

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE."

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

RUSSIAN TROOPS ARE AGAIN ON THE MOVE

Russian Success in the Carpathians—Greek Garrison in Saloniki Capitulated—Italian Advance in Albania—Little Activity in France

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Greece is the only Balkan nation not yet participated in the European war and is again the centre of interest.

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Big Capture By Russians

PETROGRAD, Sept. 1.—In the Carpathian region on Tomnatic mountain our troops captured a whole series of heights.

Huns Retreat To Mountains

LONDON, Sept. 1.—General Smuts, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in German East Africa reports under date of Aug. 30 that the German forces of that colony are in full retreat.

Italian Offensive In Albania

ROME, Sept. 1.—The Italian troops have begun the offensive in Southern Albania and have occupied Tapeleni, 31 miles south-east of Avlona on the Vorusa river.

Hun Airships Shot Down

PARIS, Sept. 1.—Four German aeroplanes were shot down yesterday on the Somme front and another was captured.

NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Except for two successful bombing raids by our aeroplanes on the Turkish position on the Tigris there have been no new developments.

Destructive Hurricane

ST. THOMAS, Sept. 1.—Fifty lives were lost in a hurricane which struck the British West Indian port of Dominica last Monday night.

Governor General Lays Corner Stone

OTTAWA, Sept. 1.—The corner stone of the new parliament buildings, or in reality the corner stone of the old buildings, was removed to the new site of the one now under construction.

Motormen and Conductors to Suspend Work

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Three thousand motormen and conductors, employed in the elevated subway line by the Interboro Rapid Transit Co.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

Received 12.30 p.m. Sept. 2nd, 1916. 1601 Private Patrick Boland, 64 Banerman St. At Addington Park.

Constantine's Abdication Doubted

LONDON, Sept. 1.—A correspondent at Salonika to Reuter's Company under date of Wednesday sends a report that King Constantine of Greece has abdicated.

Railway Presidents Back Down

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Convinced that Congress will force them to surrender the Presidents of important western railroads have to-night ordered resumption of the rule of modified freight embargo.

NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS

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King Nicholas to Visit Austro-Italian Battle Front

PARIS, Sept. 2.—King Nicholas of Montenegro left Paris last night for Italy, where he will visit the Austro-Italian battlefront.

Counter Attacks On Somme Front

LONDON, Sept. 1.—Five successive attacks were made by the German troops last night on the British positions on the Somme front.

Turks Declare War on Roumania

BERLIN, Sept. 1.—A despatch from Constantinople says that at eight o'clock last night the Turkish government delivered to the Roumanian Minister at Constantinople a declaration of war against Roumania.

Chief of Bulgarian Staff Dead

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 1.—A despatch from Sofia reports the death from appendicitis of Genl. Jostoff, Chief of Staff of the Bulgarian General Staff.



THE GREEKS SURRENDER GARRISON

LONDON, Sept. 1.—Before the Greek garrison at Saloniki surrendered, Reuter's correspondent cables, three companies of French Colonial infantry marched to the parade ground.

Nothing Doing

PETROGRAD, Sept. 1.—An official issued by the war department this evening says: "Nothing to report."

Prince Leopold Succeeds Hindenburg

BERLIN, Sept. 1.—In to-day's official German statement Prince Leopold of Bavaria appears as the director of the German armies on the Russian front.

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BULGARIANS EVACUATING SOROVITZ

ATHENS, Sept. 2.—According to information received here the Bulgarians are evacuating the town of Sorovitz on the Serbian front.

Nothing Doing

PETROGRAD, Sept. 1.—An official issued by the war department this evening says: "Nothing to report."

REID'S SHIPS

The Argyle left Placentia at 4.50 yesterday. The Clyde left Lewisporte at 11 a.m. yesterday.

IS DOING WELL

Capt. Walter Kennedy, who is now here, left his banker, the "Alice," on Labrador while he took a holiday at Holyrood, his home.

TROUBLE BETWEEN MAN AND WIFE

To-day before Judge Morris in the Court House, a woman of Outer Cove summoned her husband for failure to support her.

SAGONA'S FISHERY REPORT

The Reid Nfld. Co. had the following message from Capt. Parsons of the Sagona last night: "Arrived at Flat Island on the 1st. Last night wind from southwest, weather fine; from 10 o'clock last night the wind would separate. Mr. W. J. McNettly appeared for the woman."

SOMETHING UNUSUAL HAPPENING

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Following the two day's silence in telegraphic communication with Athens, during which time sensational rumors of revolution have gained currency.

No Confirmation Of Constantine's Abdication

LONDON, Sept. 1.—The British foreign office announced to-night that it has received an official confirmation of the reported Greek revolt at Saloniki.

Significant Move

ATHENS, Sept. 1.—The Entente allied fleet consisting of 23 warships and 7 transports have arrived off Piraeus.

CAPT HOWARD FOX GLOUCESTER

One of our best and most well-known pilots and mariners—Capt. Howard—has secured 3 months leave of absence and will proceed to Gloucester by the express to-morrow evening.

The Young Turks Are Not Orthodox

Grand Sheriff of Mecca Denounces Their Procedure—Declares Independence of Arabia for Preservation of Islam

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The Grand Sheriff of Mecca, chief magistrate of the Holy City, who announced his independence of Ottoman rule in June, supported by Arab tribes, captured the Turkish garrisons of Mecca.

FUNERAL POSTPONED

The funeral of the Hon. H. J. B. Woods, announced for Sunday afternoon, has been postponed until Monday afternoon at a quarter to three o'clock sharp.

GOT 2 MONTHS

The two boys who were arrested by the police a couple of days ago under warrant for stealing bags, etc. from Mr. Rd. White, South Side, were each given 2 months by Judge Morris today.

WARM AGAIN TO-DAY

It is warm across country to-day also. The wind is S. W. and the glass records 60 in shade at Port aux Basques, 62 at Humbermouth, 60 at Bishop's Falls and 68 at Clarendville.

INQUIRY INTO SHOOTING OF IRISH RIOTERS

DUBLIN, Aug. 28.—At the continuation yesterday of the inquiry into the shooting of the Irish rioters during the rebellion last spring, of Sheehy Skeffington, Fred McIntyre and Thomas Dickson, Sir John Simon, chairman of the commission which is conducting the investigation, read a report made by Captain Bowen-Colthurst.

THE ENQUIRY CONCLUDED

The Magisterial inquiry into the motor accident by which the late E. Scanlan lost his life, came to a conclusion yesterday.

BIG TOURIST TRAFFIC

This season the Red Cross boats have handled large tourist business, and but for the war would have handled larger.

PRESENTATIONS TO BROTHER KENNEDY

We learn that to-morrow the pupils and ex-pupils who were taught by him will meet in the O'Donnell wing, St. Patrick's Hall, and will present the good Brother with addresses and handsome souvenirs to remind him of the happy old days spent in kindly Terr. Nova.

GOOD RIFLE WORK

Sgt. Holmes did good work yesterday while the volunteers were practicing at the Rifle Range. He scored 60 out of a possible 80 points, a very good showing considering it was his first venture at the long distance targets.

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Advertisement for Dr. Denton's Sleeping Garments for children, boys and girls, available at W. H. Jackman, 39 Water Street West.

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BOOTS THAT WILL WEAR WELL.

FOR MEN

- \$2.40 Split Bals., Soft Toe, Low Heel.
- \$2.50 Gun Metal Blucher, Lustre Kid Blucher.
- \$2.90 Kid Blucher Block Toe.
- \$3.00 Satin Calf Blucher.
- \$3.80 Dongola Blucher.
- \$4.80 Blucher Box Calf.
- \$5.50 The Boot above all Blucher, Block Toe.

FOR BOYS

- \$2.35 to \$2.60 Box Calf, known everywhere for solid wear; inner and outer soles solid.

FOR WOMEN

- \$2.20—BLACK—Dongola, Button. Heavy sole, dull top.
- \$2.50 Gun Metal, Cloth Top, Button—with that new block toe—medium heel.
- \$3.00 Gun Metal, Button Kid Top. Vici Kid Blucher, large heel for comfort.
- \$3.30 Gun Metal Calf Blucher, drill toe. Gun Metal Button, black cloth top, dull toe. Dongola Blucher, low heel, patent leather tip.
- \$2.00—TAN—Blucher, Vici Kid.
- \$2.50 Dongola Button, Blucher, medium height heel.

FOR MISSES

- \$1.20 to \$1.70—BLACK—Low heel, Dongola, Buttoned and Laced.
- \$1.70 to \$2.10 Dongola Button.
- \$1.80 to \$2.20 Dongola Button, dull top.
- \$2.00 to \$2.30 Gun metal Blucher, wide low heel, wide toe.
- \$2.40 to \$2.80 Gun Metal, dull top, button and Blucher, over stitching of leather up heel; exceptionally strong boots.
- \$2.20 to \$2.60—TAN—Latest Boston shape, soft and pliable. Tan Vici Kid, Button, low comfortable heel.

FOR CHILDREN

- \$1.10—BLACK—Dongola Button, spring heel.
- \$1.25 to \$1.50 Dongola Button, spring heel. Dongola Blucher, spring heel.
- \$1.35 to \$1.50 Dongola Laced, over stitching of leather up heel.
- \$1.40 to \$1.65 Dongola Button medium heel. Dongola Button, leather tip.
- \$1.50 to \$2.00—TAN—Latest Boston shape, soft and pliable Tan Vici Kid Button, spring heel.

FOR BABIES

- 20c. Soft Sole Boot, Cloth Top.

HOSIERY FOR ALL

FOR WOMEN

- 15c. Special Ribbed Cashmere.
- 20c. Seamless Ribbed.
- 25c. Silk Lisle, Plain Seamless, Black Cotton Seamless, Ribbon Cotton Hose.
- 30c. Black Ribbed Cashmere, finish Seamless Heels and Toes.
- 40c. Seamless Silk Ribbed Cashmere Plain Silk Lisle.
- 45c. Black Cashmere finish.
- 55c. Ribbed Cashmere, Seamless Heels and Toes.
- 75c. Ribbed Cashmere, Plain Cashmere.

For Boys and Girls

- 15c. The unexcelled Hose Ribbed.
- 20c. to 25c. Fast Black Cotton Hose.
- 37c. to 40c. Fast Black Seamless Hose.

Men's Half Hose

- 15c. Seamless, in colors Grey, Fawn, Champagne.
- 20c. High Grade Black.
- 25c. Seamless, plain.
- 30c. Fancy heather knitted.
- 40c. Heather mixture merino.
- 50c. Drab—all wool.
- 60c., 70c. Black Cashmere with clock work.

NEW DRESS FABRICS

COL. CASHMERES

- 18c. Purple, Reseda, Green, Light Green.
- 20c. Light Blue, Saxe, Brown, Navy.
- 22c. Sky, Brown.
- 25c. Navy, Light Navy, Saxe, Sky, Crimson, Cardinal, Brown, Tan, Green, Cream, White, Pink.
- 30c. Grey, Navy, Green, Fawn, Purple.
- 30c. With self stripe—White Cream, Green, Champagne, Purple, and Grey.

POPLINS

- 50c. Black.
- 60c. Sky, Saxe, Brown, Navy.
- 75c. Grey, Black, Navy, Pale Blue.
- 80c. Champagne, Saxe, Sky, Light Deep Cream, Cream, Grey, and White.
- 90c. Blue Grey, Grey.
- 30c. Black & White Shepherd's Plaid Check—6 different size Checks.

SERGES

- 40c. Navy, Black, Saxe, Vieux, Rose, Green.
- 55c. Black.
- 90c. & \$1.20 Black.
- \$1.50 Black, Navy, Dark Saxe.
- \$1.60 Navy, Black.
- \$1.90 Navy.

"A MOST SERIOUS CONDITION."

Tide of Public Disapproval of the Cabinet is Rising in Great Britain, Says the London Financial News.

Many a champagne has clinked, and many a coarse guffaw of laughter has burst forth recently, says the London Financial News, among the thousands of uninterested German spies and malignants, naturalized and un-naturalized. Well may they laugh. Well may they drink deep. For in the murder of Captain Charles Fryatt, at the end of the second year of the war, the cup of British humiliation, filled by a timorous and shuffling Government, has reached its overflow.

On its own miserable admission, the Foreign Office knew what was coming. It began negotiations and expostulations through the American Embassy. It might as well have expostulated with a tiger or a shark. Why was it not clearly intimated that young Tirpitz would be held as a hostage for Fryatt's life? Why were not a dozen wealthy Germans arrested for the same purpose. A message from them to Germany would have stopped the murder when their own skins were in danger.

Was it because young "Tirpitz" happens to have "influence" in this country, while Fryatt was only a humble merchant skipper? Was the "influence" which prevented effective intervention the same as that which guards young Tirpitz in luxury, and enables him to laugh in indolence and security over murders of the Cavell and Fryatt type?

Pensions To Hun Princes

"A most serious condition of affairs has arisen," says Viscount Grey. Has it taken Viscount Grey two years to find that out?

What else are the freedom and activity of the thousands of uninterested German spies but a "serious condition of affairs?"

What else is the steady change of names by naturalized Germans, so as to facilitate their traitorous operations? What else is the unbroken line of German entrenchments here in London? What else are the brutalities inflicted on British prisoners, the while that German prisoners travel

first class and live lives of luxury and privilege?

What else is the protection of the Privy Councillorship of a naturalized German, at the expense of the British taxpayer, and with the income tax at 6s in the £? What else is the fostering care of the Cumberland dukedom? What else is the payment of £6,000 a year of the tax-payers' money (with the income tax at 6s in the £) to the relatives of German dukes who are actually engaged in the congenial task of slaughtering British soldiers and rejoicing over British disasters?

Why cannot these allowances be stopped, and the dukes themselves invited to support their own needy relatives, instead of the overburdened British taxpayer being raided for the money? If the Government thinks we must keep these people in luxury, why not be consistent, and make an annual allowance of £250,000 to the Kaiser himself, with an additional £100,000 for his harem-hunting son?

A List of Scandals

"A most serious condition of affairs!" What else is the demonstrated presence of the Dresdner Bank among the group of Marconi "insiders" which worked the famous deal. What else but a "serious condition of affairs" is the silence of the Lord Chief Justice and his brothers, when publicly but vainly invited in these columns to state why the Dresdner Bank was there or who was lurking behind it?

What else but "a serious condition of affairs" was the refusal of an independent investigation into the dastardly "removal" of Lord Kitchener?

What else was the hustling of Mr. Hughes out of the country, because he had hit the Germans, and wanted to hit them again? What else was the muzzling of the Navy? What else was the Government's refusal, under the distinguished auspices of Sir John Simon, to stop the proceedings of the villainous German metal octopus?

What else was the permitted sale of German shares as a means of financing Zeppelins, when the shares ought

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FIRST CLASS INVESTMENT.

38 per cent. Dividends in Four Years.

THE new issue of Shares in the Fishermen's Union Trading Company, Limited, are now offered to the members of the F.P.U. Those Shares represent the additional Capital of \$150,000 recently authorized. The Shares are \$10 each. The new capital is to be used to extend the Company's business. A dividend of 10 per cent. has been declared for 1915. Thirty-eight per cent. dividends has been paid during the four years the Company has been in operation. The Company also possess a Reserve Fund equal to 40 per cent. of its capital and if it was possible to place the Trading Company's shares on the stock market, one share would easily fetch \$15. No better or safer investment exist in the Colony. Why bank your earnings at 3 per cent. when such a first-class investment is obtainable? Apply to Agents of the Trading Company where stores are operated or to the

Fishermen's Union Trading Co. Ltd.
Water Street, St. John's.

to have been seized and the proceeds used for war purposes?

What else was the omission to prosecute Merton, Kaiser and Co. for an offence of a species which, in misguided Britishers with no German "influence" to protect them, has been visited with imprisonment and penal servitude? What else was the pitiable tinkering with Irish affairs? What else is the toleration of the food brigands, making millions a week out of sheer robbery? What else but "a most serious condition of affairs" is the public exasperation at all these shufflings and fumbings, this timorous and impotent trifling where there should be resolution and ruthlessness?

Silk Glove and Beg Pardon Policy

"A most serious condition of affairs!" Aye, it is so serious that there is only one remedy for it. That cure is to get rid of the present Government (with its 104 Committees), and replace it by three or four ruthless men, vividly alive to the fact that we are fighting devils, and not afraid to tackle them with weapons apt for the job.

A silk-glove and "beg-your-pardon" policy has now been maintained for two years. Tens of thousands of British lives make up the price we pay for tolerating it and the vacillating politicians who can replace it by nothing better. If we are to stand it any longer, let us be quite frank with ourselves about the consequence. A "serious condition of affairs" will become more serious still. Kitchener's men are showing us what we can do. Shall we do it all round? Shall the "beg-your-pardon" policy be stopped by a clean sweep of the beggars, or shall it be allowed to move further in the direction of the irremediable? Upon an early answer largely depends the fate of the British people.

Who Got the Spy Out?

It has been pointed out to us that the "influential" persons who arranged for the release of the spy Lindner were resident in Scotland. That makes the disclosure of their identity all the more urgent, in order that they may be made public of their innocence. It will be a matter of surprise if in the matter of Lord Kitchener's successful ocean voyage terminates to some extent in Scotland, whence the submarine's destination.

Lord Kitchener started. The revealed presence of a spy-releasing "influence" so comparatively near the scene of the Kitchener crime may be a mere coincidence. But it may also be a most valuable clue to the perpetrators of what nobody doubts to have

No Whistling After Ten in London Now

LONDON, Aug. 29.—A revival of linkmen is predicted as an eventuality arising out of the new order forbidding whistling for cabs after ten o'clock at night in the London area. The regulation which arose out of complaints that the rest of wounded soldiers in London hospitals was disturbed by incessant whistles, went into force last night.

Various devices for calling conveyances are suggested, but most of them are inadmissible. For instance, electric flash signs such as are used at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York City cannot be used here under the light regulations necessitated as a precaution against Zeppelins.

If there were linkmen they for the same reason would have to forego torches, which they were wont to carry until a hundred years ago, when the introduction of street lighting by gas superseded their use. In the days of growler and hansom, the linkmen, with little bands of rumpay for tolerating it and the vacillating politicians who can replace it by conveyances for the play at the hours the theatres closed. Men of the class from which these linkmen and satellites were recruited are now mostly doing duty in the army, and if the system is revived linkmen or link boys, as they are alternately called, will have to be girls.

THE BREMEN

Departure from Boston, ostensibly for London, Conn., of a German steamer looks very much like a move in a game to deceive the British and French warships watching for the submarine Bremen. Now that the Deutschland is reported safe in Germany interest in the coming of the Bremen will be very greatly increased. It will be a matter of surprise if in the matter of Lord Kitchener's successful ocean voyage terminates to some extent in Scotland, whence the submarine's destination.

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SCHOONER OWNERS, ATTENTION!

HOISTING OUTFITS

For hoisting anchors, sails and cargo are now being sold by THE ACADIA GAS ENGINE CO., LTD., at such a low price that they will save you more than their cost in less than a season.

Will fit the Windlass of Nova Scotia built vessels without alteration.

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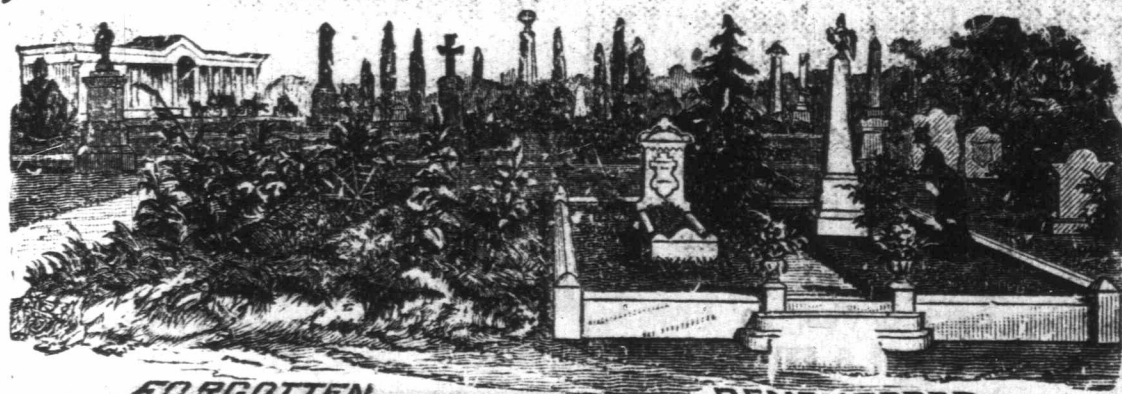
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Worth \$6.00 and \$6.50 per pair. **\$5.00**
Sale Price.

MEN'S TAN BLUCHER STYLE LACED BOOTS—
Worth \$5.50 and \$6.00 per pair. **\$5.00**
Sale Price.

Also a big assortment of MEN'S TAN SHOES at great reduced prices. Come to

SMALLWOOD'S Big Tan Shoe Sale.

"From Sill to Saddle"

All kinds of **Building Material** as well as **Lumber** sent to all parts of the Country.

HORWOOD LUMBER CO., LTD.

Canada's After The War Problems

Canada's after-the-war problems have never been stated better nor with more insistence than by Hon. Robert Rogers. For more than a year past, Mr. Rogers has been the outspoken "preparation for peace" apostle in Canada, and in an address before the Union of Canadian Municipalities in Montreal this week he outlined with greater vigor than before the great duty which lies before Canadian governments and Canadian business men at the present time. Mr. Rogers sees the nations of the world thrown into an industrial melting pot after the war. To his mind—"We must realize that industrious and skilled populations of Europe are being shaken from their settled dwellings place of past centuries. They will be flung into the outer world like swarming bees. Where will they find a new life?" He sees also that in the after-the-war conditions there will be the keenest competition not only between the belligerent nations but with neutral nations as well, and Canada's problem is whether she will share in the harvest that will arise from such conditions, or whether she will be a laggard in the race and thrown definitely backward for all time. He says—"As soon as the mighty tension of the war is released, and the tremendous economic, industrial and social forces that have been pent up for years spring into action all over the world, Canada will face a problem beside which the problems that came with the beginning of the war are as nothing. The coming of peace, with the suddenly stimulated flow of emigration from Europe, will be a thousand times more fateful to this country than was the coming of war. It will mean the life or death of this moment depends whether peace shall bring overwhelming disaster to the Dominion or a great national awakening to a fuller and sounder prosperity than Canada ever knew before—a high place among the powerful and wealthy peoples of the world. There is no middle course." Mr. Rogers finds the real problem to be to get a large share of the new emigration, and to so adjust the work of our industrial establishments that there will be no dislocation or unemployment after the war. A larger population will make the burden of the war easier, and fifteen million people will carry lightly what would weigh heavily on eight million who were doing nothing to promote their national growth. The industrial problem is stated by Mr. Rogers as follows:

"At the coming of peace the munitions factories will close. We must see to it that those factories do not remain idle. We must get busy through industrial museums or some other equally effective means, by which we can ascertain in every detail what manufactured articles can be made in Canada that we have been paying others in the past to make for us. We have abundance of raw material, natural products, cheap power, and capable labor in this country, and there is nothing too intricate or difficult for us to undertake. A few million dollars spent in this way upon education will give us many, many millions in dividends." For the farmer, who is the backbone of the nation; the Minister of Public Works says—"When immigrant ships come laden to our shores, they are not filled with thousands of bankers, manufacturers and mechanics. We make no effort to induce immigration of skilled labor. These ships are filled with thousands of prospective farmers. We must have practical demonstration farms on which to place war-worn Europeans who have inclination toward farm life." Mr. Roger's conclusion is that if Canadian bankers and business men grapple with the problem with real earnestness and intelligence Canada is bound to prosper greatly by the new conditions and set herself on a pace of up-building and expansion such as was never dreamed of as being possible before. To use his own words—"What I ask is united action to devote all surplus energy to preparing plans that will enable us to take up promptly, at the close of the war, once more the task of making the twentieth century 'Canada's Century'—and 'if we act in this way, and untidily and determinedly, a glorious success awaits the development of the future of this country.'"—Amherst, Daily News.

Society is fairly well protected against the burglar, the footpad and the pickpocket. True, it is still preyed on to some extent by Artful Dodgers and Bill Sykeses, but these gentry are under the ban of the law, and must be clever if they long escape the watchful police. When they are caught they usually go to "do time" behind the bars. Robbery by violence and sneak-thieving were doubtless tolerated when society was in a far more backward state than that of to-day. When everybody was addicted to pilfering, holding up, or house-breaking, any law for the suppression of these practices would be in advance of public opinion, and would therefore be a dead letter. Opponents of legislative proposals of that kind would take their stand on laissez-faire ground. They would go on the principle of letting things alone; they would uphold the personal liberty of every man to get what he can and to protect himself and his property against attempts of others to get what they can out of him. Highway robbery, burglary, shoplifting and pocket-picking would thus be put on the high plane of things pertaining to a man's freedom of enterprise. Eventually society blacklisted these callings, and excluded them from the benefit of the laissez-faire principle, and to-day it is a very risky thing for any man to waylay another and take his purse from him, or to crack a safe that does not belong to him and empty it of its money contents. The time is surely not far distant when some other pursuits now open to all men of venturesome spirit will be put in the same category as that to which the crimes of robbery now belong. Petty larceny and grand larceny are by no means the worst varieties of robbery. As a matter of fact, the unlawfulness of these practices has made them practically obsolete as means of acquiring wealth. He

must be a man of very small-gauge rapacity who is content with the gleanings that can now be got in the dangerous fields in which the foot-pads and the house-breaker follow their fortunes. He must also be a rash fool. The royal opportunities for plunderers which the law itself holds invitingly open attract the men of brains and discretion whose bent is that way. Where the daredevils of illegal theft painfully and with great risk of personal liberty pile up a hundred dollars, the unforbidden plunderers accumulate millions. This is no less revolting to the moral sense of the people than are the grosser and illegal forms of purloining. But public opinion has yet to ripen before the grander exploits in grabbing and grafting become statutory offences. The gentlemen who are now stopping the wheat on its way from the producer to consumer, and taking large spoils of it, are enriching themselves at a rate that would have made the free-booters, pirates, robber barons and looters of bolder times gasp with envy. But the "principle" of bargaining must not be meddled with. In the eyes of the wise-aces of political economy that principle is as holy a thing as was formerly freedom of others of seizing the property of others came to be placed under the penalties of the criminal code, so let us hope, the more modern ways of robbing the people will be matched with punishment to fit the crime. The men who are using the millions of dollars at their service for the purpose of intercepting the grain on its way from the growers to the consumers and exacting heavy toll are committing a wrong against society incomparably greater, incomparably more wicked, than any robbery upon which the law now places its condemning stamp. The product of the soil and the necessities of life should be kept out of the faro bank—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Pres. Gives Reasons For Asking Railroads to Yield

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—President Wilson issued this statement today. "I have recommended the concession of the eight-hour day—that is, the substitution of an eight-hour day for the present 10-hour in all the existing practices and agreements. I made this recommendation because I believe the concession right. The eight-hour day now undoubtedly has the sanction of the judgment of society in its favor, and should be adopted as a basis for wages even where the actual work to be done cannot be completed within eight hours. "Concerning the adjustments which should be made, in justice to the railroads and their stockholders, in the payments and privileges to which their men are now entitled (if such adjustments are necessary), there is a wide divergence of opinion. "The railroads which have already adopted the eight-hour day do not seem to be at any serious disadvantage in respect of their cost of operation as compared with the railroads that have retained the 10-hour day, and calculations as to the cost of the change must, if made now, be made without regard to any possible administrative economies or readjustments. "Only experience can make it certain what rearrangements would be

A Great All-Feature Programme for the Week-End.

TYRONE POWER, in "The Dream of Eugene Aram."

The Selig Company present America's foremost living actor in THOMAS HOOD'S world famous poem produced in 3 parts. A splendid production.

"Shadows at Sunrise,"

Chapter Six of Roy L. McCardell's powerful serial story.

"THE DIAMOND FROM THE SKY."

GEORGE OVEY in a comedy riot, "A CHANGE OF LOUCK."

SEND THE CHILDREN TO THE BIG BUMPER MATINEE. SPECIAL PROGRAMME.

Coming Big Productions—"THE SPORTING DUCHESS" with Rose Coughlin and Ethel Clayton, five acts; "THE MILLIONAIRE BABY," by Anna Katherine Green; "SINS OF THE MOTHERS," with Anita Stewart and Earle Williams, five acts. Travelogues, Comedies, Cartoons and Short Dramas are shown with the BIG FEATURE ATTRACTIONS AT THE NICKEL.

Willard-Moran World's Championship Boxing Bout

OFFICIAL MOTION PICTURES, IN FOUR REELS,

AT THE CASINO,

Commencing **MONDAY, at 8 o'clock.**

2 SHOWS EACH NIGHT--2

"Within the Law"

THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE.
EVERY AFTERNOON 2.15. EVERY NIGHT AT 7.15.

Presenting Ruth Stonehouse and Edmund F. Cobb in

"ANGELS UNAWARE."

An Essanay 2 Reel feature.

"THE REPENTANT"

A Lubin Drama written by Leon D. Kent.

"VERNON HOWE BAILEY'S SKETCH BOOK OF CHICAGO"

An Educational Picture.

"FROM BLACKSTONE TO STONE"

A Mina Comedy.

PROFESSOR MCCARTHY playing the Piano. SAM ROSE, Baritone, singing latest Ballads & Novelty Songs. A New and Classy Musical Programme, Drums and Effects. THE USUAL BIG SATURDAY MATINEE.

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If you want a Headstone or Monument visit our store and inspect our stock. We have the most up-to-date finished work in the City. Write for DESIGN BOOKS and actual PHOTOS of our work. PRICES to suit everybody. FIRST CLASS SOCKET given free with each Headstone. Outport orders especially attended to. LOCAL CEMETERY work done cheaply.

WE'RE MERELY HANDING YOU THIS PIECE OF

GOOD ADVICE

IN AUGUST

In the hope that you will remember it IN NOVEMBER :

IF YOU WANT ALL KINDS OF SATISFACTION WITH RUBBER FOOTWEAR,

WEAR BEAR BRAND

Cleveland Rubber Co.,

New Martin Bldg., St. John's.

Men's Negligeé Shirts, 49 cents.

SUMMER SPECIALS!

Child's Rah Rah Hats, Only 14c. ea.

READ THIS LIST.

HUMP HAIR PINS.
5c. and 10c. per package. A patent device clips the hair which prevent them from falling out.

MEN'S SOCK SUSPENDERS.
20c., 22c. pair.

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Special lot only 70c. each.

LADIES' HOSE.
Silk Lisle in White, Grey, Black and Navy, "Gordon" brand, the kind that's hard to wear out, only 40c. pair.

RIBBONS
In all the leading colours and widths. Price from 3c. to 18c. per yard. See them to prove the value.

BOYS' SHIRTS.
Fitted with double soft collar and collar links for the low price of 45c., cream shade.

BOXES OF MOURNING STATIONERY
Containing 24 Envelopes and 24 Sheets Paper, only 24c. Box.

PURSES
For the low price of 5c., other prices 8c. to 40c.

LADIES' BOOTS!

- LADIES' DONGOLA LACED BOOTS, high heel, patent tip. \$1.95.
- LADIES' DONGOLA LACED BOOTS, low heel. \$2.60.
- LADIES' LACED GUN METAL, Blucher style, high heel. \$2.50.
- LADIES' TWEED PAT. GAITER POLISH, cloth top, white piped, very stylish. \$3.00.
- LADIES' TWEED GUN METAL BLUCHER, high heel, mat top. \$2.60.
- LADIES' TWEED GUN METAL MAT TOP BLUCHER, high heel. \$2.90.
- LADIES' TWEED GUN METAL BLUCHER, high toe, high heel. \$3.00.
- LADIES' TWEED VICI KID BLUCHER, patent tip, high heel. \$2.95.
- LADIES' TWEED BOX GRAIN BALS., med. heel, very strong. \$2.20.
- LADIES' BUTTON DONGOLA, self tip, med. heel. \$1.95.
- LADIES' BUTTON DONGOLA, self tip, high heel. \$2.25.
- LADIES' BUTTON DONGOLA, pat. tip, high heel. \$2.35.
- LADIES' BUTTON DONGOLA, self tip, low heel. \$2.60.
- LADIES' BUTTON PAT., CLOTH TOP, back strap. \$2.60.
- LADIES' BUTTON GUN METAL, mat top, high heel. \$2.90.
- LADIES' BUTTON BOX CALF, Cuban heel. \$2.40.
- LADIES' BUTTON GUN METAL, Louie heel, white piped, \$3.
- LADIES' BUTTON GUN METAL, Common Sense heel, white piped. \$3.00.

NEEDFUL ARTICLES.

- TALCUM POWDER.**
Large cans, 1 lb. size, only 10c. per can.
- SHAVING BRUSHES.**
12c., 20c., 35c., 40c. each.
- MEN'S LEATHER BELTS.**
Only 35c. each.
- MEN'S PIPES**
Only 15c. each. Very nice quality.
- MEN'S SOCKS**
In Black Cashmere, only 17c. pair.
- GOBLIN SOAP**
Works wonders. Highly endorsed for surgical and hospital uses on account of its antiseptic and thorough cleaning and cleansing properties. Recommended for Artists, Accountants, Painters, Printers, Automobilists, Mechanics, Engineers and people generally whose hands are likely to show stains from their daily occupation. Only 5c. per cake.
- RUBBER HEELS**
For Ladies' Boots only, 10c. pair.
- RUBBER HEELS**
For Men's Boots only, 12c. pair.

MEN'S LACED BOOTS!

SPECIAL JOB LINE.

- MEN'S PATENT LEATHER BLUCHER STYLE, kid top. Bargain price. \$1.90.
- MEN'S PATENT LEATHER BAL., Vici heel top. Bargain price. \$1.90.
- MEN'S BOX CALF, Elastic Side. Bargain price. \$2.20.
- MEN'S BOX CALF LACED BAL. Bargain price. \$2.40.
- MEN'S DONGOLA LACED BAL. Bargain price. \$2.40.
- MEN'S GUN METAL, Blucher style, high toe, dull top. Bargain price. \$2.70.
- MEN'S GUN METAL, dull top, medium toe, dull top. Bargain price. \$2.50.

REGULAR PRICES:

- MEN'S VICI KID, Blucher style, high toe. \$2.85.
- MEN'S VICI KID, Blucher style, high toe. \$3.60.
- MEN'S VICI KID, Blucher style, med. toe. \$3.40.
- MEN'S GUN METAL, Blucher style, med. toe. \$3.40.
- MEN'S VICI KID, Blucher style, Turk toe. \$4.70.
- MEN'S VICI KID BAL., nature cushion inner sole; very special for tender feet. \$5.00.
- MEN'S GUN METAL BLUCHER, high toe. \$4.40.
- MEN'S BUTTON BOX CALF, med. toe. \$3.70.
- MEN'S TAN LOCAL CALF, Blucher style, high quality. \$4.10.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' BOOTS

In all the leading styles. Gun Metal, Vici Kid, Box Calf, Dongola, Box Grain, Glove Grain, Cloth Top, Tan, Black. Prices are of the lowest.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' BOOTS.

Gun Metal, Box Calf, Glove Grain, Box Grain, Vici Kid, Dongola, Tan, Black. Prices ranging from \$1.40 to \$2.65 per pair.

MORE BARGAINS

- LADIES' BLACK BLOUSES.**
A bargain lot just opened for the benefit of those who want to spend their money economically. Price only 48c. and 67c. each.
- LADIES' WHITE BLOUSES.**
Another bargain lot at 60c. each.
- LADIES' COLOURED BLOUSES.**
60c., 65c., 75c. each. Worth twice as much.
- A REAL BARGAIN**
In Ladies' Muslin, Cotton and White Pique, 1 piece dresses. \$2.20, \$3.00. Don't miss seeing this line.
- CHILDREN COTTON WASH DRESSES.**
A line worth crowing about because the prices are so low and the quality so high—45c. to \$1.20 each.
- LADIES' HATS.**
Most any style to choose from—50c. to \$1.10. Reduced prices to clear.
- LADIES' TRIMMED HATS.**
Better grade—\$1.50 to \$4.00.

- BOYS' KHAKI DRILL PANTS.**
Extra good value and superior quality—37c. and 65c. per pair.
- BOYS' SHIRT BLOUSES.**
35c. Big value for little money.
- BOYS' STOCKINGS.**
22c., 24c., 25c., 27c., 30c., 32c., 33c., 37c. pr.
- BOYS' SHIRTS.**
White Dressed Fronts, 25c., 40c., 45c., each. Worth regular price 80c. to \$1.20.
- MEN'S SHIRTS.**
Job lot—45c., and 70c. each.
- MEN'S SOFT COLLARS.**
10c. each. Regular price would be 20c.

KALOMITE, Laundry Marvel.

Astounding, Marvelous discovery, which abolishes forever the rubbing of clothes—Saves time, lengthens the life of clothes and makes them clean and wholesome. Wash day becomes a day of pleasure by using KALOMITE, only **20 cents** per package.

FISHERMEN'S UNION TRADING COMPANY, LTD.

- JAPANESE STRAW MATTING.**
Cool, sanitary. Price 30c. and 35c. yard.
- STAIR OILCLOTH,**
15 inches wide, 8c. yard. 18 inches wide, Duck Back, 18c. yard.
- STAIR CANVAS,**
24c. yard.
- LINOLEUM.**
Beautiful Tile and Mosaic patterns, \$1.20 yard, 2 yards wide. Good value for price.
- CONGOLEUM RUGS.**
2 sizes—3 x 4 and 3 1/2 yards. Up to date patterns, good wearing qualities.

Queen Helena Labors Hard to Keep Up the People's Spirits.

Italian Royal House Gives Inspiring Example—Society and Masses Work Together Sacrificing Everything Which Will Aid "Their Fair Cause"

The manner in which the people in Italy celebrated the first anniversary of the war recently offers the best impression of Italy's spirit.

The event was everywhere celebrated with splendid show of patriotic enthusiasm. The capital and other Italian cities made holidays to observe the occasion most fittingly.

The Roman Corso staged a shouting, singing and gestulating procession of almost 200,000 people.

The populace, the military, governmental and civic officialdom took part. Flag-bearing women and children, mixed with the men and boys in the long march from the Piazza del Popolo to the Piazza Venezia.

Broken veterans of 1870 in their tattered but treasured Garibaldian uniforms toiled along with the marchers.

Countless bands, all really musical, played the stirring martial music of Italy and her allies. The buildings which aisled the route were gay with the banners of England and France and the Italian tri-color.

The moment of the celebration made it the more remarkably significant. The Austrians had just begun their fierce offensive in the Trentino. They had even been successful in their initial movements. Their great strength of cannon and the favoring topography of the battleground had been responsible.

Rome, like the rest of Italy, was full of wild and generally exaggerated rumors. The gossip usually calculated to dishearten a people was current. Stories of enemy advances and alleged traitors in Italy's own camp, or alleged captures or annihilations of important generals and regiments were on many tongues. Nothing, however, could dispirit the courageous people.

Temporary reverses only hardened their determination to win andhipped their pride to greater effort. Therefore they celebrated the anniversary by flinging into the face of the enemy not a decreasing, but an increasing enthusiasm for war.

Much credit is due the country's women. They responded nobly to the general call for self-sacrifice. Girls replaced the male conductors on the street cars and the male sweepers of the streets. In great measure the fields began to be tilled and the crops gathered by women. Other feminine substitutes, permitting able-bodied men to train for war, were employed.

Even society gave up its money and its pleasures. Red Cross hospitals and war relief stations were established and volunteer workers gathered by the thousands. Italian womanhood, which for years had been crying for industrial recognition, at last was recognized. Ardent suffragettes rejoiced and stored away arguments for future use.

The "civil organization" included an entire system of organized activities. Girls who formerly fritted away their time on teas and parties, were impelled to patriotic pursuits. Others, who had been too closely sheltered in old-fashioned parental care, followed their example. The poorer classes rivalled both in their devotion to duty. Italian maidenhood abandoned its lazy, dreamlike existence for a life of feverish activity.

Quickly but carefully trained nurses tended the wounded warriors at the towns and city hospitals. Some of these were private villas donated to the Red Cross or the government by private philanthropies or individuals. Others were seminaries for priests, loaned by the Pope. Educational and food centres for the relief of the families of soldiers were opened. All kinds of assistance was given to the needy

families of men at the front. Special care of the children of the fighters and women about to become mothers was exercised. Employment was found for those who needed it. The home manufacture of military clothing was encouraged and aided.

Princess Doria offered a large part of her palace for use as a laboratory. Princess Alys Borghese established an economical kitchen in her private property and took charge of it. So many as 182,666 meals have been served there in a single month.

Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, wife of the American ambassador to Italy, co-operated in these war-time works

of mercy. Other residents of the American colony in the Italian kingdom lent willing hands. Many have sought the ambulance in the very field of battle. Some temporarily have become Sisters of Mercy to facilitate the step.

Others signed official documents, which have often become their death warrants. They were compelled to die for the sake of duty and possibly be buried in "a soldier's unmarked grave." In no wise would the government be responsible for their patriotic martyrdom. In countless cases heroic nurses have given of their

flesh and blood to save the wounded. Unflinchingly they have invited and undergone serious grafting operations.

Queen Helena has been the ruling spirit of all these activities. She generally has inspired and directed everything. She has had the ready assistance of the Queen Mother Margherita. Both have labored unceasingly from the war's start for "fair Italy's cause." Even now they continue to make their rounds of the Roman hospitals and hospitals in the vicinity almost daily. Everywhere they leave the sunshine of cheer and encouragement in their wake.

The King at the front and the royal family at home probably, more than anything else, have preserved the splendid morale of the Italian people.

Canada Likely to Have a New Industry

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Canada is likely to have a large European industry established soon at some central point. The recent aviation exhibition by Canadian flyers at Kent, arranged by Col. Grant Morden, for Sir Sam Hughes, has brought to a head a popular demand among Canadians for the establishment of a Canadian flying corps. Representatives have been made by prominent Canadians that follow him, jumped into the water. The scheme drawn up by Col. Morden should be proceeded with. The argument in support of the movement is that Canada, having organized such a fine army, should complete it by adding the largest arm of the fighting machine.

With 450 Canadians in the Royal Naval Air Corps and the Royal Flying Corps, many of them exceedingly expert and courageous flyers, it is felt there is a splendid nucleus for a Dominion corps, and the Canadian divisions would welcome the co-operation of their own flyers. The establishment of a Canadian flying corps is urged not only for military utility, but for commercial benefits. It is even suggested that letter mails could be distributed in the isolated parts of the Dominion by aeroplanes. The details of the scheme have been fully elaborated and could be inaugurated Col. Morden asserts, within a week.

Col. Morden says the scheme has the support of Sir Robert Borden and Sir Sam Hughes, but the imperial authorities have not yet approved of the financial proposals.

Little Patriot.

All this talk of hyphenated citizens has evidently had its effect upon a San Francisco youngster, American born, whose father whipped him for some misdemeanor.

"But, Tommasco, you father has a right to whip you when you are bad," some one of the family said.

Tommasco's eyes flashed. "I am a citizen of the United States," he declared. "Do you think I am going to let any foreigner lick me?"

Exciting Story of Swim for Life

LONDON, Aug. 28.—An exciting story was told by Richard Stevenson, the sailor of the Wilson liner Eskimo, who jumped overboard when his ship was captured by a German auxiliary cruiser.

Stevenson, who has just returned to Hull via Christiania, said the Eskimo was damaged by the fire of her captor, who was flying the Danish colors, and took her by surprise in territorial waters. Being a good swimmer, he decided to attempt to escape. He threw a plank overboard, and, calling on others of the crew to follow him, jumped into the water. Nobody, however, came with him. He did not get to the plank, but struck out strongly.

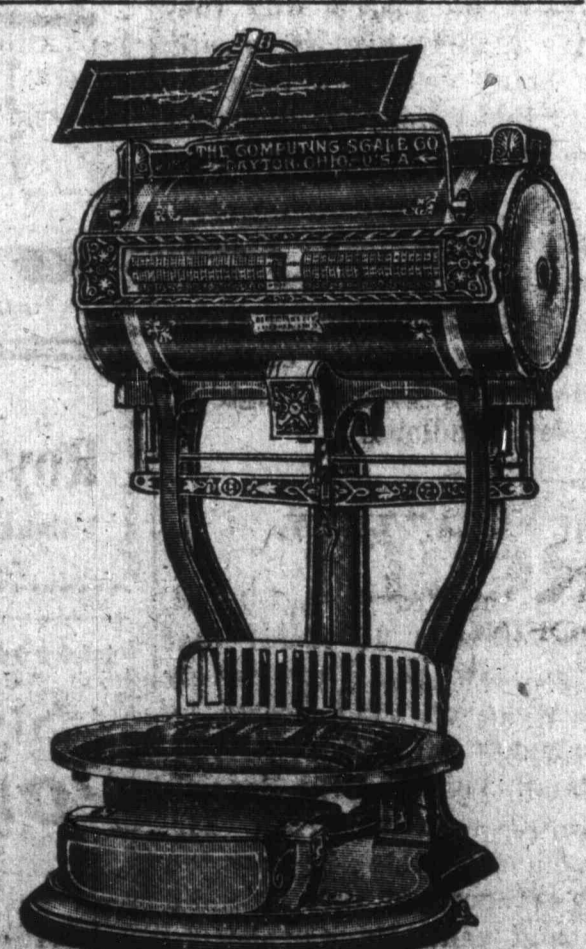
Fire was opened on him from the German ship as soon as his escape was discovered, but he kept his head beneath water as long as possible and escaped injury. No boat was evidently believing he would drown. He was hampered by his clothing, but managed to divest himself of everything while alternately swimming and floating. He had been in the water three hours, and was quite exhausted, when he was sighted by a Danish yacht, which landed him at Helsingborg.

OUTPORTS WAKING UP.

WILLIAM DUFF & SONS LTD., of Carbonear, have just placed their order for one of our latest type DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES.

William Duff & Sons Ltd., are an old and well established firm, and they realize that it does not always pay to wait "Till after the War" to get something they really need every day in their business.

Merchants are beginning to realize that there is no economy in delaying the purchase of something that is really needed, that is an added convenience, and that will save money every day you use it.



Nfld. Specialty Company,
RENOUF BUILDING,
SOLE AGENTS FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

We also handle Electric Lighting Plants, Gasolene Lighting Plants, Gasolene Lanterns and Table Lamps, Telephone Systems, Cash Registers, Oil Tanks and Pumps, Refrigerating Machinery, Butchers' Supplies, etc.

NOTICE to MOTOR OWNERS

- Kerosene Oil in 8 hooped bbls.
- Motor Gasolene in Wood and Steel bbls and cases.
- Poline Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.95 each.
- Special Standard Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.90 each.
- Special Standard Motor Oil in bbls and half bbls. @ 55c. per gallon.
- Motor Greases at lowest prices.

See us before placing your order.
P. H. Cowan & Co.,
276 Water Street.

