

The Bee.

VOL. 1.

ATWOOD, ONT., FRIDAY, FEB. 14, 1890.

NO. 4.

THE BEE

IS PUBLISHED
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,
AT THE OFFICE,
MAIN ST., - ATWOOD.

TERMS.—If paid strictly in advance,
\$1.00 per annum, otherwise \$1.50.

ADVERTISING RATES.

First insertion, per line.....8c.
Each subsequent insertion.....3c.
Contract advertisements inserted at
the following rates:

	1 year.	6 mos.	3 mos.
One column.....	\$60 00	\$35 00	\$20 00
Half ".....	35 00	20 00	12 00
Quarter ".....	20 00	12 00	7 00
Eighth ".....	12 00	7 00	4 00

Business cards, not exceeding 8 lines,
\$4 per annum; over 8 and under 12
lines, \$5.

Advertisements of farms for sale,
cattle strayed and other small advertise-
ments, \$1 for first month, and 50c per
month thereafter.

JOB PRINTING.

We have a first-class jobbing depart-
ment in connection; latest designs in
printing material, enabling us to exe-
cute all descriptions of job printing on
shortest notice.

Our terms for job work, casual ad-
vertisements and special notices are
CASH. Contract advertisements payable
monthly.

R. S. PELTON,
EDITOR AND PROP.

Church Directory.

EPISCOPALIAN.
Preaching every Sabbath at 3:00 p. m.
Rev. E. W. HUGHES, Incumbent.

BAPTIST.
Preaching every Sabbath at 3:00 p. m.
Sabbath School at 2:00 p. m.
Rev. D. DACK, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN.
Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m.;
Bible Class on Sabbath evening at 7:00.
Sabbath School at 10 a. m. Prayer
Meeting on Thursday evening at 7:00.
Young People's Association meeting on
Friday evening at 7:30.
Rev. A. HENDERSON, M.A., Pastor.

METHODIST.
Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m.
Each alternate Sabbath at 6:30 p. m.
Sabbath School at 10 a. m. Prayer Meet-
ings, Wednesday and Friday evenings,
at 7:30.
Rev. D. ROGERS, Pastor.

LEGAL.
W. M. SINCLAIR,
Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary Public
&c. Private funds to loan at lowest
rates. Collections promptly attended to.
Office—Loefer's Hotel, Atwood.
Every Wednesday at 12:24 p. m., and
remain until the 9:12 p. m. train.

DENTAL.
J. J. FOSTER, L.D.S.,
Uses Vitalized Air, &c., for painless
extracting. Satisfaction guaranteed in
all operations. Office—Entrance beside
Lillo's Bank, Listowel, Ont.

W. M. BRUCE, L.D.S., DENTIST.
Is extracting teeth daily without pain
through the aid of "The Electric
Vibrator." The most satisfactory re-
sults are attained by the use of this
wonderful instrument, for which he
holds the exclusive right. References,
&c., may be seen at his dental apart-
ments, over Thompson Bros.' store,
Entrance, Main St., Listowel.

AUCTIONEERS.
CHAS. MERRIFIELD,
Licensed Auctioneer for the County of
Perth. Auction sales attended to with
promptness and at reasonable rates.
CHAS. MERRIFIELD, Monkton.

NEW PAINT SHOP.
J. JEWELL,
Mitchell, proposes opening up a general
Paint Shop in Atwood about 1st of
March, 1890, and solicits the patronage
of all those in need of House Painting,
Calsomining, House Decorating, etc.
Terms moderate. Reserve your orders
until the above date. 4in

Tenders for School House.
Sealed Tenders will be received by the
undersigned up to the 20th inst. for the
building of a Wing to the

Atwood School House,
Also for improvements to the present
building.
Plans and specifications can be seen
at my store, Atwood, after the 10th inst.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily
accepted.
8-2in

JAMES IRWIN.

SONG OF THE BEE.

Written for THE BEE.
Only three short weeks ago
We came into the light,
Only a little messenger,
Gladsome, gay, and bright.
We are only three weeks old,
Yet o'er the country wide
We fly, gaily humming round
Many a fireside.

We will bring you the "Town Talk,"
"News of the Day" as well;
"Cradle," "Altar," "Tomb,"
Their stories too, will tell.

The "County Notes" important
New interest will give;
The "Country Talk" will tell you
Of how your neighbors live.

Look for the advertisements,
The wise man always buys
What he needs for house or farm
From those who advertise.

The agricultural "pointers"
Are what the farmers seek,
We give you information
In this line every week.

In taking stage or railway,
You don't know when to go,
You'll find the time of starting
In our columns—you know.

And when you want to visit
The churches of our town,
All information of them
You'll find here dotted down.

We answer correspondence,
And legal questions too;
In fact, we'll do our level best
To help and profit you.

Now send in your subscription,
And no doubt you will see,
You never will regret it
For taking in THE BEE.

Mitchell, Feb. 12, 1890.

The author of the above poem will
kindly accept our thanks. We will be
glad to hear from him again.—Ed.

—Rennie.

The Cheese Industry.

In the rural sections surrounding
this town there are a large number of
cheese factories which receive a goodly
patronage from the agricultural classes,
and according to statistics the average
for each cow for the season extending
from May to November—seven months
—is something like \$35. No doubt this
average could be largely increased by
keeping a better class of milking stock,
and resorting to improved methods of
feeding, such as the raising of more
green fodder, or a soiling crop, and go-
ing more extensively into preserving en-
silage. As a cheese centre this district
has many advantages. In the first place
the pastures in this and the surround-
ing counties are naturally rich, and the
soil admirably adapted to grazing and
dairying. Outside the Kentucky "blue
grass" region there is none better.

This has been fully borne out by the
quality of cheese and high rank it takes
in the English markets. Although
prices were easy during the latter part
of the season, yet taking it all through
they were remunerative and encourage-
ing. The present price, 9 1/2 cents per
pound, wholesale, is much more remun-
erative than if the same cows had been
used for butter making, according to
the system now in vogue. For it is
very doubtful if the average farmer
realized for the season any more than
16 cents per pound for his butter, and
this would make a very unfavorable
comparison with cheese, as three
pounds of the latter can be made to one
of the former, and at an average of 9 1/2
cents a pound for cheese this would
leave a balance of 1 1/2 cents in favor of
this article. Of course, were butter
on the same co-operative factory system
as cheese there would not be the same
difference, as good creamery butter has
through the present season averaged
something like 21 cents a pound. There
is sufficient encouragement in the suc-
cess of dairying in this vicinity to war-
rant a more extensive development.

There is no branch of rural industry
that has paid equal profits this year
with so little expense, and if \$35 per
cow can be made during a season of 7
months the more good cows farmers
can keep the better. There is one state-
ment in the speech which his Honor de-
livered in opening the Legislature which
will surprise a considerable number of
those who read it. That statement is
to the effect that the exports of cheese
from the province of Ontario alone ex-
ceed in value the total exports of all
kinds of manufactured articles from the
whole Dominion. The cheese industry
is of comparatively recent origin. It is
not long since, so far from exporting
this article, we actually imported it from
the United States a very large portion
of that which entered into consumption
in our markets. To what is this change
due? Largely, no doubt, to the fact
that wheat raising is no longer profit-
able, but still more to general intro-
duction of factories for the making of
cheese. This latter insures a uniformity
in quality which was impossible when
each farmer made his own. What is
now required is an equally general use
of factories for the manufacture of
butter, the result of which would be nu-
merosity in quality in that article also,
and a consequent increase in the quan-
tity sent abroad.—St. Marys Argus.

Perth County Council.

CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.
The council met on Wednesday,
Jan. 29th, at 9 o'clock. The report of
the committee appointed to strike
standing committees was adopted as
follows:—

COUNTY PROPERTY—McMillan,
Leversage, Jones, McLaren, Cleland,
Frame, Grieves.

FINANCE—Leversage, Cleland, Hay,
Stewart, Ryan, Beatty, Jones, Schaefer,
Foote, Siebert, Frame, Fraser.

ROADS AND BRIDGES—Jones, Moses,
Oehm, Coulter, Hord, Welsh, Kennedy,
Freeborn, O'Brien, Hutchings, Jackson,
McLaren, Fraser, Lochhead, Cleland.

EDUCATION—Lochhead, Hord, Keyes,
Jackson, Hay, Leversage.

The first mentioned in each case is
the chairman.
It was moved by Robert Jones, sec-
onded by Thomas Ryan, and carried:
That the sum of \$4,000 be granted for
townline purposes to be divided be-
tween the several municipalities ac-
cording to their assessment and that no
further grants be made during the
present session.

Messrs. Jones and Leversage were ap-
pointed a committee to consult Mr.
Corrie with reference to what steps are
necessary to be taken with reference to
the Whorl creek bridge, Huron road,
and report in the afternoon.

The question of having the width of
sleigh-runners increased was again
taken up. It will be remembered that
this matter was up at the last session.
The clerk was instructed to commu-
nicate by telegraph with the adjoining
municipalities to ascertain what steps
they propose taking with reference to
the sleigh-runner question, and also to
see if they will join with Perth in send-
ing a small deputation to Toronto to
interview the Local House with refer-
ence to the matter.

An adjournment was then made until
2 o'clock.

The council resumed at 2 o'clock.
The county treasurer's report for the
seven months ending Dec. 31st was
read and referred to the Finance Com-
mittee.

The finance report recommending as
follows was read and adopted:

In reference to letter and account
from the executors of the estate of the
late George F. Durand, architect of the
county buildings, your committee
would recommend that the clerk be in-
formed to write to the executors in-
forming them of the agreement be-
tween the county and the late Mr.
Durand and also to enclose a copy of
the minutes of the County Property
Committee's meeting, when a final set-
tlement was made with the architect as
to the basis upon which the 4 per cent.
charges were allowed and at which
meeting the final settlement was made
with Mr. Durand.

Payments:—N. A. Bosworth, \$6.15;
E. Packert, repairs, 35c.; Davis Bros.,
advertising, \$17; J. H. Dutton, ink, 95c.;
T. H. Race, advertising, \$5; Wm. Eiley,
repairing, \$8.50; R. R. Goulding, sun-
dries, \$8.32; Prisoners' Aid Association,
\$10; W. Climie, advertising, \$8; Brad-
shaw & Co., window frames, \$4.30.

With reference to the appointment of
a commissioner on prison reform the
request for a grant from the Ontario
Rifle Association and the memorial
from the Municipal Convention, no ac-
tion was recommended.

The committee advised the accept-
ance of the treasurer's report for the
seven months ending Dec. 31st, showing
total receipts to be \$45,903.36 and pay-
ments \$43,675.43, leaving a balance in
the treasurer's hands of \$2,317.93.

The warden and clerk were instructed
to purchase a suitable flag for the
court-house before the spring assizes.

The by-law affirming the appointment
of officers as before enumerated was
given the usual number of readings and
finally passed.

The special committee appointed to
interview County Road and Bridge In-
spector Corrie with reference to the im-
provements necessary to the Whorl
creek bridge, reported that the bridge
requires to be built new and widened
by about 8 feet. Mr. Corrie also stated
that some repairs are necessary on the
Huron road, and the committees re-
commended that the Reeves of the inter-
ested municipalities attend to those
matters until Mr. Corrie recovers from
his illness.

It was moved and passed that the
treasurer submit a statement of all
monies due the county by municipali-
ties on account of rates for 1889.

The Council adjourned till 9 o'clock
Thursday morning.

The Council met at 9 o'clock Thurs-
day morning.
The treasurer reported in accordance
with resolution passed yesterday that
amounts are due as follows:—From
Blanshard, \$4,579; Elice, \$2,550; J.isto-
well, \$1,070.

The Council Property Committee
reported on the Grand Jury's present-
ment with reference to the need of a
poorhouse that the reduction is more on
those who have spent their lives in idleness
and are consequently poorer than on
the county officials. They failed to
find any feeling of repugnance at being
in jail among the poor now incar-
cerated there. They did not approve of
the formation of a commission to report
to the Council as recommended by the
Grand Jury. They closed their report
by expressing regret at the action of
the Grand Jury in thus presenting,
thereby tending to embarrass the Coun-
ty Council in its present effort to econ-

omise and husband the county finances
so that the large county indebtedness
may be paid off at as early a date as
possible.

They further recommended that the
warden and clerk be instructed to at-
tend to the getting of a new supply of
blankets for the jail.

The report was adopted.

It was decided to repeal at the June
session the by-law fixing the width of
sleighs.

It was moved by Robert Jones and
seconded by Geo. Leversage:—That the
Council of the Corporation of the
County of Perth now in session, having
heard with regret of the death of Alex-
ander Scrimgeour, taking this opportu-
nity of expressing their sympathy with
his widow. We would also take this
opportunity of expressing our apprecia-
tion of the late Mr. Scrimgeour in our
dealings with him not only as a man
and citizen, but in a more especial
manner to acknowledge our confidence in
him and his brother in the capacity of
contractors for the county buildings.

Through our friend is now dead we feel
that as long as the county buildings
last they will be a monument to his
ability as a builder and his integ-
rity as a contractor in completing so
efficiently so splendid a pile of build-
ings.

A copy of this resolution is to be
signed by the warden and clerk and
forwarded to Mrs. Scrimgeour.

The motion was carried unanimously.
The Council then finally adjourned.

Atwood Public School.

The following is the standing in
arithmetic of the pupils in the 3rd, 4th
and 5th classes as determined by Fri-
day's written examination, the names
are in order of merit:—

FIFTH—Geo. Wilson, Mina Pelton,
Kate Robinson, (equal).

FOURTH CLASS—Nellie Hoar,
Frances Mader, Kate Priest, Annie
Priest, Geo. Longmire, Bella Irwin,
(all equal), Albert Robertson, and Wm.
Thompson.

SENIOR THIRD—Robt. Morrison,
Geo. Dunn, Ella Holmes, Richard
Holmes, Geo. Irwin, Geo. Cranston,
Edith Robertson, Minnie Corrie, Robt.
Nesbitt, Archie Reddon.

JUNIOR THIRD—Eva Priest, Maggie
Wilson, Essie Cochlin, Hannah Priest,
Wm. Longmire, Annie Giddins, and
Wm. Hoar (all equal), Jacob Klump,
Bella Pelton, Bee Dunn, (equal), Minnie
Blair, John Skeltzkey, Mary Murray,
Wm. Rogers, John Corrie, Russell
Switzer, Edith Hope.

Ontario Central Farmers' Institute.

At the Ontario Central Farmers' In-
stitute on Tuesday evening, Feb. 4, the
following resolution was adopted, with
only four dissentient votes:—

"The Central Farmers' Institute of
Ontario do memorialize the Dominion
Government that:—

"Whereas, we consider the present
high tariff is very injurious to the agri-
cultural interests, making what we
buy proportionately dearer than the
products we sell; and,

"Whereas, the present high tariff has
given us to the combine system, by
which competition is to a great extent
prevented; and,

"Whereas, the agricultural interest is
suffering under serious depression and
unable to bear the strain occasioned by
the tariff and the combine system
aforesaid, and, as the agricultural in-
terests represent the large majority of
the population; that,

"Therefore, this the Central Institute,
do respectfully ask the Government to
reduce the tariff on articles of prime
necessity to the farmer, such as iron,
steel, coal, cottons, woolsens, rubbers,
sugars, corn and salt, to such an extent
as to relieve the agriculturists of the
unequal burden under which he labors.

Huron County Notes.

Dr. Sloan, of Blyth, has been nomi-
nated by the Huron Medical Association
for the Medical Council, in opposition
to Dr. McArthur, of London.

It seems a settled fact that the erec-
tion of a new town hall in Wingham is
to be gone on with at once. The ground
was staked out for it on the market
square on Tuesday of last week.

The annual meeting of the Bluevale
Cheese and Butter Factory Company
was held January 22nd. At the close of
the annual meeting a discount on
charge for making cheese of 4 1/2 mills
per pound was paid to patron sharehold-
ers. From the annual report we learn
the following particulars: Total amount
of milk received 1889, 2,821,037
pounds. Total amount of cheese made
in 1889, 265,065 pounds. Average
pounds milk to pounds cheese for season,
10 1/2-25 pounds. Average price cheese
was sold at per pound, 9 24-25 cents.
Average cost of drawing milk, 8 mills
per gallon. Average cost of making
cheese, including all expenses except re-
newal and the repairs, 1 4-5 per pound.
The total receipts of factory for the
year amounted to \$20,231, and the dis-
bursements to 30,486. Of this amount
the sum of \$21,833.84 was paid to the
patrons for milk and the making of the
cheese for the season amounted to \$2-
\$413.56. The following is the Board of
Directors for the ensuing year:—J. R.
Miller, Robt. Maxwell, Jas. Elliot, Wm.
Isbister and W. J. Johnston. The
meeting adjourned until Feb. 15th,
when milk routes will be let.

FOREIGN MISSION WORK.

STRATFORD WOMEN'S PRESBYTERIAL
SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the Stratford
Women's Presbyterial Society was held
in Knox church on Tuesday. The
morning session opened at 10.30 by
singing the 100th psalm and prayer by
the 1st vice president, Mrs. Scott, of
Brooksdale. The singing of hymn 317
was followed by prayer by Mrs. Hamil-
ton of Motherwell. Reports of secre-
taries of auxiliaries were read, after
which the general business of the so-
ciety was taken up. It was decided to
hold the next annual meeting at St.
Marys in the first Presbyterial church,
on the third Tuesday in Jan., 1891.
After singing hymn 262 and prayer by
Mrs. Calder of Atwood, the meeting
closed to meet at 2.30 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
The president, Mrs. Gordon, of Har-
rington, being unable through illness
to be present, the chair was taken by
the 1st vice president, Mrs. Scott, of
Brooksdale. The meeting was opened
by singing the 67th Psalm, prayer being
led by Mrs. Hamilton, of Motherwell.
In the absence of Mrs. John Hamilton,
who is ill, Miss Hopkirk read an ad-
dress of welcome from the city auxili-
aries. Mrs. Hossack, of Lucan, read the
reply in behalf of the delegates. Miss
McPherson, secretary of the Presbyter-
ial Society, read her report showing an
increase in both numbers and finances.
Its adoption was moved by Mrs. Hossia,
seconded by Mrs. Campbell, of Listo-
wel, and carried unanimously. Mrs.
Hislop, treasurer, read a very favorable
report which was also adopted, showing
the number of auxiliaries to be 20.
Within the past year several boxes of
clothing and sundries were sent to the
Northwest, amounting in weight to
1,250 lbs., freight on same \$28.50; value
\$562. The treasurer was much pleased
to state that the handsome sum of
\$1,000 still remained to be forwarded to
the general society in Toronto. Mrs. J.
C. W. Daly offered a dedicatory prayer.
The vice-president announced that Mrs.
Thomas McPherson, honorary presi-
dent, had that day become a life mem-
ber by paying into the society's funds
the sum of \$25.

Mrs. McLeod, of St. Marys, read a
resolution of sympathy with their high-
ly esteemed president and family, Mrs.
Gordon, Harrington, which was carried
unanimously. The election of officers
was the next order of business, and on
motion of Mrs. McLeod, seconded by
Miss McPherson, Mrs. Gordon was re-
elected by acclamation. The vice-pres-
idents were also re-elected. A sacred
solo, "Jesus only," by Miss Macdonald,
was much appreciated.

Owing to the illness of Mrs. White,
Mrs. Guelph, who was expected to be pre-
sent, Mrs. Grant, of Hamilton, gave a
very excellent address, which we have
no space for in this issue. After some
discussion on the duties of the officers
of the society with respect to visiting
and encouraging the auxiliaries, Mr.
Moscrip, of St. Marys, gave an interest-
ing original reading entitled "An ap-
peal to women for women" which was
well received.

Miss Morderwell read a humorous
paper, "How to kill a missionary meet-
ing."

What was considered a liberal collec-
tion was next taken and a portion of
hymn 317 sang, followed by a reading
given by Miss Macpherson, "Those
Sheaves." The vice president addressed
the meeting very earnestly for a few
minutes on "Prayer." After the ac-
customed votes of thanks the singing
of the doxology closed the meeting.

EVENING SESSION.

The meeting opened at 8 o'clock by
singing a part of the 68th Psalm. Rev.
Mr. Turnbull of St. Marys, occupied
the chair. Prayer was led by Rev.
Thos. Macpherson. Mr. Turnbull made
a few interesting remarks upon mission
work in general, and tendered a hearty
vote of thanks from the delegates to
the ladies of Stratford for their very
hospitable reception. The treasurer's
report was again read for the benefit of
those not present at the afternoon ses-
sion. A quartette "Come Unto Me,"
was beautifully sang by members of
Motherwell addressed the meeting, sub-
ject: "Claims of the gospel to women to
spread the gospel to women."

An anthem by the choir, "The home
land," was rendered with good effect.

Rev. Mr. Winchester was the next
speaker. He presented a few congratu-
latory remarks to the "Mothers in
Israel" and then carried his hearers
away to the mission fields of China and
India, speaking fully an hour upon this
ever interesting theme. Another fine
anthem by the choir, "Go ye into all
the world," was very well sung, after
which a collection was taken up, am-
ounting with that of the afternoon
to \$38.58. The doxology being sung
Rev. Mr. Pantton led in prayer and the
meeting closed.—Beacon.

Kincardine are having a system of
water-works put in and agree to pay a
yearly rental of \$2,100, for the use of
them fully equipped and maintained.
Wingham system complete cost about
\$11,000. In a private letter from Eggle
River, Wis., the cost of 9 hydrants 350
feet 8 and 6 inch pipe, 50 horse-power
duplex pumps and boiler, etc., is given
as \$7,000 with a yearly expense to run
of about \$1,200.

OUR CURIOSITY COLUMN.

Right of Sanctuary.

Sanctuary was a place of refuge and of safe for offenders of various kinds. All churches and churchyards were, down to the time of Henry VIII., invested with this protective power.

Lilies for Food.

In a lecture to a girls' assemblage not long ago, Professor Ames of Columbia College said that in some parts of India the lily is actually used as an article of diet.

Crowned After Death.

The most curious coronation ceremony on record was that of Inez de Castro—the Queen crowned after death—who was murdered in the 14th century by three assassins.

The Electric Reader.

An English correspondent writes: We are now in familiar enjoyment of the "electric reader" on the district railway.

A Fatal Glove.

The "Warsaw Courier" reports a singular fatality which occurred a few days ago in that city. A young Jewess from Kieff was visiting her friends in the Polish capital.

Her Bank Was Her Bustle.

One day lately an elderly lady residing in Kenosha, Wis., suddenly dropped dead from some heart trouble.

The Scotch cattle breeders are in high feather this year. There were sold at public sales in Scotland, 1896 cattle at an average of \$108 per head.

AGRICULTURAL.

Money in Butter.

A practical authority speaking at a farmers' convention recently, said truly that few farmers were making money. He said: We have struck an era of low prices, and it requires great economy to make both ends meet.

The value of Merino sheep. Mr. Beecher of Livonia, N. Y., speaking before a farmers' institute, said: The development of the Merino sheep for the last half century has been wonderful.

Early Potatoes. It is an item to have at least a few early potatoes, and it will pay to take little pains to secure them.

A Word on Feeding Dairy Cows.

For more than twenty years I have practiced feeding but two meals per day and with satisfactory results. Cows can eat in two meals all they need or can digest.

Charcoal.

A farmer who has raised turkeys many years and who takes pleasure in making experiments, writes that charcoal, turkey-fat and diamonds are alike in some respects.

Farm Fodder.

Put in your best hocks all the time.—[Country Gentleman.] Feed your crops, and your crop will feed you.—[Western Plowman.]

Onions From Sets.

Now the feed of the cows from which we obtain the manure is largely nitrogenous, being bran, shorts and ground cobbler from the flour mills.

Onions From Sets.

The planting being done, in a few days we take a steel rake and rake lightly over the whole patch, which can easily be done without disturbing any of the sets.

wood ashes or of wood ashes and bones, the ashes and bones having been previously packed in barrels and sufficiently moistened with water to reduce the bones to small particles as fine as ground.

The Price of Coal in England.

The advance in the price of coal in England has caused not a little trouble to the great railway companies. The London & Northwestern Railway Company, for example, has paid each month, under contract with large collieries, about \$110,000 for its fuel.

An Incredible Juggling feat.

A most remarkable story reaches me from Sutherland, England. At the Overcast Hotel there a tame raven belonging to the proprietor, Mr. Duncan Mackay, has performed a juggling feat which appears incredible on the face of it.

The New Extradition Treaty.

A new extradition treaty has been agreed upon by the British Minister at Washington, Sir Julian Pauncefote, and U. S. Secretary of State J. G. Blaine.

A Girl's Toilet Articles.

A sensible girl will not keep a lot of cosmetics and drugs on her toilet table, but there are a few articles she should always have in a convenient place.

Dom Pedro and Bashey Park.

London World: The announcement in the papers that Bashey Park "has been placed at the disposal of the emperor and empress of Brazil by the queen" is unfounded.

So Near And Yet So Far.

Reginald—"Your eyes are just like two stars, darling!" Penelope—"How can you say so? You know I am near-sighted in one and far-sighted in the other."

A Friend's Suggestion.

Ipperty (with forehead bandaged)—"Oh, Jimpson, my head!" Jimpson—"Oat again last night, eh?" Ipperty—"Yes. But don't tease me. My brain is on fire. What'll I do, what'll I do?" Jimpson—"Blow it out, you minny."

Bad for the Machine Politicians.

The Australian system of voting is not making an unopposed triumphal march through the land of the "stars and stripes." Its hampering restrictions and provisions are an offence to the machine politicians.

Dom Pedro and Bashey Park.

London World: The announcement in the papers that Bashey Park "has been placed at the disposal of the emperor and empress of Brazil by the queen" is unfounded.

So Near And Yet So Far.

Reginald—"Your eyes are just like two stars, darling!" Penelope—"How can you say so? You know I am near-sighted in one and far-sighted in the other."

A Friend's Suggestion.

Ipperty (with forehead bandaged)—"Oh, Jimpson, my head!" Jimpson—"Oat again last night, eh?" Ipperty—"Yes. But don't tease me. My brain is on fire. What'll I do, what'll I do?" Jimpson—"Blow it out, you minny."

Valvet sleeves in mutton-leg shape

are added to the wool cloaks for tiny girls, giving them a warm and picturesque appearance. Gray Astrachan, chinchilla and light beaver are the furs most favored for misses' and children's wear, and they are most appropriate and becoming.

The First Voyage.

I.
My little one's going to sea,
It's lonely my heart will be;
O, pitiless wind,
For once be kind,
And bring him again to me.
But, mother, it's not for long,
And see, I am brave and strong;
The stars of the night
Are clear and bright,
And hark! to the old Breton song!"
(Sailors sing on board.)
"The sea is great and our boat is small,
But heaven is greater than sea and all.
Ave Maria!"

GENEROSITY.

Chris Whelan came out from the theater in a state of mental exaltation. The play he had been seeing was tragic and the hero heroic—very heroic, very noble and self-sacrificing. In the auditorium the women had all been crying their complexions off and the men, who were just as much moved, had had the additional excitement of trying to look as if they were not.

Fate had been very kind to Chris Whelan. He was young, strong and impressively handsome; he was rich, well born, well mannered, and thoroughly well liked; but yet he was not exactly content, because, impossible as it may seem in the nineteenth century, he would have liked to be a hero.

He had tried such means of self-sacrifice as appeared open to him; he had gone in for slumming when it was the rage, but he did not catch a fever, nor lose his life nobly rescuing some one from anything disagreeable; moreover, several of the ladies with whom he worked showed signs of falling in love with him, so he gave up slumming as a failure. He had tried politics, choosing an unpopular party, but did not find even that successful as a means of self-sacrifice, for his colleagues simply whipped him, and none of his old friends made the least difference in their behavior towards him.

On this particular night he walked homeward feeling very discontented indeed. The path of romance and self-abnegation seemed closed against him. He seemed doomed to perpetual enjoyment, which was commonplace and prosaic. He was so wrapped in his own thoughts that he scarcely noticed when some one touched him on the arm.

"Hello, Davis," he said, absently; "where do you come from?"

"I have been to your rooms," said Davis. "They told me there where you were. I tried to wait till you came in, but I got so impatient I couldn't keep still, so I came to meet you."

Whelan was still only half recalled from his own castle-building. "All right; do you want anything?" he said.

"Yes, I want—generosity."

Davis would rather have said "justice," but some instinctive knowledge of his friend's character told him that he would be much more likely to get what he wanted if he called it by the more attractive name.

To be just is only one's duty; that is why one so seldom does it; but there is something flattering to one's vanity in the mere name of generosity.

Whelan was thoroughly interested now. "You are in some trouble," he said, "and I can help you. Come into the Mall and let me hear."

They walked along slowly in the shadow of the trees, silent at first, but presently Davis began his appeal.

"Chris, old fellow," he said, "we have been friends a long time."

"We have and mean to be, come what may."

Whelan had expected a confession of murder, forgery or bigamy, or perhaps all three, and was fairly reveling in the thought of how steadfastly he would stand by his friend.

Davis went on. "You are a lucky fellow, Whelan; you are rich, popular, in good society, a favorite with the best sort of women."

"Well, yes," said Whelan. "It was all true, and he did not see any need to deny it."

"Well, yes, what then?"

"On the other hand, I am—well, not anything to look at or talk of—a person of no account whatever. I want you to see clearly how much that is worth having you have, and how little I have. I want you to recognize this and be generous."

"I have not many virtues, Tom," said Whelan, warmly, "but I know what friendship is, and I shall not fail you. Speak without any more preface; what form in this generosity to take?"

"I want you to give up Madge Parry to me."

"Good God!"

Whelan stopped dead short in the middle of a crossing. This sort of sacrifice had never entered his mind. Davis had fairly to drag him out of the track of the cars that were rattling past; the two sat down on a seat in the shadow of the trees.

"I am asking a good deal, I know," said Davis, "but I am asking it of a man who can afford to give, and, as you said just now, I don't think you will fail me. I have very little in the world; I can't think you would have the heart to take from me the little I desire. Any woman would fall in love with you; there is only this one in all the world for me. She is on the verge of caring for me when you come on the scene; she will care for me again if she does not see you any more. Let me have this one piece of good luck, Chris; spare it to me out of your influence. There's Lady Lily Lovison, who used to share your Whitechapel wanderings—she'd have you any day, and small wonder; or McNamara's daughter, the beauty—proud as she is, she would be prouder to marry you. Among all the women who would be ready to marry you can't you find some one else, and leave Madge to me? Why, with

all your advantages any woman who was not a fool would jump at you."

"You forget one thing," said Whelan, slowly; "any woman won't do. I am fond of Madge Parry—No," he went on after a pause; "no, Tom, I can't think of it."

But the answer showed Davis that he had been thinking of it.

They sat silent for a moment or two and then Davis tried again.

"You remember that fellow in the Bible, Chris, that we used to hear about when we were boys? The great man had flocks and herds without number, you know. The poor man had only one ewe lamb. You are in the position of the rich man; don't take her from me."

"It's altogether different," said Whelan, whose scriptural knowledge was vague but practical, since he mixed the allegory with the fact and between the two made out his case. "It's altogether different; Miss Parry can't belong to you like the lamb did to the fellow in the story, and he was cheated out of it, while no one is acting unfairly toward you."

You did introduce me to her, I know, but I did not know you liked her, as well as I had, the trial was as free to me as to you."

"That's all true," said Davis, congratulating himself inwardly on having taken the right line at first. "That's why I ask you for generosity and not for justice. Some men might say, 'I introduced you to the woman I loved, trusting you not to supplant me,' but I don't; I ask you to give up to me, not because I have the best right, but because I have the greatest need. I love her as a prosperous man such as you cannot love. She is my riches, my society, my ambition, as well as my love; and what have I to offer? What means have I of winning her love in comparison with you? Don't you see how terribly handicapped I should be in a contest with you? What could happen to me but defeat? And I tell you that in this matter defeat will be bitterer than death. It will be hard to bear—such a blow from such a friend, from my friend, too, who is armed so much better than I that I have no chance against him."

Whelan did not answer. He sat looking absently at the clear, silent, frosty sky. The Mall was getting empty now, and the cold pure night air was quieting and pleasant. The surprise with which he had listened to his friend's request began to wear off; the feeling of exaltation which had filled him when he left the theater began to reassert itself. He remembered how eagerly he had longed for an opportunity of self-sacrifice but half an hour ago, and was almost ashamed to see that now his opportunity had come, it was doubtful whether he would avail himself of it. He looked across at Davis, and saw his attitude of utter and helpless dejection; he fancied too, that he saw tears in his eyes, and was profoundly touched. At the moment his friend's pleadings seemed to him full of force and truth. There could be no question which of the two wanted to use the only available word; Miss Parry most. Would it not be contemptible to use all his unquestionable advantages against a man who had absolutely no power of competing with him? So easy a victory would be no glory, but to resign a certain victory was true generosity.

After a long pause he spoke.

"You think she will have you, Davis?"

"I am sure of it. If not, you can still try your chance, you know."

Leave my chance out of the question and try your own, and I wish you success with all my heart, Tom."

Three months later the marriage of Miss Parry and Mr. Davis was announced in the papers, and Chris Whelan, who had been keeping himself out of the way through the best part of the season, now felt himself at liberty to return to town.

"You won't mind my looking you up occasionally, I suppose?" he said to Davis; "I shall like to know how you get on."

"Oh, come by all means," Davis said enthusiastically. "You have the right to see the result of your generosity, and you'll congratulate yourself when you do see it. We are making a success of marriage, Madge and I."

So Chris went. The Davises had nothing of what is usually termed "a position," but they had a very little place at Tooting, where Chris got in the way of going very often, indeed, always sure of a warm welcome from his friend and his friend's wife.

Mrs. Davis, indeed, was particularly gracious and cordial toward her husband's friend, but now and then Chris caught a glimpse of something behind her friendly manner that puzzled him. She was the most charming and lovable woman he had ever seen, and of course she was passionately attached to her ugly, commonplace husband. This was quite as it should be, only why did she so labor to convince him of a fact he never doubted? So time wore on, and if he began to find that the hours spent in his friend's house were the only hours worth having in his life, the discovery did not disturb him much. He went at his own risk; Davis was glad to have him, and Madge was absolutely safe in her exaggerated love for her husband.

Now it happened that while Davis and his wife had been on their honeymoon they had fallen in with an old uncle of Davis' who was a great admirer of pretty women, and he had been so taken with Madge's beauty and brightness that on parting with them immediately made her will in his nephew's favor, "as a recognition of his good sense and cleverness in securing such a charming and amiable woman as his wife."

The old man said nothing about this at the time or afterward; he probably saw other pretty women and forgot all about Madge, for he never held out a helping hand to her in all the long struggle with poverty which followed their marriage, and took no notice when he was informed that their second child was called after him. But if he forgot his fancy for Madge, he also forgot to make any other will, and when at last news of his death reached Davis in London, he found himself the owner of a good railway stock, a fine old country house, several well-let farms, and a coal mine at Glywycob, North Wales.

This, of course, entirely revolutionized the means to enter that sort of society which is spelled with a capital "S," and were only doubtful as to whether they should found their claims to admission on his wealth or her beauty, and Whelan found those pleasant impromptu or matter-of-course visits quite out of the question.

At the end of the season Mr. and Mrs. Davis went to Wales, but their departure made very little difference to Chris, the separation of the past month had been so complete.

Presently, however, he received a letter from the Davises, asking him to spend a few days with them, to inspect the new house

and the farms and the coal mines and the scenery, and to ruralize generally. He went gladly enough, and had a pleasant time, almost as pleasant as the old days at Tooting. Davis was full of triumph in his new possessions, but he did not bore his guest with them; he let him off easily as far as mounting and farm-inspecting were concerned. But on one point he was resolute, Whelan must go down a coal mine.

Whelan agreed, but he was not very enthusiastic about the expedition; so it was postponed time after time until the day before he intended leaving. At breakfast Mrs. Davis, remembering that Chris had not yet seen the mine, proposed that they should walk down and visit it that morning. Davis agreed, they lost no time in setting out, but half way there, they met the manager, who reminded Davis that it was a holiday, and the men were not working.

"Dear me, so it is," said Davis. "I had quite forgotten. What is to be done? We can't let you go back without seeing our mine, Whelan."

"We can go all the same, can't we?" asked Madge. "It is the mine we want to see, not the men. I have not been down myself yet and I want to go so much. You can find us a guide, I suppose, Mr. Wyatt?"—this to the manager—"and if you have not any engagement yourself to-day, perhaps you would come with us."

Mr. Wyatt said he should be most happy, and set off to find a guide, and in due time the party found themselves wandering about in the dark and dirt and bad air, and trying to pretend that they liked it because it was a new sensation.

Mr. Wyatt and the guide had wandered to a little distance. Madge was just asserting vigorously that she would never allow any of the children to come into this sort of a place, and that she wished they were all well out of it themselves when a sudden ominous sound was heard. Instinctively they all stood still and waited; there was a loud, dull roar—a shaking, as it seemed, of the very foundations of the earth—a crash, and then the whole roof of that part of the mine near which they stood fell in and there was dead silence and black darkness.

"Nobody need be alarmed if we are all here," he said. "Madge, are you all right? Whelan? That's well. And Wyatt and Darriek?"

Neither Wyatt nor the guide answered; they had been some distance away when the roof fell in, and it was too evident that they were buried beneath the ruins.

"Well, we are all right," said Davis. "Let us be thankful for that, at least. I don't know much of my own mine yet, but I know we can't be very low down, we must be quite near the surface, in fact, and they know at the house where we are, so we have a good chance of being rescued."

But even while they spoke they heard other explosions, one after another, in different parts of the mine, and presently one in their immediate neighborhood was followed by a rush of hot air, and then by a stream of water which quickly covered the bottom of the space which they stood on.

"Good heaven, this is serious!" exclaimed Davis; "little as I know, I know what this means. The water keeps coming in, and there is no outlet for it. We are in great danger. Madge, where are you?"

Madge struggled through the fast-rising water toward her husband's voice and clung to him desperately.

"Tom, dear," she cried, "you speak of danger. Tell me the truth. Do you mean—is it death?"

She gave a little moaned cry and fell back into her husband's arms. She was not a particularly courageous woman, and there was small wonder if she was terribly frightened now. There was a long silence, and then Whelan spoke.

"Good God, Davis, can't you say anything to comfort her? To make it seem easier? It's your place to help the poor child to bear it."

"She has fainted," said Davis, shortly. "It is best so. She won't feel it so much when the end comes."

"An awful end," said Whelan, shuddering. "If one could only do something to save her—something to help her."

Something in his tone amazed and even interested Davis, in spite of his own horror.

"Why, Whelan," he exclaimed, "you don't mean to say you care for her still? That you have been going on caring for her all these years?"

"Still?" repeated Whelan. "All this time? Why, of course I do. I should have gone on all my life and here, however long we had both lived. You have made her very happy, Tom, so it is just as well as it is, but if I'd known at the time what she would cost I don't think I could have done it, and if I had known I don't think you would have accepted the sacrifice."

"What sacrifice?"

"What sacrifice?"

It was Madge who spoke, starting from her husband's arms and questioning with passionate eagerness.

"What sacrifice? I was not fainting; if I had been I think I would still have heard such words as those. What sacrifice?"

"Never mind now, Madge," said her husband, feeling for her in the dark; "it is all past now. We have only a few moments left to live. Don't let us say anything to disturb them."

Madge flung away his hands angrily.

"What sacrifice? I will know; I will understand before I die. What sacrifice? Speak, one of you!"

"My dear, be reasonable," said Davis, fretfully, using the usual "husbandese" for "don't contradict me." "It is a past matter between Whelan and me."

She broke away and stood apart from both of them.

"It concerns me, too," she said. "I know so much already. Mr. Whelan, you know what I heard; finish the story."

"As you will," said Chris. "Tom, I think I have a right to tell her now. It is only that we both loved you, Madge, as you heard just now, but Tom asked me to give you up to him because he needed you most, and I did so. It was hard to bear at the time—it has been harder since; but as it has turned out so well I am content."

"Content?" the word rang sharply through the darkness. "Content—yes, we have both been content when we might have been happy. Oh, why did you do it? Why did you do it?"

She had come close to him now and seized his arm fiercely.

"Why did you do it? What right had you to sacrifice me that you might be generous? Generous! no, you were selfish and cruel; you trod on my heart that

you might rise a step higher in virtue. Was I a stake at cards that you should let your friend win me from mere good nature? Was I a place in the world that you should step aside and resign me to him? Was I not a heart and soul, a living woman, who surely had a right to a voice in her own disposal?"

"But, Madge," cried Whelan, amazed at her anger, "one word. How could I know? If you had refused Davis—"

"Refused him—can you not understand? You both came to my mother's house, and I thought—I hoped—no matter now what I thought and hoped, for you left me without a word—and it seemed to me that you were fickle and he was true, and that I had been foolish and blind to have believed in you, and to have misperceived me. He was ready to love me when you had left me. What wonder if I was touched by his patience, won by his faithfulness?"

"But you seemed so fond of your husband, so happy, that I was almost glad—"

"Seemed!" she cried bitterly. "Was I tired of me, think that I regretted you? So you were glad of your work, were you? Ah, you are very noble, I know, Chris Whelan, very unselfish, very generous; but your unselfishness was blasted my life. Your generosity has wronged me grievously."

"Madge!" cried Davis reproachfully, "have you no feeling for me that you speak so? Have I not been a good husband to you?"

"I can forgive you," she said quietly, "that is all. You have both wronged me, but you less than he."

Before either of the men had time to answer her another explosion shook the place where they stood, there was a sound of earth and stones falling into the water near them, then the air grew suddenly lighter and a cool breeze blew in their faces.

"Look here!" he shouted, "we shan't die this time. See, there's an opening up above; we are even nearer to the surface than I thought. Do you see that big bowlder that is uncovered now? We can climb up that and then lift each other up so as to struggle through the opening. We are saved! Courage, Madge! Whelan, for heaven's sake, stop looking so tragic! Don't you see we are saved, man?"

Whelan's face did not clear.

"Come with me a moment, Davis," he said, "I have something to say to you."

"Speak before me," said Madge, firmly. "Let us have no more private compacts between you."

"Good," said Whelan quietly. "Your husband says we are saved. Don't you see that only two of us are saved? Who will help the third?"

"God heavens!" said Davis, "I never thought of that."

"Think of it now," said Chris, still speaking very quietly.

"You mean, think which?"

"Yes, that is what I mean."

Perhaps in his heart Whelan felt that it was his friend's turn to be generous. Perhaps he had some hope that Davis might feel the same; if so, he was to be disappointed.

"A man does not grow in unselfishness by living for years in the enjoyment of the result of a selfish action. A man who will still meanly as a miserably likely to act as well."

"Well," said Davis at length, "the third of us may be saved, too. We could bring help."

"Nonsense; the water is rising too fast for there to be any chance of help coming in time. The one who remains here must die."

"Well, you know, Chris," said Davis, with a good deal of stammering, "I'm a married man and I have children, and now that I have all this property I have very heavy responsibilities; and really, you know, whenever one hears of a case like this, it is always the unmarried man who offers to stay. I really think it should be you."

"You think so? Suppose we leave it to your wife to decide."

Davis hesitated. "I think that will be hardly fair," he began.

"But I will have it so," said Whelan, suddenly. "If you won't consent I'll refuse to help you in any case, and we two will drown together; but, if you will let Madge decide I will abide by her decision. What do you say?"

"I suppose I have no choice," said Davis. "Madge, which of us do you decide for?"

"I will not choose," cried Madge, passionately. "I only wish it could be I who should be left behind. It should be if I had strength to lift one of you and might have my way. Settle the matter between you. You were ready enough to arrange my life to suit yourself. But I am less hardy; I dare not take such an awful responsibility upon myself. You are mad to think I could."

"But, Madge," said Whelan, gently, "if it is true that we between us spoiled your life, can we do more to atone than offer you this choice now? If we only thought of ourselves then, we want—at least I want—only to do what is best for you now. Choose."

"I will not. It is cruel to ask it. How can I sentence either of you to death? You are the noblest man I ever knew, but the most blind and cruel. Tom is my husband; we have children; we have lived together all these years, and—and I have grown to love him. But yet—Oh, Chris! Chris! God forgive you your generosity! But for that I should have loved a much better man."

Chris drew back.

"Come, Davis," he said, "I've got my answer."

They struggled toward the bowlder together, and without much difficulty climbed to the top of it.

Whelan turned to Davis. "You will go first, I suppose, and help Madge from the top."

But Davis had some vague suspicion in his mind. If he left those two together he might never see Madge again.

"No, my wife first," he said.

"You'll let me? I am the stronger, you know."

Davis nodded.

"Thanks, now, Madge."

He took her in his arms to raise her, then paused.

"Good-by," he said, "good-by, Madge. I think you have been a little hard on me, I made a great mistake, but I meant well. I can do no more than say I'm sorry, can I? Don't you think you might be a little sorry too?"

They could see each other plainly now in the bright light that streamed straight down upon them. A sudden bewildering change came in Madge's eyes. He looked at her eagerly. What was in her mind? What was

rising to her lips? Something that would make her life possible even now, or at least make death sweet?

"Madge," he whispered, "Madge, what is it?"

"Hullo! Hullo! Is any one alive down there?"

It was Wyatt's voice, and Wyatt's good-natured, ugly face peered through the opening.

"All there? Ah, that's good! Darriek and I got out all right, so we rushed off and got a ladder, and now if you'll just move out of the way I'll let it down and you can all come out of that ugly hole as soon as you like."

So in about three minutes the tragedy was over, and Whelan will never know to his dying day what it was that Mrs. Davis was going to say to him.

Some three months later the papers gave a detailed account of the marriage of Lady Lillie Lovison and Chris Whelan, but the papers said nothing about one little incident that took place.

After the ceremony, when Chris had gone through all the minutiae promises that a bridegroom makes by order of the Prayer Book, he turned to the sweet little woman who had loved him so long and so faithfully, and made another on his own account.

"Lilly darling, I promise you that I will never be generous again as long as I live."

How to Hide the Collar-Bone.

The editor of the "New York Sun" has recently been confronted with a poser, a lady reader of his columns, who believes in his encyclopedic knowledge, has written him thus: "I want to ask you if you won't please give me an article on the development of the throat—directions about the proper exercise to take to hide my collar bone. I am plump enough otherwise, so my scrawny neck isn't due to thinness of body generally."

Not wishing to show the white feather as one he braces himself for the task, but it is evident he realizes his inability to furnish the information desired. He complains that the lady has not been sufficiently specific in her description of herself, that in order to proceed intelligently and safely he ought to know something about the lady's age, and as's of her taste as to collar bones. Astounding, however, that she prefers a collar bone well hidden away in adipose, he mentions certain dietary agents which she might employ. "Starch, sugar, pie-crust, and beer have fattened numbers of persons; while eggs, meat, milk, and a reasonable supply of plum pudding might be induced to expend part of their potentiality upon the clothing of a collar bone, if accompanied by a swinging of the arms at length, backward and forward and up and down, and by a rolling of the head about, the exercise to be pursued faithfully for twenty minutes every day for a year, and care being taken not to sprain the neck when the operations with the head are first essayed or vigorously performed. Nevertheless he admonishes his fair questioner that "none of the expedients in question are sure. Nature watches very jealously over parts of her handiwork, and it may be that the collar bone of our correspondent is one of the matters with which nature is so satisfied that she will brook no change in it."

And thus he runs on through nearly a column of humorous and sarcastic banter, torturing without mercy the silly creature who imagined she had too much collar bone to be consistent with her ideal of beauty. Still one can hardly blame the editor for putting her on the spot, for surely such a question is unworthy of a serious answer. And yet it is to be feared that this lady was only one a little weaker than many others, who know enough to hold their peace, but whose highest ambition is to appear beautiful. Not that beauty in itself is to be condemned or discouraged, for the Creator loves the beautiful; but that beauty of form and figure should be sought after at the expense of those finer qualities of the soul, whose possession will transfigure any face and make it pleasant and winsome, is the thing to be deplored. And this capital blunder is being made by thousands every day.

The Successor of Henry Ward Beecher.

Since the going out of the great light which for forty years shone forth from Plymouth pulpit, the public have not so frequently heard of the things said and done within that famous house of worship. And yet the death of Henry Ward Beecher has not proved an annihilation of the society to which for so many years he rendered acceptable services. The labors which he instituted have been taken up by his successor, and the organization of a philanthropic character which Plymouth Church carried on, have not been allowed to collapse or decline. Though several months have elapsed since the choice was actually made, the formal installation of Dr. Lyman Abbot as successor of Mr. Beecher, did not take place until Thursday the 16th inst. On that occasion, Dr. Abbot made a statement of his theological views. No one can mistake his position in relation to the "new departure" or what has been called "progressive orthodoxy." When asked to explain the doctrine of the Trinity he replied, "God is so great and I am so small that I cannot explain it." Concerning his creed he stated "I count the resurrection of Christ as the best attested fact in ancient history." He declared in clear and emphatic tones his belief that Christ was God in man; that the gospel history is authentic; and that Jesus not only wrought the miracles recorded of him but that He rose from the dead and is alive for ever more. Touching the question of probation after death, he "repudiated as unscriptural the dogma that his earthly life ended probation. But the hypothesis that Christ will be presented in another life to all who have not known him here, he did not accept because there was a lack of evidence to support it. Though a spiritual son of Mr. Beecher whom he succeeded he is not a copyist of his spiritual father. Indeed, in nothing does he resemble his lamented pastor more than in his independence of thought as a religious thinker. The management of Plymouth Church fell confident that they are entering upon an era of prosperity which will rival that of former times. Recently their annual sale of pews realized the gratifying sum of \$17,000. This, though not equal to the amount received in Mr. Beecher's day comes well up to the \$20,000 the usual annual income from this source when the great orator occupied his pulpit throne.

The prospects are that emigration to Canada from Britain during the coming season will be less even than last year.

THE BEE.

Leading Paper in North Perth.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1890.

THE DEBATING CLUB.

We are pleased to observe the growing interest manifested by our young men and ladies too, in the subject of public debate. To our mind no better field presents itself for the cultivation of a literary taste and storing the intellect with useful knowledge than that of the debating club. It is also a splendid medium through which young men can give expression to their thoughts on the leading questions of the day, and will therefore better fit them for public speaking. A great deal of talent has been allowed to remain buried and lost sight of for the want of a proper channel through which our young men might cultivate and develop those gifts that they undoubtedly possess. Not a few of Canada's leading statesmen have had their platform training in the school of public debate. The late Thos. Oliver, who for a number of years represented North Oxford in the Ontario Legislature, remarked, in the course of one of his campaign speeches, that what ability he possessed as a public speaker was largely due to the early discipline received at the debating club. The same might also be said of many other of our foremost men in public life to-day. Moreover, it creates and stimulates a desire in young men to read and think, and become thoroughly acquainted with national literature and other sources of practical information, and as a result of study and research they are eminently better qualified to discuss and successfully cope with the great and burning questions of the day, especially those questions that are closely related to ourselves as Canadians. The debating club is instrumental in broadening the intellect and otherwise equipping the average young man for the duties of public life, which will, sooner or later, devolve upon him. We have no hesitancy in stating that Atwood has as good debating talent as any other place of its size and population. One thing, however, should be characteristic of debaters, and that is earnestness; whether on the affirmative or negative throw your mind and energy into the subject under discussion; leave the impression that you are sincere, though defending perhaps the unpopular side of the question, and do no argue for the mere sake of argument. And avoid sarcasm and personalities, which only serve to weaken your argument as well as possibly destroy your hold on an audience. Last, but not least, keep cool, never allow your temper to gain the mastery over you, or in any way appear irritated, but strive to maintain your intellectual equilibrium despite the galling attacks of your opponents.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

York County Council has decided to abolish toll gates.
A cloud burst near Nankin, China, drowning over one hundred persons.
Port Stanley will have a summer resort to be called "New Orchard Beach."
The St. Lawrence River is very high and the streets of La Prairie Village are flooded.
Four hundred of the London Asylum patients have had the influenza. There were no fatal cases.
Tenders will be asked for a stone and iron bridge over the Thames at Bothwell to cost \$25,000.
The skull found on a farm at Ancaster is not that of the Negro Harris. It is puzzling the villagers.
The winter in the far Northwest of Canada is said not to be severe and game food is plentiful.
Six of West Zorra's old pioneers have died within the last few days. Three were more than 90 years of age.
The bill to authorize the bridging of the River Detroit is meeting plenty of opposition in the U.S. Senate Committee.
The beekeepers are asking the Legislature for legislation to prevent the ravages among bees of a disease that has developed lately and is similar to glanders in horses.
Hamilton Separate School Board are devising means of getting the Roman Catholics of the city to give notice to the City Clerk to assess them as Separate School supporters.
Beef, hog and dairy products were exported from the United States in 1889 to the value of \$117,119,123, as against \$87,061,137 in the year 1888, showing the heavy increase of \$30,057,986.
It is reported that Walter Davidson, formerly of Hamilton, but now baggage master at the C.P.R. station, Orangeville, has fallen heir to a fortune of \$18,000, bequeathed by a deceased brother at Portland, Oregon.
A deputation of the Dominion Millers' Association asked the Ontario Central Farmers' Institute to endorse their application to the Dominion Government for an increase of duty on flour, and the latter decided to ask that wheat and its products be on the free list.
Joseph P. Hnyek, the oldest inhabitant of Belleville died in his ninety-seventh year. He was a veteran of 1812-14, and was for upwards of seventy years a Freemason, being the oldest member of the craft in Canada, and the oldest but one on this continent.

The U. S. House Committee on the World's Fair have voted \$1,500,000 for a building to make Government exhibits.

Hopkins, one of the convicts who escaped from the Kingston Penitentiary on Christmas Eve, is under arrest at Albany, N. Y.

Michael Walsh, a mason's helper, living at Stratford, went skating on Victoria Lake and was drowned.

With a population of 10,000 or 11,000 St. Thomas has 3,684 voters, and the Journal rejoices in this proof that St. Thomas is a City of Men.

Mrs. Farmer, of Stratford, widow of a brakeman recently killed while coupling cars on the G. T. R. and for whose death the coronor's jury held the railway responsible, is suing the Company for \$20,000.

At a meeting of the directors of the Mechanics' Institute, held on Tuesday evening, it was decided to add \$100 worth of books to the already large library. The purchase will be made immediately.

A comparison of the voters lists for the County of Oxford, as recently revised, with the lists of 1888, shows that in North Oxford there is an increase of 678 voters and in South Oxford a decrease of 203. Woodstock shows an increase of 481 and Ingersoll a decrease of 47.

At the recent open court of the Ancient Order of Foresters in the city of Stratford, Supreme Secretary Williams referred to the progress of the order in this country, which was almost unknown in Canada until 1871. In 1881 it had only 1,000 members here. These had increased to 6,000 in 1884, and to 10,000 at the present time. Ten courts have been established since the last meeting of the high Court.

The Annual meeting of the North Perth Conservative Association will be held at Milverton, on Thursday 20th inst., at 1.30 o'clock p. m. In addition to the election of officers, business of considerable importance is likely to be brought up, it is therefore desirable that there should be a good attendance. The local Associations should arrange to hold meetings previous to the 20th and select delegates to attend the riding convention.

On Tuesday, Feb. 4th, the chattels of Francis Brooks, Hibbert, were disposed of by public auction, when good prices were obtained. Three ewes brought \$30.25; one mare, \$170; two calves, \$31.50; four yearling heifers, \$131; three grade cows \$43.50, \$50 and \$56 respectively. The proceeds reached nearly \$1,100, being considerably over the estimate. W. R. Davis was auctioneer. Mr. Brooks is retiring from farming, and intends starting a general store at Munroe, Fullarton.

At the recent sessions of the South Perth Farmers' Institute some discussion took place on the grain tester now in use by buyers on the different markets throughout Ontario. A large number expressed in very strong language the general dissatisfaction of testing grain by a "tea cup" (as the tester was termed by one speaker) was giving. All seemed satisfied that the proper method of disposing of grain was by weight. The best way, they thought, to remove the doubts and fears that prevail at present would be for the Government to determine by Act of Parliament, surrounded by proper safeguards both as to the seller and purchaser, that the measure by which the weight of grain be determined shall not be less than one half bushel, and a resolution to this effect was passed.

A delegation from Ottawa Typographical Union has had an interview with the secretary of state just lately in reference to the demands of the printers at the Government bureau for an increase of pay. The question was very thoroughly discussed, when Mr. Chapleau stated he would give them a final answer before the union met that evening. When the meeting convened the president had the reply of Mr. Chapleau before him. It stated that, in the interest of peace and harmony, he would compromise with the union by offering the compositors at the bureau \$12 per week, an increase of one dollar, and pay for three statutory holidays, to be selected by the union with the understanding that no further application for an increase of wages will be entertained by the Government. By a vote of 145 to 48 it was decided to accept this offer, conditional upon the Government granting labor day as a holiday, and that the increased wages apply to these compositors who work at night.

The estimates of expenditure for Quebec province for the fiscal year ending 30th June 1889, were brought down in the House on Tuesday of last week, and despite all the pretensions of economy so long made by Mr. Mercier the proposed appropriations for next year amount to \$4,877,828, an increase of \$110,025 over those of last year. The principal items going to make up this large outlay are: \$1,176,055 for interest on public debt; \$913,188 for special expenditure; \$540,000 for railways; \$206,223 for legislation; \$239,742 for civil government; \$515,918 for administration of justice, police, reformatory, prisons and industrial schools, inspection of public offices; \$104,860 for public instruction, literary and scientific institutions, arts and manufactures; \$256,100 for agriculture, immigration, repatriation, colonization; \$949,876 for public works and buildings; \$257,389 for charities, including lunatic asylums; \$277,350 for miscellaneous services. What looks a little as though Mr. Mercier intends to bring on the general elections ere long is the increase by \$50,000 of the sum to be spent on colonization roads, while \$10,000 is to be spent in stoning country roads and \$450,000 additional in Montreal—\$300,000 for a new jail and \$150,000 for new court house extensions. The Quebec court house contractors are evidently to lose nothing by their liberal subscriptions to the Nationalist election fund for in the estimates is an item of \$155,000 to settle the balance of their claims against the province.

Atwood Carriage and Blacksmith Shop.

Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs and Cutters, and all kinds of Repairing done on Shortest Notice.

Horseshoeing a Specialty.

Prompt and special attention given to Horseshoeing. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Also Agent for Hawkey's and Begg's celebrated Road Carts. These are two of the best carts that are made. See and be convinced.

2tf

HENRY HOAR.

The 777 Store.

The 777 Store is

Headquarters in Listowel

For Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Dress Goods, &c.

Please Call and See Us when you Come to Town.

JOHN RIGGS.

Atwood Saw & Planing Mills.

Lumber, Lath, Muskoka Shingles, Cedar Posts, Fence Poles and Stakes, Cheese Boxes, also Long and Short Wood.

Dressed Flooring and Siding

A SPECIALTY.

WM. DUNN.

Change in Business!

J. G. Robertson has rented the

Atwood Bakery and Confectionery Business to Charles Zeran

For One Year. Mr. C. Zeran is well known and will doubtless do a good business in that line. He keeps on the present baker, A. Clarridge, who has a thorough knowledge of the business.

BIG CLEARING SALE

STILL GOING ON AT

James Irwin's.

I have still a lot of goods that must be sold. See our Prices for

Robes, Fur Caps, Fur

Coats, Blankets,

Mitts, Gloves, &c.

Just the Goods you want and at Prices that Can't be Beat. Full Lines in

Staple Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes.

Our Tailoring Department

Is Still in Full Blast.

MR. CURRIE is still turning out those Nobby Suits and Overcoats that have made a reputation for him in Atwood. We Guarantee a Fit or no sale.

A Call Solicited.

JAS. IRWIN, - ATWOOD.

J. JOHNSON,

PRACTICAL

Watchmaker

-AND-

JEWELLER,

Main St., Atwood.

MY SPECIALTY,

Watches!

WEDDING RINGS

AND GEM RINGS.

All Repairs

Warranted.

Over 20 Years Experience.

J. JOHNSON.



R. M. BALLANTYNE

-IS-

THE PLACE

Where the People can get

"SUITED"

Without any trouble as he carries the

Largest & Best

-STOCK-

IN TOWN!

R. M. BALLANTYNE,

ATWOOD.



1890.

WISHING YOU THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON.

While sleighing has come at last and the winter set in, see that you make good use of your time, and in order to make good use of your time it is necessary that you should at once

Buy a Watch

GUNTHER'S, GOLDSMITH'S HALL, Main St., Listowel.

As he carries a large stock of all makes of Watches at prices to suit everyone. REPAIRING done first-class and guaranteed. So when you come to Listowel don't forget to call in at Goldsmith's Hall, its on your way, and easy to find when you are in town.

J. H. GUNTHER, Goldsmith's Hall, Main St., Listowel. Two Doors East of Post Office.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SOUTHERN EXTENSION W. G. & B.

Trains leave Atwood Station, North and South as follows:

Table with 2 columns: GOING SOUTH, GOING NORTH. Express 7:21 a.m., Mixed 8:07 a.m., Express 12:24 p.m., Express 2:34 p.m., Mixed 4:00 p.m., Express 9:12 p.m.

ATWOOD STAGE ROUTE.

Stage leaves Atwood North and South as follows:

Table with 2 columns: GOING SOUTH, GOING NORTH. Atwood 8:00 a.m., Mitchell 2:30 p.m., Newry 8:05 a.m., Fmho'm 3:30 p.m., Monkton 9:00 a.m., Mankton 4:45 p.m., Fmho'm 10:15 a.m., Newry 5:55 p.m., Mitchell 11:15 p.m., Atwood 6:00 p.m.

TOWN TALK.

We are indebted to the Stratford Herald for a report of the Perth County Council.

Extra copies of THE BEE may be had at the office of publication at 5 cents per copy.

Miss Maggie Pelton was visiting old friends in the neighborhood of Trowbridge this week.

Miss Benson returned home on Monday last after a pleasant stay with friends and relatives in this locality.

The modest editor of this journal feels rather elated over the fact that he is the youngest journalist in Ontario, and that he has not had a gripe.

We understand that J. Johnson is desirous of moving into larger premises in order that he may be in a position to carry a larger stock of watches, jewelry, etc. Mr. Johnson is not only a master mechanic but a very enterprising citizen, and as a result his business has grown very rapidly. Honor to whom honor is due.

COMING AT LAST.—M. E. Neads, of Millbank, made us a call last Friday, and we are pleased to state that he purposes starting a drug and book store in our flourishing village as soon as a suitable building can be erected for him. R. M. Ballantyne is making preparations for the erection of several stores in the spring, one of which will be occupied by Mr. Neads. Atwood is in much need of a well-conducted drug and book store and we believe Mr. Neads will fill the bill to a nicety. THE BEE extends a hearty welcome.

A sensible exchange advises the public to give peddlers the cold shake. Their interests are of no concern to you. They take your money out and leave none. They have no business reputation to sustain and are more likely to skin you than not. There is absolutely not one single advantage in buying from a peddler therefore give the itinerant the shake. There is not an article they sell that cannot be bought as cheap of the dealers in your own town, who pay taxes and help to build up, while the peddlers do nothing for us. Trade with the merchants and let the peddlers go.

There are but three classes of men in every community, the retrograde, the stationary, and the progressive. The first two have little or no regard for the newspaper and its influence and read it simply to see "what is going on," but who could fold their arms and see it die with the utmost complacency, leaving the progressive class the only real sufferers. The retrograde and stationary classes in every community are generally the critics of the newspapers, and, as Steele says: "Of all mortals a critic is the silliest; for by inquiring himself to examine everything, whether of consequence or not, he never looks upon anything but with a design of passing sentence upon it."

John Rogers returned from Detroit last week.

A thoroughbred Scotch collie or spaniel pup wanted. Apply at this office.

Elma Council meets at Graham's hotel to-morrow, 15th inst., at 10 a. m.

We understand the Presbyterian S. S. are adding a choice lot of books to their library.

Mrs. Dr. Hamilton is laid up with la grippe this week we regret to state. Dr. Phillips, of Listowel, is attending her.

Geo. Weir and mother, of Michigan, were among the relatives who attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Hamilton.

Miss C. Lavan, of Listowel, is in the village this week renewing old acquaintances. Somebody will be more than glad.

Miss Joan Hamilton, of Milverton was in town last Saturday attending the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. Margaret Hamilton.

The flax mill shut down for the season this week. The mill has had a fairly good season with bright prospects for next year.

Rev. Mr. Davis, of Ethel, preached Sunday morning and evening in the Methodist church to large congregations. Rev. Mr. Rogers took his work on the Ethel circuit.

D. Lamont's singing class met in the basement of the Presbyterian church on Saturday evening last. There was a good attendance. The class will meet again Monday evening.

The semi-annual meeting of the Canadian Press Association will be held in the City Council Chamber, Toronto, on Friday of this week. A good program is arranged for the gathering.

Hand us in the local and district happenings. Consider yourself one of our local reporters for the time being. It will take a few weeks to get a corps of correspondents in full swing.

Last Saturday evening a number of the young folk spent a very enjoyable and profitable time at the residence of Wm. Hawkshaw. Oysters and other delicacies were served in royal style.

Miss Hamilton, of Detroit, Mich., came home on Saturday evening. She has been employed for some time in a laboratory in that city. The many friends of Miss Hamilton will be pleased to see her again.

The Bible Society collectors who have not handed in their books to the Secretary-Treasurer will kindly do so during the coming week, if convenient, so that the report may be prepared and the monies remitted.

John Knox, of Pilot Mound, brother of our esteemed citizen, Robt. Knox, was in town last week. Mr. Knox is Registrar of Rock Lake and Lorne Counties, Man., and is doing well. He left for Montreal and Ottawa on business this week.

H. Harrison and F. Brown take charge of the young people's meeting in the Methodist church on Friday evening. A program is prepared in which provision is made for all the young people to take part in the weekly meetings.

DEED.—Another pioneer of Elma has passed away to her silent reward. Mrs. Margaret Hamilton, relict of the late Thomas Hamilton, died at her residence, 8th con. Elma, on Thursday Feb. 6th, in her forty-first year. Deceased was born in Brechin, Scotland, and has been a resident of Elma for twenty-five years; some weeks ago she took a severe attack of that prevailing epidemic, la grippe, together with inflammation on the lungs, which was borne with patience and resignation until she was finally relieved of her sufferings and taken to the reward promised to those who are faithful unto death. Deceased had many friends and relatives in this locality and her demise will be universally felt. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon and was largely attended. The surviving family, a son and daughter, have the heartfelt sympathy of all in their sad bereavement.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.—The citizens of every town or place are called upon and ought to respond to the call, and patronize as much as possible, every local industry in preference to outsiders. We have in Atwood one of the best equipped roller flouring mills in the Dominion. We refer to M. Corrie, who is a thorough, practical miller and his mill contains all the latest improvements for producing good flour. Mr. Corrie has been a resident of Atwood for many years and his business has steadily increased, which is a proof of his ability and square dealing with the public. They use a proper tester so that every patron receives just what his grain is worth. Mr. Corrie informs us that he constantly uses Manitoba wheat. His assistant, Fred. Clebe, is a first-class miller, having a practical knowledge of the roller system.

H. Hoar and R. Hamilton led the service in the jubilee appointment last Sabbath evening.

J. S. Gee, of Newry, has something important to say to our readers this week. His announcement will be found on page 8 of THE BEE.

The Listowel Standard enters upon its thirteenth year of publication. The Standard has had a successful career up to the present and we wish the publisher every success.

A number of our citizens attended the tea meeting at Trowbridge on Monday evening. They report having a good time. The Trowbridge people use visitors right every time.

R. Anderson shipped a car of hay to Toronto Monday, making the third shipment from this station during the season. He also shipped eight cars of grain to the east a few days ago.

Quite a number of saw logs are coming into town, although the sleighing is anything but good. One month's good slipping would make things lively for our merchants and citizens generally.

The eyes of the S. S. children of the Methodist church brightened up as the new books appeared for distribution last Sabbath. It is hoped that the parents and children will take good care of these beautiful volumes.

Fifteen members were added to the communion roll of the Presbyterian church in this village at the recent observance of the Lord's Supper, ten on profession of faith and five by certificate. The membership at this date is 365.

A meeting of the trustees in connection with the Methodist church is called for Saturday, Feb. 15th, at 2:30 p. m., to transact the annual business, receive report of the auditors—Messrs. McBain and Adams—and tenders for care of the church.

A hunting party, consisting of Messrs. Brooks, Cameron, Carter and Struthers have been tramping the neighboring swamps this week in search of game. Monday they succeeded in capturing four foxes. They did not tell us how many miles of territory they travelled or how many pounds of ammunition they squandered in capturing their prey.

The Perth Sabbath School Convention was held in Mitchell, on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. The following delegates from Atwood were appointed:—Mrs. John Switzer, Rev. A. Henderson, M. A., John Allan, Mrs. Calder, Henry Hoar, Miss Rose Crittenden, and John A. Turnbull. A report of the proceedings will be given in a future issue.

OBITU.—E. B. Sutherland, of Listowel, died on Tuesday morning, from the effects of la grippe. Mr. Sutherland was well known in this neighborhood, having erected quite a number of buildings in this village. Funeral on Wednesday was largely attended, and was conducted by the members of Bernard Lodge, A. F. and A. M., of which deceased was a member, and who along with a number of the craft from Palmerston and Harriston and headed by the Listowel brass band, marched from his late residence to the new cemetery. Mr. Sutherland was in his 45th year.

WHAT WE MAY EXPECT.—As long as this spring-like weather continues, no sleighing, no staving, but lots of fresh eggs—Some la grippe, coughs, colds, sore throats.—Brisk times for our M. D's.—Quiet times for our merchants.—Money scarce.—Some weddings.—Lots of fair promises that is when drafts or notes comedue.—THE BEE to be acknowledged by all to be the best local paper in North Perth.—Lots of auction sales in the spring.—Building operations to boom next summer.—The Listowel editors to continue bully-ragging each other over the town clerkship.—A deeper interest taken in the success of our Fall Show by our merchants and citizens generally now that the ground and buildings are in the village.

W.F.M.S.—The Atwood Auxiliary of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, in connection with the Presbyterian church, has much cause for thankfulness to God and much reason to be encouraged in its work. The total sum contributed to missions through its agency during last year was \$181, this amount being double that of the next highest auxiliary in this Presbytery, and putting Atwood in the foremost place, a position which it has held for the last three years. Its officers for this year are:—Mrs. Calder, president; Mrs. Joseph Priest, vice-president; Mrs. Mader, treasurer; Miss Ella Graham, secretary. They hold their regular meeting on the last Tuesday of each month, at 2:30 p. m., at the residence of R. Anderson, Atwood. Membership 35; members of general society 16; life members 5. Two life members were added during the past year, viz.—Mrs. Joseph Priest and Miss Ella Graham.

The Misses Dunn are spending a few weeks with friends at Harriston and Tara.

A curiosity in the shape of a butterfly was shown us Tuesday afternoon. It was captured by Jno. Coghlin, near Graham's hotel, Atwood. The poor thing was nearly dead with cold when captured, but as soon as it was brought into THE BEE sanctum it suddenly revived, took wings and soared away, only to again fall a prey to its cruel captor.

DEBATE.—Last Friday evening the regular meeting of the Young Peoples' Literary Society met in the basement of the Presbyterian church. After the devotional exercises were gone through a good program was furnished, consisting of a quartette by Misses Harvey, Wilson, Pelton and Robinson; recitation, F. Priest; address, Thos. M. Wilson; reading, Miss Maggie Graham; reading, S. Harding. After a short intermission the debate, "Resolved that man will do more for honor than wealth," was hotly contested between Messrs. Currie and Harding, affirmative, and Messrs. Wilson and Ward, negative. The leader of the affirmative, G. Currie, said it was his second attempt at public debating and hoped the audience would be lenient with him on that account. He dwelt largely with such historical events as furnished striking examples of great and hazardous deeds and sacrifices that were made in ancient times for the sake of honor or the applause of men. Mr. Currie gave abundant proof of having made a careful study of the subject as well as diligent research. He was followed by the leader of the negative, J. L. Wilson, who also waded into history in order to counteract the former speaker's statements. He endeavored to prove that many of the pursuits in life were followed by men whose sole ambition was for the accumulation of wealth. Mr. Wilson is a regular talking machine, and as a result succeeded in bringing to light many forcible arguments for his side. Mr. Harding took the floor next and being an old debater made a telling speech. He referred to the cruel treatment of Josephine, the divorced wife of Napoleon Bonaparte, who was banished from his presence to appease the vanity of the King of Austria. He related the incident in a very eloquent and touching manner and his remarks were listened to with wrapt attention. He was followed by J. W. Ward, who, in a short, spirited address, dealt with the negative side of the question, and took for example an incident in the reign of Louis XIV; also showed up to advantage the corrupt practices of men in order to gain wealth, viz., bribery, coal and wheat rings, lightning rod swindlers, etc., which had a telling effect on the result of the debate. The chairman, Rev. A. Henderson, M. A., with a few complimentary remarks to the speakers, gave decision in favor of the negative. The usual votes of thanks were passed.

CRADLE.—HENRY.—In Elma, on the 26th inst., the wife of Mr. R. Henry, of a son. BARTON.—In Elma, on the 15th inst., the wife of Mr. James Barton, of a daughter.

TOMB.—SUTHERLAND.—In Listowel, on Tuesday, Feb. 11th, Mr. E. B. Sutherland, aged 45 years. HAMILTON.—In Elma, on Saturday, Feb. 8th, Mr. George Hamilton, 18th con., aged 48 years. HAMILTON.—In Elma, on Thursday, Feb. 6th, 1890, Mrs. Margaret Hamilton, relict of the late Thos. Hamilton, aged 41 years.

AUCTION SALES.—TUESDAY, FEB. 25, 1890.—Farm stock and implements, on lot 31, con. 7, Elma, at 1 o'clock p. m. Geo. Danbrook, prop., Thos. E. Hay, auc.

ATWOOD MARKET. Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Fall Wheat 70 78, Spring Wheat 70 80, Barley 30 35, Oats 24 24, Peas 52 53, Pork 5 00 5 10, Hides per lb 3 3 1/2, Sheep skins, each 50 1 00, Wood 2 ft. 1 15 1 50, Potatoes per bag 60, Butter per lb. 14, Eggs per doz. 14.

House and Lot for Sale.—The undersigned offers his house and lot for sale. It is a very desirable property and situated on Main St. south, Atwood. For particulars apply at THE BEE office, or at

ALEX. CAMPBELL'S, Harness Shop, Atwood.

Farm for Sale.—The undersigned offers his valuable farm for sale, being lot 12, con. 10, Elma, containing 100 acres, and situated one-half mile west of Newry P. O. For further particulars apply to

JOHN CLARK, Proprietor, Newry.

DRUGS!

Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Spices, Note Paper, Envelopes, Bibles, School Supplies, WALL PAPER,

Can be secured from

J. TOLBERT PEPPER, Chemist & Druggist,

GRAHAM'S BLOCK, - BRUSSELS.

ALWAYS USE PEPPER'S PILLS. 111

ADVERTISE

-YOUR-

Strayed

Animals

-IN-

THE BEE.

H. F. BUCK

Furniture Emporium,

WALLACE STREET,

LISTOWEL.

I wish to intimate to the people of Atwood and vicinity that I have on hand a most complete stock of all lines of Furniture.

BEDROOM SUITES, SIDEBOARDS, EXTENSION TABLES, SPRINGS & MATTRESSES, AND PARLOR SUITES.

All goods best of their class. I am bound to sell them. Call and get prices.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

MOULDINGS

For Picture Framing in Town.

UNDERTAKING

A Specialty. Full lines funeral goods, always on hand.

1-3m H. F. BUCK, Wallace St.

-ATWOOD-

Repair Shop!

ROBERT MAY

Begs to intimate to the people of Atwood and surrounding country that he has opened up a General Repair Shop

Two Doors South of Joeger's Hotel.

and is prepared to do all kinds of Repairing on Shortest Notice and at prices to suit the times.

BRING ALONG YOUR FURNITURE, CUTTERS, SLEIGHS, &c.

Wood-Turning

A Specialty.

2tf ROBERT MAY.

BARGAINS!

E. DUNFORD,

BRUSSELS, ONT.,

Has a full line of SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS, WORSTEDS, and OVERCOATINGS.

He Can "Suit" You

Every time. All Fall Goods will be Sold at COST during the next 30 days for Cash only.

CALL EARLY

And get a Bargain.

Guarantee a Perfect Fit or No Sale.

E. DUNFORD

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Brussels, Ontario.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

CANADIAN.

A somnambulist in Hamilton fell out of a window and broke one of his hips.

Sir Richard Cartwright has been elected president of the Ontario Reform Club.

Wentworth County farmers are complaining of the destruction of their clover crop.

Nellie Bly, the New York World tourist, was borne in Frontenac county, Ontario, in 1860.

Official notice has been given at Ottawa that the *modus vivendi* will expire on February 15th.

Ritualists and anti-Ritualists are making war upon each other in the Church of the Ascension, Hamilton.

The annual report of McGill University in Montreal shows that there are now in the institution 690 students.

Rev. Abbe Andre Nexcom, a priest of the Order of St. Sulpice in Montreal, has died from pneumonia, aged 76.

Hon. A. Mackenzie completed his 68th year on Tuesday, and was the recipient of numerous congratulations.

Archbishop Fabre, of Montreal, has instructed his clergy to pray that the influenza scourge may be taken away.

The Montreal wholesale trade, according to a despatch, are complaining bitterly of dull business and duller collections.

United States lumbermen say that Canadian lumbermen are stealing billions of feet of lumber from the United States.

The Methodist church at Hespler was reopened on Sunday after a thorough renovation. The collections amounted to \$1,470.

The late Dr. Cronin was a member of the Royal Arcanum, and the call for the payment of his insurance has been made in Canada.

It is stated that Chief Justice Johnson and Mr. Chapleau will be knighted at the next distribution of honours on the Queen's birthday.

Montreal has invited the South American delegates now at Washington to pay her a visit, promising to extend to them the city's hospitality.

Fatal cases of the grippe continue to be reported from different sections all over the continent. Quebec city and vicinity have suffered severely.

Ald. McBride, of Montreal, has asked leave to introduce a by-law imposing a tax of \$1,000 on every establishment where liquor is sold by the glass.

It is expected that the Manitoba Government will distribute seed grain to the farmers of some sections which suffered severely from last summer's drought.

The Southern Pacific, the Union Pacific and the Northern Pacific Railways are all suffering from the snow blockade, but the Canadian Pacific is all right.

The North and South Wentworth Agricultural Societies think the Hamilton Fair Directors have been too free with expenditures, and will not amalgamate.

Captain Wm. Kennedy, who was one of the crew sent out by Lady Franklin to search for her husband in the Arctic regions, died near Winnipeg in his 76th year on Saturday.

There were 53 deaths in Montreal last week from diseases of the respiratory organs. The entire death rate was 163, compared with 82 for the corresponding week last year.

The Dominion Dairymen's Association annual convention will be held in Ottawa on February 17, 18 and 19, and the Fruit Growers' convention on the 19th, 20th and 21st.

Direct communication between Halifax and Vancouver and Victoria was made last Saturday by the C. P. R. Telegraph Co. and congratulatory messages were exchanged.

The City Solicitor of Hamilton has obtained an interim injunction against the Grand Trunk railway prohibiting it from continuing work on the Spur line at Burlington Beach.

The District Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, Kingston, writes a letter in which he wants Mr. Taylor's Allen Labor Bill to go further and include a prohibition of the awarding of contracts to foreign contractors.

Whitby is to call a Conference of representatives of towns on Lake Ontario served only by the Grand Trunk to consider a scheme for straightening that road. Also whether the C. P. R. cannot be induced to tap the town.

UNITED STATES.

Another fall of snow has made the blockade in the western states as bad as ever.

Ex-Senator Riddleberger died last week at Winchester, Va. He was a fire-eating upholder of the Irish cause.

Five hundred and sixty-one persons died in Chicago last week, during five days.

General Lester B. Faulkner died at Canastota, N. Y., on Monday last, of pneumonia.

The lumber product of the Northwestern States last year was over 756 million feet less than in 1888.

The Masonic fraternity of Chicago have just purchased a site there for a proposed \$5,000,000 temple.

Adam Forepaugh, the celebrated showman, has died at Philadelphia from pneumonia induced by a grippé.

The Commissioner of the New York State reservation at Niagara opposes the plan of utilizing the power of the Falls for manufacturing purposes.

United States tailors have struck at English tailors by combining in an agreement not to make over or alter clothes made outside the United States.

Race troubles have reached such a pitch at Apalachicola, Fla., that a rifle company has been called out, and all whites sleep with arms within reach.

The United States Senate committee on commerce has agreed unanimously to report a bill appropriating \$5,000,000 to improve the Sault Ste. Marie canal.

George Lounsbury, cashier of the post-office in New York city, killed himself at his home in Hackensack, N. J. His accounts were short to the amount of \$20,000.

James Lowth, of Chicago, has patented the "ethetophone," which he believes will far surpass the present telephone system without any infringing on its patents.

The arrival of Nellie Bly in New York last Saturday after her trip around the world was made the occasion of a great demonstration. The time made was 72 days 6 hours and 11 minutes.

The United States is to be asked by the Turkish Government to suspend the publication of a journal printed in the States but circulated in Armenia and which advocates Armenian independence.

The International Union of Masons and Bricklayers assembled in Kansas City adopted a resolution on Saturday re-affirming the nine-hour day. The next convention takes place in Toronto in January, 1891.

Monday morning a passenger train was derailed near Carmel, Ind., and one of the coaches almost immediately took fire. Six passengers were burned to death, and a large number were very seriously injured.

Non-partizan ladies who met at Cleveland, O., on Monday for the purpose of organizing a new National Woman's Christian Temperance Union have decided to call their new organization the "National Crusaders."

The sentence of a year's imprisonment imposed on Johann Most, the New York anarchist, for language used in a speech denouncing the hanging of the Chicago anarchists has been confirmed by the Supreme Court.

Senator Chandler, in a minority report, strongly opposes the construction by the United States of heavily armored line-of-battle ships, thereby imposing on the people the burdens of European nations. He thinks eight cruisers for coast defence and the protection of mercantile marine would be amply sufficient.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Stanley proposes to remain at Cairo until the middle of March.

It is stated that England proposes to buy out France's rights in Newfoundland.

The miners of Great Britain have decided to demand a ten per cent. increase of wages.

The king of Portugal is suffering from dengue, an inflammatory fever like unto la grippe.

The report of the Parnell commission has been presented to the Speaker of the House of Commons.

Many wrecks and much loss of life are reported from Great Britain as the result of recent gales.

Mr. Parnell will force the fighting as soon as Parliament opens by bringing up the question of the Pigott forged letters.

Dr. Talmage visited Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden Castle last week and the former held forth on religion and other matters.

Michael Davitt, in an address at Cork Tuesday night, declared his unabated confidence in Mr. Parnell and his steadfast loyalty to him.

Mr. Stanley writes to a friend: "My hair is like snow; but it is the crown of a busy period, and I wear it with regret as the gift of time."

Advices from Mentone say there has been a further development of got. in the case of the Rev. C. H. Spurgeon, and that he is still unable to leave that place.

The German government is especially impressed by the unanimity with which the English press of all shades of politics has endorsed Lord Salisbury's attitude towards Portugal.

Wm. O'Brien delivered an oration at Dublin last week, in which he made a strong defence of Mr. Parnell. He spoke warmly in favor of putting continued confidence in the Irish leader.

Sir Julian Goldamid, in writing of his experiences in America, says that Americans are ill-bred people, but that perhaps with age the country will acquire better manners and more savoir vivre.

The Earl of Galloway was arrested in Glasgow the other day on the charge of accosting and molesting a 16-year-old girl. He was dismissed on the ground that the charge was not proven.

The Duke of Argyll, on behalf of the Scottish Geographical Society, has sent congratulations to Stanley. Word has been received from Stanley of his intention to visit the German emperor in March.

Secretary for Ireland Balfour, at the children's fancy ball in the Vioregal Lodge, Dublin, recently, had the first dance with the little daughter of Lord Zetland, representing the Shamrock of Erin.

Mr. Gladstone has issued a whip to his followers in which he indicates that questions of more than usual importance to Liberal interests will be discussed at a concert to be held at his house in London on Feb 8th.

There is another revival of the rumor that Mr. Balfour, the bachelor chief secretary for Ireland, is shortly to be married, the prospective bride being Emma Alice Margaret, youngest daughter of Sir Charles Tennant, Bart.

The London Times thinks that the exclusion of political offences from the new extradition treaty with the United States leaves it open to doubt whether the plotters of the assassination of President Lincoln and Lord Cavendish would not be safe under its provisions.

Telephonic arrangements are steadily extending in England, now that the three companies have amalgamated and a sensible man is in control. Direct working has now been established between London and Birmingham, Manchester, Bradford and Leeds. The system is being extended to Glasgow.

IN GENERAL.

Hurricanes have done immense damage in Germany.

It is rumored in London that a French loan of \$200,000,000 will soon be made.

Influenza, complicated with pleurisy, is causing many deaths throughout Mexico.

There are indications that the Anglo-Portuguese dispute has been diplomatically settled.

The report of France's Agricultural Department shows the crops in that country to be promising.

Major Wisemann has telegraphed the government confirming the reports of the safety of Dr. Peters, in Africa.

Telegrams from Mozambique announce that the local authorities are rapidly conforming to Lord Salisbury's demand.

Monday was Emperor William's thirty-first birthday. He gave a reception in Berlin to two thousand army officers.

The Socialists in Berlin are exulting over the rejection by the Reichstag of Prince Bismarck's anti-Socialist bill of 189 to 28.

The Spanish Chamber of Deputies, by 141 to 31, has passed a law extending the right of suffrage to every Spaniard 25 years of age.

Major Serra Pinto has been ordered to Western Africa in order that he may not return to Lisbon and revive the jingo spirit there.

The Porte has prohibited the use of the Greek language in any of the Cretan courts. Both lawyers and judges are ignorant of the Turkish language.

The sultan of Turkey has ordered a reduction of all state salaries and in his own household expenses. The Turkish budget shows a deficit of £4,000,000.

Three hundred paraders in Lisbon who marched through the city shouting "Death to the English" met with jeers and insults from the onlookers in the principal streets.

The Queen of Greece became encircled in an electric light wire in the Palace grounds, at Athens, the other day and was only released an instant before the current was turned on.

It is semi-officially announced in Vienna that several powers have written to England in a friendly spirit requesting that her trouble with Portugal be submitted to arbitration.

The Countess Sarolta, a prominent figure in Austrian court circles, who caused a sensation by wooing a pretty girl and going through the form of marriage with her, while disguised as a man, has been placed in a lunatic asylum.

The Portuguese Republicans are very angry, and have indulged in some wild talk about forming an alliance with the United States, because Senor Sagasta is reported to have declared in the Cortes that Spain did not care to offend England in order to favor Portugal.

Gen. Brialmont, the Belgian military expert, is of opinion that war is imminent between France and Germany, and may be provoked at any moment by some trifle. He thinks France lacks in generals, and that her system of fortifications is antiquated and useless to repel an invader.

"What's in a Name."

It can hardly be said that the question "What's in a name?" is altogether a matter of indifference. Men often pay high figures for a name, while the work of a person unknown to fame, though in itself of real and superior worth, is passed by or refused at any price. This fact finds frequent illustration.

Let a man have gained a reputation as an author, artist or expert in any line, and his production though really of only mediocre quality will command a ready price and attract favorable comments from delighted admirers. It is just possible that this principle has wrought in some degree in connection with the recent purchase of a picture by Cornelius Vanderbilt from the Earl of Dudley of London. It is Turner's famous picture, "On the Grand Canal, Venice," and the price said to have been paid for it is \$100,000.

The painting is regarded by connoisseurs as one of the masterpieces of that master-genius. One who has seen it thus describes it: "This wonderful picture is a scene looking up the great canal. To the right towers the famous old Church of Santa Maria della Salute. Magnificent palaces sweep away to the left, and a group of gondolas and sailing craft appears in the foreground. A city of rose and white rises out of an emerald sea against a sky of sapphire. The splendor of color and the grouping of figures have long proclaimed it one of the most remarkable reproductions in color of the city of Venice." The price paid, though extravagant in the estimation of those whose personal possessions never reached four figures, is not unique in its greatness. Millet's "Angelus" was sold for \$110,000. Only the real artist, however, can appreciate the excellencies of these master pieces.

Upon the ordinary person, whose artist's tastes have not been developed, these beauties are as good as thrown away. It is to be hoped that the time will come when the aesthetic nature will generally receive more attention, and when the beauties of nature and the creations of art will be appreciated at their real worth.

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QUEER FACTS AND HAPPENINGS.

A postal card sent from Reading, Pa., to Stroudsburg, fifteen miles away, one year ago, has just reached its destination.

There lately passed across the Red Sea a flight of locusts calculated to have covered over 2,000 square miles.

It required barrels to hold the trail of a Colorado ranchman named Paul White who had advertised for a wife, giving an accurate description of himself and his surroundings.

A boiler head in the dye house of Henry Wing, Chicago, blew out and scattered a box of pins standing near with such force that Mr. Wing was literally stuck full of them. He will recover.

Allen McLean of Danville, Ind., had la grippe and recovered. Subsequently in a violent fit of sneezing he lost his voice, and has been unable to utter a word since, although apparently perfectly well.

Within a week after the wearing of a pair of new gloves by a young woman of Minsk, Russia, she died of blood poisoning. The doctors say that the animal to which the skin belonged had some contagious malady.

Two Atchison, Kansas, youths, in love with the same girl, agreed to draw straws to see who should have her, the loser to kill himself within thirty days hereafter. Louis Kurth lost and shot himself on Jan. 6, but still survives.

Lyman Cook, of Smith county, Kansas, promised his daughters, Nellie and Hatlie, aged 14 and 16 years respectively, two and a half cents a bushel for all the corn they would husk, and the girls lately had the call on 1,000 bushels.

Within an hour after Mrs. Madison Wear of Dallas, Texas, was made a bride, her husband abused her and drove her son from the house, bragged to her of the number of men he had killed, and demanded all of her property and now she seeks a divorce. The pair are still in the honeymoon.

While ladies and gentlemen were toasting and courtesying to the measures of a quadrille at a reception of one of society's queens in St. Paul, Minn., a garter fell upon the floor among the feet of the dancers. The ladies blushed and the men stared and the hostess had finally to send a maid to the rescue.

Nightfall.

Come close to my side, beloved,
For the toilsome day is done,
And our paths that have wandered far apart
Draw near with the setting sun
So near, so dear, while the ingle-side
Glow soft with a dream of rest,
And our hearts are glad for the quiet tide
Of the hour we love the best.

You have warred all day, beloved,
The warfare of right with sin;
Where the foremost are smitten with envy's shaft,
And the saddest are they who win;
And while I wrought till the shades grew long,
To God and my loved one true,
If ever the wrong waxed bold and strong,
Then, kneeling, I prayed for you.

You are tired to-night, beloved;
But the breaking waves that beat
With rhythmic surge on the shore of the day,
Grow faint in the nightfall sweet,
And knowing the need that comes from strife,
On the heart that is yours for the work of life,
I pillow your aching head.

You are sad to-night, beloved;
I glory when you are weak,
To lift your brow till a veil of hair
Lies golden upon your cheek.
To feel, though your life is brave and grand,
And you march with the crowned abbasat,
That the light, light touch of a woman's hand
Can quiet your griefs to rest.

Come close to my side, beloved,
For our wandering paths are one,
And out from the tents of eventide
They lead to the setting sun.
And stirring the tenderly pulsing calm
Of the nightfall hushed and dim,
We thank our father for Love's sweet
Realms.

That is leading up to Him.

Hot Water Remedies.

Almost every family has a list of remedies to be used for certain diseases or pains and aches, but there are some more easily obtainable and used than hot water.

Hall's Journal of Health enumerates some instances in which it is of great benefit. A strip of flannel or napkin folded lengthwise and dipped in hot water and wrung out, and then applied around the neck of a child that has the croup, will usually bring relief in ten minutes.

A towel folded several times and dipped in hot water and quickly wrung and applied over the toothache or neuralgia will generally afford prompt relief. This treatment in colic works like magic.

There is nothing that so promptly cuts short a congestion of the lungs, sore throat or rheumatism as hot water when applied promptly and thoroughly. Tepid water acts promptly as an emetic, and hot water taken freely half an hour before bed time is the best cathartic possible in the case of constipation, while it has a most soothing effect upon the stomach and bowels.

This treatment, continued a few months, with proper attention to diet, will cure any case of curable dyspepsia. Headache almost always yields to the simultaneous application of hot water to the feet and the back of the neck.

Royal Simplicity.

At Monza, away from the show and ceremonies of Rome, the Italian Royal family live a very simple life. Early in the morning the King takes a long ride in the park or into the neighborhood, regardless of wind or rain.

On his return he breakfasts very lightly, then works till luncheon, which he takes at 11.30 with his family, who then remain with the King for an hour or two.

Two or three more hours of work follow and before dinner at 7.30 another ride or drive is taken. The Court and the Royal family spend the evening in a large drawing-room where tea is served about 10 o'clock; and retire about midnight.

A Jersey writer believes that flies buzzing around the human countenance produce hay fever. This is a theory not to be sneezed at.

Winter Flowers for the Windows.

The list of plants and bulbs which give entire satisfaction for winter culture to the average amateur, says the American Agriculturist, is perhaps, too meager. There are many species which, with special attention, will produce a fair amount of bloom while nature outside is at rest, but which are not suited to the conditions for plant growth as afforded by the average flower-lover at this time.

To do satisfactory work as a winter-bloomer a plant must have stored up a stock of vitality, ready to burst forth into bud and blossom upon the proper conditions for such being given, rather than be exhausted by profuse flowering during the summer.

A walk through a florist's grounds at midsummer teaches this lesson well, when we see quantities of carnations, roses, begonias, bonardias, etc., in fine, stocky growth, without a bud or flower thereon.

The Chinese primroses stand at the head of the list of best winter plants. They come in many colors and shades, and the new kinds show very pleasing stripes, and being dwarf in habit, may be placed in front of taller plants, which is really their best place, though fine specimens develop in shady places.

Callas are indispensable in the winter house garden. To secure best results the earth should be liberally supplied with fertilizer, in the shape of well-rotted cow manure, and well-drained pots—so that the liberal supplies of hot water given may readily pass off—should be provided.

Begonias seem specially fitted in some of the more rugged, strong-growing kinds to withstand, without complaint, the heat and dust of the ordinary living room. Give them a light, porous soil and the top shelf. Rely mostly on the varieties recommended in the florists' catalogues as being the best winter bloomers.

Fuchsias are sometimes satisfactory, but are not always reliable in the novice's hands. If they are tried, encourage them by frequent applications of manure-water during their best growth, and keep the leaves free from red spiders.

Cyclamens—in these plants you have something delicate, always choice and pleasing, both in the beautiful foliage and flowers, and in the perfume, though it is not strong. The most common color is white, with a rosy tip, but new shades and stripes are being produced constantly. This plant should have considerable leaf mold in the soil and little or no manure. Place the crown of the bulb above the soil, and remove, by means of a wet sponge or cloth, the dust as it accumulates on the leaves. This plant cannot fail to give satisfaction.

Hurling the Harpoon.

In the January number of the "Homiletic Review" the following is found:

A sailor who had just returned from a whaling voyage was taken by a friend to hear an eloquent preacher. When they came out of church the friend said:

"Jack, wasn't that a fine sermon?"

"Yes, it was ship shape; the water-lines were graceful; the masts raked just high enough; the sails and rigging were all right; but I didn't see any harpoons. When a vessel goes on a whaling voyage the main thing is to get the whales. But they don't come to you because you have a fine ship. Now it seems to me that a preacher is a whaleman. He is sent, not to interest or amuse the fish by sailing among them, but to catch them. Jesus said to his disciples, 'I will make you fishers of men.' Now, how many sermons like that do you think it would take to convict a sinner and make him cry out, 'What must I do to be saved?'"

The friend said: "But, Jack, people nowadays don't like to be harpooned. They like to listen to such expositions. Surely it is a grand thing to attract such an audience to hear the gospel."

"To hear about the gospel, you mean? I don't object to the doctor's exposition and illustration. As I said before, they were all ship shape. But the trouble was when he sailed to the fishing ground and the whales had all gracefully come to the surface, instead of making the boats and striking for a haul, he made a polite bow and appeared to say: 'I am very glad to see so many whales. I must not do anything to hurt or frighten them; hope they will admire my ship and all come again on my next voyage.' Do you think the ship-owner would send such a captain to Behring Straits a second time? Read in Acts the report of Peter's first gospel sermon. He begins with an able exposition of Old Testament prophecies in regard to the incarnation and resurrection of Christ and the outpouring of the Spirit, and then, when he had gained the attention of the crowd, he charged home upon them with the words of Jesus, whom ye have crucified! That was hurling a harpoon."

Mowbray—I've something very important to say to you after the girls leave the room. Jessie—Oh, talk it right out, do. I've promised every one of them to tell them just what you said when you proposed, and they might as well get it first-hand.

At St. Paul, Minn., Miss Jennie Thompson, a beautiful young woman, the leader of a society circle on the west side, died of blood poisoning. She had been ill a week, suffering the most intense agony. The poisoning showed first in her chin and throat, which were swollen to twice their natural size. Her death was directly due to the poisonous dye of her kid glove.

While visiting a dentist's office she had noticed a pimple on her chin, and raised her gloved hand to feel of it. In this way the poison was transmitted.

The death of Henry Searle, the Champion oarsman, about two months ago called forth many expressions of deep regret. That he was a great favorite with the people of his own land is evidenced by the crowds that attended his funeral. Advice from Australia say, "that the funeral took place at Sydney, December 14. The ceremony was witnessed by 170,000 people. The Mayor and Aldermen and a deputation of the members of Parliament formed part of the procession, which was the longest of its kind ever seen in Sydney. There is a movement on foot to erect a monument to Searle's memory." The pathetic circumstances attending his death have done much to begot this strong feeling. It is difficult to see, however, what great benefit he has conferred upon his country, apart from advertising it a little more extensively, or why his memory should be kept green by the erection of a monument thereto. It is probably an illustration of the premium that is still placed upon muscle.

THE REVOLVER IN 1889.

Parliamentary Interference Called for by English Judges.

The number of violent deaths in England from the use of the revolver during the past year has exceeded that of the previous year, numbering considerably over one hundred. Three notable events occurred to bring their experiences up to the Western level. These were the robbery of a post-office at Lydbrook by a man of "gentlemanly appearance," who threatened the postmistress with a revolver and secured £27; the shooting of a bank manager at Didbury and theft of a large sum of money, and the Nottingham assassin Judge Briscoe at Nottingham railway station. Impromptu duels in the streets and public places seem to be within measurable distance. During the year two murderers whose weapon was the pistol—

THE YOUTHS CONDEMNED

for the Tunbridge Well shooting case—were hanged. In seven cases of murder and suicide the revolver claimed fourteen victims, and a double murder and suicide at Stratford-on-Avon—when a German editor shot his mistress and her daughter—added three more. One of the cases of murder and suicide was an extraordinary occurrence in Hampstead Road; at first it was supposed to be a case of wife-murder and self-destruction, but a close examination of the position of the wounds showed that woman had committed the crime. Five cases of homicide occurred during 1889, one being a case in which an American was tried and acquitted for shooting one of a gang of roughs in London, and another the case in which a coroner's jury returned a verdict of excusable homicide. About a dozen deaths resulted from accident, including that of a youth at Whitehaven. At least seventy cases of suicide were reported; but it must be noted that suicides with the pistol has now become a

COMMONPLACE OCCURRENCE,

and probably not half the number of cases which occurred were recorded in the daily newspapers. Probably a certain proportion of the suicides would have committed self-destruction in any case; but a weapon which can give instant effect to frenzy is a dangerous possession. A good deal was said in Parliament during the session on the necessity for repression of the revolver; but nothing was done except that the Government obtained official returns showing that restrictions on the carrying of firearms exist in almost all the States of Europe. Mr. Goschen in 1888, and the Home Secretary last session, held out hopes that the Government would consider what should be done to repress the revolver mania, but nothing has come of their promises so far. Time after time during the year, Her Majesty's judges commented on the dangerous and unnecessary habit of carrying loaded revolvers in that country, and expressed the opinion that the interference of Parliament was urgently called for.

The Destiny of Canada.

It is quite amusing, if nothing more, to read the articles now frequently appearing with reference to the destiny of Canada. There is, in fact, quite a literature already on this subject, and the writers who claim to be heard on it are quite respectable both in names and numbers. Yet those who have studied Canadian history and know the people of Canada would state the whole matter in a very few words. Thus: Canada is a growing nation, too vast in territory, too distinctly independent in aspiration, too thoroughly British in instinct to be absorbed by the adjoining republic, and too important to be surrendered by England. Her destiny, as any one may see, is to grow steadily towards the full realization of the idea of a "Great Britain" in America, and continue in the western hemisphere the spirit of the old land in law and liberty, without breaking the tie of love. Nature, growth to the full stature of nationality is the destiny of Canada, and the hope of Canadians is to give to the world an example of how a nation can be developed to full maturity by natural processes of development avoiding the fatal mistake of founding a patriotism on the disintegrating forces of rebellion. Rebellion, we have seen, runs in the blood of the Americans. Loyalty runs in the blood of the Canadians. A full understanding of this bed-rock fact in the characters of the people who inhabit the Republic and those who inhabit the Dominion will save writers on the "destiny of Canada" a great deal of trouble and their readers from an equal amount of mystification.

The Microbe.

Alas, for the good old days before bacilli, microbes, protoplasm, and what not were invented or discovered—we are not quite sure which. Then a man could pass to the bourne from which there is no return without harassing thoughts about his ancestors or the million "infinitesimal commas" (at the microbes are described) that were about to drive him from the citadel of life. But now—well, it is said another microbe has been discovered or invented by an Austrian professor! Not one of the common sort, but a dignitary of high order, "the bishop microbe," to whose labors the influenza epidemic is to be ascribed. Perhaps it is due to the unconscious influence of this ecclesiastical microbe that from time immemorial it has been the custom in some countries to devoutly exclaim when anyone sneezes, "God bless you!" However that may be, the bishop microbe will no longer languish in obscurity. His acquaintance will be cultivated by scientists with the same assiduity they have shown in regard to the cholera microbe, the consumption microbe, the pneumonia microbe, and all the rest of the family. Thick treatises will be written about him by scientists, wordy war will be waged over him, and microscopes focused on him. In the meantime those who do not like microbes and even are almost profane enough to disbelieve in their existence will take comfort in Pasteur's inclusive utterance about the new microbe. "This microbe," says Pasteur, alluding to his excellent bishop, "may be and probably is the cause of the disease, but bear in mind that the disease may be the cause of the microbe or that the entire phenomenon may be due to a simple coincidence."

An insect in the ear may be drowned out with tepid water or killed by a few drops of sweet oil. If anything hard gets into the ear, double a stout horse-hair, place the head on one side and drop the loop into the ear, move it about until it catches the object, and then draw it out.

Revising the Westminster Confession.

Of the 211 Presbyteries in the United States, 47 have already made their official deliverance on the question of revising the Westminster Confession. Of the 47 which have given their judgment, 36 voted for revision and 12 against it. The 35 Presbyteries which favor revision represent 1,279 clergymen and 182,978 communicants, and the 12 which oppose revision represent 432 clergymen and 70,490 communicants. It is notable that of the 12 anti-revision Presbyteries 8 are in Pennsylvania, 1 in New Jersey, 1 in New York, 1 in Ohio, and 1 in Missouri, while there is no Pennsylvania Presbytery that has yet declared for revision. Less than one fourth of the 211 Presbyteries have given their deliverance on the important question of Westminster revision; but enough have spoken to indicate pretty clearly that there will be a majority in favor of it. If all who oppose revision were settled in their belief in the Westminster Confession, they would constitute a formidable minority and probably halt revision; but it is worthy of note that a large proportion, if not a majority, of those opposed to revision, base their opposition on considerations of expediency rather than in their qualified faith in all the Westminster doctrines. Many accept the Confession and its sanction only to the Bible, and look upon revision as the opening door to revolutionary departure from the faith of the church. Many frankly confess that they do not accept or teach the doctrine of foreordination and infant election as it was clearly taught by the authors of the Westminster faith; but they prefer liberal interpretation or silence to revision that may unsettle the doctrines of the church or expose them to constant peril. It is obvious to the intelligent and dispassionate observer of this controversy that Westminster revision will surely come, sooner or later. The fact will now, for the first time, be proclaimed to the world that the Presbyterians do not believe in and teach their faith as defined in the chart presented by the founders of their church in 1647; and the age is too enlightened and progressive for a great religious body like the Presbyterians to continue long with a proclaimed Confession that is not believed by a majority of its intelligent ministers and membership. The necessity for truth and candor in pulpit teaching is imperative, and no church can maintain its position as a factor in the cause of religion that denies or ignores vital articles of its proclaimed faith. The problem is a grave one, but there is only one method by which a satisfactory solution can be reached, and that is to make the church Confession reflect as far as possible the honest convictions of its clergy and membership.

Increase of Game in England.

It is a singular anomaly that while throughout our vast, sparsely populated territory, wild animal and bird life is greatly diminishing, England, with its dense population, offers the spectacle of its phenomenal increase and prosperity. This is attributed to the abandonment, in the latter country, of lands for agricultural purposes and their use almost entirely for grazing cattle and sheep. Mr. Anderson Graham, in the last number of "Murray's Magazine," an English periodical, contributes an article, entitled "Rooks and Sparrows," in which he says that the increase of wild life in England is not confined to sections like Northumberland, but is found in every agricultural district, even those in the neighborhood of large towns. The sole exception to this notable increase is in the case of magpies, hawks and ravens, which are only kept down by the persistent efforts of gamekeepers. Squirrels, which a few years since were scarcely ever seen in England, have now become so abundant that they are vigorously killed on account of the great injury they are doing to the fir trees. Nearly every one of these in the Kenton Hill Wood, in a tract some mile and a half long, will have to be cut, and all the young plantations at Ewart Wilderness are destroyed. Mr. Graham mentions three sorts of birds which have increased so enormously as to have become a veritable curse to the farmers—the rook, the wood pigeon, and the sparrow. The first is the most troublesome of the three. While the farmer gives it full credit as a destroyer of grubs, yet the blackmail it exacts in the way of pilferage, is out of all proportion to its usefulness as an insect hunter. So large has become the increase in the number of birds that an association of farmers has been formed in North Northumberland entitled "Association for Controlling the Numbers of Rooks, Wood Pigeons, and Sparrows." This organization distributed last year free of cost to all who applied 10,651 cartridges, besides powder, shot wads, and caps for muzzled loaders, for the purpose of killing rooks. In addition it offered a premium of two pence for every one of those birds killed. The result was that claims were recognized for the killing of 4,263 rooks, while through the efforts of gamekeepers the number was increased to 10,000; yet the supply was apparently undiminished. The wood pigeons which migrate from the Norwegian forests lean and hungry, speedily grow so fat on English grain that they cannot make up their minds to return. They are the most destructive of the winged pests, inasmuch as they devour almost their own weight in corn. They are so numerous that the flocks cannot be counted. To this increase of wild bird and animal life in England must be added that in the vast preserves, which are filled to overflowing with game. The best evidence of this is that gam, with the exception of wild fowl, is to-day cheaper in English cities than in Canadian.

Repartee.

"You can't live on tick in this house," said the landlady.

"I noticed your mattresses are covered with jute," retorted Slowpaw. And then he moved.

A Reminiscent Humorist.

"I saw Bradshaw laughing at one of his own jokes this morning."

"Oh, well, you must remember that ninety per cent. of Bradshaw's jokes aren't his own."

For the Year 1890

No better resolution can be made than to resist buying any of the substitutes offered as "just as good" as the great old sure-pop oorn cure—Painnam's Painless Corn Extract. It never fails to give satisfaction. Beware of poisonous, fish-oiling substitutes.

Suicide at a Revival.

A special dispatch to the Cincinnati Enquirer from Richmond, Va., Jan. 7, says: Intelligence from Grayson county gives the details of the sad suicide of Miss Ami Curtis, aged 18 years. For several days she had been attending prayer meetings in the neighborhood. She went forward and knelt at the mourners' bench as a penitent. She wept and cried very bitterly, and the congregation made special appeals for her deliverance, but all seemed to avail nothing. At every service Miss Ami would occupy her accustomed seat at the mourners' bench with weeping eyes and seemingly troubled conscience.

On Sunday morning the young lady arose as the services were about to commence and said she hoped the congregation would all pray for her, as she could not any longer stand the burden of sin which was carrying her. The congregation prayed for her and the preacher tried to comfort her, but still the burden did not seem to be moved. The poor girl wept and sobbed aloud. The meetings were held in the old school-house, and in the yard was a well forty-five feet deep. While the congregation was singing a hymn Miss Curtis quietly arose, and leaving the house went quickly to the well. This alarmed some of the congregation who were watching her and they rushed toward her, but before they reached her she gave a cry and exclaimed, "You need not pray for me any more." She then plunged into the well with a terrible splash as her body struck the water forty feet below. Three women fainting and a dozen others had to be carried home. Miss Curtis had excellent parents and there was no blemish on her character.

The Little Seed.

A little seed lay in the carter's path;
A little shoot bowed in the strong wind's
wrath;
A little shrub grew, by its roots held fast;
Then a stout tree braved all the winter's
blast.

A little cough started—'twas only light;
A little chill shivered the hours of night;
A little pain came and began to grow,
Then consumption laid all his brave strength
low.

Wise in time. Check the little cough,
Cure the little chill, dispel the little pain,
ere the ailment becomes the wrong, un-
conquerable giant of disease. Dr. Pierce's
Golden Medical Discovery, taken in time, is
a remedy for these ills.

The best thing to give to an enemy is for-
giveness.

The cleansing, antiseptic and healing
qualities of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy are
unparalleled.

There is a transcendent power in example.
We reform others unconsciously when we
walk uprightly.

BUCKINGHAM, Que., Nov. 22, 1889.

GENTLEMEN,—I have pleasure in bearing
witness to the excellence of St. Leon Mineral
Water as a curative agent. For a number
of years life was rendered a burden to me in
consequence of frequent attacks of piles.
Other remedies gave me relief, but none was
permanent. In Quebec City I had oppor-
tunities of testing the efficacy of St. Leon
Water; the effect was most satisfactory
from the start, and in the course of time my
old enemy left me. I am now "in the seat
and yellow leaf" of life, but in the enjoy-
ment of good health, for which I feel that I
owe much to the use of St. Leon Water. S.
I. Jones, Printer. Address the St. Leon
Mineral Water Co., Toronto.

Don't think that your wife has less feeling
than your sweetheart. Her relationship to
you is only changed, not her nature.

Lucky Hamilton Ladies.

The "Times" received word to-day that
Mr. John B. Young, of No. 33 Hannah street
west, had been so fortunate as to hold a
winning ticket in the Louisiana State
and that gentleman was reticent about giv-
ing any particulars of the affair. He, how-
ever, told the "Times" representative that
his wife had taken a chance in the great
lottery, the drawing taking place on Dec.
17th. The ticket which she held (in which
Mrs. Young's sister had a share) was a one-
fourth of No. 98,455, which drew the first
capital prize of \$600,000. The share which
comes to the Hamilton ladies is \$15,000.
Mr. Young told the reporter that he received
the money promptly from a New Orleans
bank, by draft through one of our leading
banks here. It is needless to say that the
ladies are receiving congratulations on
account of their good fortune. They would
not have gone into the affair but for a friend
who urged them to try their luck for once.—
[Hamilton (Ont.) Times, January 4.]

Take care of your thoughts, for they lead
to words and acts, just as brooks lead to
rivers, and rivers to the ocean.

All Men,

young old, or middle-aged, who find them-
selves nervous, weak and exhausted, who
are broken down from excess or overwork,
resulting in many of the following symp-
toms: Mental depression, premature old
age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad
dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the
heart, emaciation, lack of energy, pain in the
kidneys, headache, pimples on the face or
body, itching or peculiar sensation about
the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness,
speaks before the eyes, twitching of the
muscles, eye-lids and elsewhere, bashfulness,
deposits in the urine, loss of will power,
tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and
flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be
rejoiced by sleep, constipation, dullness of
hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude,
excitability of temper, sunken eyes sur-
rounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking
skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous
debility that lead to insanity and death un-
less cured. The spring or vital force having
lost its tension every function wanes in con-
sequence. Those who through abuse com-
mitted in ignorance may be permanently
cured. Send your address for book on all
diseases peculiar to man. Address M. V.
LUBON, 50 Front Street East, Toronto, Ont.
Books sent free sealed.

HEART DISEASE,

the symptoms of which are faint spells, purple
lips, numbness, palpitation, skip beats,
hot flashes, rush of blood to the head, dull
pain in the heart with beats strong, rapid
and irregular, the second heart beat quicker
than the first, pain about the breast bone,
etc., can positively be cured. No cure, no
pay. Send for book. Address M. V. LUBON,
50 Front Street East Toronto, Ont.

"Just Hear That Child Scream"

said Mrs. Smith to her sister, Mrs. Davis,
as the sound of a child's shrieks came across
the garden from her neighbor's house.
"What kind of a woman have you for a
neighbor? Does she abuse her children?" "No
indeed," replied Mrs. Davis, "she is one of
the most tender mothers in existence. But
you see, she believes in the old-fashioned
style of doctoring. When a child needs
physic, she fills a spoon with some nauseous
dose, lays the little victim flat on her lap,
holds his nose till he is forced to open his
mouth for breath, when down goes the
dreadful mess. Then come the yells." "No
wonder," said Mrs. Smith. "Why doesn't
she use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pel-
lets? They are effective without being harsh,
and are as easy to take as sugar plums. I
always give them to my children." "And so
do I," said Mrs. Davis.

For want of decency is want of sense.

The Red River Valley of Minne- sota and Dakota

Has reached the front rank as the most pro-
ductive grain-raising region on the conti-
nent. Soil richer than the valley of the
Nile. Single counties raise millions of
bushels of grain yearly. Single stations
ship from 300,000 to 900,000 bushels of
grain each year. Abundant opportunities
still open to the homeseeker. For further
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Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.
J. M. HUCKING, 4 Palmer House Block,
Toronto.

A. P. 488.

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Of Pure Cod
Liver Oil and
HYPOPHOSPHITES
of Lime and
Soda



Scott's Emulsion is a perfect
Food and Flesh Producer. It is the
Best Remedy for CONSUMPTION,
Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Dis-
eases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Scott's Emulsion is only put up in salmon color
wrapper. Avoid all imitations or substitutions.
Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and \$1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

LADIES BY OLIVE BRANCH, the best remedy
known for all female complaints. Sample
free. J. TROTTER, 5 Richmond St. W., Toronto Can.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED. Send for illus-
trated Catalogue and terms.
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and TUMOR Specialist. Private
Hospital, No. 241, Bloor St. W.,
G. H. MCMICHAEL, M. D.,
No. 63 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

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reliable systems taught, whereby stylish, per-
fect-fitting garments are produced. Send for cir-
cular to S. CORRIGAN, Prop., 4 Adelaide St. west.

The Great Ottoman Blood Remedy

Guaranteed to cure all diseases of the blood
whether brought on by indigestion and excess or
arising from hereditary causes. Will remove
pimples and blotches from the skin and by its invigorat-
ing action upon the blood, restore falling powers and
build up the system of those suffering from wasting
disease. Price \$1 per bottle. Address, Ottoman
Medicine Co., Mail Building, Toronto.



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BEST PLACE
in America to buy
Band and Musical
Instruments,
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Street, Toronto. Send for Catalogue.

CONSUMPTION SURELY * CURED

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the
above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured.
I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have con-
sumption if they will send me the name and Post Office Address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOOUM,
M.C., 186 West Adelaide St., TORONTO, ONTARIO.

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THE WORLD



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GIVEN AWAY YEARLY.

When I say Cure I do not mean
merely to stop them for a time, and then
have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of Fits,
Epilepsy or Falling Sickness a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to Cure the
worst cases. Because others have failed I have no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send
once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my Infallible Remedy. Give Express and
Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address:—H. & ROOT,
M.C., Branch Office, 186 WEST ADELAIDE STREET, TORONTO.

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has the largest as-
ort of any Toilet Soap
in the country on
account of its uni-
formly excellent,
delicate and frag-
rant qualities.

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Money Loans and church loans at very low
rates, and smaller sums at 6, 6 1/2, 7, 8, 9, 10,
according to security. INVESTORS Toronto busi-
ness and house property yielding 7, 8 and 10% to in-
vestors and 100 per cent to SPECULATORS.

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J. LATIMER KERR, GRENVILLE P. KLEISSER,
4 King Street East, Toronto.
Successors to A. & M. MURPHY & Co. Office establish-
ed 1879 by Mr. S. H. Jones.
Increase in population Toronto 1850 over 1868 (assess-
or's returns), 20,380.

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ONTARIO FARMERS desiring to pay off exist-
ing high interest-bearing mortgages, or intending to
hold grain and stock for better prices, can obtain
Money at Lowest Current Rates of Interest
by applying personally, or by letter to the
LONDON & CANADIAN LOAN & AGENCY COY
J. F. KERR, MANAGER.
103 BAY ST., TORONTO.

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For the "HANDY" BUTTON-
Sample Card for 10 cents, or trial
Box of 12 Cards 15 cents, by mail
prepaid. Also the "ARTIST'S"
TIDY HOLDER and Dressing Pin
Best and most complete Holder
ever made for all tidies and all
furniture. Heavily plated, bright
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experience make money. Sample
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Illustrated circulars free.

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ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

THE PIONEER CAN JIAN LINE
And still to the front in regard to the provision made
for the safety and comfort of its customers.

Weekly Sailings Between Liverpool, Glas-
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ly Service from London, during
Summer Months.

Mail Steamers run between Liverpool and Portland
via Halifax during winter. Glasgow steamers sail
throughout the year to Boston and Philadelphia, call-
ing at Irish ports and Halifax en route.
For rates of passage and other information apply to
H. Bourlier, Cor King and Yonge Streets, Toronto; H
& A. Allan, Montreal, or to the local agents in
country.

COUNTRY TALK.

Elma.

Mrs. O'Reilly came from Illinois on Monday to attend the funeral of her father, Mr. Smith.

There is a good opening in the south-east part of the township for a Sabbath School. Will not some one lend a helping hand?

School section No. 9 closed last week owing to the sickness of most of the children. It was re-opened on Monday. The attendance is still very small.

Geo. Hamilton, of 16th con., Elma, died on Saturday of last week. He had been ailing for some years. Funeral took place on Monday. He was 48 years of age. The family have the sympathy of the community.

Death has again entered our midst and called away Mr. Debus. Mr. Debus had a very severe attack of la grippe which settled on his lungs and resulted in death on Tuesday morning. The funeral took place at 10 o'clock, on Thursday morning.

The popular phrase among the farmers in this vicinity is: "There is nothing to do." What do you think of making a bee to gravel part of the road? I am sure it needs it badly. Our council do not need to travel this part of the township as you can plainly see.

The death of Henry Smith occurred on Friday night of last week. He was 56 years of age at the time of his death and settled in the township of Elma when it was covered with forest. The funeral took place on Monday. The funeral sermon will be preached in Burns' church, Milverton, by the Rev. Mr. Kay, on Sunday, Feb. 16th.

The want of snow does not seem to daunt some of our enterprising farmers a bit with regard to building operations. John Love is preparing to build a new barn with stabling underneath, in fact he has a great deal of the material on the ground already. Also William Dewar, jr., is preparing for a good barn with stone stabling. These two buildings will make quite an improvement in the appearance of the 10th and 14th cons.

The following is the relative standing of those pupils in S. S. No. 2 who took the highest number of marks in the weekly examinations during the month of January: Fifth Class—Roland Jickling, Nettie Hargraves, William Turnbull, Senior Fourth—Jane Thompson, Tillie Forman, Nellie Newbigging, Maria Douglas, Junior Fourth—Jennie Douglas, Mary Hamilton, Senior Third—Agnes Shearer, Ida Keith, Junior Third—Charles Douglas, Maggie Burnett, Tena Shearer, John Thompson, Senior Second—Etta Hay, Jennie Cleland, William Shearer, Jessie Keith, Thos. M. Wilson, Teacher.

Monkton.

Our town council will meet on Monday next.

Every house in this section should have THE BEE. Subscribe and we will supply you with plenty of news.

Chas. McKenzie, our postmaster, and his good wife have been very ill but we are glad to say they are on the mend.

Alex. McEwen, formerly of this place, but now of Manitoba, is home on a visit. He looks well and we welcome him home again.

C. Broughton has resigned his position as chief of police. Mark Robinson will fill the vacancy. Mark is the right man in the right place.

Daniel Machan is hard at work pressing one hundred tons of hay, which he will ship to Toronto market. We wish Dan success and hope he may get a good price.

Wm. Buttery, formerly of this village, but now of Grey township, was visiting friends in this section last week. All were glad to see him and he has the good wishes of all.

The Monkton "Schneider" has several months work ahead, they say he makes a sure fit every time, and if we may judge from the work he is getting he will need to employ another tailor before long.

The Advocate reporter of this village says the reporter to the Stratford Herald is the best looking man on its staff. Lord help him, if he sees THE BEE reporter—he is as bright as a new made dollar.

John Berlet, our village blacksmith, has been down with la grippe. We understand he is to take another grip soon which he will not get rid of so easy. Our worst wish to John is this: That he may live forever.

There was no service in the Methodist church on Sunday morning, 2nd inst., owing to quarterly meeting service at the Logan appointment. Rev. Mr. Rogers, of Atwood, preached an able sermon in the evening which was well received by the congregation.

Henry Smith, of the 16th con., Elma, passed peacefully away on Friday night of last week, the cause of his death was pneumonia, brought on by la grippe. He was one of the early settlers of our township and was highly respected by all. His remains were interred in the Milverton cemetery on Monday of last week. We feel for Mrs. Smith and her family in their hour of great distress and hope they may have God's blessing in their time of need.

The anniversary services of the Monkton Methodist church was held on Sunday, Feb. 2nd. The Rev. D. Rogers filled the pulpit with acceptance and great profit to our people. On the following Tuesday evening the anniversary tea meeting was enjoyed. Notwithstanding the unpleasant roads and weather and the prevalence of la grippe, the attendance was good. Excellent addresses were given by Revs. F. E. Nugent, of Mitchell; T. Gee, of Milverton; and A. Henderson, M. A., of Atwood. Our choir furnished us with good music. Good order prevailed and everyone seemed to enjoy the entertainment. Proceeds \$30.

Joseph Adair is down with la grippe. Dr. Hamilton, of Atwood, visits our village oftener than any other man outside. He has been overworked of late.

Samuel Louisbury, our popular sawyer, has finished last season's stock of logs and has removed to Seaford until a new stock of logs arrive.

Our Presbyterian friends are talking of purchasing an organ for their church. When they will do so I will report the event even at the risk of causing some ill-conditioned cur to bark at my heels.

Isaac Hord was in the village last week. He is a good business man and his branch store here is doing a good business under the management of J. C. Wilson, who is always ready to oblige any person. Success to the Ontario House.

Mark Robinson has been appointed to wait on Mr. Van Horn in connection with the branch of the C. P. R. which is to go by way of Monkton to Lake Huron. Mark has a good eye for business and no doubt he will gain his point.

Mornington.

The following are the names of the pupils of S. S. No. 12, who made the best showing in their respective classes during Jan: Fifth Class—Geo. Westman, Senior Fourth—Lizzie Schrenk, William Lannin, Edward Attridge, Junior Fourth—Gerda Tucker, Maggie Attridge, Gilbert Athen, Senior Third—Geo. Langford, Ralph Tucker, May Capling, Junior Third—John Westman, Robert Schrenk, William Langford.

LEWIS ZERAN, Teacher.

Trowbridge.

The anniversary services of the Methodist church was held last Sunday and Monday. Rev. Dr. Henderson preached on the Sabbath. On Monday evening a good tea was served in the basement, and an excellent program given in the body of the church, consisting of music by the choir, readings by Messrs. Snell and Kellam, and addresses by Revs. A. E. Smith, of Wroxeter, and D. Rogers, of Atwood. Votes of thanks to the ladies, choir, and speakers were proposed, respectively, by Messrs. C. Cousins, Bayliss and J. R. Code, and carried with enthusiasm. Proceeds in the neighborhood of \$65.

Logan.

La grippe has carried off another subject, Robert Rolph, a healthy and hard-working young man of the 4th concession of Logan, was taken with the disease about a week ago, and on Wednesday of last week it proved fatal. He was in his 34th year and leaves a wife and four children.

A meeting of the Willow Grove cheese factory was held in the factory on the 24th ult. The business of the past year was wound up and officers installed for the coming season. Mr. Ballantyne was expected to deliver an address on the cheese business, but failed so attend. Mr. Pomeroy having bought the factory from Mr. Squires, agreed to make the cheese for 1/2 of a cent less per lb. than it formerly had been made for, and intends putting in a new press, hoops, etc., which will be of great advantage to the securing of high prices for the cheese. We hope that Mr. Pomeroy will be well patronized, as he is a good cheesemaker and a first rate fellow.

Milverton.

The Presbyterians of this village held their anniversary services on Sunday the 2nd inst. The Rev. Mr. McKay, of Woodstock, preached to large congregations both morning and evening. The following Monday evening they held their annual tea meeting. Notwithstanding the bad state of the roads, and the fact that many in the neighborhood were still sick with la grippe, there was a good attendance. Tea was served in the basement of the church, and an attractive table was well patronized by the people, especially those who had just recovered from the above mentioned fashionable disease. The Rev. John Kay, pastor of the church, was disappointed by several speakers, but the Rev. Messrs. Grant, of St. Marys, McKay of Woodstock, Gee of Milverton, and himself entertained the audience very acceptably for the evening. Music was furnished by a quintette from Stratford. Proceeds of Sunday collections and tea meeting were \$107.

Newry.

Mrs. John Fray has had a severe attack of la grippe but is slowly recovering.

Miss Mary Gray has returned from visiting friends in Downia, and the classic city.

Andrew Swanton split eight cords of wood in about seven hours last week. Beat it who can.

Mr. Duncan, son of our esteemed cheese salesman, and chief of police in Brandon, is under the parental roof.

Mrs. Valance killed a snake in the garden one of the warm days last week. An unusual occurrence for this time of the year.

Checker playing is reviving with vigor on the 10th line. Who the champion is has hardly been decided as yet. No doubt we will hear ere long.

Miss Mary Harvey is attending the Listowel High School at present. Miss Harvey is an apt pupil and will doubtless come out all right at her final exam.

The general travelling agent Mr. Grip didn't forget to pay our mayor a visit, but James did not relish his company and so gave him a cold and brief reception.

THE BEE is steadily finding its way into the various families in this locality, and no fireside should be without it. Indeed the honey that can be extracted from its columns is worth the price of the paper. It has no peer in the county for local news.

Mr. Gee is on the haw side this week as his advertisement appears in THE BEE. Gee's head is level, he will know what a valuable medium THE BEE is to advertise in.

Mrs. Duclow is seriously indisposed. Our much esteemed M. D. is kept so busy that the assistance of Dr. Parks, of Listowel, had to be called in. We are pleased to hear that she is improving.

ELMA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—A meeting of the directors of the Elma Agricultural Society was held at Wynn's hotel, on Monday last. There were present, the president, vice-president, and Messrs. Jas. Irwin, W. Lineham, R. Morrison, C. Heller, J. Duncan, J. Graham and Y. Coulter. Minutes of last meeting were read and adopted on motion of Jas. Irwin and Jno. Graham. The committee appointed to purchase a new site for an agricultural show ground submitted their report and were of the opinion that Mr. Coulter's land was most suitable, the price being the same, viz: \$125 per acre. Moved by Jas. Duncan, seconded by Wm. Horn that the Society purchase the three acres offered by Mr. Coulter, at Atwood. (Carried.) The tenders were opened for the purchase of the Society's ground at Newry, which were as follows:—Thos. Fullerton \$105, Jno. Morrison \$125, A. J. Keillor \$135. Mr. Keillor's offer being the highest it was accepted on motion of Messrs. Duncan and Forrest. There being no offers made for the farm lot it was resolved on motion of Messrs. Irwin and Forrest that the president, J. B. Hamilton, and vice-president Horn be appointed a committee to sell the farm lot privately. The committee appointed to prepare rough draught of building suitable for an agricultural hall presented their plans when it was moved by W. Horn, seconded by Jno. Graham that the plans be adopted and that the said committee proceed with the work, procure plans and specifications, and advertise for tenders and the said tender be opened on March 10th at 2 o'clock p.m. This finished the business, and the meeting then adjourned to meet again at Newry, on March 10th.

Poole.

Mr. Henderson, of Galt, and Mr. Shearer, of Bright, are visiting George Shearer.

Miss Ella Robertson, of A. wood, and Miss Robertson, of Toronto, are guests of Miss Kines.

Mr. Hoffman, assistant teacher in the public school here, was laid off for a week with an attack of influenza.

Our Good Templars of this village regaled themselves with an oyster supper, in their hall, last Wednesday evening.

Mrs. J. W. Chalmers was a delegate to the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society that met in Stratford last week.

Wm. Gray, of Newry, the "honey-grove" cheesemaker, attended the Cheesemaker's Convention in Stratford, then called at Poole to attend the oyster convention convened in the Good Templars hall.

Hullett.

DEATH OF A PIONEER.—Hugh McBrien died at his residence on the 13th concession, on Friday Jan. 31st. The deceased emigrated to this country from Ireland about 40 years ago, and settled on the 16th concession of Goderich township. Some 20 years after, he sold the homestead and removed to Missouri, returning in a short time and settling on lot 6, concession 13, Hullett. Mrs. McBrien died about 16 years ago, and some time after the deceased married a second time. His wife, nine children and two brothers survive him. He was a life long conservative in politics and an Episcopalian in religion. He was a good neighbor, kind husband and loving father. Dropsical ailment was the immediate cause of death.

TO THE PEOPLE OF NEWRY, ATWOOD, AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

I take this opportunity of extending my sincere thanks for your liberal patronage accorded me since commencing business in Newry. During a little over six months among you I am pleased to be able to state that my business has been steadily increasing which is sufficient proof that our goods and prices have given satisfaction. For the future, as in the past, we promise to one and all that entrusts us with a whole or part of their esteemed patronage, to do all in our power to make the deal pleasant and satisfactory. Having had sixteen years successful experience in mercantile business and buying for cash in the best markets, places me in a position to meet the requirements of our increasing trade both as to quality of goods and prices.

Our stock will at all times be found complete with seasonable goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—Having made a special study in these goods for several years our efforts in the past have been rewarded by controlling the largest tea trade done in Listowel and we are making every effort to keep up our reputation by showing full lines in all the different branches (our English blend a specialty), and selling at prices that will meet the wishes of the closest buyer.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES.—New goods are being opened up for the spring trade embracing all the newest styles, designs, &c. Space will not permit to enumerate prices and lines, but in conclusion would extend an invitation to one and all to call feeling convinced that a fair and important comparison of our goods and prices will convince the most fastidious that we practice what we preach.

J. S. CEE,
NEWRY.

OYSTERS!

J. S. HAMILTON

Has just received a large consignment of Baltimore Oysters, together with a choice Stock of

GROGERIES,

PROVISIONS, CANNED FRUITS, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Give Him a Trial.

J. S. HAMILTON,

317 ATWOOD, ONTARIO.

Fancy Goods

The undersigned wishes to intimate to the Ladies of Atwood and vicinity that she has a choice and well assorted stock of Fancy Goods, comprising

BERLIN WOOLS,

YARNS, PLUSHES,

EMBROIDERIES,

LACES, ETC.

STAMPING

A Specialty.

CALL AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES.

MRS. JOHNSON,

13m ATWOOD, ONT.

Watch Your Corners!

Don't run after the first man that cackles about bargains, but take a look around and size up the goods you are offered; that's

Good Advice to You

Because it gives you the chance to exercise judgment, make comparison, get prices, and pick what suits you, which you can't do if you take up the first offer that is made you.

GOOD FOR MADER!

Because he knows very well that when you have seen all others can show, and get their last word and lowest figure, you'll come back to

The Store that Leads Them All for Price and Quality.

MADER claims the Largest Stock, the Best Variety, the Choicest Goods and the

LOWEST PRICES

That are anywhere offered. It won't cost you anything to see if it is so.

Drop in and See.

J. L. MADER,

MAIN ST., ATWOOD.