

Our Ottawa Special

A Day's Session of Parliament
Virtually Wasted.

The Same Old Policy and the Same
Old Lists.

Grave Situation Growing Out of the
Franco-Canadian Treaty.

Reduction of Postage Rates—No
Revision of the Voters' Lists—
Government Railway
Deficits.

(Special Correspondence of the ADVERTISER
by Telegram.)

OTTAWA, March 25.—The members of the House might as well have saved themselves the trouble of meeting on Saturday afternoon for all the work they got through. The Government announcement of no revision of the voters' lists this year and Mr. Haggart's statement regarding Government railways were the features of the sitting. Mr. Charlton lost a resolution in favor of penny postage. Only one item was passed in committee of supply. Next week will be a heavy and interesting windup of this the shortest session in many years. The Minister of Militia introduced a bill legalizing the employment of certain professors of the Royal Military College who had been employed for some time contrary to the provisions of the act. Mr. Foster answered several questions put by Mr. Laurier. He would on Monday state whether the Government intended to ask Parliament this session to ratify the French treaty or not. He laid additional papers on the table. The Government would drop the bill amending the Franchise Act and introduce a bill suspending for this year the law requiring an annual revision of the voters' lists. This means no revision this year and consequently no general election. At the beginning of the session the Government said there would be a revision, and as the new fashion with them they intend the opposite of what they started to do.

On the motion to go into supply Mr. Charlton made a speech in favor of reduction of letter postage from 3 cents to 2 cents an ounce. He argued that this reform would wipe off the present annual deficit, which amounts to over half a million dollars. He cited the experience of the United States. At present we carried all letters from the United States through Canada for 2 cents. If there should be a deficit at the beginning in consequence of that change, the Government might make it up by repealing the Franchise Act or ceasing to vote subsidies or corrupt railway subsidies. He moved in amendment to the motion to go into supply that the rate of postage be reduced to 2 cents.

The Postmaster-General, Sir Adolphe Caron, admitted the importance of the subject, but contended that in proportion to our area and population Canada was better off under a 3-cent postage than the United States were under a 2-cent rate. He feared they would have to wait, and hoped that the department would eventually be able to bring about this reform.

Dr. Landier, who only supported the amendment, but advanced the abolition of the registration fee of 5 cents. Mr. Mills, of Bothwell, favored the amendment if the revenue could stand it. The amendment should be to make the postoffice service self-sustaining, which at present it was not. The amendment was lost on division.

Mr. Prior (British Columbia) brought to the attention of the House a scheme he advocated to provide pensions for the retired members of the permanent corps. The number attached to the permanent corps throughout Canada was about 1,000. Sir Adolphe Caron expressed himself as warmly in favor of the adoption of some such scheme. When Mr. Prior of British Columbia, Minister of Militia, said he had prepared a pension bill, Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia, said he had two things which meant nothing, and the matter dropped.

In committee of supply Mr. Haggart made a statement respecting Government Railways. The deficit on the Intercolonial for 1891 was \$767,000; for the seven months ending Jan. 31, 1892, the deficit was \$751,000. He viewed with alarm the prospect of a deficit for the whole year of \$1,000,000. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, the deficit was \$1,012,000. To obtain this improvement he had reduced the regular staff by 360 men. The staff of the mechanical department was less now than in 1891, effecting a saving of \$124,000. In other departments 82 men were dispensed with, effecting a saving of \$32,000 a year and of \$100,000 on account of train service. He expected that at the end of the present year the receipts would exceed the expenditure. For the half year ending Dec. 31, 1892, the deficit was only \$2,000, compared with \$581,000 of a loss for the same period the previous year. The deficit on the Prince Edward Island Railway for the same period was \$38,317, as for the same period the previous year was \$104,000 the previous year. For this period, there had been a reduction of deficit from \$681,611 to \$41,028, saving the road with a firm hand, and reducing what he termed the "hit-and-miss" expenditure and waste under the management of Sir John Macdonald. He declared that Sir John Macdonald's opinion be no deficit on the Intercolonial in future and no diminution of efficiency. He had every faith in the management of Mr. Patterson. Mr. Haggart's total economies amounted to \$316,000 per annum.

Mr. McMullen said that Mr. Haggart's statement proved the charges so often made by the Liberals that under Sir John Macdonald public money was shamefully wasted. It was now admitted that 300 men were kept on the pay roll who were

not needed at all. Mr. Kenny (Conservative) would have been more pleased with an announcement of an increase of traffic, both freight and passenger, than by an announcement of a reduction in the cost of management. He regretted, on the contrary, to see that the interprovincial trade had decreased. The C. P. R. and G. T. R. made efforts to divert traffic from the Intercolonial.

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The House did not sit after 6 o'clock. The supplementary estimates, it was announced, will be brought down on Monday.

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To ratify or not to ratify is the question with the Government over the French treaty. The consensus of opinion in the corridors is that they will have to ask Parliament to ratify it. A grave constitutional issue is involved in this subject—nothing less than the necessity for a British Government like ours to be in accord with the Crown. If the Government is not in accord with the Crown it must resign. Here is the position: On the advice of his constitutional advisers Lord Stanley sanctioned the negotiations which led up to and culminated in the treaty. The treaty was signed by the accredited representatives of the Crown and is an accomplished fact. The Queen's Privy Council for Canada is responsible for the signature of the Queen's representatives, and if they repudiate a document sanctioned by these signatures they place themselves by such action in direct antagonism to the Crown. It would never do to advise the Crown to assent to a treaty with a foreign government and after the Crown had accepted that treaty to refuse to ask Parliament to ratify it. Parliament is at liberty to reject it but the advisers of the Crown are not at liberty to break faith with the sovereign. This is the position in which the Thompson Administration stand in relation to the treaty. A constitutional aspect of the British House of Commons in 1890 when Mr. Gladstone was Chancellor of the Exchequer and the doctrine then interpreted authoritatively and applied to this case requires the Government to recommend the treaty to Parliament for ratification. Mr. Foster has promised to state definitely to-morrow what course the Government will adopt.

Notes.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Minister of Finance, is slightly indisposed.
Michael Dolan, aged 62, night watchman of the House of Commons dropped dead Sunday night shortly after going on duty. Apoplexy was the cause of death. Dolan for thirteen years and was greatly respected. He leaves a family of grown-up children.

Late Canadian News

Remarkable Outcome of the Grip in
Montreal—Toronto's Gang of Day-
Night Robbers Sentenced—The
Great Canal Scheme.

Two thousand Catholic Foresters held a church parade at Ottawa on Sunday. Six and a half miles in six minutes has been made by an Easter ice boat this season.

Mr. Johnson, a Chelsea farmer, was killed on Friday on his farm by a falling branch.

The strict quarantine regulations by the United States caused an increased immigrant travel via Canada.

Solomon Quick, a well-to-do farmer of Mersea, was killed in his head Friday by a horse and fatally injured.

A Toronto dispatch says over \$500 has been subscribed to the fund to secure a memorial to the late Sir Daniel Wilson.

S. McKee, bridge inspector on the Intercolonial Railway, fell dead on Saturday at Moncton, N. B. He was 59 years of age. Mr. Curran's daughter, who had her leg broken on a defective sidewalk at Barrie, has been given \$200 by the town council.

A Government blue book shows the total lobster catch of last year in Canada to be 252,421 in the preceding year.

Thos. Jocks, honorary chief of the Iroquois tribe at Coughnawaga, who was 61 years old for six weeks, is dead. He was 61 years old and leaves an estate of about \$100,000.

When the L. A. steamer departed from Saturday before the West Indies it was found to be nine men short, that number having deserted.

A fashionable wedding took place Saturday at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto. The bride was Miss Elizabeth Rickford and the groom, Capt. Charles Edward Morton, of the Royal Engineers.

Two men, Calvin and Welsh, were instantly killed in Montreal Friday evening by the collapse of a derrick at the new Wellington street bridge, now being built over the Lachine canal.

The following license commissioners have been appointed: Lincoln, W. B. Ritten; Lincoln, E. Calder and Robert Thompson. In East Wellington, Duncan Stewart in place of Robert S. Avonson, resigned.

The opening of the beautiful new Presbyterian Church at Prescott, to replace the one destroyed by fire a little over a year ago, took place Sunday. The Rev. Principal Caven, of Toronto, preached morning and evening.

Wallace Steeves, a well-to-do farmer, resident at Coverdale, N. B., was found dead under a tree in the woods Saturday morning. It is supposed he had climbed the tree and fallen off one of the limbs, his head being crushed in.

The railway committee of the Dominion House has passed the bill to incorporate the North American Canal Company, with a capital stock of \$20,000,000. Chaucery Dutton, the promoter, who hails from Pittsburgh, Pa., says he expects that work of construction on the canal will be commenced.

Montreal city physicians report the prevalence of a disease alleged to be the outcome of grip, whereby about twenty women have been confined to bed. The cold settled in their eyes, rendering them quite deaf, a bloody discharge flowing from the ears. The attack appears to be confined to females.

In the Court of Appeals in the case of the Bank of Montreal against the Guarantee Company, the bank sued for \$10,000, a guarantee on Parent, a former cashier of the bank, who absconded six years ago. Parent was brought back and served three

years. The company was condemned to pay the guarantee and costs.
The members of the gang of daylight robbers which terrorized Toronto a few months ago received their sentences Saturday. George Bonner, the leader, was given five years in Kingston penitentiary on each charge, a total of fifteen years. William Archer got ten years on two charges. Edward Archer, convicted on one charge, was given three years. Geo. Norris got two years.

CULLED AND CURTAILED

News of the Day Without Note
or Comment.

Millionaire John W. Mackay is rapidly convalescing.
Six steamships which arrived at New York on Friday night brought 2,380 immigrants.

Mr. Mary A. Owens, of Ithaca, N. Y., died Saturday, aged 101 years, 5 months and 6 days.

The wind blew 50 miles an hour at Chicago Friday, and the snow which accompanied it greatly delayed railroad traffic.

The first \$5,000 of the Talmage Tabernacle Fund started by the New York World is raised. By April 1 \$20,000 will have to be forthcoming.

The reinterment of the remains of Jefferson Davis, ex-President of the Confederacy, will take place in Hollywood Cemetery at Richmond, La., March 30.

Word has been received from Antlers, Choctaw nation, that a blooded expected between rival Choctaw factions. Armed Indians are rapidly gathering.

Baron Andrada, the Brazilian-Argentine claims commissioner, was stricken with apoplexy and paralysis and died Saturday evening at the Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Hon. Alonso Spencer, United States Consul at Pictou, N. S., died at his home in Canajoharie, N. Y., Saturday night. He was 64 years old. He was home on vacation.

Newberger Bros., of Coffeyville, Miss., the most extensive cotton factors in the State and large merchandise dealers, have failed. Liabilities, \$100,000. Assets unknown.

One result of the advancement of Sir Julian Paefote and M. J. Patenotre to the rank of ambassador will be the reorganization of the diplomatic corps in Washington.

At Butte, Mont., on Saturday, James Cogrove shot and killed his wife at the residence of the family. The woman lived with Cogrove caused the tragedy.

Col. Shepard's (late editor of the New York Mail and Express) private fortune is estimated at \$3,000,000. The paper will be published as usual and there will be no change in the management until the will is probated.

An attempt was made on Friday night to blow up the wall paper and paint store of Chaffetz & Wiegand, opposite the Glen Arm Hotel, Denver, Colo. Smoke was seen issuing from the building and the firemen found the tunnels had been left open and also to a keg of powder.

Daniel O'Day, of the National Transit Company denies that there was any truth in the dispatch from Pittsburgh which alleges that the Rochefords had succeeded in consolidating the various Eastern refining companies and had interested them in the Standard's scheme for the control of the refined market of the world.

THE CYCLONE'S WORK.

A Number of Colored People Killed—
Great Destruction on Mississippi

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 26.—Further information relative to Thursday's cyclone in Richland parish, Miss., says all the buildings on W. A. Eroughton's plantation were destroyed. Mr. Scales' place shared the same fate; two men and two children were killed there, and a number were wounded. All colored. All the buildings in the Pruitt place were demolished and two negro children killed. Miles of fencing and thousands of trees were prostrated.

Two deaths from President Van Horne, of the C. P. R.—Michigan Central.

It is rumored that the B. T. R. will this spring lay a double track between Wyoming Kingcreek, for which employment will be given a large number of men and teams.

Mr. McNeil, general passenger agent of the C. P. R., states that a big passenger train is going to spring up in the transportation of Chinese from Vancouver to Halifax on their way to the West India Islands.

President Van Horne, of the C. P. R., denies that his line has registered an increase in business since the opening of the Panama Canal. He also states that the C. P. R. has not acquired the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic.

The annual report of the Michigan Central for 1892 shows: Gross earnings, \$15,908,233; operating expenses, \$12,046,005; net, \$3,862,198; a decrease of \$193,193; surplus, \$93,320, a decrease of \$104,035.

Prohibition Desirable.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 26.—At Fredericton, N. B., Mr. Phinney introduced a resolution into the Legislature on Saturday to the effect that prohibition was desirable, and urging the Parliament of Canada to pass such an act for New Brunswick.

All Hands Lost!

DELAWARE BREAKWATER, Del., March 26.—The large steamer, from Norfolk for Philadelphia, with railroad ties, in tow of the tug Ivanhoe, went to pieces fifteen miles east of Fenwick's Island during the gale on Thursday night and all hands were lost. The German tug steamer Glaucauf, which went ashore at Blue Point, twelve miles east of Fire Island lighthouse, New York, during a dense fog Friday afternoon, is still in a very precarious condition. None of the crew have been taken off, and nothing can be done until the sea becomes more moderate.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removes ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

COAL OIL IN CANADA.

Changes in the Inspection of Petroleum.

Reduced Standard as to Quality Legalized.

(Special Telegram from our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Ont., March 25.—The Government bill amending the petroleum inspection act has not yet been printed, but I have been able to get a confidential copy. In the first place it transfers the control of inspection from the customs to the inland revenue department. The flash test is reduced from 95 to 90 degrees. Section 4 of the said act is repealed and the following substituted:

"Petroleum, designated and known as high test petroleum, may be sold for use in Canada, for illuminating purposes, when it weighs not more than eight pounds and forty-three hundredths of a pound per gallon. If it will stand a fire test of 200 degrees by Fahrenheit's thermometer, or if, when heated in an open cup to a temperature of 180 degrees by Fahrenheit's thermometer, it does not emit a vapor that will flash."

In the old law the weight was 8 3/4-100 and 8 23-100 respectively and the fire test was 275 degrees.

Section 7 of the old act describing how the inspection is to be performed is amended in some respects.

Section 10, permitting petroleum to be removed without inspection from one refinery to another in bulk, is amended by restricting it to Canadian petroleum, or if, as petroleum and naphtha imported into Canada shall, except as hereinafter provided, be in packages containing not more than 50 gallons each, and shall be entered only at such customs ports as are determined by the Governor-in-council, and shall be inspected and marked at such ports, and before such petroleum or naphtha is entered for consumption, and except in the case of lubricating oils, any petroleum so imported which does not conform to the requirements of this act shall be branded with the word "rejected."

"3. Notwithstanding anything in this section contained, the Governor-in-council may designate places at which petroleum for illuminating purposes may be imported in tank cars, under departmental regulations, but all petroleum so imported shall be put into packages, inspected and marked in accordance with the requirements of section 7."

The section 7 above referred to is a new one and imposes on the inspector the duty of marking on the packages the following: The flash test, the weight per gallon in pounds and decimal parts, the gross weight in pounds, the tare of packages in pounds, the net weight of oil in pounds, the number of gallons contained in the package, the word "inspected" and the date of inspection, the name of the inspector and the name of his port or district.

The old law prescribed fewer marks. The important question of the fees is dealt with by repealing section 20 and substituting a section the effect of which is to leave the fees on Canadian petroleum as they are and to repeal the two paragraphs imposing a fee of 30 cents and 10 cents on barrels of imported petroleum. This leaves the fees on imported oil the same as on Canadian and makes no change in the fees on oil.

The following section is new: "Oil intended solely for use as a lubricant and intended to be sold to the properties thereof for illuminating purposes shall be exempt from the provisions of the petroleum inspection act as regards inspection—provided the packages containing such oils have conspicuously marked or branded thereon the word 'lubricant,' otherwise the exemption herein provided shall not apply."

The act of 1891 respecting petroleum is repealed.

Killed by a Cow.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., March 26.—Robert Clark, dayman of Blainford township, died last night from injuries received in being gored by a cow.

Four Fatalities.

MARIETTA, O., March 26.—Three young men were drowned at 10 o'clock this morning at the dam of the Marietta Island by the capsizing of a boat. Effie Ray, a girl 6 years old, was burned to death last night by her clothing catching fire.

The Gananque Tragedy.

GANANQUE, Ont., March 26.—An inquest on the body of John Fitzsimmons, who was shot on Friday, resulted in a verdict that "Fitzsimmons came to his death by a wound caused by the discharge of a gun in the hands of Charles Shipman."

Chinamen Must Study "Chesterfield."

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 26.—A bill was introduced in the Legislature here yesterday prohibiting Chinamen hereafter "from wearing their shirts outside of their trousers and requiring them 'to dress the same as other citizens.' A violation of the act is to be punished by 'a fine of from \$1 to \$10 and the forfeiture of the pigtail.'"

A Dog Breaks Up a Prayer-Meeting.

ATLANTA, March 26.—Rev. and Mrs. John Farran are conducting a series of camp meetings in South Georgia. While Mr. Farran was delivering his opening prayer yesterday a little black dog ran off with his hat. Taken off his guard, the preacher gave chase to the dog, and was joined by the entire congregation. The dog ran several hundred yards before he dropped the hat. The affair was so ludicrous that the meeting could not be called to order again.

Steamships Arrived.

March 25. At From
Labrador.....Halifax.....Liverpool
La. Bourgeois.....Halifax.....Havre
Benbow.....Halifax.....New York
Wassenaar.....Antwerp.....New York
Graham.....Hamburg.....New York
Ottawa.....Boston.....New York
Ottawa.....Boston.....New York
La. Bourgeois.....London.....New York
March 26.
Rumoi.....Queenstown.....New York
Hermann.....Southampton.....New York
Pernambuco.....New York.....Glasgow
Berlin.....Queenstown.....New York

A Household Kennedy—Gibbons' Toothache Gum. Sold by all druggists.

Self-Evident.—Mrs. Baided.—Why does that old man wear his hair so long? Mr. B. (cleverly).—Because, my dear, he didn't become bald in his youth.

THE AFTERMATH.

Condition of London's Inundated Suburbs.

The Surplus Water Now Trying to Find an Outlet.

Streets of London West Once More Passable—The River at Its Old Level—Large Crowds Visit the Scene—Immediate Steps to Repair the Damage.

Latest Developments.

The scene of the flood in London West was visited by large crowds all day yesterday. The walks were not at all inviting, where there were any, and where there was no walk the mud was less inviting still. Dandies and Center streets were passable, but very muddy, and stranded sidewalks were to be met with everywhere.

While the water is off the streets, especially those hemmed in by the breakwater, in those places it appears to have a much harder time getting out than it had getting in. The grand stand in Teemsel Park is gradually looming up out of the water as the latter recedes through a sluiceway in the breakwater provided for that purpose by some far-seeing village council in days gone by. The noise of the water falling into the river outside could be heard for a long distance away, so great was the force of the body behind it.

Although the water has been subsiding since Saturday noon, there is still several inches in the barbed grounds and surrounding gardens. It will be many days before the last vestige of it has drained away or evaporated, and it will take as many more days before the good wives in the flooded section have thoroughly dried and beat the mud out of their carpets. The dampness, if followed by warlike weather, may also cause much sickness and distress.

A special meeting of the Board of Works of the Village Council is called for to-day to discuss ways and means of repairing the damage. The residents of Dandies street, near the bridge, are wondering if something could not be done towards blocking the approach to the river from the street. When the water got very high this approach allowed it to flow into the road long before the water backed up from the river.

A great deal of repairing will have to be done to the breakwater at the south of the village. The imprisoned water in this section was making a tolerably successful attempt to regain its level by flowing between the chimneys of the houses, and gravel forming the embankment being washed out. A little further west there are several yards of breakwater missing entirely.

The river has now fallen into its old rut, and flows silently and slowly along as if it had not caused any mischief whatever. Thames street is still blocked with ice, left there as the water receded.

THE POLICE MILL

Grinds Through a Large Docket in a Short Time.

The Fight Between Soldiers and Citizens—
Ivey Remanded Until Thursday—
Eureta Jacoby Gets Six Months—
Palmer Remanded—Two Boys With Sweet Teeth—Fined for Fast Driving—
Two Dollars for a Drink.

Wm. Gibbling, the soldier who was injured in Friday night's fracas, will not be able to attend until Saturday next; so the P. M. could not go on with the case this morning. It required three stitches to draw together the gash in the cheek, and there are several nasty cuts in other parts of his face and head.

The doctor does not think the case is at all dangerous unless erysipelas sets in. The magistrate adjourned the case until Monday next, and Mr. Love applied for bail on young Parkins' behalf. No bottle had been used, as had been inferred, he said, but the soldier had fallen or been further, the soldiers had their belts off, with their heavy brass ends ready for use.

The magistrate accepted \$200 bail, the young man's father going his security.

Richard Ivey, the G. T. R. night porter, who pleaded guilty to stealing trunks, came up for sentence. Mr. Love, on behalf of the prisoner, presented a largely-signed petition praying for clemency. The document dealt at length with the prisoner's former record, his first offense, and the fact that he had become conscience-stricken immediately after committing the theft, and had made no effort to dispose of the trunks. It also touched upon the poor health of the prisoner's wife and family.

Among other names on the petition was that of Mr. J. D. LeBel, one of the men whose trunks were stolen.

During the reading of the petition the prisoner stood with his back to the curious crowd, the convulsive twitching of his head and shoulders, and the free plying of his handkerchief to his eyes evincing his emotion.

The Police Magistrate was not entirely satisfied with the petition and wanted to hear what the Grand Trunk thought about it. He remanded the prisoner until Thursday that further recommendations might be forthcoming.

Eureta Blauvelt, or Jacoby, who has been on remand, came up for sentence, wearing a large pair of blue goggles. The chief detailed the woman's former history. She had, he said, been in the Mercer before and her daughter had been taken away from her and placed in the Industrial School. During the last three years she had lived a life of prostitution and had been drinking hard.

During this recital the prisoner kept up an incessant interruption of "I beg your pardon," "That's not so," "You can't prove that," and other talk. The police magistrate asked her if she was married.

The Prisoner—If I was I should be in the Mercer, I have a husband, and I have not seen him since.

The chief said further that lately she had been living with Jack Palmer (who was arrested at the same time as her) in an old shanty in the east end, while Palmer's wife is suffering in the hospital from the effects of his treatment.

The magistrate sent the prisoner back to the Mercer for six months. As he did so

COUGHS and COLDS.

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, etc., try Tolu, Tar and Tamarac.

One bottle will usually cure the most distressing cough. Sold in 25c. bottles by all druggists.

off came the goggles and a smile stole over Eureta's features. With a low obeisance and a smiling "Thank you," she sat down in her seat and smiled again at the crowd. "Palmer," said the police magistrate, addressing her consort, "I have known you for a long time. When I first met you, ten years ago, you were in the hospital expecting death. You got better then and have been pursuing the same life ever since. I will remand you a week for sentence."

James Hunter was charged with vagrancy. When asked his address he replied that he resided this side of the Detroit River, but the exact location of the city he was not prepared to swear to. The police magistrate thought that he had seen a bald head very much like that belonging to the prisoner before him some time ago, but the prisoner strenuously denied that it was his head the magistrate had seen. James was drunk on Saturday, the chief explained, and was begging at the Rev. Sandford Marshall's place, and when he left a valuable fur cap went with him. The man was arrested shortly afterwards, but the cap could not be found and the prisoner was remanded for a week to allow of the finding of it if possible.

Two little news boys, Albert Marshall (colored) and Arthur Baker (white) were charged with larceny. The candy man from whom it is alleged they appropriated sweets, did not appear, and they were dismissed.

Wm. Smith paid \$1 for the privilege of driving his horse over the crossing at Dandies and Richmond streets at the rate of five miles an hour.

Three drunks were discharged and one, who was bailed from Saturday night, appeared this morning to answer the charge. He was again slightly under the influence of liquor, but protested that he had had only one drink.

The Police Magistrate—Well, that one drink costs you \$2. Sit down.

TRADES and LABOR COUNCIL

Discuss Civic Questions and Pass Opinions Upon Them.

The Franchise to the Canada Electric Company Disapproved—Against Fencing Mr. Abbott—The Free Library Board Indorsed.

Following is the official report of the London Trades and Labor Council:

At the last meeting of the Trades and Labor Council a number of interesting questions came up for discussion. The agreement with the Canada General Electric Company should be better defined, and that in a few years the city would find they had made a mistake similar to that of granting the street railway charter, and that it would have been better to wait until the electric lighting bylaw was submitted to the people and give them a chance to say whether it was not advisable for the city to engage in private as well as public lighting.

A motion was passed indorsing the action of the trades union officers who were doing good work and the citizens should see to it that he was well supported.

The question of the petition to retain the services of Mr. Abbott, assistant city clerk, caused quite a debate, but the council decided not to take any action in the matter, except to appoint a committee to watch proceedings, and if at any time steps were taken to grant Mr. Abbott a pension to protest against it. It had been stated that the Trades Council would not have opposed the motion if they properly understood the matter, but the council wished it distinctly understood that they knew what they were about better than outsiders could tell them, and when they approved the granting of the pension to Mr. Abbott they meant it, and did not see any reason to change their views now.

A number of questions were asked and answered in regard to the new Free Library Board, and the following resolution was passed by a unanimous vote: "That this Trades and Labor Council is gratified at the energetic and business-like manner in which the new Free Library Board are striving to carry out the wishes of the people, expressed by an overwhelming majority at the polls; that as a council, we assure them of the hearty support of organized labor, and trust that the people will see that no opposing interests shall this time frustrate their wishes, as was done on a former occasion."

The report of unions showed that every organization was increasing in membership. After adding new members to the organization committee, the meeting adjourned for two weeks.

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HELP!
HELP!

Cannot always rely upon help, that is the trouble. C. C. is always reliable, storm or sun shine.

To induce every housekeeper to test the washing, cleaning and labor-saving properties of Cottam's Washing Compound, we will twenty-cent tin Cottam's Baking Powder and one 25-cent tin Cottam's Mustard for \$2. These articles we guarantee good, and at regular price or no sale. To every purchaser we

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God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—[BROWNING.]

London, Monday, March 27.

Latest Cablegrams.

Special cablegrams from Great Britain are this week unusually interesting. Cabling from London, the correspondents give an excellent resume of the latest notable happenings, which will not be uninteresting to readers of the ADVERTISER.

In the Imperial Parliament.

"It is useless to disguise the fact that the opposition to home rule legislation which has arisen is of an unexpected character," cabled a well-informed correspondent. "Much of it comes from new sources of a non-political kind. It was not until now that many property interests in Ireland which consider themselves menaced by Mr. Gladstone's bill have realized that there was an actual probability of its becoming a law. These interests are now bringing forward a new and formidable opposition. All that money can do directly or indirectly to defeat the plans of the Liberal party will be done. The warfare will be made desperate and unscrupulous. No one can forecast the effect of the use of the new weapons both within and without Parliament. It must be admitted, however, that the fate of the bill even in the House of Commons is becoming extremely doubtful. Tory filibustering has been so outrageous as to call for rebuke from the Speaker, which will probably have some effect upon the more respectable members of the party, but the majority scarcely make a pretense of concealing their intention of continuing the tactics which have reduced public business to a chaotic condition.

"The Speaker is plainly out of sympathy with the Tory plan of campaign, and no doubt is felt that when, after Easter, Mr. Gladstone proceeds to grapple seriously with the obstructionists he will receive full support of the chair."

The Liberal Caucus.

"The object of the general meeting of the Liberal party, which has been summoned for Monday at the Foreign Office, is to impress upon all members of the party the paramount importance of giving continuous attention at the House of Commons, no matter what personal inconvenience may be involved, in order that the Government majority may be kept at its full strength and the Speaker thereby encouraged to deal firmly with the filibusters.

"The Tory suggestion that the meeting has been convened to reconcile dissensions and restore discipline in the Liberal party is ridiculous and mendacious. There has been some grumbling at the Tories, but Mr. Lennox has only to announce his intention to put his foot down firmly and he will receive assurances of the enthusiastic, unanimous support of his followers."

Local Option in the Balance.

It is not improbable that the Premier will ask his temperance friends to agree to the postponement until next session of the Anti-Liquor Bill, the opposition to which has attained really formidable dimensions, thanks to the money lavishly spent and the arguments speciously circulated among the masses. If no formal request be made, it will be pretty well understood that the bill has no chance of passing this year. The Ministerial ship is now admittedly top-heavy, and requires trimming and lightening. If the Government manages to pass the Home Rule, Registrations, and Welsh Church Bills, and one or two minor measures, it will have done a good season's work. The Easter holidays are not likely to suit a vacation to all appearances will be quite as brief.

Crimoline in Disfavor.

The only full-fledged crinoline which has appeared in the streets of London was worn one day this week by a young woman on the staff of an evening paper. Her costume was not a burlesque, but a genuine old-style crinoline made as attractively as a modern costume could build it. The young woman walked from the Embankment through Piccadilly, Regent street, Bond street, and other fashionable West End thoroughfares, followed most of the time by a howling mob of street gossips. Finally she took refuge in a bus, and the conductor promptly charged her double fare for the extra space occupied. It is now safe to say that the crinoline crisis in England has been passed safely. The Princess of Wales' refusal to approve full skirts has vetoed fashion's futile decree.

An Unhappy Duke.

Strange stories are told of the immense wealth of the late Duke of Bedford, who fell dead suddenly on Thursday of heart disease. His death was as sudden as that of his father, who shot himself one idle day from a mere desire for a new sensation. The great falling of the family seems to have been what the French call *enroul*. This young man got almost no enjoyment out of

his millions and the title that belonged to him. He was retiring in disposition, almost a recluse, and took no interest in anything that touched ordinary members of the human family. Though enormously rich, he was a miser. Scores of acres of the most valuable property in the heart of London belong to his estate. His passion for saving manifested itself when a boy at school and it remained with him till the day of his death. Never a day passed without his saving something and reckoning how much he had saved. After his succession to the dukedom and vast property accretion to the dukedom increased. His one absorbing thought was to pile up further hoards. His marriage was the only romance in his life. Miss Somers-Cox, a great beauty and heiress to the barony of Somers in her own right, was his bride. There was every thing to make them happy, yet they parted on the afternoon of their marriage, and it is common talk that the union between them was only a formality. They have occupied of late years the same house, but their interests were widely different. The duke, a man of pleasure and a gourmand, while she devoted herself with single-mindedness to philanthropic works of every kind. Though they lived in the same house, they were as widely severed as two strangers. Why, nobody knows, but the young widow is praised everywhere.

Bering Sea and Red Tape.

The members of the Bering Sea Court of Arbitration have been received in Paris with all the pomp and circumstance of peace. They were accorded those honors due to ambassadors. There is one point of agreement—that the seals have decreased. The case of the United States is that the decrease, which is almost to the degree of extermination, is due to the reckless open sea hunting and wanton killing of the females during the period of gestation. Great Britain claims that seals are fish and not animals, and, therefore, that there can be no property in them. The question of jurisdiction is considered a minor one by the United States counsel. English newspapers insist that this meeting is as important as the outbreak of a great war. They speak of the majestic spectacle it offers to mankind and insist that the time has come for the establishment of a permanent supreme court of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain.

A Peer's Shocking Conduct.

The modern impeachment of Lord Hastings, not for treason, but for one of the lowest of police court offenses, is the latest case of under-the-breath scandal—for scandal in a variety of forms has quite monopolized public attention this week. The Lord Hastings of to-day, though still young, has reached a period of premature physical decay. The London newspapers to-day do not hesitate to print the disgusting details of his criminal attack on a little serving maid whose acquaintance he made in Regent Park while she was in charge of the child of her employer. The evidence against the noble peer was so complete that the magistrate, much indignant was no doubt of his guilt. No indignation is expressed, therefore, that the licentious member of the House of Lords should be merely fined £50, while an ordinary prisoner under such circumstances would assuredly have been sent to jail for several months. Lord Hastings' name has never until now been included in the black list of dissipated rakes, whose immoralities have done so much to rouse democratic antagonism to the House of Lords. He has enjoyed a fair share of public respect, and has taken a part of some prominence in public affairs.

A Beauty Show for the Fair.

Every vessel sailing hence nowadays carries exhibits for Chicago. The Paris on Saturday, in addition to Col. Ochiltree, took 50 beautiful women (all foreign women are beautiful) representing different countries. Each will wear the garb of her own country, and will follow the characteristic occupation of her countrywomen. Worth has designed dresses for the French representative, Parisian style, with plenty of color. English, Irish and Scotch representatives are each to have distinctive costumes. There are women from China, Japan and other countries not on the continent of Europe. The Tyrolese and Hungarians look very picturesque. Included in the company are a number of musicians. Their work will include lace-making, painting, wood-carving, fancy work, etc. The only things in this part of the exhibition to be on sale will be photographs of the women. The exhibition will not be to relate to antiquity or history, but simply to everyday life at the present time. I am unable to say whether this dazzling company fully realizes the poet's dream of fair women, for no one at all loves to look upon the aggregation of loveliness on bloc. Selections were made from several thousand ambitious maidens, and no record has been made of the heart-burnings and jealousies engendered by the choice. Even the fate of the final umpire of rival comeliness is unknown.

And Yet Another.

A slower vessel, the Massachusetts, which also sailed Saturday, took an exhibit of sterner stuff. Instead of 50 beautiful women there were 200 martial men, 75 army horses and two cannons. These men will represent the Life Guards, Royal Horse Artillery and other British guards. They will give an exhibition new to America, but old and always interesting to continental countries. There will be musical rides, for which the horses are specially trained. There will be exhibitions of uniforms and gold lace, an eternal gaudy to the eye and to the tongue. The show derides the eye and the tongue. The company is commanded by Gen. Willoughby. A number of officers with padded chests and educated mustaches form part of the outfit.

Bullet-Proof Uniforms.

The entire press of Europe has been giving much attention in the past few days to the experiments just made with so-called bullet-proof uniforms in Vienna. It was at first supposed that the invention was a revival of the discovery of several years ago which proved impracticable. Later accounts of the experiments and the fact that an immense sum has been paid by a Berlin syndicate for the secret indicate that the device is of a good deal of importance. The idea of the inventor, a tailor named Dowe, is that the soldier should wear in action an armor which covers the body and weighs about six pounds. It is a body and weight composed of cloth, to be buttoned over the uniform. Steel-faced bullets from modern rifles fail to penetrate at any distance over 100 metres. At less than 200 metres the shock of a bullet might render a man unconscious.

Queen Victoria Abroad.

Queen Victoria is now comfortably installed in the Villa Palmieri, Florence, and will remain there for four weeks. The villa is a beautiful place, and has the additional attraction to the Queen's frugal mind of being rent free, the owner, the dowager Countess of Crawford and Balcarres, having lent it to her Majesty, and spent hundreds of pounds into the bargain in redecorating

it. The report that several wealthy residents at Florence offered to place their villas at the Queen's disposal is denied to-day. Some offers were made, but in each case big rent was demanded, in one instance as much as £800 a week. The Queen will visit neither Venice nor Rome, but the Italian royal couple will probably call upon her at Florence. Since the first announcement of the Queen's intended visit, the municipality of Florence have been spending upon street-cleaning and general scavenging amounts which have quite shocked the old inhabitants, and the local society for the prevention of cruelty to animals has awakened from its habitual lethargy into a state of feverish energy. The word has gone forth that the English Queen is accustomed to and likes clean streets and well-flushed sewers and detests ill-treatment of animals.

The Ocean Greyhounds.

The Cunard steamship people are a good deal disgruntled by the action of the Admiralty in withdrawing the subsidy from the Etruria and Umbria as reserve cruisers. The Government will pay a still larger sum, \$65,000 annually, on the new ships Campania and Lucania. Beginning next month, there will be some interesting races between Southampton and Sandy Hook between the fastest American line boats and the fastest British. The Columbia has just left the Thames, after being overhauled, and she is expected to be a record breaker this season. The fastest time, which the Paris and New York will probably soon reduce, is 6 days, 11 hours and 44 minutes.

A Short Sermon Decree.

New fashioned Sunday people, with ideas of their own on short sermons, have to thank the young German Emperor for siding with them. He has taken a strong personal interest in the management of church affairs, and by an imperial announcement has decided how long sermons should last. Of late ministers have been preaching only about fifteen minutes, but the Emperor declared that even this was too long, and ordered that at the inauguration of Nazareth Church, which was made a solemn ceremonial event, the sermon should not last more than six minutes. So hereafter six-minute sermons will be the rule.

Mrs. Langtry's Movements.

As the Queen goes to Italy, Mrs. Langtry, a queen in another fashion, returns to London. She rushed back immediately on hearing of Squire Abington's death, reached here Tuesday, and has been busy ever since straightening out her affairs. The death of Abington has changed a good many of her plans. They were very good friends, and she has been very much distressed by his having once blackened her eyes. She denies the rumor that he made a will in her favor.

The Coming of Cholera.

Prof. Virchow's visit to England has been one triumphal procession. All the learned societies have showered honors upon him. Cambridge and Oxford have struggled for the opportunity to add complementary degrees to the list of titles he already writes after his name, and the Prince of Wales and Mr. Gladstone have dined him. The professor, seen in a leisure hour by a correspondent, talked pleasantly about this English adulteration and upon American affairs. The question of cholera came up, and he had little hesitation in predicting an outbreak this spring. "I fear," said he, "that we shall experience another siege something like the one we had last year—possibly less violent, but probably more extensive. There have been throughout Europe from week to week during the past months, and the spring sunshine is bound to develop the germs more rapidly. It is a mistake to suppose that cold is fatal to the microbes. On the contrary, in certain surroundings, the cold really assists their development. "But the means of fighting the epidemic are better now, are they not?" was suggested.

"Very much so," Prof. Virchow replied. "Take the case of Hamburg alone. There have been vast improvements and great efforts towards cleanliness and purification of the water supplies. But much still remains to be done. There has not been time enough to effect the thorough sanitary changes necessary to avoid contamination. As long as we have such villages as are common throughout Polish Russia, cholera is certain to find a foothold.

"You Americans, if you had such dangerous towns to contend with, would settle the matter with your usual common-sense and positiveness. You would simply set fire to an entire town, burn it down, and build a new one on its ashes. But, of course, we cannot do that sort of thing over here."

"Then just what risk of the cholera does America run?" was asked. "Very little," was the answer. "You may have a few cases, as you had last year, but the chances are very much against anything like an epidemic in America."

A Nabob's Wedding.

The Earl of Craven, who has gone to New York to marry Miss Bradley-Martin on April 18, is a nice-looking young fellow, barely 25, with an income of £400,000 a year and three handsome country seats. He will never be Prime Minister. His chief claims to distinction have been the possession of a perfectly appointed steam-launch on the Thames and a magnificent houseboat, a few runs with the royal hounds and a rumored engagement to a beautiful lady, Ulrica Duncombe. His principal companion is Charles Paston-Cooper, younger son of Sir Ashley Paston-Cooper, and his chief occupation has been to smoke diminutive cigarettes in an amber holder studded with diamonds. Five of the Earl's six aunts are leading members of London society—the Countess of Cadogan, the Countess of Wilton, the Countess of Coventry, the Marchioness of Ailesbury and Lady Emily Van De Weyer.

A "Democratic" King.

King Humbert, of Italy, who was stoned on Saturday by an insane man, is an indefatigable worker, deeply interested in parliamentary and military questions.

Short Breath Chest Pains

Palpitation, weak and sore lungs, pleurisy, coughs, colds, asthma and bronchitis relieved in ONE MINUTE by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER, the first and only instantaneous pain-killing, strengthening plaster. For weak, painful kidneys, back aches, uterine pains and weakness it is simply wonderful. It utilizes the nervous forces, and hence is unrivalled for nervous pains, weakness, numbness, and paralysis. Beyond question the surest, safest, sweetest and best plaster in the world.

Price: 30c; five, \$1.25. At all druggists or by mail from J. S. MARSHALL, Boston.

rarely laughs, has but one amusement—hunting—loves to talk with not one except his wife and aides, yet is invariably courteous and even affable. When he ascended the throne he determined to reign as a Democratic King. He declared at Bologna to the assembled crowds, "The monarchy shall be democratic or shall cease to exist." In closing his speech at the opening of the present Italian Parliament, last November, he said: "Victor Emmanuel cherished the noble ambition of restoring Italy to the Italians. He attained that aim, and now he wishes to connect my name with the economical and intellectual renaissance of my country, and to see our dear Italy strong, prosperous and great."

Will Rosebery Wed a Princess?

It is stated on good authority that the approaching formal announcement of the engagement of the Duke of York to Princess May will be accompanied by that of the Princess Maud of Wales to Lord Rosebery. Delay in the announcement of the first mentioned and more generally known engagement is said to be due to the desire of the Princess of Wales rather than, as is generally surmised, to any objection on the part of the Queen. Already, it is said, settlements for the future Lady Rosebery are being discussed, though it is not at all likely that there will be any hitch upon this score.

Lord Rosebery on his first marriage had a sum of £30,000 a year settled upon him absolutely out of his Rothschild wife's estate, and a life interest, subject to certain provisions, for the children in remainder. Now that his own estates are comparatively clear, they bring in another probable £25,000 or £30,000 a year, while his honorarium of £5,000 as Minister to the Crown is something in addition. There is some disparity between Lord Rosebery and Princess Maud—he will be 46 in a few weeks, while she is about half his age.

"German Syrup"

J. C. Davis, Rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, Bufala, Ala.: "My son has been badly afflicted with a fearful and threatening cough for several months, and after trying several prescriptions from physicians which failed to relieve him, he has been perfectly restored by the use of two bottles of Boettcher's German Syrup. I can recommend it without hesitation." Chronic severe, deep-seated coughs like this are as severe tests as a remedy can be subjected to. It is for these long-standing cases that Boettcher's German Syrup is made a specialty. Many others afflicted as this lad was, will do well to make a note of this.

J. F. Arnold, Montevideo, Minn., writes: I always use German Syrup for a Cold on the Lungs. I have never found an equal to it—far less a superior. G. G. GREEN, Sole Man'r, Woodbury, N.J.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called LANE'S MEDICINE. Buy one today. Lane's Family Medicine soothes the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

The arrival of Spring will be greeted with "Showers" of tears. Why? Why? because every person will weep with joy when they find they can purchase at a reasonable price one of

Currie's Coats,

World-renowned Waterproof Coats, which have stood the test of 60 years and still take the lead in the markets of Great Britain and the Colonies.

All large dealers keep them in stock.

LIVERY STABLES.

B. BEATTIE'S LIVERY—ALBERT STREET—Good horses and first-class rigs. Good accommodation for boarders. Phone 680. D. BEATTIE, PROPRIETOR.

H. UNTER & SON—SOUTH LONDON Livery and Hack Stand. Rates reasonable. Telephone No. 157.

WILLIAM THOMPSON, LIVERY, RICHMOND street north. Stylish rigs, good horses, both riding and driving, at the shortest notice; also boarding and sale stables. Telephone 425.

A. DUFFON, LIVERY, KING STREET—Stylish rigs and good horses. Rigs at shortest notice. Telephone 336.

LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 619 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone No. 669.

J. S. MARSHALL MAMMOTH LIVERY, DUNDAS STREET Good carriages at all hours. Low charges. Telephone 436.

OUR NEW GOODS

ARE ARRIVING DAILY.

We can safely say we are now showing the best value we have ever offered in Drygoods, Millinery, Mantles and Clothing. Early this week we have our Spring opening, to which one and all are invited.

On Monday morning we will be fully equipped in our Dressmaking Department, having secured the services of a dressmaker who will be second to none in this city.

We have just opened up one case of the latest novelties in Ladies' Shoulder Capes. Every lady should see them. Prices moderate---\$4 50, \$5, \$6 50, \$7 50.

Ladies and gentlemen, we solicit your patronage. No house can or will serve you better.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street.

A MAIDEN FAIR.

CHAPTER III.

AT THE GATE.
He had been in a dream the last ten minutes of his stay in the captain's room. He was in a dream now that he got out into the fresh air. Cargill, going with them—Cargill had been at the cottage just before him—why then it was all settled and there was no hope for him.

What then, then, had prompted him to say he would be pilot of the Marmion on this voyage? Why should he be with them when it would be only to intensify his sense of loss into hate, and—maybe, crime?

He should have said, no, no, no!—and he had said yes for the very reason which should have compelled him to say no.

It was not yet too late. He could find some excuse, he could feign illness—he could drown himself. Anything rather than go on board that vessel and see them together, knowing the man to be so unworthy. He did believe that if he had thought Cargill an honest man, he could have said good-bye to him and steered them into port with no chagrin, but only sorrow in his heart.

As it was—how he must escape from the engagement. He could not answer for himself if he fulfilled it.

As he was mechanically opening the gate his arm was grasped by a friendly hand.

"Stop a minute, Mr. Ross, I have been noticing that you are not well, can we do anything for you?"

"Not well! What a poor thing was it then, that the wreck of hope and future that came to me at a question of 'Can we do anything for you?' So much medicine—so much fresh air—and I am here restored and the future is as bright as ever. That is the current mood—and a happy one—but to the homely nature of a man like Ross it brought no balm. He had ventured his all in a single boat and it had sunk.

He turned and saw Annie, the bright, sympathetic eyes of the girl, like most men deeply in love he was most shy of the being he loved. So he answered somewhat ungraciously:

"That is true—I am not well; but thank you for coming to say a kind word to me."

"I am very glad to have given you any comfort. I doubt you have over-taxed yourself today."

He rested on the gate. The sweet voice was echoing in his brain and he listened. Then speaking to the voice he breathed the name, "Annie."

She did not draw away from him. She stood breathless.

"Will you let me speak to you?" he said, so quietly now that he could scarcely realize himself that he had been for a moment in dream.

"If it will do you any good, to be sure I will," she answered with an endeavor to speak quite frankly and easily; but the voice faltered a little. The only time that it was a pause, and the outcome of it was:

"I'm a stupid gawk."

But ridiculous as the expression might be to other ears they were not so to those of Annie Murray, and she asked tremulously:

"What for?"

"Because I care more for you, than for anybody or anything else, and—I have been eyes feared to tell you. Now is it useless telling you?"

He spoke almost fiercely as in the throes of a strong man's anxiety but with the evident effort to restrain his passion.

"You are not to speak any more," she said drawing a long breath, "you are to listen to me. You are young, and you can go where you will find friends to comfort and cheer you."

"So it is said of all men," he muttered.

"My father is an old man," she went on, "and has only me as his constant friend and companion. Well, can you think of it! I leave to myself long ago that I would never leave him until he sent me away. Well, can you think of it! The only time that I ever wished I might leave him was—"

"But there the blood came rushing to her face and she uttered a cry of alarm."

"What is it?" she asked, looking into her face for an explanation.

"Well," she said softly—an entire change of tone and manner—"there's nothing more to say except that I am glad you are here. The pilot of the Marmion on her next trip."

He took her hand gently, and for a moment he looked into the child's eyes. Then—

"Now it is my turn to ask you to listen to me," he said slowly, "while I was coming down the path, I made up my mind that I would not go. You shall decide for me. Is Cargill going by your wish?"

"No."

"Do you wish me to go?"

"No—because father wishes it."

She added the latter words so quickly, as if fearing that he should misunderstand the import of her wish; and again they looked into each other's eyes in silence.

"Very well," he said, "I will go."

And then they said good-bye. The understanding between them was complete, although no word of compact had been spoken. She was to be faithful to her father, and he was to wait until the father spoke.

Wait—say, he would wait all his life. And he had no doubt that after this trip the Marmion, a little conversation with Captain Duncan would enable him to arrange matters satisfactorily. With that conviction he went merrily on his way.

CHAPTER IV.

A DUTIFUL SON.
The original part of the village consists of two rows of buildings forming a narrow street. The buildings have two floors; the upper one is approached by a stair-case with a thick wooden railing outside the wall and the landings of these "outside stairs" from the rostrums of the fishermen were put out from whence they gossiped. Poles were strung across the street, ropes to women's heads, and on these hang men's and broad launched women gossiping to others. Beneath the stairs are others preparing bait, mending nets or clothes, and also gossiping. Baxter. To him one of these stairs is Dick's, justly. He is dressed in the latest fashion of tailors, has a large signet ring on the third finger of his left hand, and carries a slim umbrella in his right, which is evidently conscious that such a dandy is out of his element in this place. He is rendered still more conspicuous of it by the salutation of Dick Baxter.

"Well, Jeems, your a grand sight, but you might have come sooner, for your mother is in a great way about you, for your mother is in a great way about you, for your mother is in a great way about you."

"Thank you Mister Baxter."

"That's as muckle as to say that I ought to call you Mister Cargill," said Dick pityingly. "Na, na, laddie, I canna do that. I have kept ye since you were a bairn running barefoot here in the row, and you maun just thole me saying Jeems to the end."

Before Dick had finished his observation, the gentleman had ascended the staircase and entered the dwelling at the top. There he was saluted by the old drith cry:

"Ye hae come at last, ye deevil's buckie. What's kept ye? Did I nae say that ye was to be here at two o'clock and noo it's four?"

This came from an old woman who was seated in an old-fashioned armchair. She wore a high white "mutch," which rendered her shriveled features and shrunken eyes the more marked; and the passion on her face at this moment made it appear more haggard than it really was.

The lumpish dandy was not at all disturbed. His mother Bell Cargill, had been paralyzed in her lower limbs for ten years past; and although she was always expecting to recover and making arrangements for that purpose, it has not yet come too pass. She was constantly telling her neighbors what she would do when she "got up," and they kindly humored her hope, and the hope sustained her. She had been one of the bravest and strongest of the fishermen, and by a singular business tact, had been successful to a degree beyond precedent. Although living in this poor dwelling surrounded by her creels and fishing tackle—it was her humor to have all the relics of her trade about her—she possessed a considerable fortune, the result of her own energy and industry. Bawbes had grown to shillings in her hands and shillings to pounds. Then, whilst she still carried her creel, she had started a small fish shop in the High street, Edinburgh, and out of that had grown two large fishmongery establishments, one at the West End, and the other in the main thoroughfare leading to Newington. She had been careful in the selection of her managers, and had prospered.

She had once said—but she never repeated it—that the only mistake she ever made was in getting married; and the only good her man had ever done her was in "deceasing" her. But he had left her with a son as useless as himself.

Notwithstanding all her prosperity, she clung to the abode in which she had been brought up, and out of which she had won everything. Her son, however, had different ideas.

(To be Continued.)

There will be serious trouble if you do not overcome those dyspeptic symptoms. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine you need.

"I find a great deal of difficulty in keeping my mind on my work," said Willie Washington. "Really?" said Miss Belle Pepperton, with seeming surprise. "It must be a very small piece of work."

The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Pickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

She—Do humorists ever make jokes at their own expense? Humorist—The first few thousand are at their own expense; after that they get paid for them or give it up.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, is ear ache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, in which the young are specially subject.

Mrs. Byer—Those are nice looking eggs. Grocer (enthusiastically)—Yes, indeed; they're birds! And then he wondered why she didn't buy any.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills as they are extremely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

Jasper—Is intoxication always followed by a swollen head? Jumpup—Yes, even when a man has been intoxicated by success.

A Cure for Croup. Croup kills thousands where cholera kills tens. For this dread disease no remedy compares in curative power with Hagar's Yellow Oil. It loosens the phlegm, gives prompt relief, and soon completely cures the most violent attack.

Snooper—"I'd have you know I come of a good family. Ricketts—you must have traveled a long distance."

A Plain Statement. Hagar's Pectoral Balm cures coughs, colds, asthma, hoarseness, bronchitis, tightness of the chest, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Price 25 cents.

It appears to us that these meetings between debtors and creditors are largely over done.

Beware of Cholera. The healthy body throws off the germs of cholera, therefore wisdom counsels the use of Burdock Blood Bitters to purify the blood, regulate the system, and fortify the body against cholera and its epidemics.

Beaver (jocosely)—I wonder why you hard-headed western men wear soft hats? Slouch—And I wonder why you soft-headed eastern fellows wear hard hats?

Untold Misery—What a Well-Known Commercial Traveler Suffered, and How He Was Cured—Gentleman writes: "About five years ago I began to be troubled with dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time traveling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians of the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine, and the third bottle was finished. I found I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I feel confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistent use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia. (Signed.) T. S. McINTYRE."

Chappy—"You needn't try to put me in the soup." Maud—"I shouldn't think of it; noodles go in the gravy."

A prominent resident of Dundas street east, a customer of Mr. J. G. Shaw, the druggist, states that he has found Eesley's Liver Loxenges the best remedy he knows for torpid liver, etc. There is no doubt, says Mr. Shaw, that these loxenges embody an original and valuable idea for those suffering from biliousness and torpid liver.

A GRITTY GIRL.

Only 13 Years Old, but She Terrorized Two Burglars.
(Omaha correspondent St. Louis Globe-Democrat.)

Nellie Gastright, the 13-year-old daughter of Fritz Gastright, residing at Eighth and Bancroft streets, for half an hour last night bluffed two burly burglars, and thus bravely prevented them from robbing her father of \$1,000. Gastright yesterday afternoon drew from the bank \$1,000, which he intended paying for his house and lot. This sum would be the final installment, and then he would own his home. He placed the money in a bureau drawer, and last night, accompanied by his wife, went to South Omaha, leaving his daughter Nellie at home.

Her parents had been gone only half an hour when the girl heard a noise in the kitchen. Her father's empty revolver was lying on the table near by, and she matched it up and ran out into the kitchen.

A robber had just crawled through the window, and when she saw him she raised the revolver and told him to stop. He did so, and the girl, still pointing the pistol at his head, commanded him to leave.

The robber's confederate, who was outside, hearing the girl's voice, jumped in through the window and rushed to his companion's assistance. This did not dismay the little heroine. She stood off both men with the revolver, and again ordered them to depart if they did not care to be shot. They backed slowly toward the window, but suddenly they sprang forward, and one of them knocked the revolver out of the girl's hand. While one of the men held her the other started for a tour through the house in search of the money, which they doubtless knew was in the house, but the girl struggled so violently that the searcher was compelled to return. They soon found the young girl was a match for both of them. One of them brutally struck her with a slung shot, rendering her unconscious.

When Mr. Gastright and his wife returned they found their daughter lying on the floor, and a part of the house, including the drawers in the bureau and tables, ransacked, but the money was still safe. She says had the revolver been loaded she would have shot the men, and that she would not have shot to frighten, either. She said she did not propose that the men should take her father's money while she was in charge of the house. The supposition is that the girl's resistance so delayed the robbers that the return of her parents interrupted their search for the money.

GUARD AGAINST FATAL RESULTS!
Now is the Season of Danger!

Fortify and Strengthen the Body.

Our duty is to warn of impending danger, and do what we can to honestly show the true path of health and life. Our words of warning are directed to those who are diseased and suffering. We wish to show them that a change of season brings with it danger and fatal results to the unprepared. Spring brings with it unhealthy and death-dealing odors and gases, produced by decaying vegetable matter, dangerous cess pits and badly constructed drains.

The diseased and suffering have a small chance of life, if they are in any way exposed to such dangers as we have mentioned. It behooves every run-down, weak, overworked and debilitated man and woman to look for a blood-cleansing, invigorating and life-renewing medicine that will avert danger and build up the shattered system.

The experience of thousands in Canada amply proves that Baine's Celery Compound is the great life preserver and renewer. It is the great and only safe spring medicine in our country, and has the approval of our best doctors and our most intelligent people. It saves from fatal results after all other remedies fail; it snatches from the grave those who are pronounced incurable. Give it an honest trial, you suffering ones, it never fails to cure.

SOCIALISM DEFINED.
[Buffalo Times.]

Mr. Laurence Gronlund's visit to Buffalo has had the effect of awakening to a considerable extent, thought upon the improvement in human affairs through Socialism. We suddenly discover that we are all Socialists in Buffalo to a limited extent. Socialism is co-operation. For instance, our public schools, our fire department, our police force, our city water supply system are all conducted upon the co-operative plan. The United States postal service is co-operative and Socialistic. We may be said to be progressing in Socialism, for no one would for a moment think of placing our water department or any other of our departments in the hands of a private corporation.

The Times has urged the adoption of the city ownership of the street railway system and the lighting system, but there is such an enormous profit in these businesses that private capitalists by the sweetening of legislators and the public press have stifled any movement looking to the co-operative management of these systems. It would be much easier for the people to pay three or four per cent. on the bonds issued for the purchase of such plants than to pay the private owners 25 to 100 or more per cent. If a private corporation owned our water system it is more than likely the water rates would be doubled. By the same reasoning we reach the conclusion that our gas bill would be cut in two and our street car fares greatly reduced. Let us be Socialists at least to the extent of owning these natural monopolies.

The Tea Table.
A pretty bouquet of summer flowers, a nice china tea set with the fragrant aroma of the finest Ceylon tea coming from every cup, some good bread and creamery butter, and a plate covered with nice light tea biscuits baked with Pure Gold Baking Powder is sufficient to make the rich as well as the poor rejoice and be thankful.

Dick (translating into French)—"Say, Tom, what is the French for war horse?" Tom—"Why, er-er-hors de combat, I think."

A man's wife should always be the same as to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they will make her feel like a different person; at least so they say, and their husbands say so too.

Change in Time for New York via Erie Railway.
The Erie Railway are running a very fast train from Buffalo. The time has been cut down two hours. By leaving London at 12:15 p.m. you will arrive in Buffalo at 6:50 p.m., and leave Buffalo at 7:30 p.m. arrive in New York next morning at 7:30. You can also leave London at 3:45 a.m., 6 a.m. and 11:40 p.m. The latter is a magnificent train, solid vestibule; not a single change between London and New York, and dining cars attached to all trains for meals. For further particulars apply to S. J. SHAW, 19 Wellington street east, Toronto.

Our Early Morning Edition

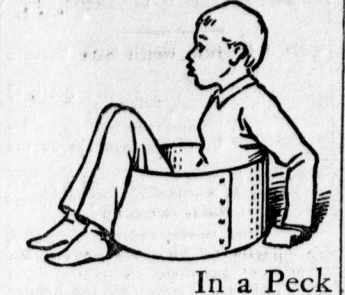
Our Early Morning Edition contains all the freshest telegraphic news—including the most compact and readable summary of Ottawa doings that goes out from the Dominion Capital. All the news for Two CENTS!

Actor Curtis' Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—The case of M. B. Curtis ("Sam" of Posen) charged with the murder of Policeman Grant, has gone over until Friday next to be set for a third trial.

Patrons of Industry.

DETROIT, March 26.—The Patrons of Industry have concluded their business here. One of their last acts was to create the position of supreme lecturer, and to appoint Mr. A. S. Partridge, of Flushing, Mich., to the office. A few unimportant changes were made in the constitution.



In a Peck

of trouble—the woman who washes without *Pearline*. Her work is never done, and it's never done well. With *Pearline* she can do twice as much, and have it done better. There is little work, less wear, never the least harm. Try *Pearline*, and see it go for dirt; when you see dirt, go for *Pearline*.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as" *Pearline*. IT'S FALSE—*Pearline* is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of *Pearline*, the honest thing—send it back. 255 JAMES ST., N.Y.

RIPANS
TABULES
REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.
RIPANS TABULES are the best M. B. Baine known for Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Disinclination, Bad Complexion, Biliary, Offensive Breath, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Ripans Tabules contain nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. Are pleasant to take, safe, efficient, and give immediate relief. May be ordered through nearest druggist or by mail. Sample free by mail. Address: THE RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 19 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

KEARNEY'S
HERBAL HAIR TONIC
Cures Dandruff, Promotes Growth of the Hair, Prevents Falling Out and Imparts to the Hair a Beautiful Gloss. It being a purely vegetable compound, it may be used freely without injury to the most delicate scalp. Every Bottle Guaranteed.
51 PER BOTTLE
R. J. KEARNEY,
283 Richmond street, London, sole proprietor and manufacturer, London, Ont. All orders by mail promptly attended to. Ask your druggist for it. All the druggists keep it. R. J. Kearney, the fashionable barber, the people's favorite, will always be found at the old stand, 283 Richmond street, one door south of the waterworks office. None but good artists employed. Nothing but good work performed.

Rheumatism Cured in a Few Hours
—BY THE—
ALKALINE TREATMENT
All Schools of Medicine are taught that there are but two causes of disease, Acids and Alkalies, and where there is one cause of alkalinity there is a million of acidity. The Alkaline Treatment discovered by Professor Brunton, the Canadian Chemist, neutralizes the acid which is the cause of every chronic disease. Stimulates the blood vessels, restoring circulation. Rheumatism, Catarrh, Paralysis, Eczema, Sour Stomach, Kidney Troubles, Indigestion, Debility, any form of Blood Poisoning, etc., are treated successfully. There are two preparations, internally to purify the blood through the stomach, externally to absorb the impurities through the pores of the skin; they are each 60c. Any information free, either by letter or personally. PROF. BRUNTON, Office 1, 208, Masonic Temple, Chicago.

For Sale by Druggists, W. T. Strong, druggist, wholesale agent, London.

HEALTH FOR ALL!!!
Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWELS. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless. Manufactured only at 75, New Oxford Street (late 608, Oxford Street), London, and sold by all Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 75, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

IN A DAY.



LAWRENCE, KANS., U.S.A., Aug. 9, 1888.
George Patterson fell from a second-story window, striking a fence. I found him using

ST. JACOBS OIL.

He used it freely all over his bruises. I saw him next morning at work. All the bluespots rapidly disappeared, leaving neither pain, scar nor swelling. C. K. NEUMANN, M.D.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

HEADACHE CURED IN 20 MINUTES BY **Alpha Wafers**
OR MONEY REFUNDED. Purely Vegetable, Perfectly Harmless and Pleasant to take. For Sale by all Druggists. PRICE 25 Cts.

PARKER'S DYE WORKS.

Blanket and Quilt Department

Blankets and Counterpanes thoroughly cleaned, and finished soft. Blankets can also be dyed any color, if all wool. Striped Austrian Blankets and Carriage and Railway Rugs cleaned and beautifully finished.

Elder Down Quilted Goods Successfully Cleaned

R. PARKER & CO., Dyers and Cleaners.

217 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Branches at Toronto, Brantford, Woodstock, St. Catharines and Galt.

THE MORRIS PIANO
The favorite Canadian Piano. A High Grade Instrument. Agents wanted in London and vicinity.
Morris, Field, Rogers Co.,
of Listowel, (Ltd.)

A MYSTERY
All-Wool Suitings, - \$15 00
All-Wool Pantings, - 3 50
PETHICK & McDONALD,
333 RICHMOND STREET, LONDON.

WM. MALLOCH & CO., MACHINISTS
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
ELEVATORS,
PULLEYS, SHAFTING, HANGERS AND SPECIAL MACHINERY
Repairing a Specialty.
154 Fullerton Street, London

The Canada Sugar Refining Co.,
LIMITED,
MONTREAL.
Manufacturers of Refined Sugars of the well-known Brand

Redpath
Of the Highest Quality and Purity, made by the Latest Processes, and the Newest and Best Machinery, not Surpassed Anywhere.
LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 lb boxes.
"CROWN" GRANULATED, Special brand, the finest which can be made.
EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality.
"CREAM" SUGARS, (not dried).
"YELLOW SUGARS" of all Grades and Standards.
SYRUPS of all Grades in Barrels and half Barrels.
SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrups in tins, 2 pounds and 8 pounds each.

True to Its Name.
A clean family paper, with a large subscription list, is sure to be a good advertising medium. We claim that the London Advertiser is true to its name, and is the very best medium in London for making your wants known. Advertise your wants in the paper which reaches the homes.

The Advertiser.

CANNED VEGETABLES
CANNED FRUITS,
EVAPORATED FRUITS
Of the Best Quality and Lowest Price.
FITZGERARD, SCANDRETT & CO.,
169 DUNDAS STREET.

Wall Paper

Newest Styles and Designs
Arriving Daily.

O. B. GRAVES,

222 Dundas Street.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BORN.
HUNTER—On Friday, March 24, to Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hunter, a son.

DIED.
GRIFFITH—On Sunday, March 25, Amy wife of Francis Griffith, aged 38 years. Funeral from the family residence, No. 75 Askani street, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2:30 p.m.; services at 2. Friends and acquaintances will kindly attend.

O'DWYER—On Sunday, March 26, Miss Mary O'Dwyer, aged 93 years. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday) at 9 a.m. to St. Peter's Cathedral. Friends and acquaintances will kindly attend.

HARRISON—On Sunday, March 19, at Reddock, Louisiana, U. S. A., Arthur Wesley, son of the late Thomas Harrison, of London township, aged 55 years. Interred at Flushing, Mich., on Friday, March 24.

CURRAN—In this city, on March 26, Mary, relict of the late John Curran, in the 68th year of her age. The funeral will leave the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Thos. Hopper, 238 Wellington street, on Tuesday morning next, at 1:30 o'clock, for St. Peter's Cathedral. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. Kindly omit flowers.

SCANDRETT BROS.

(Successors to John Scandrett)

GROCCERS

175 Dundas Street.



This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.

J. D. SAUNBY
177 York Street.
TELEPHONE 118.



PATENTS
P. J. EDMUNDS, Solicitor of Patents,
Mechanical and Patent Law Expert.
250-1 Richmond, corner King, London, Ont.
Telephone 691 B.

R.K. Cowan

Barister, etc., over Bank of Commerce,
London.

PNEUMATIC BICYCLES.

If you have a wheel that suits you
every way except the tire, have it
fitted with the '33 DUNLAP TIRE'.
LE FORCE or any other you wish at
a cost of

\$25 to \$40.

W. A. BROCK'S.

The best new wheel in the world—
the Beeston Humber. Call and see
sample.

192 Dundas Street.

BEATON'S STOCK

—OR—

SPRING HATS

IS NOW COMPLETE.

All the Latest and Leading Shapes

CALL AND INSPECT THEM.

143 DUNDAS STREET

NEXT MARKET LANE.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of new
spring valises in all shades has just
been received at Mrs. Martin's, ranging in
prices from 10c upwards. Balance of winter
stock at one-quarter its usual value.
All orders promptly attended to.

MRS. J. MARTIN,

206 DUNDAS STREET.

HINTON,

THE UNDERTAKER,
202 King St. next to Firemen's Hall.
Private residence, 126 King St.
Telephone 423.

HOUSEKEEPERS

—FOR—

BREAD AND PASTRY

—ONCE USE—

Diamond Patent Flour

And you will take no other. All grocers
keep it. Manufactured at City Mills.

HUNT BROS

PROPRIETORS.

ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES.

It is necessary that copy for changes
of advertisements (to be sure of insertion)
must be handed in on the day previous to
that on which their appearance is desired.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S

Waterproofs

& Umbrellas

Priddis Bros.

JUST ARRIVED

Morton's Fresh Herrings

2 Tins for 25c.

Anderson & Barnard,

NEW YORK STORE.

Enameled Ware.

We have just received a large stock of gray,
white and brown enameled ware, which we
are offering at special low prices; also Carpet
Sweepers, Clothes Wringers and all kinds of
house-furnishing goods.

STEVELY'S,

362 Richmond Street,
PHONE 452.

FAIR WEATHER.

TORONTO, March 26—11 p.m.—High
pressure and fine weather are general
throughout the lake and eastern districts.
In Manitoba the pressure is high and the
weather fair and moderately cold, but further
west lower pressure and higher tempera-
tures prevail. Minimum and maximum tem-
peratures: Edmonton, 16°—42°; Calgary,
24°—40°; Prince Albert, 14° below—32°;
Ottawa, 12° below—24°; Winnipeg, 10°—
24°; Port Arthur, 4° below—32°; Toronto,
27°—37°; Kingston, 22°—34°; Montreal, 20°
—32°; Quebec, 14°—30°; Halifax, 28°—38°.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 27—1 a.m.—Probabil-
ities for the next 24 hours for the lower
lake region (covering the peninsula and
as far east as Belleville): Moderate
winds; fair weather; not much change in
temperature.

Spring Footwear

LATEST STYLES,
BEST MAKERS,
LOWEST PRICES.

KIRKPATRICK'S,

189 DUNDAS STREET.

Trunks and Valises.

SOMETHING GOOD

—FOR—

EASTER!

Ascension Lilies, Spirea, Tulips,
Hyacinths, Azaleas, etc.

Give us your order. We can supply you with
the best.

J. GAMMAGE & SONS

213 Dundas Street.

Yes, Sir,

WE HAVE THE CHOICEST
STOCK OF

Spring Overcoatings

IN THE CITY.

CALL AND ORDER ONE FOR
EASTER. PRICES RIGHT.

N WILSON

& CO.,

112 Dundas Street

All Aboard for North Galveston Tex.
An excursion will leave London for
North Galveston, April 17, 1903. Special
inducements are offered. For particulars
apply to W. D. BUCKLE, agent, London,
On

E. J. MacRobert & Bro.

District and General Agents
for Western Ontario.

Representing the Following Companies

ECONOMICAL Mutual Fire Ins. Co. of Berlin.

MUTUAL Life Insurance Co. of New York.

NATIONAL Fire Insurance Co. of Ireland.

PRINCIPAL Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford.

ATLAS Fire Insurance Co. of England.

TELEPHONE 449.

Offices—Edge Block, cor. Richmond
and Dundas Sts., London, Ont.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.

107.....BUSINESS OFFICE

134.....EDITORIAL ROOMS

175.....JOB DEPARTMENT

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Mr. J. T. Hand, city, left for Toronto
via the C. P. R. last evening.

—Ex-School Trustee Robert Scott, of
Chatham, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. Fred. Wynne, advance agent for
the Mapleson Opera Company, is at the
Touche.

—Dr. Keeley, who has been on a profes-
sional visit to Baltimore, Md., announces
that he will be home on Good Friday.

—Mrs. Fred Morley and daughter, city,
are the guests of the former's parents, Mr.
and Mrs. Edward Jennings, Sarnia.

—Mr. Alfred J. Starr, with the London
Drug Company for years, leaves to-day for
Chicago to assume a good position.

—Mr. T. E. Mara left for London on
Wednesday morning, having secured an in-
terest in the business of the T. A. Mara
Company (Limited) in that city. [Galt Re-
porter.]

—A large crowd attended the evening
service of the First Presbyterian Church
congregation in Victoria Hall last night.
Rev. W. J. Clark preached morning and
evening.

—Mr. H. Gibbons, of this city, late organ-
izer for the High Court of Ontario, I. O. F.,
leaves on Monday next for England to take
up the organizing work of that order in the
old country.

—Counsel for the Freeman family, held
on the charge of murdering Constable
Rankin, of Chatham, will ask that some
trial take place in London, fearing a prejudiced
jury at home.

—Lake navigators predict, and are
anxious for a short and busy season. It is
thought the ice will not permit of naviga-
tion earlier than May 1, and some old
heads place it at May 10.

—Chief of Police Fevings was in London
Saturday morning, having secured some
Helmets, which will be ordered from England
along with a supply for the London police-
men. [St. Thomas Journal.]

—Tony Farrell and his company will
again appear here on Good Friday in two
performances, matinee and evening. The
comedy, "My Colleen," is the principal
feature, repeated with funny sayings, and
will do good service.

—The Shepherd warehouse, and skating
rink at rear, will be used as the C. L. &
S. depot and freight shed in St. Thomas.
Mr. J. H. Thompson, G. T. R. ticket agent
there, who has been appointed agent of the
new company, will commence his duties in
a few days.

—Among the Londoners present in To-
ronto at the wedding of Miss Beatrice
Bickford, of that place, to Capt. Charles
Edward Norton, of the Royal Engineers,
Derby, Eng., were Mrs. Thomas H. Smith,
man, Mr. and Mrs. Sheriff Glass and Mr.
and Mrs. J. H. Flood.

—The St. Thomas waterworks department
has contracted for 1,000 tons of soft coal
from the Pennsylvania and Ohio Coal and
Coke Company through Mr. Bicknell, of
the Cleveland syndicate. The price delivered
at St. Thomas, is \$3.75 per ton, about
50 cents less than the prevailing price in
London.

—The failure of L. E. Morin, jun., &
Co., Montreal, agents for the Consumers'
Oil Company of Petroleum, has been some-
times in the trade. The liabilities are about
\$15,000 to \$17,000, of which about \$13,000
is due the company, which hold mortgages
as security, although it is thought there
will be a loss of \$5,000 in any event.

—Rev. Dr. Hubert Brooks, of Reading,
Eng., Episcopalian, Dr. Ironwood, of Duluth,
Ireland, Methodist, and Dr. McGregor, of
Aberdeen, Scotland, will visit Canada
and the United States, and will hold evangelistic
services in several Canadian cities. It is
understood as probable they will visit Lon-
don if invited by the Ministerial Associa-
tion.

—The fishing licenses on Lake St. Clair
and the Dominion Government, in accord-
ance with representations made from time
to time, the removal of the nets and other
obstructions at the near mouth of the river
will favor the ascent of many desirable
good fishes to the head waters of the
Thames.

—Fred Wynne, business manager of the
Mapleson Opera Company, is perfecting
arrangements for the appearance of that
company in this city, at the Opera House,
on Wednesday evening, April 5. They
will give a performance of popular operatic
concerts and the entire third act of
Gounod's immortal opera, "Faust."

—James Armstrong, of London, who
has a shanty on the 12th line of Ennis-
killen, in which he has been residing re-
cently, looked the little frame wigman
one day lately, leaving inside a watch
valued at \$20, also considerable wearing
apparel. During his absence someone
pried off the package, stole the watch and
a pair of men's hose. [Petrolia Topic.]

—A summons has been issued against
Mr. Frank Kirchmer by Mr. Alexander
Harris, an attaché of the Academy of
Music, charging him with fraudulent ap-
propriation. It is alleged by Mr. Harris
that he gave Mr. Kirchmer a note to
collect, and that gentleman did so, but
failed to give an account of the money.
The magistrate will investigate the affair.
[Toronto Empire.]

—Rev. Mr. Rigby, in the course of the ser-
vices at the King Street Methodist Church
last night, remarked that some of his friends
had taken him to task for not countenanc-
ing and being present at the meetings of
Mr. Leydon in the Opera House. "It is
necessary to clean sewers," said Mr. Rigby,
"but it is not pleasant to be around
when the operation is going on. That was
the reason for my reticence."

—A dispatch from Saginaw, Mich., says

Lily White Water White Oil is a re-
liable oil for family use. Ask your dealer
for it. They must keep it to hold their
trade. Over 100 dealers sell it in the city.
No extra price; same price as ordinary oil.
Orders solicited. Telephone No. 307.
EMPIRE OIL COMPANY.

that Wm. J. Crone, who came there from
London, Ont., last fall, was married on
Thursday to Mrs. Ada Frank, of that city.
The dispatch states that he left a wife and
two children in London and applied for a
divorce. His wife heard of it, and coming
to Saginaw agreed to let him have it for
\$400. Mr. Crone is well-known in the city,
of which he was a resident for years.

—Mrs. Amy, wife of Mr. Francis Griffith,
of No. 75 Askani street, South London,
passed away yesterday in the 38th year of
her age, after an illness of four months—a
victim of consumption. Deceased was a
daughter of the late Mr. McPherson, a
well-known Westminister farmer, and had
been a resident of this locality for about
thirteen years. While in health she was
one of the most active, earnest workers
connected with Askani Street Methodist
Church, whose members, as well as her
bereaved husband, will deeply regret her
death. Mrs. Griffith had no children, but
leaves a brother in Kansas, a sister in this
city and also a sister (Mrs. Winters) at
Mount Brydges. The funeral takes place
to-morrow afternoon.

Talmage's Wad.

A Grand Rapids (Mich.) dispatch says:
The Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage stopped over
between trains yesterday, and, going to an
hotel, carelessly threw his coat on a chair.
When he left a package was found on the
floor that had dropped from his pocket. It
was a wad of greenbacks of about \$2,000,
and a messenger was sent to overtake him
on his way to the depot.

Sir Oliver is Grateful.

Sir Oliver Mowat takes this means of
acknowledging with grateful thanks the
expressions of sympathy in his great be-
reavement which have been conveyed to
him by telegrams, letters, cards, resolu-
tions and otherwise. They have been too
numerous to be acknowledged in detail,
and he desires to assure all to whom he is
indebted for them that he and his family
deeply appreciate the kindness which has
been manifested in their hour of trouble
from so many quarters.

Saturday Afternoon Concert.

The Conservatory of Music weekly pro-
gramme, given by the students Saturday
afternoon, was as follows:

Scherzino—Op. 13, No. 1, V. Seifert

Arabesque—Miss Alice Marshall

Polish Dance—Miss Alice Marshall

Skizzen—Op. 13, No. 1, V. Seifert

Barcarolle (On the Lake) from memory, Skizzen

Prelude and Fugue, No. 1, from memory, Bach

Prelude and Fugue, No. 1, from memory, Bach

a (Water Scenes (Narcissus), E. Nevin

b (Gondoliers), E. Nevin

c (Mazurka), E. Nevin

Mr. Wm. Caven Barron.

Obituary.

The death occurred yesterday of Miss
Mary O'Dwyer, at her residence, 671
Dufferin avenue, at the age of 93 years.
She was born in Ireland, and 50 years ago,
in company with two brothers and one
sister, came to Canada. Deceased settled
in London. One brother went to Mc-
Gillivray and the other became a priest.
Priest of London before the appointment
of a bishop.

Considerable property, including the site of
the London Asylum and part of the
Carling farm. Deceased was well known
and a large circle of friends will mourn her
death. The funeral will take place to-
morrow morning, at 9 o'clock, to St.
Peter's Cathedral.

Railway Agents Organize.

An important meeting was held on Sat-
urday afternoon in the Knights of Pythias
Hall, when the Ontario division of the
Railroad Agents' Association was organized.
The following officers were elected: Presi-
dent, R. W. Scott, G. T. R. Cham-
berlain; first vice-president, W. H. King,
M. C. R. St. Thomas; second vice-presi-
dent, James Hamilton, C. P. R., London;
secretary-treasurer, A. R. Patterson, Erie
and Huron, Chatham. The association is
organized for mutual co-operation and
benefit among traffic representatives of
railway service and to improve their
standing by interchange of ideas. The
next meeting will be held in St. Thomas
on June 8.

County Constables Take Action.

The county constables of Middlesex met
Saturday morning at the Court House with
High Constable Schram in the chair, and
Detective B. E. Allan acting as secretary.
There were 68 in attendance and numerous
letters and telegrams were read, express-
ing sympathy and concord with the object
of the meeting. After discussing the
question of tariff thoroughly, it was moved
by Mr. James Crawford and seconded by
Mr. Smith Spence, "That the tariff drawn
up and amended by the high constable be
submitted to the Government, praying that
it may be adopted, or the old tariff be al-
lowed to remain as it is, and in event of its
not being adopted that we, the county
constables of Middlesex, resign in a body."
The motion was carried unanimously. Mr. Craw-
ford again moved, and Mr. Spence seconded,
that the high constable, Mr. B. E. Allan,
and Mr. J. B. McKillop, assistant
coroner, be a committee to draw up a
petition from this resolution, and submit
to the same to the Government as soon as
possible. This was also carried. A vote
of thanks was then passed to the chairman
and secretary and the meeting adjourned.

Local Legal News.

In the High Court of Justice Friday
Butler vs. City of London—Standstill till
Tuesday, April 4. Injunction continued
unavailable.

Atkinson vs. Innes—G. W. Marsh (Lon-
don), for the plaintiff, moved to continue
an injunction restraining an investigation
by a commission of inquiry into differences
between the Rev. George W. Wye, rector
of an Anglican church at Amherstburg,
and his parishioners. The inquiry was
directed by the Very Rev. Dean
Innes, commissary of the Bishop of
Huron, and the plaintiff claimed that the
commissary had exceeded his powers.
S. H. Blake, Q. C., for the defendants,
contended that the injunction was un-
necessary, the defendants having under-
taken not to proceed with the court should
not interfere with the domestic concerns of
the church, as an investigation only was
proposed, and no interference with prop-
erty or rights of the plaintiff was
threatened. Motion dismissed and injunc-
tion dissolved with costs to the defendants
in the cause.

In Court of Appeals: Re Thompson vs.
Hay—Shepley, Q. C., for the plaintiff, ap-
pealed from the judgment of the Queen's
Bench Divisional Court, reported 22 O. R.
388, allowing the defendants' appeal from
the order of a judge in chambers refusing
prohibition to the first division court in the
county of Middlesex. The plaintiff con-
tended, inter alia, that there had been no
refusal; that in fact the judge had found
that he had jurisdiction and that his de-
cision was not subject to review. G. W.
Marsh (London), for the defendant, contra.
Reserved.

New Veterinarians.

The closing exercises of the Ontario
Veterinary College, Toronto, took place

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HAMILTON, June 4, 1890.

TO ISAAC WILLIAMS, Esq.:

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matism for some time. My hands, legs and feet
were very much swollen and my joints out of
place, and trying all sorts of medicine; it did
me no good until I took your Royal Crown
Remedy. After taking two bottles it entirely
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