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$V_{0 L}$ II.-No. 7.
MONTREAL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1873.


## Rudal times;

OR,
TWO SOLDERS OF
FORTUNE.

4 Remance of Daring $^{2}$ and Adventure.
${ }^{1}$ min RMond anpecially for

$\mathrm{CH}_{\text {APTER xlix. }}$
 $A$ Ys His HorskसARshit. Stand retirning, to the Mrod to had, Raoul re Troter: the following
 Pritter having hastily groal whas these lines, cory his letter to the fopre, when De Mau. ilment, who had placed $\mathrm{in}_{\mathrm{m}}$ thle as a sentinal bed himp door-step, stop.
"Dar prionol

It your intention demanded the adventurer, "is "No; I am anten to ride forth again ?"
"Wo; I am going on a very pressing errand." mulle matlers little; from the moment you set foot out of doors it is all one. Be good pou seugh
loar "Wompanion, to walt a moment""
"What am I to wait for, captain?
" my dear a hurry"
"My dear Raoul!-Do you take me for a man hearly fithout rhyme or reason, would spend abroad fifty livres a day? Allow you to go a thod alone, when I a m keeping at great cost Yoy shall not risk brave fellows! Not a bit of it! "ou go, yout risk yourself any more. Wherever
"But ball be well guarded." "I captain"
Tallante will allow no discussion. Hallo, my ood of your horvices
At the voiservices.
urels in his voice of the captain, the fiftesn scounhg.rooms pay rushed, some from their sleep. "I of the hostelry.
and must find a trumpeter to "houtingle," murmured De Maurevert. "These $t^{t}$ deings are altogether irregular and calculated mane tellows! -you fall into this line in a oompar that wins my approval. Raoul, if my jocta, why will not in any way derange your prohoad of thou ullow me to place myself at the "Really escort ?"
to thank or captain, I know not whether I ought tope half in quarrel with jou," said Raoul, in a acoopt the in jost, haif serious. "I will to-day but i warn strange company you impose on me "Yeturn to my full liberty."
life ar yount without your host, Raoul. So
tollowar not-have you followed by my brave You may swear and storm as much a
you please; I care not. You complain !-Do you know that there are many gentlemen of igh birth, who would give ten years of their ves, o have such a respectable and handsome manded by the brave and gallant Captain de Mandedert in person. Tudieu! -a a princely luxury! Come, all is ready. By the by, where are you going?

Very good, dear companion; your answer pleases me much."
Three-quarters of an hour later sforzi passed quayg the gate of the couvre, situate on the quay, and entered the courtyarigor the roya

Comp
Compantons," said De Maurevert to his brave fellows, as he called them, shortly before reachIng the palace, "just make your horses prance
and curvet presently, to show that they do justice to their oats.
This direction was altogether to the taste of the scoundrelly band, and was executed with so much spirit and effect that the windows of the palace were speedily find with spectators, the a avalcade being least. at least.
Raoul,
curiosity, hastened to dismount, and accer th guard at the door
" Monsieur," he said, "will have the goodness to cause this letter to be dellvered secretly to its address. It concerns the preparation of a diver sion and surprise for his majesty.
"With pleasure, selgneur," replied the guard, politely.
Desiring to escape the general attention, precipitate was not what De Maurevert desired precipitate the captain instantly took advantage of the opportunity thus afforded him to delay his departure.

word that for riding and fencing, Monaienr le not his equal."
For bringing him into notice in this manner Raoul inwardly anathe matized his com panion, and darted at him a Maurevert, how ever appeared to be utterly appeared tinconscious of the young man's ill-humor and replied with the most amiable smile. The name of Sforzi no artfully thrown into the ears of the crowd produced an extra
ordinary effect. Several ord nearest to Raoul moved quickly away from him ; others, on the con trary, who had been at $\mathfrak{r}$ distance, pressed horward towards him warmly. The irst fear themselves with the Due d'Epernon; the second, with that kee insight given bythe habit of intrigue already speculated on power of credit youn man, who appeared to be so happily gifte With the quallues pleasing to the kingfigure, courage, akill in violent exercise, sup pleness, and agility of body.
Raoul's irritation, al
seeing himselfthe seeing himselfthe
centre of general observation, would cer tainly have change into actual distress, had he perceived at one of
the windows of the palace three head turned towards him and examining $h 1 m$ with the closest atten. tion. These three person

He dismountel and went over to the party. Sforzi, red with anger and impatience, shook
the bridle of his horse roughly, and made him the bridle of his horse roughty, and made him perfect horseman. The strugyle once com menced between him and his horse - - f fery and he was. Fearing that the enraged animal migh take the bit between bis teeth and bolt, th guards and iders who filled the courtyard fled on all sides; but, soon reassured by the skill and easy address of the chevalier, they returned and formed a close circle about him.
It was within a space about thirty feet square which naturally augmented the difficulty of his task, that Raoul had to overcome his steed. Twenty times the impetuous beast tried to spring over the living barfer when enclosed it the young man checked it in the act of spring ing. At length, covered with foam, with bleed ing flanks and snorting nostrils, the anima rembled in all its limbs, bowed its head, and recognizing the superior power of its master, re mapled motionless, obedient, vanquished. Loud hippic art was held in the highest esteem in France.
Success-however poor the scene on which it has been realized-possesses the gift of gaining spontaneous and unlooked-s Reneadships. Ten gentlemen, of whose names on hefore addressed him after his victory
" Morbleu "" said De Manrevert, pushing his way throngh the crowd, of complimenting him on so small a matter. I have a hundred times seen him mount an unbroken steed which had never liefore felt the contact of a man, and ride on it through the
hanginge of allk em broidered with gold, which, cantened to the celling, fell in massive folds th the Lloor, were his Majesty Henry III., and thr from the king and bis two mignons sat Maitr Sibillot in a recess, tearing into small pleces letter he had just finished reading.
The distress which the chevalier would hav experienced if he had known himself to he th object of this august curiosity, wonld certainl. have been still further augmented, had be bep able to hear the converkation of the king an was suspended on a thred bis fate was in th.

Fortunately for him, sforzi was wholly ignorant of this. He was able, therefore is reply politely to the observations addressed to him by the courtiers, confident in his star, with protestations of devotion and friendship. Maurevert, though he affected not to notice his companion, did not lose one of these gestures was the object filled him with joy was the obleot alled him to hims.
Raoul Mertoryl" he sain himself, "my rentle and indescribable gift of attracting attention and, at the same time, of preserving in the midst of a throng both his countenance and his individuality. To succeed at court one needs to do something more than to put one's seli forward. Whether one is thought well or 111 of matters little; the all important, the essential point, is that one shall be taiked about. I do not conceal from myselr that it will be dimed correct that fiery and unfortunate pride which leads him to exhibit so much foolish disinterest edness; but I count greatly on the power of corruption. Let him once dip his lipe in the cup of favor, he will quicily lose all his old ways of feeling. He will cease to know that he
drinks, He will confound gond with evil, und
pront in all
"Lot him only become completely perverted, I preaict for him the most splendid future oquired marvellous fortune that has been s one sent court for any lenghich I must tak care to proserve in him in full activitygratitude. If ever he becomes the favorite o Ho ry iri, he will govern his majesty, and I his friend, his conndent, shall dominate him blind obedience Wha of France? Ha! ha! -It will be the gallant Captain de Maurevert. By Plutus !-I will then, without quitting the calling of a soldier, occupy myself vigorously and judiciously with the ad ministration of finances; I will at least double the income fiom taxes in a year, and that without making the populace cry out, or driving the tradess
government!
"The great
"The great thing is to know when to take. I will invent now wants, which will naturally load to the creation of new taxes; I will
strengthen the somewhat weakened authority of certain offices, so as to make them sell for larger sum than they. go for at present; in a factor. But I am letting my imagiantion run away. with me. Let me look at things as they
are. In the first place, Raoul has been here long are. In the first place, Raoul has been here long
enough; I must get him away." De Maurevert was going tow.
De Maurevert was going towards Sforzi, when the crowd of guards a great movement among the crowd of guards, gentlemen, servants, and Iouvre. Couversation dropped into low tones, and an expression of lively curiosity was marked on all countenances.
Presently the guards, French, Swiss and an open carriage-gselves in a double line, and Ing to the language of the time-entered the Madame the Louvre.
"Madame de Monpensier !" murmured De Maurevert. "S'death!-this is something like
audacity. I admire it!" udacity. I admalre i
The Princesse de
passed by Raoul, knit her brows, and, in a tone of equally mixed disdain and rallery, exolatm ed:

The irst comer can find admission to the
Though the duchess might have addressed these words to one of the noblemen of her suit, the fixed and significant look which she cas
upon Raoul as she pronounced them, showed upon Raoul as she pronounced them, showed
too clearly for any one to doubt that she intendtoo clearly for any one to doubt that
ed them for the ear of the Chevalier.
At this insult, sforzi thrilled with all but un. povernable rage; but, thanks to an almost suagitation, and, turning towards De Maurevert oried in a loud voice:
"Captain, do you not think that a"simple imes worthier than a prince of suspected fidelity At this reply the
uit began to talk warmly among the duchess's and assuned a threatening air. Roul was abou, to aggravate his position by a still more about utburst, when a gentleman in the royal service alvanced towards him and bowed profoundly.
"Have I the honor of addressing the Chevalier
orai "" he inquired.
"The honoris min
The honor is mine, monsieur," replled Raonl
"Will you have the goodness to follow me? "he king has directed me to bring you into bis
Sforzi started, and De Maurevert rubbed his hands joyously, muttering to himself:
"Aba! that sets me on the road to the administration of finances !"

## 'HAPTER L

the price of the spaniel phofbus. During the time the principal incidents above related were occurring'in the courtyard of the
Louvre, the king, contrary to his fixed custom of Louvre, the king, contrary to his fixed custom of
riding on horseback through the city of Paris, in company with the princes, lords, and gentle men of his Court, every Tuesday, was engaged
In his cabinet with the Dues de Joyeuse and d'Epernon, in the discussion of a topic even more urgent than tbat of the proceedings of
Messieurs de Guise and the league at which they were at the head-money, and the means of
ratsing it. His two chief mignons as they were raising it. His two chief mignons as they were
called, to distinguish them from the ephemeral or inferior order of favorites, were helping his majesty with all their power to overcome the things.

## things. "Sire," sald D'Epernon, "you are wrong to

 you. By the mass, what do we want with these gentlemen of the robe? You areking of France,therefore France belongs to you. If these therefore France belongs to you. If these bab-
bling lawyers refuse to register the new money bling lawyers refuse to register the new money
edicts you intend to present to them, morbleu have you not your chancellor Birague, who will have you not your chancellor Birague
register for you whatever you lke?"
"Alas!" said Henry III., sadly, " you forget beloved brother, that behind Parliament there De Guise."

Mordieu!-Henry, I cannot bear to hear you position and valor. If you are so much of yould of Balafre, why do you not go into a monastery, as Madame de Monpensier desires? You have a sweet voice and peaceful tastas. You could sing
matins and sleep all the day long. How happy matins and sl
you would be
"How cañ you take such pleanure in wring ing my heart $!^{n}$ oried the king, gently.
" Do you think that it does not heart also, Henry q" orled D'Epernon, mg my nately. "Have I not rested my glory on yours -bound my happiness to yours? If I abuse you, it is only because I love
you King of France, Henry."
"Am I not so, beloved brother?"
"No, sire, you are not. The King of France is my brother De Joyeuse here present, I who now speak to you, the Guise who dery you, our com panion D'O* Who robs you, Chicot who advise
and amuses you, and, in a word, everybodyexcent yourself."
"I will have you prosecuted for sedition!" rled the king, at the same time affectionately lapping the mignon's cheek. "Come to my rescue me from the claws of this ferocion Lavalette, I am a lost man.
"Faith, Henry!" cried De
"Faith, Henry !" cried De Joyeuse, resolutely, D'Epernon is too much in the right for me to side against him. Is it really possible, Henry,
that you fear Parliament so muoh as not to dare to make even an attempt at extrication from the shameftl embarrassment in whieh we now find yourselves. In default of money, shall not be obliged to marry your sister almost by all the ? What will be said and thought foreign-who will be present at the pitiful ceremony? What a triumph for Madame de Monpensier!"

Dear frlends," replied the king, after a brief silence, "your affection for me carries you too
far. Do not be afrald that I shall ever renounce any of my rights. When the moment shall king! I have often know how to prove mysel hat the science of life consists in knowing how to wait. When the solemn hour comes, my voice will roll like thunder, my hand dart forth god !-Patience, dear friends, patience!-And now, peace is made, is it not 9 " he asked, in a
languid and caressing tone. "Instead of losing languld and caressing tone. "Instead of losing
time in useless talk, let us occupy ourselves with matters of serious interest. Have you conulted D'O, dear Joyeuse ?"
"Well, what can this excellent friend do for
"At
At most five hundred thousand orowns."
That is very little, my son. What other re. urces have we ?
Sire, the community of all the treasurers and ananciers of France engages-if your majesty past larcenies it has committed-to supply you the sum of two hundred and forty thousand "Whe
"What do you think of this proposition "Than? inquired the king.
Henry. Six months hence we will hang two three financiers, and the others will be so mortally terrified they will be only too happy increase the sum to a milion.
"Their demand shall be acceded to. What
"The voluntary loan which we shall impose on the princlpal traders of Paris will reach to
"Do you think so, D'Epernons."
"I will answer for it with my head!"
"Of what do you complain, then, my sons? These resources, combined with the money-
edicts I have signed this morning, will produce us a handsome sum. For more than a week
past I have been busy arranging the costumes we shall wear during this time of rejoicing. ntend, beloved brother D'Epernon, and you, m dear son De Joy,
all three allke ",
"Henry !" cried both the mignons together, and by a spontaneous impulse seizing each one of the king's hands and pressing it gratefully. Henry gazed on them tenderly, while tears
ose to his eyes. ose to his eyes.
"Ah, how $s w$
murmured. "Dear Joyeuse," be continued fter a brief pause, "I must confess to you there a one fear that disturbs my peace of mind; fection for your whe will destroy that which you now feel for me.
"Do not say such things, Henry!" cried De Joyeuse. "For me to forget the bountles with your great qualities, your grace, your menta excellence, would be a monstrous ingratitude
What king ever before permitted his frlends to What king ever before permitted his Prlends to
treat him simply as gentleman to gentleman to love him for himself alone? Notone, Henry You are the most sublime model of friendship generosity, and constancy yet given in any age ! cry-fell on the king's ears, and engaged his favorite spaniel limping away.
"Come here, pretty Phœbus?" he cried "com and take rofuge with your master. It is that
detestable D'Epernon who has struck you again ietestable D'Epernon who has struck you again,
it not? How can you be so cruel constantly to my pretty Phcebus, wicked son? Look a his coat is! Can you possibly remain unim pressed by so much gracefulness ?" "Of course you highly value this ugly brute o

* Francols de Frenes, Marquis D'O, born in intendent of Finances.
$\ddagger$ A fact, attested by documents quoted by
'Estonle in his "Register Journal of Henry
III"
a spaniel, Henry, as the gift of that accomplish. ed and incomparable cavalior who calls himself Sforzi," replied D'Epernon, contemptuously "but, none the less, I affrm that this frightral your majesty's apartments."
"What a powerful dislike you have to Sforzi ", led the king, inwardly satisfed.
"I have no great oause to feel very grateful on my steps," cried D'Epernon.
"My dear D'Epernon," replied the king, gravely, "thoughI am used in all things to give way to you, 1 cannot admit the accusation you make against the Chevalier Siorzi. There are cannot be mistaken. This young gentleman, would swear on my hope of eternal life, is incapable of a mean or dishonorable action. You have wished to keep him from my presence, tance. That causes me the loss of a good servant, my son; and, in these times of treason and felony, a trustworthy servant is not to be disdained. For the rest, my conduct towards
Sforzi has not been what it ought to have been I have not recognized by my favor the gift of I have not recognized by my favor the gift of
his spaniel, to which he was so much attached I have given him the right to doubt his king's
"Mordieu!"-Henry," interrupted D'Epernon, "you need not trouble yourself to seek for a pretext for seeing this glorious sforzi again! Would you know the real motive of my hatred
against this sforzi ?" he demanded, pause. "It is because I amanded, after a But you were right in what you said just nowyou have not acted generously towards this adof men arer You must reward him as this so will bring him to you, with gifts of money. will bring him to you, Henry; but on enndition allow yourself to be deceived by the false sem blance of honesty and disinterestedness assumed by this adventurer to captivate your good
graces. You are good, Henry-noble, generous races. You are good, Hen."-
The king, but you areatly affected by this address of The ling, greatly affected by this address of
his favorite, rose from the chair in which he was seated, and crossed to one of the windows, against which he leaned. Sforzi was at that
moment engaged in quelling the reativeness of his horse.


## "sforzi,"

cried Henry, "what a singular after watching the skilful handing of hisently, steed by the chevaller. "I would not have lost The Duc d'Epernon bit his lip a

## uneasy glanoe with De Joyeuse

While Henry and his two mignons were Watching the struggle between the horse and Its
rider, the door opened, and Sibillot entered the rider, the door
royal cabinet.
He threw himself on the floor, and then, after satisfying himself that nelther the king nor the favorites were likely to leave the windows out
of which they were looking, drew a letter from his pourpoint and read it attentively. The lette was the one Sforzl had written to him.
"It is to this excellent gentleman that I owe the life of my gentle and beautiful Catherine," sforzi loves her? He conjures me to present his homage to her ! It must be so-he is madly In love with her. Woe to him, then! No, no: I am letting jealousy blind me and render me unjust. He could not see my beautiful Cather-
ine without falling in love with her: but por gentleman, he is loyal, and suffers hopelessly Poor, poor sforzi! Yes-he shall see Henry,"
Sibillot tore Raoul's letter into small fragments; then, crawling along the floor, went
and placed himself at the king's. feet by the and placed himself at the king's. feet by the
window. "ing him, "I am anxlous to know what is my gossip's opinion of the Chevaller Sforzl. Hollo! - get up, beloved and illustrious cousin!" he aminued, pulling the jester by the entively, Ex amine that young horseman at
Slibillot knew his business as a butfoon per ectly. Instead of obeying, he yawned twice, of genius; then stared blankly at the celling. Henry III. Was equally as fond of the antic or his jester as of the caresses or his spanlels, him. He pretended to be greatly annoyed,

Illustrious cousin, I have sent to Gullaume Charly's an ample provision of oranges, and a
new stock of whips for the chastisement of my pages.'
Sibillot instantly affected to be sucking an orange and writhing under the lash of a whip;
and Henry was so amused by the perfectly acted pantomime as to be unable to continue his pre-
"My handsome sibillot," he said kindly, "oblige me by looking at the horseman managIng his steed so bravely b
opinion you form of him."
Solicited so gently, Sibillot did not judge it to be advisible to oppose a longer resistance to the
wishes of the king; he therefore approached wishes of the king; he theref
the window and looked down at Sorzi.

## "Well," asked the king a mome

later, "what do vou think of him " ardinarlly so sibllot carried his taciturnity to
Ordink of him " absolute dumbness, and it was a great triumph for Henry when he could wring a word from
him. What was the king's astonishment and delight, therefore, when the jester, without fur-
ther pressure, pronounced distinctly the three ther pressure, pronounced distinctly the thre
"Cousin sibllot $!$ " cried Heary III," dollght edly, "there are many people reputed tre bo
and experienced who have not huble and experienced tinued judgment. trious cousin, to accortain man will please you as much when
does when afar. Shall I send for him
"Yes, Henry, send for him."
The second answer flled the king with surspenk twice together.
D'Epernon saw that it would not do to oppore the will or caprlce of the king.
"Henry," he said, with an air of indiference, Henry," he said, with an air of indimeress of which Monsleur sforzi has given proor, by 2 pre ing you a present of his epaniel, deserves
sent. If I am not mistaken you are at tis is mo ment somewhat short of money. . "Thanks, dear son," said the king, with The Due d'Epernon, with a smile on his the and rage in his heart, opened the
royal cablnet, called to one of the men of the chamber, and ordered $h$

## During the interview which

king appeared to take the liveliest int
the chevalier
him and $S$ for
siderable length of time, an incident of $a$ and striking kind occurred. Henry wa to address a question to the young man
Slbillot, of whom nobody had taken an suddenly sprangm nords the chevalie Ing his hand, set himself as he had do meeting him, to study the the palm.
Henry a
Henry awaited with an impatience that al amination. holding, and springing upwards, threw about Raoul's neck, crying: ful and valorous a selgneur as you! Will sopf become my friend? I will sing you all the , its
I know, and share with you all the profts, and playthi
This long discourse of Sibillot'e, his
action, considering his profound indife
action, considering his profound indirerence much as if a miracle had occurred. misled me "My presentiments have not misled min thought he. this charming Sforzi. D'Epernon also is abo
to love him. My brother De Joyeuse ing to be ma
"SIre!" oried D'Epernon at that momeph "your majesty has doubtless forgotten."
six o'clock. Madame Catherine waits." six "chook. Ma came Catherin turning to ward "Chevalier," sald Henry III., turning
Sforzi, "you will accompany me to supp have a debt to pay you."
At supper the chevalier-to the astonishmen ${ }^{n}$ of the Court, who looked upon the young fortune as made-was attended by own personal table attendants; and at paoul to attend his rising on the following morning. Admitted to the king's presence, he Henry III. seated at an oak table in to
"Chevalier," Henry said, "I have to forgetfulness I have been guilty of tow Here is the price of the spaniel you to
ously resigned to me. I permit you to
yourself acquainted with, the contents yourself acquainted with, the conte A deep flush purspread the chevaliers fea tures as he ran

What, slre!" he cried, "a patent allor !--the cordon of the Holy Spirit ${ }^{\circ}$ you can sell for a sum sufficient to fill your pupirit handsomely ; and the cordon of the Holl will serve you to make a good iggure at mind, he knelt before the king, and in a ling voice said:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Voice said: } \\
& \text { Sire, your majesty sees me deeply pern } \\
& \text { ted, grateful and confused beyond expres onv }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { d: } \\
& \text { ir majes }
\end{aligned}
$$ trated, grateful and confused beyond expre ore whelmed me. Sire, to obtain the cordon of of Holy Spirit, there is not, I feel, any dan

labor I would not encounter; but, sire, my boldness-proud and happy as this a much the thought that it had been given mill out mere kindness would affict and huy
me. The sight of the cordon about $m$, would every instant remind me; sire,
so unfortunate as not yet to have born
your majesty." So far from being offended by this king appeared deeply touched by it. nent $^{\text {th }}$ Chevalier," he sald, "with sentime anything. It I take back this patent nasil offends your modesty, it is with the perback that I shall soon have occasion to give it day, ${ }^{\text {bl }}$ you. Meanwhile,
As he spoke, he handed to Raoul a second
De Maurevert's breath was almost take was to Sforz
$\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{H}}^{\mathrm{H}} \mathrm{m}$ of all that had passed at his two intertarily arar Sforzl," cried the adventurer, Involun-
ent drooping his volce, "It is now of the highent Impoping his volee, "It is now of the high-
pablipportance that you should not exhibit in publice any famee that you should not exhititit in
Tould refle me. My reputation Couraget inect on yours, and mis golnt destroy it.
not ang admirably. You must
you to to find au opportunity to tell the tigg yon think him the handsomest
kan in the anydom. And, by the by, elo not, I beg, promisc consaluly a place me,"

## CHAPTER LI.

to the resicue of the kivg.
mariage of the Duc de Joyeuse with Mhe marriage
the emothelle de
he 24th of
tember was celebrated on Ing taken place on the 18 th in the queen's loh proceeded sumptuousness of the cortfge Germainoci'Auxerrols drew the Louvre to saint Suppers wonders.
into the when the wedding guests descended forme gardens of the Louvre to witness the ur manace of a ballet of unexampled splenRlay of iner ente
Was fortowing instlessly the various of peothe amilowing listlessly the various phases neelf tightyly seized by the arm, and turning as deathaurevert. The captain was as
and spite of his habitual sangappeared, to be greatly agitated.
Mithout men me, Raoul," he sadd rapiduly, and
fories leaving time for question. "Death and Turies : - Romping time for question. "Death and
of whilioh mages golng on, the very though Pushing hikes the hatr rise on my head.' add dragghis thay roughly through the crowd,
out of the
Ho on ther with him, he passed He did not louve his companion of tong in seine "Dear The moment they were out of earshot Mear friend," he cried, "moments are preMoopananst the life of the king! The Duchess to be done? I know not. My mind is in a
What prevents your at once going and waru"That idea has naturally preserly.
thing mind; but never forget this-there is no
 dine how mon much zeal. You cannot imHee ones purity of their devotion. $\begin{aligned} & \text { To sa- } \\ & \text { Do }\end{aligned}$ you and phat would happen if I were to go simply
thing his majesty on his guard ? of two be tracked if the conspiracy succeeded, I should profit the king would imagine that I wished to "But, in hem !"
Opaven's name, captain, what do you "I can think of nothing."
Hight of a moment they were standing within Which sibillot came upen them.
"Dear sprang towards him, crying:
peare or orld, in the name of the incomparable bappo virtue and beauty whom I have been so king witherine, help me to get speech with Poor young man moment's delay.
mo Car young, man! - he is dying of love for
log Aforerine, ${ }^{n}$ sald Sibillot to himself, regardSforchine, with a alook of tender compassion. "I Well, dear Me hina-he suffers so!"
"ou do, dear Master sibiliot !" cried Raoul,
"Frond answer." We Henry just now.
Why? why? I must !-he would wish it !",
"Herary hay left the Louvre," said the jester, "Hing his voice.
"riled sto mesty has gone into the city to-night," $^{\text {burat }}$
 corppany has him."
addeadediction !" cried Sforzi, hoarsely, "he is to tell
Rer me where he is gone. His Hife is in dan

would take htm a full half hour to reach the
house of Mademoiselle d'Assy. To leave the feld open to the consplrators for so leave the might assure the successs of their plot. He did not hesitate for a moment, but observing a
page in charge of 2 horse within the page in charge of 2 horse within the gates of
the Lourre, rushed to him and sprang into the saddle, exclaining
"On the king's service, and by express comPricking the anlmal
Pricking the animal's flank with the point of his
dagger, he bounded off like a dee dagger, he bounded off like a deer before a pack
of hounds in full cry. Unfortunately an accident consequent on his precipitation when he had gone two-thirdsts of his way. Thinking he was turning the corner of a street-the night being quite dark-he rode hbs horse head-
first against a wall, and the poor beast fell dead first against a
beneath him.
Stunned for a moment by the violence of the hock, he quickly rose to his feet and rushed
While Raoul, with brain on fire and heart painfuly agitated, anxiously counted the pas-
sin" minutes, the kiug was at the house of Modemoiselle d'Assy.
The interview between Henry III. and b innocent victim was most noble and affecting. Madame," sald Henry, tenderly, "see in me beseech you, not the King of France, but sim ply the brother of your choice, the friend of your
heart. So few are those who really love me for heart. So few are those who really love me for
myself, tbat I thirst for your affection and hun myself, toat coirst for your affection and hun
ger for your confidence. Call me Henry, as in happy bygone days."
"Sire," replied Mademoiselle d'Assy, whose agitation, far from being calmed, was increased greatly by these words, "when the king has deigned to grant the request I am atout to make, I will thank Henry for
me with his majesty,"
"Speak quickly then, madame-for Henry is mpatient to see the king disappear from thi
This scene passed in the same oratory in Which sforzi had been received, Henry III, demoivelle d'Assy.
The charming creature was about to reply to the king when, suddennly, in the midst of the without, seeming to come from the garden of the ${ }^{\text {" }}$ Whase.

What is that ?" inquired the king, calmly. "I Enow not, sis.
Assy tremblingly.
a window, which he opened. crossed the room "Who calls for help?" he demanded.
At the same moment a new cry, more frightful than at first, arose; then a stiffled volce, like hat of a person being strangled, called out:
"Sire! - assassins! Guard yoursel
"Sire:-assassins! Guard yourself!
""My pages are being murdered!" cried Henry iif, his face flushing deeply. "Death of my
life -woe to the guilty !" He shut the window and sprang towards the door, where he found himself face to face with " Mamoiselle d'Assy
"Ab, madame," he cried, in a tone of sad reproach, "doubtless my wrongs towards you
have been great, but they have not deserved such a vengeance."
"Vengeance, sire: Oh, what do you mean ". cried the poor woman, whose fentures, pale a death, exhibited traces of the most violen "Fou."
give me-riorgive me !' replied Henry lieves in anything 1 forgot that no longer be not a king, but simply a brother. Move from this door, madame. I must go to the aid of my
"You shall not go, Henry!" cried Mademoi selle d'Assy, quickly bolting the door. "On my
knees I conjure you not to risk your ifie. Hark some one is making his way up the steps int the vestibuie; they are trying to force the doo o not go-do not go, Henry! I love you !',
Henry III. changed countenance upon his features gave place to pallor; hls lips blanohed; but at the same time the light o
unconquerable courage overspread his visaye and made it bright with a look of noble pride It was the aspect of a king.
"Jear d'Assy," he said, "retire. A king musi it shoer fy nor hide himself. It is ior my honor
mysif." Henry III. ha
Henry III. had scarcely spoken these words " Heaven have pity on my soul, and glve m courage to die nobly !' cried Henry III., sinking into a chair.
But suddenly he sprang again to his feet, and seizing the hand of Mademoiselle d'Assy, he "D ${ }^{\text {pressed }}$ it tenderl
Dear love, ala you hear nothing? Hark dying man! My pages have begroan of dying man! my pages have been gkilled!
One of the assassins must have been struck down. Can help be coming to me ?-Yes, that must be it. D'Epernon alarmed at my absence, has followed ou my steps.
ha rushed again to the window, and callet "oudly;
"This way, D'Epernon-this way!"
At the same moment two almost simultaneous explosions were heara, the door fell inwards with a crash, and siorzi, his face covered "Thank heaven," he cried,
niving"
"You here, sforzi! " exclaimed Henry III. "What ha gotng on? How is it that you have
come to my ald? Is there stll any danger ?" come to my al
"Sire, your sword !" cried Raoul, without an.
swering the king's questions, but throwing down
the blood-stainged frasment of the sword he holding in his hand, and teking the rapier the king held out to him.
Almost at the same instant the sound of a
troop or herse troop of horses was heard outside the house, and immediately a dozen gentlemen of the king's companies rushed into the oratory, headed by Captain de Maurevert, bearing himself with an
"Sire" bearing worthy of the cha.
on Re," he said, "but for my gentle compan. servant Captain your very humble and faithful servant Captain de Maurevert, the greatest king
of Christendom would at this moment ceased to live
In answer to questions put to him by Henry stanceoul informed his majesty of the circumas to come to his rescue.
"Chevalier Sforzi," said the king, when Ravul had finished his modest narrative, "in
my distress I called on D'Epernon and you apmy distress I called on D'Epernon and you ap-
peared in answer to my call; I see in this the peard in answer to my call; I see in this the
hand of Providence. Come to me, at my rising, to-morrow morning. You need not wait to b announced; I will instruct my attendants that you are at all times to have ree admission tor
ny presence. Farewell untir to
valier."
He
He turued, and, observing De Maurevert, "Clled and added
"Captain, you will accompany the chevalier; "Bly you must cause yourself to be announced. "oes it matter whether I does it matter whether I have or have ""
"ght of entry, so long as Raoul has his."
"Do not forget, madame," said Henry, taking request to make of me
"Sire," she replied, "this request more im-
mediately concerns Monsieur Sforzi thau my
medf,"
It is granted, then, whatever it may be,
replied Henry III., turning upon the chevalier
The house inhabited by
was, it will be reme by Mademoiselle d'iss. minutes distant from the Stag's Head. It was Raoul into the depth of an almost nameless sorrow or the trist person he met on reaching the hosin tears, rushed to meet him with the words. Whe!, Monsleur le Chevalier!- What a misior une!-what a grief! Mademolselie Diane has Tremblais."
Raoul heard no more. Weak from loss of blood, and fatigued by the violent exertions of
the evening, he fell to the ground without con sciousness.

## (To be continued.)

ESCAPE OF A TRANSPORTED COMMUNIST.

The Melbourne Argus of May 20, gives the rom transported to New Caledonis:- " Whe being transport steamer Orne-the arrival of which a Melbourne, with 500 Communist prisoners fo ported last month-left the bay on whe reported last month-left the bay on the $2: 3 \mathrm{rd}$
April for New Caledonia. On the night before ber departure one of the prisoners, named $M$ in a very daring manner. At about vess got over the side of the Orne, and, hanging in the portaubans, waited until half-past seven when all was quigt, and then, dropping into a concealed in the coals, in terror lest the me below should discover hima. All the while the with load board the Orne was keeping guard head. At half-past nine, tying his pocketbook and papers in his handkerchief to keep them dry, he lowered himself over the side of the was in tow. Cutting the rope with his knife and hanging to the portion of the rope that the side of the gently propelled the boat from ed himself to drift into the bay. The night wa dark; there was no mon, and it ralned. When and, thinking that the alarm he heard a cry, loosed his hold of the boat, and struct direction of the lights on the Sandrige in the After swimming for about three-quarters of an hour he espied a vessel, and nearly expausted, he made for it. He caught the cable, and fas tened himself to it with his belt, fearing lest he should faint, rested there for an hour. He
started again for the shore at about midnight started again for the shore at about midnight, He walked from Sandridge boldly into Melbourne, in the belief, as he told a countryman who warned him that he was in danger of being arrested, that having once 'touched English tered because it was thought that Sarigne had been condemned for felony of some sort, but as
 oner, no effort was made to capture him, and he is now at liberty in the colony. As he was that he in a destitute state, and as it appeared Commune, he found plenty of sympathisers, and a subscription was instituted for his benefit. curing iresh provisions and live stock-the bulk
went away well provisioned; and it was hoped that ere she reached New Caledonia, the condiably improved. Some of the prise considerthe Orne mas in to land communications to the edttor of the Argus, in which they complained that they hed been subjected to harsh treatment on board the transport. On the St. Kilda beach a bottle was plecked up, containing a document purporting io be written by one of the prisoners, giving a his-
tory, from the writer's point of view, of the ory, from the Writer's poin
brief reign of the Commune

## MEERSCHAUM.

The following account of the first meerschaum plpe has been published by Messrs. Pollak and there lived in Pesth, the capital of Hungary Karol Kowates, a shoemaker, whose ingenult in cutting and carving on wood, \&c., brough to the present Prime Minister of Austria, w/th whom he became a favorite. The Count on hi return from a mission to Turkey brought wit him a large piece of whitish clay, which had been presented to him as a cariosity, on ac
of its extroordinary light speecfic gravity. struck the shoemaker that, being porous, must naturally be well adapted for pipes, as tried, and Karol cut a pipe for the Count and one for himself. But in the pursuit of his trad he could not keep his hands clean, and many
plece of shoemaker's wax became attached phece or shocmaker's wax became attached
the pipe. The clay, however, instead of assur ng a dirty appearance, as was naturally to b expectec, when Karo wiped d off received wherever the wax bad touched a clear brown
polish, instead of the dull white it previously por. Attributing this change in the tint to th polishnng the plpe waxain, smoked it, and noticed how admirably and beautifully it colored; also, how much more sweetly the pipe smoked after philosopher's stone; and other noblemen hear ing of the wonderful propertles of this singular specles of clay, imported it in considerable quan carcity the manulacture of pipes. The natura great cost of importation in those dass of limited facilities for transportation rendered its use clusively confined to the richest European nublemen, until 1830, when it became a more general article of trade. The first meerschaum
plpe made by Karol Kowates bas been preser ed in the museum of Pesth which by the way was the native city of Mr. Pollak, sen.
tante.
Of all perversions in life, and misgulded elements in mental economy, it is that or the in-
tellectual discernment taste, and to search for it in its natural or cultivated purlty would almost refuire the lantern of Dlogenes, provided
it were as well adapted to hunt for sensibl. people as for honest men. There seems to be searce a rule or conduct but in which we aro prone to go astray in the matter of taxte, and we pick up habii and cusiom very much as a
baby takes up a cat-ly the tall-in the food We eat; in the clothing w. wear; in the houses
we build ; in all matter of books we read; in the plays we applaud. And int the things in generai which we admire we
seem led more by the force of eximple than ty self-judgment.
But we aim at present at the target of books and literature that we read, and, druwing the arrow to its head, it matters not whether we
"shoot Folly as she Hies" (Pope), or "Polly as she tiies" (Pop), as in elther quotation the repuhere we remark that reputation is the bull's eye of our target. We admit that in many instaucen it has been deservedly well earned, while in many others it has been gained through a misguided judgment of true merit, or misdirecterd taste for questionable literature; and on the
princlple of "as good fish in the sea at ever were caught," there are many who have been salted away in the larder of our appreciation hat might be cast out for a better haul.
We admit the practicability of the argument that ilterary proluction is put on the market dae the product of the loom or rare woven
fabrics of other lands, and that which the reading public demand, and is the most readable, the publishers must supply; but while we
stand at our counter and measure out the ribbon and tape or literature to our customers, we combat the ill-judgment that demands an in. ferior fabric for the mere sake of reputation;
and while we cannot hope to revolutionize tast on a basis of true merit, regardless of f'ame' brazen trumpet, we will give unknown authors a place in our columns, and lend ahand to gather the unseen flowers of the desert, which may
time.

The Omaha editor has a pleasing way of doing the little compliment to the stranger or distincion visiting that clty. Thus: "W.M. Madden,
commonly known as "Fatty, the Great Amercommonly known as "Fatty, the Great Amer-
ican Traveller," arrived in the oity yesterday and sampled forty kegs of beer, hesides attend ing the circus, and eating eight stralgbt meals

A VIEW OF THE WORLD.
If you want to soe the world at its worstDistorted and base and vile-
You only need be nieely curst
and you hate each living soul in the world And yourself the most of all;
Against this earthly ball.
auty looks yellow, and sweet tastes sour Aud you loathe the thought of food, In a manner harsh and withlu your pow'r
nd never-vever--never ayain
Will the world seem aught but
Till you've slaked your thirst with full many grain

HOW HE WON HER.

## HY COMPTON READE:

in twu chapters.
"My dear, th these days we must be pruden and, above all, cosmopolitan. In short, we mus take what we can get-English or Scotch, it A great friend or mine, Laura M'Dermott, mar happy. He was enormously wealthy, and uxorious to a fault
The speaker is a certain Lady Rockington,
administering a little advice to her niece and administering a little advice to her nlece and
ward, Ellen Stacey, a young lady of singular heauty and grace, who, in reply, does but in dulge in a half-suppressed sigh. Her aunt's
worldinness seems to be surcharged with the losic of fact, but not with the more persuasive rhetoric of fancy. "Yes, child; you may sigh, and look very ill"I'm sure I'm not complaining," interrupt "I'm sure
"Complaining! I should think not, indeed. Why, there was my poor sister, your mother wretched lieutenant-very handsome man your father, my dear ; large blue eyes, like that sort of thing. Well, then, what happened All kinds of horrors--bankruptey, happened fits or intemperance-Edward Stacey had no self-control - degradation. Then the worry
brought on fever, and she died, and he went
out of his mind; and altogether, my dear nit of his mind; and altogether, my dear-", alf-yawn.
"You shan't, if I can help it," rejolns the elder hecause my sight is not all that my dear, that haven't eyes? I've seen already too to be,
the encouragement you have given to that im-
pertinent school-boy, Edward Capel."
"He's not a school-boy; and I've not-I've not perceived anything-anything over-attentive
in his manner to me. Indeed, I haven't, aunt. In his manner to me. Indeed, I haven't, aunt.
People are so much more free-and-easy than
they were formerly, that, that-", Miss Ellen Lady Rock tenance Hike a cat a mouse. "My dear, I assure you
osed to be censorious. Only for at all dis.
ake, as you never could natry such a person as young Capel, I should wish that you would reserve your heurt intact for the first really
elligible offer. I don't want to faiter, Ellen, but ellgible offer. I don't want to flater, Ellen, but
you are decidedly attractive; and In India you you are decldedly attractive; and in Indla you will have offers. That, of course, mostly from wen of middle age, high up in the service, o
"I suppose I may say yes or no?", ejaculated
he fair girl, her color rising
It is quite easy for it follows that if you don't sive a man certain a mount of encourngement, he won't be able to screw up his uerves to proposing point.
Now, your dear uncle, Sir Charles, although Now, your dear uncle, Sir Charles, although
Heutenant governor, and a man of the greatest lieutenanio governor, and a man of the greatest
distinction, was so retiring, so nervous, so embarrassed, that really, when we were left bring matters to an issue, he talked about the weather till I was so irritated that-there, 1 could have proposed myself ou the spot."
"That would have been an assertion "Fortunately," remarked Ellen slily.
"Fortunately, a buttertly from the conserva-
wry happening at the right moment to settle on ay wrist, he was enabled to seize my hand in order, to catch the creature. I needn't add, my was obliged to declare by his tingers that he belleve I owe my position, Lady Rockington
to that butte my position, Lady Rockington,
Charles pulled in emperor, my dear; sir glitation.
But, aunt, you must make allowance for
"wor Sir Charles. He was so old, you know."
Not the least otd, Ellen-only hifty."
Only?"
Fifty
man to marry at. I was eighteen-young, im-
pulsive, with some pretensions to looks, though not, I would own, as attractive as your poor mother. But I felt then as I feel now, that an income is everything in this world - simply everything. I had nothing-well-except my-
self, so I took the common-sense vlew of the aelf, so I took the common-sense view of the
matter, and expressed myself very grateful to Sir Charles. Your poor mother was indignant,
and talked about a sacrifice to Mammon, and nd talked about a sacrifice to Mammon, and
all that kind of romantic rubbish; but just look all that kind of romantic rubbish; but just look
at the contrast. Here am I at forty; alive, well, at the contrast. Here am I at forty, alive, well,
in an excellent position, provided for in case of accidents, envied by nine out of every ten women of my acquaintance; whereas, your
poor mother-",
"Is at rest," interrupts Ellen, rising, with a urt expression of countenance.
They are occupying a apartments in an hotel a They are occupying apartments in an hotel a
Southampton, previous to sailing for India. Si harles has been at home for two years on furlough, and during that time Ellen Stacey has
been under the dominion of her arnt, for whom he does not entertain any very great affection Lady Rockington is too cold and too dictatoria to amalga.
native girl.
II it sig
It is not improbable that Lady Rockington' Lunf eling reflections on the misfortunes of her
dead sister, might cause a disngreement of a very unpleasant character between herself and ber nieate.
Fortunately, however, at the critical moment a quick rap at the door is followed at once by vessing appearance, whose frank manner and
very preposbright ways would seem likely to entrance the hearts of all who knew him
"Oh, Mr. Capel!" cried Lady Rockington. loking anything but delighted.
Ellen Stacey's llps move, and
Ellen Stacey's lips move, and the color comes and goes in her fair face; but her eyes alon greet the intruder.
Stacey?" he Lady Rockington ?-How do, Mis Stacey?" he says in an oft-hand fashion, "I've
come all the way from London partly to tell come all the way from London, partly to tell
you a bit of news you'll be glad to hear, partly owish you good-bye
"Sir Charles will be pleased to see you, Mr.

"What is your news p" inquires Ellen in her "Simply
Simply this, Miss Stacey : that I have now every hope or remaining as secretary to sir
Charles. The Government would not him to appoint as his secretary not permit neither branch of the service ; but, in considera tion of Sir Charles's strong recommendation and my college testimonials, they have offered me a cavalry cadetsbip.
One word of explanation about Mr. Capel. He is an under-graduate of a university, who has been acting as private secretary to Sir Cbarle during his residence in England. The old Indian and dlligence of the young man thatigence desired to rotain his yorvices in India the ba disappointed at his request to the Government having been refused.
"rbut," says Lady Rockington coldily, "you will not necessari!y place you at ${ }^{2}$ Foozakabad is the seat of Goyernment where ir Charles presides.
Mr. Capel looks grave for a moment. Then he eplies-

I don't know ; but-but surely they would not have given me the appolntment, if they had "Not at all," refolus Lady Rockington; " will be most lively sent to Madras, or some ther part of India. You forget that there is more than one Presidency.
may have the pe answered cheerily, "I hope I very far from you."
Lould Reockington looks as if such an even would be anything but a pleasure. "We are much of the other branch of the service." This very loftily
This snub is so direct that he takes it as
hint that he is de trop. Accordingly, he acas he grasps or Lady Rockington's nngers, and "I fervor of a lover, he add
have have but to pass my examination, and procur my outift, and then-
such an axpreseon of min in the courenve of the girl whom te loves that countenanc release her hand, and depart towards the $P$ and . steamer, in search of Sir Charles.
The old veteran is standing thoughtfully on the quay. Perhaps he is wondering whet her, at urn to his native shore. His eyes are fixe steadfastly on the long dark outline of the $P$. no convey himip Hbis, whit ond to morrow is mple fortune or or whose wef or has devoted hong thos

## ong life.

From this reverie he 1 s a wakened abruptly rice he bas of a well-known footstep. In a apel, who tells his tale in the fewest word adding modestly how grateful he should feel ir "Why Charles continued bis patronage.
Why, bey, cried the The Gover "what can you be thinking about 9 The Government hav

ested that I should be sent to Madras-or or sug
"Lady Rockington? Fudge: Hum! That is to sas, Capel, you will dine with us. No
excuses. You are on duty. In Indla you will be my milltary alde-de-camp, and your most onerous duty will 'e to order dinner; so, for before you come out; and mind, boy, no dawt ling. You must pass at once, and follow-" "By the next mail, Sir Charles. I ouly wish
hat I could repeat sir Colin's words, and say "to-morrow,"

We shall now skip over some few months The rockingtons and Miss stacey have been oc Edward Capel has becn duly installed in his comfortable berth in the lieutenant-governor's suite, and thasmuch as his duties compel him to meet Ellen Stacey twice every day, it is not
much to be wondered at that both the young much to be wondered at that both the young
people begin to understand each other, althougg people begin to understand each other, althoug
not one word has passed which could be called of a binding character. They are lovers, but
ond have not declared themselves to each other still less to the world, whlch, however, being abnormally perceptive, has its suspicions,
The beauty and worth of Ellen Stacey have Rockington, ever generous in matters of display, has brought out with her a cargo of Parisian
goods. Hence her niece is the lian Foozakabad fashions, and held in reverence ar

## cordingly

Among a countless host of admirers, one $M$ viDuncan, a young Anglo-Indian of forty-nin Stacey. His income is about four thousand pound ammally, and he has saved. On his pretension Lady Rockington casts a favorable eye. On his physique, and snmewhat ancient manners, Miss caney tooks askance. Nevertheless Mr. M'Dun-
not abashed. $H e$ believes that he has but can is not abashed. He belleves that he has but
to ask and have. Hence perbaps the conversation followiug
with you sir with you, Sir Charles, a great addition to our Sir Charle
who doesn't understand com "Hey? what? Youg short of bald British Capel. Hey?" to Miss-ah-Stacey-Stacey"-this with em phasis-", and in fact, sir Charles, I feel so decldedly attracted-attracted-that $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{ab}$-here he
breath.
Sir Ch
ing Charles, elevating his eyebrows and twitch-MDuncanat me. Lady Rackington is now tolerably well. Twenty-two years ago, sir, I stood By your shoes. I was in love. What did I do.
Jiduncan, I acted like a man Without any beating about the bush, and non sense, I sald to Lady Rockington, 'Tell me m fate. Yes or no. I don't want any "ask papa's,",
or delays. Glve me sudden life or sudden death.' Those were my words. The result was that I was Those were my words. The result wase we
Sir Charles has evidently forgotten the epi has been gnilty of invention.
Mr. M•Duncan, slowly : "I have been think-
ing ot asking your permission, Sir Charles, to ing ot asking your permission, Sir Charles, to
pay my addresses to the young lady, bul before pay my addresses to the young lady, but before make such request I should like to be inform Sir Charles: "How? what? hey? I don' anderstand. Engaged? Certainly not. Elle snow.'
Mr.
Mr. M•Duncan, dubiously : "You are quite Sir Charles; "Hey? Of course. Why not? Mr. M'Duncan: "One ought not to pay attention to gossip, Sir Charles-ogossip-but I have heard Mr.
Without one word the plethoric and irritable lleutenant-governor dashes off to Lady Rockingsertion. Infuriated, he sends for his aide-decamp. Edward Capel attends the summons promptly, and, as he stands face to face with his patron, you might have supposed such a splendid specimen of intelligent manhood and gentlemanly bearing would have been regarded
with more favor, as a suitor for a bright girl's Fith more favor, as a suitor for a brigion.
hand, than the sere and yellow M•Duncan.

I charge you," cries the lieutenant-governor, "with having basely attempted to purloin the mean as it is ungrateful. You have misused sir, your position of confidence in this household -shamefully. You have acted in a manne unworthy of an officer and agentleman. Youhum !-deserve to be cashiered. You-ha !swer me, sir ? Hey?"
Not that ill-starred young Capel has much hance of reply, for the words have kept pour ing forth from $t$
veritable storm.
Thus brought to bay, Cornet Capel draw himself up to his full height, as he answers "I might, Sir Cbarles take refuge in a paltry snbterfuge, and tell you that nothing has passe between Miss Stacey and myself. It is a ract and I could take my stand upon it. But I wli not. I confess that I am deeply attached to
Miss itacey. She is the love of my life. I have belleved-hay, more, I still bello be insensible to her kindnas of mann. In short, there is a sort of freemasonry which tells a man when he is loyed, and.

You im pudent sooundrel !" roars Sir Cbarled tiving signs of inciplent apoplexy.
Capel. "I admit that I-wen," cries Edward of a foolish romance Sutfer-have been gull . Suffer me to apply onad inessively. sir Charin $m$ request that you will permit me to resipant,
office of aide decamp, and to join my regiment which, belug statloned some four hundred milf away, will be sufficiently remote from mil Stacey. With your
"Goonl," replies the lieutenant-governor, " ${ }^{5}$

## may go." -

That evening, Ellen stacey looks round in ain at the dinner-table for the man whom in loves. After the ladies have retired, He has behaved badiy," answers Lady pock "gton; "indeed, Sir Charles might have extreme youth, he is simply sent to his re at Luckra and sir Charles has appointed stalit Rawlings to his post."
So he has left without one message, one worl of farewell! The heart of Ellen Stacey Within her. Is she angry? She does not Yes, she is very angry. And yet-she caly
believe him untrue. Perhaps he will write das one short letter, quite commondlace, quite ul demonstrative, but just one letter as a
never doen ayllable. He pe ${ }^{(30}$ grows does send her message. Then ber $工$ ad Rockington prescribes cosmetics for ex tonics fur internal application, but she
refuses both. She has to endure the cious atteutions of some half a doze among whom she readily perceives tha can is the man selected for her by ber uncle a aunt. To all she is polite, cold, and peran b
trifle sarcastic. She has already given trifle sarcastic. She has already giv lover faithlessness cannot revoke that gift.

## but not

At last Lady Rockington becomes indignan at her niece's reckless refusal of
prizes in the matrimonial lottery.
prizes in the matrimonial lottery
underhand sort of way she puts
poornd sort of way she puts pressure on the poor girl, by making her homeso

## appear the better alternative,

Then at the proper moment, at a hint from Laden's great blue eyes meet his in pai

## Ilps form a cold, "You may ask Sir

and the matuated man belleves himsell happ The marriage is fixed for that India. Edward Capel hears of the but he makes uosign. Indeed, just The mutiny has occupy his thoughts.
The re
out The mutiny has broken out. The loyal, but there is an ugly feeling of -room as to the future, may be friends to-day, foes to-morrow Scon, like wildfire, the intelligence of masss Soon, like wilafire, the intelligen all
cres and horrors comes from
Fround, Foozakabad is burnt to the ground, Charles with his family and suite are
guarded but inefficiently, and endea guarded but inefficiently, and endea
forced marches to reach the fort of Lu

With them follows Mr. M•Duncan, at not to say tiresome. Ellen is beginning to test the man. He is so obtrusive, so miss allogether from her memors miss altogether from her memors.
somehow she shudders to think that in alllikelthood meet him at Luckrawill meet him as the affianced of Better, perbaps, to fall by the sword natives than that that should bappen.
At last the $\boldsymbol{c a}^{\left(m^{\theta}\right.}$ in view. In hot haste their carriage within its protecting walis, and as them, the
the dark, dismal quarters allotted to learn that batte is expected before the break.

What of the -th Cavairy ?" asks Ellen. all "They have mutinited at last, and
their otticers except two, who escaped "Tell me-tell mee who they "Let me think," responds the lady in a pailf indifferent tone. "Major Prescot,"
just now-and a Cornet somebody,"
 and this Mr. Capel are forming a troop reer cavairy to aid the
with Captain Denver's are our sole detenders.


## is only awak the distance.



Abashed and confounded, he retires; and she,
turning to an anxious mother, whose husband
tin Is in the melee, begs the loan or a telescope. To the south of the Luckra fort streteches
vagi sandy plain. The whole of the horizon in eDemy, who is dark with the lines of the bememy, who are supposed to be some fifteen
thousand strong. They have, providentlally, no guns, strong. They have, providentially, advanced to with the resolute force which has Thred to meet them.
of theagh the clouds of smoke the movements
$t_{\text {tin }}$ troops are discernible. Evidently Cap-
 Dative ranver's guns are playing hotly upon the
are ditrecte the whole efforts of the rebels are directed towards their capture. The European regiment are resisting repeated charges
bravely enough, but hadely enough, but they are surrounded, and, monld be mutineers only adequate ammunition, are sofull that to pleces. As it is, their bands
Who toy canvot help Captain Denver, volunteer cavalry advance to the charge, with all the fury of Prince Rupert's Cavaliers. They
are not are not soldiers, but they are the bravest of the
brave, matninicent horsemen
bord borsed ${ }^{\text {magnifeent horsemen, and splendidly }}$
limez Their charge is miraculous; they drive Mheck the hordes of Indians with territic
slaughter, and as they fall back, Captain Denver
Triln laugbter, and as they fall back, Captain Denver
tolling opens fre ou the retreating masses with Hlas precision.
Has : thls success has cost them dear, for
ther Prescott has fallen, and the command of the brave troot has tallen, and the commaniemen now devolves of The their relief, however, the evemy draw of The Europeans are to distressed to follow in
pursuit. Nor is Captain Denver inclived to
moter detence of guns, which are well placed for the Canaliry of the fort. Of course, the voluntecr
thdeemain to protect the artillery, which is Afler the resplte of hope.
neers appear to ho have rallied and ceforme mutiagain thear to have rallied and reformed, for
With advance, and this time en masse. lith acey advance, and this time en masse. pon them, so that ere they can reach within serverely. Captaln Denver they have suffered
of favertheless, with the true instincts Iy faldilist, the rebels press forward, firing slow-poor denvery, thil at last one cruel shat stretches
un Dener on the plain, and a wild cry goes up that ther on the plaln,
Not sums are lost.
Not Wo. With parched
the sot Mo. With parched lips and eager eyes,
Stecey be having partially cleared away, Eilen Sticeey behaving partially cleared a way, eilen
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ tront
beharge of the voluters. rides the form of a young man-a form she knows too well. It is a moment of breathless
shapense. The Europeans are all but hroken by thaspense. The Europeaus are all but hroken by
the ferce onslaught of the native regiments. geablin Denver's guns are served now by a ser-
patite batte is apparently lost. Yet,
The palle. The battle is apparently lost. Yet,
throw in the Enilish gentlemen have yet to advance, led their weight. At a hand-gallop they Infected, led by a man whose martial ardor has
do nise thpon the rebels, who even now can recogthey have beempressed features of men .. hom There have been accustomed to obey and respect. young charge of musketry, and the arm of the side. Efficer in command falls helplessly by his a voice of agony, so that the women around can
but learn hon dien now in peril. dear to her is that young brave Mayed. He is swordless, yet he leads the way and teft, till of mutineers, who are fleeling right and left, till at length he falls, and, as the enemy the seen in
Au old man has been standing on the ram-
parts of the Luckra fort, by the side of Ellen stacey.
He ha
aid of a grood eyesight for his years, and by the ligh of a strong glass has witnessed all. With a "Ellen," he says," I have done wrong."
"You have, uncle," she sobs; "you have, in-
deed. My brave Edward!"
"What," asks he sharply, " have you chasseed
MiDunce,
"Uncan? Hey""
"Uncle, I can never marry a coward. I can
"over marry-Oh, perhaps he is dead!"
Wlth emotion Sir Charles presses her hand.
"Gtod
"God grant," he murmaurs, "that Edward
Capel's life may be spared for you and for me."
"Really, Sir Charles," grumbles Lady Rockmilt Ellen think it is quite wrong of you to perpresent circumstances the convenances of our
clety ought to be observed. It is not proper." "My good wife," replies the lieutenant-gover-
nor," you married me for Hon't "You married me for my money, and I marry my niece for her money."
"Hor money, sir Cbarles!"
"Yes, my dear. You will bave your pension
at my death, which will be amper
Is my death, which will be ample for you. It "Ving intention, therefore, to make
"My gracious, Sir Charles!"
"My dear," answers he, "yon should never
Onlt the convenances of polite society, even पnder the convenances of prolite society, even
to suresent circumstances, which I am gliad the country, and as for fireathed is going down moved, we, and as Capel is well enough to be la young people will be married from our house Quirey. As far as I 'm enncerned, I've had
quite enough of

The Mistress and the Maid.

Nobody ever called Lady Anne Lauderdale a retty woman, No one ever thought her saint well-cut face ; elegant and decisive in and a movements. And she said of herself that she was cruel, and once offended, never forgave. But he had the grand air, and many poople admird her very much; and many; too, declared that he was as good a hater as she was a lover.
Her portrait hangs upon the wall of what wa Her podoir to this day.
Tbe artist has managed to make a spl-ndid,
Tbe artist has managed to make at splendid, Donbtless, if she over resembled this portrait it was when, beautified by love, she listened to Mark Leslie's wooing, and despite his lowly
birtb, gave him heart, hand, and fortune, deeply birth, gave him heart, hand, and fortune, deeply
offending her kindred thereby, and puzzling all who knew her.
For Lady Anne had had offers from men of rank and fortune, and Mark Leslie was her gameTrue, be was handsome.
No young beauty but might have been proud of his Grecian nose, low forehead, scarlet lips, and soft bluc eyes.
He had nothing
He had nothing grand about him, body or soul, hut he had certainly no little admiration for the lady who stooped to love him.
For a year or two they
For a year or two they were a model couple, and if they could have changed places, so that
she had been the husband and he thi wile, there whe had been the husband and he the:
would have been nothing to wish for.
Forint, Lady Anne's French maid, used to declare that it was charming, aud that if she ever had a husband, she only hoped that he would be 5 devoted as Monsieur.
Rosine was a young, rosy-checked brunette, esh from Paris.
She was always bright and piquante, and saucy the lady's maid in a comedy.
Not a man, high or low, but
Not a man, high or low, but turned his head
wheu Rosine first tripped by him Wheu Rosine first tripped by him.
Sh was as perfect a nicture in Lady was as perfect a picture in her way as
Las in hers, and oh, so much pretStill, when they were together, a strang Still, when they were together, at strang'r
would say, "A lady of rank, and - ab, yes;
only ber waiting maid;" and Rosine knew that only ber waiting maid;" and Rosine knew that
very well. ery well.
sometim
contrast.
Three or four years passed quickly for Lady
Bright, beautiful years they always seemed, she looked back.
Her husland was seldom absent from her.
He was always whispering swect praises in he
Her love for him grew apace.
They had nochildren, and with her wifely pasfon mingled a motherly tenderness that her bus might bave in bed
All the fierceness in her lay dormant.
It was not drad, but love was lord of all for
Soft lights dwelt in her cyes, swect smiles upon her lips, a luxurious wealth of gentleness in her heart, and life was beautiful to her; but
suddenly something happened to blight all this happiness
One bright autumn day, as she followed gthe hounds, Lady Anne was
and taken up for dead.
and taken up for dead
ght her home senseless, and for day: There was no hop her.
while; but at last there was a chaf a long better.
She would live, but she must be a cripple for life.
She
She could never even stand alone, unless a mirack- werc worked for her, and miracles are rare.
Certainly none happened in her case, for as
me passed on, it was plain to see that the surtime passed on, it was plain to
geons had made no mistake.
The activity which had been her pride was at end for Lady Anne.
n end for Lady Anne.
Rosine waited upon her constantly.
The young husband was lovingly attentive.
They were toyether at her bedside a great
deal. agony, strove to be calm, that she might soothe " darling.
"I can love you still," she whispered. "Thank Poor soul! it was all she had to be thankfil Poor soul! it was all she had to be tbankful
for.
If this sad accident had happened to the an, there would have been a tender end to this man,
story.
It

It would have faded off like a strain of sad ove music, leaving her beside his bed with his hand in hers, he trebly dear to her for hits misfortune.
But it was the woman who lay supine upon her couch, with all the charms she had pos sessed riven from her, and he was not a very
noble man, and only noble men are tenderly noble ma

By degrees the chalige came.
The danger of her death was over.
The constant watch was no longer needed.
An invalid for life, the Lady Anne reposed
mong her pillows, too proud to us, her crutches among her pillows, too proud to use her crutches
or her wheeled chair, and day by day she saw or her wheeled chair, and day by day she saw
less of the man to whom her love had glven all she had, and all she was in her hey-day. He was sllky and soft and gentlay.
He was her sick-room bored him, and whe snew

Larly Anne was sad,
woman to be pettish.
"It is natural" she wid to berbelf "Men are not like women, and it grieves him to soe are not like women, and it grieves him to soe
me thus. Some day he will grow more used to
And she was very loving to him
But one day, as she opened a book that had oen brought to her, a note fell from it, alid,帾
" My Lavy,-I am but a humble person, aud dare not avow inyself; but it grieves me to see
your trust misplaced as it is. Youthink Rosine your trust misplaced as it is. You think Rosine
a faithful servant. Beware of her, my lady. If a faithful servant. Beware of her, my lady. If
you could but sce what I have seen in the balcony that opens from your boudoir; if you could but hear what I have heard there, in the dusk of the rvening, you would know what I dare not
tell. tell.
"Yet, my lady, at least I can say this. Your
maid is very beautiful, and your husband seems maid is very
to know it.
"While you lie upon your couch, Satan is at work within your dwelling. That you may "I I am, my lady, an untann
" Well-wtsher."

Lady Anne crusbed the note in her hand and hid it in her bosom.
No servaut hat
No servant had written this; that she knew
its wording. by its wording.
Her thougti
Her thonghts flew to her doctor, to the clergyman, to others who might have been cognisant we affiairs of her household
ain thiugs that bad not she remembered cerportance before, and she particularly recalled the fact that Rosine was always absent from her by permission about dusk, and that her husband never came to her at that time.
Vowing to herselt to know the truth, she hid ber emotion from Rosine all day, and when the
dusk of evening came, she begged to be dusk of evening came, she begged to be left quite
It was a stili, warm evening.
had not yet risen
In suct hours as these had love words been whispered to Lady Anne, in the days of her strength and beauty
Memories
Memories of stealthy meetings with the game-
keeper's san crowded the poor keeper's son crowded the poor woman's soul and mingled with her doubts and terrors.
With a shudder, she reached fort and took up those velvet-handled crutches hand stood near her, though she had hitherto refused to use them.

They made no sound on the velve
she draged herself across the room. gainst the the window at last, and leaned Below lay the balcony that opened from her From
From it voices ascended to her eir
The tones were low, almost to hose of a whisper, but she heard the words plainly.
They were not many, but they were enough.
Rosine and Lady Anne's husband were there
ogether.
His hands was upon her shoulder
"But you know you are the prettiest girl in England,",
you that."
" Monsieur natters," said Rosine.
"You make me wish I were not a married man every day of my llfe," said he
"Ah, mon Dieu, if Madame heard !" said Ro-
"But Madame doesn't," he said. "And what harm is there in praising a pretty girl ? I'm not a slave, if I am married."
Then he kissed ber, and she slapped him softly, ery softly, in the face, and ran away.
She ran straight to Madame's room.
There was no light there as yet, but at the doo a hand caught her by the neckerchief and held In the faint starlight she could see the tal form, in its white wrapper, supported on its But the
science.
She dared not use force enough to shake them She
off
" B
in her ear. "I know you now. Lady Ane's volce to-night. Go back to your native land, and out of his sight for ever, or, cripple as I am, I will find you out. My feet are useless-God help me ! - but my hands are strong, and with them, if you ever return to England, I will strangle you,
whether I am living or dead." The hand at Rosine's thron
The ha so tiercely, that when she girl fell gasplng to the ground.
She did not wait to see what befell Lady Amme, but, when her breath returned, crawled out of the room, went the next day's dawn broke, she was gone, no one knew whither.
A gaunt old Scotchwoman took her place, and Lady Anne kept her secret to herself; but he heart was broken.
She died of that, and not of her injuries But ber will remained unaltered, and her husband inherited all her property, no other legal heirs existing.
When she was dead, he wept for her, and
wore mourning for ber the proper time ; butat wore mourning for her the proper time ; butat the end of the year he left England for a while, and crossed the Channel to France.
When be returned, a second wife bore him

Shac wis no other than Rosine
Gay, triumphant, happy, in her new dresse The old servants were indignant
Rosine passed them haughtily, and without exhibited.
Her husband led her to her boudoir (that in which she hat so often waited upon Lady Anne), and left her to herself.
The supreme moment had come to her isno-
She fastened the door and looked about her.
All these luxuriou apmointments were her
ww.
Her dresses were to hang in those wardrober,
her feet to repose upon that footstool
This glass would mirror her face.
This glass would mirror her face.
And down upon her, as she stood insulently rejoicing, gazed the portrait of dead Lady A
with her grand air aud her haughty smlle.
Rosine stood before it and menaced it
her little clenched hand.
"Ah, ha!" she said. "See then, my lady. cold in yourgrave? Yout said you do now-you, me, if I ever came within his sight again. Here I stand then, my lady. Here I stand, his wife.
I am all ready for your vengeance. H:t, ha, ha! "
But,
But, as she smilled insultingly up into the face of the picture, her laugh changed to a sbriek of face bend down. The tigure bowed itself towards ber.
The havds darted forth.
They hovered over her a moment, and then met about her throat in an awful death-like grip.
An hour after, the brideroom having called doir broken in.
They found Rosine lying dead upon the Hoor. with a horrible black mark about her neek, and pieture of my Lady Anne Lauderdale.

## habits of althors.

The methods of composition employed by au hors have been as various and interesting as of these methods is one of the most entertain ing and important passages in literary blography Old Burton kept a commonplace book, the con tents of which he poured inti) his "Anatomy of Melancholy." Thomas Fuller, who advises everybody to follow his example, did the same Barthius, Turnebus, Scaliger, most of the medi aval scholars, and notably Butler, who by tha means enriched his "Hudibras" with such an did Southey, and the "Doctor" ts the product Bentley bought all his books with wide produc and jotted on the sides whatever struck bim in the reading, and thus supplied the defects of memory exceptionally imperfect. Pope was for ever collecting materials, and at once noted ersationght which struck him, even in con his servants up at all hours of the night to ge him writing materials for the purpose. Sher Addison fook were ever on the alert for wil Addison took notes for his essays. Johnson and Hogarth would sketch on his nail an face that struck him, and in this way he man aged to furnish his wonderful galleries of por tralts. Æischylus, if we are to credit Elian could never write until he was intoxicated; and, according to Horace, this was the case
with Ennius and Cratinus. Ben Jonson wrote with Ennius and Cratinus. Ben Jonson wrote
the best under the influence of canary. Sher dan prepared his marvellous speech on th oude charge in a tavern, after swallowing Pitt was often under the influence of port whe he spoke, and Dundas, if we may believe on or Porson's epigrams on the subject, could of Porson's epigrams on the subject, could
never speak till he was "far gone." Black tone wrote his "Commentaries" with a bottle of port before him, and Beckford "Vathek supported by constant draughts of the same hatwell stimiated himself by opium. The rch impostor Psalmanaazar, Colerldge and De Fusell ate raw meat to insure vivid dreams Goltale was never without his cottee, and Byron wrote "Don Juan" under the intuence of gin. Many literary masterpieces were written gin ilting. The first draft of "The Custle o Otranto" was nearly finlshed thus, the author onlydesisting because he was physically unable to hold his pen. "Vathek" was completed in three days and two nights or "wessant efrort. Dryden nished "Alexander"s Feast" in a day and a "Light; and it is sald that Mrs. Browning wrote Shelley, Byron and Theodore Hook wrote with Shelley, Byron and
amazing rapidity ; so did Seott, who seldom or never corrected. Dryden tells us that his thoughts came pressing in so fast that he had "Parallel between Poetry and Painting" it Welve morntngs, and the "Medal" in a few days. It was the sume with Johnson, who wrote
his "Life of Savage " in a little more than thirty his "Life of Savage " in a little more than thirty penses of his wotherse funeral. defray the ex

## DESMORO ;

## THE RED HAND

g thi $a U T H O R$ of " twhnty straws," " veiong trom the lomber-room," " the homming

## bird," етс., втс.

chapter Xl.
The crew had collected forward, and where holding counsel amongst one another. Their
looks were dark and vengeful, and their looks were dark and vengeful, and their
thoughts and words were in accordance with thoughts and words were in accordance with
their looks. They had forgotten how really kind and generous was the Captain they served. They andy remembered that he was depriving them
of their daily allowance of rum, and that they wished to be revenged on him for that act. Fivery man felt alike in this affair, and every man, save one, was alike resolute in the deter-
mination he nad formed. mination be nad formed.
"He's a cowardly lubb
"He's a cowardly lubber, a mean swab, deservin' o' bein' well tarred an' feathered, that
likes his tot o' grog, an' losin' it, is afeared to
speak upabout it, an' demand its restitootion !" speak upabout it, an' demand its restitootion!"'
one of the sailors remarked, his eyes fixed upon the boatswain.
The seaman thus addressed turned his quid In his mouth, and folded his hare, sunburnt "rms.
"Lookee here, shipmates," said be; " l'm a
old fellar as has seen a good deal one way an" old fellar as has seen a good deal one way an"
another, and I means to say as how I never seed another, and I means to say as how I never seed a mutinous aftair prosper; one road or tother,
the mutinous alus come to grief. I likes my
tot at sea an' on shore as well as anny British tot at sea an' on shore as well as anny British
tar as ever was, or ever will be. I confess to tar as ever was, or ever will be. I confess to
that face like a honest man, in a straightfor'ard, upright, an' downright fashion ; but I ain't agoin' fur to do a great wrong to obtain a little
right; not $I$, indeed! I onderstands my dooty an'discipine as a good sailor ort; an' if so be as I diskivers that I can't git my grog by fair
means, why, then, I drops the subjeck like a means, why, then, 1 drops the subjeck like a
hot tater, an' tries to endoor with Christian fortitood the misfortin as can't be mended. The skipper, take him all in all, aren't a bad skipper; but he be a man $o^{\prime}$ his word, who, when he says H thing means to stick by it to the last; an' I
don't blame him for that, prowidin' as how he hadn't said a syllable about our rum bein' stopped. Now, shipmates, I've said my say; an
hevin' said that, I'll say no moor at present hevin' said that, I'll say no moor
The boatswain had been listened to with evi dent impatience and anger, with flashing eyes "Then you'll put
"Then you'll put up with this plece of injus. "ice !" said one of the men.
nan rejoined, with a resigned air. " You're a swab !" exclaimed on
"A son of a greasy sea-cook !" cried a se-
cond. "None of your inflections on my parentage!" broke forth the boatswain, with some ire. "My
father was a landsman-I'll not deny that fact - but he war a honest man, an' a maker o when you takes it to pleces, and looks into it

His speech was replied to with a sneuring laugh and muttered oaths; and then the male-
contents turned $r:$ way, and proceeded to hold counsel amongst themselves, utterly ignoring the presence of the old sailor, who soon left the spot, and souxht employment in another part of the vessel.
"There's
"There's sixteen on us," said one or the sailors; "the ship's in our own hands-we can do as we
tke with it." "ke with it.
"Ay, ay, to be sure," answered several voices
all together.
"We'll make the Mary Annour own property nd lead a free life on the seas, eh shipmates? proposed another.
"No, no"" objected a third ; " that sort of roceedin' on our part would be very dangerous Rum's the present question-rum's the cause of our discontent-then let our struggle be to re" But supposin' that, with all our rights!" "'But supposin' that, with all our strugglin', we fatl
then?"
"Then
"Then let the skipper take care of himself! returned another of the men, shaking high his clenched hand.
"We'll try the Cap'n once more," suggested :
suilor, who had been silent till now.
"Once more,"
And as they spoke they moved went aft in search of their commander ; but, ere they reached the cabin entrance, they encountered the steward, a small, active man, bearing
a covered tray in his hands. The foremost of the crew him.

## "Are we going anked the sallor.

"I really haven't the remotest idea," the stew ard replied, in his politest mamer.
" Idea!" sneered the questioner.
Idea!" sneered the questioner. "Wedidn't expect as how you had any sich thing inside
your silly nodde. Has the Cap'ngiven you any your silly noddle. Has the Cap'ngi honor." at pron my " Fiur honor!" latughed the sailor. "Did yer
hear him, mates? What's under this tray ?"' he
added, lifting off the cover as he spoke, and lasing bare a couple of fowls prepared for and lay"Hum ! the cuddy dinner, stewred, eh cooking. That .s
good ; if good ; if we can't get our rum, we'll her something else in its place: what say you, mates?"
There then ensued a consultation amongs the There then ensued a consultation amongst the
malecontents, and the steward began to tremble malecontents, and the steward bega
for the safety of the cabin dinner.
"Really, 'pon my word, now, this may be a rich joke on your part, my men," said he, "but I confess I don't see the fun of it. Let me go about my business and do you all go about At th
At this the sailor who had spoken snatched up "Go tell the skipper that he'll hev' to whistl
"Gist for his dinner to-day," said he. "To the galley, mates," he continued, addressing his compa nions, "to the galley ! We'll hev' a feast on this ocasion, eh, my lads?
"Ay, ay, to the
cry.
"It's scandalous, really !" exclaimed "inard, getting excited, and waxing scarlet in he face. "I never saw such behavior in all my I charge you, or it will be the worse for you all,
I can tell you!"
"Really, now, will it ?" sneered the spokesman of the party. "We'll see about that, my
fine gentleman! Hand over the key of your storeroon !"
"What?" returned the steward, retreating in alarm.
" Ha

Hand over to us the key of your storeroom," "No, no ; certainly not," rejoined the man quakingly; " but I haven't the storeroom key about me; I haven't, indeed!" he added, en deavoring to make his escape as he spoke. " No, no, you don't, mate," cried the sallor,
his disengaged hand at once gripping the cabin his disengayed hand at once gripping the cabin
servant's shoulder. "We means to hev' that servant's shoulder. "We
there key, so prodooce it !"
"I can't-I positively can't! I shouldn't feel ustified in such an act! What! Betray my trus -give you the key of the ship
"Not yet gone mad, my men!
what's more, that. We wants
what's more, we'll hev' it ! Now ?" "You've had my answer," responded the steward, in a sturdy manner.
Here the sailo
Here the sailor shook the man in his grip.
"You don't want us to
"You don't want us to use violence toward you ?" said he, tightening his hold of the man' collar.
"Violence! What do you mean?"
the steward, in the utmost dismay.
" Mean! You knows well enough
"Meall! You knows well enough ! Come, the
it not about mou once, and for all, that I hav
it not about me," was the firm rejoinder.
"It's a lie !"' shouted the sallor. "Mates, sarch
his pockets!",
At this moment, Captain Williams, hearing
raised voices, appeared upon the scene. "What is the meaning of all this ?" heasked,
authoritatively. "Why are you thus offering violence to the cuddy-servant?
"Oh, he knows !" answert
"Oh,
"That is not sufticlent," the Captain observed I should also know !
"Well, then, we want our rum, Cap'n; and sich bein' denied to us, we are goin' to take it-
goin' to get the storeroom key, and help ourgoin thes to everything there we likes!
selver

Indeed!" returned the Captain, in the same collected manner as before. "Now, you'll oblige me by letting my servant go!" he continued,
fixing his eyes upon the foremost of the muti neers. "It strikes me very forctbly that you will all be made to repent this outrage! Let

The sallor did not relax his hold of the steward, who made no struggle to regain his liberty; and the men muttered, and exchanged dark and menacing looks with oue another.
"Am I to be obeyed "" pursued
Am I to be obeyed ?" pursued the Captain, glancing from one face to another, and well un-
derstanding the expression of each. derstanding the expression of each.
"allors, in a surly tone. "، We said one of the ry for an hour or so; we can bide a little longe for what we wants, and what we'll hev'
"Ugh!" uttered the seaman, Hinging off the steward, and then throwing the pair of fow
overboard.
The Captain watched the act with angry feel-
igs. He did not speak for some seconds; but higs. He did not speak for some seconds; but his white, quivering features, fully revealed
he commotion of his mind. "I thought my crew was composed of men;
but I tind I have erred in my judgment_that I have manned my ship with a set of tiends! said the commander.
"We wants our rights !" burst from tive or six mouths ; "only our rights, Cap'n, nothin' Captain Williams reflected for several mo ments before he replied. He could not for an instant entertain an idea of meeting the de mands of his men; he could not permit them
to govern him; and yet to further refuse the o govern him; and yet to further refuse their treme. He knew not what to do. His natur was nelther timid nor yielding, but discretion old him how useless it would be to oppose a whote ship's company
mutiny against him.
The men noted his hesitation, and therefrom The Captain turned on his heel
The Captain turned on his heel and retracing
moro
ae.
men, who had followed their commander, now ranged themselves before the
cabin entrance. They looked defiant and resolute.
Th
The steward had regained his pantry, where and and contemplating the prudence of wringing the necks of a couple of others.
" Now, my men," said the Captain, turning and addressing them, "let me advise you to act with common sense. Go back to your duty,
let me hear no more of your murmurings." let me hear no more of your murmurings. "We're here for our rights, Cap'n; an' we
mean to hev' them !". returned the spokesman mean the party
Captain Williams made no reply, but entered the cuddy, and closed its door in the face of the
speaker. shouts; and, rushing forward, the men burst in the opposing panels, and entered the presence
of their master, who flew into his state-room of their master, who flew into his state-room,
whence he returned with a couple of pistols in whence he
his hands.
his hands.
after cabin was tull of consternation; and, after the lapse of a few seconds, the mutineers
were confronted by four armed were confronted by four armed men, none of
whom appeared to be lacking in determination and courage.
Seeing the arms, the sailors retreated a little, their boldness some what checked and daunted. They had expected to meet with some resistance, but they had never dreamed of being met
by four armed men, by men who were all well by four armed men, by men who were all well
skilled in the pulling of triggers and the loading skilled i
of guns.
"Lea
said the Captain, with every mother's son of ye!" said the Captain, with suppressed rage. "Away,
without a single word more, or I tire upon you in sheer self-defence!"
The mutineers did not stir, but ventured curses In a muttered, growling way. They were baulked in their wicked intentions, and their hearts were brimful of malice and revenge.
"Am I tol be obeyed ?" cried the Captain, his pistol raised ready to fre
There came no answer. The men's faces to sell their very obstinacy; they looked ready alcohol. Nevertheless, they soon of accursed out of the cabin, and, seeking the forecastle, beld fresh counsel with one another.
These men seemed to have become perfect demons, and they had become so only tbrough being deprived of their accustomed fiery draught.
They ignored their duty quite, and they regarded no one. Rum, rum, was their cry, their rcady to imperil the safety of both body and ready
soul.

## CHAPTER XLI.

Two whole days had gone by in calmness ; but the eaptain was watchful, and suspicious of his men, who had not yet been supplied with a single drop of alcohol. He felt no security in his position - he was fearing lest his men should break out afresh, - lest they should do so at a The passengers one and all The passengers, one and all, were now living in at night, and dreading also the breaking of each succeeding day.
Meanwhile, loaded with heavy irons and placed under hatches, Pidgers was groaning away his hours in darkness and utter loneliness. His dally food, which was biscuit and water Was brouglat to him by the under-steward, sometimes by the cabin-boy, neither of whom ever exchanged a single syllable with the prisone One night Pid uttered no word to them. One night Pldgers was surprised by the ap-
pearance of one of the sailors bearing a light and a tlle in his hands.
"Here, mate," said the seaman, presenting Pidgers with the tile, - " here, get to work at once, and set yourselfat liberty. We wants you to help us to take possession of the ship, and send the captain
Jones's locker."
Pidgers lifted up his bleared eyes, and stared at the speaker, unable to credit the evidence o his sight or ears.
abrupt manne!
"What do
says," rejoined the sallor. "Take the tile, man
alive, and make the best use you can of it!""
Pidgers stretched out his knctted fingers an
grasped hold of the proffered implement. He
thought he was in a dream, so wholly unexpe
thought he was in a dre
d was the sallor's visit.
You knows your way to the fokesell?" proeeded the seaman, significantly.
Pidgers nodded his head attrm
Pidgers nodded his head attirmatively
nd gotten your limbs once more out o' limb, make good speed there."
will," answered the man, his mind still ull of confusion and perplexity
"You'll make all the haste y
"That you may depend on!"
"That you may depend on!" his ways to acquaint his shipmates with what in had done.
In the inky darkness of his solitude, Pidgers filed away at his irons - filed away until his heard the rats around him, nay, sometimes he felt them leap upon his shoulders; but he heeded little now, when he was seeking to free him self from his hateful imprisonment, and to es cape from justice.

His heart was beating triumphantly : he could carcely koep his voice silen
${ }^{\text {at }}$ "I know'd I'd trick 'em; 1 knowed I'd be a match for 'em !" he muttered within himself. "I'll pay 'em out far stickin' me in irons, see ir
won't. Tack possession o' the ship! I dunno exactly whaten the feller meant when engers to Davy Jones's locker; but 'larly somethin' as the Cap'n won't like partigot - Wen, $\mathrm{an}^{\prime}$ that'll just soot me to a power, got - or as good as got-yo agin in my pory!
Maister Desmoro, alias Red Hand. Eh, my won't yo be in a rare pickle whey yo get
that I'se shakin' a loose leg once more!"
that I'se shakin' a loose leg once more!"
And Pidgers chuckled heartily, and filed ary And Pidgers chuckled heartily, and filed awas
in high glee.
It was long before his task was finished. Whe
It was long before his task was finished. Whe the it was completed, he groped his way over
tops of the wool bales, forcing himself through one aperture after another, until he reached the partition which divided the forecastle from the torehold. Here, pausing, he passed his hand
over and over the boards till he found the one he sought for, the one which he had been in the habit of removin

Pidgers the.
Pidgers then introduced his ugly head into the ary oil lamp hanging from a beam-and seeling ary oil lamp hanging from a beam-and se
the man who had brought him the file, he boldly entered the place.
"Oh, here's the chap, mates!" spoke the sea man, who was known to Pidgers.
"I don't like him," returned another of the men, glancing at the awkward, halting figure ${ }^{\prime}$, the villain. "Who's he, an' what's he do soo here? We don't know anythin' about him, savat act warn't to his credit, seeing as ho
"He's got a pair of hands that'll help us," ano swered the first speaker, who was the lead oulm. "We can't afford to be very partic'lar about his character, an' sich like ; the more desperate ise hand."
want no ay, Bill is right there, mates; we don' served a third sailor.

In course not - in course not," agreed ${ }^{\text {a }}$ fourth. "Sit down and hev something to ear of the sea-chests ranged under the hammocks all round the forecastle;
"Yes, dreadful hungry!" was the rascal's reply, as he took the proffered seat a mongst the sallors, one of whom hand
a slice of fat pork upon it.
Presently it struck eight bells; then the watch was called, and several men came down from "The cabin lights has been out since four bells," said one of the newcomers, as he e
"All's quiet; now's our time for work!"
"Als quiet; now's our time for work! cious h
ened.
"They're all lulled into a idea of security," continued the same speaker; "they no m" expect us than they expects a earthquake
"Hev you all got your marlin knives ready?" asked another.
The boutswain, whese had just expired, now appeared on the scene. The Pidgers.
"The wretch as killed Dodd !" he cried, in ace
cents of horror. "W What's mates?" he asked in angry and tremnotous accents. "I thought as how he war safe in irons,
anl' stowed away under hutches. What's he andin' of here, I say? He arn't fit company for a old tar like me, an' I'll not hev him a near
The sallors laughed at this speech, and the boatswain weut on in the same strain as
fore, protesting against the presence of the hateful Pidgers.
"He air detilement to my sight, for he air ${ }^{\mathbf{8}}$ sailor, with great warmth. "Oh!"' mates, mates, what be ye ad
plamuln' of ?"'
plamuin' of ?"
" What's the use of inquiring, when yer knows well enough what we're all up to !" refoined the leader of the mutineers.
" Bill Saunders, beware!" warmed the bout as honest a crew of the Mary Ann war latitood, on anny sea, ontil ye, a noo hand, on a intiamin' of their minds with yer tr ous words agin' the skipper an' the harmle
"Then you'll hev to share the Cap'n's fate, Thap boatswain started on hith a frigow in sulul oath. tren. "What do yer mean 9 " he
lous and affighted syllables.
"Ye'r
hadd "re aware
The added Bill
The boatswain, looking puzzled and terrified torns, solemain, looking shook his head.
" Wed
Mate," 're a.goln' to take possession of the ship,

## Of the Mary Ann?", Or the Mary Ann, mate

Cord love an' save us all!" exclaimed the bise cyes, "Hasping his horny hands, and raising hinge, mate "Hev it raly come to that state o "Hevn't I sa
What savagely. Cap"s returned Bill, some! What business $n$ 's own faultheir lawful allowance o' grog, eh ?"
"That be true enough, Bill! What business solf the to do anny sich thing? I've axed myrivin' of the question arty times without de-
axily' J've been a answered the old seaman. "But ar finty year, an' man never bun, now head agin' lus been a fellar as knowed my dooty, an' performed it to the best of my abillty; an' I says and an sticks to it, too-that I' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ never, ald
and abet in anny mutinous affarr on board $o^{\prime}$ the
mary ary Ann, or anny other ship. Now ye hev feck m me, an' I've no more to say on the sub"Well, yell abide by the consequence of y er "I nacy ?" sald Bill Saunders.
"III, mate, heaven help us!
The Whl, mate, heaven helpus!" swalle's hearing, and held counsel with one an-
other
Other.
Pedgers was amongst them, eagerly assisting
them with bis base advice, to which they pald
due attention.

## CHAPTER XLII.

The old boatswain had dropped into a heavy
sumber when the men, accompanied by Pid sers, all repaired on deck, and armed by Pid selvese with marlinespikes and staves. The
ulght was calm华eadily proceeding on her course. All was and on the brightly on gently-rippling waters, The whole of the cre-swelling saills.
the man at of the crew, with the exception o were now bethe wheel and the old sailor below, cer, whose watch on deck it was, addressed the "İ. auything the matter, my men ?" he asked, andering to see so many of them on deck unThe muti
springing ueers inade no answer; but saunders,
the the poop, struck the officer on Now, and laid him insensible on the deck. And, so saying, he unfastened the cuddy door The place we saloon
light wace was almost in darkness; a solitary
the cuddy winging to and fro over one end the cuddy table, tilinging around it dim, ghostly Fays, which rendered the several state-room Way to each of them.
the men enter, sortly tapped at the partition divlding his state-room from that belonging to Desmoro and Colonel Symure

## taln's ear.

This mode of communication had been presengers. Desmoro, in a like way, had aroused the Count d'Auvergne, who arose on the in.
stant.
The frenchman was timid enough onordina-
ry occensions, but on this he was collected, and In occusions, but on th
in mothlug dismayed.
${ }_{\text {Est }}$ The mutineers had not reckioned on the slightCapesistance beling offered on the part of the
that the and the passengers. They imagined plete victory would have an immediate and combut, as they burst im.
may were met with powder eral state-rooms, or deantor man dropped down either wounded ${ }^{\text {Or dead. }}$
hrieks, maledictions, and groans filled the air.
Neither Nerether the staves nor the marlinesplkes Were of any use, seeing that the holders of them It was an rendered powerless themselves. Captain and his passengers were ouly acting in Berse they deflenc
Manyy
to Many of the mutineers had retreated, ariraid To face the loaded pistols, and learing their
Founded and dead companions bebind them. remal three of the crew and the rascal Pidger end, and those fight the battle now nearly at an The thithe were soon overcome and secured.
berth first mate, who had started out of his berth inst mate, who had started out or his
upon thearing the first plstol tired, had rushed stance scene, and was rendering his best as
sation in biuding the arms and legs of the maning in binding the arms and legs of the
Whereers, who were carried between decks, Whereers, who whe were carried between decks, ondret their treachery and their late wicked
Pidgers, who bad been again frustrated in his
revenge, was once more in irons, once more a prisoner under the ship's hatches. He moaned
and groaned, and loudly swore, so full of rage was ne at being again batfed in his dark dealgns.
What
What was he to do now: He certainly saw no earthly chance of escape for him just at present, nor did he perceive any hope for him in
the future. All was darkness, near and atar off $\underset{\text { him. }}{\text { He }}$ He writhed and gnashed his teeth when he
remembered how his prey had been snatched out of his very grasp.
But bis rage was wholly impotent; for what availed all his anger, since here he lay, loaded
with chains and fast buttened with chains and fast battened under hatches.
Captaiu Williams and the Captain Williams and the Mary Anu were both placed under considerable and painful dif-
ficulties at this time. Three of the sailors had ficultes at this time. Three of the sailors had
fallen in the late contest, and several others fallen in the lite contest, and several others
were so seriously wounded as to be entirely unable to perform their accustomed duties.
The mate who had been struck down, soon recovered his consciousneess and his strength;
he bad only been stunned for a time, nothing more
It was a most fortunate circumstance for our friends that the weather remained calm and the wind favorable, remembering that the
vessel was almost unmanned, and that the offlcers and the passengers had to work her as best cers and the
they could.
The boats.
used to join the mutine, you recollect, had reased to join the mutineers, went about his se-
veral duties in a most earnest yet saddened manner, shaking tis head, and groaning over Me unhappy state of affairs on board of the
Mary Ann. He saw the bodies of his dead suip Mary Anm. He saw the bodies of his dead shipmates consigned to a watery grave, and he
watched by the wounded men with patience Watched by the wounded men with patience,
eal, and Christian charity, all the while protesting that it was in consequence of the Mary Alun's baving sailed on a Friday that all these terrible mishaps had occurred on board of her. come of sich a howdaclous act as puttin' out to sea on a Friday. There aren't sich another misrortunate day in the whole calendar-leastways, never yeard on anny sich, and I be a old man
as has yeard on a good sight 0 ' things in my as has yeard on a good sight o things in my
time," the boatswain observed to the steward one day. "I aren't sooperstitious-not I, in "I'm only a reasonable man, us his head what he sees, and what he years."
You can Imagine how busy and anxious the Captain and his passengers had become, with heir hands thus filled with almost the entire The Count of the ship.
The Count, Colonel Symure, and Desmoro, all lent, in pulling ropes, hoisting and lowering sails, and in performing various other necessary du$\stackrel{\text { ties. }}{\text { Th }}$
The late tragical events on board had cast who were over the occupants of the cuday weather, and a sight of the English shore. Marguerite, whose nervous system had re. celved a severe shock by the recent outbreak,
and the fatal events which had occurred, wa and the fatal events which had occurred, was
seldom seen on deck now. She had learned to seldom seen on deck now. She had learned to tremble at almost every sound she heard-to
shudder at every passing shadow. And she had secome pale and thin, and altogether different from her former self
The Count was much concerned on his daugh ter's account, and Desmoro was constantly blam. ing himself as being the cause of this grea change in her. Of course, the Count would have been blind indeed not to have discovered how the Colonel's son. But he made no remark on the subject-he suffered matters to go their own way. He was a very easy-tempered little genleman; not without considerable pride, I grant you, but dislilking all sorts of trouble, and loving
peace and comiort amazingly. He admired Desmoro exceedingly. Yes, notwithadendiug all his antecedents, the somewhile bushrange held a warm place in the worthy Frenchman's

Thus, umrebuked by either word or look from her father, Desmoro paid open attention and
court to Marguerite, and the lovers were as happy as they could be under existing circum

But confident as she was of the devotion of Desmoro, Marguerite's health continued to droop dally. Yet she was cheerful; and her reply to that she was quite well, and that they had no occasion to disturb their minds about her.
The Count shook his head when thinking or looking at her; and despite her assurances
that nothing ailed her, she was seldom out of that nothing ailed her, she was seldom out of
his thoughts. He loved her very tenderly, and his thoughts. He loved her very teuderly, and
her present condition fllled him with uneasiness her presen
and pain.
At length, appearing like a gray streak in the horizon, the shores of old Eugland showed them selves to our voyagers, whose breasts were filled
with thankfulness and rapture at the welcom

## sight.

Desmoro stood on the deck, watching that gray streak grow broader and broader, varions
feelings at work within him; terror and joy, joy reellings at work witns him; terror and joy, joy and terror, by
soul. His changing expression of countenance fully proclaimed the commotion within his breat. "There's our dear old isle, Mr. Symure," ob served the Captain, his gaze fixed lovingly on the land in wight. "In all the known world
there's not another spot like it"" he wded with some emotion. "I'm a rough sallor, Mr. Sy app.
yon co
island
Desm his strembiling tongue to make one
Captain Williams looked at his companion for ome moments, then he went on.
ou are getting nervous and unhappy as we
"I "I am, indeed," returned Desmoro; "and not without cause, elther!
"Without the slightest, I assure you. Your enemy is loaded with irons, and safe under hatches, where he shall remain until we are far out of the reach of his malice. Remember, that Iam a man of my word, and, furthermore, that
I am your sworn friend. Take comfort, then, am your sworn friend. Take comiort, then, and put faith in your promised security

## vere ungrateful to do otherwise, and

## Ha! still doubtful!"

cannot help bein
Desmoro laid his hand on the Captain's houlder, and murmured a grateful rejoinder. "You must leave the ship as soon as ever you must join you in France, whither I should advise you to proceed without delay. No doubtI thall have much to contend against with regard wretch, Pldgers. There will be a trial, and that of other iother, I suppose; but you and your friends must get out of the way as quickly as possible. I shall weather the storm; I've no fear on that point, and all will come right in the end."
Desmoro looked into the face of the speaker, eeling much relleved as he listened to his fords. Captain Williams was Desmoro's stanch loved by him.
When the ship was making her way up the English :Channel, which, owing to the light winds, she did slowly enough, Desmoro, pretending to be suddenly taken ill, left the Mary Ann in a fishing-boat, which had been halled, and reached Cowes that evening. The pilot on
board the Mary Ann pald but little attention to board the Mary Ann pald but little attention to the circumstance of a sick passenger leaving
the ship, and thus the somewhile bushranger escaped the teslimony and vengeance of the villain Pidgers.
The Colonel, Count'd'Auvergue, and Marguerite, all watched the departure of Desmorodill the boat converinished entirel from their sight.
Oh, how anxiously that trio leant over the side of the barque, straining their eyes after tha which had wholly disappeared from their view Marguerite sent blessing arter blessing acros wo water, hoping that her loving syllable intended for.

## Desmoro safe

Desmoro safely reached Paris, and repairlng of his father, and the Count, and bis coming who soon arrived to report the escape of Pidger rom the ship, Mary Ann.
Desmoro stood perfectly astounded at the un expected intelligence. Pldgers escaped! Heav ne where was be ? Could it be possible tha hapless Desmoro?
"Let the ruffian live, and welcome!" spoke ful to reassure him. "You will be perfectly sa here, for, in the circles in which we shall move the rascal will never be able to intrude in any way, neither us a lackey, nor as aught else Make yourself quite at ease, then, and leave your foe to meet hls just reward at the hands
of a wise and gracious Judge. His day will come, be sure o. that; sooner or later the wretch Let me entreat you to banish from your mind all thoughts of him and danger. I am longing to see you confident and happy; untll you are so, I shall know no earthly rest." "Contident and happy!" eried the Count, in blithe accents. "What should prevent his being confident and happy, I should like to know,
eh? He is in Paris-beautiful, delightful Paris, eh? He is in Paris-beautiful, delightful Paris, where everybody is gay and joyous, and where
he likewise must be gay and jogous! No, no he likewise must be gay and jogous! No, no,
we must have no vapors here; we must live we must have no vapors here; we must live
like the birds, singing the hours away, enjoylng and caroling over every minute of our exist-
Desmoro smiled faintly. Howsoe ver be strove, he could not banish from his mind
which were so wholly besetting it.
Pidgers at liberty again! His direst toe once
more on his track-probably at his very heels more on his track-probably at his very heels !
Great heaven, Desmoro had surely every cause Greal hea
for terror.
It is trut that Desmoro had plenty of gold;
but what a mount of gold would belikely to purchase his security when such was in the hands of a ruttian like Pidgers? The knave, he knew thirsting for was revenre. He had a deep and implacable hatred against Desinoro, and would never
tifted.

A whole month had now passed away, and nothing having transpired to alarm our hero like its old self.
The Colonel had taken a chatean in one of the suburb of Paris, near the Count d'Auvergne' beautiful dwelling, and Desmoro was now being and fashion, where he was received as the af
nanced husband of Darguerite d'Auvergne-a
the handsome
lonel Symur
Desmoro was much admired, and many a
ir of envious eyes followed the beautiful but last-fading woman who leant upon his arm. The Count had hoped that the air of France but as yet it had had no beneficial effects upon her, and she was sradually becoming paler and thinner. She did not complain of any positive bodlly pain, for she had none to complain of, but her looks spoke of decay-a decay which no medical skill would be likely to arrest.
But, notwithstanding her condition, Marguerite was not at all melancholy. She did not appear to be conscious of her altered looks, and she went to this place and to that, attending balls
and the opera, and acted precisely as other fash. and the opera, and
ionable ladies acted.
Desmoro's eyes were closed to Marguerite's fading looks-he would not acknowledge to him. self that anything serious was the matter with her; and he accompanied ber hither and thither, delighted to see her amused, and to keep her so as long as ever he could.
moro, and Marguerite whe Colonel Symure, Desentertainment given by the English a grand dor, whose sogiven by the English ambassa blesse of that land and of others. It was a very rank, beauty, and wit.
Desmoro was not in his best spirits; an unaccountable depression weighed upon his minda depression which he could not shake on, howsoever he tried to do so. He could not help feel ing that he was out of his proper atmosphere, mix with his pr, that surroundings. Desmor mix with his present surroundings. Desmor vertheless, he could not forget the past, and what he had been in that past; and whereve he went be carrled a certain amount of fea along with him-a fear which he could not cas aside, or make less.
Marguerite, who had been walking through a quadrille, was now seated by Desmoro's side, istlessly watching the company promenadin "ound and round the rooms.
"Have you seen that lovely woman, the Ba"Is she here to-night ?" returned Desmo without feeling the slightest interest in th aforcmentioned Baroness.
"Yes; she stood up in. the same set of qua
drilles with me just now," answered Marguerite "Oh, she is positively superb"" she added, quit enthusiastically. "I should much like you to ce her. Every one is talking about her, and
admiring her. You really must have a look at adm."
her
I h
"I have no wish to see her, Marguerite," he answered, in a low voice. "In my eyes he Baroness Kielmansegge, had she even an angel face and form, would not appear to me half so feminine, half so charming, as thou.
houlders shook her head, and shrugged he but I hors, muchas to say, "Yout me thi "There-the belleve you."

There-there she is, with a whole train of cavallers after her!" she cried, as a gorgeouslyattired woman crossed the salon. "Isn't she
magnificent, Desmoro "" she exclaimed, in rap "I did not see her face," he replied, indiffor ently.
"Did you see ber figure?"
she is dressed in rose-color?"
"Then I saw her."
"She is very brilliant-looking-a West Indian, they say. She is transcendent lovely. I never my life. People are nearly going crazy about Desmoro smiled.

And so also is Marguerite d'Auvergne, eh ?" II admire her vastly ; she is so fascinating. Her eyes appear to possess some magi

Hesmoro could not help laughing at Marguerlte's ardent admiration of the Baroness Kielmanserge, but he did not feel an atom of desire
to see the lady; indeed, he had not the slightest to see the lady; indeed, h

- I should like to her
these we escape from the stifling heat "Will you take me into the conservatory there is not so much light or heat as here?" Sayin. which, she started up, looking ieverish and ner-
vous, with two crimson spots upon her white vous, wit
cheeks.
Desmoro rose, and presenting his arm, led her through the crowd of guests in the direction of the conservatory.
They had to crush their way along, elbowing Suddenly Marguerite pressed her companion's arm. "She is there, Desmoro, to our right, the Baroness Kielmause

THECAYORITE
MONTREAL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1873.

## THE FAVORITE

TERMS: INVARIABLY IN ADVANOE.

Single sabsoription, one year
Clab of seven, " " .......... 1000
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## LIVE FOR SOMETHING.

Live for something! Yes, and for something worthy of life, and its capabilities and
opportunities for noble deeds and achieveopportunities for noble deeds and achieve-
ments. Every man and every woman has his or her assignment in the duties and responsibilities of daily life. We are in the world to make the world better ; to lift it up to higher levels of enjoyment and progress ; to make its hearts and homes brighter and happier by devoting to our fellows our best thoughts, activities and influences. It is the motto of every true heart and the genius of every noble life, that "no man liveth to himself"-lives chiefly for his owu selfish good. It is a law of our
intellectual and moral being that we promote our own real happiness in the exact proportion we contribute to the comfort and enjoyment of others. Nothing worthy of the name of
happiness is possible in the experience of happiness is possible in the experience of
those who live only for themselves, all oblivious to the welfare of their fellows. That only is the true philosophy which recognizes and
works out the principle in duily action, that works out the principle in diily

## For noble duties, not for sellishnuss Not to be whiled away for aimless

Not to be whiled away for aimless dreams,
But to live for something involves the necessity of an intelligent and definite plan of acmagnificent resolves, is necessary to sucess in the objects and ambitions of life. Men come to the best results in every department of effort only as they thoughtfully plan and earn"stly toil in given directions. Those who have inade money, acquired learning, won tame, or
wiel ed power in the world, have always, in every age and among all people, done so by living action. The reasons why thousands fail, in their wo:k in life is the want of a specific hard for nothing, because there is no actual result possible to their mode of action. The means are not adjusted to the end an 1 failure the inevitable result.
Tahe hold of things with a will, and they must vield to you and becume the ministers of your cown happin ss and that of others. Nothing within the realm of the possible can withstand the man or woman who is intelligently and dealways preceded by a great purpose. History always preceded by a great purpose. History
and daily life are full of examples to show us that the measure of human achievement has always been proportioned to the amount of human daring and doing. If not always, yet
at least often, at least often,

## "'Th' attempt

Is all the wedge that splits its knotty way
Betwixt the impossible and possible,"
Bu practical. Deal with the questions and don , and is worth doing, do with dis atch what cannot be done, and would be worthless if it could, leave to the dreamers and idlers along the walk of life. Discard the idea that occasions only are worthy of your best thoughts and endeavors. It is the little things of life that make up its happiness or misery, its joy that bears on ; questions so vital and personal as these. A kiud look is a little thing, but it may fall like a sunbeam on a sad heart and is a small thing: but it may brighten the spirits and revive the hopes of some poor, defore the conflicts and trials of life. A cup water, given to one athirst, is a little thing : in cool refreshmont, "Yet its dranad hy fye

May give a shock of pleasure to the frame
More exquisite than when nectarean juice,
Renews the life of joy in happiest hours,"
Live for something, then, reader. Make every day count something to the world, because you are in it with kind feelings, pleasant words and noble offices. Write your name upon the hearts and memories of your fellow beings by
doing them all the good you can. Life is short doing them all the good you can. Life is short
but short as it is, you may do glorious work but short as it is, you may do gith its narrow limits. If the sculptor's
with chisel can make impressions on marble within a few hours which distant ages shall read and admire; if the man of genius can create work
in life that shall speak the triumphs of mind a in life that shall speak the triumphs of mind a
thousand vears hence : then may the true man thousand vears hence ; then may the true man
alive to the duty and obligations of existence do infinitely more. Working on human heart and destinies, it is his prerogative to do imper-
ishable work - to build within life's fleeting hours monuments that shall last forever. If such grand possibilities lie within the reach o our personal action in the world, how import ant, reader, that we live for something every
hour of our existence ; and for something too, hour of our existence ; and for something too
harmonious with the dignity of our presen being and the grandeur of our future deatiny

ODD PAINS AND PENALTIES.
The fouls'cap is obsolete, at least it is to be hoped so, for whatever we may think about the infliction of physical pain as a punishment
and to the majority of those who have the management of boys laid upon them, it appears not nuly legitimate but beneficial, there can be
little doubt that it is a mistake to employ ridicule for educational purposes. What, for example, could be more injudicious than the pupils carry their boots slung round their necks When they went out?
Public shame is not relormatory, it only har-
lens. The child who was often advertised as a the character. It is would soon aception, and act up o the character. It is the same with crimi head, at thief he must remain till the end of the chapter.
I am speaking, of course, of our own age and Iountry; for upon no subject is it so rash to
ogmatise as upon punishment. In the case of people who are degraded, so tar as their finer
feelings are concerned, by tyrannical institureelings are concerned, by tyrannical institu-
tions, an amount of exposure and obloquy which tions, an amount of exposure and obloquy which
would ruin the moral sense of a freeman for shame. All depends upon the thickness of the skin; the turpentine blister which would flay a man, onl
Yet it is not very long ago since punishuents
which were principally oalculated to hold the offender up to ridicule were so rife in Eingland, that one might almost suspect that they were
intended to amuse the people, in the days when there were no comic periodicals, rather than to deter from the offence. For instance, few years aro. Nay, the "Chelmsford Chronicle" for April 10th, 1801, contains the following para-
graph:
"Las
feration, was indicted for a common scold at Kingston; and the facts being fully proved, she was sentenced 5 receive the old punishment of being dueked, which was accordingly executed
upon her in the Thames by the proper officers, in a chair preserved in the town for that purpose; and as if to prove the justice of the court's he rell upon one of her acquaintance,
The drunkard's cloak was a barrel with holes on the top and sides, through which the intemperate man's head and arms were passed, and
in this helpless condition he was obliged to walk hrough the streets of the town, the sport of the through
ment.
A sea

A seat in the stocks cannot have been pleaapart from the moral element, the severity o the punishment must have varied somewhat cloudy July day, a philosophic culprit, who had no personal enemies in his village, might have borne his sentence with considerable equanim-
ity, solacing himself, perchance, by watching he tuctuations of a cricket match in progress a the green; while in a frosty February, with himself would have found the hour of his release weary while in striking.
To stand in the pillory must have been an punishment. A man could not well be placed in a more ludicrous position than with his head
and hands protruding through holes exactly and hands protruding through holes exactly
fitting them, and his body hid away behind the fitting them, and his body hid away behind the
planking. Flies might wander about his nose planking. Flies might wander about his nose being able to drive them off, save perchance by a hideous grimace, which wont, while it added culprit's appearance.
The severity of this punishment, ats well as the stocks, was, of course, dependent upon the
amount of popular indiguation excited by the amount of popular indiguation excited by the
offence. When this ran high, the wretched
live and sentient Aunt Sally's, an object for every description of missile; while in such a case as De Foe's, where sympathy was on the public ovation,"
Any one who
has see
"welsher" in the hands of a mob, can judge of the little mercy the pillory, to be pelted by those whom he had swindled. The pillory is not extinct, as some people suppose; it has only changed its form. Commit an offence against the law and get found out, or write a book and append your may be exposed and morally pelted, quite as effectually as in the old days. And, on the Whole, this this a good thing, for it does someittle more equal. For the system of fines taxes the resources of a poor man is no punish ment at all to the rich one, who commits a pre-
cisely similar offence; but, as a rule, the rich cisely similar offence; but, as a rule, the rich
man suffers more by seeing his name in the papers, because money makes us proud, and pide is an established "raw"
When a Cairo merchant is detected in using alse weights and measures, or in adulterating post, standing on tip-toe, and nailed by the ea to the wood-work. It is important that he ber, for that is the penalty for theft; and pro bably the smart tradesman would be horrified gar inaristic stealing. For $x$ second offence the hief loses his other ear; for a third, his nose by-the-by, perhaps 1 am wrong to use th lete at the present day. They may have a ime.
Naval and military punishments seem to have been very generally framed with the idea or endering the offnder ridiculous in the eyes of his comrades. Picketing was one of these; a
man was so suspended by his wrists that his man was so suspended by his wrists that his
heel rested on a wooden peg driven into the ground. Riding the wooden horse was another and weights attached to the rider's legs render ed bis seat all the more painful. These pun ishments were not only humiliating and ex tremely severe, but they too often intlicted pernanent injury on the sufferers, on which latte account they were abolished, and for many
years the cat-o'-nine tails ruled supreme; years the cat-o'-nine talls ruled supreme;
though the use of that instrument of torture Was carried to an extent which excited dread and sympathy, instead of mirth
The practice of stopping a sailor's grog for grown men; it sounds so much like depriving naughty child of its pudding.
The question of military punishments is by no means so simple a one as many people seem o suppose. At home, and in time of peace, in leed, tine and imprisonment will suffice to pre erve discipline; but how can you imprison to have a a campalgn. it is a serious thing about a country, and the lives and propert of the civil population, even when hostile, mus be protected by some rough-and-ready means, If you do not flog insubordinate or plundering oldiers in the field, you must put them to death it is very barbarous; but everything connected With war must be shocking to humanitarian
feelings. However, though severity is a sad feelings. However, though severity is a sad necessity, there is no need to mix
with it, for that is wanton cruelty.
The American institutions of riding the rall loned above, and taring and feathering men that the old admixture of cruelty and humo has not yet worked out of the Anglo-saxion constitution. It must be owned that the man wh invented the latter penalty was very ingenious;
one wonders how the idea ever came into his Real
eling, I reeling, I own, but supposing one disliked some person very much, and despised him to boo
would one be able to help laughing if one saw him all over feathers, like a Cochin-China

## NEWS CONDENSED.

The Dominion.-The House met on the 13th and was prorogued. None of the Opposition members attended in the Senate Chamber. Arte ist and Opposition members was held at whic resolution condemnatory of the course take by the Ministry was passed._-It is reported ing Sir ing Sir John A. Macdonald at a banquet before
the close of the month. ered letters were stolen from the Toronto Post Office last $w$ ek. The Biglin-Brown boat race for $\$ 1,000$ comes off at Bedford Basin on the 28 th inst. -The Toronto cabmen have Commissioners. A despatch from For Garry says that Lord Gordon has suddenly dis ppeared. It is said he has gone to the focky Mountains or British Columbia. A party jus cort about one hundred miles from there.
United States.-The loss by the fire at Hunter's Point, New York, is computed at Portland, Me., on Saturday, by which the Galt and Athantic wharves, and the steamer destron-
treal," "Dirigo," and "Carlotta " were de burning
ed. Dighty lives were lost by the
of the Newfoundland Government, has return tiating Washington, where he has been nejos member for Peterboro', Eng., is in New York order to obtain testimony favorable to the Tich borne Claimant..-The Cubans in New Yor are preparing another expedition to land arm "Virginus." It is said this will be the largest one yet.
United Kingdom.-The report annoupcius he betrothal of Prince Arthur to Princess Thy vatives hove carried Greenwich and East Stal fordshire, and the Libergls Dundee, It stated on good authority that Mr. Gladstone wil not seek a re-election, but contemplates retirin mills of Roch.-Nearly all the large cotto strike of the operative closed in There have bee numerous railroad accidents in England duribly the past few days. The loss of life fortuna in juries. -The Orange societies of Liverpoo last week welcomed the Canadian Orange depu Lation with a great public demonstration
the Ministry. The Marquis of Ripon and Mess The Premier will be assisted by Lord Fredert Cavendish and Sir Arthur Wellesley Peel. ciladstone, in addition to the Premiersbip, sumes the Chancellorship of the Excheque tice. Mr. Bruce is to be made a Peer, and Mr. Adam, M.P. for Clack mannanshire and Ki rosshire, takes the place of Mr. Ayrton as C appointed Judge-Advocate-General. Mr. Bo ham Carter succeeds Mr. Baxter as Joint Secr latber the Treasury. Arthur Peel becomes ew whip. Other changes are expected Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. It also stated that the Hon. Algernon Gren the Treasury. Sir John Duke Coleridge hav refused the Matr John Duk Colis it fered to and accepted by Sir George Jessel. Childers retires altogether from the Ministry Weeber.- A desperate riot oocurred Kilda the military camp on the Currag of the participants were killed, and mully ceived injuries.
France.-A Vienna despatch says that in hib last interview with the Count de Chambord, th Count de Paris acknowledged the former
the head of the house of the Bourbons and of royal line of France, and the Vienna Zeitung further reports that the Count de tender of white was recently made him deputation of Legitimists.
well-known author and journalist, w
recently in a duel with M. Herve, editor
Journal ale Paris. -M. M. Odillon Barrot
President of the Council of State, is dead,
82 years. during the first six months of the $p$
$1,561,000,000$ francs, against $1,678,000,000$ for the same time last year; the export $1,952,000,000$ franes, against $1,727,000,000$ against $78,000,000$ last year, and the total $r$ from all sourees was $516,000,000$ franes,
$404,000,000$ franos for the same period las $404,000,000$ franos for the same period last tary barracks at Berlin.
Austria.-The International Patent Rights Congress is in session at Vienna. One of
first acts was to resolve that common protection of inventors should be guaranteed by laws of all civilized countries. TheEmperor of Ausin Will visit the Emperor of Germany a in the Exhibition.-A squadron of war vessels have been ordered to the
Spain.— Many strangers are leaving and the number
decreasing daily.

Russia.-The emigration from Russia to America is increasing. The move
ens to depopulate some districts.
Spain.-The Carlists claim a victory at Elb
gueta in Guipuscoa, 10 miles from San Sebeb tian. They state that they captured one Repubcan general and 600 prisoners.-Domegarth the carist eader was, at latest advice with $7,000 \mathrm{men}$. They
latter latd slege to Bllboa and sur Republican troops heve retreated to P from Elisonda, leaving the
Carlos has joined with enthusiasm over the
defeated.- insurgents hav
gena with 400 adherents, and made a bo
to march to Madrid, hoping to find sympal was met and dispersed the way, but Contreras escaped with by the
is now his last
week a resolution authorizing legal against nine members of that body impli adopted. The minority remains obstinate and threatens to resign unless a general
Sweden.-Christianople, on Kalmar gound,

## ILLTED.

## Y Gerald massey

Wellh moll. This Arrow bath missed tits mark


Too theme Ararat, next the skies,
Higher and clap your wings and crow; Whille the higher your spirits will rise, Thank God, soluge is ebbing below don frequently say when they come to

Parhaps she had some love for you
Some love till death doth sever;
And love for a month or a year or two,
course your they say, for ever.
brother? love would have lasted, my
brour That, at least
What, at least, was eternal?
While very so one time or othe
you might not have fur
The wretthin
ey you so wanted to win.
The Learned will tell you, those beantiful eye
Of witching bewildering blue
Or unrinsed waters, or earth-made skies, From uninsed linen, in hue
And hearts orearness their charm is given,
lue is not the are whiried away
Where dwelleth the perfect day
ho Woman you thought you
looks thro'
oyes than you worshipped, at you
03. I know how you stood, all aflame, for Your her
Your heart of hearts to nll,
Lest your you hardly dared to sti
an came the ciap should spill
That made the clap on the back, my friend
Found the wakening whack, my friend
Found he had lost his heart.
lt's no use looking ; you cannot buy !
You nay that she gave you kiss for kiss;
on't yout was no promise of marriag
A Lady must ride in her carriage
Th tho'-like a lane that I saw last spring-
The way of her life should go
The with violets purpleiry
The other white-wintry with snow
ar English Gareek wedding-robe was of old
parents prefer it in gold.
The old love wasn't the true love
That you have plainly proved;
Sompe our thoughts to a new
some to be loved!
And one patiently waiting for you
And the purified love you can give her, Is a soul full of love as the summer dew To or sun, with its kiss all a-quiver. Nothing your ghost from the vacant chair

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { quen } \\
& \text { wine }
\end{aligned}
$$

## wine,

What pouring it out in the dust.
Can your falth, old friend of mine
ho knife ts she your trial on trust
Buthes in thep, and the iesh must shrink,
By fon perfects the Manhood, I think
He cutting the woman away
With a heart in her, beating, life of your life.
4
PUBLICANS and SINNERS

## A LIFE PICTUURE.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON,
4uthor of "Lady Audley's Secret," "To The
Bitter End," "The Outcasts," \&c., \&c.

## $1300 K 1$

## Chapter ili.

hard hit.
Luclus Davoren found himself curiously dis-
torbed by $0{ }^{n}$ rank the memory of that pretty face in bis Bront from or life-that gllmpse of a fireside dif$\mathrm{Ba}_{\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{I}}$ district come the fat and prosperous hearths Shere the atmosphere was odorous with tea, ren hpe, mutnos, and gin-and-water; the bar1 the hearth-stoves by which destitution hugged Neth hits acas. He went about his daily work less tonder to the little children, watched with the siaer to the little children, watched with bagdaded axxious care by pauper sick beds,
the shattered limbs or loathsome sores with thorome gentle touch; in a word, did his duty caroershly, in this dismal inituative stage of his Out a regret he never passed Cedar House without a regretful sigh and a lingering gaze at its
blank upper windows, which, showing no trace worse than the utter blindness of closed shut ters. He sometimes went out of his way even, for the sake of passing those inexorable walls. He wasted a few minutes of his busy day loitering by tee Fortune the pale sweet face of Lualle Sivewright would appear behind the rusty bars the ponderous hinge would creak, and the girl who haunted his thoughts would emerge from her gloomy prison.
"Does she never come out?" he asked himself one ine whiter day, when there was sunshine even in the realms or Shadrack. It was a month after his adventure with Homer sive wright, and he had lingered by the gate a good
many times. "Does she never breathe the free many thas. never see the fre of mankind? Is she a cloistered nun in all but the robe, and without the companionship which may make a convent tolerable ?-without even the affection of that one warped nature? for how coldly her grandfather spoke of her: What a life!'
He pitied her intensely-this girl, whom he
had only known for one brief hour. If any one and was loo poor to pay for a hansom, so b had suggested that he was in love with her, he gave himself the luxury of a walk. would have scorned the notion; yet there are passions which endure for a lifetime, which defy death, and blossom above a grave, though "I "Love at first sight is but the fancy of poets strange if I were not sorry for a fair young life thus blighted.
His violin had a new pathos for him now, in those rare hours of leisure when he laid aside his books and opened the case where that ma gician lay perdu. His favorite sonatas, his choicest bits of Viotti and Spohr and De Bi-riot breathed a lang complaint of an imprisoned soul to him like the compiaint of an imprisoned sou dealer's granddaughter. But to think of he thus, as he played dreamily by his lonely fire side, was only to feel a natural compassion for an oppressed fellow-creature.
This tendency to dwell upon one subject, and that a foolish one, since his pity could not be o the smallest ser Thus it was thinally worried him not a little. Ter an hour or so finding him usual one January afternoon, he tarl himait that the wisest thing he could do would be to at away from the Shadrack-road atmosphere altogether

The life I lead is too narrow, too completely monotonous," he thought. "No wonder I have
taken to exaggerate the importance of trifles.

Yes, I will refresh myself by a few hours liberty in a brighter w
rey Hossack.
They were firm friends still, though their lives lay as wide apart as two rivers which have their off by opposite ways to the sea, never to touch again. They had lost sight of each other for some time of late. Geoffrey, ever a peripatelic spirit, had been dolng Norway, with an excursus into Lapland, during the last two years; but a letter received just before Christmas had announced his return, and his sojourn at a manorhouse in Yorkshire.
"I shall begin the new year in the City of cities," he wrote; "and one of my first occupaqions will be to beat up your quarters in that you are tiod enough to forestall me, dear old boy, you will find me in my old rooms at Phil-pott's.-Yours, as per usual, G. H."
The new year had begun, and had brought no sign from Geoffrey; so Lucius took advantage o his leisure to go westward in quest of his friend.
He detested the slow tortures of an omnibus,


That journey took him almost from one end of London to the other. The forest of spars,
the rope-walk, the open gates of the docks perpetual procession of hogsheads, cotton bales iron bars, packing cases, and petroleum barrels gave place to the crowded streets of the city where all the operations of commerce seemed to be carried on quietly, by men who walked to and fro, carrying no merchandise, but buying and selling as it were by sign and countersign Then came that borderland on the westwar side of Temple Bar-that somewhat shabby and doubtrul region where which seem to especially designed as perpetual standing impe especially designed as perpetalistanding impe in this quarter; then the brighter shop-window and more holiday atr of the western Strand and then Charing Cross; and a little way farther on, hanging on to the skirts of Pall Mall and the Clubs, bebold Philpott's, or the Cosmopolitan, an brick, brick, pinched in between its portier neighbor. making up forty beds, and retaining all the year round a staff of thirty servants.
at home. The waiter of the sound of his name as if he had been a sonal friend, athe took tucins under his protec tion on the instant.
"This way, sir; the fir"t floor. Mr. Hossack
has his own particular rooms here. We once him.
general favorite, I suppose.
"Lord bless you, sir, down to the vegetable maid we worship him."
The enthusiastic waiter opened a door, and ushered in the guest. There had been no ques-
tion as to card or name. Geoffrey Hossack accessible as the sunshine.
He was halt buried in a low capaclous chair his head flung back on the cushions, a cigar be tween his lips, an open French novel tiung face downwards on the carpet beside him, amongst a litter of newspapers. The winter dusk had almost deepened into night, and the room was anlighted save by the fire. Yet even in that ance was moody; a fact so rare as to counten curlosity or even concern.
"Geoff, old fellow!"
" Why, Davoren !" starting up from his luxu rious repose and flinging the unflaished cigar into the fire. "How good of you! And 1 ought to have come to your place. I've been in London a fortnight."

My dear old boy, one hardly expects Alci blades beyond the Minories. I've been living at that dingy end of town until to come west Square and the lighted wiudows of yonder Club to night, I felt like Columbus when ho sighted the coast of San Salvador. I had a leisure after noon, and thought I couldn't spend it better than In looking you up. And now, Geoff, for you Norweglan and Laplandian experiences. Yo were looking uncommonly gloomy when I came
in, as if your memories of the north were not of in, as if your n
the brightest."
"My northern memoris are pleasant sald the other, putting aside the question lightly just in that old familiar way Lucius knew so well. "Come, Lucius, plant yourself there" rolling over another capacious chair, the las device of some satanic upholsterer for the pro pagation of slothful habits; "take one of thos Havanas and light up. I can never talk freely to a man till I can bardly see his face across th clonds or his tobacco-a native modesty of dis tion to look my fellow-man straight disinclina which is accounted one of the marks of a vil ainous character. Goodish weed, isn't it? Do you remember the Rocky Mountains, Davoren, and the long days and nights when there was n tobacco:
ing at it remember?" echoed the surgeon, look "Or course not. The question was a mer acon de parler. Thore are things that no man saved my life? how through all those we yo some nights and days when I was lying rolled up in my buffalo skins raving like a lunatic fancying myself in all sorts of places and amon all sorts of people, yoll were at once doctor an sick-nurse, guardian and provider ?

Please don't talk of that time, Geoff. There are some things better forgotien. I did no mor cept that my heart went with a stranger; ex would have almost went with my service, and our sufertngs seem to me too bitter even for can't endure to look back at them."
"Strange !" exclaimed Geoffrey ligh me they afford an unfailing source of satisfacto I rarely order a dinner without thinking of the "sustatned," "sustained"" suardy the word, say rathe suspended "-by mouldy pemmican. I seldom those doleful hours in which I remembering grass, favored with the last scrapings of nied tine from my meerschaum It is the reverse of what somebody says about a sorrow's crow of sorrow. The memory of past hardshi sweetens the comfort of the present. .But I do shudder sometimes when I remember awakening from my delirium to find you down with brain-fever, and that poor little Dutchman sit ling awe-stricken by your side, like a man who mean schuapsing converse with spirits. I don't God, those Canudian emigrants found us out next day or Heonly knows how our story would have ended."
"Thank God!" echoed Lucius, solemuly "A After one dismal day I can remember nothing till I found myself' strapped like a bundle upoli a horse's back, riding through the snow."
" We moved you before you were quit
in your head you before you were quite rirht in your head answered Geotfrey, apologetically was our only chance of being put into the right track.'
"You did a wise thing, Geoff. It was good for hut.
"Come now, atter all, we had some very folly:
times there," said Geoffrey, with his hoble making the," said Geoffrey, with his habit of pine-logs juwir awe; "sitting by the blazing only when our 'bacey ran out that existence beamme a burden. I glve you my honor that sometook back to the Rocky Mountitins with heavy, I ful sigh. I almost envy that pluck y little Dutet man who laft us in British Columbla, and wen to San Francisco to dig for gold."
"I verily believe, Geoff, you would have contrived to be cheerful in the Black Hole at Cal-
cutta or on the middle passage. cutta or on the middle passage. You have limitless reserve fund of animal spirits.,
"There you're wrong. I believed as much
myselt till the other day. But I have lately discovered a latent ficulty hitherto unsuspected

ou have -or you have taken to wearing tight boots ?" "Nelther. I wish you'd help yourself to some brandy-and-soda yonder," pointing to a side vided, and ringing the bell clamorously; "I 1 l order dinner before $I$ unbosom myself. George," to the onthasiastic waltor, who appeared in prompt answer to the nolsy summons, "the best harp; and don't oome ndgeting in and out to lay the cloth until inve minutes before you bring the soup tureon. By the way, well begin with oysters and Montrachet, and you can kive us a bottle of Yquem afterwards. No sparkling wine.
We'll wind up with Chambertin, if you've a botthe in good condition. But don't bring it half trozen out of the cellar, or muddled by hasty hawing. Exercise Judgment, George; you hav to deal with connolsseurs. Now,"' continued this epicurean youth, ninging himself back into
the depths of his chalr, "before I begin my egothe depths of his chair, "before I begin my egotistical prosing, let me hear
doling all this time, my Lucius.'
"That may be told tn tus,"
ork."
Poor old Davoren!"
"Don't take that simple statement as a com. plaint. It 18 work I like. I might have set up orhood, and earned my crust a gonteel neigboasily than I can earn it yonder. But I wanted ide experience-a complete initlall went where humanity is thickest. The result has more than satished me. If
ward it will be to savile-row."
The sybarite contemplated him admiringly, yet with a stided yawn, as if the very contem
plation or so much vital force were fallgulng "Upon my word, I don't know that I wouldn' exebange my three-per-cents for your ambition, Luclus," he sald. "To have something to achleve, something to win-that is the keenest rapture of the human mind, that makes the
chier delight of the chase. Upon my honor, I chief delight of the chase. Upon my honor, I
envy you. I seem to awake to the conviction envy you. I seem to awake to the conviction
that it is a misfortune to be born with the prothat it is a misfortune to be born witt
verblill silver spoon in one's mouth."
"The man who begins Iffe with a fortune starts ahead of the penniless struggler in the race for of scope for your ambition, Geoff, in spite of th three-per-cents."

What could I do?"
Try to make yourself famous."
Not possible ! Unless I took to a pea-green coat, like that rich young planter's son in the last generation. Fame! bah! for Brown, Jones, or Robinson to talk of making themselves fam-
ous is about as preposterous as it would be for Hampstead-hill to dry and develop and be for Men born to fame have a speclal brand upon their foreleadis, like the stamp on Veuve Clicquot's champagne corks. I think I see it in the nxious hnes that mark yours, Luclus."
" There is the senate," said Davoren
natural aim of an Engllshman's ambition."
"What! Iruckle to rural shopkeepers for the privilege of wasting the summer evenings and Pas si bete !",
"Aiter all," returned Lucius, with a faint blition, which is only life in the future ambietish worship, perhaps-or the adoration or yhadow which may never become a substance. You have youth, and the power to enjoy all
youth's pleasures, which means life in the preyouth's
"so I thought myself till very lately," au wered Geoffrey, with another sigh; "but there a new navor of bitterness in the wine of life. tion, Do you believe in love at frist sight ?" A startiling question at any rate, for it brough worn lace. Happily they were still sitting in the relight, which just now waxed dim.
"Al out as much as I belleve in ghosts or virit-rapping," he answered coldly.
"Which means that you'venever
"Which means that you've never seen a ghost or had a message from spirit-land," answered
(icoffrey. "Six months ago I should have called ingffrey. "Six months ago I should have called why one an ass who could love a woman of ovely and her volce divine. But as somebody ovely baker's daughter, wasn't she the -observed, "We know what we are, but we know not what we may be.'

You have fallen in love, Geoff?"
"Descended into abssmal depths of folly, a
aillion fathoms below the sounhing million fathoms below the soundings of comnou sense. There's nothing romantic in the
business either, which of course makes it worse. t's only foollsh. I didn't save the lid worse by stopping a pair of horses thut the lady's life ys stopping a pair or horses that were galloping nille or so to snatch her from the ding out Jaws of an ebp tide. I have no excuse :or my madoesso The lady is a concert-singer, and an I
first saw her while dancing attendance un sune country cousius who were staying in town the other day, and led me like a victim to musiY'ua know that I have not a passionate love of luusic."
"I know that you had a very moderate ap"All the tunes sound
in taste on my part, of course. However Want cuisins-Arabella and Carolline Folthorpe, nte sirls, but domineering-insisted that I should yo to concerts, so I weut. They both sing and
play, and wanted to improve their style, they waid; sellishly iguoring the tact that I had no
style to improve, and allowing me to pay for all the tickets. One morning-splendid weather
for snowbaling; I wisbed myself young again ror snowbaling, I wisted myself young again and at Winchester, as I looked at ine streets-
we went to a recital at a dreary-looking house near Manchester-square, lent by the proprietors. The concert people might as woll have borow a room y family vault. It would have been quite as cheerful. Well, we surrendered our tickets parallelograms of sky-blue pasteboard, and uncommonly dear at half a guinea-to a shabby footman who ushered us up-stairs over a threadbare stair carpet to a raded drawing-room, whero we found some elderly ladies of the dowdy order, and a miscellaneous collection of antique genThese 1 to w to -worn coats or musical nobili It was not a cheerful concert musical nobility tette, in evar so many parts, like sdull sermon a quartette for a plano, violoncello, and two addles, with firstly, and secondly, and thirdly Every now and then, when the violoncello gave forth rather deeper groans than usual, or one of the fiddles prolonged a wire-drawn chord, the musical nobillty gave a little gasp, and looked a ped anolier, ava one or the old gentlemen tapped the hat of his snuif-box. After the quartette mind an arid waste of tuneless chords andene meandering runs to nowhere in panditu ittle less interesting than a problem in Euruld I prefer my cousin Arabella's hearty thumping and frantic rushes up and down the keyboard to this milk-and-water style, which is, I understand, classical. Number three was a vocal duet by Handel, which I won't describe, as it lalled me into a placid slumber. When I reopened my eyes there was a gentle murmur or mild a lion hoaligg healmosphere, and I be music in her hand, waiting for the and of symphony.
"The lady, I suppose," said Lucius, duly inrested.
"The lady. I won't attempt to describe her woman except that chene say of the loveliest oyes, a delicate that she has a straight nose, tine stitute so small a part of her beauty one ma see them in the street every day. This one stoo here ike a statue in the cold wintry light, and beheld. She appeared divinely being 1 had eve her beauty as unconscious as aphoditous on have been in that wild free world of nemus Greece, though all creation worshipped her. Sh didn't look about her with a complacent smile hailenging admiration. Her dark-fringed eye ilds drooped over the violet-gray eyes, as she looked downward at the music. Her dress was Quaker-like, a linen collar round the full firm hroat, the perfect arm deffined by the plain lack sleeve. Art had done nothing to enhance Robin Gray, in a vorieauly. She sang 'Auld heart. The musical nobility sniffed and mos mured rapturously. The old gentlemen rapped his snuff-box, and said Bwaval and the song was e-demanded. She curtsied and began something about a blue bodice and Lubin, and in this here were blrd-like trills, and a prolonged shake, clear and strong as the carol of a sly lark. Lucius, 1 was such a dementod ass at that noment, that if the restraints of civilisation hadn't been uncommonly strong upon me, caning."
"Something in the timbre of the voice," said "Sius, "simpatica." "sim-anybody

Have I seen her since?
"Have I seen her! I have followed her from oncert-room to concert-room, until my senso-
rium-that's the word, isn't it ?-aches from th amount of classical music that has been in Hicted upon it the music that has been in so forth Sometio $x$ minors and $z$ majors, and other aristocratic drawing-room, by the som permission, \&c.; sometimes I found her the Hanover-square Rooms. Mitchell has it stan ing order to send me a ticket for every concer at which she sings. It's deaced hard work. I'm due this time to-morrow at st. George's Hall, Liverpool."
But, my dear old Geoff, can anything be more foolish "' expostulated Lucius, forgetful of whit rusty old gate in the Shadrack-road, Which purest pity had so often led him.
"I daresay not. But I can't help myself,"
Do you know anything about the lady ${ }^{2}$ ",
"All that a diligent process of privat
guiry could discover, and yet very little. The lady ts a widow-"
"Her name, Bertram.
"Assumed, no doubt."
"Very possibly. She has lodgings in Keppel treet, Russ 31 -square, and lives a life of ex girl. I saw the child one morning, a sere little girl. I saw the child one morning, a seraph of eyes, and scarlet legs, uke a troplcal bird, or picture by Millais."
"That sounds like respectability."
"Respectability !" cried Geoffrey, Haming with indignation. "I would no more doubt her virtue of my dead mother. If you had heard her 'Voi che sapete,' the clear thrilling tones sing swelling into a flood of melody, now sinking to swe tenderest whisper ! Could such tones oo
the those come from a foul heart? No, Lucius. I need no certificate of character to tell me that Jane Bertram is true."
Lucius smiled-the alow smile of worldy
wisdom-and then breathed a faint regretful sigh for his friend's delusion.
tast histicated mind at is natural to the unsophise a demiza. A great oralor addressos us like a demygod; ergo, he must be by nature Thurlow's or Wilkes's may be no better than beautiful; and we argue that woman is divinely be divine. The history of the sous, too, must tells us that there were women who sang like angels, yet were by no means perfoct as women. For God's sake, dear old friend, beware of music. Of all man's ensnarers the siren with lyre and voice ts the most dangerous. Of all woman's tempters he who breathes his sellish prayer in musical concoras is the most fatal. oxample of this nature has been a wretched bitterness that comes fom speak with all the "That may be so," returned the ther unco vinced; "but there are instincts which cannot lie. My bellef in Jane Bertram is fixed as the sun in heaven."
"Dld you contrive to obtaln $\int$ an introduc"No. I foumd that impossible. She knows no one, goes nowhere, except for her professanal engagements. Even the people who engage hor-husi puthshers, and what notbetter than five out of six soepl hat sho ed reputation, and that she has strugsled into her present modest position out of ogsceity and hard work. She was only a teacher of music until very lately. She would do wonders if she went on the stage, my informant told me; and such a course bas been suggested to her;
but she peremptorily declined to entertain the but she peremptorily declined to entertain the pounds a week. . What a pittance for a god dess!"
"And who was Mr. Bertram ?"
"I was not curious upon that subject; enough had I been ever so inquisitive my curiosity must have gone unsatisfled. The people who know so little about her know still less about her late husband. He haf been dead some years. That is all they could tell me.
"And you positively go down to Liverpool to hear ber sing ?"
River for would go back to the shores of the Red River for the same purpose. Ay, live again on of the wolves at sunset." "And
nitely ${ }^{2}$ "
passion, until I can win circumstances favor my ship, to her contidence my way to her friendwithout fear of repulse or discouragement, 'Jane, I love you.' I am quite content to serve a ongish apprenticeship, even to classical music, rer the sake of that reward.
nen's broad palms out his hand, and the two

## friendship.

"Upon my honor,[Geoffrey, I admire you," Granted that your passion is foolish, at more It's thorough. I honor a man fho can least himself, 'That woman I will marry, and no other; that woman I will follow, through
honor and dishonor, evil report and good re"Stor

Stop," cried Geoftrey ; "let there be no mention of dishonor in the same breath with her name. If I did not believe in her truth and
purity, I would pluck this passion out of $m y$ purity, I would pluck this passion out of my
breast-as the Carthusian prior in the medieval legend placked deadly sin out of the entrails of St. Hugo of Lincoln-though I cut my heart open to do it. I love her, and I believe in "And if you ceased to belleve in her, you would cease to love her?"
"Yes," answered Geoffrey Hossack firmly.
and was pacing from his seat by the hearth, sud made a curious half-light. Truly had his friend called him thorough. Intense, passionate, and impulsive was this generous nature-a nature which had never been spoiled by that hard school in which all men must learn whose first necessity is to get their living, that dreary
bread-winner's academical career to which God bread-winner's academical career to which God
condemned Adam as the direst punishment of condemned Adam as the direst punishment of
his disobedience and deceit. "No longer shalt his disobedience and deceit. "No longer shalt
thou wander careless in these flowery vales and groves, where generous emotions and affection. ate impulses and noble thoughts might bud and blossom in the happy idlesse. For thee, sinner, the daily round of toll, the constant hurry, the ever-goading pressure oi sordid necessities, which shall make thce selfish and hard and remorseless, with no leisure in which to be kind to thy brother strugglers, with hardly a pause
in which to remember thy God !", (To be continued.)

Effect of sunlight on flouk.-Itismaintained that the inferior quality of certain kinds action of sunlight on the flour ; even when in bags or ba rrels the gluten experiences a change The tendency occasioned by heating it the minl. lumpy, and to form dough without toughness, is similar to that of flour irom moisy grain, or of
flour when it is two fresh, or made from grain fiour when it is too fresh, or made from grain
ground too early, or when adulterated with ground too early, or when adulterated with
cheaper barley meal. Such dour can be im. cheaper bariey meal. Such flour can be im-
the massacre at lachine.

## A.D. 1689.

by e. a. sutton.
(Note,-During the night of August 5th, 1688 , 1,400 Iroquols crossed Lake St. Louis daring
a storm, and surprising the sleep 1 ng
in
dehabitants of Lachlne, carried woo and
solation almost into the streets of Montreali]

Calmly the August day
Now the weary peasant's work is done, While dances brightly each crimpon ral Out on the waters wide.

## II.

Thickly the shadows fall
And darker yet grows each forest glade,
As night creeps on, like a gloomy shade,
Wrapping up in her sombre pal
The homesteads of Lachlne.

## III.

There comes a moaning sound,
All thro' the pines it sighs,
And afar off leaps a sudden flush,
And the stillness wakes to a rumbling crash,
Rolls through the blackened skies.

Wildly the tempest burst
Hard and white comes the driving hall,
The tall pines bend to the howling gale;
There are brighter darts than nashed the And thunders louder roar.

Yet, sound the cottler sleeps,
Ah: he little dreams of coming woen
And naught sees he of the wily foo Who the shore has gained and stealithy Along the silent strand.

Oh, would that from on high !
Some volce would wing its way,
And a warning to the sleepers bring
Ere 'tis yet too late, and fierce shall ring,
their very doors, the demon cry
Of the dreaded Iroquols.

## vu.

The fatal hour has come,
Hark to that piercing shout! There's an answering shout of wild despalt; But they wall too late-e
Is girt with foes about.

## viII.

## bud rings the savage yell, <br> Bright flames light up the scene The waters glow with the ruddy glare, And wros t seems as if all the woes of hel

## IX.

Infant and aged sire
There the maiden gasped, in lover's gore- bore E'en to mothers forced the babes the

Aud watch them till they died.

In sleep some met their fate, Of the feast of blood that dismow night. arms rushed some, in despair to nght;
To stem the tlde of woe.

## $x$ x.

October's sunshine fell
On the horde had passed-the autumn wind Blew chill o'er the waste they left behind,

The day was far advanced, evening was
drawing near. Gunnar had again taken his
tation on the rise statlon on the trock projecting inte the lake, on
the very same spot where Rhyme-Ola had found Wooden the day before. On his znees rested a Wheren woord made of two rough đir-planks,
thin white birched out a large, square plece of pencli, with which he drew on the bark. The Tay already milking-hour ; but Gunnar was too of their presed in his work even to be conscious had been playing Many nis mind strange thoughts
Olance Rhymehag strain of the song kept ringlig in his ear tur wakening him to life and action, now
turning his mind to blissful revery. When he
bad first left the cothes had frrt left the cotligese in the valiey and first
had drunk the freshness of the mountain air,
there hopes and been a new life born in him. Fresh Necken, lingings had thronged his mind;
chilldish the Hulder, and all that was fair to his les, and hey had suddenly become living realipresence, when the day fell warm and wondering over when the day fell warm and wonderhalf after hour searching through the dark and halimidden copse in the hope of catching a came floating over the plain, but he started to Wase if the Hulder might not be near; for he
or sure the loor must be hers. True, shadows shadoubt had been coming and passing, harest when the sum is bright. Like these they clearer for theished, leaving the light the
came with did not sing his wondrous song. Although he or hlmaself to some strange manner again
brought her to view. He had brought what had brought her to view. He had brought what had Sbapeless longings, had given rest to the restless
chord chord, Gungar no longer had need of looking
Without image descended, clear and beautiful as the her When he came to the saeter that night, he felt powerful thoughts that moved within him. In dellight in at home he had always taken great
Ifed in the strange beings which cottage his fancy. For canvas he had used the Cottage floor; paper be had never known.
himee he had left home, he had often busied bever found an opportunity to expecute his had sever found an opportunity to execute his de
thing. To-night, however, he could allow no the saeter defeat his purpose. Having searche large discovered in the crevice of a beam a by the carpenters. Under one of the beds lay a
plle of blrch-bark, which the maids used for kindling-wood. From this he selected the
largest and found smoothest pleces, cut them square pose than them even more suitable tor his It was anything he had hitherto tried. nitht; hut the sun is late, too, at midsummer,
so there Bo there was nothing to remind him that mid-
night was drawing near brought his half-inished drawing with him as he started with the cattle, and took his seat on tround on rock, while the flocks were grazing
alake-shore. Now the day was alread on the lake-shore. Now the day was
away leaning toward night; it had stolen a way like a deaning toward night; it had stolen
Where it hand he knew not how or last touch to his drawing; he saw that it was not finished, but somehow or other he could not It was the Hulder he had attempted to picture
fair as lair as she stood before his soul's eye. But the maiden: that unearthly longing which gave its fathomater to the tone of her loor, and that unmode her the Hulder $\rightarrow$ he had falled to express.
As As be sat wondering what the fault might be, a
strong low ful apon iline shook the air and came power-
the loir looked up, and saw Brita, the rair-haired saeter-maid, standing on a hillher loor to candred yards from him, blowing
the cattle home. Glancing at the sun, and seeing that it was far past milkingand gave quickly rose, put the loor to his mouth, lar and near. Brita's that the highlands echoed
understood thered; the cattle the saeter the welcome signal, and started for "Inder.
Brita her runl flushed and a nice cattle-boy "' cried tell running and from indignation. "Didn't I and instead of that focks home early to-night? of stay at home after time. Now we shall have
of us, St. John's Hill, all us, only for your laziness, you hateful boy !"
Brita was justly indignant, and her words ere huddled forth with all the passionate
aurry of womanly wrath; but before she anlshed she found wrath; but before she had
prospect of nearly crying at the of the st. John's Eve the sport and merriment Sult, attemphn's Eve. Gunnar, conscions of his
reached the no apology. As soon as they atached the saeter, all the girls fell to milking
ap hard as they could, and, much against his oattle was obliged to assist them. When here
St. Jolise disposed of, they all started for the St. Jolnn's Hilli, which lay about midway beproached saeter and the valley. As they ap-
loons fike-shore, a pair of screaming
It wap from their nest among the rush

pine region. A coniused murmur rose from
below; as they came nearer they could distinbelow; as they came nearer they could distin-
guish the strain of many violins, the song of women, and the loud shouts of the men.
"No, indeed! I cannot run at this rate," groaned one of the giris, as she let herseif drop have a mind to kill yourself for one dance, more or less, you may gladly do so. I shall not move one step farther until I am rested. Will you
wait for me, Gunnar ? for Brita wait for me, Gunnar? for Brita hardly will, as ong as she knows Endre is dancing with some ther girl, down on the hill."
Gunnar promised to wait
"A poor set of girls we have here in the he fiddles calling, and the lads who can hear hen can talk of rest. So tired I never was, and hope never to be." So saying, she ran down
the steep road, and was soon out of sight. One of the girls followed, the other remained
On the long and even slope from the high ands to the ford, there is not seldom found an abrupt and steep projection, as if the mountain termined to check the luxuriant vegetation below, which threatens to grow straight up over its ears. From such a projection the eye has a wide range, both upward to the mountains and downward to the sea; for the pine is too clumsy nor tall enough to hinder the sight. It was on a ridge like this that Gunnar and the saetermaid were resting. From above they saw the sun flooding with fire the western horizon, and
the purple-burning glaciers gleaming and flashing. Below rose the waving crowns of the pine forest, with its heavy green hue slightly tinged with the flush of the sunset. Here and there a tall, slender fir, forgetful of the winter storms, lows, and graclously nodded to some admiring birches at its foot. In a wide opening between the thick-growing pine-trunks lay the St. John' Hill, which was, however, no hill, but rather a
large and sunlit glade. From the centre of this glade a huge bonfire, strangely wrestling with the sunset, threw its glaring light upon a dense plain in wild enc life, whirling away over the dusk seemed to rise from below, as the sun sunk deeper behind the glaciers. The forest drew its dark, steady outline on the horizon in effective braced.

Now I suppose you are rested," said Gunnar to the saeter-mald, who, like himself, seemed anxious to take an active part in the merriment

Yes, thank you," said she, and they both After a short walk they arrived at the st. John's Hill, where he immediately lost sight of his companion; he hardly had time to realize where he was, before he felt himself hurried
along into the midst of the crowd, where the stunning noise, the fire, and the strange people
worked his senses up to such a pitch of exciteworked his senses up to such a pitch of excite-
ment that at last he was not sure whether he was standing on his feet or his head. Another he looked went up to him, and fired his gun close to his ear. That suddenly brought him back to his senses; the blood rushed to his face, he clinched his tist, and dealt the hoy a blow backwards. His opponent, however; jumped
his left eye, so that to his feet, and returned the blow with good er-
fect. In the next moment they held each other fect. In the next moment they held each other
in close embrace, and a hot fight ensued. The people flocked densely around them, encourag ing them with shouts of approval; and they
both fought as if their lives were at stake. At first, Gunnar seemed likely to be the loser, as rather added to his strength. The boy tried repeatedly to trip his foot, but he was on his
yuard; then he made a last rush at him, and they both fell, the boy under and Gunnar upon
him. He was just rising, proud in the consciousness of his victory, when he saw a tall, grave man elbowing his way through the throng. The man walked rapidly up to the combatants,
gave each of them a box on the ear, seized Gunnat's adversary by the arm, and carried
him off: The people roared with him off: The people roared with laughter.
Then, instead of pride in his victory, a feeling of shame stole over him. He ran away as fast as his feet could carry him,-away from the fire,
the din, and the people. Tired and confused, he sank down on the soft moss, burled his face in his hands, and felt unhappy as he had never felt
He did not know how long he had been lying in this position, when he heard a well-known
voice hard by. It was the volce of Ragnhild, the widow of Rimul's daughter. "Who was the boy who struck Lars?" sald she.
"It was Gunnar, Gudrun, the timid little girl he had seen at Rimul.
"Why, yes, of course. Lars came and fired bis gun right in his ear, so it was no wonder he Lars strikes me; I never dare tell. it to father, for when father strikes, he always strikes to Ragnhild was about to make some remark, when Gunnar, who lay balf concealed in the make them aware of his presence. Gudrun was a little frightened at his unexpected ap-
pearance, but Ragnhild walked up to him, sat pearance, but Ragnhild walked up to him, sat
down in the heather, and tried to open a con-
"Why do you like so much to fight?" said she. Gunnar did not know what to answer; he nearly choked him. She ixed her large blue eges upon him with an earnest, half-reproach ful look. Then suddenly the tears rushed to his eyes, he pressed his burning face down in the felt her hand on his hy a and her nngers gliding through his hair. And there he lay weep ing, until at last, consoled by Ragnhild's tender long was engaged in a lively dispute with the little girls. Ragnhild, who had wondered eve nce they first met aty sought further informa tion; and knowing little of the world of wonder which he loved with life and soul, she could no conceal her doubt at the startling things he told pposed; and the girls, who were naturally no ess superstitious than he, were only too willing o be persuaded. He was jast deeplin the Margit of Elgerford when he was interrupted by the same tall man who had interfered in his combat an hour ago. He came to take Ragnhild and Gudrun home. "It is near midnight, way they cried their good-night to him from the dislance. He followed slowly and returned to the glade, where the fire was still blazing high, and
the dance wilder than ever. There he met Rhyme-Ola, who told him that the boy he had fought with was Lars Henjum, and that the father.
After a time the music ceased, and the merry the frs, both lads and maidens, thronged round and talked, jested, and laughed, little heeding the waning hours and the solemn silence of the which would save glled an artist with rapture How fair did those fresh, healthy faces appear blushing, perhaps, with a little deeper tinge, as the glow of the fire fell over their features! Here sat one leaning forward, with his hands knit around his knees, watching the flames in couple, too much occupled with each other to take notice of what was going on around them. The young man was Endre, the same who had opened the dance at the Rimul saeter on the who should the girl be but the bright-eyed Brita, with the deep dimples in her cheeks.
Endre must have been very interesting; for whenever he spoke, Brita laughed, blushed, and now and then turned half away, as if to avoid his gaze, while he sat bending over towards her, intently watching her face
As the night advanced, and the soft night-fog spread over the forest, their minds were imperceptibly attuned to the supernatural. Now was the time for wonder-tales and legends; and there was none who could loll the th me-ola Ola was called npon for a story; and there wes no need of asking him twice, for there was nothing he llked better than story telling. It was Rhyme-Ola's arrival which interrupted Brita's and Endre's conversation. He came from behind them, and politely asked to be admitted
into the ring, for he hardly could tell his story into the rin

Jump over, Rhyme-Ola," proposed Endre; but before the singer"could have time to follow the advice, he seized him round the waist, liftof laughter from the company, put hin down within the ring right !before the fire. Rhymeit in good part, straightened his little figure winked with his sad cyes, drew his mouth up to his customary smile, and began his story. When it was ended the narrator let his eyes ing circle, and saw, not without satisfaction, the frightened expressions and half-open mouths which sufficiently assured him that he had succeeded in securing attention. But in all that
crowd there was hardly one who listened with so intense an interest as Gunnar. As soon a the tale had commenced he had joined the group where he was still sitting when Rhyme-Ola found him.
thing I war," said Rhyme-Ola, "I have some the boy on until they were out of hearing Then, leaning against a large, white-stemmed birch-tree, he fixed his strange eyes on Gunna and began again.
"I have been at Rimul to-day," sald he
and I have seen the widow." Here he hesitated, smiled his melancholy smile, and winked
"I asked the widow of Rimul," he went on if she had not some catle for me to watch
oo. She sald she had. So, now I shall always be with you, Gunnar." And all his face laugh-
ed as he cried out the last words. Gunnar tood for a moment staring at his strange com
"What did you say ?" asked he.
"From this time I shall always be with you," repeated Rhyme-Ola, laughing. "Now it
is time to go home," added he; "it is very late or, rather, very early."
Soon they were on their way, and reached the saeter at sunrise

To be continued.)

## HARVEST.

All day we set the shoaves in shining ows
And capping them, hang fringem of dus 1 gold Wout their heavy brows; and at the olose
Watehed the wood-shadows their dark winge Watched the wood-shadows their dark wing Hovering thom, and sald : So may we rest In covert of soft plumage, happy when Tender as south-winds in the blossomy glen, Peace comes again.

But what of those slain lilies, whose best yleld Was the faint perfume clinging to our hand Went we up and down the sun-swept feld,
Twisting them heedless in the wheaten bands?
Their wealth was safo in unseen garuers stored; To subtle essence changed, they gained thel quest.
Said we: If immortality so sweet reward sacrifice, then are
Losing life's best.

For so did reapers slay our hopes' high bloom Reckless of tears and pleading, till thes lay
ianguishing, smothered 'mong the duity gguishing,
glumes, glume
When the
way

## And glancing

sweets that on them, pitied-and so caught Thus hath experience fragrant memories brought
Into our hearts, making for us rich store

Then homeward going by the bridge that spanThe elmy stream, faint, after toil and heat, The mist-wraith soothed us with her dellcate hand
The red-tops brows; and dewy to our leot In weloome; and robins kept the door We said: "They are good signs to us "-and

In 'neath the woodbine shadowing the fiour, Happy once more.

OVerland Monthly.

REMARKABLE CLOCKS.
We must now give some account of foreign ng the most famous clock ever known. It is probable that our young readers have heard of the famous city of Strasburg, formerly the capl. tal of the department du Bas Rhin in France, whd was a bishop's see. It has six bridges between the different quarters of the city, and six gates, and the cidatel and fortincations were ever, it has been shattered, taken, and ruined war; dral, although muoh injured by the bombardment. This cathedral has a beautiful pyrami. standard of France; and it is said that, until quite lately, the Prussians, though making every exertion, could neither lower nor destroy it. It
is now daid that they have succeeded, by send ing a man up in the dark, who lowered it, but the man was killed in so doing. Within the cathedral is the famous astronomical clock, the most celebrated that ever existed. It is about of monty feet high, and was preceded by another The present clock at Strasburg was begun by Conradus Dasypodius, professor of mathematic,
in 1571, and completed in 1574 ; and it is related in 1571, and completed in 1574; and it is related that the original artisan of the clock (for several
workmen were employed on it) became blind before he had completed his work; but notwith standing he finished it himself, refusing to in
form any one else of the design, and preferring to complete it blind as he was. In this curious piece of mechanism the revolutions of the sulu, with scientific exactness, and the insed down of these motions are hid in the body of a pellcan, who is portrayed under the globe on which
the signs are seen. It would be too long to de the signs are seen. It would be too long to de
scribe all the particulars of this clock, but the ecllpses which are to be seen for years to come are out on his chariot 1111 the day is sun is drawn he is drawn into another place; and as he dis appears you have Monday, that is the moon, and the horses of Mars' chariot showing forth their heads, and so on for every day in the week that you see every minute pass. Two beautiful ggures of children are joined to either side in his hae one on the north slde has a sceptr every stroke. When the clock strikes he tell holds an hour-glass in his hand, which runs ex actly with the clock and when the runs ex struck he turns his glass. There are also fou little bells, on which the quarters of an hour ar struck. At the first quarter comes forth a little boy, and strikes the first bell with an apple, and then goes and stays at the fourth bell untll th with a dart strikes two bells, and succeeds int the place of the child. At the third quarter
comes a man at arms with a halberd in his hand, which strikes three bells, and then he quarter comes an old man with a staff, haviny a
crook at the end, and he with much difficuity the fourth quarter till the next quarter. Imme diately comes Death to strike the clock, who is in a room above the others; and you must un to try to carry away with him each of the former ages, but at the opposite end of the room Where he is, comes forth Christ, and drives him in; but when the last quarter is heard, Christ gives him leave to go to the bell, which is in with his bone, and stands at his bell till the vance in succession to bend down before the dyure of our Saviour, who gives them the bene-
diction. In a tower at the top of the clock there are pleasant chimes, which sound at three,
seven, and eleven o'clock, each time in differen tunes; and at Cbristmas, Easter, and Wbitsun and when chime a thanksgiving unto Christ; and wh on the top of the neck claps his wings, and crows three times It is said to be the most curious piece of clockwork in Europe, though there are many won nent, in the great cities and cathedrals. An other marvellous specimen of clockwork is to
be seen at the palace of Friedenstein, in Gotha be seen at the palace of Friedenstein, in Gotha,
one of the many palaces belonging to the Duke of Coburg and Gotha, elder brother of the late
Prince Albert, busband of Queen Victoria. It is an astronomical clock and orrery, and was the labor of an ingenious monk for 40 years. It has recorded with accuracy for upwards of 100
years the motions of the heavenly bodies, the days, months, and years in their eternal round one hand moving over an inch of the dial in the brief space of a secoud; another toiling through
the same long and weary journey in 100 years; the same long and weary journey in 100 years;
and a feeling of awe involuntarily creeps over the mind, as one contemplates the little index progressing in its silent onward course empires, progressing in its silent onward course like the old clock at Lubeck, constructed about A. D the year 1875, and when it strikes twelve a num ber of automaton figures are set in motion; the Electors of Germany enter from a small sidedoor, and perform the ceremony of inaugurating the Emperor, who is seated upon a throne in front. Anotber door is then opened, and Christ upperss, when, after recelving His benediction trumpots by a choir of angels. On each side are bas-reliefs, illustrative of passages in the llfe of our Saviour. In that of the Last Supper, a mouse is seen peeping from the white tablecloth, and this animal represents the armorial bearings o the once puissant Lubeck, formerly the head of the famous Hanseatic League, formed there in 1164. The largest clock in the world is a skele-
ton clock at Malines, or Mechlin, in Belgium. in twelve one hand, and makes one revolution curlous clock st We will conclude with the the "Clook of the Death of the King." This one hand, which is stationary to the hour only it is set to denote the king's demise, where it remains till the death of his successor. There from its marble pavement. This court has been the scene of great events. The three central bindrows. On the death ar the king the king's of the household would proclaim, "Le Roi est Mort;" and breaking his staff of office, would take up another, adding, "Vive le Rot !" The monarch had expired, and remained until the death of his successor. This clock was first or-
dered by King Louls XIII., and continued in ase until the death of the unfortunate King Louis XVI., when, it may well be imagined, it happy son, 'King Louls XVII., never actually relgned, and died in prison at the age of ten years, 1795. This custom was last observed a the death of King Louls XVIII., in 1824. His In 1830, and died in exile at Grat\%, In Styria, in 18:36, at
power.

## THE BITER BIT.

A man named Gilsey, who, by strict economy his family a little place, free of incumbrance was fishing in still River, near the Beaver
Brook mills, on Saturday afternoon. Ater Brook mills, on saturday afternoon. After
sitting on the bank for a couple of hours with. out catohing anything, he was gratified to see, on a flat stone in the water, a snapping turtle
sunning itself. The butt end of the turt sunning itself. The butt end of the turtle was it; but while he was looking for a capture step, the turtle gravely turned around without his knowledge, and when he got in reaching distance, and bent down to take hold of what hature designed should be taken hold of while handing a snapping turtle, that sociable animal
inst reached out and took hold of Mr. Gilsey, hist reached out and took hold of Mr. Gilsey's writy. The shrieks of the unfortunate man
aroused some of the neighbours, but when they urrived it was too late to be of any benetit to it glimpse of a bareheaded, for they just caught hill, swinging a small carpet bag in one hand, and they at once concluded that it was a narrow,
was not a carpe bay ine was swingias; it was
that turtle, and it clung to him untli he reached he White-street Bridge, when it let go; but the frightened man did not slacken his galt until he got home. When he reached the house the
ludicrousness of the affair burst upon him, and when his wife looked at his pale face and bare head, and dust hegrimed clothes, and asked was the was the mater, only he was airaid he would be relieved to find that he wasn't.-Danbury News.

A SUMMER NOON.

A dell knee-deep with flower-sprinkled grass, Grand, stately beecher, on whose silvery bark Deep-cut are lovers names; tall feathery fern
Wherein the rabbit crouches-nodding cups of myriad harebells, wealth of orenid-blooms, le 'neath the warm glow of a summer noon. The lazy sun-gold flickers on the leaves, And in the blackthorn thicket, voiceless, mute, Couches the blackbird, resting until eve,
When he again may tune his mellow pipe

Nature is hushed, and her stesta takes.
Beneath the ardent sun-rays-all is still
Lies slumbering on the hay-cart, moments bri Of swift forgetfulness, quick-snatched from toll, And doubly sweet the theft. The crickets rest Amid the ripening wheat; the grasshopper Has ceased his amorous chirp; the very reeds Scarce care to bend them in the river bre
For all creation seeks a briof, sweet rest.

Drowsily in the passion-Howers hum Brown-banded bees, and on the unripe peach Eager for plunder. From the green leaves pee The ripening nectarines aud apricots; The jargonelle hangs reddening on the w And the first purple hue of lusciousness Tinges the mellowing plum; the sovereign Is burdened with her treasures; yellowing
of apples bend the laden orchard boughs Cow to the rank, tall grass; rich mulb Begin to change to russet, bounteous of God-directed nature unto miteous gitts

## Tommy Halfacre's Parlor.

Although there be but a step from the sublime o the ridiculous, it was it stride of many cen-
turies that divided Harold Hafacre, the redoubted searies that divided Harold Hafucre, the redoubted sea-king, trom his descendant, Tommy Halfacr ham, Wilts.
ham, Wilts.
Time was
In Tommy would have beell re ation, wa one who, without, not to say vass of his own
ation is the object of the wrathful judgment of One
who cannot err. But opinion hath changed. Who cannot err. But opinion hath changed.
Poor Tommy had to be content with pity, pity not unmingled with contempt. He was lest than man. He was not even a notm-subsitan-
ine. A loose adjective was the dower of the was a "silly"-nothing more.
I am not jesting when I aftirm that the blood of the old Danish warriors-though the blood chilled and turbld-still meandered in the veins of Tommy Halfacre. Five generations of his house had been laid to rest in the quaint old
church of Little Podsham, a structure hastily hrown up in old days by an abbot of Westel ham, who had got into trouble, and was under tood to have entrenched himself behind this have thrown up an earthwork. The memorial tablet appertaining to the remotest of these a still more ancient entry in the parish register announced that one Harold Rosen Alfagre, ship master, had taken to wife Barbara Bunce, a
daughter of Little Podsham. From this bold source proceeded those generations of tallors which threatened to become extinct in Tom my Poor fellow ! he could as easily have cut out a
world as a waistcoat, and, indeed, the efforts of the family were mainly directed to the preserving as wide a distance as possible between Tom. my and that fas
Yet he was never idle. Tommy's mind, as if making up for its minuteness by ceaseless activity, was ever on the move. Moreover, there Wim, every day, save sunday, and admitted with justice, to be fulallable to perfection by no hands but his, namely, the conducting his father's cow to the various patches of com
land and grassy roadsides of the vicinity.
Whether Tommy led the cow, or the cow took charge of Tommy, is a question we prefer to it. A cord of some length connected the partled and the management of this bond we concelve to have been the subject of some mutual under
tanding, For whereas, on quitting home, Mr standing, For whereas, on quitting home, Mr.
Halfacre authortatively led the way, heading for whatever point his judgment suggested, the cow, When somewhat satiated, assumed the direction
of affairs, would evisce morbid fancies for a dusty of iffairs, would evince morbid fancies for a dusty
histle, or a toothful of wild barley, or saunt thistle, or a toothful of wild barley, or saunter
and splash for balt an hour just within the marand of a russet pond, whisking the patient Tom-
her iripping taii, till the threathate
swailow-tailed coat be always wore had theapshower
Having cooled her toes sufficientiy, the cow would quietly march homeward, Tommy abjectly trotting behind (he never walked), less custodian than train-bearer, and, at the least
pause, being jerked abruptly forward by theim. patient toss of his leader's head.
Tommy Haifacre was possibly about eighteen oneday from hunting through the Returning village, I was aware of a slight tisturbance. my, beset, as was too often the case, by certain idle urchins on their way from school, had on this occasion turned to bay. His usual tactics were to trot straight on, answering, indeed, in
his piping voice, to any direct question, but never stopping-experience having imparted to poor Tommy that any prolonged discourse
would usually end in his discomfiture. He therefore only peeped (readers may recal this quaint fore only peeped (readers may recal this quaint
old phrase as used by the Old Testament trans. lators, " mutter and peep," that is, chirp like a bird), and hastened on ; but on this occasion some one had offered violence. Tommy cared not a button for verbal missiles, but atlack his sacred person, and what remained of the blood of the sea-kings was at once in conflagration!
He had swooped like a bawk upon the offendHe had swooped like a bawk upon the offenddone him a much worse injury than the mere eaving a potato-skin (such, I learned, had bee the affront) properly deserved. The lad was,
however, rescued by a general charge, and the aspect of affairs seemed now to demand that I should interpose between the luckless "silly" and his persecutors.
Order being restored, Tommy, who seenied to be fully awake to the value of a cavalry escor rotted easily along at my side.
" Do they often tease you llke this, my boy ?
I asked, by way of opening the conversation. asked, by way of opening the conversation. my.

Ah : then -" said Tommy, setting his "eeth.
"I chops their feet off - then their heads," sponded Mr. Halfacre, with perfect serenity. "Ah : And how do they take that?"
and says, "You let Tommy bide, and this would
"What do you cut off the heads with?"
" Bill-hook," said the veracious Tommy
" Would you like them to do
"Would you like them to do it to you?"
"Can't!" peeped Tommy, exultingly ;
head goes off and on. Sometimes I wish it didn't," added the poor fellow, with a sigh. "I've
strained it, somehow. I don't tit as it ought to. Wat color's yon

Why do you wear scarlet ""
I am a fox-hunter
Does scarlet catch foxes
Rather the counary,
"Rather the contrary, I should say."
a cunning ex
pression :
"I say, does your head tit?" he chirped ; and, arning suddenly off at a :
As I rode on, the question occurred to me,
whether a gentleman of Mr. Halfacre's prowhether a gentleman of Mr. Halfacre's pro-
nounced opinions as regarded homicide would be altogether an agreeable neighbor. What if, un der some ungovernable impulse, he should on day carry out the truculent exploits he had giving appeared to disturb the Little Podsham ites, who were, or ought to be, the best judges of the case; and as I, subsequently, more than rings trottiny homeward, cow-conducted, th plcture of content and harmlessness, the doub I have mentioned had passed from my mind, When a strange and tragical event recalled it.
Tommy returned home, one evening late than usual, somewhat excited, and with his hands so studiously concealed in the pockets of his dress-coat, as to invite inquiry.
Having himself sustained no injury, the infer ence was that he had inflicted some; but netther from Tommy himself, nor from perquisitions hastily made in the neighborhood, could any lue to the matter be obtained.
Tommy, cleansed of the mysterious stains, had been dismissed to his garret, and the village generally was sinking into repose, when the keeper of the toll-gate, just without the town,
was startled by a vehicle passing through with. out the ceremony of stopping to pay.
The alert custodian was, however, beside the horse in a moment, and at once discovered that the reins were hanging loose, the driver missing He recognised the vehicle as belonging to young commercial traveller, Mr. Joseph Barnby
well known in those parts, well known in those parts, and whose cheerfal him a universal favorite. Dark as it was, the oll-man could distinguish traces of blood upon vident apron cushions of the carriage. It wa recently occurred. He at once raised an alarm and the horse-patrol, at that opportune moment arriving from the village, galloped off in searc of the missing man.
He was quickly found. Less than a quarte of a mile distant. stretched almost in the middie of the highway, with his bead in a pool of
blood, lay poor Barnby, still breathing, but in ensible, even to pain. He had been stricken er, and with a weighty hat peculiar instrument
racter, had inticted owall and distant lacershave been effected by the spike-studded maco wielded by our sturdy sires.
Transported with care to the nearest inn, poor Barnby received all the remedial attentions medical aid could supply; but he nev
before morning drew his last sigh.
Late as it was when the discovery was made, news of the atrocious deed sped Hike wildire whough the village, and many a stout fell a Who
sist in the pursuit which was at once o for the apprehenn not of called, fordly the goods contained in called, for not only were but Barnby's watch, purse, and pocke were safe upon his person.
has been-man had little to report beyond what has been narrated. He had heard no unusid ous lurk upon the road, nor observed an ous lurkers in the nelghborhood, only remark he conceived it to bear upon showed how itsule, that the last person he had spoken with haps an hour before the alarm of murder the poor "silly," Tommy Halfacre.
Excepting that certaln Halfacre. off to scour the roads and fields in the vicinity, notbing could be done that night, and it
about bine, next day, that the nearest magl trate, Mr. Secretan, apprised of poor Ba death, appeared at
menced an inguiry
menced an inguiry. seen by the toll-man so near the place and time the litlurder, Mr. Se seretan, though aware of mony, considered it desirable to examine the poor idiot, and accordingly despatched a poice man to the house, requiring his presence.
The officer, to his sur prise, found the family in greal aghtalion; old Halfacre stern and graver pale and ansious, comfort the rest. Tommy was invisible, but
che his hat lay on the table, and his shoes by the had come home within half an hour of the mur der, disordered, his hands reeking with blood in signiticance, a more deadly consequence was in parted by the circumstance that Tommy, b entering the house, had concealed under a $h$ pouderous in the cow-shed, the segment oring ponderous hoop, stained with blood, and close exairon nails in various parts, which on close es
mination, were found to be stained in a similar mination,
manner.

You bave the poor lad safe ?" asked the icer, glancing at the weeping mother.
Old Halfacre replied that, on hearing of the murder, and recalling the circumstances that seemed to connect with it their unfortunate sondhe had proceeded to the latter's room, and, curing the door until they had decided on their course of proceeding. ofticer inquired.
"As well as to most others who frequept the village," was the answer. "Mr. Barnby wouls nod
ing.
"Mr. Barnby was a good-natured gentleman," remarked the officer, thoughtfully. "Tom could have had no spite again him-en "
"Spite? How should he ?" asked the old man, br
gh." 'tis," said the officer, encouragingly.

Thenocents." me scores of times since that," said Halfacre ; "and twas next to nothing at best. Tommy cam home very white and sick. He told his that Mr. Barnby had put fire and smoke his throat, and he'd cut his head and feet out don'
they're the poor lad's usual words, but mean

Fire and smoke ?"
The young gentleman was just finishing hib " The young gentleman was just finise, and gave it to Tommy as he drove aray, advising him to take the last whiffi," exp old Halfacre.
"Is it possible that could have rankled in his mind ?" meditated the officer. "Well, neig
bor, I must have him, please. Don't be dow hearted, Mrs. Halfacre, nor you, my dear" (to Miss Susan Halfacre, the belle of the village, a be universally admired), "Tommy's sure to
kindly treated whatever comes of it. bless 'ee, his cow is a more 'sponsible betn' the laws than him
Poor old Halfacre shrugged his shoulders. and the last male representary to his surs a was at least consolatory. Inviting the off accom
stair.
The door was secured, as he bad said, but the key had becn left below. Halfacre called to hock daughter to bring it up. Meanwhile, they kn
ed. No answer. Again, no answer. Sussan

## Tommy had disappeared!

Tommy had disappeared!
The solitary window was bolted within, but
b
mall trap in the celling, never opened withid the memory of man, revealed the mode . Tommy had managed to reach ing, he bad descence, over an intervening building, ground. He had, unquestionably, fo
anduestionably, for the mo
could only return and report to the magistrate Dot only the susplolous ciroumstances attaching bis dompmerate but the

## An Inquest, holden <br> d not hing beyond that whioh we alrealy know

 ve that the testimony of a medical witness Who had examineu the portion of hoop found at Halfacre's, and ccmpared it with the injuriesapparent on the victim's head, proved beyond pparent on the victim's head, proved beyoud trument and no other. the deadly outrage had ury felt that they had no alternative, and accordingly, returned a verdict of wilful murder against Thomas Halfacre the youngor, thus leav-
lig to another tribunal the task of deciding how ar the unlucky "innocent" was amenable to His appres of law.
that apprehension was regarded as so certain That it seemed superflunnis to offer a reward. Woverthelesa, to quicken this dosirable end, and
todiminish the posaibility that he might, in his evident consclousness of impending danger, lay Was offared, and a general search at once began Here also begins the most singular part of the ed village for some time brought the sequesternotice, and will be remembered in its own parshall hannals long after the existing generatio Contrary to pubsed away
Coctatrary to public-and especially police-ex sightest clue to the lad's movements or place or concealment was to be obtained.
At the end of a week the reward was increas ed to fifty pounds, and a more regularly organsham itself, but every village within fifteen miles was searched or visited by persons select
ed for the purpose. The promise of reward and ed for the purpose. The promise of reward and tle trnuted far and wide. Nn Tommy. The lit the trout stream that trickled through ritt to drown, wherever it presented deeps sufficient amined; every well and pond to which acces
could have been obtained were scrutinised i like manner, and probably not a square inch open or wooded ground in that part of the coun.
ty escaped the notice of one or other of the Beaccaped the notice of one or other of the
serchers. But no Tommy, allve or dead, was So plqued was the magistrate, Mr. Secretan, Cond reward of int justice, that he offered a se and now it was held certain that, unless the on, orddied in some lurking-place on the way, he must be quickly accounted for.
It would seem, however that nine of these allernatives had occurred, for another week elap-
sed without tidings of the missing man. Judge, When, of the excitement that at last ensued, Waited on day, it transpired that an officer had
Bill Secretan, accompanied by one Bill Stok Mr. Secretan, accompanied by one
confidently well known in the village, who confdently averred that be had met - nay, Tomma and spoken with - the much-coveted night!
Bill
Hill Stokes had been accustomed to drive the light goods cart of Messrs. Jardine, the general dealers, of Little Podsham, but had recently had dismissed for some act or carelessness. He ligent feen generally conslaged as a sharp, itelattention to the lad's conselse statement.
Blll had suddenly encountered the
after dark, at a turning in the road close to the village. Tommy was trotting along in his acomitted to state that, though Tommy had resented his first introduction to the fragrant weed, habit, that the nearest way to Tommy's heart Wast, that the nearest way to Tommy's
${ }^{\text {ed }}$ Ha, Tommy !" young Stokes had exclaimed, making an ineffectual grasp at Tommy's Tommy coat. But it tore away.
arning cry of a peewit (imitated by Mr. Stokes and admilted to be faithful), and, vaulting over some paling close at hand, disappeared in the "If his bl
"If his blessed coat hadn't giv'-I was a made
"n !" said Mr. Stokes, mournfully. Tommy had got to be regarded by this time Which of prize of fortune-a wandering argosy, labor expended in its capture.
"You were sober, of course, Stokes" sald the "You were sober, of course, Sto
magistrate, faintly interrogative.
"Perfectly, sir"
Will you were lately dismissed from a situation "'Cautell me why?"
" 'Cause some un collared a Dutch cheese ou
mp cart while I ran into Mrs. Murphy'
With sore ith some coffee-nibs. Wasn't gone a moment
sir," said Billy. "' Yout Bere n
"Oh no, sir. Master sald such careless "as a'most as bad-and giv' me the sacts. "There has been much petty pilfering going cloth, heatables, and such. We can't check it " what we will."
"A mysterlous community, we Little Pod lan, musingly. "Well, Bennett, this at all ovent cannot hima. I had off. Be brisk, now, and, we have
Lof some detective aid from a pondon-but the idea of our not belng to tackle
now idlot: No, no, we'll manage wit hout that

Once more, therefore, the hunt was renewed,
and with sanguine hopes of succers, for the ohase was again fairly sighted - this time by an old dame on her way from the adjacent village. She had met Tommy, pipe in mouth, as usual; but he wide-awake "sills" ary obscurity.
Where could he be secreted? And how did e manage to live? As to the first question,
here was not a living soul in Littio Podsham -his own family included-who would harbor him for an hour. The reward was tempting and, moreover, it was agreed on all hands tha nothing better conld happen for the poor lad' Won benefit than that he should fall Into the hands of the authorities. As to the question of referred to by the police might furnish a solulon. Little plots were laid; traps, so to speak. baited chiefly with tobacco, were set in likely places and at favorable seasons; but nothing was of it. If Tommy were the marauder, he a manner, and doubt began to be felt whether so wise a "silly" had not adop
course in keeping out of the way.
One village phllosopher suggested that the cow might be enlisted in the inquiry. He thought draw Tommy to the spots he was most accus tomed to frequent-and who was so familiar ermined to give her the chance, and her head But, on visiting the cow-shed, old Halfacre found that her cord was missing, and before a substitute could be found, Susan, running out, reported that her brother's hat and boots, not o mention a loaf of bread and a bottle of beer,
had vanished in the like mysterious manner? From the familiarity with the premises dis. played by the intruder, it seemed impossible to played by the intruder, himself-in the spirit of his ancestors-had executed a daring mansion and stolen his own boots, besides the provisions aforesaid
Angry and perpiexed, yet still unwilling to
nvoke detective aid, Mr. Speretan sought the co_operation of a brother magistrate, Colonel Bolland, and the two set seriously to work to cincts must be once more examined, and that.

Now Little Podsham chances to be a village almost as innocent of any eligible lurking-place as is Trafalgar-square. Its two ruws of small else, that is nelther house nor garden, being small patches of grass land separated by low, open palings, and fenced from the high road by
a thick and tall quickset hedge, offering little a thick and tall quickset hedge, onau a tomtit to penetrate its thorny recesses. All outlying spots had been visited again and again; still, it
was certain that Tommy's refuge must be close

One day the two magistrates, who had taken different beats, chanced to meet about dusk on the high road. Standing beside the hedge, they conversed about their plans for the more on the point of parting, when Colonel Bolland asked his colleague tor a light for his igar.
" My

## sked Secretan

" No; but I could have sworn you did-and arst-rate tobacco, too!" said Colonel Boltand
aughing. "Why I can smell it now. There's aughing. "Why
her, with the disdainful sniting," replied the Why, where the deuce can it " " It's some "llow t'other side of the hedge. En ! why, bless my soul, the smoke is rising through the hedge There's something moving, too."
Mr. Secretan caught his friend's arm, the
olor, in his excitement, mounting to his face.
"We have him!" he whispered. "We have
"We have him !" he whispered. limed the bird! My best hunter t,
Tommy Halfacre is in that hedge."
"But how in the name of-"
"Follow my directions, and you'll see
"Follow my directions, and yoursee. words of then anding it, walked back, til he arrived opposite his friend.
"Now!" shouted the latter.
Both gentlemen thrust their umbrellas deep into the bosom of the dense quick-se
"It's a hare!" exclaimed Mr. Secretan, loudly. " Shoot her, Bolland, as she sits!
There would have been no time to carry out the unsportsman-like suggestion, for the hedg was selzed with convolisive tremor, and a pip-
ing scream announced that the bird was really
"Tommy ! Tommy Halfacre! Come out lad!
ried Mr. Secretan. "Here's no man going to harm thee.
sings, sullenly.
"Which way?"
"G'long to th' end, and you'll see," said Tommy.
The two magistrates obeyed, walking slowly, to allow time for their captive to make his way along the thorny defle. He arrived, however, as soon as they, and,
tlon of the hedge with the aid of a stout stick, appeared, stooping in the orifice
It should now be explained that, many years before this, a paling and ditch occupied the
place of the quickset, which had been originally planted only on the side next the high road, it
being intended at an after period to remove the
paling and fill up the ditoh. Owing, however, to circumstances long since forgotten, this ha been only partially done, a secield side, shat ing in whatep remained both of ditch and rail. The result of this was to produce, in pro cess of time, a quickset hedge of extraordinary but yet unnoticed) width, having a hollow pentre, easily
As Mr. Halfacre, now apparently quite at bis ease, made a gesture, as inviting them to wal $n$, the two magistrates-Colonel Bolland, as be came him, leading the way, and, guided by Tom ventured the talls, arrived at a spot where the mpace widened to nearly five feet, the head room being at least a foot more. Here, to their unspeakable astonishment, they found themselves In a sort of wigwam or tent, somewhat rese bling the tilt of a gipsy's cart, and capable or protecting its inbabitant alise from any moisture walis surrounding him, and from any The floor paved with bricks and stones, was perfectly dry, and, in a snug corner, wa visle Mr. Hal acre's
Nor were the luxuries of the mansion con romed this. With some litt e pride of manner, pommy withdrew a ragged curtain and recess, in which his cooking utensils, provisions, cup and sau pouch, were ranged in compact order, and imparted an air of comfort to that remarkable cel
which, when illuminated by the aid of the which, when illuminated by the ald of th match-box, left nothing to be day, "Tommy Halfacre's Parlor," as it was called, was an object of intense interest. From many a distant county pilgrims visited the spot, and the obliging owner of the fortunate field was to have amassed a considerable sum the curious in at one of the bedge and out at the other
To return, however, to our party. After competing their amused inspection, the two magistheir host with them, and placing bim in sale but kiodly custoly, until his examination on the morrow-his friends being, moreover, made ware of what had ocrurred.
When examtned, the poor fellow, though exhiblting no trace of uneasiness as to his position,
with a reserve unusual in hlm , refused to anwer any question relating to the murder. He emained obstinately and profoundly silent. Only when shown the portion of hoop emsotion, but, then, his countenance changed, his cye sparkled and glowed like those of a mongoose oam gathered on his lips, and to sa ve him from convulslons, it was
object from his sight.
No safe inference could, however, be drawn rom this, and the difficulty of dealing with thei terial mind. That Tommy was a bom "silly," it seemed impossible to dispute, and yet $h_{1}$ vident conscioasness of having committed raft and daring which had distingulshed bi conduct while in hiding, denoted an amount o Intelligence and reasoning power, which wa held by more than one of his examiners a en
title poor Tominy to the lurid honors of a crimi title poor Tominy to the lurid honors of a
nal indictment. Among other things, attention was called to the fact that he had never plunged more deeply into ill-doing than evidently lived and pilfered, from hand to mouth, never, except ing in the case of the Dutch cheese, Which cos poor Bill swokes his place, ing his inroad on his native home, touching nohing but his own boots, the cow's cord which nied him, and the modest refreshments of bread and beer.
But a new and tragical incident came to solv
Just at this period, a poaching affray occurred on the adjacent county, the sen
A large band of "professe 1 " poachers execut ed a foray on the grounds of a rich proprieto but their plans having been betrayed, a stron party of keepers and assistants placed them-
selves in ambush, and pounclug on the intruselves in ambush, and pounclug on the intru-
ders in full work, endeavored to secure them all
The poachers opposed a desperate
during which one of the gang, attacked by large dog, shouted to a comrade to free him
from the animal. The man, unable to do so it any other manner, fired, and certainly killed that the latter was captured, and in spite of medical aid, expired recognised as a wild young had been previonsly recognised as a wild young fellow, well known to the rural police or the
Warned of approaching dissolution, be desired ing, presence of the neliger his mind of the bur den of a terrible secret.
"I 'ont say, guv'nor," gasped the unhappy
man, faintly, "that if I hadn't knowed the game was up, I'oodn't have held my tongue, but I'll be a sulf un afore you sits down to your supper, and I don't wish 'Twas I as did for the trouble, 'count o' way. I on'y meant fur to snam (rob) him, and on'y giv' him a tightener when somethin' come dancing and shreeking such was indeed the fact. Poor Tommy's
alarm, combined with the baze that overhung proclivities he was belleved to have derived from his nautical ancestors, supplied a sufficient clue to the somewhat suspicious line of conduct he had thought fit to adopt, and released him from all penalties save that of ocoasionally,
acting as showman to his own singular parlon,

## LADIES' FASHIONS

The promenade and indoor toilettes, made such materials as cambric, percale, foulardine every day. The washing salins make very fective underskirts for white muslin dresses young ladies, married or single. They are s, some diny in appearance, ir the best quality is purchasedwhich is always desirable-it wasnes well, ant retains its color to the last, and there is nol fourth of the expense of a sillk of inferior quality Washing dresses are ornamented in such by washing, and the drapery of the tunic is arranged washing, and This is managed by the substitution of strings, which oan be tid and uniled, for the usual sewn plaits and folds. Fluted irill and plaitings wash better than anything; but crossway bands and puffings get up very well if
entrusted to a careful laundress. Ribbon trim entrusted are very fashionable. Though comparatively expensive, they aro not uneconomica to another. The fichus and pelerines worn are to another. The forles make their ap pearance every day. They almost all have frills round the throat. Frills and ruft's round the throats of high or open dresses are much worn, exaggerated extent and outre size of many seen in the shop windows. There will always, un fortunately, be persons who are only atcructed
by eccentricities, but all extremes are avoided by real elegantes. If a dress is composed of two colors, every single partion and article or the For instance, a blue and green dress, or blu Fress trimmed with green, would look egregious y vulgar and in bad taste, accompanied by blue bonnet and green parasol, or vice versa,
spite or those colors being the same us thater dress. The bonnet must be of the two colors hie parasot also. In the lather case, thisis very top of every fashionatle ombrelle, and, of course these would be arranged to carry out the color re most elegantly worn; the brillaut unts ar reserved for indoor and evening wear. There sultable to the season. A pretuer or more sum mer-like combination of color than white and green is impossible. Most of the light green or trimined with white muslio or lace. The styles of dress now worn may be divided int
three, with of course, a few subdivisions and varieties; the robe de chambre for indoor morn ng wear, the costume for waiking or ind the robe robe de chambre "Princesse" is the favorite
hape, cutall in oue, going to the figure, but fitting closely. It is worthy of noulee that the hroats of high bodices, whatever the style or material, are cut very slightly pointed in front setting a little away from the throat, instead of close round. The costumes of other material are made walking length, and, of course, are ming. Mancted as to the style of their him been the case for two or three seasons. Som are very eleguit and effective, and profusely colors and materials Lhan ever. For young unmarried ladles nothing is
so elegant or so becoming as white trimmed with colored Howers or ribbons.-Le Follet.

Lorenzo Dow was once preaching in the the season being midwinter, and the weather extremely cold. During the sermon the congregation would make frequent visits to the
stove to warm up. The old man stood the in. terruption until forbearance ceased to be a virshort in the midde or a sentence, Ings may now go to the stove and warm their
feet." He was annoyed no more during the THERE was a miser who was considered im. pregnable to charitable appeals, until a Hiber. went to the office one morning and told a pile ous story about losing his pigs the ouly oue he (whose good opinion old Hard Fist was anxious to retain) " tould ne to come to ye, for ye wor very rich, and gev a power or money to the to buy me another little shlip of a pig." The so he gave Teddy a crown. A few days after"did you buy another pig?" "Troth I did; he a fine one it is." "Then take better care of it than you did of the other. What did the pig you lost die of?" "Die of !" sald Teddy, raising he dillu't dieqt all, He was fat enough, and kilt him?
kildu't

## floating

## by cecilia mdang.

Floating through the sunset blaze, Flonting through the evening haze, In the watar soems to

Floating through the twillght hours, Perfumed with the breath of flowers, Silver o'er the atream with light.
Floating through the shadows deep, Where the water-1illes sleep, Floating through the whisp,ring reeds,

Floating too, oh, heart of mine, Baok along the stream of time Floating back to yearrs of old,
Golden days and bours untold.
Floating down the past so fleet, Scenes now vanish'd, sadly sweet, scenes that now can searce be seen,
For the graves that lle betwean.

Floating out of busy life, Out of weary toil and strife, Out of glaring noon-tide heat,
Into waters calmly sweet.

## THAT LITTLE FRENEHMAN.'

## Chapter vi.

RIVIERE MAEES PLANS.
"Are you mad, Riviere?"
Tolding question was asked by Pierre, as he stood holding the other by the wrists, and gazing
axedyin hais eyes. "Mad q-yea," wa
"Mad I-yes," was the reply, given at last, in a deep, hoarse volce. "It is enough
me. But, there, let go-it is over now."
And with a sigh that was almost a groan, corner of thelr cell, and sat there motionless illit the coming of the guoler with their morntha meal.
The interval had been spent by Plerre with
his eternal struw plait, which the eternal atrum plait, which grew yard by
yard, and was rolled in a neat coll as he went

${ }^{\text {on. }}$ B
Breakfast," said Pierre, as soon as they were mone; and he
To hls surprise, Riviere rose up, calm and thoughtiful-iooking, holding out his hand, which the other grasped with efrusion
"That is better," he said.
"That is better"" he said
"Well, " yes-I think soore, with a sad smile. "Well, yes-I think so. One must live; for
there is much to do in the future. Pierre, I There is mucb to do in the future. Pierre, I
wam mad all last aight; but it is ali past now wan mad anl last night; but it is all past now,
und I have begun to think out the future. I hank you for saving my milfe. But it will go hard with others.
Plerre looked searchingly at his fellow-pri-
coner, wondering whether yoner, wondering whether a greater madness
were not on him now; but it was only to see him sit and eat quietly of the bread, und drink the poor, thin coffee brought for their morning Days
ful and sillent. The restlese withe turned thoughtwas at an eud, and for hours he would tot toor but sat us if revolving some plan. The restlesa nights, too, ceased, and the prison seemed at thmes quite oheertul to Plerre, when his com. panion sut down and conversed with him quietIV about qome ordinary matter-the leugth of his straw plath, the quality of
yloous or brightness of the day.
cloous or brightness of the day.
"There is something to come
"There is somothing to come of this," thought Pierre; and at tir
ran through him.
Was this the calm that was to be succeeded by a storm-by a maniacal outbreak
night wathed Riviere nervously by day, and at drend, lest, even if his fellow-prisoner refrained frouu attacking him, he should nind him some moruing dead by his own hand.
And yet all seemed very much altered. Riviere was, to all appearances, quilet and resigned
to his fate ; and by degrees the apprehensions of to his fate; and by degrees the apprehensions of
Plierre became lulled, till one morning they broke out afresh, for Riviere said to him, quiet" "The sharpened nall, Pierre, that you took away from me that morning-you have it safe ?" "Safe ?--yes. Hidden away where you cou
never find it," exclatmed Plerre, excltedly. "Ion't be alarmed," sald Hiviere, sm sadly. "I shall not attompt sulcide, a amain. I Was mad that morning, Plerre; but it is all past now, and mean to live. There, do not look so suspiclously at me. I am not trying to decelve
you. Only, keep that nall safely - we may re you. Only, zeep that nall safely-we may re-
No more pansed that day nor the next; and straw plait after plait was made the next; and ald for a trine by the gaolers of the prison; the money ortalued being expended in promee ; the attempt to alleviate the wretchedness of their fure. Plerre grew more and more satisified with began to plait straw by his aide, working with olerable neatnest, till Pierre exclalmed one

Would pere, did I not tell you how this work To his amazement, Riviere did not reply, but nat busily using his fingers; till, suddenly, he
threw down the plait and said threw down the plait and said-
"Never mind the straw. Do you feel certain "Never mind the stra
that this is La Peray ${ }^{\text {q }}$
"Yes-certann," was the reply. "And this must be the Gironde passing by the walls,",
"The Gironde ? Yes-the river we oro When they brought us in here. Do you think they mean to keep us here?
"Who can say? \&ee how we have been ohanged about already. There are far-off
islands where we migt islands where we miggt be taken-Cayenne,
Martinique; or perhaps they may keep use Martinique; or perhaps they may keap us at
home here, for are there not the galleys at Toulon ${ }^{2}$ " said Plerre, bitterly.
And he sighed as he thought of the hard labor, and looked at his soft white hands.
"Even that would be better, out in the free
arr," exclalmed Riviere, with animetiou air," exclaimed Riviere, with animatiou, "But,"
he continued, grimly, "there is escape frem he continued, grimly, "there is escape from it
all."
" Hush ?" whispered Pierre, shuddering as he recalled how that morning be bad arrested hls
companion's hand just as, in his mad despair he was about to plerce his throat with a nall he had contrived to draw from their table, and had sharpened on the stone floor to a keen edge
"Hush! That will come in "Hush 1 That will come in its own good time,
It is not for us-" "But I mean real
"But 1 mean real escape," sald Riviere, with alime for our liberty"
"Escape!" exclaimed Pierre, gazing with a startled aspect at the speaker, as if he doubted
his sanity. "What! Get out-away from prison ?"

## "Yes; escape-freedom." " But how "

"But how 9 " said Plerre, excitedy.
"Let us think it out", was the reply. "But, irst, how long have we been here ?"
The little bag of
more brought into requisition, and atter once ing, Pierre sald-

## "Six weeks to-day."

"Six weeks !-six weeks only : It seems like a year. But let us think it out. Don't speak to
me now.,
He went and sat down upon the edge of his bed, wrinkled up his face, and remained sillent or quite an hour, during which Plerre looked up from his straw-plailing from time to time Twice he essayed to draw before him. Twice he essayed to draw Riviere into con-
versation upon the engrossing theme; but with. out further result than a sign to be silent.
And in this fashion ended the day.

## CHAPTER VII.

The night passed without a sign from Riviere, and the younger man lay restless and feverish ing visions for the future. Towards morning
ind though, he dropped asleep, to dream of freedom; but his rest was brief, for at daybreak he was aroused by Riviere shaking him roughly.
"Up!" sald the latter, sternly-" up, quickly, "What for?" sald Pierre.
"What for? For llberty and justice. Now to work."
ng for a whil in the corner of the cell, talking for a while; then, rising, Riviere walked
to the wall beneath the grated window cell, and leaned his arms against it, stooping as to form of his body an incline, up which Plerre climbed, so that he conld stand upon his companion's back, hold on by the bars, and gaze long and earnestly from the grating.
Now and again there came the slow, measur ed tramp of the sentry on duty, whose beat lay Pight beneath their window; and at such times merely steadying himself by resting his fingers upon the still, stoop down, and waitimpatiently untll the soldier had passed.
Three times this had occurred, and as often the inspection was resumed, Rivierre always replying to his companion's query as to whether he was tired-

At lust the sentry paused just in front of the grated window, and they heard him ground his musket upon the pavement. Pierre leaped cell corner.
"Well," sald Rivitre, in a whisper, "what's "High wall.
And on the left?",
A higher waill."
The right?"
Wall whowe
Wall, whose top I cannot see."
"Could you see nothing more?" asked " Noth
Where." if you had stood higher?"
" My head touched the top of the opening as it was," sald Pierre, gloomily; and then the prisoners sat thinking.
"We must escape, Pierre," sald Riviere, after
half an hour's silence half an hour's silence.
"Yes; but how ?" said the other, with a slight "By cons his shoulders.
"By cont trying
"By constant trying., The rat gnaws his way "hrough where he will.
terly.
"And the bird beats at its wires, or the door till the first grow loose, or the latter is unfastened," continued Riviere, without heeding his
companion's words.
"Or wears its poor breast bare of feathers, and dies of a broken heart,", cried Plerre, passionate15. "Let it rest ! What can we do in this walls, and then lie down quietly and die ${ }^{\prime \prime \prime}$ " "As you deserve to die," sald Riviere, "for being , a coward. You would have killed the King.",
"No," "No," said Pierre, eagerly, "I would not. I begged that he might be spared, though he had cruelly persecuted those who belonged to me.
It was in a mad fit of revenge, mingled with It was in a mad fit or revenge, mingled with
wtat they called patriotism, that they Weat they called patriotism, that they were
bent upon his destruction. What could $I$ do? Would you have had me denounce-"
Riviere started as if he had been stung.
"Would you have had me give up those were my relatives and friends? Was the King to be more to me than these?"
"But you countenanced the deed with your presence.
"Yes; but was I not forced? They knew that I was against the plot, so they would not trust me, lest I should betray them. So I was made to be a witness of it all.",
Pierre shuddered as he spoke.
Pierre shuddered as he spoke.
"and one for which others suffer. "an," one for which others suffer. Look at times," said Pierre, passionately; "but they "ould not hear me."
"Let that pass now," sald Rivière. "We
have other things to thint have other things to think of."
He rose from his seat
He rose from his seat, and slowly and care-
fully began to examine every stone fully began to exainine every stone in the floor
and walls of the cell-tapping each and walls of the cell-tapping each with his knuckles, and testing the cement in the inter-
stices with the tooth from a metal comb. Now be was in the dark corners, now reaching high un above his head; but every stop was taken
arnestly, and with an air or keen Investigal earnestly, and with an air of keen investigation which nothing escaped.
A word from Pierre
A word from Pierre arrested him, and in two steps he was at his seat, calmly picking his
nails; for there was the sound of footsteps out nails; for there was the sound of footsteps out-
side, gradually coming nearer. Then came side, gradually coming nearer. Then came a
cessation of the steps, the ratting of bolts and keys; and then the gaoler appeared with their
ken rations, which he placed upon their bench whilst his two attendunts looked round the place, examining wall and window.
Another minute, and the door was once more banged to, and bolted, and the steps heard to go echoing away.
" Eat," said
"Eat," said Rivière, pushing the black bread
ohis companion. "We have only one thing to his companion. "We have only one thing
to think of now-escape. Eat, and grow strong; to think of now-escape. Eat, and
for we shall need all our power."
The miserable meal was eaten in silence; and tering and his teeth set
"Now, then," he said, "put away that straw plait. We must get to work, for I cannot sit face to face."
"But, mind, I do not accuse her," said Pierre
"A Nor I," sald RIviere. "My wife-Madame Riviere-shall have her opportunities for de-
fence. I am no foolish Othello in my passions; rence. I am no foolish Othello in my passions;
but, as the judge said to me at my trial, the but, as the judge said to me at my trial, the
case looks black againit her; and as to Le-
He said those last worls through his teeth, and then stopped, breathing hard, with an intensity in his expression of countenance that made Pierre shudder, as he thought over the

possible result of a meeting between thes | possi1 |
| :---: |
| men. |
| " |

"Have patience," said Pierre. "Time works strange changes. Matters are, perhaps, not so
bad as we have palnted them," bad as we have painted them.
And once more he took
and began to add to its length." "Patience!" exclaimed
Life is too short for patience, and angrily much to do, instead of waiting for it to be done Life, Plerre, must henceforth for us be wild, exciting, feverish. We must work together for Hfe, slince the existence here is but death. And
now, once more-escape! You hear that word It is to be henceforth, till we are free, our watchword-our sole thought, our very life. Escape : You know what it, means? It is a secret that we must penetrate. There will be less days, pain and weariness, bitter suffering ; but it will always cheer us on, and we must understand-you are with me ?"
"Yes," sald Plerre, "t to the end."
"Then we shall succeed," cried Rivière
"" Yescape!" said Plerre, with his face lighting up

## Chapter vili.

It must have been the size of the house that made people in it given to yawn, for the houses In Grosvenor-square are of goodly proportions. seem to be in the act of yawning, and the great door likewise, when "the family" are out at a
dinner party, and the butler and gentlemen in dinner party, and the butler and gentlemen in
uniform are cooling themselves, and yawning upon the whitened steps. As a rule, bouses in
upang themselv, and yawning Grosvenor-square are not taken by their in. Grobitants: they come to them by birth, inherit-ance-though generally, with the clog upon them of a yearly rental of no slight sum. In fact,
the rent is stated in three figures, aud those of goodly size.
Sir Richa
Sir Richard Lawler only had to walk into possession of his house in Grosvenor-square
When he came of age. In fact, his was not a
brain that would have achieved a mansion. He found it well-furnished, too, but yawning; ;nd that the place was not up one day to froished without a wite
Even here he had no trouble, for his friends selected the lady for him; and one day, when he was weary of hunting, tired of throwing salmon files, aching of foot with tramping the
heather, and sick of the sea in his yacht, he heather, and sick of the sea in his yacht,
proudly walked up the carpeted steps at George's, Hanover-square, and afterwards scended them, with the hand of that aoknow. ledged
arm.
The
They were very happy-they must have been, freney told everybody that they were-and al ession to the visiting list.
Time glided on. They travelled on the Conthent; returned to England; visited, and were visited. An heir was born, made muoc of; and
then followed another visit to the Continent then followed another visit to the Continent
ending with a stay at Paris, and the encounter ending with a stay
with the Rivieres.
Sir Richard Les.
Sir Ricbard Lawler was a very good-hearted to man, and he really exerted himself strongly to done anything possible to ald Madame Riviere; but, as we have seen, all advances were rejected, seeing that they came through Lady Law. ler; and soon after the English milord returned to town, and after a few squabbles-an inelegant term this, but most apropos-with her ladyship, London life began again, the oustorsary yawnings took place in the
and the Rivieres were forgotten.

There had been festive proceedings in Grosparty. Dinner parties were not unusual there but this had been an extra affair, wherein the aid of the florist and pastrycook was called, and Edgington had the task of forming one of hif zebraic canopies from the kerbstone to the front door. Lady Lawler had been gorgeous in the family diamonds, and, at d
had been a small procession :

Footman, bearing a high chair.
Chief butler, with special dessert plate and d'oyley
Jane, bearing the heir, in white and
Rear-guard of Sarah
The heir was greeted with a chorus reminine raptures; and the bearer had to be kissed, with kisses loud and chirruppy ittle liberties these, which he resented with dabs of his podgy fists. What time papa, at th foot of the table, smiled like an amiable and said, "Naughty Tivey" shook her lan, lisping formation of the baptismal name clive and Jane adjured her charge to "be a good bos then," with the sole effect of the young monste making a dab at a dowager's front, and drag ging it hugely askew.
Jane-a fresh-colored, plump nurse of five and-twenty, glowing with heaith and pink rib bons-stayed behind his Heirship's chair whe ledged fact she was the ona, it being an acknow house who could subdue the personage in man in times of mutiny; and maters gen on toler aly satisfactorily, save that Master Clive upsel finger-glass over the black kerseymeres of for Mowbray, and M. F. H., Hippoly county
vite Hulle mishap, though to a guesu, wa quite balanced by the next display of a mercurial temperament, wherein the hope of the mease swept a glass of port from the tabl the amber glories of Lady Lawler's moiré antique
But in a lively child such trifles are easill from an and who, as a guest, could refrain tood up, regardless chair, and then made a dart, and scrambled o the table to achieve possession of the phant-supported sugar temple? but only to be aught by one leg by Jane, and reseated
"He was so a sponge cake in his fist.
"He was so full of life," Lady Lawler smilngly informed her guests.
Then Jane had to be busy for a few minute wine glass in two pieces; and at last, at a signal from her master-a signal resented by proachful look from her ladyship-the giri o seize upon her charge, and prepare to him out of the room.
But this attack was met furiously by the heir Who commenced his defence with a how
rage, and was then borne out, kicking creaming furiously, making, too, little snatco he at Jane'
passed.

## 

he wine, the coffoe, the tea upstairs-all had
ped in due course. $\mathbf{A}$ fow friends had
 moand andilages had gone, and an exatra aovint of yawning had been performed in the
obbed himg advantage of Master Clive having m in charge of soundly asleep, Jane had left as not to reach in the servants' hall; but she are-beling caught on the stairs by Mr. James, erotions towards the fair maiden by passing his arm round her, and stealing a kiss.
Gave him a sharp box on the ear, which sent
the hair powder flying in a cloud; and when the reciplent emerged therefrom, the damsel
had gone.

## ajured hard-he He probin. <br> ${ }^{\text {He }}$ probain.

dministernly retined hard-handed; but he said tarch to his a few more dabs of the scented No the servants' hall.
No Jane
Making some excuse, he rose and left his he froing gently down a long stone passage to
the hout of the house. Here he turned into arrounded room, semetuary-a large pressIt Was as he expected. upon the area.
Going close to the each sex-talking eagerly together; and Mr.
James Wisth. There groan as he stood with clenched Whth which his advances were met-contumely was Jameas, in the shape of a man!
for a foe ground his teeth, as he stood watching Wherein somethe witnessed a hasty goomed to box on the ear; and then, as the area gate the slightly the door closed, Mr. James followed affection to the servants' hall, breathing hard as he ratched her at her supper-always avoiding
his oje-eating nothe freely horns of ale from the great blackjack. But all this of ale from the great blackjack.
partod; and, pre last guest hail de parted; and, previous to retiring for the night,
Bir Richard was having a cigar in the study,
While his lady was dreamily watching the Wille his lady was dreamily watching the
colden caverns in the fire as the cinders fell toglanced with a musical tinkle. Twice she
lbe at sir Richard; but he was deep in rising from his cigar, and doubtless his reverie
Would have ended in a doze saze tonant peal at the bell made both start, and The step of the door.
Phe step of one of the servants was heard to
unber the door, and then followed the sounds of unbolting, rattling chain, and loud shoot back throck; and then, as a gust of wind swept
lug of the hall, it brought with it the whisperA minute or orces.
Rlohard's patience was nearly then, when Sir he Ward about to see for himself the cause of this late interruption, the footman appeared at the
door. "Well "

## "If you please, Sir Richard, here's a foretgn party as says he must see you."

"A furrener, Sir Richard, and a wom-I
mean a lady-with him. Wouldn't give nocard Sir Ry a lady-with him. Wouldn't give no card,
" But what."

Wouldn't give no name ; and sald, as far as
could make out, Sir Richard, as he had no busi-
hess; but he's a very ignorant party, Sir Ri
ohand
Chand couldn't hardy speak Enty, Sir Ri- Rish. I did
toll him to oome in the morning; but he said
he muat ""Good heavens, yow;
Lavier, heavens, Richard!" exclaimed Lady
loanad ov agitated volce, as she rose and "There, I don't know-I will see!" exclaim.
ed Sir Richard, his face fushing with annoyance. "Leave the room, James Nith annoy-
No, stop-I
dinlngee these people. Show them into the "Ye-room."
And thir Richard."
"What mart of people are
What sort of people are they 9"
"Rhather shabby parties, Sir Richard
Lawlor, in a ton in here, James," said Lady bayd atart; for though in some things her lady-
Bhip Was but "hip wast; for th
Was spirt itself.
Yos, m'lady,"
Yes, m'lady," said the man as he backed out;
and the next minute he ushed in a couple of Topely muthed figures, who stood perfectly still
While sir Richard motioned the man to leave
the romer the roon Rlchard motioned the man to leave
that which he did; but not so rapidly but Nor did hovi a portion of that which followed.
Uopable to his ears mion tightly that he was
atlon atlon 1o catch from his lady th
"Good heavens!"
And from his master the words-
"Monslear Riviere"
( $T_{0}$ be continued.)
RakRD Tomatoes.-Select thoroughly ripenCat half, cut them in halves; sprintile over the
and butter. bread crumbs, sugar, salt, pepper
 Ber upwardh and bake in an oven for two hours.
Berve on a platter, garnished with curled par-

## SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.

To Prevent Putrefaction in Meat.-Mr tates that a solution of five parts of boreax in states
100 parts of water in which meats shall be dipjed prevents the putrefaction process for a con-
piderable time. Flesh dipped in the mixture siderable time. Flesh dipped in the mixture
and then dried resists the usual process of decomposition. Mr. Jacquez considers that the process is important, inasmuch as it is economical and harmless, and adapted for use in dissectingrooms and for persons engaged in preparing ca-
binet specimens or animal tissues, and valuable also to the taxidermist.
Dr. Kedzie, of the Michigan Agricultural College, gives the following account of the in. jurious action of sait on trees; "On the college cimen of common sasafra apparently in perfect health. A quantity of strong brine was inadvertently thrown beneath this tree, forming a stagnant pool in its immediate vicinity.
short time the tree began to manifest signs of decreasing vitality. The salt was absorbed unchanged in such immense quantities, that enter-
ing the circulation, it effioresced upon the surng the circulation, it effioresced upon the sur and the tree soon after died.'
New Fuel.-Mr. L. Banks, of Hulle, proposes a nw manufacture of fuel. The invention relates The refuse which accumulates round the mouths of coal-pits. 2. Small coal. 3. Turf, peat, or such itke matter. 4. Mineral pitch. 5. Coal-tar. 6, The scum or refuse from cotton seed after obtain-
ng oil-cake therefrom. The coal-tar and the mineral pitch are prepared by being mixed whilst hot, and after being boiled in the ordin ary manner in equal proportions. The two are then run together; before use they are re-bolled
and mixed with the other ingredients before named. The whole are then compressed together by steam-power or otherw
composition is then ready for use.
Perpetual Paste.-The Journal of applied Chemistry says: Dissolve a teaspoonful of alum as much flour as will give it the consistency of thick cream, being particular to break up all the
lumps; stir in as much powdered rosin as will lay on a dime, and throw in a dozen cloves to
give a pleasant odor. Have on the fre a teacup give a pleasant odor. Have on the are a teacup
of boiling water, pour the flour mixture into it, stirring well at the time. In a very few minutes
it will be of the consistency of mush. Pour it into an earthern or china vessel; let it cool; lay needed for use, take out a portion and soften it with warm water. Paste thus made will last
A Test of Pure Water.-An English techaical periodical points out an easy way of testing whether water is good should be free from
use. It says: "Good water shour color, unpleasant odor, and taste, and should
quickly afford a lather with a small portion of soap. If half a pint of the water be placed in perfectly clean, colorless, glass-stoppered bottle,
a few grains of the best white lump sugar added, and the bottle freely exposed to the dayshould not become turbid, even after exposure for a week or ten days. If the water becomes turbid, it is open to the grave suspicion of sew-
age contamination; but if it remain clear, it is almost certainly safe. We owe to Heisch this simple, valuable, but hitherto strangely neglect-
ed test."
Potatoes Proscribed. - Several German writers upon races predict that nations, far from
improving, will deteriorate both in physical and mental characteristics, if potatoes become a Voight says that " the nourishing potato doe not restore the wasted tissues, but makes our proletariate physically and mentally weak." The Holland physiologist. Mulder, gives the same use of potatoes among the poorer classes, and coffee and tea by the higher ranks, is the cause
of the indolence of nations. Leldenfrost main. tains that the revolutions of the last three cen. ment; the lowest workmen, in former times, ment; forms his principal subsistence, but gives him

## FAMIIY MATTERS.

Fried Eag Plant.--Take a large, ripe, purple egg, and cut it inslices of half an inch in thickness; strew a little salt over each, and lay on a run out ; then dip each slice into a well-beaten egg, and then in cracker or bread crumbs, and
fry in hot butter or lard as you would oysters, and the plant will taste like fried fresh.
Headache is the bane of many a person's
life, and it arises from such a variety of causes life, and it arises from such a variety of causes
that remedies are difficult to find. The following is sald to be worth trying: "Put a handful of sait into a and half an ounce of of spirits camphor. Put them quickly into a bottle, and cork tightly to prevent the escape of the spirits. Soak a piece of cloth with the mixture, and ap.
ply it to the head : wet the cloth afresh as soon as it gets heated.

Simple Cure for Rhrumatism,-Boila
amall potrul of potatoes and bathe the part af-
fected with the water in which the potatoes were bolled, as hot as can be applied immedi-
ately before going to bed. The pains will bere moved, or at least alleviated by the next morn move
ing.
Som
have lately beon oured by one application of this novel and simple remedy.
Colcannon.-This popular Irish dish is usual$y$ made with cabbages and potatoes, but caulilower will make a more delicate dish. Tako half as much caulfflower as potatoes, both of
which must have been boiled previously and completely cooled. Chop them separately and very fine. Put a little milix and butter into a tatoes and cauliflower well mixed together. Place a flat tin or dish over them, and let them warm hrough. Then remove the cover, and add salt and pepper to taste; make the dish boiling
hot, and serve. Another way is to prepare it with strips of salt pork. Cut the pork into strips
an inch long as a narrow as possible, and fry it an inch long as a narrow as possible, and fry it
to a crisped brown; then turn in the chopped cauliflower and potatoes, and mix well with the or a platter. It is a delicious dish; and a little vinegar is considered an improvement to it.
Permanket Lemonade.- Some competen when people feel the need of an acid, if they would let vinegar alone, and use lemons or apreceive no injury. A suggestion may not come amiss as to a good plan when lemons are cheap
in the market. A person shoul 1 then purchase several dozens at once and prepare them for use in the warm, weak days of spring and summer
when acids, especially citric and molic, or the acid of lemons, are so grateful and useful. Press your haud on the lemon and roll it back and forth briskly on the table to make it squeeze tumbler-never into tin; strain outall the seeds as they give a bad taste. Remove all the pulp from the peels, and boil in water-a pint for a
dozen pulps - to extract the acid. A few mi nutes' boiling is enough ; then strain the water with the juice of the lemons; put a pound o
white sugar to a pint of the juice; boil ten minutes, bottle it, and your this lemon ready. Pu a glass of water, and you have a cool, healthful drink.
Glossy Shirts.-Attention to the following shirts. First put a little cominon white wax in your starch - say, two ounces to the pound
then, if you use any thin patent starch, be sure you use it warm otherwise the wax will get cold and gritty, and spot your linen, giving it the appearance of being stained with grease. It is dif-
ferent with collar starch-it can be used quite cold. To pollsh shirts, starch the fronts and twice-that is, starch and dry, then starch again. Iron your shirt in the usual way, making the a good finish. Don't lift the plaits. Your shirt is now ready for polishing, but you ought to have a board the same size as a common shirt-board, made of hard wood, and covered with only one
ply of plain cotton cloth. Put this board into ply of plain cotton cloth. Put this board into
the breast of your shirt, damp the front very lightly with a wet sponge, then take a polishing ron which is flat and beveled a little at oue ond, polish gently with the beveled part, taking care This requires a little practice ; but in short time, with perseverance, you will be able to give
that enamel-like finish which seems to be so much wanted.

## MISCELLLANEOUS ITEMS

It now parses into the domain of fact and history that the good cook is sure to become
very aged. Good victual and vicious llfe are not compatible. Instance : a man aged one hun. dre had been cook to the great Empress Cath. erine II. The Emperor Nicholas granted him a to keep the pot boiling. He has a little boy aged ninety-eight.
Growth of Finger and Tof-Nails. - A scientific writer says: The finger-nalls and toe
nails upon the human body grow at the rate of one-hundredth of an inch in ten days. This information induces reflection. Methuselah Hved
for 969 years. Now, suppose he had never cut his nails, he would have gone down to the grave with sixty feet of finger and toe-nails curling
about his venerable person. If Adam had lived untll the venerabt time he would have had lived 1000 yards of nails about his person. When we think of these things, how deeply ought we to be impressed with the wonders of nature, with the st
body.
IT is certain that Shakespeare's !dea of the toad was inaccurate in two respects. The toad "a preclous jewel in its head." The Rev. J. G Wood, that excellent naturalist and charming friter, assures us that his children had a trough ful of tame toads, each of which answers to its
own particular name and comes when called The children, he says, carry them round the garden, and hold them up to any insects they it, which ther do by a lightning flash of their
glutinous tongues. Nay, more; their tender
care for their unlovely pets in $\mathbf{c o}$ great that the bathe and hiss thom daily, ho declaren, Juat as
they themaelven are treated by their nurse. Upon one occasion one of the children, who had especial toad seated on her hand, partakin With his mis
sucks or bites.
Fans.-The manufacture of fans in Paris is very extensive branch of industry, supplying al ivined nations whan these usilu and orna mental articles, Fans were known in the Eas Westorn Europe about the were Introduced lats In the sixteenth century they cameinto geners use, being generally made from peacoct ostrich feathers, fixed in a solid handle. In the time of Louis XIV., the folding fan came int use, having been introduced from China by th esuits. Paris rans are made at all prices, from a penny to a chousand pounds, one having bee made of the lather value for the Emperor the bring the panaches, the ond are the handie The handle is the part where the fon is hinge together and is part where the fan is hinge hard material ; the brins are the radiating stick a about twelve to twenty-four in number, an pieces which connect the brins with the handle he panaches are the two outermost brins, wider and stronger, for the protection or th rest; the lear is the surface of the fan, cut in the paper, vellum, parohment, astin, gauze, or
crape. It is the decoration of the leaf whio ucreases the costliness of fang.
Tire last personal gossip about the way of life twenty-eighth year of his pontificate, is that his healtis is so fully restored as to enable him to resume his usual food and exerclse. He rises at
half-past five o'clock, makes his tollet, which ncludes much shampooing; next follows mass; after which a simple collation of coffee, with four bits of toasted bread; then an ordhary audience; then a short walk in the garden; at dinner, as simply served as its disbes are plam., a meat soup of rice and herbs, a bit of plain that is, the beef or chicken of which the soup is made; then follows a small dish of fritho arrosta-fry or roast-a favorite Italian dish.
No Roman dinner is complete without it; it is made of brains, blts of bread, and young cucumbers and carrots sliced into thin strips, all frled
crisply, with a rich amber color, in lard. It is crisply, with a rich amber color, in lard. It ts
not bad after you get used to it. During all this dinner the Pope drinks only half a glass of wine. He was never in his younger days a wine-
drinker, and now eschews all nicety about his wine. Some years ago, when he arst began to drink wine at dinner, according to medical orders, he observed that every day a fresh bottle w as opened for his use. Then he ordered the wine of the country to be served to him, as it could be
bought on draught. Tre Cannelle was selected bought on draught. Tre Cannelle was selected, and as he can not drink a whole mezzo foglietto inis divided into litule fastes a som, he has olive oll poured on the wine, a wad of cotton for cork; then it is fresh for a day or two. Aft er dinner his Holiness reposes for three-quarters of an hour in a poltrone, or arm-chair. Then be walks in the garden, in the gallery, or holds private conversations in the Bibliotheca. Are Marla and prayers are followed by private audlences, at which arfairs of the greatest moment a soup. This is another excellent Itallan custom A little before midnight hif Holiness goes to

## FARM AND GARDEN.

To Get Rid of Potato Bues.-Mix Paris Green with water, one tablespoonful to two
gallona of water; put it in a pall and tale a whisk-such as is used for brushing clothesand sprinkle the mixture on the vines. Keop Ing it.
A correspondent of the Gardener's Magazine Writes as follows: "On the 15th or April last " fortune of being stung. No remedy being near at hand, I remembered Mr. Gordon'm note ou the cure of bee stings at page 461 of the Garden apply the common soil to the wound, as des cribed by Mr. Gordon, and it immediately re Sued the pain and prevented the swelling Sho a recelpt is of more value than gold to al used common blue for bee stings, but common soll is preferable

Protection from Insects.-A farmer from Fremont, O., writes:-I am using a remedy fo
driving away insects and bugs that works to a charm, and if any of your readers have not tried it, I advise them to waste no time with soot, ashes, \&c., but ask their druggist to order will cost 75 cents. If air slaked lime is to b had, use a teaspoonful of acid to a quart of lime mix well, aud dust over the plants. One appli flea (jumping Jack) threatened to destroy my fiea (jumping Jack) threatened to destroy my was sufficient to clear the garden of them. If the lime is not slaked, tuke one reaspoonful of acid to a pint of hot
with the mixture.
Water yor Shexpr.-It in a great miatake.
saye Mr. Mechi and the cause of much suffering and loss, not to supply sheep with water, especially millk-giving ewes, During the drouth of 1868 many nocks were rulned by want of water. I know of a striking instance where the aniket in evil condition, the owner being ignorant of the cause. The denler, who bought them "for a soug," first examined the whites of their eyes, thinking they must have the rot or jaundice; but seeing all rigbt so far, he found that a supply of water was the only restorative required. Grass, in a succulent state, contains 76 per cent. of molsture, but when dried very much less. The same remark holds good for clovers, \&c. When we give cake, corn, maltcombs, bran, \&c., cessary to provide water, or the animals will not thrive. Give them the opportunity of judging for themselves by an always available supply, and they will exercice a proper discretion in the matter. An iron water-cart is on most farms an indispensable requisite. When food is too wet and "sloppy," dry cotton cake or corn is a good and profitable regulator. Turnips and mangolds are disproportionately watery as food
for animals, hence the losses occasioned by for animals, hence the losses occasioned by
them, especially with breeding sheep. They contain fully 9 pints of water to 1 pint of dry food. Ninety per cent. of water is too much; is to 76 per cent. in pasture grass is the more natural and proper proportion. The human or animal frame has 75 per cent. of water, just as good grass has. Meat is dear as food because it contains, in the lean portions, 76 per cent. of water. No wonder that br
found far more economical

## HOIKOKOUS SCRAPS.

TaE following is no fabrication of an irreverent secular Journal, but from the orthodox Memphis Presbyterian: "Travelling in his buggy pointments, one of our good bretaren in the Presbytery of Memphis, overtook a 'foot-pad, with his carpet-bag in his hand. The roads were muddy, and he was just at the time about enterwhich he is noted, he asked the politeness for which he is noted, he asked the pedestrian (an entire strangerti, at least, they had crossed the mud and the mire. The invitation was readily accepted, and the conversation for a time was free and easy, about things ordinary and general. Presently, however, the good brother, with a view to make the conversation proftable, asked the stranger "if he was ready to die?" had invited him to a seat with him, and misap prehending his meaning and suspecting foul prehending h/s meaning and suspecting foul play, be waited not to reply, but sprang from slush and water. The clerical brother, wishing to assure the stranger that he meant no harm, called to him at the top of his volce to stop! But this only hastened his speed, and, like a scared fiare, he ran until beyoud hearing and sight. In bis histy fight he left his carpet-
back, which our'brother now has in his posses. slon, being the richer for his faithfulness by the addition of a coarse shirt, a pair of threadbare trowsers, and a little 'backer.'"

A Nelison street dry goods man, who is well known for his politeness, has a father who is an excellent citizen, but not a very smooth talker They were so busy at the store Saturday after noon that the old gentleman was called to help Among the customers was a young lady who appeared to be waiting to trade with him whose elderly appearance invited her confidence. Soon an opportunity offered, and leaning over the counter as an invitation for him to do the same, and sald, "what's that?" in a voice that started the perspiration to her forebead. Again she whispered. "O, elastic," sald he, in a wone that coull be heard on the walk, and looked much pleased with his success. "What kind of elastie ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ " he added, bending his head closer to the burning face of the perspiring maiden. Once more she tremblingly whispered. "For garters, hey ?" he repeated, even louder than beore, without notioing the horror-struck expresRion of the almost fainting young lady. "Some-
thing fancy, I suppose," he went ou to say, in chlug fancy, I suppose," he went ou to say, in happy oblivion of the store full of people; young
people now-a-days want things nice. My old woman uses a shoe-string, and sails around without noticing the difference." Then he got he customer was gone. He stood around with the elastic seme five minutes, but she did not return, and it is likely he has forgotten all about he circumstance now - Danbury New.

## OUR PUZZLER.

18 SQUARE WORDS
French Christian name; article of commerce; a speare ; bigh spoken; contributes assistance.
2. A female saint; ruled by pen; a well-known ing to a celebrated garden.
3. A blrd of prey; a place of shows; a yawn-
ng fellow ; a continental city: made a matan Joseph Xayik 49. Eniama.

In Parliament my presence gives Uccasion for a fight

Tween Liberals and Consorvatives,
By constitutional right.
Lawyers are much attached to meI'm rear'd amidst dispute; When in a Chancery suit

I wear the stamp of royalty
Impressed upon my face;
The legislature favors me
By certain days of grace.
Occasionally I am made out
For fashionable bonnet;
pretty one, wit hout a doub With flowers and dew-drops on it.

Poor robin redbreast ne'er could eat His food without my ald; Slx difierent things mon itreat,
Now guess - don't be atrald

Jeremiah Cobwfr.

## 50. anagrams.

. I'll crow, do drill a good man; 2. A narrative is related of our mice; 3. Bless the old harmony in X-F.-led ; 4. O point on Europe's map
a(t) a noble ruler; 5. E'en make real mice, annual stories; $t$. Or vain a poet, to estimate Burns.
red. J. Porter.

## 1. (HARADE

'Twas dead of night, the shops were shut, and scarce a light was shiniug,
And mist and cold and drizzling rain in one were all combining;
No traveller upon the streets bis lonely path
And nonght Ing,
And nought I saw save one pale face upon a
volume bending.
With steadfast look and anxious eye the leaves
I mark'd the visage calm and grod on which my first it burned:
thought upon $t$
wis my life this strife.
Bound for the ocean sall from the quay,
Bound for the ocean, wild and free;
Some new, some old craft you'd name,
And I've seen one, not a fighter fame
But a sort of sloop or lighter
The wintry days were on us, the nights were
long and cold
Ind I saw a man go past me, a man both gray
My whole was his profession, at it he earned his
bread;
He looked
He looked both sad and weary, but no murmur
K. M. Stewiht.
52. ARTTHMETICAL QUERY.

In our house in the country was a crow, that was born in the seventeenth, lived through the The figures of the year of its birth give century. ber required, multiplied by sirteen, The figurof the year of its death give the number required, multiplied by seventeen. How old was it?

## answers.

16. Titles of Books-1. The Scarlet Letter. 2. Roland Caskel. 3. Charles O'Malley. 4. Iwo Admirals. 7. The Fortunes of Glencore. The Greatest Plague of Life.
17. Enigma.-The letter O.
18. Charades.-1. Brill-i-ant. 2. Mur-der-ing . Wheat-ear. 4. White-bait.
19. Anagrams.-1. Governor Eyre. 2. Saint gnatius Loyola. 3. Sir Thomas More. 4. Ben6. Francoi: Rabelais.
20. Palindiomic Riddle.-Madam, Adam, an.
21. Logogriph.-Brain, rain,
22. Historical Mental Picture.--Sir Philip 23. A. Lhe battle of zutphen
23. CaArane.-Plan-et (planet).
24.-Authors and their Works.-1. Ollver Goldsmiltb,-The Vicar of Wakefield. 2. Sir
Walter Scott,-The Heart of Mid 'Lothian. Willam Harrison Ainsworth,-The Tower of London. 4. William Makepeace Thackeray,The Newcomes. 5. Thomas Babingtou Lord
Macaulay,-History of England. 6. Miss Agnes Macaulay,-History of England. 6. Miss Agnes
Strickland,-Lives of the Queens of England. Strickland,-Lives of the Queens of England.
24. Miss ©. Braddon,-Lady Audley's Secret. 7. Miss E. Braddon,-Lady Audey's Secret. with it. 9. Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, The Chistian Year. 11. Washington Irving,Bracebridge Hall. 12. Charles Dickens,Nicholas Nickleby.
25. Cons.-1. Joiners. 2. A candle; because it is wicked (wick-ed). 3. The Sandwich 26. Acrostical Rebl's.-Nelson-one arm-this:-1. NaxO. 2. Edgeworthstow-N. 3. Loim-

## LUCKY NUMBERS. <br> Curious theories and superstitions prevall among devotees of the lottery and the gaming table regarding "lucky numbers." There are traditionally fortunate and unfortunate combi- nations, and there are also newer favorites, based very often on figures connected with the chro. nolngy of famous men. <br> The career of Napoleon III. would seem to be considered by gamblers a specially successful one, for since his death they have been betting furiously on all numbers supposed to bear a re. lation to sundry plvotal events of his life. In lation to sundiry pirotal events of his life. In Vlenna, in Milan, in Rome, the newspapers notice this universal rage among regular patrons of the lottery for staking their fortunes on Nathese numbers have in several instances turned out lucky. Thus in a late Vienna paper we read that "the death of the man of Sedan has brought good luck to the old women of this city, who give themselves up with unquenchable passion to the lottery." At the last drawing, as the paper goes on to say, the numbers most as the paper goes on to say, the numbers most eagerly seized upon were 3 , for Napoleon III.; eagerly seized upon were 3, for Napoleon III.; 65 , for his age ; 20 , for his birthday, it falling on the twentleth of the month; 90 , as the highest

 nify "empereur;" and finally 52 , the year of his accession to the throne. To the joy of all the old lottery gossips, the luck fell on these numpoleon III. has furnished new combinations for the devotees of the lottery. At Milan the sameinfatuated class have "pointed a moral" of their infatuated class have "pointed a moral" of their
own from the event-a moral quite different own from the event-a moral quite different
from the one extracted by sermonizers. They have been playing heavily on number 20 (a gold number 13 , which latter, as the proverbially unlucky one, is interpreted to mean the ex-emperor's death. On the first drawing after his death these two numbers proved to be the lucky ones of the lottery, and it was then found that there had been a great number of winners. is this present year, 1873, to be, like some famous ones in history, specially fatal to crowned heads, and to heads that have once been
crowned? During the whole twelve months of 1872 the only European sovereign who died was Charles XV. of Sweden, while none suffered royal families misfortune; and in European Archduke Albrecht and the Duke of Guise. But within the first six weeks of 1873 no less than three persons died who had at some time worn imperial crowns, and one monarch resigned his sceptre. First died Napoleon III., on the 9th of January. Then, on the 25th, at Lisbon, died the Eugene, wife of Pedro I. of Brazil, and stepmother of the present Emperor, Pedro II. On February 8 the Empress Caroline Augusta, widow of Francis I. of Austria, and grandmother of the reigning Emperor, died at Vienna. In Spain the abdication of Amadeo is an incident to be mentioned in a year opening so ominously to crowned and discrowned heads.

## POWERFUL ACTING.

The last Almanac issued by the English the amusing but apocryphal anecdotes of "un these ful" American acting: On one occasion Mr. Edwin Forrest, then a young man, gave a tremendous display of really powerful acting. He was suppoved to represent a Roman warrior, and to
be attacked by six minions of a detested tyrant At the rehearsals, Mr. Forrest found a great deal of fault with the supers who condescended to play the minions. They were too tame. They
didn't lay hold of him. They wouldn't go in as if it were a real figt. Mr Foy wouln't go in as If it were a real fight. Mr. Forrest stormed and
threatened; the surers sulked and consulted At length the captain of the supers inquired in the local slang, "Yer want this to be a bully fight, eh?", "I do," replied Mr., Forrest. "All right," rejoined the captain, and then the re-
hearsal quietly proceeded. In the evening the hearsal quietly proceeded. In the evening the
little theatre was crowded, and Mr. Forrest was enthusiastically recelved. When the fighting scene occurred, the great tragedian took the rapidly ond stage, and the slx minions entered rapidly and deployed in skirmishing order. pugilistic attitude, and struck a blow strait from the shoulder upon the prominent straight the Roman hero, another raised him about six inches from the stage by a well-directed kick, and the others made ready to rush in for a de. astounded, his broad chest heaving with rage, his great eyes flashing fire, his sturdy legs planted like columns upon the stage. Then came the few minutes of powerful acting, at the end or which one super was seen sticking head fore-
most in the bass drum of the orchestra most in the bass drum of the orchestra, four room, and one, finding himself in the flles rushed out upon the roof of the theatre and shouted "Fire!" at the top of his volice; while Mr. Forrest, called before the curtain, bowed his thanks pantingly to the applauding audience,
who looked upon the whole affair as part of the who looked upon the whole affair as part of the
piece, and "had never seen Forrest act so piece, and "had never seen Forrest act so
splendidly." Upon another occasion, however splendidy. Upon another occasion, however,
the powerful acting was upon the part of the the powerful acting was upon the part of the
supers. For the sake of poetic justice us hope that they were the same
supers. The hero was Mr. George Jones, after. wards known as the Count Johannes. Mr.
Jonrs was impersonating the theatrical British

Yankee salior), who fights a broedawond combat
With four pirates, and rescues a lovely damael
in distress. By some means or other Mr. Japes
had offended the free and independent supers who played the pirates, and the result was? material alteration in the denowement of the
drama. The lovely damsel was in distress; be drama. The lovely damsel was in diotress; four pirates were about to bind her and bear
away to their secret cave; the feelings of excited audience were wrought up tar) dashed upon the scene, threw himsolif he unheppy dame scene, thre wimpoif be shouted, "Come on, villains! berly sharks! the pirates, and the four of them, pite of his desperate struggles closet, and, returne, locked him in their mountain cavern behind of the mail curtain fell.
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