

## ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE
INSPकCTOR
of TM

## Fouthir sirltullt

OF THE:

CITY OF TORONTO,

FOR THF

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1881

TORONTO:
Pattersos \& Cós Steam Print. \& Adelallif St. Weat, 1882.

## ANNUAL REPORT

${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ тив

INSPECTOR
1
OF: THE

# Joultir sirlmuly <br> OF THE <br> CITY OF TORONTO, <br> FOR THE 

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 3 rst, 188 r .

TORONTO:
Patterson \& Co's Stram Print, 4 Adblaide St. West, 1882.

## IND日X。

Page.
List of Trustess, ..... 5
Organization of the Board, ..... 6
Inspector's Annual Report, ..... 9
Attendance, ..... 9
Lateness, ..... 11
Certificates of Honor, ..... 12
Teachers,... ..... 13
School Accommodation, ..... 14
Apparatus, ..... 15
Olassitication, ..... 15
Over-Work in Schools, ..... 15
Shorter School Heurs, ..... 17
Prize Giving, ..... 18
School for Vagrant Children, ..... 18
Progress in Studies, ... ..... 21
Drawing ..... 21
Primary Reading, ..... 25
Physical Exercises ..... 26
Literary Extracts, ..... 27
Examinations, ..... 28
Combined Examinations, ..... 28
Night Schools, ..... 32
Government Grant ..... 33
Progress of the Public Schools,... ..... 33
Table A, Registered Numbers, ..... 37

- B, Average Attendance, ... ..... 38
" C, Absenteeism, ..... 39
" D, Lateness, ..... 40
" E, No. of Pupils to each Teacher, ..... 41
" F, Statistics Relating to Teachers, ..... 42
Report of Combined Examinations, ..... 51
Examination Papers, . ..... 63


## APPENDIX.

## 

蹬ard of St．Tatorence．


政ard of St．Thomas．
HENRY SWAN，
Dec． 1881
J．A．MILLS，．．
Dec． 1882
Fatard of St．Yames．
WALTER S．LEE，．．．．．．．．．．Dec， 1881
JAMES BAIN，
Dec． 1882
Matd of St．Nohn．

colaro of St．Ceorge．
JOHN MAUGHAN，．．．．．．．．．．．．．Dec． 1881
GEORGE McMURRICH，．．．．．．．．．．．．．Dec． 1882
celard of St．㲘trick．
W．W．OGDEN，M．B．
Dec． 1881
W．MARA，
Edaro of St．Stephen．
WILLIAM BELL，．
FOLLIS JOHNSTON，
Dec． 1882

## 

Claitman.
JAMES BAIN, Esq.

## Standing Committees.

I.-On Finance, Assessment and Salaries.

Messrs. KENT, (Chairman,) DAVISON, MoMURRICH, AND KNOWLTON.
II.-On School Management.

Mr. LEE, (Ohairman,) Dr, OGDEN and Mrssrs. RODEN, BURNS and SWAN.
III.-On Sites and Buildings.

Messrs, MILLS, (Ohairman,) BELL, GALLEY, MARA, AND Dr. WRIGHT.
IV.-On Printing and Supplies.

Messrs. JOHNSTON, (Chairmam,) SOMERS, AND MAUGHAN.

> V.-OnN ight Schools.

Messes. DAVISON, (Chairman,) SWAN, JOHNSTON, RODEN, MAUGHAN AND SOMERS.
(1)fficers of the soard.


$\square$


The number who attended school for over 100 days is 8,372 , or 68 per cent. of the total registered number.

The most correct idea of the relation of the Average to the Registered Attendance is obtained by comparing the average of Monthly Averages with the average of Monthly Registered Numbers.

The average of Monthly Registered Numbers was 9,321. This shows an increase compared with last year of 334 . (See Table A.)

The average of Monthly Average Numbers was 8,409 . This shows an increase of 301 when compared with the corresponding number of last year. (See Table B.)

The average of Monthly Averages was 90.2 per cent. of the average of Monthly Registered Numbers.

The best average for any month in the year was 94.9 the average for December.

The largest number was registered in October, and the smallest number in July, The attendance in July was 771 less than in any other month, and 1,291 less than the average. This clearly shows that a large number of parents fully realize the disadvantages of having their children in close school-rooms during the hot weather.

It is gratifying to note that there are now very few parents who refuse to concede the principle, that reasonable regularity is an essential condition in establishing the right of a child to attend school. The regulation based on this principle is one of the most essential in connection with a Public School system.

The following statement shows the Average Registered Number in each School during the year :-


## LATENESS.

The improvement in the punctuality of the pupils has continued during 1881. Both parents and pupils in nearly every part of the city seem to be fully alive to the importance of acquiring the habit of promptness. By reference to Table D it will be seen that the lateness is confined largely to a few Schools,

The following table shows the number of cases during the past eight years.

| Date.Average <br> Attendance. | Cases of Lateness. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1874............. ............4,814 | 69,456 |
| $1875 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .6,386$ | 65,364 |
| 1876 ..........................5,976 | 31,486 |
| 1877 ...... .....................6,860 | 15,272 |
| 1878..........................7,467 | 7,474 |
| 1879.........................8,144 | 6,615 |
| 1880............. ..... .......8,215 | 5,967 |
| 1881............. .............8,409 | 5,980 |

(See Table D.)

## CERTIFICATES OF HONOR.

Certificates of Honor are awarded at the Christmas Vacation to such pupils only as have not been once absent or late, and whose conduct has been uniformly good, unless the absence or lateness shall have been occasioned by sickness, of not more than three weeks' continuance, to be certified in writing by the pupils' parents or guardians.

These Certificates are of two grades, and named respectively First Honor Certificates and Second Honor Certificates.

The First Honor Certificates are awarded to such pupils as have fulfilled the above condition for two consecutive sessions.

The Second Honor Certificates are awarded to such pupils as have conformed to the said rules for one session during the year.

The following statement shows the number of Certificates given in the various schools at the close of 188 I :

| Schools. |  | First <br> Honor | Second <br> Honor. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin.... |  | 151 | 171 | 322 |
| Wellesley. |  | 257 | 294 | 551 |
| Ryerson. |  | 129 | 199 | 328 |
| Phoebe S | Street | 115 | 228 | 343 |
| John | " | 149 | 149 | 298 |
| Vietoria | " | 67 | 84 | 151 |
| Winchester | " | 103 | 132 | 235 |
| Niagara | " | 70 | 101 | 171 |
| Park | " | 68 | 96 | 164 |
| George | " | 39 | 65 | 104 |
| Louisa | " | 44 | 93 | 137 |
| Bathurst | " | 42 | 123 | 165 |
| Palace | " | 11 | 27 | 38 |
| Parliament | " | 54 | 95 | 149 |
| Chureh | 4 | 55 | 123 | 178 |
| Elizabeth | ${ }^{6}$ | 37 | 54 | 91 |
| York | ${ }^{\prime}$ | 3 | 18 | 21 |
| Givins | " | 36 | 78 | 114 |
| Borden | " | 36 | 80 | 116 |
| Leslieville |  | 16 | 17 | 33 |
| Hope |  | 15 | 81 | 96 |
|  |  | 1,497 | 2,308 | 3,805 |

It would, in my opinion, be advisable to vary the form and style of the certificates occasionally, as the same pupil often receives several of them during his course in school.

TEACHERS.
There were 157 Teachers in the employ of the Board at the cluse of the year, exclusive of the Special Teachers in Music and Drawing, and 4 assistant Teachers.

There are 25 Male, and 132 Female Teachers employed.
They hold Certificates as follows:
First Class Provincial................is............. 48
First Class County Board................ .. ......... 17
Second Class Provincial...... ....................... 92
Miss Annie A. Gray, of Palace Street School, succeeded in obtaining a Professional First Class Certificate, Grade C., at the Examinations held last July.

## SCHOOL ACCOMMODATION.

During the year 188x Hope Street and Brant Street Schools were completed. Each of them contains six rooms. It was expected that Hope Street School would relieve the overcrowded state of Bathurst Street, Givins Street, and Niagara Street Schools. This result did not follow its opening, however. The population of the western portion of the city has increased so rapidly that although over four hundred pupils are in attendance at Hope Street School, intended for only three hundred, the attendance at the other schools named was not lessened.

In addition to the two new schools already named, the Borden and Elizabeth St. Schools were enlarged, two new rooms being opened in each.

It is to be hoped that during the present year, the power of the City Council to refuse to grant the money required by the Public School Board may be taken away by Parliament.

During the coming year it will be absolutely necessary ( I ) to enlarge Givins Street School; (2) to relieve Wellesley, Church Street, and Winchester Street Schools by a School in the, northern part of the city ; and (3) to provide accommodation in some way
for the children in the Senior Third Book Classes who reside in the north-western part of the City. Several new classes have been opened in the Junior Third Book in that district since any additional room was opened for Senior Third Book pupils.

## APPARATUS.

The apparatus most needed now consists of Charts for Vocal Culture, and some Geographical Apparatus for the primary classes.

## CLASSIFICATION.

The Pupils of the Schools are classified into ten grades. This makes the progressive steps in the advancement of a child comparatively easy. The most encouraging fact in this connection is that the number of pupils above the Second Book continues to increase. It is to be regretted that in the highest Divisions of boys the numbers are small. This part is easily accounted for by the fact that the wholesale trade of Toronto has increased so rapidly that boys are always in demand. It is a pity that they are not allowed to continue longer at school, as girls are. Owing to the small number of boys in the Senior Fifth Book Classes in Dufferin, Wellesley, and Ryerson Schools, it was found necessary to combine the two Fifth Book Classes in the Boys' Department of these schools, after the summer vacation.

I would recommend for the serious consideration of the Board, the propriety of teaching the sexes together in the higher as well as the lower divisions.

## OVER-WORK IN SCHOOL.

Considerable attention has been paid to this subject in this city during the past year. In view of this fact, and in order that the position taken by the Public School Board with reference to the
question may be properly understood, I submit the following statement of the system carried out for a length of time in Toronto Public Schools, to prevent evil effects from study.

1. The time table does not allow the study of the same subject for too long a time without change. Those subjects which require little mental effort are so distributed as to relieve the brain from long continued strain.
2. Physical exercises are practised several times each day for a brief period, especially in the Junior Classes. The pupils are also allowed a recess of fifteen minutes each forenoon and afternoon. Where sufficient attention is paid in school to the development and exercise of the physical constitution, there is very little danger of injury to either mind or body from over-study.
3. Teachers are required to keep a record of the work assigned by them for home preparation. This is a most important check to prevent the giving of lessons for home study which would interfere with the necessary rest and recreation of the pupils. It also serves to protect the teacher from unfounded charges by parents.
4. The lessons assigned for home work are suitable for the average of the classes or a little lower. As stated in the Monthly Reports to parents they are intended to be so short as not to intertere with the health or comfort of the pupils.
5. However easy these lessons may be for the great majority of the pupils, there will often be some, who, for constitutional or other reasons, will find them so difficult as to affect their health injuriously. Such pupils are always excused from doing their home work in part or altogether on application to the teacher or the inspector.

## SHORTER SCHOOL HOURS.

When the Board decided to shorten the hours of daily attendance for pupils in the Primary Classes, it did wisely, and its action was heartily endorsed by all intelligent parents. I am glad to report that there is no falling off in the progress made in the Junior Classes as a result of the shortening of the hours. I am decidedly of the opinion that any class of young children will make more rapid progress in a given time, if they only study four hours per day, than if they were required to study six hours per day. The difference as regards their health will be even greater than in their advancement. I would strongly recommend that the hours of study in School be reduced even in the Senior Classes. If the Schools were closed at half-past three instead of four it would be a decided advantage. It would afford the pupils a longer time for out door exercise than they have at present ; it would reduce the hours of confinement in an atmosphere that even with the most perfect system of ventilation, must be to a certain extent impure ; it would shorten the period of continuous mental strain, and it would afford opportunity for many pupils to take lessons in music and other subjects without interfering with their own progress in school, or with the proper grading of the classes to which they belong. There is a very large class of parents in this city who desire to avail themselves of sending their children to the Public Schools, but who, in addition, wish to give their sons and daughters the opportunity of studying certain branches which are not taught in these Schools. They cannot do both at the present without risking the health of their children,

There need really be little loss of time in closing the schools at half-past three. If they continue to open in the afternoon at half-past one as at present, it would be unnecessary to have an out-door recess during the two hours session which would follow.

Thus there would only be a diminution of about fifteen minutes per day in the time at present spent in teaching.

## PRIZE GIVING.

Prizes were given as usual at the close of the first session in July. In the highest four divisions they were given as the result of the combined examination. (See report of the combined examination). In the classes below the fourth book, the prizes were given on the joint basis of sessional records, and examination results. The Board presented prizes in books to the value of \$300.0\%.

In addition to the above, twelve scholarships were presented by the Board of Trustees of the Collegiate Institute, and two medals, one gold, and one silver, by Mr. John McDonald. These medals and scholarships were given for general proficiency. A medal was given by the Inspector for the best original design, and Mr. John Hallam presented a gold and a silver medal to the pupils who obtained the highest marks in Canadian History and Geography. Rev. Septimus Jones presented a handsome prize for the most intelligent reading of selections not previously seen by the pupils.

## SCHOOL FOR VAGRANT CHILDREN.

For some years I have recommended the Board to establish a school which would occupy an intermediate position between the. ordinary Public School and an Industrial or Reformatory School. Action in regard to this important matter has been taken during the past year. The Board received through the benevolence and liberality of Mr. W. H. Howland and his associate workers in Grace Church Mission, an offer of a school room with fuel and caretaking provided, on condition that they would appoint a teacher, for the purpose of educating those children chiefly in

St. John's Ward, who had been suspended from school for grossly bad behaviour, or whose parents owing to drunkenness take little interest in their welfare and are unable to provide them with sufficiently decent clothing to fit them for attendance at an ordinary school.

The Board appointed Miss H. How teacher of the school, which was opened in September, on Centre Street. The school has been more successful than even its promoters at first expected it would be. The total number registered during 1881 was 77, and the average attendance was 34 . Several of the pupils were homeless vagrants, and some of them had frequently been arrested for theft and other crimes. The change in the conduct and manners of the roughest boys under the kind treatment of Miss How, has been very marked. Notwithstanding the fact, that they were totally unaccustomed to restraint, or to any exercise of authority, they have been gradually reduced to a voluntary submission to rule, and are now controlled with little difficulty. Whipping has only been resorted to in a very few cases. As an incidental evidence of the influence of the school upon even the worst boys, it is worthy of note that one of the most notorious offenders of the district, a boy well known to the police authorities, who ran away in order to avoid punishment, came back next day and solicited the privilege of being re-admitted, expressing his willingness to be whipped. A great change indeed must have been wrought to make the ungoverned "arab" destrous to receive a whipping in order to be allowed to attend school. Another boy who had also been several times in gaol, behaved so well that he was deemed worthy to receive one of the "Jesse Ketchum" prizes, and when asked whether he would prefer a Bible or some other book, he promptly replied, "I would rather have the Bible."

Several of the boys, who, before the opening of the Centre Street School, were always on the streets, growing up in idleness,
ignorance, and wickedness, have since become so earnest in their desire to secure an education, that they attend the Night School. as well as the Day School.

Satisfactory as are the results, however, they have to be attributed chiefly to local causes. The ladies and gentlemen connected with the Grace Church Mission have done much to induce the children to go to the School, and the patience, the kindness and intelligence of Miss How have contributed largely to make the undertaking a success. It is not what the School has done or can do that affords ground for congratulation, but what it will probably lead to. It has served to direct public attention to a class hitherto neglected; it has proved Beyond a doubt, that kindness is the correct method of dealing with such pupils after they are brought into schoof. What is now needed is a slight amendment in the law to enable the School Board to exercise compulsion in bringing such children into school, and securing their regular attendance. It may be argued that we have already a compulsory School Law. True, but that law merely provides that children from 7 to 12 years of age shall have the right to attend School in defiance of their parents. It prevents parents sending their children to work too soon, but is powerless in clearing the streets of vagrant children, as its penalties are directed only against the parents themselves. It is perfectly clear that with drunken, debased parents such a law could not be enforced. We must have power to deal with the pupils themselves, and in most cases they have no inclination naturally to go to school. It is true the Industrial School Law gives such power to deal with those children who are not employed. We are not likely to have an Industrial School in Toronto for some time however, and even if one were in existence, it would be found that most of those for whom it was intended would evade its provisions by claiming to be employed as news-boys or as boot-blacks,

I strongly recommend the Board to urge upon the Government the propriety of licensing all boot-blacks and newsboys, one condition of their receiving a licence being that they attend a School provided for the purpose for two hours each day. Such a system is carried out with most satisfactory results in Boston, 'and the machinery necessary for the enforcement of its .provisions is simple and complete.

## PROGRESS IN STUDIES.

I have to report an increasing desire on the part of the great majority of our teachers to acquaint themselves with the best methods of teaching the various subjects included in our programme. This desire has shown itself in a greater interest in reading professional books and periodicals, and in the enthusiasm with which improved methods of teaching are practised, when their superiority has been made manifest.

While satisfactory advancement has been made in all departments of study and in all the grades, there are a few subjects in which the progress has been so marked as to justify special reference to them. Among these are Drawing, Music, in the Junior Classes, Primary Reading and Drill and Calisthenics.

## DRAWING.

The progress in this subject continues to be most encouraging. Two great obstacles to unitorm progress in teaching drawing have been the foundationless thenries that ( x ) Artists only could teach drawing, and (2) That only specially gifted pupils could learn to draw. These obstructive theories have been almost completely turned out of our schools. , There are few on our teaching staff who do not believe that the teacher is more essential than the artist in teaching drawing; as to be able to teach well is of more importance than to have a mere teçnical knowledge of any sub-
ject, in explaining its principles to others. So all are now able to testify that in no subject on our programme is the progress more uniformly good than drawing. All do not draw equally well, neither do they write equally well, or learn Arithmetic, Grammar, or Reading with the same facility. No one urges that Reading should be abandoned in our schools because in an entire school there may be only one pupil who will ever attain to eminence as a public reader; neither should drawing be set aside because only a few can ever become noted artists. Some subjects are taught because they develop the minds of the pupils and some because of their practical utility to the pupils after they leave school. There is perhaps no subject that combines both these excellences to a higher degree than Drawing. In Toronto our object is to make it serve as an educative rather than a utiltanian subject. The primary aim in teaching it is mental growth, the secondary aim is to develop the hand skill on the part of the pupils. It must not be thought, however, that the acquirement of skill in execution is any the less thorough, or of slower growth because it comes incidentally. The contrary is the fact. If the mind is properly educated with regard to drawing, all that remains to be done is to train the hand to execute with rapidity and accuracy the wishes of the mind. The training of the hands depends entirely on practice guided by a few rules. To say that the explanation of these rules for the direction of the hand constitutes the teaching of drawing, is utterly misleading. Drawing is a science more than an art, and in teaching it the teacher should explain principles, rather than aim to secure mere skill in controlling the muscles of the right arm. Give the pupils clear ideas and a liking for the subject, and there need be no fear concerning beauty of execution. That will come in due time by practice, and progress towards perfection in this, as in all other studies, should be a gradual growth.

In the primary classes the principles of design aree first taught
with actual things, leaves, colored cardboard, etc., forming the elements to be moulded into patterns. Then the pupils apply these principles to the various geometrical figures, beginning with the square. They do not learn the definitions of the geometrical figures. They learn to recognize a spoon, a chair, a table, a chandelier, and to know their uses without learning a definition of either of them. They do the same with the various regular forms used as the basis of design. They are gradually carried step by step through Harmony about a centre, Radiation from a point, Harmony on opposite sides of a line, Repetition, etc., advancing regularly from straight to curved lines, and receiving from time to time new elements of design, historical or botanical. This course occupies their attention during their first four years at school, and is succeeded by lessons in Perspective and Object Drawing, including Shading.

Fifteen minutes of each day are devoted to drawing in the junior classes, and two lessons per week of half an hour in length are given in the higher classes. The lessons in the Fourth and Fifth Book classes are taught by Miss Gunn, the special teacher of Drawing. She also prepares the work for the Second and Third Book classes, and it is printed on the printogram and distributed to the teachers of those classes. Miss Gunn afterwards visits the junior classes to inspect the work done and to make suggestions regarding the best methods for teaching the subject.

In several of the junior classes the plan of telling stories in pictures occasionally, as practised in Cleveland under the direction of Professor Aborn, has been introduced with gratifying results.

A successful exhibition of the drawing done in the different schools was held in the Board Room in July. The work attracted much attention, and was of a very excellent character. The

Inspector's Medal for the best original design was won by William Robins of the Wellesley School.

I would recommend that the Board annually give at least one prize for each grade to be competed for at an exhibition similar to that held last summer, providing that no drawing shall be exhibited which was not done in school and during school hours.

## MUSIC.

A great improvement has been made in most of the junior classes during the year in the systematic teaching of music. It has bcen found that after a proper course of training in singing the scale in the key of D, pupils even in the first book classes can :
r. Sing easy pieces at sight.
2. Sing music readily as it is written on the blackboard ; and
3. Write various notes when sung or played in their hearing.

I strongly recommend, as I have done on previous occasions, that as soon as possible the responsibility for the teaching of music be thrown upon the regular teachers in the higher as well as the lower classes. I have no doubt whatever as to the result. If we had one superintendent of music whose chief duty was to train the teachers in music, and how to teach it, and who visited the schools regularly to test the work done in this subject, there is no reason why the musical training given in our schools should not be much more practical and thorough than it now is.

I recommend the Board to take steps to have a piano in each of the larger schools. Arrangements might be made to have good instruments placed in cheap cases, and the cost thereby might be greatly reduced.

I would also suggest the propriety of allowing a competent pro
fessional musician to organize classes for the study of various instruments of music in the larger schools after school hours. The instructor could afford to teach suich a class for a nominal sum paid by each pupil who wished to take such a course, and the benefit resulting from such a training to the pupils themselves and to the public at large would well repay the cost.

Mr. F. H. Torrington, the conductor of the Philharmonic Society, has already signified his willingness to teach such classes in connection with the Public Schools, if the Board should approve of the plan suggested. I would further recommend that an annual musical festival be held under the auspices of the Board for the purpose of showing the proficiency of the pupils in this important branch.

## PRIMARY READING.

There is no other subject in which such a marked improvement has been made during the past year as in primary reading. Most of the teachers in the junior divisions voluntarily attended the lessons on "How to teach Reading to beginners," given to the students attending the City Model School. Those who did so were convinced that the Phonic method of teaching the recognition of words was the most reasonable and most easily taught. The results of the change made have been eminently satisfactory. There is no class in which the method has been fairly tested in which the pupils have not made as much progress in four months as was formerly made in a year. Nor is this even its chief recommendation. The best result that follows the style of teaching that must necessarily be practised in teaching by the Phonic Method is the awakening and growth of the intelligence of the children, and the accompanying independence from the teacher in making. advancement in reading as well as other subjects in the future.

## PHYSICAL EXERCISES.

Under this head are included Military Drill and Calisthenics, both of which departments are successfully practised in our Schools.

The drill taught at the present time includes all the parts of squad drill as defined by the British Army Field Exercise book, and prescribed by the Education Department for Ontario. During the year Captain Thompson, drill instructor and absentee officer has regularly drilled the boys in our schools, in the Third, Fourth and , Fifth Book classes. The great success which has attended his teaching was clearly shown by the remarkable precision and accuracy displayed by the pupils at the drill competition in July, for the Banner presented by Mr. James Beatty, Esq., L. L. D. ; M. P. for West Toronto ; and also at the Industrial Exhibition, where the pupils of Dufferin, Wellesley and Ryerson Schools, competed at drill for a Silver Bugle.

The judges in the first competition were, Lt. Col. R. B. Denison, D. A. G. ; Lt. Col. Grassett, Ioth Royal Grenadiers ; and Major Gray, R. A., and the Beatty Banner was awarded to the Wellesley School. Adjutant Manley, roth Royal Grenadiers, officiated as judge in the second competition and the Exhibition Bugle was won by the Dufferin School.

I would recommend that there should be annually not only a drill competition among the higher classes in our schools, but a general review of all the pupils in the various schools who are drilled by Capt. Thompson.

Important as is military drill in contributing to the health of the pupils, in giving them an erect and graceful carriage, in developing prompt obedience to command, and in giving tone and spirit to the boys, it is of secondary importance when compared with an efficient system of school-room calisthenics. The education of
mind and body should be carried on at the same time. Where the bodies of the pupils are allowed to work alternately with the minds, there is exceedingly little danger of injury from over study, in or out of school. It is not work nor worry that exhausts children but weariness. It is the monotony of long continued study, not intensity of attention, which weakens the nervous systems of the young in school, and leaves them unable to resist disease when it attacks them. Of course children are also injured in school by breathing impure air, even in the best ventilated schools. Let the school hours be shortened a little to allow the children more time in the open air, and let the study hours be enlivened by recreation and alternated by, calisthenic exercises, and there will be little complaint concerning the exhaustive effects of mental labor.

In the finest model school in Europe, that of Brussels, fifteen minutes of every hour are devoted to calisthenic exercises. These exercises are not necessarily for the exclusive developemt of the body, as many of them are performed in time with music, the words set to which convey information or moral lessons.

## LITERARY EXTRACTS.

The systematic memorizing of choice extracts from the best writers of the English language, by all the pupils of the corresponding grades throughout the city, has been successfully introduced during the past year. Instead of having a few comic or sentimental pieces recited by the more talented members of the class, every pupil in a class is taught the same selections. The exercise is conducted by the teacher, each line, being taught from the blackboard. The advantages of this system, first brought to perfection by Mr. Peaslee, the energetic and public spirited Superintendent of schools in Cincinnati, are numerous and important,

1. The minds of the pupils are enriched by the choicest gems of the English language.
2. The language of the pupils is greatly improved $(a)$ by the addition of a large number of words, (b) by learning to use words according to the arrangement of the best authors.
3. As these extracts are taught line by line from the blackboard, they afford the teacher the best possible means for explaining and illustrating the principles and practice of emphasis, inflection and pausing. No other school exercise so directly affects the speaking and reading of the pupils.
4. The learning and recitation of these extracts will give the teachers excellent opportunities for impressing noble sentiments, and high moral principles in the minds of their pupils.

## EXAMINATIONS.

Three written Examinations were held during the year; the Combined Examination and two Promotion Examinations. The Examiners for the Combined Examination were Rev. I. Tovell ${ }_{c}$ A. McMurchy, Esq., M.A. ; Rev. John M. King, M.A., and William Anderson, Esq. The list of Scholarships and Prizes awarded will be found in the Report of the Examiners. The comparative standing of the different schools in the various departments of study, will be found below by comparing the marks obtained at the Combined Examination.

> COMBINED EXAMINATION.

I have deemed it advisable to make the following explanation in reference to the mode of conducting the Combined Examination. Examiners are appointed who prepare their papers independently, and send them to the School Board Printer themselves,

No school officer or teacher has anything to do with the papers until they are submitted to the candidates.

This is the only competitive examination held by the Board.
The following tables give the standing of the various divisions at the Combined Examinations.

## FIRST DIVISION.

Twelve Pupils from each Division.

| Schools and Divisions. | (1) |  | 室 |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marks possible. |  | 2160 | 2400 | 192 | 2 Cl | $1263{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Ryerson, Girls |  | 1882 | 1854 | 1562 | 1380 | 9320 |
| Wellesley, " |  | 1861 | 1730 | 1594 | $1{ }^{1} 24$ | 9293 |
| Dufferin, |  | '2035 | 1780 | 1624 | 1411 | 8973 |
| Ryerson, Boys. |  |  | ז703 | 1426 | 1383 | 8867 |
| Wellesley, " .... ...... . ... |  |  |  | 1423 | 1314 | 8534 |
| Dufferin, " ...... ....... | 2046 | 1660 |  | 1392 | 1247 | 7617 |

Ryerson, Girls advanced from No. 5 in $\mathbf{1 8 8 0}$ to No. 1 , in 1881.
Dufferin, ." " " 4 " " 3, "

INSPECTOR'S REPORT,

## SECOND DIVISION.

Ten Pupils from each Division.

| Schools and Divisions. |  |  | 容 |  |  | ToT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marks p | 3200 | 1800 | 2000 | 16 | 1670 | 10270 |
| Dufferin girls | 1592 | 1192 | 1413 | 1239 | 10 | 6430 |
| Wellesley | 1401 | 1437 | 1252 | 1231 | 956 | 6277 |
| Ryerson | 1196 | 1214 | 1203 | 1390 | 945 | 5947 |
| Dufferin boys. | 956 | 1248 | 1096 | 1256 | 952 | 550 |
| Ryerson | 1181 | 1264 | 953 | 1016 | 904 | 5318 |
| Wellesley " . ............. | 1225 | 1133 | 080 | 817 | 820 | 5075 |

Dufferin girls advanced from No. 2 in 1880 to No. 1 in 188 I .
" boys " " $\quad$ " $\quad 5 \quad$ " $\quad$ " $\quad 5 \quad$ "

THIRD DIVISION.
Ten Pupils from each Division.


John Street girls advanced from No. 4 in 1880 to No. 2 in 188 f .

## FOURTH DIVISION.

Five Pupils from each Division.

| Schools And Divisions. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marks possible | 750 | 775 | 1000 | 800 | 570 | 3895 |
| Wellesley girls | 471 | 563 | 743 | 573 | 321 | 2671 |
| " boys | $45^{8}$ | 567 | 688 | 543 | 310 | 2566 |
| Dufferin girls | 462 | 524 | 557 | 589 | 301 | 2433 |
| * boys.. | 411 | 453 | 624 | 576 | 295 | 2299 |
| Victoria Street boys | 378 | 476 | 618 | 485 | 290 | 2237 |
| John Street boys | $35^{2}$ | 523 | 425 | 582 | 353 | 2235 |
| Niagara Street | 403 | 422 | 661 | 418 | 293 | 2197 |
| Ryerson girls | $34^{2}$ | 523 | 546 | 485 | 280 | 2186 |
| " boys | 370 | 420 | 634 | 503 | 256 | 2183 |
| Winchester Street | 331 | 426 | 625 | 448 | $33^{8}$ | 2168 |
| Victoria Street girls. . . . . . . . . . . | $3^{82}$ | 436 | 519 | 522 | 272 | 2121 |
| Phœebe Street. ............. ........ | 230 | 486 | 449 | 518 | 265 | 1948 |
| Park ................ .............. | 256 | 257 | 399 | 365 | 243 | 1520 |

Wellesley boys advanced from No. 4 in 1880 to No. 2 in 1881 .

| Dufferin girls | " | " | " | 10 | " | " | 3 | " |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Victoria St. boys | " | " | " | 7 | " | " | 5 | " |
| John | " | " | " | " | 11 | " | " | 6 |
| " |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Niagara Street | " | " | " | 12 | " | " | 7 | " |

## NUMBER OF PUPILS STUDYING THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS DURING THE YEAR:



| 43 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Arithmetic .................. ....................... 12,743 |  |
| Geography ........................................ 12,743 |  |
| Drawing .............. ..... ....... .......... ... 12,743 |  |
| Vocal Music ......................... ............ 12,7 |  |
| Object Lessons ........................... ........ 10,107 |  |
| Grammar and Composition |  |
| Canadian History ..... . ..... .................... 1,590 |  |
| English |  |
| General |  |
| Hygiene ........................................... 10,321 |  |
| Algebra | 2 |
| Natural Philosophy..................... |  |
| Domestic Economy ............ ........ |  |
| Book-Keeping . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |
| Drill and Calisthenics. |  |

## NIGHT SCHOOLS.

These Schools were fairly attended during the year. In nearly every case the pupils seemed anxious to learn and were orderly and attentive. The attendance was as follows :


## GOVERNMENT GRANT.

The amount received during the year from the Government Grant was $\$ 8,855$. The whole amount set apart for Toronto was $\$ 10,555$. The Separate Schools received $\$ 1,700$. The sum of $\$ 10,555$ is apportioned to Toronto, on the basis of its population, when compared with the other municipalities of the Province at the time of our last census. The sum is then divided between the Public and Separate Schools, according to their average attendance. The amount received per pupil was over one dollar. The sum changes every year, and becomes less (per pupil) as the average attendance increases.

## PROGRESS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Table E gives a comparative statement of various items relating to the Schools since 1844. It will be seen by reference to it, that the increase in the attendance at our Schools has been very rapid.

In 1861 the average registered No. was 2,800 , the daily attendance, 2,180

| ${ }^{6} 1871$ | ${ }^{1}$ | 4 | 1 | 4,646, | 6 | 1 | 3,638 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$\begin{array}{llllllll}41881 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 9,321, & 4 & 4 & 8,409\end{array}$
The Registered and Average Attendance have thus been more than doubled during the past ten years.
${ }^{2}$ Respectfully submitted,
JAMES HUGHES,
2. 2 Respectfully submitted,
JAMES HUGHES,
Public School Inspector.

Toronto, February 10, 1882.
\$tatistital for efternte table
TABLE $A$
Showing the Registered Number of Pupils in each School for each Month.

B.

TABLE

|  | SCHOOLS. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | APRIL | May. | June. | July. | Sept. | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin |  | 561 | 557 | 539 | 504 | 459 | 452 | 443 | 582 | 596 | 584 | 568 |
| Wellesley |  | 805 | 775 | 766 | 765 | 765 | 742 | 706 | 835 | 830 | 788 | 766 |
| Ryerson. |  | 565 | 550 | 532 | 514 | 483 | 445 | 374 | 612 | 617 | 592 | 549 |
| Phobe | Street | 803 | 834 | 839 | 846 | 833 | 801 | 787 | 731 | 752 | 732 | 713 |
| John | * | 594 | 577 | 579 | 565 | 541 | 532 | 480 | 566 | 576 | 527 | 530 |
| Winchester | \% | 500 | 386 <br> 541 | 586 | 535 | 596 | 5390 | 350 487 | 5305 | 531 | 505 | 404 |
| Vietocis | * | 491 | 480 | 439 | 535 456 | 449 | 505 440 | 401 | 442 | 536 450 | 505 422 | 496 416 |
| Niagara | 4 | 486 | 486 | 460 | 468 | 445 | 431 | 448 | 432 | 440 | 434 | 416 |
| Louisa | ${ }^{6}$ | 474 | 462 | 469 | 464 | 446 | 417 | 365 | 373 | 395 | 398 | 390 |
| Parliament | * | 350 | 341 | 340 | 345 | 345 | 337 | 334 | 318 | 332 | 348 | 331 |
| Church | \% | 395 | 381 | 408 | 402 | 390 | 379 | 338 | 380 | 404 | 386 | 392 |
| George | * | 330 | 319 | 328 | 317 | 318 | 313 | 294 | 288 | 303 | 317 | 303 |
| Bathurst | * | 438 | 414 | 413 | 417 | 413 | 399 | 391 | 395 | 377 | 369 | 371 |
| Palace | 6 | 166 | 160 | 159** | 146 | 160 | 148 | 145 | 144 | 146 | 139 | 118 |
| Elizabeth | 6 | 259 | 254 | $255 *$ | 250 | 249 | 248 | 240 | 346 | 353 | 338 | 343 |
| York | 4 | 146 | 146 | 154 | 153 | 168 | 163 | 154 | 130 | 157 | 155 | 147 |
| Givins | * | 263 | 251 | 253 | 261 | 260 | 252 | 231 | 282 | 262 | 268 | 259 |
| Borden | - | 163 | 158 | 150 | 147 | 157 | 156 | 152 | 240 | 255 | 233 | 249 |
| Leslieville |  | 62 | 60 | 61 | 67 | 69 | 66 | 64 | 71 | 70 | 78 | 85 |
| Markham an | Hop | 121 | 115 | 118 | 122 | 119 | 119 | 110 | 390 | 404 | 376 | 352 |
| Boys' Home |  | 99 | 102 | 102 | 101 | 95 | 93 | 92 | 88 | 85 | 90 | 88 |
| Girls' Home |  | 43 | 55 | 53 | 50 | 45 | 46 | 46 | 49 | 50 | 52 | 50 |
| Orphans' Ho |  | 93 | 94 | 93 | 94 | 92 | 87 | 87 | 83 | 86 | 80 | 79 |
| Centre Stree |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 | 36 | 34 | 33 |
| Total. . |  | 8663 | 8498 | 8449 | 8380 | 8219 | 7961 | 7510 | 8748 | 8943 | 8668 | 448 |


| SCHOOLS. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Average } \\ \text { Registered }\end{gathered}\right.$ Numbera | Jav: | Fer. | Mar. | April | May. | Jung. | Juty. | Sept, | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin | 583 | 729 | 916 | 1161 | 965 | 1017 | 943 |  | 1149 | 114 | 1307 | 52 |
| Wellesley | 835 | 895 | 1368 | 1296 | 1284 | 1133 | 1294 | 198 | 1191 | 844 | 1434 | 886 |
| Ryerson . | 584 | 807 | 1118 | 1274 | 1010 | 1227 | 1253 | 233 | 1185 | 1218 | 1427 | 871 |
| Phoebe | 882 | 1175 | 1638 | 2035 | 1688 | 2007 | 2139 |  | ${ }^{1507}$ | 1239 |  | 1197 |
| John | 603 | 738 | 1014 | 1222 | 1036 | ${ }^{953}$ | 1133 | 128 |  | 862 | 1334 | ${ }_{813}^{846}$ |
| Park | 44 | 714 | 916 | 1280 | 1122 | 1093 | 1240 | 111 | 1006 | 870 | 1443 | 813 |
| Winchester Street | 576 | 595 | 887 | 1122 | 1057 | 1282 | 1420 | 111 | 1049 | 1011 | 1737 | 1082 |
| Vietoria | 503 | 779 | 1047 | 1425 | 1265 | 1418 | 1313 | 226 | 899 | 897 | 1159 | 606 |
| Niagara | 503 | 695 | 902 | 1099 | 859 | 1113 | 1124 | 49 | 907 | 925 | 1136 | 717 |
| Louisa | 487 | 894 | 1161 | 1339 | 1262 | 1544 | 1498 | 306 | 692 | 897 | 918 | 654 |
| Parliament " | 369 | 456 | 747 | 763 | 684 | 824 | 854 | 69 | 577 | 550 | 845 | 408 |
| Church " | 428 | 557 | 568 | 790 | 698 | 852 | 789 | 87 | 523 | 528 | 888 | 647 |
| George | 356 | 526 | 903 | 929 | 793 | 805 | 885 | 86 | 764 | 731 | 902 | 585 |
| Bathurst "\% | 435 | 546 | 783 | 815 | 736 | 772 | 1006 | 97 | 463 | 748 | 1140 | 661 |
| Palace | 110 | 275 | 328 | 496 | 417 | 461 | 501 | ${ }_{0}^{5}$ | 571 | 467 |  | ${ }_{673}$ |
| Elizabeth "\% | 317 | 416 | 642 | 553 | 547 | 482 | 436 619 | 45 |  |  | 522 | 673 <br> 328 |
| ${ }_{\text {Givins }}$ | 178 | 365 | 511 | 567 | 511 | 522 | 588 | 40 | 412 | 809 | 962 | 480 |
| Borden | 205 | 233 | 275 | 341 | 318 | 214 | 212 | 20 | 477 | 385 | 658 | 302 |
| Leslieville | 78 | 168 | 140 | 166 | 132 | 184 | 179 | 41 | 219 | 199 | 176 | 182 |
| Markham and Hope Street | 235 | 144 | 258 | 328 | 262 | 227 | 231 | 20 | 876 | 861 | 955 | 457 |
| Boys' Home | 101 | 141 | 65 | 65 | 36 | 121 | 97 | 14 | 87 | 99 | 110 |  |
| Girls ${ }^{\text {Orphans }}$ "* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 52 | 183 | 10 | ${ }^{26}$ | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | 31 | 12 12 |  |  |  | 30 | 17 |
| Orphans | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | 14 | 18 | 29 | 14 | 31 | 12 | [2 | 16 | 328 | 295 | 17 |
|  |  | 12375 | 16565 | 71 | 17077 | 18963 | 19793 | 1918 | 6728 | 988 | 872 |  |


| SCHOOLS. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Average } \\ \text { Registered }\end{gathered}\right.$ Numbera | Jav: | Fer. | Mar. | April | May. | Jung. | Juty. | Sept, | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin | 583 | 729 | 916 | 1161 | 965 | 1017 | 943 |  | 1149 | 114 | 1307 | 52 |
| Wellesley | 835 | 895 | 1368 | 1296 | 1284 | 1133 | 1294 | 198 | 1191 | 844 | 1434 | 886 |
| Ryerson . | 584 | 807 | 1118 | 1274 | 1010 | 1227 | 1253 | 233 | 1185 | 1218 | 1427 | 871 |
| Phoebe | 882 | 1175 | 1638 | 2035 | 1688 | 2007 | 2139 |  | ${ }^{1507}$ | 1239 |  | 1197 |
| John | 603 | 738 | 1014 | 1222 | 1036 | ${ }^{953}$ | 1133 | 128 |  | 862 | 1334 | ${ }_{813}^{846}$ |
| Park | 44 | 714 | 916 | 1280 | 1122 | 1093 | 1240 | 111 | 1006 | 870 | 1443 | 813 |
| Winchester Street | 576 | 595 | 887 | 1122 | 1057 | 1282 | 1420 | 111 | 1049 | 1011 | 1737 | 1082 |
| Vietoria | 503 | 779 | 1047 | 1425 | 1265 | 1418 | 1313 | 226 | 899 | 897 | 1159 | 606 |
| Niagara | 503 | 695 | 902 | 1099 | 859 | 1113 | 1124 | 49 | 907 | 925 | 1136 | 717 |
| Louisa | 487 | 894 | 1161 | 1339 | 1262 | 1544 | 1498 | 306 | 692 | 897 | 918 | 654 |
| Parliament " | 369 | 456 | 747 | 763 | 684 | 824 | 854 | 69 | 577 | 550 | 845 | 408 |
| Church " | 428 | 557 | 568 | 790 | 698 | 852 | 789 | 87 | 523 | 528 | 888 | 647 |
| George | 356 | 526 | 903 | 929 | 793 | 805 | 885 | 86 | 764 | 731 | 902 | 585 |
| Bathurst "\% | 435 | 546 | 783 | 815 | 736 | 772 | 1006 | 97 | 463 | 748 | 1140 | 661 |
| Palace | 110 | 275 | 328 | 496 | 417 | 461 | 501 | ${ }_{0}^{5}$ | 571 | 467 |  | ${ }_{673}$ |
| Elizabeth "\% | 317 | 416 | 642 | 553 | 547 | 482 | 436 619 | 45 |  |  | 522 | 673 <br> 328 |
| ${ }_{\text {Givins }}$ | 178 | 365 | 511 | 567 | 511 | 522 | 588 | 40 | 412 | 809 | 962 | 480 |
| Borden | 205 | 233 | 275 | 341 | 318 | 214 | 212 | 20 | 477 | 385 | 658 | 302 |
| Leslieville | 78 | 168 | 140 | 166 | 132 | 184 | 179 | 41 | 219 | 199 | 176 | 182 |
| Markham and Hope Street | 235 | 144 | 258 | 328 | 262 | 227 | 231 | 20 | 876 | 861 | 955 | 457 |
| Boys' Home | 101 | 141 | 65 | 65 | 36 | 121 | 97 | 14 | 87 | 99 | 110 |  |
| Girls ${ }^{\text {Orphans }}$ "* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 52 | 183 | 10 | ${ }^{26}$ | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | 31 | 12 12 |  |  |  | 30 | 17 |
| Orphans | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | 14 | 18 | 29 | 14 | 31 | 12 | [2 | 16 | 328 | 295 | 17 |
|  |  | 12375 | 16565 | 71 | 17077 | 18963 | 19793 | 1918 | 6728 | 988 | 872 |  |


| SCHOOLS. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Average } \\ \text { Registered }\end{gathered}\right.$ Numbera | Jav: | Fer. | Mar. | April | May. | Jung. | Juty. | Sept, | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin | 583 | 729 | 916 | 1161 | 965 | 1017 | 943 |  | 1149 | 114 | 1307 | 52 |
| Wellesley | 835 | 895 | 1368 | 1296 | 1284 | 1133 | 1294 | 198 | 1191 | 844 | 1434 | 886 |
| Ryerson . | 584 | 807 | 1118 | 1274 | 1010 | 1227 | 1253 | 233 | 1185 | 1218 | 1427 | 871 |
| Phoebe | 882 | 1175 | 1638 | 2035 | 1688 | 2007 | 2139 |  | ${ }^{1507}$ | 1239 |  | 1197 |
| John | 603 | 738 | 1014 | 1222 | 1036 | ${ }^{953}$ | 1133 | 128 |  | 862 | 1334 | ${ }_{813}^{846}$ |
| Park | 44 | 714 | 916 | 1280 | 1122 | 1093 | 1240 | 111 | 1006 | 870 | 1443 | 813 |
| Winchester Street | 576 | 595 | 887 | 1122 | 1057 | 1282 | 1420 | 111 | 1049 | 1011 | 1737 | 1082 |
| Vietoria | 503 | 779 | 1047 | 1425 | 1265 | 1418 | 1313 | 226 | 899 | 897 | 1159 | 606 |
| Niagara | 503 | 695 | 902 | 1099 | 859 | 1113 | 1124 | 49 | 907 | 925 | 1136 | 717 |
| Louisa | 487 | 894 | 1161 | 1339 | 1262 | 1544 | 1498 | 306 | 692 | 897 | 918 | 654 |
| Parliament " | 369 | 456 | 747 | 763 | 684 | 824 | 854 | 69 | 577 | 550 | 845 | 408 |
| Church " | 428 | 557 | 568 | 790 | 698 | 852 | 789 | 87 | 523 | 528 | 888 | 647 |
| George | 356 | 526 | 903 | 929 | 793 | 805 | 885 | 86 | 764 | 731 | 902 | 585 |
| Bathurst "\% | 435 | 546 | 783 | 815 | 736 | 772 | 1006 | 97 | 463 | 748 | 1140 | 661 |
| Palace | 110 | 275 | 328 | 496 | 417 | 461 | 501 | ${ }_{0}^{5}$ | 571 | 467 |  | ${ }_{673}$ |
| Elizabeth "\% | 317 | 416 | 642 | 553 | 547 | 482 | 436 619 | 45 |  |  | 522 | 673 <br> 328 |
| ${ }_{\text {Givins }}$ | 178 | 365 | 511 | 567 | 511 | 522 | 588 | 40 | 412 | 809 | 962 | 480 |
| Borden | 205 | 233 | 275 | 341 | 318 | 214 | 212 | 20 | 477 | 385 | 658 | 302 |
| Leslieville | 78 | 168 | 140 | 166 | 132 | 184 | 179 | 41 | 219 | 199 | 176 | 182 |
| Markham and Hope Street | 235 | 144 | 258 | 328 | 262 | 227 | 231 | 20 | 876 | 861 | 955 | 457 |
| Boys' Home | 101 | 141 | 65 | 65 | 36 | 121 | 97 | 14 | 87 | 99 | 110 |  |
| Girls ${ }^{\text {Orphans }}$ "* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 52 | 183 | 10 | ${ }^{26}$ | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | 31 | 12 12 |  |  |  | 30 | 17 |
| Orphans | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | 14 | 18 | 29 | 14 | 31 | 12 | [2 | 16 | 328 | 295 | 17 |
|  |  | 12375 | 16565 | 71 | 17077 | 18963 | 19793 | 1918 | 6728 | 988 | 872 |  |


| SCHOOLS. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Average } \\ \text { Registered }\end{gathered}\right.$ Numbera | Jav: | Fer. | Mar. | April | May. | Jung. | Juty. | Sept, | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin | 583 | 729 | 916 | 1161 | 965 | 1017 | 943 |  | 1149 | 114 | 1307 | 52 |
| Wellesley | 835 | 895 | 1368 | 1296 | 1284 | 1133 | 1294 | 198 | 1191 | 844 | 1434 | 886 |
| Ryerson . | 584 | 807 | 1118 | 1274 | 1010 | 1227 | 1253 | 233 | 1185 | 1218 | 1427 | 871 |
| Phoebe | 882 | 1175 | 1638 | 2035 | 1688 | 2007 | 2139 |  | ${ }^{1507}$ | 1239 |  | 1197 |
| John | 603 | 738 | 1014 | 1222 | 1036 | ${ }^{953}$ | 1133 | 128 |  | 862 | 1334 | ${ }_{813}^{846}$ |
| Park | 44 | 714 | 916 | 1280 | 1122 | 1093 | 1240 | 111 | 1006 | 870 | 1443 | 813 |
| Winchester Street | 576 | 595 | 887 | 1122 | 1057 | 1282 | 1420 | 111 | 1049 | 1011 | 1737 | 1082 |
| Vietoria | 503 | 779 | 1047 | 1425 | 1265 | 1418 | 1313 | 226 | 899 | 897 | 1159 | 606 |
| Niagara | 503 | 695 | 902 | 1099 | 859 | 1113 | 1124 | 49 | 907 | 925 | 1136 | 717 |
| Louisa | 487 | 894 | 1161 | 1339 | 1262 | 1544 | 1498 | 306 | 692 | 897 | 918 | 654 |
| Parliament " | 369 | 456 | 747 | 763 | 684 | 824 | 854 | 69 | 577 | 550 | 845 | 408 |
| Church " | 428 | 557 | 568 | 790 | 698 | 852 | 789 | 87 | 523 | 528 | 888 | 647 |
| George | 356 | 526 | 903 | 929 | 793 | 805 | 885 | 86 | 764 | 731 | 902 | 585 |
| Bathurst "\% | 435 | 546 | 783 | 815 | 736 | 772 | 1006 | 97 | 463 | 748 | 1140 | 661 |
| Palace | 110 | 275 | 328 | 496 | 417 | 461 | 501 | ${ }_{0}^{5}$ | 571 | 467 |  | ${ }_{673}$ |
| Elizabeth "\% | 317 | 416 | 642 | 553 | 547 | 482 | 436 619 | 45 |  |  | 522 | 673 <br> 328 |
| ${ }_{\text {Givins }}$ | 178 | 365 | 511 | 567 | 511 | 522 | 588 | 40 | 412 | 809 | 962 | 480 |
| Borden | 205 | 233 | 275 | 341 | 318 | 214 | 212 | 20 | 477 | 385 | 658 | 302 |
| Leslieville | 78 | 168 | 140 | 166 | 132 | 184 | 179 | 41 | 219 | 199 | 176 | 182 |
| Markham and Hope Street | 235 | 144 | 258 | 328 | 262 | 227 | 231 | 20 | 876 | 861 | 955 | 457 |
| Boys' Home | 101 | 141 | 65 | 65 | 36 | 121 | 97 | 14 | 87 | 99 | 110 |  |
| Girls ${ }^{\text {Orphans }}$ "* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 52 | 183 | 10 | ${ }^{26}$ | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | 31 | 12 12 |  |  |  | 30 | 17 |
| Orphans | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | 14 | 18 | 29 | 14 | 31 | 12 | [2 | 16 | 328 | 295 | 17 |
|  |  | 12375 | 16565 | 71 | 17077 | 18963 | 19793 | 1918 | 6728 | 988 | 872 |  |


| SCHOOLS. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Average } \\ \text { Registered }\end{gathered}\right.$ Numbera | Jav: | Fer. | Mar. | April | May. | Jung. | Juty. | Sept, | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin | 583 | 729 | 916 | 1161 | 965 | 1017 | 943 |  | 1149 | 114 | 1307 | 52 |
| Wellesley | 835 | 895 | 1368 | 1296 | 1284 | 1133 | 1294 | 198 | 1191 | 844 | 1434 | 886 |
| Ryerson . | 584 | 807 | 1118 | 1274 | 1010 | 1227 | 1253 | 233 | 1185 | 1218 | 1427 | 871 |
| Phoebe | 882 | 1175 | 1638 | 2035 | 1688 | 2007 | 2139 |  | ${ }^{1507}$ | 1239 |  | 1197 |
| John | 603 | 738 | 1014 | 1222 | 1036 | ${ }^{953}$ | 1133 | 128 |  | 862 | 1334 | ${ }_{813}^{846}$ |
| Park | 44 | 714 | 916 | 1280 | 1122 | 1093 | 1240 | 111 | 1006 | 870 | 1443 | 813 |
| Winchester Street | 576 | 595 | 887 | 1122 | 1057 | 1282 | 1420 | 111 | 1049 | 1011 | 1737 | 1082 |
| Vietoria | 503 | 779 | 1047 | 1425 | 1265 | 1418 | 1313 | 226 | 899 | 897 | 1159 | 606 |
| Niagara | 503 | 695 | 902 | 1099 | 859 | 1113 | 1124 | 49 | 907 | 925 | 1136 | 717 |
| Louisa | 487 | 894 | 1161 | 1339 | 1262 | 1544 | 1498 | 306 | 692 | 897 | 918 | 654 |
| Parliament " | 369 | 456 | 747 | 763 | 684 | 824 | 854 | 69 | 577 | 550 | 845 | 408 |
| Church " | 428 | 557 | 568 | 790 | 698 | 852 | 789 | 87 | 523 | 528 | 888 | 647 |
| George | 356 | 526 | 903 | 929 | 793 | 805 | 885 | 86 | 764 | 731 | 902 | 585 |
| Bathurst "\% | 435 | 546 | 783 | 815 | 736 | 772 | 1006 | 97 | 463 | 748 | 1140 | 661 |
| Palace | 110 | 275 | 328 | 496 | 417 | 461 | 501 | ${ }_{0}^{5}$ | 571 | 467 |  | ${ }_{673}$ |
| Elizabeth "\% | 317 | 416 | 642 | 553 | 547 | 482 | 436 619 | 45 |  |  | 522 | 673 <br> 328 |
| ${ }_{\text {Givins }}$ | 178 | 365 | 511 | 567 | 511 | 522 | 588 | 40 | 412 | 809 | 962 | 480 |
| Borden | 205 | 233 | 275 | 341 | 318 | 214 | 212 | 20 | 477 | 385 | 658 | 302 |
| Leslieville | 78 | 168 | 140 | 166 | 132 | 184 | 179 | 41 | 219 | 199 | 176 | 182 |
| Markham and Hope Street | 235 | 144 | 258 | 328 | 262 | 227 | 231 | 20 | 876 | 861 | 955 | 457 |
| Boys' Home | 101 | 141 | 65 | 65 | 36 | 121 | 97 | 14 | 87 | 99 | 110 |  |
| Girls ${ }^{\text {Orphans }}$ "* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 52 | 183 | 10 | ${ }^{26}$ | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | 31 | 12 12 |  |  |  | 30 | 17 |
| Orphans | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | 14 | 18 | 29 | 14 | 31 | 12 | [2 | 16 | 328 | 295 | 17 |
|  |  | 12375 | 16565 | 71 | 17077 | 18963 | 19793 | 1918 | 6728 | 988 | 872 |  |

Showing the number of cases of lateness during the year

| SCHOOLS. | Average Registered Numbers | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | A PRIL | Mai. | June. | July. | Sept. | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin | 583 | 28 | 27 | 11 | 11 | 15 | 4 |  | 10 | 6 | 17 |  |
| Wellesley | 835 | 23 | 19 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 9 | 1 | 8 | 5 | 9 | 14 |
| Ryerson..... | 584 | 30 | 27 | 35 | 26 | 17 | 16 | 3 | 6 | 18 | 15 | 23 |
| Phoebe Street. | 882 | 64 | 36 | 34 | 24 | 17 | 24 |  | 11 | 33 | 42 | 15 |
| John " | 603 | 21 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 21 | 19 | 18 | 9 |
| Park | 444 | 38 | 23 | 35 | 15 | 11 | 15 | 0 | 19 | 21 | 44 | 19 |
| Winchester Street | 576 | 35 | 28 | 32 | 23 | 27 | 22 | 0 | 26 | 33 | 26 | 31 |
| Victoria " | 503 | 44 | 40 | 65 | 37 | 56 | 50 | 5 | 42 | 40 | 57 | 32 |
| Niagara " | 503 | 103 | 47 | 59 | 51 | 33 | 30 | 0 | 16 | 38 | 63 | 42 |
| Louisa ${ }_{\text {Parliament }}$ " | 487 | 214 | 148 | 72 | 50 | 57 | 76 | 9 | 38 | 35 | 73 | 41 |
| Parliament " | 369 | 21 | 16 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 16 | 3 |
| Church " | 428 | 47 | 13 | 10 | 11 | 15 | 25 | 1 | 28 | 37 | 36 | 26 |
| George | 356 | 17 | 46 | 19 | 24 | 28 | 47 | 0 | 17 | 39 | 69 | 13 |
| Bathurst " | 435 | 12 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 15 | 4 | 26 | 21 | 50 | 20 |
| Palace | 110 | 12 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 11 | 3 | 15 |
| Elizabeth | 317 | 117 | 106 | 79 | 19 | 30 |  | 0 | 68 | 73 | 114 | 38 |
| York | 174 | 38 | 30 | 37 | 14 | 23 | 28 | 4 | 24 | 34 | 34 | 15 |
| Givins | 288 | 35 | 22 | 22 | 8 | 13 | 14 | 3 | 20 | 11 | 42 | 36 |
| Borden | 205 | 31 | 58 | 35 | 33 | 17 |  |  | 24 | 53 | 55 | 18 |
| Leslieville... | 78 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 13 | 0 |
| Markham and Hope Street | 235 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 27 | 51 | 43 | 21 |
| Boys ${ }^{\text {P }}$ Home . . . . . . . . . . . . | 101 | 2 | 5 | 0 |  | a | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Girls ${ }^{2}$ Home | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2 |
| Orphans "\%. | 89 | 0. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Centre Street. | 52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4) | 62 | 66 |  |
| Total |  | 939 | 737 | 603 | 411 | 410 | 413 | 33 | 450 | 657 | 889 | 446 |

## TABLE E.

Comparative Statement of the City Schools, under specific headings, from 1884 to 188 r , both inclusive.

TABLE F.
List of Teachers, arranged with a view to secure Equitable Promotion, and showing the Divisions taughtby the several Teachers; their Certificates; Places of Training; and the dates at which they entered the service of the Board.

TABLE F．（Continued．）
female assistant teachers．

| $1{ }^{\frac{0}{5}}$ | 发荌事 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |



| 产 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |

TABLE F. (Continued.)
FEMALE ASSISTANT TEACHERS.





 -



$\qquad$ J. N. Agaew J. S. Arthurs....... Annie Chambers M. A. Fitzgerald
Maggie Fraser Maggie Fraser
Mary Gunn.
Hessie How Margaret Hunter Mrs. Emma Lilly J. A. MoBrien... M. A. MoDonald Gusan Mina Riches Kate Rowland
Amelia Sims Muss Minnie Smith
Mary A. Westman Mary A. Westman


Bicepo


## 

:

TABI．E F．（Continued．）
FEMALE AsSISTANT TEACHERS．
Entrred SErvict
of Board．
（Last Time．）
毋NFNFNO
NONONFNONFNFO

So October，
January，
January，
January，
February，
January，
October，

Where Trained．

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |


Where Trained． $z:=: z: z z: z=z=\frac{0}{0}$



|  | 宫兑宫要宫宫宫 <br> 品．A．․․․․․․․․․虎 किकिक्यिक्यि |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 曾 } \\ & \frac{y}{4} \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

NNFN：

 99699
50000


运


|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

 す

 킀․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․․

まる ョ z
$\because: u z=$



## Miss J．Anderson Miss I．Anderson



Campbell
Clarkson
Langton
S．E．A．Scobie
I．V．Straubel
A．T．Waterson
Louise Baxter
Black
Bolton
Miss A．V．Beattie
y $=: y$
TABLE F. (Continued.)
FHMALE ASSISTANT TEACHERS.

| Names. | Division. | Certificatrs. | Whers Tra | uned. | Enterkd 8ervice or Board. (Last Time.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Miss Carrie Cathc } \\ & \text { if Emma Chene } \end{aligned}$ | Junior 1st Bk. | Provincial 2nd B. Provincial 2nd B. | Prov. Normal | School. | December, 1880 September, 1881 |
| Mrs. L. Coad ... | " " | Provincial 2nd B. | " $\quad$ " |  | September, 1880 |
| Miss Ellen Daw | ". | Provincial 2nd $A$. |  |  | September, 1881 |
| "A Amy Fell | " | Provincial 2nd A. | " " |  | October, 1881 |
| "i Maud Feather | " " | Provincial 2nd B. | " $\quad$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { September, } & 1881 \\ \text { January, } \\ 1882\end{array}$ |
| ". J. Elizabeth Hardy | " ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Provincial 2nd A. | " $\quad$ " |  | May, 1882 |
| ". E. N. Harney | $\because$ | Provincial 1st B. |  |  | September, 1881 |
| "H. B. Laidlsw | " | Provincial 2nd A. | " | " | September, 1881 |
| " Helen J, Lansk | " ${ }^{\text {" }}$ | Provincial 2nd $B$, | " |  | September, 1881 |
| "f A S. Martin |  | ${ }^{\text {Provincial }}$ 2nd B. ${ }^{\text {Provincial }}$ 2nd $A$. | " $\quad$ " |  | September, 1879 |
| Mrs. Gennie Milne S. Monah |  | Provincial 2nd ${ }^{\text {a }}$, |  |  | December, 1881 |
| Mrs. Grace S. Mona Miss A. MoKee ... | " " | Provincial Provincial 2nd A | " | " | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { January, } & 1882 \\ \text { October, } & 1879\end{array}$ |
| " F. McKee | " | Provinctal 2nd B. | " | " | October, 1879 |
| ". Lizzie MoCrei | "̈ | Provincial 2nd ${ }^{\text {B. }}$ | "\% |  | January, 1882 |
| "\% Jessie Niven |  | Provincial 2nd B. |  |  | February, 1882 |
| "\% Ida Phillips | ". | Provincial 2nd B. |  |  | February, 1882 |
| ". M, Smyth |  | Provincial 2nd B. | " | " | September, 1881 |
| Mrs. A. Thorold | " " | Provincial 1st B. | " | " | September, 1881 |
| Miss 8. Tomlinson. | "\% " | Provincial 2nd B. | " " |  | January, 1882 |
| " B. M. Wallace |  | Provincial 2nd A. |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { January, } \\ \text { September, } & 1889\end{array}$ |
| " M. H. Wilson .. <br> Mrs, G. C. Warburton. | " " | Provincial Provincial 2nd |  |  | September, <br> September, <br> 1881 |


-
-

## REPORT

# \%xaminers in regard to the $1^{2}$ ombined $\$$ <br> OF THE 

## PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF TORONTO.

The Examiners have the honor to report that, in the discharge of the duty with which they were entrusted, they examined on the 22nd and 23 rd of June, the selected pupils sent up to them from the several Public Schools in the City, in which the advanced pupils are taught. The Examination was conducted in the Dufferin and Ryerson Schools, and, as in former years, was throughout a written one. The pupils undergoing examination were taken from the four highest divisions, and numbered in all 248, being 16 more than took part in the corresponding examination last year.

The Examiners beg to submit the following results as brought out by careful comparison of the papers handed in to them. :-

## I. FOURTH DIVISION.

The pupils of this Division undergoing examination numbered 67. They were taken from the Fourth Division of the following schools. The Dufferin, the Ryerson, the Wellesley, Victoria Street, ten from each-five boys and five girls ; Phoebe Street, the Park, John Street, five from each ; Winchester Street and Niagara Street, six from each, They were examined in Arithmetic,

Grammar and Composition, Hygiene, History and Geography, Reading, Spelling and Derivation, Writing and Music. Taking a general view of the results brought out by the examination of the pupils in this Division the first place is won by the Girls' department of of Wellesley, the second by the Boys' department in the same school, and the third by the Girls department in the Dufferin School. In this, as in the other divisions, the highest prizes are given for General Proficiency, and the holders of these are not permitted to take prizes also for excellence in the separate branches of study included in the examination. The Examiners recommend the General Proficiency prizes to be awarded to the following pupils.

1. Benjamin Morton Jones, Wellesley School.
2. Nina Matheson,

| " | " |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dufferin | $"$ |
| Wellesley | $"$ |
| " | " |

Taking the subjects either separately or in natural groups, the Examiners find that in this division the greatest excellence was exhibited in Arithmetic by the Girls' department of Wellesley, the second place being taken by the Boys' department of the same school, and the third by the Girls' department of the Dufferin School. In Grammar and Hygiene the highest place was taken by the Boys' department of the Wellesley School, the second by the Girls' department of the same school, and third by the Girls' department of the Dufferin and Ryerson Schools. In History and Geography the Girls' department of Wellesley School stands first, the Boys' department of the same school second, and the Boys' department of the Ryerson School third. The first place for Reading, Spelling and Derivation was given to the Girls' department of the Dufferin School; the second, to the pupils of the John Street School, and the third to the Cirls' department of the

Wellesley School. In the last group, embracing Writing and Music, John Street School stands first, and the Wellesley School second.

* In addition to the prizes for Proficiency, the Examiners recommend the following to be given in the branches named :-

1. ARITHMETIC.
2. Jennie Mathers, Dufferin. 2. Annie McDonald, Niagara Street. 3. Maggie Kerr, Wellesley. 4. J. Chandler, Dufferin, and Andrew Jaffray, Wellesley.
II. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE.
3. Emma Brownridge, Phœbe Street. 2. Maggie Kerr, Wellesley. 3. Kate Berkinshaw, Dufferin. 4. George E. Roden, Victoria.

## III. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

1. Alfred Nickle, Wellesley. 2. Robert Munro, Ryerson. 3. Agnes Byrne, Winchester. 4. Bella McDiarmid, Wellesley. iv. reading and spelling.
2. Latimer Robinson, John Street. 2. Maud Rogers, Phœebe Street. 3. Johnston Foy, John Street. 4. Minnie Davidson, Dufferin.
v. WRITING AND MUSIC.
3. Agnes Byrne, Winchester Street. 2. Alfred Bell, John Street. 2. Bella Gardner, Ryerson.

## II. THIRD DIVISION.

Fifty pupils appeared for examination in this division, ten boys and ten girls from the Dufferin School, and the same number
from the Ryerson, and ten girls from the John Street School. They were examined in the same subjects as the pupils of the Lower or Fourth Division, with the addition of Algebra and Book Keeping. This year, as last year, the Boys' department of the Dufferin School takes the first place, being much in advance of the others. The second and third places are taken by the Girls' department of the John Street School, and the same department of the Dufferin School. Coming to the separate branches or groups of subjects, the first place in each of them is taken by the Boys' department of the Dufferin School, In Mathematics, the second place is taken by the Girls' department of the same school, and the third by the Girls' department of the John Street School. In Grammar, Composition, and Hygiene the second place is taken by the Boys' department of the Ryerson School, while each of the remaining subjects or groups, History, Geography, Reading, Spelling and Derivation, Writing and Music, the second place was taken by the Girls' department of the John Street School, and the third by the Girls' department of the Dufferin School. The Examiners recommend prizes to be given in this division as follows :-

## I. general proficiency.

1. R. Weston, Dufferin. 2. Sarah Robertson, Dufferin. 3. Louisa Devlyn, John Street. 4. Alex. J. Hunter, Dufferin. 5. A. Goldsmith, Dufferin.

## II. MATHEMATICS.

1. Minnie Brimston, John Street. 2. F Coleman, Dufferin. 3. Nellie Flint, Dufferin. 4. Edith Littleford, Dufferin.
III. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE.
2. George Taylor, Ryerson. 2. Vivian Morgan, Edith Curzon and Lucy Palmer, equal, Ryerson.
IV. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.
3. Kate Harris, John Street. 2. Mary Chandler, Dufferin. 3. W. Rutherford, Dufferin. 4. Annie Linkie, John Street.
v. READING, SPELLING AND DERIVATION.
4. Mary Chandler, Dufferin. 2. Annie Linkie, John Street. 3. Polly Booth, Dufferin. 4. A. Ashbridge, Dufferin School.
VI. WRITING AND MUSIC.
5. Minnie Brimston. John Street. 2. Nellie Scarlett, John Street. 3. W. Rutherford, Dufferin.

## III. SECOND DIVISION.

Sixty pupils took part in the examination in this Division, ten boy and ten girls from each of the following schools : the Dufferin, the Ryerson, and the Wellesley. They were examined In Euclid, and in Natural Philosophy in addition to the subjects embraced in the examination of the Third Division. Of the three schools the aggregate marks of the Dufferin are the highest, and while the aggregate marks of the Boy's department of the Dufferin are higher than those of the same department of the other two schools, they are lower than those of the Girls' department, not only of the Dufferin but of the Wellesley and Ryerson. Coming to the separate branches of study, the highest place in Mathematics is taken by the Girls' department of the Dufferin, the same department of Wellesley and Ryerson following in the order mentioned. The highest place in Grammar, Composition and Hygiene was taken by the Girls' department of Wellesley, the second and third by the Boys' department of the Ryerson and Dufferin Schools. In Reading, Spelling and Derivation the Girls' department of the Ryerson School stands first, the Boy's depart-
ment of the Dufferin coming second. In History and Geography, and in Writing and Music the highest degree of excellence was 'exhibited by the Girls' department of the Dufferin School, the same department of the Wellesley and of the Ryerson Schools following in the order named.

The Examiners recommend the following prizes to be given in this division:-

## I. GENERAL PROFICIENCY.

1. Margaret Gowans, Dufferin. 2. Fanny Hamilton, Dufferin. 3. Isabella Fraser, Dufferin. 4. Arabella Flaws, Wellesley. 5. George Jamieson, Ryerson.

## II. MATHEMATICS.

1. Lottie Wiggins, Dufferin. 2. Lena Brown, Ryerson, and Charles Smith, Wellesley, equal. 4. Kate Spence, Wellesley, and Libbie Williams, Dufferin, equal.
III. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE.
x. Gussie Houston, Wellesley. 2. Samuel Muirhead, Ryerson. 3. Kate Spence. Wellesley. 4. Frank Wells, Dufferin.

## IV. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

1. Minnie Jackes, Wellesley. 2. Stella Phillips, Dufferin. 3. Alfred Tucker, Wellesley. 4. John Brady, Dufferin.
v. READING, SPELLING AND DERIVATION.
2. Elizabeth Gundy and Constance Breckon, Ryerson, equal. 3. Jessie McGregor, Ryerson. 4. Margaret Purvis, Ryerson.
vi. writing, book-keeping and music.
3. Frank Wells, Dufferin. 2. Lottie Wigglns, Dufferin. 8. Fanny Neeley, Dufferin.

## IV. FIRST DIVISION.

The number of pupils who were entered for examination in this the highest division was 72,12 boys and 12 girls from each of the Schools in which First Division pupils are taught viz., the Dufferin, Ryerson and Wellesly, one boy was absent from the Dufferin list so that the number actually taktng part in the examination was 71. They were examined in all subjects, drawing excepted (fifteen) taught in the Public Schools of the City, and the results were such as reflect very high honour, both on the teachers and the scholars. Last year the girls department of the Wellesley School stood highest in this division this year, the place of honour is taken by the same department of the Ryerson School in which while no pupil is exceptionally high and only two gain Scholarships, the average reached is very high indeed. The Girls' department of Wellesley School follows Ryerson very closely and at a greater distance the same department of the Dufferin. The Boys' department of the Ryerson School is highest of that side of the division but it is below the Girls' department of each of the School engaged in the competion. The percentage obtained by the best Schools and by the best pupils in each School does not differ much from that of the previous year. After making allowance for the absence of any marks for drawing the maximum reached is somewhat higher than on any former occasion. The first place in the separate branches is divided among all these Schools, though in each subject it is taken by the Girls' department. In Mathematics and in Writing, Book keeping and Music the greatest excellence is exhibited by the Girls' department of the Wellesley Schools ; in Grammar, Composition and Hygiene and in Reading, Spelling and Derivation, the Girls' department of the Dufferin School comes to the front, while in History and Geography the same department of the Ryerson School is easily first.

[^0]School, and the Silver Medal to Mary Baillie of the Ryerson School. There were only fifteen marks between these two pupils out of an aggregate of $9^{1} 3$.

The Scholarship for General Proficiency and the Prizes for excellence in special subjects are recommended by the examiners as follows :-

## SCHOLARSHIPS.

1. Amanda Hicks, Gold Medal, Wellesley School. 2. Mary Baillie, Silver Medal, Ryerson School. 3. Joseph A. Skirrow, Wellesley School. 4. Frederick Ralston, Ryerson School. 5. Letitia Armstrong, Ryerson School. 6. Robert Potts, Ryerson School. 7. James Maybee and Maggie Hay, Dufferin School equal. 9. Bruce Bailey, Dufferin School. 10. Helen Corbett, Wellesley School. Ir. George Anderson, Ryerson School. 12. Frederick Shea, Dufferin School.
I. MATHEMATICS.
2. Minnie Parks, Wellesley School. 2. Lizzie Riddel, Ryerson School. 3. Joseph Leary, Wellesley School. 4. David Gray, Wellesley School.
II. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE,
3. Emily Sheppard, Dufferin School. 2. Edith Dawkins, Wellesley School. 3. Bella Mills and Minnie Bee, Dufferin School equal.
III. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.
4. Maud Cruise, Ryerson School. 2. Ella Hamill, Ryerson School. 3. Wm. Robins, Wellesley School. 4. Annie Charlton and May Baxter, Wellesley School, equal.
5. Amy Bain, Dufferin School. 2. Minnie Parks and John Spence, Wellesley School, equal. 4. Bella Mills and Albert Herbert, equal, Dufferin School.
v. WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING AND MUSIC. *
6. Albert Herbert, Dufferin School. 2. Abiel Bowers, Wellesley School. 3. Alice M. Johnston, Wellesley School. 4. Edith Dawkins, Wellesley School.

A Special Examination was held in Canadian History and Geography, with a view of awarding medals for excellence in these branches. The competition was very close, and on careful examination of the answers it was found that Harvey Miller, Dufferin School, stood first, taking 195 marks out of a possible 200, and Hattie Holmes, Wellesley School, stood second, taking 186 marks. A Special Examination was also held to decide who should receive the prize so kindly offered by Rev. Septimus Jones for excellence in Reading. Over twenty entered into the competition ; the examiners awarded the prize to Mary Baillie, of the Ryerson School. They make honourable mention at the same time of Ellen Corbett, William Sills and Harvey Miller, any one of whom might well have carried off the prize. They desire to make similar mention of Benjamin Morton Jones, whose reading, though a pupil of the fourth division, was singularly accurate and spirited.

In concluding this report, the Examiners have pleasure in reporting their testimony as to the growing efficiency of the Public Schools of this City, and of the system of instruction conducted in them. The papers which they have been permitted to read give evidence of much patient work on the part of the teachers and
pupils. In conducting this examination, much valuable assistance was given to the Examiners by the Inspector, and by those Teachers who were appointed to distribute papers and superintend the pupils while writing their answers.

JOHN M. KING,
Chairman, Board of Examiners.


# 啡xamination flaqerg 

COMBINED EXAMINATION.


#### Abstract

ARITHMETIC.

FIRST DIVISION. - [THE WORK IS REQUIRED.]


1. Reduce roo half guineas to four-penny-pieces ; 4 tons, 3 cwt ., 2 qrs. 1 lb. to drams (cwt. $=112$ lbs.); $6971 / 2$.acres to square yards.
2. A person bought 1,008 articles for $\$ 3,072$; before they were -all disposed of, 48 were lost ; at what rate must he sell each of the remainder, that on the whole he may gain $\$ 240$.
3. Required the G.C.M. of 6,327 and 23,997 ; also the L.C.M. of $9,16,42,63,21,14,72$.
4. (x) Show how to compare fractions, giving the reason for each part of the operation.
(2) Find the value of $\frac{14}{17}+\frac{31}{82}+\frac{3}{36} \frac{9}{36}+3 \frac{6}{15}+\frac{2}{36}$.
5. Find value of $12 / 3$ of. $\frac{\cdot 3 \text { os }}{6 i}$ of $\frac{8295}{416}$ of 100 tons, (cwt. $=100 \mathrm{lbs}$ )
6. A merchant sells an article for $\$ 5.00$, and losses ten per cent. What will the percentage of gain or loss be if he sell it for \$7.00.
7. The breadth of a room is half as much again as it height; its length is twice its height ; it costs $\$ 25.20$ to paint its walls at $21 / 2$ cents per square foot; what are its dimensions ?
8. Three men can do as much werk as 5 boys ; the wages of 3
boys are equal to those of two men. A work on which 40 boys and 15 men are employed takes 8 weeks and costs $\$ 1,680$; how long would it take if 20 boys and 20 men were employed, and how much would it cost?
9. If the price of the Dominion $6 \%$ stock be $\mathbf{1 0 6}$, a person can - obtain an annual income of $\$ 5.00$ more than he can if the price be ro\%. How much has he to invest ?
[Same paper for Second Division, except that No. 8 is omitted.] THIRD DIVISION. - [THE WORK IS REQUIRED.]
I. Add together fifty millions, ten thousand and two; fifty thousand and five ; two hundred millions and eighty ; one billion, one hundred millions, and sixty nine; fifty-four millions, fifty thousand and fifty ; ten billions, eight hundred and sixty-five thousand and sixty.
10. Find the sum, difference, and product of, $2,060,897$, and 4,000,908.
11. Keduce 100 half guineas to four-penny-pieces; 4 tons, 3 cwt ., 2 qrs., 1 lb ., to drams ( $\mathrm{cwt}=112 \mathrm{lbs}$. ) ; $6971 / 2$ acres to square yards.
12. A person bought $\mathrm{I}, 008$ articles for $\$ 3,072$; liefore they were all disdosed of 48 were lost ; at what rate must he sell each of the remainder, that on the whole he may gain $\$ 240$ ?
13. Required the G.C.M. of 6,327 and 23,997 ; also the L.C.M. of $9,16,42,68,21,14,72$.
14. (1) Show how to compare fractions, giving the reasons for each part of the operation.
(2) Find the value of $\frac{11}{17}+\frac{31}{82}+\frac{266}{357}+3 \frac{5}{33}+\frac{24}{39}$.
15. The breadth of a room is half as much again as its height; its length is twice its height ; it costs $\$ 25.20$ to paint its walls at $21 / 2$ cents per square foot; what are its dimensions ?
```
FOURTH DIVISION.-[THE WORK IS REQUIRED.]
```

1. Add together fifty millions, ten thousand and two ; fifty thousand and five ; two hundred millions and eighty ; one billion, one hundred millions, and sixty-nine ; fifty-four millions, fifty thousand and fitty ! ten billions, eight hundred and sixty-five thousand and sixty.
2. Find the sum, difference, and product of $2,060,897$ and $4,000,908$.
3. Reduce 100 half guineas to four-penny-pieces; 3 tons 3 cwt , 2 qrs., xlb . to drams ( $\mathrm{cwt}=112 \mathrm{lbs}$.); $6971 / 2$ acres to square yards.
4. A person bought 1,008 articles for $\$ 3,672$; before they were all disposed of 48 were lost; at what rate must he sell each of the remainder, that on the whole he may gain $\$ 240$ ?
5. Required the G.C.M. of 6,327 and 23,997 ; also the L.C.M. of $9,16,42,63,21,13,72$.
6. Find the value of $\frac{11}{17}+\frac{41}{81}+\frac{226}{367}+3 \frac{5}{13}+\frac{24}{39}$.

## ALGEBRA.

## FIRST AND SECOND DIVISION,

First Division will take Nos. $1,3,4,6,7,8$.
Second Division will take Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.
2. Simplify $15 x-\{.4-[3-4 x-(3 x-7)]\}$.
2. Multiply $x^{2}+2 a x+3 a^{2}$ by $x^{2}-2 a x+a 2$.
3. From $\frac{1+x}{1 x+x^{2}}$ take $\frac{1+x}{1-x+x^{2}}$.

5. $1 / 2 x+1 / 3 x=x-7$. Find the value of $x$.
6. A can correct 70 pages for the press in $11 / 2$ hour, B can correct 150 pages in $21 / 4$ hours; how long will they be in correcting 425 pages jointly?
7. $\frac{(2 x+3) x}{2 x+1}+\frac{1}{3 x}=x+1$. Find $x$.
8. $x^{2}-12 x=-35$. Find $x$.

## THIRD DIVISION.

1. Find the value of $2 \sqrt{d-b}+3 \sqrt{3 d+2 c-1}+4 \sqrt{a+b+2 c+d}$ when $a=0 b=2 c=4 d=6$.
2. Find the product of $a-b$ by $a+b$.
3. Find the difference between $x-3 y+4 z$ and $x+2 y-6 z$.
4. Divide $x^{4}+y^{4}-2 z^{4}+2 x^{2} y^{2}-2 z^{2}-1$ by $x^{2}-y^{2}-z^{2}-1$.
5. Find the value of $x$ in the equation, $4 x \times 9=8 x-3$.

## EUCLID.

FIRST AND SECOND DIVISIONS.

1. Define a right angle, parallel straight lines, diameter of a .circle.
2. If there be two triangles which have two sides of the one equal o two sides of the other, each to each, and have their bases equal. the angle contained by the two sides of the one shall be equal to the angle contained by the two sides equal to them of the other.
3. Make a parallelogram equal to a given triangle and having one of its angles equal to a rectilineal angle.
4. If a straight line be divided into two equal parts and also into two unequal parts ; the rectangle contained by the unequal parts, together with the square on the line between the points of section, is equal to the square on half the line.

## ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

FIRSI AND SECOND DIVISIONS.

1. Define case, indicative mood, sentence.
2. Give the singular of indices, banditti, genera ; the plural of church, stomach, peniny ; the possessive-plural of cousin, country, child ; the past tense and past principle of do, send, flee ; comparative and superlative of tidy, evil, nigh.
3. What is voice? How is the passive voice formed ?
4. Change the construction in regard to voice in the following sentences :

The youth read the book and then returned it to the library.
The work was done by the contractor within the specified time.
5. Not a drum was heard, not a funeral note, As his corse to the ramparts we hurried;

Not a soldier discharged his farewell shot
O'er the grave where our hero we buried.
"Tis distance lends enchantment to the view, And robes the mountain in its azure hue.

Parse the words in italics in the above passages and analyze the first stanza.
6. Correct anything faulty in the following sentences, giving your reasons for the changes you make:

Who should I meet the other day but my old school-mate.
If I had not broke your stick you would never have ran home nor began to tell those kind of stories which nobody but foolish men believe.
7. Write a short composition on one of the following subjects :

Honesty is the best policy.
The power of a Habit.
A visit to the Island South of Toronto Bay.

THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS.

1. Define case, orthography, transitive verb, person.
2. Give the plural of attorney, shelf, duty; the singular of clothes, brethren, data ; the past tense and past particple of slay, ride, fly; comparative and superlative of heavy, old, many.
3. What is voice ; How is the passive voice formed ;
4. Change the construction, in regard to voice, in the following sentences :

James wrote the letter and carried it to the post-office.
That work was done by Thomas and his brother.
5. Towards the West lies the fertile shore that stretches along the Adriatic where ripen the rich fruits of the South.

Analyze the above passage, and parse the words in Italics.
6. It was me who steered the boat, but him and his brother that rowed.

A systematic and methodical arrangement of particulars facilitate the completion of the entire work.

As neither John nor Thomas are going, let you and I go.
7. Write a short composition on one of the following subjects :

A House on fire.
A ramble in the country.
A visit to the Island south of Toronto Bay.
The Fourth Divisios will omit number 6.

## GEOGRAPHY.

FIRST AND SECOND DIVISIONS.
First Division will take Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11.
Second Division will take Nos. $5,6,8,9,10,11,12,13$.

1. Give the name of the mountain ranges on the north and $\gamma$ south of the lower St. Lawrence. State the difference of their
geological character, and give the meaning of Azoic as applied to rocks.
2. At what angle is the axis of the earth to the plane of its orbit? To what motion of the earth are day and night due, and to what motion are summer and winter due?
3. Which planets are smaller and which larger than the earth?
4. Name the four great regions into which the North American Continent is divided.
5. In what lake does the Ottawa rise? What are its tributaries from the South ?
6. Name the Counties of Ontario which border on Lake Erie.
7. Give the course of the Mississippi ; its chief tributaries, and the four largest cities on its banks.
8. Give the boundaries of Yorkshire, the names of its five largest cities and towns, and mention the industries for which each is distinguished.
9. Give the situation of Madagascar, Anticosti, Malta, the Falkland Isles, Tasmania.
10. In what countries and on what waters are the following places situated:-Glasgow, Hull, Coblentz, Delhi, Monte Video, Londonderry, Vienna, Lyons, Mecca, Hong Kong ?
II. What are the principal exports from Italy, and what are those from Australia?

## 12. What is Ecliptic?

13. Within what zones are the following countries situated:Borneo, New Zealand, Great Brituin, Greenland?

THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS.
Third Division will take Nos. $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$.
Fourti Division will take Nos. $6,7,8,9,10,11$.

1. Mention the names and general direction of the two principal mountain chains in Asia.
2. Describe the course of the Indus, and give the situation of Calcutta, Cabul, and Canton.

What is the principal river in Southern Africa, and in what direction does it flow ?
4. Name the States in Northern Africa, called the Barbary States.
5. Name the main divisions of Australia, and give the capital of each.
6. Give the names of the Provinces into which Ireland is divided, and the name of the largest city in each.
7. What large rivers flow into the Caspian Sea, the Black Sea, and the Bay of Biscay?
8. Give the situation of the following places:-Three Rivers, Fredericton, Halifax, Rio Janeiro, New Orleans, Berne, Prague, Milan, Aberdeen, Cambridge, Bristol.
9. Name the Eastern or New England States, and give the capital of each.
10. Name the principal Islands off the East Coast of North America.
11. What are parallels of latitude and longitude? Cive, as
nearly as you can recollect, the latitude of New York, Montreal, London and St. Petersburg.

## HISTORY.

FIRST DIVISION.

1. Name some principal event in the reign of William the Oonqueror, John, Edward II., Henry V., Henry VIII., Mary Elizabeth.
2. Give the names, in order, of the Stuart Kings, and the date of the Stuart Period.
3. From A. D. 1629 to 1640 , Charles I. held no Parliament. Why?
4. State the principal cause that led to the Civil War of 1642.
5. What battle closed the Civil War, and what followed ?
6. What events of English History mark the period of the Commonwealth ?
7. What is the nature of the Test Act, and the Habeas Corpus Act?
8. How long did the French govern Canada?

What do you know of General Brock? Lord Monck ?
SECOND DIVISION.

1. What principal events are the following names connected with :-William Tyndall, John Wyckliffe, and Martin Luther ?
2. Who founded the order of the Jesuits ?
3. For what were the Waldensians noted ? also the Huguenots?
4. When did Spain lose the Straits of Gibraltar ?
5. In the reign of Elizabeth, Queen of England, what event transpired affecting the power of Spain ?
6. Give a brief account of the life of Napoleon Bonaparte.

THIRD DIVISION.

1. Name the first principal nation that occupiéd a place in Europe. What nation succeeded and surpassed it in greatness ?
2. In the wars between Greece and Persia what three principal battles were fought? Name the Grecian commander in these battles.
3. What caused the Peloponesian war? How long did it last ?
4. Tell what you know of Alexander the Great.
5. Who were called Patricians and who Plebians of the Roman Empire?
6. How long did the first Punic War last? Who was Hannibal?
7. Give a general statement of the extent of the Roman Empire at the birth of Christ.
8. Three great changes marked the reign of Constantine ; name them.

## DICTATION AND DERIVATION.

SECOND DIVISION.
4. Write a passage to be dictated in the class-room,
2. Derive the following words, giving the meaning of the roots, and when possible, of the prefixes and affixes :-

Commerce,
Malicious,
Edifice,
Domestic,
Agriculture,

Cavity,
Debtor,
Paternal,
Fluent, Manual.
3. Give English words derived from Facio, Fortis, Animus.

## THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS.

1. Write a passage to be dictated in the class-room.
2. Derive the following words, and give the meaning of the roots, and, when possible, of the prefixes and affixes :-

Equinox,
Transport,
Consequence,
Admirable,
Uncivil,

Suburban,
Locality,
Dominion,
Instruction, Education.

## BOOK - KEEPING.

 FIRST DIVISION.I. What is the use of a Daybook ; Journal ; Ledger ?
2. What is the difference between Single and Double Entry in Book-keeping ?
3. What is meant by Posting ?
4. What are Bills Receivable ; Bills Payable ; Bank Cheques ; Invoices.
5. Journalize the following :-Bo't Goods from Mr. A, $\$ 5,000$; paid him in cash, $\$ 200$; gave my note for the balance, at three months.
6. Of what use is a Trial Balance ?
7. What three accounts are closed last in Double Entry, and in what order ?

THIRD AND SECOND DIVISION.
Third Division will take Questions $1, .2,3,4$.
Second Division will take Questions 4, 5, 6, 9, 7, 8.

1. What is the object of Book-keeping ?
2. What is a Receipt ? a Note?
3. Put the following items into the form of an account:-June 1st, Received Cash, $\$ 100.00$; 2nd, Received Cash, $\$ 25.00$, 3rd, Paid Cash, $\$ 50.00$; 4th, Received Cash, $\$ 10.00$; 5th, I.ost Cash, $\$ 8.00$.
4. Put the following items into the form of an account, and show how much James Smith owes you:-Borrowed from James Smith, $\$ 200.00$; 2. Sold him 30 yards of fine Cloth, © $\$ 4.00$ per yard ; 4. Sold him 80 yards Cotton @ 15 cents per yard; 4. Sold him ioo Fine Silk Hats, @ \$5.00 each ; Received from him Cash, \$50.00.
5. What is the use of a Day Book and Ledger ?
6. What is meant by Posting ?
7. Write out a Receipt for $\$ 260.00$, paid this day in Toronto, by James Jones to John Smith.
8. Write out a Note for $\$ 100,00$, payable in 10 months, © 8 per cent. per annum, to Dr, A. from Mr, B.

## NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

FIRST AND SECOND DIVISIONS.
I. Define any three of the properties of matter, one of which must be an essential property of matter.
2. Explain clearly what is meant by the ( I ) centre of gravity of a body, and by specific gravity.
(2) A cylindrical pillar of white marble, 12 feet long, dianeter 16 inches, $\mathrm{sp}, \mathrm{gr}, 2 \cdot 84$. Find the weight of it in pounds.
3. Required the force to put the pillar in question 2 into a waggon, the bottom of which is 4 ft .6 in . above the ground, on a plank 10 ft . long (assuming that there is no friction.)
4. Classify levers, giving an example of each class.

## HYGIENE.

FIRST AND SECOND DIVISIONS.

1. What are muscles ? How many distinct muscles are there in the human body ?
2. Name three principal uses of the bones ; how many bones are found in the adult human being ?
3. What useful purposes are served in the spinal column not being straight, nor all in one piece?
4. Tell where the Cranial Nerves are to be found, also the Spinal Nerves ; how many pairs of each are there?
5. Through what vessels does the blood flow ? Name the two great arteries ; tell the difference between arterial and venous blood.
6. Why should our dwellings receive much fresh air and sunlight ?
7. Name as many as you can of the most common causes for producing ill-health?

## MUSIC.

FIRST AND SECOND DIVISIONS.

1. Distinguish between Melody and Harmony.
2. How many notes (or sounds) in the ordinary or Diatonic scale I Where do the semitones occur ?
3. What is the object of Sharps and Flats ?
4. What is a Chromatic scale ?
5. Write down the different characters called notes, and compare them in regard to their duration.
6. What is the signature when the key note is ist $D$, and A ?
7. What is the key note when there are rst two flats in the signature, and two sharps ?
8. Draw a staff; on it place the treble clef, and one sharp in the signature. Write the key note (a semibreve) on the staff, also two minims, each of which shall form a common chord with the
key note. Draw a bar after the first and third note. Next place a crotchet on the second space and a minim on the second space above the staff. Fill out this last measure with a rest, and draw another bar. Place a dotted minim on the first space and a note on the first ledger line below to fill out the measure. Close with the proper kind of bar and some mark to show that the strain is to be repeated. Attach to each note the letter and syllable by which it is known.

In the music you have just written what is the interval between the first and third notes and that between the fourth and fifth?

THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS.

1. Define Bar, Slur, Ledger Line.
2. What is the use of Sharps and Flats ?
3. How many notes in a Diatonic scale? Where do the semitones occur?
4. Name the notes, first by letters, second by syllables.
5. What is the key note when there is neither sharp nor flat in the signature ? When there are two sharps ? When there is one flat?
6. When the key note is $G$, what is the signature ?
7. If there are two minims or their equivalent in a measure, what mark should be put at the beginning of the staff to indicate the time?
8. Name the notes which, when sounded together, produce full chords.
\$finaltial \$tatements.
(20)

## dinaucial \$ptatements.

## Annual General Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for Public School Purposes, City of Toronto, for the year emding vecem. ber 31st, 188I.

INCOME FOR 1881.
Balance from 1880 . .................................... . 818,5069 .
Cash on hand . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ....... 226
Legislative Appropriation for 1881 . ......... ..... 8,855 00
Municipal Assessment for General School Purposes 88,375 00
4 " Building Purposes... 11,500 00
Fees for non-resident pupils
23760

## Total

8127,47680
EXPENDITURE FOR 1881.

1. New School Buildings, Sites, Furniture, \&e., as per statement in detail. (See Appendix A) 326,984 12
2 Repairs, alterations and improvements at the several schools, as per statement in detail. (See Appendix B)

3,313 66
3. Salaries of Officers, Teachers and Caretakers, as per statement in detail. (See Appendix C)

80,64923
4. Fuel for Sohools, Board Room and Offices :

Wm. Metill \& Co., Wood and Coal, per Contract. . .......... $\$ 5,07373$
Sundry persons, cutting wood Cartage, te....................... $\sqrt{838} 56$ 6,512 29
5. Premiums of Insurance on Buildinge, Furniture, ete:

Citizens Insurance Co.......... 37298
Queen City Insurance $\mathrm{Co}_{\text {, }} . \ldots$... 1000
6. Expenditure on Night Schools as per statement in detail. See Appendix D) 38298

Carried Forward ............ \$119,675 66

Brought Forward, $\$ 119,67566$7. Printing, Stationery, School Supplies, PrizeBooks, Apparatus, \&c., as per statement indetail. (See Appendix E)2,468 18
8. Water Rates for all the Schools ..... 1,771 086. Black-leading Stoves, Varnishing Pipes, Re-placing old Stoves, Zinc, etc., in all theSchoole :
F. W, Unitt ..... $\$ 30552$
E. \& C. Gurney \& Co ..... 16360
in detail. (See Appendix F) ..... 1,553 572741
11. Cash on hand
$\qquad$
Total Expenditure. $\qquad$ Balance to 1882

Total
$\$ 127.47680$
Certified,

W, ©. WILKINSON.
Secretary.
Audited and Approved,

Toronto, January, 1882.
R. O. FITZGERALD, Auditor.

## APPENDIX A.

Statement in detail of Expenditure on account of New School Buildings, Sites, Evc., from $^{31 s t}$ December, 1880, to 3rst December, 1881, given as one sum in Item No. I, General Statement.

## BRANT STREET SOHOOL.

W. P. Howland, School Site. ....................... $\$ 3,00000$
D. Williams, on account of Masonry Work ....... 2,850 00
W. G. Boon, " " Carpenters' Work .... 3,000 00
A. H. Rundle " Plasterers' " .... 15000
G. S. Faircloth \& Son, on acoount of 'Painters'
and Glaziers' Work. ............................... 10000
R. Rennie, on account of Slatera' Work. .......... 14000

Carried forward
$89,240=00$

Brought forteard
89,24000
J. S. Champ \& Co., on acocunt of Felt and Gravel Roofing Work
Wheeler \& Bain, on account of Galvanized Iron Work 5000

## HOPE STREET SCHOOL.

F. Donovan, Balance of Contract.................. 6,354 55

Stewart \& Denisen, Architects' Commission....... 35345

ELIZABETH STREET SCHOOL ENLARGEMENT.
W. J. Hill, Masonry Work ...................., 1,995 00
A. E. Balfour, Carpenters' Work................. 1,97500
A. H. Rundle, Plasters' " ................. 280 00
G. Pearcy, Painters and Glaziers Work.......... 17100
R. Rennie, Slaters' Work ....................... $118 \mathbf{0 0}$
R. L. Cowan, Felt and Gravel Roofing Work ..... 18500

Douglas Bros., Galvanized Iron Work: ........... 13200
W, J, Gibson, Plumbers' Work .................. 3000
W. W, Blair, Architects' Commission............. 25755

5,04355

## BORDEN STREET SCHOOL ENLARGEMENT.

C. Dawson, Masonry Work ..... 1,80457
J. Howard, Carpenters' Work ..... 1,088 00
M. J. Hynes \& Bro, Plasterers' Work ..... 28400
G. S. Faircloth \& Son, Painters' and Glaziers' Work ..... 10500
J. S. Champ \& Co., Felt and Gravel Roofing Work ..... 3200
J. Clewes, Plumbers' Work ..... 7300
Paull \& Son, Arehitects' Commission ..... 18100MISOELLANEOUS.
R. Hay \#. Co., Furniture for New Schools. ..... 1,56739
E. \& C. Gurney \& Co., Balance of Account for Furnaces ..... 67734
Langley, Langley \& Burke, Balance on Architects'Commission on Dufferin and Winchester StreetsSchools5527

## APPENDIX $B$.

> Statement in Detail of Expenditure for Repairs, Alterations, and Improvements, at the Several Schools during 1881, given in one sum in Item No. 2, in General Statement.

GIVINS STREET SCHOOL.
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' work ..... $\$ 1166$
Pells \& Dodds, Repairs ..... 68
H. Johnston, Re-glazing ..... 8.25
NIAGARA STREET SOHOOL.
L. Richey, Carpenters' Work ..... 83571
J. Little, Plasters' Work ..... 2560
Gas Company, Laying Gas Pipes ..... 1095
W. Berry, Removing Night Soil ..... 4656
W. Wilson, Whitewashing ..... 1000
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work ..... 502
H. Johnston, Re-glazing. ..... 770
A. M. Brown, ..... 3.10
H. M. Armatrong " ..... 115

## HOPE SIREET SOHOOL.

E. Axworthy, Grading Yards ..... 85000
J. Howard, Carpenters' Work ..... 3710
H. Slight, Shade Trees and Boxes ..... 5625
A. M. Brown, Re-glazing ..... 135
Mrs, Curtis, Serubbing School ..... 200
BATHURST STREET SOHOOL.
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work ..... 4745
J. Little, Plasters' ..... 1192
v. J. Wallis, Plumbers' ..... 363
W. Wilson, Whitewashing ..... 300
H. Johnston, Re-glazing. ..... 170
J. Howard, Repairs ..... 210

## BORDEN STREET SCHOOL.

J. Howard, Carpenters' Work ..... 822055
G. S. Paircloth \& Son, Painters and Glaziers Work ..... 4000
J. Seers, Kalsomining. ..... 1000
Wm. Goldsmith, Caretaker, (extra work) ..... 975

## PHGEBE STREET SOHOOL.

J. Howard, Carpenters' Work
T. M. Bryer, ..... 780
J. Little, Plasters' Work ..... 1825
V. J. Wallis, Plumhers' Work ..... 1710
H. Johnston, Re-glazing, ete. ..... 1710
A. M. Browne, ..... 475
W, Wilson, Whitewashing Olosets ..... 250
Pells \& Dodds, Repairs ..... 50RYERSON SOHOOL.
L. Richey, Carpenters' Work ..... 85279
Pells \& Dodds ..... 138
H. Johnston, Re-glazing, ..... 13, 90
A. M. Browne, ..... 340
H. Slight, Shade Trees ..... 600
W. McGowan, Sodding ..... 580
W, H. Smith, Flowers and Shrubs ..... 500
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work ..... 175
JOHN STREET SCHOOL.
J. Bulmany Carpenters' Work ..... 820980
H. Whetter, Plasterers' " ..... 6400
V. J. Wallis,' Plumbers' ..... 858
H. Johnston, Re-glazing, de, ..... 1910
H. M. Armatrong, ..... 145
Pells \& Dorlds, Repairs ..... 178
J. Malloy, Sodding Boulevard ..... 710
F. W. Unitt, Hose ..... 1435
Brought forward81,24576
YORK STREET SOHOOL AND OFFIOES.
Pells \& Dodds, Carpenters' Work ..... $\$ 3246$
N. L. Piper \& Son, Tinsmiths' Work ..... 4960
J. C. Swait ..... 1090
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work ..... 421
W. J. Gibson, ..... 140
T. M. Bryer, Carpe iters' Work ..... 435
H. M. Armatrong, Re-glazing ..... 300
C. R. Woodland, Flowers and Shrubs ..... 200

## ELIZABETH STKEET SOHOOL.

A. E. Balfour, Carpenters' Work ..... 29505
Pells \& Dodds, " " ..... 1168
J. Plenderleith, ..... 685
T. M. Bryer, ..... 355
A. H. Rundle, Plasterers' Work ..... 2025
G. Pearcy, Painters' and Glaziers' Work. ..... 1595
Douglas Bros., Galvanized Iron Work. ..... 2054
A. Morton, Plumbers' Work ..... 660
W. J. Gibson, ..... 100
Gas Company, Laying Pipes ..... 465
A. M. Browne, Re-glazing ..... 195
A. Hunter, Oaretaker, Extra Work ..... 1200
LOUISA STREET SOHOOL.

W. Forbes, $\quad$ ~ $\sim$.......... $\quad 300$
W. J. Gibson, Plumbers' Work., ................ 1280
W. Berry, Removing Night Soil 3150
R. Phillips, Whitewashing Closets 250

40107

## WELLESLEY SOHOOL.

J. Plenderleith, Carpenters' Work. ............... . 7040

Kichards Bros, Tinsmiths' Work. . . . . . . . . ...... 1845
J. Little, Plasterers' Work . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2360
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work..................... $8 \mathbf{8 5}$

Brought forward ............. $\$ 12080$
A. M. Browne, Re-glazing. ............................ 810
J. Malloy, Sodding Boulevard . ..................... 2270
T. (iray, Flowers and Shrubs ..... ............. 700

OHUROH STREET SOHOOL.
T. M. Bryer, Carpenters' Work ... K.............. 9166

Richards Bros., Tinsmiths' Work $1, \ldots . . . . . . . . .$. . 090
J. H. Haskett, Re-glaziug ......................... 255
T. Gray, Pruning Trees................................ 200
J. Blevins, Cutting Grass ............................. 100

VIOTORIA STREET SCHOOL.
T. M. Bryer, Carpenters' Work. ................... . 1530
H. Whetter, Plasterers Work .................... 1550
J. Howard, Carpenters' Work. ...................... . 300
W. J. Gibson, Plumbers' Work .................... 538
J. H. Haskett, Re-glazing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ... 600
H. M. Armstrong, Reglazing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 145
R. Phillips, Whitewashing Closets.... ........... 250

GEORGE STREET SOHOOI ${ }_{4}$
T. M. Bryer, Carpenters' Work ................... 750

Pells \& Dodids, " 4 ...................... 738
T. Gordon, Plumbers' Work. ........................ 1345
W. J. Gibson, " " ......................... 3 . 30
J. Puucher, Plasterers' Work . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 470

N, L. Piper \& Son, Patent Ventilator and Tinsmith Work

7135
J. H. Haskett, Re-glasing. ........................ . 355
R. Phillips, Whitewashing Closets.

81,90904

## WINOHESTER STREET SOHOOL.

T. M. Bryer, Carpenters' Work . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6121
J. Poucher, Plastarers' Work 946
J. H. Haskett. Re-glazing, te. .................... . . 1495
G. S. Faircloth \& Son, Re-glazing, \&e............. 225
A. M. Brown


FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## LESLIEVLLLE SCHOOL.

H. Pett, Carpenters' Work, ..... 1370
R. J. Bell, Cleaning Well ..... 500
W. Mason \& Co , Repairs ..... 475
MISCELLANEOUS.
Sweeping Chimnies at all the Schools ..... 1960
J. Roberta, Repairing Looks, Keys, \&a. ..... 850
Expenses of Annual Inspection of Sehool Property ..... 1600
Wadsworth, Unwin \& Co , Surveying School Site. ..... 500
J. Howard, Scrapers ..... 375
T. M. Bryer, Notice Boards for Schools ..... 935
G. 8. Faircloth \& Son, Lettering ..... 100
Sundries ..... 180
Total of Item No, 2. ..... $\$ 331366$
APPENDIX C.Statement in Detail af Salaries of Officers, Teachers, Caretakers,Bre., paid during 188r, as given in one sum in Item No. 3,in General Statement.
James L. Hughes, Inspector ..... $\$ 180000$
W, C. Wilkinson, Secretary ..... 75000
R. T. Fitggerald, Auditor ..... 2500
C. R. Woodland, Messenger and Caretaker ..... 60000
Four Examiners (Combined Examination) ..... 20000
Twenty-two Caretakers ..... 4,077 50

## Brought Forward

88,95259

## MALE TEAOHERS.

Head Masters,
James Anderson ............................... 85000

John Campbell.................... ................. 1,00000
Wm, Cassidy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 78010
Levi J. Clark, ............ ............................. 1.00000
George Crane.................. ..................... 85000
Robert W, Doan . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 900 . 00
Martin Gill ........................................ 90000
Andrew Hendry .. ...... ...................... . . 90000
Richard Lewis . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,079 14
R. T. Martin........................................... . . . 84840

Samuel McAllister .................................. . . . 1,10000
Robert Mofausland. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 85000
Adam F. McDonald . ............................ 1,10000
Adam Morrison . ................................. .. 90000
Geo. K. Powell . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 82585
Thos, Parker. ..................................... . . 24148
John Phillips. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ....... 75000
Albert R. Pyne. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90000
Francis S. Spence. ................................. 90000
Wm, Spotton . . . . . . . . . . . . ....................... 75000

Assistant Masters.

Music Teachers.


FEMALE TEACHERS.
Head Mistress.
Miss C. M. Churchill
60000
60000
Carried Forward
$\$ 30,40164$

```
                                350 00
```

Brought forward
$\$ 30,40164$

## Senior Fifth Book Class.



Junior Fifth Book Class.

1,57500
$\qquad$

1,50095
Senior Fourth Boor Class.

|  | S. J. Hamilton | 15296 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | A. Kelloch | 47500 |
| " | Elizabeth Kennedy | 47500 |
| " | 8. McOreight | 50000 |
|  | J. Rogers. | 500 |
|  | R. Thompson. | 500 |
|  | E. A. Williams | 500 |

## Senior Third Book Class.




## Junior Second Book Class.

22383
Miss F. A. Cheney.......................................... 33211
" E. Foulds 34466
" G. Grant 35458
" S. Hagarty 35000
" L. Kessack 32987
" F. Martin 33231
4 M. J. McCally 33115
" A. MoIntyre 33334
" M. Milne ..... 35000
" L. Payne. ..... 34868
, E, Y, Sams ..... 35000
" A. M. Sefton ..... 32578
4 B. Sims ..... 34868
4. M. Spence ..... 33078
4) M. F. Spence. ..... 33334" L. Sturrock33211
4 F. Thompson ..... 23198
Mrs, S. E. Wallace. ..... 29184
Miss M. L. Williams

6, 17504

## Srnior First Book Class.



Brought forward
81,62374

## $\$ 66,16431$

". H. Clarkson .................................... 32500
". L. Dicta 32377
| Mrs. J. Greer. .... . ............................... 32500
Miss A. S. Gray ................................ $\quad \begin{aligned} & 32500 \\ & 3250\end{aligned}$

* M. Mullen

32500
". J. Nudel
32378
" M. Ritchie
29610
" S. E. A. Scobie 325 CO
". F. Sims
32231

4. I. V. Straubel

32377
" B. M. Wallace



## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## APPENDIX E.

Statement in Detail for Printing, Advertising, Stationery, School Supplies, Prise Books, Apparatus, Eve, as given in one sum in Item No. 7 , in General Statement.
G. C. Patterson \& Co., Printing Inspector's Annual Report.... \$68 75
" " " Semi-Monthly Minutes........ 9705
$\begin{array}{llrr}\text { " } & \text { " Examination Papers, Circulars, } & \\ \text { Posters, Notices and General Printing....................... } 25410\end{array}$
Rolph, Smith \& Co., Certificates of Honor, and Seal and Press.: 13100
Globe Printing Co., Advertising .................................. 5420
Mail, $\quad$........................................ 5500
Telegram, " $\quad$...................................... 2900
World, $\quad$................................. 2750
Evening News, $4 \quad . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
James Campbell \& Son, Prize Books ............................ 30007
R. Hay \& Co., Seats, Tables, Pointers, Ink-wells, and Repairs
to School Furniture................................................ $11 \downarrow 34$

Barber \& Ellis, Stationery and School Supplies................. 2715
W. Gage \& Co., $\quad$ " $\quad$ " ................ 2479

Brown Bros., u . 4 . 4 ................ 1545
Canada Publishing Co., " 4 ............... 48164
G. Virtue, Four Sets of Globe Encyolopæedias. .................. 14400
E. B. Shuttleworth, Ink for the Scpbols......................... 9382
W. A. Smith \& Co., " ....... f................................. 15.00
J. MeGregor, Presses for Sunday Schools ....................... 4870
R. Lewis \& Son, Bells for two new Schools ..................... . 17500
" 4 Hardware and Supplies .................... 21.44
P. Paterson \& Son, " "........................ 3465

Kent Bros., Balance of Clock Contract . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .......... 2500
C. Ward, Cleaning and Repairing Clocks ..................... 3210
J. Nelson, Wood-hoxes . ............................................ . 3240

- Pells \& Dodds, Screens for Exhibition of Drawings, \&c......... 3580
J. Plenderleith, Repairing Desks and Seats ..................... . 16 85'
A. E. Balfour, Removing Desks and Seats .................... 1225
G. Weeks, Repairs to School Furniture. . ........................ . 1600
J. Young Bibles ................................................... . 840

Toronto Window Roller Co., Blinds .................... ..... 1800
J. Sloan, Repairs to School Furniture........... ................. . 912
H. Graham \& Co., Matting.
5. 50

Pim \& Co., Refilling Printographs, 85.25 ; A. H. Paull, do., $\$ 2.00 \quad 7 \quad 25$
E. Y. Lemaitre, " $\$ 4.50$; C. R. Woodland, do, $\$ 5.80$

1030
Bertram \& Co., Hat Hooks ........................................ 323
J. Davis, Electric Pen supplies

150
Burns \& Co., Ink Jars, \$2.40; Sundries, \$4.18.
658
Total of Item No. 7

## APPENDIX F .

Statement in Detail of Miscellaneous Expenditure, as given in one

## sum in Item No. ro, in Annual General Statement.

Trustee Elections, Returning Officers, Fees, Rent of Polling Booths, de.

$\$ 24168$
Entrance Examinations, Collegiate Institute, ..... 12000
Kerr \& Anderson, Rent of Mission Church, Markham Street, for School Purposes ..... 10000
A. W. Goldamith, Rent of Church adjoining Elizabeth Street School, for School Purposes ..... 9600
A. Farley, Rent of Brock Street Temperance Hall for School Purposes ..... 24000
W. B. McMurrich, Solicitor's Fees. ..... 45249
R. W. Doan, Bonus for Services as Principal of City Model School ..... 10000
Bonus to Caretaker George Street School ..... 2000
Gas Account, for Board Room and Office. ..... 1570
H. Pellatt, for use of Pavillion, Horticultural Gardens, for Annual Meeting ..... 1450
Mason, Kisch \&. Co., Piano ..... 400
Cab Hire for Funeral of the late Thomas Davison ..... 800
J. G. Owens, Illuminated Address of Condolence ..... 1500
H. Jackman \& Co., Bill Posting ..... 800
S. Salmon, Making Notice Boarís ..... $-400$
Expenses of Committee, Measuring and Inspecting Wood. ..... 930
Cartage and Expressage ..... 1790
C. R. Woodland, Superintending Stove Cleaning, \&e ..... 1000
Inspector's Postage, P. O. Box, \&c. ..... 945
Secretary's ..... 1375
J. O. Graham, Ice for Board Room and Offices. ..... 375
Cab Hire for Committees, \&c. ..... 2325
Might \& Taylor, Direetory. ..... 250
Elliott \& Co., Oxalio Acid ..... 280
W. Briscoe, Wheelbarrow for York Street School ..... 600
P. Paterson \& Son " 4 Givins ..... 550
Wheeler \& Rain, Lawn Mower. ..... 500
E. Bethune, Gazetteer. ..... 300
R. Simpson, Dusters, \&c. ..... 200
Total of Item No. 10 ..... 81,55357

## SECRETARY'S VALUATION OF SCHOOL PROPERTY.

Secretary's Statement of the Estimated Value of the School Premises, Sites, Buildings, Furniture, Eoc., belonging to the Public School Board of the City of Toronto, at the 3rst December, 188t.


Total Estimated Value of School Property $\$ 366,500$ Certified,
W. C. WILKINSON,

Secretary.


[^0]:    The Gold Medal awarded to Amanda Hicks of the Wellesley

