Bosphorus

ved St. Eregli, 125 -Emden's Tender eport Seven Dread-- Glasgow Sighted

VOL. LIV.

meet the Russian warships, but et of Eregli, which is 128 miles uring the bombardment by the

The Dutch fishing lugger The crew were landed here

teamer Atle was blown up by a

STEAMER The Italian steamer Eur

The Italian steamer Europa, of from New York on October 28, by the British warships, and in

and members of the British lega-

ma Canal zone, says he has use of the canal by warships, in the Pacific is not known here.

. S. W.), despatch to the Evenwarship and two store ships were

nk by the Germans and the Mon unable to steam away, accordfight off Chile, the Glasgow acd very few casualties, although nd the Dresden while the Scarn-

could make a second attempt ruiser had blown away its peri and another broadside must hav her, for she was never seen again red to draw the cruiser's fi sbmarine crept in to deal a The Waldeck-Rousseau tch for the two of the

Waldeck-Rosseau is a new cruis-13,780 tons, with a speed of 23.10, a complement of 515 men and ts fourteen 7.5 inch guns besides

BATH FATAL

mer Moncton Man Upset rom Canoe in Ontario Lake ies From Exposure.

bury, Ont., Nov. 9-C. D. Hillson rly of Moneton (N. B.), and for Hillson died from exposi-e launch, and little hope i

The Senti-Merkly Telegraph & The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1914.

SECOND BATTLE FOR CHANNEL PORTS IN CRITICAL STAGE: RUSSIAN SUCCESS ON GERMAN SOIL MARKS NEW PHASE

ed" as Lost

apanese Squadron Also Reported at

Montevideo - Interesting Reports

of Destruction of German Cruisers

in Pacific, and of Goeben in Black

The Germans on the steamer were in-

IN THE BALTIC

HAS BEEN CORNERED

REPORT KARLSRUHE

BATTLE RAGING

Allied Lines Hold Germans From Further Progress After Loss of Dixmude and Resuming Offensive Drive Enemy Back Across Yser Canal Except at One Point - German Artillery Extensively Used to Pulverize Allied Defences but Points of Attack are Maintained — Glorious Page of British History Being Written at Ypres Where Infantry Attacks Break in Vain Against Our Lines - Strength Kept Up by Reinforcements and New Army of 1,000,000 Likely to be Authorized to Augment Kitchener's Army, Making 2,000,000 Men in the Field.

London, Nov. 12—A critical stage in the battle in West Flanders has now been reached, and the next few days, if not hours, should produce something more decisive than has yet occured.

The Germans have continued to attack, with all the forces at their command, the British and French, who hold the line between Dixmude and Ypres, but with the exception of the capture of Dixmude, which occured Tuesday and some little progress around Ypres, they have not been able to make any material advance.

In fact the French official report issued this afternoon, says that all the attacks have been repulsed. The Germans are no longer utilizing green troops in this region, but have brought up the pick of their army, including some Prussian Guards, who attempted an offensive movement against the British, but

Both sides express satisfaction with the progress of the battle. Berlinsays that the attacks of the Allies have been repulsed, and that their own attack is making headway; while in London and in Paris it is felt that so long as the Allies can hold the line of the canal from Nieuport to Ypres their posi-

ion is a strong one.

In France, from the northwest to the southeast, there have been engagements of lesser importance, in which, according to the French report General Joffre's armies have succeeded in gaining ground and strengthening their positions. The Germans continue to destroy bridges and railways in Belgium, but with what object remains a secret. It is thought however, that they are making preparations to winter in that country, and they are taking every step to prevent their plans from becoming known to their enemies

RUSSIAN ARMIES SWEEP REMORSELESSLY ON. The Russian army, under General Rennenkampff, is fighting its way into East Prussia, and has taken Johannisburg, which is on the railway from Lyck

The southern army, under General Ruzsky, is at Rzessow, between Fize-mysl and Cracow, and its crossing of the San river is being opposed by the Aus-trians. Another detachment continues the siege of Przemysl, while still anoth-er is operating against the Austrians who are holding the passage of the Car-

The army of Armenia, whose base is on Kars, Trans-Caucasia, is approach-

The manner in which Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander-in

chief, is wielding these armies, and the mobility they are showing, are the sub-ject of admiration on the part of military men here.

There is a steady flow of recruits for Kitchener's army, and it is expected that, with the Territorials, who number 600,000, England before long will have an army of two million men. New armies are also being organized in India. BRITAINS FIGHTING ARMY OF 2,000,000 MEN.

Premier Asquith, according to repost, will ask parliament at an early date to give sanction to the raising of additional troops to the number of 1,000,000 for war service, thus bringing the total up to 2,000,000 men. It is also understood that the government intends to issue a war loan of \$1,000,000,000. In the British House of Commons Arthur Henderson, the Labor party leader has made the announcement that organized labor felt that the only course now open was to go straight through with the war until success

Great Britain and France have warned Ecuador and Colombia that they will not countenance further violations of neutrality by them. Representa-tions have been made at Quito and Bogota to this effect and the United States government has been notified in view of possible complications that

No specific violations have been mentioned, but it is believed the warnings were the result of charges that islands off the Ecuadorean coast have been used by the Germans as coaling stations and that wireless stations in both Ecuador and Colombia have been giving information to German cruis-

many, it is said.

Germans Say Yser Eastern Bank Clear.

Berlin, Nov. 12, via London, 6 p.m.—
German general headquarters issues the following:

"The enemy advanced from Nieuport as far as Lombaertzyde, but was driven across the Yser. The eastern bank of the Yser, as far as the sea, is now clear of the enemy.

f the enemy.

"Our attack across the Yser Canal to outh Dixmude is progressing.

"In the region east of Ypres we have divanced further and captured 700 french soldiers, four cannon and four nachine guns.

"The enemy's attacks in the forest of the original output of the control of the contro

The enemy's attacks in the volume repulsed.

"In the eastern theatre of the war our avalry operating near Kalisz have drivaback the Russian cavalry which made a back the Russian cavalry which made and Lieut-Colonel Arthur Jex-Blake and Lieut-Colonel Arthur Jex-Blake

Defence of Ypres for More Than Three Weeks Reckoned in History as One of the Most Striking Episodes of British Army.

BRITISH SHOW

NO SIGNS OF

London, Nov. 12, 11.36 p. m .-The official press bureau issued the following statement tonight: East Prussia, and has taken Johannianing, which states to Solden, both of which towns are already in Russian hands. This gives to Russia the control of an important callway line which skirts the Irontier in German territory, and several branch callways running into the interior.

The central army, which drove the Germans back from the Vistola, has had only unimportant engagements, but it is known to be pushing forward to the borders of Posen and Silesia, which the Germans are crossing.

The Russians left wing has followed the Kielce railway to the Austrian front, and is within a few miles of Cracow, the slege of which is imminent. The southern army, under General Russky, is at Russow, between Przechal Cracow and its crossing of the San river is being opposed by the Austrian to Solden, both of which towns are already in Russian hands. This gives to German during the last few days have consisted mainly of fighting to the north of the Lys, where the points of interest were at first on the line of Hollebecke, Wytschaete and Messines. There have also been severe encounters on the line from Zanvoorde to Fredom where the points of interest were at first on the line of Hollebecke, Wytschaete and Messines. There have also been severe encounters on the line from Zanvoorde to Frelinzhein.

Lima, Peru, Nov. 12—The two health ships sent out by the Chilean of ment to search the vicinity of the may all engagement between British on the line from Zanvoorde to Frelinzhein.

"The character of the fighting two "OFFICIALLY has been one of frequent and vig-PRESUMED" AS LOST. orous infantry attacks from the Germans, accompanied by heavy shell fire, alternating with equally vigorous counter-attacks, the general result being the maintenance of our line, not without considerable losses on our side, but with still heavier losses on the other. Six machine guns and over one hundred prisoners were taken by us on the eighth.

PRESUMED" AS LOST.

London, Nov. 12, 5.05 p. m.—The admiralty today announced that, in the absence of further information, the loss of the British cruisers Good Hope and Monmouth in the naval engagement off the coast of Chile with the German squadron on Nov. 1, is now "officially presumed."

A list of the officers and men serving on these vessels at the time they encountered the Germans will be published as horty.

The Good Hope was the flagship of Rear-Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock.

gle has been at Ypres, the de-fence of which will certainly be reckoned in history, as one of the most striking episodes of the British army. For more than three weeks the position, which projects like a bastion into the enemy's lines, has been under a rain of shells, which has hardly ceased by day or night. During this time the enemy has poured successive waves of infantry against it, only to see them break to pieces, one after the

Among the killed are Lieut,-Colonel Allies on Offensive, Drive Back Ger

Paris, Nov. 12, 10.36 p.m.—The offi- the harbor at Las Palmas.

RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN IS WONDER OF WAR OF 2,000,000

MINMI - Indications Now That Germans Will Be Forced to Fall Back Far Within Their Own Country

Czar's Forces Moving So Rapidly That Next Stand of Germans Believed That Premier Asquith Two British Cruisers Now List-May Be On Fortified Line of Koningsberg-Posen-Breslau-Austrians Forced Back and Cracow Invested-Refugees Again Alarm Berlin.

> London, Nov. 12, 10.15 p. m.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegran ipany from Petrograd, says:
> 'News of the beginning of a battle at Cracow, Galicia, is mo-

"News of the beginning of a battle at Cracow, Galicia, is momentarily expected.

"The Germans have been digging trenches and erecting barbed wire entanglements along the whole of the Russian-German frontier with the object of impeding the passage of the Russian forces. It is understood, however, that their main plan is to retire on the fortresses of Koenigsberg, Loetzen, Grandenz, Bromberg, Posen, Glogau, Breslau and Neisse.

"A graphic account has been received here of the end of the Russian transport Pruth, which the Russians sank, sooner than surrender her to the Turkish cruiser Goeben. When called upon to surrender, her captain headed the Pruth for the shore, opened the valves render, her captain headed the Pruth for the shore, opened the valves Lieut. Ragowsky perished while attempting to fire a second charge of explosives. Part of the crew got off in boats, while the others jumped into the water, and were picked up by the Turkish ship.

Lieut. Ragowsky perished while attempting to fire a second charge of explosives. Part of the crew got off in boats, while the others jumped into the water, and were picked up by the Turkish ship.

"The ship's chaplain and a handful of men were left aboard. As the ship went down the chaplain was seen on deck, giving his blessing to the men, who remained about him, cheering and singing the National Anthem."

Tremiter Asquith will on Turkish parliament's sanction for the raising of 1,000,000 additional troops for the purposes of the war, thus bringing the total up to 2,000,000.

Much interest is shown in the financing of the war. It is understood that the government intends to issue a warloan of \$1,000,000,000,000 or more, probably at four per ceut, and redeemable within

DETAILS OF ADVANCE ALONG FRONT.

Petrograd, Nov. 12—The Russian general staff issued the following statement today:

"In East Prussia on November 11, an action developed in front of Stallupone Krouglianken and the region of Soldau. Our troops occupied Johannisburg (a smallown) of East Prussia, seventy miles

"The Russian general staff issued the following statement may propose to raise a further \$250,000,000 by increasing the income tax to half a crown in the pound. This would provide for the necessary expenditure till next March, the end of the financial year.

"Beyond the Vistula, battles of secondary importance occurred in the region of Kalisz (Russia Poland), and Neschava, where advance guards of the enemy sought to progress.

"In the Carpathians, Austrian rear guards maintained at the crossings on the Upper San, in the region of Sanok, were attacked by our troops.

"The siege of Przemysl, which was suspended during the period in which the Austro-German armies were on the offensive, has been re-established."

Imancial year.

LORD ROBERTS
GOING TO FRONT.

London, Nov. 13, 1.10 a. m.—Field Marshal Lord Roberts of Kandabar is going to France. The official announcement making this fact public says the famous general is going into the war zone "to see the Indian troops."

Lord Roberts was born in Cawnpore, India, eighty-two years ago.

borous infantry attacks from the Germans, accompanied by heavy ameninced fitts, it cheffer the contrast of the Germans, accompanied by heavy ameninced fitts, it cheffer the contrast of the Germans, accompanied by heavy ameninced fitts, it cheffer the contrast of the Germans, accompanied by heavy ameninced fitts, it cheffer the contrast of the Germans, alternating with equally vigorous counter-attacks, the general result being the maintenance of the Edite and the Contrast of the Edite and the Contrast of the German still contrast on the Contrast of the Perpignan, France, Nov. 12, via Paris, 5,45 p. m.—A French cruiser, steaming off the coast, captured a German steamer which had on board 150 men, and what was described as a suspicious present has created a very bad impression in Vienna, and indirectly, n Berlin.

essed by all the German and Austrian newspapers. The Austro-German forces are still thought to be in the heart of Russian Poland and on the verge of capturing Warsaw.

KAISER'S FRANTIC APPEAL TO EAST PRUSSIA.

has been severely punished and Belgium has been added to the glorious provinces of Germany. You know also that our punitive expedition in Russia has been a brilliant success.

"But now we must turn to the new task of protecting our hearths which moribund France and barbarous Russia are preparing to attack. Henceforward, our military operations will take a new form which will soon be intelligible to you, my dear soldiers.

"Your trial has come—for you and all Germany. It is necessary to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for, other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies, for other to concentrate our energies on the repulse of our enemies of the concentration of the concent

Will Ask For Additional Million on Monday

WAR VOTE OF \$1,000,000,000 PROPOSED

ncome Tax Likely to be Raised to Half Crown in the Pound-Spending \$35,000,000 Weekly on War -Lord Roberts Going to War Zone to See Indian Troops-German Appeal For Peace.

London, Nov. 13, 1.55 a. m.-It is re-

In Battle; Rebels Soundly Beaten London, Nov. 13, 3.03 a. m .- An

London, Nov. 12, 9.10 p. m.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, says that ten officers from the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, which was destroyed early in the war by the British cruiser Highliver, who were on parole, have made their escape in a Dutch steamer, disguised as firemen. The men had been lodged on a German steamer, moored in the harbor at Las Palmas.

KAISER'S FRANTIU APPEAL TO EAST PRUSSIA.

London, Nov. 13, 3.03 a. m.—An official Pretoria despatch received by Renter's Telegram Company says that General Louis Botha came into contact with the rebel General DeWet's commando, 24 miles east of Winburg, Orange lious provinces of Germany. You know also that our punitive expedition in Russia has been a brilliant success.

"But now we must turn to the new task of protecting our hearths which moribund France and barbarous Russia are preparing to attention of the Daily by Renter's Telegram Company says that General Louis Botha came into contact with the rebel General DeWet's commando, 24 miles east of Winburg, Orange River Colony, after a forced night which moribund France and barbarous Russia are preparing to attention of the Daily by Renter's Telegram Company says that General Louis Botha came into contact with the rebel General DeWet's commando, 24 miles east of Winburg, Orange River Colony, after a forced night which moribund France and barbarous Russia are preparing to at-

carding persiting near Kalles have disc.

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a fresh advance.

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In Back the Resistan extractly persiting near kalles have been North advanced appearing to at the battle for the heights of Missan politions, Are read and barbarous Riussia are preparing to at the harder of Las Japanses squaden of three harders at Las Japanses squ

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

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THE PART OF THE PA

st for posiposiay at when d for Guard your children's health by always keeping a box of Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills in the house. They si Indian Root Pills will be social dance in aid of the Red Cross Society was held in Drageor gian hall. The affair was well patronized. The ladies provided a lunch at michi was raided last week by Constable Galliah, under direction of Scott Act Inspector W. O. Chamberlain. A large amount of liquor was secured.

ceived by plaintin were in no manner serious, whoever caused them. He claimed that they would prove Williams



I know her need of sympathy and help.

If you, my sister, are unhappy because of illhealth, and feel untit for household duties, social
pleasures, or daily employment, write and tell me
just how you suffer, and ask for my free ten days'
trial of a home tre-truent suited to your needs;
with references to chandian ladies who gradly tell
how they have regained health, strength, and
happiness by its use. I want to tell you all about
this successful method of home treatment, and
happiness by its use. I want to tell you all about
this successful method of home treatment, and
within anyone. Men cannot understand women a
sufferings; what we women know from experlence, we know better than any doctor; and
thousands have proved there is hope even for the
hopedess in my method of home treatment. If you
suffer irom pain in the head, back, or b-wels,
falling or displacement of internal organs, bladder
tritation with frequent urination, obstinate
constipation or piles, pain in the sides regularly
nervousness, depressed spirits, melancholy, desire to cry, fear of something ovil about to
happen, creeping feeling up the spins, publication, bot flashess, weariness, allow complexion,
with dark circles under the eyes, pain in the left breast or a general feeling that life is not
more internal than the same of hospital treatment, or the dangers of an operation. Women
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home, without the expense of hospital treatment and when you are care, my steer, I shali only ask you to pass the good word along
treatment, and when yo

west of Java. The Sydney sighted th she at once closed in and There was a running the shells of the Australia The casualties on the KOENIGSBERG, TOO, London, Nov. 10-Th

London, Nov. 10, 12.51 that the German cruiser I The Emden was deste

EMDEN

on the coast of German The Koenigsberg also of the war, but her succes She disabled the British The Pegasus was caught a ty-five of her crew were ADMIRALTY TELLS H

British cruiser Pegasus, so

London, Nov. 10-The ion of the Emden in the I on the east coast of Africa "After the whereabout ack on the Pegasus, on th was arranged by the adm prolonged search by these "This search resulted Chatham, Captain Sidney miles up the Rufiji River, to a greater draught, the probably is aground excep berg has been landed and

Both these entrenchm ed by the Chatham, but or lies, it is not possible to e capture or destruction, effe by sinking a collier in t now imprisoned and unable have been searching for he EMDEN DRIVEN ASHO "Another large combin

ien has been for some tin an immense area, the Brit lapanese vessels, working and Sydney also were in "Yesterday morning pletely lost to sight had arrived at Keeling o

the wireless station. Here tralian cruiser Sydney, Car "A sharp action took en killed and fifteen wor Her losses in personnel are "All possible assistance hips which have been dis "The first lord of the ollowing message to the monwealth: 'Warmest con

navy into the war and th

The losses among the been heavy. The Emden has cont ed, one of its most remark complishment, it has few Twenty-two ships, m tured by the German cre Since early in August was preying on British si

denly appeared at Penang. daring feat. A fourth smokestack Thus disguised, she steam der the British guns of th cruiser Jamtchug, and a F escaped unscathed, through

The vessels destroyed exclusive of their cargoe Of these she had ten. as been able to run down larger but slower war vess It has been more or 1 been able to keep at sea i supplies. It is assumed, h

from captured ships to me to have been done. The captain of the Br ndian Ocean, reported to that before he sank the E 000 tons of steam coal wit CLEARING OCEANS C

In his speech at the Winston Churchill said th to strike a blow, but the fare were curious and no seas, and secure all the f fore adopted. The navy w war. This great task con that the enemy offered to With the exception of whole of the Pacific and

British Cruis But Ha

The Emden had a con 4.1 inch guns, eight 5 pour with two submerged 17-She was laid down at Dan The Keeling or Cocos Great Britain. They are island of Java, and have The Australian cruis against the Emden's 4.1. t While the speed of the tw den being 24.5 knots as a foul and her engines badl ing in southern waters, c

The Sydney, with h the smaller type of cruis type of cruisers as laid turier. The Sydney is The Koenigsberg is vas of 3.348 tons, 354 battery consisted of ten Mafia Island, on the signed to German influen The British cruiser

repairs.

much the same type as t -inch guns, besides the

went to show that the hurts red by plaintiff were in no manner is, whoever caused them. He ed that they would prove williams not guilty of assault, that he was present but was at the time engaged nesent but was at the time engaged this farm chores when it occurred, did occur, although they would that the plaintiff fell in the lane injured himself so as to cause his as to be heard by parties near, this point court adjourned until toow morning at 10 o'clock, ampton, N. B., Nov. 11—The case of rown on complaint of John W. Mcfor assault with intent to do griev-bodily harm, was resumed this morn. The witnesses for the defence were defendant, Clyde Williams and his The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the court adjourned size

ruity, and the court adjourned sine be defendant told of his denying iel the right to haul hay over his erty, a private road leading from beach to the highway. After this went home, attended to certain es. He learned that men were at scow, having come in a boat, and out to see what they were doing saw John McKiel and Chesley Micgo up the lane, the latter in ade some fifteen feet, when the plainfell, and in reply to his companion, he was badly hurt, and groaned, iel got up and the two passed out efendant's sight. It was quite light, the moon shining, and after 9 ck. Then he rejoined his wife, and were together thereafter. This was hours after the alleged assault. He at that he had not seen the sleder produced in court from the time Belyea left his house when threat-with eviction sine years ago. He were the distinction of the sleder that he had not seen the sleder produced in court from the time Belyea left his house when threat-with eviction sine years ago. He with eviction some years ago. He never had it in his possession, never alted the complainant and was at home at the time it is alleged the ult took place.

ny points were gone into not ma-ly bearing on the assault, and that was directly material was corro-ed by Mrs. Williams as far as the go of her husband that evening were

were very thorough, and Chesley lel was called in rebuttal. He that there had been no convern between the plaintiff and Cap-Anderson as to the use of a boat, itness had taken it himself. unsel addressed the jury at 12 k, Mr. Fowler talking twenty mintly after 12:50, and soon returned rdict of "Not guilty," and the court

PEWELL CAPE PATRIOTIC CONCERT.

opewell Hill, Nov. 8—The village of ewell Cape, always noted for its ic, fully sustained its high reputation he patriotic concert held in the court se there last evening, which was itly enjoyed by the large number ent. Rev. Mr. Elliott presided and excellent programme included the ruses, Rule Brittania, Tipperary, liers of the King; quartette, A. W. rues, J. A. Tingley, Mrs. H. A. vnes and Mrs. Coonan; duet, Misseita Fownes and Mrs. H. A. Fownes; s by Miss Fownes and Miss Clissie gley; readings by Miss Jennie sves; quartette, J. A. Tingley, W. Beaumont and Miss Crocker, and a le quartette, Tenting on the Old Campound, by Messrs. A. W. Fownes, H. umont. This latter num. with ropriate stage setting, was enthus-ically received. Miss Lily Lynds was hically received. Miss Lily Lynde was accompanist of the evening.

The officers of Mount Pleasant dge, I. O. G. T., have elected the owing officers for the current quarter:

T., Everett Newcomb; V. T., Clyde wcomb; secretary, Ora Mitton; A. Gertrude McDonald; F. S., Sgratiti; treasurer, Hugh Wright; chapus, Mrs. Bray; M., Jas. M. Wright; M., Merrill Russell; P. C. T., F. J., it.

ENTY MORE ENLIST FOR WAR IN NEWCASTLE.

the second contingent left here yes-day for St. John. They were ad-ssed by Mayor Morrissy, and heartly cred by the assembled crowd. Dicki-& Troy provided a treat for each, among the recruits for Canada's sec-l contingent whose names are pubcontingent whose names are put in the Moose Jaw (Sask.) Evenir nes of the 29th ult., was Findlay op, son of Thomas Copp, of Newtle. Another son, Hiram, went with first contingent. William Craik, of I. C. R., here, has also given two s, James, aged 19, and George, aged to the second contingent.

There is a case of scarlet fever in chank. The few cases in Newcastle

rs. Fred. E. Locke went to New tyesterday to visit her sister, Mrs. E. Witherell.

riends of Lieut. J. Olliphant, mem-of the C. A. S. C., First Canadian atingent, at Salisbury Plain, will be erested to learn of the popular offi-is marriage to Miss Grace Hudson in adon, England. The ceremony, which s performed by Rev. F. J. Olliphant, the of the groom, was solemnized in

FREE OFFER

daily employment, write and to suffer, and ask for my free to ome tre-tment suited to your - WINDSOR, ONTARIO

EMDEN BURNED BY ENDOFTHEEMDEN AUSTRALIAN CRUISER

London, Nov. 10, 12.51 p. m.—It was officially announced in London today that the German cruiser Emden has been driven ashore and burned.

The Emden was destroyed by the Australian cruiser Sydney. She was driven ashore on an island of the Cocos group in the Indian ocean, south-

The Sydney sighted the Emden yesterday morning, With superior speed, she at once closed in and gave battle. The German boat could not escape.

There was a running fight, at the end of which the Emden, burning from

the shells of the Australian warship, was beached.

The casualties on the Sydney are said to have been slight. KOENIGSBERG, TOO, IS NO LONGER TO BE CONSIDERED.

London, Nov. 10—The German cruiser Koenigsberg, which disabled the British cruiser Pegasus, some weeks ago, has been bottled up at Maiia Island, on the coast of German East Africa, by the blocking of the channel to the

The Koenigsberg also has preyed upon British shipping since the beginning of the war, but her successes have in no way approached those of the Emden. She disabled the British cruiser Pegasus in Zanzibar Harbor on September 20. The Pegasus was caught at a disadvantage as she was undergoing repairs. Twenty-five of her crew were killed and eighty wounded.

ADMIRALTY TELLS HOW IT IS DONE.

London, Nov. 10—The admiralty statement which announces the destruc-tion of the Emden in the Indian ocean, and the bottling up of the Koenigsberg on the east coast of Africa, reads as follows:

"After the whereabouts of the Koenigsberg had been indicated by the attack on the Pegasus, on the 19th of September, a concentration of fast cruisers was arranged by the admiralty in East African waters and a thorough and

was arranged by the admiralty in East African waters and a thorough and prolonged search by these vessels in combination was made.

"This search resulted in the Koenigsberg being discovered by H. M. S. Chatham, Captain Sidney R. Drury-Love, hiding in shoal water about six miles up the Rufiji River, opposite Mafia Island, German East Africa. Owing to a greater draught, the Chatham could not reach the Koenigsberg, which

to a greater draught, the Chatham could not reach the Koenigsberg, which probably is aground except at high water. Part of the crew of the Koenigsberg has been landed and is intrenched on the banks of the river.

Both these entrenchments and the Koenigsberg herself have been bombarded by the Chatham, but owing to the dense palm groves amid which the ship lies, it is not possible to estimate the damage done. Pending operations for her capture or destruction, effective steps have been taken to block the Koenigsberg by sinking a collier in the only navigable channel into the river and she is now imprisoned and unable to do any further harm. The fast vessels which have been searching for her are thus released for other service. EMDEN DRIVEN ASHORE AND BURNED.

"Another large combined operation by fast cruisers against the cruiser Emden has been for some time in progress. In this search, which has covered an immense area, the British cruisers have been aided by French, Russians and Japanese vessels, working in harmony. The Australian warships Melbourne and Sydney also were included in these movements.

"Yesterday morning news was received that the Emden, which had been completely lost to sight after her allowed.

"Yesterday morning news was received that the Emden, which had been completely lost to sight after her action with the Russian cruiser Jemtchug, had arrived at Keeling or Cocos Island and landed an armed party to destroy the wireless station. Here she was caught and forced to fight by the Australian cruiser Sydney, Captain John Glossop.

"A sharp action took place in which the Sydney suffered the loss of three men killed and lifteen wounded. The Emden was driven ashore and burned,

men killed and lifteen wounded. The Emden was driven ashore and burned, Her losses in personnel are reported to be heavy.

"All possible assistance is now being given to the survivors by the various ships which have been dispatched to the scene.

"The first lord of the admiralty, Winston Spencer Churchill, has sent the following message to the Sydney and to the navy board of the Australian commonwealth: "Warmest congratulations on the brilliant entry of the Australian navy into the war and the signal service rendered to the allied cause and to peaceful commerce by the destruction of the Emden."

The losses among the officers and crew of the Emden are reported to have

been heavy.

The Emden has contributed to the history of the war, as thus far recorded, one of its most remarkable chapters. For sheer audacity and success of acplishment, it has few parallels.

Twenty-two ships, mostly British, have been sunk, and one has been cap-tured by the German cruiser. Since early in August, the Emden has been at work. Most of the time she

was preying on British shipping in the Indian ocean, but last month she suddenly appeared at Penang. It was here that the Emden performed her most

A fourth smokestack was rigged on her deck, and a Japanese flag run up. Thus disguised, she steamed boldly into the harbor, passing unchallenged under the British guns of the fort, and fired torpedoes which sank the Russian cruiser Jamtchug, and a French destroyer. Then she took to her heels, and

escaped unscathed, through the Straits.

The vessels destroyed by the Emden had a total value of about \$4,000,000 exclusive of their cargoes. The Emden's largest guns were only 4.1 inch.

Of these she had ten. Her speed of 24.5 knots was her greatest asset, as she

has been able to run down merchant ships with ease and then escape from larger but slower war vessels that have pursued her. It has been more or less of a mystery to naval men how the Emden has been able to keep at sea month after month without running short of coal and supplies. It is assumed, however, that she has obtained sufficient food and fuel from captured ships to meet her needs. In at least one instance, this is known

The captain of the British steamer Exford, captured by the Emden in the Indian Ocean, reported to his owners, that the commander of the Emden said that before he sank the Exford, he intended to take on board his cruiser, the 7,000 tons of steam coal with which the Exford was laden.

CLEARING OCEANS OF GERMAN WARSHIPS.

In his speech at the Lord Mayor's banquet in London fast night Rt. Hon, Winston Churchill said there was a natural impatience on the part of the navy to strike a blow, but the people must be patient; the conditions of naval warfare were curious and novel. Great Britain was endeavoring to maintain all the seas, and secure all the highways across the ocean against methods never before adopted. The navy was protecting the transport of forces to the theatre of war. This great task compelled it to offer a target incomparably greater than that the enemy offered to the British sailors.

With the exception of the German squadron now off the coast of Chile, the whole of the Pacific and Indian oceans are now clear of the enemy's warships.

British Cruisers Not Much Larger But Had 6-in. Guns Against 4-in.

The Emden had a complement of 361 men. Her armament consisted of ten 4.1 inch guns, eight 5 pounders, and four machine guns. She also was equipped with two submerged 17-inch torpedo tubes. The cruiser displaced 3,300 tons. She was laid down at Dantzig in the year 1906, and completed in May 1908.

The Keeling or Cocos Islands are a group in the Indian Ocean belonging to Great Britain. They are about 500 miles southwest of the western end of the

sland of Java, and have cable connections. The Australian cruiser Sydney carries a main battery of eight 6-inch guns against the Emden's 4.1, this giving her a heavy advantage over the German ship. While the speed of the two warships was theoretically equal, that of the Emden being 24.5 knots as against the Sydney's 24.7, the former probably was foul and her engines badly racked after three months of almost constant cruising in southern waters, chasing and being chased and with no port for relitting

the smaller type of cruisers in the Australian navy and closely resembles the type of cruisers as laid down for the Canadian navy plan by Sir Wilfrid

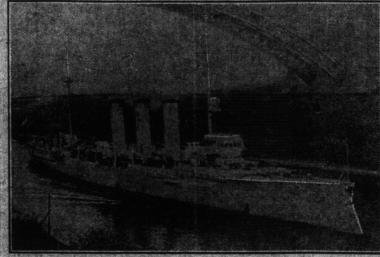
Laurier. The Sydney is less than one-half as large as the Niobe.

The Koenigsberg is a protected cruiser, and was laid down in 1905. She was of 3,348 tons, 354 feet long and had a speed of 231-2 knots. Her main battery consisted of ten 4.1 inch guns.

Maifa Island, on the east coast of Africa, belongs to Zanzibar but was as-

Signed to German influence some years ago.

The British cruiser Chatham, which has bottled up the Koenigsberg is of much the same type as the Sydney, of 5,400 tons, 430 feet in length, with eight 6-inch guns, besides the smaller ones. She carries 400 men and has a speed of



with the Australian cruiser Sydney, set on fire and destroyed.

A special cable to The Telegraph from Sydney, Australia,

Wednesday morning says:

"It is clear that the Emden's objectives at Coess Island were both the eastern cable station and the troopships of the expeditionary force. The fact that she was foiled in both objectives is attributed to the excellent manoeuvering of the Sydney when first news arrived to the excellent manoeuvering of the Sydney when first news arrived of training before examination at Haliof her presence at Cocos Island.

of her presence at Cocos Island.

"It was expected that the Emden would emulate the exploits of the Nurnberg at Fanning Island, but this was evidently prevented by the timely arrival of the Sydney. The eastern cable traffic is maintained throughout the entire line.

The Emden arrived at Cocos Islands at 7 o'clock Monday morning and was able to damage the cable office before the arrival of the Sydney but this did not prevent the maintainance of communications. It is also reported that she disabled the wireless station.

It is also reported that she disabled the wireless station.

If it was expected that the Emden would emulate the exploits of the Nurnberg at Fanning Island, but this was evidently prevented by contingent. Recruiting is going on there well, numbers of men reporting to be taken on. There, too, as in St. John the armony is fitted up for the special reception of the men.

The men of the composite battalion on home duty at Halifax are especially a fine let and are reported to be improving wonderfully. They are engaged in guarding fortifications and defence work ing wonderfully. They are engaged in guarding fortifications and defence work in guarding fortifications and defence work are drawn from the 67th, 71st and 74th regiments.

It is also reported that she disabled the wireless station.

It is also reported that she disabled the wireless station.

If it was expected that the Emden would emulate the exploits of the contingent. Recruiting is going on there well, numbers of men reporting to be taken on. There, too, as in St. John the armony is fitted up for the special reception of the summing and was able to damage the cable office before the arrival of the contingent. Recruiting is going on there well, numbers of men reporting to be taken on. There, too, as in St. John the armony is fitted up for the special reception of the men.

The men of the composite battalion on home duty at Halifax are especially after the contingent.

Washington Nov. 10—Navy department officials refused to be disturbed today

The Roll of Honor Men Who Enlist on Foreign Service and in Camp at Halifax

A partial list of the officers and men enrolled and approved for the 26th (New Brunswick) Battalion, Second Canadian Contingent, was given out yesterday at local headquarters. The roll of honor includes men already on the payroll and quartered at the armory and a further list of men who have already enlisted is being prepared. At the present rate the body of 1,100 fighting men should be completed in the three weeks set for the work.

The list of 231 names as given out Wednesday follows:

Private R. Shea. Private A. Cole.

Private W. McVaye. Private G. Hodgson, Private J. Orman. Private H. Lackle.

Private William William Private E. Larin.
Private A. Wilson.
Private L. Richards.
Private B. Butler.
Private H. Whitney.
Private H. Gallagher.
Private H. Murphy.
Bugler W. Burton.

R. Hare. J. Woodford. L. Webster.

C. Mill. J. Craig. E. Howe,

H. Sears.
F. Brain.
G. Leslie.
W. Stokes.
R. S. Edwards.
G. Kearns.
M. Stockley.
G. Ambrose.
J. Malone.
H. Howes

J. Malone.
H. Howes,
W. Abell.
A. Anderson.
L. Bradshaw.
F. Barrett.
R. Cook.
F. Curley.
F. Carson,
C. Deric

G. Davis.
J. Foley.
G. Fortmann.
D. Lackie.

D. Lackle.
O. Mowrey.
E. Mellor.
C. Miller.
J. McDermott.
T. Petrie.
B. Roynor.
W. Scribner.
H. Slater.
H. Sutherland.
R. Shea.
R. Cole.
W. McFaye.
J. Hodgson.
J. Orman.
H. Lockie.
W. Williamson.
E. Laria.
H. Wilson.
L. Richards.
W. Butler.

T. Andrews.
H. Shaw.
J. N. Cory.
J. Horton.
A. E. Duffy.
G. E. Powers.
F. A. Murray.
R. Riley.
E. A. Miller.
T. D. McLune.
D. McLune.

Private William Williamson.

Other registered Wednesday were:

nin die

OFFICERS. Lance-Corporal W. Abell Lance-Corporal W. At
Private A. Anderson.
Private L. Bradshaw.
Private F. Barrett.
Private R. Cook.
Private F. Curley.
Private F. Carson.
Private G. Davis.
Private J. Foley.
Private J. Fortman.
Private D. Lachie.
Private O. Mowry.
Private E. Mellon.
Private C. Miller.
Private J. McDermott.
Private T. Petriesjinate

Capt. A. E. G. McKenzie.
Capt. C. I. Dunfield.
Capt. F. F. May.
Capt. George Keefe.
Capt. D. D. McArthur.
Capt. T. M. McAvity.
Capt. F. H. Elliott.
Lieut. F. E. Lochard.
Lieut. F. D. D. McAvity. Lieut. F. E. Lochard.
Lieut. P. D. McAvity.
Lieut. R. W. Morrison.
Lieut. G. A. Mowatt.
Lieut. C. E. Fairweather.
Lieut. R. W. Weldon.
Lieut. A. D. Carter.

Lieut, A. D. Carer.

Signalling officer—Capt. A. O. Dawson.

Quartermaster with honorary rank of

cutenant—Master Gunner W. J. Chev-

George Arsenau Andrew Flynn-John Davis. James Mills-James MillsRoy Victor Powell.
Herman G. Phillips.
Thomas Whittle.
William Ed. Ruddle.
William Demerchant.
William H. Hunt.
Edward McGowan.
Daniel H. Beers.
John Roberts.

William Thomas.
William Vantassel
William Hanson.
Egbert M. Robinson.
Albert H. Steeves.
James S. Allaby.
Solomon Cohen. Fred Legere. William Smalley. James Archdeaco

William Stewart. Ralph Lindsey.
Alexander C. Rivers.
Charles L. Tait. Charles L. Tait. Harry C. Grant. Allen H. Bremner. William K. Gibb. Robert Barle Napier.

Robert Barie Napier.
Charles A. Prince,
William Jas, Brown.
Edward John Seymon
Herbert W. Peacock,
Edward Bernard.
Fred Moulton.
Alfred McIntosh.
Frank Kelly.
Charles Crimes

Leslie Williston John Gammon. William Cunningham Alfred Williston. Albert Flemming. Sanford Savage.

John Savage.
Harry Brown.
John Kelly,
James Casey.
Percy Congle,
J. J. O'Brien.

Murray.

B. H. Colpitts. K. A. Swetka. W. McAuley. J. Robinson. R. Allen.

N. Armstrong. H. Dixon. G. Geary.

W. Burton S. Hart. H. Elgin. H. Spare. W. Willock. J. Kay. F. McKay. T. Andrews. H. Shaw.

Corporal G. Kearns.
Corporal M. Stockley.
Corporal G. Ambrose.
Lance-Corporal J. Malone.
Lance-Corporal H. Howes.

RUSSIA FOR PEACE.

me despatch to the Post, says: "Germany, alarmed at the Rus-elan successes, has made prelimi-nary offers of peace to the Rus-elan government, which have been

J. E. Whitman.
F. S. Snow.
W. B. Robinson
W. Moore,
J. C. Johnston.
H. Meehan.
E. Whalen.
J. J. Hanlon.
J. W. Cory.
M. Raeburn.
W. Henderson.
W. Henderson.

217-T. Andrews NEW BRUNSWICKERS

The names of the men from the 74th cial answer to all inquiries.

and 71st follow:

Capt. N. F. G. Woodbridge, Frederiton.

Lieut. J. H. Sproul, Hampton.
Lieut. M. P. Titus, Bloomfield.
Lieut. B. Wade, Fredericton.
Lieut. A. Good, Fredericton.
Lieut. A. Good, Fredericton.
Sergt. J. A. Richardson, Sackville.
Sergt. H. White, Long Reach.
Sergt. E. Smith, Hampton.
Sergt. C. Carvell, Long Reach.
Sergt. A. A. Leeman, Moncton.
Sergt. G. H. Lucas, Sussex.
Corporal R. Boyce, Sussex.
Corporal R. McAdam, Sussex.
Corporal R. McAdam, Sussex.
Corporal R. Harper, Sackville.
Bugler J. Cole, Sussex.
Private E. Allain, Sackville.
Private J. Brownell, Moncton.
Private J. Brownell, Moncton.
Private J. Bourgeois, Moncton.
Private H. Cheltey, Moncton.
Private W. Cormier, Moncton.
Private A. Cormier, Sackville.
Private G. Crocker, White's Mills.
Private G. Fowler, Sussex.
Private F. Dobson, Sackville.
Private G. Fowler, Sussex.
Private R. Feeney, Bale Verte.
Private T. Felmming, Sackville.

Private R. Feeney, Base Verte.
Private T. Felmming, Sackville.
Private F. Goodwin, Sackville.
Private G. Goodwin, Sackville.
Private G. Goodwin, Sackville.
Private H. Gray, Moncton.
Private J. H. Hear, Moncton.
Private G. Hope, Moncton.
Private G. Hope, Moncton.
Private G. Hope, Moncton.
Private R. L. Leaman, Moncton.
Private F. Marlow, White's Mills.
Private F. Maller, White's Mills.
Private F. Marlow, White's Mills.
Private F. Marlow, White's Mills.
Private F. Marlow, White's Mills.
Private G. Perkins, Moncton.
Private G. Perkins, Moncton.
Private A. Robinson, Sackville.
Private A. Robinson, Sackville.
Private E. Scoville, Hampton.
Private F. Slater, Moncton.
Private F. Slater, Moncton.
Private F. Slater, Moncton.
Private F. Slater, Moncton.
Private W. Teakles, Moncton.
Private W. Teakles, Moncton.
Private M. Warden, Moncton.
Private P. Wheaton, Hillsboro,
Private P. Wheaton, Hillsboro,
Private W. Walton, Sackville.
Private W. Walton, Sackville.
Private P. Wiseman, Moncton.
Sergeant P. Wilson, Fredericton.
Corporal A. Williams, Fredericton.
Corporal J. Burrow, Gibson.
Lance Corp. J. McLean, St. Stephen.
Lance Corp. T. Jones, Milltown.
Lance Corp. Ralph Hanson, Marysville.
Private P. E. Allen, Fredericton.

Private S. Brewer, Fredericton. Private S. Kitchen, Fredericton. Private G. Crowley, Fredericton. Private G. Crowley, Fredericton.
Private W. Masters Fredericton.
Private D. J. Brewer, Burts Corner
Private F. Tyler, St. Marys.
Private P. Campbell, Frederict

Private P. Campbell, Fredericto Junction.

Private A. Burrell, McAdam.

Private R. Ferris, Spring Hill.

Private J. Robinson, Marysville.

Private A. Baxter, Milltown.

Private J. Booth, Milltown.

Private R. Casey, Milltown.

Private R. Casey, Milltown.

Private T. Casey, Milltown.

Private T. Graham, Milltown.

Private T. Graham, Milltown.

Private F. Harrison, Milltown.

Private Ray Hanson, Milltown.

Private W. Hacking, Milltown.

Private U. Hulme, Milltown.

Private J. McIntyre, Milltown.

Private T. Webster, Milltown.

Private R. Bartlett, St. Stephen.

Private W. Boyd, St. Stephen.

Private F. Fleming, St. Stephen.

Private B. McNamara, St. Stephen.

Private B. McNamara, St. Stephen.

Private B. McNamara, St. Stephen.

Private L. Whiteley, St. Stephen.

Private F. Daniels, Fredericton.

Officers for the 67th Regiment an

RUSSIANS SINK FOUR TRANSPORTS

Petrograd, Nov. 10-An official communication from the general staff of the navy issued this evening gives the details of the sinking recently of several Turkish transports. The communication says:

"The commander of the Russian fleet, on nearing Port Sangouldak sent two of his ships, with some torpedo boats, to destroy the buildings and workshops of the port. This was done successfully. Moreover, a Turkish steamer was sunk. "At the same time our scout ship sighted a Turkish military

transport filled with soldiers, which was about to put to sea. Our cruiser approached this vessel and opened fire and sank it. Then the Russian fleet put to sea. "Shortly afterwards the Russian fleet sighted through the mist

a Turkish naval column of two transports, one of which, the Midhat Pasha, had hoisted the war pennant. Torpedo boats sent to destroy these transports soon sighted a third one.

"The three transports, laden with ammunition, guns, automobiles and aeroplanes, were sunk. We saved and captured 248 men from the ships, among them several German officers and a staff officer, who was bearing some documents. The prisoner declared that the transports were to be used to take troops of Trebizond."

London, Nov. 11, 12.25 a. m.—According to a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Constantinople by way of Rome,

"There is not the least apprehension for the ship," was the offi-

AIR CRAFT AND FIRING ALARM SHEERNESS.

London, Nov. 10, 3.25 p. m .- A despacth to the Evening News from Dover says: "As the result of a report that an airship had been sighted over

Sheerness, the searchlight corps was busy all night. Later the airship was reported over Harwich. 'Firing was heard on the eastern cliffs between 2 and 2.30 o'clock this morning."

BRITISH SHIPS ON WAY TO PACIFIC.

Buenos Aires, Nov. 10-The British cruisers Carnarvon and Defence arrived here today, accompanied by the transport Orama .

The Defene is an armored cruiser of 14,600 tons displacement, a fact that makes her presence in the somewhat shallow waters of the River Plate rather remarkable and another proof of the ability of the British navy to meet all demands upon it. The Defence has a length of 490 feet and a beam of 74 1-2 and a draft of 26 feet. She is armed with four 9-inch guns, ten 7.5-inch, sixteen 12-pounders and five machine guns and her armor belt is 6-4 inches in thickness. She was launched at the only Welsh shipbuilding port of Pembroke in

The Carnarvon is also an armored cruiser of somewhat smaller size, her displacement being 10,850 tons and her length 390 feet. She has four 7.5 guns, six 6-inch, twenty 3-pounders and two machine guns. She left the stocks in 1905 and the total cost of the vessel with the guns, etc., was \$4,500,000.

Buenos Aires is 100 miles up river from Montevideo and far outside the usual track of war vessels, so that it is possible that the Defence and the Carnarvon are there for coaling purpoes.

One of the last occasions that a British war vessel had to visit Buenos Aires was in the early sixties when, in conjunction with the French, they blockaded the port owing to one of the many cases of defaulting payment by the province of Cordoba.

ITALY SUFFERS FROM AUSTRIAN MINE.

Ancona, Italy, via Rome, Nov. 10, 11.55 p. m.—A floating mine exploded today so near in shore in the vicinity of Fossacesia that it seriously damaged the flag station of the railway line running along the sea front. There were no casualties.

It is understood the Italian government has addressed representations to Austria concerning mines in the Adriatic.

Germans Lose Good Sized Fleet In Battle Since War Began

The list v.

lows:
Name. Class.
Protected cruiser
Mainz—Protected cruiser
Accellange Coeln—Protected Coeln—Protected cruiser
Accellange Coeln—Protected Coeln—Protected cruiser
Accellange Coeln—Protected Coeln—Protected

Losses to the German navy inflicted by the British and allies since the war began amount to twenty-two vessels, exclusive of one unnamed destroyer, and the converted cruisers Trafalgar, Spreewald and Princess Alice. This is also exclusive of two hundred merchantmen, with a total tonnage of about 200,000, captured or sunk by the British.

The list of German naval losses follows:
Name. Class.

Displacement.

Yorck—Armored cruiser

1,604

Geier—(B) Unprotected cruiser ... 984

Trafalgar—Converted cruiser ... 984

Trafalgar—Converted cruiser ... 984

Evaluation of two hundred merchantmen, with a total tonnage of about 200,000, captured or sunk by the British.

The list of German naval losses follows:

Name. Class.

Displacement.

Yorck—Armored cruiser ... 9,350

GERMAN SPY PAID DEATH PENALTY

Charles A. Inglis, who was found guilty by a court martial of espionage November 2, has been shot as a spy.

Lody, when arrested, claimed to be an American, but later confessed that he was a German. He had lived in New York and Omaha. In the latter city he married the daugnter of Gottlieb Stors, a brewer, who later divorced him.

Lody had admitted being an allen enemy posing as a civilian—at times as an American—meanwhile communicating important information to Germany. He described the prisoner as one "upon whom the international law against sples should be imposed."

Counsel for the defence admitted that Lody was a German lieutenant, and said he had taken the risks because he thought it was his highest duty to do so. He asked for a sentence less than

London, Nov. 10—It is officially announced that Carl Hans Lody, alias Charles A. Inglis, who was found guilty Lody had admitted being an alien enemy

Private W. Boyd, St. Stephen.
Private F. Fleming, St. Stephen.
Private A. McNamara, St. Stephen.
Private B. McNamara, St. Stephen.
Private B. McNamara, St. Stephen.
Private L. Whiteley, St. Stephen.
Private L. Whiteley, St. Stephen.
Private F. Daniels, Fredericton.
Officers for the 67th Regiment aret Captain J. C. McLaughlin, Woodstock: Lieutenant C. M. Rideout, Edmundston; Lieutenant C. E. Williams, Lakeville.

The body of William Kelly, who was drowned on Monday morning at Chipman from the river steamer Elaine, has not yet been recovered. A large number of men scarched the vicinity all day yesterday but failed to locate the hody. Late in the afternoon they had to discontinue their work on account of the weather, but they will continue this morning.

Stors, a brewer, who later divorced him.
Carl Hans Lody, the first man to be shot as spy in England in generations, so. He asked for a sentence less than tought it was his highest duty to do so. He asked for a sentence less than tought it was his highest duty to do so. He asked for a sentence less than tought it was his highest duty to do so. He asked for a sentence less than tought it was his highest duty to do so. He asked for a sentence less than tength in generations, so the fact all the foll penalty were shot as spy in England in generations, so the was distourch as a guide by a tour.
Lody met his dath, but said if the full penalty were exacted Lody would face it like a man.
Lody met his dath, but said if the full penalty were shot as spy in England in generations, so the fact all the special penalty in the full penalty were shot as spy in England in generations, so the full penalty were death, but said if the full penalty were exacted Lody would face it like a man.
Lody met his death, but said if the full penalty were death, but said if the full penalty were the shot as spy in England in generations, so the full penalty were death, but said if the full penalty we accord here as the fourth in the full penalty were death, but said if the full penalty were deat

THE SEMUNITARY TERRAPPORT (SON N. N. WATCHERY, NOVEMBER 14, 1964)

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THE SEMUNITARY TERRAPPORT (SON N. N. WATCHERY, NOVEMBER 14, 1964)

THE SEMUNITARY TERRAPPORT (SON N. N.

is the many daring and successful raids and everywhere in Germany by officers and politicians, and consequently there arose an expectation that Paris would be besieged after a brief and tribuphant march of the German army through France. That was what Germany expected. Doubtless the more where off the Atlantic coast of sober minded men anticipated some stiff ment of neutral ports to be destroyed of fighting, but they had little doubt about they will be read also by everywhay as possible of their many expected. Those who have read the recent of the was to make the report public so on as it was submitted. The government could have "considering it while the fatter many daring and successful raids of the many daring the cause of the war or to say snything more in support of the undoubted justice of our cause; yet there are a success that they will be read also by every many expected. Doubtless the more than the properties of the successful raids of the many daring the cause of the war of the undoubted justice of our cause; yet there has been as much misrepresentation in connection with the matter from the British leaders, will hope that they will be read also by every many important they will be read also by every many expected. Doubtless the more they not the matter of public record. The companies that the properties of the way to Plymouth Town, and other British leaders, will hope that they will be read also

standing from the first because the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the first because the standing from the first because the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the first because the standing from the first because the first because the standing from the first because the standing from the first because the first becaus

Finest B **Physic**

This is Comment Canadians in Gen. Alderson adian Khaki G Canadians No Soldiers.

(By Wm. Blaynay in Salisbury Plain, Oct. 2 the morning of the 15th e continued to arrive on the western portion Plain from the transports norning a battalion of inf in to the Bustard or West Camp, the next a section the West Down North units have come from A tion, where they detrained anything from six to ten Arriving in Camp. All day long heavily sauled by powerful traction

transport wago big Army the railway and the car immense quantities of equi-ammunition and the hund things necessary to a mode paring for active service, themselves seem to have h if any equipment to carry transports and the camp. are arriving packed in big, painted boxes, their blan bundles, and so on with l nets, and water bottle. I passed a detachment of on the road between Am camp, and only one of anything at all to carry be coat; this was a beautiful a blue ribbon round its mental pet or "mascot," dians prefer it.

Most of the men seem camp in the early morn men and horses arrive in

numbers at almost every day, and even the night. ricia's Own, possibly, camp with more military was generally noticeable. I pipers and buglers woke the hillside plantations at and the troops swung fo straight as an arrow. E vice in the past, the regime posed almost entirely of ex those who have already by service. They form a li camp by themselves adjace tard Camp, of which it dividing line between and the "Pets" being a tion on the shoulder as the Royal Flying Corps. A particular regiment, the wastrap bearing the legend

Whilst the men of who are encamped at thunits of those located at t -West Down South, We bury, the bulk of the 2 Highland Brigade, and trained at Patney and tion on the G. W. R. is composed entirely of ferent Ontario regime Brigade consists of mer Canada; the Highland E ments throughout Canadamay be said of the Car Army Service Corps, and other details. Bu and other details. Brog relatives, friends and visi find their Canadian frien Plain should look for in Ontario and those of Pr Own (recruited from minion), together with t Bustard Camp; for western Canada and tho land regiments of the o

The Brigades.

men, engineers, and me service corps at the Wes Camp; and for cavalrym Farm Camp. A Canadian Aviator. Each brigade is complete brigade, and is supplied equipped army medical Brigade has brought an machine from Valcartie Capt. Pannay is the onl contingent. He hails from the camp at Valcartier, see in the contingent. He w on and given the rank has not yet reached from Plymouth. Aprope of the service, it may be the scores of aeroplan flying school in the loca of unusual interest to many of whom have n casional exhibition of other of the fairs or cir The social welfare of

> ing in consort to suppl camp is provided with tent, where the men m letters, read the newsp zines, play games of chase stationery, wr stamps, picture post ies otherwise unobtain addition, a "sing-song" evening, and the oppo this particular time by the Y. M. C. A. officia few words of advice the men. The tents overflowing each eveni both lusty and volum sphere thick with the dreds of pipes, cigars general movement thr ach of the many table by those busily engage ters and postcards.

> wided through the good M. C. A., both the Br

BRITAIN AND LESS BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

rom far across the wave—
Plymouth glorious with renown
f Britain's true and brave;
the way to Plymouth Town,
o keep the Empire free,
y come, the great Dominion's sons,
er dauntless chivairy.

is better for Canada to throw he es into this war than have this wa

ne Worcester Gazette suggests as the pean battle hymn: Onward, Chris-- Mohammedan - Buddhist - Shinto-

Finest Body of Men, Physically, Ever Seen on Salisbury Plains

This is Comment of Special Writer Who Visited Canadians in Camp Two Weeks Ago-Maj.-Gen. Alderson on the Canteen Question-Canadian Khaki Greener Than British Product-Canadians Not Unlike Better Class of Russian Soldiers.

(By Wm. Blaynay in Canada.)
Salisbury Plain, Oct. 26—Ever since the morning of the 15th the Canadians have continued to arrive at their camps on the western portion of Salisbury Plain from the transports at Plymouth, and still there are more to come. One morning a battalion of infantry marches in to the Bustard or West Down South Camp, the next a section of artillery to the West Down North Camp. Both units have come from Amesbury Station, where they detrained, a matter of anything from six to ten miles.

Arriving in Camp.

If may be mentioned that in one day the post bag of the Y. M. C. A. tent at the Bustard Camp contained nearly 2,500 letters and cards for despatch to the Civil Post Office at the camp. Moreover, this happened on a day when only two out of the four battalions of the Ist Brigade had reached the camp. In addition to chaplains, representatives of various religious denominations, Y. M. C. A. officials and workers from Camada are attached to various battalions and brigades. These have been given the rank of officers, and wear the union many particular badge of their rank.

DEFENDERS OF EGYPT



Painful Corns Removed

A most successful concert and pie social was held at Holderville on Saturday night, and the sum of \$38.20 was realized, which is to be contributed to the Belgian Relief Fund. Miss Greer, the school teacher, was in charge of the affair. A lengthy programme was carried out, and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all present.

British Gunboat and Austrian Cruiser Lost

London, Nov. 12, 12.55 a. m.—The little British torpedo gunboat Niger, which was built twenty-two years ago and has been used as a tender, is the latest victim of a German submarine. She was torpedoed yesterday morning in the Down, north of the Straits of Dover, and foundered immediately. The

The Admiralty, in announcing the loss of the ship, says:

"The Niger, Lieutenant Commander Arthur T. Muir, was torpedoed this bring, (November 11) in the Downs. All the officers and 77 of the crew as saved. Four men were injured. It is thought that there was no loss of

"The Niger has been employed in semi-combatant duties."

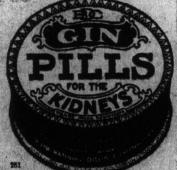
The Niger carried a complement of 85 men. The gunboat was built in 1892. She had a displacement of 810 tons, and was 230 feet long. Her armament consisted of two 4.7-inch guns, four three-pounders, one machine gun and three 18-inch torpedo tubes. Her speed at the time she was built was 19.2

The Kaiserin Elizabeth is a second class cruiser of 6,000 tons, length 321 feet, built in 1872. She carried two 9,4-inch Krupp guns and six 5.9-in thirteen 1.8 and four machine guns with five torpedo tubes and a complem of 418 men. She was very heavily armed in proportion se her size.

Sell Well In The United States As Well As Throughout Canada

Letters from Massachusetts, New York and Indiana.

If you have any Kidney or Bladder Trouble, Take Gin Pills



What Well-known English Proverbs Do These Pictures Represent?





LONDON SCOTTISH **LEADING THE WAY**

London, Nov. 11, 10.20 p. m.—The official press bureau issues the following descriptive account, which has been communicated by an eye-witness present with general headquarters, and which continues and supplements the narrative published on November 6, of the movements of the British force, and the French armies in immediate touch with it:

"November 4-Before the chronological record of the course of events is resumed a short description will be given of the part in the battle played on October 31 by the London Scottish. The occasion is not looked upon as a special one, because this battalion acquitted itself well-for that was regarded as a matter of course-nor because it has done better than the regular battalions, who have been doing as much, if not more, for weeks on end.

"It is a special event, because it forms an epoch in the military history of the British empire, and marks the first time that a complete unit of our Territorial army has been thrown into a fight alongside its sister units of the regular

"Briefly what happened was this: On Saturday (October 31) being ordered to take up a section of the firing line to support some of our cavalry, and having adanveed to its position under heavy fire from field guns, howitzers and machine guns, the battalion reached a point where further movement forward was impossible. There it maintained itself until dusk, when it proceeded to entrench.

what his opinion was worth remains to be seen.

What his opinion was worth remains to be seen.

What his opinion was worth remains to be seen.

"During the afternoon a German aeroplane was temporadjusted, however, and by evening the situation in this quarter was the same as it had been twenty-four hours earlier. "That night some shells were thrown into Ypres itself. Further to the south the Germans had, during the previous night, re-taken the village of Messines.

"The maximum effort of the Germans to be seen.

What his opinion was worth remains to be seen.

"During the afternoon a German aeroplane was captured, quite uninjured. On the secondary division, on Fundamental Principles. He also led a conference on 'Teen Age Training.

In the afternoon Rev. W. A. Ross, general secretary, spoke of the formation with boys' work in the province, and Mr. Alexander spoke on leadership.

into Ypres itself. Further to the south the Germans had, during the previous night, re-taken the village of Messites, and had also captured Wytschacte. "The maximum effort of the Germans will be such as the president of the correction of the correction of the latter place by a brilliant bayonet charge, but we did not occupy it. A few of the prisoners taken at this place were only 17 years of age, and said that they had had practically no training and little food. Some of the mention over fired a rifle before. "More to the south ince enemy and said that they had had practically no training and little food. Some of the remained in hostile handra necessitated a elight advanced in force, but were checked. Slill further towards our right a hostile state from this quarter, the homhardment our finning all day. "During the action around these two villages the Germans moving across our front suffered very greatly from the massed fire of our horse artilitery, at short range, but though they fell literally in heaps they still came on with admirable determination. "South of the Lys-some of the trenches which had been lost on the previous night were e-captured by us, otherway battery was knocked out by our artilities." The supplied to the surface of our horse artilitery to the sund the enemy contented themselves with hombarding our trongs to get as much needed with boundarding our trongs to get as much needed with boundarding our trongs to get as much needed with boundarding our trongs to get as much needed with boundarding our trongs to get as much needed with will be sunday contented. Hemselves with hombarding our trenches: A has a south in the meighborhood of Wytschaete will be only an admirable determination. "South of the Lys-some of the trenches which had been lost on the previous night were e-captured by us, otherway battery was knocked out by our artilities." The previous night were e-captured by us, otherway battery was knocked out by our artilities. The previous night were e-captured by the province of New Stan

"That the International Sunday School Association and the Sunday School Council of Evangelical denominations recognize the right of each denomination to determine its own standard. Schools meeting denominational requirements to be known as standard schools and those schools meeting international and provincial requirements, in addition to their denomination requirements are to be known as international standard schools." London, Nov. 11, 9.80 p. m.—The Germans have resumed their attack on the allied line between the coast and the Lys, river, and while the French claim generally to have held their positions the Germans have succeeded in capturing the town of Dixmude, which has been the centre of some of the flercest and most sanguinary lighting of the war.

The country between Dixmude and Ypres, where the belligerents have been engaged in violent attacks and counter-attacks for weeks past and where the losses have been heavier even than those in the battle of the Yser, is again the scene of a battle, which for fury has seldom, if ever, been equalled.

Behind Dixmude is the direct road to Dunkirk, one of the French ports on which the Germans have set their hearts, and if they can break through here the Allies will be compelled to fall back to new positions. The invaders have therefore been concentrating their forces at this point, and their success in taking Dixmude, where they claim to have captured 500 prisoners, and positions to the west of Langemarck, where, according to the Berlin report, 2,000 prisoners fell into their hands, shows that the statements, so freely made, that they have been sending troops from the west to Poland, are without foundation. schools."

The secondary division superintendent stated that there is an enrollment of 7,692 with 46 organized classes. There are many hundreds of boys and girls who will be brought into the division

they have been sending troops from the west to Poland, are without foundation.

It is considered quite certain that with the enormous forces required for the effort to get through to the coast and to protect their own country from Russian invasion fhe Germans will not be able to throw any additional troops into the lines which stretch through Northern France and along the Franco-German border.

On the other hand the French, whose army is growing daily, might attempt an offensive against Lorraine or Alsace as a diversion which would relieve the pressure in the west.

The Germans, according to Petrograd despatches, have suffered a more serious defeat on the East Prussian border than the official statements have disclosed. Advices from the Russian capital today state that in the recent lighting there the Russians have captured more than 20,000 prisoners, together with quantities of guns and munitions.

After the predictions that the war could not be ended within three years, the British prime minister, Mr. Asquith, in a statement in the House of Commons today that he did not believe it would last so long as was originally expected, struck rather a cheerful note. While some continue to believe that the war will be one of years, there is an increasing number who think that the great offensive campaign by the Allies in the spring, when England's new army of 1,000,000 men can take the field and Russia and France will be stronger than ever, will bring the conflict to an end, exhaustion also playing its part.

When Premier Asquith was asked how many more men and the order of the surface.

stronger than ever, will bring the conflict to an end, exhaustion also playing its part.

When Premier Asquith was asked how many more men would be required, he would not risk a seply. Mr. Asquith further intimated that a vote of credit of considerable dimensions would be asked by the government, and that there would be another vote for men. This indicates that the government intends to go beyond the million men asked for by Earl Kitchener, secretary of state for war, and that the recruiting will continue until the war is concluded.

Mr. Asquith announced that the responsibility for the sending of a naval brigade of marines to Antwerp to assist in the defense of that city while it was being besieged, for which Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, has been crificized, rested with the government as a whole. The premier said that Earl Kitchener had been consulted, and approved the step.



CANADIAN MEDICAL CORPS GOING TO FRONT

London, Now. 10—(Montreal Gazette Cable)—Some sections of the Medical services which accompanied the Canadian contingent to England will soon leave for the front. Todsy, under special orders, No. 2, General Hospital, Salisbury Plain, paraded for inspection and made preparation to be ready at any hour to carry out departure orders for an unknown destination. The senior officers include: Lt.-Col. J. W. Bridges, Lt.-Col. R. D. Rudolphe, Lt.-Col. W. A. Scott and Major W. A. Gorrell.

No. 1 General Hospital is being erected at Salisbury Plain, where the ambulances were found insufficient, although the number of sick are said not to be abnormal, notwithstanding the bad weather for the past two weeks.

No. 1 Stationary Hospital is being established at Hampstead Heath, North London, where the Mount Vernon Hospital has been secured. It will be opened in a few days, and will be in charge of Lt.-Col. Lorne Drum, of Ottawa.

No. 2 Stationary Hospital accompanion.

from the western theatre of war had left Berlin for Posen. The weakening of the German cavalry force in Flanders he be-lieves to be due in part to the fact that In Time of V Prepare for Business in Canada

> THE STJONE Jusiness

LILLE IN BUINS "FOR GOOD CLOTHING STOP AT OAK HALL." a point where further movement forward was impossible. There it maintained itself until dusk, when it proceeded to entremeh. "From 9 o'clock that night until 2 a. m. Sunday, the Germans made numerous attacks on the Scottish line, all of which were repulsed by rifle fire. At 2 a. m., they made their great effort, and assaulted the front and left of the position in great force. A considerable number succeeded, by a detour, in getting around the flank of the regiment. A large proportion of these were engaged by the comfirms and second lines of trenches and assailed our firing line in the rear of the automobile. In addition panies in support and reserve, while other penetrated between the grant and second lines of trenches and assailed our firing line in the rear. "While the fighting with rifle and bayonet was going on, both in second and a store of the support of the point of the proposal of the pr





THIS BOOK FREE FOR THE ASKING



THIS BOOK MEANS FCONOMY FOR EVERY HOME

HAVE WE TO SELL?

are many hundreds of boys and girls who will be brought into the division bhis year.

In his report, as general secretary, Rev. Mr. Ross said that the year closing with this convention has been one of strenuous work in our Sunday school field. During the year conventions have been held in all the counties of the province except St. John and Gloucester, St, John-county will hold its convention sext week and Gloucester may have one yet. Nearly all counties are thoroughly organized with parish associations and the secretary visited nearly all of these bodies during the year. The work has never been better organized than at present but we need a more intensive cultivation of the field and a consequent development of local talent.

Far too many schools close during the winter months; about 40 per centare in this dormant condition during from three to seven months of the year. By comparing county statistics with available denominational reports it has been possible to present the most complete report of recent years. Our gains are marked, due to better reports being received rather than phenonenal increase. From 650 schools reporting out of 750, the enrollment of scholars is 30,543, a gain of over 10,000; teachers and officers, 4,962, a gain of 1,500; cradler roll membership, 2,966, a gain of 185; home department 2,123, a loss of 32; grand total enrollment, 49,591, a gain of 12,746.

The percentage of the Protestant population in Sunday schools is only 30 per suitable as Christmas gifts for young and old. We think we can supply your every need at the yulctide season—a season which comes but once a year and when it comes it bring in just what you are lookin

The percentage of the Protestant population in Sunday schools is only 30 per cent, and the problem is to reach the



ON ALL ORDERS FOR ANY AMOUNT LARGE OR SMALL ON

MEN'S. WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S OUTER GARMENTS

THIS IS IN ADDITION TO OUR ENGE DELVERY OF ALL GOODS CATALOGUED AND HEAVY GOODS QUOTED PREPAID

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You can't go wrong you can' make any mistake when you send an order to EATON'S. You are protected-vou are more than protected-you are absolutely secured by the EATON guarantee—a guarantee which is lived up to-a guarantee which says: "If you are not satisfied with your purchase we will refund your noney in full, and pay the transportation charges both ways." You run no risk whatever when you send us your money., If you have never dealt with us-send us a trial order. Every benefit to be derived from the EATON guaran-

AGENTS WANT

BELIABLE representative trees throughout New our good men to represent ad general agents. The sp aken in the fruit-growing New Brunswick offers exe portunities for men of ente offer a permanent position pay to the right men. Stone ton, Toronto, Ont. THERE is a boom in the

in New Brunswick. liable Agents now in every district. Pay weekly; Pelham Nursery Co., Toro

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WANTED-General mai ing; must be able to d ing. Apply by letter Mr Arthur, East Riverside, N. Rothesay 57.

GUNSMITHS

SINIBALDI & OGDEN King square. Guns, I volvers repaired. Also for exchange. Ammunition. English guns.

brisker than ever before, supply just what Europe must have at any cost. Who will be ready to of the opportunities that Send, today, for our n Can enter at any time



WATTS-HARVEY-On 1914, by the Rev. W. G. La Watts to Gertrude Lymb

MARRIAGE

ooth of this city.
DEAN-TYNER—At the 11th inst., by Rev. W. Hazel, eldest daughter of Walter Dean, to George I

STEWART-Mrs. Jean ow of John Stewart, I. C at 12 Cannon street, city.

McQUARRIE—On the
Plaster Rock, Neil McQu years, leaving wife, one aughters.
BOYLE—In this city, o

Mary Regina, only daugh and Anastasia Boyle, in the her age, leaving father, brother to mourn. (Bost HICKMAN-On Nov. John Hickman, and daug Rev. John Prince, in the her age, leaving to mou Mrs. George Barnes. BROWN—At Butte, M gh Brown, formerly ANDERSON-At the Patrick street, on the 1 beth Anderson, daughte William and Jane Ande years, leaving two sis brother to mourn. KNOX—Kathleen, wife Knox, of Millidgeville, on aged 26 years. ged 26 years. BELYEA—After a

> his wife and IN MEMOR

ice, 20 Paddock str Thomas M. Belyea,

PARKER-In loving Isaac Newton Parker, w life November 8, 1910.

CONDENS NEWS: L AND GEN

Reports of the slaugh missioners show the ki Jas. McGrath & Son, sheep and 48 calves; cattle, 15 sheep and

Trooper Sharp, one goons on duty at the here, received painful in ing when a horse kicked knocking out four of his loosening two lower was taken to the ho wounds were attended

gram from his sister, M in England, to the effe band, Major Clinch, ha in the shoulder, was bro and is doing well. No lars are given of the of Major Clinch's Clinch, who is in the I of the late R. T. Clinc vice in the South Afric

The following were neys before the Suprer day in Fredericton: D. Phinney, K.C., Jos Three Brooks; William John; John A. Creagh Kelly, Campbellton, and ley, Woodstock. In the and Blue vs. Miller, le time to file factums motion of Mr. Phinn

> Rev. Ralph Sherman sistant to the rector, strong, arrived in the and occupied the pulpi Sunday. Mr. Sherman Fredericton and is a g N. B., where he sectoscholarship and contin Oxford Mr Sherman guest of Mr. and Mrs. rincess street. The redericton, sisters of are in the city, at the

ong the recent subscriptions is from American friends, through and Mrs. F. C. Salter. The total w nearly \$100,000, the amount or-lly fixed, but this estimate has been

western theatre of war had left r Posen. The weakening of the cavalry force in Flanders he beue in part to the fact that

mer Lewis, 99 tons, owned by G. Gray, of Windsor, and bound. Cardigan to Hailfax, is ashore at River, N. S. She has a \$2,000 cargo oduce loaded by J. A. MacDonald.





MEANS! ECONOMY FOR EVERY HOME

HOW DO WE SELL

AGENTS WANTED

THERE is a boom in the sale of trees in New Brunswick. We want reliable Agents now in every unrepresented district. Pay weekly: liberal terms. Pelham Nursery Co., Toronto, Ont. tf

PORT OF ST JOHN

When Stores are Dear

And remember that every bottle of Bovril contains the nourishment and stimulating qualities of many pounds of beef. It is because of its unique feeding properties that Shackleton, when planning his great Antarctic Expedition, said—It must be Bovril.

Of all Stores, ste., at 1-os. 23 c.; 2-oz. 40 c.; 4-oz. 70 c.; 8-oz. \$1.30; 16-oz. \$2.25 Bowril Cordial, large, \$1.25; 5-oz. 40 c.; 16-oz. Johnston's Fluid Beef (Vimbos) \$1.20















LITTLE BLACK BEAR FROM CAMPBELLTON BATTALION MASCOT

Detachment From North Shore Brought Pet Which They Hope to Feed on German Sausage -Fine Class of Men Coming Forward-Efforts come by a large circle of friends Should Not be Relaxed to Complete New

leaves one sister, Mr., George Banes, George State, Mr., Stattleen Kitt, The late Mr. Hickman mwas a member of the Methodit church. The funeral service will lake place at her late residence bourorow moraling that her late residence for the moral management of the Methodit church. Deceased was a life-long enther lateral to Moneton for interment.

Weilnesday, Nov. 11.

The death of Kathleen wife of Harley A. Knox, occurred at the residence. Millidgeville, sesferain. The death of A. Grant Graham.

The death of Kathleen wife of Harley was in her twenty-sixty year. In fire mend will take place tomorrow discreases a mother and one sister, Mrs. Button. How was in her twenty-sixty year. The fire mend will take place tomorrow discreases a mother and one sister, Mrs. Button. How was in her twenty-sixty year. The fire mend will take place tomorrow discreases a mother and one sister, Mrs. Button. How was in her twenty-sixty year. The fire and the sixty-force as another and one sister, Mrs. Button. How was in her twenty-sixty was in her sixty-force and liness of several lays. He was severally when he was deficient with the formal mendal and the more and the sixty-force and liness of several lays. He was severally when he was deficient with the same of the sixty-force and the sixty-force and to the sixty fourth year and leaves two sixters—Mrs. David Ritche, after a year's liness.

Miss Anderson was in her sixty fourth year and leaves two sixters—Mrs. David Ritche, after a year's liness.

Miss Anderson was in her sixty fourth year and leaves two sixters—Mrs. David Ritche, after a year's liness.

Miss Anderson was in her sixty fourth year and leaves two sixters—Mrs. David Ritche, after a year's liness.

Miss Anderson was an advanced by the sixty and th

Fine Class of Man Conting Porceased Computer No. 2016.

Francis South No. 1- the Classes of Man Conting Porceased Computer No. 2016.

Francis South Conting Porceased Conting Porcea

the weight in white many had more for the parties of the control o



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PAID-UP CAPITAL - \$ 8,000,000

property in Hampton.
William Goodill to J. E. McAulay, \$125, property in Stud RHODES SCHOLAR TO

In a recent letter home, Arthur N. Carter, writing from the training camp in England of the King Edward Horse, to which he and other Canadian Rhodes' scholars are attached, speaks of the impatience of the collegrans to get to the front and do something. This, he said, was the characteristic attitude of all who enlisted. Many of the Oxford men, he said, had accepted commissions, but that would ental a longer sojourn in England, and perhaps continuous drilling of recruits. Messrs. Reid and Dyde, Rhodes' men from Nova Scotia and Alberta, were going to remain as well as himself in the K. E. H. and get some experience at the front. Curiously cannough both Reid and Dyde, though representing other provinces at Oxford, are New Brunswickers, the former halling from Carleton County, and Dyde is a son of Doctor Dyde, once a well known professor at the University of New Brunswick.

Commenting upon the delay in getting to the front, Mr. Carter said everyone.

Mustrians, who would travel to Constantinople individually as civilians.

MORE GERMANS ON TURKISH SHIPS.

London, Nov. 12, 5.30 p. m.—An Englishman, long a resident of Constantinople, which city he left on November 1, has arrived in London. He says that in addition to the crews of the cruisers Goeben and Breslau, nearly 3,000 German officers are in the Turkish naval and Breslau, nearly 3,000 German officers are in the Turkish naval the German clerks of public, and private establishments were taken over by the military authorities, and placed in charge of the telegraph and postal departments of the censorship.

He adds: "Every Turkish ship has a German officer in command. It was a mistake that the Khedive was not allowed to return to Egypt some time ago, where he could have carefully watched developments, whereas in Constantinople, he is the centre of the improvement of the constantinople in the King that is a constantinople of the telegraph and postal departments of the Curiously watched developments, whereas in Constantinople, he is the centre of the improvement of th

ROUSING RECRUITING MEETING AT SUSSEX

Audience of More Than 1,000 Aroused to Great Enthusiasm by the Addresses of Bishop Richardson, Rev. E. B. Hooper and Others-Strong Patriotic Songs Preceded

Walker to R. A. Armstrong, TURKISH ARMY CALLS FOR MORE OFFICERS.

Rome, Nov. 12, 8.15 p. m.—Advices from Constantinople say that the Ottoman army still lacks 700 officers, and that the authorities at Berlin were requested to supply them. Berlin replied that it would be impossible to send all Germans, but would supplement them with OF NEW RECRUITS. Austrians, who would travel to Constantinople individually as civil-

Petrograd, Nov. 12—The following communications from the general staff of the Russian army in the Caucacus dated Tiflis, was made public tonight:

"The attacks of the Turks on our positions at Koprukeui November 11, Brunswick.

Commenting upon the delay in getting to the front, Mr. Carter said everyone had implicit confidence in the minister of war, Kitchener, and their personal feelings must give way to his plan of campaign, but there was an impression that, while the German fleet avoided a fight, England would not be left without plenty of troops to repel a possible raid upon the coast.

of the Russian army in the Caucacus dated Tiflis, was made public tonight:

"The attacks of the Turks on our positions at Koprukeui November 11, were repulsed with great losses to the Turks. A Turkish column which attempted to turn our left wing was subjected to the cross-fire of our artifularly and was impetuously attacked by our infantry. The Turks fled into the mountains in complete disorder, pursued by our cavalry.

"Under the protection of the fortified positions of Devobommu the Turks continue to concentrate troops at Erzerum. They apparently are receiving reinforcements by way of Trebizond."

VOL. LIV,

London on his wa

Parliament V Credit

Premier Asquith sures to Crush Has the Fine Together-Da --- Announces Rank and File

London, Nov. 16-The devoted to war measur equested a vote of \$1,125,0 placed." He said there was costing nearly \$5,0

the war. Timothy Healy, the I to them.

John Hodge, the Laborate

the suggestion: "Later of Reginald McKenna, s there were 14,500 alien er and 29,000 at large. WILL GET ALL THE Walter H. Long, Un with the stupendous probbeen expected. He belie would be forthcoming, be

He congratulated the gov

fast determination to car Mr. Long. Mr. Healy blicity, and urged that chievements of the troop William Henry Cowa example, and prohibit the Mr. Healy demanded the soldiers. He said: workhouses again, or the In his closing address ship on France ,and said

try which was doing the was being carried on. INCREASED PAY FOR Dealing with the mat

> "The insufficiency of has long been a reproach scandal when men are lay ener, secretary for war, ha He concluded by decla ten, possibly fifteen per ce been brought together w

The premier told the h largest portion of the fir already had been expende duct of military operation Allies and disbursements ing of food supplies for The expenditure for sug expenditure for sug been especially large, worlief of the premier, ulti couped to the exchequer.
sum had been spent to s
trol of the railroads to the and the expenditure inclu for refugees.

With regard to the purp credit, the far greater bull be for army and navy ex premier said. The civi were inconsiderable, and largely for the purposes o supplies, and for furthe necessary for the Britis which must be made im

Huge Loans to Dominion

Another large item was loans of money to others \$43,000,000. The principalist were to the Belgia £10,000,000, and to Ser which no interest was to til the end of the war. the self-governing domin South Africa, Australia land, countries which, conditions, would be cor row in the London man count for £30,250,000 of for the reason that the dertaken the responsit ns for these dominion