan | 141 |
| Dunville | 38 | Aisa Craig ........... | 147 |
| Canfield | 46 | Widder. | 154 |
| Cooks | 51 | Forrest. | 173 |
| Cork.... | 52 | Camlachi | 182 |
| Onondaga | 59 | Blackwell............... | 190 |
| Brantford. | 68 76 | Sarnia (Pt. Edward).. | 195 |
| Paris. | 84 | C. and G. T. Junc..... | ${ }_{200}^{196}$ |
| Brimbo | 92 | Smit'sh Creek........... | 208 |
| Tavistock | 97 | Ridgeway... | 219 |
| tratford. | 115 | New Haven. | 222 |
| Sebringville | 120 | Mount Clem | ${ }^{226}$ |
| Mitchell | 128 | Fraser. | 239 |
| caforth | 133 | Milwaukee Junction..\| | 250 |
| caforth | 139 | Wnodward Aven | 250 |
| Goderich | 148 | Detroit Junction | 255 |
|  | 160 | ctroit .............. | 258 |

## KINGSTON \& PEMBROKE RAILWAY,

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kingston ................ | 0 | Bedford ........ |  |
| Grand Trunk Junc .. | 2 | Hinchinbrooke.......... | 30 |
| Glenvale.. | 10 | Parham.................... | 32 39 |
| Murvale | 14 | Olden ...................... | 43 |
| Hartington | 19 | SharbotLake ........... | 47 |
| Verona...... | 22 | Oso........................ Mississippi | 51 |

## CHIGAGO \& CRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

## oit.

| STATIONS• | Mile: | STATIONS. | Mile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Port Huron. | 0 | Scot | $1{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Fort Gratiot. | 0 | Vicksburg | 1831 |
| Grand Trunk J | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | Schoolcraft. | $188 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Sanborn. | 10 | Marcellus. | $199 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Emmet | $17 \frac{}{4}$ | Wakelee . | 204 |
| Capac ................. .. | $26 \frac{1}{4}$ | Penn | 208 |
| Imlay City..... ........ | $33 \frac{1}{4}$ | Cassopolis | 2123 |
| Attica.. | 38 | Edwardsburg | $221 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| D. \& B. C. Junction... | 45: | Mishawaka | $231 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Lapeer. | 46 | South Bend. | $234 \frac{4}{4}$ |
| Elba | $52 \frac{1}{2}$ | Olivers.................... | $235 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| Davison | $56 \frac{1}{2}$ | Crum's Point | $243 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| Flint.. | $65 \frac{1}{2}$ | Stillwell ... | 255 |
| Davson. | $71{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | Kingsbury ............... | 2604 |
| Hamilton | $74{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | Wellsboro' ............... | $264 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Durand | $82 \frac{1}{2}$ | Union Mills ............. | $265 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Bancrof | $87 \frac{1}{4}$ | Haskells. | $271 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Morrice | $03 \frac{3}{2}$ | Valparaiso. | $279 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Perry ..... | 95 | P. F. W. \& C. Junc... | $283 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Sbaftsburg. | 100 | Sedley............. ..... | 285 |
| Chicago Juncton........ | 112 | Redesdale f . | 295 $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Lansing | 114 | Soliet Crossin | $299 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Potterville | 127 | Maynard ............... | 303 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| Charlotte | 134 | Thornton Junction..... | 310 |
| Olivet | $141 \frac{1}{4}$ | South Lawn.. | 312 |
| Bellevo | $146 \frac{1}{2}$ | C. R. I. \& P. Crossing.. | $315 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Nichols | $158 \frac{1}{2}$ | Blue Island......... | $315{ }^{2}$ |
| Battle Creek | $159 \frac{3}{4}$ | Chicago | $330 \frac{1}{2}$ |

ST. LAWRENCE \& OTTAWA RAILWAY.

| STATIONS. | Miles | Stations | Mil |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prescott | 0 | Sabourin's Siding. | $26 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Prescott June Switeh. | 12 | Osgoode | 31 |
| Prescott Junction...... | 2 | Manotick | 39 |
| Spencerville............. | 9 | Gloucester | 43 |
| 0xford. | 162 | Chaudiere Junction.. | 47 |
| Kemptrille. ...... | 221 | Ottawa | 54 |

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY.


Ascot
Westbury
Basin.
Dvdswell
Weedon
Lake Weedon
Garthby $\qquad$
D'Tsracli $\qquad$
Coleraine
Dlıek Lake
Thetford Mines
Robertson
Broughton

St. Frederic ..... 81
Beauce Junction. ..... 100

36
41
47
52
57
(33
67
72
78
14 ..... 19

27
Beauce Junction ..... 105
ILamanne ..... 100
St. Mary ..... 101
Scotts ..... 106 ..... 106
St. Henediue ..... 110
St. Anselme ..... 117 ..... 117
St. Gervais ..... 122 ..... 122
St. Henry Village ..... 129
St. Henry Junction ..... 132
Levis ..... 139

CANADIAN PACINIC RAILWAY.-EaStern Div.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brockville | 0 |  |  |
| Grand Trunk Junc..... | 1 | Smith's Falli.. | 25 |
| Clartss........................ | 5 | Smith's F'alls........ | 28 |
| Bellamys..................... | ${ }_{10}{ }^{7}$ | Pike Falls.... | 0 |
| Jellys .. | 10 | Perth. | 12 |
| Belis.. | 13 | Welsh's.................... |  |
| Wolford | 16 | Franktown ................. | 31 37 |
| Irish Cre | 21 | Beckwith ................... | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ottawa |  | Carleton Place June... | 45 |
| Skeads ..................... | 2 | Castleford <br> Russells | 63 |
| Britannia ........ ......... | 5 | Russells $\qquad$ <br> Renfrew | 68 |
| lell's Corners ........... | $\bigcirc$ | IIaleys ..................... | 70 |
| Stittsville ............... | 15 | Cobden ................. | 79 |
| Ashton .................. | 23 | Grahams................. | 86 |
| Appleton ...... | 26 | Pembroke | 95 |
| Almoton Place | 28 | Petawawa | $104 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Sneddens ..................... |  | Chalk River.............. | $125 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Pakenham |  | Westons | 1312 |
| Arnprior. |  | Pt. Alexander ......... | $137 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Braeside.. | 55 | Mackies ................... | $144 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Sand Point | 57 | Nackies ................. | 152 |

SOUTH-EASTERN RAMLWAY.

| MAIN LINE. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| Montreal | 0 | Sweotsburg. | 51 |
| St. Lambert. | 5 | West Brome. | 56 |
| Chambly Basin. | 16 | Sutton Junction. | 59 |
| Chambly Canton. | 17 | Sutton Flat.. | 64 |
| Richelieu ..... | 18 | Abercorn | 67 |
| Marıeville | 19 | Richford.... | 72 |
| St. Angelie . | 23 | East Richford ........... | 75 |
| St. Bridget...... | 27 | Glen Sutton.............. | 81 |
| West Farnham | 31 | Mansonville ............. | 84 |
| Farndon . | 37 | North Troy. | 91 |
| Brigham........... | 41 | Newport Contre | 98 |
| East Farnham... | 46 | Newport .................. | 105 |
| Cowansville | 49 | Nowport................. | 105 |

NORTHERN DIVISION.

| Sutton Junction......... | 0 | Wickham | 51 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brome Corner ........... | 4 | Drummondville.......... | 60 |
| Knowlton ................. | 7 | St. Germain. | 64 |
| Foster | 12 | Lavallee's Corne | 69 |
| Waterloo. | 16 | St. Guillaume | 75 |
| Warden | 19 | St. David....... | 82 |
| Savage's Mills........... | 25 | Yamaska | 86 |
| South Roxton ........... | 29 | St. Robert | 90 |
| Roxton Falls ........... | 36 | Sorel............... ........ | 96 |
| Acton ................... | 42 |  | . | INTERNATIONAL RALLWAY.



RAILWAY DISTANCR TABLES.
qUEBEC, MONTREAL, OTTAWA \& OCCIDENTAL R'Y.

| Eastern division. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| stations. | Miles | stations. | Mi |
| Quebec. | 0 | Mask |  |
|  | 7 | St. Barthelemi | 107 |
| St. Jean de Ne | ${ }_{25}^{13}$ | st. Cuthbert ... | 111 |
| St. Bazile.. . | 29 | Berthier Junction | 115 |
| Portneuf | 34 | Lanoraie (Joliette Jc) | 123 |
| Dechambaul | 38 | La Vialtrie Road.. ... | 129 |
| Lachevrotiere............ | 42 | L'Assomption Road .. | 132 |
| Grondines.. | 45 | St Henri ${ }^{\text {denio }}$..... | 136 |
| Ste. Aunole Perade... | 52 | Terreboune ${ }^{\text {Sten }}$ - | 144 |
| Batiscan... | 57 | St. Vincent de Paul. | 148 |
| Champlain. | 64 | St. Martin Sunctiol.. | 154 |
| Piles Branch | 74 | Mile End Unction ... | 159 |
| Three Rivers | 77 | Hiochelaga. | 166 |
| Pointe du Lac | 85 | Hull | 170 |
| Yamachicho ....... ..... | 92 |  | ${ }^{266}$ |
| Louiseville ...............) | ${ }_{97}$ | Ottawa | 268 |


| WESTERN DIVISION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hochelaga . |  |  |  |
| Mile End | 0 3 | Pointe au Chene. | 63 |
| Bordeaux ................ | 8 | Pantebello.... | 73 |
| St Martin Junc | 11 | N. Nation Mills | 77 |
| Ste. Rose ... | 15 | Thurso ............. | 82 89 |
| Ste. Therese | 18 | Rcckland ............ | 89 93 |
| Ste. Scholastique ....... | 26 | Buckingham .............. | 98 |
| St. Hermas.............. | 31 36 | L'Ange Gardien.. | 102 |
| Laehute |  | East Templeton ........ | 108 |
| St. Philippe | 47 | Gatineau ................ | 112 |
| Grenville . | 56 | Ottawa | 117 |
| Calumet .................... | 58 | Ottawa .................. | 119 |
| ST. .JEROME BRANCH. |  |  |  |
| Hochelaga |  |  |  |
| Mile End.. |  | St. Martin Junc. | 13 |
| St. Laurent ................ |  | Ste. Rose | 15 |
| Rivieres des Praires... |  | Ste. Jherese ........... | 18 |
| St. Martin |  | St. Janvier............. | 24 |

QUEBEC, MONTREAL, OTTAWA \& OCCIDENTAL R'Y.

| LaURENTIAN RAILWAY, |  | plles branch railway. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATIONS. | Miles | Stations. | Miles |
| Hochelaga. | 0 | Three Rivers.. | 0 |
| Ste. Therese | 18 | Piles Branch Junc..... | 2 |
| Mascouche.. | ${ }_{28}^{23}$ | St. Maurice ............ | 1 |
| Ste. Anne... | 29 | Lac a la Tortue ........ | 21 29 |
| St. Lin .................... | 33 |  | 0 |

TORONTO, GREY \& BRUCE R'Y.

| Stations. | Miles | STATIONS. | Mies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toront | 0 | Mount Forest. | 87 |
| Carleton | 5 | Harriston | 92 |
| Weston | 9 | Fordwich | 97 |
| Woodbridge | 16 | Gorrie Wroxeter | 109 |
| Kleipburg . | 21 | Teeswater. | 122 |
| Bolton....... | 26 | Orangeville Junction. | 52 |
| Mono Road | 32 | Shellburne.............. | 64 |
| Charleston | 41 | Dundalk... | 76 |
| Alton. | 44 | Proton. | 81 |
| Orangeville.. | 49 | Flesherton | 86 |
| Orargeville Junction.. | 52 | Markdale . | 93 |
| Amaranth | 56 | Berkeley ... | 98 |
| Waldem | 58 | Williamsford | 102 |
| Arthur | 72 | Chatsworth | 109 |
| Kenilworth........ | 79 | Owen Sound. | 122 |

CENTRAL VERMONT RAILWAY,

| Stations. | Miles | stations | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Montreal | 0 | St. Armand | 52 |
| St. Johns.. | ${ }^{27}$ | Highgnto Springs... | 57 |
| St. Alexander | 36 | EastSwanton. | ${ }^{61}$ |
| Des Rivieres. | 43 | St. Albans... | 70 |
| Stanbridge. | 45 |  |  |



## gREAT WESTERN R'Y.

| STATIONS. | Miles | STATIONS. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buffalo | 0 | Delhi. | 81 |
| Stevensville.. | 1 | Courtland | 88 |
| Humberstone..... | 13 | Tilsonburg................. | 92 |
| Welland Junction | 16 | Tilsonburg Junction... | 93 |
| Marshiville. | 24 | Corinth............ ...... | 3 |
| Monlton. | 31 | Aylmer........ | 107 |
| Diltz............ | 3.3 | New Sarum. | 112 |
| Darling Road........... | 40 | St. Thomas | 117 |
| Canficld Junction...... | 41 | Paynes...... | 122 |
| Cayuga. | 48 | Bairds. | 126 |
| Nelles' Corners........... | 53 | Lawrence | 129 |
| Jarvis .................... | 61 | Viddlemiss | 134 |
| Renton | 67 | Ekfrid..... | 139 |
| Simeoe | 72 | Glencoe. | 145 |
| Nixon. | 73 | , | 145 |


| - |
| :---: |
| 41 |
| 45 |
| 49 |
| 53 |
| 55 |
| 59 |
| 63 |
| 65 |
| 67 |
| 71 |
| 74 |
| 76 |
| 79 |
| 85 |
| 88 |

GREAT WESTERN R'Y.

| Stations. | miles | stations. miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Midiand, Port Perry \& Lindsay Ry.

| Stations. | Miles | STATIONS. | Milos |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , |  |  |  |
| Port Hop | 0 | Frasorville...... ........ | 23 |
| Qumys. | 5 | Peterborough | 31 |
| Perry town .............. | 8 | Anburr Mills | 33 |
| Garden IIIll... | 9 | Nassan Mills. | 35 |
| Summit......... | 14 | Lakefield | 40 |
| Millbrook ..... | 18 |  |  |
| Port Hope ... | " ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (amebridge............ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Quays .................... | 5 | Brechin ................. | 7.3 |
| Perrytown .............. |  | Schepeler | 76 |
| Ciarden Ilill. |  | Uptergrove | 80 |
| Summit.................. |  | Athorley... | $8:$ |
| Millbrook .............. |  | Couchiching | S 1 |
| Bethany ................. |  | Orillia ...... | Sf |
| Brunswick .............. |  | Silver Creok | 90 |
| Franklin.. |  | Uhthoff | 94 |
| Omomee |  | Sattorthwaite ........... | 97 |
| Roaboro |  | Coldwater.............. | 101 |
| Lindsay .............. |  | Fessorton ..... ........... | 104 |
| Victoria Ry. and W. \& |  | Waubaushene ......... | 106 |
|  |  | Sturgeon Bay........... Vietoria Bay ......... | 108 |
| Oakwood.................. |  | Old Fort... | 116 |
| Woodville................ |  | Midland . ................ | 120 |
| Beaverton | 65 |  |  |
| Lindsay ................. | 0 KKinmount............... 33 |  |  |
| Midland Ry. Junc..... |  | Minden Station........ | 43 |
| Halls |  | Ingoldsby .............. | 47 |
| Fenelon Falls ........... |  | Dysart ................... | 49 |
| Fells ..................... |  | Goulds.................... | 54 |
| Retties .................... |  | Haliburton................ | 56 |
| Lindsay ................. | $0 \\|$ Prince Albert .......... |  | 28 |
| 0ps ....................... | 3 | Manchester ............... | 30 |
| Mariposa ................ |  | Suminit................... |  |
| Manilla.................. |  | Myrtle.................... | 35 |
| Sonya |  | Brooklin ................ | 39 |
| Seagrave ................ | 19 | II hitby ................. | 44 |
| Port Perry ............... |  | Whitby June............. | 45 |

Northern \& Northwestern Ry.


Northern \& Northwestern Railway.

| stations. | Miles | Statrons. | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allendale .. ............ | 0 | Elmvale | 22 |
| Colwell .................. |  | Saurin.. | 26 |
| Minesing................ | 13 | Wyovale | 33 |
| Hendrie <br> Phelpston. $\qquad$ | 15 19 | Ponetang. | 39 |
| Beeton | 0 | Vietoria |  |
| Cookstown ............... | 9 | Allandal | 25 |
| Thornton ................. | 14 |  |  |

Canada Southern Rallway.

| STATLONS. | Miles | STATIONS | Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Victoria................. | 0 | St. Thomas. | 118 |
| Niagara Junction...... | 2 | St. Clair Junction | 122 |
| Stevensville............. | 7 | Iona... | 132 |
| Welland ................. | 17 | Dutton. | 137 |
| Perry ..................... | 26 | Bismarck | 144 |
| Attercliffe................ | 35 | Rodney | 148 |
| Canfield ................. | 42 | Taylor. | 152 |
| Hagersville ............. | 58 | Highgate | 156 |
| Townsend ............... | 64 | Ridgetown.. | 162 |
| Villa Nova. | 66 | Harwich .... | 168 |
| Waterford .............. | 71 | Charing Cross. | 175 |
| Winuham ....... ....... | 78 | Buxton.......... | 181 |
| Purt Dover Junction... | 83 | Fletcher. | 186 |
| Hawtrey................. | 84 | Tilbury.. | 192 |
| Cornell ................... | 88 | Comber | 199 |
| Tilsonburg. | 94 | Woodslee.. | 208 |
| Brewnsville | 99 | Essex Centre. | 213 |
| Springfield.. | 105 | Colchester | 221 |
| Kıngs mill ............... | 110 | Amherstburg............ | 229 |
|  | 0 | Chippewa. | 17 |
| Queenston .............. | 7 | Black Creek | 23 |
| Suspension Bridge.... | 13 | Niagara Junction | 28 |
| Niagara Falls........... | 14 | Viotoria .................. | 30 |



## CITY OF MONTREAL.

The city of Montreal is the largest and most populous oity in British North America. It was founded by M. de Maisonneuve, in 1642, on the site of an Indian village named Hochelaga, and delicated to the Virgin Mary as its patroness and proteotress, and for a long time before the name of Ville-Marie. It is laid in the form of a parallelogram, and contains some two hundred streets, with a population of 145,000 .

The traveller, in approaching the city from the river, is struck with the peculiar beauty of the large cut-stone buildings whioh front the majestic River St. Lawrence, on whose banks they are reared, resembling in their solid masonry and elegance the buildings of European cities.

The island of Montreal is, in fact, most properly regarded as the garden of Canada. The city being at the head of ship navigation, her local advantages are unsurpassed.


WINDSOR HOTEL.
Among the many substantial and elegant edifices in the oity, of recent completion, may be mentioned :
The statue of Her Majesty.-This admirable work of art, from the studio of Mr. Marshall Wood, was erected at the south end of Victoria Square, on the 21st of November, 1873, and presented to the City by H. E. the Governor General. The cost of the Statue, including that of the pedestal-the gift ot the Corporation-was $\$ 13,000$.


OTTAWA HOTEL.
The Court House on Notre Dame street, and directly opposite to Nelson's Monument, is of elegant cut-stone in the Greco-Ionic style. The ground plan is 300 by 125 feet; height 76 feet.

The New Post Office, on St. Jaines street, is a beautiful cut-stone building.

The Merchants' Exchange, situated on St. Sacrement street.

The Mechanics' Institute, on St. James street, a very fine building of cut-stone, three stories high, built in the Italian style.

The Bank Montreal, Place d'Armes, St. James street, opposite the Cathedral, an elegant cut-stone building of the Corinthian order,

The Bank of British North America, St. James street, is a handsome building of cut-stone, and built in the Composite style of architecture.

Merch:ints' Bank, St. James street, one of the finest buildings in this city.

At $195 \frac{1}{2}$ St. James street visitors will find Mr. Parks' Photographic Studio. Mr. Parks has a descrved reputation for excellence of workmanship, to which the number of medals he has gained at the principal exhibitions $i_{L}$ Canada will testtfy. Portraits are carefully taken, and bis prices arc moderate. Visitors desiring a souvenir of

Canada could not do better than choose fron: his beautiful collection of stereoscopic views, eto. which is the largest and finest collection in the city.

Albert Buildings, Victoria Square, a magnificent pile of grey limestone.

The New City Hall-a new and beautiful cut-stone building, on Notre Dame street, well worthy of a visit.
Young Men's Christian Association Building, Victoria Square.

Barron's Block, St. James street.
City and District Savings' Bank, St. James street.
The Bonsecours Market, on St. Paul and Water streets, is a magnificent edifice in the Crecian and Doric style, and cost about $\$ 300,000$; has a front of three stories on Water street, and two stories on St. Paul.

The McGill College.-This is an institution of very high repute. It was founded by the Hon. James McGill, who bequeathed a valuable estate and $£ 10,000$ for its endowment. The buildings for the Faculty of Arts are delightfully situated at the base of the mountain, and command an extensive view.

The wharves of the city are unsurpassed by any on the American Continent. They are built of wood, and meeting with the locks and cut-stone wharves of the Lachine Canal they present for several miles a display of continuous wharfage which has few parallels. Unlike the levees of the Ohio and Mississipi, no unsightly warehouses disfigure the river side, A broad terrace, faced with grey limestone, the parapets of which are surmounted with a substantial iron railing, divides the city from the river throughout its whole extent.

The remaining public buildings worthy of notice are : the Old Government House, Notre Dame street, now occupied as the Normal School; the Custom House, Common street; the Bon Pasteur Nunnery; Hotel Dieu Hospital, Sherbrooke street; Church of the Gesu, Bleury street.
Mount Royal Cemetary is situated on the east sid of the mountain, about two miles from the city. Judgme.: and taste have been displayed in the selection and management of the grounds $: i t$ is much visited by strangers.
Viger Square, near the Champ de Mars, is beautifully laid out into a garden, with conserva ory, fountains, \&ce.
Place d'Armes is a handsome Square, between Notre Dame and St. James streets, opposite the French Cathedral. It is surrounded by a neat iron railing, and tastefully laid out and planted with shade trees; in the centre is a fountain.

At R. Sharpley \& Sons, 282 and 284 Notre Dame street,
will be found the largest assortment of jewellery, fancy goods, etc., in the Dominion.
Victoria Bridge.: The cost of this gigantic structure was originally estimated at $£ 1,450,000$, but this sum has since been reduced, ard the present calculation of its cost is about $£ 1,250,000$. In it 250,000 tons of stone and 7,500 tons of iren have keen used. The iron superstructure is is 330 feet; there 24 piers and 2 abutments. The centre span 242 feet each. The extrepaus each side of the centre of is 7,000 feet. The height ength, including abutments, the centre opening is 60 feet, the rate of $I$ in 130. The exsending to either end at $3,000,000$ of cubic feet. The weight of the masonry is is 8,000 tons. The dimensions weight of iron in the tubes the trains pass in the midds of the tubes through which wide ; at the extreme ends, span, 22 feet high, 16 feet Total length from the river 19 feet high and 16 wide. yards less than two English miles. 10,284 feet, or about 50

The Lachine Canal is among larly worthy of note, and of the public works partiproud. The head of water which the eity nay well feel available for the creation of this canal has been rendered successfully to the movements of power, applicd most nery over a large extent of ground here are foundries, engine and boi Among the works and marine works, saw mill boiler shops, ship yards tories, four mills, cotten mills, sash, blind and door fac-
As a place of beauty and , edge tool factories, \&c., \&c. city around Mount Royal will pasure, the ride from the times. The distance is 9 miles finest views of beautiful miles, commanding one of the America, and in returninguscape to be found in North Lawrence and of Montreal to the city, a view of the St. that well repays time and expensehensive and extended,

Next to the drive around
Lachine road, leading to a mountain is that on the miles from the city. The a village of that name, nine of the river, presenting scead is directly along the banks and grandeur. It is a lovely is selected, a view may be drive. If the proper hour steamer ovar the rapids. Another favorite driv Logue-Pointe, being in in the immediate vicinity is to last, and down along the an opposite direction from the The last new, and ther river. the top of Mount Royal, to our fashionable drive, is to tain Park; the road leads from Uper beautiful Mounby a succession of casy grades, winding thry strcet, and
groves of trees, leads to the very top of the Mountain, where one of the most magnificent views on the Continent may be had, taking in, as it does, the whole city of Mortreal and its environs, the Great Victoria Bridge, St. Helen's Island, and tho surrounding country for many miles. The Mountain and the land adjoining was bought by the city about three years ago at very large expense; and under the able direction of Mr. Olmstead, the gentleman who gained ss high a reputation by his beautitul plans for Central Park, N. Y., a large number of men were enuployed laying out the grounds, grading the roads and walks, \&c. As now finished, it is in many respeots the finest Park on the continent; its natural facilities and the grand views to be had afford great advantages over any other Park in the world.
it would be useless to undertake an enumeration of all the places of interest in and about Montreal, for wo believe that there are but few places on the American Continent where can be found so much of interest to the traveller, whether in pursuit of health or pleasuro, as in this city.

Railroad and Steamboat Offices:-South-Eastern Railway and Montreal and Boston Air Line, for Lake Memphremagog, White Mountains and all points in New England States. Depot, Bonaventure street; Offices, 202 St. James street.

Grand Trunk Railway, for Quebec, Portland, Toronto, \&c. Depot: Bonaventure street.

Central Vermont Railway, for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Albany, Saratoga, Hartford and other points. Office, 136 St . James street.
Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa \& Occidental Railway, for Quebec and Ottawa. Office, 13 Place d'Armes.
Delaware \& Hudson Canal Co.'s R. R., for New York, Saratoga, Lake George and Lake Champlain. Office, 143 St. James street.

Great Western Railway of Canada, for all points West. 0 fice, 177 St. James street.

Ontario Line of Steamers :-For Toronto, Kingaton, Hamilton, \&c., 133 St. James street. Steamers leave Canal Basin every morning at 9 o'clock.

Quebeo Stramboat Office:-228 St. Paul street. Steamers leave Jacques Cartier Wharf every evening, Sundays oxcepted.

Restaurant recommended :-TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, 287 and 289 Notre Dame stroet.

Travellers going West via Grand Trunk Railway will find the troublesoine lunch no longer needed, as Mr. L.

Delmonico Longhi, a first-class caterer, is now manager of the eating houses and the dining cars, where firstclass meals are served at reasonable rates.

HOTELS.
THE WINDSOR
RATE PER DAY.
OTTAWA HOTEL
$+\$ 300$ to 400
ST. LAWREN CE HALI......................... +250 to 300
RICHELIEU HOTEL
+250 to 300
Albion Hotel

- 200 to 300

Canada Hotel

- 150 to 200

NEW YORK HOTEL Be....................... $=100$ t0 150
100 to 150

## MONTREAL CAB TARIFF.

distance. No. of 1 horse 2 horse persons. vehicle, vehiole. $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { From any place to any others, } \\ \text { providea the time occupied }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{llll}1 & \text { or } 2 & \$ 0.25 & \$ 0.50 \\ 3 & \text { or } 4 & 0.50 & \end{array}$ $\left.\begin{array}{llrr}\text { provided the time occupied } \\ \text { does not exceed } 20 \text { minutes. }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{llll}1 & \text { or } 2 & \mathbf{\$ 0 . 2 5} & \mathbf{\$ 0 . 5 0} \\ 3 & \text { or } 4 & 0.50 & \mathbf{0 . 9 5}\end{array}$
When time exceeds above meutioned for distance, hour rates to be charged.
From any place to any other,
\(\left.\begin{array}{l}and back, provided the <br>
time occupied do not exceed <br>

30 minutes.............................\end{array}\right\}\)| 1 or 2 | 0.40 | 0.65 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | or 4 | 0.60 | 0.75 |

BY THE HOUR.

| One hour | $\} 1$ or 2 | 0.75 | 1.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | , 3 or 4 | 1.00 | 1.25 |
| Every subsequent hour........ | 1 or 2 | 0.60 | 1.00 |
| , | 3 or 4 | 0.75 | 1.25 |

Rraariss - For each trunk or box carried in any vehicle -10c.

Fractions of hours to be charged at hour rates; notless than one quarter of an hour shall be charged when the time exceeds an hour.

Tariff by the hour to apply to all rides extending beyond the city limits where the engagement is commenced and concluded within the oity.

Fifty per cent. to be added to the tariff rate of rides from midnight to four a.m.
manager here first-

The business cards inserted in this book represent none but first-class esiablishments, of the best standing, and of whose reputation there is no doubt. These cards are not advertisements, but are published solely for the guidance and convenience of the travelling public, who are advised that fair dealing is characteristic of eaoh house named.

## ELITE BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF MONTREAL-RETAIL.

Artists' and Painters' Supplies.
McArthur \& Co., 431 Notre Dame street.
Art Dealers.
WILLIAM SCOTT, 363 Notre Dame street. A. J. Pell, 345 Notre Dame street.

Books, Periodicals and Newspapers. JOHN FISHER \& CO., opposite old Post Office.

Booksellers, Stationers and Pancy Goods. DAWSON BROTHERS, 159 and 161 St. James street. WM. DRYSDALE \& CO., 232 St. James street. G. W. Clarke, 238 and 240 St . James street. J. T. Henderson, 139 St. Peter street.

Booksellers, Stationers and Bookbinders. John M. O'Loughlin, 243 St. James street. William Hood \& Co., 415 Notre Dame street.

S'ubscription Booksellers.
John Hood \& Co., 112 St. Peter street.
Boots and Shoes.
J. \& T. BELL, 273 Notre Dame street.
A. Douglas, 417 Notre Dame street.
C. Schofield \& Co., 248 Notre Dame street.

Confectioner and Dining Hall.
CHAS. ALEXANDER, 391 Notre Dame street.
Chemists.
THE MEDICAL HALL, 129 St. James street. Viotoria Drug Hall, Victoria Square. Richard Birks, 207 McGill street. J. A. HARTE, 400 Notre Notre street.

Cigars and Tobacco.
PHELEN BROS., Ottawa Hotel.
Philip Henry, 134 St. James street.
Parlor Cigar Store, R. Deloraine, 8 St. Radegonde street.

Carpet Storc.

## MERRILL'S CARPET S'TORE, 274 Notro Dame street.

Clothing and Outfitting Warehouse. Daniel MoEntyre \& Sons, 211 McGill street.

Crockery, China, \&c. A. T. Wiloy \& Co., 425 Notre Dame street.

Dry Goods, Silks, Laces, \&e. HENRY MORGAN $\&$ CO., 251 to 257 St. James street. S. CARSLEY, 393, 395, 397 and 399 Notre Dame street. THOMAS MUSSEN, 257 and 259 Notre Dame street. JOHN MURPHY \& CO., 403 and 405 Notre Dame street.

Engravers.
G. BISH0P \& C0., 169 St. James street.

Exchange Brokers and Bankers. W. WEIR, cor. St. Francois Xavier and Notre Dame sts. Correspondence, London, Glyn, Mills, Currie \& Co.
"، New York, Nat. Bank of the Republic. W. " Paris, Credit Lyonnais. J. B. Weir \& Co., 128 St. James street. J. B. Pieken \& Co., 124 St. James street.

Grocers.
ALEX. MoGIBBON \& C0., 221 St. James street. DUFRESNE \& MONGENAIS, 221 Notre Dame street.

Hardware, House Furnishing, Cutlery, \&c.
L. J. A. SURVEYER, 188 Notre Dame street. Jas. Brown \& Bro., 219 St. James street.

Hatters and Furriers.
A. BRAHADI, 249 Notre Dame streei. C. J. REYNOLDS, 427 Notre Dame street. John Henderson \& Co., 283 Notre Dame street. Lanthier \& Co., 271 Notre Dame street.

Hair Dressers and Wig Makers. J. PALMER \& SONS, 357 Notre Dame street. T. Cloutier \& Co., 234 Notre Dame street.

## Indian Goods.

Montreal Indian Store, 262 Notro Dame street. G. W. Clarke, 238 and 240 St. James street.

Jewellers.
RICE SIIARPLEY \& SONS, 282 and 284 Notre Damo st. SAVAGE \& LYMAN [Est. 1818], 219 St. Jaines street. E. \& A. EAVES, 291 Notro Dane street. Henry Birks \& Co., 222 St. James street. M. Cochenthaler, 157 St. Jamos street.

Laces and Funcy Goods.
W. McDUNNOUGII [Est. 1849]; 225 St. James street. Laundry Co.
Montreal Steam Laundry Co., 774 Craig street.
Librarians and Booksellcrs (French.) Gernaey \& Hamelin, 252 Notre Daine street. Fabre \& Gravel, 219 Notre Dame street.
$L i_{i} u o r s$ and Wines.
Alex. McGibbon, 221 St . James street.
Dufresne \& Mongenais, 221 Notre Dame street.
Merchant Tailors.
GIBB \& CO., (establisbed 1775,) 148 St. James street.
J. D. ANDERSON, 206 St. James street.
L. Morris, 212 St. James street.

Robt. Seath \& Sons, 441 Notre Dame street. J. \& E. McEntyre, 277 Notre Dame streot.

Men's Furnishing Goods.
R. J. TOOKE, 177 St. James street.
(HIBB \& CO., (established 1775,) 148 St. James street. Claggett \& Co., 245 St . James street.
Wm. Hood, corner St. Peter and Notre Dame streets. A. W. CRAIG \& CO., cor. St. James \& St. Frs. Xavier sts.

## Optician.

HEARN \& HARRISON, 242 and 244 Notre Dame street. Pianos and Music Dealers.
NEW YORK PIANO CO., 226 and 228 St. Jamas street. A. \& S. NORDHEIMER, $211 \mathrm{St} . \mathrm{James}$ street. L. E. N. PRATTE, 280 Notre Daine street. LAVIGNE \& LAJOIE, 265 Notre Dame street. DeZOUCHE \& CO., 233 St. James street.

Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
J. PALMER \& SONS, 357 Notre Dame street.

Paper Bags, Flour Sacke, Tags, \&c.
J. C. Wilson \& Co., 584 and 586 Craig street.

Paper Boxes, Collars, Cuffs, \&o. Rice, Miller \& Co., 502 and 594 Craig street.

Photog: aphers.
NOTMAN \& SANDHAM, 17 and 19 Bleury street. J. G. PARKS, $105 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ St. James street.

Ranges (for Hotels.) BURNS \& GORMLEY, 675 Craig street. GEO. R. PROWSE, 224 St. James street.

Railway Ticket Broker.
Leichtenhein's Ticket Agenoy, 120 St. Franeois Xavier st.
Stationers, Lithographers, \&c.
Akerman, Fortier \& Co., 256 and 258 Notre Dame street.
Shirt and Collar Manujacturers. W. Pringle, 46 St. Radegonde street.

Dandurand, Roy \& Co., 19 Beaver Hall Hill.
HARRISON A. DEMERS \& C0., the only $\$ 1.85$ Shirt Makers, 302 Notre Dame street.

Sporting Goods.
T. Costen \& Co., 133 St. James street.
A. Bonneville, 293 Notre Dame street.

Silks, Mantles, Kid Gloves, \&c. Claggett \& Co., 245 Notre Dame street.

## CITY OF QUEBEC.

Quebec, by its historie fame and its unequalled scenery, is no ordinary or common-place eity, for though, like other large communities, it earries on trade, commeree and manufactures; cultivates arts, science and literature; abounds in charitles, and professes special regard to the amenities of social life, it claims particular attention as being a strikingly unique old place, the stronghold of Canada, and, in fact, the key of the Province. Viewed from any of its approaches, it impresses the stranger with the conviction of strength and permanency. The reader of American history, on entoring its gates or wandering over its squares, ramparts and battle fields, puts himself at once in eommunion with the illustrious dead. The achievements of daring mariners, the labors of self-sacrificing missionaries of the Cross, and the conflicts of military heroes, who bled and died in the assault and defence of its walls, are here re-read with ten-fold interest. Then the lover of nature in her grandest and most rugged, as in her gentler and most smiling forms, will find in and around it an affluence of sublime and heautiful objects. The man of science, too, may be hally gratified, for here the great forces of nature and secret alchemy may be studied with advantage- Quebec can never be a tame. or insipid place, and with moderato opportunities for advancement, it must become one of the greatest cities of the New World in respect of learning, arts, commerce and manufactures.

The city of Quebec was founded by Samuel de Champlain, in 1608. In 1622 the population was reduced to fifty souls.

In June, 1759, the English army under General Wolfe landed upon the Island of Orleans. On the 12th September took place the celebrated battle of the Plains of Abraham, which resulted in the death of Wolfe, and the defeat of the French army. A force of 5,000 English troops, under General Murray, were left to garrison the fort.

The city is very interesting to a stranger; it is the only walled city in Canada.

Cape Diamond, upon which the Citadel stands, is three hundred and forty-five feet in height, and derives its name from the quantity of crystal mixed with the granite below its surface. The fortress includes the whole space on the Capo.

Above the spot where General Montgomery was killed is now tho inclined space, running to the top of the bank;
it is five hundred feet long, and is used by the Government to convey stores and other articles of great weight to the fertress. Strangers are allowed to enter this fortress loy procuring tickets from the proper authorities.

A ride to the Plains of Abraham is one of the most interesting visits about this celebrated city; a rock is there pointed out as right spot where General Wolfe expired. There are four martello towers, forty feet in height, standing upon the plain, about half a mile in advance of the other fortifications.

Seven miles below Quebec is the Fall of Montmorency. The road is very pleasant, passing through the French village of Beauport. Those who expect to soe a second Niagara will be very much disappointed. The stream descends in silvery threads, over a precipice two hundred and forty feet in height, and, in connection with the $\varepsilon u_{1}$ rounding scenery, is extremely picturesque and beautiful, but inspires none cf the awe felt at Niagara.

The French Catholic Church is a spaeious stone building; the interior is decorated with some fine paintings. Since the destruction of the Convent at Charlestown, Mass., Americans are not allowed entrance to the Ursuline Convent, It is the more to be regretted from the fact that the grave of Montcalm is in their chapel.

Castle St. Louis, properly the first building in Quebec, the corner stone of which was laid by Champlain on the 6 th of May, 1624, was destroyed by firo on the 23 rd of January, 1834. By the orders of Lord Durham, the site of the castle was cleared of the ruins that covered it, levelled and covered with wood, and an iren railing placed on the edge of the precipice, making a very delightful promenade. The view from it commands the Lower Town, the St. Lawrence as far down as the Islands of Orleans, the harbour with its ships, and Point Levi on the opposite side of the river.

Point Levi, on the other side of the river, oppusite Quebec, will interest the stranger very nach, immense and stupendous fortifications being now in progress of construction.

## MEMORABILIA.

Jacques Cartier landed on the banks of the St. Charles,
Sept. 14, 1535
Quebee founded by Samuel de Champlain - July 3, 1608
Fort St. Louis built at Quebec - 1620

Quebec surrendered to Admiral Kirk - - - - 1629
Quebec returned to the French - - . . . . . 1632
Death of Champlain, the first Governor - Dee. 25, 1635
Settlement formed at Sillery - - - - - - - 1637
A Royal Government formed at Quebec - - - 1663
Quebec unsuccessfully besieged by Admiral Phipps, 1690
Governor de Frontenac dies - - - . Nov. 28, 1698
Battle of the Plains of Abraham - - - Sept. 13, 1759
Capitulation of Quebec - - - - - Sept. 18, 1759
Battle of St. Foy-a French Victory - - April 28, 1760
Canada ceded by treaty to England - - - - 1763
Blockade of Quebec by Generals Montgomery and Arnold - - - - - - - Nov. 10, 1775
Death of Montgomery - - - - - . Dec. 31, 1775
Retreat of Americans from Quebec - - May 6, 1776
Division of Canada into Upper and Lower Canada - 1791
Rebellion in Canada - - - . - . - - - 1837
Second insurrection - - - - - - - - - 1838
Union of the two Provinces in one - - - - - 1840
Dominion of Canada formed - - - . July 1, 1867
Departure of English troops - - . . . . . . 1870

QUEBEC CAB TARIFF.
Tariff of Carters of Light Vehicles.

| Carriages for Hire. | Tariff for Hackney Carriages. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Two horse Vehicles. |  | One horse vehicle. <br> Waggon. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ¢ ¢ ¢ ¢ ¢ |  | 曾 |
| From any place to any other place within the city limits $\qquad$ | \$1 00 | \$150 | \$0 50 | \$0 75 |  |  |  |
| If to go and return, add 50 per cent. to the above rates. When the drive exooeds the hour, hour rates to be charged. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By the Hour. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For the first hour...... | 100 |  |  | 100 | 050 |  | 60 |
| Each additional hour | 075 | 100 | 050 | 075 | 040 | 0 | 50 |

Provided, however, the rate per day of 24 hours shall not in any case exceed five dollars for a calash, seven dollars fifty cents for a waggon, or ten dollars for a carriage drawn by two horses.-Fractions of hours to be charged at pro rata hour rates, but not less than one-quarter of an hour shall be charged when the time excceds the hour.Fifty per cent, to be added to the tariff rates from midnight to 4 a.m.-Tariff by the hour to apply to all drives extending beyond city limits when engagement is commenced and oonoluded within the city. Baggage-Each trunk or box carried in any vehicle, 5 c., but no charge for travelling bags or valises which passengers can carry by the hand.

## ELITE BUSIHESS DIRECTORY OF QUEBEC-RETAIL.

Chemists.
RODERICK McLEOD, 16 Fabrique street. LaRoche \& Co., opposite Post Office.

## Confectioner.

W. McWILLIAM, 116 St. John street and 50 Fabrique st.

> Dry Goods.

GLOVER, FRY \& C0., 20 Fabrique street.
Grocer and Wine Dealer. ADAM WATTERS, 11 and 13 St. John street. Xhels und Furriers. G. R. Renfrew \& Co., 35 Buade street.

Jewellery and Fancy Goods. G. SEIFERT, 12 Fabrique street.

Music and Musical Instruments. Robert Morgan, 28 Fabrique street.

Photographer, Photographic Views and Indian Curiosities. Vallee's, 39 St. John street.

Tailors and Gents' Fur Goods. J. DARLINGTON \& SON, opposite Post Cffice. MORGAN \& CO,, 34 Fabrique street.

## CITY OF TORONTO.

the capital city of Ontario, is situated on an arm of Lake Ontario, thirty-six miles from the mouth of Niagara River. The city was formerly called Little York. The first survey was made in 1793. Toronto Day is a beautiful inlet, separated from the main body of Lake Ontario, except at its extrance, by a long, narrow, sandy beach. The south-western extremity is called Gibraltar Point. The population, in 1817, was 1,200 , but at the present time it amoliats to 86,445 . With a similar progress for a few years to come, the population of this sity will be second to none in the Dominion. Among the principal buildings are a University and a Cathedral. One of the ecclesiastical edifices deserves especial notice-the Church of the Holy Trinity, a handsome structure, erected by a donation of five thousand pounds from some liberal person in England, on condition that the seats should be free. The Elgin Association, for improving the condition of the colored population, is among the most useful institutions of the place. The Grand Trunk Railway of Canada passes through Toronto. Nature has bestowed fine rivers and vast lakes, which have already been made fully subservient to cominerce ; but how wondertully will commerce be adranced by the linking of these lakes and rivers by means of railways! Thus will be constituted one great unbroken medium of speedy communication from the Far West of America to the shores of the Atlantic.

## CAB TARIFF.

## City Divisions for Cab Tariff.

1st Division. - That portion of the city bounded by the waters of the Bay on the south, Brock st:eet on the west, College street, College Avenue and Carlion street on the north, and Parliament street on the west; and the station and grounds of the Northern Railway Co., and the west side of Brock street, the north side of College street, College Avenue and Carlton street, and the east side of Parliament street, shall be included in this Division.

2nd Division.-That portion of the city lying outside of the limits of the 1st Division.
arm of Lake of Niagara e York. The $y$ is a beautiLake Ontario, sandy beach. oraltar Point. at the present progress for a s sity will be the principal

One of the -the Churoh , erected by a liberal person hould be free. udition of the 1 institutions $y$ of Canada ved fine rivers tde fully subvill commerce and rivers by ted one great from the Far ic.
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CAB TARIEF.-Conminued.

| Cab tariff. 47 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CAB TARIFF.-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |
| SERVICE. |  |  |  |  | 宫 |
| 1st Division. Single horse Cab. |  |  |  |  |  |
| From one place to another within the limits of the Division, with right to return to place of starting within 5 minutes ............... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two horse Cab, do do | 25 | 4 C | 55 | 15 | 100 |
| 2nd Division. Single horse Cab. |  |  |  |  | lst hour, 60c, sub- |
| From any place in the 2nd Division to or from any place in the 1st Division. |  |  |  |  | ( sequent |
|  |  |  |  |  | lst hour <br> \$1, eaoh |
|  | 30 | 42 | 54 | 12 | subse- |
| Two horse Cab, do do |  |  |  |  | quent |
| Two horse Cab, do do | 50 | 70 | 85 |  | hour 75. |

Half-fare allowed on return if detention exceeds 10 minutes, and full fare if deiention exceeds 15 minutas. From 1st May to 31st October, from 10 p.m. to 12 p.m. the charge is one-half more than above tariff, and after midnight to 6 a.m. double above tariff; and from 1st November to 30 th April, from $9 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. to $12 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., and $\bar{\varepsilon}$ ter midnight to $6 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$., the same additional charges. Children over 8 and under 12 years, half-price. Onc trunk and articles that may be placed inside the cab, free; each article placed outside, 5 cents.

## ELITE BUSIMESS DIRECTORY OF TORONTO-RETAIL.

Chemists and Druggists.
E. Hooper \& Co., 43 King street.

Clothing.
R. Walker \& Son, (the Golden Lion.)

Dry Goods, Silks, Shavels, \&e.
R. Walker \& Sons, (the Golden Lion.)
W. A. Murray, 17 to 23 King street.

Furniture.
R. Hay \& Co., 19 King street.

> Grocers.

Fulton, Michie \& Co., 7 King street.
Jewellers and Silver Ware.
Robinson \& Bros., (Sheffield House), 15 King street west.
Ladies' Outfitter.
J. M. Treble, 53 King street west.

Men's Furnishing Goods.
R. Walker \& Sons, (the Golden Lion.) J. M. Treble, 53 King street west.

Mourning Goods.
W. A. Murray \& Co., 17 to 23 King street.

Merchant Tailors.
Stovel \& Armstrong, 69 King street west.

> Photographers.

Notman \& Fraser, 39, 41 and 43 King street east, next to Golden Lion.

> Trunks and Travelling Rags.

Henry C. Clark, 105 King street west.

## OTHAWA.

Although not on the direct route of St. Lawrence River tourists, many consider it desirable to visit the political capital of the Dominion. The city is without doubt well worth seeing, and there is no trouble in reaching it. Travellers, when at Montreal, can select either the Grand Trunk or Q. M. O. \& O Railroads, or take the Ottawa River Navigation Company's beaitiful boats (which, on return, run the Lachine Rapids), each route being extremely interesting.

Ottawa has risei very rapidly, is $x$ oll laid out, and contains many exceedingly handsome buildings, so many, indeed, that we cannot particularize all of them. Its two principal lions are the Houses of Parliament and two Departmental blocks, colossal piles of masonry standing out in bold relief against the sky, and surrounded with exquisitely beautiful scenery and well kept large grounds, and the Chaudiere Falls, second only in grandeur to Niagara itself. Any description of these two sights would entirely fail to give any adequate idea of their beauty, so we refrain from endeavoring to paint a lily. In addition, Ottawa being the headquarters of the great Canadian lumber industry, there are numbers of saw-mills, huge piling grounds and timber slides. The Parliamentary Library, magnificent Post Office, Geological Museum, Town Hall, many remarkably fine bank buildings and private residences, Suspension Bridge over the Ottawa River, Eddy's immense woodenware and match factory, the charming Lover's Walk, several handsome churches of all denominations, and other objects of attraction. The tourist will never regret making a pilgrimage to Ottawa. Of covese there is excellent hotel accommodation.
$\qquad$ .

## HAMILTON.

is beautifully situated at the western extremity of Burlington Bay, near the shore of Lake Ontario. The con$\mathrm{E}^{\text {r cuction of the Desjardin Canal and the Great Western }}$ Railroad, probably the best managed railroac in the Province, have greatly promoted its prosperity. The streets are well laid out, and many of the hnuses are built of stone. Its principal places of interest are the Court House, Town Hall, Theatre, Mechanics' Institute, and other public buildings and places of worship for the principal denominations. It is a place of great commercial importance, and has every prospect of becoming a great city. Steamboats ply regularly to and from all lake and river ports, and every facility is afforded for in-
land communication by railroad and telegraph. We must say $a$ few more words about the Great Western rinroad, which has its head offices at this place. The road runs from Detroit to Toronto and Suspension Bridge, passing through London and Hamilton, and is equal to any railroad in the Province or Unitod States, forming the quickest route from the East to the West, or from the West to the East, connecting with the New York Central at Suspension Bridge, and with the Michigan Central, Michigan Southern and Detroit \& Milwaukee railroads at Detroit.

## LONDON.

is finely situated at the junction of two branches of the River Thames, 114 miles by railroad west from Toronto. It is one of the most thriving inland cities of Canada West, and has extensive manufactures, and a considerable local trade. The Port Stanley railroad onnnects it with Lake Erie, and the Great Western railroad passes through it. The Grand Trunk is counected by a branch road. The principal hotel is theDecumeia House.

## TOWNS ON THE ST, LAWRENCE RIVER.

## LEWISTON.

This village is situated at the head of navigation, on the Lower Niagara, and is a place of considerable importance. It-lies three miles below the Devil's Hole and seven miles below the falls. Lewiston is a pleasint, wellbuilt village, but its commercial prospects have been very much injured by the construction of the Erie and Welland

## QUEENSTON

is a small village, situated nearly opposite to Lewiston' and contains about 350 inhabitants. It is associated in history with the gallant defence made by the British on the adjacent heights in the war of 1812. The village is pleasantly situated, but has suffered from the same causes that have retarded the growth of Lewiston. The river here becomes more tranquil, the shores less broken and wild, and the change in the scenery affords a pleasing transition from the sublime to the beautiful.
elegraph. We Western ailace. The road ension Bridge, nd is equal to States, forming st, or from the V York Contral higan Central, ee railroads at
anches of the from Toronto. ies of Canada a considerable nnects it with basses through branch road.

## BROCK'S MONUMENT.

The mnnument stands on the Heights of Queenston, from whence the village derives its name. The present structure occupies the site of the former one, which was blown up by some miscreant on the 17th of April, 1840. Tue whole edifice is 485 feet hi $h$; on the sub-base, which is 40 feet square and 30 foet high, are placed four lions, facing north, south, east and west ; the base of the pedestal is $21 \frac{1}{2}$ feet square and 10 feet high; the pedestal itself is 16 feet square and. 10 feet high, surmounted by a heavy cornice, ornamented with lions' heads and wreaths, in alto-relievo. In ascending from the top of the pedestal to the top of the base of the shaft, the form changes from square to round. The shaft is a fluted column of freestone, 75 feet high and 10 feet in diameter, on which stands a Corinthian capital, 10 feet high, whereon is wrought, in relief, a statue of the Goddess of War. On this capital is the dome, 9 feet high, reached by 250 spiral steps from the base, on the inside. On the top of the dome is praced a colossal statue of Gen. Brock.

## FORT NIAGARA.

This Fort stands at the mouth of the Niagara River, on the American side. There are many interesting associations connected with the spot, as, during the earlier part of the past century, it was the scene of many severe eonflicts between the Whites and Indians, and subsequently between the English and French. The names of the heroie La Salle, the courtly De Nonville and the gallant Prideaux will long retain a place in the history of this country. The village adjacont to the Fort is called Youngstown, in honor of its founder, the late John Young, Esq.

## NIAGARA

is one of the oldest towns in Ontario, and was formerly the oapital of the Province. It is situated where the old. town of Newark stood, and is opposite to Youngstown. It faces the river on one side and Lake Ontario on the other. The trade of this place has been diverted to St. Catharines since the completion of the Welland Canal, and the other towns upon the Niagara River have suffered in common from the same cause.

## PORT HOPE

Is situated sixty-five miles from Toronto. A small stream, which here falls into the lake, has formed a valley, in which the town is located. The harbor at the mouth of this stream is shallow, but safe and commodious. Port Hope is a pretty town; on the western side the hills rise gradually one above the other. The highest summit, called "Fort Orton," affords a ine prospect, and overlooks the country for a great distance. The village is ineorporated. Population, 5,588 .

## COBOURG,

seven miles below Port Hope, contains 6,000 inhabitants. It has seven ohurches, two banks, three grist mills, two foundries, and the largest cloth factory in the Province. It is also the seat of Victoria College and a Theological Institute. Midway between Port Hope and Cobourg is "Duck Island," on which a lighthouse is maintained by the Government. Do not forget to take a meal at the famous G.T.R. Dining Room while at this place.

## KINGSTON.

This place was called by the Indians "Cataracqui." A settlement was begun by the French, under Do Courcelles, as early as 1672. The Fort, which was finished the next year, was called Fort Frontenac, in honor of the French Count of that name. This Fort was alternately in the possession of the French and the Indians, until it was destroyed by the expedition under Col. Bradstreet in 1758. In 1762 the place fell into the hands of the English, from whom it received its present name. Kingston was one of the most important military posts in Canada. It is one hundred and ten miles from Cobourg. Contains 14,092 inhabitants.
[Before proceeding down the St. Lawrence, we will retrace our steps, and briefly notice the places on the American sido of Lake Ontario.]

## OSWEGO

is the next port after passing Charlottesville. It is a beautiful and flourishing town, and contains a population of about 15,000 . It is the commerciul centre of a fertile

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inhabitants. ist mills, two be Province. Theological Cobourg is aintained by meal at the ce.

## "ataracqui."

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It is a population of a fertile
and wealthy part of the country, and is the terminus of a railroad and a eanal, connecting it with Syracuse and the New York Central Railway. The history of this place is associated with many hard battles, fought during the time of the Indian and French wars.

## SACKETT'S HARBOUR

is situated about forty-five miles from Oswego, and twenty mlles from the St. Lawrence. It lies upon the north-eastern shore of Lake Ontario, and derives its name from Mr. Sackett, of Jamaica, L.I., who purchased and took possession of it in 1799. It is admirably fitted, from its position, for a naval station, and is nuw the seat of a military post called "Madison Barracks."

## THE THOUSAND ISLANDS

are among the wonders of the St. Lawrence, situated about six miles below Kingston. There are, in fact, no less than 1,800 of these "emerald gems in the ring of the wave," of all sizes, from the islet a few yards square to miles in length. It is a famous spot for sporting ; myriads of wild fowl of all descriptions may here be found; and angling is rather faliguing than otherwise, from the great quantity and size of the fish. These Islands, too, have been the scene of most exciting romanee. From their great number, and the labyrlnth-like channels among them, they afforded an admirable retreat for the insurgents in the last Canadian insurrection, and for the American sympathizers with them, who, under the questionable name of "patriots," sought only to embarrass the Government. Among these was one man who, from his daring and ability, became an object of anxious pursuit to ihe Canadian authorities; and he found a safe asylum in these watery intricacies through the devotedness and courage of his daughter, whose inimitable management of her canoo was such that, through hosts of pursuers, she baffled their efforts at capture, while she supplied him with provisions in these solitary retreats, rowing him from one place af concealment to another under shadow of the night. But, in truth, all the Islands, which are so numerously studded through the whole chain of those magnificent Lakes, abound with material for romance and poetry. For instance, in the Manitoulin Islands, in Lake Huron, the Indians believe that the Manitou, that is, the Great Spirit (and honce the name of the Islands), has
forbidden his children to seek for gold; and they will tell yon that a certain point, where it is reported to exist in quintities, has never been visited by a disobedient Indian without his canoe being overwhelmed in a tempest.

## CLAY'ION.

This village is situated on the American side, opposite the Thousand Islands, and was formorly of considerablo importance as a lumber station. Square timbor and staves were here made up into large rafts, and floated down the St. Lawrence to Montreal and Qneboc. These rafts are often very large, and as they require a great number of men to navigate them, the huts erected for their shelter give them. as they pass down the river, the appearanco of small villages.
Many of the steamers and other craft that navigate Lake Ontario were built here, and during the past five years Clayton has become a great resort for pleasuroseekers; the fishing and shooting is the best in the St. Lawronce; the lato Geo. Peabody, Esq., spent several weeks herc each season when in this country for the last five yoars of his life, to onjoy the sports of fishing, shooting, bathing, etc.; other celebrities could be named also, who made their annual visit here. The beauty of the Islands and River at this place cannot be surpassed; there are also several good hotels that are filled with pleasure-seekers during the summer months.

## ALEXANDRIA BAY

is the next port after leaving Clayton. It is built upon a massive pile of rocks, and its situation is romantic and highly picturesque. It is a place of resort tor sportsmen. Some two or three miles below the village is a position from whence one hundred islands can be seen at one view. This place also is celebrated for its fishing and shooting. The beauty of the Islands in this vicinity for several miles up and down the river can hardly bo imagined without a personal visit. There is a great quantity of fish killed here known as the Masealonge; they are of large size, many of them weighing from forty to fifty, and often as high as seventy pounds; they are taken with trolling lines, and it requiles a skilful angler to land one safely. Sportsmen consider the taking of one of those fish equal to salmon fishing. Iu the summer of 1872 President Grant and family and a party of their friends visited
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avigate ast five easirethe St. several the last , shootod also, of the passed; d with
upon a tic and tsinen. osition e viow. ooting. several withof fish large 1 ofton rolling safely. equal sident risited

Alexandria Ba§ as the guest of Mr. Geo. M. Pullmanwho, by the way, owns one of the pleasantest islunds of the group-and remained eight days. They expressed great satisfaction with their visit, and were delighted with the scenery around this point. Since that time Alexandria Bay has attained great prominence as one of the leading watering-places of this country, and two fine hotels have been built.

## BROCKVILLE

was named in honor of General Brici, who sell on Queenston Heights in the war of 1812. If is siti-ted on the Canadian side of the St. Lawrence, a. : to che of the pleasantest villages in the Province. It is stuated at the foot of the Thousand Islands, on an elevation of land which rises from the river in a succession of ridges. The town was laid out in 1802, and is now a place of considerable importance. The presont population is 7,608 . It is growing very rapidly, and is one of the most pleasant, healthy and thriving towns on this side of the river.

## OGDENSBURG.

In the year 1748, the Abbe François Piquet, who was afterwards styled the "Apostle of the Iroquois," was sent to establish a mission at this place, as many of the Indians of that tribe had manifested a desire of embracing Christianity. A settlement was begun in connection with this mission, and a fort, called "La Presentation," was built at the mouth of the Oswegatchie, on the west side. The remains of the walls of this fort are still to be seen. In October, 1749, it was attacked by a band of Indians from the Mohawks, who, although bravely repulsed, destroyed the palisades of the fort and two of the vessels belonging to the colony. The Abbe Piquet retired from the settlement soon after the defeat of Montcalm, and returned to France, where he died in 1781.

In describing the situation of the ground on tho east side of the river, opposite to his fort, the Abbe, with his aecustomed discrimination, remarked: "A beautiful town could hereafter be built bere." This prediction has been fully verified, and the city of Ogdensburg now occupies this site. It has increased rapidly within the past few years, and will doubtless become a large manufacturing place. The Northern Railroad, which runs to Lake Champlain, a distance of 118 miles, and which connects
at Rouse's Point with the railroads to Boston and Montreal, has its terminus here. We may add that it continues to grow rapidly, and is one of the wealthiest cities for its size in the State of New York. The streets are wide, and lined with beautiful shade trees; some of the private residences are magnificent, and public buildings very fine. It is also a great resort during the summer season for pleasure-seekers, and, being the terminus of the Ogdensburg \& Rome Railroad, it is one of the prinoipal points tor travellers to take the steamers down the Rapids for Montroal.

## PRESCOTT

is situated on the Canada side of the St. Lawrence, opposite Ogdensburg, and contains 2,999 inhabitants. Previous to the opening of the Rideau Canal between Kingston and Ottawa City (formerly Bytown), Prescott was a place of importance in the carrying-trade between Kingston and Montreal; but since that event its growth has been checked. Matters have, however, again changed, and for Prescott there are prospects of brighter days to come. Through the influence, energy and perseverance of the late Robt. Bell, Esq., of Ottawa City, a railroad was built, under almost insurmountablo obsbacles, which extends from Ottawa City to Prescott, and there connects the Ottawa River with the St. Lawrence. About a mile below the town of Prescott, at a place called "Windmill Point," are the ruins of an old stone windmill, in which, in 1837, the "Patriots," under Von Shultz, a Polish exile, established themselves, but from which they were driven with severe loss. Five miles below Prescott is Chimney Island, on which the remains of an old French fortification are to be seen. The first rapid of the St. Lawrence is at this island.

## THE GALOP RAPID.

The next town on the American side is Waddingion; and in the river, over against it, is Ogden Island. On the Canada side is Morrishurg, formerly called West Williamsburg. It is called the Port of Morristown, and contains about 200 inhabitants. A short distance below Morristown, on the Canada side, is Chrysler's Farm, where, in 1837, a battle was fought between the English and Amcricans. The Americans were commanded by General Wil-
and Monrat it coniest cities treets are ne of the buildings e suminer rminus of $1 e$ princidown the
ence, opts. Pren Kingsott was a n Kingsowth has changed, days to everance railroad s, which connects $t$ a mile Vindmill 1 which, 3h exile, $\theta$ driven himney ification cee is at
ington ; On the t Wilad con-Morlere, in Amerial Wil-
kinson, and were at that time descending the river to attack Montreal. The attempt was afterwards abandonedThirty miles belnw Ogdensburg is Louisville, from whence stages run to Messen Springs, distance seven miles.

## LONG SAULT

is a oontinuous rapid of nine miles, divided in the centre by an island. The usual passage for steamers is on the south side. The channel on the north side was formerly considered unsafe and dangerous; but examinations have been made, and it is now descended with safety. The passage in the southern channel is very narror, and such is the velocity of the current that a raft, it is said, will drift the nine miles in forty minutes.

## DESCENT OF THE RAPIDS.

This is the most exciting part of the whole passage of the St. Lawrence. The rapids of the Long Sault rush along at the rate of something like twenty miles an hour. When the vessel onters within their influence the steam is shut off, and she is carried onwards by the force of the stream alone. The surging waters present all the angry appearance of the ocean in a storm; the noble boat strains and labours; but, unlike the ordinary pitching and tossing at sea, this going down hill by water produces a highly novel sensation, and is, in fact, a service of some danger, the imminence of which is onhanced to the imagination by the tremendous roar of the headlong boiling current. Great nerve, and force, and preaision are here required in piloting, so as to keep the ressel's head straight with the course of the rapid, for if she diverges in the least, presenting her side to the current, or "broached to," as the nautical phrase is, she would be instantly run aground. Hence the necessity of enormous power over her rudder, and for this purpose the mode of steering affords great facility, for the wheel that governs the rudder is placed ahead, and by means of chain and pulley sways it. But in descending the Rapids a tiller is placed astern to the radder itself, so that tha tiller can be manned as well as the wheel. Some idea may be entertained of the peril of descending a rapid when it requires four men at the wheel and two at the tiller to ensure safe steering. Here is the region of the daring raftsman, at whose hands are demanded infinite courage and skill; there is, however, but little danger to life, as it frequently
happens that a steamer strikes, and sinks, but a few minutes puts them safely in shoal water. The Richelieu \& Ontario Navigation Company have never lost any lives by accidents of this kind in descending the Rapids.

ST. LAWRENCE CANALS.

|  | Miles. | Locks. | L. Ft. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galops Canal | 2 | 2 | 8 |
| Point Iroquois Canal | 3 | 1 | 6 |
| Rapid Platt Canal. | 4 | 2 | 11.6 |
| Farren's Point Canal. | $\frac{3}{4}$ | 1 | 4. |
| Cornwall Canal, Long Sault............ | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | 7 | 48. |
| Beauharnois Canal, Coteau............ |  |  |  |
| Cedars, Split Rock, Cascade Rapids. | 114 | 9 | 82.6 |
| Lachine Canal, Lachine Rapids...... Fall on portions of the River between canals Lake Ontario to Montreal.. | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ | 5 | 44.9 17. |
| From Montreal to tide water, Three Rivers. $\qquad$ |  |  | 12.9 |
|  | 41 | 27 | 234.1. |

The St. Lawrence Canal was designed for paddle steamers, but, from the magnitude of the Rapids and their regular inclination, the aid of the locks is not required in descending the river, Large steamers, drawing seven feet of water, with passengers and the mails, leave the foot of Lake Ontario in the morning, and reach the wharves of Montreal by daylight, without passing through a single lock. At some of the Rapids there are obstacles preventing the descent of deeply-laden craft; but the Government are about to give the main channel in all the Rapids a depth of ten feet of wator, wnen the whole descending trade by stream will keep the river, leaving the canals to ascending eraft.

## CORN W ALL.

A pleasant town, situated at the foot of the Long Sault, on the Canada side. Here vessels are passed up the river by the Cornwall Canal, and come out into the river about twelve miles above. The boundary line between the United States and Canada passes near this village, and the course of the St. Lawronce is hereafter within Her Majesty's dominions.

## st. REGIS

is an old Indian village, and lies a little below Corrwall, on the opposite side of the river. It contains a Catholic ohurch, which was built about the year 1700 . While the building was in progress, the Indians were told by their priest that a bell was indispensable in their heuse of worship, and they were ordered to collect furs sulficient to purchase one. The furs were collected, the money was sent to France, and the boll was bought and shipped for Canada; but the vessel which eontained it was captured by an English cruiser, and taken into Salem, Mass. The bell was afterwards purchased for the church at Deerfield. The priest at St. Regis, having heard of its destination, excited the Indians to a general crusade for its recovery. They joined the expedition fitted out by the Governur against the New England colonists, and proceeded through the then trackless wilderness to Deerfield, which they attacked in the night. The inhabitants, unsuspicious of danger, were aroused from sleep only to meet the tomahawk and scalping-knife of the savages. Forty-seven were killed, and one hundred and twelve taken captive, among whom were Mr. Williams, the pastor, and his family. Mrs. Williams, being at the time feeble, and unable to travel with her husband and family, was killed by the Indians. Mr. Willians and part of his surviving family afterwards returned to Deerfield, but tho others remaincd with the Indians, and became connected with the tribe. The Rev. Eleazar Williams, one of the supposed descendants from this fainily, has been mysteriously identified with the lost Dauphin of France. The Indians, after haring completed their work of destruction, fasiened the bell to a long pole, and carried it upon their shoulders, a distance of one hundred and fifty miles, to the place where Burlington now stands ; they buried it there, and in the following spring removed it to the church of St . Regis.

## LAKE ST. FRANCIS.

This is the name of that expansion of the St. Lawrence which begins near Coruwall and St. Regis, and extends to Coteau du Lac, a distance of forty miles. The suface of this lake is interspersed with a great number of small islands. The village of Lancaster is situated on the northern side, about midway of this lake.

## COTEAU DU LAC

is a small village, at the foot of Lake St. Francis. The name, as well as the style of the buildings, denotes its French origin. Just below the village are the Coteau Rapids.

At Coteau du Lac, fifty miles (by water) above Montreal, commences a rapid of the same name, extending about two miles.

Seven milles below this commences the Cedar Rapid, which extends about three miles; then comes the Coteau, Cedar, Split Rock and Cascade Rapids, which terminate at the head of Lake St. Louis, where the dark waters of the Ottawa, by one of its mouths, joins the St. Lawrence. These Ivapids, in miles, havs a descent of $82 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.

## CEDARS.

The villaga presents the same marks of French origin as Coteau du Lac. In the expedition of General Amherst a detachment of three hundred men, sent to attack Montreal, were lost in the rapids near this place. The passage through these rapids is very exciting. There is a.peculiar motion of the vessel, which in descending seems like settling down, as she glides from one ledge to another. In passing the rapids of the Split Rock a persor samequainted with the navigation of these rapids will a:-oost involuntarily hold his breath until this ledg. of locks, which is distinctly seen from the deck of the steamer, is passed. At one time the vessel seems to be running directly upon it, and you feel certain that she will strike; but a skilful hand is at the helm, and in an instant more it is passed in safety.

## BEAUHARNOIS

is a small village at the foot of the Cascades, on the south bank of the river. Here vessels enter the Beauharnois Canal, and pass around the rapids of the Cascades, Cedars and Coteau, into Lake St. Francis, a distance of fourteen miles. On the north bank a branch of the Ottawa enters into the St. Lawrence. The river again widens into a lake called St. Louis. From this place a view is had of Montreal Mouniain, nearly thirty miles distant. - In this lake is Nun's Island, beautifully cultivated, owned by the Grey Nunnery, at Montreal. There are many islands in the vicinity of Montreal belonging to the different nunneries, and from which they derive large revenues.

## LACHINE.

This village is nine miles from Montreal, with which $i^{t}$ is connected by railroad. The Lachine Rapids begin just below the town. The current is here so swift and wild that to avoid. it a canal has been cut around these rapids. This canal is a stupendous work, and reflects much credit upon the energy and enterprise of the peoplo of Montreal.

## CAUGHNAWAGA,

an Indian village, lying on the south bank of the river, near the entrance of the Lachine Rapids, derives its name from the Indians that had been converted by the Jesuits, who were called Caughnavagas, or "praying Indians." This was probably a misnomer, for they were distinguished for their predatory incursions upon their neighbors in the New England Provinces. The bell that now hangs in their church was the proceeds of one of these excursions. It is at this place the old Indian pilot shoots out in his bark canoe, and boards the steamer for the purpose of piloting her down the Lachine Rnpids. Baptiste, the old Indian pilot, is as anxiously looked for by passengers on board of steamers down the Rapids as the Rapid itself; he is now an old man, being about sixty years of age, and has made it his business for over forty years to pilot steamers down the Rapids, and has not missed a day in twenty years; during the summer season he is employed exclusively by the Richelieu \& Ontario Navigation Company. The village of Laprairie is some seven miles below Caughnawaga.

The Lachine Rapids, a few miles abovo Montreal, the last rapids of importance that occur on the St. Lawrence, are now considered the most difficult of navigation. They are obviated by the Lachine Canal, $8 \frac{1}{2}$ miles in length, overcoming a descent of $44 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.

And now the traveller comes to the last wonder of the present age, namely, the Victoria Bridge, spanning the noble St. Lawrence River, two miles long, the longest and largest bridge in the world, after which the delighted traveller comes in full view of the city of Montreal, the most prominent object being the two towers of the Church of Notre Dame.

## LAKE ST. PETER

is an expansion of the St . Lawreuce, beginning about five miles below Sorel, and extanding in length twenty-five miles, its greatest breath being nine miles. There are
soveral islands at its western extremity. Port St. Francig is a small village situated on the south shore of Lake St. Peter, eighty-two miles below Montreal. It is a place of but little importance.

## THREE RIVERS

is situated at the confluence of the rivers St. Misurico and St. Lawrence, ninely miles below Montreal, and the same distance above Queboc. It is one of the oldest settled towns in Cariada, having been founded in 1618. It is well laid oot, and contains many good buildings, autong which are the Currt Mouse, the Gaol, the Roman Catholic Church, the Ursuitue Convent, the English and Wesleyan churches. Tha nopulation of Three Rivers is 9,200 .

## BATISCAN

is situated on the north shore of the river, one hundred and seventeen miles below Montreal. It is the last placo the steamers stop before reaching Quebec. It is a place of little importance.

In passing down the St. Jawrence from Montreal, the country upon its banks prest s a sameness in its general scenery, until we approach the vicinity of Quebec. The villages and hamlets are decidedly French in character, generally made up of small buildings, the better class of which are painted white or whitewashed, with red roofs. Prominent in the distance appear the tile-covered spires of the Catholic churches, which are all constructed in that unique style of architecture so peculiar to that Church.
The rafts of timber afford a bighly interesting feature on the river as the traveller passes along. On each a shed is build for the raftsmen, some of whom rig out their huge, unwieldy craft with gay streamers which flutter from the tops of poles. Thus, when several of these rafts are grappled together, forming, as it were, a floating island of timber, half a mile wide and a mile long, the $\theta$ sight is extremely picturesquo; and when the voices the hardy sons of the forest and the stream join in sotan of their boat-songs, the wild music, borne by the bres. along the water, has a charming effect. Numbeis $f=7$, rafts may be seen lyit, in the coves at Quebec, rey in bo shipped to the dilieteat parts of the world.
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## ing feature

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## RIVER SAGUENAY.

To the pleasure-seeker, or to the man of science, there can be nothing more refreshing and delightful, nothing affording more food for reflection or scientific observation, than a trip to that most wonderful of rivers, the Saguenay.
On the way thither, the scenery of the lower St. Lawrencs is extraordinarily picturesque; a broad expanse of water interspersed with rugged solitary islets, highly cuttivated islands, and islands covered with trees to the weter's edge, hemmed in by lofty and precipitous mountains on the one side and by a continuous street of houses, relioved by beautifully situated villages, the spires of whose tin-covered churches glitter in the sunshine, affords a prospect so enchanting that, were nothing else to be seen, the tourist would be well repaid; but then, in addition to all this, the tourist suddenly passes from a landscape unsurpassed for beauty into a region of primitive grandeur, where art has done nothing, and nature everything; when, at a single bound, civilization is left behind and nature stares him in the face, in naked majesty; when he sees Alps on Alps arise; when he floats over unfathomable depths, through a mountain gorge, the sublime entirely overwhelms the sense of sight, and fascinates imagination.

The change produced upon the thinking part of man, in passing from the broad St. Lawrence into the seemingly narrow and awfully deep Saguenay, whose waters lave the sides of the towering mountains, which almost shut out the very light of heaven, is such as no pen can paint nor tongue describe.

It is a river one should see if only to know what dreadful aspects nature can assume in wild moods. Compared to it, the Dead Sea is blooming, and the wildest ravines cosy and smiling; it is wild and grand apparently in spite of itself.

On either side rise cliffs varying in perpendicular height from 1,200 feet to 1,600 feet, and this is the character of the River Saguenay from its mouth to its source.

Hal Hal Bay, which is sixty miles from its mouth, affords the first landing and anchorage. The name of this Bay is said to arise from the circumstance of early navigators proceeding in sailing yessels up a river of this kind for sixty miles with eternal sameness of feature, stern and high rocks, on which they could not land, and no bottom for their anchors, at last broke out into laughing $H_{\rho}!\mathrm{Ha}!$ when they found landing and anchorage.

This wonderful river seems one huge mountain rent asunder, at some remote age, by some great convulsion of nature.

The reader who goes to see (and all ought to do so who can, for it is one of the great natural wonders of the Continent) can add to the poetical filling up of the picture from his own imagination.

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