

THE WEATHER.
Maritime - Strong breeze to moderate gales, mostly east and south, occasional snow or rain.

The St. John Standard,

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

OPERA HOUSE
TODAY
at 2.30, 7 and 9
"THE DRUG TERROR"

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GERMANS GAIN AT TWO POINTS BUT FRENCH STILL HOLD THE IMPORTANT STRATEGIC POSITIONS

ADMIRALTY IS LACKING IN DRIVING POWER, CHURCHILL TELLS HOUSE OF COMMONS

While Balfour Declares Condition of Navy Leaves No Room for Pessimism, Churchill Urges That Fisher be Brought Back to Admiralty—Gives Warning to Expect Increase in Germany's Naval Force.

London, March 7.—Andrew Bonar Law, Secretary for the Colonies, announced in the House of Commons today that he was approaching the premier of Great Britain's self-governing dominions with a view to arriving at some comprehensive scheme of land settlement in Great Britain, Canada and Australia for the benefit of discharged soldiers and sailors.

Mr. Balfour in his statement regarding naval construction, said: "At no time in our history has there been so much shipbuilding for war purposes as during the last nineteen months. The fleet is now far stronger than at the outbreak of the war, except with regard to armored cruisers. We lost some of those and did not replace them. In dreadnaughts, battlehips, dreadnaught cruisers, destroyers, submarines and patrol boats there has been a great augmentation which has not suffered any check.

"The same held good, the First Lord declared, "with respect to guns, stores and munitions.

"The royal naval division," he said, "had covered itself with glory at Gallipoli. The wastage had been great and the admiralty proposed to keep it up to its full strength of six divisions. He paid warm tribute to the work of the fleet and said that the health and discipline of the men left nothing to be desired. He especially praised deeds of individual courage, initiative in submarine work, and mine-sweeping and other activities in circumstances of real peril as work of the greatest magnitude. No peril appalled them; no difficulty daunted them and the country's debt to them was almost incalculable.

"The First Lord of the Admiralty paid tribute to the officers of the mercantile marine, who, in the face of the actions of a ruthless and unscrupulous enemy, confronted the dangers and perils of their met them. He tendered these officers his hearty thanks in behalf of the Admiralty. He congratulated the country on the possession in officers of the highest commands of servants worthy to carry out great aims. He was glad to know that cordial feeling prevailed in the service, with the freest exchange of ideas in matters of strategy and tactics and he believed there had never been the smallest difference of opinion between the boards of the Admiralty and the various admirals in command in different parts of the world.

"In summing up the conclusions to be drawn from his remarks, Mr. Balfour provoked laughter by saying there was a kind of Teutonic swagger, which he would not go within a thousand miles of, and that he desired to show nothing in the nature of overconfidence. The first lord said he had seen statements that Berlin was flagged on the occasion of the return of the German raider Moeve.

"This was a disguised steamer, which had succeeded in sinking a number of merchantmen and eluding the British patrols and getting back to Germany by way of the north of Iceland.

"Doubtless the captain and officers of the Moeve displayed seamanship qualities, Mr. Balfour continued, but he thought the British ought to draw the conclusion that if the enemy's capital was betagged for such a feat his standard of achievement was not a high one.

No Ground for Pessimism.

"Mr. Balfour said that in his opinion there was not the slightest justification for certain pessimism which had reached him from various quarters. He acknowledged that the most serious provisions would not preclude accident or disaster, and granted that the British naval obligations to Great Britain's own shores and commerce, but that upon the

GERMAN GAINS AROUND VERDUN WON AT TERRIBLE COST TO THE ATTACKERS

Infantry Attacks by Enemy Increase in Violence—Nothing Definite, Despite Reports, to Show That German Fleet has Left Kiel to Seek Battle

Driving hard against the French line northwest and southeast of Verdun, the Germans have been enabled to make additional gains toward Verdun, but with extremely heavy casualties, according to Paris. Hill 265, to the southeast, and a portion of Corbeaux wood, directly south of Forges, have been occupied by the Germans through strong infantry attacks which were preceded by extremely heavy bombardments. The town of Fresnes in the Woëvre also has been captured.

The German attack was over the entire front west of the Meuse extending from Bethacourt to the river, but except in the Corbeaux wood and at Hill 265, the French held back the attackers at all points.

Thus the French still occupy the important strategic position on the heights of the Cote De L'Or, for the possession of which numerous sanguinary engagements have been fought.

The occupation of a portion of the Corbeaux wood would indicate that the Germans have advanced over three miles since they took the town of Forges. The Germans succeeded in penetrating a French redoubt in the region of Douaumont, but immediately were thrown out in a counter-attack.

The re-capture by the Germans of a position from the French in Champagne, the pushing of the German line farther forward in the Argonne forest and the expulsion of small British detachments from captured German trenches southeast of Verdun, are related in the latest German official reports. The British are defending the famous Hohenzollern redoubt against German bombing attacks.

Despite the report from Rome that twenty German dreadnaughts have come into the North Sea from their base at Kiel, and other reports which seemed to preface the imminence of a naval battle, nothing definite has come through to show that German warships are out manoeuvring, or seeking battle.

On British Front.

London, March 7, 10.23 p. m.—"The day has been quiet, except in the neighborhood of the Hohenzollern redoubt, where the enemy made three unsuccessful bombing attacks last night," says the British official statement issued tonight. "This morning he exploded a mine in the same place. We command the crater.

"There has been much activity with trench mortars, grenades and artillery fire between the Hohenzollern redoubt and Loos."

LAURIER USED POSITION TO GET SHELL ORDER FOR ONE OF HIS CONSTITUENTS

SIR ROBERT BORDEN SHOWS GRIT LEADER GUILTY OF ACTIONS HE CONDEMNED IN OTHERS—USED INFLUENCE AND PRESTIGE TO HELP VOTER GET CONTRACT—PREMIER INVITES OPPOSITION TO MAKE DEFINITE CHARGES, IF THEY HAVE ANY, ON THEIR OWN RESPONSIBILITY.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, March 7.—"Let them stand in their places and make their charge in understandable terms and they shall have their investigation," said the Prime Minister, this evening, at the close of a powerful speech in reply to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's motion that an investigation should be held into the work of the old shell committee.

This challenge was practically a reiteration of the attitude which the present leader of the opposition assumed in 1917 when in reply to the opposition which was led at that time by Sir Charles Tupper, he said that the proper way to get an investigation was for a member to make a personal statement, upon his responsibility as a member of parliament. If a member would make such a charge it would be investigated thoroughly.

Sir Robert Borden took the same attitude this evening, although he mentioned it simply as a side issue—it was not the main argument in support of his refusal to have the operations of the shell committee analyzed at the present time.

No Complaint from British Govt.

The Premier's attitude was powerful and unanswerable, and no direct answer was attempted by Mr. Carvell who was given the task of following him.

Sir Robert pointed out that there had been no complaint by the British government, and therefore, he could not see why there should be an enquiry into expenditures which were not made by Canada. The suggestion for an enquiry would have to come from Great Britain. But it was not practice of the British government to hold enquiries during the progress of a war. These enquiries if they were deemed necessary or desirable were delayed until the cessation of hostilities.

A. J. Balfour, he reminded the House, was Prime Minister of the British government when the Boer war was being fought, and when enquiries were asked for he took the ground that these had better begin after the close of the war. This was agreed to by Mr. Asquith, then leader of the opposition, on being given the understanding that the investigation would begin immediately upon peace being declared, and the motion was withdrawn. There was a general enquiry and special enquiries.

Sir Robert also recalled that during the Crimean war there was an effort to hold an enquiry but it was bitterly opposed by Mr. Gladstone, and the result was that the attempt was a failure.

The Premier took strong ground when he pointed out that the price of munitions in Canada, even at the beginning of the war were on the average rather lower than in any other country, and therefore if they were to enquire into prices they must also investigate the prices paid by the British government in the United States and Great Britain.

Of what advantage would it be to investigate the lower prices paid by the British government in Canada, and not the higher prices in the other countries?

No man in his sane senses would deny the logic of this attitude.

However there was nothing to conceal and nothing to fear, and so he had requested D. A. Thomas to direct the attention of the British government to every charge that had been laid against the Shell Committee, and to say that the Canadian government was prepared if it was decided that an enquiry was desirable, to cooperate with the British government to make that inquiry as full and as searching as possible. But—and the premier was emphatic upon this point—without the approval of the British government they did not propose to make an enquiry.

Sir Robert was not long in turning

COMMANDER OF GERMAN ARTILLERY AT VERDUN IS REPORTED KILLED

London, Mar. 7.—Major Gen. Von Lotterer, commanding the German artillery division at Verdun, is reported to have been killed in action, says a despatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

Russians Take Coia, in Persia.

Petersburg, Mar. 7.—An official statement issued today by the Russian war office says: "On the western front the enemy artillery carried out an intense cannonade in the district southeast of the Island of Dolen, directing the fire by means of five balloons. Severe fighting with bombs and mines for the possession of craters continues near Il-louk on the Dvinsk position.

"On the Caucasian front our troops continue pressing the Turks from Maprava. We captured another gun. Coia, forty verst (about twenty-six miles) west of Kermanshah."

PRES. WILSON WINS HIS FIGHT WITH CONGRESS

Resolution to Warn Americans off Armed Ships of Belligerents Tabled by Vote of 276 to 143.

Washington, Mar. 7.—President Wilson today completely and decisively won his long and sensational fight to compel Congress to acknowledge that it stands behind him in the submarine negotiations with Germany.

To the rallying cries of "stand by the president" and "is it Lansing and Wilson or Von Bernstorff and the Kaiser?" a big Democratic majority and nearly half of the Republicans in the house three times rolled up overwhelming votes against the movement to warn Americans off the armed ships of the European belligerents.

The celebrated McLemore resolution, around which the anti-administration forces centred their fight, was tabled by a vote of 267 to 143; in other words, killed, just as was the Gore resolution for a similar purpose in the Senate last week.

The McLemore Resolution.

The text of the McLemore resolution, after a lengthy preamble, is as follows: "Resolved, that the House of Representatives of the United States do, and it hereby solemnly does, request the President to warn all American citizens, within the borders of the United States or its possessions or elsewhere, to refrain from travelling on any and all ships of any and all of the powers now or in future at war, which ship or ships shall mount guns, whether such ship shall be frankly avowed a part of the naval forces of the power whose flag it flies, or shall be called a merchant ship or other ship, whether such gun or guns, or other armament be called 'offensive' or 'defensive,' and in case American citizens do travel on such armed belligerent ships, that they do so at their own risk;

"That when the President of the United States or the Secretary of State shall come into possession of the actual memorandum of the German government, containing photographic facsimile of alleged secret instructions issued by the British government, which alleged secret instructions direct that so-called 'defensive' armament for merchant ships shall be used offensively, and that so-called 'defensive' armament for merchant ships shall be manned and directed by naval officers and men of the navy of Great Britain, and that such so-called 'defensive' armament for merchant ships' and such naval officers and men shall be, as far as possible, concealed and disguised when in neutral waters and ports, with the evident intention to deceive, the President of the United States or the Secretary of State shall, at the earliest possible moment, transmit such actual memorandum of the German govern-

EXPLOSION AND FIRE WRECK PLANT IN NIAGARA FALLS

Bulletin—Niagara Falls, N. Y., Mar. 7.—Fire, following several explosions late tonight, practically destroyed the plant of the Niagara Electro-Chemical Company, causing the death of one workman, the injury of several others and property loss estimated at \$200,000.

LAW STUDENTS LOSE GAME AT WINDSOR

Special to The Standard.

Windsor, N. S., March 7.—Probably the fastest game of intercollegiate hockey played in the Windsor rink this season was staged last night when Kings College defeated a team from their law branch in St. John. The score was nine to three. The legal aspirants played faster hockey but were unable to register the puck with such facilities of alleged secret instructions of the British government, and with all appendices, whichever to the Speaker of the House, that it and they may be laid before the House for its full information and for the assistance in performing its duty and function of guarding the welfare of the country and its citizens, and for its assistance in performing its constitutional duty of advising the President of the United States with regard to foreign relations.

"That the House expresses the determination of the people and government of the United States but to uphold all American rights and to exercise care, consideration and wisdom in avoiding actions which tend to bring American citizens and American interests into the zone of conflict where the passions of war are raging."

LIFE TERM FOR DYNAMITER

Windsor, Ont., March 7.—Charles Reape, confessed dynamiter of Windsor and Walkerville buildings, was today found guilty of the charges and sentenced to life imprisonment by Chief Justice Falconbridge.

FATHER WAS FIRST PREMIER OF QUEBEC

New York, March 7.—Charles Alexandre Chauveau, son of the first premier of Quebec, after Confederation, and a former member of the Canadian judiciary, died suddenly on a pier here late today, soon after landing, with his wife, from the steamship Saratoga, from Havant.

Arrangements were made tonight to send the body to Quebec.

Ronald McNeill, Unionist member for East Kent, declares that if Col. Churchill's speech remained unanswered it would cause much disquietude in the country, the House adjourned.

Continued on page two.

FOUR B. MEN IN MIGHTY LIST OF CASUALTIES

LAURIER USED POSITION TO GET SHELL ORDER FOR ONE OF HIS CONSTITUENTS

Continued from page one. The climax of the Prime Minister's speech was reached when he declared that last year the work of the shell committee was interfered with by the members of the opposition. It was in the best interests of the country that the committee should have remained unimpeded in their work of getting munitions for the troops who were fighting the battle of empire, but the fact was that the country's interests had suffered last year because the staff were employed attending to the Public Accounts Committee instead of attending to the business of getting munitions.

"The business of the country was stopped for practically six weeks," declared the premier warmly, "and I do not propose to stop the business of the Imperial Munitions Board." The premier has never appeared to better advantage in dealing with the leader of the opposition. He completely covered the case, and his supporters are jubilant. Sir Wilfrid and his followers have been caught with the goods. They have been interfering with the work of making munitions, and they have gone from the leader down to the shell committee and used their influence as members of parliament to get contracts for their friends.

(Canada Press). Ottawa, Mar. 7.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier on rising to submit his resolution calling for an investigation of the work of the shell committee, was greeted by Liberal cheers. The reason he submitted for his resolution calling for an investigation of the conduct and operations of the shell committee was well known, both within and without the house. Such action had been called for by the press of all shades of public and political thought. In order, however, to remove the suggestion that he was actuated by purely partisan considerations, he would eliminate from consideration the comments and demands of the Liberal press. He would touch only upon the position of that portion of the Canadian press which was strong in its devotion to itself and to the country.

He also quoted from Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance, to show that a portion of the money being expended was the money of the Canadian people. These declarations, he maintained, placed responsibility beyond peradventure. He then outlined the stages of the operations of the committee in awarding contracts to its own members, who became both sellers and purchasers and in passing over bona fide manufacturers and operating through middlemen who went about peddling their contracts. The consequence was that little work was done and few shells went from Canada. When Mr. D. A. Thomas came to Canada to investigate he quoted Lloyd George as stating that in July only two per cent. of the orders sent for shells had been filled.

Sir Wilfrid quoted from the Toronto Telegram of January 31, inviting answers from the government to the charge that last summer a contract for fuses had been awarded in the United States for \$22,000,000 and that \$7,750,000 in cash accompanied the order, yet not one fuse had yet been received.

Committee Not Up to Mark. "I place myself at once in the judgment of this house and the country,"

received. The contract was in the hands of men who had no experience, who were merely stock brokers. The charge Sir Wilfrid feared was true and should in itself call for thorough investigation. He understood, that under the direction of Mr. J. W. Flavelle, fuses had been made in Canada and delivered.

Absolutely Untrue. Sir Sam Hughes, interrupting—"I can assure the right hon. gentleman that there is no foundation in fact for that."

Sir Wilfrid said he had been informed of the matter by authority which he thought was good. He was informed that Mr. Flavelle had given a contract to the Russell Motor Company. "They have not started yet," replied Sir Sam, who added that the old shell committee had given an order to the Russell Company with the intention that the fuses were to be made in Canada, but they had gone to the United States.

Sir Wilfrid concluded with the declaration that it was by no means merely a money consideration which he was taking into account. He had taken a different course. He had argued that the government would take action on its own initiative. But the government had remained dead to all appeals. Two ministers only had touched upon the matter. The minister of militia "discarded it with a lordly wave of his hand." But to ignore the charges was not to dispose of them. The policy of the government was to ignore the charges and to use their influence as members of parliament to get contracts for their friends.

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Committee Not Up to Mark. "I place myself at once in the judgment of this house and the country,"

55th Man Dead; Two in 26th Wounded, and One in Divisional Engineers

Ottawa, March 8.—Included in the list of casualties issued at midnight are the following from the Province of New Brunswick: TWENTY-SIXTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Bert, William, Gifford, No. 98 St. James' street, St. John, N. B.; James R. Gallant, Campbell, No. 98 St. James' street, St. John, N. B.

Seriously ill—Harry B. Swetnam, Moncton, N. B. Died—Arthur G. Gough, Ridge, Victoria Co., N. B. THIRD FIELD COMPANY, FIRST CANADIAN DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS.

Wounded—Frank B. Estey, No. 242 Saunders street, Fredericton, N. B.

were, on the average, rather lower than were paid in any other country. It was proposed to investigate what the British government was charged with the Canadian forces for shells, the prices paid by that government to Great Britain and the United States. It was proposed to investigate what the British government was charged with the Canadian forces for shells, the prices paid by that government to Great Britain and the United States. It was proposed to investigate what the British government was charged with the Canadian forces for shells, the prices paid by that government to Great Britain and the United States.

GOOD WORK DONE BY RED CROSS SOCIETY

At a meeting of the local Red Cross Society, held on Monday afternoon, there was a discussion as to whether, in the face of the great demand for surgical and other hospital equipment, it would not be wise to send more money to headquarters to be used at the discretion of those in authority. While no decision was reached, the consensus of opinion seemed to be that whatever was most necessary should be supplied and the whole matter referred to the executive.

The reports received from a number of the circles working through the local branch were most encouraging. Mrs. F. S. White reported that during February 6,383 finished articles had been sent from the needlework department, including 190 tons of other from Walker Crafts of Detroit.

In the knitting department Mrs. Heber Vroom reported 1,544 pairs of socks; Miss Stetson reported eighty three boxes had been packed and shipped for the month.

For the surgical department Mrs. Fred Harding reported the completion of 336 kits, each containing ten articles for surgical use.

Miss Walker, the treasurer, reported the receipts for the month, \$192.20. Other reports were made by Miss Hazen for the St. John Ambulance Society, which holds first aid classes at the depot rooms and of which all information can be had by addressing Miss Lillian Hazen, Red Cross Depot, Chipman Hill, St. John, and from Miss Edith Skinner, who has charge of the campaign fund. It is urgently requested that all subscribers to this fund bear it diligently in mind. A regular payment insured, the Red Cross a regular monthly income for working purposes and will allow appeals for hospital surgical supplies to be met as well.

MOTHER HAD APPEALED TO THREE DOCTORS IN VAIN—CURED FOUR MONTHS AGO BY USE OF DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD.

This letter from Mrs. Nozel is endorsed by Mr. H. J. Mahaffy, druggist, Port Colborne, Ont., as being true and correct. "While I report a most remarkable cure of epileptic fits by use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, it only goes to corroborate similar cures reported by others. Mrs. Henrietta M. Nozel, R. R. No. 1, Humbertstone, Ont., writes: 'I cannot help writing to you, as I want you to know what a blessing Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and Kidney-Liver Pills have been to my boy. He was taken with very violent fits, would twitch all over, his eyes would turn towards his nose, his jaws set and his lips turn almost purple. He would clench his fists tightly, become unconscious and then go into a long sleep. After several hours he would wake up sighing and so weak he could not stand. I was afraid he would die and took him to the doctor, who pronounced his case epilepsy. As his medicine was not effective and the fits continued, I took him to another doctor at Port Hill, but his medicine seemed to make him worse. 'An the boy's nerves were in such a state that he could not sit down or lie down and the fits continued, I took him to a third doctor, who said that

BULGARIANS AND GREEK TROOPS CLASH AGAIN

Athens, March 4, via Paris, March 7.—Further friction has occurred between Greek and Bulgarian soldiers along the frontier. A Greek soldier inadvertently crossed the border and was made prisoner by the Bulgarians. A demand that he be returned to Greece not having been complied with, the three additional regiments of Greek troops were sent today to the district of Drama, 30 miles northeast of Seres.

JUDGE M'KEOWN SPEAKS BEFORE CANADIAN CLUB AT HALIFAX

Special to The Standard. Halifax, N. S., Mar. 7.—The Canadian Club had the pleasure of hearing an address tonight from Mr. Justice McKeown of St. John, whose subject was "Answering the Call."

Archbishop Worrell presided and at the close of the address a cordial vote of thanks was passed on motion of Mr. Justice Ritchie and Messrs. Dean Lowry. At noon Judge McKeown addressed the Weldon Law Club at its luncheon on "The basis of international law."

ELECTION DAY IN SYDNEY AND GLACE BAY

Sydney, N. S., March 7.—W. A. Richardson was re-elected mayor of Sydney today by a majority of 35, over his opponent, A. N. McLennan. The aldermen elected were: A. D. Steele in ward three; J. R. Martin, ward four; John Morrison, (re-elected) ward five.

In Glace Bay Mayor Cameron was re-elected by a majority of 87 over Allan J. McDonald, barrister. The councillors elected: Mr. Angus A. Campbell, P. P. Simonsen, John M. McNeil, A. P. O'Neill, Robert Wilson and Alex. D. McNeil, the two last named by acclamation.

MARRIED.

SECOND-McCLUSKEY.—On March 2nd, in St. John the Baptist Church, by the Rev. F. J. McCuskey, George Secord to Mary E. McCuskey, both of this city.

DIED.

GOLL.—In this city on the 6th inst., Augusta, widow of James Goll, and daughter of the late Owen Doherty, leaving two sons to mourn. Funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, at 2.30, from her late residence, 178 Princess street, Friends invited.

STRENGTH OF BRITISH NAVY

Now Serving Many Nations—Tonnage by 1,000,000 and Much More! When War Began, Balfour Churchill for Establishing Air Force

LONDON, MAR. 7.—A. J. BALFOUR, FIRST LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY, STATED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS THAT THE TONNAGE OF THE BRITISH NAVY CREATED BY 1,000,000 SINCE THE OUTBREAK WHILE THE STRENGTH OF THE AIR DIVISION HAD GROWN TEN FOLD.

MR. BALFOUR TOLD THE HOUSE THAT NEARLY GREAT-BRITAIN'S HISTORY HAD THERE BEEN AL CONSTRUCTION AS IN THE LAST NINETEEN YEARS. HE ASSERTED THE FLEET WAS FAR STRONGER AT THE OUTBREAK OF THE WAR, EXCEPT IN REGARDS OF SUBMARINES. MANY OF THE CRUISERS WHICH HAD NOT BEEN REPLACED.

Mr. Balfour emphasized the magnitude of the task which Great Britain had taken upon herself since the operations in the Mediterranean began, in transporting, feeding and supplying the forces there. Moreover, the appearance of German submarines, not only in home waters, but in the Mediterranean had added to the responsibilities already undertaken. He said about 1,000,000 combatants, 1,000,000 horses, 2,500,000 tons of stores and 27,000,000 gallons of oil for the British and their allies had been transported.

This task in the presence of hostile submarines had thrown an enormous amount of work upon the Admiralty which could not have been foreseen at the outbreak of the war. The dangers experienced were new dangers and he felt the nation could look with satisfaction at the manner in which the Admiralty had carried out its vast work. Justice had not been done, Mr. Balfour continued, to the preparations made by the committee for imperial defense and the Admiralty for such a sudden emergency as arose in August, 1914. They had done all and more than they had professed to do and in a manner reflecting greatest praise on all concerned.

Churchill Justified. Mr. Balfour said the work of the navy during the war had been splendid. He remarked incidentally that the Admiralty had been completely justified when, reviewing the circumstances at the outbreak of the war, he claimed that the fleet he had prepared was adequate for the great task of maintaining command of the seas. After explaining that it was impossible to give details and that he could deal only in a general manner with the way in which the Admiralty had discharged its responsibilities, Mr. Balfour said the British fleet had become an international force, carrying on international work and serving many nations. There was no truce in the world, he said, and the present Admiralty board had halted the shipbuilding activities of its predecessors, whose policy, in a general way, was to expand enormously since the outbreak of the war. Mr. Balfour said a fair measure of its growth was the fact that its personnel had more than doubled while the number of ships, including auxiliary cruisers and ships under the white ensign, had increased by 1,000,000.

Warm praise was given by the speaker to Col. Balfour in connection with the establishment of the naval air service. The growth of this branch of the service, he asserted, was even more remarkable than the increase in ships, the aerial services having expanded ten fold during the war. Mr. Balfour said the admiralty had procured a large and especially suitable tract of land for the purpose of training aerial pilots for the navy. This work was to be under command of Commodore Payne, who had rendered valuable service. He said the navy always had an aerial service of its own.

CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND.

- Geo. K. Ferguson, \$1; Joe Wilson, \$1; Albert Wilson, \$1; T. J. Galbraith, \$1; W. L. \$1; Edmund Wilson, \$1; J. J. Galbraith, \$1; H. \$1; Mrs. D. McAvour, \$1; Mrs. R. Ferguson, \$1; H. J. Langlois, \$1; Friend, \$1; Mrs. Jas. McAvour, \$1; Mrs. McGee, \$1; A. Spence, \$1; S. McGuire, \$1; Geo. H. Galbraith, \$1; Wilford McAllister, \$1; W. J. Cox, \$1; Root Baird, \$1; Robt. Evans, \$1; Thos. Wilson, \$1; S. Wynn, \$1; W. J. Wilson, \$1; Wallace Galbraith, \$1; Stephen Galbraith, \$1; Kenneth Cairns, \$1; H. E. Galbraith, \$1; Mrs. Wesley Evans, \$1; T. H. Galbraith, \$1; Andrew Connors, \$1; Andrew Gowen, \$1; Alex. McAllister, \$1; W. J. McAllister, \$1; "Britannia," \$1. Monthly—J. B. Day, \$4; Henry Shington (two months), \$2; Jas. E. Arthur (two months), \$1; Wm. G. Arthur (two months), \$1; Geo. Kerr (two months), \$1; W. W. Bruce, \$5; H. T. Cameron, \$2; Albert Powers, \$1; Collector of Customs and staff \$52 (of this amount \$20 is to be handed over to the Red Cross Society); A. W. Sharpe (two months), \$20; Fred Howarth, \$2; W. W. Hawker, \$2; Herman \$2; E. H. Cairns, \$2; (two months), \$2; R. S. Cowan, \$2; C. B. Allan, \$10; H. J. Dick, \$5; Geo. S. Bishop (two months), \$10.

HEART SONGS COUPON PRESENTED BY THIS PAPER TO YOU HOW TO GET IT ALMOST FREE Clip out and present five coupons like the above, bearing consecutive dates, together with our special price of 98c. Book on display at office of The Saint John Standard MARCH 5 COUPONS AND 98c Secure this \$3.00 Volume The Gemina Cardinal, Seal Grain, Flexible Binding, Red Edges, Round Corners, with 16 1/2-page portraits of the world's most famous singers, and complete dictionary of musical terms. Out-of-town readers will add 10c extra for postage and packing "HEART SONGS" The song book with a soul! 400 of the song treasures of the world in one volume of 500 pages. Chosen by 25,000 music lovers. Four years completed the book. Every song a gem of melody.

received. The contract was in the hands of men who had no experience, who were merely stock brokers. The charge Sir Wilfrid feared was true and should in itself call for thorough investigation. He understood, that under the direction of Mr. J. W. Flavelle, fuses had been made in Canada and delivered. Absolutely Untrue. Sir Sam Hughes, interrupting—"I can assure the right hon. gentleman that there is no foundation in fact for that."

At a meeting of the local Red Cross Society, held on Monday afternoon, there was a discussion as to whether, in the face of the great demand for surgical and other hospital equipment, it would not be wise to send more money to headquarters to be used at the discretion of those in authority. While no decision was reached, the consensus of opinion seemed to be that whatever was most necessary should be supplied and the whole matter referred to the executive.

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STRENGTH OF AIR FLEET HAS GROWN TEN-FOLD

British Navy Has Become An International Fleet

New Serving Many Nations—Tonnage Increased by 1,000,000 and Much More Powerful Than When War Began, Balfour Says—Praises Churchill for Establishing Air Fleet.

LONDON, MAR. 7.—A. J. BALFOUR, FIRST LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY, STATED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS THIS AFTERNOON THAT THE TONNAGE OF THE BRITISH NAVY HAD BEEN INCREASED BY 1,000,000 SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE WAR, WHILE THE STRENGTH OF THE AIR DIVISION OF THE NAVY HAD GROWN TEN FOLD.

MR. BALFOUR TOLD THE HOUSE THAT NEVER BEFORE IN GREAT BRITAIN'S HISTORY HAD THERE BEEN SO MUCH NAVAL CONSTRUCTION AS IN THE LAST NINETEEN MONTHS. HE ASSERTED THE FLEET WAS FAR STRONGER THAN AT THE OUTBREAK OF THE WAR, EXCEPT IN REGARD TO ARMORED CRUISERS. MANY OF THE CRUISERS WHICH HAD BEEN LOST HAD NOT BEEN REPLACED.

Mr. Balfour emphasized the magnitude of the task Great Britain had taken upon herself since the operations in the Mediterranean began, in transporting, feeding and supplying the forces there. Moreover, the appearance of German submarines not only in home waters, but in the Mediterranean had added to the responsibilities already undertaken. He said about 1,000,000 combatants, 1,000,000 horses, 2,500,000 tons of stores and 27,000,000 gallons of oil for the British and their allies had been transported.

This task in the presence of hostile submarines, had thrown an enormous amount of work upon the Admiralty which could not have been foreseen at the outbreak of the war. The dangers experienced were new dangers and he felt the nation could look with satisfaction at the manner in which the Admiralty had carried out its vast work.

Justice had not been done, Mr. Balfour continued, to the preparations made by the committee for imperial defense and the Admiralty for such a sudden emergency as arose in August, 1914. They had done all and more than they had professed to do and in a manner reflecting greatest praise on all concerned.

Churchill Justified.

Mr. Balfour said the work of the navy during the war had been splendid. He remarked incidentally that his predecessor, Colonel Winston Spencer Churchill, was completely justified when, reviewing the circumstances at the outbreak of the war, he claimed that the fleet he had prepared was adequate for the great task of maintaining command of the seas.

After explaining that it was impossible to give details and that he could deal only in a general manner with the way in which the Admiralty is discharging its responsibilities, Mr. Balfour said the British fleet had become an international fleet, carrying on international work and serving many nations. There was no truth in the suggestion that the present Admiralty board had halted the shipbuilding activities of its predecessors, whose policy, in a general way, was still being pursued.

The navy had expanded enormously since the outbreak of the war, Mr. Balfour said. A fair measure of its growth was the fact that its personnel had more than doubled within that period and its tonnage, including auxiliary cruisers and ships under the white ensign, had increased by 1,000,000.

Warm praise was given by the speaker to Col. Churchill in connection with the establishment of the naval air service. The growth of this branch of the service, he asserted, was even more remarkable than the increase in ships, the aerial service having expanded ten fold during the war.

Mr. Balfour said the admiralty had procured a large and especially suitable tract of land for the purpose of training aerial pilots for the navy. This work was to be under command of Commodore Payne, who had rendered valuable service. He said the navy always had an aerial service of its own.

CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND.

Geo. K. Ferguson, \$1; Jas. Wilson, \$1; Albert Wilson, \$1; T. J. Galbraith, \$1; W. J. \$1; Edmund Wilson, \$1; J. J. Galbraith, \$1; H. \$1; Mrs. D. McAvour, \$1; Mrs. R. Ferguson, \$1; H. J. Langlois, \$1; Friend, \$1; Friend, \$1; Mrs. Jas. McAvour, \$1; Mrs. McGuire, \$1; A. Splane, \$1; S. McGuire, \$1; Geo. H. Galbraith, \$1; Wilford McAllister, \$1; W. J. Cox, \$1; Robt. Baird, \$1; Robt. Evans, \$1; Thos. Wilson, \$1; S. Wenn, \$1; W. J. Wilson, \$1; Wallace Galbraith, \$1; Stephen Galbraith, \$1; Kenneth Cairns, \$1; H. E. Galbraith, \$1; Mrs. Wesley Evans, \$1; T. H. Galbraith, \$1; Andrew McAfee, \$1; Andrew McGowan, \$1; Alex. McAllister, \$1; W. J. McAllister, \$1; Britannia, \$1.

Monthly—J. B. Day, \$4; Henry Shillington (two months), \$2; Jas. R. Arthur (two months), \$1; Wm. G. Arthur (two months), \$1; Geo. Kerr (two months), \$1; W. W. Bruce, \$1; N. T. Cameron, \$2; Albert, \$1; Collector of Customs and state \$32 of this amount \$20 is to be handed over to the Red Cross Society; A. W. Sharpe (two months), \$20; Fred Holburn, \$2; W. W. Hawker, \$2; H. H. H. \$1; E. H. Cairns (two months), \$2; R. S. Cowans, \$2; C. B. Allan, \$10; H. J. Dick, \$5; Geo. S. Bishop (two months), \$10.

TEACHING THE SAFETY FIRST DOCTRINE BY MEANS OF "MOVIES"

C.P.R. Secures copy of film and will have it shown at the divisional points.

Montreal, Q., Mar. 7.—A wonderfully realistic moving picture film in the interests of the safety first movement was displayed in a specially fitted car at Windsor station before Vice-President Bury and a number of C. P. R. officials.

The film was produced by Mr. Marcus A. Dow, general safety agent, New York Central lines, and tells the story of a railroad man, Jack Foster, whose carelessness endangered the happiness of his wife and home until his friend, Jim Stevens, a booster for safety first, convinces him by demonstrating awful examples that it is worse to gamble for life than to gamble in any other way. One man loses his leg and other accidents are realistically portrayed in an exhibition at the safety rally to which Jim Stevens takes Jack Foster, such as the shopman who loses an eye through not wearing goggles, the carpenter losing a finger while working at a buzz saw without the guard, the brakeman being run over while running between moving cars, the engineer being killed while boarding the footboard of an engine in motion. Particularly impressive is the picture of a collision due to slow, careless driving.

In order to promote the safety first movement in Canada, Mr. Bury has secured a copy of the film which will be offered to moving picture houses at divisional and other important railroad points along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Keep it handy, Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has delicious for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups playfully on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeiters sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

ANOTHER WESTERN UNION CONCESSION

The Western Union Telegraph Company makes the following announcement: "Effective March 8th, a deferred cable rate money transfer service will be inaugurated between all points in the Dominion of Canada and Great Britain, covering only transfers not exceeding two hundred dollars (\$200.00) in amount; this service to continue until the end of the war. The usual premium charge will apply with deferred cable rates. Transfer messages must bear the prefix LCO which shall be counted and charged for. The regular service continues but the sender may elect whether he desires that or the deferred rate service."

As a large percentage of money transfers are payable to soldiers abroad, this rate of nine cents per word will be greatly appreciated and taken advantage of by those who send remittances to our boys.

MAY TRY TO HAVE CODERRE SENT TO PRISON IN CANADA

Ex-Lt. Coderre, sentenced for murder, says truth will be told some day and he will be freed.

London, March 7.—(Montreal Gazette Cable)—Ex-Lieutenant Coderre was visited by his parents in Winchester jail after the governor had given him the news that his sentence of death for the murder of Sgt. Ozanna had been commuted to life imprisonment. While expressing satisfaction at the clemency extended, Coderre added that the truth would come to light some-day and he would then be liberated. His parents are disappointed that he must go to a penitentiary instead of an asylum for criminal lunatics. Efforts will probably be made to get him exchanged for an English prisoner in Canada, which is occasionally done.

TRAGIC DEATH OF MILLTOWN, ME. MAN

John W. Gayton trapped in burning house—Rescued, but dies of injuries.

St. Stephen, March 7.—Once more the community is shocked by a tragedy. John W. Gayton, of Milltown, Maine, who has been at work as cook in a lumber camp all winter returned home yesterday. He had spent much of the day in St. Stephen and had been drinking heavily. This morning the room that he occupied in his mother's house at Milltown was discovered to be on fire and before he could be reached and carried out he had been so terribly burned that death ensued soon afterwards. Most of his wages were in his clothes and were destroyed by the fire. The house was badly

damaged before the fire was extinguished. Mr. Gayton was about thirty-five years of age and had many friends who sincerely deplore his unfortunate end.

CHATHAM'S ASSESSMENT FOR YEAR 1916

Total of 33,470.57 of which \$10,550 is to be devoted to School purposes.

Newcastle, March 7.—Following has returned from an N. C. O.'s course in Chatham: Sgt. Major Wm. Kitchen and Sgt. Walter MacDonald, Hubert Johnston, Hebert Baker, Fred Herbert, Grover Cleveland, Keary B. Galley and Thomas Sears. Sgt. Galley has gone to Montreal to take a special course in physical training. Earl MacDonald has been appointed Quarter-Master Sgt. of C company. Following is Newcastle's assessment for 1916:

Schools	\$10,550.00
Contingencies	2,800.00
Police and Street Lighting	2,500.00
Park and Fire	2,000.00
Public Works	2,000.00
Sewerage	1,000.00
Interest	5,000.00
Sinking Fund	4,500.00
County tax	\$30,350.00
Total	\$33,470.57

The employees of Hon. John P. Burchill's lumber camp have contributed \$25 to the Patriotic Fund. Previously acknowledged, \$9,730.20. Total to date, \$9,755.20.

Blair Robertson, of St. John, who died in Winnipeg Saturday, was once manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia here, where he married Miss Eva Fish, daughter of the late John Fish, postmaster of Newcastle. His wife and several children survive him. Mrs. John Fish lives with her daughter in Winnipeg.

FOUR ENLIST AT WOODSTOCK LAST NIGHT

Fine recruiting rally expected to have good results—A ladies' committee appointed.

Woodstock, N. B., Mar. 7.—The recruiting meeting this evening in the Opera House was a grand success and resulted in the following signing the roll: Wm. Lambert, Woodstock; John Milbury, Moncton; Erwin Jones, Goudville, and Harry Grant, Houlton, Maine. Since the war began over 600 men were recruited in Woodstock. At the conclusion of the meeting a recruiting committee from the ladies was appointed. It is expected that many others will sign the roll tomorrow.

Colonel Beer said that 200 of his boys, members of the 140th Battalion, were already in the army here. T. C. L. Ketchum, recruiting officer for the county, was chairman, and in a brief speech introduced Colonel Beer, who spoke very feelingly. Colonel Guthrie made the closing speech. "Why I enlisted" was briefly responded to by Corporal Gallant and Private Green, the latter spending six years in the British army and six years in the United States army, having been born in the latter country.

Belgium, Then and Now. Mrs. E. Atherton Smith delivered her lecture on "Belgium" at the German street Baptist church last evening, with Rev. F. S. Porter presiding. There was a large and representative audience. The lecture was followed with intense interest and the beautiful pictures aroused much enthusiasm.

At the close of the lecture two Belgians in uniform (Canadian soldiers), sang their National Anthem in their own language. Mr. Theodore Estabrook moved a hearty vote of thanks which was seconded by Magistrate Ritchie.

CAPT. LEGER BANQUETTED AT DALHOUSIE

Fellow citizens show their appreciation of young officer who has won distinction on field of battle

Dalhousie, N. B., March 7.—Last evening at the Queen Hotel the leading citizens of Dalhousie gave a banquet in honor of Capt. J. A. Leger, of the 165th Battalion, and who has lately returned from the front. Captain Leger enlisted as a lieutenant from Dalhousie and received his promotion to the rank of captain shortly after he reached the firing line for distinguished bravery. He was the first French-Canadian officer to offer his services in the present war, and when the French-Canadian battalion was started was recalled to help in its formation.

The banquet was a success in every way. Mayor W. S. Montgomery acted as toastmaster and proposed the toast to the King, which was responded to by all singing the National Anthem. Hon. C. H. LaBelle proposed the toast to our guest, responded to by Captain Leger. E. Rene Richard proposed our friends in khaki, responded to by Captain Hattie, Halifax, and Lieut. Douglas. The toast to the clergy was proposed by M. S. Brunan and responded to by Rev. Father Boucher. A. B. MacKinnon proposed the toast to the ladies, responded to by J. A. LeBlanc and Lieutenant McKay and Frenette. Our town and county, proposed by E. Rene Richard and responded to by Mayor W. S. Montgomery and A. J. LeBlanc and County Warden A. Murchie.

Word has been received that the Dalhousie branch train service will be restored on March 9th.

Boy Scouts' Exams.

Members of the St. Paul's Boy Scout troop met last night at their headquarters and had an examination to pass their various tests. Several of the boys were successful, and it is expected that still further work will have favorable results.

New Records Created by The Sun Life of Canada

PROGRESSIVE business methods, backed by forty-five years of fair-dealing, have achieved for the Sun Life of Canada during 1915 records that are new in the Canadian life assurance field.

Assurances of over \$34,000,000 issued and paid for in cash; Total Assurances in Force of over \$250,000,000; Total Payments to Policyholders since organization of more than \$52,600,000; Assets in excess of \$74,000,000; a Cash Income of nearly \$16,000,000 and an Undistributed Net Surplus of over \$7,500,000—all are high-water marks in the annals of Canadian life assurance.

Their achievement maintains the established prestige of the Sun Life of Canada as A Leader Among the Life Companies of the Empire

The following substantial and uniform increases registered during the past year clearly demonstrate the strength of the Company's position:—

	1915	1914	INCREASE
Assets as at December 31st	\$ 74,326,423	\$64,187,656	\$10,138,767 (15.8%)
Cash Income	15,972,672	15,032,275	\$920,397 (6.1%)
Surplus Distributed to Policyholders	985,487	861,768	123,719 (14.3%)
Net Surplus as at December 31st	7,545,291	6,563,794	\$981,497 (15.0%)
Total Payments to Policyholders	7,123,479	6,151,287	\$972,192 (15.7%)
Assurances Issued and Paid for in Cash	34,873,851	32,167,339	2,706,512 (8.4%)
Assurances in Force	257,404,160	218,299,535	39,104,625 (17.9%)

The Company's Growth

YEAR	INCOME	ASSETS	LIFE ASSURANCE IN FORCE
1872	\$ 48,210.73	\$ 98,461.95	\$ 1,054,530.00
1885	319,987.05	1,411,004.83	7,830,878.77
1898	1,828,054.00	5,368,770.53	34,754,840.25
1905	5,717,492.23	21,309,384.82	95,290,894.71
1915	15,972,672.31	74,326,423.78	257,404,160.42

T. B. MACAULAY, F.I.A., F.A.S., PRESIDENT AND MANAGING DIRECTOR. S. H. EWING, VICE-PRESIDENT. FREDERICK G. COPE, SECRETARY.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

1871 HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL 1916
GILBERT C. JORDAN, Manager New Brunswick Division
Bank of British North America Building, St. John, N. B.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years
THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DUALITIES BULGARS AND GREEK TROOPS CLASH AGAIN

Athens, March 4, via Paris, March 7.—Further friction has occurred between Greek and Bulgarian soldiers along the frontier. A Greek soldier inadvertently crossed the border and was made prisoner by the Bulgarians. A demand that he be returned to Greece not having been complied with, the three additional regiments of Greek troops were sent today to the district of Drama, 30 miles northeast of Seres.

JUDGE M'KEOWN SPEAKS BEFORE CANADIAN CLUB AT HALIFAX

Special to The Standard. Halifax, N. S., Mar. 7.—The Canadian Club had the pleasure of hearing an address tonight from Mr. Justice McKeown of St. John, whose subject was "Answering the Call."

ELECTION DAY IN SYDNEY AND GLACE BAY

Sydney, N. S., March 7.—W. A. Richardson was re-elected mayor of Sydney today by a majority of 385, over his opponent, A. N. McLennan. The aldermen elected were: A. D. Steele in ward three; J. R. Martin, ward four; John Morrison, (re-elected) ward five.

At Glace Bay Mayor Cameron was re-elected by a majority of 87, over Allan H. MacDonald, barrister. The councillors elected: Mr. Angus A. Campbell, F. P. Simonsen, John M. McFutche, A. P. O'Neill, Robert Wilson and Alex. D. McNeil, the two last named by acclamation.

MARRIED.

SECOND-McCLUSKEY — On March 2nd, in St. John the Baptist Church, by the Rev. F. J. McMurray, George Secord to Mary E. McCluskey, both of this city.

DIED.

COLL.—In this city on the 6th inst., Augusta, widow of James Coll, and daughter of the late Owen Doherty, leaving two sons to mourn.

Ordinary of Epileptic Fits

Three Doctors in Vain—Months Ago by Use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

...the would not undertake to cure epileptic, as no doctor could cure it. That night I went home very much discouraged, and when I took my dose of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I gave my boy a dose, and that was the first night in weeks that he slept well. I kept on giving him the Nerve Food three times a day and occasionally a Kidney-Liver Pill to keep the kidneys and bowels active. I can, with a clear conscience, say that he has not had even one fit since beginning this treatment. I give him no other medicine. He looks all and feels well, and as there have been no returns of the old trouble for four months, I believe he has been cured. I can never cease to be grateful to the manufacturers of these medicines, for I am sure I would have lost my boy if it had not been for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

Mr. H. J. Mahaffy, druggist, Fort Colborne, Ont., writes: "This is to certify that I am acquainted with Mrs. Henrietta M. Nosal, and believe that the statement she has made in regard to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is true and correct."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Egan, Manson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

The St. John Standard

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H. V. MACKINNON, Managing Editor. ALFRED E. MCGINLEY, Editor. Register Your Letters. Do not enclose cash in an unregistered letter. Use postal notes, money orders, or express orders when remitting.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1916.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H.M. The King TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT.

Of all the recruiting speakers who have addressed audiences in the City of St. John since the call for men to don the khaki was first made, Captain the Reverend Dr. Cameron, of Toronto, will appeal to his hearers as most consistently striking the correct note. Young men are not to be abused or brow-beaten into donning the King's uniform; the terms "slackers" and "shirkers" long ago lost their power. The time has come when the appeal must be made to the intellect and the conscience of the men it is desired to secure.

The case is very simple. This is Canada's war as much as it is the war of Britain or Russia or France. Victory for the Empire must be won and to the winning it is necessary that every man, whether of fighting age or not, shall contribute his best assistance. If it should happen that Germany's effort to dominate and enslave the world is crowned with success, what would be left to live for in this country? Freedom, liberty of thought and action would vanish and disappear; the comfortable circumstances under which most Canadians are able to live and work would be changed and an intolerable system of tyranny and oppression would take their place.

Business of taxation would increase, the resources of the country would be milked dry to sustain the weight of Prussian arrogance administering this country from Berlin. As the abiding place of liberty and equal rights Canada would cease to be, and Canadians would be forced to exchange their free institutions and their ideals for a life of vassalage under the Prussian overlord.

This is the case as it would be if the Empire plans go wrong. If the sacrifice in blood and treasure which has been, and is still being poured out on the plains of France and Flanders should prove fruitless. Faced with such a possibility, remote though it may be, what is the duty of Canadian young manhood? Is it not to carefully consider all phases of the case, to place on one hand the pleasures and advantages of civil life which must be given up on donning the khaki, and on the other, the condition under which we would live with Canada a German province?

The Standard would be long sorry to think that young men who have not enlisted are cowards. We prefer to believe that they are still indifferent, or that they have never followed Captain Cameron's injunction to think the thing over. If, after such thought, any physically fit young man without family ties, can convince himself that it is not his duty to join the colors, then he might as well be a German vassal for all the value he is likely to prove to himself or to his country.

If the physically fit, unmarried men of New Brunswick were to give careful consideration to this question of enlistment, to weigh the risk and hardship of military service against the intolerable conditions of life that a possible German victory would entail, there would be no necessity for recruiting agents or orators. The difficulty would be to enroll and equip the men as quickly as they would respond to the call. And the New Brunswick regiments would be filled and on their way to join those who have preceded them to Canada's first line of defence—the trenches in France and Flanders. There would be no scarcity of recruits if the men of New Brunswick would only think out the situation for themselves.

GERMANY'S COLONIES GONE.

No matter how much longer the Kaiser's armies in Europe can continue to do their fighting outside of the Fatherland, the end of this war will see Germany's colonial empire as completely lost to her as if it had never existed. In this, British arms have been strikingly successful, although at heavy cost and only after arduous effort.

The campaign in the Cameroons which has now successfully terminated, has wrested from Germany a colony almost as large as her Empire in Europe, and when its full history comes to be written it will make a tale as thrilling as any in the chronicles of the world war. The Manchester Guardian, in a lengthy review of

the campaign in that area points out that "Even the dramatic chase of Dr. Wet by motor-cars axle-deep in sand and with radiators a-bell, or the capture of Kuf-el-Amara in cockleboats under a withering fire, will yield in interest to the advance in the Cameroons through jungle ten feet high, over crocodile-infested rivers, and through wildernesses where a charging rhinoceros sometimes worked more havoc on the Allies' lines than did the enemy's fire. From the number of black German troops—over fifteen thousand—who have fled to Spanish Guinea it is clear that the Germans have been able to make much more use of their natives here than in South-west Africa. But these German-drilled natives have met more than their match in our Nigerian troops. For, really prodigious hard-wood nothing even in savage warfare has excelled the storming by these amazing soldiers in October last of the precipitous mountain of Banyo. They climbed foot by foot up a height which the enemy thought impregnable, clambering through thorn bush in the face of Maxim fire and a rain of boulders, and turned the Germans from one of the last of their refuges in a land whose appalling natural difficulties seemed a sufficient defence. The final reduction of the colony has been a question only of time ever since our navy in the early weeks of the war, blockaded the coast and cut off the enemy's supplies of munitions. Since then French, British and Belgian forces have entered the colony from all sides and slowly squeezed the resistance out of it. It is a task which France may well take a special pleasure in having shared, for under cover of the Agadir threat of 1911 Germany added a southern extremity to her colony which cut off the French Congo from the French Sudan. There remains, of all Germany's colonial empire, only East Africa to conquer, and that should not long resist the formidable attack on it which Lieutenant General Smuts has now begun. The often-proffered consolation that the fate of her colonies will be settled in Europe must be wearing a little thin even to German ears."

A DESPERATE RESORT.

(New York Commercial.) In financial circles the desperate drive by the Germans on Verdun under the eyes of the German emperor is believed to be a sign of internal trouble. Six months ago the Secretary of the German Imperial Treasury assured the Reichstag and the public that no new taxation would be imposed upon the people. From the beginning of the war until within a few weeks its cost has been paid with money borrowed from the people by an endless chain series of loans. The German Government has at last been forced to levy new taxes on war profits and property and these taxes will grow heavier and will be more widely distributed as the war drags along.

When the endless chain war loans were floated the people were told that they would not be taxed to pay either principal or interest because vast indemnities would be wrung from the vanquished foe. The people of Germany cannot escape the conclusion that the Government no longer expects an overwhelming victory with indemnities to cover the cost of war. They must pay taxes which they were told would never be levied. The Government must soon confess that the original plan of campaign has failed if no great victory can be won now that will end the war as far as France at least is concerned, hence the desperate onslaught on Verdun in the hope of upsetting the enemy's plans for a spring drive on both fronts.

German credit abroad is measured by the discount on bills of exchange on Berlin in New York and by the discount on German paper marks in Amsterdam. Her inability to finance the war with endless chain loans based on the hope of collecting indemnities from her enemies and the levying of heavy domestic taxes contrary to the assurances of the imperial treasurer are signs of financial weakness at home. Neither a nation nor an individual can finance any operation by issuing notes or bonds to pay interest on previous issues for any great length of time.

If the crown prince can break through to Paris the war might be ended on terms satisfactory to Germany, but the Allies believe that they are growing stronger and that time fights on their side; nothing but a tremendous defeat such as the downfall of Paris or the destruction of the British fleet will cause them to meet Germany's terms and end the war next April, or any time this year, for that matter. What the Allies hope for is a breakdown of the morale of the German people when they realize that

they cannot win an offensive war. New York's financiers believe that fear of this inspired the desperate drive on Verdun as part of an attempt to reach Paris.

SUN FIRE ASSURANCE CO.

Sun Life has over \$250,000,000 assurance in force, assets of \$74,000,000 and surplus of over \$7,600,000. Canada's largest assurance company had record year. It is evident from the annual statement of the Sun Life of Canada for 1915, essential features of which appear elsewhere in this issue, that the big Montreal company has more than kept pace with the improvement in general business conditions evidenced throughout the year.

The Sun Life of Canada again maintained its leadership among Canadian life assurance companies in amount of new assurances issued, total assurance in force, assets, surplus and income. Assurances for \$34,873,851 were issued and paid for in cash during the past year, constituting a record for all Canadian companies to date, and bringing Sun Life assurances in force to the total of \$237,404,160. Business issued in Canada showed an increase of \$1,746,961 over the previous record for 1914. Something of the phenomenal growth of the company in recent years is indicated by the fact that assurances in force have nearly doubled in the past six years and have more than tripled in the past eleven years.

Turning to the factors indicative of financial strength, it is noted that assets now total more than \$74,000,000, an increase of over \$10,000,000 for the year, the largest annual increase ever registered by any Canadian life company. As resources over and above these assets, for the further protection and profit of the policyholders the company holds contingent fund assets of a total par value of over \$13,000,000. Net surplus over all liabilities and capital is \$1,545,981, an increase for the year of over \$1,000,000.

Cash income from premiums and investments totalled nearly \$16,000,000. The prosperity of the company is reflected in the maintenance of a record of increasing policy-dividends, in accordance with which five-year dividend and reserve dividend policies will receive larger dividends in 1916 than those received by similar policies in 1915.

During the year the company paid a total of \$7,129,473 to its policyholders, bringing the payments to policyholders since organization to over \$52,500,000.

Such a record reflects credit upon the directors and officers in charge of the company's affairs and should be a source of great gratification to Sun Life policyholders.

WELL KNOWN REXTON LADY PASSES AWAY

The death of Mary, wife of John A. Cameron, the well known merchant of Rexton, occurred at her home in that town on Friday, March 3rd. Mrs. Cameron had been in rather poor health for some months, but it was not generally known that she was seriously ill until it was with surprise and regret that her friends learned that on February 22nd she had been taken to the Moncton hospital for treatment, accompanied by her husband and daughter, and in the care of her attending physician, Dr. D. P. Mahoney. After a consultation with Dr. W. A. Ferguson, it was found that the disease from which she suffered had made such rapid progress, and had already so undermined her constitution that it was not considered advisable to operate, and on Friday, February 25th, she returned home, knowing that she had a few days left at the most but a few days. She bore her suffering with calm patience and Christian fortitude, and, actuated by the spirit of utter unselfishness which was so marked a characteristic of her life, her sole thought during the last days of her life was to comfort and console the loving husband and daughter from whom she was so soon to part.

Mrs. Cameron was the daughter of the late Frank and Mary Gordon, of Main River, Kent county, where she was born on May 16th, 1848. She is survived by her husband and one daughter, Mary Cameron, who resides at home, and one sister, Mrs. Margaret Bower, of Rexton, mother of the present premier of British Columbia. By her death the village of Rexton loses one whose place in the hearts of the people will not be easily filled. She was a woman of sterling character and of an unselfish disposition, full of sympathy for those in trouble, and generous to the poor and needy. She was a devoted member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Rexton, to which she gave generously of her time and her means, and her loss will be severely felt in all branches of the work of the church.

The funeral services, which were largely attended, were held on Sunday, interment being made in the Presbyterian cemetery at Rexton, Rev. Geo. B. Gardner officiating at the house and grave.

The pall bearers were: A. B. Carson, Egbert Atkinson, James L. Hutchinson, A. J. Girvan, Capt. George Irving, Martin Lanigan.

MCDUGALL-SUMNER WEDDING AT MONCTON
Moncton, March 7.—A wedding of much interest took place last evening in Moncton, when Miss Marjorie J. Sumner, youngest daughter of Mr. F. W. Sumner, Agent General for New Brunswick, was married to Lieutenant

Little Benny's Note Book

Pop was leaning back in his Morris chair reading the paper last night, and he said, Ah, there's nothing like a fine lawgiver at home reading the paper with your feet out and feeling like a king in his castle.

I'm glad you realize it then, for this is the first note you've bin home this week, sed ma.

That's probably why I'm able to appreciate it so much, was that the telephone bell, sed pop.

I didn't hear anything, sed ma. Possibly not, sed pop. We don't you like a cigar and really look as tho you were enjoying yourself, sed ma.

I believe I will, that was the telephone, wasent it, sed pop. My goodness, wats ths matter, your not expecting a call, are you, sed ma.

Serenty not, thank hevntins, sed pop, the thing is, wenever I feel especially at ease and comfortable like this, it seems to go to last, and I get abnormal to a apprehensive that sumthing is going to interrupt to take me away.

Nonsents, sed ma. Wich jest then the telephone bell rang, and pop sed, Thare, that was the telephone.

And he got up and answered it, saying, Hello, hello, yes, yes, wry, the deer, I sed abnorm to a apprehensive that sumthing is going to interrupt to take me away.

And he hung up the telephone, saying, Thare, wat did I tell you. Marvells, sed ma. And pop put on his hat and coat and went out, ma saying, You can read some peopl like a book and you can see throo thurs like glass, but that mans a glass book.

YESTERDAY WITH THE LOCAL SOLDIERS.
Twenty-three men were in orders last night as taken on strength. Lieut. W. H. Allingham has been attached to the battalion for duty and training. In the morning the men had routine drill and in the afternoon they marched to Carmarthen street Methodist church under command of Major F. C. Jones and listened to a splendid address by the Rev. (Capt.) W. A. Cameron. Today the officer of the day will be Lieut. Perley and the ordinary routine work will be indulged in.

SOLDIERS ENTERTAINED.
A number of the soldiers in the different units now in training in the city were entertained last night at St. Luke's, Calvin and St. Stephen's churches. At each place refreshments were served and short musical programmes carried through, while at St. Stephen's church school room there was a basketball match. The soldier boys were greatly pleased at the entertainment given them.

THE BEST QUALITY AT A REASONABLE PRICE.
It's a Matter Of Shape
Good sight depends on the shape of the eyeball. Light must be focused on the retina at the back of the eye. If the eyeball lacks as little as one one-hundredth part of an inch of correct shape, difficulties in seeing occur. Almost all eyes fall short in a little detail of sight, though to outward appearance they are perfect.

Medicine can not change this condition. A lens before the eye, if accurately fitted, does. When Sharpe's optometrist tests your eyes he measures the focal error and prescribes the lens to correct it.

The glasses you get here are the exact lenses your eyes require, being made for you in our shop from our own test or your oculist's prescription.

L. L. Sharpe & Son
JEWELERS & OPTICIANS,
21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

PROTECTED BREAD
You can be perfectly sure of the cleanliness of BUTTERNUT BREAD which comes in sanitary wax paper wrappers. GROCERS SELL IT.

VACANCIES IN OFFICES
caused by enlistment of those who have answered, and those who will answer their King and Country's call, must be filled. Who will qualify themselves to take advantage of those great opportunities? Catalogue free to any address.

BR Wall Board
A thick fibre Wall Board that comes in sheets 44 x 84. Stiffer and warmer than other wall boards. Only \$28.00 a thousand feet. Regular price \$32.00. Send for Sample. CHRISTIE WOODWORKING CO. LTD. Erie Street

Opticians and Optometrists, K. W. EPSTEIN & CO., Opticians and Optometrists, Open Evenings, 192 Union Street.

WHYTE & MACKAY'S
Sole Everywhere

DUPEX ENVELOPES FOR 1916
ENVELOPING & REWRITING PRESS PRINTING
3 WATER STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Francis & Vaughan, 19 King St.

Standard Job Printing Co., St. John, N. B.

BALATA BELTING
The Best for Laundries, Dye-Houses and Exposed Situations
D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED
64 Prince William St. Phone Main 1121. St. John, N. B.

Loose Leaf Specialties
CARRIED IN STOCK: Post Binder, Memorandum Books, Large Ring Binders, Loose Leaf Ledgers, Transfer Binders, etc. We make sheets in any size or pattern. **BARNES & CO. Ltd., 84 Prince Wm. St.** Simple, Neat, Easy of Operation

NIGHT CAPS
These as articles of headgear were the correct thing in the olden days. But there is another sense in which the word is used. Some people find a little warm whiskey and water very conducive to sleep and benefit by a small portion taken just before lying down. If you have trouble in getting to sleep why not try the "Night Cap" plan, which is the name given to the small whiskey and water taken at bedtime? Only be sure you use **WHYTE & MACKAY'S** Sold Everywhere

New Gold and Platinum JEWELRY

In very pleasing and novel designs. You will find styles and combinations of Stone and Pearl effects that are not shown in any other stocks in this section.

Our Name Stands for Quality and Fair Dealing.

FERGUSON & PAGE
Diamond Importers and Jewelers - King Street

Gillette Blades

It is not worth while to scrape your face off trying to make the old blades do when one new blade costing a little over 8c. will give you from five to twenty perfect shaves.

\$1.00 per dozen .50 half dozen

T. McAVITY & SONS, Ltd. 13 King St.

Printing

We have facilities equal to any printing office in Eastern Canada for the production of high-grade work. Job printing of all kinds promptly attended to. Phone today Main 1910

Standard Job Printing Co., St. John, N. B.

Thick Sole Boots

To Avoid Wearing Rubbers

We have a big stock of the best grades, with full double soles, which must be sold during the next two weeks, hence these price concessions.

Men's Dark Tan and Black Winter Calf, Kid Lined, Regular \$6.00, for \$5.00

Men's Finest Box Calf, Leather Lined, Worth Cushion Sole, Regular \$6.00, for \$5.00

Men's Tan or Black High Cut Waterproof, Regular \$8.50, for \$7.50

Mail Orders by Parcel Post. Open Saturdays until 10.30 p.m.

FRANCIS & VAUGHAN, 19 King St.

Word-Making

As you will seem to enjoy the above you decided to let you have another. Make as many words as you can from the word PATRIOTIC. In ink, on one side of the paper only, stating how many words you find, and addressed to Uncle Dick's office, and enclosed with the coupon, filled in, and addressed to:

UNCLE DICK'S OFFICE
THE ST. JOHN STANDARD
ST. JOHN, N. B.

whose decision must be considered as final

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Boots \$3.50

Real Comfy Shoes

The time of year is approaching when housewives and their annual household chores to rob the process of foot suffering we would get a pair of our "COMFY" Shoes. Softest of Black Vib Blucher out pattern, pip, hand turned Soles, ber heels, cushion insole made on roomy easy light, soft and flexible. Truly, they are Comfy Shoes

Real Comfort Shoes

Waterbury & Rising Limited
King St. Main St. Union St.

OUR COMPETITION

For Boys and Splendid P Drawing and Painting

Above are shown sketches of four animals who can paint or draw them best I shall award.

No boy or girl must be more than fifteen entries must reach this office by Wednesday, the usual coupon, filled in, and addressed to:

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THE ST. JOHN STANDARD
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Platinum LRY

level designs. You combinations of Stone re not shown in any tion.

is for Quality Dealing.

& PAGE

lers - King Street

Boots
\$3.50

Oxfords
\$3.00

Real Comfy Shoes

The time of year is approaching when housewives begin their annual housecleaning. To rob the process of much foot suffering we would suggest a pair of our "COMFORT" Shoes. Softest of Black Vici Kid Blucher out pattern, patent tip, hand turned soles, rubber heels, cushion insoles and made on roomy easy lasts, light, soft and flexible.

Truly, they are Comfy Shoes.

Real Comfort Shoes

Waterbury & Rising

Levinston
King St. Main St. Union St.

Real Comfort Shoes

Blades

scrape your face off blades do when one little over 8c. will twenty perfect shaves.

er dozen
alf dozen

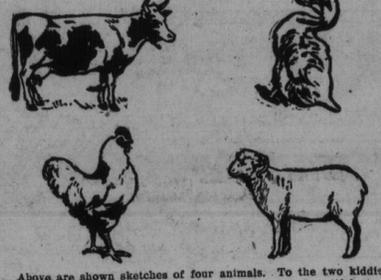
S, Ltd. 13 King St.

OUR COMPETITIONS

For Boys and Girls

Splendid Prizes

Drawing and Painting Contest



Above are shown sketches of four animals. To the two kiddies who can paint or draw them best I shall award two beautiful story books.

No boy or girl must be more than fifteen years of age, and all entries must reach this office by Wednesday, 9th, accompanied with the usual coupon, filled in, and addressed to

UNCLE DICK,
THE STANDARD,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

whose decision must be considered as final

Word-Making Contest

As you will seem to enjoy the above contests, so much, I have decided to let you have another. Make as many words as you are able out of the letters in the word PATRIOTIC. Write them neatly out on one side of the paper only, stating how many words you have managed to get, fill in the above coupon, pin same to your result and send in not later than March 8th, 1916.

To the two kiddies who send me in the greatest number of words as found in any standard dictionary, I shall award two beautiful story books. Neatness of writing will be taken into consideration, and Uncle Dick's decision must be considered as final.

UNCLE DICK,
THE STANDARD,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

STANDARD COMPETITION.
For Boys and Girls

Full Name.....
Address.....
Age..... Birthday.....

The Police Court.

Yesterday morning in the Police Court Roy Coes was found guilty of stealing two tubs of butter from Robert Jones' grocery store on Main street, and was sentenced to a term of five years, with hard labor in Dorchester Penitentiary.

John Moore, arrested on a warrant issued on Monday, was charged by Joseph Williams with stealing a quantity of blacksmith's utensils valued at \$100 from his shop on Bridge street. A further charge, that of collecting \$90 for Williams not accounted for, was laid by Mr. Williams. Moore pleaded not guilty.

Mr. Williams gave evidence that the defendant worked for him. During what time he had occasion to leave the city on Dec. 15th, 1915, and returned on March 1st. The following articles were missing from the shop: One forge, one block and tackle, six sledges, six tube expounders, twenty hammers, twenty-four chisels, two sets of tape, six reamers, one hatchet, ten drills and three pairs of tongs. Moore was left in charge during the witness' absence. Some of the missing articles were found on the prisoner's person by the detectives. These were recognized by Williams. As the goods were not in court this morning the case was set over until Wednesday. The \$90 was collected by Moore from James Holly & Co., but Williams swears the money has not been accounted for. Moore contends he was collecting the money while working for himself, not for Williams.

A steamship fireman named McDonald was fined \$20 for fighting on the east side ferry toll house Monday night.

John Murphy, adjudged guilty of refusing duty on board the steamship Mount Temple, was sent to jail for twelve weeks.

James T. Treadwell.

James T. Treadwell, who, with his brother John, located the famous Treadwell Gold Mine on Douglas Island, Alaska, died suddenly Monday night on board a ferryboat near St. Andrews. He was born at St. Andrews in 1848.

James Treadwell and his brother John left St. Andrews when they were young and went to San Francisco where they engaged in the contracting business. One brother Nathan and one sister, Mrs. James Stoop, are still living at St. Andrews.

SCUILL BROS.' NEW BUILDING NOW COMPLETE

One of most up-to-date Business establishments in Canada to house "Oak Hall."

A building of splendor, towering majestically above those in the vicinity, the new store of Messrs. Scull Bros., Limited, on King street, has for many months been the subject of admiration, and also discussion as to when it would be finished and opened to the public.

Standing as it does, in one of the finest streets in eastern Canada, it has already attracted much attention, and tomorrow when it is expected, the ugly canyons which now hide the front from view, will be torn down, there will be few who will have not words of the highest praise for the architect.

When a Standard reporter was yesterday shown over the building yesterday, by F. C. Smith, there were several things which impressed him most particularly, including the lighting, both natural and artificial, the spacious show rooms, the magnificent entrance, and the utility of the show cases and fittings throughout.

There are five stories, each devoted to certain lines of the business as follows:

The basement, which contains two sets of vaults, furnace room, lavatories, wash basins and passenger elevator power house, the latter being capable of driving the elevator at the speed of 250 feet per minute. The main switchboard is situated here and is one of the latest pattern. The storage vault, and reserve stock for the furnishing department is also in the basement.

Ground Floor.

Ascending to the ground floor by the speedy elevator the attention is at once taken up with the beautiful and artistic entrance, which, whether viewed from within or without, calls forth an expression of admiration. There appears to be none like it in St. John. It has an arcade front, with vestibule running in 18 feet, an aisle show case in the centre.

On the right hand side of the show room, after passing through the finely finished doors, there are a number of show cases erected on the adding bookcase principle. They are of an unique character, in that the neck wear, hosiery, gloves, etc., may be viewed without removing them from the case. They all have glass fronts and are dustproof; 15 dozen collars may be put in the show case provided for them. The walls are splendidly finished and electrically lighted.

The centre of the floor contains eleven silent salesmen, and down on the left hand side, is a most elaborate case, measuring some 40 feet.

Next are two grand Rapides revolving cases, which contain, not as it might first appear, about 200 shapes, but over six hundred of the very latest designs in men's headwear. There is also a practical display in the form of an above mirror, fitting room and cap fixture adjoining.

The rear of this floor is occupied by a large parcel room for receiving goods, which has above a most up-to-date tailoring department, with measuring floor.

An umbrella show case occupies a position between the two doors opening from the vestibule and although small, is capable of displaying some hundreds of "cheater sticks."

The stairway to the second floor is made of steel and mah, and apart from its purpose adds much to the furnishing of the place.

Second Floor.

The second floor, some 10 feet above the lower one, is devoted to men's clothing, and the general and private offices. It is artistically fitted out with Jones Brothers' of Toronto, wall and centre floor display fixtures, made on the Grand Rapids principle.

The suit cases which hold some 80 suits each are of the revolving pattern, with the self-lock.

The private office contains a fire-proof brick fireplace, and the general office has been arranged with great consideration for the staff, everything of the latest type being included.

The three cash tracks terminate here and there is also private exchange telephone connecting all departments.

Third Floor.

Children's and ladies' departments, public lavatories and dressing rooms occupy the third floor.

The cases here are like all the rest in the building, perfect, having been planned to save space, and at the same time display the goods most effectively. They are all of the Grand Rapids revolving principle.

The Workrooms.

Spacious and healthy workrooms are to be found on the top floor, together with reserved clothing department stock.

The whole building is heated throughout with hot water, and is artistically lighted by the X Ray Eye Comfort System. Sunlight and fresh air have free course and even on a dull day the show rooms are very bright.

No posts have been used in the construction, only strong girders, weighing seven tons each, whilst the floors are hardwood.

The contractors who have participated in the erection are as follows: Mason and steel work, B. Mooney & Son; carpentry work, S. A. Williams; plumbing, J. H. McParland; heating, Frank S. Walker; painting and glazing, John Johnson & Son; window front, Kameron, Quebec, Ontario; tiling, Monneman Tiling Co.; electric wiring, Vaughan Electric Co.; lighting system, X Ray Eye Comfort Indirect; fixtures supplied by Eastern Electric Co.; copper and galvanizing work, J. H. Wilson & Co.; fixtures, Grand Rapids Show Case Co.; freight and passenger elevators, Otis Passenger Elevator Co.; cash tracks, Lamson Pressed Cable Cash System.

CAPTAIN CAMERON HEARD IN THREE ADDRESSES YESTERDAY

Soldier-clergyman from Toronto spoke twice to soldiers and concluded with big meeting in the Imperial last evening—An urgent appeal to young Canadians to think over the matter of recruiting and then follow as their conscience dictates.

Captain Rev. W. A. Cameron, of Toronto, spoke three times in the city yesterday, and in each case his address was interesting and of much practical value. In the afternoon he spoke to the members of the 140th in their quarters in West St. John, and to the 115th in Carmarthen street church. In the evening he addressed a meeting in the Imperial Theatre after the second show.

Seldom has the Carmarthen street church contained such an audience as it held yesterday afternoon, the occasion being an address by Captain Cameron to members of the 115th Battalion. After F. A. Dymkowski, who was in chair, had said a few words, and Miss Stella Fox had rendered a solo in a most appreciative way, which drew forth loud applause, the captain opened his remarks by saying that if talking could have whipped the Germans, they would have been beaten long ago.

Seldom was I not going to talk about the war, or the religious, or political aspects of same, but simply to have a chat as man to man about the law of habit, a thing in which we are tightly wrapped. We always put the same boot on first, or the arm into the same sleeve first each time, we cannot move without being confronted with "habit."

Continuing he said: "I might take as my text, 'Be sure your stns will find you out,' or a similar one, but I shall not. Instead it is simply 'Two and two make four,'" and then in that free and easy way which is so characteristic of his, he said: "I always put the same boot on first, or the arm into the same sleeve first each time, we cannot move without being confronted with 'habit.'"

He continued: "Your task, boys, demands a strong body, and the ingredients are: nerves, good digestion and an ability to sleep. You have already got these, the fact that you are in uniform proves this, now keep it. I have no part to play in the war, but I shall show how it was only what we put into our lives that we took out. 'Some time ago,' he said, "a minister took over a new church, and he found that there was no regular collection, as is ordinary, but a box being near the door each member of the congregation put in what he desired as he or she passed out. The minister put a fifty cent piece as he passed with his little boy. Afterwards the elder of the church explained that it being a certain Sunday he was entitled to the proceeds of the box. The minister treated the boy, and he said: 'Dad, if you had put more in, you would have got more out.'"

"It is only as you sow that you will reap, and the success in your work will not depend upon 'pull,' but on 'you yourself.'"

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"It is only as you sow that you will reap, and the success in your work will not depend upon 'pull,' but on 'you yourself.'"

WILL CHANGE LOCATION OF MARKET SQ. FOUNTAIN

The proposed change in the location of the fountain on Market Square was discussed before the city council in committee of the whole yesterday afternoon and it was decided to approve the arrangements made provided that if a better location than that suggested could be found the commissioner of public works would adopt it. During the discussion Commissioner Potts said he expected to do the work with his department employees with the exception of stone cutting for which expert assistance would be necessary. The estimated total cost of removing the fountain from its present site and rebuilding it on the southern side of the square, together with any other work that might be necessary was estimated at \$2,836.50.

Commissioner McLellan agreed that the work was necessary and should be undertaken but added that he had hoped to see a more ambitious plan which would include a convenience station. He informed the council that the facilities now in the market would be removed soon and it would be necessary to provide other facilities in the vicinity of King Square.

Commissioner Potts said he had had plans prepared for such stations in Market Square and King Square but at this time he would not ask for the expenditure necessary for them.

Mayor Fink said the provision of such stations would mean that an employee would have to be placed in charge of them and devote all his time to that work.

Commissioner Potts said he believed the provision of shoe shine and news stands in connection with them would provide a revenue which would be sufficient to pay the running expenses and the interest on the cost of construction.

The motion authorizing the removal of the fountain was adopted on the understanding that if a better location than the one now in mind could be suggested it would be utilized.

HAD PALPITATION OF THE HEART ALSO WEAK AND DIZZY SPELLS.

When the heart begins to palpitate it will beat fast for several seconds, then slow, then start to flutter, and a feeling of utter depression will come over your whole system, accompanied by weak, fainting and dizzy spells, and if you should happen to wake up in the night with your heart palpitating, and that all gone "sinking sensation, you feel as if you were surely going to die."

When you feel this way, you may be sure that both your heart and nerves are out of order, and what you require is a good heart and nerve tonic; one that will build up and strengthen both the heart and nerve system.

For this purpose, nothing can equal **Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.**

Mrs. J. S. Nicholls, Lestrow, Ont., writes: "I was weak and run down, my heart would palpitate, and I would take weak and dizzy spells. A friend advised me to take your Heart and Nerve Pills, so I started at once, and found that I felt much stronger, and my heart was ever so much better in a short time. I cannot praise your medicine too highly for it has done me a world of good. My husband has also been bothered with heart trouble, ever since childhood, and finds great relief by using your valuable Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, all 50 cents per box, 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont."

COUNCIL DID NOTHING BUT ROUTINE WORK

Department reports adopted—Joshua Clayton to get \$400 for his land.

There was little beyond routine business at yesterday afternoon's meeting of the City Council, which was called to order at 3.15 with the Mayor in the chair. All the commissioners were present with the finance and public affairs reported that payments totalling \$57,299.76 had been made during the month of February. He recommended the following payments for March:

Treasury Department \$ 310.16
Public Safety Dept. 1,146.65
Public Works Dept. 1,239.91
Harbor, Ferries and Lands, 3,356.06 and that the chamberlain be authorized to pay the fees required upon the bills sent up by the city from time to time:

Harbors, Ferries and Lands,

The commissioner of harbors, ferries and public lands recommended that renewal leases be issued to the following:

Lot No. 865, Dukes Ward, to Home for Aged Females, 7 years from 1 May, 1915, rental \$4.50.
Lot No. 866, Dukes Ward, to Home for Aged Females, 7 years from 1 May, 1915, rental \$7.00.
Lot No. 868, Dukes Ward, to Home for Aged Females, 7 years from 1 May, 1915, rental \$7.00.
Lot No. 869, Dukes Ward, to Home for Aged Females, 7 years from 1 May, 1915, rental \$7.00.
Lot No. 1062, Brooks Ward, to John MacLellan, 7 years from 1 Nov., 1915, rental, \$18.70, being an increase of 10 p. c. on present rental.

That on Samuel Geary surrendering to the city a strip of land 10x20 feet in the Parish of Lancaster for sewage purposes. He also recommended that the account of Quinn & Company of \$245 for copper life rafts for ferry steamer Governor Carleton be paid, and that the lease which had been issued to Robert Irvine for lot 7 of Block 6 in the Parish of Lancaster be cancelled and annulled, the lease never having been executed and Mr. Irvine having died. The same lot should be leased to John H. Britney for a period of seven years from May 1st next at an annual rental of \$20 per year.

The recommendations were adopted.

To Change Alarm Box Numbers.

Com. Russell introduced a resolution to change the numbers on the alarm boxes in the West Side sheds to conform to the numbers of the sheds. The reason advanced for this change was that at present the firemen did not know just where to go when the bell rang and valuable time was lost and he referred to the fire in the immemorial building where the firemen had gone clean past it to No. 15 shed.

Com. McLellan said the proper remedy was auxiliary boxes. In the course of his remarks he said the men of the 60th and the 140th were not taking the proper precautions to guard against fire hazard and said he understood that the 140th had a stove pipe sticking out through the side of the building. On motion the matter was left to Commissioners Russell and McLellan to adjust.

The report of the city engineer was presented and referred to the commissioner of finance he to report back to the council.

A communication was read from J. Clark and Son asking permission to erect an electric sign in front of their garage projecting 13 1/2 inches. Referred to the commissioner of public safety.

Com. Wigmore brought in a resolution that the city pay J. P. Clayton the sum of \$400 provided he execute a deed to a portion of land which the city had used for sidewalk, gutter and catch basin, said land being at the junction of Waterloo and Brussels streets.

Com. McLellan wanted to know how many more of these cases there were as he felt that in paying this claim they were creating a precedent.

The Mayor said this was a case which emphasized the necessity of keeping a record of all transactions. In this case some arrangement for taking this land had been made with the original owners but no record could be found and no deed had been given. While the city could claim the land by possession still Mr. Clayton had bought it in good faith and all the deeds he had gave him the land. He felt that the city should pay the claim.

Com. Potts did not think that under the circumstances any precedent would be established. As had been pointed out, some arrangement had been entered into but never recorded and he felt that Mr. Clayton was entitled to what he had supposed he was buying. It was finally decided to pay the claim, the commissioner of finance to find the money with which to do so.

The council then resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider the plan of the proposed changes in Market Square.

For Strength, Purity, Flavor

in Bread, Buns and Biscuit, hundreds of householders prefer

La Tour Flour

milled by special Sanitary Process, from Choicest Manitoba Hard Spring Wheat.

Ask Your Grocer For It

Painless Dentistry

We extract teeth free of pain, only 25c. We do all kinds of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.

Boston Dental Parlors

527 Main St. 245 Union St.
Cor. Brussels. Phone 685.

Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.

DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor

It is our policy to give you the best Eyeglass Service obtainable anywhere

D. BOYANER

Two Stores
38 Dock St. 111 Charlotte St.

Don't Forget

To Call West 7 or West 81 When Needing

Oats, Middling's Bran or Hay

We have Western Oats—good quality, reasonable price.

A. C. SMITH & CO.

Union Street - West St. John

STEAM BOILERS

The following new "Matheson" built boilers, are on hand at our Works, and are offered for immediate shipment:—

1—"Inclined" type on skids, 50 H. P.

1—"Locomotive" type on skids, 50 H. P. Also "Used."

1—"Return Tubular" type .40 H. P.

Complete details and prices will be mailed upon request.

L. MATHESON & CO. Limited

Boiler Makers

New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

GET FACTS, NOT PROMISES—What the REMINGTON has done and is doing, is more interesting to you than what other typewriting machines may do. A. Milne Fraser, Jas. A. Little, Mgr., 37 Dock St., St. John, N. B.

FIELD ICE.

The first ice report posted in local shipping offices this year is a record from the U. S. C. G. S. Seneca, as follows: Field ice was sighted on February 28, and the area extended from latitude 46 north, longitude 52 west, to 46.15 north, 44.53 west.

RECENT CHARTERS.

Schr. O. H. Brown, Hampton Roads to Havana, with coal, P. T. Schra Hatte Dunn and Geo. H. Ames, Charleston to N. of Hatteras, kiln dried boards, P. T. Sch Susan N. Pickering, Charleston to Boston, two trips, kiln dried boards, P. T.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PERFECT BAKING RESULTS

MADE IN CANADA

CONTAINS NO ALUM

es of headgear were the olden days.

other sense in which the people find a little warm very conducive to sleep all portion taken just be-

ouble in getting to sleep night Cap' plan, which is the small whiskey and time? Only be sure you

MACKAY'S

verywhere

All the Latest News and Comment From the World of Finance

WAR SHARES FIGURE PROMINENTLY ON WALL ST. TUESDAY

Washington again magnet holding attention of financial community. WEAKNESS IN MARKS General hardening of prices in later dealings—US Steel under persistent pressure.

New York, March 7.—Trading during today's moderately active market was again largely devoted to war shares and sundry specialties, while standard stocks denoted occasional irregularity. The attention of financial community continued to centre around Washington, the debates over the armed ship issue being followed with absorbing interest. Additional gains were registered in the forenoon under the lead of Crucible Steel and Baldwin Locomotive, which once more superseded United States Steel in point of activity. In fact, United States Steel was under persistent pressure, though yielding only fractionally. Coppers also moved upward appreciably, likewise Mercantile Marine preferred and American Woolen. Strength of Woolen shares was distinctly traceable to the publication of that company's annual report, showing an enormous increase in net profits over 1914. Specialties under marked restraint, California Petroleum losing 7 1/2 and 9 1/2 on the unfavorable annual statement of the previous day. Texas Company also manifested some heaviness on unconfirmed rumors of new financing. Other backward features included United Fruit, United States Industrial Alcohol, Motors and Fertilizers. Sugars were also disposed to relinquish some of their gains of the preceding session. The movement in rails was somewhat mixed, Baltimore and Ohio, Erie, Southern Railway preferred and Seaboard Air Line preferred evidencing marked firmness, while Louisville & Nashville, Colorado Southern first preferred and Missouri, Kansas and Texas common and preferred were weak. A general hardening of prices, except in Petroleum, occurred in the later dealings, the rise deriving its impetus from the news that the house of representatives, on several test votes, had supported the administration by a substantial majority. Indications that the soft coal operators were approaching an amicable settlement was another favorable factor. Total sales amounted to 558,000 shares. Weakness of market was the chief feature of the exchange market, but most forms of remittance, including sterling, were inclined to shade. Further moderate selling of Americans for London was reported. Investment bonds were mainly irregular, but Anglo-French 5's were decidedly firm. Total sales, par value \$5,520,000.

CLOSING LETTER OF N. Y. MARKET BY E. & C. RANDOLPH

McDUGALL & COWANS. New York, Mar. 7.—The market continued irregular throughout the day, although the preliminary vote in the house in regard to limiting the debate on the McElmore resolution indicated that President Wilson was to be left with a free hand in his negotiations with Germany. There was increased trading in the copper stocks in the afternoon with Kenn. Coppers as a leader, selling up to highest point of its history. The final vote of the house on tabling the McElmore resolution will probably come up about seven o'clock tonight after four hours' debate. Ann. Woolen Co. reported profits for the past year of over \$5,000,000 as compared with less than \$3,000,000 in 1914 and with a deficit in 1913. The past year's earnings were equal to nearly twelve per cent. on the common stock after payment of regular preferred dividend. Steel and copper interests report continued excellent demand, and express belief that further large war orders will be placed in this country. A returning secretary of the American consulate at Berlin expressed some disquieting views regarding Germany's attitude toward this country and favorable reports regarding conditions in Germany. Although the market is in a good technical position and business conditions in the country would seem to warrant an advance in prices, the public seem to be willing to wait to see what the outcome of the international controversy will be. We would expect to see a favorable turn in international matter followed by a sharp advance. Total sales \$47,000. Bonds \$2,549,000. E. & C. RANDOLPH.

RAW MATERIALS SCARCITY IN THE U. S. IS SERIOUS

Matters receiving earnest consideration of industrial circles. TRADE REVIEWED Federal Reserve Agents throughout the States report generally good business conditions.

Washington, March 4.—Generally good business conditions throughout the country are reflected in reports of Federal Reserve agents made public by the Federal Reserve Board. Growing scarcity of raw materials used in many American industries is noted, however, and the Southern agents predict an increase in cotton acreage this year unless steps are taken to prevent it. The Boston district reports trade generally in continued activity, with the uncertainty as to the European situation restraining undue expansion. Unrest of labor and increasing cost of raw materials, however, are said to be disturbing factors. From New York comes the report that the industrial activity there is of record character. Manufacturers of automobiles, tools and firearms and the rolling mills show the greatest increase in production. On account of scarcity of raw materials, however, some houses anticipate a shortage in merchandise stocks. Steady and substantial gain throughout the Philadelphia district in practically all lines of business, is announced. Prices of commodities are said to be rising and supplies scarce with labor hard to obtain and wages high. Lack of dyestuffs is noted and raw materials are said to be advancing in price. Steel mills and shipyards continue busy. Scarcity of unannealed basic raw materials the Chicago agents say, is receiving the earnest attention of manufacturing industries dependent on them. Reports from the farming section of the district indicate a reduced wheat acreage this year, but farmers are said to have an increased purchasing power. The automobile industry is at a record pace, there is a strong demand for live stock and generally there is said to be a feeling of optimism. Cold weather has retarded grain shipments in the Minneapolis district and to considerable extent the lumber and wholesale businesses. Car shortage, the report says, is causing difficulties, and the cotton situation threatened at one time to become serious. Prospects for the spring are called excellent. Kansas City reports railroads taxed beyond capacity owing largely to shipments of last year's grain. First indications that the wheat crop may have been injured by the unusual weather of the early part of the year have been offset by later and more encouraging reports. Leaders in many lines of activity look for an unusually prosperous and busy year.

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

Table with columns: Open, High, Low, Close. Lists various stocks like Am Beet Sugar, Am Car Ferry, Am Loco, etc.

MINING MEN ARE SATISFIED WITH AMENDMENT

Now regarded as wholly equitable. PRAISE SIRT WHITE No danger now of flow of American capital being checked.

(Special to The Montreal Star.) Toronto, March 4.—Robert E. Kemmer, member of the Standard Stock and Mining Exchange, expressed himself as being well pleased with the war tax legislation as amended by the Finance Minister. He stated that the new taxation on mining corporations appeared to him as wholly equitable. "The proposed amendment to the act," he said, "allowing as it does for the lessening of the ore reserves which makes for the life of the mines and in this way making due allowance for the return of invested capital, places the mining industry on a parity with all other industries, and the burden is by no means onerous. As a matter of fact the taxation will fall entirely upon such mines as those of American origin, which are well able to pay the charges in question without detriment to shareholders. "The danger of the loss of the likelihood of metal production being handicapped and also in the possibility of driving away outside capital, principally the money which was coming from the United States. So far as the first point is concerned, I cannot see that the amended taxation will in any way retard production; no mines will encounter this new taxation until the very nature of them on an equal basis in a position to easily afford to meet the charges. "The point which is covered by the amendment was the one point to which these American investors took exception, in that no allowance was made for the yearly depreciation of the mines. Now that this difficulty is satisfactorily bridged, I think there is no longer any ground for the uncertainty towards the mines of this company being checked. "It is most satisfactory that this question of taxation should have been decided so promptly. The uncertainty was having a most detrimental effect not only upon the market, but upon the mining industry generally, particularly in regard to the newer properties. Hamilton B. Willis is also well pleased with the legislation. Sir Thomas White's quickness of action in realizing that mining companies could not be fairly classified on an equal basis with the banking institutions, railroad and industrial corporations was clearly demonstrated in the house yesterday, and only strengthens my opinion that the Finance Minister has no intention of interfering or restricting the development of the mineral resources of Northern Ontario. At such a critical time as Canada is now passing through the output of precious metals is a factor of vital importance and must needs be fostered to preserve national credits.

PRODUCE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Table with columns: Bid, Ask. Lists various commodities like Ames Holden Com, Brazil L. H. and P., etc.

NEW BRITISH LOAN IN NEW YORK IS ANTICIPATED

Half Billion Anglo-French Loan Nearly exhausted—French and Russian Loans talked of.

New York, March 7.—That arrangements for a further British loan in this market will result from Mr. Morgan's trip to London, is considered almost a foregone conclusion, as the \$500,000,000 Anglo-French loan is now nearly exhausted. It can be stated, with certainty, however, that there will not be another combined Anglo-French loan. A large French loan, \$200,000,000, is being consummated. In regard to the English loan nothing definite has as yet transpired. In connection with the Russian loan situation, it was stated in well-informed circles that the amount of the loan when concluded probably would not be more than \$50,000,000, which would be participated in jointly by a number of New York and out-of-town banking institutions.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY

Advertisement for Dominion Coal Company, featuring 'Labatt's India Pale Ale' and 'Soft Coals'.

MONTREAL MARKET SHOWED STRENGTH IN SPOTS YESTERDAY

Sharp advance in Laurentide—Penman's statement good, but stock failed to respond.

Montreal, March 7.—The market was strong in spots today. There was very little Cedars offered on the market. Laur had a sharp advance. We believe there will be more favorable news in a few days in regard to this security. Steel of Canada had to stand a big selling order today, but acted very well. Penman gave a very slight response to his splendid statement. We hear from New York that the vote will not take place in the house at Washington till 7 o'clock tonight. We hope when this is out of the way it will clear the situation. We consider the market a buy on any reaction. McDUGALL & COWANS.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

Table with columns: High, Low, Close. Lists cotton market sales for various months.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE PRICES

Chicago, March 7.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 1.18 7/8; No. 3 red, 1.12 to 1.13 1/4; No. 2 hard, 1.18 to 1.14 3/4; No. 3 hard, 1.09 3/4 to 1.13 5/8. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 75 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 69 to 70; No. 4 white, 68 1/2 to 69. Oats—No. 3 white, 40 3/4 to 43; standard, 42 3/4. Rye—No. 2, 92. Barley—61 to 74. Timothy—4.50 to 7.00. Clover—10.00 to 18.50. Pork—20.50 to 22.00; lard, 9.55; ribs, 11.50 to 11.87.

Table with columns: High, Low, Close. Lists various commodities like Wheat, Corn, Oats, etc.

MONTHLY INCOME POLICY NEW YORK LIFE INS. CO.

J. W. V. LAWLOR, Agent. P.O. Box 174, St. John, N. B.

FREDERICKTON ELECTRIC CO.

H. M. BRADFORD, Halifax. Bridges, Buildings and All Structures of Steel and Concrete.

W. SIMMS LEE, F. C. A.

Chartered Accountant and Auditor. 605 Building, Halifax, N.S.

THOMAS BELL & CO., ST. JOHN, N. B.

PUGSLEY BUILDING, 48 PRINCE STREET. Lumber and General Brokers.

LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO., LTD.

Assets exceed \$6,000,000. Employers' Liability, Elevator Accident, Sickness and Guarantee Insurance.

FIRE INSURANCE

C. E. L. JARVIS & SON, 74 PRINCE WM. ST.

Advertisement for RMS (Royal Mail Steamship) West Indies, featuring a ship illustration.

DONALDSON LINE

From Glasgow From St. John Feb. 29 S.S. "Orithia" March 18 Mar. 11 S.S. "Ormidale" April 1 Mar. 18 S.S. "Polaris" April 8 (Dates subject to change)

Head Line

St. John to Dublin. Mar. 8 S.S. Tor Head ... Mar. 23 S.S. Inshaven Head ... Mar. 28 S.S. Bengore Head ... May 3

MANCHESTER LINE

From Manchester From St. John Feb. 5 Manchester Engineer Feb. 19 Jan. 22 Manchester Inventor Feb. 19 Jan. 30 Manchester Merchant Feb. 22

FURNESS LINE

From London. From St. John. Dec. 31 Shenandoah Feb. 15 Jan. 20 Kanawha Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Nanpanahook Feb. 26

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES

INTERNATIONAL LINE. Steamship North Star. Leaves St. John Thursday at 9 a. m. for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston.

FOREIGN PORTS

Cape Cod, Mass., March 5.—Passed past, Schrs W. D. Marvel, Roger Drury and Harry Miller.

BRINGING UP FOOD

Advertisement for food products, featuring a cartoon illustration.

PLEASANT EVENING SPENT BY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY

Monthly meeting of more than ordinary interest—Portraits presented.

The monthly meeting of the Natural History Society, held last evening, was of more than usual interest. Portraits of two prominent members were unveiled by Mrs. J. V. Billie, president of the Ladies' Association.

SHIPPING

MINIATURE ALMANAC. March—Phases of the Moon. New Moon, 3rd, 11h. 58m. p. m.

FOREIGN PORTS

Delaware Breakwater—Passed out March 6, Schrs Catherine, Philadelphia for St. John.

BRINGING UP FOOD

Advertisement for food products, featuring a cartoon illustration.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

On March 3, 1916, and until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows: Leave St. John, N. B., for St. John, N. B., at 7.30 a. m., for St. John, N. B., at 7.30 a. m., for St. John, N. B., at 7.30 a. m.

BRINGING UP FOOD

Advertisement for food products, featuring a cartoon illustration.

BRINGING UP FOOD

Advertisement for food products, featuring a cartoon illustration.

Finance RMSF WEST INDIES DONALDSON LINE

The Robert Reford Co. Head Line St. John to Dublin

MANCHESTER LINE FURNESS LINE EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES

CHANGE OF TIME GRAND MANAN S. S. CO. MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED

PLEASANT EVENING SPENT BY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY

Monthly meeting of more than ordinary interest—Portraits presented.

ALBERT COUNTY SPORTS STARTS ACTIVE RECRUITING

Special to The Standard. Hillsborough, March 7.—A recruiting meeting was held in the Scental Hall, Hillsborough, last night.

A pleasing concert by Dominion Lodge at last night in Temple building, Main Street, under the auspices of Dominion Lodge, I. O. G. T.

SPORT LOCAL BOWLING

In the City League, on Black's alleys, last night, the Spectals and the O. P. B. teams tied, each taking two points.

Table with bowling scores for Hanson, Scott, O'Connell, Dunham, Wilson, and others.

A TEN STRING MATCH. Last night on Black's alleys there was an interesting ten string match between two two-men teams.

BOXERS EXPLAIN. Young Grey and Young Naves who were the first two youngsters to appear in the preliminary bouts in the Opera House on Monday night.

University Companies Reinforcing the Princess Patricia's GILLETTE Safety Razor

Station on Union street, curled an exciting match on the Thistle ice last night, and while skip Hill Campbell's rink defeated skip George Parren by a score of 13 to 7.

that Harley did injure one of his arms badly in the first round and the arm appeared to be very sore yesterday.

fore on the old Thistle Club ice, and many a stone that was sent up the ice was curled with the eyes shut.

reading: "Who Pays?" and at the finish of the game Skip Parren sent in a card to the scorer with the words on it, "We Do."

SHIPPING MINIATURE ALMANAC. March—Phases of the Moon. New Moon, 3rd, 11h. 58m. p. m.

FOREIGN PORTS. Cape Cod Canal, Mass., March 5.—Passed east, schrs W. D. Marvel, Roger Drury and Harry Miller.

Asquith a bird of a wing collar ZOOKE

For Use In the Sick Room RED BALL ALE and PORTER SIMEON JONES & CO. Brewers

THE FIREMEN CURL

Two rinks of firemen from No. Five

YOU--

(Whisper!--) How about that Khaki matter? The spring's almost here, our battalions are fast whipping into shape for crossing the pond.

Bringing Up Father

Comic strip panels with dialogue: YOU WANT ME TO PRETEND I'M COUNT DE BANANAS? YES AND I'LL TELL MAGGIE YOU WANT ME TO TAKE YOU TO MY CLUB.

WHY BEAUTIFUL WOMEN ARE SO ATTRACTIVE... Who does not envy and admire a lovely woman? The secret of her beauty lies in the perfection of her health...

CE... as those who... too late... \$150... brains and try... of these prizes—... are just as... other per... solve the puzzle... our solution with... and a pay... subscription ac... and see if you can... cash. Remem... contest will close... 5th.

NOTICE... is sent in will be credited on one Standard according to the scale requested by the competitor. Com... solutions, one, two, three, four... they please up to six dollars... will receive credit as follows:

WEEKLY... 1 year... 2 years... 3 years... 4 months... 6 months... 8 months... 1 year... 2 months... 4 months... 6 months... 8 months... 1 year

COUPON... around the border and send it in as... and money attached, to... "Puzzle Department,"... St. John Standard.

ess cash payments

The Broad Highway

Jeffery Farnol

"Which We Call Life"
(Continued from last issue.)
"George, Prince of Wales!" said I, starting. "By heavens, Tom, I believe you've hit it!" And, with the word, I sprang down from the cart.
"My colleague is near by sir, and I should be proud for you to eat supper with me—that is—if you be so minded?"
"Many thanks," said I, "but I am not so minded, and so good-bye, Tom!" And with the words, I wrung the soldier's honest hand in mine, and went upon my way.
"George, Prince of Wales!" said I, to myself, "could this be the 'George' they had meant? If so, then who and what had they supposed me? Hereupon, as I walked, I fell into a profound meditation, in which I presently remembered how that Tom Crags had also mentioned the Prince, giving me to understand that his Highness had actually ordered him (Tom Crags) to leave London, and why? "And that their kidnappers' aim was to lay out Sir Jasper Trent—according to your order."
Sir Jasper Trent! I stopped stock still in the road. "Sir Jasper Trent! At last I remembered the name that had eluded me so persistently. Remembered it! Nay, indeed, it was rather as the fugitive had whispered the name into my ear, and I glanced round almost expecting to see him.
"After that their kidnappers' aim was laid out Sir Jasper Trent—according to your orders."
According to my orders, or rather, the orders of the man for whom he (in common with the two gentlemen at "The Chequers") had mistaken me. But who was that man? Of him I knew two facts—namely, that he was much like me in person, and had for merely worn, or possibly still wore, whiskers. And beyond these two facts I could get no further, revolve the matter how I might, so I presently shrugged my shoulders, and banishing it from my thoughts for the time being, set forward at a good pace.

CHAPTER XIV.
Further Chaptering the Gentleman in The Battered Hat.
"Sir," said my companion at last, lifting the battered hat, "I tender you my apology, and I shall be delighted to eat with you in the ditch, if you are in the same mind about it."
"Then you believe me?"
"Indubitably, sir," he answered with a faint smile; "had you indeed been gentlemenly and silent, ermine each other above the bread and cheese."
CHAPTER XV.
In Which I Find an Answer to My Riddle.
The sun was already westering when I came to a pump beside the way; and setting the handle I worked it vigorously, then, placing my hollowed hands beneath the rusting spout, drank my fill, alternately, until I had quenched my thirst. I now found myself prodigiously hungry, and remembering the bread and cheese in my knapsack, looked about for an inviting spot in which to eat.
On one side of the road was a thick hedge, and beneath this hedge, a deep, dry grassy ditch; and here, after first slipping on the bread and cheese, took out the loaf and the cheese, and opening my clasped-knife, prepared to fall to.
At this moment I was interrupted in a rather singular fashion, for hearing a rustling close by, I looked up, and into a face that was protruded through a gap in the hedge above me. It needed but a glance at the bright eyes, with its jaunty brim, and forest silver buckle, and the haggard, devil-may-care face below, to recognize the individual whom I had seen thrown out of the hedge toward the morning before.
It was a very thin face, as I have said, pale and hollow-eyed and framed in black curly hair, whose very blackness did but accentuate the extreme pallor of the skin, which was tight, and drawn above the cheek bones and angle of the jaw. Yet, as I looked at this face, warm and candid though it was, in its glance over the hollow eyes, in the line of the clean-cut mouth I saw that mysterious something which marks a man, what we call for want of a better word, a gentleman.
"Good evening!" said he, and lifted the battered hat.
"Good evening!" I returned.
"Pardon me," said he, "but I was snatching the bread and cheese."
"Indeed!" said I.
"Indeed!" he rejoined, "it is the first edible I have been on speaking terms with, so to speak, for rather more than three days."
"You are probably hungry?" said I.
"It would be foolish to deny it, sir."
"Then, if you care to eat with me in the ditch here, you are heartily welcome," said I.
"With all the pleasure in life!" said he, vaulting very nimbly through the hedge; "you shall not ask me twice or the very second is in it! Believe me, I—Here he stopped, very suddenly, and stood looking at me.
"Ah!" said he gently, and with a faint infection, letting the ejaculation escape in a long-drawn breath.
"Well!" I inquired. Now as I looked up at him, the whole aspect of the man, from the top of his broken boots to the crown of the battered hat, seemed to undergo a change, as though a sudden, fierce anger had leapt into life, and been controlled, but by a strong effort.
"On my life and soul, now!" said he, falling back a step, and eyeing me with a vaguely unpleasant smile, "this is a most unexpected—a most unlooked for pleasure; it is—I vow it is."
"You flatter me," said I.
"No, sir, no; to meet you again—some day—somewhere—alone—quite alone, sir—is a pleasure I have frequently dwelt upon, but never hoped to realize. As it is, sir, having, in my present condition, no chance of procuring better weapons than my fists, allow me to suggest that you serve; do me the infinite kindness to stand up."
"Sir," I answered, cutting a slice from the loaf, "you are the third person within the last forty-eight hours who has mistaken me for another; it really gets quite wearisome."
"Mistaken you?" he broke in, and his smile grew suddenly bitter, "do you think it possible that I could ever mistake you?"

OXO
Ready
A cup of hot OXO everyday is splendid safeguard against colds and chills.
A CUBE TO A CUP

Extract From a Speech of a British M. P.

"To tell a man who has used Beer properly the whole of his life that it is harmful, and to try to mystify him into believing you by using long and technical words, is rank charlatanism and should be punished by the hearty and expressed contempt of every man. People who talk in this fashion should be made fools of. It is the best cure, and if they are not yet, treated in this fashion it is because our society still suffers from a moral evil far worse than drunkenness—that is, lack of courage."
"Beer that is made out of malt and hops is healthy; if substitutes of one kind or another are used, the concoction becomes more and more dangerous in proportion to the type of adulterant supplied. Beer has been an ordinary and healthful food of our ancestors from the earliest recorded times."
There is no adulteration in **READY'S LAGER BEER** or **READY'S PALE ALE**—absolutely pure, and just the proper food beverage that should be found in every home.

Ready's Breweries, Ltd.

St. John, N. B.

Probate Sale

There will be sold at Waterloo and Hospital Streets, having a front of 35 feet on Waterloo Street and 70 feet on Hospital Street, being the lot conveyed to "Thomas Doherty by Arthur C. Fairweather and wife by deed registered in the Saint John County Records Book "K, No. 6, at page 578."
(b) "ALSO the lot adjoining it to the northwesterly having a front of 30 feet on Hospital Street and extending back 80 feet, being the lot conveyed by Arthur C. Fairweather and wife to Thomas Doherty by deed registered in the Saint John County Records Book "K, No. 6, at page 578."
(c) "ALSO a lot of land 80 feet by 30 feet in the year of said 2 lots above described conveyed to John Doherty by deed registered in the Saint John County Records Book "K, No. 6, at page 578."
(d) "ALSO a lot of land in the Parish of Simonds of the County of the City and County of Saint John, being the eastern 1/3 of the lot No. 1, granted by the Crown to John Massey in a Grant to John Ferguson and others. Said land is in the neighborhood of Loch Lomond in the second range or tier of lots there, said land being devised by Caleb Harecliffe to Joseph Craswell Harecliffe."
The above lands are fully described in the Petition for leave to sell said real estate now on file in the Probate Court of Saint John County and are fully described in the Hand-bills posted up at the Court House, Registry Office and Chubb's Corner.
The widow of John Doherty, Theresa M. Doherty, joins in this sale and will join in the Deeds for the purpose of releasing her dower in said property.
For terms of sale and further particulars, apply to the undersigned, HERBERT E. WARDROPER, Common Clerk.

HAIR COMING OUT?

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a 3-cent bottle of Danderine at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After a few applications the hair stops coming out and you can't find any dandruff.

Alkali Makes Soap Bad for Washing Hair

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle. The best thing to use is just plain mulsified coconut oil for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else at all pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

To Quickly Remove Ugly Hairs from Face

(Beauty Notes.)
Beauty-destroying hairs are soon banished from the skin with the aid of a delicate paste, made by mixing some water with a little plain powdered delonite. This is spread upon the hairy surface for 2 or 3 minutes, then rubbed off and the skin washed to remove the remaining delonite. This simple treatment banishes every trace of hair and leaves the skin without a blemish. Caution should be used to be certain that it is delonite you buy.

ERNEST LAW

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
3 COBURG STREET,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

HERRING

Fresh Frozen Herring by the Hundred.
James Patterson,
19 and 20 SOUTH MARKET WARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Oranges Oranges

Landing, five cars new crop California Navel Oranges.
A. L. GOODWIN

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3

THERAPION price 25c per bottle.
Kidney, bladder, and allied diseases. Piles, etc. Send stamp for FREE advice on suitability in your case. Write to The French Remedy, 122, St. James Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Agents: The French Remedy, 122, St. James Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Agents: The French Remedy, 122, St. James Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Agents: The French Remedy, 122, St. James Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

Classified Advertising

One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1/3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a bill will be presented for enactment at the next session of the Provincial Legislature intituled "An Act Respecting the Saint John Railway Company."
The objects desired to be attained by this bill are:
(1) To authorize the Common Council, whenever deemed expedient, to manage or alter the grade of any street or fix the grade for any street for which no grade has been determined, and to compel the Saint John Railway Company to raise or lower the rails of its railway so as to conform to such grade.
(2) To compel the said Company to lay concrete foundations between the rails of the railway and under the ties thereof so far as such rails extend along the length of any street in which the city shall lay, or give notice of its intention to lay or replace, stone, brick, vitrified brick, tar macadam or any pavement other than ordinary macadam.
(3) To compel the said Company to keep the top of its rails on ordinary grade of the street in which they are laid.
(4) To compel the said Company to renew, on notice from the city, any of its rails or switch apparatus which may be broken, worn out or defective or in any way dangerous.
(5) To compel the said Company to give a transfer, when requested by the city, of any car or engine in the harbor, entitling him or her after crossing the ferry to take a car either at Chubb's Corner or at the Market Square.
Dated at the City of Saint John, N. B., the 14th day of February, A. D. 1916.
HERBERT E. WARDROPER, Common Clerk.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Heavy team, weight 25 hundred, or will sell separate, 5 and 8 years old bays. Apply to F. A. Schofield, Avonmore, Kings Co., N. B.

STAMPS FOR SALE—Packages contain a good assortment. Send for a trial package. Write Box C. B., care Standard office.

SAW MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT—Steam and water power plant in Victoria county is being offered at a very low cost for immediate sale. Suitable terms can be made for renting and saving out this season's cut of spruce and hardwood. Capacity about three million feet. For further particulars write F. O. Box 376, St. John, N. B.

LAUNDRIES

VICTORIA LAUNDRY Wet Wash Phone Main 390.

NOTICE

By order of the Council of the Municipality of the City and County of Saint John a Bill will be presented at the next Session of the Legislature of New Brunswick for enactment intituled "An Act Respecting Permanent Sidewalks in Lancaster."
The object of the Bill is to authorize the Municipality of the City and County of Saint John to issue Bonds amounting to \$15,000, and may proceed to Lancaster Highway Board of Permanent Sidewalks to borrow money from time to time for Highway purposes.
JAMES KING KELLEY, County Secretary.

EUROPEAN AGENCY

Wholesale Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries, China, Earthenware and Glassware, Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories, Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods, Fancy Goods and Perfumery, Hardware, Machinery and Metals, Jewellery, Toys and Watches, Photographic and Optical Goods, Provisions and Oilsmen's Stores, etc., etc.
Commission 2 1/2 p.c. to 5 p.c.
Special Quotations on Demand.
Sample Cases from £10 upwards.
Consignments of Produce Sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS

(Established 1814.)
25 Abchurch Lane, London, E. C. 4, ENGLAND.
Cable Address: "Annupale, London." 22978.

HOTELS.

"THE PRINCE WILLIAM"
One of St. John's first class hotels for transient and permanent guests, Prince William Street.

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Street,
St. John's Leading Hotel.
RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD.
T. B. Reynolds, Manager.

VICTORIA HOTEL
Better Now Than Ever.
67 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.
ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD.
Proprietors.
A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

HOTEL DUFFERIN
FOSTER & COMPANY, Proprietors,
King Square, St. John, N. B.
J. T. DUNLOP, Manager.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO.
Established 1878.
Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants.
Agents for:
MACKIN'S WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKY,
LAWSON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKY,
SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKY,
KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKY,
AUK'S HEAD BASS ALE,
FABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER,
GEORGE SAYER COGNAC BRANDES.
Bonded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street, Phone 533.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.

WILLIAM L. WILLIAMS successors to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchants, 110 and 112 Prince William St., Established 1878. Write for family price list.

ELEVATORS

We manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiters, etc.
E. S. STEPHENSON & CO.,
St. John, N. B.

The Union Foundry & Machine Works, Ltd.

ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS.
Iron and Brass Castings.
WEST ST. JOHN, Phone West 13
GEO. WARING, Manager.

J. FRED WILLIAMSON

MACHINISTS AND ENGINEERS,
Steamboat, Mill and General Repair Work.
INDIANTON, T. JOHN, N. B.
Phones, M-222; Residence M-1724 L.

WATCH REPAIRERS.

W. Bailey, the English, American and Swiss watch repairer, 133 Mill Street. Work guaranteed.

PATENTS.

"PATENTS and Trade-marks prepared. Featherstonhaugh and Co., Palmer Building, St. John."

Musical Instruments Repaired

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS and all string instruments and bows repaired.
SYDNEY GIBBS,
81 Sydney Street.

ENGRAVERS.

F. C. WESLEY & CO.
Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers,
69 Water Street, St. John, N. B.
Telephone 982

NERVES, ETC., ETC.

ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electrician and Specialist and Masseuse. Treats all nervous diseases, weakness and wasting, neuritis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc. Facial bleaches of all kinds removed. 27 Coburg Street.

BELTING

We make a specialty of Belts made to order for Driving or Gait Belts, in Rubber, Leather, Canvas (waterproofed) or Balata. We can have these made up and delivered when needed.
ESTY & CO.
Mill Supplies of all kinds.

MANILLA CORDAGE

Galvanized and Black Steel Wire Rope, Cables, Fitch, Tar, Oils, Paints, Flags, Tackle Blocks and Motor Boat Supplies, Gunny Hanges and Stores and Tinsware.
ESTY & CO.
19 Water Street.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast.

Maritime—Strong breeze to moderate gales, mostly east and south, occasional snow or rain.

Washington, March 7.—Forecast: Northern New England—Cloudy Wednesday; snow at night or Thursday, moderate, variable winds.

Toronto, March 7.—The disturbance which covered Michigan last night has remained stationary today over the Lower Lake region. Snow has been general in the Ottawa and St. Lawrence valleys, and the Maritime Provinces. Snow is falling again tonight over Lake Huron and the Georgian Bay.

Temperatures.

	Min.	Max.
Prince Rupert	30	46
Victoria	36	42
Vancouver	32	40
Kamloops	34	40
Calgary	4	40
Medicine Hat	8	38
Battleford	0	26
Swift Current	4	26
Moose Jaw	0	21
Regina	9	18
Winnipeg	12	20
Port Arthur	16	18
Parry Sound	14	30
London	26	40
Kingston	16	38
Ottawa	12	24
Montreal	14	32
Quebec	6	18
St. John	8	18
Halifax	6	25

—Below zero.

Around the City

Will Remove Danger.

Policemen were on guard in front of the Dearborn building on Prince Wm. street keeping people away from the front, owing to the dangerous condition of the top of the building which is liable to fall at any moment. Men will be set to work today removing the dangerous sections of the walls.

Molasses Freight Rates.

A conference of the molasses importers with the traffic committee of the Board of Trade was held yesterday morning to discuss the matter of freights. Mr. Allison of Halifax, representing the R. M. S. P., was present and heard in the matter. He said negotiations were under way with the government to get them to release one steamer for the freight trade.

Slightly Injured.

Robert Robertson, aged twenty-four, seaman on the Donaldson liner Lakonia, suffered shock and bruises in falling into the hold of the steamer at McLeod's wharf yesterday morning. He was treated at the General Public Hospital, and advice from that institution was to the effect that the sailor was ready to return to his vessel.

Seaman's Institute.

There was a large attendance of sailors at the weekly temperance meeting held in the Institute last night and enjoyed a very pleasant evening. Mrs. J. Seymour acted as president. Rev. W. R. Robinson gave a splendid address. During the evening sixteen sailors signed the temperance pledge. Refreshments were served at the close of the meeting.

WEDDINGS.

Secord-McCluskey.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized in the St. John Baptist Church on Thursday, March 2nd, when Mary E. McCluskey, daughter of the late John and Katherine McCluskey, was united in marriage to Geo. Secord of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. J. McMurray. The bride, who was given in marriage by Rev. Michael Ryan of the 49th Battalion, looked charming in a blue serge suit with hat to match and carried a white prayer book. Sadie McGilligan acted as bridesmaid and the groom was supported by Monseal Ritchie. Edith and Rosamund Ritchie and Eleanor Hawkins acted as flower girls.

The bride was the recipient of many beautiful presents, including cut glass, silver and china, also a check for \$100 from her uncle. They will reside at 257 Carleton street.

SPRING OPENING AT M. R. A.'S OF CHILDREN'S DRESSES.

Of more than usual interest to mothers will be this great display of dresses because it surpasses previous Spring opening in variety and daintiness of the offerings. Dresses in the prevailing white materials beautifully trimmed with lace or embroidery or with colors. Colored dresses in wide assortment representing positively the season's latest ideas in frocks for little tots and up to the sizes for girls of fourteen. The opening will commence this morning in the Whitebear Department, second floor.

Comparing Diamonds.

Quality and Price. We will aid any prospective diamond buyer in any way in our power to make a fair honest up and up comparison between our stock and that of any other reputable store in Canada. Allan Gundry, 78 King street.

SHARPE'S
No. 7 MILL STREET

Headquarters for all good things to eat. Remember we have lost the key—we serve you at any hour of the day or night.

HUNDREDS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF GOODS STOLEN FROM MARR COMPANY; JANITOR ARRESTED

Albert E. Cameron in serious plight—Admitted guilt when confronted by proof—Released by magistrate on suspended sentence—Another sensation in police circles.

The arrest of Albert E. Cameron, the janitor for the Marr Millinery Company, on Charlotte street, on the charge of stealing goods to the value of nearly five hundred dollars, in the quick and efficient manner in which the police department handled the case, and the rapidity with which the prisoner was given his liberty by the police magistrate, without communication with the police, was the big sensation about police headquarters yesterday afternoon.

About ten o'clock yesterday morning H. G. Marr, of the millinery company, called on Chief of Police Simpson at headquarters, and complained that a bunch of roses, that had been checked up on Monday night, was found missing in the morning. Mr. Marr stated that he had been missing articles ever since before Christmas. On being questioned he said that he did not have any suspicion regarding the young ladies in his employ, but he did have a suspicion of the janitor of the building, viz., Albert E. Cameron, as, on one occasion when one of the girls visited the place of business she found Cameron in the office, a place where he had no right to be.

Searched Employer's Houses.

Chief Simpson then summoned Detectives Barrett and Briggs and sent them out on the case, and before they left the chief office the chief instructed them to call all of the women employees and the janitor of the building before them, and in order to avoid the necessity of getting out a search warrant, ask permission to search their premises as there was suspicion resting on some of them. After receiving these instructions the detectives accompanied Mr. Marr to the latter's place of business. After obtaining the consent of the employees to search their houses, the detectives and Mr. Marr left the store with Janitor Cameron to search the latter's house on Paradise Row.

On the way to the house Cameron asked permission to go into Dea's P. grocery store to use the telephone. This request was refused. On arriving at his home, Cameron opened the door, and meeting his wife, told her that the men had come there to search the house.

When they entered, Mrs. Cameron asked what they were going to search for, and in reply Cameron said: "Never mind, only two or three bunches of flowers that I took from the store."

Detective Briggs went into the dining room, while Detective Barrett and Mr. Marr entered a front room. Detective Barrett opened the door of a room off the front one, and there found some boxes with Marr's name on them. The officer found several boxes of flowers, boxes of ribbons, rolls of silk in boxes, and packages of thread done up in parcels. Mr. Marr then, turned to the janitor and said: "Are you crazy, what did you calculate to do with all this

to the number? On December 22nd I mailed a letter containing three dollars and fifty cents to Mrs. J. M. Robertson for the Women's Auxiliary. As they always seem to be out of postal notes at our office I did not even inquire for one. The letter was never received. I wrote the account to the Post Office Inspector. Somebody replied for him that the letter could not be traced as it was not registered. I think that every letter going through the post office ought to be safe, and measures taken to find out who is taking them. Our postmaster has a hard and fast rule that letters cannot be registered from twelve to one-thirty o'clock, at which latter hour the mail goes. As I was too late to register I took the risk. I am not complaining about our postmaster, but wish to let the department know that there is something wrong in the service. I have had the same satisfaction as you got and cannot tell you how glad I was to see the article in The Standard."

The present service in New Brunswick at least has seemingly led to the feeling among those operating it that ordinary letters carrying three cents postage are of no importance, and that only the ones to be given any particular attention are those on which the registration charge is paid. Apparently a service which has undertaken to carry letters for three cents is not attempting to do so, but is devoting its efforts to carrying letters for eight cents.

In the matter of the song book sent to Alan Graham, Norton, information has reached The Standard that this book was not put into the sealed bag to be delivered to the driver on that route. Moreover the book was never received at the Norton Post Office. This brings the loss down to some point between delivery in the St. John Post Office and delivery at Norton, and as a sealed bag is made up in St. John Post Office for Norton the book was never despatched to Norton. Apparently, therefore, it is up to the St. John office to explain where that book has gone. There is no question whatever of its being properly addressed and being handed in at the St. John office. It disappeared from the time it was handed in until it should have been put up in the Norton bag. Who has it?

MISSING SONG BOOK DID NOT REACH NORTON

More Evidence Regarding Recent Thefts from Mails

Central Greenwich woman lost money sent to charitable organization.

Still they come. Mrs. P. R. Semple of East Florenceville, writes to The Standard under date of March 6th as follows:

"On March 1st I sent you \$1.16 and five coupons for a copy of Heart Songs. I have not received the book or heard from you. Please let me know if you received the money." The Standard has not received the money.

Under date of March 6th, Mrs. Mary M. Little, of Woodstock, writes and says among other things, "I was glad to see published in The Standard on March 2nd and 4th information about letters with money in them not reaching your office. I am a widow and I do feel hurt about the money which I sent you. I cannot pay twice for the paper in one year. Whoever got my money knows just how it was placed in the envelopes one inside the other. Please do not drop this investigation until you find out who is the cause of the trouble."

Writing from Central Greenwich under date of March 4th, Mrs. E. D. Whalley says, "May I add my letter

Two bands and excellent ice at the Vico tonight.

Victoria Rink, March 14th Carnival is going to be the biggest affair of the season. Get ready at once.

SIX MEN ON HONOR ROLL YESTERDAY

Last night the clock stood at 848 for 115th—Hopes for thousand by Saturday

ROLL OF HONOR.

C. R. Allen, Springfield, Kings Co., N. B.

B. F. Forrester, St. John, N. B.

Wm. Lock, England

Wm. Jacques, Black's Harbor

H. B. McCards, England

Chas. L. Boudreau, St. John.

Last night the clock stood at 848. What will it be tonight?

Although the clock went slowly around yesterday, there is one thing to be thankful for, it did move. If, however, it is to reach the thousand mark before Saturday, there will have to be rapid progress in recruiting.

At the German street recruiting rooms last night strong appeals were made to those present to enlist, by Capt. Sanford, in the chair, and Lieut. Ingelston. There were not a great number present, but the words could hardly fall on deaf ears, as both speakers were most convincing in their speeches. Their subject was the all absorbing topic, the filling of the 115th Battalion. It was also mentioned that many of the older men who were present might well do the work of a few of the eligible young fellows, and release them for service. At the outbreak of the war a young farmer, married and with two children, was anxious to join the forces but could not get on account of his farm. Volunteers were called for and sixty-three old men stepped forward, and said they would look after this farm until he returned. Such might well be done at St. John, it was said.

After Private Guthro and Private Pirie had given an exhibition of dancing, and Private C. Rogers had played the piano with great effect, the meeting was brought to a close.

A SENSATIONAL STORY AND ITS EXPLANATION

Report of attempt to "wreck" Shore Line train originated from teamster's action.

A sensational story came to hand last night to the effect that an attempt had been made to wreck a Shore Line train on its way from St. Stephen, about nine miles from St. John.

Where the track passes through a wood some sleepers were to be lying between the track by the engineer of the train and he was just in time to slow down his engine before striking them, otherwise it is quite possible that the train would have been tarried down the embankment.

Chief Train Despatcher D. H. Ryan of the C. P. R., informed The Standard that a teamster had laid the timber between the rails to enable his team to cross over, which possibly explains the incident.

More New Spring Coats and Suits

F. A. Dykeman & Co. have received their second shipment of new model coats and suits for spring. The quality of the materials used in these garments and their particularly attractive styles make them the most desirable of the new suits as shown in many seasons. The main feature of the coats of the new suits is the ripple skirt effect, usually with an imitation belt on the belt line. A great many of the new suits are braided, white others are trimmed with silk and Bedford ripples. The prices of these suits run from \$11.95 to \$35.00.

FRENCH FASHIONS FEATURED IN SPRING STYLE SHOWING OF MILLINERY AT MARR'S.

In the large and select gathering of early spring millinery productions displayed at Marr's showrooms, the magnificent exhibit of real French pattern hats is, unquestionably the central attraction, expressing, as it does, the most recent style developments shown this year in Paris from whence these dainty creations were imported direct, having been specially selected from the choicest offerings of the famous French capital.

The firm's fine array also embraces the newest and best that leading American producers have to offer, as well as a well varied range of charming productions from the hands of their own expert artists.

Victoria "Wet Wash" Laundry is the best—they cleanse the clothes thoroughly. 2 to 10 Pitt street. Phone 290.

Two bands and excellent ice at the Vico tonight.

Victoria Rink, March 14th Carnival is going to be the biggest affair of the season. Get ready at once.

Tools That You Can Trust



Anyone who has ever used STARRETT'S MACHINISTS' TOOLS will tell you that they measure up to the most exacting requirements in each detail, and give the longest and most satisfactory service.

The Starrett people are pioneers in the manufacture of machinists' tools, their products being recognized as the top-most standard of accuracy, workmanship, design and finish. All parts of

STARRETT'S MACHINISTS' TOOLS

are carefully tested at every stage of manufacture, each complete part being rigidly inspected, and warranted accurate at the time of shipment.

STARRETT'S MACHINISTS' TOOLS represent the highest attainment of mechanical perfection, a fact that has been universally admitted for many years.

LOOK OVER OUR FINE EXHIBIT OF STARRETT TOOLS TOOL SECTION—FIRST FLOOR—MARKET SQ. STORE

Market Square — W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. — King Street

Spring Style Showing of PARIS PATTERN HATS and Millinery Accessories

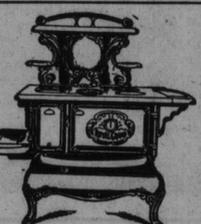
Fashion's fairest fancies in the realm of Feminine Headwear for the Spring and Easter seasons find full and faithful expression in our select assemblage of PARIS and NEW YORK PATTERN HATS and Millinery Accessories which now awaits your careful inspection.

The display, in all respects, is the richest and most complete we have ever presented, embracing the latest Paris developments of Pouyenne, Marie Emdeus, Lucien Levy, Cora Marson; Lewis, Celestin Roboux, Hermance and Charlotte & Marie. New York Pattern Hats include the productions of Kurzman, Gage, Rosenbloom, and Morehead & Jardine.

MAKE YOUR EASTER SELECTIONS EARLY.

MARR MILLINERY COMPANY, LTD.

The Pride of a Housekeeper



Is first in her kitchen—If she starts right at that point, everything in the housekeeping line swings more easily.

The best start is to get the most perfect Range money can buy—and that's the

ROYAL GRAND RANGE

Then your kitchen is more than half equipped. THE ROYAL GRAND is an easy range to operate, economical on fuel, durable because well constructed.

A RANGE THAT WILL GIVE THE RESULTS REQUIRED

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

Business Hours Are Daily from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Spring Opening of Children's WHITE AND COLORED DRESSES

A Grand Exhibit Disclosing the Choicest of the New Season's Styles for the Little Folk

COMMENCING THIS MORNING

This is the event which is always of such great interest to mothers—the spring opening of White and Colored Dresses. An exhibit featuring the most fashionable models of the new season in sizes for all ages from the tot's first short frocks to those of the little miss of fourteen.

There are handsome White Dresses in Lawn, Voile and Nainsook, with lace and embroideries from simple to elaborate trimming effects, also in Pique and Duck with colored trimmings, as well as a most elaborate array of select styles in Gingham, Percale, Chambrays, Gabardine, etc. In all a most complete gathering of prettiest and brightest little garments in a greater variety of style studies than ever before.

Space Will Permit Description of Only a Few as Follows:

AT 40c. DRESSES IN CAMBRIC, dainty French style in pretty colorings. Ages 2 and 4.

AT 55c. DRESSES IN BALKAN STYLE, Gingham with plain skirts; ages 2 to 6. Also at this price many different styles in plain, striped or plaid Gingham and Chambrays.

AT 85c. BALKAN MIDDY DRESSES, a large variety of styles in dainty colorings.

AT \$1.00 AND \$1.15 TWILL PIQUE DRESSES in Russian style.

AT \$1.25 COTTON POPLIN DRESSES, Kimono style with belt, buttonhole embroidery.

AT \$1.50 FLECKED GINGHAM JUMPER with white waist, very stylish effect.

AT \$1.80 MIDDY OF WHITE DUCK, narrow plings of blue, blue tie, pleated skirt; ages 4, 5 and 6.

Also at this price White Pique with collar, cuffs and tie of wide blue and white striped Duck, trimmings of pink and white.

AT \$1.75 DRESSES WITH PLAID SKIRT OF GINGHAM with jacket effect and pearl buttons, also Blaizer style in Striped Chambray with Pique collars and cuffs, velvet bow at neck. Ages 8, 10, 12 and 14.

AT \$2.60 DRESSES IN GABARDINE, trimmed with Mercerized Seersucker, white belt.

AT \$3.15 STRIPED GINGHAM DRESSES with gumpe effect.

SEPARATE PLEATED SKIRTS in White Duck for wear with Middy Blouses.

A full assortment of CHILDREN'S WHITE UNDERSKIRTS, Skirts with and without waists, Princess Skirts and Drawers.

SEE KING STREET WINDOW DISPLAY
WHITEWEAR DEPARTMENT—SECOND FLOOR.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited