

# The Mildmay Gazette

MILD MAY, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 24, 1921

J. A. JOHNSTON Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION: \$2.00 In Advance.



## How About A Violin

For the long winter evenings

We have these special assortments of Violins, Violin Case and Bow at \$15 \$18 \$21

These are extra value at these prices.

We also carry a good stock of Violin supplies, extra bows, strings, pegs, bridges, mutes, rosin, tail gut and pieces, tuning pipes and Violin self instructors, etc.

Call and have a look at our special assortments.

C. E. WENDT Jeweller

## Notice to Ford Owners

We, as Ford dealers have made a study of How Glare Head Light devices for three years. Having tried numerous devices at a considerable expense we at last found a Lens that is perfect in every respect.

Although higher priced than some devices on the market, we know this Lens to improve your light considerably, which is our big aim, besides answering all Highway requirements.

The Ford Motor Co. have adopted this Lens as standard equipment on its merits in spite of price.

Beware of Lenses and Devices that claim they are just as good.

It cost you good money to determine what Lens you need on your Ford.

The Patterson Lens is the one you will eventually buy.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

Feed Corn for sale at Weiler Bros.

Mrs. Roy Wingenfelder visited Walkerton relatives last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Knechtel of Roskock were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Chas. Filsinger, last week.

The remarkably fine spell of weather that has lasted about two weeks, was broken by yesterday's snowstorm.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Seegmiller of Kitchener motored to Mildmay on Sunday and spent a few days with friends here.

Notice to Farmers—Oats wanted. Will exchange for American Feed Corn. Highest market price allowed for oats. Weiler Bros.

Rev. J. B. Saer M. A., of Toronto will have charge of the services in the Mildmay Presbyterian church until the first of April.

There is a case of smallpox at Carleton Place. Quarantine is being strictly enforced, and it is not expected that the disease will spread.

The marriage of Dr. T. A. Carpenter to Miss Eva Kittmer, of Harrington, graduate nurse of Toronto General Hospital, took place yesterday.

Rev. J. O. L. Spracklin of Sandwich, the minister license inspector, is being tried this week for the murder of Beverly Trumble last November.

Garfield Davis, the 23-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Davis of Hanover, formerly of Mildmay, died last week after a short illness with typhoid fever.

Rev. A. R. Gibson of Sunderland, formerly of Belmore and Mildmay, is moving to Gore Bay, Manitoulin Island, and will be inducted as pastor there early in March.

Mr. Owen Cowley of Toronto, who recently purchased the Brahier residence west of the depot, moved to town last Thursday. Mr. Cowley is a sailor, and spends the summer on the lakes.

Quite a number of our young people were at Hanover on Monday witnessing the Junior Northern League semi-final hockey match between Chesley and Palmerston. The former won by 3 to 1.

McPhail Bros., of the Walkerton road will hold an auction sale of farm stock and implements at Lot 10, Con. 13, Carrick, on Wednesday, March 2nd. A big list of good stuff for sale. John Purvis, auctioneer.

A section hand named Root, was instantly killed in the railway yards at Palmerston on Monday. He was crushed between two cars and killed instantly. His son was killed in a collision near Harrison a few years ago.

The coming summer promises to be a busy one for the South Bruce Rural Telephone Co. Applications for phones are coming in rapidly and if all orders are filled, there will probably be seventy-five new subscribers added to the system this year.

At Chas. Filsinger's sale last Friday afternoon, fair prices were realized for everything sold. The implements were almost as good as new, and sold readily at good prices, and the stock also sold well. One horse brought \$217, and the highest cow brought \$106.

James Lawrence this week put through a deal by which he becomes the owner of John S. Lint's one hundred acre farm, being Lot 43, Con. C, Carrick. This is a splendid farm although it lacks a house; Mr. Lawrence will soon overcome this, however, as he has already purchased a frame and will have it moved to his farm and erected. Mr. Lint will probably go West for the summer.

N. V. Schaus has for sale a large quantity of hard and soft mill wood at very reasonable price.

The Highways Department of the Ontario Government is advertising a number of contracts for grading on their roads in this township.

Mr. Fred Brick will hold an auction sale of farm stock and implements at Lots 13 and 14, Concession A, Culross, on Monday, February 28th. John Purvis, auctioneer.

The executors of the late Wm. Cameron, of Port Elgin, have made an accounting of the estate which shows the total to be \$259,000. Two days and part of one night were occupied in settling up affairs at Walkerton.

Mr. Jos M. White, license inspector was in town on Tuesday. He has been a very busy man recently running down bootleggers and moonshiners. This week he has a number of alleged offenders facing trial at Lucknow on a charge of bootlegging.

Chas. Schmidt of the 12th concession had some trouble in bringing a bunch of fat cattle on Tuesday for shipment. The cattle were rather wild and excitable, and one animal broke away and struck across through the fields at such a gait that it was impossible to head it off. Another became so exhausted that it lay down on the roadside near the village, and could not be moved for several hours.

Mr. Bernard Walter received a telegram on Sunday informing him of the death of his sister, Mrs. Paul Rau, nee Regina Walter, of West Branch, Michigan.

Mr. Walter, his brother John, and sister, Mrs. Stephen Diemert left on Monday to attend the funeral which took place on Wednesday. Deceased was 24 years old, and leaves a husband and three young children to mourn her death.

Money appeared to be plentiful on the streets on Saturday. One man had something sticking to the bottom of his rubbers, and becoming annoyed, he scraped it off and kicked it away. On examining it later, however, he found that it was a five-dollar bill that stuck so closely to him. Another man found a five spot on the sidewalk in the business part of the village.

It is claimed that never in their history have the mail order departments of the departmental stores of the big cities suffered from lack of business as they have during the past few months. The cause is said to be due to the clearing sales put on all over by the country merchants. Much of the goods offered by the country merchants was bought years ago before the high prices prevailed and are now offered at a price less than the departmental stores can buy wholesale.

The Forward Movement Convention in the Evangelical church this week was being well attended. The convention opened on Tuesday evening with a very interesting session and excellent addresses.—Rev. J. G. Litt of Toronto, Revs. Gross of Ayton, Hammett of Elmwood, Kellerman of Chesley, Grenzebach of Walkerton, Hauck of Kitchener, Dreier of Hanover, Meyer of Wallace, Leopold of Port Elgin and Gisclier of Listowel.

Auction Sale. Mr. John H. Renwick, who sold his farm, Lot 7, Con. 1, Carrick, will hold a clearing auction sale of farm stock and implements on Friday, March 4th. John Darroch, auctioneer.

Auction Sale. An extensive auction sale of farm stock and implements will be held at Lot 3, Con. 8, Greenock, about four miles west of Walkerton, on Friday, March 4th. See large bills in all the neighboring towns. Albert Wachter, proprietor, John Purvis, auctioneer.

Application for Car License. You 1921 license for your Ford, will cost you \$12.00 this season. When making application for license be sure and bring your 1920 card, as the Department is very strict on having all questions answered. Should you have lost this card, then get your 1920 license number, also motor number, which you will find on left side of motor under water connection. Liesemer & Kalbfleisch.

## BORN.

BARTZ—In Carrick on Feb. 4th, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartz, a son.

HEBCH—In Mildmay, on Feb. 20th, to Mr. and Mrs. Jos. A. Hesch, a daughter.

DEVLIN—In Mildmay, on Feb. 17th, to Mr. and Mrs. John R. Devlin, a daughter.

## Artia Farm For Sale.

The Andrew Martin farm, 160 acres, consisting of Lot 1, and the west half of Lot 2, con. 9, Carrick, is offered for sale. This is an excellent farm and can be bought at a reasonable price. Apply to Mrs. Martin, Kitchener, or Louis Martin, Mildmay.

## Mildmay Won From Walkerton.

The hockey match here last Friday evening between Walkerton and Mildmay juniors resulted in a victory for the locals by a score of 9 to 7. It was a good exhibition, and the spectators enjoyed it very much. Barney Scheerer of Walkerton refereed the game.

## Debate at Lint's School.

There will be a debate at Lint's school on Monday evening, Feb. 28th at 8 o'clock. The subject is "Resolved that books have more influence on the character of a person than friends." A short musical program will be given after the debate. Everybody welcome. Admission, adults 25c, Children 15c. Proceeds for the China Famine Fund.

## Buy Tags for Dogs.

Carrick ratepayers are asked to take notice of the fact that the assessor will have a supply of dog tags to issue his rounds this year, and a harborer of a dog must for the animal. Any dog owner's premises without shot and the owner is liable fine.

## New Wall Papers.

We have received a large stock wall papers, suitable for any room in the house. The splendid designs and color harmony make our line a veritable art collection. The pleasure of showing you our new papers is respectfully solicited. We trim all our papers free of charge. We also sell some pretty papers at 12c a roll and up, at J. F. Schuett's furniture store.

## Epidemic is Past.

The epidemic of smallpox, which has prevailed here for nearly three months, is over at last and no person is sorry. All the patients are better, and quarantine on the last remaining two cases will be lifted this week. This outbreak has had the effect of seriously injuring trade here this winter, and all the merchants have been heavy losers. However, all are glad that the trouble is over, and the general public will be perfectly safe in visiting this village in the future.

## Died at Hamilton.

The death of Mrs. William J. Reddon, of the 2nd concession of Carrick, took place yesterday morning at 8 o'clock at the Ontario Hospital at Hamilton. Deceased had been in poor health for over a year, and six weeks ago was taken to this hospital in the hope of regaining her health. Deceased was 49 years of age, and was highly respected by all who knew her. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made, although it is announced that interment will take place at Clifford cemetery. Mr. Reddon left on yesterday afternoon's train to Hamilton to bring back the remains.

## Bargains.

One 6 h.p. Fairbank—Morse stationary engine, clutch pulley, good as new. One 6 h.p. Fairbank—Morse stationary engine, clutch pulley, good as new, with a most substantial truck under it, ready to hitch a team to it, less the doubletrees. Both of these engines were sold by us and were again traded in for tractors. We guarantee them equal to a new engine, and will sell them at a large discount on the price of new ones. These are real bargains. Look them over before investing more money on something no better. Grabill & Widmeyer, Ford dealers, Ayton, Ont.

## Sudden Death.

The death summons came with appalling suddenness to Mrs. Robert McNamara last Saturday afternoon. After partaking of a hearty dinner, she finished up her afternoon's work, and went to her room to dress, preparatory to going out. Her youngest daughter, Olive, on going to her mother's room a little later, found her partly dressed, lying on the floor. She was put to bed, and the doctor called, but nothing could be done, and she passed away very shortly after. Apoplexy was the cause of her death, deceased having been a sufferer for some time with arterio sclerosis. Deceased, whose maiden name was Mary Jane Hunter, was born in Brant township fifty-four years ago, and was the second wife of Mr. McNamara. She came to Mildmay about fifteen years ago. Her remains were taken by train on Wednesday to Eden Grove, and interred in the Douglas Hill cemetery, where her parents were buried. She leaves, besides her husband, five daughters and one son, namely, Mrs. George Wright, Mrs. Staples, Misses Orphis and Gladys, all of Toronto; Olive at home and Robert of Centour, Sask.

## NOTICE I

Permits to have fire arms may be had from the Chief of Police of the following towns:—Walkerton, Warton, Chesley, Southampton, Kincardine, also Sheriff Jermyn, Warton, and the undersigned. The Chief of Police of a town has no power to grant permits outside of his town. No fee to be charged. E. Briggs, High Constable Co. of Bruce, Walkerton.

LOST—On Friday evening, Feb. 11th either in the rink or on the street in Mildmay, a roll of money containing Forty Dollars. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same here.

## Live Stock Sale.

Mr. Samuel Haddon of Millbank is bringing a load of livestock to Mildmay to sell by public auction at the Railway hotel, on Saturday, March 5. The load comprises a number of horses, some cows in calf, some young cattle and a number of young pigs. John Darroch will conduct the sale.

THIS ARTICLE REMOVED

## Society has Great Year.

A very successful business year has just been completed by the Carrick Co-operative Society, the volume of business transacted during the past twelve months being upward of \$200,000. The members of the four U.F.O. clubs in the township, constituting the Society held their annual meeting at the town hall, Mildmay, on Friday afternoon, when the business report for the year was submitted. There was a good attendance and great interest was manifested in the splendid addresses delivered by Messrs. McCurdy and Fulthorp, U.F.O. livestock salesmen at Toronto. Mr. McCurdy gave much interesting and useful information about the U.F.O. methods of handling livestock on the Toronto stock market, and strongly urged the farmers to finish their cattle properly before marketing. It would be much better, he said, to feed fewer cattle and finish them properly, than to sell a lot of half-fat inferior quality cattle. There is no market now for these grades as the packing houses are full of this class of stock now. Mr. Fulthorp advised the farmers to get into closer co-operation in order to find some method of regulating the delivery of livestock on the Toronto market, and thus prevent glutting on certain days. This would assist in equalizing the daily run of stock on the market and result in better and more uniform prices to the producers. Short addresses were also given by the Chairman, Mr. J. T. Rettiger, by the shipper, Mr. John Weigel, and the Secretary—Treas. W. F. Albright.

One more week of genuine bargains at Weiler Bros. Read adv. on next page.

## AUCTION SALE

Valuable Farm Property, Agricultural Implements and Equipment, Live Stock, Grain Etc.

PURSUANT TO INSTRUCTIONS received from The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, as Authorized Trustee of the property of EDWARD WENZEL of the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, Farmer, the following will be offered for sale by

Public Auction by John Darroch, Auctioneer

at the dwelling upon the property of the said Edward Wenzel, being Lots 15 and 16 of Lot 14, 4th, Concession Township of Carrick; on

Monday March 7th, 1921 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon

PARCEL 1—REAL ESTATE—Lot 15 and the East Half of Lot 14 in the 4th Concession in the Township of Carrick, in the County of Bruce, said to contain one hundred and fifty (150) acres; twenty (20) acres in bush and the balance of one hundred and thirty (130) acres cleared of which eleven (11) acres are said to be sown in fall wheat. The following buildings are erected upon the above property, namely:—Roughcast house with stone foundation, containing eight rooms, together with bank barn, driving shed and other out buildings.

PARCEL 2—FARM IMPLEMENTS AND EQUIPMENT—All the farm implements consisting of binder, mower, steel land roller, seed drill, Jackson wagon, sleigh, top buggy, cutter, single plow, gang plow, harness, chains, lumber, fanning mill, platform scales, cream separator, churn, two harrows, etc., etc.

PARCEL 3—LIVESTOCK—Horses—1 General purpose mare; 1 heavy Belgian mare, 8 yrs; 1 General purpose mare, 6 yrs; 1 General purpose gelding, 3 yrs; 1 Clyde gelding 2 yrs. Cattle—2 Milch Cows, 8 Cattle feeders; 2 Heifers 2 yrs old; 3 Calves, 6 to 8 months old. 1 Lamb; 1 Brood sow, 9 Pigs about 8 months old.

PARCEL 4—GRAIN—Consisting of approximately 500 bus. of oats, and 150 bus. of barley; also 10 tons of hay and 15 tons of straw. Each of the foregoing parcels will be offered for sale in detail without reserve with the exception of Parcel 1, which will be offered for sale en bloc subject to be subject to the conditions of sale hereinafter referred to.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash for farm implements, live stock and crops. Real estate 10% down at time of sale and the balance within thirty days thereafter, and in other respects in accordance with Conditions of Sale which will be made known on day of sale.

Any further particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained upon application to the following—John Darroch, Auctioneer, Chifford, Ontario. The Trusts & Guarantee Company, Ltd., 120 Bay Street, Toronto, Ont. or to

Otto E. Klein, Walkerton, Ont. Solicitor for the Authorized Trustee.

## Furnaces

Now is the time to think about installing that furnace and do away with two or three heaters, save fuel and have comfort. We handle all the makes - pipe or pipeless - at low prices.

We also have a good supply of galvanized piping and pumps

F. J. ARNOLD

MIDMAY  
Tinsmithing — Plumbing  
Furnace Work

## LOCAL G. T. R. TIME TABLE.

Morning train, southbound ..... 7:17  
Night train, northbound ..... 11:35  
Afternoon train, southbound ..... 4:16  
Night train, northbound ..... 9:10

Acquaintance that should Prove Profitable  
It will pay you to get acquainted with my store and my prices. My motto is "Small Profits and quick turnover." It means lower prices for you  
Also a full line of fresh and smoked meats and an assortment of fresh fish, bologna, headcheese, wieners and liver sausages.  
Highest cash prices for hides.  
Phone 62  
G. R. WINGEFELDER  
Meat and Fish Market

## February Furniture Sale

**Bigger Stock - Better Goods Lower Prices**

Our immense stock of Furniture, Phonographs, Window Shades, Mattresses, etc. will go on Sale during this month at a tremendous reduction.

The chance of a lifetime to furnish your home at moderate prices. Buy now what you need for months to come. The prices are very attractive.

### J. F. SCHUETT

FURNITURE DEALER AND UNDERTAKER

Store phone 8J
Residence phone 51

In 1892

We first offered the public our

# "SALADA" TEA

Millions now use it to their utmost satisfaction



## Woman's Interests

### How About Your Linen?

Good linen nowadays is almost as precious as jewels, and every scrap of it is worth saving. The high price of linen makes an entire new stock almost prohibitive to the ordinary housewife, and there is nothing in sight to indicate lower prices for some time to come.

The first point to be considered is where and how to keep it. This may sound far-fetched, but it has a lot to do with the wearing qualities of linen and also the health of the family. The ideal linen store-place should be a well ventilated cupboard in a dry position and in a good light. A yet I have seen housekeepers put their linen, fresh from the ironing board and not perfectly dry, away in a draughtless drawer.

Recently I saw a linen closet which was ideal. The shelves were just wide enough to admit one layer of linen, and in order that the articles might have proper air and always be perfectly dry, these shelves were made of lattice work, the whole being white enameled. A little ventilator at the top of the door admitted air freely and was covered with fine white muslin, which, while it let in the air, kept out the dust. Each shelf was labeled, and on the door hung a linen book in which was listed the entire household linen stock, the date of its purchase and the price. Linen gives better wear if used uniformly. The clean linen may be put at the bottom of the pile, and the daily supplies taken out from the top. In this way each article gets its turn at wear and washing.

The life of linen may be prolonged twenty-five per cent. by laundering. It is a scientifically known fact that hard water is ruinous to clothes, therefore the water should be softened. Many a laundress adds caustic soda to the already prepared soap solution when washing, and this gives excessive alkalinity and ruins the strength, color and wearing qualities of the fabrics. Leaving clothes overnight in a dirty soap bath also rots them, and insufficient rinsing makes them yellow and leaves soap which in time eats the linen.

Always before going to the wash, linen should be carefully examined. Small holes should be darned, for if let go they are liable to catch on the board, washing machine or wringer and become very big ones. Stains, too, should be removed. Tea and coffee stains are most easily removed while still wet. Place the table cloth over a basin and pour boiling water through the spots. If this does not entirely remove the stain, rub on a little borax, rub it in well, and try boiling water again. Some use salts of lemon. Fruit stains are removed in the same way. For mildew spots rub the stains with soap, sprinkle with chalk and bleach in the sunshine. Buttermilk will also work fairly well. Wet ink stains should be washed immediately in milk. Put a pinch of salts of lemon on iron mould stains and pour boiling water through the spot. Be sure to rub the salts of lemon in well and repeat until stain is out. Paint on linen should be removed with a mixture of ammonia, turpentine and paraffin.

I have found that it is always best to have all linen marked either by a large monogram or a small embroidered initial. It adds to the distinction and beauty of all household linens to have them individualized by your "trademark." It takes only a few minutes to do the work, as on towels an outline stitch is pretty, and even on sheets you can use outlining and a darning stitch to fill in. The close embroidered initials, while prettier, take more time.

Having looked after the storing, listing, mending and washing of your linen you may find that some of it seems too badly worn to be useful. But don't throw it away without a second look. Every scrap can be utilized. Sheets and table cloths seem to wear out in the middle faster than about the edges and this is natural as they get more wear in those parts. If the sheets are thin in the middle and the sides are good and strong, cut them through the centre and then join the outer or selvage edges together.

**COARSE SALT  
LAND SALT**  
Bulk Carlots  
TORONTO SALT WORKS  
CLIFF TORONTO

making a seam down the middle, and hem the outer edges. If the centre of the sheet is too badly worn, parts of it can be cut off and the sheet made to fit a three-quarter or a single bed. Oftentimes, an old sheet badly worn in places will have enough good in it to make a pillow slip or two, and when past all use the ironing board can claim the old sheet for a cover. Worn pillow cases are most useful for protecting fancy waists and blouses or children's dresses from dust, when they are kept hanging in closets. Cut a hole in the middle of the end of the sheet big enough to let the pillow case slip through.

THIS ARTICLE REMOVED

which is apt to be good, and set together with lace insertion which can be bought cheap at sales, and if you wish, edge with lace. Crochet insertion and lace is pretty if you care to take the time. You will have in this way a handsome lunch cloth. Oftentimes I cut napkins for everyday use from worn table cloths. These I hem and they last a long time. Centre-pieces, small doilies and carving cloths all may come from scraps. I made an entire breakfast set from a fine old table cloth. After getting out a lunch cloth from the four corners and crossing with imitation cluny lace, I cut a centre-piece, several plate doilies, and the smaller doilies from the ends left and in odd moments buttonholed the edges in blue mercerized cotton. The clippings too worn to use, I put into the medicine chest for "First Aid."

From one cloth I made a very handsome luncheon set by using bits of fine old lace curtains to combine with it. I applied the bits of net, the design being fine and dainty, on the linen, buttonholed around it and then cut the line from underneath. Bureau scarfs may be made the same way, and right here let me diverge long enough to say that bits of fine old curtains may be used to applique on children's dresses, make yolks, and cuff and collar sets. Of course, it goes without saying, that only very fine curtains are useful for this work. Old bath towels may be cut up into wash cloths—the better parts being used for this, and a quickly-made crocheted edge in color worked around the four sides. The worn parts made good cleaning cloths and fine dish cloths. Linen towels should be carefully darned and patched at each washing. It is a good plan to keep one old one on hand to patch the others with. Worn out, the best parts may be converted into little doilies to put under plants or the like, and several old ones stitched together to form a big new towel will make a good cloth for drying glassware.

One thing more, remember it is no economy to store linen for long periods without using it. If starched, the starch rots the fabric and gives it a bad color when left undisturbed for some time. It is the "best linen" which is most likely to suffer in this way and if you seldom use it for "company" then give it an occasional turn on the family table, so that it may go through the wash and keep its color. If you do not use it often, be sure that you keep blue paper about it.

### Traveller and Wolves.

In the game of traveller and wolves the smallest person or the slowest runner must be the traveller. His object is to reach the end of his journey without being caught by any of the rest of the players, who are the wolves. Some distant spot should be chosen for a goal. Before setting out the traveller is provided with a number of white balls or other objects. The wolves then give him a fair start and chase him. When the traveller finds a wolf dangerously near him he must throw one of his balls in such a way that the wolf will lose considerable ground by stopping to pick it up. Of course the wolf is required to get the ball before he returns to the chase. The more balls the traveller carries the better is the chance of escape. Minard's Linctant Relieves Colds, etc.

## The Rattletrap Gun

By SAMUEL A. DERIEUX.

II.

The roar of a train on the railroad three miles away brought her back to her situation. Sometimes after this train, Ben closed the station; sometimes he had to wait until the ten o'clock passenger; sometimes he had to work over his yellow express book until midnight. Her mind slipped into her bosom and closed over the note that an old negro had brought her secretly that morning. Somebody had told Ben her father had gone to town, and he was coming out after supper. He wanted to talk to her, he wrote about the cottage he had bought near the station. She could see it now, with the small barn behind, the trim garden palings, the cool water oak in the front yard. Ben was going to paint the house and barn white—if she liked white.

There was another note, too, hidden in her dress—the note she had written in answer, begging him not to come, telling him that it would only make things harder, that her father would never give in, that he must never come any more. All day she had watched the road, sure there would be someone who could take it to Ben. But nobody had passed, and the day had worn away, and then her father had driven into the yard.

He had been worse than he had ever been, had the quarrel with her about some express. She had heard it, but neighbors had lost his temper at last. "Of this station, you soak!"

She had rushed between them and her father away. But at the moment she stopped. "If you ever step foot on my place, you man," he said, "I'll kill you!" She would never forget his face when he came home that day.

"Don't you never let him come on the place again, Tess," he said, "never again!" The distant puffing of the train as it pulled out from the station startled her. If Ben left now he might be here in half an hour. Sometimes he came on horseback, sometimes he walked. If she knew when he was coming she would run out and greet him. But he might be detained at the station; her father might come up here while she was gone, looking for her.

The night had grown silent, the roar of the train died away. Ben might be on the road now, swinging along happily in the moonlight; maybe he was singing. He thought her father in town, and there he sat on the porch in his tilted chair watching.

She could not stay here. She jumped to her feet. A sudden cry in her throat gave her an idea. Her father was thirsty when he was this way. She tiptoed down the narrow stairs, into his room. She picked up the pitcher from the washstand, and hurried out by the back porch, across the yard to the well.

The screeching of the chain as her white arms pulled hand over hand in the moonlight filled the air with an alarmed scream, made the night alive, maybe Ben, if he had reached the woods, would hear this, and would come quickly to her. She would run to him quickly, warn him, run back.

She waited in the stillness that followed the screeching of the chain. No sound. She filled the pitcher and hurried up the back porch. A moment she stood panting, looking toward the woods, then she went in, the water splashing on the floor of the hall. She hurried into her father's room, set the pitcher in the basin, and turned. The moonlight falling at a sharper angle through the window than it had done formerly shone on her father's new double-barrel shotgun. It leaned against the wall, near the bed. Her father would come after this, if he saw Ben. It glowed dull, satiny, sinister, there against the wall. She ran out as if she had seen a snake.

Her father still sat glowering on the edge of the porch. He looked at her underneath his eyebrows, and she tried to smile. It was too hot to sleep, she said, and leaned against the wall. "I fetched some nice cold water in your room, Pa."

He filled his pipe and lit it. "Bring me a drink."

He gulped down the water she brought him, then handed her the gourd.

"More," he said. He was holding the dipper out to her, his big, blunt face raised to hers. She could touch his bristly hair, thin at the top; he must hear her heart pounding above his ear. She brought him another drink, then she walked over to the steps and sat down, her head against the post, her hands clasped about her knees. Breast rising and falling, she studied his face furtively. She would tell him boldly Ben was coming, she would plead with him, if only he were not as he was to-night. He had liked Ben, at first, had bragged of him to her.

"He's a fine, sober young fellow, Tess," he had said, "with no bad habits."

She knew, everybody knew, that her father was a kind enough man when he was right, too generous for his own good, impulsive, hospitable. But, better than anybody else, she knew how far to go with him when he was like this. She knew how the anemiasies of one drunken spell remained stubbornly over until the next, how more and more, since her mother died, his worst moments guided his life. She had tried every way she knew to help him. Just once he looked at her with strange eyes. "I get lonely, gal," he said.

Everybody was afraid of him when he looked as he looked now, sullen,

heavy, flushed. She was seized with a sudden loathing of him as he sat there, his foot-sockets on the rungs of his chair. A match was struck in the edge of the woods opposite them. It flared quickly up, it was jerked quickly out, but it seemed to light the whole side of the house and her own face like the flaring-up of a rocket.

She looked at her father. He had not stirred. Perhaps, if he had seen, he thought it was a smoker passing along the road on the other side of the pines. They were thin here. But around them the road turned at right angles and passed in front of the house. Her father would watch for the appearance of the smoker.

She sprang up—sprang up too quickly, and remained standing. She must not seem to hurry; she must not make any more mistakes, but Ben must not strike another match. She must warn him—now. She crossed the porch, her eyes straight ahead. When she spoke her voice was unnaturally calm.

"Guess I'll turn in. Good night, Pa."

She ran up the stairs, pressing heavily on them so they would creak. At the top she paused, sick with fear. Then she tiptoed back down and stopped, out of breath, in the hall.

Through the window of the front room she could see his broad heavy back into which the head was sunk without a neck. The back was moving. Deliberately he was easing himself to the floor. He held his pipe in his hand as if he had just taken it guardedly out of his mouth. He was leaning forward, like a man about to spring.

She went swiftly down the hall and stopped at the bedroom door. Her father would come after that new gun, glistening there against the wall. She darted into the room and grabbed up the new gun. She left the old one, the rattletrap, on the table where she had placed it. After she had run out of the room she wished she had hidden the other gun. But it was too late now; he might be coming; she had thought she heard him rise.

(Concluded in next issue.)

### Failure's Compensation.

I fail sometimes at something that I try.

And does this break the struggling heart of me?

Beside life's roadway do I sit and cry? No, I am glad as any soul can be!

Despite my failures? No, because of it! For should I cringe supinely in a groove, Success might crown my labor, every whit.

Perhaps no effort should a failure prove.

I love my failings—not because I lack The proud man's yearning to achieve success;

But that they prove I have not lost the knack

Of "trying things"—a steadfast youthfulness!

My failures—they shall not be failures long!

Proclaim to me convincingly that I know, the urge of youthtime, dauntless, strong;

That wider fields I'll conquer, by and by.

### Why Our Teeth Chatter.

The little muscles which close the jaw are acted upon by the cold in such a way that they pull the jaw up and then let it fall by its own weight.

This, repeated many times, causes the teeth to click together and produce what we know as "chattering."

We think of it in connection with our teeth because it is the teeth which make the sound, but the cause lies in the muscles which we use in chewing or in opening our mouth when we speak.

The chattering occurs in spite of the will or brain. We have little control over it, and can stop it only by clenching the teeth. It is really a mild variety of spasm caused by the cold, which acts on the jaw muscles in much the same way that some poisons produce muscular spasms which cannot be controlled.

### Women! Use "Diamond Dyes."

Dye Old Skirts, Dresses, Waists, Coats, Stockings, Draperies, Everything.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains easy directions for dyeing any article of wool, silk, cotton, linen, or mixed goods. Beware! Poor dye streaks, spots, fades, and ruins material by giving it a "dyed-look." Buy "Diamond Dyes" only. Druggist has Color Card.

To-day and To-morrow. To-day is my vital hour Under the sweep of the sky; To-morrow I'm but a flower, Or the dust blown by.

## NOT A GOOD TIME NOW TO EMIGRATE

WARNING TO BRITONS IN LONDON NEWSPAPER.

Every Part of the Empire Has Its "Unemployment Problem—Best to Wait a While.

War always stirs up the desire to emigrate, for a man who has been fighting in foreign lands is apt to become disheartened with his job-trot life at home, says an English writer.

After the South African War nearly half of the quarter of a million men who had formed the expeditionary force emigrated. About half went to other parts of the Empire, but a great many settled in the United States, and were lost to the flag.

Never before in all the world's history was there so great an impulse to migrate as there is at present. With soaring taxes, doubled prices, and the famine in houses, it is safe to say that there are at least a million people in the kingdom whose main idea is to get out of it.

On the face of it this seems all to the good. We know that the great Dominions need settlers to develop their resources, and with our big population it might seem that we could well spare them the men they require.

On the face of it, I say; but come down to hard facts, and the truth of the matter is that this is no time to think of leaving the country.

The reasons for this statement are not such as would occur to you casually, but if you will take the trouble to read this article they will become clear enough.

In the first place, Europe is not the only part of the world that has suffered from the war. These four years of struggle upset the trade balance of the whole world, and the great Dominions, though producing quantities of raw material, have lost half their markets.

The Natural Result.

The natural result is a certain amount of unemployment, and with a scarcity of work for their own people, it is plain, on the face of it, that they don't want outsiders.

Canada has openly announced that she cannot take more than forty to fifty thousand immigrants during the coming year, and in order to check the flood she has made fresh regulations. Formerly she would take any able-bodied immigrant who could show ten pounds in cash, and carry him free from the steamer to his destination. To-day each arrival must have at least fifty pounds, and also money to pay his railway fare to the place he is making for.

In 1913 Canada took nearly 200,000 immigrants from the Old Country. Now, partly owing to trade difficulties, and partly owing to the fact that she has her own demobilized men to settle on the land, she can only take a quarter as many, and it will be some years before she is in a position to handle immigration on the pre-war scale. In any case, she does not want unskilled labor.

### Domestic Servants Only.

Australia is in the same fix. Every State in the Commonwealth is busy with big schemes for settling her own ex-soldiers. For another thing, Australia's national debt has increased so greatly through the war that money is lacking for the huge schemes of irrigation which are so necessary to increase the farming area.

Western Australia, it is true, is taking some immigrants, but these are all ex-Servicemen and picked men. As for New Zealand, she is equally unready for immigration on a large scale. All she asks for at present is a certain number of domestic servants.

Numbers of people turn longing eyes towards South Africa, with its splendid climate and huge areas of uncultivated land. But South Africa, let me tell you, has no use whatever for the ordinary type of immigrant.

She welcomes men with money who can buy farms outright, but the unskilled white man has no chance there. The reason, of course, is that all that type of labor is done by colored men.

The Union of South Africa has the stiffest entry laws of any Dominion. She won't have anyone who cannot read and write, and all immigrants, between the ages of sixteen and sixty, are liable to be called upon for military service.

Just the same objection applies to Rhodesia and to East Africa. The Rhodesian agent in London informed me that £1,000 was about the least sum that was needed to start life as a colonist in Rhodesia.

As for the United States, she, for the past year, has been struggling with a rushing river of immigrants from Central Europe, who have been pouring in every day.

### Labor Market Upset.

Her own labor market is completely upset, and thousands are out of work. Now she has got the wind up, and proposes to pass a Bill closing down immigration altogether for at least two years. The only people admitted will be blood relations of those already in the country, and all will be compelled to take the oath of allegiance, and become citizens of the United States.

The only other part of the world, besides those mentioned, which is open to immigration, is South America. There are fair chances in the Argentine Republic for men skilled in cer-

## R. A. F. - ARMY AND OTHER GOODS

Blankets Genuine All Wool Army Blankets, the ones with the black stripe down the centre. Note genuine without it. These are not like the blankets, some are selling for Army Blankets. These were purchased from the Government. Only a few left. Do not miss this opportunity to purchase at . . . \$8.75 and \$9.50 per pair

Pants Imperial (Slacks) Pants, made of Pure English Wool Worsted. Will give more warmth and outwear any two pairs of ordinary pants made. Ask the Overseas men. sizes 32 to 38 . . . \$5.95 per pair sizes 40 to 46 . . . \$6.50 per pair

Underwear Heavy All Wool Army Underwear none is equal to it . . . \$2.50 a garment

Army Boots Leather, will outwear any two pairs of ordinary boots. A bargain at . . . \$6.90 per pair

Shirts Imperial All Wool Khaki Shirts. . . . . \$2.50 Fine Flannel Shirts. . . . . \$2.50

Deck Shoes Government Deck of Underwear. . . . . \$2.50

Riding Breeches Fatigue Breeches, to clear. . . . . \$2.75

Socks Heavy All Wool Army Socks. . . . . 60c and 75c per pair

Phillips Soles and Heels Stout, \$1.55 . . . . . Light, \$1.50

Haversacks Officers, 6 pockets . . . . . \$2.50 1 pocket . . . . . \$1.25

Army Mitts Made in 1915, at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 per pair. . . . . \$1.90 per pair

Army Gloves Work Gloves, (lined), . . . . . \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 per pair

Sheets Imported from England, fine English Twill Sheets. Will wear for years. None others to beat them. . . 70x90 inches, \$6.90 per pair. . . . . 60 x 80 inches, \$5.85 per pair

Special attention paid to Mail Orders. All orders shipped same day as received.

REEVE & CO.  
558 1/2 BLOOR ST. W. TORONTO

tain trades, but the authorities here in London have already issued a strong warning against anyone going out there without first being certain of an opening. Even before the war it was dangerous to go into the Argentine on spec. In 1912 a large number of English people who were induced to emigrate there by agents of certain shipping companies were left destitute and starving. Some had actually to be brought home again at Government expense.

People who think of emigrating to South America should remember that no English is spoken there, only Spanish. If they have no knowledge of that language they are, of course, completely helpless.

Expenses of Travelling.

The one country that has been asking for immigrants during the past year or so is Peru. But Peru has native labor, and is therefore useless for the unskilled man. It would be madness for an Englishman to go to Peru unless he had a job to step into on landing.

Another thing which intending emigrants should bear in mind is that the expenses of travelling have not merely doubled, but have risen to three or four times the pre-war price. Ten years ago you could get a saloon passage to New York for twelve guineas on one of the smaller boats. I have crossed, saloon, on an 8,000-ton ship for £8. To-day a third-class passage to America costs £14, and to Australia £10. The cost of kit has doubled. Besides all this, accommodation is still scarce, and even ex-Servicemen, emigrating under Government supervision, have often to wait for months for a ship.

My advice to those about to emigrate is, "Don't!"—or, at any rate, "Wait!" Conditions will improve during the next two or three years. Fares will be cheaper and openings more plentiful.

But above all, if you must leave the Old Country, do not leave the flag. You can find every climate, every kind of scenery, every possible trade or occupation inside the British Empire, so why forsake your birthright and leave it?

The Complete Pessimist.

"Father, what is life?" "Life, my son, is a game—played against an invisible opponent, who invariably wins!"

## Fun Exchange

The Ratepayer Publishing Co., of Toronto, at No. 1 Columbus Ave., will buy jokes, old, new, fresh or stale, on any topic. Must be less than 50-word stories. Send your contributions today. Liberal rates.

Forestall Colds, Chills and Influenza

Take BOVRIL

Use Bovril in your cooking. It favours, enriches, nourishes more.

The Body-building Power of Bovril has been proved by independent scientific experiments to be from 10 to 20 times the amount of Bovril taken.

## Used Autos

**BREAKEY SELLS THEM**—USED cars of all types; all cars sold subject to delivery up to 200 miles, or test run of same distance if you wish, in as good order as purchased, or purchase price refunded.

**BRINGING MECHANIC OF YOUR OWN CHOICE** to look them over, or ask us to like any car to city representative for inspection. Very large stock always on hand.

**Breakey's Used Car Market**  
330 Yonge Street, Toronto

enough and patriotic enough to turn natural energy into constructive channels. Already over 250 Scoutmasters are directing the activities of some 9,000 boys in the province of Ontario, and the movement is only a little more than ten years old. Men interested in devoting part of their leisure time to this "nation building" work should write to Boy Scout Headquarters, Bloor and Sherbourne Sts., Toronto, for further information.

### The Bad Boy Proposition.

There are no bad boys. We make this statement confidently, knowing that it will be endorsed by educators and all who have spent their lives in working on the boy problem. We will defend it in spite of all the broken windows, stolen apples and canned dogs in Christendom.

There are weak boys, boys who lack resourcefulness, boys whose ideas of right and wrong are distorted, but there never was a boy who did not naturally—consciously or unconsciously—do things that he believed to be right.

The trouble comes when parents, teachers and others who are responsible for the youngster's development fall to fill his time with useful activity. The forces of nature must operate. We cannot stop them while we take our afternoon nap. The wind must blow, the water must flow, and the boy's brain and muscles must work.

We put a wind-mill in the path of the wind and it draws water as joyously as it upsets the chairs on the verandah and whisks the family wash from the line. We put a water-wheel in the stream and it grinds the grain with the energy which it could otherwise dissipate in washing out its banks and rooting out the trees.

These things we know; yet we too often permit youthful energy, our most valuable asset, to run riot. We even attempt to dam it and then complain because it slops over and does damage.

The Boy Scout programme is the mill in the stream of boyhood. It provides something useful for every boy to do every minute. Knot tying, first aid and bandaging, signalling, tramping and tracking, fire-building and extinguishing, camp cooking, swimming, earning and saving money, hiking, map making and map reading, practical study of flowers, plants and trees, earth and sky, are included in the Scout's programme for the year. After these a much broader field is opened, including foundation work in all the principal trades and professions.

A boy's first idle moment is the starting point of whatever trouble he makes in the world. It is also the big opportunity of the man who is wise

## A WOMAN'S RIGHT TO GOOD HEALTH

### Most Troubles Afflicting Women Are Due to Poor Blood.

To every woman belongs the right to enjoy a healthy, active life; yet nine out of ten suffer from some form of bloodlessness. That is why one sees on every side pale, thin cheeks, dull eyes and drooping figures—sure signs of headaches, weak backs, aching limbs and uncertain health. All weak women should win the right to be well by refreshing their weary bodies with the new, rich, red blood that promptly transforms them into healthy, attractive women. This new, red blood is supplied by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which reaches every organ and every nerve in the body. Through the use of these pills thousands of women have found benefit when suffering from anaemia, indigestion, general weakness and those ailments from which women alone suffer. Among the many women who tell of the good Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done them is Mrs. L. Hicks, Round Hill, N.S., who says: "I became very much run down in health; my blood seemed weak and watery, my strength failed, and I was so easily tired that my work was a burden. I had often read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to try them, and I can truly say that after using three boxes I found myself gaining, and under a further use of the pills all my old-time energy and vitality was restored. Out of my own experience I can strongly recommend this medicine."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The teak, which supplies one of the strongest timbers known, grows slowly, attaining a height of only 150 feet in over a century.

Japan has 20 women journalists.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Distemper

### A Winter Night.

As I strolled down the long slopes of the road  
Between the pastures, all was  
flawless white,  
Save where the lofty pines upon  
the height  
In the pale moonlight like dark statues  
stood.  
The little woodland stream that  
me flowed,  
And sang in springtime as in  
delight,  
Was silent now, as is an eremitic  
Who broods on God in his austere  
abode.

I was alone, yet I was not alone,  
For some mysterious spirit called  
to me  
Out of the night in an exalted tone  
That was as rapture blent with  
melody,  
"Wait for a time when to thee shall  
be shown  
What seemeth sorrow meaneth  
ecstasy!"

### Wisps of Wisdom.

The greatest of faults is to be  
conscious of none.  
The thunder of business often sours  
the milk of human kindness.  
Yesterday has gone, to-morrow may  
never come; do it to-day.  
Prefer diligence before idleness,  
unless you esteem rust before  
brightness.

Education is life's apprenticeship;  
its chief aim is to teach us how to  
think.

Success is a thing that some are  
content to envy in others—and some  
achieve for themselves.

When a man hasn't a good reason  
for doing a thing, he has one good  
reason for letting it alone.  
If you lack confidence in your own  
judgment, you can't blame other people  
if they share the feeling.

The man who wins is the man who  
holds on until he can hold on no  
longer—and then doesn't give up.

Let the man who has to make his  
fortune in life remember this maxim:  
Dare, and the world always yields.  
If it beats you sometimes, dare it  
again and it will succumb.

### Garden Seeds Needed.

To plant a 100-foot row of vegetables in the garden, buy seeds as follows: Beans, one pint; beets, two ounces; cabbage, one packet; carrots, one ounce; cauliflower, one packet; celery, one-fourth ounce; Swiss chard, two ounces; sweet corn, one pint; cucumbers, one ounce; egg-plant, one-half ounce; kohlrabi, one packet; lettuce, one packet; mustard, one-half ounce; muskmelons, okra or onion seeds, one ounce; onion sets, one quart; parsley, one packet; parsnip, one ounce; peas, one to two pints; peppers, one packet; potatoes, six to seven pounds; pumpkins, radishes, salsify, spinach or squash, one ounce; tomatoes, two packets; turnips, one-half ounce; watermelons, one ounce.

## STORMY WEATHER HARD ON BABY

The stormy, blustery weather which we have during February and March is extremely hard on children. Conditions make it necessary for the mother to keep them in the house. They are often confined to overheated, badly ventilated rooms and catch colds which rack their whole system. To guard against this a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the house and an occasional dose given the baby to keep his stomach and bowels working regularly. This will not fail to break up colds and keep the health of the baby in good condition till the brighter days come along. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

After the Storm.  
One of the soldiers of the Rainbow Division, United States, had been boasting to a British Tommy about his glories.  
"Lumme!" said the Tommy. "I know why yer calls it hat. Rainbows is things that comes out after the storm's over, ain't they?"

**MONEY ORDERS.**  
Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

### Whale of a Fish Story.

At a convivial gathering in connection with an angling club a sailor listened attentively while the members told of the big fish they might have landed had not their lines given way at the critical moment. The manner in which they recounted their exploits would have brought tears to the eyes of the most hardened storyteller.

But a sailor never knows when he is beaten.  
"Well, mates," he began. "I never did any fresh-water fishing, so I expect you are telling the truth. But I remember on one occasion, having nothing better to do, we cast a line at sea and awaited results. Soon we got a bite, but for the life of us we could not bring in our catch. Then an idea struck us. We fastened the line to the windlass and proceeded to haul in, when the boat gave a lurch, the line broke, and the monster escaped."

One of the company, with biting sarcasm, suggested that it must have been a whale.  
"A whale, be hanged!" replied the sailor; "we baited with a whale!"

**AUTO REPAIR PARTS**  
for most makes and models of cars. Your old broken or worn-out parts replaced. Write or wire us describing what you want. We carry the largest and most complete stock in Canada of slightly used or new parts and automobile equipment. We ship C.O.D. anywhere in Canada. Satisfaction or refund in full our motto.  
Shaw's Auto Salvage Fast Supply,  
222-224 Dundas St., Toronto, Ont.

### Japs Are Fond of Metaphor.

Judging from some specimens quoted not long ago in the Journal des Debats, the Japanese employ a wealth of metaphor when advertising their wares. A Tokio stationer announces that "the paper I sell is as solid as the hide of an elephant." A fishmonger promises to deliver all orders at customers' houses with the rapidity of a shot fired from a rifle. "My extra special vinegar," a grocer declares, "is as sour as the tongue of the most shrewish mother-in-law." A large multiple shop begs the public to "come into our stores. You will meet with an overwhelming welcome. Our assistants are as amiable as a father who is trying to marry off his daughters without giving them any dowry. You will always be greeted as cordially as a spell of sunshine coming toward the close of a pouring wet day."

### Sandalwood.

Sandalwood is the production principally of the native state of Mysore, India, and the district of Coorg, in both of which places the industry is almost a monopoly of the government forest reserves. Due to the development of the sandalwood oil extracting industry, the exportation of the wood has steadily declined, while that of the oil has increased.

Sandalwood is the most famous of all scented woods. Its use for perfumery and incense dates back thousands of years. The later Greek considered it one of the greatest luxuries, and no festivities were complete without it. Sandalwood figures prominently in religious ceremonies and burial rites in China and other Oriental countries.

### "Pape's Diapepsin" for Indigestion.

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surtest relief for indigestion, Gases, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sourness, Fermentation or Stomach Distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief and shortly the stomach is corrected so you can eat favorite foods without fear. Large case costs only 60 cents at drug store. Absolutely harmless and pleasant. Millions helped annually. Largest selling stomach corrector in world.—Ad.

I never saw so many fields yellow with mustard as I did last summer. One thing is sure, we can not buy seed at random and expect all timothy or clover. A careful analysis is the only thing that will settle the question of mustard and other foil seeds; or good grass seed. We have only to put a big spoonful in an envelope, address it to the Dominion Experimental Farm, and back will come the correct analysis. Then it is our fault if we have fields of mustard after that.

The large farms in South Lincolnshire, England, are so perfect that they are more like factories than farms.

### Those Having Sick Animals SHOULD USE

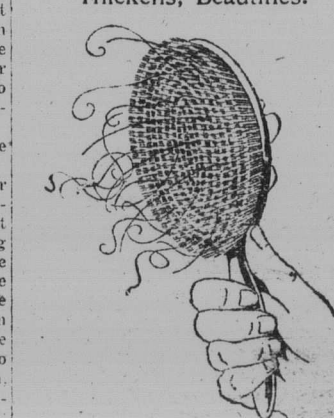
**MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT**

Good for all throat and chest diseases, Diarrhoea, Croup, Sprains, Bruises, Colic, Mange, Spavins, Running Sores, etc., etc. Should always be in the stable. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies Book on **DOG DISEASES** and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author, E. Clay Glavin Co., Inc., 115 West 31st Street, New York, U.S.A.

## DANDERINE

### Stops Hair Coming Out; Thickens, Beautifies.



A few cents buys "Danderine." After a few applications you cannot find a fallen hair or any dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and abundance,

**BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE**

**Oh, For One Fault.**  
"How do you like your new car?" asked Jack Driver.  
"Great!" replied Mr. Rhode Hogg.  
"It runs so smoothly you can't feel it. Not a bit of noise; you can't hear it. Perfect ignition; you can't smell a thing. And speed—why, it whizzes! You can't see it!"  
"Must be some car," ventured Jack Driver. "Can't feel it, can't smell it, can't hear it, can't see it! How do you know it is there?"

**Had An Inking.**  
"Agnes, dost thou love me?" asked a Quaker youth of one at whose shrine his heart's holiest feelings had been offered up.  
"Why, Jack," she answered, with a downcast look of her eyes, we are commanded to love one another, are we not?"  
"Ay, Agnes, but dost thee regard me with the feeling the world calls love?"

"I hardly know what to tell thee, Jack. I have greatly feared that my heart was an erring one. I have tried to bestow my love on all, but I have sometimes thought, perhaps, that thee was getting rather more than thy share."

### "Cascarets" To-night For Constipation

Just think! A pleasant, harmless Cascaret works while you sleep and has your liver active, head clear, stomach sweet and bowels moving as regularly as a clock by morning. No griping or inconvenience. 10, 25 or 50 cent boxes. Children love this candy cathartic too.

The ideal soil for a peach-orchard is a warm, gravelly hillside. Even sandy soils are excellent for peach-growing if the sand is not too fine and the drainage bad. Heavy, cold clay soil is unsuited to the peach. Plum trees are naturally adapted to stiffer soils than the peach.

You are not capable of correct judgment, of using good sense, when there is fear or doubt or despondency in your mind. Sound judgment comes from a perfectly working brain.

For cold in the Head and Chest use **BAUME BENGUE**

has immediate effect.  
BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES  
\$1.00 a tube.  
THE LEEMING MILLS CO., LTD.  
MONTREAL  
Agents for Dr. Jules Bengue  
**RELIEVES PAIN**

## ASPIRIN

Only "Bayer" is Genuine



Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Drugists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada; Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetic-acid-ester of Salicylicacid.

## USE SLOAN'S TO WARD OFF PAIN

You can just tell by its healthy, stimulating odor, that it is going to do you good.

"If I only had some Sloan's Liniment!" How often you've said that! And then when the rheumatic twinge subsided—after hours of suffering—you forgot it!

Don't do it again—get a bottle to-day and keep it handy for possible use tonight! A sudden attack may come on—sciatica, lumbago, sore muscles, backache, stiff joints, neuralgia, the pains and aches resulting from exposure. You'll soon find warmth and relief in Sloan's, the liniment that penetrates without rubbing. Clean, economical. Three sizes—35c, 70c, \$1.40

## Sloan's Liniment

## Classified Advertisements.

**AGENTS WANTED.**  
**AGENTS—WHO ARE GOOD PRODUCEERS**—wanted to represent old line life insurance company whose policy contracts are up-to-date in every particular and pay a large annual dividend. Apply Post-Office Box 412, Toronto.

**AGENTS WANTED: BLISS NATIVE Herbs** is a remedy for the relief of Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Kidney Troubles. It is well-known, having been extensively advertised, since it was first manufactured in 1885, by distribution of large quantities of Almanacs, Cook Books, Health Books, etc., which are furnished to agents free of charge. The remedies are sold at a price that allows agents to double their money. Write Alonso O. Bliss Medical Co., 124 St. Paul St. East, Montreal. Mention this paper.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**  
**THE TORONTO FREE HOSPITAL**, near Weston, Ontario, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York, offers to young women desirous of becoming qualified nurses a three-year course of general training in attractive residence; single rooms. For salary and other information apply Lady Superintendent, Toronto Free Hospital, Weston, Ontario.

**Wise Men Say:**  
The inner side of every cloud is bright and shining. I therefore turn my clouds about, And always wear them inside out To show the lining.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

**Embroidery in Madeira.**  
The Island of Madeira almost lives on its embroideries. More than 40,000 are engaged in this work. Ninety per cent of the embroidery, amounting in 1919 to a value of \$1,780,799, goes to the United States.

The first national census of Japan was taken last month.

**CORNS**  
Lift Right Off without Pain

Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. It doesn't hurt a bit. Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without a particle of pain.

**DON'T DO THIS!**

**LEONARD EAR OIL**

RELIEVES DEAFNESS and STOPS HEAD NOISES. Simply Rub it Back of the Ears and Insert in Nostrils. Proof of success will be given by the druggist.

MADE IN CANADA  
ARTHUR SALES CO., Sole Agents, Toronto & O. Leonard, Inc., Mfrs., 70 5th Ave., N. Y. City

**Make Shaving a Pleasure With Cuticura Talcum**

After shaving with Cuticura Soap the Cuticura way, Cuticura Talcum is an indispensable adjunct. Antiseptic and prophylactic, it is soothing and refreshing to the most tender skin.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lynch, 244 St. Paul St., Montreal.  
Cuticura Soap shaves without stung.

## MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

ISSUE No. 8-21.

The Saving in Health along with the saving in cost, attracts many a tea or coffee drinker to **INSTANT POSTUM**

Try a tin

"There's a Reason" for Postum

**DR. T. A. CARPENTER**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
MILDMAY

Successor to Dr. A. L. Wellman  
Special work in Ear, Nose and Throat  
House Surgeon for one year at Toronto  
General Hospital  
Telephone No. 18

DR. P. F. McCUE

Victoria St. Walkerton  
Phone 215

**DR. L. DOERING**  
DENTIST MILDMAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University  
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member  
of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario  
has opened up his offices next to G. S. Miller's  
Mildmay. Entrance on Main Street, King  
Aston every first and third Saturday, Ontario  
every second and fourth Saturday, and  
last every second and fourth Tuesday of each  
month.

You can begin any day

NORTHERN  
*Business College*  
OWEN SOUND, ONT.

Because you are taught  
individually. Business,  
Shorthand, Farmer's and  
Preparatory courses.

Catalogue free

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Western Ontario's Best  
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CENTRAL  
*Business College*  
STRATFORD, ONT.

Our winter term commences  
Tuesday, January 4th, and  
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thorough and practical, and  
we assist graduates to positions.

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Build for Success by attending  
*Business College*

Yonge and Charles Sts.,  
TORONTO, ONT.

This School enjoys a great reputation  
for superior work and for placing the  
graduates quickly in good positions  
There are thousands of openings in  
Toronto each year and we are called  
upon to fill more than we can. Open  
all year. Enter at any time. Circu-  
lars free.

W. J. ELLIOTT, Principal

## No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and  
fitting them with glasses, is mod-  
ern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us  
examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from head-  
aches, pain in back of eyes, or  
vision is blurred, or you get dizz-  
y easily. Something is the  
matter with your eyes. We fit  
glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX

EWELLER OPTICIAN Walkerton

## Rheumatism

### Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

Have brought good  
results to half-a-million  
sufferers.

A healthful, money-saving remedy,  
well known for fifteen years, pre-  
scribed by doctors, sold by drug-  
gists, \$1.00 a box. Ask our agents  
or write for a free trial package.  
Templeton, 142 King W., Toronto

J. P. PHELAN

Druggist - Mildmay

### A Farewell.

On Friday evening of last week a very  
pleasant evening was spent at the home  
of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Rassman, 10th  
concession, Carrick. when their friends  
and neighbors gathered to show their  
appreciation to the family, as neighbors  
in their community, by presenting them  
with a small token of their respect.  
About fifty ladies and gentlemen were  
present and the evening was spent in  
games and music. During the evening  
the family was presented with a hand-  
some chair, the presentation being made  
by Mr. Albert Diebel while the following  
address was read by Mrs. Anthony We-  
ber.

Mr. and Mrs. Rassman and Family.  
We, your friends and neighbors,  
have met here tonight to express our  
deep regret for your leaving us and  
our appreciation of the good feeling  
that has always been among us as  
neighbors and friends.

We have known you many years  
and have always found you kind and  
willing to assist at any time. Your  
honesty will make you a desirable  
member of any community and while  
we are sorry to lose you we are glad  
you are not going far away and hope  
to meet you often and whenever you  
come among us you will always be  
sure of a warm welcome.

As a slight token of our esteem we  
would ask you to accept this chair  
and hope it will serve as a remem-  
brance of the years spent with us.  
Wishing you every success in your  
new home.

Signed on behalf of the commu-  
nity,  
Mrs. Albert Diebel,  
Mrs. John Krueger.

Pay by Cheque.

During the past few years the custom  
of paying by cheque has become almost  
universal, even in rural districts. Most  
people today have a bank account, and  
if they have not, it is usually their own  
fault. The man who carries a roll of  
bills around with him, these days, or  
stores them away in some unthinkable  
place at home, has something wrong  
with his upper story. A chartered bank  
is the only safe place to keep cash, and  
even then the hold-up man sometimes  
gets in his work, but that does not affect  
the depositor. A man said to the Gazette  
last: "I came near having to pay an ac-  
count over the second time this week  
because I paid in cash, and from this  
time on I shall pay only by cheque."  
This was a wise resolution, and will like-  
ly save him many a dollar in the future.  
A cancelled cheque is a receipt for money  
paid, so that if an account is paid by  
cheque, and one gets no other receipt,  
there is no court in the land will ask you  
to pay the amount over again.

Everything considered, payment by  
cheque is the safer method, besides if  
the hold-up man gets you he will have to  
be satisfied with a few coins, instead of  
a fat bank roll, if you have made the  
bank your treasurer.

License Inspector White, accom-  
panied by Prov. Officer Brady, paid a  
visit to Teeswater last Thursday. As a  
result of their visit Lambertus of Tees-  
water appeared in Police Court here the  
following day before Magistrates Tolton  
and Richardson and was fined \$400 and  
costs for having liquor elsewhere than in  
a private house.—Telescope.

### Fine Property for Sale.

Jacob J. Huber is offering his fine 13  
acre property on Absalom Street, east,  
Mildmay, for sale at a reasonable price.  
On the premises are a fine brick house,  
and splendid bank barn, with water sup-  
ply tank, and other improvements. A  
splendid opportunity to secure a handy  
property.

### Farm For Sale

95 acres more or less, all under culti-  
vation, being Lot 10, Con. 14, Carrick.  
On premises are a good brick house and  
kitchen, good bank barn 54 x 72, driving  
shed 24 x 40, henhouse 12 x 24, good  
spring creek and good well, about 2 1/2  
miles from Walkerton and 4 miles from  
Mildmay. Schoolhouse on farm, and  
grist mill close by. Apply on premises,  
or write John Smith, Walkerton.

# KNECHTEL'S February Real Value Sale Knechtel's Big February Slash in Prices

Our values are irresistible for quality merchandise. That's why trade is get-  
ting better every day. We can get you as good values now as you possibly will be  
able to get anytime this year. We have buried Mr. High Price; let Mr. Low Price  
show you how he can make things hum.

## CLEARING PRICES

on all rubbers regard-  
less of cost

Mens heavy, reg up to 4.00  
for - 2.95  
Reg 4.50 to 5.50 for - 3.45  
12 inch leather top rubbers,  
reg 6 75 for - 4.95  
Boys heavy rubbers, prices up  
to 3.50 for - 2.45  
Youth's clearing at - 1.67

## Mens Pure Wool Underwear

Reg 3.50 for - 2.63  
Reg 2.00 for - 1.59  
Fleeced reg 1.50 for - 95c

## Flour and Feed Try a sack of Maple Leaf Flour

The high-grade product of Han-  
over's Modern Flour Mills  
Special prices on Bran and  
Shorts in ton lots.



## Shoes and Rubbers

We have slashed prices so deep that we  
cut all the profit out and then some. Let us  
show you these real values.

5.35

buys Mens Heavy Shoes in brown or black  
dress shoes. Ladies mahogany or black bal.  
Also Dong. Cushion soles shoes. All values  
up to 7.50 a pair.

3.95

buys Misses' or boys heavy or fine shoes in  
tan or black.

New Silks  
and Serges  
at  
Rockbottom  
Prices

You cannot beat this  
anywhere

Fourteen Only  
Men and Young  
Men's Overcoats

In the latest styles, former  
prices up to 35.00, now all one  
price—

19.95

Boys Coats - - - 7.95 up

Ready-made  
Suits only 19.95

Only limited quantity at this  
price.

Made-to-measure Suits at re-  
markable prices—  
25.00 and up

Boys Suits

to suit the lads, at prices to  
suit the dads.

Only 6.95 up

# KNECHTEL & KNECHTEL

## Hard Up

You are not hard up when your purse  
is flat

And your trousers frayed like an old  
door mat

You are not hard up when your bills fall  
due

And you haven't a shilling to see you  
through

You are not hard up till you see the day  
That you haven't a cheerful word to say

You are not hard up when your coin is  
gone

And you whistle a tune as you journey  
on

You may walk the streets while others  
rise

And your pockets have not but hands  
inside

That's not being broke you may depend  
For you're not hard up while you have a  
friend.

But you are hard up in sorry way  
If you haven't a cheerful word to say

If nothing on earth appeals to you  
And you can't see charm in the skies of  
blue;

And you are hard up if you've reached  
the end,

And can say in truth that you have no  
friend.

## Fall Fairs Need Attractions.

It was generally confessed at the  
meeting of the Ontario Association of  
Fall Fairs and Exhibitions that some  
legitimate amusements would have to be  
furnished if it was desired to draw all the  
young people from the towns and coun-  
try to the fairs. Several of the men at-  
tending the meeting asked for sugges-  
tions as to the best shows to procure for  
this purpose. Mr. J. Lockie Wilson, the  
Superintendent, promised to try to find  
out what shows there were that would  
be available and at the same time con-  
form to the high standard set by the As-  
sociation. If this is done there will be a  
list on call that should help to solve the  
difficulty.

Apparently the day of the gambler at  
fairs is past, for a resolution was passed  
to appoint a special constables to pre-  
vent the admittance or operation of any  
of the different classes of fairs who  
have been infesting country fairs in the  
past. Mr. Wilson stated that if there  
are any fairs operating on the grounds  
the Board of Directors will be held re-  
sponsible and the fair will lose its grant  
from the Government.

## Jos. Kunkel

.. Mildmay ..

Agent for the Hoag Oil  
Engine, cheapest power  
known. Six-horsepower  
Engine, can be run for  
37 cents per day.

## Cockshutt Farm Implements

Litter Carriers, Wooden  
Silos, Cutting Boxes,  
Windmills, Weigh Scales,  
Cream Separators, Brant-  
ford Roofing.

Call and get prices be-  
fore purchasing elsewhere.

## Oak Leaf Pure Manitoba Flour

## Pride of Ontario Blended Flour

Our plant is pronounced  
by experts to have no su-  
perior in Western Ontario  
and will stand behind our  
flour. We have a first-  
class miller in charge, and  
we are now able to guar-  
antee a perfect article.  
We ask a trial baking, and  
you will be convinced.

E. Witter & Co.

## Are you a Man or Woman

Brave enough to Face the Future?  
Big enough to Assume a Responsibility?  
Far-seeing enough to Prepare for Misfortune?  
Ambitious enough to Increase your Estate Immed-  
iately?  
Patriotic enough to Provide for your Own?  
Energetic enough to be Making a Good Livelihood?  
Healthy enough to pass a Medical Examination?

Then clip this advertise-  
ment. Fill in the coupon  
and send to—

S. C. Cooper, Inspector,  
Northern Life Assurance Co.  
Box A, Mildmay Gazette Office

Name .....  
Address .....  
Date born..... day of .....  
in the year.....

# The Gazette Clubbing List

Gazette and Rural Canada.....	\$2 50
Gazette and Daily Globe .....	6 75
Gazette and Daily World .....	5 75
Gazette and Family Herald & Weekly Star.....	8 20
Gazette and Toronto Weekly Sun.....	3 25
Gazette and Toronto Daily Star.....	5 75
Gazette and Daily Mail & Empire.....	6 75
Gazette and Farmers' Advocate.....	3 50
Gazette and Canadian Countryman.....	3 00
Gazette and Farm & Dairy.....	2 30
Gazette and Daily Advertiser (morning).....	6 75

# The coming Referendum

Vote and Vote "Yes!" on April 18

THE Ontario Temperance Act as a war-time measure was an unqualified success.

On October 25, 1919, the people of Ontario voted by an overwhelming majority in favor of the permanent continuance of the Ontario Temperance Act, prohibiting the sale of intoxicating beverages.

## The "Bootlegger" Must Go

On December 31, 1920, came the repeal of the Federal Order-in-Council—which was also a war-time measure—prohibiting importation, manufacture and export of intoxicating beverages.

Thus it became possible for individuals in prohibition provinces to import liquors for consumption in the home; thus the "bootlegger" is able to offer the same for sale contrary to law, and thus the expressed will of the people in this province is being defeated.

## Importation Must Cease

Everything that applied in the last vote against the sale of intoxicating beverages within this province applies equally to the use of them, and their importation for beverage purposes should also be prohibited.

Hence arose necessity for further legislation and another Referendum.

Shall the Importation and the bringing of intoxicating liquors into the Province be Prohibited?

YES!

Ontario Referendum Committee

# FREE Trial for 3 Days

Right In Your Home!

Come to our store right away—select an Amberola phonograph and a dozen records—and we'll deliver them promptly to your home for a 3 days' FREE trial which will not cost you a cent or place you under any obligation to buy! How can we afford to do this? Because

## EDISON'S NEW DIAMOND AMBEROLA

is the world's greatest phonograph value and will meet any test, where "talking machines" and ordinary phonographs fail. If the Free Trial convinces you, we'll let you own the Amberola on practically your own terms! Hurry right down to our store for this Free Trial or you may have to wait your turn.

J. F. SCHUETT  
Dealer

## Auction Sale OF Shorthorn Cattle

at Walkerton on Tuesday, March 1

Under the auspices of Bruce Breeders' Club

23 Choice Bulls  
6 Young Heifers  
2 Mature Cows

This is a consignment of breeding cattle seldom equalled in individual merit or worth of pedigree.

Bulls are old enough for service. All animals are inspected and are considered right in every respect.

All animals offered will be shown on day of sale at 12:30 p.m. Sale commences at 1 p.m. sharp.

Write Secretary for Catalogue

W. A. TOLTON, Walkerton,  
President

C. Lamont, Walkerton,  
Secretary

JOHN PURVIS, Auctioneer

Sir Adam Beck has promised to give the farmers hydro. Mr. Beck apparently does not believe in organizing for villages, towns and cities only. He has announced a "broadening out policy," which means that the farmers' homes will be linked up with a beautiful light and power at practically the same cost as towns and villages.

Here is an old story but a good one. A young fellow once went to an older man to ask help in getting away from his village home to the city, and as the older man explained his reasons for requesting the loan, he said, rather pathetically: "You know how it is yourself. There's no opportunity here." To which his senior replied, "Son, you don't need a railway ticket half so much as a pair of spectacles."

Edward Rainey and his wife, who reside a few miles from the town of Red Deer, Alberta, have been arrested and charged with being responsible for the death of Chester Wooley, a 14-year-old boy who worked for them. He died three hours after being removed to the hospital, and he was suffering from a number of small wounds and malnutrition. Indignation ran so high that Rainey's buildings were destroyed by fire and his cattle and animals shot.

The Owen Sound Sun-Times tells of a man buying a pound print of butter in one of the groceries there, and on weighing it after going home found it contained only 13½ ounces. He took it back and exchanged it for a full one. He learned that the grocer had bought several such prints from a maker and sold them without weighing them at the supposed weight. Butter sold on the market is weighed and confiscated if found to be under weight. Butter is high enough for the consumer to expect 16 ounces to the pound.

At the Clifford Garage on Saturday evening, there was considerable experience with gas fumes. Mr. Louis Kreuzer, the owner, was during the evening attending to the gasoline engine which charges the Delco Lighting system for the garage. Late in the evening, his young nephew, Arnold Bruer, came in and shut the door into the engine room, sat down to watch his uncle at the machinery. The closing of the door of the room by the lad caused congregating of gas. Mr. Kreuzer shortly noticed Arnold totally over come and he was just able himself to call for help. The doctor was called over and the lad was removed to the house, where resuscitative measures were taken. While Arnold was being attended to Mr. Kreuzer himself was also slightly affected with the gas and required the doctor's aid. We understand that a few nights previous, Mr. Neeb while working at the same place also had an unpleasant experience with gas suffocation.—Clifford Express.

## Consolidated Schools—Cost and Benefits.

How much more than the present system will the Consolidated School cost? If you are content with the same building, teacher, equipment, and curriculum as at present the Consolidated School costs less. Consolidation is not urged to-day as a means to cheapening education but of bettering it. With that view in mind it will cost more—probably from a third to a half more than the present system. But remember all the special benefits derived both in educational and community life. The self-binder costs more than the cradle or the reaper but no one would go back to these. Neither do those under normal conditions who have once thoroughly tried the Consolidated School go back or want to go back.

What financial assistance will the Government give? According to the Ontario Department of Education the grants are as follows:—

1. \$3,000 towards the cost of building if erected and in operation by Dec. 22nd, 1922.
  2. 80 per cent. of the cost of the building and eight whose value does not exceed 5 per cent. of the total equalized assessment of the area consolidated. 37½ per cent. if between 5 and 10 per cent., but the grant is limited at \$9,000.
  3. An annual grant of 30 per cent. of cost of transportation where such cost does not exceed 8 mills; 37½ per cent. if between 5 and 10 mills; and 45 per cent. above 10 mills.
  4. \$100 toward the salary of each teacher in the Consolidated School who is receiving at least a standard salary.
  5. A grant for purchasing a piano which is payable within three years.
  6. 25 per cent. of the cost of certain other equipment e.g. Agricultural, Domestic Science, Manual training etc. Maximum \$200.
  7. All grants for which the present school sections are eligible will be continued. If seven rural schools consolidated the township grants would be paid on the basis of the seven rural schools.
  8. If the community decides to build a Community Hall in connection with the School—the Hall is usually built above the school—the grant will be 25 per cent. of the additional cost. This is provided according to the Community Hall Act, of 1919.
- But how about the blocking of the roads in winter? This difficulty which

at first appears formidable, has never yet proved a serious difficulty even for the schools in Northern Ontario and further west. During one year in Manitoba under average conditions there were 23 Consolidated schools with 61 vans which reported only 22 trips missed in one year. An average of one trip per school in the year. At Hudson in Northern Ontario, where the winter roads are as bad as anywhere in Ontario, for the winter of 1921-22 not one trip was missed. Their routes are 6 miles long. One stormy day recently 100 per cent. were present whereas in a nearby school only 40 per cent. were present because of the storm.

A commercial traveller, a thrifty fellow got married and, deciding to kill two birds with one stone, took his wife with him over the districts he worked, for her honeymoon trip.

On the way he couldn't help boasting to her of how well he was known on the road.

"Why," he ended up one brilliant oration on his popularity "at the Bean and Barnacle, at Little Mith, they not only always reserve a place for me, but, knowing how I like honey they invariably put a plate of it on my table, even when it is not on the bill of fare."

Arrived at the Bean and Barnacle, the commercial man discovered to his chagrin that for some inexplicable reason his honey had been forgotten.

"Waiter," he said crossly, "where is my honey?"

"She left last week, sir" said the waiter.

"Listening In."

Inquisitiveness was the cause of one of the first sins of man, and from the Advertising Notice to South Bruce Telephone Subscribers. It would appear the same old sin is rampant.

Perhaps the parties using the line have no objection to the listener knowing the subject of their conversation, but is there a man or woman living who desires anyone to gain this knowledge by stealth? A most despicable habit on the phone, and one which is punishable by a fine and the right to deprive the listener of his phone service. If you find the line busy immediately hang-up, other parties using the phone who have sensitive ears can tell when there is a listener and some day somebody is going to invent a trap to catch the guilty. Don't let it be you.—Teeswater News.

## IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF BRUCE.

In the matter of the estate of Lewis Meyer, late of the Township of Carleton Place, in the county of Bruce, (widower) deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Section 66, Chapter 181, R. S. O., that all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said Lewis Meyer, deceased, who died on or about the 23rd day of December, A. D., 1920 are required to send by post, prepaid or deliver to the undersigned executor, John Kunkel and Alex Meyer on or before the 15th day of March A. D., 1921, their claims and addresses and addresses with full particulars in writing of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the security (if any), held by them, duly verified by statutory declaration.

And take notice that after the said 15th day of March 1921 A. D., the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

Alex Meyer } Executors  
John Kunkel }  
Dated at Formosa this 15th day of February A. D. 1921.

## Auction Sale

Auction sale of live stock and implements. There will be sold by public auction at the premises of the undersigned, Lot 10, Con. 18, Garrick, on Wednesday, March 2nd:—

- Brood mare, 2 yrs old in foal, 1 mare 9 yrs old, 1 mare 10 yrs old, 1 horse 11 yrs old, 1 cow with calf at foot, 2 fresh cows 1 cow, due to calve Mar. 1, heifer, due to calve Mar. 15, heifer, due to calve Aug. 27, 2 farrow cows, 4 steers rising 2 yrs old, 2 heifers rising 2 yrs old, 2 steers rising 1 yr old, 2 heifers rising 1 yr old, 2 calves 9 mos old, 2 calves two mos old, eleven Oxford Down ewes, brood sow, due Feb 20, 8 store pigs, 50 Plymouth Rock hens, Massey Harris binder, Massey H drill, 18 hoe Disc harrow, Frost & Wood mower, new, International Hayloadeer, new, Peter Hamilton cultivator, Sylvester steel roller, disc harrow 4 sec harrow, 4 walking plows, gang plow, turnip sower, root pulper, scuffer, 2 wagons, 2 hayracks, bobbleigh, cutter, light sleigh, cutting box, 4000 lb stock scale, horsepower, jack, fanning mill, 2 buggies, carriage, 1000 ft elm lumber, 45 cedar posts, hayfork, slings and rope, new DeLaval cream separator, 2 sets team harness, single harness, single express harness, 2 sets plow harness, 400 bus of roots, 800 bus of oats, 100 bus barley, 20 tons hay, cook range, heater, sideboard, forks, shovels, logging chains and many other articles.
- Sale to commence at 1 o'clock sharp.  
Terms of Sale:—Hay, Grain, Roots and all sums of \$10 and under, Cash. Over that amount 10 months credit will be given on approved joint notes, or 4 per cent. discount for cash.
- John & Jos. McPhail  
Proprietors
- Geo. Purvis  
Auctioneer.

## The New Grocery Store

The Public will find the goods of all kinds fresh and of the best quality. We keep nothing but the best.

Also a full line of flour, such as Five Roses, Banner White Seal, Hydro, Oak Leaf, and also Feed, Bran, Midds, Low-Grade—Mixed Chop, Oil Cake, Molasses Meal, Cotton Seed Meal, Dr. Hess and Pratt's Stock Tonics and Poultry Food. All these stock feeds guaranteed.

Cash paid for Butter and Eggs. Bring your Dried Apples

### GEO. LAMBERT.

Flour, Feed and Groceries

Mildmay - Ontario

Phone 36

## A Good Place To Buy Clothes

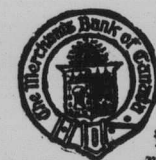
Absolute Satisfaction goes with every Suit or Overcoat that leaves our Store. Every Customer means one more man who passes the word around that MISSERE'S is a Good Place to Buy Clothes.

THEY ARE WELL TAILORED CLOTHES WELL NALUED

Leave your order here for your next Suit or Overcoat, and let us prove this to you.

T. A. MISSERE, - MILD MAY  
TAILOR AND GENT' FURNISHER.

## Don't Invite a Burglar



to steal your money, by keeping it in the house. It costs nothing to deposit money in The Merchants Bank where it is safe from loss. More than this, the Bank will pay you interest for taking care of it. Why risk losing money by fire or theft, when a Savings Account in this Bank will protect it?

## THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal, Established 1864.  
MILDMAY BRANCH,  
HANOVER BRANCH,  
WALKERTON BRANCH.  
A. C. WELK, Manager.  
H. W. BRITTON, Manager.  
W. A. BURROWS, Manager.



## A Man is just as Young and Strong as his Blood

No man can fight the battles of life and hold his own if his blood is not pure, for rich, red blood is what strength is based upon. When you see a strong, vigorous man, who never knows when he is licked, you may wager that such a man has coursing through his veins rich, red blood. Many people have thin, pale blood. They are weak, tire easily, become discouraged quickly, and sometimes feel like giving up the struggle. Such folks need Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which is sold by druggists in liquid or tablet form.

Send 10 cents to Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package of the tablets.  
NIAAGARA FALLS, ONT.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery at times for the past three years with wonderful results, and I take great pleasure in saying a word to boost the cause of 'Freedom from Illness,' which is quite fatiguing and injurious to the system, but since taking the 'Discovery' business has no drawback for me. Three cheers for Doctor Pierce's medicine!"—WILLIAM H. DEMPSEY, JR., 32 Bridge Street.

A wife gave her husband a sealed letter, begging him not to open it till he got to his office. When he did so he read:

## "The Bloomin' Old Rag Overhead"

A SMALL Union Jack ripped amid the tree tops. There seemed something quaint about it, a rag, won't be downhearted spirit, when you heard its history. A doctor at the Muskegon Free Hospital for Consumptives was talking. "The rag thing is, it's young and girls, TB, attacks usually—those who make the best Canadianians, because they're ambitious. See that rag? The fellows in that pavilion were determined to have a flag. Each contributed the little he could. They got the flag, but, poor chaps, they're disappointed—it's so tiny."

Yes, tiny up among the towering pines, but definitely proclaiming "What we have we'll hold." And in the cot beneath, lids, weak and ill, but battling for health, lids whose precious pennies bought "the rag overhead," are echoing its dauntless spirit—"What life we have we'll hold." Lads worth saving surely!

Contributions may be sent to Sir William Gage, 14 Spadina Avenue, Toronto, or to Geo. A. Reid, Treasurer, 223 College Street, Toronto.

"I am forced to tell you something that I know will trouble you, but it is my duty to do so. I am determined you shall know it, let the result be what it may. I have known for a week that it was coming, but have kept it to myself until today, when it has reached a crisis and I cannot keep it any longer. You must not censure me too harshly. I do hope it won't crush you. I do not believe it will."

His hair was slowly rising and his heart beating faster. Then he turned the page and read:

"The coal is all used up! Please call and ask for some to be sent home this afternoon, I thought by this method you would not forget it."

# Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

## Buying Nursery Stock

Because of the high cost of nursery stock it seems that plantings have been reduced during the past few years. Many small fruit gardens have not been started. Some orchards have not been filled in where trees have died. Commercial orchards have not expanded as might have been the case if nursery stock had been cheaper.

At least some of the nursery companies are quoting stock at reduced prices. It will now pay the farmer to obtain catalogs and recent price lists and make at least some plans for increased plantings of first-class fruit. It pays to deal with reliable nurserymen who advertise in good farm papers. This is safer than buying of brokers who do not raise their own stock.

Tree agents are often criticized because of the poor quality of their stock. But an agent for a firm of known reliability is worthy of patronage. We should not fail to remember that many beautiful shrubs, profitable berry patches and thrifty orchard trees are growing now on farms where they would never have been planted had it not been for the persistent efforts of some nursery stock agent. Some of the agents may have sold poor varieties. But let us give the good ones a little credit for their work.

Nurserymen as a whole are very honest men who are in the business because they love fruit and flowers and like to deal in such products. They like to give satisfaction and do so in a large majority of cases. They know that their beautiful and expensive catalogs will not bring orders and repeat orders if they have the name of sending out poor quality stock that is not true to name.

Many of the offenses charged against nurserymen are due to carelessness on the part of the buyer. Possibly they may cover and expose the roots of trees so they dry out. Then some of the trees die and it is blamed on the nurseryman. Sometimes the name tags are left on trees until the trees strangle. When live stock get in a young orchard and trim the leaves from young growing trees, it leaves a tax on the strength of those trees and many of them may die.

Trees that are carelessly planted may fall to thrive. Some seasons are more favorable to tree growth than others. The value of nursery stock cannot be determined at the time of sale and this makes the purchase uncertain and gives a chance for future misunderstandings. Several years after trees have been planted the fruit may prove untrue to name. Often this is due to mistakes in the nursery. Sometimes it is the buyer's fault. He may forget what he ordered or forget which trees he planted in a certain plot. He may send only a small order in co-operation with a neighbor. They may divide the trees hurriedly without carefully studying the tags and each grower may plant the wrong variety.

It is difficult to tell the variety of fruit a young tree will produce by the appearance of a young tree and

only experienced fruit growers and nurserymen are able to tell and they might occasionally be mistaken. The inexperienced buyer has to place all trust in the nurseryman at the time of sale and for several years afterward. It is not surprising that a few mistakes occur. It is a wonder that so many buyers of trees have such good luck as they do.

In buying nursery stock it pays to know the varieties of commercial importance which have succeeded in the neighborhood. Do not pick out your nursery stock entirely from the fine pictures that appear in the catalogs. The nurseryman and the experimental station can afford to make variety tests. The farmer can only do it on a very small scale. Even that does not pay unless there is time for experimenting and a deep interest in obtaining first-hand information.

Nursery companies are always presenting new varieties to the public and often wonderful claims are made. Sometimes the new varieties which were so loudly praised ten years ago will seldom be heard of now. It simply means that they didn't make good. But the old standard varieties are still for sale and proving fairly profitable whenever planted. Every once in a while a new fruit proves of unusual value and good enough to partially replace some older variety. Information about such fruits can usually be obtained from the experimental station. They have facilities for knowing how certain fruits are turning out and may be able to tell more about them than the nursery catalogs.

The farmer who expects to order nursery stock of certain new varieties should plan, if possible, to visit a practical grower who already has fruit of that variety in bearing. A very short visit will bring out points about growing, packing and marketing that variety of fruit which will prove useful information.

In the modern nursery every possible effort is made to keep the buds and scions carefully separated. The trees from which they come are carefully marked as to variety. It gives the buyer of nursery stock a large measure of safety. In the future growers may not be sorry if they make a few additional plantings of standard varieties during the coming spring.

## Dwarf Apple Trees.

Dwarf apples are O.K. for the man who wants fruit in a hurry. But the trees are more expensive and more trees are needed to the acre. The yield per tree is less than for standard trees, but the acre yield is not so much reduced as you might expect. If dwarf trees are set too low, the scions will throw out roots, and the trees will no longer be dwarfs. You have to keep these roots cut off.

The best proposition is to use dwarf trees for fillers, to bear before the standard trees are old enough. The dwarfs have to be cut out when the other trees begin to crowd them.

The man with a small acreage can well afford to buy dwarfs. I have seen several good-paying orchards.

## Convenient Sanding Block.

It is impossible to use a piece of sandpaper efficiently with the hand, or to use it in connection with a block and attempt to keep it in place by hand. Shop workers will therefore welcome the sanding block suggested.

A slot is simply chiseled out in an ordinary block of convenient size and a strip of lath or wood is fitted into it. Sandpaper is then wrapped about the block with the free ends extending into the slot and the strip is screwed in place in the slot. This will draw the paper taut and a perfect sanding block will be the result. The sandpaper can be changed when necessary. For sandpapering floors, a handle may be hinged to such a block.

## HIDES-WOOL-FURS

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## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

FERRUARY 27TH

Rewards of Faithfulness, St. Matt. 25: 14-30. Golden Text—St. Matt. 25: 23.

Time and Place—Tuesday, April 4, A.D. 29; Mount of Olives. Connecting Links—The Parable of the Talents is part of the same discourse as that of the Ten Virgins whose teaching it supplements. There is work to be done in the time of waiting for Christ's return, and even the least talented are responsible for the use of their powers and opportunities.

**The Trusts, 14, 15.**

V. 14. For; links the lesson with v. 13, which describes the suddenness and unexpectedness of Christ's coming. We are now to be told of something that will happen when He comes. The kingdom of heaven; literally, "it is." The parable pictures the way in which the Lord, when He comes again, will deal with his servants. Travelling into a far country; about to go abroad, perhaps on some trading enterprise. Travelling was difficult in those days; and it was necessary, therefore, to entrust someone with the management of his money. Called his own servants; slaves, personally his absolute property, so that whatever they made was necessarily his. So Jesus Himself would soon depart for heaven, leaving His disciples to spread the gospel for the saving of the world. Henceforth they would not see Him with the bodily eye, though He would still really be with them. Delivered; not as their property, but as trust to be used for their own advantage. His goods; his capital. He divided his money amongst carefully selected servants; that is, slaves; with the idea that they would do their best to increase it. This was not unusual in the ancient East.

V. 15. Five talents... two... one. The talent was a weight, not a coin. A talent of silver was worth \$1,200. Several abilities. The master judged each slave's capacity, and entrusted him with means proportionately. All, however, were regarded as trustworthy, and more or less capable. Even one talent was a very considerable sum at a time when the average day's wage was about 17¢. Took his journey. This ends the account of the owner's action.

### II. Trading, 16-18.

Va. 16-18. Straightway (Rev. Ver.); in the Authorized Version placed in v. 15. The word denotes the zeal of the trader. He lost no time in seeking opportunities to increase his master's money. One per cent. increase. The trading must have extended over a long time if this gain was legitimate. The man with two talents was equally industrious and equally successful. Dugged in the earth; a common way in ancient times of keeping money safely. Hid his lord's money. He was not dishonest, but indolent and timid. His action was safe, but not profitable. The owner could have hid the money for himself.

**III. The Reckoning, 19-30.**

V. 19. A long time. Since the parable deals with the Lord's coming, the expression implies that it will be delayed for a long time. In the story of the parable a long delay was necessary to give time for the trading to accomplish its results. Reckoneth with them; has a reckoning or settlement with them, that master and servant may each receive the stipulated share of the profits.

Vs. 20, 21. Five talents... five more. "The first servant gives his report; bringing five and five, he presents them to the owner." Behold; as if inviting the owner to satisfy himself by counting. He does not praise himself but lets the facts speak for him. Well done. The master bestows the well-merited praise. Good; highly efficient and morally deserving of praise. Faithful; loyal to his trust, to the interests of his master. Over a few things; few compared with what were about to be entrusted to him. Ruler over many things. Faithfulness in the use of our opportunities, whether large or small, results in more and larger opportunities. Enter... joy of thy lord. The joy which the lord possesses, the spiritual joy of the realized kingdom, the climax of blessedness.

V. 22. Well done. The second servant receives precisely the same praise and reward as the first. His abilities were not so great, but his goodness (devotion) and fidelity were equal to those of the first servant. He was not responsible to his master for his native endowments, or lack of endowments, but for a diligent and faithful use of his opportunities. He, too, receives promotion. Note, in the case of the two faithful servants, that the diligent use of natural abilities increases those abilities, and thus brings fitness for higher, nobler service.

Vs. 24, 25. Came and said. He anticipated his lord's condemnation. An hard man; an inhuman-tyrant, grasping, selfish, actuated wholly by self-interest and using his advantage to squeeze the utmost possible out of others. The falseness of this stands out after the words to the other two servants. Reaping where thou hast not sown; taking a selfish advantage of the toil of others. Gathering where thou hast not strawed; that is, scattered with the fan as on an Eastern threshing floor. The produce of his servant's labor he takes for himself. All work, no pay. The master is a robber, enriching himself at the expense of others. I was afraid. His fear was that he might lose the talent if he traded with it. Thou hast that is thine. He forgot that the earning power of the talent, as well as the talent, belonged to the master.

literally, "with offspring." It is a figurative word for interest or multiplication. Banking was a very ancient occupation. The talent from him, a gift which is not used passes from its possessor. This is true in the physical, commercial, intellectual and moral sphere. Unto him which hath ten. The energetic worker secures the chances that are lost by the idle.

Vs. 29, 30. Every one that hath... shall have abundance. This is the law of the "multiplying power of capital." It holds in religion as well as in business. Unprofitable servant; that is, useless. There is no place in this world, or in the kingdom, for the useless man; his place is in the outer darkness. And the man who neglects his opportunities in any realm—business, letters, religion—soon finds himself "out of it" in the outer darkness.

### Application.

The parable of the talents was meant to encourage those who were slenderly endowed, not to lose heart because the kingdom was delayed. While this was its general purpose, a number of other suggestions lie on the surface.

1. There is inequality of endowment, or, what Paul calls "diversity of gifts." The danger of people who talk much about "democracy" is that they overlook this fact, and the necessity of specially qualified leadership. Even Gorky has turned against Lenin and Trotsky in Russia, because they have slaughtered so many of the intellectual leaders of the nation. They want to reduce all to a dead level. This is the fallacy of much present day agitation also. The facts are as indicated in the parable—a great variety of endowment. One has the gifts of Lloyd George, the other of Foch, the other of the obscure, but worthy school teacher in a Ruthenian settlement in the West.

2. Although there is diversity of gifts there is the same reward for faithfulness. The condemnation of the "lord" was the same—further responsibility. This has been called by one writer, the "law of increasing returns." Just as we save money by thrift, and interest becomes compounded, so our knowledge and faith grow by being used.

3. We hold everything in trust. No man can say, "I can do as I like with my own wealth, my own voice, or strength." We owe all we have to the world, and God entrusts us with it; we are stewards in business, education, politics, as well as in religion.

4. The temptation of the poorly equipped man is to evade responsibility and do nothing on the plea that he is utterly insignificant. The eye is a small member of the body, but if it is blinded, what a difference is made to all of life! The folk who have only "one talent" and do not improve it, or regard it as a sacred trust, are like the drones among the bees. It is said that the working bees have to feed the drones, but when the summer season is closing they turn them out of the hive to die, or else imprison them or sting them to death. They are cast into the outer darkness. Because they would not work, they must perish.

5. The unused talent was taken from the faithless employee. In like manner, any gift which we refuse to exercise will droop and starve and finally die.

## C-Poultry

A cellar is usually considered the best location for an incubator. But any vacant room will be satisfactory if it has some ventilation and the family will co-operate by walking quietly about the house and not banging doors. Incubator thermometers often require so much observation that it takes many trips down the cellar stairs to keep the machine regulated. Many poultrymen and women have avoided that work and brought out good hatches by running the incubator in the kitchen.

Of course, an incubator cannot be located near a stove as the temperature of the outside air will have a direct influence on the air in the machine. In some homes when an incubator has been in the kitchen they have discontinued using the kitchen stove for three weeks and used an oil stove for cooking. Then the house is heated by a furnace or stoves in another room and it is possible to keep the kitchen heat uniform enough so that the incubator can be fairly well regulated.

Buyers of hatching egg boxes can save money by purchasing them in quantities and ordering early so shipment can be by freight. Nothing is gained trying to ship hatching eggs without proper packages. It takes too much time to make home-made packages and the breakage will be large if they are made wrong. One setting of eggs sells for enough to buy about a dozen or more packages and it takes only a few minutes to pack and address a commercial container.

Never try to hatch eggs that have been chilled. It is a waste of eggs and time. When saving eggs for hatching they must be gathered frequently and stored where they will not be too cold nor too hot. A temperature of about fifty degrees Fahrenheit seems the most satisfactory. Even then eggs for hatching should be stored no longer than necessary as the fresher the eggs the better they are apt to hatch.

ISSUE No. 8—21.

When your grocer sells you a package of Red Rose Tea (Crimson Label) at 30 cents he makes a little less profit than if he sold you a package of cheaper tea. The extra price is all in the quality.

## JACK'S HEIFER

It surely was hard, writes a correspondent, that Jack's heifer should be killed, too, when the railway had paid us so small a part of the value of all the other stock that it had killed before. In the spring we had lost a handsome colt that had seemed certain to grow into a handsome horse. Forty dollars was all the railway gave us for the colt, and while our claim was pending it had killed a promising young cow. But all other losses were as nothing compared with the loss of Jack's heifer.

Poor little Jack, his grief was pitiful. I thought and thought about the matter. At last, more because I wanted to give the children something to do than because I expected any favorable result, I told them to go down to the Hawthorn tree and write to the president of the railway; perhaps he would see that Jack got something like the value of the dead heifer. So off they went, Fannie taking the paper and the pencil, Helen silent and sorrowful, and little Bob, scarcely understanding what it all meant, walking beside Jack. That was election day in town, and we were all so busy that I forgot about the letter. I was startled, therefore, when the children said that they had written and mailed it. They showed me a copy of it. It read:

"Dear Mr. President. Won't you please make the railway pay me for my cow that the train has just killed? Oh, but she was a beauty, and I wouldn't have taken a thousand dollars for her. This was how I got her. When I was a little boy I had \$2.50 that I had earned one way and another; so I bought a pig with it; she was a daisy, too. One would eat anything you'd give her, for we tried her on everything—even on burnt ginger cake. When she got to be well grown, what do you think she did? She went and ate up a whole flock of little turkeys and was about to begin on the old hen; but father caught her at it and said she must surely die. It was just about hog-killing time; so he gave me \$15.00. I forgot to say she had some little pigs of her own. Anyway, they killed her. When I got my \$15.00—oh, but I forgot; I never got it in money, for father said I had better have some more stock. So he gave me the nicest heifer you ever laid your eyes on. She was a real Jersey, and we called her Step-and-fetch-it, because she could step round so lively. We children fed her every day till she was as fat as butter. So after a while she got to be most a cow, and the railway ran over her. Now, Mr. President, please excuse this long letter. And, Mr. President, won't you make

your railway pay me for my cow? My father's name is John C. Case.

"Your affectionate friend,  
"Jack C. Case.

"P.S. We children all saw it. She jumped up in the air at least twenty feet, and when she came down she was dead. We saved her horns."

"What a letter to send to the president of a railway!" I thought with a gasp. I did not tell my husband. What was the use? We should probably never hear of it again.

But two weeks afterwards we stopped at the post office on the way to prayer meeting and got one letter that so aroused my husband's curiosity that he felt obliged to open it on the church steps.

"What does this mean?" he asked. I picked up from the steps a slip of paper that he had dropped, and my husband read part of the letter aloud:

"Dear Mr. Case. In consequence of a very interesting letter received from your son and read at a meeting of the board, we have decided to pay you a larger sum than is customary for the loss of your Jersey heifer."

The slip of paper that I had picked up was a cheque for \$75.00 payable to our Jack!

## Seven Tractor Reasons.

There are many advantages in the use of a farm tractor.

1. It does work when it should be done.
2. The tractor only consumes what it does work.
3. The number of teams may be reduced.
4. One man handles more horsepower.
5. It will do belt work; saves man labor.
6. It will work any length of time on the hottest day.
7. Tractors are adapted in size to any sized farm, etc.

The great disadvantage in the use of the tractor is the lack of competent operators.

How about the herd boy? Get him out in a good-sized yard, away from the rest of the herd. Remember he is half of the breeding-power of the herd, and that his influence on the profits for the year amounts to more than that of any one sow.

These are just the days when the government bulletins are interesting. A man I know who is around among other farmers a good deal says he seldom sees a government bulletin in one of these homes. And yet, there are many bulletins, all full of good suggestions, to be had simply by writing to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. Write and ask for a list of government publications for farmers, and then make selections from the titles given.

## Home Made Bread

Home made bread is without doubt the cheapest and most healthful food that can be produced for human consumption. It is the most completely digested solid food in the world, over 90% of it being transformed into health and strength. It yields nearly twice as much nourishment as rice or potatoes, and is ten times as nourishing as an equal value of meat. No bread is more truly wholesome or more perfectly satisfactory than that baked at home in which Royal Yeast Cakes are used.

Scientists have discovered a new and truly wonderful use for Royal Yeast Cakes. Physicians are prescribing it with remarkable success for conditions attributed to poor blood conditions. Soak a cake of Royal Yeast for half an hour in a cup of luke-warm water with one teaspoon sugar. Then stir well and strain once or twice through muslin and drink the liquid. BETTER results will be obtained by allowing it to soak over night and drinking half an hour before breakfast. Repeat as often as desired. Send name and address for free booklet entitled "Royal Yeast for Better Health."

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# CANADA ENTERS CLAIM FOR BILLION DOLLARS AGAINST GERMANY

Reparations Do Not Include Losses Involved in Sinking of Ships Which is Included in British Claim—Largest Constituent of Claim is Amount Expended by Canada Pensions Board.

A despatch from London says:—The total amount of Canada's claim for reparations against Germany, with the exception of losses involved in the sinking of ships, which are included in the British total, has been forwarded to the Reparations Commission by the Canadian Government. When the marine losses are added, Canada's claim will amount in all to about one billion dollars. This enormous sum, however, is not regarded as a practical figure, inasmuch as it will be but one of the items in the "moral" damages due from Germany, rather than the actual amount recoverable under the peace conference settlement. Its largest constituent is the amount paid out, or to be paid out, by the Canada Pensions Board, which, as capitalized, is assessed at slightly over five hundred millions of dollars. For separation allowance another hundred million dollars has been added. A third item is the charge for the expenses of the Canadian portion of the army of occupation. This is a definite figure, but not a large one, as the Canadian troops remained on the Rhine for only a few months.

The Canadian marine losses, as already stated, are not separately mentioned in the Dominion Government's statement, being included in the British total of over seven hundred million pounds. It would appear that

a considerable difficulty may later develop over the apportionment of the sums recovered from Germany under this head.

This money is not to be paid over to the companies which owned the lost ships, since they were reimbursed by the payment of the insurance, nor to the insurance companies, since they profited from the war premiums, but will become the property of the taxpayers and to be used by the respective governments of the Mother Country and the Dominions for public expenditures. The difficulty, which promises to arise is over, the question of vessels owned in one part of the Empire and registered in another. In the case of the Canadian Pacific vessels, for instance, which are owned in Canada but registered in Great Britain, the contention advanced here is that reparation should be made to the country of registry rather than to the country of ownership, especially as so much C.P.R. stock is held in the United Kingdom. This is a view which will scarcely be popular in Canada.

How Canada and the other parts of the Empire are to share in the twenty-two per cent. of the total German payment for reparation which Great Britain is to receive has not yet been decided. This will probably be a subject for discussion and decision by the Conference of Premiers in London in June.



NOW ALL TOGETHER—HEAVE HO, MY HEARTIES!

### Large vs. Small Universities.

Much is said and written about the advantages of the small university, about students being "lost in the mass" in a large university. But to this, as to all questions, there are two sides. A little consideration makes clear to the thoughtful citizen that, even in a large university, classes cannot be large, for classrooms usually accommodate not more than forty students. And a large university is not just one large building—it consists of a great number of buildings which are called colleges, or which house different faculties or departments. Really, a large university is a collection of colleges; that is, it is a group of smaller universities bound together in a common interest, a common name, and a common esprit de corps. Hence, any advantage which a small university possesses is possessed also by the large university.

Besides, if university education is a preparation for life in the world should not-university life approximate its general characteristics to the life of the world. The youth who is trained in the large university learns to compete with the best, he learns to know all types of human nature. And

who succeeds like the man or woman who really studies and knows human nature—that most fascinating of all studies? In the large university the student brushes shoulders with the keenest intellects there are, he learns to take his place among men, he learns something of the occupations and aims of others of his kind. Here are prospective engineers, journalists mingling with budding doctors and lawyers, teachers with foresters, dentists, contact kills narrow provincialism and is, in itself, one of the best phases of a liberal education. To go out into life with general knowledge thus obtained, with the prestige of a degree from an immense institution, is to go out equipped par excellence for a successful career.

The little daughter of an author had often watched her father inscribe his compliments on the fly-leaf of copies of his books for presentation to friends. She bought a Bible for her mother as a birthday gift. What better than to do what daddy always does? So she wrote her little dedication as follows: "With the author's compliments."

### Weekly Market Report

Toronto.  
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.94 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.91 1/2; No. 3 Northern, \$1.87 1/2; No. 4 wheat, \$1.82 1/2.  
Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 49 3/4; No. 3 CW, 45 1/2; extra No. 1 feed, 45 1/2; No. 1 feed, 43 3/4; No. 2 feed, 40 1/2.  
Manitoba barley—No quotations received yesterday.  
All of the above in store at Fort William.  
American corn—95c, nominal, track, Toronto, prompt shipment.  
Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 47 to 49c; Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, \$1.93 to \$1.98 per car lot; No. 2 Spring, \$1.83 to \$1.88; No. 2 Goose wheat, \$1.75 to \$1.88, shipping points, according to freight.  
Barley—\$5 to 90c, according to freight outside.  
Buckwheat—No. 3, 95c to \$1, nominal.  
Rye—No. 3, \$1.60 to \$1.65, nominal, according to freight outside.  
Manitoba flour—\$10.70, bulk, sea-board.  
Ontario flour—\$8.50, bulk, sea-board, Milled—Delivered. Montreal freight, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$38.40; shorts, per ton, \$37 to \$38; good feed flour, \$2.50 to \$2.75 per bag.  
Cheese—New, large, 30 to 31c; twins, 31 to 32c; triplets, 31 1/2 to 32 1/2c; old, large, 32 to 35c; do, twins, 32 1/2 to 35 1/2c.  
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 49 to 50c; creamery, No. 1, 55 to 59c; fresh, 58 to 61c.  
Eggs—29 to 35c.  
Margarine—51 to 58c.  
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bus., \$3.75 to \$4; primes, \$3 to \$3.50; Japans, 8c; Limas, Madagascar, 10 1/4c; California Limas, 12 1/2c.  
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$3.40 to \$3.50; per 5 imp. gals., \$3.25 to \$3.40. Maple sugar, lb., 20 to 25c.  
Honey—60 and 30-lb. tins, 22 to 24c

per lb.; Ontario comb honey, at \$7.50 per 15-section case; 5 1/2-2 1/2-lb. tins, 23 to 25c per lb.  
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 40 to 41c; heavy, 37 to 39c; cooked, 53 to 57c; rolls, \$2 to 3c; cottage rolls, 35 to 36c; breakfast bacon, 45 to 49c; fancy breakfast bacon, 53 to 56c; backs, plain, bone in, 49 to 54c; boneless, 55 to 59c.  
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 27 to 28c; clear bellies, 26 to 27c.  
Lard—Pure, tierces, 21 1/2 to 22c; tubs, 22 1/2 to 23 1/2c; pails, 22 to 23c; prints, 23 to 24c. Shortening, 14 to 14 1/2c; tubs, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2c; pails, 16 1/2 to 18c; prints, 16 to 17c.  
Good heavy steers, \$9 to \$10; butcher steers, choice, \$8.50 to \$9.50; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, med., \$6.50 to \$7.50; do, med., \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$4 to \$6.50; butchers cows, choice, \$8 to \$9; do, med., \$6 to \$7; canners and cutters, \$3.50 to \$4; butcher bulls, good, \$6 to \$8; do, fair, \$5.50 to \$6; do, com., \$4 to \$5; feeders, good, 900 lbs., \$7 to \$8; do, 800 lbs., \$6.50 to \$7; milkers and springers, choice, \$10 to \$15; calves, choice, \$15 to \$16; do, med., \$12 to \$14; do, com., \$5 to \$10; lambs, \$11 to \$12; sheep, choice, \$5 to \$7; do, heavy and bucks, \$4 to \$5; do, yearlings, \$10 to \$10.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$13.75; do, off cars, \$14; do, f.o.b., \$12.75; do, to the farmer, \$12.50.  
Montreal.  
Oats, No. 2 CW, 69c; No. 3 CW, 65c. Flour, Man. Spring wheat rolls, 35 to 36c; \$10.70. Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., \$3.40. Bran, \$3.25. Shorts, \$3.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$26 to \$27.  
Cheese, finest easterns, 27 to 27 1/2c. Butter, choicest creamery, 53 1/2 to 54c. Eggs, fresh, 54c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, 95c.  
Med. cows and heifers, \$6.50 to \$7.50; canners, \$8; bulls, \$5 to \$6.50. Good veal, \$14 to \$16; med., \$12 to \$13. Lambs, good, \$12.50; com., \$8 to \$7. Hogs, select, \$16; sows, \$12.

### ALLIES TO RENEW TRADE RELATIONS WITH SOVIET RUSSIA

Krassin, the Bolshevist Envoy, is Returning to London to Resume Negotiations, While Another Soviet Mission Will Discuss Matters With Italy.

A despatch from Washington, D.C., says:—The Allied Powers are once more preparing to renew trade relations with Russia, according to diplomatic advices received here by the State Department. Great Britain is expected to be first to show the way, while Italy will likely follow suit. Recent cable advices from Japan were to the effect that that country would act in consonance with the course taken by the European powers. The probability that differences in the way of reopening trade relations would be smoothed out was indicated by the information received recently that Leonid Krassin, the Bolshevist envoy, who negotiated the preliminary trade agreement between Britain and Russia, had left Moscow for London to resume negotiations,

while another Soviet mission was leaving Moscow to discuss the same question with Italy.

International problems dealing with the Near and Far East are involved in the negotiations which Krassin will conduct. The trade agreement which he is anxious to make, if accepted, would bind the Soviet Government to stop its propaganda work in the East. The trade agreement which Krassin negotiated with Lloyd George was taken by him to Moscow, where the Bolshevist leaders accepted the agreement in the main, but objected to its binding agreement that Bolshevist propaganda among the countries of the Near East stop. It is believed, however, the Bolshevists will find a way of reaching an agreement with the British, according to the view of Washington officials.

### New Taxes Announced by Ontario Government

Two-mill tax on all real estate transfers.  
One-quarter of one per cent. tax on all bank reserve funds.  
Extension of amusement tax to billiard parlors and pool rooms.  
Railway taxation increased from \$25 to \$40 per mile.  
Increased taxes under Mining Tax Act.  
Estimated Increased Revenue:  
Property tax ..... \$ 250,000  
Bank reserve fund tax 450,000  
Billiard Parlor tax ... 280,000  
Railway tax ..... 420,000  
Mining Act tax ..... 100,000  
Total increase ..... \$1,500,000

### Premier Smuts's Victory.

The victory over the secessionists won in the South African election by Premier Smuts is more than a triumph for a man who has been called the ablest citizen of the British Empire. It is a success for the empire itself, a notable registration in favor of the unity of the nation.  
Premier Smuts is one of the remarkable men of the age. His work in England during the war revealed to all who were not acquainted with South African affairs a man of astonishing strength of character, pertinacity of purpose and industry. He made a deep impression on the Peace Conference, in which his opinions were given with a freedom and clarity unusual among diplomats.  
By his success in the South African election Premier Smuts takes his place among the statesmen whose political power has survived participation in the Peace Conference, a company small in number and distinguished in power, and in the gallery of those who have served the British Empire well in peace and in war.

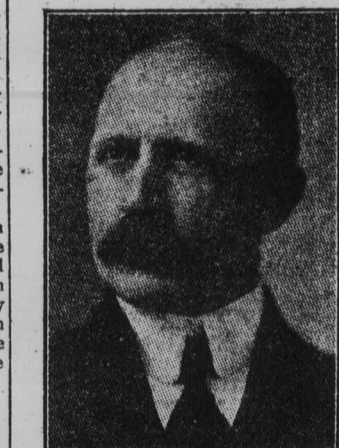
### When Brides Were Smacked.

The antiquity of the custom of throwing old shoes at weddings may be realized by reference to the Old Testament, where we find that, when the brother of a dead man refused to marry the latter's widow, she indicated her independence by "loosing his shoe."  
This, coupled with the fact that it was the custom of savage nations to carry off brides by violence—a proceeding naturally followed by the casting of missiles of various kinds—proves that the connection between old shoes and marriage dates back almost to the dawn of history.  
In fact, Urquhart, in his "Pillars of Hercules," states: "At a Jewish marriage I was standing beside the bridegroom when the bride entered. As she crossed the threshold he stooped down, slipped off his shoe, and struck her with the heel on the nape of the neck. I at once saw the interpretation of the passage in Scripture respecting the transfer of the shoe to another. The slipper, being taken off indoors, is at hand to administer correction. Hence it is used as a sign of the obedience of the wife and the supremacy of the husband."

### BLACK AND TANS CAPTURE FIFTEEN

Members of "Irish Republican Army" Digging Trenches Near Dunmanway.

A despatch from Cork says:—Black and Tans surprised and captured fifteen members of the "Irish Republican Army" who were digging trenches near Dunmanway, County Cork, on Wednesday night.  
A despatch from Dublin says:—An attempt was made by incendiaries to destroy the Earl of Kenmare's house at Charleville, north of Cork on Thursday. Considerable damage was done to two rooms on the ground floor by an explosion.  
There still has been no solution of the escape of Frank Teeling and two other prisoners from the Kilmainham jail. An official communication says a military court has investigated the affair, and that as a result of the facts ascertained disciplinary action is contemplated against certain persons who are believed to have been responsible for the men escaping.  
The matter is still under consideration, it is added, and further details cannot be given at the present time.



Speaker of the British Columbia Legislature, William Mansson who has been appointed Speaker by the Legislature. Mrs. Ralph Smith declined the appointment.

### Airplane Police For French Frontier

A despatch from Paris says:—The French Government is establishing several airplane squadrons to guard the frontier.  
These squadrons will be known as the "customs police," and will aid the customs authorities in enforcing the revenue laws. They will be under the direction and command of the police authorities, however, and will be utilized whenever necessary to chase fugitives from justice.  
The aged Sultan of Jokjakarta, Java, one of the two powerful and wealthy potentates of the Dutch East Indies, has decided to abdicate in favor of his eldest son, the Crown Prince of Jokjakarta, who has been trained in European ways in Holland.



Smuts the Diplomat. Premier of the Union of South Africa, who states that he intends asking General Hertzog, his Nationalist and unsuccessful rival, to the next Imperial Conference.

### INDIAN ASSEMBLY EXPRESSES LOYALTY

Desires to Maintain Empire Relations on Basis of Equal Partnership.

A despatch from Delhi, British India, says:—The Legislative Assembly at a four hours' debate on Thursday adopted a resolution, firstly, affirming that the relations between India and the British Empire be maintained on a basis of equal partnership and complete racial equality; secondly, regretting the application of martial law by the administration of the Punjab—this being calculated to deeply wound the self-respect of the Indians—and, thirdly, damage compensations for the families of Amritsar victims on the same scale as Europeans.  
A clause asking for the punishment of various officers was withdrawn.

### London University Appoints Woman to Chair

A despatch from London says:—The London University Senate has appointed Miss Anne Louise McIlroy to the University chair of obstetrics and gynaecology at the London School of Medicine for Women. Miss McIlroy was educated at the Universities of Glasgow, London, Berlin, Vienna and Paris.

Early opening of navigation on the Great Lakes is predicted.

### LEAGUE COUNCIL MEETS AT PARIS

Probably Twelve Days Will be Required to Deal With Important Questions.

A despatch from Paris says:—Next week's meeting, which will be the first held by the Council of the League of Nations since the assembly's adjournment at Geneva on Dec. 17 last, will be attended by Leon Bourgeois, the Foreign Minister for France; A. J. Balfour, Lord President of the Council for Great Britain; Viscount Ishii, ambassador at Paris for Japan; Paul Hymans, former president of the Council for Belgium; Count Jose Quinones de Leon, ambassador at Paris for Spain; Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister at London for China, and an Italian delegate who has not yet been named.  
As presiding officer, Senor da Cunha has the distinction of being the first non-European to hold that office. With seventeen separate items already inscribed in its agenda, the Council will be called upon to take decisions more important than any hitherto recorded. Ambassador da Cunha estimates that twelve days will be required to deal adequately with the numerous complicated questions before the League.

### Stefansson's Services Acknowledged by Dominion

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The Privy Council of Canada has issued a formal vote of thanks to Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the Arctic explorer, acknowledging on behalf of the Canadian Government the service which Mr. Stefansson has rendered the nation in exploring uncharted Canadian lands. The statement observes that in three expeditions in the last eleven years the explorer "has added greatly to our knowledge of lands already known to exist and has discovered lands of large area previously unknown, thereby extending the boundaries of Canada."  
Mr. John Stanfield, Colchester, N. S., has been appointed to the Senatorship left vacant by the death of Senator William Dennis, of Halifax, N.S.  
Mr. John A. Macdonald, President of the Amherst Piano Company, has been appointed to fill the vacancy left by the death of Senator Peter McSweeney of Moncton, N.B.  
The Great War caused 70,000,000 men to be mobilized; of these 30,000,000 were wounded, and 9,000,000 killed.

### REGLAR FELLERS—By Gene Byrnes



# The Best Proof We Have

That we get pretty close to what's right in the Grocery line is that so many of the experienced house-keepers remain our constant customers.

That couldn't happen if we didn't have things about as they ought to be.

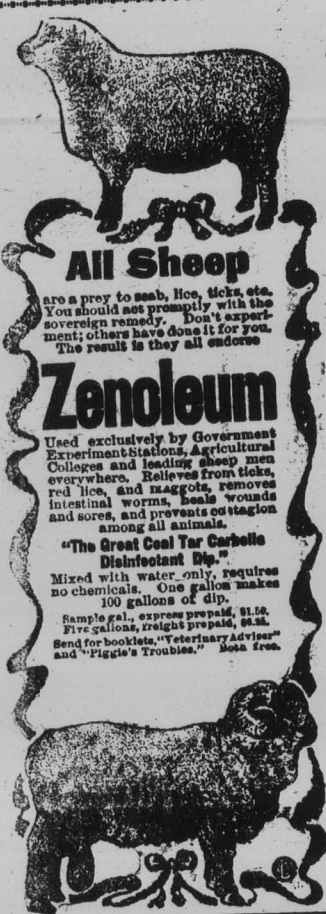
No store could have a better recommend than a steadily growing list of customers.

We do not suppose that the people of your home are a bit harder to please than the others that we serve with perfect satisfaction.

Then why not let us please you, too?

Prices are too unstable at present to quote. We watch the markets closely and our prices are at once reduced to the new level as soon as a change takes place.

At the Sign of the Star  
The Store of Quality  
**J. N. Schefter**



## Royal Purple International Herbageum

Stock Specifics

All Sheep

are a prey to scab, lice, ticks, etc. You should not presume to try the sovereign remedy. Don't experiment; others have done it for you. The results is they all endorse

### Zenoleum

Used exclusively by Government Experiment Stations, Agricultural Colleges and leading sheep men everywhere. Relieves from ticks, red lice, and maggots, removes intestinal worms, heals wounds and sores, and prevents contagion among all animals.

"The Great Coal Tar Carbolic Disinfectant Etc."

Mixed with water, only, requires no chemicals. One gallon makes 100 gallons of dip.

Sample gal., express prepaid, \$1.50. Five gallons, freight prepaid, \$8.25. Send for booklets, "Veterinary Adviser" and "Figgie's Troubles." Best free.

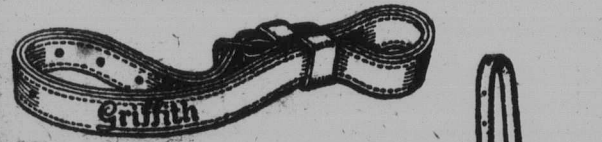
- .....COMPRISING.....
- Horse Specific
  - Hog Specific
  - Poultry Specific
  - Worm Powders
  - Cough Cure
  - Distemper Cure
  - Heave Cure
  - Colic Cure
  - Roup Cure
  - Kow Cure
  - Louse Killer
  - Lithol Disinfectant

We have a complete stock of the above line.

- Molasses Meal
- Oil Cake
- Calf Meal
- Oyster Shell
- Etc., Etc.

## Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

### From Chrome Leather A Horsepower Hame Strap



### Griffith Halters

These two articles are made from chrome leather, the strongest, toughest leather known. They will not harden with sweat or water. They have great strength and wearing qualities that will more than please you. May we show you our fine selection of halters and harness.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch, Mildmay  
Dentinger & Beingsessner, Formosa!

### Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph J. Fedy, late of the Township of Culross, in the County of Bruce, Retired Merchant, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Section 56, Chapter 121 R.S.O. 1914 that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the Estate of the said Joseph J. Fedy who died on or about the fifteenth day of November A.D. 1920 at the Township of Culross aforesaid, are required, on or before the fifteenth day of March A.D. 1921, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Alexander Fedy, Mildmay, P.O. or B. Beingsessner, Formosa, P.O., the executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their christian and surnames, their addresses, and full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts and the nature of their security (if any) held by them.

And take further notice that after such last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

Dated at Formosa this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1921.  
Alexander Fedy, Executors  
B. Beingsessner

### ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Dr. Bicknell of Toronto is here this week looking after the practise of Dr. T. A. Carpenter.

Farm For Sale.  
Philip Hoffarth is offering his farm of 65 acres, more or less, being Lot 20, Con. C. Carrick, for sale on very fair terms. There is on the premises a good house and barn, driving shed, drilled well and spring, seven acres of fall wheat and good young maple bush. Best reasons for selling.

Farm for Sale.  
100 acres of choice clay loam, 75 of which are under cultivation. Frame house, driving shed, hen house and barn. Concrete stables, water bowls and litter carrier. One-half mile to church, school and village. Rural mail and telephone. Will sell cheap. Apply to W. H. Lowry, R. R. No. 1, Wroxeter, Ont. 21

Auction Sale.  
Chas. Waechter of Formosa, who is giving up farming on account of ill health, will hold an auction sale of farm stock and implements on Monday, March 7th. John Purvis will conduct the sale.

Photos Enlarged.  
J. F. Schuett has made arrangements with one of the best photo firms in Canada. So if you want any pictures enlarged please give us a trial, we guarantee satisfaction.

### S. SIDERSON

Mildmay  
I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay the highest prices. Call up Bell Phone 38, and I will call on you.  
Satisfactory dealing guaranteed.

## Helwig's Weekly Store News...

# February Clearing Specials

To-day's Question: Are Prices Coming Down?

Yes. They ARE Down.

READ THE FOLLOWING LIST OF SPECIALS:

- One yard wide Flannelette, striped Pink and Blue good medium weight, price was up to 50c, now **29c**
- One yard wide Flannelette, striped Pink and Blue, also dark colors, heavy weight cloth, was 60c now **39c**
- 34" in. wide pure white Flannelette, comes in nice, even weave, soft finish, price was up to 55c, now **35c**
- Best Quality of Ticking, feather proof and feather twill, price on this cloth went up to 1.00, now **65c**
- Boys' bloomer Suits, made from good quality Tweeds, Prices up to 15.00, now **\$8 95**

Boys' First Lo g Pant Suits, Fancy dark tweeds, with belt. Sizes 32 to 34, reg \$20, now **12.95**

Young Men's, also Men's Suits, just a few left of these. Prices up to \$35.00. Now **17.95**

Men's Heavy Lumberman Rubbers, in Lace and Buckle. Regular Prices up to \$5.00. Now **2.50**

Best indigo blue Shirting for Men's and Boys' wear, prices were up to 65c on this cloth. Now **39c**

BOYS' HEAVY LACE RUBBERS, ALL SIZES, NOW **\$1.95**

MEN'S AND BOYS' MEDIUM WEIGHT CAPS, FOR **99c**

# HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

# ONE DOLLAR SALE

A STRAIGHT CUT TO LOWER PRICES. REGULAR PRICES ON EVERYTHING IN STOCK GREATLY REDUCED. THIS ONE DOLLAR SALE IS REALLY A REMARKABLE OFFERING. THIS DOLLAR SALE WILL ROUSE PEOPLE TO QUICK ACTION. TAKE ADVANTAGE!

Prints. Light and dark patterns, in stripes and floral, good choice reg 40 to 50c yd Special 4 yds for 1.00	Mens Black Socks Woollen, reg. 1.50 per pair Special per pr 1.00	Gold Sealed Baking Powder Put up in quart jars, reg 60c Special 35c	25 lbs Flour Free With this assortment
Ginghams Latest patterns for dresses, reg 60c yd Special 3 1-2 yds for 1.00	Mens Work Socks Grey, reg 50c to 75c per pr Special 3 pr for 1.00	Comfort Soap 11 bars 1.00 Oatmeal 20 lbs 1.00 Tapioca 8 lbs 1.00 Butch Pepper 3 1-2 lb 1.00 Palmolive Soap 11 for 1.00 Pork & Beans 8 for 1.00 Green Tea 2 1-2 lbs 1.00 Black Tea 4 lbs 1.00 Coffee 3 pkgs 1.00 Starch 10 pkgs 1.00 Bonnie Bright 12 pkg 1.00 Drudge 12 pkgs 1.00 Wyandotte 12 pkgs 1.00 Peas 6 cans 1.00 Corn 6 cans 1.00 Tomatoes 6 cans 1.00 Brooms, reg \$1.25 for 95c 90c for 65c	1 can Catsup 25c 2 Ammonia 20c 2 Drudge 30c 2 Bonnie Bright 30c 2 Wyandotte 30c 2 Laundry Soap 25c 1 pkg Pancake Flour 25c 1 tin Crisco 35c 1 can Fruit 30c 2 cans Salmon 60c 2 cans Pork & Beans 30c 1 bottle Catsup 15c 1 bottle Vanilla 15c 1 pkg Starch 35c 1 tumbler Bak Powder 15c 1 pkg Raisins 30c 1 can Peas 25c 1 can Corn 25c 1 can Tomatoes 25c 2 pkg Wonderwash 30c 1 pkg Bak-Alrite 10c 1 pkg Soda 20c 1 tin Melonac 10c 1 toilet Soap 10c
Flannelettes Light and dark patterns, one yard wide reg 60c yd Special 3 yds for 1.00	Mens Ties & Braces Reg 1 50 to 2 00 Spec 1.00	Salt Prices 100 lbs 1.00 4.50 for 500 lbs 8.50 for 1000 lbs	Regular Price 6 60 SPECIAL 5 00 YOU SAVE 1 60
Curtain Scrims Regular 50c to 60c yd Special 3 1-2 yds for 1.00	Mens Work Shirts Reg 2.50, 3.00 and 3.50 Special 1.50, 2.00 and 2.50	Mens Sweaters Reg 2.50 to 3.00 Spec 1.15 Reg 3.00 to 4.00 Spec 1.65	
Ladies Fur Sets Regular \$25 to \$35 Special 19.00 Set	Mens Work Pants Heavy Grey, a genuine bargain, reg 9 00 Special, half price 4.50		

TERMS: Cash or Produce

# WEILER BROS.