Technical and Bibliographic Notes/Notes techniques et bibliographiques

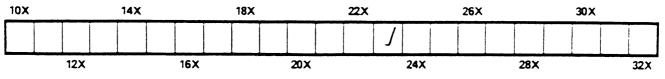
The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below. L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

4

.

	Coloured covers/ Couverture de couleur		Coloured pages/ Pages de couleur
	Covers damaged/ Couverture endommagée		Pages damaged/ Pages endommagées
	Covers restored and/or laminated/ Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée		Pages restored and/or laminated/ Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
	Cover title missing/ Le titre de couverture manque	\checkmark	Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
	Coloured maps/ Cartes géographiques en couleur		Pages detached/ Pages détachées
	Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/ Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)		Showthrough/ Transparence
	Coloured plates and/or illustrations/ Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur		Quality of print varies/ Qualité inégale de l'impression
	Bound with other material/ Relié avec d'autres documents		Includes supplementary material/ Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
	Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/ La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la		Only edition available/ Seule édition disponible
	distorsion le long de la marge intérieure Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/ Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.		Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best possible image/ Les pages totalement ou partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de facon à obtenir la meilleure image possible.
\square	Additional comments:/ This copy is a pl Commentaires supplémentaires	hotoreproduc	tion.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/ Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.



DIRECTIONS

For Navigating on Part of the

ENTRE FOR NELD

OF NEWFOUNT

OCT 21 1982

South Coast of Newfoundland,

WITH

A CHART thereof,

Including the ISLANDS of

St. PETER's and MIQUELON,

And a particular ACCOUNT of the

Bays, Harbours, Rocks, Land-Marks, Depths of Water, Latitudes, Bearings, and Diftances from Place to Place, the Setting of the Currents, and Flowing of the Tides, $\mathfrak{S}c$.

From an actual S U R ∇ E Y, taken by Order of

Commodore PALLISSER, Governor of Newfoundland, Labradore, &c.

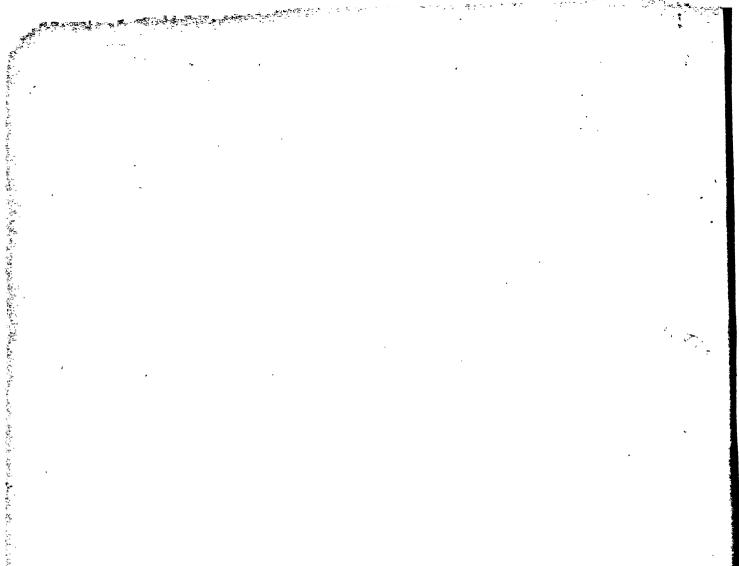
By JAMES COOK,

Surveyor of Newfoundland.

LONDON:

Printed for the AUTHOR, and Sold by J. MOUNT and T. PAGE on Tower-Hill, M,DCC,LXVI.

Pick Vier



i.

10

3

DIRECTIONS

FOR

Navigating on Part of the South Coaft of NEWFOUND-

LAND. James ^{by} Cook 17.66

N.B. All Bearings and Courfes bereafter-mentioned, are the true Bearings and Courfes, and not by Compass.

A P E Chapeaurouge, or the Mountain of the Red Hat, is fituated on Cape Chathe Weft fide of Placentia Bay, in the Latitude of 46° 53' North, and peaurouge, lies nearly Weft 17 or 18 Leagues from Cape St. Maries; it is the higheft and most remarkable Land on that Part of the Coast, appearing above the rest fomething like the Crown of a Hat, and may be seen in clear Weather 12 Leagues.

Close to the Eastward of Cape Chapeaurouge are the Harbours of Great and Harbours of Little St. Laurence. To fail into Great St. Laurence, which is the Westermost, St. Laurence there is no Danger but what lies very near the Shore; taking Care with Westerly, and particularly S.W. Winds, not to come too near the Hat Mountain, to avoid the Flerrys and Eddy Winds under the high Land. The Course in is first N.W. till you open the upper Part of the Harbour, then N.N.W. half W. The best Place for great Ships to Anchor, and the best Ground is before a Cove on the East-fide of the Harbour in 13 Fathom Water. A little above Blue Beach Point, which is the first Point on the West-fide; here you lie only two Points open: You may Anchor any where between this Point and the Point of Low Beach, on the side near the Head of the Harbour, observing that close to the West Shore, the Ground is not so good as on the other Side. Fishing Vessels and the Head of the Harbour above the Beach, sheltered from all Winds.



the second second

.

.

and the second second

. .

.

,

. .

. , ,

To fail into Little St. Laurence you must keep the West Shore on Board, in order to avoid a sunken Rock which lies a little without the Point of the Peninfula, which stretches off from the East-fide of the Harbour: You Anchor above this Peninfula, (which covers you from the Sea Winds) in 3 and 4 Fathom Water, a fine fandy Bottom. In these Harbours are good Fishing Conveniencies, and plenty of Wood and Water. Ships may Anchor without the Peninfula in 12 Fathom good Ground, but open to the S.S.E. Winds.

SaukerHead.

Sauker-Head lies 3 Miles to the Eastward of Cape Chapeaurouge, it is a pretty high round Point, off which lie some sunken Rocks about a Cable's Length from the Shore.

Garden Bank This Bank whereon is from 7 to 17 Fathom Water, lies about half a Mile off from Little St. Laurence, with Blue Beach Point on with the East Point of Great St. Laurence.

> Ferryland bead lies S.W. 1 Mile from Cape Chapeauronge, it is a high rocky Island, just seperated from the Main; it and Cape Chapeauronge are sufficient Marks to know the Hasbours of St. Laurence.

Weft 5 Miles from Ferryland-Head, lies the Bay of Laun, in the Bottom of Bay of Laun. which are two fmall Inlets, called Great and Little Laun. Little Laun, which is the Eaftermoft, lies open to the S.W. Winds, which generally prevails upon this Coaft, and therefore no Place to Anchor in. Great Laun lies in about N. by E. 2 Miles, is near half a Mile wide, whereon is from 14 to 3 Fathom Water. To fail into it, you must be careful to avoid a funken Rock, which lies about a quarter of a Mile off from the East Point. The best Place to Anchor is on the East-fide, about half a Mile from the Head, in 6 and 5-Fathom; the Bottom is pretty good, and you are fhelter'd from all Winds, except S. and S. by W. which blow right in, and cause a great fwell. At the Head of this Place is a Bar Harbour, into which Boats can go at half Tide; and Conveniencies for a Fishery, and plenty of Wood and Water.

Laun Islands. Off the West Point of Laun Bay lay the Islands of the same Name, not far from the Shore; the Westermost and outermost of which lie W. Southerly 10 Miles from Ferryland-bead; near a quarter of a Mile to the Southward of this Island is a Rock whereon the Sea breaks in very bad Weather: There are other such about these Islands, but they are no ways Dangerous, being very near the Shore.

Taylor's Bay. This Bay which lies open to the Sea, lies 3 Miles to the Westward of Laux Islands; off the East Point are some sunken Rocks near a quarter of a Mile. from the Shore.

A little to the Westward of Taylors Bay there stretches out a low Point of Land, called Point Anx Gaul; off which lies a Rock above Water, half a Mile from

Ferryland Head.

> Point Aux Gaul.

		Contraction in the second second
	-	
•		
á 18 - J		
÷		
۶. ۴		•
		,

٠

:

•

from the Shore, called Gaul Sbag Rock; this Rock lies West three quarters South 5 Leagues from Ferryland-Head, you have 14 Fathom close to the off Side of it, but between it and the Point are some sunken Rocks.

From Point Aux Gaul Shag Rock, to the Islands of Lamelin is West three quar- Lamelia ters N. 1 League, between them is the Bay of Lamelin, wherein is very shallow Bay. Water, and several small Islands, and Rocks both above and under Water, and in the Bottom of it is a Salmon River.

The two Islands of Lamelin (which are but low) lie off the Weft Point of the Lamelin Bay of the fame Name, and lie Weft three quarters South, 6 Leagues from the Mountain of the Red Hat; but in steering along Shore make a W. by S. Course good, will carry you clear of all Danger. Small Vessels may Anchor in the Road between these Islands in 4 and 5 Fathom, tolerably well shelter'd from the Weather : Nearly in the Middle of the Passage going in between the two Islands, is a funken Rock, which you avoid by keeping nearer to one Side than the other, the most Room is on the East-fide. The Eastermost Island communicates with the Main at Low-water, by a narrow Beach, over which Boats can go at High-water, into the N.W. Arm of Lamelin Bay, where they lay in sort. Near to the South Point of the Westermost Island is a Rock pretty high above Water, called Lamelin Sbag Rock; in going into the Road between the Islands, you leave this Rock on your Larboard Side.

These Ledges lay along the Shore, between Lamelin Islands and Point May, Lamelin which is 3 Leagues, and are very Dangerous, some of them being 3 Miles from Ledges. the Land. To avoid these Ledges in the Day-time, you must not bring the Islands of Lamelin to the Southward of East, until Point May, or the Western extremity of the Land bear N. by E. from you; you may then steer to the Northward with fastery, between Point May and Green Island. In the Night, or loggy Weather, you ought to be very careful not to approach these Ledges within 30 Fathom Water, least you get intangled amongs them. Between them and the Main are various Soundings from 16 to 5 Fathom.

All the Land about Cape Chapeaurouge and Laun, is high and hilly close to the Sea; from Laun Islands to Lamelin it is of a moderate Height; from Lamelin to Point May, the Land near the Shore is very low, with landy Beaches, but a little way inland are Mountains.

The Island of St. Peter's lies in the Latitude 46 Degrees 46 Minutes North. Island of St. West hy South near 12 Leagues from Cape Chapeaurouge, and West by South Peter's. half South 5 Leagues from the Islands of Lamelin; it is about 5 Leagues in circuit, and pretty high, with a craggy, broken, uneven Surface. Coming from the Westward, as soon as you raise Gallantry Head, which is the South Point of the Island, it will make in a round Hommock like a small Island and appears if seperated from St. Peter's. On the East-side of the Island, a

Obiervation

Little

·

. .

.

.

.

.

.

little to the N.E. of Gallentry-Head lay three fmall Islands, the innermost of which is the largest, called Dog-Island; within this Island is the Road and Harbour of St. Peter's; the Harbour is but small, and hath in it from 12 to 20 Feet Water; but there is a Bar across the Entrance, whereon there is but 6 Feet at Low-water, and 12 or 14 Feet at High-water. The Road which lies on the N.W. Side of Dog-Island will admit Ships of any Burthen, but it is only fit for the Summer Season, being open to the N.E. Winds; you may lay in 8, 10, and 12 Fathom, and for the most Part is a hard rocky Bottom, there is very little clear Ground; Ships of War commonly Buoy their Cables; the best Ground is near the North Shore. Going in or out, you must not rainge too near the East-fide of Boar-Island, which is the Eastermost of the three Islands above-mentioned, for fear of some submits. Peter's, but what lay very near the Shore.

•6

Island of Columbo. This Island is of a small circuit, but pretty high, and lies very near the N.E. Point of St. Peter's; between them is a very good Passage, one-third of a Mile wide, wherein is 12 Fathom Water. On the North-fide of the Island is a Rock pretty high above Water, called Little Columbo; and about a quarter of a Mile N.E. from this Rock is a sunken Rock, whereon is 2 Fathom Water.

Island of Langley.

The Island of Langley, which lies on the N.W. Side of St. Peter's, is about 8 Leagues in Circuit, of a moderate and pretty equal height, except the N. end, wich is a low Point with Sand Hills along it; it is flat a little way off the low Land on both Sides of it, but all the high Part of the Island is very bold too, and the Passage between it and St. Peter's (which is a League broad) is clear of Danger. You may Anchor on the N.E. Side of the Island, a little to the Southward of the Sand Hills, in 5 and 6 Fathom, a fine fandy Bottom, sheltered from the Southerly, S.W. and N.W. Winds.

Island of Miquelon. From the North Point of Langley, to the South Point of Miquelon is about 1 Mile; it is faid that a few Years fince they join'd together at this Place by a Neck of Sand, which the Sea has wafh'd away and made a Channel, wherein is 2 Fathom Water. The Island of Miquelon is 4 Leagues in Length from North to South, but of an unequal Breadth; the Middle of the Island is high Land, called the high Land of Dunn; but down by the Shore it is low, except Cape Miquelon, which is a lofty Promontory at the Northern extremity of the Island.

Dann Harbour. On the S.E. Side of the Island, to the Southward of the high Land, is a pretty large Bar-Harbour, called *Dunn Harbour*, which will admit Fishing Shallops at half Flood, but can never be of any Utility for a Fishery.

Miquelon Rocks and Bank. Miquelon Rocks stretches off from the East Point of the Island, under the high Land 1 Mile and a quarter to the Eastward, some are above and some under Water; the outermost of these Rocks are above Water, and you have 12 Fathom close to them, and 18 and 20 Fathom 1 Mile off. N.E. half N: 4 or 5 Miles from these Rocks lie Miquelon Bank, whereon is 6 Fathom Water. The .

そうかいた ほんしょう

• ·

·

The Road of Miquelon (which is large and fpacious) lies at the North-end, Road of Miand on the East-fide of the Island, between Cape Miquelon and a very remarkable round Mountain near the Shore, called Chapeaux: Off the South Point of the Road are fome funken Rocks, about a quarter of a Mile from the Shore, but every where else it is clear of Danger. The best Anchorage is near the Bottom of the Road in 6 and 7 Fathom, fine fandy Bottom; you lay open to the Easterly Winds, which Winds seldom blow in the Summer.

Cape Mique-

Cape Miquelon, or the Northern extremity of the Island is high bluff Land; lon. and when you are 4 or 5 Leagues to the Eastward or Westward of it, you would take it for an Island, by reason the Land at the Bottom of the Road is very low.

The Seal Rocks are two Rocks above Water, lying 1 League and a half off Seal Rocks from the Middle of the West-fide of the Island *Miquelon*; the Passage between them and the Island is very fafe, and you have 14 or 15 Fathom within a Cable's Length all round them.

This Island which is about three-quarters of a Mile in Circuit, and low, lies Green Island N.E. 5 Miles from St. Peter's, and nearly in the Middle of the Channel, between it and *Point May* on *Newfoundland*; on the South-fide of this Island are fome Rocks both above and under Water, extending themselves 1 Mile and a quarter to the S.W.

Description of Fortune Bay.

Fortune Bay is very large, the Entrance is form'd by Point May and Pafs Island, which are 12 Leagues N. by E. and S. by W. from each other, and it is about 23 Leagues deep, wherein are a great many Bays, Harbours, and Islands.

The Island of Brunet is fituated nearly in the Middle of the Entrance into Island of Fortune Bay, it is about 5 Leagues in Circuit, and of a tolerable Height; the Brunet. East-end appears at fome Points of view like Islands, by reason it is very low and narrow in two Places. On the N.E. Side of the Island is a Bay, wherein is tolerable good Anchorage for Ships in 14 and 16 Fathom, shelter'd from. Southerly and Westerly, Winds; you must not run too far in for fear of some funken Rocks in the Bottom of it, a quarter of a Mile from the Shore; opposite this Bay on the South-fide of the Island, is a small Cove, wherein small Vessels and Shallops can lay pretty secure from the Weather, in 6 Fathom Water; in the Middle of the Cove is a Rock above Water, and a Channel on each Side of it. The Islands laying at the Wessel of Brunet, called Little Brunets, afford indifferent Shelter for Shallops in blowing Weather; you may approach these Islands, and the Island of Brunet, within a quarter of a Mile all round, there being no Danger but what lay very near the Shore.

Plate

·

.

----· · · ·

8· Plate Islands are three Rocks of a moderate Height, lying S.W. I League Plate Iflan da from the West-end of Great Brunet. The Southermost and outermost of these Rocks, lay W. by S. half S. 11 Miles from Cape Miquelon, and in a direct Line between Point May and Pals Island, 17 Miles from the former and 19 from the later; S E. a quarter of a Mile from the Great Plate (which is the Norther-, most) is a funken Rock, whereon the Sea breaks, which is the only Danger about them. There are feveral ftrong and irregular Settings of the Tides or Currents Observations about the Plate and Brunet Islands, which feem to have no dependency on the Moon, and the Course of the Tides on the Coast. The Island of Sagona, which lies N.N.E. 2 Leagues from the East-end of Island of Brunet, is about 3 Miles and a half in circuit, of a moderate Height, and bold Sagona. too all round; at the S.W. end is a fmall Creek that will admit Fishing Shal-: lops; in the Middle of the Entrance is a funken Rock which makes it exceeding narrow, and difficult to get in or out, except in fine Weather. Point May. Point May is the Southern Extremity of Fortune Bay, and the S.W. Extremity of this Part of Newfoundland; it may be known by a great black Rock, nearly joining to the Pitch of the Point, and fomething higher than the Land, which makes it look like a black Hommock on the Point; near a quarter of a Mile right off from the Point, or this round black Rock, are three funken. Rocks, whereon the Sea always breaks. Near 2 Miles North from Point May, is Little Dantzic Cove, and half a Leag. Dantzic from Little Dantzic is Great Dantzic Cove; these Coves are no Places of fafety. Coves. being open to the Westerly Winds; the Land about them is of a moderate Height, bold too, and clear of Wood. From Dantze Point (which is the North Point of the Coves) to Fortune the Fortune. Course is N.E. near 3 Leagues; the Land between them near the Shore is of a moderate Height, and bold too; you will have in most Places 10 and 12 Fathom two Cables Length from the Shore, 30 and 40 one Mile off, and 70 and 80 two Miles off. Fortune lies North from the East-end of Brunet, it is a Bar Place that will admit Fishing Boats at a quarter Flood; and a Fishing-Village fituated in the Bottom of a fmall Bay, wherein is Anchorage for Ship-, ing in 6, 8, 10, and 12 Fathom; the Ground is none of the best, and you

Grand Bank.

Cape of Grand Bank is a pretty high Point, lying t League N.E. from Fortune; into the E.ward of the Cape is Ship Cove, wherein is good Anchorage for Shipping, in 8 and 10 Fathom, shelter'd from Southerly, Westerly, and N.W. Winds. Grand Bank lies E.S.E. half a League from the Cape, it is a Fishing Village, and a Bar Harbour, that will admit Fishing Shallops at a quarter Flood; to this Place and Fortune refort the Crews of Fishing Ships, who lay their

lay open to near half the Compass.

4.

.

)

. . .

· · ·

. .

their Ships up in Harbour Briton. From the Cape of Grand Bank to Point Enragee, the Course is NE. a quarter E. 8 Leagues, forming a Bay between them, in which the Shore is low with feveral fandy Beaches, behind which are Bar Harbours that will admit Boats on the Tide of Flood, the largest of which is Great Garnifb, 5 Leagues from Grand Bank, it may be known by fe- Great Garveral Rocks above Water laying before it, 2 Miles from the Shore, the out-nifh. most of these Rocks are steep too, but between them and the Shore are dangerous sunken Rocks. To the Eastward, and within these Rocks is French-Frenchman's man's Cove, wherein you may Anchor with small Vessels, in 4 and 5 Fathom Water, tolerably well shelter'd from the Sea Winds, and seems a convenient Place for the Cod Fishery : The Passage in is to the Eastward of the Rocks. that are the higheft above Water; between them and fome other lower Rocks laying off to the Eastward from the East Point of the Cove, there is a sunken Rock nearly in the Middle of this Passage, which you must be aware of. You may Anchor any where under the Shore, between Grand Bank and Great Garnifb in 8 and 10 Fathom Water, but you are only shelter'd from the Land Anchor Winds,

Point Enragee is but low, but a little way in the Country is high Land; Point Enrathis Point may be known by two Hommocks upon it close to the Shore, but gee. you must be very near, otherwise the Elevation of the high Lands will hinder you from discovering them; close to the Point is a Rock under Water.

From Point Enragee to the Head of the Bay, the Course is first N.E. a quarter E. 3 Leagues to Grand Jervey; then N.E. by E. half E. 7 Leagues and a half to the Head of the Bay; the Land in general along the South-fide is high, bold too, and of an uneven Height, with Hills and Vallies of various extent; the Vallies for the most Part cloathed with Wood, and water'd with small Rivulets

Seven Leagues to the Eastward of *Point Enragee*, is the Bay Z'Argent, where- Bay L'Arin you may Anchor in 30 or 40 Fathom Water, shelter'd from all Winds.

The Entrance of Harbour Millee is to the Eaftward of the Eaft Point of Harbour L'Argent; before this Harbour and the Bay L'Argent is a remarkable Rock, Millee. that at a Diftance appears like a Shallop under Sail. Harbour Millee branches into two Arms, one laying into the N.E. and the other towards the E. at the upper Part of both is good Anchorage, and various Sorts of Wood. Between this Harbour and Point Enragee, are feveral Bar Harbours in fmall Bays, wherein are fandy Beaches; off which Vessels may Anchor, but they must be very near the Shore to be in a moderate Depth of Water.

Cape Millee lies N.N.E. half E. 1 League from the afore-mentioned Sballop Cape Millee, Rock, and near 3 Leagues from the Head of Fortune Bay is a high reddift barren Rock. The wedth of Fortune Bay at Cape Millee doth not exceed half a League, but immediately below it, it is twice as wide, by which this Cape may be eafily known; above this Cape the Land on both Sides is high, with

B

fteep

τ.

\$

.

·

st.

fteep craggy Cliffs. The Head of the Bay is terminated by a low Beach, behind which is a large Pond or Bar Harbour, into which Boats can go at quarter Flood. In this and all the Bar Harbours between it and Grand Bank, are convenient Places for building of Stages, and good Beaches for drying of Fifh, for great Numbers of Boats.

10

Grand L'Pi. Grand L'Pierre is a good Harbour, fituated on the North-fide of the Bay, erre Harbour half a League from the Head, you can fee no Entrance until you are abreaft of it; there is not the leaft Danger in going in, and you may Anchor in any Depth from 8 to 4 Fathom, fhelter'd from all Winds.

English Har- English Harbour lies a little to the Westward of Grand L'Pierre, it is very bour. fmall, and fit only for Boats and small Vessels.

Little Bay de To the Westward of English Harbour is a small Bay called Little Bay de Lean, Leau. wherein are some small Islands, behind which is shelter for small Vessels.

NewHarbour This Harbour is fituated opposite Cape Millee, to the Westward of Bay de Leau; it is but a small lnlet, yet hath good Anchorage on the West-fide in 9, 8, 7, and 5 Fathom Water, sheltered from the S.W. Winds.

Harbour Femme. Harbour *Femme*, which lies half a League to the Westward of *New Harbour*, lies in NE. half a League, it is very narrow, and hath in it 23 Fathom Water, before the Entrance is an Island, near to which are some Rocks above Water: the Passage into the Harbour is to the Eastward of the Island.

Brewer's Hole. One League to the Westward of *Harbour Femme*, is a small Cove called *Brewer's Hole*, wherein is Shelter for Fishing Boats; before this Cove is a small Island near the Shore, and some Rocks above Water.

Harbour la Conte.

This Harbour is fituated one Mile to the Westward of Brewer's Hole, before which are two Illands, one without the other; the outermost, which is the largest is of a tolerable Height, and lies in a Line with the Coast, and is not easy to be diffinguished from the Main in failing along the Shore. To-fail into this Harbour, the best Passage is on the West-side of the outer Island. and between the two; as foon as you begin to open the Harbour, you must keep the inner Island close on Board, in order to avoid fome funken Rocks that lay near a small Island, which you will discover between the NE. Point of the outer Island, and the opposite Point on the Main; and likewife another Rock under Water, which lays higher up on the Side of the Main; this Rock appears at Low Water. As foon as you are above these Dangers, you may steer up in the middle of the Channel, until you open a fine spacious Bafon, wherein you may Anchor in any Depth from 5 to 17 Fathom Water, fut up from all Winds, the Bottom is Sand and Mud. In to the Eastward of the outer Island, is a small Cove fit for small Vessels and Boats, and Convenien, cies for the Fishery.

Barr

ار این از این میکارد با این این از این				
· ·				
• •				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1.				
4 				
); 54 2				
		-		
で、 「チー 夏山・				
			-	
1				
에 : : 22 				
				-
₹				
и 2 4				-
, ,				
en e				
a standard a filmana a sua sua sua sua sua sua sua sua sua				
in the second				
2. 2.				
4				
	namente provinción () () () () () de la despetitor de la consecuención de			

This Harbour lies 4 Miles to the Westward of Harbour La Conte, and N.E. Long Harby N. 5 Leagues from Point Enrage; it may be known by a small Island in the Mouth of it, called Gull Island; and half a Mile without this Island, is a Rock above Water, that hath the Appearance of a small Boat. There is a Passage into the Harbour on each Side of the Island, but the broadest is the Westermost. Nearly in the middle of this Passage, a little without the Island is a Ledge of Rocks, whereon is two Fathom Water; a little within the Island on the S.E. Side are fome funken Rocks, about two Cables length from the Shore laying off two fandy Coves; fome of these Rocks appear at Low-water. On the N.W. Side of the Harbour, two Miles within the Island is Morgan's Cove, wherein you may Anchor in 15 Fathom Water, and the only Place you can Anchor, unlefs you run into, or above the Narrows, being every where elfe very deep Water. This Harbour runs five Leagues into the Country, at the Head of which is a Salmon Fishery.

A little to the Westward of Long Harbour, is Bell Bay, which extends three Bell Bay, and Leagues every Way, and contains several Bays and Harbours. On the East Bays & Har-Point of this Bay, is Hare Harbour, which is fit only for small Vessels and Boats, bours. before which are two small Islands, and some Rocks above and under Water.

Two Miles to the Northward of *Hare Harbeur*, or the Point of *Bell Bay*, is Mall Bay. Mall Bay, being a narrow Arm, laying in NE. by N. 5 Miles, wherein is deep Water, and no Anchorage until at the Head.

Rencontre Islands lies to the Westward of Mall Bay, near the Shore; the Recontre Westermost, which is the largest, hath a Communication with the Main at low Islands. Water; in and about this Island are shelter for small Vessels and Boats.

Bell Harbour lies one League to the Westward of Rencontre Islands: The Bell Harbour Passage into the Harbour is on the West Side of the Island; in the Mouth of it, as soon as you are within the Island, you will open a small Cove on the E. Side, wherein small Vessels anchor, but large Ships must run up to the Head of the Harbour, and Anchor in 20 Fathom Water, there being most Room.

Lally Cove lies a little to the Westward of Bell Harbour, it is a very fnug Lally Cove. Place for small Vessels, being covered from all Winds behind the Island in the -Cove.

Lally Head is the West Point of Lally Cove, it is a high bluff white Point; Lally Cove. to the Northward of the Head is Lally Cove back Cove, wherein you may Back Cove. anchor in 16 Fathom Water.

Two Miles to the Northward of Lally Cove Head, is the Bay of the Eaft, and Bay of they Bay of the North, in both is deep Water, and no Anchorage, unless very near Eaft, and Ba the Shore. At the Head of the North Bay is the largest River in Fortune Bay, and seems a good Place for a Salmon Fishery.

The

-

1

[1]

74.7.7

inter-r

·

.

Bay of Cinq The Bay of Cinq Ifles lies to the Southward of the North Bay, and oppofite Inles. to Lally Cove Head there is tolerable good Anchorage for large Ships on the S.W. Side of the Islands in the Bottom of the Bay. The North Arm is a very fnug Place for small Vessels; at the Head of this Arm is a Salmon River.

Corben Bay. A little to the Southward of the Bay of Cing Ifles is Corben Bay, wherein is good Anchorage for any Ships in 22 or 24 Fathom Water.

South East about two Miles from Lally Cove Head, are two Islands about a Mile from each other, the North Eastermost is called Bell Island, and the other Dog Island, they are of a tolerable Height, and bold too all round.

Between Dogg Island, and Lord and Lady Island, which lies off the S. Point of Corben Bay, is a funken Rock, (fomewhat nearer to Lord and Lady, than Dogg-Island) whereon the Sea breaks in very bad Weather, and every where round it very deep Water. About a quarter of a Mile to the Northward of the North-end of Lord and Lady Island, is a Rock that appears at low Water.

Bande de Larier Bay and Harbour.

Bell & Dog

Islands.

Bande de La'rier Bay lies on the Weft Point of Bell Bay, and NNW. half W. near 3 Leagues from Point Enragee, it may be known by a very high Mountain over the Bay, which rifes almost perpendicular from the Sea, called Iron-Head. Chappel Ifland, which forms the East-fide of the Bay is high Land also. The Harbour lies on the West-fide of the Bay, just within the Point, formed by a narrow low Beach, it is very small, but a snug Place, and conveniently situated for the Cod Fishery, There is a tolerable good Anchorage along the West Side of the Bay; from the Harbour up towards Iron Head in 18 and 20 Fathom Water.

Bande de Larier Bank.

St. Jaques.

The Bank of Bande de La³rier, whereon is not lefs than 7 Fathom, lies with the Beach of Bande de Leurier Harbour, just open of the West Point of the Bay, and Boxy Point on with the North End of St. Jaques Island.

Two Miles to the W.ward of Bande de La'rier, is the Harbour of St. Jaques, which may be eafily known by the Island before it. This Island is high at each End, and low in the Middle, and at a Distance looks like two Islands, it lies N. 30d. E. 8 and a half Leagues from the Cape of Grand Bank, and N. E. by E. 7 Leagues from the East-end of Brunes. The Passage into the Harbour is on the West Side of the Island; there is not the least Danger in going in, or in any Part of the Harbour; you may anchor in any Depth from 17. to 4 Fathom.

Blue Pinion. Two Miles to the Westward of St. Jaques, is the Harbour of Blue Pinion, it is not near to large, or to fafe as that of St. Jaques; near to the Head of the Harbour on the West Side is a Shoal, whereon is two Fathom at Low Water.

English Cove A little to the Westward of Blue Pinion, is English Cove, which is very small, wherein small Vessels and Boats can Anchor; before it, and very near the Shore is a small Island. Boxy ----....

-• . 13 is inen eg

100,00

424

Boxy Point lies SW. by W. a quarter W. two Leagues and a half from Boxy Point. St. Jaques Ifland, NNE. near 7 Leagues from the Cape of Grand Bank; and NE. half E. 13 Miles from the Eaft End of Brunet Ifland; it is of a moderate Height, the most advanced to the Southward of any Land on the Coast, and may be diffinguished at a confiderable Diffance; there are some such as Rocks off it, but they lay very near the Shore, and are no ways dangerous.

13

NNE. three Miles from Boxey Point is the Harbour of Boxy; to fail into it Boxy Hare; you must keep Boxy Point just open of Fryer's Head (a black Head a little with bour with in the Point) in this Direction you will keep in the middle of the Channel between the Shoals which lay off from each Point of the Harbour, where the Stages are; as foon as you are within these Shoals, which cover you from the Sea Winds, you may anchor in 5 and 4 Fathom Water, fine fandy Ground.

West 1 Mile from Boxy Point is the Island of St. John's, which is of a tol- St. John's lerable Height, and steep too, except at the N.E. Point, where is a Shoal a Island, Head, little way off.

N.W. half a League from St. John's Illand is St. John's Head, which is a high, fleep, craggy Point. Between St John's Head and Boxy Point, is St. John's Bay, in the Bottom of which is St. John's Harbour, wherein is only Water for Boats.

On the North-fide of St. John's Head are two rocky Islands, called the Gall Gail and and Shag; at the West-end of these Mands are some sunken Rocks. Shag.

One League and a half to the Northward of St. Jobn's Head is the Great Bay Great Bay de de Leau, wherein is good Anchorage in various depths of Water, fheltered from all Winds. The best Passage in is on the East fide of the Island, laying in the Mouth of it; nothing can enter in on the West-fide but small Vessels and Shallops.

To the Westward of Bay de Leau, 3 Miles NNW. from St. John's Head is Linke Bay -Little Bay Barry/way, on the West-fide of which is good Anchorage for large Barry/way. Ships in 7, 8, or 10 Fathom Water; here is good Fishing Conveniencies, with plenty of Wood and Water.

Harbour Briton lies to the Westward of Little Bay Barryfway, North 1 Leag. Harbour and a half from the Island of Sagona, and N. by E. from East-end of Brunet. Briton. The two Heads, which from the Entrance of this Harbour or Bay are pretty high, and lay from each other E.N.E. and W.S.W. above 2 Miles; near the East Head is a Rock above Water, by which it may be known: There are no Dangers in going in until you are the Length of the South Point of the S.W. Arm, which is more than a Mile within the West Head; from off this Point stretches out a Ledge of Rocks N.E. about two Cables Length; the only Place for King's Ships to Anchor is above this Point, before the S.W. Arm in . €

. .

at to

- 1 ? ?

1.5.2.1

化化学学 化基

-

, I

South Welt Arm. 16 or 18 Fathom Water, mooring nearly East and West, and so near the Shore as to have the East Head on with the Point above-mentioned; the Bottom is very good, and the Place convenient for Wooding and Watering. In the SW. Arm is Room for a great Number of Merchant Ships, and many Conveniencies for Fishing Vessels.

Jerfeyman's Harbour,

Opposite to the S.W. Arm is the N.E. Arm or *Jerseyman's Harbour*, which is capable of holding a great number of Ships, fecurely shelter'd from all Winds. To fail into it you must keep the Point of *Thompson's Beacb* (which is the Beach Point, at the Entrance into the S.W. Arm) open of *Jerseyman's Head*, which is a high bluff Head at the North Entrance into *Jerseyman's Harbour*) this Mark will lead you over the Bar in the best of the Channel, where you will have 3 Fathom at Low-water; as soon as you open the Harbour, haul up North, and Anchor where its most convenient in 8, 7 or 6 Fathom Water, good Ground, and shelter'd from all Winds. In this Harbour are several convenient Places for erecting many Stages, and good Beach room. *Jerseymen* generally lay their Ships up in this Harbour, and cure their Fish at Fortune and Grand Bank.

Gull Island, and Deadman's Bay.

From Harbour Briton to the W. end of Brunet, and to the Plate Islands, the Courfe is S.W. by S. 6 Leagues and a half to the Southermost Plate. From Harbour Briton to Cape Miquelon is S.W. a quarter W. 10 Leagues. From the West Head of Harbour Briton to Connaigre Head, the Course is W. by S. Distant 2 Leagues; between them are Gull-Island and Deadman's Bay. Gull-Island lies close under the Land, 2 Miles to the Westward of Harbour Briton. Deadman's Bay is to the Westward of Gull-Island, wherein you may Anchor with the Land Winds. Between Harbour Briton and Cannaigre Head, is a Bank stretching off from the Shore between 2 and 3 Miles, whereon is various Depths of Water from 34 to 4 Fathom. Fishermen fay that they have feen the Sea break in very bad Weather, a good way without Gull-Island.

Cannaigre Head.

Cannaigre Bay.

Cannaigre Rocks. Cannaigre Head which forms the East Point of the Bay of the fame Name, lies North Easterly 3 Leagues and a half from the West-end of Brunet; it is a high craggy Point, easy to be diffinguished from any Point of view. From this Head to Basser Point, the Course is W by N. half N. 2 Leagues, and likewise W. by N. half N. 3 Leagues and a half to the Rocks of Pass Island; but to give them a Birth make a W. by N. Course good. Between Cannaigre Head and Basser Point is Cannaigre Bay, which extends itself about 4 Leagues Inland, at the Head of which is a Salmon River. In the Mouth of the Bay lay the Rocks of the fame Name above Water, you may approach these Rocks very near, there being no Danger but what discovers itself. The Channel between them and the North Shore is fomething Dangerous, by reason of a range of Rocks which lie along Shore, and extend themselves 1 Mile off.

Connaigre

	• • • • • •		
n defen a			
1 13 1			
•			
i			
1 - 1 5 - 1			
5			
e e			
	-		
4		-	
*		•	
1 1 1			
2 2 1	·		
5			
2) 9 			
₹ 			
4			
20 			
inite			•
4			
		•	
ΥΩΤ 			

. .

... Cannaigre Ilarbour which is very fmall, with 7 Fathom Water in it, is within Cannaigree. a Point on the South-fide of the Bay, 5 Miles above the Head: The Passage Harbour. into the Harbour is on the S.E. Side of the Island, lying before it. Nearly in the Middle of the Bay, abreaft of this Harbour, are two Islands of a tolerable Height, on the South-fide of the Westermost Island, which is the largest, are fome Rocks above Water.

This Cove is on the N.W. Side of the Bay, bears North, Diftance about 4 Miles from the Head, and East 2 Miles from the W. end of the Great Island. Dawford's In it are good Fishing Conveniencies, and Anchorage for Vessels in 6 and 5 Core. Fathom Water, but they will lay open to the Southerly Winds. Between the S.W. Point of this Cove and Bafftarre Point, which is 5 Miles Diftance, lays. the Range of Rocks beforementioned.

Bassiarre Point which forms the West Point of Cannaigre Bay, is of a moderate Bassarre Height, clear of Wood, and bold too, all the way from it to Pafs-Island, which Point. bears N.W. by W. 1 League from Bafftarre Point.

A PARTY CARD

.wcd

Picture

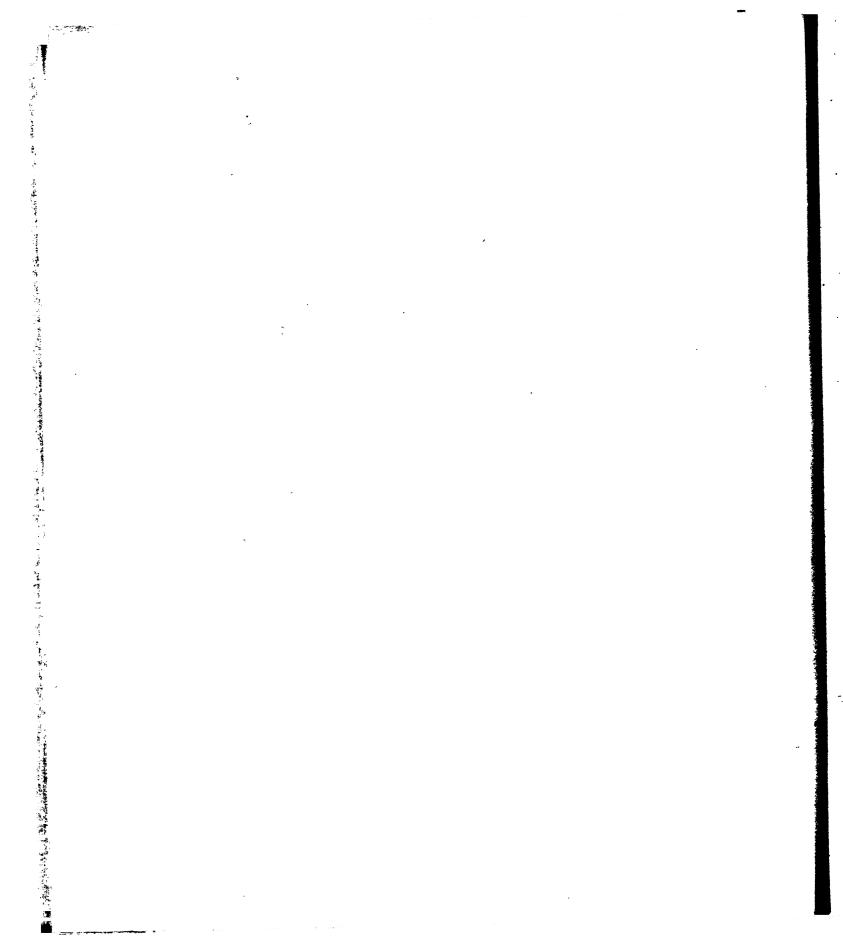
The Land on the North-fide of Fortune Bay for the most Part is hilly, riling directly from the Sea, with craggy, barren Hills, which extends 4 or 5 Leag. Inland, with a great Number of Rivulets and Ponds. The Land on the South fide of Fortune Bay, has a different Appearance to that on the North-fide, being not fo full of craggy Mountains, and better cloathed with Woods, which are of a fhort brushy kind, which makes the face of the Country look green. NON DOUD

Pass Island lies N. 16° 30' East 7 Leagues and a half from Cape Miquelon, it is the N.W. extremity of Fortune Bay, and lies very near the Shore, is more Pais Island. than 2 Miles in circuit and is pretty high. On the S.W. Side are feveral Rocks above Water, which extend themselves I Mile from the Island, and on the N.W. Side is a funken Rock at a quarter of a Mile from the Island; the Passage between this Island and the Main, which is near two Cables Length wide, is very fafe for small Vessels, wherein you may Anchor in 6 Fathom, a fine fandy Bottom. This Island is well fituated for the Cod Fishery, there being very good Fishing Ground about it.

In the Night time, or in foggy Weather, Ships ought to place no great -Dependance on the Soundings in Fortune Bay, leaft they may be deceived there- On the Sound by, for you have more Water in many Parts near the Shore, and in feveral of ings. its contained Bays and Harbours, than in the middle of the Bay itself.

Description of Hermitage Bay.

From Pass Island to Great Jervis Harbour, at the Entrance into the Bay of in it and . Defpair, the Course is N by E. a quarter E. near three Leagues; and from Pals Island to the West End of Long Island, the Course is NNE. 8 Miles, between them is the Bay of Hermitage, which lies in ENE. 8 Leagues from Pafs Island, The with very deep Water in most Parts of it. on them is no South ne



The two Fox Islands, which are but small, lie nearly in the middle of Her. For Islands. mitage Bay. 2 Leagues and a half from Pals Island; near to these Islands is good Fishing Ground.

Hermitage Cove.

Hermitage Cove is on the South-fide of the Bay, opposite to Fox's Mands. To fail into it, you must keep between the Islands and the South Shore, where there is not the leaft Danger; in this Cove is good Anchorage for Shipping in 8 and 10 Fathom Water, and good Fifting Conveniencies, with plenty of Wood and Water.

Long Island.

Long Island, which separates the Bay of Despair from Hermitage, is of a triangular Form, about 8 Leagues in Circuit, of a tolerable Height, is hilly, uneven and barren. The East Entrance into the Bay of Delpair from Hermitage Bay, is by the West-end of Long Island; about half a Mile from the S.W. Point of the faid Island, are two Rocks above Water, with deep Water all round them.

Long Island Harbour.

This Harbour lies on the South-fide of Long Ifland, 2 Miles and a half from the Welt-end : before which is an Island, and feveral Rocks above Water. there is a narrow Passage into the Harbour on each Side of the Island; this Harbour is formed by two Arms, one laying into the North, and the other to the Eaftward, they are both very narrow, and have in them from 42 to 7 Fathom Water; the East Arm is the deepest, and the best Anchorage.

This Harbour, wherein is 6 Fathom Water, lies near 2 Miles to the E.ward Round Harof Long Island Harbour, is also in Long-Island; it will only admit very small Veffels, by reason the Channel going in is very narrow.

Picarre.

bour.

Harbour Picarre lies N. by W. half a League from Little Fox Island, (which is the Westermost of *Fox Islands*) to fail into it you must keep near the Westpoint to avoid fome funken Rocks off the other, and anchor in the first Cove on the East-fide in 9 or 10 Fathom, sheltered from all Winds.

Galtans.

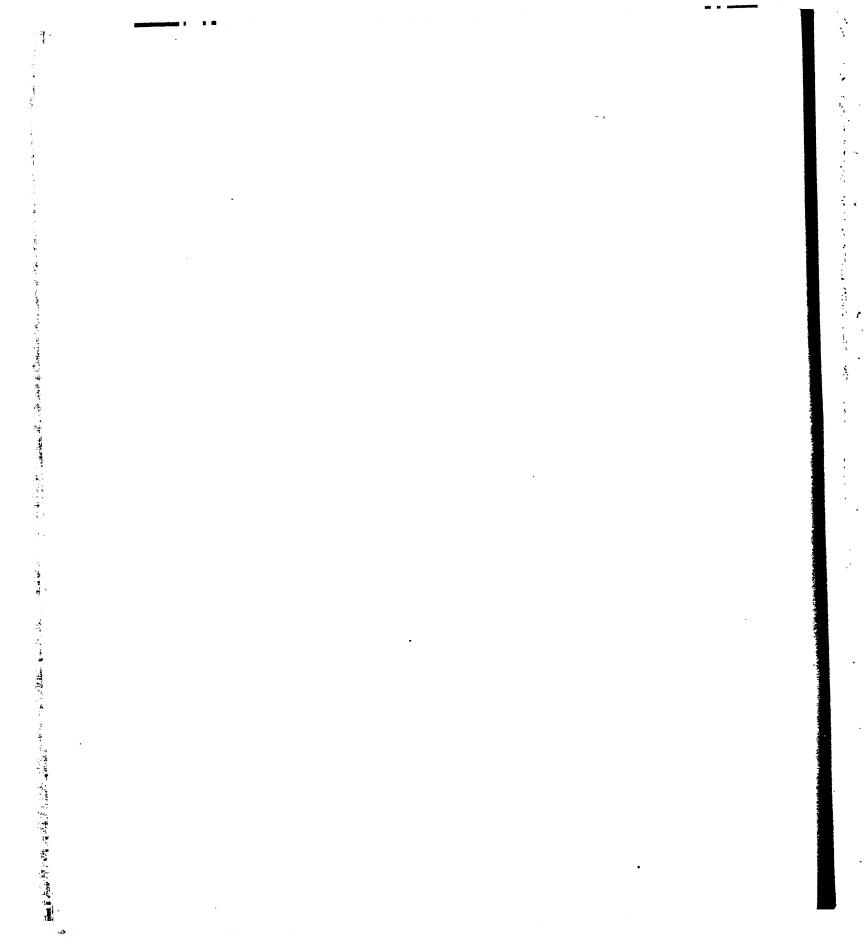
Paffage of Long Island

This Harbour, which is but finall, lies near the East-point of Long-Illand ; at the Entrance is feveral rocky Islands. The best Channel into the Harbour is on the West-fide of these Islands, wherein? is 4 Fathom Water, but in the Harbour is from 15 to 24 Fathom. Here are feveral Places proper for crefting of Stages; and both this Harbour and Picarre are conveniently lituated for a Fishery, they laying contignous to the Fishing Ground about For Islands.

Between the East-end of Long Island and the Main, is a very good Passage out of Hermitage Bay, into the Bay of Despair.

Description of the Bay of Despair.

The Entrance of the Bay of Defpair lies between the West-end of Long Island and Great Jervis Island, (an Island in the Mouth of the Harbour of the fame Name) the Distance from one to the other is 1 Mile and a Quarter, and in the Middle between them is no Soundings with 280 Fathoms.



Great Jervis Harbour is fituated at the Weft Entrance into the Bay of Defgair is a foug and fafeHarbour, with goodAnchorage in everyPart of it, in 16, Illand. 18 or 20 Fathom, though but fmall will contain a great Number of Shipping, fecurely fheltered from all Winds, and very convenient for wooding and watering. There is a Paffage into this Harbour on either Side of Great Jervis Illand, the fouthermost is the fafelt, there being in it no Danger but the Shore itfelf. To fail in on the North-fide of the Illand, you must keep in the middle of the Paffage, until you are within two fmall Rocks above Water near to each other on your Starboard-fide, a little within the North Point of the Paffage; you must then bring the faid North Point between these Rocks, and fteer into the Harbour, in that Directions will carry you clear of fome funken Rocks which lie off the West Point of the Island; these Rocks appear at Low-water. The Entrance into this Harbour may be known by the East-end of Great Jervis Illand, which is a high steep craggy Point, called Great Jervis Head, and is the North Point of the South Entrance into the Harbour.

This is an Arm of the Bay of Defpair, which extends to the Northward 5 Leagues from Great Jervis Illand. In this Bay is very deep Water, and no Anchorage but in the Imall Bays and Coves which are on each Side of it. At North Bay, the Head of the Bay of the Eaft, which is an Arm of the North Bay, is a very fine Salmon River, and plenty of various Sorts of Wood.

To the Northward of Long Illand, the Bay of Defpair extends itlelf to the NE. about 8 Leagues, whereon are feveral Arms and Islands. The first Eagle Island is Eagle Island laying on the North-fide of Long Island, about half a Cable's Length from the Shore; a little to the Eastward of it is a small Cove, wherein small Vessels can Anchor in 5 Fathom Water; off the E. Point of this Cove are some such a Rocks, the outermost of which lay a quarter of a Mile from the Shore, and appears at half Ebb.

This Harbour lies on the North-fide of Long Island, 2 Miles above Eagle Frenchman's Island, in and before which Veffels may anchor in various Depths of Water; about a Cable's length to the Eastwardof the West Point of the Harbour is a sunken Rock whereon is 8 Feet Water; a little way further to the Eastward is a small Island not far from the Shore, near to which is a Rock that just Covers at high Water.

On the North-fide of the Bay, opposite to Long Island, lies the Isle Bois, it Me Bois, is near 3 Leagues in Length, and of a tolerable Height; the Passage on the North-fide of it (called Lampadois Passage) is very fafe, but very deep Water.

This Island lies nearly in the middle of the Bay, between the East-end of the Isle of Bois and Long Island, it is of a round Form, pretty high, and bold too all round.

※「あるのでは、「「「「「「」」」」」「「」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」	والله الكرسيان معاطمهم المسالح ومعاولتهم مطروع	n an	and the second	4 S
		**		
3				
		•		
				•
			•	
	Be O	 	file Lin	•

-	(18)	
•	The life Riches lies off the East-end of the life of Bois, it is about a Mile in Circuit, and pretty high; on the East-fide of it are fome finall Islands, and fome funken Rocks quite a-cross from the Island to the Main, fo that in fail- ing up the Bay of Defpair, you must leave this Island on your Starboard-fide.	
Linle River.	This is an Arm of the Bay laying in to the Eaftward from the Isle of Riches, it is very narrow, and counted a good Place for a Salmon Fishery; its Banks are stored with various Sorts of Wood.	-
Bay Rotte.	This is a fmall Bay which lays North from the East-end of the lste of Bois, in which are some sunken Rocks near the Head.	
Bry of Conne	From the Isle of <i>Riches</i> the Bay extends itself to the Northward about five Miles, commonly called the Bay or River of <i>Conne</i> , then branches into two Arms, one still tending to the North, and the other to the Eastward; the Water is very shallow for some Distance from the Head of both. About these Arms, and the Bay of <i>Conne</i> , are great Plenty of all Sorts of Wood, common to this Country, such as Firr, Pine, Birch, Witch-Halle, Spruce, Se.	
Observations	All the Country about the Entrance into the Bay of <i>Defpair</i> , and for a good Way up it is very mountainous and barren, but about the Head of the Bay is appears to be pretty level, and well cloathed with Wood.	1
On the Tides	Between St. Laurence and Point May, an ESE. Moon makes high Water at the Islands of St. Peters and Miquelen, and in all Parts of Fortune Bay a S.E. Moon makes High Water. In the Bay of Defpair a SE. by S. Moon makes High Water; in all which Places it flows up and down, or upon a perpendi- cular Spring Tides 7 or 8 Feet; but it must be observed that they are every where greatly governed by the Winds aud Weather.	
Currente,	The Currents on the Sez Coasts from Cape Chapeaurouge towards St. Peter's, fets generally to the SW. On the South-fide of Fortune Bay it sets to the Eastward, and on the North-fide to the Westward.	
Winds.	The South Weft, and Wefterly. Winds generally blow in the Day during the Summer, and about the Evening they die away; and in the Night you have	
•• • •	Land Breezes or Calms.	1947 - 1948 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 -
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ان المتحد من المي حجر المحد العالمين المحد ا الأن المتحد المحد الم المحد المحد الم	
•		
-		

0

~~ <

.

••

.

•••

.

Section 2 r.

> 1. Buch 2 .

•••

and the second second

Ē Đ

No. E?

۰.

42

5 . . other There

••