

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.

E. VARIIS SUMMENDUM EST OPTIMUM.—Cic.

[12 C. PER ANN. IN ADVANCE]

No 45.]

SAINT ANDREWS N. B. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1862.

Vol 29

FROM THE STATES.

BANGOR, Oct. 29. Gen. Pleasanton's advance on Monday encountered enemy at Snicker's Gap. Yesterday scouts were pushed of Algie and Middleburg. Confederate evacuated Winchester on Monday. Confederate army is reported divided into two bodies under Longstreet and Jackson. The latter is falling back on Staunton and former on Gordonsville. Burnside expected to encounter Longstreet's rear guard. Entire Army of Potomac will cross Potomac as soon as means of transport can be secured. Federal forces in Gulf have destroyed Salt Works at St. Andrew's and St. Joseph's Bay. Gunboat Penobscot captured English brig Robert Bruce off North Carolina. Madame Ann Bishop was burned to death by clothes taking fire 15th, at St. Paul, Minn.

Oct. 29. An arrival from Port Royal brings particulars of an attack by General Mitchell's forces on Charleston and Savannah Railroad. The expedition consisted of the commands of Generals Brannan and Terry. The main body landed under cover of the gunboats at Mackie's point 15 miles from the Railroad, marching seven miles inland where they met the enemy in force, driving them from the position and from the second position. At two miles beyond, Confederates made a third stand, preventing pursuit by destroying the bridge over Pocotico River. Federal loss 45 killed and 284 wounded. Col. Barton penetrated to the Railroad at Coosawatchie, tearing up a few rails, and cutting telegraph wires, capturing a stand of Regiment colors.

Oct. 30. Confederate Gen. Hill Jackson and his men encountered between Martinsburg and Buckner Hill, greater part being near latter place. Confederate army has not retreated up Shenandoah Valley. Their sick and wounded have been sent to Staunton, evidently anticipating early movement of the army of Potomac.

Buell's army reported making forced marches to Nashville to anticipate expected combined attack of Bregg and all forces in Tennessee and Mississippi, amounting to 150,000.

This report explains Federal evacuation of Corinth and Bolivar, probably to march to defence of Nashville.

Hinted that Gen. Banks will soon lead expedition into Texas.

Gen. McClelland supposed to have same destination.

Destruction of Confederate Salt Works at St. Joseph's Bay considered most severe blow.

Mrs. Bishop burned at St. Paul was not the famous Vocalist.

LATER FROM BERMUDA.

The Halifax Journal says, the Bermuda Royal Gazette, of the 7th inst., contains the particulars of Admiral Wilkes' exploit in the Port of St. George's, which do not differ materially from those furnished by the advices which come to hand some days ago. Some of our contemporaries, it appears, were rather hasty in pronouncing it a canard. The Gazette says:—

"The ostensible object of obtaining coal is, we conceive, but a little scheme to show how far it might be possible for American pluck to drive through the rules of neutrality laid down by the British Government.—The delaying from Monday to Thursday, the cruising within our waters, the anchoring within our channels, the landing of armed sentries, the boarding of British vessels, the taking on board of unlimited coal, and the subsequent proceedings of the gunboats evidently proved that there must have been some peculiar and particularly private reasons which have given us the honor of this influx of United States heroes.

The Mail steamer was boarded this morning, and boats have been engaged in sounding the channels and reefs at the West End.

We are not anxious for a row, nor do we wish to come across the peculiarities of Americans in their present excited and perhaps exasperated and unreasonable condition but we do submit whether these breaches committed in the very teeth of the Royal instructions, in the face of justice, right, and national law, ought to receive such a check as to put an end to the chase of that flag which is supposed to have played a thousand years the battle and the breeze, being deliberately and grossly insulted.

Two Artillerymen deserted on Monday, and, it is supposed, have gone away in the American Boat.—[Globe.]

A NARROW ESCAPE.

On the evening of Tuesday a colored man came to the ferry landing on the Dartmouth side with handcuffs on, and requested to be taken over to this side free, as he had no money. He appeared much bruised about the face and head. The Captain of the boat brought him over after hearing his story, which is in substance that he is a seaman, and belongs to a vessel lying in the harbor, and that on the day previous the mate had attacked him and beat him in a shameful manner, and cut his head with an iron bar. After being treated in this manner, the mate put handcuffs on him to prevent him from leaving the ship. He however took advantage of a favorable opportunity in the evening and let himself down the side of the vessel into a boat and pushed it off from the ship as best he could. His hands being pinioned he could not use the oars or any means to propel the boat, but at the time the wind was blowing across the harbor, and after the lapse of an hour or two the craft drifted ashore near Dartmouth. Upon landing from the ferry steamer he proceeded to the Police Station, and made the above statement and the handcuffs were taken off him by the watchmen. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of the mate, and the matter will in all probability be investigated at the Police Court.—[Halifax paper.]

THE BRITISH PRESS ON THE PROCLAMATION.—We find in the Liverpool Mercury of the 16th inst., the following summary of the editorial opinions of the London papers.

"The Times, in a leader, speaks of the President's proclamation on slavery as his last card, and says that if anything could induce the South to continue the war to the last extremity it is this decree. In the North itself it is likely to be only another element of confusion.

The Morning Post says of the proclamation, it is not easy to estimate how utterly powerless and contemptible the Government must have become which could sanction with its approval such insensate trash. It is evidently a bait thrown out to gain the support of the abolitionist party. It will prove useless. The American people have of late submitted to much, but we do not believe that they will patiently accept of a degrading despotism, dictated by the feeblest and most contemptible of Governments.

The Morning Star thinks it is indisputable, by the great fact of the war, the turning point in the history of the American commonwealth, an act only second in courage and in probable results to the Declaration of Independence. The writer also inquires whether this is not a gigantic stride in the path of Christian and civilized—is not here reason abundant and unquestionable why every man to whom personal and political freedom is dear should pray for the success of the Union arms?

The London journals of the day following the 7th, revert to the proclamation. We quote from the summary:—

"The Times does not think that even now, when Mr. Lincoln played his card, it will prove to be a rump Pennsylvania desire to sell her manufactures in the South. New York wishes to be again broker, banker and merchant to the South. This is what the Union means to them. It would not answer the purpose of any of these cities of the North to have the South made a howling wilderness. They want the handling of the millions which are produced by the labor of the blackman.

The Post thinks peace seems less distant now than it was a month since. The Administration of Mr. Lincoln topples to its fall, and we cannot doubt that it will be replaced by one which will consult the true interest of the American nation.

The Daily News says that President Lincoln's proclamation on slave emancipation has not, as far as at present appears, the importance which some persons in England are disposed to attach to it. Like most of the acts of the Executive of the United States, it is feeble and halting.

SOUTHERN SYMPATHIES OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S WIFE.—A passage in a letter of the Times' New York correspondent informs for the first time of a matter that seems to be sufficiently notorious on the other side of the Atlantic. Mrs. Lincoln the President's wife is accused of treason. It has long been evident that the Secessionists have had means of obtaining information of the most secret plans of the Federal Government, and it would appear that Mrs. Lincoln is now accused of being over communicative to the ladies of Washington, who are nearly all Secessionists. The charge is openly made and placards have appeared in the streets of New York headed "Mr. Lincoln a traitor!" The police have pulled down the placards, but they have not succeeded in

hushing up the scandal. Gen. Halleck is said to have been so well aware of Mr. Lincoln's "indiscretion"—as he mildly called it—as to require as a condition of his accepting the chief command that she should leave Washington alive at her home in Illinois, where she is accordingly now staying. The fact that Mrs. Lincoln recently lost a brother fighting in the Confederate ranks may perhaps afford some clue to this strange and we would-fain think altogether unfounded, accusation.—[Liverpool Mercury.]

We copy the following remarks from the "Boston Traveller" of the 25th ult. It is indicative of true manly bearing and is proof that there is one Northern paper, which accords that justice to our beloved Queen and Empire; they are justly entitled to the Traveller is outspoken, and does not hesitate to condemn when it is necessary to do so.

There is a report that Queen Victoria will abdicate soon after the marriage of the Prince of Wales. It will bear a pound or two of doubt. The Queen is in the prime of her life and faculties, and is not likely to leave a station she fills so well, and to the satisfaction of her subjects and of the world. The Prince of Wales is a gentleman of much promise, and the English are fortunate in having so good a man in training for their time-honored throne; but he is yet very young, and a few years more of life and experience would not make him any the less fitted to fill the highest position ever held by mortal man, that, namely, of head of the greatest empire that has ever existed. The retirement of Queen Victoria would be a general public calamity, and would cause regret wherever virtue, sense, experience and talent are valued by men.

The special meeting of Synod held in this city last week was attended by Messrs. J. Bennett, W. Alves, Neir McKay, Andrew Donald, and James Gray of the Presbytery of St. John; Messrs. Salmon (Moderator), Gladstone Stirling, of York Presbytery; and Messrs. Turnbull, Elder, and James G. Stevenson, Esq., of St. Stephen's Presbytery. It was arranged to extend to the Woodstock College a very vigorous control and a very cordial support; to raise additional funds for expenditure on the building, to meet present demands as soon as possible, and to forward further necessary improvements.—[Presbyterian.]

The reason why Stuart made his raid upon Chambersburg, and not upon Washington, was, that he was after horses, not asses. If Paul were to go out after his fathers asses in these days, he would take the express train to our capital, without any hesitation or doubt of success.—[Traveller.]

FROM NASHVILLE.—A Nashville correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, writing on the 11th, says that unless the river soon rises the citizens will be upon the verge of starvation. But four market wagons came into town that morning, while the foraging train the day before brought in nothing but hay and corn—not an ox, sheep or hog. Prices were very high, butter \$1.50 per pound; chickens \$8 per doz.; beef 25 cents per pound; no coffee or tea in store, and sugar \$1 per pound; flour \$20 per barrel. The city is overrun with contrabands. The writer says:—

"The influx of negroes is great. They come in from all quarters. They enter town singly, in pairs, and in settlements. They will go into Union families, to jail, or anywhere, to get rid of their rebel masters.—They will wash, drive team, act as servants, or anything, but they will not go home.—Most everybody has a contraband.—Every regiment has from ten to fifty. Nearly all the hard work at the hospitals is done by these people. General Negley is terribly bothered by these contrabands. The Provost Marshal cannot shake them off and Surgeon Swift is overrun by them. Captain Morton, who has charge of those who work on the fortifications, has the names of 1400.

The French papers publish accounts of the expedition of M. Lambert to Madagascar. Its object being primarily the spread of civilization and toleration, the envoy took out for the princesses of that Island an abundant stock of crimson robes, having skirts resplendent with embroidery, sent by her imperial majesty. But the article of universal interest among the fair was the expanding corset, which took everything else down, the only question being whether it should be worn above or beneath the dress. A French officer says that one of the Radama's daughters, decided on wearing the "cage" on the outside, and probably that will be the fashion in Madagascar.

NORTHERNERS NO LONGER OF THE TRUE AMERICAN RACE.—The New York Herald relates the following incident as having occurred on board the pirate Alabama, after the capture of the ship Brilliant:—

"When Captain Hagar was transferred to the Alabama, and ordered to be put in irons, he remonstrated with Mr. Armstrong, the officer seeing the order enforced, in the following language: 'He said: It is a very singular thing that you should confine these men in irons and hold me as a close prisoner when we were born and brought up under the same flag and government. If I were to meet you in distress on the high seas, anywhere else, I would not only not treat you in this manner, but would, if you required it, share the last crust of bread with you, if I found you to be in want of it.'

To these kind remarks Armstrong replied: 'We are nothing to each other as countrymen. The North and South are now distinct races, with no feeling or interests in common. The people of the South are the only true representatives of the American race. You of the North have intermarried so much with the lower classes of Europe, that you have, in a great measure, if not altogether, lost your nationality and are not worthy to be considered of the same people as ourselves.'

THE GOLD FIELDS.—The news from the different gold districts continues to be satisfactory, and in some localities the yield is very large. Some of the companies are doing exceedingly well, and large quantities of rich quartz are being taken out daily. We were told by a gentleman from the mines that a few days ago three tons of quartz taken from the 'Hattie' claim was put through the McDonald Crusher at Cooper's Cove, Wine Harbour, and yielded 45 ounces of gold, being 15 ozs per ton. Five tons of the best quartz yielded 125 ounces, being 25 ounces per ton. The crusher was put up by Mr. Blackie, of Pictou, and is being worked by Mr. Hattie.

From Tangier we learn that on the 22nd inst. Messrs. McCurdy and Tupper had 38 the South Lead, which yielded seven ounces, thirteen pennyweights, and eight grains of gold. The claim has been worked but a short time.

We learn from the Bridgetown Register that an out-building and barn belonging to Mr. Rice Whitman, about a mile south-east of Lawrencetown, were destroyed by fire on the 16th inst. A large quantity of hay and grain were consumed with the barn, besides waggon, &c. The dwelling house was saved with difficulty. The loss is estimated at \$1200.—[Halifax Chronicle.]

RUSSIAN FRENCH INTERPOSITION.—A Washington correspondent of New York Times says that reason exists for the belief that our European relations are at present in a more delicate condition than has been supposed. He also:—

"Private letters from diplomats in Paris indicate a suspicion that a French armada, with fifty thousand men on board, and conveyed by the invincible iron-clad frigates La Gloire, although ostensibly being organized for service against Mexico, will under seal, be opened when half way across the Atlantic, assume a more northerly direction, and finally appear off the mouth of the Mississippi, under the pretext of asking a settlement of the act complained of against Gen. Butler by the French Consul-General at New Orleans."

ABANDONING A FISHING VESSEL.—The Portland Press says that the fishing schooner G. D. Loring of Gloucester, Mass., put in there the other day, reporting herself to the U. S. boarding officer as from the Province, and put into Portland in distress. The next day the craft was found to be abandoned, everything belonging to the crew having been removed. It is supposed that the skipper put into Halifax, sold his cargo and has cleared out with the proceeds. The master, Daniel P. Tyler, and crew, are said to belong to Deer Isle.

THE REV. MR. DUNPHY, for some years Pastor of the Roman Catholic Church in Carleton, has been removed to St. Stephen, to which place he goes on Thursday morning much to the regret, not only of his own flock, but of the people of the Western Side of the Harbor generally. Pre-eminently distinguished for his kindness of heart, and for the unaffected grace of manner, characteristic of the Christian, he has won the love of his congregation, who are devotedly attached to him, and the esteem and respect of all with whom he has been brought in contact. No man could have done more material or moral good than he has accomplished in Carleton; his labours among his people for their advancement and improvement have been incessant, and have been

crowned with success. We understand that the Rev. gentlemen delivered an affecting valedictory on Sunday, to which the Church was crowded to its utmost capacity.—[Globe.]

THE DIPHTHERIA, which is prevalent in this City, has reappeared on the Richibucto river and its branches. At one time it committed ravages among the children on one of those rivers that it was found necessary to close the school in the district on account of nearly all the children being sick or dead. We notice that at Sandy Cove, near Digby, N. S., three persons have died of the fatal disease within a few days of each other, and one person at Grand Joggin, N. It appears to be impossible to neutralize the effect of diphtheria on the physical system.—[Telegraph.]

THE ARMY SURGEONS.—It is openly charged here that army surgeons are constantly bribed to allow men to go on the ground of physical disability, and that the army is rapidly grown less through the dishonest operation. Powerful friends of sick soldiers constantly through the War Department and the Surgeon General's office in the endeavor to obtain discharges for their friends. One tenth of the new troops arriving here will not stand the test of a rigid examination, and that is one reason why so many are sent back.—[Wash. Cor. N. Y. Eve. Post.]

SEDENTARY labor has not the alleviation of outdoor occupation in the absence of natural scenery, a pure atmosphere, and exhilarating exercise. It enfeebles, not strengthens the springs of life and enjoyment.

The Noble Red Man.

The red man of the forest was formerly a very respectable person. Justice to the noble aborigine warrants me in saying that originally he was a majestic cuss.

At the time of Chris. Columbus, the savages were virtuous and happy. They were innocent, of secession, rum, draw-poker, and sinfulness generally. They displayed the slavery question as a custom.—They had no congress, faro banks, delirium tremens, or Associated Press. Their habits were consequently good. Late supper, dyspepsia, gas companies, thieves, ward politicians, pretty waiter girls, and other metropolitan refinements was unknown to them. No savages in good standing, would take postage stamps. You couldn't have got a con skin, with a barrel of 'em. The female Aborigine never died of consumption, because she didn't let her waist up in whalebone things; but in loose and flowing garments she bounded, with naked feet, over the hills and plains like the wild and frisky antelope.

It was a calamity moment for us when Chris. set his foot onto these shores. It would have been better for us of the present day if the injins had given him a wool and sent him home on the ragin billers. For the savages owned the country, and Columbus was a filibuster. Cortez, Pizarro, and Walker were one-horse filibusters—Columbus was a four-horse team filibuster, and a large yaller dog under the waggin. I say, in view of the mess we are makin' of things, it would have been better for us if Columbus had staid to home.—[Artemus Ward.]

A HORSE RETURNED TO LIFE.—The Bangor Times says that Mr. A. G. Hunt of that city something more than a year ago sent a horse into the country to be pastured. Subsequently the owner of the pasture reported the horse dead, and showed Mr. Hunt the bones as he said. A few mornings since he saw horse in the street attached to a load of potatoes and on enquiring found that the driver was the third owner of the horse since he left Mr. Hunt. Horses are mighty "one-carain property."

Artemus Ward in speaking of the newspaper of his village, says that "the advertisements are well written, and deaths and marriages are conducted with signal ability." The same humorist tells the following story: "I remember how people poured into our town last spring to see the Hellips. They labored under the impression that they couldn't see it to home, and so they came up to our place. I cleared a very handsome amount of money by exhibiting the Hellips to 'em in an open tent."

In one of the Portsmouth public schools a boy, reading the morning lesson from the New Testament, rendered one verse thus: "This is the hair-comb let us kill him." It should have been: "This the hair-comb, &c., &c."

There has been a great advance recently in the price of Railroad stock.

WORKS
Square
N. B.

Establishment
that he has
brother under
the

to their stock
ABLE
most and
Mrs. Amb.
is, nalle
c. op. s.

all kinds of stone
lathery are for
unquen from the
k, but believe that
workmen may be
cutting for foreign
people out of their
to cut own

S MILLIGAN
RIMILLIGAN,
and a great v
ments,
quantity, and s
reached any how
Five Pipe Stones

IS
agass, saddle
Esq
merchant
city
ylop
CES.
D James
unbuhl
len.
r Smith
Rev. Mr. Glass

ICE FOR \$10?
Every
has his
own
Printer

ATTENT
TING PRESS.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

at which time money
valuable
in having been
to make
the CHURCHES, BIR-
ABILITY, AND SPECIFIC
ing features of this Press—
and of the other—
part of the bed, and receiving
It will adapt to all
and has no superior in the
It does not matter what
it does, and at a rate of 30
there are no printing office
capable of doing as there is
Mr. Dumas and P. J. G. G.

Steamship Arabia at Halifax.

HALIFAX, Nov. 1, 1862.
The steamship Arabia, Stone, left Liverpool at 2 p.m., on the 28th, and Queenstown 12th, and arrived at Halifax at 1.30 a.m. on November 1st. She experienced strong westerly gales during the whole passage. She has 109 passengers for Boston. The Scotia arrived at Queenstown about 1.30 p.m., 17th, and at Liverpool 8 morning 18th.

The Daily News correspondent at Spezia, says intelligence reached there that two Confederate cruisers had entered Mediterranean, Capt. Semmes being in command of one; that it was rumored that they had already sunk or burnt 12 Federal vessels, and that American Consuls at all ports were on alert to spread tidings and provide measures for future safety. Query?—whether or not this may be another version of the statement already published of destruction of whalers.

The Daily News compliments Sir G. C. Lewis for his remarks against the recognition of the South. It regrets them as ministerial in significance, and says they will go far to still the rising clamor of reckless and thoughtless men. It further says that, notwithstanding Gladstone's statement, the government are of opinion that Jeff. Davis has not made Southern States a nation, and until he has, England will certainly not interfere. The same journal editorially picks to pieces ex-Governor Morehead's Liverpool oration and New Orleans correspondence recently published in "Times," and contends the arguments used clearly show that the South slavery is the beginning, middle and end of the whole revolution.

The "Herald" calls attention to the conflicting views of Gladstone and Sir G. Lewis relative to America, and says they ought not to sit in the same Cabinet. The "Herald" controverts the views of Lewis, and says former precedents would justify the present recognition of the South.

The "Army and Navy Gazette" says it is obvious that the numbers in the field touch limits of fighting population both North and South, and when added to the armies swelled up in swamps and battle fields, in marshes and rendered non-effective by sickness, wounds and parole, that the intervention which arises from hard logic of accomplished facts is more likely to terminate the war, in which so much ignorance of first principles of military science has been evinced and so great indifference shown to human life.

FRANCE.

The retirement of Thiers from the Ministry attracted much attention and led to various speculations. The change was to be unfavorable for the settlement of the Roman question. It is reported that several other members of the French Cabinet, who rather favored the evacuation of Rome, will retire, and that the Cabinet will be essentially a new one.

The appointment of Drouin de L'Huys to Foreign Ministry regarded as a blow to the hopes of Italians.

Latest rumors assert that Fould and Presigny both tendered their resignations, but nothing certain.

Reported that Fould was about to visit Marseilles and make a speech there, which will create sensation politics and commerce.

Marshal Canrobert is appointed Commander of the Military Division of Lyons, and Duke Magenta that of Nancy.

The Times Paris correspondent reports that the Emperor returned from Biarritz in very Ultra-Montane spirit. What may be the cause of this sudden change from indifference to piety seems to puzzle France. Latest phase of Imperial mind gives victory for a time to priestly party. No doubt that for the present there is an end to all thoughts of the evacuation of Rome.

Bourse on 17th firm 71.25.

ITALY.

It is stated that the withdrawal of Thiers from French Ministry created immense sensation at Turin, and rumors that Ratazzi had resigned received some credence.

There are also vague rumors from Rome that Cardinal Antonelli and Mons. Merode had tendered resignations.

Reported that the Prince Henri de La Tour d'Auvergne is to be the new French Minister to Rome.

PORTUGAL.

Japanese Ambassador had reached Lisbon.

DENMARK.

Despatch from Earl Russell to Danish Government, dated Sept. 24th, on Schleswig. Holstein question has been published. It expresses very unfavorable views of Danish claims on German Duchies, and recommends Danish Governments to cancel Common Constitution for Denmark and Schleswig.

Danish Government in reply positively declined to accept recommendations of Earl Russell.

MONEY MARKET.

Funds on the 17th were stronger. Consols a shade higher. Demand for discount made active. Very little done below 2 percent. If Gold withdrawals from Bank continue, it is thought an advance in Bank premium will result. Specie shipment to the East by mail of 20th, would be nearly four hundred thousand pounds sterling, principally for cotton payments.

LATEST.

Liverpool, Saturday afternoon. The Times-to-day is silent on American affairs. The Daily News briefly points to desperation and barbarism of slave drivers, as evidenced by proceedings of Confederate Congress.

The Morning Herald reverts to Lewis's

speech regarding America, and again argues in opposition that the time has arrived for recognition of the South. It says that the greatest mistake future times will point out in the foreign policy of Palmerston, will be the long delay in the recognition of the Confederates.

The Morning Post also has argument against Lewis's views as to the time for recognition. It says they are totally at variance accepted practice of nations.

INDIA AND CHINA.
Calcutta, Sept. 28. Shitings and Turist firm. Indigo and Saltpetre active. Exchange two shillings and three quarters of a penny.

SHANGHAI.
Sept. 14th.—Gen. Ward's contingent has extricated itself from its perilous position. The rebels made a fierce attack on the city and burnt down villages in the vicinity. They were driven back with great loss.

Prince Kung attacked with cholera, which rages fearful in the Northern Provinces. Nothing important from Japan.

Breadstuffs dull and irregular. Provisions still declining.

Bullion in Bank decreased £812,000. Consols 93½.

Mr. Gladstone's speech.
The following extracts are most important portion of Mr. Gladstone's speech:

We know quite well that people—I mean the people of the Northern States—have not yet drunk of the cup—they are still endeavoring to hold it from their lips—they have not yet drunk of the cup which, notwithstanding, all the rest of the world sees they must do. (Hear, hear.) We may have our own opinions about slavery—we may be for the South or against the South, but there is no doubt, I think, about this—Jefferson Davis and the other leaders of the South have made an army—they are making it, it appears, a navy—and they have made what is more than either, they have made a nation.

Enthusiastic cheering, which was prolonged for some time. We may anticipate with certainty the success of the Southern States, so far as regards effecting their separation from the North. I, for my own part, cannot but believe that that event is as certain as any event yet future and contingent can be. (Cheers.)

But it is from feeling that that great event is likely to arise, and that the North will have to suffer that mortification, that I earnestly hope England will do nothing to inflict additional shame, sorrow or pain upon those who have already suffered much, and who probably have to suffer more. (Cheers.)

It may be that a time might arrive when it would be the duty of Europe to offer a word of expostulation, or of friendly aid towards composing the quarrel. If it be even possible that such a time as that may arrive, how important is it that when that word comes, it should address itself to minds which are not embittered by the recollection that unkind things have been said and done towards them in Europe and above all in England, the country which however they may find fault with from time to time, we know hold the highest place in their admiration and respect. (Enthusiastic prolonged cheers.)

FROM THE STATES.

BANQUET, Oct. 31.
Reported that Army of the Potomac is to be divided into three grand armies, under Hooker, Burnside and McClellan.

Burnside is advancing.

Lee is supposed to be in the vicinity of Winchester, probably intending to fight there.

Jackson, Hill and Hampton are reported encamped near Martinsburg.

Definitely ascertained that the main body of the rebels are between Bunker Hill and Winchester.

Confederates are in force, and increasing at Petersburg and Longstreet.

Wilmington, N. C., Journal announces the arrival of Negro Regiments to garrison the Town and Fortifications. They have been in camp of instruction under white officers for three months.

Columbus, Ga., Times 17th, reports that Gen. Butler landed at Pensacola with 7,000 men, and it was expected that he would advance on the Junction of the Mobile, Montgomery and Pensacola roads.

Nov. 1.
Stewart's cavalry drove a small force of Federal cavalry back to Aldie yesterday.

Richmond papers announce Gen. Bragg's arrival there.

Gen. Hindham, imprisoned at Little Rock, will be taken to Richmond for trial.

Large number charges that one of his orders was to poison Wells on route of Federal troops.

Portion of the crew of ship Alleghenian from Baltimore for London, guano laden, report that when lying near the mouth of the Rappahannock, Confederates came off in boats, taking a number of the crew prisoners and firing her.

Gunboat Monticello succeeded in extinguishing flames. Generally supposed to be a case of mutiny.

Advices from St. Vincent report rising of Negro laborers against proprietors, committing outrages. Whites turned out, killing seven rioters and captured two hundred.

Troops were sent from Barbadoes and insurrection quelled.

A FEDERAL REPULSE.—By cutting the railroad in the manner proposed, communication between the cities of Savannah and Charleston would be destroyed, and the way opened for a sudden blow upon each of

these places. The land and naval forces participating in this movement sailed from Hilton Head on the night of the 21st. The land forces were composed of portions of the first and second brigades of the Tenth army corps, 4,500 in number commanded by Brig. Gen. J. M. Brannan and A. H. Terry, the former being senior officer, and therefore commanding Expedition. The troops landed at Mackay's Point, and commenced their march soon after ten o'clock on Wednesday morning. The enemy's forces were met about seven miles out and gradually driven back, fighting as they retired, until, at nearly six o'clock in the afternoon, they crossed the Pocotaligo river, and destroyed the bridge, thus preventing further pursuit.

There were indications of the approach of reinforcements from Charleston and Savannah, and Gen. Brannan therefore ordered a retreat, which was conducted in the most orderly manner, the regiments retiring in successive lines, carrying off their dead and wounded, and leaving no arms or ammunition on the field. While these events were happening with the main body, Col. Barton, with 350 men, penetrated to the railroad at Coosawatchie, tearing up the track, and then cutting the telegraph wire. Col. Barton also attempted to reach the railroad bridge, for the purpose of firing it, but was unable as it was protected by a battery of three guns. Fearing that his retreat might be cut off by the enemy's cavalry, he gave the order to retire to the steamboat, which was done successfully. The Federal loss on this expedition was 46 men killed, 234 wounded, and 3 missing.

TRAIN DISSECTED.—The Editor of the Boston Commonwealth went to hear George Francis Train make his first speech in that city, and this is what he says at the end of two caustic columns:—

P. S.—Since writing the above, we learn that a learned chemist has pronounced the address to consist, by close analysis, of kid gloves, ½; handkerchief, ¼; train oil, ¼; Jorhorge Bene Lacle Hallian, ¼; the whole dissolved in gas.

LATER.—We learn that Barnum has secured G. F. T. for the Aquarel Gardens, where the evolutions of this creature will be exhibited in future. Barnum whined to call it the "What is it" but high zoological authority has already labelled it; Genus Bug; Species, How.

We were shown the other day, by Mr. David Rogers, several fine specimens of Gold bearing Quartz, which were broken off with a hammer from a large rock in his field in the vicinity of Chatham. Mr. Rogers informs us that the gold bearing Quartz is to be had in large quantities in and around the same place. [Col. Times.]

An Englishman just returned from Richmond, says that he was on board the Merrimack, No. 2, last Friday. He says she will not be ready for service for 6 weeks. One of her engines had too small a screw, which had to be replaced. She is plated with railroad iron 6 inches thick. She is to carry 6 guns, for which she has 8 port holes, and 2 iron pivot guns at stem and stern, for each of which she has 8 port holes. She is sharp at both ends, and has a sharp ram at the bow. [ib.]

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, NOV. 7, 1862.

The trains from the Woodstock Road Station arrived here on Friday evening the difficulty between the navies and the contractors having been settled it is said by the Railway Company, agreeing to loan the contractors the amount to pay the men, which is to be done this week. The reports of the disturbance (which had been exaggerated) reached St. John on Friday week, and His excellency the Lieut. Governor with commendable alacrity at once left St. John by express, accompanied by Col. Cole for Fredericton, and from thence, with 100 men of the 15th Regt. were conveyed with despatch to Woodstock to restore quiet and order. After a few days the difficulty was arranged as before stated, and we sincerely trust that no demonstrations of the kind will occur again on the Railway. No damage was done by the men, further than the detention of the trains, which it is said, is a serious loss to the Railway Company.

The Confederate steamship Alabama, has been within 180 miles of Boston during the last fortnight, and destroyed six American vessels, and ransomed two—sending the crews of the burnt vessels, in a Boston brig to that port.

In several places in Canada and the Northern States, snow has fallen covering the ground; Western New York, was visited by a great snow storm on the 25th Oct., the snow averaging eighteen inches in depth; the damage done to fruit and ornamental trees was very great, breaking the limbs with the accumulated weight of snow in the branches. Under the heat of the sun the snow rapidly disappeared.

Incendiary fires are becoming common in St. John, several have taken place within a

couple of weeks—in some cases property has been destroyed, while in others it has only been saved by being discovered in time and by the exertions of the Fire companies.

It was unanimously concluded, at the Public Meeting, held in the Town Hall, on Saturday, for the purpose of raising subscriptions in aid of the suffering operatives in the Cotton Districts in Great Britain, that the best mode of doing so, would be, by requesting all the Clergymen of all the denominations, in this County, to take up, a collection, for that purpose on Sunday the 16th instant. The amounts to be sent to the Sheriff of the County who will acknowledge the receipt of the various sums in this paper and transmit the same to the Central Committee at St. John.

We have no doubt, but that our Clergymen, will cheerfully lend their powerful assistance in carrying out the wishes of their fellow Citizens.

SOLDIERS VOTING.—The Northern Soldiers in camp, are voting on the Republican and Democratic tickets. Politics the Press said, a few months ago were discarded and the only rallying cry was,—"a vigorous prosecution of the war and our country united." Party feeling appears to run as high now, as it has done for years; perhaps it is "all right," as it will undoubtedly lead to a termination of the war, either by a restoration of the Union as it was, or by concession to the South, in the language of Gen. Scott—"wayward sisters depart in peace?" The North is fighting to restore order and union—the South is putting forth its best energies for its freedom as a new nation.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for October, has been received from Messrs. L. Scott Co., New York. This number both for variety and excellence of the articles, is highly interesting. It commences with an able paper entitled "Ten Days in Richmond." The 2d article is "Cantoniana—part IX."

3. Germany and her Prospects.

4. Chronicles of Carlisle: Salem Chapel.—Part IX.

5. Iphigenia in Tauris.

6. Gaster, the First M. A.

7. Tucker II. again!

8. Italy and France.

THE FATE OF A REGIMENT.—The following is only one out of many such pictures of destruction and misery which might be drawn resulting from the struggles between the North and South:—

The career of the second Wisconsin Regiment is practically ended: All that remains of the eleven hundred who left Wisconsin a little more than twelve months ago, are fifty nine war-worn, and battle-grimmed men.

Almost every blood stained field of Maryland and Virginia is enriched by the bones of the dead from that noble regiment—There were ten over flowing companies when the regiment left the State. [Milwaukee News.]

SHIPWRECK.—On Friday last the schooner Serenade, Capt. Rising, bound from Cornwallis, N. S., to St. John with a load of produce ran ashore on Grindstone Island during the heavy gale which prevailed at that time and became a total wreck. The captain and crew, together with one or two passengers, were taken off by the brigantine Caladonia, Capt. Jones of Hillsboro, which was near at hand. The captain and crew landed here on Sunday, having lost all their clothing, except what they had on at the time. The schooner and cargo are a complete loss. There was no insurance. Captain and crew were forwarded from this station by railway to St. John free of charge. [West Times.]

5's of the Trader's Bank of Bangor, altered from 1's are in circulation. Look out for them!

It is reported that the steamer New Brunswick has been chartered by the Government and that she will be taken from the route on her return to Boston from the present trip.—Essex Sentinel.

DIED.
On the 23rd September, in the ship "Zetash," on her passage home from Bombay, Captain Peter B. Morrison, late of St. Andrews, N. B., aged 40, highly respected and deeply regretted.—St. John's papers please copy.

FURS, FURS, FURS.
At the Albion House, Water Street.

JOHN S. MAGEE would at this time express his thanks for the large and increasing patronage he has been favored with by the people of St. Andrews and vicinity since commencing business and hoping by obliging manners, strict attention and always selling good article at lowest prices to retain that patronage and support.

I beg to announce that I have ready for inspection and sale, a choice lot of Furs from the manufacture of A. Magee, St. John, newly got up from properly seasoned skins, made by the best workmen, and every article guaranteed, and old at the manufacturers' prices.

Opposum Boas and Capes.

Imitation Russian Fitch.

Bohemian Martin Real do

Mountain do Real do

Mock Ermine Real do

A splendid stone Martin Boa and Cuffs genuine article.

As these Furs are on commission, they will only be exhibited about six weeks. Parties requiring a good article should therefore call early.—Come & see the Furs at

JOHN S. MAGEE'S.

Albion House.

ST. ANDREWS, J. S. MAGEE.

A choice lot of New Flowers in all the leading colors.

Elbows to Correspond.

MILLINERY in the Newest Style. Bonnets made and trimmed to order. Felt and Straw hats in the New Shapes.

Dress Caps to Order. Mantles made to order in the most fashionable style.

Machine sewing & stitching done also Pinking Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly attended to.

PUBLIC SALE.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on Monday, the 18th day of November, instant, at the hour of eleven o'clock, a.m. at the Public Landing in Saint Stephen, the following real estate and premises:—viz All that certain plot of land with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in Saint Stephen aforesaid, near the Head of the Cove (so called) bounded east by a lot of land formerly belonging to J. P. Andrews, beginning at a stake near the road, thence running north thirteen rods and one link, of a rod more or less, thence running west three rods more or less, thence running south thirteen rods and one link of a rod more or less, by a small stream running through the Ebbay lot, and entering into the head of the Cove, thence running east three rods to the Bound first mentioned, containing in the whole forty square rods more or less, together with that certain strip of land lying on the east side of the said lot and adjoining thereto, about four feet in width in front on the road, and extending back in a northerly direction in a straight line preserving the same width parallel to the east line of said lot, reserving therein to one James Wadell, his heirs and assigns, the use and privilege of a right of access to the well or pump situated on said last mentioned strip of land, for the purpose of drawing water therefrom.

The above premises being same as are mentioned and contained in certain indenture of mortgage of date the twenty-fifth day of February, A. D. 1858 made by Henry Scott and Johanna his wife to Thomas Crozier, and which premises are to be sold by virtue of power of sale in said indenture of mortgage contained for default of payment. Dated 3d November A. D. 1862.

(signed) THOMAS CROZIER.

ALBION HOUSE.

Water St., Saint Andrews.

Opposite Market Slip.

JOHN S. MAGEE would respectfully inform the inhabitants of St. Andrews and surrounding country that he has received and is weekly receiving his stock of New Goods suitable for the fall and winter. Consisting in part of

Black and Blue Fannels, White Kerseys, Grey Union Fannels, Gait Pans, 4 Colors Reps, Coburgs, Delaines, &c., &c.

Mantle Cloths in waterproof Tweed and Bearskins.

Mens Caps, Cuffs & Fur trimmed, Ladies' Woollen Goods, Scarfs and Comfitters.

Gents and Ladies Cloth Gloves, Cashmere Gloves, Ring Wooldo, Lax Wool Hose in White Grey and Brown.

Childrens Hose and half Boots, Factory Cotton, White Shirting, Prints &c.

Double width Grey sheeting, which with a variety of other goods are offered at a small advance on cost.

Terms cash—and no second price.

J. S. MAGEE.

HOUSE TO LET.

THE House in Queen Street lately occupied by D. Bennett Esq., Apply to J. W. STREET & SON.

Nov. 4th, 1862.

Sugar & Tea.

Ex the Sch. "Fisher" from Boston:—

5 HIDS Muscovado Sugar.

30 Half Chests Cogo Tea.

Nov. 4, 1862. J. W. STREET & SON.

Flour & Corn.

Ex the "Harriet" from New York:—

150 BBL 10 do double Extra Flour.

100 Bags Corn.

Oct. 28. J. W. STREET & SON.

NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Friday the 28th day of November next, at ten o'clock, a.m. upon the premises hereinafter mentioned, at St. Stephen, in the County of Charlotte, for the payment of the debts of the late Hiram Thompson, of St. David's, in said County, deceased, in consequence of a deficiency of the personal estate of the deceased for that purpose, pursuant to a Licence obtained from the Surrogate Court of the said County, the lands and premises, that is to say:—that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in Saint Stephen in the said County, being part of farm Lot number four, Class letter O, in the grant to Donald Grant and others, beginning in the street leading from Saltwater to Milltown, five rods from the line dividing the said lot from lot number five, thence parallel with the said line north thirty degrees west sixteen rods, thence south sixty degrees west five rods, thence south thirty degrees east sixteen rods to the said street, thence on the line of the said street, five rods to the place of beginning; and also one rod of land additional from front to rear of the said above described premises, and in the same enclosure therewith together with the buildings and erections upon the said parcels of land now being.

Dated St. Stephens the 25th day of October, A. D. 1862.

LOREN THOMPSON, Administrator.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO BE SOLD!

A HOUSE suitable for a Hotel or Store, in St. Andrews, well situated, 44 feet front by 56 rear, has a fine Cellar, and is in good repair, lately in the occupation of Mr. Angus Kennedy. Immediate possession given. Should the premises not be sold, they may be rented. Apply, personally by letter prepaid, to ALEX. T. MITCHELL, Esq., St. Andrews, or to JAMES G. STRAYAN, Esq., St. Stephen.

Oct. 16.

TO

HOUSE.

ANDREWS,
J. S. MAGEE,
In all the leading

Correspond
the latest style
to order
in the most fashion-
able and promptly at-

SALE.
on Monday, the
November, instant, at
10 a.m. at the Public
the following real es-
state, situated in the
County of Charlotte, in
the late William Smith
of the County of Saint
Stephens, in said
County, deceased, in con-
sequence of a deficiency
of the personal estate of
the deceased for that pur-
pose, pursuant to a Li-
cense obtained from the
Surrogate Court of the
said County, the lands and
premises following that is
to say: that lot con-
taining fifty acres more or
less near the residence
of John P. Grimmer on the
Basewood Ridge Road,
being the Homestead and
premises of the late
William Smith of Saint
Stephens, aforesaid, and
Mason, together with the
buildings &c. thereon.
G. S. GRIMMER,
Administrator.
Saint Stephens, October 25, 1862.—41

SLUICE PROPERTY - ST. STEPHEN.
To let from 1st April next, all that certain
tract of land in the Parish of Saint Stephens, granted
to Miss Margaret Campbell, known as the
"Sluice property," on which are erected certain
sluices for the conveyance of Boards & Lumber
with all & singular the buildings, erections, privi-
leges, sluices, water, courses &c. Apply to the
undersigned.
J. W. STREET,
25, Sept. 1862. Agent for Miss Campbell.

NOTICE.
ALL persons having demands against the Estate
of Hiram Thompson, late of St. David's in the
County of Charlotte, Farmer, are requested to
present their accounts, duly attested to the Under-
signed within three months from date, and all
persons indebted to the said Estate, will make im-
mediate payment to
LOREN THOMPSON,
Administrator.
St. David Aug. 20, 1862.

Cheap. Cheaper. Cheapest
REDUCTION IN PRICES.
From this date I will offer my summer De Laine
at reduced prices.
Now is the time to purchase a good De Laine
dress cheap.
Call in and examine and be convinced—at the
Albion House.
July 23, 1862. J. S. MAGEE.

The British North American
Association.
COUNCIL.
R. W. CHAWFORD, Esq., M. P.
Hon. J. M. Vankoughnet, of Canada. Ex-Officio
Hon. S. L. Tilley, of New Brunswick. Ex-Officio
Lord Alfred Paget, M. P. Right Hon. Sir E.
Head, Bart. Sir James Ferguson, Bart. M. P.
Hon. Arthur Kinnaird, M. P. J. A. Roebuck, Esq.
M. P. The Hon. Robert Bouverie, Esq. M. P. George
Mills, Esq. Hon. Justice Halberton, M. P. Hon.
Robert Grimston, Hugh Childers, Esq. M. P. H.
Wollaston Blake, Esq. Robert Benson, Esq. Robert
Carter, Esq. Robert Gillespie, Esq. H. Mont-
gomery, Esq. Thomas Barrington, Esq. M. P. George
Carr Glyn, Esq. M. P. Sir Nimmo Farquhar, Bart.
M. P. Sir Francis Head, Bart. Hon. Wentworth
Pitt-Rivers, Esq. Capt. Whyte, Esq. M. P.
Sir J. Dalrymple, Bart. M. P. D. B. Seymour,
Esq. M. P. Henry Paul, Esq. M. P. Charles
Franks, Esq. M. P. R. E. Esq. Wm. Chap-
man, Esq. Edward Walton, Esq. Charles Bischoff,
Esq. John M. Grant, Esq.
Trustees—Right Hon. E. P. Bouverie, M. P.
G. J. Grenfell Glyn, Esq. M. P. Edward Baring,
Esq. Treasurer—Hon. Arthur Kinnaird, M. P.
Bankers—Messrs. Ransom, Bouverie & Co., and
Messrs. Glyn, Mills & Co.
The Council beg to announce that this Association
has been formed to promote Colonial Union
and Correspondence, to collect and circulate in-
formation regarding the material resources
of the Provinces, and as an established centre
of communication to enable the Imperial and Col-
onial interests on both sides of the Atlantic to
confer from time to time on all topics of mutual in-
terest. Membership Annual subscription, £2 2s.
Donations and Annual Subscriptions will be re-
ceived by the Treasurer, the Hon. A. Kinnaird,
M. P., and at the Banks of Messrs. Ransom, Bou-
verie & Co., Pall Mall, London; or Messrs. Glyn,
Mills & Co., Lombard Street, London; or at the Branches
of the Banks of British North America; and M. P.
The Rules of the Association will be forwarded
on application to the undersigned at the Tem-
porary Office of the Association, 155, Gresham House,
Old Broad Street, E. C. London.
By order, JOSEPH NELSON,
Secretary, pro tem.

LONDON AGENCY OFFICE, and
depot for Foreign Wines
135 Prince William Street, St. John.
Received ex George G. Roberts from London.
Cases Chateau Lafite,
or Cases and 2 Octaves Port and 5
Wines. — In depot.
Or Cases and Octaves Superior old Port and 1
cherry, in bottles, Cases of the same of 1 or
3 dozen each.
10 Cases remarkable fine old pale Brandy
— To arrive ex Parkfield.
10 Cases and quarter Cases of very choice Port,
— 10 Cases of French White Wine.
10 Cases and quarter Cases Pale Brandy,
all which the undersigned is instructed to offer as
permitted to protect cost and charges of im-
port. The undersigned is also instructed to invite
orders from all parts of the Province, which his
principals in London will execute on the most
advantageous terms; the several reputations of suc-
cess, are proofs that the interest of the individuals has
and honest consideration.
W. H. STREET.
St. John 6 September, 1862.—41

HAIRDRESSING and Shaving
Saloon
THE Subscriber thanks for the patronage which he
has received since commencing his business, and
trusts that he may be enabled to do so in the fu-
ture. He is situated in the building, Wm. Henry Street, where he will be
happy to wait upon all who require his services in the line
of his profession, having had considerable experience, he
trusts by attention and desire to please, to merit a con-
tinuance of patronage.
Customers requiring a cut, wash and brush, for their
own use, can have them by paying 25 cents.
Particular attention paid to cutting children's hair.
Also washed upon at their own residence.
C. D. REED.
August 20, 1862.

SOLD!
A Hotel or St. in St.
situated 44 feet front
on the corner of the
of Mr. Angus Ken-
nedy. Should the
may be rented, Ap-
proprietor, ALEX. T.
or to JAMES G. STEVENS
Oct. 16,
1862.

10 issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction on Friday
the 25th day of November next, at three o'clock
in the afternoon, upon the Premises hereinafter
mentioned, at Saint Stephens, in the County
of Charlotte, for the payment of the debts of
the late William Smith of Saint Stephens, in said
County, deceased, in consequence of a deficiency
of the personal estate of the deceased for that pur-
pose, pursuant to a License obtained from the
Surrogate Court of the said County, the lands and
premises following that is to say: that lot con-
taining fifty acres more or less near the residence
of John P. Grimmer on the Basewood Ridge
Road, being the Homestead and premises of the
late William Smith of Saint Stephens, aforesaid,
and Mason, together with the buildings &c. thereon.
G. S. GRIMMER,
Administrator.
Saint Stephens, October 25, 1862.—41

SLUICE PROPERTY - ST. STEPHEN.
To let from 1st April next, all that certain
tract of land in the Parish of Saint Stephens, granted
to Miss Margaret Campbell, known as the
"Sluice property," on which are erected certain
sluices for the conveyance of Boards & Lumber
with all & singular the buildings, erections, privi-
leges, sluices, water, courses &c. Apply to the
undersigned.
J. W. STREET,
25, Sept. 1862. Agent for Miss Campbell.

NOTICE.
ALL persons having demands against the Estate
of Hiram Thompson, late of St. David's in the
County of Charlotte, Farmer, are requested to
present their accounts, duly attested to the Under-
signed within three months from date, and all
persons indebted to the said Estate, will make im-
mediate payment to
LOREN THOMPSON,
Administrator.
St. David Aug. 20, 1862.

Cheap. Cheaper. Cheapest
REDUCTION IN PRICES.
From this date I will offer my summer De Laine
at reduced prices.
Now is the time to purchase a good De Laine
dress cheap.
Call in and examine and be convinced—at the
Albion House.
July 23, 1862. J. S. MAGEE.

The British North American
Association.
COUNCIL.
R. W. CHAWFORD, Esq., M. P.
Hon. J. M. Vankoughnet, of Canada. Ex-Officio
Hon. S. L. Tilley, of New Brunswick. Ex-Officio
Lord Alfred Paget, M. P. Right Hon. Sir E.
Head, Bart. Sir James Ferguson, Bart. M. P.
Hon. Arthur Kinnaird, M. P. J. A. Roebuck, Esq.
M. P. The Hon. Robert Bouverie, Esq. M. P. George
Mills, Esq. Hon. Justice Halberton, M. P. Hon.
Robert Grimston, Hugh Childers, Esq. M. P. H.
Wollaston Blake, Esq. Robert Benson, Esq. Robert
Carter, Esq. Robert Gillespie, Esq. H. Mont-
gomery, Esq. Thomas Barrington, Esq. M. P. George
Carr Glyn, Esq. M. P. Sir Nimmo Farquhar, Bart.
M. P. Sir Francis Head, Bart. Hon. Wentworth
Pitt-Rivers, Esq. Capt. Whyte, Esq. M. P.
Sir J. Dalrymple, Bart. M. P. D. B. Seymour,
Esq. M. P. Henry Paul, Esq. M. P. Charles
Franks, Esq. M. P. R. E. Esq. Wm. Chap-
man, Esq. Edward Walton, Esq. Charles Bischoff,
Esq. John M. Grant, Esq.
Trustees—Right Hon. E. P. Bouverie, M. P.
G. J. Grenfell Glyn, Esq. M. P. Edward Baring,
Esq. Treasurer—Hon. Arthur Kinnaird, M. P.
Bankers—Messrs. Ransom, Bouverie & Co., and
Messrs. Glyn, Mills & Co.
The Council beg to announce that this Association
has been formed to promote Colonial Union
and Correspondence, to collect and circulate in-
formation regarding the material resources
of the Provinces, and as an established centre
of communication to enable the Imperial and Col-
onial interests on both sides of the Atlantic to
confer from time to time on all topics of mutual in-
terest. Membership Annual subscription, £2 2s.
Donations and Annual Subscriptions will be re-
ceived by the Treasurer, the Hon. A. Kinnaird,
M. P., and at the Banks of Messrs. Ransom, Bou-
verie & Co., Pall Mall, London; or Messrs. Glyn,
Mills & Co., Lombard Street, London; or at the Branches
of the Banks of British North America; and M. P.
The Rules of the Association will be forwarded
on application to the undersigned at the Tem-
porary Office of the Association, 155, Gresham House,
Old Broad Street, E. C. London.
By order, JOSEPH NELSON,
Secretary, pro tem.

LONDON AGENCY OFFICE, and
depot for Foreign Wines
135 Prince William Street, St. John.
Received ex George G. Roberts from London.
Cases Chateau Lafite,
or Cases and 2 Octaves Port and 5
Wines. — In depot.
Or Cases and Octaves Superior old Port and 1
cherry, in bottles, Cases of the same of 1 or
3 dozen each.
10 Cases remarkable fine old pale Brandy
— To arrive ex Parkfield.
10 Cases and quarter Cases of very choice Port,
— 10 Cases of French White Wine.
10 Cases and quarter Cases Pale Brandy,
all which the undersigned is instructed to offer as
permitted to protect cost and charges of im-
port. The undersigned is also instructed to invite
orders from all parts of the Province, which his
principals in London will execute on the most
advantageous terms; the several reputations of suc-
cess, are proofs that the interest of the individuals has
and honest consideration.
W. H. STREET.
St. John 6 September, 1862.—41

HAIRDRESSING and Shaving
Saloon
THE Subscriber thanks for the patronage which he
has received since commencing his business, and
trusts that he may be enabled to do so in the fu-
ture. He is situated in the building, Wm. Henry Street, where he will be
happy to wait upon all who require his services in the line
of his profession, having had considerable experience, he
trusts by attention and desire to please, to merit a con-
tinuance of patronage.
Customers requiring a cut, wash and brush, for their
own use, can have them by paying 25 cents.
Particular attention paid to cutting children's hair.
Also washed upon at their own residence.
C. D. REED.
August 20, 1862.

SOLD!
A Hotel or St. in St.
situated 44 feet front
on the corner of the
of Mr. Angus Ken-
nedy. Should the
may be rented, Ap-
proprietor, ALEX. T.
or to JAMES G. STEVENS
Oct. 16,
1862.

10 issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

Sheriff's Sales.

To be sold at public auction, on Saturday the 13th
day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at
the Court House in St. Andrews:
ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim
and demand of Angus Holmes, of, in and
to all that piece of Land situated in the Parish of
the County of Charlotte, conveyed by David Ma-
theson and Mary his Wife, to Angus Holmes, by
Deed bearing date 27th April, 1846, and granted
to the said David Matheson by Letters Patent
from the Crown; beginning at a marked spruce
tree standing at the inter section of the North
Western boundary line of the grant to John Oche-
ran, with the Eastern shore of Blacks Harbour,
thence running by the magnet North 14 degrees
30 minutes East 22 chains of 4 poles each, cross-
ing a reserved road to a marked fir tree on the
Bank or shore of Big Sturgeon Cove, L'Ange River
thence following the various courses of the said
Shore westerly to a marked Spruce tree standing
at the head of the said Cove and being at the point
of intersection of lots No. 9 & 10 thence south 70
degrees west 6 chains to a marked spruce tree on
the Bank or head of Little Sturgeon Cove, thence
along the head of Little Sturgeon Cove westerly to
a marked spruce tree standing on the Bank of the
same and in the Eastern Boundary line of lot No. 8
thence south 20 degrees East 27 chains 40 links
crossing the aforesaid reserved road in the north-
ern shore of Blacks Harbour, and thence following the
various courses of the same easterly to the place
of beginning, containing one hundred acres more
or less, with the buildings and improvements there-
on.
The same having been seized and taken under
and by virtue of an execution, issued out of the
Supreme Court, at the suit of John Killings, en-
dorsed to levy 1122. 11. 9, together with Sher-
iff's fees and incidental expenses.
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
3rd June, 1862.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday
the 6th day of December next, at 12
o'clock, noon, at the Court House in St.
Andrews:
ALL the right, title, interest, property
claim and demand of John Simpson
of, in and to all that certain Lot of Land
situated in the Parish of St. Andrews, being
the lot on which he now resides, and bound-
ed as follows, viz.—on the West by the old
road leading from St. Andrews to Frederic-
ton, and on the North by lands owned by
Henry Simpson, containing one hundred
acres more or less. ALSO.
All the right, title, interest, property
claim and demand of the said John Simpson
to that certain piece or parcel of Land sit-
uated in the said Parish of St. Andrews,
known as part of Lot numbered Five, in
the Grant to John Rigby and others, and
conveyed by James McDowell to him, on
the 4th day of June, in the year of our
Lord 1861, containing seventy acres, more
or less, together with all and singular the
appurtenances to the said two Lots or par-
cels of land belonging, or in anywise ap-
pertaining.
The same having been seized and taken
under and by virtue of an execution, at the
suit of Joseph Dougherty and James Har-
ford.
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
20th May, 1862.

To be sold at public auction, on Saturday,
the 29th April next at 12 o'clock, noon,
at the Court House in St. Andrews:
ALL the right, title, interest, property,
claim and demand of James Butler, of,
in and to, all that certain Lot of Land, sit-
uate on the corner of Water and Augusta
streets, in the Town of Saint Andrews, be-
longing to the North East half of Water Lot Num-
ber Eight, in Block letter P, Morris' Division,
with the Buildings thereon.
The same having been seized and taken
under and by virtue of an execution, issued
out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Lu-
ther Dane, Abijah W. Farrar, and George
Hyde, endorsed to levy £61 4s., with inter-
est on £55 13s. from 27th February, 1862,
and 5s 6d for memorial, together with Sher-
iff's fees and incidental expenses.
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office St. Andrews,
Oct. 21, 1862.

CHEAP TRAVEL.
N. B. & C. R. R.
LATEST ARRANGEMENT.
Great Reduction in Fares!!
On and after Monday Oct 6 1862, and un-
til further notice, Trains will run between
St. Andrews and Woodstock Road Station as fol-
lows:
WILL LEAVE ST. ANDREWS STATION
Monday at 3 p. m., on the arrival of Boat
from St. John, Tuesday at 10.30 a.m. Wed-
nesday at 6.30 a.m. Thursday at 3 p. m. on
arrival of Boat from St. John Friday—3 p. m.
on arrival of Boat from Boston Saturday a
10.30 a.m.
WILL LEAVE WOODSTOCK STATION
Monday—at 5 a.m. for Boat to Boston and
Monday—at 10 a.m. for Boat to St. John. Wed-
nesday—at 10 a.m. for Boat to St. John. Thurs-
day—at 2.30 p.m. for Boat to St. John. Sat-
urday—at 10 a.m.
THROUGH FARES EACH WAY FROM WOODSTOCK STA-
TION TO ST. ANDREWS AND VICE VERSA:
To Boston, Steamer and Rail \$7.00
" " " " " " " " 5.00
" " " " " " " " 2.00
" " " " " " " " 2.00
Woodstock Station to St. Andrews,
Single fare, 1.50
" " " " " " " " 1.00
" " " " " " " " .50
HENRY OSBURN,
Manager.
O. JONES,
Superintendent
St. Andrews, Oct. 8, 1862.

THE Subscriber thanks for the patronage which he
has received since commencing his business, and
trusts that he may be enabled to do so in the fu-
ture. He is situated in the building, Wm. Henry Street, where he will be
happy to wait upon all who require his services in the line
of his profession, having had considerable experience, he
trusts by attention and desire to please, to merit a con-
tinuance of patronage.
Customers requiring a cut, wash and brush, for their
own use, can have them by paying 25 cents.
Particular attention paid to cutting children's hair.
Also washed upon at their own residence.
C. D. REED.
August 20, 1862.

SOLD!
A Hotel or St. in St.
situated 44 feet front
on the corner of the
of Mr. Angus Ken-
nedy. Should the
may be rented, Ap-
proprietor, ALEX. T.
or to JAMES G. STEVENS
Oct. 16,
1862.

10 issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

DR. J. E. GRANT.

Dental Surgeon,
and manufacturer of Artificial Teeth.
Rooms over J. C. Perkins Store Main St.
Calais, Me.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
Is hereby Given, that the following Non Resident
Property, in the Parish of St. George, has
been assessed as under for the year 1862, and
unless the amount together with the costs of
advertising &c. are paid within three months
from this date, the same will be sold according
to law.
Dugald McLaughlin 6s 3d
August 16, 1862 JAMES McLEAN,
Collector of Rates.

Valuable Water Lots for Sale.
THE Subscriber offers for sale Water Lots Nos.
1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, in Block E, Morris' Division,
fronting on the Harbour of St. Andrews; the
Railway Extension runs through the property,
and it is within a short distance of the Depot,
and near the Steamboat Landing. The situation is
not surpassed in town for business, is well adapted
for a shipping business, and is worthy the atten-
tion of purchasers.
E. HATCH.
St. Andrews, July 16, 1862.—41.

NOTICE
Is hereby given, that Samuel H. Whitlock of
St. Andrews, has by Deed dated the 18th day of
July, 1862, transferred all his Estate, books, debts
and property to the undersigned, upon certain
trusts for the benefit of creditors in said deed ex-
pressed. The said deed can be seen on applica-
tion to either of the undersigned, and the creditors
of the said S. H. Whitlock, are requested to ex-
ecute the same within sixty days from the date of
said Deed: and all persons indebted to the said
Estate are requested to make immediate payment
to either of the subscribers.
W. HATCH,
C. KENNEDY.
St. Andrews July 29, 1862.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
THE House and Lot, on the corner of
Queen and Edward streets. Possession
given immediately.
Apply to W. HATCH.
June 18.

B. R. STEVENSON.
Attorney at Law and Solicitor
Office—Breen's building, opposite Post Office
St. Andrews, July 13, 1862.

CAUTION.
WE hereby caution all persons from trespassing
or cutting timber on a lot of land in the
Parish of Peninsular, known by the name of "The
Coats Farm"—Any person so trespassing will be
prosecuted according to law.
JAMES W. STREET & SON,
St. Andrews, August 25th, 1862.

CHARLES HASLETT,
CIVIL ENGINEER
and
DEPUTY LAND SURVEYOR.
3m
ST. ANDREWS, N. B.

DR. LAMBERT
ON SELF-PRESERVATION.
Price, with Engravings and Col. 25 cents; by
post thirty cents.
SELF-PRESERVATION, a popular Essay on
Nervous and Physical Debility, resulting
from injurious habits contracted in youth, ex-
hausting the vitality, and by the means of re-
storing the functions of Manhood, destroying the hap-
piness of Married Life, or prevent the fulfilment
of engagement that constitute the most cherished
objects of existence.
By Dr. LAMBERT, 37 Bedford square, London,
Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of
Edinburgh.
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Eng-
land, &c.
The above work contains most useful and in-
teresting information on the physiological changes
which occur in the Reproductive System during
the periods of youth, puberty, and manhood; and
on the due attainment of that degree of mental and
vigor upon which the hopes of posterity depend.
It also points out how all the attributes of Man-
hood can be preserved to advance period of life,
how they are lost, and how they can be recovered.
It is free from the gross exaggerations, alarming
descriptions, and dangerous remedies so generally
resorted to by persons, who, practising with false
medical qualifications, inflict most serious injuries,
and render judicious treatment frequently abor-
tive.
The Author is the only legally qualified prac-
titioner whose name stands on the "Medical Regis-
ter" (the sole test of medical qualification), who
has been exclusively engaged for a series of years
in the treatment of the various functional disor-
ders of the nervous and reproductive system,
which, owing to the great discoveries of modern
science, are rendered subservient to a rational,
simple, and easy mode of treatment.
At home for consultation daily from ten till two,
and from six till eight, either personally or by
letter.—37 Bedford Square, London, England.
Patients residing in the colonies can be success-
fully treated by correspondence, and remedies can
be forwarded in secrecy and safety to any address.
"SELF-PRESERVATION"
may be had of the undersigned Agent? price
25 cents, free by post, 30 cents.
HALIFAX, N. S.—Mr. E. G. Fuller, Express
Agent.
YARMOUTH, N. S.—Messrs. Young and Bak-
ker, Booksellers.
SYDNEY, C. B.—Mr. J. P. Ward, 'News' Of-
fice.
ST. JOHN, N. B.—Messrs. H. Chubb and Co.,
'Courier' Office.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.—Mr. J. In-
glanier's Office.



EXPRESS LINE.
Between Fredericton, Saint Stephen
and Calais.
THE Subscribers return their thanks to the
public for the liberal share of patronage
they have received on this line, and beg to
state that they will continue to run
A STAGE
TWICE A WEEK, as follows:
Leave St. Stephen and Calais every TUESDAY
& FRIDAY at 6 A. M.
Returning leave Fredericton every WEDNESDAY
& SATURDAY at 7 A. M.
Every attention paid to the comfort of those
who travel on this line.
Stage Book will be found at Commercial Hotel
and Barker House, Fredericton; at the Proprietors
Stage office, St. Stephen; and at the Calais
House and Frontier House, Calais.
HARDY & BRIDGES,
St. Stephen, Jan. 9, 1862. Proprietors.

RENOVAL!
The proprietors have removed their office to
the east of Hiram Thompson's and W. W. Gana-
mer's Stores, where they are willing to accommo-
date all who may favor them with a call.
H. B.

INTERNATIONAL
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
TWO TRIPS A WEEK.
THE U. S. Government having taken the
steamer New Brunswick for Transportation
Troops, the steamer NEW ENGLAND, will make
Two Trips per Week, for Portland, connecting
with Railways for both Passengers and Freight
at former printed Tariff rates.
She will leave St. John N. B. MONDAYS and
THURSDAYS, at eight o'clock, and return
will leave Portland TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS
Evenings. Passengers from Boston will take the
7.30 A. M. train from Boston, until further notice.
W. WHITLOCK, AGENT.
Aug. 2.

LANDS AT AUCTION.
To be sold at Public Auction, on the fourth
day of Sept. next, in the Market Square, at
the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, in Saint Andrews,
the following lots of Land:
Lot No. 8, containing 28 acres } on the
Part of Lot No. 10 } Commons.
SCHOOL LAND.
LOT No. 2, containing 65 acres,
" 3 " " 62 "
" 4 " " 70 "
" 5 " " 75 "
" 6 " " 25 "
" 7 " " 25 "
" 8 " " 25 "
" 9 " " 25 "
" 10 " " 25 "
" 11 " " 25 "
Terms well known at the time of Sale. Dated
30th July 1862.
By order of the Justices,
W. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Sugar, Molasses, Flour, &c
Per "Willow" and "Utica," from Boston:
2 Hhds. Bright Muscovado Molasses,
10 do do do Sugar,
80 Bbls. Fancy Flour,
50 do Extra do
March 26. J. W. STREET & SON.

Blackwood's Magazine
AND THE
British Reviews.
L. S. COTT & CO., New York, continue to
publish the following leading British
Periodicals, viz:
I.—THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative).
II.—THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig).
III.—THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church).
IV.—THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal).
V.—BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory).
The present critical state of European affairs
will render these publications unusually interest-
ing during the forthcoming year. They will oc-
cupy a middle ground between the hastily written
news-items, crude speculations, and flying rumors
of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tomes
of the future historian, written after the living in-
terest and excitement of the great political
events of the time shall have passed away. It is
to these Periodicals read, as most look for the only
really intelligible and reliable history of current
events, and as such, in addition to their well-
established literary, scientific, and theological char-
acter, we urge them upon the consideration of the
reading public.
EARLY COPIES.
The receipt of ADVANCE SHEETS from the British
publishers gives additional value to these reprints
inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands
of subscribers about as soon as the original edi-
tion.
TERMS. Per ann. \$3.00
For any one of the four Reviews, 5.00
For any two of the four Reviews, 7.00
For any three of the four Reviews, 8.00
For all four of the Reviews, 9.00
For Blackwood's Magazine, 3.00
For Blackwood and one Review, 5.00
For Blackwood and two Reviews, 7.00
For Blackwood and three Reviews, 9.00
For Blackwood and four Reviews, 10.00
Money current in the State where issued will
be received at par.
N. B.—The price in Great Britain of the five
Periodicals above named is \$31 per annum.
February, 18, 1862.—3m.

M. R. WINSLOW
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician
presents to the attention of mothers, her
"SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,
which greatly facilitates the process of teeth-
ing, by softening the gums, reducing all inflame-
ment, and allaying all pain and spasmodic action and
SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA.
Liver Complaint,
Liver Complaint,
Bilious Complaints, Sick Headache,
Bilious Complaints, Sick Headache,
Acidity,
Acidity,
FLATULENCY, LOSS OF APPETITE
FLATULENCY, LOSS OF APPETITE,
Debility of the System,
Debility of the System,
HEARTBURN, WATER BRASH,
HEARTBURN, WATER BRASH,
FEVER AND AGUE,
FEVER AND AGUE,
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS,
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.
This remedy is just what is wanted to be,—a "remedy
for Dyspepsia." Though containing no alcohol, yet it will
act on the system in any manner. It is highly concentrated,
— a compound of a kind of water containing
acid. Having all the remedies now discovered for dys-
pepsia and bilious complaints, there is none which
will do more good and permanent cure, or which
can produce so many and unexceptionable results from
the smallest dose as this remedy. A single dose often relieves
the distress, and a permanent cure rapidly follows.

From a highly respected Physician in Mel-
bourne.
SOUTH AFRICA, May, Dec. 12, 1862.
Messrs. R. W. FOWLE & CO.—Gentlemen: For
several years past I have had a knowledge of the
operation of the OXYGENATED BITTERS in some cases
of Dyspepsia and General Debility. They have generally
given satisfaction, and sometimes have effected a perma-
nent cure where other remedies had been used without
benefit. I do not hesitate to recommend them.
Respectfully yours,
WILLIAM A. EUST, M.D.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

Letter from Messrs Foster, Esq.
STONARD, N. H., Sept. 20, 1862.
Messrs. R. W. FOWLE & CO.—Gentle: I was
for many years, a great sufferer from DYSPEPSIA
& WATERBRAIN, and tried almost everything within my
reach, but to no benefit, until I was induced by the re-
commendation of my physician, Dr. H. H. H., to make
use of the OXYGENATED BITTERS. The first bottle
produced but a slight alteration in the disease, and had
it not been for the urgent request of my physician I
should then have discontinued their use, thinking them
of no avail; but the confidence inspired me to be-
lieve, and after using to the extent of half a dozen
bottles, I had entirely regained my health. I hope all
dyspeptic persons will be induced to give them a fair
trial, being confident that this remedy is the most ef-
fectual, for the various forms of DYSPEPSIA, that has ever
been produced. Yours,
STANLEY FOSTER.

THE OXYGENATED BITTER.
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.
PREPARED BY R. W. FOWLE & CO.,
16 Tremont Street, Boston.

Sold by Druggists, Dealers, and Merchants in every
town and city in New England and
elsewhere.
Orell & Turner at Andrews.

NOTICE.
THE Undersigned Trustees for the estate of
S. H. Whitlock offer for Sale Town Lot No. 7
adjoining the Methodist Mission House, and
quarter of Lot No. 8 opposite the Catholic Chapel
if not previously disposed of said Lots will be sold
at Public Auction Saturday, the 27th day of Sep-
tember next.
W. HATCH,
C. KENNEDY.
August 25.

CLOTHS & CLOTHING.
BRADFORD & CO.,
Eastport, Maine.
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
CLOTHS & READY MADE CLOTHING
TAILORS, TRIMMINGS,
SEAMENS OUTFITS,
BOYS CLOTHING, TRUNKS, VALISES
&c. &c.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
CUSTOM WORK EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS
AND DISPATCH.
July 3—1

E. L. CHADBOURNE,
GENERAL COMMISSION
AND
Forwarding Merchant,
ST. ANDREWS, N. B.
REPRESENTING—Messrs. C. B. Page, Boston; Messrs.
Blanchard, Washburn, N. B.
S. N. B.—Mr. P. L. CHADBOURNE, Forward-
ing Agent, Goods, Wharf, St. Andrews, will be
happy to send parties all particulars as to freight
by schooner, and expenses from New York, Bos-
ton, Portland, Saint John, Calais, or Saint Ste-
phens, until loaded on the cars at the St. Andrews
Station.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
FIRE AND LIFE
Insurance Company,
CAPITAL \$10,000,000.
All descriptions of Property taken at fair rates on
application to
March 8, 1862. Agent St. Andrews.

