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Payable in advance

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 47--No. 44.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1918.

A GOOD INVESTMENT

It pays to advertise in the Transcript, the local paper with a circulation. Try it.

Whole No. 2440.

WANTED BY GLENCOE INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION

First-class mechanic with small capital, accustomed to repairs on drilling rigs and general repair work. This association has a two-story cement block building about 30x50 ft., equipped with boiler and engine, shafting, etc., that it will rent or sell at a reasonable figure. A good opening for a live man. For further particulars write the secretary, A. E. Sutherland, Glencoe.

FARM TO RENT

Fifty acres, the south half of the south half of lot 16 in the second range north of the Longwoods Road in the Township of Ekfrid. Apply Miss Harriet Young, Emerson, Manitoba.

FOR SALE

Part of the west half of the north half of lot 22, con. 1, Ekfrid, known as "Fairview Place." Contains about 35 acres of clay loam soil, good house, barn, orchard, etc. An ideal small farm, with telephone and rural mail, and only one mile from school, church and railroad station. Apply to John B. McKee, Appleton, Wis.

BOAR FOR SERVICE

Reg. Yorkshire, bred by G. W. Minors, Ekfrid. He is from a sow sired by the championship boar at Toronto in 1915-16, weighing 1,060 lbs. This is a good growthy hog and should give satisfaction.—D. C. McTavish, "Sunnybrae," lot 6, con. 7, Mosa.

FARM FOR SALE

Desirable farm of 134 acres, well situated near Glencoe in Ekfrid township. Apply to A. E. Sutherland, Transcript office.



The Pandora Brings Relief

You won't know the relief in store for you, and the new pleasure in life too, until you have a Pandora range set up in your kitchen—daylight oven, thermometer on the oven door that banishes the guess from your baking—a hundred conveniences in cooking and kitchen work all combined in one range—the Pandora.

For Sale by JAS. WRIGHT & SON

McClary's
Pandora
Range

London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Vancouver
St. John, N.B. Hamilton Calgary Edmonton Saskatoon

Cream Wanted

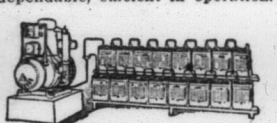
Having engaged with the Lambton Creamery Co. as their local manager for the purchase of Cream and Eggs, I hereby solicit a share of your patronage. Cream will be received, tested and paid for by me daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Will also have a man collecting on the road.

Phone 73 ALEX. MCNEIL

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Simple in construction, durable, dependable, efficient in operation.



M. C. MORGAN - DEALER
Kerwood, Ont.

Cream and Eggs Wanted

Get our proposition re cream: highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe
House, 301-2, Store, 59.

A. B. McDONALD
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 74.

CHANTRY FARM

Lincoln Sheep
and Shorthorn Cattle

ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

M. A. McALPINE LICENSED AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of sales, large or small. Terms reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or phone him at Campbellton.

J. B. COUCH & SON

Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

One hundred and six births, 35 marriages and 157 deaths were registered in London during October. Of the 157 deaths, 95 were reported as being from pneumonia caused by influenza. Last year's figures for October were 117 births, 58 marriages and 75 deaths.

On sale everywhere.—There may be country merchants who do not keep Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, though they are few and far between, and these may suggest that some other oil is just as good. There is nothing so good as a liniment or as an internal medicine in certain cases. Take no other. The demand for it shows that it is the only popular oil.

Keith's Cash Store

Our Millinery Opening takes place on Thursday, Sept. 19th, and following days. A very large assortment of the latest styles of hats.

P. D. KEITH

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized.....\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid-up.....14,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits.....15,000,000
Total Assets.....99,000,000

SIR HERBERT S. HOLT, President

E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director

C. E. NEILL, General Manager

STUART STRATHY, Supervisor of Ontario Branches

321 Branches. Correspondents in all parts of the world. Savings Departments at all Branches.

Special attention given to business of Farmers.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager
Branches also at Strathroy, Appleton, Wardsville, Dutton and Rodney

Garage Special

A Preston Garage, 10 x 18, with metal roof, hardware, glass and painted, erected on your place—\$115.00.

or we will furnish

material for garage 10 x 18, felt roofing, doors made up, rafters and studding cut, window frame and sash, everything ready to put together, including glass, nails and hardware—\$75.00.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Lumber Yard and Planing Mill

Glencoe, Ont.

BIG SHOE SALE

Starting this week to sell our entire shoe stock at cost and less than cost, as we have decided to go out of the shoe business.

Come and get your share of the bargains while they are on the go.

W. J. Strachan

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

Driver Steven West, formerly of Rodney, is reported killed in action.

Strathroy received a carload of coal which was given out in quarter-ton lots.

Pte. H. Lockwood, a Mount Bridges boy, is officially reported missing at the front.

R. J. Petch, reeve of Wardsville, has received word from Toronto of the death of two of his nephews from influenza.

The wholesale price of potatoes, locally, is still \$1.40 per bag, with a strong tendency to drop, says the Strathroy Age.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will attend a meeting of representative Liberals from Western Ontario on November 14th at London.

A by-law prohibiting the shooting of black squirrels was passed by Elgin county council two years ago and is effective for five years.

Spanish influenza claimed John Mc Masters of Bothwell, aged 25, Friday after being ill a week. Nine others of the family are very ill.

Mrs. Malcolm McTavish of Dunwich township has been officially notified that her only son, Malcolm McTavish, was killed in action on October 1st.

A Strathroy boy, who went overseas with the 135th Middlesex Battalion, in a recent letter from France says: "There are not many of us left now."

In a number of places in Ontario where churches, theatres and schools were closed owing to the flu, the epidemic has abated sufficiently to raise the ban.

Up goes the price of milk and cream in Strathroy. After November 1st the milkmen will charge 12c per quart for milk and 20c per half-pint for cream.

Before leaving for their new home in Toronto, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Huggill were waited upon and made recipients of tokens of remembrance by their friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kelly of New Glasgow announce the marriage of their daughter, Mary Bell, to Garret McMaster, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McMaster of Wardsville.

At a sale of 110 sheep on the fair grounds at Essex, one day last week the total proceeds amounted to about \$3,200. Lambs sold from \$20 to \$25, and rams from \$25 to \$48.50 each.

The case of Gossnell vs. the M. C. R., which arose over the killing of the late Solomon Gossnell by a train at Highgate a year ago, has been transferred to the next sittings of the high court at St. Thomas.

The Brussels Post advocates the "doubling up of church congregations for the winter months in order to save fuel, and believes that this will not be much danger of overcrowding any of the churches even then."

"Sunday selling of gasoline is contrary to law," is an official warning issued from Ottawa. The Fuel Controller has been informed that since the removal of the ban on Sunday motoring some dealers have assumed that they could sell gasoline on that day. This is a mistaken impression.

Pte. John Alexander McDougall, son of Archie McDougall of Melbourne, was killed in action. Pte. McDougall enlisted in the 1st Depot Battalion, Sask., on February 20th last. Previous to enlisting Pte. McDougall was employed as inspector for the Federal Elevator Company, with headquarters at Weyburn, Sask.

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VICTORY AND PEACE

Germany Has Yielded and Firing Has Ceased

The wires are hot this afternoon spreading the news that Germany has yielded to the demands of the Allies. An armistice has been signed, and firing ceased at two o'clock today. Confirmation of the above has been obtained by The Transcript from London and Detroit, in both of which cities it is announced on the bulletin boards and big victory celebrations are taking place.

A WISE SUGGESTION

A correspondent makes a suggestion which has more merit than anything which has come from the reconstruction committee. He says that on the farms and in the towns and villages the buildings and fences are run down and out of repair, owing to the dearth of carpenters, builders, and what may be called handy men. He says that for such labor there will be steady work for years. He would therefore, have workmen, who realize the danger of the failure of employment in the cities, advised to go to the country towns and villages without delay, while their savings from city wages are unexhausted. What they may appear to lose in the transition will be made up by cheaper and more wholesome living and by the better opportunities of educating their children.

THAT PROVINCIAL HIGHWAY

(Thamesville Herald)

But what is the use of arguing about it, anyway? If the Government really desires to serve the province to the best of its ability with the new road it will build it where it will serve the most people. If it builds it where the most pressure is brought to bear by friends of the Government, one knows where it will go. Probably, after all, there is much wisdom in the view of The Forest Free Press, as follows:

"The London Board of Trade has invited the various municipalities to send delegates to a convention for the purpose of deciding the route of the 'great national highway' to be built across Ontario, from the Michigan boundary to the Quebec boundary. The municipalities invited should send delegates who would effectively squish the whole wild scheme. The proposal to waste millions of the people's money in the construction of a cement highway across the province should have the condemnation of every right thinking citizen. The proposed road will be no benefit to the people who will be taxed for years to come to pay for it. With the exception of a few rich nabobs it will not be of any use even in the localities in which it may run. On the other hand it will be an actual detriment to the farming sections through which it runs. Here is a matter in which the United Farmers can serve their own interests in a very material way. If they allow this expensive and useless road to be built they will have to pay the greater part of the cost."

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FLU CLAIMS TWO IN GLENCOE

The death occurred at the home of Ern Tedball, Victoria street, on Saturday, November 2nd, of Leonard White, 24 years of age, of Sarnia. Mr. White had been ill with influenza which was followed by pneumonia and proved fatal. Mr. White was employed as a truckman on the G. T. R. here. The funeral service was held from Gough & Son's undertaking rooms on Sunday afternoon at Longwood cemetery. Rev. Mr. Irwin conducted the service. Mr. White leaves besides his father, in Sarnia, several brothers and sisters.

A second death occurred in the home of Mr. Tedball early on Tuesday morning when Mrs. Tedball's sister, Miss Eva Mae Richardson, aged 18 years, succumbed to the prevailing malady. Miss Richardson came to Glencoe to wait on Mr. and Mrs. Tedball, who were ill in bed with the flu at the time of Mr. White's death. She was apparently in good health up to Saturday, when she was taken ill. Miss Richardson's home is at Kerwood, where the remains were taken for interment in Bethel cemetery, Warwick.

Nurse Florence McKelvey, who was in attendance at the Tedball home, contracted the disease shortly after taking charge there. She was removed to the home of her parents in Mosa township and her condition has been quite serious for the last few days.

BAN NOT YET TO BE LIFTED

The local board of health met in Dr. Walker's office on Tuesday, November 5th. Members present—Dr. Walker, J. E. Hull and A. J. Wright. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The object of the meeting was to consider the advisability of again opening the places closed by the former meeting on account of the epidemic of Spanish influenza. After due consideration, the board deemed it advisable to continue the closing order for the present.

Moved by Mr. Hull, seconded by Mr. Wright, that two dozen cards be printed, after that houses where the epidemic exists be placarded; also that two dozen cards be posted up through the town prohibiting spitting on the sidewalks or in business places.

It is also ordered that all cases of influenza shall be reported at once to the medical health officer, either by the physician or by the householder. Adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

CHAS. GEORGE, Secretary.

A SOLDIER'S RETURN

Pte. W. H. Dorman arrived at his home in Glencoe from France on Thursday morning, having been in invalided home owing to an injury by shrapnel to one of his feet. Pte. Dorman enlisted in the 142nd Battalion two years ago and in France was transferred to the 14th Battalion. He was in some of the most notable battles at Ypres and Vimy Ridge.

Not being apprised of his homecoming, the people of Glencoe were unable to give the reception they would have liked. However, Reeve A. J. Wright and officers of the Patriotic Society called upon him at his home on Thursday evening and gave informal welcome, at the same time presenting him with the usual cheque from the returned soldiers' fund.

HODGSON-POLE NUPTIALS

There was a pretty wedding at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Pole in Ekfrid on Wednesday, October 30, when their youngest daughter, Lettie Irene, was united in marriage to George W. Hodgson of Chatham. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Whaley of Appleton, and promptly at three o'clock the groom took his place, under an arch of evergreens and chrysanthemums, immediately the strains of Lohengrin's Bridal Chorus, rendered by Mr. and Mrs. Fred McGill, announced the coming of the bride party. Attention was centered upon a charming little flower girl, Alice Pole, niece of the bride, a veritable fairy dressed in pale green crepe de chine and white net, carrying a basket of pink and white roses. She was accompanied by the ring bearer, Stuart Pole, nephew of the bride, carrying a basket of roses in the heart of which reposed the ring. The bride followed down a pathway marked by streamers and mums, leaning on the arm of her father. She was charmingly gowned in shell-pink crepe de chine with over-dress of ivory georgette crepe trimmed with French lace and seed pearls, with veil of French tulle arranged in an original manner plaited and bound with orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of roses and maiden-hair fern.

After the ceremony the guests, numbering about forty, repaired to the dining-room, where the decorations were of the simplest character in harmony with war-time views, mums being used for the table. After a sumptuous wedding luncheon the young couple motored to London, the bride travelling in a suit of reindeer brown with hat of peacock blue trimmed with seal, and seal furs, the gift of the groom.

The presents were many and beautiful, the most prominent being a china tea set, a victrola and some substantial cheques.

Guests were present from Sarnia, London and Chatham. Had it not been for the influenza epidemic Mr. and Mrs. Hodgson intended going on an extended honeymoon, but instead are going to a few points east, and will be at home to their friends in Chatham after November fifteenth.

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

Meetings every Tuesday night and Thursday afternoon during this month for hospital work and soldiers' field supplies.

Fifty boxes shipped overseas for Christmas, each box costing \$4.

Donated towards postage.....\$21.60
From boys' fund.....80.10
Donated in value in contents.....98.30

Meeting in hall as soon as ban is lifted.

NEARING WAR'S END

News of the past week would indicate the early termination of the war. Turkey and Austria have made a complete surrender, and now, with Germany's armies on the verge of disaster and dissension among her people, the capitulation of the last and arch enemy of the Allies cannot long be delayed.

FLU VICTIM IN MOSA

William, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert George of Mosa, succumbed to an attack of pneumonia following influenza on Wednesday afternoon. He was in his 21st year. The funeral will be held from the family residence, lot 6, Longwoods Road, Mosa, on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment at Oakland cemetery.

DEATH OF MRS. DUNDON

Word was received here on Tuesday stating that the death occurred at her home in Winnipeg on Monday, November 4th, of Mrs. John Dundon, formerly of Glencoe, in her 62nd year, after only a short illness.

The remains were shipped from Winnipeg to Bothwell, where they are expected to arrive tonight (Thursday), and the funeral service will be held on Friday morning at 9 o'clock. Interment will be made at the Roman Catholic cemetery at Bothwell.

Mrs. Dundon leaves to mourn her loss two daughters, Ada (Mrs. S. A. Naylor) and Miss Mayme of Winnipeg, and one son, John, who went overseas with the 135th Battalion. She also leaves one sister and one brother, Mrs. Playter of Detroit and Thomas McNulty in the West. Her husband predeceased her about five years.

Mrs. Dundon was well known in Glencoe and vicinity and the sorrowing family have the sympathy of their many friends here.

WINS RECOMMENDATION FOR COMMISSION

The following letter from Dan McArthur will be read with pleasure by his friends, as it gives intimation that he has succeeded in winning his way to a commission:

France, Oct. 4, 1918.
Dear Mother,—We have been engaged in hard fighting during the past week, the stiffest that we have yet seen. However, things have quietened up a bit and we are back to normal warfare. The change is welcome, as all of us, gunners, drivers and signallers, have had a strenuous session, working hard and not getting much sleep, though of course the infantry have a much rougher passage. The very good news from all fronts keeps the boys' morale high. As Foch says, the war seems to be rolling down hill. We have heard from a dispatch rider this evening that Turkey has surrendered, but this is not confirmed.

Although tired, the boys are all standing the strain well. One of our signallers, Dave Laird, got a good blighty from a bomb splinter in the knee. Harry is due for leave in a day or so and I go next month—Paris. Wally Robinson, another signaller, has just got his military medal, which was coming to him for his work during the Monchy scrap. He and I, with several others, have been recommended for commissions. Our papers went in today, but it usually takes some time. It was quite unexpected and unasked for. Love to all.—DAN.

GLENCOE RED CROSS

October shipment to Hyman Hall: 16 pairs of pyjamas, 5 pairs of hospital socks, 9 stretcher caps, 10 mattress pads; overseas—138 pairs hand-knit socks.

Christmas boxes for the boys overseas will be packed next Tuesday. Donations of gum, chocolate, smokes, etc., received.

We gratefully acknowledge the following donations:—James C. Gardiner \$5, Miss Ruby Suttler \$5, Jean Sutherland, Molly Tait, Sec.

WINTER FAIR POSTPONED

Owing to the influenza epidemic the directors of the Elgin Winter Fair, West Lorne, have postponed their show until November 26th to 29th. Entries are extended to November 18.

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callosity comes out without injury to the flesh.

THE RHINE, ITS NAME AND ITS FAME

THE SCENE OF MANY EVENTS IN EUROPEAN HISTORY

In the Near Future it Will be the Grand Question of the Entire Civilized World.

The Rhine is the principal river of Germany and one of the most famous rivers of the world. It has a length of about eight hundred miles, rising in the cantons of Grisons, Switzerland, and emptying into the North Sea just south of The Hague. It has strategic value at the present time for the armies of Ludendorff, because of the rapid flow of its waters at the section to which Gen. Pershing, if he should continue a straight eastern drive, would send his forces. It has also historical interest.

One who has studied causes and effects has written: "Before the commencement of history, perhaps before the existence of man, the Rhine now is there was a double chain of volcanoes, which on their extinction left heaps of lava and basalt lying parallel, like two long walls. At the same epoch the gigantic crystallizations formed the primitive mountains. The enormous alluvions of which the secondary mountains consist were dried up. The frightful heap is now cold and has snow accumulated on it, from which two great streams issued. One, flowing toward the north, crossed the plains, encountered the sides of the extinguished volcanoes and emptied itself into the ocean; the other, taking its course westward, fell from mountain to mountain, flowed along the side of the block of extinguished volcanoes, which is now Ardèche, and was finally lost in the Mediterranean. The first of those inundations is the Rhine, the second the Rhone."

The First Rhine Dwellers. The first people who took possession of the banks of the Rhine, we are told, were the half savage Celts, who afterwards received the name of Gauls. In the height of his glory Caesar crossed the Rhine and shortly afterwards took the entire river under his jurisdiction. The river was, in Roman times, a boundary between the province of Gaul and the German tribes, and at a later date and until 1871 was the frontier between Germany and France.

It is a stream of varied aspects. Victor Hugo, who wrote what was perhaps the finest article ever written about it, said: "The Rhine is unique; it combines the rapid, broad, like the Loire; encased, like the Meuse; serpentine, like the Seine; limpid and green, like the Somme; historical, like the Tiber; royal, like the Danube; mysterious, like the Nile; spangled with gold like an American river; and, like a river of Asia, abounding with phantoms and fables."

Crossed by Many Warriors. In the destinies of Europe the Rhine, says Hugo, "has a sort of providential significance. It is the great boat which divides the north from the south. The Rhine for three ages has seen the forms and reflected the shadows of almost all the warriors who tilted the old Continent with that share which they called the sword. Caesar crossed the Rhine in going to the south; Attila crossed it when descending to the north. It was here that Clovis gained the Battle of Tolbiac, and that Charlemagne and Napoleon figured. . . . For the thinker who is conversant with history two great eagles are perpetually hovering over the Rhine—that of the Roman legions and that of the French regiments. The Rhine . . . bore at one time upon its surface bridges of boats, over which the armies of Italy, Spain and France poured into Germany."

And the same writer adds further in his article that some day "it shall become the grand question of Europe." This prophecy is now at its fulfillment, for the Rhine is now, or shortly will be, the grand question of entire civilization.

MAPPING THE SKY
Cloud-Maps Form a Difficult and Intricate Study.

Few of us possess an intimate knowledge of the significance of cloud effects. A cloud-map would, therefore, be unintelligible to any but a meteorological student. But there have been cloud-maps printed for over thirty years, the first one, consisting of some 300 cloud pictures, being published by a German student. Cloud-maps are, naturally, a far more intricate and difficult study than a straightforward geographical atlas. They were first intended merely as a meteorological asset, but since the advent of the airman, have now become a vital side-issue in the work of our Royal Air Force.

A certain professor, who has been experimenting with cloud phenomena in Aberdeen, has proved so successful that his photographs and sketches are to be reproduced in the form of a cloud atlas. The map is intended to replace the International Cloud Atlas, executed by German professors and published in Paris before the war.

The rough war clouds are undoubtedly more wholesome than all-white bread.



Montreal Daily Star

WHAT SOLDIERS WANT.

A suggestion to those who are sending gifts to soldiers overseas comes from Lt.-Col. (Canon) Frederick George Scott, Senior Chaplain of the First Division, in a cable received by friends in Montreal. He says "The men want playing cards and chewing tobacco."

CHEW STAG TOBACCO

"Ever-lastingly Good"

HUNS ARE BRUTES, SAY BELGIANS

TERRIBLE HATRED AROUSED BY GERMAN ATROCITIES

\$5,000,000 Plant Wrecked by Bombs—Ostend and Bruges Virtually Stripped.

Rejoicing among people in the liberated districts continues unexhausted and indescribable, says a British war correspondent on Oct. 20. I reached Ostend yesterday, passed the night there and returned to Bruges through an extensive tour of the parts of Belgium recently under German rule.

What impressed me more than anything after I talked with so many civilians, first in the Cambrai area and then in Lille, Ostend and Bruges, is the extraordinary skill with which the Germans got themselves hated everywhere. National hatred as enemies was to be expected, but sentiment has universally aroused something more. The individual German is loathed by people of all classes as a brute, bully and thief. Thief, bandit and brigand are terms heard everywhere, applied to officers even more than to the men.

In regard to Ostend, the place is not seriously damaged. The area about the station and harbor docks and that part of the sea front where there were big guns (some still remain imbedded in a deep concrete emplacement) show abundant evidence of the excellent marksmanship both of our airmen and of our gunners. But so true the aim had been that the bulk of the city is untouched. Along the water front, where many hotel windows were broken, many buildings show some injury. At first glance Ostend looks as if it had been roughly handled, but the damage is very small, and Ostend can soon be as gay as ever.

Ostend Crowds Sing All Night. She was gay enough last night. One of the last acts of the Germans before retreating, as in other cities, was to wreck the plants and sever the connections in the gas, electric light and water service, so that Ostend is without light except lamps and candles. Only rain water is available for domestic use or in case of fire. Last evening it rained incessantly, but in spite of the darkness the wet crowds with improvised bands swept through the chief thoroughfares all night singing the Belgian anthem and the "Marseillaise."

Order for Deportation. I have seen a copy of the official proclamation regarding the deportation. It narrates all the horrible procedure of families having to assemble at their doors and "an officer will then definitely decide which persons shall be conducted to the assembly place." I have told of the hideous system of procedure: "Anybody who attempts to disobey will be pitilessly punished." Nothing Germany has done will remain a deeper stain to her name than the deed to which this document testifies.

At Tourcoing and Roubaix, where there are many English workers, they had a terrible time. It seems without doubt that among the poor people some actually died of starvation. An Englishman named Richardson, a cotton spinner, who refused to make clothes for the German Government, was sent to prison in a Baltic fortress for six months. He was kept in loathsome quarters, but there is so much to tell of the dreariness and brutality on one side and heroism on the other, that the tale would never end. The thing itself is ending. Surely mankind will never permit its repetition.

Enjoyed the Change. A negro soldier now on the western front captured a German major. On his way back to headquarters to report his charge the soldier made his captive carry his trapping and baggage, prodding him along gently with his gun.

"Why were you so anxious to put him to work?" his officer asked him. "Well, you see," explained the negro, "it made me feel good to see him totting that equipment. Before the war Ah was a pot'ah."

One of the great sights in Ostend is the Vendictive. There she lies, noble in her huge gray nakedness against the piling of the wooden pier. The Germans succeeded in sinking her stern around until she lies almost parallel to the pier. She is a wonderful sight. Two hundred yards nearer the harbor the Germans themselves sank two dredges and a small steamer, which also partially block the fairway. The people of Ostend say out damage to the harbor, must be left lying where she is as long as she holds together. They are very proud of her.

There has been in these towns the same continuous thieving as in Lille and elsewhere, the same abuse of requisitions and terrorism. In Ostend all houses were stripped clean of everything, also the great hotels there in the last days furnish rich hauls in requisitioned goods. A kitchen battery in a large hotel has, on the average, a ton of copper, which, of course, is all gone, also all mattresses and woolen goods, under formal requisition. Then every day soldiers took one thing after another. The guardian of one hotel told how they came with sacks and carried off all things portable, and finally all the furniture.

Huns Wreck \$5,000,000 Plant. One of the worst outrages was in Bruges where before leaving the town the Germans deliberately blew up and destroyed the great Compagnie Bruguise plant, valued at \$5,000,000. Before the war it was a wagon factory, but was adapted by the Germans to make munitions. Squads of engineers came and the officers laid mines and nests of bombs and wrecked the whole place.

As in Ostend and elsewhere, all empty houses in Bruges were stripped of their contents, also the houses that Germans had put to their own use. A beautiful private house was occupied by Governor General Von Schein, who was away ill. Before leaving the house the officers of his staff looted everything and left it empty.

Bruges, as a city, is unhurt and still stands in its beauty, except for the destruction of bridges and other injuries like that to the Compagnie Bruguise and the damage we had done to canal and docks by bombing. The famous belfry, the beautiful Hotel de Ville and the Chapel of the Holy Blood are all unharmed, but minor vandalism was perpetrated with scandalous characteristics.

From the people at Tourcoing and at Roubaix I gather that the conditions there were precisely the same as at Lille, the same abuse of "bons de requisition," the same stealing and fines, the same horrible deportation of women at night.

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WORLD'S BIGGEST FUR AUCTION

IN SIX DAYS THE TOTAL SALES WERE \$6,004,000.

3,500,000 Pelts Bring Record Prices With Buyers From Twenty-seven Countries.

What buyers who attended say was the largest fur sale the world has ever known, both as to quantity of furs sold and the financial results has just ended at the International Fur Exchange, 115 South Second Street, St. Louis. In the six days it lasted sales totaled \$6,004,000, or an average of more than \$1,000,000 daily.

The week also saw the purchase by the fur men of Liberty bonds to the amount of \$2,500,000, and generous donations to the Red Cross, Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare and other war relief funds. In addition, transactions among the buyers totaled more than \$2,000,000 and it is estimated that more than \$10,000,000 was involved in the week's trading.

Sixty-four kinds of fur, known to dealers from every part of the world, were listed in the 350-page catalogue of the sale. They comprised more than 3,500,000 pelts, divided into 110,000 lots for the convenience of buyers. Every state in the Union, every province in Canada, and twenty-five foreign countries contributed to the catalogue. Each pelt had to be checked, entered, graded and catalogued. St. Louis gradings and lottings are quoted and accepted as standard wherever furs are bought and sold.

All Furs in Demand. The demand for all kinds of furs was unprecedented during the entire week, a demand that was voiced by dealers from all parts of the world and from every class of trade and many varieties sold for record prices. Muskrat, a fur that sold a few years ago for a few cents a pelt, sold as high as \$2.25, while a record price of \$11 for skunk was reached. Another fur that sold higher than ever before was lynx, the record skin bringing \$85. It was later sold for the benefit of the Red Cross and brought \$1,250. Fisher sold as high as \$102 and marten at a top price of \$81.

Buyers and brokers say the record prices made in all but two or three of the furs may not stand long. They look for prices to increase rather than to diminish. The labor situation was expected to hold prices down a bit, but evidently manufacturers must have settled the labor question more or less to their own satisfaction before coming to St. Louis, for the manufacturers were well and ably represented by large and important orders. Most of them are far too busy in their factories at this juncture to journey westward, but the local brokers took good care of their wants in all respects.

And, incidentally, the rise of the fur broker is coincident with the rise of the St. Louis market. Whether it were the market that made the broker, or vice versa, were negligible. Sufficient it is to know that where the big market is there the big brokers gather together.

The next sales are announced for January 27, April 28 and September 15, 1919.

Foreign Dishes. Mistress—Can you prepare any foreign dishes, Norah?
New Cook—Sure I can, mum—French pays, Spanish inyons and Oirish pitaties.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it if it cost a dollar a bottle.
CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN.
Schr. "Storke," St. André, Kamouraska

A shell is measured by its diameter. A three-inch shell fits a gun whose "bore" is three inches across; but the shell may be 14 inches long or more.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The Weekly Fashions



A little model suitable for the school girl. The combination of materials is very smart for the winter season. McCall -Pattern No. 8538, Child's Dress. In 5 sizes, 12 to 10 years. Price, 20 cents.



An excellent opportunity for the combination of some all-over, oriental-designed material with plain material. McCall Pattern No. 8625, Ladies' Dress. In 6 sizes, 34 to 44 bust. Price, 25 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS
How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter: wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezeone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding tissue.

A small bottle of freezeone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's foot.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezeone for you from his wholesale drug house.

Buy a Bond.

You can help to win the war.

Buy a Bond!

Help our splendid men to score.

Buy a Bond!

Do not fold your hands and shrink.

While your brothers do the work.

Come, give yourself a jerk!

Buy a Bond!!

Do your duty like a man.

Buy a Bond!

Lend your country all you can.

Buy a Bond!

While our men fight "over there."

Show how much you really care.

Start right now to do your share.

Buy a Bond!

Back your country in her fight.

Buy a Bond!

Let your money work for Right.

Buy a Bond!

Help the Allies smash the Hun.

Help them till the war is won.

See the job is quickly done.

Buy a Bond!

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Germany is making plans to secure easy access to the raw materials of trade and industry, in order to secure its economic recovery after the conclusion of peace.

ED.7 ISSUE 45-18



ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG, TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

"So I Sent My True Love.
Lips that still were laughing,
Eyes that still could dance—
So I sent my true love
On his way to France.
Through the dark days he needs me,
While we are apart,
He shall feel my laughter
Lifting up his heart.
He shall go unburdened
By any grief he knows,
Down the dusty roads of France
Singing as he goes.
All my love and laughter
Though his days shall flow—
If I cry before the dawn
He shall never know!

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make this beauty lotion for a few cents and see for yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes: to whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

Thomsonitis.

Each paper, book and magazine sprouts upward, like a geyser. Recipes for saving things.

We're growing thin and wiser. We salt down beans, dehydrate greens. Store up foods like a miser. We're going to preserve the world. And also can the Kaiser.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Character.

What is your brave act without a brave nature behind it? What is your smile unless I know that you are kind? What is your indignant blow unless your heart is on fire? What is all your activity without you? How instantly the impression of a character creates itself, springs into shape behind a deed! A man cannot sell you goods across a counter, or drive you a mile in his carriage on the road, or take your ticket in the cars, or hold the door open to let you pass, without your getting, if you are sensitive, some idea of what sort of a man he is and seeing his deed colored with the complexion of his character.—Phillips Brooks.

MONEY ORDERS.

Dominion Express Money Orders are on sale in five thousand offices throughout Canada.

Tommy (who has been wounded for the fourth time): "I know what it means, mate; them Huns don't want me at this war!"

"Leaves are light, and useless, and idle, and wavering, and changeable; they even dance; yet God has made them part of the oak. In so doing He has given us a lesson not to deny the stout-heartedness within, because we see lightness without."—Hare.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

2 in 1 SHOE POLISHES

LIQUIDS and PASTES

For BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES

PRESERVE THE LEATHER

THE 22 QUALITY CORPORATION LTD., LONDON, CANADA

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

DON'T SUFFER PAIN—BUY HIRST'S!

and be prepared against attacks of rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, toothache and earache. Hirst's is equally effective for relieving swollen joints, sprains, sore throat and other painful ailments. For over 40 years a family friend. Don't experiment—buy Hirst's—always have a bottle in the house. Has a hundred uses.

At dealers or write us. HIRST REMEDY CO., Hamilton, Canada.

35¢ BOTTLE

Japanese and Home. The real meaning of the word home is not understood by the Japanese. There is nothing home-like in a Japanese house. By the shifting of a few shutters it can be thrown open to the four winds of heaven, and, although the greatest care is taken to keep the woodwork and matting spotlessly clean, a man is far prouder of the possession of a few yards of garden than of the noblest palatial residence without a tree or a shrub.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

The total registration in Canada showed 2,572,754 men and 2,471,280 women, or 5,044,034 in all, not counting some 115,000 cards since received or expected through the postoffice.

WANTED

GENERAL BLACKSMITH, REID Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

FOR SALE

WELL-EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$150,000. Will go for \$1250 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co. Ltd., Toronto.

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR SALE in New Ontario. Owner going to France. Will sell \$500. Worth double that amount. Apply J. H. Co. Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

STORM WINDOWS FOR SALE

GET OUR PRICE LIST SHOWING cost of windows glazed complete, any size. Halliday Company, Box 184, Hamilton

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Chillingwood, Ont.

A Cure for Bad Breath

"Bad breath is a sign of decayed teeth, foul stomach or unclean bowel." If your teeth are good, look to your digestive organs at once. Get Seigel's Curative Syrup at druggists. 15 to 30 drops after meals, clean up your food passage and stop the bad breath odor. 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles. Do not buy substitutes. Get the genuine.

SATISFYING RELIEF FROM LUMBAGO

Sloan's Liniment has the punch that relieves rheumatic twinges

This warmth-giving, congestion-scattering circulation-stimulating remedy penetrates without rubbing right to the aching spot and brings quick relief, surely, cleanly. A wonderful help for external pains, sprains, strains, stiffness, headache, lumbago, bruises.

Get your bottle today—costs little, means much. Ask your druggist for it by name. Keep it handy for the whole family. Made in Canada. The big bottle is economy.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

Cuticura For The Skin

The Soap to Cleanse and Purify The Ointment to Soothe and Heal

These fragrant, super-creamy emollients stop itching, clear the skin of pimples, blotches, redness and roughness, the scalp of itching and dandruff, and the hands of chaps and sores. In purity, delicate medication, refreshing fragrance, convenience and economy, Cuticura Soap and Ointment meet with the approval of the most discriminating. Ideal for every-day toilet uses.

For sample each by mail address post-card, or through the world.

For sample each by mail address post-card, or through the world.

Five and one-half per cent., and
absolute safety!
VICTORY BONDS!

Buying VICTORY BONDS is a
small way to do your bit to get
large returns.

J. N. Currie & Co.'s

Winter selections in all departments from the very best mills and manufacturers, bought at the very lowest point and early enough to get the choicest of everything, and every dollar's worth bought for spot cash, with full discounts. This advantage, with the great advantage of low selling expense, places this store in the position to sell 10 per cent. lower than any city store, and this is what we are doing right along.

Closest Comparison in Prices

and most exacting inspection of qualities by experts is the best test, and our steadily increasing sales is the best evidence that the purchasing public is well satisfied. We want your trade after the war as well as now and for this reason are keeping up "standard quality" and "prices" as low as is possible to take.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

GLENCOE'S SATISFACTORY STORE

Tired of giving? We don't know
what it is to be tired who have not
given a life. Buy VICTORY
BONDS at once.

BONDS speak louder than words.
Let your money talk right now
in the safest investment you can
make.

THE GREAT VICTORY SALE

CONTINUES FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY

**PRICES OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S,
BOYS', GIRLS' AND LITTLE FOLKS'
FOOTWEAR CUT TO THE QUICK**

THE MOST IMPORTANT SELLING EVENT OF THE YEAR

See the splendid offerings of real economic buying opportunities. Our November prices will make this one of the biggest months of the year for us, and this year prices will mean more in helpful service than ever before.

**IN MANY CASES OUR PRICES ARE LESS THAN
WHOLESALE PRICES TODAY**

**Save money at this sale and buy
Victory Bonds**

MODERN SHOE STORE

GLENCOE

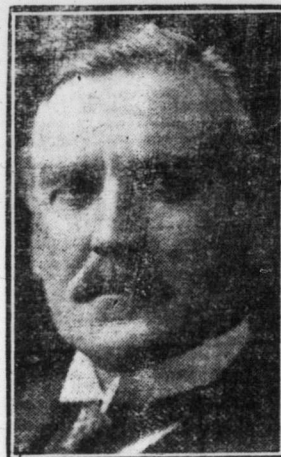
PHONE 103

Sir Thomas White's Appeal to Canadians

Points Out Great Need of the
Victory Loan to Carry
On the War

On the opening of Canada's great
Victory Loan drive the Minister of
Finance issued the following mes-
sage:—
To the People of Canada:

The Victory Loan of 1918 is now
being offered for public subscription.
It is an undertaking of most vital
importance to the nation, and I can-
not too earnestly emphasize the duty
and responsibility resting upon all
citizens of Canada to co-operate to
the extent of their available resources
in making it an unqualified success.



SIR THOMAS WHITE

Minister of Finance under whose
direction the great Victory Loan
drive for \$500,000,000 is being
made.

The money to be raised is urgently
required to enable us to continue the
prosecution of the war, now in its
fifth and most crucial year, and for
the maintenance of the prosperity of
the Dominion in all departments of
productive activity.

Apart from patriotic considerations
which should alone suffice, it is the
direct, immediate, personal interest
of every individual Canadian citizen
that the loan should not fail of its
objective. The bonds afford absolute
security and yield a most attractive
rate of interest. Undoubtedly, in the
period succeeding the war, they will
show a substantial appreciation in
value.

All citizens are earnestly invited
to subscribe. Remember, you are ask-
ed not to give but to lend your
money to the state. Small subscrip-
tions from those of slender means
are as welcome as the large. In the
last Victory Loan we received subscrip-
tions of over four hundred million
dollars from over eight hundred
thousand subscribers. This year we
expect five hundred million dollars
from more than a million subscribers.

Let all subscribe to the extent of
their means, be they great or small,
and once more demonstrate to the
world the strength, unity and determi-
nation of the Canadian people in
this world struggle. Even if the war
should end at an earlier date than
has been anticipated, all the money
asked for will be required for the
purposes of demobilization, which will
extend over many months, and for
the continuation of credits for the
purchase of Canadian products. The
organization and publicity work in
connection with the Loan has been
completed after many weeks of ef-
fort. It now remains for the people
of Canada to do their share. That
they will do so to the fullest degree,
I am entirely confident.

W. T. WHITE.
Ottawa, Oct. 28th, 1918.

CANADIAN ARMY AND THE VICTORY LOAN

War Costing Canada Over Million
Dollars a Day — \$400,000,000
Will Be This Year's Bill.

Nearly 600,000 have been enrolled
in the Canadian Expeditionary Force.
About 125,000 have gone overseas.
Canada's 1918 war bill will be
\$400,000,000.

Canada's 1917 war bill was \$320,-
000,000.

Canada's war expenditure is now
\$33,000,000 a month.

It exceeds \$1,000,000 a day.

The \$420,000,000 subscribed to the
1917 Victory Loan will not do much
more than pay this year's war bill.

\$500,000,000 are needed through
the Victory Loan, even though peace
should come to-morrow.

BANKS WILL LEND.

In order to help out small sub-
scribers to the Victory Loan the
banks will lend subscribers, on the
probable certainty of repayment with-
in a year, up to 90 per cent. of the
amount of the investment in the
Loan. The rate of interest charged
by the banks is 5 1/2 per cent. Repay-
ment is to be made monthly and
quarterly. These are much better
terms than were granted last year.

There are over 425,000 Canadians
overseas who will have to be kept
for at least a year, even if peace were
to come this month.

No one who looks at the casualty
lists can do otherwise than subscribe
every dollar possible to the Victory
Loan.

The Canadians in France have set
a high standard for those at home to
reach in the Victory Loan campaign.
Canada must put every ounce of
effort into the Victory Loan drive.

Oversubscribing to the Victory
Loan would have a wonderful effect
on the Canadian Corps in France. It
would be the best thing that Canada
could possibly do.

Agriculture Aided By Victory Loan

Wonderful Trade Expansion
Due to Success of Can-
ada's Loan Issues

Since the war started Canadian
agriculture has grown in importance
as a national industry. More than
ever it is a source of strength to the
country. The demand by Great Brit-
ain for food, not only for her sol-
diers but for her civilian population,
has opened a market of tremendous
possibilities. In 1915 our total agri-
cultural exports amounted to \$209,-
000,000. At the end of the fiscal
year of 1917, the total had jumped
to \$740,000,000.

This wonderful addition to the
National wealth was, to a large ex-
tent, due to the Victory Loan of 1917.
It was so in this way: Great Britain
found that, owing to her vast expen-
ditures on her army and navy, and
the necessity of giving monetary aid
to some of her stricken Allies, she
was no longer able to pay for her
purchases of food with ready cash.
Rather than see our products lose a
sure market, the Dominion Govern-
ment decided to advance such sums
out of the proceeds of the Loan issues
to pay for a good part of the food
that was sent to Great Britain. The
farmers had been asked to "produce
more food" and they had responded
with a will; it was, of course, for the
Government to see that the increased
production was marketed.

In this way Canada's entire export-
able surplus of wheat, cheese, bacon
and other commodities was financed.
This year there will be for export
possibly 100,000,000 bushels of wheat
valued at \$225,000,000. If the pro-
ceeds of the Victory Loan meet the
expectations of the Finance Minister
a great part of this wheat will be
financed by the Government. The
export of cheese will be over \$40,-
000,000, and of butter, eggs and con-
densed milk another \$10,000,000.
Bacon runs into millions. In the past
twelve months the Government has
advanced nearly \$100,000,000 to
finance exports of live stock products.

VICTORY LOAN AND CANADIAN INDUSTRIES

Last Year's Subscription of Great
Benefit and Bigger Work
Will Follow This Year.

The Imperial Munitions Board re-
ceives advances of nearly \$25,000,-
000 a month from the Dominion
Government.

It has received over \$650,000,000
in advances from the Dominion Gov-
ernment and the Canadian banks.

It has placed \$1,200,000,000 worth
of war orders in Canada for the Brit-
ish and other Allied Governments.

An advance of \$10,000,000 enabled
it to give orders to Canadian ship-
yards for 44 wooden ships. To this
program 46 steel ships were added.
Total value over \$60,000,000.

An advance of \$1,000,000 enabled
the Board to begin the manufacture
of airplanes in Canada; 3,000 have
been built to date of a value of
\$30,000,000.

Between 250,000 and 300,000 peo-
ple are working in Canada on war
orders obtained through the Board.

It has \$500,000,000 of war orders
in sight for 1919.

To carry out this program will
require millions in advances which
must come from the Victory Loan.

BE A SOLDIER AT HOME.

Canada's 1918 Victory Loan is
asking for \$500,000,000. These
dollars are needed to win the war.
You must do your share in providing
them by buying as many Victory
Bonds as ever you can. Invest every
dollar you have in them. Borrow to
buy more.

Your money will be absolutely
safe. The security is the finest in
the world. It is all Canada. In addi-
tion, you will be paid 5 1/2 per cent.
on your money—the money you will
be lending to your country to protect
your home, your safety, your free-
dom, your family and yourself. Did
you ever hear of a safer investment
plan—or one so supremely advan-
tageously to the investor? Never, on
your life. Never in your life.

Then do your share. Sacrifice
something—anything—everything
—to buy Victory Bonds. Be a sol-
dier at home. Act at once, BUY!

IN FLANDERS' FIELDS.

In Flanders' fields, the poppies grow
Between the crosses, row on row,
That mark our place; and in the sky
The larks, still bravely singing, fly,
Scarce heard amid the guns below.

We are the dead. Short days ago
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
Loved and were loved; and now
we lie

In Flanders' fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe,
To you, from falling hands we throw
The torch. Be yours to lift it high.
If ye break faith with us who die,
We shall not sleep, though poppies blow

In Flanders' fields.

—Buy Victory Bonds.

Your Thousand Dollar Victory Bond Will;

Buy 200 gas masks, or
200 pairs of soldiers' boots, or
450 bushels of wheat, or
500 steel helmets, or
1,000 pairs of soldiers' socks, or
2,000 lbs. of high explosives, or
4,200 lbs. of cheese, or
28,000 rifles cartridge, or
56,000 revolver cartridges.

Everything Canada has depends on
the success of the Victory Loan. The
\$500,000,000 wanted must be sub-
scribed. The responsibility rests up-
on all to see that the money is raised.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been
in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of
and has been made under his per-
sonal supervision since its infancy.
Allow no one to deceive you in this.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric,
Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains
neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its
age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has
been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency,
Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising
therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids
the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



NOTICE

Military Service Act, 1917.

**EMPLOYMENT OF MEN IN DEFAULT
UNDER THE MILITARY
SERVICE ACT.**

The following Regulations, recently approved by
the Governor General in Council, impose strict
obligations upon every employer TO ASSURE HIM-
SELF THAT EACH OF HIS EMPLOYEES OF
MILITARY AGE AND DESCRIPTION IS IN
POSSESSION OF DOCUMENTS PROVING
THAT HE IS NOT IN ANY WAY IN DEFAULT
UNDER THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT.

An employer who is charged with having a
defaulter in his employ must be able to prove
THAT THE MILITARY SERVICE PAPERS
ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR OR MILITARY
AUTHORITIES TO THE EMPLOYEE IN QUES-
TION WERE PRODUCED FOR HIS INSPEC-
TION at the time when the employee was taken into
his employment, and that it was reasonably estab-
lished to his satisfaction that the man was not in
default under the Military Service Act. It should be
clearly understood that the Canadian Registration
Certificates given on June 22, 1918, at the time of
general registration, in no way define the status of a
man under the Military Service Act.

REGULATIONS

"106. Every person who employs or retains in his service obligations or requirements aforesaid."

"106A. Every person who HARBOURS OR CONCEALS OR IN ANY WAY ASSISTS ANY MAN WHO IS A DESERTER OR ABSENT WITHOUT LEAVE FROM THE CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, or who is in default in the performance of any obligation or requirement for reporting or for military service, imposed upon him by the Act or Regulations, or any proclamation thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by a penalty of not less than One Hundred Dollars, and of not more than Five Hundred Dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine, unless such person prove that he made due inquiry and that THE MILITARY SERVICE PAPERS ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR OR THE MILITARY AUTHORITIES TO THE MAN SO EMPLOYED OR RETAINED IN HIS SERVICE WERE PRODUCED FOR HIS INSPECTION, and that it was reasonably established to his satisfaction by such inquiry and papers that the man was not a deserter or absent from the force without leave, or in default in respect of any of the obligations or requirements aforesaid."

MILITARY SERVICE
BRANCH.

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Order your next lot of these at The Transcript office

Prompt Returns From Shipments



When you ship Grain, Butter, Cheese or Fruit, put through The Merchants Bank a Draft on the buyer. This is the business way of securing prompt and satisfactory settlement.

It saves time and possible loss.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. OF CANADA. Established 1864.
GLENCOE BRANCH, J. A. McKellar, Manager.
BOTHWELL BRANCH, R. J. GILFILLAN, Manager.
NEWBURY BRANCH, G. T. MURDOCH, Manager.

MRS. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

SILK WAISTS AND SILK SKIRTS
Opposite Royal Bank Building

FLOWER DEPT.

Potted Plants and Cut Flowers for all occasions.

Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs.
Phone 25

FANCY GOODS DEPT.
Stamped Linens and Embroidery Silks; Crochet Cottons of all kinds.

ROY SIDDALL

Flour, Feed, Grain, Seeds, Coal, Wood and Cement

All kinds of Grain bought and sold.

Up-to-date Chopping Mill in connection.

Terms Cash, or extra charge for credit.

Patronize Home Industry by buying

MCLACHLAN'S BREAD

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Cakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

J. A. McLachlan
GLENCOE

We Carry a Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
GLENCOE
Tinsmith Plumber

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—John D. Allan and A. J. McMurchy returned from the West a few days ago.

—Miss Edna Leitch left on Monday for a visit with friends and relatives at Kent Bridge and Northwood.

—Mrs. Mary Watkinson of Dilke, Sask., arrived in Glencoe on Monday night and is visiting at Hiram Lumley's.

—Misses Lorna Luckham and Jessie Humphries left for Toronto on Monday to resume their studies at the University.

—Forest Free Press:—Mrs. R. C. Twiss of Glencoe and Mrs. A. T. Twiss and little son of Hamilton spent the weekend with the Misses Trusler, Union street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Plaine of Euphemia announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Helen, to Frederick Francis Baldson of St. Thomas, the marriage to take place the last of November.

—Mrs. Knowles, proprietor of the Carco Hot Springs Hospital and Summer Resort at Emigrant, Montana, visited her friend, Mrs. J. Y. McLachlan, this week. The latter and daughter Evelyn accompanied her by auto to her former home at Fingal.

A San Francisco scientist is said to have predicted the influenza epidemic to a day, basing his conclusions on a certain conjunction of Jupiter with other planets. Well, the good book tells us that long ago "the stars in their courses fought against Sisera."

The Transcript office receives and forwards subscriptions to all newspapers and magazines. Save bother and money by renewing with us.

Owing to the scarcity of help and illness of the staff, there was no issue of the Parkhill Gazette on October 24th.

The death occurred at Alvinston on Thursday of J. M. Cruickshank, G. T. R. agent, after a short illness. The deceased was a victim of the flu. He leaves his wife, one son about two years old, and infant daughter. Mrs. Cruickshank is quite ill at present. The remains were taken to Owen Sound for burial.

Mrs. William McIntyre, formerly of Mosa township but resident in Manitoba for the past 28 years, passed away in her 78th year at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. R. Black at Neepawa, Manitoba, on October 20, after an illness of only two days following a stroke of paralysis. Her husband predeceased her five years. The remains were interred in the family plot at Kelwood, Manitoba. The deceased leaves to mourn her loss one daughter, Mrs. Black of Neepawa, and five sons, viz. Archie of Strathclair, Man.; William of Kelwood, Man.; Daniel of Dauphin, Man.; and Nelson and Wallace of McCreery, Man.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Fresh fish arriving daily at George's.

Good value in men's and boys' sweater coats at Lamont's.

Money to loan on farm property. Write to box 34, Wardsville.

Two Australian white Leghorn cockerels for sale.—R. C. Vause.

For sale—a quantity of table turnips; 75c a bag.—A. B. McDonald. 3

For sale—one Lincoln yearling ram.—D. A. Coulthard, Route 1, Glencoe.

Special sale of fur coats and fur robes at Lamont's on Saturday, Nov. 23rd.

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets.—J. D. McKellar. 23rd

For sale—six spring calves (one heifer and five steers).—M. C. McLean, phone 9237.

Cream and eggs wanted at the old stand, as usual. Highest prices paid in cash.—Wm. Muirhead. 06th

Try Lamont's for mitts and gloves. The largest and best assorted stock in town to select from.

Your patronage is solicited at the McAlpine House, which has been reopened. Also taxi service.

A good practice piano for sale, cheap. Enquire at Colin Leitch's tailor shop, Main street, Glencoe.

Making cider this week and next only—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, 27th.

Special sale of high-grade waterproof coats at Lamont's next Saturday, November 9th. Big bargains.

Oil! Oil! Saturday afternoon, November 9th, we will fill your tanks for 194c per gal.—R. A. Eddie. 39-2

Sale on Saturday of this year's home-canned fruit in sealers, at half price.—W. A. Currie's, Main St. 40-2

For sale—set of platform scales with timber and platform complete; nearly new; a snap.—James Poole, Glencoe.

Three only black beaver cloth overcoats with real astrachan dog collars, regular \$25, to clear out at \$15, at Lamont's.

Highest market price paid in cash for good butter and strictly fresh eggs. Large quantity wanted.—W. A. Currie's, Main street. 40-2

Wanted—rose comb brown Leghorn roosters for breeding. Unless you have good stock don't answer. Address Box 110, Glencoe. 41

Farmers, attention! On Saturday afternoon, November 9th, we will fill your oil barrels with best American oil for 194c.—Jas. Wright & Son.

For sale—200 bushels table turnips, 100 bushels choice Golden Dent corn—house dried. A post card will hold order until spring.—Walter Hailstone, Route 1, Glencoe. 41

Buy your seed corn now. Good seed of four varieties for sale. Also two-year-old colts, three two-year-old steers, Shorthorn bull, registered cow and calf. Wm. A. McCutcheon, Glencoe.*

Having purchased the grain warehouse at Walkers I am open every day for all kinds of grain. A full stock of feed and flour on hand. Get our prices before you sell.—R. E. McDonald.

For sale—different leading makes of talking machines, on monthly or yearly terms. Your old style taken at its value on a new one. Records and needles on sale. Enquire at Colin Leitch's tailor shop.

George Hulse has opened a garage on McKellar street in the rear end of Roy Siddall's grain store, and solicits a share of your patronage. All kinds of auto repair work will receive prompt and careful attention. Tires and accessories. Phone Roy Siddall, No. 8. 33th

Miss Glenn of Glenn-Charles, Toronto, Canada's hair fashion store, will be in Glencoe Monday, Nov. 11, at the McKellar House, with a full line of ladies' and gentlemen's hair goods. If you are not satisfied with the appearance of your hair, consult Miss Glenn, who is an authority on hair goods and individual hair styles. Free demonstration.

On motion of Messrs. Hagerty and Keith the following accounts were ordered paid:—Wm. McKellar, expenses to Woodstock re provincial highway, \$4.30; J. W. Smith, third quarter grant to fire department, \$25; I. O. D. E. rebate rent of hall, Oct. 1, \$4; Glencoe Library Board, part appropriation for 1918, \$50; J. D. McColl, 5 hours work on gravel, \$1.50; J. E. Weaver, salary for August, September and October, \$15; Mrs. Colin Leitch, repairing flag for town hall, 50c.

Adjusted to meet Nov. 18. CHARLES GEORGE, Clerk.

METCALFE COUNCIL

A meeting of Metcalfe council was held on November 4. Members all present. Minutes read, approved and signed.

The usual number of orders were read, including a grant of \$10 to Napier library, and Mrs. P. McNeil \$100.



The Bridge to the British Market

The Victory Loan is a bridge over which the farmers of Canada drive their hogs, their cattle, their grain and all their surplus crops to the profitable British market.

For, the money raised by the Victory Loan enables Canada to give credit to Great Britain. And only by means of that credit can Great Britain buy the products of Canada's farms.

Therefore, when you come forward at your country's call and loyally lend your money that Canada may continue her vigorous prosecution of the war, you are also benefitting your-

self and the whole farming community.

It is the duty of every earnest Canadian not only to invest heavily in Victory Bonds 1918, but to work among his neighbors to make the loan a success.

Before the subscription lists close, every man should realize the sterling character of the investment; the good interest return of 5 1/2%; the undoubted security offered in the Bonds of this wealthy nation; and the vital importance to all classes of people, particularly to the farmers, of the Victory Loan 1918.

Buy Victory Bonds

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

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GLENCOE COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the council of the village of Glencoe was held in the council chamber on Monday, Nov. 4th. The following members were present:—Reeve A. J. Wright; Councilors A. McPherson, P. D. Keith and W. A. Hagerty. The minutes of the last meeting were read, approved and signed.

A deputation on behalf of the Industrial Association waited on the council and asked for a refund of the taxes on the building being idle for so long. On motion of Messrs. Hagerty and Keith no action was taken in the matter.

A communication from the Brockville Ministerial Association re union church services during the winter months for the purpose of conserving coal was received, and on motion of Messrs. McPherson and Keith was referred to the Ministerial Association of Glencoe.

On motion of Messrs. Hagerty and Keith, E. T. Huston was appointed fuel controller of the municipality at a remuneration of eight dollars per month during the time that such services are required.

By-law No. 250, appointing Neil McAlpine tax collector for the municipality for 1918, received its three readings and was finally passed.

On motion of Messrs. Keith and Hagerty it was agreed to procure 8-inch and 10-inch tile for the open

ditch on Main street in front of Wm. Squire's property. Mr. Squire having agreed to lay the same and cover them.

On motion of Messrs. McPherson and Keith the following accounts were ordered paid:—Wm. McKellar, expenses to Woodstock re provincial highway, \$4.30; J. W. Smith, third quarter grant to fire department, \$25; I. O. D. E. rebate rent of hall, Oct. 1, \$4; Glencoe Library Board, part appropriation for 1918, \$50; J. D. McColl, 5 hours work on gravel, \$1.50; J. E. Weaver, salary for August, September and October, \$15; Mrs. Colin Leitch, repairing flag for town hall, 50c.

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Walkers Red Cross Circle: Mary C. Campbell \$35. Burns' Church Red Cross Circle: Mrs. C. C. Henry \$25. Bethel Circle: Mrs. J. W. Johnson \$75. North Metcalfe Circle: Mrs. R. Fonger \$35. Springfield Circle, and Mrs. M. McNeil \$50. Napier Circle.

Laverne Denning was appointed tax collector for 1918 at a salary of \$75. Council adjourned to Monday, Nov. 25, at 10 a. m.

HARRY THOMPSON, Clerk.

WEDDED IN WINNIPEG

The following is from a Winnipeg paper:—Nuptial mass was solemnized at the Immaculate Conception church at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Cherrier officiating, when Miss Ada Dundon, daughter of Mrs. J. Dundon, suite 10, Baumaner apt., formerly of Glencoe, Ont., became the bride of Pte. S. A. Naylen, C. A. S. C.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her cousin, C. B. McNulty, was attired in a gown of navy blue tulle and georgette crepe, and picture hat of black velvet. She carried a bouquet of American Beauty roses.

Miss Mayne Dundon, the bridesmaid, wore a dress of battleship grey satin with hat to match. The bridegroom was attended by his brother.

The groom's gift to the bride was a Hudson seal coat.

Splendid opportunity for active, intelligent boy to learn printing. Apply at The Transcript office.

AUCTION SALES

Clearing sale, on lot 5, range 5 south of Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, on Friday, November 8th, at 1:30 sharp—1 cow with calf by side; 9 springers; 6 fat heifers, 2 years old; 13 two-year-old heifers, feeders; 6 two-year-old steers; 23 one-year-old steers.—Jas. B. Davis, proprietor; McTaggart & McIntyre, auctioneers.

Clearing auction sale of 45 head of Durham cattle—cows, steers and heifers—at Melbourne, Saturday, Nov. 9, at 1:30 sharp.—A. J. Blake and A. Parsons, proprietors; McTaggart & McIntyre, auctioneers.

Sale of the late Dugald McKellar's estate, lot 22, con. 5, Brooke, announced for Nov. 4th, has been postponed to Monday, Nov. 11th, owing to a bereavement in the family.

Spare the children from suffering from worms by using Miller's Worm Powders, the most effective vermifuge that can be got with which to combat these insidious foes of the young and helpless. There is nothing that excels this preparation as a worm destroyer, and when its qualities become known in the household no other will be used. The medicine acts by itself, requiring no purgative to assist it, and so thoroughly that nothing more is desired.

Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

THIS IS THE TIME TO PUT
OUR SHOULDERS TO THE
WHEEL IN VERY TRUTH.
WE ARE ON THE BROW OF
THE HILL—LET US MAKE
THE SUPREME EFFORT.
BUY VICTORY BONDS TO
THE LIMIT OF YOUR PURSE
THEN BORROW AND BUY MORE.

SPACE AND POSITION DEDICATED TO THE
CAUSE BY THE SALADA TEA COMPANY

The Double-Walled Secret

By Edwin Baird

CHAPTER IV

The Eye of Toto

"I just had to see you," repeated Keiley, smiling up into her piquant, serious face.

On any other girl of his acquaintance Keiley could have foreseen the effect of his pointed words. He would have known beforehand exactly how she would act and almost exactly what she would say. But Bonnie was different. He believed she would do the unexpected thing—and he was not mistaken.

"In that case," and she spoke coldly and distinctly, "I see no reason why we should continue our acquaintance."

"I've a very good reason why we should," said he.

She looked down at him casually and leaned forward to speak to the convict, who turned as she touched him, and glanced at them over his shoulder.

"Wait!" said Keiley, sharply. "Don't go yet. I know as well as you that you don't really want to get rid of me."

For an instant she was startled and confused. The bullet-headed man continued to regard her inquiringly, and, speaking briefly in his native tongue, she bade him wait.

"Well?" she asked, resuming her chilly manner.

"I can easily see," said Keiley, "that you are in serious trouble, and I want to help you. Won't you let me help you?"

She looked away from him wistfully and he saw that her fingers were nervously picking at her dress.

"I am in great trouble," she said in a low voice, "but you can not help me. Nobody can."

"Don't be too sure of it," he encouraged. "I generally accomplish the things I set out to do."

Renew it at Parker's

The clothes you were so proud of when new—can be made to appear new again. Fabrics that are dirty, shabby or spotted will be restored to their former beauty by sending them to Parker's.

CLEANING and DYEING

Is properly done at Parker's

Send articles by post or express. We pay carriage one way and our charges are reasonable. Drop us a card for our booklet on household helps that save money.

PARKER'S DYE WORKS, LIMITED

Cleaners and Dyers,

791 Yonge St. Toronto

Ingram's Milkweed Cream

Two Sizes—50c and \$1

For 32 years Canadian women have found Ingram's Milkweed Cream the most efficient toilet preparation on the market for keeping the complexion clear and colorful, preventing windburn and pimples, keeping the hands soft and white even when in dishwater daily, and warding off hang nails from the fingers. It has therapeutic qualities no other emollient possesses.

Always have a box of Ingram's Velveteen Souverain Face Powder (50c) in the house. A mere touch and oiliness and perspiration disappear. It covers up blemishes and gives you a clear, flawless complexion. It stays on. At your druggist's there is a complete line of Ingram's toilet products including Zedipia for the teeth (50c).

A Picture with Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world-famous non-fiction picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection for your home. Ask your druggist.

F. F. Ingram Co., Windsor, Ont.

certainly that surrounded her. The little that he knew made the rest seem horrible. His imagination ran riot. He was convinced by this time that her father was a madman, who fancied himself a duke of society, but as to what form his madness would take he could only conjecture.

Of one thing he was positive: there was some underlying motive in her there's self-imposed exile which she needed to reveal. It was also patent at times she approved of her father's secret, whatever it was.

As a fool to keep chasing after her, thought Keiley savagely. As yet when he swooped to earth that day, and saw her waiting for him in the automobile, there was no such thought in his mind. He was conscious only of a thrilling delight that she was there to meet him—alone.

CHAPTER VII

The Web of the Mystery

"I'm glad you came," she said, when he stood before her, and he saw that her face was a little paler, a little more wan, than usual. There were purple shadows beneath her eyes, and her body seemed to droop in every slender line. Only her hair, stained its virility. It seemed as if her roots had soaked all of her glowing youth.

"Because," she went on, as he started to speak, "this is to be our last meeting."

"No!" he declared, holding her hand. "It will take more than six rifles to keep me away."

She did not smile, but looked over her shoulder, back along the road, as if fearing pursuit.

"You don't understand," she said, withdrawing her hand. "It is really good-bye this time."

He stepped into the automobile and sat beside her on the front seat. "We'll park this car in that lane yonder," he said easily, "and then perhaps we can talk without keeping our eyes open for interruptions." To his surprise she made only a feeble protest, and as he guided the motor into the lane ahead she scarcely spoke. Her spirit was low indeed that day. She was too apathetic, too listless, to object to anything.

He jumped to the ground as he brought the car to a standstill and, frowning, said happily: "Now for a stroll in Arcadia! Come, Bonnie, with a wave of his hand, 'let's explore that woods over there.' She stood up, looking down at him pensively, then stepped out and stood beside him.

"It's Toto," she said, and Keiley, remembering the evil eye of the hideous little hunchback, felt all at once alarmed, not for himself, but for her. He feared what might befall her should she be found with him.

"I'll be here at this hour to-morrow," he breathed, and pressing her hand in parting, returned and sped toward his biplane. But before he could mount into the air Toto saw him.

As Keiley expected, she did not meet him the following day. Instead, her father and five of his henchmen, all armed with rifles, came to meet him. But he had also expected this, and, having avoided their ambush, he kept beyond the range of their bullets.

Tiring at last of the sport, he sailed away toward home, feeling rather spiritless and sick at heart. It was nearly a week before he went back again, and in the meantime he had been harassed by doubts and fears and, above all, by the mystery and uncertainty that surrounded her.

He was in deadly earnest and for several moments was unable to speak. After a little silence he said quietly: "In that event, I shall have to persuade you not to go."

Keiley prided himself on knowing her variable moods rather well by this time. But he was totally unprepared for what followed. In a flare of passion, she whirled upon him, her arms outflung, small white fists tightly clenched, her body shaken from head to foot with the emotion that surged through her, and he heard her say: "You can't—you can't! To-night everything ends! I've got to go. We've all got to go. And you—oh, I almost wish you had never come!"

And then Keiley was never quite sure how it happened) she was in his arms and he was holding her closely and she was sobbing—sobbing—sobbing, as though her heart would really break.

"You're not going away," he said, gently.

"Do you really love me enough to—die with me, Tom?"

He smiled down into her earnest, upturned face, then bent and kissed her on the lips. He felt her arms tighten convulsively on his neck and when he lifted his head he saw that her eyes were again wet with tears.

"If we stay here, and her lips were quivering, "it will mean—death for both of us."

He saw she was verging on another collapse and he knew it would be folly to reason with her or to try to get at the meaning of her singular words; so he caressed her and honored her strange mood, much as if she were a child. And all the while, in the back of his brain, he was pondering upon the mystery which appeared to be drawing its web about them both.

Presently he said: "Have you ever been up in an airplane?" She shook her head.

"Then here's where you begin," He led her through the meadow to his biplane and started the motor. The girl hesitated. But he took her hand and helped her into the seat, and his eyes so plainly said: "Courage—trust me!" that her fear departed.

(To be continued.)

Special Notice

Fathers and Mothers, you can invest in

VICTORY BONDS

for your children by using our

Partial Payment Plan

Easy monthly payments secure them. Write at once for explanatory Booklet and state how much you want to invest for each child.

H. M. CONNOLLY & CO.
Members Montreal Stock Exchange
105-106 Transportation Bldg.
MONTREAL - QUE.



Home-Made Bread With Substitutes

Recipes prepared by Miss Alice M. Purdy, Flour-Testing Branch, Department of Chemistry, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, followed:

The use of substitutes has presented new problems to the woman who bakes her own bread but all difficulties may be obviated if a few simple rules are kept in mind in baking a home-made loaf:

(1) The sponge should be made in the usual way, using all standard flour. The wheat substitute should be added to the dough stage, allowing it less time to rise from then on, because the substitutes are deficient in strength.

(2) A strong, healthy fermentation in the sponge stage where all standard flour is used and a shortening of the time in the dough stage after the wheat substitute has been added are two factors that tend to insure a light, palatable loaf of good texture.

(3) Because of the absence of gluten in all the substitutes, with the exception of rye, the dough should not get too much kneading but just enough to give it a smooth consistency.

(4) Potato water and a little mashed potato (cooked) in the sponge furnish good yeast food. They take the place of yeast in war-time wheat substitute breads.

(5) Honey, molasses, corn or maple syrup are satisfactory substitutes for sugar in the preparation of these breads. If added to the dough in small quantities they improve the flavor of the bread without importing too sweet a taste.

(6) More yeast should be used with substitutes than with all wheat flour.

(7) The sponge or dough should not be chilled or over heated at any stage.

Sponge: General proportions—any multiple of this amount may be used:—

1 cup scalded and cooled sweet milk, 1 cup lukewarm potato water containing from 1/4 to 1-3 of a cup of cooked mashed potatoes, 1 teaspoon salt.

Sift and add standard flour to these ingredients until you get the consistency of pancake batter. If your flour is cold be sure to warm it before you start making bread. Add your favorite yeast to the batter, prepared as required, just before starting to beat. The amount of yeast used depends upon the length of time the sponge is to be allowed to rise. Over night will require much less than day-time or five-hour bread. Beat the sponge until smooth and elastic. Cover and

set aside in a warm, draught-free place until light and foamy.

N.B.—Directions for preparation of various kinds of yeast:—

(1) Compressed yeast should be dissolved in lukewarm water.

(2) Dry yeast (Royal Yeast) should be dissolved and fermented according to the directions on the yeast cake box.

(3) Home-made yeast should be warmed in a dish of warm water.

Dough Stage:—1 tablespoon warm-shortening, 1 tablespoon sweetening (honey or syrup), 1 teaspoon salt.

Add these ingredients to the risen sponge and mix in sufficient wheat and substitute flour to make the dough stiff enough not to stick to the hands or board but just sufficiently slack to handle without stickiness.

Knead lightly until smooth and well mixed. Place in a warm, lightly greased dish, cover and put in a draught-free place to rise until practically double in bulk. Be careful not to let it rise too high. Knead down in the dish and put it aside to rise again, using the same precaution in seeing that it does not over-rise.

Remove from the dish. Knead just enough to remove the air bubbles. Portion and shape for well greased bake pans, filling them about two-thirds full. When it has risen to about two-thirds its original size, bake in a moderate oven for at least an hour.

Keep the dough warm by avoiding draughts and have it sufficiently moist to prevent a dry crust forming on the top—covered box or a cupboard with a dish of steaming water answers this purpose well.

N.B.—The wheat and substitute flour may be mixed in the proportion desired. If 20 per cent. substitution with rye, barley, oat, corn or other substitute is aimed at, the flour used in making the dough should be blended so as to take into account the wheat flour used in making the sponge. The point of this is to have one part of substitute flour for every four parts of wheat flour—one cup to four.

Real Living Room.

In many country homes the big dining-room is the real living-room. It is a combination of parlor, library, sewing-room and music-room, and, to be complete, must be fitted as far as possible with the paraphernalia of each. Sometimes it is dining-room as well. A writing desk, a sewing machine, a set of sectional book cases, a piano, and even a dining-table, are not incongruous furnishings for such a room, with their accompaniment of suitable chairs and a good lighting equipment. A separ-

Use more soup

Put in plenty of vegetables and rice or barley. Even with poor stock delicious soups can be made by adding a dash of

BOVRIL

Canada Food Board, Licence No. 12-112

ate grouping of the furniture belonging to each interest should be observed as far as possible, giving to each person a more or less individual share in certain portions of the room. As to choice of the room to be used in this manner, it should occupy the most desirable part of the house from the standpoint of exposure to sun and view.

War on the U-Boat.



Substituting fish of all varieties for meat.

Substituting economy for waste.

Substituting basket marketing for telephoning and delivering.

Substituting knowledge of sea food prices for gossip about profits.

Substituting co-operation for criticism.

Substituting common sense for common gossip.

Substituting encouragement of the fish dealer for abuse of the fish dealer.

Lucky Slips.

It is surprising how many useful things come into general use simply by some slip or inadvertency. Blotting paper, for instance, was the result of a workman's spoiling of a batch into which he had forgotten to put any sizing material. Nobel discovered dynamite by a slip, and the first day-onet was a result of a soldier's suggestion that, as the powder was done, they should fix their long knives into the barrels of their guns and charge.

Save Sugar

Canada is receiving only just enough sugar for her actual needs! There is no surplus for wastage.

First, all waste of sugar must cease; second, wherever possible, Corn Syrup must be used as an alternative for sugar.

Use Corn Syrup

Here are a few suggested ways to use CROWN BRAND or LILY WHITE Corn Syrup to give to dishes a finer flavour than sugar gives:

Use CROWN BRAND Corn Syrup as a Sauce on Puddings.

Use LILY WHITE instead of Sugar in Cakes.

Use either brand in Coconut or other Puddings.

Use LILY WHITE in making Marmalades, Jams and in all Stewed Fruits.

The Brand is Important!

Real Corn Syrup is GOOD—very good! If your experience tells you otherwise it is because you have not tasted the genuine, which is produced from the most nutritious part of the Corn by wholesome and scientific processes.

Remember the Brands, LILY WHITE and CROWN BRAND, and insist on getting them, for purity, economy and flavor.

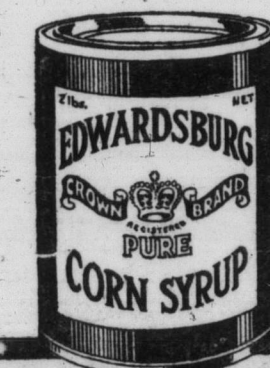
Write to the Canada Food Board, Ottawa, for Bulletin on Corn Syrup.

A great many recipes are improved by using half sugar and half Corn Syrup.

Buy a can of LILY WHITE or CROWN BRAND Corn Syrup to-day and become acquainted with their great possibilities.

Sold by grocers everywhere in 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb. tins.

Canada Starch Co., Limited
MONTREAL.



NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Owing to the scarcity of supplies the London and Northwestern Railway will no longer provide soap and towels in train lavatories.

George Rabey has been made a life governor of London Hospital in recognition of services rendered that institution.

At a recent medical inspection of the Woodgreen schools only 673 children out of a total of 2,185 were normal in all respects.

Two residents of Englefield, Surrey, from 350 tomato plants raised over a ton of tomatoes for the military hospital.

A diamond necklace was sold at Johnson's Auction Rooms, London, for £330, the money to be devoted to work among sailors.

It is estimated that there are over one million four hundred thousand allotment holders in England and Wales.

The Postmaster-General has reminded that public that no matches may be transmitted by post to any place in the United Kingdom.

Captain Charles Lambert, senior tugmaster of the Dover Harbor Board, and one of the best-known tug captains on the southeast coast, died recently.

E. G. Hutchinson, of Carlisle, has been appointed manager and engineer of the Richmond Gas Company.

E. J. A. Croft is retiring as postmaster at Windsor, after forty-six years of service in the post office.

Lieut. Knox and Corp. Beesley have been presented with the freedom of Nuneaton in honor of their having won the Victoria Cross.

The death is announced of Alfred John Mason, Imperial Service Order, formerly superintendent of the Local Government Board.

The Bishop of Southwell has suggested the holding of short Thanksgiving services in the market places on market days.

A Hampshire lady who recently celebrated her 100th birthday sent her usual annual subscription to the Royal Hospital, Putney Heath.

Gotha and Victoria streets, Hackney, have been incorporated under the name of Warneford street in honor of a British airman who destroyed a Zeppelin.

Fire destroyed seven stacks, a threshing mill and other machinery at Pinckney March, near Spaulding.

A social Australian Y.M.C.A. rendezvous for officers and men of the Australian forces has been opened at Weymouth.

Mr. Clean, formerly postmaster at Deal, has been appointed to succeed E. J. Arcott as postmaster at Windsor.

OLD-TIME NEWSPAPERS

First London "Daily" Appeared in 1769.

The first newspaper came into existence when written accounts of the Imperial armies of Rome were sent to the generals in command in all parts of the provinces.

In 1666 the first official newspapers were published in Venice. They were written by hand and exhibited in public places, people paying the small coin of a gazetta to read them. Hence the name.

The Church, averse to all diffusing of knowledge, tried to impede this source of education, and Pope Gregory even prosecuted the editors.

The oldest form of newspaper in England was in the beginning of the reign of James II., the so-called "News-Letters," written by hand and sent by post to subscribers in the country. In 1709 the first daily paper, the Daily Courant, was issued.

The oldest of the London daily papers, the Morning Chronicle, appeared in 1769, edited by the famous Woodfall. The Morning Post is the oldest of the existing morning papers. It was founded in 1772, followed about 1788 by the first daily evening paper, the Star.

The Times first appeared in 1788 as a continuation of the Daily Universal Register, and its originator and owner, Mr. John Walter, succeeded in 1844 in printing the Times by steam power.

In 1845 the Daily News was founded with the help of Dickens, and it was the first paper to lower its price from 6d. to 3d.

Cooling a Hospital Ward.

A cheap and ready method of cooling the wards in military hospitals is to stretch vertically across the room a wide sheet of muslin suspended from a horizontal pipe near the ceiling. The pipe, arranged to carry water, is punched with many small holes, through which the water drips down upon the sheet, keeping it always wet.

The water evaporates rapidly from the sheet, and thus produces coolness. Indeed, by this means the temperature of a hospital ward can be lowered ten or more degrees in hot weather, and kept there.

The surplus water that drips from the sheet is caught in a tin-lined trough hung beneath its lower edge and suspended by wires from the pipe overhead.

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF TURKEY OPENS DARDANELLES TO ALLIES

Terms of Armistice Include Release of All Allied Prisoners—
Entire Turkish Army Captured by British in Mesopotamia
—British Fleet En Route to Black Sea to Engage
German Naval Forces.

A despatch from London says: Turkey on Thursday unconditionally surrendered to the allies. The armistice was signed by Admiral Calthorpe on behalf of the Entente at Mudros, on the island of Lemnos.

Gen. Townshend, the British commander, captured at Kut-et-Amara, was liberated several days ago by the Turks. Sir George Cave, the Home Secretary, announced in the House of Commons on Thursday, "in order to inform the British admiral in command in the Aegean that the Turkish Government asked that negotiations be opened immediately for an armistice."

"A reply was sent that if the Turkish Government sent fully accredited plenipotentiaries, Vice-Admiral Calthorpe, the British commander, was empowered to inform them of the conditions upon which the allies would agree to stop hostilities, and could sign an armistice on these conditions in their behalf."

"The Turkish plenipotentiaries arrived at Mudros, island of Lemnos, early this week and an armistice was signed by Admiral Calthorpe on behalf of the allied Government on Wednesday night. It came into operation at noon on Thursday."

"It is impossible as yet to publish the full terms of the armistice, but they include (1) The free passage of the allied fleets through the Bosphorus to the Black Sea; (2) The occupation of forts on the Dardanelles and in the Bosphorus necessary to secure the passage of the ships, and (3) Immediate

repatriation of allied prisoners of war."

The announcement that an armistice with Turkey which permits passage of allied warships through the Dardanelles already is in operation led naval officers to believe that an allied fleet if it has not already started, soon will pass through to the Black Sea to attack the German naval forces there. These forces include ships of the Russian Black Sea fleet taken over by the Teutons after the collapse of the Provisional Government in Russia. The Germans obtained one super-dreadnought, several battleships of the pre-dreadnought type and a score of fast destroyers.

The German battle cruiser Goeben also is in the Black Sea. This vessel was in the Mediterranean when the war began and escaped to the Bosphorus, where it was reported to have been "sunk" by Turkey before that country entered the war. The cruiser was badly damaged several times, but repaired again, taken over by the Germans and withdrawn to the Black Sea.

The entire Turkish force which has been opposing the British on the Tigris has been captured. It was officially announced on Thursday. The text of the statement reads: "The hard fighting on the Tigris, which began on October 24, ended on the 30th with the capture of the entire Turkish force opposed to us on that river. The prisoners are estimated at about 7,000, with much material."



"The Prints of Peace"—Wilhelm puts his foot in it again.

ENGLISH AND CANADIAN TROOPS ADVANCE ON 10-MILE FLANDERS FRONT

Valenciennes Surrounded in Attack Engineered by Dominion Forces—Between 2,000 and 3,000 Prisoners Taken—
Splendid Success of Belgians.

A despatch from London says: Friday's attack in Flanders was rewarded by an advance of more than five miles on a ten-mile front. It brought the Allies to the Scheldt from Berchem to Gavere, 10 miles south of Ghent. This advance probably will enable the Belgians to push the enemy over the Derivation Canal to the Teneuse Canal.

South of Valenciennes (in which area the Canadians are operating) the attack resulted in an advance of two miles on a four-mile front and the capture of Aulnoy and Preseau, thus reaching the southern edge of Valenciennes, which is flooded. In the fighting the British and Canadians took between two and three thousand prisoners.

The French and Americans on the southern part of the battlefield, attacking through Attigny, have advanced between three and four miles, and are nearing Buzancy.

The Belgian official report says that the Second British Army on the first day of the new advance prisoners and the Franco-Americans 1,000.

An Associated Press despatch from a correspondent with the British army in France and Belgium says: Valenciennes on Friday was bottled up as a result of a lightning-like blow by the British on both sides of the city. Only immediate retirement from the place or something in the nature of a miracle can save the German troops, who at noon had only a narrow gateway open to them for retreat toward the east.

Meantime the French and British coast and Ohio along the Deynze-Avelghem front in Belgium continued successfully the advance begun yesterday morning. The heavy enemy resistance encountered on this sector yesterday died out during the night.

BRITISH TAKE 172,659 PRISONERS IN THREE MONTHS

A despatch from London says: In the past three months the British forces in France have taken 172,659 prisoners, according to an official communication received from Field Marshal Haig on Friday night.

During the month of October the British forces fighting in France captured 94,000 prisoners, including 1,200 officers; 925 guns, including many heavy cannon; 7,000 machine guns and 670 trench mortars.



Stolen But Not Taken—Here is a pile of books stolen from the libraries of Montdidier and killed "for Berlin." But they never reached the "Land of Thieves." The German getaway was too rapid to allow of the carriage of more books, valuable though they may be. Buy a Victory Bond in gratitude that Canadian libraries have been spared such pillage.

AUSTRIAN ARMY SUFFERS COMPLETE ROUT: 50,000 CAPTURED

Vanquished Envoys Offer White Flag to Italian Commander—
Italy Will Dictate Terms on the Field.

A despatch from Rome says: "The success of our arms is assuming great proportions. The routed enemy is retreating east of the Piave, and can hardly withstand the close pressure of our troops on the mountain front," says the official report on Thursday night.

Italian troops have reached Ponte Delle Ali, northeast of the city of Belluno, thus definitely dividing the Austrian armies, said an official wireless message received here on Thursday night from Rome. Over 50,000 prisoners and more than 800 guns have been counted, and thousands of additional captives are coming in. "The success of our arms is becoming more and more stupendous," says the despatch. The fighting is on a front of 100 to 120 miles now.

Gen. Diaz, Italian Commander-in-chief, has issued the following bulletin to his troops:

"Soldiers, forward! In Italy's name we will place the wreath of victory on the tomb of our glorious dead. Forward! Our beloved country calls!"

In answer to Austria's announcement that she was ready to evacuate Italian territory, Italy has officially replied that the offer has come too late. "It is assumed the Italians will endeavor to drive the Austro-Hungarians from Italian soil before an armistice can be signed."

The Austrians in the north are menaced by the movement northeast along the Piave, and an Italian army marching from the south toward that city.

The other Austrian army is menaced by an Italian drive moving south-east. In this case one fork of the pincers is the Adriatic Sea.

The Austrians have been completely routed east of the Piave, an earlier despatch said, and are with great difficulty sustaining the incessant pressure of the Italian troops in the mountain region, in the plain and in the Alpine foothills of Venetia. Enemy masses are declared as "streaming in confusion" down the mountain valley in an attempt to reach passes on the Tagliamento River.

A despatch from Vienna says: The

FROM OLD SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER
BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

One hundred wigs from Lord Rosebery's head realized over \$5,470.

The united ages of an east coast fishing boat crew is 298 years, the cabin boy being a man of seventy.

The Military Medal and D.C.M. have been awarded to Sergeant D. Hogg, Eskdalemuir.

The Countess of Mar and Kellie opened a Women's War Service Exhibition in Stirling.

Capt. John Todd, R.A.F., Ferndene, aged nineteen, has seventeen aeroplanes to his credit.

Major Victor Fortune, Black Watch, Blengairn, has been promoted to Brigadier-General.

The D.S.O. and Croix de Guerre have been awarded to Lieut. Harold G. Campbell, of Coigra.

Brockhach Farm, Kirkpatrick-Durham, has been purchased by John Briggs, Sheffield, for \$6,800.

Capt. Robt. Halley, son of ex-Baillie Halley, Perth, has been awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross.

Cockburnspath, Berwickshire, has twenty-two inhabitants, whose ages vary from seventy to ninety years.

The presence of a white crow in a householder's garden in Pitlochryham attracted a good deal of attention.

Buchlyvie district, with a population of 800, subscribed over \$13,000 to the local War Savings' Association.

By the death of Lieut. Odo L. D. Simpson, Sherwood Foresters, there is now no living heir to the baronetcy.

The oldest of the farmers in the Kirkintilloch district passed away in the person of William Laird, The Dyke.

210,315,600 BUSH. TOTAL WHEAT CROP

Estimate for Year's Yield of Various Grains and Legumes.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Dominion Bureau of Statistics announces the result of the collection of the areas under crop and the numbers of farm live stock throughout under arrangements made jointly by the Dominion Bureau and the Provincial governments. They are published, subject to revision, in the form of a press bulletin as follows:

The total areas sown to the principal cereal crops are as follows, comparative figures for last year being given within parenthesis:

Wheat, 17,353,902 acres (14,765,850 acres); oats, 14,790,336 acres (13,313,400 acres); barley, 3,153,811 acres (2,392,200 acres); rye, 555,294 acres (211,880 acres); peas, 235,976 acres (198,881 acres); beans, 228,577 acres (92,467 acres); buckwheat, 548,097 acres (399,777 acres); flax, 921,828 acres (919,500 acres); mixed grains, 1,068,120 acres (497,236 acres); and corn for husking, 250,000 acres (234,339 acres).

The estimated total yields of these crops are, in bushels, as follows: Wheat, 210,315,600 (233,742,850); oats, 456,733,900 (403,009,800); barley, 83,262,500 (55,057,750); rye, 10,375,500 (3,857,200); peas, 4,384,700 (3,026,340); beans, 4,588,200 (1,274,000); buckwheat, 11,469,600 (7,149,400); flax, 7,995,000 (5,934,900); mixed grains, 32,303,000 (18,157,080); and corn for husking, 6,915,600 (7,762,700).

The estimated numbers of farm live stock, based upon the returns received, are for the whole of Canada as follows:

Horses, 3,608,315; milch cows, 3,542,429; other cattle, 6,507,287; sheep, 3,087,480; swine, 6,289,683; fowls, 31,324,498; turkeys, 1,058,981; geese, 879,177; and ducks, 884,034.

FOUR WHEAT FLOUR SUBSTITUTES ALLOWED

A despatch from Ottawa says: An order on wheat flour just passed by the Canada Food Board defines the only four wheat flour substitutes as eat, barley, corn and rye flours. All consumers must now take one pound of substitutes to four pounds wheat flour.

The order allows anyone to have on hand 100 pounds of flour, or sufficient for present daily ordinary requirements, while any farmer whose home-grown wheat has been ground by or exchanged directly with a miller, and any person living more than five miles from a mill, or licensed dealer, may keep on hand 200 pounds of flour, or what is sufficient for 200 days.

Feeding milling wheat or its mixtures to live stock or poultry is forbidden, except where grown together, containing not more than 25 per cent. of milling wheat. Orders Nos. 31 and 40 are repealed.

GERMANS HAVE LOST 2,500,000 THIS YEAR

A despatch from London says: German losses since Jan. 1 were semi-officially estimated on Thursday at 2,500,000, of which one million were permanent.

Of the 10,000 German guns operating July 15, the allies have captured a third.

ABDICATION OF KAISER REPORTED

Uprising of Population in Rhine District.

A despatch from London says: High-placed German officials at Copenhagen Thursday afternoon received information that the German Emperor had abdicated, according to the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, who adds:

"Nothing is said about the Crown Prince."

GERMANY IS DEVASTATING OCCUPIED RUSS. TERRITORY

A despatch from London says: Conditions in Russian territory occupied by the Germans are described in an official Russian wireless message, which says:

"From all regions now in German occupation it is reported that the German military authorities are carrying off everything that it is possible to take to Germany. They are devastating the country."

"In White Russia there are no herds and no cattle because the Germans have taken them all. In the regions where evacuation is pending the fields remain uncultivated because the Germans have left no seed. Children are dying of starvation. Milk cannot be obtained."

"Household furniture, telegraphic and telephonic instruments and appliances from many towns have been sent to Germany. The railway lines have been stripped, only wrecked and useless cars being left behind."

FRENCH AND AMERICAN TROOPS CAPTURE NUMEROUS VILLAGES

After Artillery Preparation Allies Smashed Forward Taking
3,000 Prisoners and Several Enemy Positions.

A despatch from the American Army Northwest of Verdun says: The 1st American army smashed forward for material gains along the entire front on Friday. In conjunction with the French army on its left the Americans resumed in force the operations begun September 26.

Preceded by the heaviest artillery preparation yet used by the Americans, the infantry went over the top at 5.30 o'clock Friday morning all along the line. By 8 o'clock the troops had taken Champigneulle, St. Georges, Landres-et-St. Georges, and the Lan d'Huy Farm and between 2,500 and 3,000 prisoners.

There was no opposition at the outset. This was carried out by a machine gun fire for 20 to 30 minutes, when it ceased off, and enabled the troops to advance without serious fighting.

Later still opposition developed in

the Bois-des-Loges and continued for some time, but before noon all the objectives along the entire front had been gained.

The advance of the Americans increases materially the feasibility of firing at the Meuse, Sedan, Montmedy and Longuyon railroad communication, and now that they are so much nearer direct hits can be expected with regularity.

The Americans never before had so much artillery in action as to-day. Although the artillery preparation was of only two hours' duration, the concentrated rain of missiles fairly smothered the Germans.

The enemy had in line this morning between the Meuse and the Bourgoigne Wood nine divisions, including some of his best men. Against him the Americans threw in a superior number of fresh troops, all rested men in good spirits and ready for a fight.

Glencoe people are being saved many dollars by the E. Mayhew & Son War Savings Sales. Can you do better than set aside these savings for the "Second Victory Loan"?



THE STORE THAT DOES THE RIGHT THING

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ill. Subscription—to addresses in Canada and all points outside the U.S. and Mexico, \$1.50 per year, \$1.00 for eight months; to addresses in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.

ADVERTISING.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application.

JOB PRINTING.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly booklets, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND,

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1918

Do you hear the wedding bells? Halloween passed off quietly this year, although a few of the young people made calls in becoming costume. The following is a list of the advice of one of our local paper and had some innocent fun, leaving the rest for the Huns.

Miss Georgina McIntyre and sister Elmor are visiting relatives at Walkers.

Gilbert Little of West Lorne spent the week-end with friends here.

P. J. McNeill of the Royal Air Force, Camp Borden, spent the week-end here.

Robert Parr and family motored to Kingston, on Sunoket to visit the former's daughter, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. George Davis have moved to their new home at Middlemead.

George Huston has purchased the house and lot formerly owned by Mr. Davis, and moved here a few days ago.

Mr. McNeill and family have moved to the house recently purchased from Mrs. Cavin.

Mr. Dewar of Glenargy is the guest of his son, Dr. R. D. Dewar.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McLaughlin and lot formerly owned by Miss McCugan and will move in shortly.

The farmers have been hauling sugar beets to the G. T. R. station for the past four weeks. Seven or eight cars have been shipped and there are almost as many lying on the ground in the yards. They are reported to be a good crop, one farmer having raised 100 tons.

The epidemic of influenza is abating somewhat. No serious cases are in the village at present. Miss Anna Fennell, who developed pneumonia, is on the mend. School will not reopen until November 11.

The Victory car is being well subscribed over \$2,000 being signed for so far of the \$20,000, which is the allotment.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Missionary Society of Knox church will be held at the home of Mrs. Amos Fennell on Thursday afternoon of this week. The members will kindly note this announcement and endeavor to be present.

Owing to illness, the meeting to pack boxes for the overseas soldiers will be deferred until the 13th of November, at the home of Mrs. Hammett, for the Newbury-Mosa Women's Institute. Kindly note.

Newbury, Nov. 4.—Mrs. J. Whitaker and Miss Laura Gay of Windsor are in town.
Eugene Crottie has taken a position in the bank here.

The road commission has started to gravel the Hagerty Road at the south end of the village.

W. O. Krafft, Grand Trunk agent, is taking his holidays.

W. H. Parnall was in Staples last week. Cadet Russell McVicar, R. A. F., spent the week-end at "Ingleside."

The Unity Bible Class are preparing Christmas boxes for the lads overseas. Miss Anna Fennell is still gaining after her serious illness.

It is expected that the churches will

meeting at Christ church on Nov. 11 at 8 p. m. in the interests of the Bible Society.

W. Bayne shipped a consignment of wool to Toronto this week.

Andrew Gray of London spent the week-end with his parents.

An oil-drilling outfit has arrived for the purpose of boring for oil on the Stalker place now owned by Hugh Armstrong.

Charles Rush continues in a serious condition.

**Staple Dry Goods, Boots
and Shoes and Rubbers.**

W. H. PARNALL

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