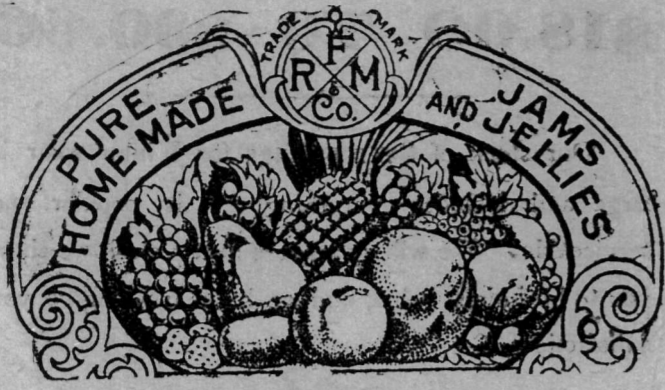


# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22, 1913

Vol. XLII, No. 4



MANUFACTURED BY  
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CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

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HAWTHORNE, N. Y.

July 8, 1912-31

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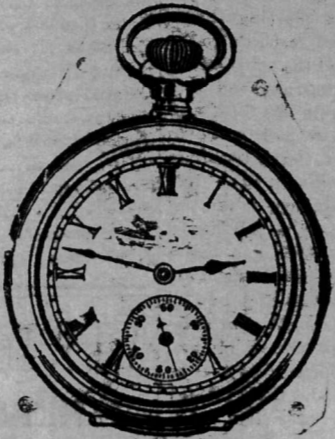
**HARD COAL—Different Sizes**

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Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Nov. 30 1910.



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**IN OUR OPTICAL DEPARTMENT** Each eye is tested separately and fitted with the special lense that is required and mountings wished for.

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Is supplied with many rings, brooches, lockets, chains, studs, spoons, trays, baskets, tea pots, novelties, etc., etc.

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Gilding and expert repairing done on the premises.

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## Reasons Why The C. B. C. Is The Best

The Charlottetown Business College's claims of superiority are not based on hot air, bombast or broadside bragging.

The equipment of this college is complete in every respect. There are enough typewriters, forms, etc. for every student, and therefore none are kept back and none especially favored. The teachers are the best that can be secured and the location ideal—right in the heart of the business district—the courses plain, practical and full of "usable" knowledge.

Students who graduate from this institution are QUALIFIED to cope with any problem that is placed before them in actual practice. This institution is the only one in the Province to turn out successful verbatim reporters.

The courses cover bookkeeping, auditing, typewriting, shorthand, brokerage, banking, business correspondence, navigation, engineering and Civil Service preparatory exams.

Of this family so well deserving of Holy Church, Right Rev. James Charles MacDonald, our deceased Bishop, was born at Lisary, near Mount Stewart, on the 15th of July, 1840. His early education was acquired in the public school of his native district, and somewhat later he entered the Central Academy in this city, from which he graduated with a teacher's license in the year 1863.

For a time he devoted himself to teaching school, giving to the instruction of youth the promising years of his early manhood, and at the same time strengthening, and as it were, solidifying his own character by the exercise of prudent authority over others. As a rule, school teaching in this Province is not a permanent occupation. Those who take it up usually pursue it only for a time, and make of it a stepping stone to some higher and more lucrative profession. So it happened in the case of him whose life's work we have under review. He did not long remain a mere teacher in the common schools, for other dreams and fancies came crowding in upon him. It was not the world however that was appealing to him. It was not its positions of emolument that he sighed for. It was something greater than the world

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We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

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Aug. 15 1906-3m

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Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law

## SERMON

(Delivered in St. Dunstan's Cathedral, at the "Month's Mind," of the late Bishop MacDonald, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1913, by Rev. J. C. McMillan, D. D.)

"God sacrificed him in his faith and meekness, and chose him out of all flesh. . . . He made an everlasting covenant with him, and gave him the priesthood of the nation, and made him blessed in glory." (Ecc. XLV., 4, 8.)

One of the most touching features in the world-wide action of the Catholic Church is the motherly care which she exercises over the dead. She follows her departed ones even into the house of their eternity, and keeps up with them a communication of prayer and sacrifice that seems to shorten the time of their sojourn in eternity, and at the same time to perpetuate their memory on earth.

About a month ago we were all assembled here to assist at the funeral of our late Bishop. With heavy hearts we committed his body to the grave, while our prayers accompanied his soul to the judgment seat. But Mother Church would not permit that our interest in his welfare should cease with the closing of the tomb in which his body lies at rest. She calls us together this morning for the service of the Month's Mind, and asks us to renew not our sorrow indeed, but our prayers and supplications in his behalf. She asks us to rehearse together the qualities of heart and mind that gave him a hold upon our esteem, for if filial love demands that we treasure up the memory of those whom we call father, it equally demands that we sometimes traverse the frontiers of silence and clothe these memories in words of praise and appreciation. Therefore, Brethren, it is of a father I am to speak to you, your father and mine; a father who was in his relations with all of us as simple as a child; a father who, sanctified in faith and meekness, looked out for worldly fame, but rather sought the seclusion of the hidden life where the soul communes freely and familiarly with its God. Hence, if any one has come here to listen to a rehearsal of deeds, that the world calls great, such a one will be disappointed; if any one expects a panegyric filled with startling facts and embellished with mental fancies, he too shall fall in his expectations. The world's criterion of greatness is of no service to us here, for he whose story I would tell was not a man of the world; he was a man of God. Let those who strive to solve the social problem say what they will, heredity plays a great part in the affairs of men. Whether traits of character and dispositions of mind and heart be transmitted in blood may be indeed a moot question; but that the customs and traditions of a people have much to do in forming the character of its youth is a truth proclaimed by the experience of all the ages. The Bishop, whose death we mourn, was descended of a people whose family traditions were gilded with the solid gold of faith. In the Highlands of Scotland they suffered much for conscience sake, and when at last conditions there had grown intolerable they initiated their dispossessed cousins of the sister Island and emigrated to America. The first English speaking priest to live permanently in Prince Edward Island was a son of that devoted people, while the first native Islander related to the priesthood was a near relative, and since his day how many priests in this Diocese of Charlottetown have entwined a wreath of sanctity and devotedness around the old Catholic family name, MacDonald?

Of this family so well deserving of Holy Church, Right Rev. James Charles MacDonald, our deceased Bishop, was born at Lisary, near Mount Stewart, on the 15th of July, 1840. His early education was acquired in the public school of his native district, and somewhat later he entered the Central Academy in this city, from which he graduated with a teacher's license in the year 1863. For a time he devoted himself to teaching school, giving to the instruction of youth the promising years of his early manhood, and at the same time strengthening, and as it were, solidifying his own character by the exercise of prudent authority over others. As a rule, school teaching in this Province is not a permanent occupation. Those who take it up usually pursue it only for a time, and make of it a stepping stone to some higher and more lucrative profession. So it happened in the case of him whose life's work we have under review. He did not long remain a mere teacher in the common schools, for other dreams and fancies came crowding in upon him. It was not the world however that was appealing to him. It was not its positions of emolument that he sighed for. It was something greater than the world

that laid siege to his heart and beckoned him onward and upward. In a word, it was the grace of vocation that came gently knocking at the door of his soul, claiming entrance therein for God had sanctified him in his faith and meekness, and chosen him out of all flesh. He had made an everlasting covenant with him and gave him the priesthood of the nation. Who can follow the wonderful movements of God's grace as it leads a young man out of all flesh. Who can discern all the circumstances that secretly yet effectively raise him from the level of his fellows to that higher place whereon stands the Altar of God? It conquered St. Paul on the road to Damascus, and at a time when he was 'breathing out threatenings and slaughter' against the disciples of the Lord. He struck by a light from Heaven, and overcome by the shock he falls to the earth a persecutor of the Christians and rises up an Apostle of the Divine Master. By this miracle of grace God burned into his very soul the stamp of his calling and made him a vessel of election to bear the tidings of faith to nations 'sitting in the valley of the shadow of death.'

This however is not God's usual way. With the rank and file of the clergy he acts with less ostentation. He leads his chosen ones as it were by the hand, gradually and mysteriously unfolding to them the secret of his choice. Perhaps he sends a quiet inspiration of his Holy Spirit, giving to the chosen soul deeper insights into things eternal; again he may impress upon it a sweet inclination, drawing it by golden ties near and nearer to himself; or yet he may vouchsafe to grant it a wondrous vision showing through half lighted avenues of grace glimpses of that distant land where he dwells in glory with the saints. Let it come as it may, it is the most wonderful of God's relations with the souls redeemed by his blood; let it be what it may, it came to the young James Charles MacDonald at his work in the country school, filling his fervent soul with new resolves, and forthwith the teacher is merged in the student as he enters St. Dunstan's College to drink at the crystal fount of higher knowledge. Again we find him in the Grand Seminary of Montreal, where he spent three years in the study of sacred doctrine in immediate preparation for the Holy Priesthood. On the 4th of July, 1873, he was ordained priest by the late Bishop McIntyre, having for companion of his ordination the late Father Macmillan of saintly memory, who died a few years ago at St. Theresa's. Immediately after his ordination, Father Charles, as he was then called, was appointed Professor at St. Dunstan's College, and remained there two years. He was then named Pastor of the Parish of Georgetown, to which was annexed the Mission of All Saints at Cardigan Bridge, and also for a short time the Missions of Sturgeon and St. Theresa's. This position he filled for nine years, during which time he attended with scrupulous regularity to the duties of his sacred office, edifying his people by the fervor of his piety and winning for himself a place in their affection that continues ever bright and green despite the changing hues of passing years.

During his pastorate in Georgetown affairs at St. Dunstan's College were far from satisfactory. The home of learning that had achieved wonders for the Diocese in its earlier years had fallen from the proud position it had long occupied. The number of students had greatly diminished; the course of studies had lost much of its former thoroughness, while the financial condition of the institution left much to be desired. Something had to be done, and that without delay, if St. Dunstan's was to be saved from utter ruin. It was evident that only a man of energy and business capacity could hope to grapple successfully with the situation, and accordingly Father Charles was summoned from Georgetown and became Rector of St. Dunstan's. From the day he assumed office a change was noticeable in the institution. A new enthusiasm filled the air; the joy of convalescence was everywhere apparent, and gradually the College rose from the slough of despond into which it had fallen and entered upon an era of progress and prosperity which continues till this day.

Meanwhile Bishop McIntyre was growing old and infirm. The marvellous energy which he had displayed in the administration of diocesan affairs for well nigh thirty years had sensibly diminished; the elasticity of youth had abandoned him, and he found it necessary to apply for a coadjutor bishop who would lessen the hardships of his declining years, by abating with him in the burdens of the Episcopate. Of all the clergy of his diocese the Rector of St. Dunstan's College seemed to him the most suitable for the position. Indeed it may be said that he set his mind upon him, and upon him alone, and the Holy See having approved his choice, Father

Charles was in the year 1890 promoted Titular Bishop of Iria and Coadjutor, with right of succession to the Bishop of Charlottetown. The following spring witnessed the sudden death of Bishop McIntyre, when his Coadjutor at once laid aside the title Bishop of Iria and succeeded to the See of Charlottetown. He sanctified him in his faith and meekness, and chose him out of all flesh. He made an everlasting covenant with him, and gave him the priesthood of the nation, and made him blessed in glory.

Twenty years have since elapsed, and how much good accomplished by him in that interval of time—how much good accomplished in his own quiet, humble, unassuming ways, the records of his life would testify. He was the ideal of a bishop, and his life a lesson to all who would follow in his footsteps.

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## NEVER NEGLECT A HEADACHE.

Headache is not a disease in itself, but is often a source of great suffering, and its presence is likely symptomatic of some disease lurking in the system. To get rid of the headache, and thus prevent more serious troubles, it is absolutely necessary to cleanse the system of all waste and poisonous matter, and keep the bowels well open, the clogging of the bowels being one of the principal causes of headache. Burdock Blood Purifiers regulates the bowels, and makes their movement free and natural. A cure for headache: a medicine that cures where others fail.

Mrs. L. Banks, Mt. Hanley, N.S., writes:—"Several years ago I was a constant sufferer from headache. It would all run down, and then come back again any day. I read of Burdock Blood Purifiers, and I tried it. It cured me entirely, and I feel better in every way. I can safely recommend B.B.P."

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and gilds the tender soul with the light of trusting faith even before the fire of reason has burst into full flame. We seek it in other rare instances, and we marvel at it always, especially in private, whose duty it is, or shall I say, whose misfortune it is to be ever examining matters of faith and trying to unfold their hidden meaning to others. One by one we bring the sterner truths captive to the tribunal of reason, thus developing within ourselves a proud spirit of criticism at the expense of that simple trust that lies like nature's moisture at the top of our real faith. By force of habit we grow critical and we wonder how others can accept these same truths with an unquenching trust and confidence simplicity that charms the heart of God and proclaims the presence of real faith, the victory that overcometh the world."

(Concluded on second page)

## A Sensible Merchant.

Millburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Millburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

Pa—So you want to marry my daughter. Are you in a position to support a family. Saitor—Er—how many of you are here?

Minard's Liniment cures neuralgia.

Bubbles has bought two new machines—one for himself and one for his wife. 'Tha's generous.' 'Well, you see her machine keeps his going.' 'How's that?' 'Her's is a sewing machine.'

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Lawyer—Are you acquainted with the prisoner? Witness—I've known him two years. Lawyer have you ever known him to be a disturber of the public peace? Witness—Well—er—he used to belong to a five and drum band.

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Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

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Those who have never been troubled with kidney trouble do not know the suffering and misery which they attended. Weak, lame or aching back comes from the kidneys, and when the kidneys are out of order the whole system becomes deranged.

Doan's Kidney Pills go right to the seat of the trouble, and make their action regular and natural. Miss Mary Daley, Pennfield Ridge, N.B., writes—"I now take great pleasure in expressing myself for the benefit I have obtained from your wonderful medicine, Doan's Kidney Pills. Having been a sufferer with kidney trouble for the last ten years, and having spent hundreds of dollars in the so-called 'Quack' cures, from which I derived no benefit whatever, and after having taken five boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, I at once purchased a box, and from the first obtained relief, and after having taken five boxes am now completely cured." Doan's Kidney Pills are 25 cents per box, or three boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of notice by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. When ordering specify "Doan's."

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 23, 1913.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR. TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50 PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 81 QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

Irish Home Rule.

After a long stern battle the Irish Home Rule Bill passed the Imperial House of Commons on Thursday evening last by a majority of 110. The debate on the final stage of the bill opened on Wednesday afternoon, and the occasion was marked by two speeches, seldom excelled in the House of Commons. They were by the Prime Minister, Herbert H. Asquith and Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, former Leader of the Opposition. These two have no equals as parliamentarians. Other speakers representing all parties followed. Finally the debate was adjourned until the following day, when the division was taken.

The division on Thursday was preceded by another series of brilliant speeches by the political leaders among whom were Frederick E. Smith, and the Solicitor General, Sir John A. Simon, two of the cleverest among the younger members, and the veterans, John E. Redmond, Timothy Healy and Augustine Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland. There were two divisions. Mr. Balfour's motion for its rejection was defeated 258 to 368, while the third reading was carried by a vote of 367 to 257, one member on each side leaving the House in the interval.

When the figures were announced, the Nationalists waved hats, handkerchiefs and papers and cheered lustily for Premier Asquith and Mr. Redmond. The latter, who is usually impassive, was carried away by the enthusiasm of his followers and entered into the spirit of the demonstration as effusively as they. Those who crowded the lobby received the figures with another roar of welcome and followed this by cheering the bill itself as a copy was carried by an official from the Commons to the Lords. The Upper House met especially to receive the measure and formally passed its first reading.

Mr. Redmond declared that the Nationalists refused to regard Ulster men as anything but brothers, and he invited them to join with the Nationalists in the emancipation and the government of their common country. He went on: "I believe that in spite of the House of Lords the Home Rule Bill is going to pass into law within the lifetime of this parliament. The House of Lords, we know, is going to throw it out, but although the Lords still have teeth they cannot bite." He concluded: "For myself and my colleagues this is a very serious and solemn moment. Many of us have sat in this house with one single object in view for more than thirty years."

The Naval Aid Bill.

The debate on the naval aid bill was resumed in the House of Commons, Ottawa, on the reassembling of Parliament on Tuesday of last week, and was continued till the close of the week. The Government members have practically concluded their side of the argument and the Liberals will now be responsible for whatever further time of the House will be consumed in this debate. The Government side, of course, will be ready with such retorts as occasion may demand. Beyond this they will let the Liberals fire away. The greater part of the

discussion on the Opposition side has been devoted to misrepresentation of the real facts of the question under review. The general trend of their argument is to the effect that no emergency exists, and that the present Government proposition embraces their permanent naval policy.

The Government, surely, are in a better position than the Opposition to decide these phases of the question. But notwithstanding the Government's solemn and repeated declarations, the evidence embraced in the Admiralty memorial, and the additional knowledge acquired by frequent private conferences with the Imperial naval experts, one member after another on the Opposition side rises and reiterates the same untenable sophistry regarding the whole matter. They have loaded down Hansard with this manner of discussion. How much longer will they keep it up?

New French President.

Raymond Nicolas Landry Poincare, for the last twelve months Premier of France, was elected President of the Republic on Friday last by the National assembly composed of members of both chambers of Parliament convened in the Chateau at Versailles for the purpose of choosing a President. He succeeds in the Presidency Armand Fallieres, whose seven years term expires on February 18. Premier Poincare was chosen president on the second ballot, his plurality over his nearest competitor, Jules Pams, minister of agriculture, being 187. The deciding vote stood as follows:—Raymond Poincare, 483; Jules Pams, 296; Vaillant, 69.

Raymond Poincare's first words upon being officially informed of his election as President of France were: "I shall try to show myself worthy of the confidence of the National Assembly. I shall forget without effort the struggles of yesterday, and at all times to be an impartial administrator." This utterance came when Antonin Dubost, the president of the national congress in an apartment adjoining the voting hall, read from a parchment the official record of the election which was signed by M. Dubost and eight secretaries.

Raymond Poincare's selection for the Presidency of France, although made by a parliament, as required by the constitution, is regarded as representing as well the popular will of the nation. Poincare, France's foremost statesman, is now in his 53 year. He is of medium height and sturdily built. Above all he radiates an impression of force, both physically and intellectual. He is modest in conversation, cheerful and patient, and concentrates his full attention upon the person to whom he is talking. M. Poincare's large, luminous eyes are the most striking feature of a face which suggests tenacity and determination. He is versatile and comes of a family distinguished in science and literature. The president-elect himself is a philosopher, a writer and a member of the French Academy, with a notable career in French law circles.

Premier Poincare's personal qualities drew to his ministry a most extraordinary group of French public men among them being Aristide Briand, Alexandre Millerand, Leon Bourgeois and Theophile Delcasse, and he is known to Frenchmen as a strong man. The cabinet of Premier Poincare is regarded as a radical one, steadfastly opposed to socialism. The most important feature of the recent domestic policy of the ministry was a change in the electoral system, including proportional representation of all parties and voting in the largest districts.

Rev. Dr. McMillan's Sermon

(Concluded.)

This splendid gift our deceased Bishop possessed in a marvelous degree. He was a man of intense faith. He found the imprint of the finger of God in all those events that proved most apt to impute to human activities and adorn the ever watchful providence that shapes our ends, rough hews them as we will. Time, with its multiplied experience, never dimmed the serene lustre of this faith, but tended rather to invest it with new and deeper beauty. This was particularly noticeable during his last illness. While his mind was clear and unclouded he grew great in his trust of God, and he seemed to feel the presence of that unseen world whose borders he already touched in his halting march to the grave. As his illness progressed and his intellect, overshadowed under a cloud of mental obscurity, wandered helplessly and passively back and forth in that mysterious realm where mind and sense unite to weave the web of perception, one thing only could arouse to apparent realization of his condition, and that was the presence of Our Blessed Lord in Holy Communion. At that moment he would seem once more himself; his face would glow with the light of other years; the vacant stare gave place to a look of conscious interest as the Eucharistic God, traversing the barriers of time and space, came to dwell in the heart of his faithful and devout servant. Thus at least in habitual faith he was able to receive Holy Communion down to the end.

His faith was strong because it was rooted in a humble opinion of himself for some one has defined faith as humility of the intellect. Bishop Macdonald was above all things else a man of humility, and this constitutes the principle charm of his life, as it appears to me in the retrospect. God sanctified him in his faith, but he sanctified no less in his humility and made him a shining example of this rarest of virtues. He labored quietly for God and no thought of self came to mingle its alloy with the disinterested purity of his motives. Outward display held no charms for him. If he wished to appear at all it was only in the sanctuary, where, clothed in the 'vesture of holiness,' he honored 'the priesthood of the nation.' These petty devices sometimes called into play to catch the public eye or win the empty meed of passing applause, were utterly foreign to his subdued taste. He took well to heart St. Paul's advice to his beloved Timothy: 'But thou, O Man of God, by these things and pursue quietness, godliness, faith, charity, patience, mildness.' I Tim. VI. This trait in his character brought him into closest touch with the clergy. With us he was in every sense a brother, seeking no special distinction for himself, but vying with one and all in a holy rivalry for preeminence in the virtue of humility. 'He that is the greater among you let him become as the younger, and he that is leader as he that serveth,' is the advice given by Jesus Christ to his followers, and few there are who, standing on the commanding heights of office, weave it into the tissue of their daily lives as did our dearly beloved father and friend, the late Bishop of Charlottetown. This is no mere pious exaggeration. Neither is it the outpouring of a heart that speaks under the spell of tender memories, eschewing fact for the sake of sentiment. My intention is not to proclaim him absolutely without weakness, or even to say that he was entirely free from these petty vanities which we all deplore in ourselves. I would not point other than he was. He was a man. He was cast in the mould of our common sin-laden humanity; he was heir to its weaknesses and its imperfections, but in him they were clothed in a robe of holy self-effacement that would make even vice itself lean to virtue's side.

It is a strange fact, but true nevertheless, that seldom in the lifetime of our friends do we express to them our affection in words. As a rule we are quite ready to find fault; but how sparing are we in expressions of true regard. Many a time a feeling of just appreciation comes into our hearts and seems eager to spring to our lips, but with miserly care we hoard it within us; we surround it with a wall of stony silence, and the friend whom we loved goes down to his grave listening in vain for that unspoken word. How better an act of true regard in life than a wreath of flowers in death; how better an expression of real love to a living

friend than a studied eulogy over his grave. It may have been so in the case of our dear good Bishop. We may not have appreciated him at his true worth, at least I am quite sure we must have failed in giving expression to our appreciation, and in all probability he has passed through life without realizing the strong hold he had upon our affections and the warm place he occupied in the inner sanctuary of our hearts. But as the poet says: 'We know him now; all narrow jealousies Are silent; and we see him as he moved, How modest, kindly, all accomplished, With what sublime repression of himself And in what limits, and how tenderly; Not swaying to this faction or to that; Not making his high place the less less; Of winged ambition, nor a vantage ground For pleasure; but through all this tract of years Wearing the white flower of a blameless life Before a thousand peering little-nesses In that fierce light which beats upon a throne And blackens every blot.'

If we recall our relations with our deceased Bishop, we discover that we have failed to testify our appreciation during his lifetime, let us now in the bonds of true charity endeavor to make up for this mistake. Let us manifest the esteem that we failed to express in life by an active interest in his welfare, now that he is gone from us. Let us as members of his flock prove our love by the fervor and constancy of our prayers in his behalf. Prayers in his behalf! I fancy I hear some one exclaim: Was he not the anointed of the Lord; was he not invested with the priesthood of the nation; was he not placed by the Holy Ghost to rule the Church; was he not a Bishop called into fellowship with the Apostles themselves; why then ask our prayers in his behalf, why proclaim that our assistance is necessary to stay the hand of God's justice and obtain for our departed father in Christ a place of refreshment, light and peace? He was the Anointed of the Lord; he was a priest, was a ruler in the Church; he was Bishop, he was all that, and it is for that reason particularly that I appeal to your charity today, and ask you to emblazon the memory of our dear Bishop in the sweet and gentle fragrance of your pious prayers. It were a strange idea that because a person is placed in high position he is thus rendered proof against danger, or that because he is raised to the priesthood or episcopate his salvation is for that reason secure. Strange idea indeed, but one I fear too common, and for aught I know one that proves the occasion for many a poor priest to languish in the prison of Purgatory without a voice raised to implore his release. M. D. B. Let us have no delusions on this point. The call of God does not necessarily imply assurance of salvation, nor does the privilege of high position in the Church guarantee the possession of sanctifying grace. The one who is called to serve God in the sanctuary must render a stricter account than that of the common people, because he is set up as a light to guide others, and is charged with duties at the sight of which even the angels of God might tremble. He stands as it were on the dizzy heights of the mountain top exposed to wilder storms and fiercer sunlight than are those who live in the tranquil seclusion of the valley beneath, and hence it is so much easier for him to lose his moral balance and fall into the abyss that yawns at his feet. Besides, in the man of the world grave faults may sometimes be reputed of small consequence, because they bear the stamp of extenuating circumstances which seem to diminish their gravity, while in the priest or bishop there is no place for extenuation. He is judged according to his fuller light and graver responsibilities; and the spot that is barely noticeable on the robe of the layman becomes shocking to moral sense if it is found to stain the immaculate sheen of a priestly vestment. Therefore it is no slight to our beloved Bishop's memory to admit the possibility of his need. It is not a want of appreciation of his many good qualities that leads me to proclaim this fact; it is not a distrust of the mercy of God that prompts me to look with enquiring eye upon the mist that clouded his whither he is gone. I fancy I

hear those words of St. Paul echoing down the ages: 'Take heed to yourselves, and to the whole flock, wherein the Holy Ghost has placed you Bishops to rule the Church of God, which he hath purchased with his own blood.' (Acts XX, 28), and impressed with the grave responsibility they entail, I feel how terrible is the account demanded of our good Bishop at the aspending tribunal of Jesus Christ, and how difficult it must be for mortal man, invested with duties so grave, to abide the scrutiny of the all-seeing eye of God, which 'is more piercing than a two edged sword, and reaching to the division of the soul and the spirit, of the joints also, and the marrow, and is a discerner of the thoughts and intents of the heart.' This is why I seem to forget for the moment that I began by praising a man of renown, who had some role in his dominions, to remain but only the possibility of his needs, and I ask you again, D. B., and again, and I do so with all the emphasis of heart and soul, to implore high heaven in his behalf, and cease not your prayers till there comes to you an intense, well founded conviction that at last he rests happy with God. Oh that my voice could go out over the whole diocese to every child he has confirmed, every mourner he has consoled, every penitent he has relieved, every parent he has advised, every youth he has directed, every sinner he has reclaimed, and I would feel them all. Remember the good works he performed in the flesh, and pay them back with the charity of your prayers. Let no one imagine that these prayers may not be of service to us. It may be indeed that our dear Bishop does not need them, because he is already in the full enjoyment of the vision of God; but our prayers will not be lost on that account. As the poet says of the bear's affections, prayer 'If it reach not the heart of another, Its waters returning Back to their springs, like the rain shall fill them full of refreshment.' Consoling to us is that article of our faith, the Communion of Saints. It tells us that there is no separation among the members of Holy Church. Whether they have passed by the portals of death and are already admitted to the joys of heaven, or whether they are yet detained in the prison of purgatory, or whether they are still fighting the good fight on earth, all are members of one great family, of which Almighty God is the father and Jesus Christ the eldest brother. There is therefore a union of sentiment and a solidarity of interest between all these conditions of membership, and whatsoever be the place we occupy for the time being, our welfare is a matter of concern for all the others. Our Bishop who now lies at rest in still a member of the Church, says he is still vested with the priesthood of the nation, and brings with him into the house of his eternity, a conscious interest in the people whom he loved and for whom he labored; and when by our charity we have followed him in prayer even to the portals of the Church triumphant, gratitude, lighted up by the splendor of God, will not permit him to forget us when he is numbered with the blessed. If he doth much for us here, much more shall he be able to obtain for us there, and from the watchtowers of the Heavenly Jerusalem he will look down upon his diocese and aid us priests and people in our journey to eternity. God grant that we may thus witness a good and glorious reunion, that we may see our beloved Bishop once more at the head of his flock, while the moral requirements of earth's associations die away amid the joyful hosannas of the blessed in glory, world without end. Amen.

Hon. Martin Burrell has given notice of a resolution providing \$100,000 during the ten years ending March 31, 1914 for the purpose of aiding and advancing the farming industry by instruction in agriculture, including work carried on by veterinary colleges. The government thus is energetically fulfilling its promise to aid agriculture. This sum by far the largest ever devoted to the country's basic industry, is specially intended to promote educational work, which will proceed along the lines laid down by C. C. James as a result of his survey of the industry over the entire Dominion. It is understood that Hon. Mr. Burrell and Mr. James have worked out a well defined scheme for the expenditure of the money on extremely practical lines. The distribution of the grant will be largely on the basis of population.

The Postmaster General of Canada has announced that he is about to introduce the parcel post system into this country. Parcel post has recently been inaugurated in the United States, and Canada's Postmaster is studying the workings of the system in the neighboring Republic before definitely adopting regulations. Hon. Dr. Roche, Minister of the Interior, has given notice that it is the intention of the Federal Government to inaugurate a department of health. Whether it shall be an independent department or connected with another has not yet been decided.

The Market Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter, Eggs, Pork, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, etc.

W. J. P. McMillan, M.D. Physician & Surgeon

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 148 PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN. June 15, 1910-11



Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 21st February, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, as required times per week each way, between Port Hill Post Office and Port Hill Railway Station, from the pleasure of the Postmaster General.



Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 21st February, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, over Rural Route No. 2, from Montague, Prince Edward Island, to commence at the Postmaster General's pleasure.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York. Combined Assets \$100,000,000. Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses. JOHN MACBACHER, AGENT. Telephone No. 362. Mar. 22nd, 1905.

JAMES H. REDDIN, Barrister, etc.

Has Removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets. Collections attended to. Money to loan. Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1911-6m

Winter Overcoats Made-to-Order \$18.00 TO \$30.00

Our stock of Overcoatings for Winter wear is large and includes everything that is popular and serviceable. We will guarantee every cloth we show you to be honest value, and we know it will give you satisfaction.

Meltons and Beavers

In Black, Blue and Plain Greys in light and dark shades. In TWEEDS, we have all newest patterns and colors, Dark Greys, Browns, in plain and in patterns, also nice Grey and Brown mixtures.

We will make you a nice Overcoat at any price from \$18.00 to \$30.00. We will make it in any style you wish, and we will guarantee to give you a perfect fit with lots of style, and first class workmanship.

Have your Overcoat made to your order here and you will have double the satisfaction, wear and good looks, that you can get in a "Ready-made," and you will be saving money in the end as well.

MacLellan Bros. TAILORS AND FURNISHERS

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold by public Auction, in front of the Court House, Souris, in King's County, on Saturday, the Twenty-second day of February, A. D. 1913, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon: ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land situated lying and being as New Harmony aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: To wit: Bounded on the North by land now or formerly in possession of Jace Fleming, on the West by the New Harmony Road, on the South by the third tract of land above described, and on the East by land now or formerly in possession of Peter McDonald, containing 50 acres of land, a little more or less.

Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 21st March, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, between Montague and Murray Harbor North, to commence at the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 7th March, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, over the Souris East rural mail route No. 1, to commence at the Postmaster General's pleasure.

# L. J. REDDIN

Is offering the following liberal discounts on his stock of

## General Dry Goods

and takes this opportunity to thank all those who have patronized him in the past—wishing all a Happy and Prosperous New Year. The following are the Discounts:


<b>Linens 20 per cent</b> Dress and Table. Also Towelling.	<b>Cottons 20 per cent</b> White, Unbleached and Print Cottons.	<b>Dress Goods</b> From 20 to 25 per cent.
<b>Flannels 20 p. c.</b>	<b>FLANNELETTES</b> and Wrapperettes 20 per cent	<b>Hosiery 20 p. c.</b> (including Penman's.)
<b>Furs</b> All the new Furs 25 p. c., and all Fur Coats, Ladies' and Gents, at a liberal discount.	<b>Millinery</b> This department paid well, so we can afford to offer you the balance at Half Price.	<b>Men's Dep't.</b> All Overcoats and Suits at Cost to clear. Shirts, Ties, Collars, Braces, etc., 20 per cent off.

As all Sales put on by me in the past have been successful, I have no doubt that a confident public will quickly avail themselves of this special opportunity.

"My Store" **L. J. REDDIN.**  
117 Queen St  
January 8, 1913

The HOME of QUALITY

## WINTER OVERCOATS



**\$8.00** College  
**\$10.00** Overcoats  
**\$12.00** at a  
and Big  
**\$15.00** Saving

For the Farmer's Wife

We want every woman on P. E. Island to read this offer.

**200 YARDS**  
Homespun Blanketing  
72 inches wide, \$1.00 a yard for 79c.

Special offer of 150 yards Drugget worth 48 to 55c. for 39c.

## PATON'S

Victoria Row. Phone 96  
Dec. 11, 1912

### LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS.

Premier Matheson and Hon. A. E. Trevelyan are in Ottawa.

It is announced from Melbourne Australia, that Prof. Lowe, the South Australian astronomer, has discovered a new comet.

The Burns anniversary entertainment will be held in the Opera House here, on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week, 23rd and 24th inst.

The steamship Uranium has been sailed off the rocks at Chebucto Head, Halifax harbor, and is now in the dock at Halifax.

Robert McLean of Chicago, on last Friday night, made a new world's ice skating record, going 440 yards in 38.75 seconds.

Word comes from Brantford, Ontario, that Matilda La France is dying there at the age of 109 years, probably the oldest woman in Canada.

The Earl Grey, which had been plying between Georgetown and Picton for some time, arrived at Charlottetown from Picton at 11.20 Yesterday forenoon, and returned to Picton this morning.

Information has been received of the founding of a Danish ship, 50 miles from Plymouth, England on Dec. 26th during a hurricane, with the loss of all hands.

Western Canada is experiencing the coldest weather this winter. Even some points in British Columbia are going below zero. Regina is 43 below, Prince Albert, 44; Battleford, 42; Moose Jaw, 51; Edmonton, 38; Calgary, 37; Winnipeg, 26 and Fort Arthur, 12. This was on the 20th.

On Sunday last, Feast of the Holy Name, the Society of that name approached Holy Communion in a body in St. Donat's Cathedral. In the evening a special service was held in the cathedral, when Rev. J. F. Johnson preached an excellent and appropriate sermon. The services concluded with solemn Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

Five persons were killed when a boiler on the steamer Madonna exploded, according to a wireless dispatch received on the 17th at Fayal. The message also stated that the vessel was proceeding towards Algiers. The Madonna, a French passenger and freight steamer left New York on January 8th, for Algiers and Marseilles.

The market was not very largely attended yesterday and prices on the whole, were not much changed. There was a lower tendency in the butter and egg prices. Butter did not go beyond 28 cents, and eggs ran from 25 to 28 cents. Pork was 10 cents, and other staples about the same as previous quotations.

The peace negotiations between the Turks and the Balkan States are not yet concluded, and there appears to be no certainty as to whether or not there shall be a renewal of hostilities.

This information comes from Liverpool, under date of Jan. 17: The captain and mate of the British steamer Anchenarden perched on her propeller, twenty feet above water, refused to leave the vessel today after she had sunk in the month of the Morsey as a result of a collision with the British steamer La Blanca. The Anchenarden, which was just leaving port, collided with the La Blanca, steaming to Liverpool from Halifax and a great many friends gathered to do them honor. The celebration, which was on an extensive scale, began with the celebration of Holy Mass in the house of their son—Father John A. J. of Grand River Lot 41st—while the jubilation and other of the family assisted. Many presents were received by the happy couple on the interesting occasion, including a purse of gold from clerical friends which was presented by Father McLaughlin, pastor of St. Andrew's. Mr. MacDonald is 80 years of age, and Mrs. MacDonald 82. The happy old couple are enjoying excellent health notwithstanding their advanced age, and are as bright and active as persons many years their juniors. We extend our congratulations and best wishes for many more happy years.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

In a bye-election for the Nova Scotia Legislature held in the County of Antigonish on Friday last, the Conservative candidate, O'Brien, was elected by a majority of over 300. This makes three bye-elections which the Murray Government have lost since the general election, less than two years ago. The vacancy was caused by the appointment of Mr. Gerroir to the Senate.

Mr. and Mrs. Angus MacDonald, of Garaballa, near Mount Stewart celebrated the diamond jubilee of their marriage on Wednesday of last week at their home and a great many friends gathered to do them honor. The celebration, which was on an extensive scale, began with the celebration of Holy Mass in the house of their son—Father John A. J. of Grand River Lot 41st—while the jubilation and other of the family assisted. Many presents were received by the happy couple on the interesting occasion, including a purse of gold from clerical friends which was presented by Father McLaughlin, pastor of St. Andrew's. Mr. MacDonald is 80 years of age, and Mrs. MacDonald 82. The happy old couple are enjoying excellent health notwithstanding their advanced age, and are as bright and active as persons many years their juniors. We extend our congratulations and best wishes for many more happy years.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

# A Great Alteration Sale!

To protect and accommodate the great growth of this business it became necessary for us, some time ago, to secure the building next door to our old stand. Part of this we have occupied for some years—the remainder we are now getting ready to use.

THE CONTRACTORS ARE NOW AT WORK in the new part, and they will practically rebuild the structure. Their presence in the building demands three things—more room—some means of avoiding dust damage to the goods—and, above all, much money, in order that we may secure all of these three in the quickest possible time; we are opening this great ALTERATION SALE.

This all means that in every corner of the store, every line of goods (with only a scant half dozen of trifling exceptions)—our whole stock is offered at the great discounts mentioned below.

It is understood that there will be no goods sold on credit during this sale—that goods cannot be sent out on approval, and that terms will be cash in every case.

We will have an ample staff to take charge of the enormous business that will result from this great offering—and we will merely ask you to shop as early each day as you can possibly make it convenient.

## Seventy Thousand Dollar Stock Discounted

### ONE-THIRD OFF ALL THESE LINES!

HERE IS A KIND OF GUIDE BOARD to show you what items are reduced One-third during the GREAT ALTERATION SALE. There are choice goods all over the store—all new, all attractive, all desirable—which you will find mentioned here—some are more fully described in another section of this advertisement—others not.

One third off Dress Trimmings	One third off Ostrich Plumes and Tips	One third off Cushion Forms
One third off Buttons	One third off Cloth Tams	One third off White Luce
One third off Smallwares	One third off Ladies' Cloth Coats	One third off Allover Lace
One third off Hair Switches	One third off Misses' Cloth Coats	One third off Veilings
One third off Hair Rolls	One third off Ladies' Silk Skirts	One third off Aviation Caps
One third off Cushion Corbs	One third off Silks	One third off Child's Headwear
One third off Embroidery Hoops	One third off Millinery Ribbons	One third off Tullies, etc.
One third off Black Lace	One third off Shell Hair Goods	One third off Child's Cloth Coats
One third off Embroidery Handkerchiefs	One third off Hair Puffs	One third off Cloth Skirts
One third off Ladies' Neckwear	One third off Stamped Linens	One third off Ling-rie Waists

## During the Great Alteration Sale

25 per cent. Off 20 p. c. Discount 25 per cent. Off

This offer means that on every dollar purchase you make a saving of 25 cents. The discount is given you on desirable goods all over the store—practically every line is discounted—and a large proportion at Twenty-five per cent.

- 25 per cent off all Dress Goods
- 25 per cent off all Linings
- 25 per cent off Dress Muslins
- 25 per cent off Serpentine Crepes
- 25 per cent off Gingham
- 25 per cent off Wrapperettes
- 25 per cent off all Satteens
- 25 per cent off Berlin Wools
- 25 per cent off Beehive Wools
- 25 per cent off Ivanhoe Yarns
- 25 per cent off Andalu-ians, etc
- 25 per cent off Embroideries
- 25 per cent off Cashmere Hose (except Penman)
- 25 per cent off Fabric Gloves
- 25 per cent off Lined Kid Gloves
- 25 per cent off Plain Handkerchiefs
- 25 per cent off Umbrellas
- 25 per cent off Linen Collars
- 25 per cent off Men's Ties
- 25 per cent off Braces
- 25 per cent off Gloves and Mitts
- 25 per cent off Men's Linen Handkerchiefs
- 25 per cent off Men's Silk Handkerchiefs
- 25 per cent off Men's Sox
- 25 per cent off Sheep Lined Coats
- 55 per cent off Child's Golf Coats
- 25 per cent off Cloth Caps (all new)
- 25 per cent off Underwear (except Stanfield's)
- 25 per cent off Sweaters and Sweater Coats
- 25 per cent off Overalls and Jumpers
- 25 per cent off Men's Shirts
- 25 per cent off Pajamas & Night Shirts
- 25 per cent off Boys' Overcoats
- 25 per cent off Aprons
- 25 per cent off Wool Shawls and Scarfs
- 25 per cent off Wool Toques
- 25 per cent off Ladies' Golf Coats
- 25 per cent off Child's Golf Coats
- 25 per cent off Silk Velvets

OFF ALL THESE—All of the goods mentioned below are yours at a discount of twenty per cent, or just one fifth the price. That is to say, every article priced at \$1.00 will now be 80 cents—and so, in the same proportion through all these lines.

- 20 per cent off Print Cottons
- 20 per cent off Denims
- 20 per cent off Cottonades
- 20 per cent off Flannelettes
- 20 per cent off Oxford Shirtings
- 20 per cent off Galateas
- 20 per cent off All Ducks
- 20 per cent off White Cottons
- 20 per cent off White Lawns
- 20 per cent off White Linens
- 20 per cent off White Dimities
- 20 per cent off Flannels
- 20 per cent off Grass Linens
- 20 per cent off Ribbons and Stag Silks
- 20 per cent off Belding's Emb'dy Silks
- 20 per cent off Velvet Ribbons
- 20 per cent off Ladies' Kid Gloves
- 20 per cent off Ladies' Dogskin Gloves
- 20 per cent off Suit Cases & Club Bags
- 20 per cent off all Trunks
- 20 per cent off Lounging Robes
- 20 per cent off House Jackets
- 20 per cent off Men's Mufflers
- 20 per cent off Ladies' Whitewear
- 20 per cent off Corsets (except 4 specls)
- 20 per cent off Ladies' Underwear
- 20 per cent off Children's Underwear
- 20 per cent off Flannelette Gowns
- 20 per cent off Velvetens
- 20 per cent off Petticoats
- 20 per cent off Bat Coats
- 20 per cent off Pony Coats
- 20 per cent off Fur Muffs
- 20 per cent off Fur Neckwear
- 20 per cent off Child's Sleigh Robes
- 20 per cent off Towellings
- 20 per cent off Sheetings
- 20 per cent off Pillow Cotton & Ticking
- 20 per cent off Blanket Coverings
- 20 per cent off Floor & Table Oilcloths
- 20 per cent off Curtain Poles & Shades

A LITTLE STUDY WILL Show you that a large proportion of the most desirable goods in the store can be bought at this discount during the next few days.

Carefully through the list—come down early—make a list of the goods you want—you will be surprised at the speed with which you will be served.

- 25 per cent off Silk Waists
- 25 per cent off Sateen Waists
- 25 per cent off Net Waists
- 25 per cent off Tailored Blouses
- 25 per cent off all Wrappers
- 25 per cent off Waterproof Cloaks
- 25 per cent off Dressing Gowns, etc
- 25 per cent off White Table Linens
- 25 per cent off Colored Table Linens
- 25 per cent off all Napkins
- 25 per cent off all Towels
- 25 per cent off all Art Satteens
- 25 per cent off Table Covers
- 25 per cent off all Portiers
- 25 per cent off Curtain Nets
- 25 per cent off Bear Coating Cloths
- 25 per cent off Wool Blankets
- 25 per cent off Silence Cloth
- 25 per cent off Colored Felts
- 25 per cent off Down Comforts
- 25 per cent off Fancy Linens
- 25 per cent off Wall Papers
- 25 per cent off Pillows
- 25 per cent off White Counterpanes
- 25 per cent off White Lace Curtains

Shop Early Each Day  
Please Carry Small Parcels  
Nothing Charged  
No Approximation

TERMS CASH

## MOORE & McLEOD

119 - 121 Queen Street - - - - - Charlottetown.

Jan. 8, 1913

### Give HIM House Slippers!

For a real, useful, practical and pleasing gift for men there is nothing better than House Slippers. They are comfortable, satisfying, servicable, and bound to be appreciated.

- Felt Slippers 65c to \$1
- Velvet Slippers 75c to \$1
- Kid Slippers \$1 to \$2

### Alley & Co.

135 Queen Street.

### Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, on Friday, the twenty-fourth day of January, A. D. 1913, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1903, and made between John W. Terlizick of Bridgetown, Dundas, in King's County, in the Province of Prince Edward Island, Clerk, and Mary Jane Terlizick, his wife, of the first part, and James H. Reddin of Charlottetown in Queen's County in said Province Barrister at Law, of the second part: All that parcel of land situate, lying and being at Dundas, on Lot or Township Number Fifty four, in King's County, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a stake fixed on the Southeast corner of the aforesaid land, thence South-west seventy-eight yards, thence North one hundred and fifty yards, thence East one hundred and one yards, thence Southeast one hundred and fifteen yards to the place of commencement, and bounded on the Southeast by the Seven Mile Road, on the West by land in possession of William McLeod, on the North by land in possession of James Canby, and on the East by the line between Lots Fifty four and Fifty five, containing an area of two and one half acres of land, a little more or less.

For further particulars apply at the office of the undersigned, Queen Street, Charlottetown. Dated this 23rd day of December, A. D. 1912. JAMES H. REDDIN, Mortgagee.



### Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 23rd February, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, over rural mail route No. 1, From Bedford Station, Prince Edward Island, to commence at the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Bedford Station, Mill Cove, Donaldson, Tracadie Cross, Ten Mile House, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector. Charlottetown, Jan. 15.8, 1913. Jan. 22, 1913-31



### Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 7th March, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, over rural mail route No. 1, From Tracadie Cross, Prince Edward Island, to commence at the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Tracadie Cross, Blooming Point, Scotchfort and other route offices, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector. Charlottetown, Jan. 18.8, 1913. Jan. 22, 1913-31

### Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys. Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I. MONEY TO LOAN. Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada.

### McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors. MONEY TO LOAN. Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

The Snake in the Grass.

(By Maurice Francis Egan.)

(Concluded.)
'It is a masterpiece,' Margaret said.
'You know you're always my brat critic. How angry I was when you declared against "Ulysses and Calypso"!

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning of an extremely hazardous condition, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

'I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and became so weak I could scarcely get around. I took medicine without benefit, and finally decided to try Wood's Sarsaparilla. After the first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me a new woman. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach and we gave her Wood's Sarsaparilla which cured her.' Mrs. THOMAS LEWIS, Wallaceburg, Ont.

Wood's Sarsaparilla Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

It's all over with me, I've been in town telling the master I can't go any more. In another year I should get my diploma.
'You'd have a certificate signed by him you mean?'
'Yes, and because you haven't another two hundred dollars you must give it up.'

Next to Consumption

There are more deaths from PNEUMONIA Than Any Other Lung Trouble.

Pneumonia is nothing more or less than what used to be called "Inflammation of the Lungs."

Consumption may be contracted from others, but as a rule pneumonia is caused by exposure to cold and wet, and if the cold is not attended to immediately serious results are liable to follow.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will do this for you if you will only take it in time.
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup contains all the essence and lung healing powers of the famous Norway Pine tree. Mr. Hugh McLeod, Estuary, Sask., writes: "My little boy took a very severe cold, and it developed into pneumonia. The doctor said he could not live. I got some of your Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and he began to improve. Now he is a strong, healthy child, and shows no sign of it ever coming back."

Prince Edward Island Railway

Commencing on December 23, 1912, trains on this Railway will run as follows:

Table with columns: Read Down, Read Up, Stations, and times for various routes including Charlottetown, Summerside, and Miramichi.

Fall and Winter Weather

Fall and winter weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We beg to remind our numerous patrons that we have REMOVED from 23 Prince Street to our new stand 122 DORCHESTER STREET, Next door to Dr. Conroy's Office, where we shall be pleased to see all our friends.

All Orders Receive Strict Attention. Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, on Thursday, the Thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1913, at twelve o'clock, noon: All that parcel of land situate, lying and being in Charlottetown in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, being part of Town Lot Number Ninety-seven in the fourth hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the North-west angle or corner formed by Fitzroy and Edward Streets, and running thence along Fitzroy Street East for the distance of sixty-one feet nine inches, thence southerly parallel with Edward Street seventy-nine feet to the property of Isaac Godkin, thence West to Edward Street aforesaid, and thence North along Edward Street seventy-nine feet to the place of commencement.

Office Supplies!

For 1913 Every Business Man or Firm will need new Office Books and Stationery to start the New Year. We have a fine stock of Ledgers, Day Books, Letter Books, Cash Books, Memo Books, Files and Binding Cases, Foolscap Account Paper, Carbon Paper, Typewriter Ribbons and Paper, Inks, Pens, Pencils, Erasers, and Blotting Paper.

Our Success Binding Cases complete at \$2.50 doz. are the best value ever offered. Come to us for your office wants - Lowest Prices Wholesale and Retail

GARTER & CO., Ltd.

Job Work!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office

Charlottetown P. E. Island

Tickets, Dodgers, Posters, Check Books, Note Books of Hand, Receipt Books, Letter Heads, Note Heads

MAILED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 31st January, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week Over Rural Mail Route No. 1 from Emerald

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Graham Road, Emerald, New Brunswick, Fossil's Mills, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHELAN, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, Dec. 23, 1912

Job Printing at the Herald Office.

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A Press Apostle.

There died in France a few weeks ago a man who had all the characteristics of a true apostle, Fr. Bailly, the founder of "La Croix" and "Le Bonne Presse," which during the perilous past quarter of a century have been of untold service to the cause of Catholicity in France.

Born in 1832 he was as a young man a distinguished member of the telegraph department. In the Crimean war he was attached to the private service of Napoleon III. He entered the priesthood, joined the Fathers of the Assumption, served as chaplain in the regiment of the French Papal Zouaves, and in 1870 was military chaplain to the French troops.

After the war Father Bailly threw himself with all zeal into the fight then being waged by the Catholics of France against the anti-clericals. Then it was that he realized the power and the necessity of the Catholic press. In 1883 he founded the paper "La Croix" with its cruxifix on the front page, an uncompromising journal which its founder delighted in calling "Catholic, apostolic and Roman." His pen was tireless both in his own paper, which even the enemies of Catholicity respected, and in every paper where he could do a service to the cause of truth.

To the mind of this French priest the best way of advancing the reign of God in these times was the press. A few weeks ago he told of the sad display by Frenchmen and boys in standing on the street corners selling "La Croix" because they had come to know that a Catholic press is an necessity. This spirit they had inherited from the vigilant Father Bailly.

While paying our tribute to this modern apostle we must not lose sight of the lesson which his life offers not only to France but to the Catholics of every country. What is true of France is true of this country. The staunch Catholic press is an absolute necessity here also. Those who are on the watch tower from the Holy Father down are tireless in exhorting the faithful to make the most of this weapon of defense. May the life and labors of Father Bailly be an encouragement to us.—The Pilot.

Belgium.

According to the Brussels correspondent of the London Times, a powerful wireless telegraph station is now under construction at Laska, near Brussels, to permit communication with Boma, capital of the Congo Free State, either by air or by way of Bokar. According to anticipation, it will be possible to communicate between Brussels and Boma about the beginning of the year. There are at present ten stations in the Belgian Congo, which communicate with one another.—Americas.

A New Fuel.

One of the problems of the Western farmer is to get rid of what have hitherto been regarded as waste products. In threshing his wheat he can make no use of the straw, and though it seems a great waste he has at present no other way of getting rid of this material. There is a possibility, however that the vast quantities of straw on the wheat fields of the prairies may yet become a valuable product and the farmers may be able to heat their houses in winter by the straw which they were once compelled to burn, in order to get

THIN MILK

How can the baby grow strong if the nursing mother is pale and delicate?

Scott's Emulsion makes the mother strong and well; increases and enriches the baby's food.

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Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to clear the acreage).

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. COREY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of losses.

JOHN MACBRACHER, AGENT. Telephone No. 362. Mar. 22nd, 1906

JAMES H. REDDIN

Barrister, etc., Has Removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets. Collections attended to. Money to loan. Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1911—Gm

STEWART & CAMPBELL,

Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Office in Desriay Block, Corner Queen and Grafton Streets, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. MONEY TO LOAN. W. S. STEWART, K. C. | W. A. CAMPBELL July 8, 1911—ly.

D. C. McLEOD, K. C. | W. R. BENTLEY

McLEOD & BENTLEY Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors. MONEY TO LOAN Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

LIME!

We can supply from this date Fresh Burned Lime in large and small quantities suitable for farming and building purposes.

Orders left at Kilns on St. Peter's Road, or at our office, will receive prompt attention.

C. Lyons & Co. May 29, 1912.