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> VOLUME XXVI: No. • 7.

MONTREAL \& NEW YORE, APRIL 3, 1891.
30 cts. per An. Post-Paid,

THE SAILOR'S MOTHTR. My boy, my boy is far away. I think about him night and day, And far across the wide, wide sea, My boy, I know, still thinks of me. Ah, me! when will his ship come home, White sailsacross the winter foam? God knows - who hears a moth What anguish mothers heart mothers he
can benr.
But when my boy comes home again,
Ishall forget tinese monthsof prin, God only knows With what keon joy
A mother's heart will greet her boy.
When winds are roughandskies are grey,
His name is in the prayers I say; And when the sky is blue and clear,
Oh, how. I wish that he were hore!

IN COUNTRRY PLACES.
by mis. annie A.' preston.
"Have you ever held meetings in the school-houses about town, in the various districts?" asked Parson French, who had left his Iarge village church for a few days while he went out into the country to help his friend and classmate, John. Webb, who was pastor of the little church there, and who was now taking his very welcome visitor for a drive over the rather rough but picturesque townslip.

No, I made up my mind there would be little use in it," said the pastor. "If poople wanted toattend religiou's seervices they would

"It would do no good. They would not stir a step." They are crusted over with a lazy indifferenco as to religious matters; in fact, they are rather inimical to our little church and its handful of worshippers." "Very well, but here is a school-house.
come to church. There is nothing to in these divelling houses we are passing hinder them and they very well know they attend your church ?" are always welconse."
"Oh, by no means."
"Nothing to hinder them, only their minds have not been turned in that direc- inviten why not call at the houses and minds have not been turned in that direc-
tion. Do the miljority of the poople living ling we are to liold ?" Let us callat the dwellings as we go along and tell the folks that a service of ono hour will bo held every afternoon in their schoolhouse, and ask them to kindly encourage us with their presence."
"All right, but it will be seed sown in stony places indeed," with an expressivo nod towards the masses of stones and boulders by the road side and in the adjoining fields.
"Stony liearts, stony, hard working land in this my poor littlo parish! I don't know but I should settle down myselfinto the same indifference were I in the place of one of these hard-w or king, discontented farmers."
"I appreciate the situation, I assure you, but rather let us call it sowing seed by the wayside, and we will have faith that some time it will take root in some heart."
"Brother French is determined to hold services every afternoon in the Brush Hill school-house," confided pastor Webl to his wife," and wo shall have to start early and carry kindlings
and mal
doubt." doubt."

I'm very glad. I will get a basket of kindlings ready, and I will go with you, is children.
"Oh, you need not trouble to go, denr. The meeting won't amount to anything, any way, but the bright-fiaced, warm
hearted little woman thuught differently hearted little woman thutght difcerently,
and as soon as the two ministerial brethren and as soon as the buggy she pint on her started off in the buggy she pat on her
ulster, ran across to her near neighbor and told her the situation of affiirs.
"To be sure, I will care for the chin dren," said the pleasimt old lady. "I an greatly interested in that school district. I was born there, and I have often wished meetings in pur town would come round again. I could give you quito a long list of names of boys and young men, farmers sons, who received their tirst impressions are now pillars in the large churches of our neighboring villages and cities. Yes, go right along. This is my appointed way, even in doing this trivial office, in
helping on the precious cause. The walk helping on the precious cause. The wal
in this bracing nir will do you good and on in this bracing air will do you good and on
your way ask my niece, Marthii Swan, to go with you.
This last suggestion was acted on, and the two women, fresh and rosy from their walk, astonished the few Brusl Eiill people who had gathered, as well as the two
ministers, by walking in upon them just as ministers, by wall
the service began.
The two pastors and the two devoted sisters sang and prayed and talked, and ifter the formal meeting was over, clatted pleasantly with everybocly and personally asked
school.
"I ased to go to meeting and to Sundayschool when I was a child," said a bright, handsome young woman, whom neither pastor webb nor his wife had ever seen
before, although they had been settled in town over a your, "but since ny husband town over a year, " but since my husband
bought this farm I have nieper been out anywhere much. There is a good denl for me to attend to, and I ami not much ac-quainted-and the fact is we don't seem
to ret started to go to church on Sundays. to get started to go to church on Sundays.
I know we ought to go for the sake of the children, if nothing more."
Every afternoon through the weok the woman was present at the meeting and deoply interested, and at the last service, on the Saturday afternoon, she expressed,
in a very modest, touching manner, her determination to enter upona higher plane of the Lord Josus Christ
of
"What dn you think our minister has been doing?" whispered one of the members of Pastor Webb's church to a friend while warming her feet at the register as the last bell was ringing on Sunday morning. " "He has been holding meetings at
Brush Hill!" Brush The iden
He'd a great deal better stay with it do do mind his immediate affairs. It thought he didn't believe in that kind of work."
"That minister friend of his puthim up to it, that was out here from and
stayed a week-Oh, who is that? What a stayed a week-Oh, who is that? What a
pretty woman, and what nice-looking children! They must be visitors in town." Presently Pastor Tebb went over and spoke to them and immediately introluced
them to the two sisters who had been hold ing the whispered converse.
"What, you live on tho Carey farm? We didn't know there was $a$ family there. It is a long, cold, ride for you to come up here to church."
"Oh, we are not cold. Wo walked. Wo thought if the minister's wifo coukl walk down there to the meetings, we could come to church just as woll. It is no far-
ther one way thin the other," with a ther one way
plensant smile.
"In all probability she won't come ngain," said one of the two women to the other, as they separated to take their re-
spective seats. spective seats.
chiclren, beomme a regular attend her children, beoane a regular attendant at
church, both in fine wenther and in church, both in fine weather and in foul weather. Sho united with the church
and was most faithful in overy line of and was most faithful in overy line of
duty. A good opportunity offering, the farm was rented and tho family moved to a factory village in the township. The
woman is at the houd of the large, tidy foid of her, and her influonco on them is nost wholesome. The congregations at tending the religious services held in the hall on Sunday mornings, the groups of Sunday-school children in attendance in the afternoon, and the company who gather at the weekly prayer-meeting havo been augmented not a little through hor salutary example as a Christian worke large, well-ordered winson
Thus one of the good seeds sown by that country wayside has sprung up and continues its bencficent growth, bearing precious fruit
Is not this one way of solving the roiterated topic at our stated public roligious gatherings, "What is to become of our weak country churches?"-dovoted work on the part of those who are set over them, as well as faithful co-operation of members of the little flocks. Has the old time country pastor; oftenthe pulpit and with the pen disappeared forever ?-Stundard.

## LAYING ASIDE A WEIGHT,

Three or four yenrs ago, I was teacher of Sundiy-school class of young women, between twenty-five tand thirty years of
age. The class had been mine for several years. Changes lind of course crent in Many of my givls had married and left the city, until only six or seven members were city,
left.
Dif
Difficulties arose, and the care of this class became an intolerable burden. I dreaded Sunday on its account. In vain.I cndeavored, by hardor stady, by calls, and an canthusiasm that would lift the weight, but all in vain. Can any teacher understand how I longed for any excuse to give stand how I long
up such a care?
such $\Omega$ care
Finaly, I
Fhanly, I went to thesuperintendent, and without entering into particulars, I ask
"I will take no of other class in the Sun-
day-schoch. I will do anything you may suggest. I'll go out into the streets aund gnther in the children ; only let me change, and relieve this pressure.
But tho superintendent shook his hoad.
"No, I'm not willing to do it. I cinn" do it. Kecp them yourself. I don't kiow what your trouble is, but I don't want to make any change.
I went home in dismay. It actunll seemed to mo that I would go away out of the city. I would take some means to avorid thic.
The next Sunday afternoon, after another session without any hart or enjoyment in it, there came the thought, as if it had been give us rest in our labor,-not from it, but give
in it.

I hid the whole case before our heavenly Father, and with it left tho responsibility to Christ, and made the claim that hence forth it should not be ny class, even in my
own thought; it should become his, and I own thought ; it should become
would only bo his servant in it.
There was an actual giving up, is much as if another teacher had been substituted And now followed a blessed experience -my burden was gone. In place of the Weight and the
dom and ense
When I went into the class on tho next Sunday, I took it with the assunance that they were not mine to be troubled about they all belonged to Chirist. In a few mother, who spolse with joy of the help sho found there. The dificulties smoothed awny of themselves, and finally vanished altogether. The class filled up until eighteen names stood upon our list. They
scemed to be drawn together in love and seemed to e diawn together in love and
fellowship. Mothers who could not come to church freguently came in for a little while, and asked for the practical thought to take home with them through tho week.
Oh ! the joy of that actual help I camnot express-not my care any more, but Christ's. Prayer for his guidance brought the certainty of an answer : and in place of an indifference to thoso whom it had not
been easy to love, caine a warm outpouring of affection.

Christ meant exactly what he said: laden." We me, not nble to carry loads. Our work is poor cinough at its best, but keep the brow smooth and the spirit light; or Christ holds infinite strength.
The reality of his presence in your class, his spirit in your heart, will make the teaching such a pleasure that you will actually look forward through the week to that Sour. Don't

## RNGLISII SUNDAY-SCHOOLS

The English iden of $\curvearrowleft$ Sunday-school dif ers somewhat from the Americin iden. The former gives emphasis to mission work, and the school itself seems fitted for interesting and teaching the neglected little ones, maner than the children coming from Christian households. We are in the lead however, beciuse we have seliouls for both classes, and very often children of both classes are found in the same school. But the Englishi have set us an example in religious cuterprise, by establishing many Sundiay-schools for adults. Presbyterime have $a$ hand in the movement. and it bids fair to become a very considerable agency in evangelical work. The adduts on an
sought for, as regular attenclants on Sun sought ror, as regular attendants on Sun-
day-schools, aro men and women who are day-schonis, aro men and women who are
not positively irreligious, and yet who profess no personal interest in religion Theso people will not go to church on Sunday; but they will join a school in which Biblo reading, copying texts and informal
talks thbout the duties of life are reguliar tallks about the duties of life are reguliar
exercises. They do not want to be "preached at," but they are willing to make $i$ begiming in the line of religious observance, under the leadership of tactful, varm-hearted laymen. The beginniug having been made, the lenders and tenchers look to Cod's grace, and his blessing on bring about the complete instruction, to of the scholars-these children of a larger rowth. Why not such schools here?-

## SCHOLARS' NOTES.

(From Westminster Question Bool.)
LESSON II.-APRIL 19, 1891 THE GOOD AND EVIL IN JEHU. 2 King 10:18-31.
GOLDEA TEXT, golden text.
"Man looketh, on tho outward appearance,
nut the Lord looketh on the heart."-1 Sam. $16: 7$. home readings.

S. Jer. 10 Hearl $10,-$ False Gods Shall Perish. LeSSON PLAN

Thin--B.c. SS1; Johu king of Israce ; At thaniah Hnzall king of Syria,
Prace,-Samaria, the capitni of Isracl. opening yoinds.


HELP IN STUDYING THE LESSON. V: 18. Johne ghall serve hime much-a lic told to
decivo the priests of Bal and get them into his
power. Ho had been commanded to cut of tho power Ho hind been commianded to cut of tho
worshippers of Binh, buthot with the weapons of

to do. But this was not an approval of the
treachary nnd falschood by which the work was
necomplished.

## QuEstions.

Ivrronucrory.-By whom was Jehn annointed Wing ? What charge did tho prophet give him 3 lesson? Goldon Text? Lesson Plan? Time?
Place? Memory verges? Piace? Mcmory verses?
ILHU's PLT AGANS
 he use? What order did ho issue? Who cminn
together? How wero tho worshippers of lhal
clothed? Why? Who went inlo the houso of


 What with the templeof Banl? What whis there
Wrong in Jchus treatnent

 WHAT MAVE I LEARNED?

1. That i good work may be done in a wrong way that by sinful means.
2 , That ne not to seck to suppry Cod's
cause by tricks or deceit, to do ovil that geod may come. gion of ap one sin will not atone for tho 4. That wo shoulit kive God our hearts first,
and then give him loyin sorvic. QUES'TIONS FOR RIEVIEW.
2. On what pretence did John assemble the
worshippers of 1 Bathe Ans. He ructended tint ho
 Fathered 3 Ans. Ho slewall tho worshippers of



LESSON IIT.-APRTLA 10, 1891
JONAII SENT TO NINLEVEH.-Jon. 1:1-17.
commit to memory vs. $1 / 10$
GOLDEN TEXT
"Preach unto it the praching that I bid thee."


LIESSON PLAN.
I. Flocing from Duty, vs, 1-3.
II. Arrested by a Storm. $\begin{aligned} & \text { s. } \\ & \text { II. } 10 \text {. }\end{aligned}$
Cast into the Sea, vs. 11-17.

Trac.-Probably nbont B.c. 810 : Jcroboam Ir. PLaciss-Gathhepher, now El-Mcshed, three Palestine; the Mediterrancan.
OPENING WORDS
Jonalh was probnbly contomporary with the
prophets emos and Hosea. In the short necount prophets A mos and Hosea. In the short nccount
 14: 2.20. This is all wo know of him except what
we lcarn from this book, whilch was probably
written by the proplot hing HELIP IN S'IUDYING THE LESSON. V. 2. Nincect-tho ancient capital of Assyia,
on tho eastery wank ot the Tipris. opposite tho
modern town of Mosil

 The-.Jonali fled, but ho could not esctupe "from
thiouresence of the Lord.". V. Why art thou inactive, doing nothecthest
tho ing in


aws nid throat so formed that it can swallow
cery large objects. Fhitire men have been found in tho stomachs of these erealures.

Quistions.
 Gely of Jonah is recorded? Nitle or this lesson?
Gooden, Text? Lesson 1'Jan? Time? Place? I. Flebina Fnom Durx, rs. 1-3.-Where did






WHAT HAVE I LEARNED?
disagreeable work to do.
2. That wo connot run nwny from Goil nuld duty.
3. That winds und storms and beasts are sent
to do God's bidding.
fail to mathose who have the truth of God and
fown will incur his displensure.
QUESTIONS FOR REVIEW.

1. What did the Lord say to Jonalh? Ans.
Arise, go to Ninevch, that great eity, and cry
agninstit. id Jonnh do? Ans. Ho went to Joppa,
and there tookship for Tarshish.
2. What happned after the ship sailed from
Joppa Ans. Tho Lord scnt a great storm, so
that the shin. Whe like to bo briokentat storm, so
3. How did the scumen fion
4. How did the scamen find outi on whose ne-
count the storm was sent Ans. They cast lots
5. What weas on one with Jonah? Ans. He was
asti into the sca and was swallowed by a great

## THE HOUSEHOLD.

## Having things handy

## word to the husbands.

Too many houses have ill-arrangedrooms, and are neurly destitute of labor-siving
conveniences, and the housewife finds her time and strength tasked to the utmost to do the necessary things, without any op portunity for the ornamental. It would be unreasonnble to expect from a wonnu in
these circumstances the siame despatch, neitness and gratifying results that ar attuined by her more fortunately situated sister.
Not many farmers' honses have the conveniences that a living house ought to have. The poor wives, overworked at the best, are thus forced to perform double far toward removing the evil.
I know of one farm house where the water for the family use has to bo brouglit rom in well it least two rolls from the door, and the only. way of diawing it is
by means of the old-fashioned sweep. by mems of the old-fashioned sweep.
How manywomen's backs have been broken by this work throughout the country, I cinnot toll, but certainly not a fow.
At another farm-louse the well is inside,
but the water is drewn in a bucket by a but the water is drewn in a bucket by a
rope and windlass. Thing of a woman, tired and nervous by thic ordinary routine of her domestic toil and the care of two or three children, being obliged to procure water with these primitive arrangements. A good wooden or copper pump would cost but little, and tho labor of securing minimum
One housewife that I know, the mother of a large family, whose husbond employs a hired hand on the farin the year round, hats never had a refrigerator. In the
summer she is obliged to corry everysummer she is obliged to cnrry every-
thing into the cellar, even her pastry. I visited at the house once over. night, and I counted the number of times she went with dagging feet down-stairs before breakfast,-seven times.
It made me tired to think of that poor Woman toiling up and down those stairs
day aftor day,-effort as ceaseless and as day aftor day,--ffort as ceaseless and as unnecessary as the fabled labor of Sisy-
phus tud lis ever-rolliner stone. What a phus aud his ever-rolling stone. What a godsend would a dumb-waiter have been have purchased or made $n$ good substantial refrigerator, and have done with it? The probability is that such an idea had never once entsred the good min's head.
It is usually thoughtlessness and nogligence on the part of the husband, more than any other reason, why these things are so. He has not neglected to provide
himself with labor-saving tools on his farm, himselt with labor-saving tools on his farm,
and his new barn is the pride of the neighand hood ; but anything will do for his borhood; but anything will to for his
wife, so the house remains with unfinished interior, the water and the wood aro kep out of doors, and a hundred littlo incon veniences are allowed to continue, that
might, if remedied, have saved a great deal might, if remedied, hinve saved a gr
of time, labor'and possibly temper.
Odd hours and mainy days could be profitably tumed to account in tho alle viation of these household disconforts. There is commonly an interval in winter between fall and spring work on the
farm, when the farmer has less to do than farm, when the farmer has less to do thin in making improvements nbout the house. Whatever serves to concentrate worksive steps and lossens linbor.
The farmer has been necustomed, probably, to spend the greater part of these Ioiswre days and evenings in roadding and
in social intercourse with his neighbors. This is all well; it is his duty to kecp inforned, and ho should take needful rest and not neglect thoumenities of life. But some of the odd hours may profitably be given to improvements about the house.
Not ouly farmers, but the majority of husNot only farmers, but the majortiy of hus-
bands, if they will look about the home, bands, if they will look about the home,
will find "a labor of love" of this sort waiting their hands.
One cannot estimate the difference it makes in a woman's work in having things handy until it has been tried, and $n$ busy
houselvifo can best appreciate auything housevifo can best app
tending in that direction.
Things should be handy not only in the kitchen, but in the back kitelien, tho cellar and the sitting-ronm. Pvery house-
keoper should be providod with all the
modern appliances,-the best range, the ing utensils. These things belong to her of right, and it is as important that she should have them as that you should have the best cultivator and the best reaper It may cost a little more in the beginning pocket. And it is the husband's duty to see that things are handy.-Clinton Moi taguc, in the Illousehold.

## GLADSTONES GUIDING STAR.

the woman who mas made the crea
She is one of the most oharming women you ever saw, declures a correspon
dent of The Ladies' Itome Jounal ; asweet sind fnce framed in full, soft, lovely hai and topped ly a cap of velvetand lace. cown that falls in artistic folds and doesn rustlo, and a way of looking at you as it she were interested in everything you snii - that's Mrs. Glackstone. She does not of ball society, as it is meant by the nond going to them ; but she is delighted when she is at the head of her own dimier-table and has about her a circle of friends who know and love her and Mr. fladstone. Unlike the wife of any other Prime Minister she never went in for having a salon for surrounding herself with rich and powerful friends who would simply ciro to be received at the house of a Prime Minis.
ter, and yet have no real interest in the cause which he so thoroughly and ontirely championed. Instearl, she has given her time to caring for him, to seeing that he was under any and all circumstances as comfortable as possible, and, that in this Way, his health was preserved for the mition for whom he did so much grod. Her happicst moments are when she is with her husband at Fawarden, but on every important occasion sho has always beon by his side. Just remember that this menns going over the country in mailway trans, bethen you will understand why the people of England worship Mrs. Gladstone as a heroine.

COMPLEXION MAKING.
Ten hours sleep out of the twenty-four, walk of at lenst four miles a day in the air, brown bread, no coffee, no sweets vigorous rubbing in cold water every morr ing, and the simplest, purest toilet articles,
that is Mrs. Kendali's prescription for that is Mrs. Kendall's prescription for a nice skin, and the delicacy and fairness her own face give proof of its efficicy.
Another somewhat new way for procu: ing a good complexion is to take a sponge bath in tepids salt water every morning be fore breakfast, plenty of exe
A pretty little woman said with a sigh as she jaid down a fresh list of axioms fo to wear any one all out to follow half the directions written now for making you directions. writtenn now for making you
beautiful. I've tried them all. I've used vaseline and glycerine, acid, cocoanut oi and almond paste, rosewater and lemon
juice. I have bathed in boiling water and juice. I have bathed in boiling water and and water. I have washed my face with a cloth of tho roughest crash I could buy
ind rubbed tho very cuticle off in win and rubbed the very cuticle off in my struggles to follow out the directions; and I have half washed it, as I would a bit o porcolian, with tho softest, Ginest flamel could find. I think the worst of all Wis becausa some one said the hard water hero in New York would cause wrinkles, so I wjped it off with one thing and mother as long as I could bear it, or, rather, unti just before I had ruined my skin entirely when my husband suggested thatI tryjust
keeping simply clean for a while, and, do you know, I haven't had a bit of trouble since."

## KEEPING CUT FLOWERS.

If cut flowers are to bo kept for a special purpose do not stand them in water, but wet them thoroughly, then wrap them in paper, lay them in it pastebonrl box and set then in a very cold place, the colder If the flowers are to stimd in vases, keep. the water fresh by frequent renewal and by the addition of some antiseptic, like sali-
cylic acid, nitrato of soda or ammonia. The
ends of the stalks should be cutfrequently Do not crowd too many stems into one receptacle. Hare the vase or glass of good the vase continuillly full by the addition of small quantities of water to make up for evaporation. Do not have the stems so ong that they will rest upon the bottom o the vase, as in that case they cannot absorb
the water so well. Flowers will be greatly the water so woll. Flowers will be greatly
freshence after having been in a warm rom allday, if at night they are taken from the vase and every part of them, stems,
leaves, flowers, well sprinkled, and then wrapped closely in a wet cloth, and laid in a cool place until morning. Before they are set away, and then again when putting them in the vases, cat off a little bit of the stem, as the end quickly hardens and the noviuge is not readily absorbed. the re of the stems which are in tho water the disagrecable odor occasioned by the denay ing of those leaves will bo prevented. Roses that have been earried or worn atan vening entertainment, and have drooped, will revive greatly if the stems are cut of most boiling, letting thera stand in it about ten minutes and then remove to cold water. -Detroit I'ribunc.
SLEEP FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN. We all know how much greater is the need of children for sleep than of grown persons, and how necessary for their good it is to be able fully to sitisfy this need; but how great it is generally at any particuexactly. The amount varies under different climatic conditions. In Sweden we consider a sleep of eleven or twelve hours necessary for the younger school children,
and of at teast cight or nine for tho older ones. Yet the investigations have shown that this requirement lacks much of being met in all the classes through the whole school. Boys in tho higher classes get little more than seven hours in bed; and as that is the average, it is easy to perceive that many of them must content themdent from investigations that the sleeping time is diminished with the increase of the working hours from class to class, so that the pupils of the same ayo enjoy less according as they are higher in their classes It thus appears constantly that in schools
of relatively longer hours of work, the sleeping time of the pupils is correspondngly shorter. In short, the prolongation onst of the time for sleep.- Popular Science Monthly.

TO TAN AND COLOR SHEEP SIIINS WITII THE WOOL ON.
"To tan sheep pelts with tho wool wash the skin in warm water, remove all oughly with soft soap and water. Having thus freed it of all fatty matter, apply to the flesh side the following mixture: Thk ham and haff an ounce of borax. Dissolv hese in a quart of hot water, and after cooling the mixture to a degree that the hand may be held in it, add rye-meal to make it into a paste. After sprending it on the nesiy side of the pel-ina, tho quantity -fold the pelt lengthwise and let it remain in an airy place for two weeks, after which remove the paste, wash and dry. When nearly dry, scrape with a knife, which should be cresent-shaped, and the softriess of the pelt will depend very much upon the amount of working that is bestowed upon it. If the skin is to be used as a mat, the collowing plan is to be recommended: With a strons lather mado with hot water -but used when cold, wash the fresh skin, being carefnl to get out all the dirt from
tho wool. It is better to plunge the skin right into the lather. After doing so, wash the skin clem in cold water. Nuw dissulve i pound cach of salt and alum in two gallons of hot water. Put thisinto some sort of a tub, in which the skincun be phaced, and have the mixture cover it. After twelve hours' soaking, take itout and hang it upon tho pule to driin. When it has been well damined, stretch it upon a board to dry, and of drying soveral times during the process on theflesh side ono ounce each of powdered thro
alum and saltpetre, rubbed in well. If the wool is then found to be firm on the skin, three days, or until dry, turning theo or over drom day to duy, turning the skin over from day to day. Then scrape the
flesh side with a blunt knife and rub with punice stone.: To color, uso aniline of any shade you desire. Dissolve one pound of niline in two gallons of water ; strain before using ; then flont the skins in a dye
box, wool down. See that they lio flot box, wool down. See that they lie flat and let them remain till the color or shade un them through clear, cold water and hang up in a hot roon to dry. For plain escribed the skins well whit oursh hang up in a small room and bleach. with powdered sulpliur. Set in a piil in the centre of the room, burning. Be careful to have no escape of the sulphur fumes, and Lcather Reporter.

## RECIPES.

Crocolate Pudnivg.- Boil ono quart of milk,
 jolks of four eggs. Pour in a puiding dish lined
with stale cake. ${ }_{\text {Bake }}$ cover with moringue brown.
 and nhile up of lour, ono tenspoonful of bnking powder, hali $\mathfrak{R}$ cup of milk, and $\AA$ tenspoonful of with lemon sauce.
Fix PuDDrva.-Chop half $\AA$ nound of figs fine, nound of stanup of grated bread-crumus, half $a$
pugr a tcanp of melted butter, five pounces of candicd orango pee and bittron, five
grated nutmed, and ive well-beaten eggs. Stenm
 Economical PodDnge.-Tako four cups of blackberries, one and a half cups of mollasser,
ind two benten eggs. Mix all togecher, flnvor to laste, putin a mol
avD Pubmiva, Make a ponco are bato in long pan, havo the cake abongo cake, bake in a long pan, have the cake about two inches
inick innch a pound of almonds, ard pound
incin in rose-water, mix with four grated crackDheln in rose-water, mix with four gratcd crach-
ers, six egs, a nound of butter, a pound of sugar,
and alithe grape jelly. Pour on the cake get in and alitlle grape jelly. Pour on the cake, set in
the oven twenty minutes, cover with meringuo
davored with extract of nlmond avored with extract of almond

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Orster Salad. -Let fifty small oysters just } \\
& \text { come to a boil in their own liquar. Skinh nand }
\end{aligned}
$$ strain, Season the oysters with threo table-

spoonfuls of vinegar, ono of oil, onelialitea-
spoonfulo salt, onecighth ten spoonfill of salt, one-cighth teasponful ofpepper,
and phace on ice for two hours. With at sharp
knife cnt upa pint of celery, using only tho ten-
der part, and when ready to serve, mix with the oysters, adding about one-half pint mayonnaise
dressing. Arange in a salai dish. Pour orer
another onc-lalf pint of arcesing and gavis aressing. Arrange in a salat dish pour over
nother onclinf pint of aressing, and garnish
with white celeryleaves.

PUZZLES.-No. 6.
My first is miphtier than a weapon
Mysecond is a noble ereation.
My third is tho sailor's own pala
My third is tho sailors own palace.
double diamond.
 A city in southern Asia, 8. A girl's nickname.
Thocentrals, spelled down ward, givg an author. gimeat man.
Ho was given to his parents in answer to prayer,
Mis namomenns "henrd of God." to was dedicated to the Lord while ho was very Whenhe was.
When he was still a boy the Lord spoke to him
Ho became a prophet and a judge over Isracl Ho became a pro
Who was lie?
 tetn.
dirn.
Thic
dime initials, yed downward, spell tho name of
the first Christian Emperor.

- ANSTVERS TO PUZZLES.-NUMBER 5.
 an
GEograpmical PuzzLe.-Sir Honry Fudson and I went skating one day a short time ngo. Wo
wero warned by General Wolfe that the ice was
not strong enoligh to hold such heavy men as wo net strangenoligh to hold such heavs men as we
werc. However, discegarding his warning we
wet the Went on the ice Where we wern met by Sir Jian-
dolph Churchil. In R fow moments Sir Hery
Hudson, who was tho heaviest of tho party, fey took hin to Quecn Charlotice's palace where ho her smelling salted noy the Queen who lent him and heir-apparent, Prince Albert, who gavo him

Chill airs and wintry winds! My ear Inas prown ramimar with your
Ilisten, and it choers yoralong.


## The Family Circle.

NUMBERED WITH THY SATNTS There is a little town in a distant state set on a wooded hill in the midst of gently undulating country.
Dear little Dulwich! One by one your wandering sons and daughters come back to you for refuge and peace. In dying their eyes turn to that quiet spot where, in your very heart, your dead rests. "Take me
back," they say, "and lay me there in the back," they say, "and lay me there in the
solemn shade. Young voices will somesolemn shade. Young voices will some-
timies sound above me, and kind eyes will timies sound above me, and kind eyes will
watch my resting-place ini loving remembrance.'
With words like these echoing in her heart, Agathia walked up and down the veranda with her little brother. It was the evening of a rainy Good Friday. From time to time the two stopped. The girl, pressing the child's cheek to her side with one hand, gazed saclly through the mist toward a tall, white stone in the distance, which marked the grave of her father.
Three long months had passed since his death, and as common dutios grew importunate, Agatha felt more keenly the meaning of her loss. They stood there, the young girl and the child, with the dull red glow of the sunset behind them, their faces glow of the sunset behind
turned toward the dead.
"A picture for the day !" thought the gentleman who came up the broad gravelwalk toward the house.
"How long you have been gove, Uncle Stephen !" cried the boy.
"Mr. Carson stopped
"Mr. Carson stopped me at the church,
Harry," snid his uncle. "A Harry," said his uncle. "Agatha, he will be here soon to see you about the Easter music."
"It is too late to chango the programme," replied Agathia. "I thought it had all been arranged three weeks ago."
"Miss Burr had a sore throat, and they want you to take her place:"
Agatha gave a slight exclamation of dismay.
"Anything but to sing!" she said. him-to the end."
"I know," said her uncle.
"And then Easter comes this year on his birthday and mine. 0 Uncle Stepinen, ho was so young! Only forty, and he had such noble, unselfish plans! So much begun that no one else could finish! And now it is all over
"I knor !"said her uncle. "I trust not." "I know what you mean," she said, with
a sigh, "but what is another, world to me when I want him here? Then, ton, it would comfort me, I suppose, if I had faith enough, I am afraid I do not really believe.".
"My
"My dear girl," said her uncle, gravely, "there aro many things that our Heavenly
Father has not riven us the power to unFather has not given us the power to un-
derstand; but we can trust him. He knows best."
"I try to trust," siad Agatha, " but papa has been so much to us since inamma went, and Harry and I, we are solonely! Then, how cun I be sure! I may never see him again." Her voice quivered with pain as she added, "It is all so dark !"
"Trust lim,", said her uncle. "Flis wisdom and goodness are intinite, infinite; we day, how or where or when we may not day, how or where or whell we may not
know, but some day, all will be well with "But, Uncle Stephen, can
But, Uncle Stephen, can you conceive of happiness without Aunt Mildred and the children? You have lost them all. What
do you live for but the hope of meeting them agnin?"

I hope for it," said her uncle. "That is my only conception of happiness, but my conception may be all wrong. Of only one thing I am sure, and that is that my
Henvenly Father knows and will do what Henvenly Father
is best for us all."
"I do not think I really disbelieve," said Agatha, "it is rather that I do not understand, I prope for tho truth. I cannot see." Th
her voice again.
IFer uncle was looking over the tops of
the trees beyond the western valley into the slowly darkening evening sky.
$\because$ "When will people learn," he said, sor rowfully, "that they do not need to seo?" "People don't see," said little Marry, who had been listening all this time with a puzz'ed look of half comprehension. "You cun't see them nt all. But they
again, with a great rush of wings."
Agatha's uncle looked at her question $\xrightarrow{\text { ingly. }}$
"He has been talking to Minua in the kitchen about Easter among the Moraviams," she said.
"His head seems full of stringe notions lately.
Just then the sound of $a$ firm step on the gravel nearat hand caused them all to turn.
"It's Mr. Casson," said Agatha.
Her uncle went to meet the rector, and silently gave him his hand.
"You will sing for us, Agatha, on Sunday ?" he siid, coming toward her.
She did not answer for a moment, and then said, with an effort at self-control: I cannot, I cannot. You know " "Yes," said the clergyman, "I remen er that you were born on his twenty-third birthday, and that Sundry is its anniver sary. He was very proud of his little girl." he bent her head, unable to speak.
I should like to think of you," Mr. Casson continued, "as singing a song of
triumph for him on this Easter Day, when triumph for him on this Easter Day, when
the whole angelic host rejoice with their the whole
risen Lord.
Agatha was crying.
"Ho is de deid," he added, softly.
"I camnot feel the other life the girl. know it. For me he is lying over there by mamma, in the mist and the cold. 0 my dearest, my dearest!"

Try not to think of it so," urged the rector. "It may be given him to watch over those ho loves. Hat joy your sing-
ing might give him! He made a glorious ing might give him! Ho made a glorious
fight for all that is inghest, Agathn. Cann fight for all that is highest, Agatha. Call
you not celebrate his first triumphal day in you not cen
heaven?"
"I would, Mr. Casson," Agatha answered, earnestly, "but it is impossible. I have tried-you know I have," turning to her uncle. "But at the first note everything,
of sorrow.,
"Well, good-by," said the rector."
"You may feel differently by Sunday." And he hurried avay.
While they had been talking, Agatha was too much moved to notice the convulsive pressure of the little hand in her own, or the pleading expression of a pair of
anxious eyes uplifted to her downcast fice
"You should have had your hat on, dear," sho sind, laying her hand on her brother's curly head. But the little fellow was too intent on his own thoughts to heed her words.
"You must sing Easter, Agatha," he snid. "Say you will, dear! He will miss it so, if you don't!, Just in the morning, Agatha, for papa!"
"Sweetheart, I do not think I can," answered Agatha, gently.
The child buried his face in the black folds of her dress, and began to cry softly..
"It will all be spoiled," he murnured. ing Harry into the house, and taking him on his knee.
"I was 'companying Minna in the kitchen," said the child, between his sobs, " when she told me about it. And now if Agatha won't sing I siall not have anybody, and Minna said the Moravian people had a great band with bright horns-and I meant to have only Agatha."
teme, said me slowly what all "stop crying, and tell me slowly what all this is about. when Miman was little. They went enrly in the morning, and marched up a high hill, the men first and the women last, to the place wher--they were buried.

Where who were buried, dear?"
"Their people that they loved,-like papm," said Harry, whispering. "Then they played on their bright horns, and all sang an Easter hymm, a great, mighty hymm, just as the sun rose. And when I asked Minna why they did it, she said it was because on Baster the ones who had
died that year would rise, with a rusting sound of wings, and the people sang on account of being ghd.
in that country; but Minna said it made no difference; that papa would go to heaven sooner than any one else slie ever knew. So, all alone I knew I couldn't sing a grent. mighty hymn,-Minna says 'great mighty' -but Agatha could ; her voice is like a big aingel's.
"Ne
is Never mind," said his unclo, stroking his head, "perhaps poor Agathat would like
to sing, but cannot. Sing your hymn yourto sing, but cannot.
self ; that will do."

A little comforted, the child let his sister lead him upstairs. Her thoughts were fan a way, as she slowly helped him to undress.
: "Can I really go and sing it myself, Agatha ?" he as
his nightgown.
"Yes, dear," she answered, absently.
The little face, enorging from the whito folds, wore an astonished expression. Harry looked at her keenly; but, finding the permission not withdrawn, he discreetly left the matter as it was.
In the afternoon of the following day Harry and Minna went out into the warm April air for a walk. Minna was devoted to Harry. She treated him as an equal in
age and experience. "He's that sencibl
He's that sensible !" she would admiringly afirm; "'you couldn't no more trent
him like a baby than you could Mr. Casson. him like a baby than you could Mr. Casson
He's more sense than ten of some men."
He's more sense than ten of some men."
"We've got to be home in time to
ten," she said, when the sum warned them that it was nearing five o'clock.
"Did you see that big bunch of Easter
lilies, Minna? Mr. Casson brought it to Agatha from Littleton. Agathan cried. Do you suppose it was anything about papa?" ""'Course it was," said Minna. "The hilies were meant for your papa; and Harry," she added, "you musn't forget to say, 'The Lord is risen,' in the morning,
and if anybody says it to you, you must and is anybody says it to you, you must taught you."

I couldn't forget that," said Harry. "I shall say it to Agatha. Do you suppose she'll go with me and sing the great, mighty hymn?" he asked, wistfully.
"Oh, you just let her alone," said Minna.
"She's been," bothered enough about sing. ing all day:"
"Fery well," he suid with a tremble in is voice. "I shall have to do it all alone."
Agatha, absorbed and preoccupied with Harry's little plan. Dull despairand weary lack of faith possessed her heart; they stood like a wall, between her and all she loved best.

When Harry's bedtime arrived, Agatha undressed him mechanically, and answered his chatter at random. The tall spray of "I stood in a large vase neary the window. "I know who they are for," said the boy, put them there, Agatha, dear, so that ho may know that we have remembered? you knon', but he may see us, and he would miss you so. You are sure you cannot sing ? ${ }^{\text {Aghth }}$
answer.
"Then may I? You know you did promise." "Yes, dear."

They go upward, with a great rush of wings. We only hear it," he continued, dreamily looking out of the window, his cheeks red and lis eyes glistening. "And you must not forget, when 1 say, deed.' Papa liked to linvo us do that. You'll remember?"
"Yes, dear," she replied again
Agatha!" he called, when, after tucking him snugly into his cot, sho had half closed the channeer door

Yes, Harry?" she answered, waiting utside.
"What time does the sun rise?"
"About five o'clock, dear, I think."
"And you are sure you can't sing the Great, mighty hymu?
"Yes, I am sure ; and don't wake poor
Agatha at fivo o'clock ; she is tired.
"Then can I do it alone, if I won't dis-

## turb anybody?" he insisted.

Oh, yos, if you'll bo quiet!" she called,
with $a$ shade of impatience in her voice. "And now go to sleep."
She went slowly down-stairs. The child listened for the last rustle of her dress, and then, when all was silent, he hid his head in the pillow, and cried.
"She doesn't eare," he sobbed, piteously,
"Poor boy! be-so-dis'pointed.
Poor boy No one had taken any pains to understand him. When Agatha came up to the roon an hour or two
the tears were still wet on his cheek.
Early the next morning Agathin awakened by the sudden sound of the closing of a door. For a few moments: she gazed idly abouit the rom at the furniture, in the half-light which fell through the window, wondering sleepily what was the
cause of the noise. cause of the noise. Like a thrust from a knife-blade, there returned upon her the heart-sick recollection of those dawns through whose gray shadows she had watched in hopeless agony, only a short time aro.
With a stifled moan, she put out her hand towards Harry's cot, but the little, warm head of thick, light hair that she expected to feel was gone. Startled, she raised herself in bed; the bells of the stecple were ringing five o'clock, and Harry was not there!
His clothes hung on their chair, but a pair of thick woollen shoes and a henvy, white shawl were missing. The lilies, too,
were not in their vase Agathat dimlyreme.
Agatha dimlyrememberedher permission so heedlessly given. Hurrying to the window, she could make out, in the distance, a small, white form threading its way anong the graves in the church-yard. She threw on her clothes with frantic haste, and ran after her brother across the wet grass.
The eastern sky was alrendy beginning to glow when she reached the foot of the low hill where her father was buried. A little, kneeling figure stood out against the reddening background. The shawl had dropped from the boy's shoullers, and the long branch of lilies towered above the roverently bent head. He was praying while he watched
Agatha ascended to his side. Something in the time and place, and in the rapt inspiration of the uplifted eyes, silenced all trightened remonstrances. Folding him
the warm shawl, she knelt at his side.
Tranquil and hushed the broad valley lay before her in the shadows of the blue hills;
a few light clouds hung abovo them; and a few light clouds hung abovo them, and
the morning sky was shot with gold and the morn

The spirit of the day fell upon Agatha, and the child's faith, benutifuland strange, flooded her heart with unwonted light. to pre knely here, waiting for her beloved to pass in triumph, a lofty pride possessed her soul; she felt her kinship with one of hoat radiant host whose souls seemed to be foating upwa
Slowly the red disk of the sum begen to áppear, and, moved by a common impulse, Agitha and Harry rose to their feet.
"Quick, before he is gone"" whisper
Harry, laying the flowers gently along the gruve, and begiuning to sing:
"Christ tho Lord is risen to.dny,
But suddenly all the air was filled with melody, and the sweet child's treble was drowned in Agitha's wonderful voice
"Raiso your joys and triumphs high, Out over tho still fields rang the glorious old hymn and all the crimson clouds melted away as the great golden sun swung cleirs sky.
"Lo 1 our Sun's eclipse is o're,
Lo : He sets in blood no more
A gust of wind came up from the valley and rustled among the dry lenves overhend. To Harry it was the rush of those mighty wings so fearfully longed for. Startled, ho seized his sister's land, and the song hied avay upon his trembling lips; but Agatha's voice soared on unshaken:
"Denth in vain forbids Fiis rise,
Christ hns opencd Paradisel"
When the last verso was sung, the day shone everywhere around them, and the birds were softly twittering in the bushes. A shaft of sunlight illumined the white
flowers on the grave at their feet, and to flowers on the grave at their feet, and to
Agatha the world was once more beautiful.
Agatha the world was once more beautiful.
They stood for a moment in silence, and then she drew the little boy toward home.
"The Lord is risen," he said, solemnly. And from the bottom of Agathi's fuill heart the answer came
'He is risen, indeed
-Mary Tappan Wrijhit, in Yostlh's Com-

## NORTHERN M'ESSENGER.

## A FANCY IN TRIOLETS.



THE SPIRIT OF TRUE SERVICE
The suporintendent was standing at his desk, and his hand was stroteled out ready to strike the bell, for it was time to call the school together for the closing exercises; but just then lhe happened to glance at
Miss Howard, and the appenling look on Miss Howard, and the appenling look on that lady's fice mado him pruse and then postpone the signal nearly five minutes. He saw, that the young women in Miss Howard's class were bending forwarl and listening intently to one of their number, and fearing that an interruption at that moment might be very detrimental to the religious interests of one or two souls there, he waited until the speaker had finished, and Miss Howard's eye hatd assured him
that he might safely call the school to order.

Miss. Howard believed in the practical application of each lesson, and one chanactoristic of the hour was the illustration of the priincipal point by a story or incident read or told by somo member of the class, read or told by somo member of the class
or, arely, a bit of her own experience. or, rarely, a bit of her own experience.
On this particular Sunday the lesson was on "The Spirit of True Service," and could you and I have been there, we shouldhave heard the following story. Marion Elston
had been chosen by Miss Howard for this had been chosen by Miss Howard for this
day, and with a shy but very earnest look day, and with a shy but very earnest look
on her sweet face sho began without delay as soon as asked.
"I slall have to tall very fast because my story is pretty long and I want you to hear it all, so will you pleaso bo timekeeper, Miss Howard?
"Maud Easton was a young woman who had been well educited. She had studied in the best schools near her home, and then had been through the four years' courso at an Eastern college. When she came bick to her home again she wis very cager to try wealthy and preferred that she should stay at home and help her mother with the other children, for Ben, a lively lad of fifteen, Ward, who emulated him as far as was possible to a thirteen-yenr-old, and womanly little Eftie, nearly twelve, all needed more cire than their mother could well give
them. "Maud was a Christian and meant to be
bedient, but her' father's plan was deobedient, but her' father's plan was decidectly disipppointing to her ambitious spirit. She would have been greatly discontented had it not occurred to her that her father and mother certainly would not forbid her to do cluarch work; so she went into it with all her might. She joined societies until she belonged to thirteen; she was the most faithful attendaut at all the meetings ; plans for new work received her most onthusiastic support ; and, in short, after she had been at liome eighteen months she was so busy with all this outside work that the fanily saw very little of hor. Her parents said nothing, but waited for a chance to remonstrate. Both feared sho needed rest, but hesitated to give her a second dissppointment.
"One evening late in November she came home with a very tired look, but when her mother spoke of it, she snid she whought it would be gone in the morning.

The mother, however, found her utterly exhausted after a sleepless night, theresult of a terrible headache. Thephysician was called at once, and after a keen look at her flushed face and dull eyes he warned her mother that a severo illness might follow, though ho hoped to ward it off. For four or five days she was unconscious, and if she spoke at all it was to inquire about some detail of afair which she had been planning. At last she came to herself ngain, but it was pitiful to see how weak she had grown. Two or three weeks of good care gave her a little strength, and when a month had gone by sho was able to sit up for at few about that, but about her thoughts.
"When she got strength enougla to begin o think-oh, how rebellious she was! To be taken away from her work when she was so anxious to carry it on and finish it to tie there scarcey ande think and think and think of all times and think and think and think of all
the things sle had planned to do ; and to know that they had to begiven up, or that some one elso was doing them, not half so well as she could she was sure-it was hard. Often the feelings of anger and rebellion would grow till at last bitter tears came to her relicf, and only the sleep of exhaustion could really calm her unhappy spirit.
"After many weeks she was able to go down-stairs, and with the return of strength

## I.

Who saw a sumbenm pass this way? A littlo shape of dancing light With golden locks and cheek like May Who saw a sunbeam pass this way, As bright as dawn, as glad as day,
In little gown of snowy white? Who saw a sumbeam pass this way, A little shape of dancing light?"
and the change of surroundings her heart grew a little more reconciled, Sho began to get acquainted with the family whom she had scarcely seen for six yenrs. She admired Ben's activity and manly spinit, and grew very fond of Ward, whose gentle attentions to his mother and Effio were unusual in such a boy. Little Effie she took
so much into her heart that the little maid's so much into hicr heart that the litule maid's
love and confidence were coupletely won.
"For some time Mnud had been noticing Effie's constantly sunshiny face and unceasing helpfulness, and as she was one day lying on the couch in the sitting roon watching the last glow of the early spring sunset fade out of the sky, Eflio danced into the room. Catching sight of Miud's pale face on the cushions she flow over to give her a hug and a kiss. Maud h
close for a minute, then sloc asked,
"Elfkin, can you stop long enough to tell me what makes you do so much for the rest of us?"
"In a somewhat surprised tone Effie replied, ' Why, I love you all, you lnow, and besides I am trying to bo like Christ, and he was everybody's servant, so I thought I ought to be.'
"And with another kiss and caress of she went to bo 'papa's comforter,' stopping on her way to help Ward find his books and Ben control his temper.

A few minutes later, as Mand was thinking over Effio's answer, her mother came in, and in reply to Maud's question as to the menning of her sigh, explained that it was a sigh of thankfulness. 'she always does things as I prefo added, she always does things as I prefer, not in her own way, and she obeys so promptly and willingly that it is a pleasure to watch
her. I never had such a servant before, her. I never had such $\Omega$ servant before,
and I am so grateful. She has been such help while you have been sick.'
All that evoning Maud's thoughts were busy, and when she fell asleep after a short but earnest prayer, there was a peace in her heart which she had not known for years.

After that she grew better much more rapidly. Every one noticed how bright and happy sho seemed, and one day when the doctor sent her awny to have a little change of air, they were all surprised to had begun to do little things here and there for them all, but her ministrations were so
quict that they had not noticed them, no pprecited number.
ack to her end of the summer Maud came back to her home quite well once more; and ready for any work her Master might see to to send her."
Here the look of dawning intelligence on the faces of her class-mates made her blusl vividly as she added, so sweetly and earnestly that they were all greatly improssed, the words for which Mis
"Girls, Maud's real name was Marion Elston, and it is my own experience I have been telling you. I was that self-willed, ambitious, impatient ginl; but God was too Find to let me go on in that way, so he ried to teach me better. For a long time I was wickedly rebellious, but atlast I saw and understood what he was so lovingly bying to show me, and now I have learned lesson which with his help I slanll never orget. An ambitious, self-willed, proud piritcan never render acceptable scivice. Whether we serve man or God, we must be
humble, self-oblivious, obedient, not doing he thing we prefer, nor doing it in our way, but doing what our Master gives us in his way so fill as we can. And when we love Christ so much that we want to do only what he gives us, and in his way, then our service is the most perfect we can give. I want to say just this more, that the spirit of true service to everybody is love, a love o strong that it will forget itself and it onn preferences in its earnest desie wishes or needs; and the greater the love the more perfect the service. $O$ girls ! if you only knew how happy this spirit of true service of Christ makes me, you would all want it. It was a strange concidence that the superintendent read Miss Waring's beautiful hymn, "Father, I know that all my ful hymn, "Fnther, I know that all my
life," dwelling with peculiar emphasis on life, dwelling with
the last two lines, -

## Hore carcful, not to serve thee much,

## But to please the perfectly:"

-and adding in a solemn tone two verses from the Bible: "Know ye not to whom yo yield yourselves servants to obey, his servants ye are to whom ye obey; whether

## II.

"We saw no shape of light astray; A small cloud flew across the plain, With sombre hair and dress of gray! We saw no shape of light astray,
But sombre mist and dark army"-
"Why, that's my sunbeam, drenched in min!"
"We saw no shape of light astray,
A small cloud flew across the plain!" -Sclected.
of $\sin$ unto death, or of obedience unto xighteousness ?"' and "Chroso yo this day righteousness ? and
whom ye will serve."
After Sunday-school we might have scen Miss Howard thanking the superintendent with tears in her eyes, and if we had been near enough we might have overhenrd :-

And your words following Marion's story, made such an impression on my girls that two of them decided at once to serve Christ."-Exchange.

## THE NURSERY PSALM.

by dennit fowler willing
One of the Inglish ladies who went to the Crimen with Florence Nightingale found in a Scutari hospital a Highlander neיn death, and yet hard against God. She spoke to him but he would make no inswer. Ho even drew the sheet up over his head to keep her from speaking to him again. The next timershe went through that ward he saw her coming toward his cot, and he covered his face again. Seating herself beside the bed, she begin to repent, in a low, kind voice, the Nursery Psalm:

> The Lord's my shepherd. I'll not want,
> He makes mo down to lic
In pastures green. He leadeth me
The quict waters by."

She noticed that, before the psalm was
finished, his hand wont up to his eyes under the sheet. The next time sho came he was quite ready to listen to what she had to say of Jesus and his love. "He gave his
heart to the Lord, and five days later he heart to the Lord, and
The Nursery Psalm was used to touch a chord that was not quite paralyzed by his bitter enmity against God. It was "mony a weary mile" from his mother's knee in the Highland cottnge, where, with her loving hand on his bonny, bright head, she had taught him the dear old psalm, to the Crimean hospital, where, a rough, hardened oldier, he lay dying ; yet the mother's love, ke Christ stenderness, reached all the way, nd drew him back to God.
Let us fill the minds of our children with Bible truth. Let us teach them to repeat our hymns. It will be laying up for them store of good things against the famine ears that may come. It will stand them good stead in their hours of sore need.
They may not understand the grent ruths that they mouth with difliculty, 一and who of us at our best can ever fathom the lepths of meaning ?-yet the memory of the "huge tenderness" of home and mother, which they comprehended no more than they did God's kindness, will "put full sense" into tho homely words, making them

## "Mamin to the hungry soul,

This teaching will be a thousand thousand times better pabulum upon which to feed thoso whom we would have grow to become muscular Christians, than the trashy, empty stories with which nursery books are usually full. Candies may quiet the clamor a little while; but the glucose and terra calba with which they are adulterated ruin the child's digestion, destroy his appetite for better food, and undermine his nealth. They who have the responsibility of launching upon lifo those who are to bear their name, and represent them before the world in the yenrs to come, ought to ponder well these truths, seeling divine wisdom, and obeying carefully the command of God: "Teach them diligently to your children." Sunday-school tatichers are good in thar way, and worthy of all honor ; but they cannot fill a parent's place, or do a parent's cluty.
If your child wero going into danger, where you could not talie care of him, you might quilt gold-pieces into tho lining of his garment, that he might not be without the means of support in shipwreck and imong strangers. Whilo wo may, let us see to it that our children aro thoroughly furnished with the word of God,-SundaySchool Times.

THE HEARTII FIRT.
If the world seems cold to you. Kindle fles to warm it; Let their comforthide from view Hearts ns.frozen of your Hearts as frozen as your own You will soon forget to mo "Ah, the cheerless weather !" -Lues Larcom.


## ACHSAE'S EASTER-TIDT.

Of the dearLord's poor was Achsah, brown-haired and hazel-cyed,
When her small feet came to thio portals of onc glad Enster-tide.
Tho swect pale face of the mother had faded with tho snow-
Now sho knew sho must leare her daving, the darling who loved her so.
And the denr littlo face had grown thinner, the den littlo step less strong,
Till the mother had hoped !hat Achsah would not stay behind her long.
Now as nenred the joyous Distor, with its glory of song and flowers,
A wish grow strong in tho childish heart through all the bright'ring hours. $\psi$.
She thought of the splendor of clurches, with blossoms made fair as the sun,
And how "mamma loved all the flowers, if onls sho mighthave one.
And her heart swelled big with the Ionging ever moro strong and dcep,
And she woke from a dream of blossoms in her short and fevored sleep.
"Twas the day beforo Jhater morning; to morrow the jubilhut gice,
The great, glad, exnltant chorus would be roiling o'er land anil scit !
Tomorrow, the song of angels would sound through oach church's naite,
Telling to all "Ho isrisen!'-tho Lord who diod to save.
And she said, "I emn flad a flower, I can find $j$ ust onc, I know;
The Lord who loves little children will show me where to go."
Then sho pinneid on her poor worn wrapping, and tied on her tattered hood,
And started in scarch of her flower, but not through fletc.or wood;
Only the strects of the eity, stretching for weary miles,
the poor littlo feet grew tired, the face forgot its smiles-
Past many a church where the organs were peal ing softand low,
She wanctered, our little Achsah, waiking ever moreslow.
Miles, miles the worrelect, tiayelled, till side at heart and faint, … $\rightarrow$ ghe
The wee face under tho tattered hood glowed pale like $\pi$ pictured saint,
Until at length she started, in wonder and surprise,
And tears came quickly welling up into the hazel cyes,
For there on the dusty parement, dropped by: some carcless hand,
Bearing its lond of treasure, to deck some chancel grond,
Lay a pure and porfoct lily, dainty, and fair, and white.
In its deep, sweet heart a dewdrop glowed in the clear daylight.

Quickly she seized the trensure, the sad brown cyes aclow,
Sobbing, as back sho hurried, "He laid it there, I know."
Hurried at first, then faltered, growing more weak each mile,
Slill the tired fect never rested. "Mamma," she said, " will smile."
Reached at last: were homo and mother. "I am sotired," sho said;
"Mamma is slecping so guiet $I$ will creep to her side in bed,
I am so cold and so tired, I, will lio down here and rest,
Firstill place in her hand the lily, she'll find it here at her breast."
And then the poor little maiden sank to her needed slecp,
And the angels gunded, the sleepers whose slumber was long and tieep,
Next morning the Enster ehorns sotred round cach architrivo churches. "IIe is risen !" the echoes gave.

But in tho lowly hovel tho sumshino strenmed and fell
And rested on child and motiter, who slept so long and well.
The sweet pale frees were upturned fair in the light of any;
In the nerveless hand of the mother the waxen lily lay.
Pinched wero the sleeping faces; to those who saw them, there
The whole sad tale wis written, a tule of want and carc.
Naught but cold and hunger for them had the earth to yicld-
Hunger, and cold, and hardship, and a grave in "Potters' nold."

"As I live, ye shall live also." 0 wonderful words that he saith!
Intohisblessed presence they had passed throurlh the gates of death.
O glorious Iaster morning! O joy!-He lives who died!
Mid the songs and the flowers of heaven was "Achsah's Daster-tide!"
dminy Baini Smales.

## EYES OPEN OR SIIUT

Two boys one morning took a walk with a matumist. "Do you notice mything pecalitu in the movements of those wasps ? he asked, as he pointed to a puddle in the middle of the road.
"Nothing except that thoy seem to come and go," replied one of the boys. The other was less prompt in his reply, but he had observed to somo purpose.
"I notice that they 1 ly away in pirs," he said. "One has in little pellet of mul, the other has nothing. Are there drones among wasps, as among bees?
"Both wero alike busy, and enel" went awny with a burden," replied the maturalist. "The one you thought a do-nothing had in mouthful of water. They reach then nest together ; the one deposits his pellet of mud, and the other ejects the water upon it, which makes it of tho consistency of mortar. They then padele it upon the nost, and ey away for more matorials." And then on the strength of this interesting incident; he gives this good ndvice: B3oys, cultivate the faculty of observation. He:u sharply-look keenly. Glanco at
at a shop window as you pass it, and
then try how many things you oan re-| the word,"she said. "Sho intends to call that younoticed in it. Opon your eyes spend her moncy for a half-dozen instruc vider when you stroll aeross the meadow. tive books, which she is going to lend to Thereare ten thousand interesting things the poor boys in the alley." to be seen. Animals, birds, plants and in- "If I could make thon good mon it sects, with their habits, intelligence and would be better than endy or bric-a-brac," peculiarities will command your admiration. said Sophy, earnestly. Yout mity not become great men through your observations, like Newton, Limmeus, Tranklin, or Sir Tlumphrey Divy, but you will açuure information that will bo of ser vice to you, and miko you wiser and quile probably better."-IF. IF. Stauffer.

## PLEASURT IN GIVING

The three Carey sisters were objects of onvy in the school. Each of then liad somewhat large allowance of money, which was intended to cover hor personal ex penses. It was the first yoar in which the allowance had been made, and at the close each of the givls found heiself with a little sum in himd.
"Wo can do what wo please with it!" exclaimed May. Sho rin for her hat, and hurrying to the candy-sliop, laid jn supply of dainty confections with which she treated all the girls in schwol.
Jine suid nothing, but sho spent no money in cindy. $A$ day or two later in annint old Japanese bronze appeared on her dosk.
"What aro you going to do with your sparo money?" she asked of Sophy, tho
oungest of the sister's.
Sophy grew red, but did not answer. May laughed.
"Sophy has an ambition to do rood in

Sho bought the books, gave thom to the boys, and went to their homes soveral times to explain and talk to them about the stories and pictures. One day, when the sisters were together, Jane asked :
"What became of the books, Sophy?" Soply shook hor head. "The boys tired of thom in a weok; and took no notice of them afterward,
"I have my bronze still," said Jane triumphantly. "It is a plensuro to mo wenever I see it Your cindy did no last long," she said to Jano, significantly "It inade us all happy while it did last," said May, latughing.
Sophy sat thinking when she was left alone. Fler little effort seemed to have been wasted. The good books latd made the boys no better. It had been useless as water spilled_upon the ground. Why not buy candy next month with her spare money ; or a pretty brome?

## And yet-

She loved thoso bad little fellows so much since she had tried to help them And they ran after hor now to speak to her -to shilie hands
Her color rose, and the tears camo into her eyes. "I will keep on my own way Ilike it better than bronzes or candy, nike it better than bro

EASTER MORNING.
The world itself keops Easter day, And Easter larks are singing, And Enster flowers aro blooming gay, And Enster buds are springing. The Lord of all things lives anew And all his works aro rising too.
Therestood three Marys by the tomb, On Easter morning carly, When day had searcely chased the gloom And dew was white and pearly, They came the Prince of Iife to find.
But earlier still the angel spod,
His words swect comfort giving;
And why," he snid, "among the dead, Thus seek ye for tho living?
Tho risen Jesus Iives again, Tho risen Jesus lives again, To save the souls of sinful men.",
The world itscif keeps Easter day, And Enster larks aro singing And Easter flowers are blooming gay, The Lord is risen, as all things tell, Whe hord is risen, as all things tell,
Good Christians, sec ye rise as well

## CHOOSING TIME.

## (Concludect.)

Mrs. Scammon started in the morning. She took her luncheon with her, and was to return in the late afternoon. Meantime Marion, while doing her daily tasks, was trying to think-no, I believe she was trying not to think-what lifo would seem trying not to think-what lifo would seem when this bright presence, from the far off
outside wolld of grace and culture and outside wonld of grace and
taste, would have banished.
The November winds would wail, the long, lonesome winter would close in, round the lonesome house at the foot of the hill, and she and her mother would be alone there again-the same, yet never quite the same, as before the stranger guest had come and gone.
In the nfternoon, when her work was done, she took her station at a window which commanded a full view of Sunshine Summit, armed with Mrs. Scummon's fieldglass, which she was permitted to use. After a while her keen, searching eyes saw the griceful figure making its' way downthe gricenul figure maing its way down-
ward, and watching it from:step to step. ward, and watching
Suddenly she cried,

Mother, she has fallen! Come!" Fear lent strength to Mrs. Grey; and the two spod on to the place where Mrs. Scammon had come to grief. She had had a lovely day, she said, had slipped in coming down, and sprained her ankle, but if Marion would be staff for her on that side, she should get home easily.
"It was so like you to see me," she said, smiling into Marion's face--"'you, with those cyes that see everything."
then came some weeks of confinement which Marion shared, whenever freedom from household tasks. But when Octobor came Mrs. Scammou's ankle was Octobor came Mrs. Scammou's ankle was
strong again, and the day was set, for her departure.
Marion was brightening the fire with pine cones, and drawing the crimson curtains before the windows to shat out the importunate wind, when Mrs. Scammon
said: "Marion, sit down please. I hive said: "Marion, sit down,
something to say to you."
Marion took a stool at Mrs. Scammon's feet.
"I have become strongly attached to you, Marion," the lady went on. "I had begun to think of asking you to come to
me, before the diy of ny accident. In me, fact, went to tho Summit to think it all out, quite as much as to see the view. I have seen still more of you during these past weeks; and now I have no doubt." "I munsed a moment, and then went on I and quite alone in the world. If you
will cone and share my life, I will give you will come and share my life, I will give you
every advantage., You have what people call genius ; but genius is nothing without call genius ; but genius is nothing without
study, and the opportunity to study. If you come to me, we will pass this winter in Rome. Youshall 'see visions and drenn
dreams.' I can give you all your mind crives-
"And I an give you nothing," Marion
answered, quietly. answered, quietly.
Yes, you can give me what you have given me nlready-love, and the elements
of youth in my life; the pleasure of companionship; tbe interest of watching your career ; nad-I want you."
"My mother!" The girl seemed hardly
|aware that she spoke, for the words were hardly more than a "whisper::
gently. "She will miss Scrmmon said, gently. "She will miss you; but you
would have to leave her if you married. She will be your mother always, and you will come back to see her often. Do not answer me to-night. Think of it all. Think what you owe to art-for Itruly believe you were meant to be an artist-what you owe to yourself, and whether even your mother would not rither you shoould have wings to fly, wi
under her eaves."

Marion took the white hand and held it a moment silently to her lips.
She went down stairs, and found her mother sitting before the fire in the tidy kitchen. Marion looked at the poor little woman in her black gown, with her' sad, shy eyes, and her folded, work-hardened hands, and, moved by a sudden impulse,
went and kissed her. Then she said goodnight, and went again upstairs, to her own chamber under the enves
Scarcely was she settled there when Mrs. Scammon went down to the kitchen in her turn, and unfolded to the mother all her plans for Marion. Sile dwelt on the shining gifts which were sure to make for the girl a high and honorable place in the world, if ouly they could be cultivated-on her own affection for her, and her power to
supply all her wants. Finally, she said : supply Marion married, Mrs. Grey, she would leave you, and only come to visit you, as she will come, if she goes with me. It is but anticipating things a little, for the girl's own good."
"Thank you ; thank you kindly," Mrs. Grey answered; but a dazed look was in
her eyes, and her voice trembled. Mrs. Scammon saw it was kindest to go away andleave her to workout the problemalone, with her strong heart and her feeble mind. For Marion, indeed, "choosing time" had come. It comes for all of us, at some time in our lives. Sooner or later we stand at some place where the road divides, and all heaven watches to see which path we take.
Hour after hour the girl lay and thought. Not every one knows how strong a true artistic instinct is-how desperately the painter loves his picture, the sculptor his Mrs. Statue poet his poem. M ronknew; Mrs. Scammon had poken of Romo ; and Marion had rend of those old, gray ruins
over which the blue Roman sky arches : of the stately halls in the Vatican, and museums and palaces, where immortal pictures hang, and where statues gleam in their white beauty.
It was in her power: to see it all-nowthis very winter; and if not now, then to her she could hear nothing but the noise t made. Rome-ruins-pictures-statues -she fairly gasped for breath. Then suddenly she cried out, a strong cry- "o no morc. She hardly knew whether she was crying to the father she had known on earth, or to that Father of All, eternal in earth, or to that Fither of Al, eternal in
the henvens. She was only aware of a great need for help and guidanco.
The winds that had been going mad nbout the house were hushed, and the October noon, whose face the clouds had been hiding, looked down into her window, out of a clear sky-and now her own soul whs cloar, too, and filled with light; and she She turned on her side and slept.
In the early morning Jane Grey stole upstairs, and stood in her daughter's room. "I have boen thinking all night, dear," he said, "and I have come to tell you to go. I see that it is best for you, and I shanl Ma proud of you, and that will comort me.
Marion sprang from her bed, with her bright, morning smile, and kissed her mother.
"It was not 'choosing time' for you, mother denr. It was for me : and I will tell you, by-and-by, how I have chosen.
You must not mind if I tell Mrs. Scammon You m
first."
Poor Mrs. Grey went away with just a touch of heartache. It never occurred to her that Marion could have made any choice but one ; and she was too unselfish to re-pine-but oh, if the cl
"You are sure you will never regret your choice?
two hours later
" "No, I shall not regret it-for IT know it is right. Don't think I did not care. I longed so to go with you! But, don't you last brenth father told me to take care of her. You do not need me, and the world will do very well without me to paint its pictures. But mother has only me. If father were hove still, I could have gone; but I cannot go and leave her all alone."
In three dins more Mrs. Scammon was far aray. She had left, as a parting gift to Marion, many books and photngraphs, and she sent others when she reached Boston. Then they heard of her as gone to Europe, accompanied by her young cousin; and after that there was utter silence from the world without, and Marion and her mother settled back into the old life: Only it was not quite the old life, for a door laad been opened out of it into the great world, and closed again.
Marion watched her mother, as the winter went on, with a more and more anxious tenderness ; for it seemed to her that the pale little woman grew constiutly paler and frailer. Not a day passed in which she did not say to herself, "Thank God that I am here to watch over her and care for her, instead of far away!
At last the winds of March stormed through the valleys and shook the old house at the foot of Sunshine Summit. One morning the mother woke with a look upon her face as if she had dreamed a wonderful dream. Her first movement a wakened Marion, who slept beside her. She leaned over her mother to hear what she was saying.

It was only a line from one of the books f poems Mrs. Scammon had left behind

## All in the wild March morning I heard them call my soul-

and then a sunile of recollection broke over her poor, pule face es she met Marion's eyes, and she said: "Good child, dear child! You have taken the best care of me, but you must not mind if I am glad to go to father."
Alnost with the words upon her lips she was gone. Her hold upon life had been so fruil that to loosen it cost little struggle. Marion dared not.grieve, even in her loneliness, for the smile on her clead face was of such joy and peace. She knelt beside the bed and cried

O Father in Heaven, I thank thee that I close aright, that I was here and not Youth's Companions Chandler Moulton, in Youth's Companion.

## THE CRUCIFIXION.

City of God! Jorusalem
Why rushes out thy living stream?
The turban'd priest. the holy seer,
The roman in his pride, are there.
And thousands, tens of thousands, still
Cluster round Calvary's wild hill.
Still onward rolls the living tide.
There rush the bridegroom and the bride : Prince, beggar, soldier, Pharisee, The old, theyoung, the bond, the free; The nation's furious multitude, All maddening with the ery of blood.
"Tis glorious morn-from height to height Shoot the keen arrows of the light; And glorious in their central shower Palaco of holiness and power The temple on Moriah's brow
Looks and now risen sun below.
Against them shall come forth a wail;
And woo to bridegroom and to bride! For denth shall on the whirlwind ride; And woe to thec, resplendent shrine, Tho sword is out for thee and thine.
Hide, hide thee in tho heavens, thou sun, Before the deed of blood is done! Ujon that tomples haughty steep Jorusalem's last angels weep; Thoy seo destruction's funcral pall,

Like tempests gathering on the shore, They hear the coming armies roar; Thoy seo in Zion's halls of state Tho sign that maketh desolateThe idol standard-Pagan spear, The tomb, the flamo, the massacre
They see the vengeance fall; the chain, Tho long, long ago of guilt and pain; The exile's thousand desperate ycars: The more than groins, the more than tear Jorusalem a vanished name, Her tribes earth's warning, scoff and shame.

Still pours along the multitude, Still rends the heavons the shout of blood : But in tho murderer's furious van Who totters on? A: weary man; A cross upon his shouldcrs bound-
His brow, his frame, one gushing wound.

And now he treads on Calvary.
What slave upon that hill must dio? What hand, what heart, in guilt imbrued, Must be the mountain vulture's food? There stand two victims gaunt and bare, Two culprit emblems of despair.
Yet who the third? The yell of shame Is frenzied at the sufferer's mame; Hands clenched, teeth grashing, yestures torn, The curse, tho tnunt, tho laugli of scorn, All that the dying hour can sting, Are round theenow, thou thorn-crowned Fing.

Iet curscd and.tortured, tnunted, spurned No wrath is for the wrath returned;
No vengcanco flashes from the eye;
The sufferer colmly waits to dic;
The seeptre-reed, the thorny crow
Makc on that pallid brow no frown.
At last the word of death is given, The form is bound, the nails are driven; Now triumph, Scribe and Pharisec!
Now, Romnn, bend the mocking knee.
The cross is reared. The deed is done;
There stands Messiah's earthly throne !
This was the earth's consummate hour For this had blazed the prophel's power ; For this had swept the conquer, restored Persepolis, Rome, Babylon,
For this ye sank, for this ye shone.
Yot things to which eartn's brightest beam
Were darkness-carth itself a dream;
Forehends on which shall crowns be laid Sublime, when sun and star shall fade; Worids upon worlds, eternal things, Hung on thy anguish-Fing of Kings !
Still from his lips no curse has come; His lofty cye has looked no doom; No carthquake burst, no angel brand, Scatters the black blaspheming band What say those lips, by anguish riven "God, be my murders forgiven!"
Ho dics! in whose high victory The slayer, death himself, shall dio. He dies! by whose all-conquering tread Shall yet be crushed the serpent's head; From:his proud throne to darkness hurled, The God and tempter of this world.'
Ho dics! Creation's awful Lord. Jehovah. Christ, Iternal WVord! To como in thunder from the skies To bid the buried world arise; Redecmer! may thy will be done

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