

43RD YEAR NO. 17859

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COMMERCIAL GIRLS WON DRILL SECOND YEAR IN SUCCESSION

Contest Was the Feature at the Public School Picnic—8,000 People at Springbank—Not Single Mishap.

Six thousand kiddies at Springbank! And four thousand teachers and parents with them. These made up the ten thousand people who yesterday took in the schools picnic, and who made the outing one of the best in the history of such affairs.

Chairman Strong and the members of the board of education were the happiest of smiles. Several times during the day they had sessions of the blues, for the rain fell in such quantities as to threaten to bring the big picnic to an abrupt and inglorious close.

But though the weather man teased the thousands of merry-makers at the most inopportune times, he played fair on the whole, and favored the outing with the finest kind of weather in the later hours of the afternoon and the evening.

Rain Cut No Ice.

The rain in the morning did not keep the crowds away. Every trolley was loaded to capacity, and this year the street railway people were compelled to use two more cars than a year ago. And for the excellent service provided, Manager King earned the hearty thanks of Chairman Strong. When the crowds arrived at the park, they began to unpack hampers, but they only got nicely started when rain began to fall, and they hurriedly stowed their goodies away and made a bee-line for shelter.

A goodly part of the morning was thus spent in a game of hide-and-seek, with the rain, until about noon the weather cleared. Then the jollification down the river commenced in earnest.

Good Old Pavilion.

With improved weather, the trolleys were taxed to the limit to carry the crowds. Everybody seemed assured that the rain was over, and Springbank was the destination of every Londoner who could get away from the city.

But the end was not yet—that is, the wet end. About 1:30, rain began to fall in sufficient quantities to put a damper on the picnickers. The chairman of the different divisions undertook to carry out the programme, and the children and their elders stood gamely by the programme until they were finally forced to beat a hasty retreat for the pavilion. For an hour the rain lasted, and during that time thousands of people were wedged like sardines in the pavilion and the dance hall.

Sports Carried Out.

The sports committee carried out its programme, however, and with the first let-up in the shower, the people were again on the lawn to view the different events. And all afternoon and evening the crowd enjoyed itself immensely, and gave untold pleasure to the men behind the guns, who had worked so diligently for two weeks to make the picnic a success.

The Twenty-sixth Regiment Band covered itself with glory, and won thousands of friends, young and old, yesterday. The men appeared in natty new blue uniforms, and they were a credit to Bandmaster Pococke, and to their regiment. The splendid playing

of the band attracted widespread attention, and the generosity of the organization in playing almost continuously for four hours, won the goodwill of everybody. Though many numbers were applauded, it is probable that the rendition of the catchy score of the "Isle of Spice," proved the favorite with the people.

A Generous Act.

As usual, Ex-Mayor Little treated the children. He sent down a tonne load of bananas, 6,000 in all, and each child who came to the stand was treated. Needless to say the scholars had many words of praise for the Colonel.

Chairman Strong had two men patrol the river bank all day and during the evening, in case any of the children should fall into the stream. Quite a number of the picnickers indulged in paddling, and the lookouts kept a sharp eye on them. Mothers were especially grateful to Mr. Strong for this wise precaution.

Chairman Gammage, Westervelt, Tillman, English, McCormick, Teasdale and Fitzgerald, of the different divisions, share with Chairman Strong in the credit for the great success of the picnic. Though the affair was a decided success, it is quite probable that a couple of thousand more people would have gone down the river in the evening had it not been for the rain of the morning and afternoon, which somewhat affected people who would have liked to have spent a couple of hours at the park on a dry night.

No Accidents.

Beyond one very slight accident to a little girl, no untoward incidents were reported. This speaks volumes for the care taken of the children by the trustees, principals and teachers, and also for the care exercised by the employees of the London street railway. Chief Williams and several of his men were on the grounds. As the crowd was a very good-natured and orderly, the services of the guardians of the peace were not in great demand.

The Drill Competition.

The chief event of the day was the competitive drill of the girls of the Collegiate Institute. The young ladies were in charge of Miss Gregory, their instructor, who put them through intricate movements in a way which won thunderous applause from the thousands of spectators. The judges were Bandmaster Slater, of the Seventh Regiment, Aid. Gillean and Aid. Booth. This year, as last, the prize went to the girls of the commercial department of the Collegiate.

Three companies were entered. They were composed of girls from Grades 5 and 4 of the general; Grade 3, of the general, and the commercial girls. It was a difficult job to pick the winners, and the judges found it necessary to compel the young ladies of Grades 5 and 4 and the commercial girls to go through the drill a second time, in order to award the prize.

A Pretty Sight.

Grades 5 and 4 were the first to compete. They were misses of the college type. They looked natty and winning in dresses of white with the swaggar (Continued on Page Five.)



AT THE BIG SCHOOLS PICNIC AT SPRINGBANK—THE GIRLS' DRILL. CORPS OF THE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE GROUPED FOR THE ADVERTISER.

HOUSE TO ADHERE TO SUNDAY BILL

Some Modifications of Measure To Be Made, However.

MANY AMENDMENTS PROPOSED

Sunday Papers Prohibited—Premier Defends Bill, While Bourassa Attacks.

Ottawa, June 20.—The House of Commons today gave unmistakable evidence of the intention to adhere to the principle of the bill for securing better observance of the Lord's Day. Sir Wilfrid Laurier early in the debate laid down in clear and definite language the necessity and advantages, upon Christian and humanitarian grounds, of a day of rest for workers. While adhering firmly to the principle of the bill, which had been approved by the leaders of all Christian denominations, Sir Wilfrid intimated that some modification of the clause dealing with the opening of parks on Sunday might be advisable. A few amendments, suggested by the Minister of Justice were the only changes which met with the approval of the members of the House, although a strenuous fight was offered by British Columbia members for the retention of the present custom of publishing morning papers on Sunday and not on Monday morning. The House refused to open the door, and with equal firmness refused to allow work on Monday morning papers to commence before 8 a.m. on Sunday. The clause permitting the delivery of ice on Sunday was stricken out. The majority of the sub-sections specifying exemptions from prohibition of labor on Sunday were adopted. The clause which is designed to permit the operation of coal mines and other industries which would suffer by the entire closing down on Sunday was held over for the purpose of endeavoring to redraft a clause which would be acceptable to the conflicting interests.

Mr. Aylesworth Explains. Mr. Aylesworth, in response to Mr. Bourassa's question, explained the bill. He said the question had been thoroughly considered by the special committee who had heard the interested parties and had reported the bill in its present form. The minister of justice said that Christianity was recognized as a constituent part of the law of Canada, as it had been the law of the British empire. There had been for years in Canada and in British legislation making certain acts on the Lord's Day offenses against the law. Mr. Aylesworth then glanced over some features of the bill and noted the conflict over transportation interests.

Col. Tisdale asked if the bill would interfere with street railways and tramways now operated on Sunday. Mr. Aylesworth replied that he proposed to amend the bill to provide that it would not interfere with them where Continued on Page Three.

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CONSERVATIVE CENSURE

Leeds and Grenville Council Roast the Whitney Government.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Brookville, June 21.—At the meeting of the county council of Leeds and Grenville, the committee on education, in their report, which was unanimously adopted, strongly condemned the Whitney Government for abolishing model schools. A majority of the council are Conservatives.

STRIKING DEMONSTRATION

Funeral of the Late Premier Sedden at Wellington, N. Z.

Wellington, N. Z., June 21.—The funeral of Premier Sedden, who died suddenly on a steamer while on his way from Sydney to New Zealand, took place here today, and was a striking demonstration of public grief. An enormous number of people followed the hearse on foot to the grave, through streets packed with spectators from all parts of the colony. The day was observed as a general holiday throughout New Zealand.

WALES WELCOMED BY NORWEGIANS

Is Representing Britain at the Coronation of Their New King.

Trondhjem, June 21.—The arrival and reception of the special embassies from Great Britain and France, headed by the Prince and Princess of Wales, which was made the occasion of a patriotic demonstration. The baby crown prince has taken a wonderful hold upon the hearts of the Norwegian people, and, if he retains his place, he will be one of the world's most popular monarchs when he comes to the throne. The fleet in the harbor is growing rapidly and presents a gala appearance, the vessels being freely draped with gay bunting.

The remaining special embassies, including Prince Henry of Prussia, will arrive here today, when the final preparations for the coronation will be completed.

The Swedish minister at Christiania finds it convenient to have urgent private business requiring his presence at home. However, the incident seemingly is proving not at all disturbing.

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SERIOUS MUTINY AT SEVASTOPOL

The Malcontents for a Time Held the Fort.

ARTILLERYMEN REBELLIOUS

The Loyal Regiments of Infantry Disarmed Them—Morale of Army Shaken.

St. Petersburg, June 21, 11:50 a.m.—A serious mutiny, which for a time threatened to place the fortress of Sevastopol in possession of the mutineers, was suppressed yesterday, according to a special dispatch to the Novoe Vremya. The mutiny was started by a battalion of fortress artillery, which declined to obey orders, whereupon the men were promptly disarmed. Two other battalions then mutinied, and took possession of the guns in the north shore batteries, but on the appearance of several loyal regiments of infantry, the mutineers abandoned the idea of fighting, and returned to their barracks.

Gen. Nebeloff, commander of the fortress of Sevastopol, is represented to be greatly concerned about the temper of the sailors, as well as the soldiers of the fortress.

That the morale of the whole army is being shaken by the revolutionary propaganda is proved by the continual extension of the rebellious outbreaks among the troops. It appears to be confirmed that the Butchford Regiment at Ryazan has driven out its officers and burned the armory.

Another report says the soldiers deliberately attacked the officers' club at Ryazan, killing one officer and wounding two others. A panic prevails in the town.

Four companies of the Viborg Regiment, stationed in St. Petersburg, have presented demands which were acceded to, and they have now returned to duty.

The soldiers of the notorious Semenovskiy Regiment, whose name became synonymous with repression, owing to the deeds committed by these troops during the Russo-Japanese war, are reported to have held a meeting and to have decided that they can no longer endure the public opprobrium, and must wipe out the stain on the regiment.

The tenderness with which the military authorities are treating these and recurring exhibitions of the mutinous spirit among the troops is sufficient evidence that they fear the entire army is infected.

CRUISE OF THE VIGILANT

Yankee Poachers Not So Plentiful—Fish, Too, Are Scarce.

Port Stanley, June 21.—The Government cruiser Vigilant has arrived here. Captain Dunn, speaking of poachers, said that he had not seen an American fishing boat or net in Canadian waters since the vessel's first voyage early in the spring.

"The fishermen's strike has put a check on the poachers," said the captain. He further said that fish are very scarce along the shores of the lake, but are reported to be plentiful further out.

THE G. T. PACIFIC

Proposal to Make a Shorter Route to Montreal.

Montreal, June 21.—A meeting was held at the board of trade yesterday for the purpose of discussing the proposal to divert the Grand Trunk Pacific branch to Montreal from a more direct route via Joliette.

The shortest route was affirmed, and a delegation was named to go to Ottawa in support of the resolution.

INSTANTLY KILLED

Fatal Accident to Duncan McKellar of Caradoc.

Caradoc, Ont., June 21.—A tragic event occurred last evening on the premises of Mr. A. Campbell, Caradoc. A gang of men were tearing down an old shed, when the building collapsed. Mr. Duncan McKellar, a well-to-do farmer, living on the town line, Lobo and Caradoc, two miles south of Poplar Hill, was instantly killed.

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LIBERALS SWEEP NOVA SCOTIA; CARRY 33 OF THE 38 SEATS

In Two Cases the Conservative Majority Is Doubtful—Every Minister With Portfolio Has Been Elected.

Halifax, June 20.—Nova Scotia is still a bunch of grapes that hangs too high for the Conservative party. For almost a quarter of a century, ever since the short-lived Government of Sir John Thompson went out of power in 1882 Nova Scotia has been safely Liberal in provincial affairs, and in recent years the Opposition has practically been non-existent in the House. In the general election of October, 1901, there were only two Conservatives elected, Mr. Charles Tanner, of Pictou, and Mr. Daniel McLeod, of Cumberland. The need for some more effective Opposition than two in a House of thirty-eight was probably felt even by Premier Murray and his colleagues, and that feeling undoubtedly brought about the increase in the Conservative and independent representation in today's poll.

Carried Thirty-three Seats. The Liberals have carried 33 of the 38 seats in the House of Assembly by substantial majorities. The Conservatives have elected five members, but in two cases the vote is so close that these seats may still be classed as doubtful. The Government elected a supporter in every county in the province, and although the Opposition have apparently gained three seats, the verdict is hailed with the greatest satisfaction by the Liberal party. Every member of the Government holding a portfolio has been elected.

The Premier's Message. Premier Murray wired from North Sydney tonight the following message: "I fully appreciate the overwhelming

renewal of confidence on the part of the electors of Nova Scotia, which the Government has received. I accept this striking verdict of the people as evidence that the record of the Government was in the best interests of the province. It will be my earnest endeavor to continue to administer provincial affairs on broad and progressive lines."

Liberals Elected. Following is a list of the Liberals elected: Annapolis—Bancroft and Daniels, Cape Breton—Gillis and Kendall, Colchester—Pearson and Hill, Cumberland—Pipes and Paul, Digby—Comeau and Gidney, Guysboro—Ellis and Whitmar, Halifax—McPherson, Faulkner and Finn.

Hants—Drysdale, Inverness—McDonald, Lunenburg—Mader and March, King's—Campbell and Dodge, Pictou—McGregor, Richmond—Bissett, Shelburne—Irwin and Nickerson, Yarmouth—Armstrong and Leblanc, Antigonish—Hon. C. P. Chisholm and T. R. Trotter (acclamation), Victoria—Premier Murray and John Morrison (acclamation), the Queen's—Farrell and Cooper (acclamation), Total—33.

Conservatives Elected. Pictou—Tanner and Baillie, Hants—Wilcox, Richmond—Landry, Inverness—McMillan.

TWO BRIDGES ARE NOT STRONG ENOUGH FOR THE HEAVY TRAFFIC

Such Will Be Effect of Expert's Report on L. and P. S. R. Structures.

Mr. Connor, the Toronto bridge expert, and Engineer Moore, yesterday completed their examination of the bridges on the London and Port Stanley Railway. Though no official report has as yet been made, it is understood that Mr. Connor will have something to say to the city this week which will make the L. and P. S. R. board and the Pere Marquette sit up and take notice.

It is stated on excellent authority that it is Mr. Connor's opinion that the bridges over the Thames and at Kettle Creek are not strong enough to stand the heavy traffic now being run over them.

Iron bridges, Mr. Connor points out, are a thing of the past, and they should be replaced by modern steel structures. The expert has also found that the wear and tear of over a quarter of a century has told upon the old bridges. Especially is this the case with the abutments.

The north abutment of the Kettle Creek bridge is in a bad condition, and needs to be repaired without delay. Mr. Connor declares that the Thames River and Kettle Creek bridges were never intended to carry the heavy cars and locomotives of today. The bridges are only light at best. They were all right in their day, but their day has passed.

Mr. Connor will not make an official report until such times as he has gone over the plans of the bridges. This will take him some days.

LORD'S DAY BILL UP IN COMMONS

Amendments Offered Re Saving Crops, Lumbering, Street Railways, Etc.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, June 21.—In the House this morning, replying to Mr. H. B. Ames, the Minister of the Interior stated that the sale of a large tract of land in townships 19 and 20, range 17, and township 20, range 18, west of sixth meridian, British Columbia, has not recently been effected.

Mr. R. L. Borden again called attention to the difficulty experienced by Canadian merchants in getting their goods into Japan upon most favorable terms, to which they were entitled, under treaty with that country.

Hon. Mr. Fisher replied that the difficulty was the result of the Japanese consul-general not having received instructions regarding the form of proof that the goods were of Canadian origin.

The House again went into committee on the bill respecting the Lord's Day. At the request of Mr. Aylesworth, the sub-section exempting Canadian street railway companies of an interprovincial or international character was ordered to stand until clause 16, which permits the provincial act respecting the operation of railways to remain in force, is considered.

Col. Sam Hughes moved a long resolution mentioning a variety of things, which it would be legal to do on Sunday, and asked that the bill be referred back to committee for this purpose. The resolution was declared out of order because they were working in committee.

Mr. Bourassa moved the insertion of two sub-sections, one specifically exempting lumber operations, and other legalizing saving of crops on Sunday. He pleaded that the lumber industry should not be left in an uncertain position of dependence upon a judicial decision; that driving of logs, for instance, was a work of necessity, and that a farmer might not starve if he could not save his hay or other crop on Sunday, it would be a source of serious loss in wet seasons if he could not take advantage of a fine Sunday.

Mr. Roche, Laverne, offered an amendment permitting the carrying on of sugaring in bush on Sunday. Amendments were allowed to stand over.

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33 NEW CASES IN THREE DAYS

Smallpox Is Very Prevalent in Several Western Towns and Cities.

According to reports which have reached this city, there are 40 cases of smallpox in this district.

Chatham, St. Thomas, Wardsville and other places have their hands full. It is alleged that the Government inspector located 33 new cases in three days.

As a consequence, precautions are being exercised to preserve Londoners from the disease.

Medical Health Officer Hutchinson has been warned by Chairman English of the board of health to keep a sharp lookout for suspects, and to take no chances with anybody.

Down the river the new isolation hospital is in readiness should any cases manifest themselves, and a smallpox nurse is always within reach of the board.

The hospital is built of cement brick, with a tin roof and sheet-iron shutters. It is absolutely airtight and for a purpose. If a frame building were erected the members of the board of health fear that someone might burn it to get rid of it. But now, nothing of an inflammable nature is exposed.

Though the hospital has never been used, the people of the district give it a wide berth, and they call it the "pest house."

The term irritates Dr. Hutchinson, who refuses to recognize any other name for it than the isolation hospital.

SEED GROWERS' CONVENTION. Ottawa, June 21.—The third annual convention of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, which opens in Ottawa next week, on June 27, will have a very full programme.

PHILIPPINO BAND ON WILD RAID

Kill or Wound Ten Policemen and Capture Rest of the Force.

Manila, June 21.—A band of 300 Pulajanes, under Ceasario Pastor, attacked the town of Bureau, on the island of Leyte, yesterday. They killed five policemen, wounded five and captured the remainder of the force except the lieutenant who was in command.

Lovers of Good Tea Use

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Because of Its Delicious Flavor

LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. AT ALL GROCERS
HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

TANGLED THREADS

"Well, of course, I can advise you better about this matter after I have seen the suit, but it strikes me that it would be the wisest measure for you."

"I am sure it would," Helen replied, as she arose, and I thank you more than I can express for your kindly interest in my troubles; it has lifted a terrible load from my heart just to talk with you."

She put her hand to him, with an impulse of gratitude, as she spoke, and seemed very lovely, with that earnest look in her brown eyes and the flush of hope mantling her cheeks once more. At least, so thought an unexpecting witness of the scene, as he peered curiously into the room through an aperture in the portieres which separated the library from the reception-room.

Mr. Benyon took the small hand, and stroked it softly.

"Then, have a little more confidence in your friends, Miss Helen—don't forget us again," he smilingly returned. He accompanied her to the door, where he bade her a cheerful adieu, thus sending her on her way with a light heart and buoyant step; then he returned to the library, where he was confronted by a tall, handsome man, with iron-gray hair, but whose face was startlingly pale and drawn from some deep inward emotion.

"Great heavens, Wilton! What is this you say? Are you ill?" cried Mr. Benyon, with a start and look of dismay, as he saw his friend's excited condition.

"No—no—not ill; but that girl's story has upset me completely; of course, I could not fail to hear every word she said, with only those portieres between us."

"Yes, I knew you could not fail to overhear the conversation; but, surely, it need not have disturbed you to such an extent! Do you know Helen Seymour?" Mr. Benyon questioned, with manifest surprise.

"I have met her," replied his companion, with lips that were absolutely colorless.

"John, what is the matter? You are white as a ghost! Sit down, man, and compose yourself," said his host, wheeling a chair toward him, while he studied his face with mingled concern and curiosity.

"Thanks, Benyon," he returned, as he sank into the chair, and wiped the beads of perspiration from his forehead. "I have rather lost my nerve, I own; but you see—I knew the girl's mother years ago; was quite interested in her at one time. Great heavens! to think that she has been reduced to such poverty again, and is so seriously ill, besides!"

"Ah!" was all that Mr. Benyon felt at liberty to reply; but he was beginning to understand some things which had hitherto puzzled him in connection with his friend's sad and lonely life.

"Yes, I suppose I may as well confess to you, old boy—since I have betrayed so much," said John Wilton, after a thoughtful silence, "that, in the long ago, she was the only woman in the world to me. But I can't go into details, even to you, my friend; there was a misunderstanding, and we were estranged—separated."

"Yes, John, I understand," replied Mr. Benyon, in a tone that was tender as a woman's.

"I know something about that property up in the Adirondacks," Mr. Wilton resumed, after another pause, and speaking with more of his accustomed energy. "I was up in that locality last year. I will buy it, Benyon; he went on, with suppressed excitement; "but you, understand, for I could never take the interest on a mortgage from her. Offer them five thousand dollars for it—six—anything you like; the more, the better."

better, only they mustn't suspect who the purchaser is—call me Jones, Smith or Brown, anything you choose. Then, there is that suite they are living in—that was a clever suggestion of yours to sublet. Now, I want a place to stay in, during my frequent visits to the city. Hire it of them, and offer them the money for it as you think will do, without arousing their suspicions that any interested party is concerned. Only, being a single man, I'd like to have some one there to keep the place in order for me, and feed me when I'm in town. Suppose, they will know of some one—anyhow, the matter is up to you. They can have all the money they need at once, and get that sick woman into the country without delay. I give you carte blanche, and you know money is no object to me—I have no one to spend it on, save myself," he concluded moodily.

CHAPTER XXVII

"Yes, old friend, I am sure I understand what you want, and you may trust me to do the best to carry out your wishes," Mr. Benyon observed, with a feeling of deep sympathy, for he saw that the man was greatly unnerved. "It will prove a godsend, too, to Mrs. Seymour and her daughter, for I could see that the girl was almost desperate when she came to me. Mrs. Seymour is a beautiful woman, both in person and character, and, Wilton, perhaps—"

"Don't!" interposed his guest, throwing out his hand, with a despairing gesture. "The past is past for us, and there is no hope there for me—that I know."

"Pardon me, John; I should have known better than to meddle," said Mr. Benyon apologetically; "but we must have known the Seymour for a long time; my Hattie and Helen were schoolmates, and very fond of each other. Helen is a lovely and talented girl—indeed, both she and her mother are in the circle of the four hundred. They used to have a very handsome apartment on —th street, elegantly furnished, too; but they must have become very much reduced to have had to leave it, where they are going for the summer."

"Well, go ahead with this business—settle it tonight, if possible. I'll take possession of the flat as soon as they can get out, and pay the rent in advance. If you cannot draw up the deed for the cottage this evening—provided they are willing to sell it—just give them five hundred dollars, to bind the bargain, so that they can have plenty of money to meet the exigencies of their case; and—find out, if you can, where they are going for the summer."

"All right; I will obey your directions to the letter, if I can," returned his friend, adding, as he glanced at his watch: "And now, I think we had better have our interrupted drive in the park."

"Very well; I'd like to get out where I can breathe more freely," said Mr. Benyon, smiling his chest, as if he were oppressed by crushing weight; "but," he added, "I'm mighty glad we were not gone when she came."

Mr. Benyon did not respond, but touched an electric button, to summon a "patent," he said to the man who presently appeared, "we are ready for the carriage now; order it to the door right away."

Five minutes later, the elegant turnout, with coachman and footman in liveries, and containing the two old college chums and lifelong friends, was rolling uptown toward Central Park.

That same evening, about 8 o'clock, Mr. Benyon presented himself in Mrs. Seymour's modest but tastefully furnished apartment, and greeted her with the same cordial courtesy that he would have accorded one of the "four hundred," with whom he was accustomed to mingle.

He was greatly shocked, although he was careful to conceal the fact, at the change in Mrs. Seymour, and feared that his assistance had been solicited too late to be of any practical benefit to her.

Both Helen and her mother were reduced almost to the verge of tears when he informed them of his unexpected success in finding an immediate purchaser for their cottage.

"Mr. Jones knows all about property in that region," he quietly observed, when they expressed their surprise, in view of the price that had been offered them—five thousand five hundred dollars, and was very glad to secure the place, and claims that it is sure to rise in value."

"Oh, what a relief this is, mamma!" exclaimed Helen in tremulous tones, but with shining eyes, "for now we can carry out our plans for the summer without any fears for the future, and the price surely is very satisfactory."

"Yes," said Mrs. Seymour reflectively. She was thinking, with her business propensity, that, if the property was "sure to rise in value," she would like the benefit of that rise herself. "Did you ask Mr. Jones if he would take a mortgage on the place?" she inquired of Mr. Benyon.

The gentleman smiled; it was so like human nature to overestimate one's possessions, especially when some one else was desirous of securing them.

"Yes; a mortgage was suggested, but Mr. Jones does not care to invest his money that way; he prefers to be an owner," he returned. "I am

sure you, Mrs. Seymour, he has made you an extremely advantageous offer, and you will make a great mistake if you do not close with it immediately. He wishes to secure possession at once, and authorized me to pay over to you five hundred dollars tonight to bind the bargain. How shall I give it to you—in money, or the form of a check?"

"Mamma!" cried Helen in an anxious tone, as she observed the thoughtful look on her face; "surely, you are not going to reject this offer?"

"No, dear," the woman replied, with a sigh; "but do not blame me for not being eager to accept it, for, you know, I planned and watched the construction of our little mountain home, and we have spent some ideal summers there, so every nail and shingle is dear to me. But with a renunciant shrug, "It will have to go, and, as I think it would be unwise to have so much money in the house, I think, Mr. Benyon, you may give me a hundred dollars in bills and the remaining four hundred in a check on some bank here in New York."

"I think that is a wise decision," said the gentleman, as he drew forth his pen and check-book, whereupon he named a check for the amount he had named, and then counted out ten ten-dollar bills, and handed them to her, remarking, as he did so: "The deed I will attend to drawing up on my return this evening, and bring around for you to sign before you leave town."

Helen's face was radiant, when this business was completed, and she laughed out, like a happy child, as she brought her mother her almost empty purse, in which to place the crisp, new bills she had just received.

"Oh, Mr. Benyon," she said, "I cannot imagine how rich I feel, after all this money, nor how grateful I am to you for your agency in bringing us such good fortune."

"Helen, how happy I am to be the instrument in this contributing to your welfare," the gentleman smilingly replied. "Now, about your suite," he resumed, and glancing appreciatively around the pretty parlor, "I know of a party—a single man—who wants just such a place as this—a small apartment of four or five rooms, comfortably furnished, as a sort of refuge, when he comes to the city. He comes two or three weeks at a time, and I am sure he will take it, on my approval; only he said he should need some trustworthy person to look after his rooms in order while he is away. Perhaps you may know of any one whom you could recommend, and it would be a fine chance for the right person; of course, the wages would not be very high, but the woman would have very much to do, and not so much to do, for she would be alone, and I think the gentleman, Mr. Smith, of the hotel here, exceedingly, and that is why he wants the freedom of a place of his own while he is in the city."

Helen started, and flushed while he moved to leave, for a happy thought had occurred to her.

"Oh, mamma, do you suppose Mary Wadleigh would do?" she questioned eagerly when Mr. Benyon paused.

"I am afraid the baby would be an objection," replied Mrs. Seymour doubtfully.

"A baby—bless me!" exclaimed Mr. Benyon in a less doubtful tone, as he thought of his dignified and fastidious friend having his slumbers disturbed at night by the cries of an infant.

"Ah, but this is such a good baby," pursued Helen; "and Mary is so scrupulously neat in her own appearance and the care of her child. I feel sure she would make a nice housekeeper. It would be just the place for her, and she needs a home so much. I wish the arrangement could be made."

Then, in her enthusiasm over the idea, she launched forth upon Mary's story, describing how with her little one to provide for, she had been driven upon her own resources, and was nearly discouraged with the battle of life. She did not go into details regarding the sad facts of her history, for she wished to shield her from the possibility; but she told enough that her kind-hearted listener's sympathies were fully enlisted.

He said that he would consult the gentleman who was to take the suite, and, if he would consent to give the young woman a trial, he would let them know the result when he came to have them sign the deed on Monday morning.

"Perhaps you would like to see Mary?" Helen suggested. "She came to us today, and we are going to keep her until Monday."

"Yes," Mr. Benyon said, "I would like to ask her a few questions—that is, if you think she would like the position."

So Helen went to Mary, who had been rocking her little one to sleep in her chamber.

She told her of the plan that had been talked over, and the girl was almost overcome with gratitude, in view of the delightful prospect suggested to her.

"Ah, Miss Seymour, it would seem almost like heaven to me to have in my pretty home like this, after living in one poor little room in a miserable lodging-house," she said, with starting tears. "How more than good you are to me!" she resumed brokenly. "Why cannot everybody be kind to girls who have been unfortunate, and so lift them up, rather than trample them down? I shall love you all my life for your goodness to me today."

"A true man or woman will always be kind, and try to encourage those who wish to retrieve themselves. I sometimes think that those who trample them down, as you express it, have something in their own lives to conceal, and feel that they can bolster themselves up in that way," said Helen gravely. "But, tell me," she added, "can you cook nicely?"

[To be Continued.]

Are Good Looks Valuable?

If nature had her way every complexion would be clear and delightful. But many allow their blood to become impure, hence pimpled, sallow skin, dark circles under the eyes. To have a beautiful complexion use **WATERBURY'S**. It brings a rich, healthy glow to the cheeks, and the blood is purified by destroying impurities. It is a perfect skin medicine, and is used by the most beautiful women in the world. It is a perfect skin medicine, and is used by the most beautiful women in the world. It is a perfect skin medicine, and is used by the most beautiful women in the world.

An Inviting Prospect

Nothing better for you—nothing more inviting than a meal of



Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

Mooney's Biscuits are an evenly balanced, wholesome, nourishing food, equally good for young and old. Made from Canada's finest wheat flour, rich cream and pure butter. Baked by the Mooney baker in the Mooney way.

Say "Mooney's" to your grocer.

Advertiser Correspondence

THE LIQUOR INQUIRY.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

In view of the somewhat incomplete, and consequently—in a measure—inaccurate reports, of the official inquiry held in Windsor, Ontario, on June 14, into the alleged violation of military regulations as to the sale and consumption of liquor at the military camp, begun on Carling's Heights, London, June 6, the undersigned beg to submit the following:

The court was simply a court of inquiry, and not a court of trial, and was characterized by dignity and fairness, becoming the ability and office of the gentlemen composing the court, and the nature of the business under investigation.

The president, having declared the court "open," we availed ourselves of the privilege of listening to the evidence.

Mr. McDermid was at once called upon to make his statement as to the violation of the regulations on Tuesday, June 6, the court having been instructed to investigate the alleged misdemeanors on that day only.

Helen started, and flushed while he moved to leave, for a happy thought had occurred to her.

"Oh, mamma, do you suppose Mary Wadleigh would do?" she questioned eagerly when Mr. Benyon paused.

"I am afraid the baby would be an objection," replied Mrs. Seymour doubtfully.

"A baby—bless me!" exclaimed Mr. Benyon in a less doubtful tone, as he thought of his dignified and fastidious friend having his slumbers disturbed at night by the cries of an infant.

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"Perhaps you would like to see Mary?" Helen suggested. "She came to us today, and we are going to keep her until Monday."

"Yes," Mr. Benyon said, "I would like to ask her a few questions—that is, if you think she would like the position."

So Helen went to Mary, who had been rocking her little one to sleep in her chamber.

She told her of the plan that had been talked over, and the girl was almost overcome with gratitude, in view of the delightful prospect suggested to her.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY Mostly fair.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Peter Pan Collars 6 White Linen Dresses Marked at Half-Price

These are the newest things in stock collars. Rather negligee looking, but quite pretty and smart. See them at the Notion Counters.

Those with Baby Irish Lace are, each.....**35c**
Swiss Embroidered.....**35c**
Batiste with Val. Lace and Medallions.....**40c and 50c**
Big variety of styles in Val. Lace and Embroidered Stock Collars. From.....**25c to 85c**
Notion Dept.—Main Floor.

Another Lot of those Scarce Leghorns

Arrived yesterday. As Leghorns are very scarce it would be advisable to procure one of these at once. Flowers and ribbons make the most attractive ornamentations—especially when our skilled milliners have placed them in the most telling positions.

Millinery Dept.—2nd Floor.

Curtain Temptations

Good, serviceable Nottingham Curtains, with overlook edges, 54 inches by 31-2 yards. Two popular designs. Regular value \$1.00 pair. Yours for only.....**75c**

Odd lines and sample Curtains. Some slightly soiled, Nottingham, Cable and Brussels Nets. Regular \$3.00 and \$3.50 pair. Out they go at.....**\$2.18**

Another lot of sample and odd lines Nottingham, Cable, Swiss and Brussels' Net Curtains. Regular \$4.50 to \$5.50 pair, now for.....**\$3.48**
Housefurnishing Department, 2nd floor.

Look for These White Wash Silks

These pretty White Wash Silks, scattered over with **plindots, small dots and neat figured** patterns, are splendid for summer wear. They have a commendable knack of keeping their fresh appearance, but, if a visit to the tub is necessary, they will launder quickly and nicely. To make buying more pleasant we have marked an especially low price on them. All are 23 inches wide. Four patterns to choose from. Per yard.....**45c**

You'll find this 36-inch **White Wash Silk** excellent for wash waists and summer dresses. Firmly woven and will wash well. Special at, yard.....**50c**

When we say be sure and see this **Extra Heavy Jap Habutai** you can rest assured it is worth looking for. It's a regular handkerchief silk—a beautiful, even weave. Surpasses anything in this line we have previously sold at the price. White or black. 27 inches wide. Per yard.....**50c**

SILK DEPARTMENT—MAIN FLOOR.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street.

THE NIGHT EDITOR'S SCOOP

Mr. T. Finn, of Ottawa Citizen, Becomes a Benedict.

Kingston, Ont., June 21.—Yesterday morning, in St. Mary's Cathedral, the marriage took place of Thomas D. Finn, night editor of the Ottawa Citizen, and Miss Violet Caulfield, a popular young lady of this city. It was a quiet affair. The bride wore white silk. After breakfast the couple left for the east.

The bride's cake stood three feet high and weighed 45 pounds.

A GREAT SURPLUS.

New York, June 20.—The statement of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway Company for the year ended June 30, shows a surplus for the year, after dividends and charges, of \$3,726,014; an increase of \$4,635,720.

WHAT CAN HE DO?

Washington, D. C., June 21.—Protests have reached President Roosevelt against the outrages against the Jews, which are being committed in Russia. President Roosevelt expressed sympathy with the oppressed people, but was unable to see how the United States Government in the circumstances could do anything to prevent the outrages.

A Million Dollars Squandered

It is estimated this sum was wasted last year by people trying to find a cure for catarrh. Foolish for sufferers to experiment when it's so well known that Catarrhoxone is the only remedy that cures permanently. Other treatments only relieve, but Catarrhoxone cures and prevents the disease from ever returning. "I had Catarrh in its worst form," writes G. F. Fadden, of Royal, Que. "I was so bad that ordinary medicine didn't even relieve; but Catarrhoxone cured perfectly." No chance of disappointment with Catarrhoxone—it's certain as death to cure your Catarrh—just try it.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE.

EVERYWHERE.

W. W. GILBERT

The Cleanest, Purest Food Made on This Continent Is

SHREDDED WHEAT

Contains more nutriment than MEAT, is more easily digested, is more wholesome, is more economical—an ideal summer food. Our plant is open to the world—no "secret process."

Made in Canada of Best Ontario Wheat

BISCUIT FOR BREAKFAST. TRISCUIT FOR TOAST.

Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid.

CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.
Toronto Office, 32 Church Street.

DR. CORSE'S

The Corset For Utter Comfort

The D & A corset will content you in every point that makes corset-comfort—the comfort of perfect style, of shapely fit, of graceful design, of ease for the woman who wears it. You need not "break in" a D & A—and you cannot break them down. Wear a D & A corset to tatters, and still does it hold its shape. Ask your favorite store to show you why—the D & A itself is the proof.

Price—\$2.25
Others—\$1.00 up to \$3.50

LABEL CASE SETTLED.

Shelburne, June 21.—The action brought by Mr. Henry Lovell, M. P. for Stanstead, against Rev. Mr. Glen-Gaming and secretary of the Montreal Methodist conference, for \$2,000 damages for statements made in connection with Mr. Lovell's attitude on the Lord's Day Alliance bill, has been settled out of court. Mr. Glen-Gaming acknowledged his error and paying all the costs.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

Little Pocket Physician

Hyomel Inhaler That Never Fails to Cure Catarrh.

Thousands who have been cured by Hyomel, call the inhaler that comes with every outfit, "the little pocket physician," as it is so small that it can be carried in the pocket or purse.

Prior to the discovery of Hyomel, statistics showed that at least 97 out of every 100 persons in this state were suffering from catarrh in some form. The remarkable results following the use of Hyomel are shown by the smaller percentage today of people suffering from catarrh.

A complete Hyomel outfit consists of the little pocket physician, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomel, and costs only \$1. While additional bottles of Hyomel can be procured for 50 cents, making it the most economical, as well as the most reliable treatment for the cure of catarrh.

Do not delay longer the use of Hyomel if you have catarrh. This is purely a local disease and Hyomel goes right to the spot where the catarrhal germs are present, destroys them, soothes and heals all inflammation and makes a permanent and lasting cure.

If you cannot obtain Hyomel of your dealer it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write today for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomel Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

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don, Ont.

LONDON, THURSDAY, JUNE 21.
LOUIS PHILIPPE BRODEUR.

A public man with whom the people of Ontario should become better acquainted is the Hon. Louis Philippe Brodeur, minister of marine and fisheries. The banquet tendered him by the Liberal Clubs of Montreal on Monday night was the occasion of a remarkable demonstration, which brought together the premiers of Quebec, Alberta and Saskatchewan, and many other distinguished figures in Canadian politics. It was not a perfunctory and machine-made affair, but a sincere tribute to an engaging personality.

Mr. Brodeur is only 43 years of age, and has rapidly advanced in the scale of party promotion and in the confidence and esteem of Parliament. He entered the House of Commons in 1891, and was appointed deputy speaker and chairman of committees in 1896. His next step was the speakership, in 1901, and in 1904 he was called to the cabinet as minister of inland revenue. He was the inevitable choice for the more important portfolio of marine and fisheries in succession to the late Mr. Fontaine.

Mr. Brodeur has distinguished himself in all these positions by industry and a keen sense of duty. He is a man of scholarly tastes, polished manners, and a fine courtesy. Better than all, his integrity is unquestioned.

The French-Canadian race may be proud of its representatives in the ministry—Laurier, Brodeur, Lemieux, and Turgeon—all men of character, culture, and breadth of vision.

MR. HENDRIE'S POSITION.

The Hamilton Herald debates whether Hon. J. S. Hendrie should resign from the Provincial Government as a result of its prison-labor policy. Two of the nine planks of his platform, as printed on his election card, were:

"2. Prison-made goods, if offered for sale in competition with those of free labor, should be labeled 'Prison-made.'"
"3. Convict labor should not be let or hired out."

The card also bore the motto: "Honor in Politics, Justice to All." Both his prison-labor planks have been thrown overboard by the Government of which he is a member. The labor of the Central Prison has been "hired out," and its products will not be labeled "prison-made." The Herald argues that Mr. Hendrie probably sticks to his opinions, although overruled by his colleagues, and that by remaining in the cabinet he will be in a stronger position to insist upon terminating the offending contract than if he left the ministry, or the Legislature.

A minister is under no moral or constitutional obligation to separate from his colleagues upon a minor point of difference, provided he is in accord with them on more important matters. But Mr. Hendrie considered the question of prison labor so important as to merit a place in his election platform, and doubtless he won votes among the working classes by his prison-labor planks. The Herald's argument could be employed to defend any violation of election pledges by a cabinet minister.

It is not necessary to charge Mr. Hendrie with getting votes under false pretences, or with making no attempt to implement promises made to his constituents. Probably he has not changed his views on the subject of prison labor. But the fact that the Government has taken a position contrary to certain principles which he advocated and upon which he appealed to the electors, should make him seriously consider whether his other good resolution, "honor in politics," does not call for his resignation. Just here it may be said that if he threatened to withdraw the Government would lose no time in reversing its prison-labor policy. It could not afford to lose him under such circumstances.

MUST DIE TO WIN.

That was a timely reference which the Minister of Finance made, at the Brodeur banquet in Montreal, to the foolish attacks on individual ministers by the Opposition press and politicians. Mr. Fielding said that in politics, as in insurance, it seemed necessary to die to win. "This is shown in the case of my friend Tarte," continued the Finance Minister. "He was not much praised in office, but no sooner did he go out than the enemy discovered he was a tremendously good man. So it was with the rest. One minister went to heaven, another to the bench, but apparently he was the only good man we had, until another colleague went to the bench lately, and has since been greatly praised."

was the wicked partner, who inspired Sir Wilfrid Laurier to do everything that was wrong; now his former detractors are profuse in their praise of the new chief justice of Canada, and Mr. Aylesworth, his successor, is their target. But if the member for North York were to die or retire, he would be the big man gone, and his successor would be marked for misrepresentation and depreciation.

The Pennsylvania Railway, with a debt of nearly \$200,000,000, has borrowed another \$50,000,000 at 3½ per cent. This is better than Col. Matheon did for the Province of Ontario, which has no debt.

Newspapers friendly to the Ontario Government attempt to make the Provincial Secretary the scapegoat in the matter of the prison-labor contract. This will not square with the theory of cabinet responsibility.

The British postoffice is at last waking up to the desirability of cheapening the rates on British magazines and newspapers mailed to Canada. The free circulation of ideas within the Empire should be surely an object of imperial legislation.

The Liberals have again swept Nova Scotia in a provincial election. A stronger Opposition would have been desirable from a public standpoint; but the uninterrupted success of the Liberal party since 1882 shows that the people of the province have been satisfied with the administration of affairs under Fielding, and, afterwards, Murray.

Archdeacon Sinclair, the distinguished English preacher, declares that "it is the utter disregard of the rich for Sunday which is making the Day of Rest a national scandal." In Canada, whatever shortcomings there are in observing the Rest Day, they are shared by all classes of the community. The worker has most to lose by any unnecessary curtailment of his freedom one day in seven, and it is of him, chiefly, that we think when we support reasonable legislation in this regard.

Official returns show that Great Britain has now a total of 378,000 telephones in operation, and many more being added daily. There are in the British Isles today 50,000 more telephones than there were a year ago, and now Great Britain has 105,000 more telephones than have Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland put together. Germany, the only country in Europe that stands on the same level as Great Britain in this matter, with 102 telephones per thousand of the population, against 10.15 per thousand in favor of Great Britain.

At the recent meeting of the Miners' International Congress a German delegate moved a resolution in favor of "the total prohibition by law of the employment of women in the mining industry." Herr Danisch, the mover, said he came from a district of Germany where men could not earn more than 60 cents a day, and the result is that the women are forced to neglect the home and go to the pits to work. They earn from 18 to 25 cents a day, for which they are supposed to toil ten hours a day, but they are often actually required to work twelve hours a day. It is apparent that the system of high taxation on imports, imposed by the German Parliament, has done nothing to ameliorate the condition of the wives and daughters of the miners. Canadian workers would not change places with the industrial population of Germany.

Archibald R. Colquhoun, in the Fortnightly Review, reaches the conclusion that "dark as the outlook has been and still is for the spread of the dogmas of Christianity in China, there is reason to believe that the efforts of Christian men to raise the Chinese standard at just those points where it is lowest—in humanitarianism, respect for women and in other respects—will eventually win for the religion which prompted them a recognition which no propaganda could attain." In other words, that the Chinese will accept the Biblical criterion. "By their fruits ye shall know them." No religion is worth much which fails in this test. And there are no peoples more ready than those of the so-called eastern east to weigh the shortcomings of professing Christians. The worst of it is that men and women, however benighted, may be their methods of living, are apt to be rated as Christians by Chinese, Japanese and kindred nations, because they come from professing Christian countries.

CANNOT UNDERSTAND IT.

[Pearson's Weekly.]
When I was 10 and you were 8,
Two years between us stood;
We used to meet at Daddy's gate—
A stolen kiss was good.
When I was 20—quite a boy,
You still were my heart's queen,
But grown of kissing somewhat coy,
Yet see—you're only 21.
When I was 30, bronzed and tall,
I met you at the Wilsons' ball—
You told me you were 29.
I'm 40 now, a little more—
O time, you ruthless bandit!
But you—yourself—quite 31.
I cannot understand it!

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

[Judge's Magazine of Fun.]
"In a certain old family it was the father's custom to read each evening a part of the Bible to his family and

then explain what he had read. One day his sons passed a couple of the pages of the Bible together, and eagerly awaited the evening's reading. That evening, when all the family was gathered together, the father began: "When Noah was 140 years old he took unto himself a wife. This wife was—"
Here the father turned over the page. Not noticing that they were pasted, he continued: "One hundred and forty cubits long and sixty cubits wide, made of solid timbers and coated with pitch on the inside and out."

SOCIAL DIVISIONS.

[Toronto Star.]
When Premier Whitney tackles the assessment act next session he would do well not to interfere with the four great divisions of mankind—tax makers, tax eaters, tax payers, and tax dodgers.

A PRINCIPLE.

[Washington Star.]
"You might mow the grass or carry in some stove wood," suggested the housewife.
"Lady," answered Plodding Pete, "I belongs to de army of de unemployed."
"Well?"
"I ain't goin' to be no base deserter."

THE MOURNERS.

[T. A. Daly, in Catholic Standard and Times.]
Last week es die my Oncla Joe. Dat mak so moocha moor, you know, from sell de raze een letta store. He keep for ten, twelve year or more. Wal now, my frand, you be surprise! How many people wise deir eyes. An' call hem "poor ole Oncla Joe." Dat when he live he nerva know. "Poor man dey say 'so good, so kind! Ah! how mooch mon' he leave bayhind! Be read for show who gat de mon'." Say wan: "Who es da undertak?" So cheapa job! Four goodness sak! Say "mudder wan: 'Get mak me smille For see dem mak' so moocha style.'"
Dan alla rotheeve es fight.
For see who esea gatts right.
For be da boss an' so be frst!
To walk een lay bayhind da hearse.
An' som' es gat so madda den.
Dey nerva gona speak agen.
W'en time es com' for me gon' die,
I hope eet be so long bimely,
Not verry many frands weel be.
For cry an' mak' da fuss for me.

BEFORE THE RECEPTION.

[Punch.]
Lady of the house (instructing new page)—Have you ever been at a party before, Riggles?
Riggles—Only as a guest, mum.

SURE THING.

[Toronto World.]
A Niagara Falls cutlery concern has been fined for stamping "Sheffield" on its product, but it will be a long time before a Canadian meat-canning company is caught in the dishonest act of representing its output as "Made in Chicago."

CHEAP FUEL IN GERMANY.

[Toronto Globe.]
At the present time alcohol of 95 per cent purity, which is the quality ordinarily used in Germany for burning, sells at wholesale from 23 to 29 pfennings (6.67 to 6.9 cents), per liter (1.06 quarts), and at retail for 33 pfennings (7.85 cents), per liter. It is such advanced moves as this that have enabled the Germans to make headway against a burdensome protective tariff. Congress has already profited by the example, and our own Government should give equal favors to Canadian manufacturers and others who may become users of alcohol for industrial purposes.

EGOTISM.

[Washington Star.]
"Some men," said Uncle Eben, "is so egotistical dat dey can't mention a hot day wifout talkin' like it was a personal insult."

POINTS ON THE COMPASS.

[Exchange.]
"Do you know your orders, sentry?" a soldier on guard-duty was asked.
"Yes, sir," was the reply.
"Know the points of the compass?" continued the officer.
"Yes, sir."
"If you face the rising sun, your left hand would be on the north of you, and your right hand to the south of you. What would be behind you?"
"Me knapsack, sir."

NATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS.

[New York Outlook.]
As compared with the English, the American people lack the power of concentration and of holding their attention on one movement until it has been carried to its end. The Englishman has the capacity of getting angry and storing up righteous anger as a motive power until the abuse against which he protests has been removed. The American gets angry, and in a day or two either forgets or jokes about the offense which aroused his indignation.

HER GARDEN.

[Charlotte Becker, in Cosmopolitan.]
Pansies, that were her thoughts, ran riot here,
Roses that were her dreams, their perfume shed,
Tall lilies, she tended, arched overhead,
And tower lilies, that she smiled on, near their stalks in scarlet pride, white, sweet and clear.
The thrushes all the trees with music threaded—
Not wistfully, as those who mourn their dead,
But glad, as if her presence hovered near.
And who shall doubt but that she does return
To breathe the fragrance of her blossomed bowers,
And whisper sweetly, as she said the day
When her white heart once opened like
Or that each year, when earth is warm with spring,
Somewhere she walks apart—remembering.

THE REAL TROUBLE.

[Chicago News.]
"Like most men," he said, "I have my shortcomings. I suppose, but—"
"Oh, it isn't your shortcomings that's the trouble," interrupted the girl. "It's your long stayings."

WAY OF THE WORLD.

[Chicago Tribune.]
Deacon Hardesty—I'm sorry to hear that you are dissatisfied with your preacher. He's a most excellent man.
Brother McInnis (of another congregation)—Oh, yes; and he's a good preacher; but he doesn't draw well. We have a chance now to get a man who has just been tried for heresy.

DEVILISH WORK AT BIELOSTOK

[From the New York Sun.]

There is cumulative and conclusive evidence that Government officials deliberately planned the massacre of Jews which began on June 14 at Bielestok, a town of Russian Poland, in the Province of Grodno, and although the town was strongly garrisoned, was not brought to a definite stop until three days had passed. In this instance it has not proved possible, as it proved at Kishineff and Gomel, when the autocratic system was intact, to hide or minimize the atrocious facts; for a committee of the Duma was deputed to conduct an investigation on the spot, and has already begun to publish the truth to the world through telegrams, which, being dispatched by way of Helsingfors in Finland, are not subjected to the Russian censorship.

The true origin of the murderous outbreak might not so soon have been made known had it not been divulged indignantly by the governor of the neighboring city of Grodno, a man of pronounced Liberal predilections, who must not be confounded with the new governor-general of the province of the same name. Hated and distrusted by his fellow bureaucrats, he had been deceived as to the immensity of an anti-Semitic rising. And the attack upon the Jews had begun, however, he made an independent investigation of the situation at Bielestok, and in order to prevent an extension of the butchery, informed by telegraph the authorities of all towns within the Jewish Pale that there was absolutely no ground for the official reports that the disorders were due to the throwing of bombs at a Christian procession by Jewish revolutionists. Immediately after the outbreak of the massacre, a telegram marked "official" was sent broadcast by a St. Petersburg agency, alleging that two priests and several children had been blown to pieces by a bomb flung by a Jew. The effect of this report was to excite peasant mobs in the villages surrounding Bielestok to murder the Jews outside the town, and thus to render it difficult for them to find a place of refuge. In spite of the denial made by the governor of Grodno, the Official Messenger, published at St. Petersburg on June 17, repeated the assertion that the first shots were fired from Jews' houses, the inference being obviously, that the Jews were to blame.

The facts as they have now leaked out are that on the first day the slaughter continued for eight hours, and that although five regiments of infantry and one regiment of dragoons, together with artillery and a strong force of mounted police, had been concentrated in Bielestok, nothing was done by the troops except to patrol the streets and fire at random on fugitives, or to enter the houses and burn them down. On the second day, when many streets were in flames, the troops are said to have done nothing to enforce actively upon the fire brigade, which refused even to try to quench the conflagration, on the pre-termed condition that the houses burning or the people being burned should be the property of the Jews. On the third day, when the local authorities were compelled by the governor of Grodno to do something, they confined themselves to surrounding the town with a cordon, which permitted nobody to enter or leave, but allowed the work of destruction to continue within. The whole number of victims is not easily estimated, but according to one account not fewer than six hundred Jews killed or wounded during the outbreak, and at least six thousand fled to the nearest forests, where they were in danger of being hunted down by the infuriated peasantry. Whether other neighboring towns will escape the fate of Bielestok is doubtful, from the fact that the Jews have been the commandant of the troops that convulsed at the slaughter, has been made governor-general of the Province of Grodno, and thus put over the head of the liberal-minded governor of Grodno city.

The motives of the bureaucrats in instigating the massacre seem to have been two; first, a vindictive wish to punish the Jews collectively for the energetic and important part taken by their educated co-religionists in promoting the effort of the Constitutional Democrats in the Duma to establish representative institutions and military accountability upon a firm foundation; secondly, a desire to transfer from the political to the religious field the excitement wrought by recent events in the minds of the peasantry. Since the old trust in the Czar's parental affection for his people has died there are but two things by which the mukil is profoundly influenced, namely, his land hunger and his love for the Orthodox Church. If he could once be persuaded that were the Duma to triumph the Jews would be able to undermine the groundwork of Russia's established religion he might become reconciled to the old autocratic system and be induced to accept an inadequate compensation to his agrarian demands. It is, no doubt, with this cold-blooded and infernal calculation that the chiefs of the bureaucracy at St. Petersburg have fomented and countenanced the butchery of Jews at Bielestok.

It is no longer possible, however, for the desperate upholders of a system manifestly doomed to carry out their schemes in secrecy. The quickness with which, in the case of Bielestok, the truth was exposed shows that the Duma exists it will be impossible to long delude the peasants. They are fast learning to believe that the popular assembly is not only their best, but their only friend. The sinister attempt to divert the widespread agitation of the public mind from political reform to religious rancor having proved abortive, the Czar's advisers are brought back to the fundamental problem. What is to be done with the Duma? They may attempt, now, almost any day, to give an answer to that question.

KILLED BY A MULE.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 21.—Isaac Watson, a driver, died yesterday of injuries received in a fight with a mule. Watson was taking the mule to the stables, when it turned and attacked him. Watson fled, the mule pursuing him. After a pursuit of over a mile the mule overtook Watson and kicked him until he fell unconscious. Then the mule walked slowly back to his stable. Watson died without regaining consciousness.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO**Friday "Bargain Day."**

Take the first item in this list as an indicator of the bargains we have made ready for tomorrow. Without exception, it's the best three columns of bargain news we have put together this season. Make your visit to the store tomorrow, even if you leave other things undone.

SALE OF A MANUFACTURER'S LOT OF SHIRTWAIST DRESSES.

Come and see for yourself what wonderful bargains these are. 10 dozen Ladies' Summer Shirtwaist Dresses, made of white muslin with black spot, pleats in front and back of waist and a pleat on each gore in the skirt. Both the skirt and waist are trimmed with white embroidery applique. We can also give you a black dimity dress in the same lot. These are positively \$4.00 and \$4.50 shirtwaist dresses, cool, dainty and fit for anywhere. On sale tomorrow for, choice..... **\$2**

Also 6 dozen Linen and Galatea Dresses, light and dark blue and pink linen, made with white lawn chemise, laundered linen collar and tie, pleated skirt with flounce. The navy blue galatea suits are in popular Peter Thompson style, white stitching, large sailor collar with embroidered shield. Regular values \$5 and \$6, for..... **\$3**

Ladies' Suits

Ladies' Gray Tweed Eton Suits, strictly tailor-made, splendid fitting. Reduced, tomorrow to..... **\$10**

One Princess Suit of shepherd check tweed, with corset coat, satin lined. A handsome suit worth \$30, for..... **\$15**

One Green Plaid Eton Suit, size 36, circular skirt and silk girdle. Was \$20, tomorrow..... **\$15**

Coats Reduced

Ladies' Fawn Convert Coats, jaunty hip-length, tight fitting. Two loose coats in the lot. Were \$10 and \$12. Reduced tomorrow to..... **\$7**

Matron Ladies' Black Silk Coats, loose, stylish appearing, silk ruching at neck. Lined with best satana. Regularly priced \$15. Bargain Day Price..... **\$11.75**

Raincoats of best cravenette in fawn and gray, ladies' length. Were \$10 and \$12.50. Friday-Bargain Day Price..... **\$7.50**

Millinery Dept.

Important feature for Friday is the offering of 25 Trimmed Dress Hats, no two alike, trimmings are fresh and expensive. Were \$4.50 to \$7.50. Bargain Day Price..... **\$3.65**

New Clifton Hats, bought below regular. Colors in black, white, pale blue and pink. These require a little trimming, not much though. On sale Friday..... **\$3**

Children's Vacation Sailors. Friday, each..... **25c**

Ladies' White Linen Hats, trimmed; Friday at..... **\$1**

Millinery Ribbons, scraps left over from a busy season, a yard..... **10c**

Carpets and Rugs

6 different patterns in English Tapestry Carpet, light and dark grounds, in pleasing floral and conventional designs. An excellent bedroom and dining-room grade. Were 60c yard, sale price, made and laid, at..... **50c**

32 only Hearth Rugs of patent velvet, real colorings and designs, size 36x72. Were \$1.75 each, Friday, Bargain Day price..... **\$1.37**

Shades & Matting 5 dozen spring roller Window Shades, green and cream, complete with bracket. Were 35c each, Bargain Day..... **29c**

5 rolls Japanese Matting. These are all cotton warped, colorings in blue, green and red grounds, all floral designs. Were 25c yard, Bargain Day price..... **19c**

Vests

Ladies' Summer Vests, sleeveless or sleeves. A special lot at..... **19c**

Long Sleeved Corset Covers, to slip on a cool evening. Friday only..... **23c**

Night Gowns

A Friday Special—Fine Cambric Night Gowns, tucked yoke, with beading and insertion, at..... **90c**

Friday Bargains in**Wash Fabrics**

Voile Suiting, mid weight for summer, in navy, admiral and brown, overplaid and check effect. Worth 18c yard. Tomorrow..... **12½c**

Black Vesting in plain and embroidered figures, also colored spots; fine goods. Regular 25c and 35c goods, tomorrow..... **20c**

Odds and ends in Plain Linen and Fancy Suitings, in stripes and embroidered dots in pink, gray, red and green. Worth 30c and 35c yard, tomorrow..... **15c**

White Cross Bar Lawn, five pieces and as many patterns, popular for children's wear. Were 15c yd., tomorrow **11c**

Men's Trousers

50 pairs Men's Working Trousers, light and dark stripes, all sizes. Friday, bargain day price..... **85c**

Summer Suits

Navy Blue Serge Two-Piece Suits for men and young men, double-breasted, medium long coat with vent in back and long roll, shoulder well built and padded. A few fancy homespun in the lot. Regular \$8.50 and \$10.00 values. Friday, Bargain Day Price..... **\$6.95**

Snaps for Boys

Boys' Two-Piece Norfolk Suits made of good dark English tweed, nice looking and fine wearing quality for boys 6 to 15 years. Were \$2.00 and \$2.25, a bargain for Friday..... **\$1.50**

Wash Suits—If you want to save money buy tomorrow. Sailor Blouse Suits of best and finest galatea with trimmed collar, embroidered shield and lanyard and whistle. Also Buster Brown Suits in linen and blue shades, white duck collar and side pleat, an anchor in front. All sizes 3 to 10 years. Were \$1.25, reduced especially for tomorrow..... **95c**

Linen Counter

This department draws special attention to these four specials in Bath Towels, at, each..... **5c, 9c, 12c and 15c**

Here's a bargain that everybody should notice. 3 pieces fine Bleached Table Linen, double damask in pansy, tulip and bow-knot design, 72 inches wide. Regular price \$1.00, Friday Bargain Day price..... **75c**

Napkins to match if you wish, full 24-inch sizes, per dozen..... **\$2.50**

150 yards Heavy Circular Cotton, 44 inches wide, our regular stock of 23c goods, reduced tomorrow to..... **18c**

Corsets

That manufacturer's lot of E. T. Corsets selling rapidly—straight front, dip hip model, made of dove and white coutil, all sizes. Usual 65c value for..... **47c**

Long Gloves

White Kid Gloves, 16-button length, at..... **\$2.00**

Tan and Suede Long Gloves, at..... **\$1.50**

Trefousse Black Long Kid Gloves, 6½ and 6¾, at **\$2.75**

Lace Curtains

20 Pairs of Bedroom Lace Curtains, were 65c pair, Friday, Bargain Day, a pair..... **50c**

25 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, full 3½ yards long, nice lace patterns. Worth \$1.00 pair, Friday, Bargain Day, for..... **79c**

250 yards Mull Silkalines in light colors for summer drapery and comforter covers. Extra special, a yard..... **15c**

Cottage Drapery, open borders, in blue, red and gray. Friday, Bargain Day, a yard..... **5c**

Shirtings

11 pieces Oxford Shirting, light and dark colors. Regular price 20c and 25c yard, on sale Friday..... **15c**

4 pieces Oxford Shirting, good patterns and colors. Regular 12½c and 15c yard, on sale Friday..... **10c**

500 yards striped and checked gingham, fast colors. Regular price 12½c, on sale Friday..... **8c**

Cream Goods and Black Goods

Leaders for Bargain Day at fifty cents.

Beautiful Cream Goods that are in greatest popularity—Crepes de Chine, Coating Serge, Novelty Goods and Mohairs. Be sure and see these. Usual value up to 75c yard, Friday, Bargain Day Price..... **50c**

Fashionable weaves in correct weight Black Dress Goods, including Panama, Roxana, Nette, Cloths, and Mohairs and Serges; for Eton Suits, dresses and separate skirts. All-wool, 44 inches wide, Friday, Bargain Day Price..... **50c**

Trimming Ends

Fancy Silk Dress and Suit Trimmings, bands and appliques. Were three and four times higher, tomorrow, a yard..... **25c**

White Embroidery Insertions and Edgings for trimming shirtwaists. Ends were 45c to \$1.00 yard, Bargain Day half price.

Men's Underwear

Men's Natural Knit Cotton Undershirts and Drawers, special Friday, each..... **25c**

Men's Tan Balbriggan Undershirts and Drawers, all sizes, splendid grade. Friday, each..... **44½c**

Ellis' Spring Needle Lisle Thread Underwear, in drab and brown shades. Were \$1.25 each, tomorrow..... **\$1.00**

Waists Reduced

A brisk selling this week of White Lawn and Batiste Shirtwaists at 89c. Our regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 waists, slightly mussed. A bargain at..... **89c**

Colored and White Wash Belts to wear with separate waists. Were 25c and 50c, at..... **15c**

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

SCHOOLS PICNIC AT SPRINGBANK

Continued from Page One.

colors of the Collegiate thrown jauntily over their shoulders. And the banner board hats they wore gave them a distinguished appearance which told with the crowd. Their drill was almost faultless, but the judges found some room for criticism in a couple of the first movements made.

Then came the girls of Grade 3. They were also dressed in white and wore the Collegiate colors, but they were headed. Their drill work was splendid and won rounds of applause. Last of all came the commercial girls. Like the others, they were dressed in white, with the colors of the Collegiate enlivening the dainty quietness of their costumes, and they wore attractive bronze paper crowns.

Commercial Win.

The minute the band struck up the "Bonnets of Bonnie Dundee," it was plain to all that the commercial girls were in the game to win. With a precision which won the hearty approval of that seasoned veteran, Bandmaster Slatter, the young ladies carried themselves gracefully through each difficult movement, and when the drill had been finished the judges found that Grades 5 and 4 and the commercial girls were tied.

In the final competition, the commercial girls won, and they were applauded heartily by their rivals, who manifested a spirit of broadness which should prove an object lesson to many men.

More Prizes Given.

Mayor Judd and Ald. Gillen were standing on the green at the time, and the goodwill of the losing team so moved the mayor and alderman that they and there they agreed to duplicate the prize, and thus both teams are prize-winners.

"They were so evenly matched," said Ald. Gillen, "that I think it is only fair, anyway, to give the losers a prize."

In all sixty girls took part in the drill.

The following are the names of the young ladies who took first in the competition: Jessie Duguid, Lillie Ross, Laura Doan, Madeline Nuttall, Lizzie Curran, Kate Bannan, Ida Cox, Ivy Campbell, Kate Doyle, Velma White, Mary Mowatt, Ethel Gough, Wilona Thornton, Annie LeSeur, Ethel Loney, Marguerite Kilgallon, Mamie Walsh, Merle Barnard, Veronica Crumney, Nellie Graham.

Rifle Presented.

At 4 o'clock Mrs. (Dr.) Niven, on behalf of the Daughters of the Empire, presented the Ross Rifle to the winner of the Collegiate Institute contest, Sergeant McBride. The presentation took place in the bandstand, Principal Radcliffe addressing the spectators and speaking a few words of congratulation to the winning sergeant.

Among those who took a prominent part in the sports were Principal Radcliffe, Inspector Edwards, Ald. Gillen, Ald. Booth, and the ever-welcome, irreplaceable "Barney" McCann. Mr. McCann was everywhere, and he was a prime favorite with the contestants in the several events.

That Ball Game.

One of the most interesting features of the afternoon's sport was a baseball match between the Collegiate Institute and a picked team from the schools. The game was fast, well played, as a rule, although the public school kids had a fight and made plays they did not make under ordinary circumstances. The Collegiate team played the better ball. They hit better and ran bases with more judgment. Hodges, at third base for the Collegiate, made the prize catch of the day. Collins pitched well and was ably supported by Brock behind the bat. Altogether, on first, played well.

For the public school, the work of the battery, Gillies and Miles, was the feature. Their work was splendid. Gillies pitched well, and Miles, for a youngster, is a star catcher. Beech put up the best fielding game, while Morgan, at first, was worthy of special mention.

The public school had one bad inning, and lost all chances of winning. The score at the end of the seventh inning was 8 to 2.

Dr. Tillmann and Tom Cousins umpired well, and J. McRoberts acted as scorer.

The teams were:
Collegiate—Brock, catcher; Altohouse, first base; Meldrum, second base; Leigh, shortstop; Hodges, third base; Thompson, right field; Campbell, left field; Nixon, center field.
Public school—Gillies, pitcher; Tambling, third base; Tennant, center field; Gianni, right field; Percival, second base; McPherson, left field; Morgan, first base; Miles, catcher; Beech, shortstop.

Some Splendid Sports.

The sports were splendid, in spite of the outbursts of J. Pluvius. The afore-said J. Pluvius could never have been a kid, or he would not have cut up like he did yesterday. Every school was well represented, and the way the youngsters ran would do a man good. Boys and girls, they all did their level best to win the prizes. Some of them lost, of course, but the prize list was liberal, and there was not much disappointment. The Collegiate sports were interrupted by the rain, but the most of them were finished. The youngsters were eager to have the races, and it would have taken considerable moisture to have dampened their enthusiasm.

The following is the complete list of prize winners, with the exception of division No. 6, composed of Simcoe, King and Colborne street south schools, where the list of winners was not kept.

No. 1—Victoria, Wortley Road and Grand Avenue.

Kindergarten, Boys—1 Sheridan B. Atkinson, 2 Raymond H. Carfrae, 3 Robert Henderson.

Kindergarten, Girls—1 Loreen White, 2 Violet Home, 3 Louise Baker.

Boys under 8 (a)—1 Fred Vaker, 2 Milton P. Atkinson, 3 Miles Fox.

Boys under 8 (b)—1 Wilfred Loney, 2 Richard Campbell, 3 Fred Howe.

Girls under 8—1 Helen H. Baker, 2 Lillian Sprille, 3 Madeline Woods.

Boys under 10—1 Euston Taylor, 2 Charles Chantler, 3 Robert Campbell.

The List will open on Thursday, the twenty-first instant, and close on or before Friday, the twenty-second instant, in Canada and England.

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or connected therewith, or possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of the company.

To enter into any arrangements with any Government or other authority that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such Government or authority any rights, privileges, and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with the same, and to re-sell and dispose of all or any of them.

To enter into partnership, or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise, with any firm, person, or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any undertaking, business, or transaction capable of being conducted by the Company.

To acquire, by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold and sell or otherwise dispose of, shares, stock, debentures, or debenture stock of any company carrying on, or formed for the purpose of carrying on, any trade or business within the objects of the company or relative thereto.

To promote any other company and subscribe for, underwrite, or guarantee the subscription of shares, stock, or debentures thereof for the purpose of its acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company, and to subscribe for stock, shares, or debentures therein, and to resell.

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Ordinary Signature.....

Address.....

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A Prospectus will be given to each intending subscriber.

Girls under 10—1 Mary Spence, 2 Stella George, 3 Alice Baker.

Boys under 12—1 Oswald Loney, 2 Irwin Jones, 3 Oscar Sageman.

Girls under 12—1 Lila Nettleton, 2 Mary Spence, 3 Olive Craig.

Boys under 14—1 Harry Vanstone, 2 Veroy Scoyne, 3 Robert Baker.

Girls under 14—1 Tanney McCormick, 2 Alice Hessel, 3 Irene Stinson.

Frog race, boys—1 Jack Pope, 2 Oswald Loney, 3 Ernest Weld.

Girls under 17—Tanney McCormick, 1 May Fox, 2 Pearl Plewes.

Three-legged race, boys—Robert Campbell and Irwin Jones, 1, Willie Bottom and Hugh McCormick, 2, Roy Kilinger and Bert Mills.

Egg race—Mary Spence, 1, Tanney McCormick, 2, Clara Rooke.

Jockey race, boys—Jack Pope and Ernest Weld, 1, Fred Gardner and Walter Dutton, 2, Oscar Sageman and Calvin Kew.

Royalty race—Tanney McCormick and Ella White carried Theodore Knowles, 1, Edith Mattland and Isabel Davidson carried Max George, 2.

Peasant race, girls—Velma Reed, 1, Olive Morris, 2, Janet Dickson.

Cane race—Ernest Maudsley, 1, Stanley Selzer, 2, Kenneth McCall.

Chum race, girls—Alice Althorpe and Pearl Plewes, 1, Stella George and Edith Mattland, 2, Mary Graham and Edith Emory.

Flat race, boys under 10—Lloyd Scoyne, 1, Frank Delaney, 2, Russell Loney.

Shoe race—Robert Campbell, 1.

No. 3 Colborne and Aberdeen.

Boys' race, under 12—Fred Ward, 1, Lorne Firth, 2, Percy Hooper, 3, Roy Burridge, 4, Norman Murray, 5, Becher Ward, 6.

Girls' chum race—Mabel Blakie and Geraldine Fitzgerald, 1, Irene Thompson, 2.

Boys' race, under 8—St. George's—Alten Keys, 1, Clive Nicholson, 2, Gordon Land, 3.

Boys' race, under 8—Princess Avenue—Johnnie Neal, 1, Walter Paton, 2, Reginald Keenleyside, 3.

Kindergarten boys—St. George's—

and Marjorie Underwood, 2, Matty Fisher and Myrtle Craib, 3.

Egg race—Nellie Risler, 1, Mabel Blakie, 2, Jeanette Mapletoft, 3.

Girls under 12—Myrtle Craib, 1, Matty Fisher, 2, Nettie Powell, 3.

Boys' 3-legged race—like Hodgins and Roy Burridge, 1, Fred Ward and Lorne Firth, 2, Harold Legg and Glen-coe Pett, 3.

Shoe race—Herbert Harwood, 1, Lorne Firth, 2, Earl Thompson, 3.

Girls' kindergarten race—Vera Fraley, 1, Madeline Fralick, 2, Sophy Cherry, 3.

Boys' kindergarten—Lorne Miller, 1, Walter Ward, 2, Reuben Wilson, 3, Percy Willis, 4, Francis Mowbray, 5, Orville Kinsley, 6, George McLean, 7.

Boys' race, under 10—Willie Bley, 1, Israel Pritchard, 2, Norman Murray, 3, Willard Cambridge, 4, Earl Stevenson, 5, Harold Thompson, 6.

Girls' race, over 12—Marjorie Underwood, 1, Irene Thompson, 2, Geraldine Fitzgerald, 3.

Girls' race, 8 and under—Gussie Shaw, 1, Myrtle Lambert, 2, Molly Woodhouse, 3.

Boys' race, 8 and under—Nelson Harris, 1, Everett Wright, 2, George Blackwell, 3, Bruce McLeod, 4, George Leslie, 5, Roy Ducksmith, 6.

Boys' race, over 14—Wilson Gray, 1, Willie Shine, 2, Harold Legg, 3.

Boys' race, 12 to 14—Harold Fitterly, 1, Herbert Harwood, 2, George Metcalfe, 3.

No. 4—Princess Avenue, St. George's and Queen's Avenue.

Boys' race, under 8—St. George's—Alten Keys, 1, Clive Nicholson, 2, Gordon Land, 3.

Boys' race, under 8—Princess Avenue—Johnnie Neal, 1, Walter Paton, 2, Reginald Keenleyside, 3.

Kindergarten boys—St. George's—

and Taylor, 1, Ernie Keys, 2, Gordon Henderson, 3.

Kindergarten boys—Princess Avenue—Fred Allison, 1, Walter Thompson, 2, Owen Beltz, 3.

Kindergarten girls—St. George's—Cook, 1, Jean Stephenson, 2, Una Buller, 3.

Girls under 8—St. George's—Lola Donaldson, 1, Ruth Loveless, 2, Vera Penn, 3.

Girls under 8—Princess Avenue—Mona Eastwood, 1, Marjorie Rowe, 2, Edith Angus, 3.

Boys under 10, St. George's—1 Elma Donaldson, 2 Gerald Stone, 3 Milton Clare.

Girls under 10, Princess Avenue—1 Mabel Meek, 2 Irene Stinson, 3 Gertrude Paton and Marion Higgins.

Girls' race, 8 and under—Gussie Shaw, 1, Myrtle Lambert, 2, Molly Woodhouse, 3.

Boys under 12, St. George's—1 Harold Ashman, 2 Dan McDonald, 3 Robert Barbour.

Boys under 12, Princess Avenue—1 Purdon Love, 2 H. Nelles, 3 Oscar Summers.

Girls under 12, St. George's—1 Mable Keys, 2 Ena Routledge, 3 Phyllis Kennedy.

Girls under 12, Princess Avenue—1 Lottie Booth, 2 Madeline Simon, 3 Maude Beech.

Boys under 14—1 Stanley Keys, 2 G. McGuffin, 3 C. Parkinson.

Girls under 14—1 Alta McDonald, 2 Blanche Quick, 3 Ruth Riley.

Boys over 14—1 Joe Beech, 2 Stanley Keys, 3 W. Beech and E. Wormwood.

Girls over 14—1 Ruth Riley, 2 Minnie Austin, 3 Agnes Ruddle.

Three-legged race, under 12—1 Allen McLean and Harold Ashman, 2 Willie

Foxworthy and Chester Johnston, 3 Hillard Dickinson and R. Nelles.

Three-legged race, boys over 12—1 Willie Backus and Howard Leggett, 2 Gilbert Riddle and Harold Mason, 3 G. McGuffin and Stanley Keys, and Charlie Stinson and Dave Logan.

Egg race—1 Minnie Austin, 2 Beatrice Rowe, 3 Irene Anundson.

Shoe race, boys under 12—1 P. McLean, 2 S. Parkinson, 3 Trevor Thomas.

Shoe race, boys over 12—1 Sam Harris, 2 Charles Summer, 3 Willie Backus.

Chum race, girls—1 Blanche Quick and Ruth Riley, 2 Ethel Philpot and Ena Routledge, 3 Mamie Keys and Jean Shaw.

Jockey race, boys—1 W. Beech and Charles Parkinson, 2 E. Brown and E. Glenn, 3 W. Backus and H. Leggat.

Throwing baseball, girls under 12—1 Ena Routledge, 2 May Thompson, 3 Mabel Meek.

Throwing baseball, girls over 12—1 Minnie Austin, 2 Ethel Philpot, 3 Mable Keys.

Sack race, boys under 12—1 Allen Aiken, 2 E. McDonald, 3 A. McLean.

Sack race, boys over 12—1 Joe Beech, 2 W. Beech, 3 E. Glenn.

Frog race, boys—1, E. Glenn, 2 Roy McCartney, 3 H. Stevely.

Boys' consolation, under 12—1 Lee Mason, 2 James Freeman, 3 Del Jones, 4 Rich Ashman, 5 Wallace Matthews, 6 Willie Gregory.

Girls' consolation—1 Lena Henry, 2 Lila Baskette, 3 Gladys Routledge, 4 Eva Baskette, 5 Eva Sherwin, 6 Lizzie McLean.

Boys over 12, consolation—1 Charles Ashman, 2 J. Underwood, 3 J. Murray.

No. 5—Lorne Avenue, Quebec Street, Rectory Street and Chesley Avenue.

Kindergarten race, boys—1 Turner Welford, 2 Stanley A. Arbuckle, 3

Leonard Craven, 4 Joe Biggs, 5 Reggie Smith, 6 Willard Allen.

Kindergarten race, girls—1 Iva McCue, 2 Marjorie Taylor, 3 Edith Roblin, 4 Doris Roy, 5 Beatrice Fleming, 6 Pearl Francis.

Boys' race, under 8 years—1 Andrew Maxwell, 2 Lou Ivor, 3 Ralph Thornton, 4 Mulford Cecil, 5 Eugene MacArthur, 6 Earl Austin.

Girls' race, under 8 years—1 Madeline Sharratt, 2 Beatrice Parsons, 3 Ila Collins, 4 Myrtle Dann, 5 May Burdick, 6 Gladys Lucas.

Boys' race, under 10 years—1 Gordon Burdick, 2 Tom Brodison, 3 Lionel Shoebottom, 4 Llewellyn Birrell, 5 Willie Hill, 6 Henry Ballantyne.

Girls' race, under 10—1 Florence Smith, 2 Lillian Cooper, 3 Gertrude Evans, 4 Margaret Gill, 5 Ethel Palmer, 6 Maggie McLeod.

Girls' race, under 12 years—1 Irene Hill, 2 Lena Lloyd, 3 Mildred Schlessor, 4 Alice Taylor, 5 Rosa Bull, 6 Emma Dickinson.

Boys under 12—1 Harry Reid, 2 Frank Pugh, 3 Richard Hill, 4 Gerald Ivor, 5 John Ballantyne, 6 Athol Henry.

Boys' race, under 14—1 Willie Hunter, 2 Howard McDonald, 3 Harry Riddell, 4 Edith Tupholme, 3 Hattie Biggs.

Boys under 17—1 Jack Matthews, 2 Harold Stone, 3 Burt Gwalchmal.

Girls under 17—May McKittick, 1, Nellie Watt, 2, Edna Gould, 3.

Three-legged race—Harry Reid and Tom Brodison, 1, Wilmer Rouleau and George Abell, 2, Chester Burdick and Tom McNaughton, 3.

Egg race, girls—Verna Caldwell, 1, May Dyson, 2, Lillian Oldridge, 3.

Shoe race, boys—Harold Stone, 1, Howard McDonald, 2, Tom McNaughton, 3.

Chum race, girls—Edith Tupholme and Ada England, 1, Jennie Heaslip and

Lizzie Everett, 2, Gladys Shaw and Nellie Watt, 3.

Jockey race, boys—Willie Hunter and Howard McDonald, 1, Chester Burdick and Tom McNaughton, 2, Wilmer Rouleau and George Abell, 3.

Throwing baseball—Beatrice Wilson, 1, Ada Flood, 2, Nellie Watt, 3.

Sack race, boys—Harold Fox, 1, Ed Evans, 2, Allan McDonald, 3.

Consolation race, girls—Mabel Hueson, 1, Cleophas Elliott, 2, Rosa Jenkins, 3.

Frog race, boys—Tom McNaughton, 1, Stanley Bolton, 2, Harry Riddell, 3.

Girls' race, open—Mabel Blinckhorn, 1, Rosa Barney, 2, Ida Gilbank, 3.

Lady teachers' race—Miss Carson, 1, Miss Allister, 2, Miss Black, 3, Miss Sale, 4.

No. 7—Collegiate Institute.

Indoor baseball, No. 1 team—Wm. Lee (captain), G. Tennant, H. Lackey, A. Kingsmill, N. McCrimmon, F. Crouch, B. Hayman, G. Quick.

No. 2 team—Cecil Holland (captain), H. Roblin, D. Marsh, T. Murray, H. Clendenen, W. Brock, J. Ferguson, K. McQueen.

Scores 10 to 2 in favor of Captain Holland's team.

Senior race, 100 yards—R. Doupe, 1, W. Henderson, 2, Meredith Smith, 3, W. Chisholm, 4.

Junior boys, 100 yards—Eckardt, 1, Quick, 2, Kennedy, 3, Marsh, 4.

Three-legged race—Quick and Nelles, 1, Crouch and Ellison, 2, Thompson and Doupe, 3, Hayman and Lackey, 4.

Girls' race—Ella Ram, 1, Vera Crummy, 2, Lena Dunn, 3, May Stevenson, 4.

Chum race, girls—Ethel Stevens and Mina Kimball, 1, Iva Campbell and Vera Crummy, 2, Beesie Mossop and Allie Wright, 3.

THE JAPS KEEN FOR KNOWLEDGE

Persistent in Their Search for Modern Ideas.

HIGH OFFICIAL IN WASHINGTON

Will Attend Wireless Conference in London—Interviews Regarding Life at Home.

Washington, June 21.—Mr. Asano, an official of the bureau of communications of Japan, was in Washington last week, and left to attend the conference on wireless telegraphy to be held in London. There is a large delegation from the Japanese Government—several naval officers, some civilian employees of the navy department, and a representative of the ministry of foreign affairs. The rest of the party went direct to New York, whence they will sail for London. Mr. Asano came to Washington partly to call at the Japanese embassy, and partly to see his nephew, Mr. Kimmochi Okura, a young man and a graduate of the University of Tokyo, who is now a student of practical engineering in the shops of the Tidewater Railroad at Norfolk.

Japanese and the Wireless.

The Japanese constantly used the wireless method in communication between the vessels of the fleet, and it was found in a combination of the wireless with code it was perfectly safe from outside wire-tapping, though it was possible for an outside station or a vessel of the enemy to break up the message at times and render it unintelligible to friendly stations. They were, some wireless stations among the Russian shore posts, but they did not interfere much with the fleet, more trouble being experienced with a dispatch boat of the London Times under command of Capt. Lionel James, which was fitted with wireless apparatus, and of which great things were expected in the newspaper line. As a matter of fact, the dispatch boat did not do anything much except interfere with some of the Japanese messages. The correspondents on the Liao Tung Peninsula had no wireless stations for communicating with the ship, and the ship, after taking them off and getting their copy could run into a Chinese port and deliver their copy by hand. This was a serious disadvantage to the Japanese, and it was found that the wireless station on the ship could communicate with the Chinese coast. There were numerous conflicts, however, between the boat's attempts at telegraphy and the messages between the vessels of the Japanese fleet.

It is with a view to settling some of these questions that the wireless conference is to be held in London. The same interference has been suffered in the trans-Atlantic attempts of Marconi from his big Poldhu station, and the simultaneous workings of the stations on the continent. It has been the dream of inventors ever since the wireless telegraph was practicable to tune the messages so that one station would not interfere with another. This has never been accomplished. It is possible, however, that there may be some suggestions of value in this line develop at the conference.

Studying Engineering.

Mr. Okura was able to spend a little time in Washington with his uncle before going back to the shops. He is the son of two Imperial University graduates who are now working in the Norfolk shops. The other is Mr. Keiichi Kubota, life member of the Japanese House of Peers by appointment of the Emperor. But his education, corresponding to a cabinet portfolio in this country. Young Okura is the son of Gen. Hezo Okura, of Tokyo, who applied frequently for service at the front during the Russo-Japanese war, but his valuable services to the Government at home caused each request to be denied. Young Kubota is 25 years old, and young Okura is 24 years of age. They are acquaintances themselves with technical engineering, with a view to returning to Japan to work in Korea, Manchuria and other portions of the Chinese Empire where Japanese engineers are finding a large field for their services.

Doctor Advised An Operation

Mrs. Charles F. Smith, of 9 Wallace Avenue, Toronto, is so grateful for the remarkable cure she obtained from Dr. Chase's Ointment that she states her experience for the benefit of sister sufferers. Mr. Smith writes as follows: "I was in continual torment for nine years with that terrible disease, itching, bleeding piles, and, notwithstanding all the remedies and doctors' treatments I tried, was unable to get any but slight temporary relief. The doctor advised an operation, but my husband objected, and it seemed as if I was to suffer for all time to come, when I was told of the wonderful effect Dr. Chase's Ointment had on that complaint. "It has since used it and found it really marvelous in its action, soothing and healing very quickly, for since using two boxes the parts are entirely healed and the itching and bleeding permanently ceased. Considering the length of time I suffered, the change and freedom from pain is a great relief. I honestly believe that Dr. Chase's Ointment is the only positive cure for piles."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is the only positive cure for piles, 50 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

fore going to Norfolk in the engineering department of the Tidewater Railroad in the States of Illinois and Arkansas. Mr. Kubota left Tokyo nine months ago, on the very day of Mr. Roosevelt's arrival in that city with the Taft party. He worked with the Norfolk and Western Railroad engineering corps in the State of West Virginia before going to the Tidewater Railroad in Norfolk.

The young students speak interestingly of the rapid introduction of Occidental ideas and customs throughout the Japanese Empire, and say half seriously and half facetiously that the western ideas of courtship are also being introduced gradually in Japan. "In this time and even now the young women and young men of Japan associate but little together. They have separate schools of all grades, and separate colleges and universities. When the young man arrives at the proper age for marriage his parents select for him a sweetheart. A courtship of from two to three years follows, and then marriage occurs. The young man seldom has the opportunity of selecting his own bride, except by the influence he may use upon his parents in their selection. Mr. Kubota said: "But your western ideas are being introduced, and the western manner of courtship is being accepted to some extent."

"Many people wonder that we hear from home so often," said Mr. Kubota. "But it only takes three weeks for a letter to reach us from Tokyo, and we receive on an average of thirty letters a month, though all of these are not really letters, many being postcards from our friends at home."

Mr. Kubota explained the educational system in Japan by stating that it is divided into three classes: Primary, middle, high school and university. The primary course is one of six years, and this is followed by the middle school, with elementary branches, the duty of the Japanese child to the nation. Ninety-eight per cent of the children of Japan take the primary course of six years, beginning school life at the age of seven. The middle school of Japan compares with the higher grammar and high schools of America, while the high schools there compare with the colleges in America, and the universities with the highest institutions of learning in America and England. Every Japanese boy, to fully complete his education and become a graduate of the Imperial University at Tokyo, must attend school continuously for eighteen years. This is, of course, impossible for the masses, but it is the ambition of every Japanese parent to have his son and daughter graduate from the higher institutions of learning of the land.

DEAD 20 MINUTES; LIFE RESTORED

Physician Explains Experiments on Stimulation of the Heart After Beatings Cease.

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 19.—Dr. B. Merrill Ricketts, whose paper on compression of the heart after it has ceased beating to restore life, read at the meeting of the American Medical Association in Boston on June 6, created a sensation, consented to talk on the subject this evening. He says a person who has been dead twenty minutes was brought back to life by manipulation of the heart.

"The heart has actually been stimulated to action on one or two days after death," said the doctor, "yet one or two minutes after the cessation of the heart is time enough to justify a physician in opening the chest and squeezing the heart, much as one would a pump, to renew its action. This action, if continued for a few minutes, and, in the course of his investigations, found that he could keep himself pretty well fed, on a not sumptuous, mind you, on about ten cents a day. To subside in Boston on so humble a sum should have won national recognition for the tennis champion; but it seems, little notice was taken at the time of the Miles experiments. It is meet and proper, however, that the home of the baked bean should have been a place of much discussion for his revolution which has substituted the bean for the breakfast as the main article in the Miles diet. Perhaps, incidentally, this will account for the mysterious prominence of Boston hitherto in the minds of medical men."

On returning to England Miles, after curing himself of indigestion, began giving advice to others on how they should eat and what they should do in cases of diseases arising from digestive disorders.

"It may sound more or less incredibly," said Miles, speaking of some of his cures, "but I have positively treated Bright's disease, in its early stages, quite successfully, without any other remedy but diet. Several persons who came to me with this disease were cured, while the lives of others have been undoubtedly prolonged. Before very long I found that I had nearly 1,000 food pupils who put themselves under my care. I had thoroughly worked out by this time my theory of food, and I was able to accomplish some remarkable results on persons who had been practically abandoned by regular medical men."

EARTHQUAKES IN LUZON.

Manila, June 20.—A series of earthquake shocks occurred in Northern Luzon yesterday and today.

The most perceptible was felt in Manila at 8 o'clock last night. Several shocks were experienced in the northern part of the island, and in the Babuyan and Batanes Islands and on Formosa. No damage was reported.

The shocks began at 7:55 o'clock last evening and continued at intervals through the night until 9:45 o'clock this morning.

FOOD FADDIST HAS MADE GOOD

A Crack English Athlete Who Never Eats Meat.

MILES EXCELS IN MANY SPORTS

Eats Stuff That Looks Like Pap and Only Very Small Quantity Is Necessary.

London, June 21.—Food faddists are as a rule, somewhat inactive folk; distinguished principally for giving advice to others. The list of their private accomplishments generally sums up to nil. It is certainly an exception when we find one who has been able—just on the strength of his diet—to win championships, produce books, teach difficult subjects, engage in strenuous journalism, and generally win success in many varied undertakings.

Such a diet crank is Eustace Miles, who recently won the amateur tennis championship from the strenuous young Jay Gould, or, rather, held the championship against the American player. Miles won by sheer force of bodily tissues, built up and nourished, as he claims, by his remarkable system of dietetics. The chief item of this system, it may be added, is a bland-looking substance called purd, which resembles the pap of early childhood, and upon a cupful of which Miles says he can do more work, and with less fatigue, than most people could on the most substantial beefsteaks, fortified by the ordinary vegetables and alcoholic.

When you first hear of Eustace Miles' dietary notions, you are naturally inclined to include them among the thousands of others said to work wonders for the human anatomy. When, however, you learn what Miles has accomplished in his 28 years, and, when, in addition, it is stated that he owes all this to his choice of foods, you begin perforce to give his statements an attentive hearing. Besides being tennis champion of the world, and holding all sorts of athletic medals for various sports—such as football, cricket and fives—the food revolutionist has to his credit some large accomplishments in the world of letters. No less than 24 publishers are engaged in bringing out his various books, which range anywhere from philology and Roman history to food recipes and court tennis. He seems, in fact, to be a very fair sample of the old adage—a healthy mind in a healthy body; for the brain seems to be as nimble as his muscles, and the amount of work he can do in a given time is astonishing.

Stranger yet, Eustace Miles first had his attention directed to food values while in Boston, Mass., a few years ago. He was then under treatment by a well-known Boston physician, who, however, seemed to do him little good. Miles began reading on the question of foods, and came to the conclusion that he would diet himself in accordance with certain information he obtained from books by Atwater and other experts. He made a special study of substances which contained nothing but protein, and, in the course of his investigations, found that he could keep himself pretty well fed, on a not sumptuous, mind you, on about ten cents a day. To subside in Boston on so humble a sum should have won national recognition for the tennis champion; but it seems, little notice was taken at the time of the Miles experiments. It is meet and proper, however, that the home of the baked bean should have been a place of much discussion for his revolution which has substituted the bean for the breakfast as the main article in the Miles diet. Perhaps, incidentally, this will account for the mysterious prominence of Boston hitherto in the minds of medical men."

On returning to England Miles, after curing himself of indigestion, began giving advice to others on how they should eat and what they should do in cases of diseases arising from digestive disorders.

"The proteid substances which I have discovered, or, rather, to be more accurate, extracted from substances containing large amounts of proteid, enable one to do an immense amount of work without feeling the least fatigue. For instance, I take a cup of this substance on awakening in the morning. I then lie in bed and write sometimes two or three newspaper or magazine articles. Facility of composition seems to be so much stimulated that I can often turn out two newspaper articles in an hour's time; and I never feel any brain fog after the cases of the heart beat from one minute to 24 hours before death finally came. The heart has been made to beat as long as two and one-half hours after the first cessation of its pulsations. The longest time on record of cessation of the heart beat, after which it was restored or re-established permanently, is twenty minutes."

Hot Weather Brings Them Out

Hot pavements and perspiring feet are able assistants in corn-growing. Try Putnam's Corn Extractor. It eases at once and cures in 24 hours. Insist on getting the genuine Putnam's, because it's painless and sure.

Neither Indian nor Ceylon tea alone produces the Red Rose flavor

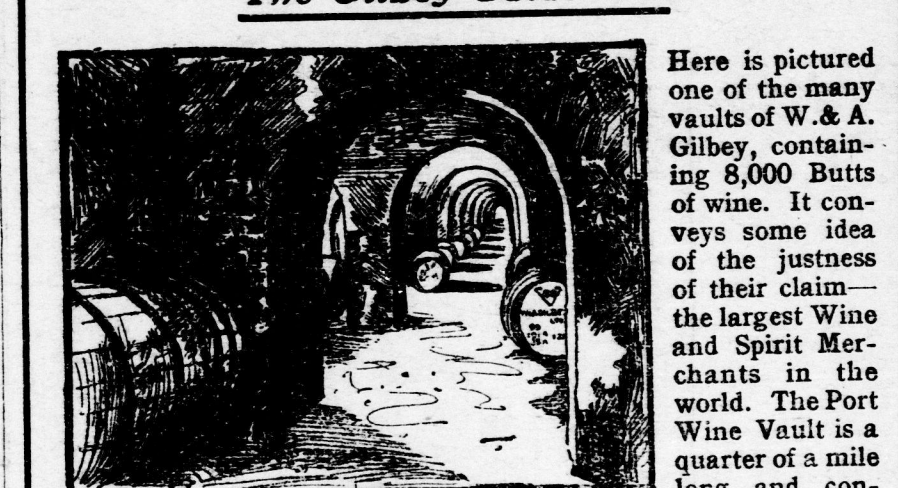
To produce a tea with the "rich fruity flavor" of Red Rose Tea from either Ceylon or Indian alone is impossible.

Neither Indian nor Ceylon in itself possesses the Red Rose flavor, but combined in proper proportions they produce the "rich fruity flavor" that has made Red Rose Tea famous—that makes Red Rose Tea the only tea used in any home where it is once tried.

Red Rose Tea is good Tea

T. H. Estabrooks, St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg

The Gilbey Catacombs



Here is pictured one of the many vaults of W. & A. Gilbey, containing 8,000 Butts of wine. It conveys some idea of the justness of their claim—the largest Wine and Spirit Merchants in the world. The Port Wine Vault is a quarter of a mile long and contains as high as 7,000 to 10,000 Piles.

Consumers—especially invalids—should be particularly on their guard against the cheap and inferior Spanish Red Wines which are largely sold as "Port." Their protection is a guarantee on the label that the Wine is strictly the "Product of Portugal." Without a peer as an After-dinner or Medicinal Wine is

W. & A. GILBEY'S

"Invalid" Port

Light in body and elegant in bouquet. Matured from the best growths of the Alto-Douro, where the Port Grape attains its highest culture. This wine is so named because highly recommended by Sir Charles A. Cameron, President of the Royal College of Surgeons as a "genuine Port Wine of good quality, unequalled for general consumption and excellent for the use of invalids." Absolutely guaranteed as labelled—A trial convinces.

W. & A. Gilbey

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Common Furnace Fire Pot

Sunshine Furnace Fire Pot

The slanting fire-pots in common furnaces provide a rest-place for ashes and clinkers, and these clog the draft, prevent radiation, make the furnace hard to shake, and fill up the fire-pot.

The "Sunshine" pot is straight up and down, which gives an uninterrupted course to the draft, and prevents ashes and clinkers sticking to the sides.

The same skill and thought has been used on every feature of the "Sunshine" furnace—it is Canada's greatest heater.

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It would be a much happier world if the postmen could be broken of the habit of leaving duns in the mail box.

How TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of scientific study of the effects of extracts of certain roots and herbs upon the digestive organs. Their use has been demonstrated in many instances that they regulate the action of the liver and the kidneys, purify the blood and carry off all morbid accumulations from the system. They are easy to take, and their action is mild and beneficial.

ALMOST HAYMAKING TIME IN THE COUNTRY.

Pure Manila Hay—Fork Rope—Horse Hay Forks—Hay Cars—Hay Slings—Sling Chains

Prices right, goods reliable.

Westman's Hardware

121 Dundas St., Market Square.

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River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.

The well and favorably known S. S. Campana, 1,700 tons, lighted with electricity and having all comforts, leaves Montreal on Monday, June 18, at 10 p.m. 15th June, 2nd, 15th and 20th July, 13th and 27th August, 10th and 24th September, for Pictou, N.S., calling at Quebec, Gaspe, Mal Bay, Perce, Cape Cove, Grand River, Summerside and Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Bermuda Summer excursions, \$5. S. S. Bermudian, 5,500 tons. Sailings from New York fortnightly, from 6th June to 25th November. Temperatures cooled by sea breezes, seldom rises above 90°. The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

For tickets and staterooms apply to E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, ticket agents, London, Ontario.

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June 14, Thursday.....Lake Manitoba

June 22, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

June 29, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

July 6, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

July 13, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

July 20, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

July 27, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

August 3, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

August 10, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

August 17, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

August 24, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

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September 8, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

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January 22, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

January 29, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

February 5, Saturday.....Empress of Britain

Northern Navigation Company

Full Summer Service in Effect.

LAKE SUPERIOR DIVISION, JUNE 18. Steamers leave Sarnia Monday, Wednesday and Friday for "Soo." Port Arthur, Port William and Duluth, Friday steamer going through to Duluth.

Homeseekers' Excursions to Points in Northwest Ju

PARRY SOUND AND PENETANG DIVISION, JUNE 18.

Steamers leave Penetang 2:45 p.m. daily for Parry Sound and way ports. GEORGIAN BAY AND MACKINAC DIVISION, JUNE 26.

Steamers leave Collingwood 1:00 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for "Soo." Mackinac Island, Potoskey and way ports.

Full information from all ticket agents H. H. GILBERT, Manager, Collingwood, C. H. NICHOLSON, Traffic Manager, Sarnia.

Ocean Steamship Tickets

White Star Line—New York, Boston and Mediterranean services. Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.

E. De la Hooke, Sole Agent.

American Line—New York and Philadelphia services.

Atlantic Transport Line—New York-London.

Dominion Line—Portland-Liverpool in winter. Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool in summer.

Red Star Line—New York-Dover-Antwerp.

Sailing lists, rate sheets, etc., on application to</

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

The Pittsburgh Pirates seem anxious to beat the Chicago Spuds' heavy-hitting record, at the expense of McGraw's Joints, judging from what happened yesterday.

The woods are full of fast racers, judging from the big field at Seaford yesterday. The northern town is a swell sporting burg.

Dymont's Fort Hunter has broken down again and will be sent back to Barrie. If Johnnie Dymont owned a sawhorse this year, something would surely happen to it.

A big killing was made at Gravesend yesterday. It seems that a few of the public got back about one-tenth of what they had lost during the week.

Wilkes Medium repeated at Seaford yesterday, winning from a good field. This one should go down the line, as he is a 2:10 pacer.

An Ottawa golfer played from sunrise until the going down of the same, other day. We did not think Ottawa was such a town to live in that a man would do anything like that.

If a team deserves to be knocked—don't do it, besides there is nothing that will put a team nearer the pennant than a boost from you and me, is the advice of the Toronto Star. Why, it would take the Rooters' Club, with Chief Sweeney, Jas. L. Hughes as its mouth, just six million years' boosting to lift that Toronto outfit out of the cellar. Boosting will not do for that club. Benevolent slaughtering would help some.

"Nick" Longworth and H'Allee were h'at H'Allee, with 'Is Majesty. My word, h'and the bloom'n' 'orses broke their bloom'n' necks to get h'a peep h'at'er. Strike me, Pinky, 'ers h'a bird. Believe me, when Nick gets back to h'old Cincinnati, the bloom'n' beer boozers will make 'im kink h'of H'America. Fawcay.

Every move is a picture may be all right, but it does not apply to some jockeys we have seen work.

It's all right for that New York magistrate to say a fellow has a right (also left) to hug his girl, but we hope he won't go on and champion the game with a squeeze to it.

What's the good of building a monument to Sysonby, as some propose? Why not make use of Dixie Andrews, the finest imitation of an equestrian statue we have yet met?—Telegram.

Gravesend bookmakers are receiving commiseration because a gang passed bad money on them. Just as if they had not already passed it back on the public.

The board of control of the Chicago high schools at a recent meeting limited the duration of indoor baseball games to seven innings. The board, of course, had to do something. The nine-inning game has come to be a frightful abuse.

The University of Michigan called the University of Chicago a "welcher." Possibly the epithet was used unthinkingly. When the faculty, the alumni, and the student body of the seat of learning on the Midway get Joseph to the real meaning of the term "welcher" what little is left of the entente cordiale may be numbered among the things that went. By way of breaking it abruptly, be it known that in the substratum of society the ordinary porch-crawler of nefarious commerce would consider "welcher" applied to himself, a fighting word.—Chicago Tribune.

Prof. Stagg's (of the University of Chicago) latest two story athletic acquisition is said to have developed the muscles of his arms and fingers milking cows on his mother's farm. There must be some tough cows on mother's farm or else the artist was cheating when he gave Phyllis, the dairy maid, a svelte figure tapering off into dainty wrists and ankles.

Everybody's quit the beef trust
Father eats flaked hay,
Mother sticks to hen fruit,
Brother gobbles clay;
Even baby balks at
Milk drawn from a can;
Everybody's quit the beef trust
But my dog Dan.

Teddy's gone and done it—
Shot 'em full of holes.
We haven't eat a beefsteak
To save our starving souls.
Auntie lives on chocolates,
So does sister Ann;
Everybody howls for Roosevelt
But my dog Dan.

Waiter, bring some onions,
Cabbage, lettuce, too!
Got to fill up somehow—
Hunger makes me blue.
Dra't it! Change that order!
Bring me half a ham!
I'm going to eat substantial,
Like my dog Dan.

—Atlanta Georgian.

An Austrian sportsman apologized rather than fight 151 duels. This is the first instance on record where a yellow streak was justified.

COVERPOINT.

THE TURF.

POOR FELD FOR SUBURBAN.

New York, June 20.—The 23rd Suburban handicap will be contested for at Sheepshead Bay tomorrow by the poorest field of horses ever sent over the course.

Dandelion stands out tonight as favorite. The second choice is play between Calmberg and Go Be-play.

Following are the starters, jockeys and probable odds: Totalon, 119 (Bedell), 5 to 1; Go Between, 116 (Shaw), 4 to 1; Dandelion, 107 (Miller), 5 to 2; Oxford, 107 (Lynn), 10 to 1; Proper, 122 (Williams), 7 to 1; Calmberg, 119 (Homer), 4 to 1; Colonial Girl, 113 (Sewell), 8 to 1; Dolly Spangler, 107 (J. Martin), 12 to 1; Cedar-strome, 95 (Garner), 30 to 1; Oliver Cromwell, 98 (Baird), 60 to 1; Astronomer, 96 (Radke), 5 to 1.

WON HUNDRETH PURSE.

Seattle, Wash., June 20.—W. B. Gates, the old campaigner in the stable of R. R. Rice, the Arkansas horseman, today won his 100th race, and now he will get his long promised retirement from racing.

A long time ago when W. B. Gates was approaching his century victory, Owner Rice announced that as soon as the horse made it an even hundred he would be retired to a life of ease on pastures green, and after Gates' victory today Mr. Rice said he would make the promise good.

W. B. Gates is a 3-year-old gelding, by Prince Royal-Penelope, and has raced on almost every track of importance in the country.

LOU DILLON CASE JULY 2.

Lexington, Ky., June 20.—Judge Townsend, of Hartford, Conn., has set July 2 as the date for a final hearing of the injunction suit of the Memphis Trotting Association to prevent its investigation of the gold cup scandal.

Judge Townsend dismissed the temporary

pleadings of the Memphis people, and allowed them to file additional pleadings, upon which he will decide at the date named.

JOCKEYS INJURED.

New York, June 20.—An accident marred the last race at Gravesend today, when Escort and Penguin both fell on the paddock turn. Jockey Brunel, who had the mount on Penguin, was cut about the head, and it is feared he may have received a fracture of the skull.

He was removed to a hospital in Brooklyn. J. Jones, who fell when Escort went down, received a broken collar bone. In the first race two horses fell near the finish, but both boys, Sewell and Cochran, escaped injury.

Dishabille, second choice, won the Myrtle stakes, while Oro took the Kensington steepchase, the feature of the closing day. Three favorites won.

FOOTBALL.

WINNERS GO TO FINALS.

Berlin, June 20.—The Berlin Rangers will run an excursion to Seaford on Friday for the Ranger-Huron W. F. A. senior match, which it is expected will be a close one.

The game here will go into the final with Dundas.

Should, however, the game result in a tie, these two teams and Stratford will be tied, and will have to play another series of games.

The Rangers defeated the Hurons in the game here, and are hoping to at least play them to a draw at home, and a bunch of upwards of a hundred rooters will accompany them to the northern town to help them to it.

LISTOWEL OUT OF RACE.

Listowel, June 20.—The deciding game of football between Listowel and Milverton Juniors was played here this evening and resulted 1 to 0 in favor of Milverton. This puts Listowel out of the running for the championship.

FAVORITE TOOK ROYAL OAK STAKES

Charlie Gilbert Quoted at 1 to 10, Won \$1,500 Event at Windsor.

Windsor, June 20.—A fair-sized crowd attended the fourth day's meeting of the Highland Park Jockey Club today. The weather was cloudy, and the track a trifle slow. The feature event was the Royal Oak Farm Stakes, for 2-year-olds, worth \$1,500. The Gardner entry was the choice of the public in this event:

First race, 5 furlongs, for 3-year-olds and up, selling—Little Mike, 101 (Swain), 5 to 1; Redondo, 94 (Burton), 15 to 1; Little Rose, 87 (Goldstein), 15 to 1; 2:10 1-5. Brad-warin, Little Red, Sweet Flavia, Potaro Grande, Frank Carr, Cascine, Henry Hendricks and Proformo also ran.

Second race, 5 furlongs, for 2-year-olds, selling—Tom Gilroy, 106 (Aubuchon), 2 to 1; 1:10. Dick Shanley, 103 (Swain), 4 to 1; 2:10. Elkins, 109 (Moun-tain), 5 to 1; 2:10. 1:02. Miss Martha, Garmata and French Empress also ran.

Third race, 7 furlongs, for 2-year-olds and up—Loupina, 103 (J. Kelly), 2 to 1; 1:10. Ohlysea, 98 (Swain), 7 to 1; 2:10. Nat B., 105 (Minder), 10 to 1; 2:10. 1:23 4-5. Fox Meade and Willowdene also ran.

Fourth race, 4 1-2 furlongs, the Royal Oak Farm stakes—Charlie Gilbert, 106 (Fleming), 1 to 10; 1:10. Glimmer, 114 (Fischer), 8 to 1; 2:10. Restoration, 105 (B. Smith), 1 to 10; 3:10. 1:58. Pinafore also ran. "Coupled."

Fifth race, 6 furlongs, for 3-year-olds and up, selling—Rubylat, 102 (Foley), 13 to 1; 1:10. Bob Herman, 100 (Fischer), 8 to 1; 2:10. Hilarity, 107 (Denison), 15 to 1; 3:10. 1:16 1-5. Frank Collins, Tichingmo, Fly Lady, King Pepper and Fanny Blazes also ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile, for 3-year-olds and up, selling—Sealcock, 100 (Foley), 8 to 1; 1:10. Dance Music, 100 (Swain), 4 to 1; 2:10. Extra, 91 (Burton), 2 to 1; 3:10. 1:45. John Garner, Retief, Geo. P. McNear, Chanica, Demurser, Brook-ston, Sheriff Bell and Winchester also ran.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.

At Gravesend—Frank Lord 6 to 1, Oro 4 to 1, Monet 8 to 5, Dishabille 3 to 1, Grenade 1 to 2, Single Shot 7 to 5.

At Buffalo—Hyperion II 4 to 1, Affinity 6 to 5, Cardigan 3 to 1, Money Muss 6 to 5, Earl Rogers 2 to 1, Laura A. 6 to 5.

At Latonia—The Penny 5 to 1, Edith M. 12 to 1, Oak Grove 4 to 1, Raibart 4 to 5, Oasis 15 to 1, Little Elkin 17 to 1, The Gaddy 2 to 1.

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WAS TAKEN DOWN FOR ONE HEAT

Judges Thought Dan McEwen Was Not Driving to Win at Seaford.

Seaford, June 20.—The Seaford races opened today with large fields and keen competition. The 2:50 stake, with thirteen starters, was the chief event of the day, Wilkes Medium winning in three straight heats. Fastest time, 2:19 1-4.

The 2:19 class went to R. Whiting, Darkey Hal winning the fastest heat in 2:17 1-4. In the fourth heat Billy Cole ran into the fence at the last quarter, smashing the sulky and running away. The driver was badly shaken up, but uninjured.

The surprise of the day was the defeat of Wisdom King in the 2:15 pace. Little Sandy winning in straight heats. Fastest time, 2:16 1-4. McEwen was taken down from behind, falling King after the first heat, when he came home in third place in the slow time of 2:20 1-4. Mr. Crummer was given the mount for the second heat, but could not do better than second in 2:14 1-4. At the third heat, Wisdom King's owner.

W. J. McEwen, who showed tickets King's owner, was anxious to win the race, but could do no better than second in 2:14 1-4. At the third heat, Wisdom King's owner.

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CONSUL REGRETS LEAVING LONDON

Col. Culver Says He Can Never Forget His Pleasant Stay in This City.

Col. Henry S. Culver, the United States consul in London for the past nine years, and who has been advanced to a similar post at Cork, Ireland, stated to The Advertiser today that the closing of the London and other Central Ontario consulates was due to the fact that there are numerous border consulates which can do the work, possibly with as much convenience to the people, under proper rules and regulations, as is at present the case. Most of the details affected are being given better posts.

Col. Culver does not leave the Foreign City without regret. Citizens also are sorry at his departure. Col. Culver's first public appearance in London was made at a St. Andrew's Society banquet at the City Hotel, and his utterances on that occasion, in reply to the toast of "The President of the United States," stamped him as a broad-minded man, and won for him the respect and goodwill of the people. Time has only tended to increase his popularity among all classes of citizens.

"Our residence in London for the past nine years," said Col. Culver today, "has been one of great pleasure, officially and personally, and we could not but be strongly attached to this people. We have been treated with such kindness and courtesy, and have made so many close friends, that we regret in one way the departure from this beautiful city. We naturally, of course, look forward to a stay in Ireland with delightful anticipation. It will be a change and an experience we all naturally crave, and while our duties will be multiplied and our labors increased, yet they will be different (Col. Culver being a consular officer), and therefore we hope equally as pleasurable as our labors here."

"But wherever we go we can never obliterate from our memories our stay in Canada, and we shall watch with great interest and sympathy the development of this vast country. You will be mightily among the nations of the earth sooner than you anticipate. Your water places will be teeming with people before you fairly realize it, and your wise men will wonder at the change."

"It is a great pleasure to realize the cordial relations existing between our country and our own, and I trust we may ever live peacefully and harmoniously as neighbors and friends, enjoying a commercial rivalry, of course, but at all times deeply interested in each other's welfare and progress. It seems to me there must always be a bond of sympathy between us—people with the same ideas of civil and religious liberty, speaking the same language, and having virtually the same laws."

NURSING CANDIDATES FOR SCHOOL BOARD

Another Political Move by a Coterie of Trustees.

Some people are continually decrying the introduction of politics into municipal and school board matters, apparently forgetting that such a thing as introduction at this late date is impossible. The proper word is maintenance, because for some years now politics has been mixed up with almost every appointment and every affair of every kind in the municipal life of London.

In this line the school board probably excels all competitors this year. Not that it is any worse than formerly—it is simply because the Liberals and Conservatives are more evenly divided than in former years.

As a consequence, political moves which a year ago would pass unnoticed, are now brought scintillating to the surface from the fact that the Liberals are able to make a fight now, whereas in the past they were simply ignored and were too weak to defend themselves.

It is interesting to contemplate the manner in which the Conservative workers are looking ahead with a view to recovering their supremacy next year.

Under the new act which provides for the election of school trustees by general vote in London, it will be necessary to elect five trustees the first Monday in January.

Four of the trustees who must seek re-election are Conservatives, and one is a Liberal.

If the Liberals succeed in electing two trustees, the control of the educational body will pass into Liberal hands, and this possibility is proving a veritable nightmare to the men who have so long ruled the roost.

And taking time by the forelock, they are now grooming candidates for January next.

It was a noticeable fact to those who took the trouble to read the "school" picnic programmes yesterday that of the six outside gentlemen whose names were added to the picnic committees, six were Conservatives. They were ex-School Trustees Thos. Cousins, John McLean, Wm. Yeates, Thomas Evans, W. T. Hamilton and also Dr. Seaborn.

This is what is termed in municipal politics, "nursing" candidates. While in the nursery stage their names are brought before the public, and at election time the most promising are "potted out."

Then again, of the 60 odd gentlemen who composed the sports committee yesterday, no less than about 40 were Conservatives.

The East London Club is alleged to be at the bottom of the scientific political move.

HOOD'S Painless Cathartic PILLS

Easy to take, easy to operate; cure biliousness, constipation, morning and sick headache, break up colds and ward off fevers. All druggists. M. C. L. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

END OF QUESTION NOT YET REACHED

Synod's Executive Committee Will Further Consider Management of Funds.

The Synod of Huron this morning spent its full session, practically, discussing the management of its funds. There was an idea abroad that the matter should be fully investigated, so the executive committee was given power to consider it thoroughly and report at the next meeting.

The Episcopal fund was under discussion for some time, and it was decided to increase the endowment fund to such an extent as to meet the present deficit. It will require \$20,000 endowment to meet the needs. The plan in its details was to be worked out by the executive committee.

In the discussion of the report of the executive committee, regarding the placing of the funds of the church in the hands of a trust company, the synod yesterday voted down such a move.

Mr. Matthew Wilson, K.C., Chatham, brought in an amendment, however, to the effect that the whole question be referred to a committee appointed by the bishop, and that they canvass the situation thoroughly. If this committee found it advisable, and suitable terms could be arranged, the executive committee would have power to close negotiations. Mr. Wilson spoke to his motion, and thought that if a satisfactory agreement could be reached, and there was no doubt about it, there would be no need of increasing the endowment of the Episcopal fund.

Mr. R. A. Bayly, K.C., made a strong speech, in which he declared that it was a deliberate attempt to take a snap vote and thus override the action of the synod. The question had been settled, and should not have been brought up again. Mr. Bayly was called to order by his lordship.

Archdeacon Young deprecated the fact that irritation and bitterness had been injected into the discussion. It was a business matter, and should be discussed as such. There could be no snap vote when all the synod was present. He was in favor of the amendment as a clear and definite discussion of the question.

Canon Brown advocated a thorough and adequate investigation of the funds of the church. The question was a vital one, and should not be passed by lightly. He wanted to refer it to the executive committee, but not with power. Nothing would be gained by hurrying the matter along. Whatever decision was reached by the executive committee would be acceptable to the larger body. The executive committee would report at its next session.

Mr. John Noble thought that the synod acted yesterday in ignorance of the details of the scheme.

Mr. Wilson withdrew his amendment, and announced that he had been empowered to investigate the whole matter.

His lordship thought that it was light that was needed. He had spoken freely on the subject, and if the clergy knew as much as he did they would have spoken more strongly. Let light be brought to bear on the subject. If there was anything to be hidden, let the light be turned on it. If nothing is to be hidden, let there be light anyway. He warned them that the present methods would result as they did sixteen years ago, if there was not a radical change. A large debt would be inevitable, and the result would be that the synod of the missionary clergy would be further reduced. As to the matter of occupancy of the rooms in the cathedral that matter lay with him entirely.

Canon Brown's amendment was carried unanimously.

Canon Davis read a memorial to the clergy who had died during the year.

WEDDING AT ILBERTON

The residence of Mr. T. J. Clatworthy, of Ilberton, was the scene of a very pretty event yesterday, when his daughter, Edith May, was united in marriage to Mr. John McColl, of Lobo. The ceremony was performed at 12 o'clock, under an arch of evergreens and roses, by Rev. H. H. Tancred, rector of Grace Church, Ilberton.

The bride, who was given away by her father, looked charming in a beautiful gown of white silk, with trimmings of chiffon and over-lace. She carried a bouquet of bridal roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Nellie Clatworthy, sister of the bride, wore a dainty gown of white floria, while Pearly Clatworthy, niece of the bride, made a charming little flower girl and ring-bearer, she being dressed in white silk. The groom was escorted by Mr. Ezra Campbell, of London.

The wedding march was played by Mr. Cecil Clatworthy, organist of St. James' Church, Toronto.

After the ceremony and congratulations a wedding breakfast was served. The bride and groom left for their new home in London, carrying with them the best wishes of their many friends.

The presents were an evidence of the high esteem in which the young couple are held. A check for \$600 was given the bride by her father, and a beautiful silver cake basket was received from the congregation of Grace Church, Ilberton.

DR. PATRICK ILL

Winnipeg Delegate to Assembly Unable to Return Home.

Rev. Dr. Patrick, of Winnipeg, who was a delegate to the Presbyterian assembly in this city, has been ill for some days. His physician, Dr. McLeay, says he is doing nicely, and will be able to leave for his home in a couple of days.

The day after the debate on church union in the assembly, Dr. Patrick suffered a chill, which threw him into a fever and threatened serious consequences.

Happily, he overcame the trouble, and is now almost entirely recovered. Dr. Patrick is the guest of Mr. Charles Leonard.



AT THE BIG SCHOOLS' PICNIC AT SPRINGBANK—SCENE AT THE PAVILION DURING A SHOWER.

NO FAKE GAME PRACTICED HERE

Soldiers in Camp Not Going Under Assumed Names, as at Niagara.

A dispatch from Niagara states that of the 5,000 men in camp there, 2,000 are serving under assumed names, in order to get the advantage of the increased pay which is given to men in the second and third years of service. Inquiry was made at the camp grounds today to ascertain if the same conditions existed here. All the officers state that to the best of their knowledge all the men on Carling's Heights are serving under their proper names, and with the exception of a very few, of whom they have no previous knowledge, and have to trust to their own veracity, all are enlisted on the payrolls according to the correct length of time they have served.

The explanation which was given by a prominent authority at the camp today of the conditions at Niagara camps are as follows: A regulation was issued making it necessary that the service rolls of the regiments should be forwarded to headquarters before June 12, nearly two weeks before camp commenced. In a great many cases, it is stated, the commanding officers simply sent along the service rolls of last year, trusting to luck and favorable conditions to get them accepted.

When the militiamen gathered at their respective company headquarters on Monday, June 11, it was found that many had sent excuses or substitutes. The cause of the light, in which only two men took part, is not known, but it is thought that drink had something to do with it. It appears that the two men went to the blacksmith shop to get horses shod, and became involved in a quarrel. For about an hour they fought, in and out of the shop—sometimes in the middle of the road and sometimes in the backyard. At last one of the men saw a woman watching the performance from across the road and shouted at her. This increased the fighting force by two, for the men in the family of the woman across the way came over to have revenge on the man who had shouted. When the police arrived on the scene the fight had dwindled down to a three-man affair, and all looked as if they had done sufficient fighting for one day, one of them having his shirt torn completely off.

Two of the men were this morning fined two dollars each and the other was discharged.

Jenny Ormiston, charged with vagrancy, was remanded for another week.

William Hueston, William Brazier, George Boyd and R. J. Webster, teamsters, were ordered to take out licenses.

John McDonald was remanded for one week on a charge of being drunk, and being in the company of a woman one week. William Beattie, another imbibor, was fined \$3 or ten days.

MANY BEAUTIES THERE

Flower Show Contains the Pick of London Gardens.

The flower show in the city hall is in full swing today, and hundreds of visitors are reveling in the beauties of flowerland.

The exhibit this year is one of the most select and instructive of any as yet shown by the London Horticultural Society.

The roses, the poppies, the peonies, the columbines—in fact, nearly all the exhibits, are of the rarest varieties, and demonstrate the progress that is being made by Londoners in scientific flower-growing.

Some very beautiful roses are shown by Mrs. Ed. Weld, Mr. T. Alexander, and Mr. John Stevenson.

Gardener Talbot, of the London Institute, also has a splendid exhibit of roses.

The exhibitors include the following: Mrs. James Stewart, Walter Smith, Thomas Alexander, Dr. S. P. Reynolds, D. Sare, L. H. Baker, Mrs. Zimmerman, H. W. Givins, James Lutman, H. Granich, Mrs. A. J. Morgan, John Gunn, C. P. Butler, J. H. K. Talbot (gardener London Insane Asylum), Mr. Flowers (gardener for Mrs. Becker), Mrs. S. Scratton, John Stevenson, Mrs. Ed. Weld, R. Southam, W. C. Furness, Wm. Moore, John Ferguson, C. J. Fox, Wm. Rose, Miss E. Boyd, Walter Hunt, J. W. Rowland, Charles Gilbert.

GETS PARK THEATER

Mr. John R. Stewart to Provide the Springbank Attractions.

Mr. John R. Stewart, the new lessee of the Grand Opera House, today concluded arrangements with Manager King, of the London street railway, for the lease of the Springbank theater for this season.

The theater will be opened on the 2nd of July, which is Dominion Day. Mr. Stewart will have here one of the best farce comedies on the road, and the bill will be changed every night.

There is also a chance that light opera will be produced at the summer theater shortly.

It will be Mr. Stewart's aim to give the people good value for their money and also a clean performance. The theater will be roofed right away and a better class of seats will likely be put in for about ten of the front rows.

ADDRESSES FOR BOTH

Westminster Methodists Show Appreciation of Ministers' Work.

A number of the members of the North Street and Sharon appointments of the Westminster circuit met at the parsonage last evening, and gave Rev. R. Fulton Irwin and family a surprise. During the evening Mr. Frank Bennett occupied the chair very satisfactorily. He called upon Mr. E. S. Hunt, who read an address to Mr. and Mrs. Irwin, expressing appreciation of their services during the past four years—Mr. Irwin as a minister of the Gospel, and Mrs. Irwin as a Christian worker.

The address was presented by Mr. Samuel Sutton.

Mr. Irwin made a suitable reply, thanking the friends for their kindness, and said this would occupy a very prominent place upon the walls of his future home.

The chairman next called on Mr. Ewart Hunt, who read a similar address to Mr. and Mrs. Irwin, who has been the junior minister for the past year; and Mr. C. Adams made the presentation. Mr. Langford replied in suitable terms and thanked all who felt so kindly toward him.

Mr. Irwin goes to Thamesville for his next circuit, and Mr. Langford goes to college.

FOUGHT ALL AFTERNOON

Then Landed in the Police Cells to Cool Off Over Night.

A Talbot street blacksmith shop was the scene of a fight which lasted all yesterday afternoon, and ended in three men spending the night behind the bars on Carling street.

The cause of the fight, in which only two men took part, is not known, but it is thought that drink had something to do with it. It appears that the two men went to the blacksmith shop to get horses shod, and became involved in a quarrel. For about an hour they fought, in and out of the shop—sometimes in the middle of the road and sometimes in the backyard. At last one of the men saw a woman watching the performance from across the road and shouted at her. This increased the fighting force by two, for the men in the family of the woman across the way came over to have revenge on the man who had shouted. When the police arrived on the scene the fight had dwindled down to a three-man affair, and all looked as if they had done sufficient fighting for one day, one of them having his shirt torn completely off.

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Jenny Ormiston, charged with vagrancy, was remanded for another week.

TORONTO POLICE ON RAID

Bucketshops and Handbooks Pulled—100 Arrests Made.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Toronto, June 21.—The Toronto police swooped down today in force upon the bucket shops and handbooks, raiding no less than 20 places and effecting nearly 100 arrests. It was carefully planned, and exactly at 12:45 police-men, detectives and inspectors raided premises where business was being full blast.

Happening at just noon the arrests attracted enormous crowds and occasioned great excitement. All the well-known resorts of the downtown district were included.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Sarnia, June 20.—The Sarnia Gun Club were favored with good weather for the opening of their first annual tournament, which commenced this morning at Bayview Park. Shooters are in attendance from London, Ridgeway, Port Huron, Detroit, Columbus, and other places. The shoot is being managed by John Parker, of Detroit. The attendance is not nearly as large as was expected, but will no doubt be better tomorrow. The scores made today were poor, owing to the head cross wind, and the unsatisfactory working of the trap. Ten events, 20 targets each, were shot, \$5 added in each event, and \$10 average. F. Houghton, Sarnia, won high average; Chamberlain, Columbus, second; and Glover, London, third. The scores:

Total.
Houghton 16 19 12 15 13 19 17 17-136
Chamberlain 17 19 17 16 19 13 17-133
Glover 15 17 15 16 15 16 17 15-130
Luck 16 13 14 15 18 14 15 17-135
Gibson 16 16 14 15 16 15 16 15-133
Cox 16 17 14 15 14 16 17 15-135
Hennick 13 12 16 19 14 16 17 17-154
Fores 13 12 15 16 14 16 17 17-142
Blue Bill 14 19 13 13 12 11 16 12-140
Bro. Charles 12 10 9 8 7 9 8 13-108
Mitchell 13 17 17 13 12 12 12
Tippett 13 17 17 13 12 12 12

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Miss Charlotte Griffin, of the Muhlenberg Training School for Nurses, is home for a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Benson, of St. Paul, Minn., are visiting with William D. Benson, 559 Dufferin avenue.

—Mr. John G. MacKay, of the buying staff of J. H. Chapman & Co., sails today per steamship Victorian for the foreign markets.

—The boards of works meets tonight. Tenders for several brick pavements will be opened, and also for the Kensington rock asphalt pavement on King street.

—The garden party at the home of Mrs. Rogers, 101 Wharncliffe road, London West, on Friday evening, will be given by the ladies' aid of Talbot Street Baptist Church.

—Robert Cartledge, the young gardener from the Hamilton road, who used loud language to his neighbor George Rawlings, was fined \$1 and costs for the same by Squire Chittick yesterday.

—The Jubilee roller rink was reopened last night under the new management. A good crowd skated until the closing hour. Mr. Frank Trafford, the new manager, has taken extra pains in decorating the interior. The rink will be open during the summer months.

—Dr. Saunders, of Superior, Wis., made a pleasant call yesterday on his uncle, Mr. A. R. Murdoch, 160 Mount Pleasant avenue, and also on Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Matthews, 486 Dufferin avenue. This was Dr. Saunders' first visit to London, and he expressed a great admiration for the city. He is on his way back to his medical convention in Boston.

—Ballif P. Simon, of the Central Prison, had dinner with Governor Carter at the county jail today. With him were six gents from Sandwich and Sarnia, who will enjoy the quiet of the Central for the next few months. Among those from London who will also take the rest cure, were Alf Quait, 5 months, for stealing, and Angus Delesh, 3 months, for lifting cattle.

—The garden party in aid of the Tempo Presbyterian Church will be held on the evening of Tuesday, June 25, and not on July 2, as stated previously. The anniversary services of the church are to be held on June 24. A return fare of 30 cents from London has been arranged with the Southwestern Traction Company for the evening of June 25.

SAM WAS NOT WELCOME.

Sam Groat is an Indian brave whose company is not always sought for. In fact, he was invited to keep away from the Muncey reserve. The other day he tied himself up and was arrested. He appeared before Indian Agent Suberland on a charge of trespass and was remanded until Wednesday next.

PROMOTION EXAMS.

Promotion examinations begin in the public schools on Wednesday next, and they will continue Thursday and Friday. The high school entrance exams begin the same day. The Collegiate Institute exams begin on June 30 and will continue until July 14.

DEATH OF W. B. HAMILTON.

Mr. W. B. Hamilton, senior member of the W. B. Hamilton Shoe Company, and one of the most respected of the older generation of Toronto's industrial captains, died Monday at his home, at the age of 82 years. Mr. Hamilton was a brother of Mr. A. M. Hamilton, of this city, and he had been confined to his bed since June 1, and was unconscious during the last three days. He had not been engaged in business actively for two years. Mr. Hamilton was born in Montreal in 1823, and came to Toronto in 1849. In 1860, after a considerable experience in the clothing business, he entered the shoe business, in which he is now succeeded by his sons. He was the oldest director of the Bank of Commerce, and an ex-president of the board of trade. He is survived by Mrs. Hamilton and by two sons and two daughters. The funeral was held this afternoon.

Baking Powder Proof

It is an easy matter to determine the relative merits of baking powders by testing them. When baking, use Strong's Baking Powder in half the baking, and mark it so that you can identify it afterwards. Do the same with any other good powder in the other half, and notice the results. If you don't think Strong's Baking Powder is the best now, you will have no doubt of it after putting it to a practical test. Besides, it only costs half what any other pure powder costs, 25c pound.

Strong's Drug Store

Chemist and Druggist.
184 Dundas St.

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Granite Preserving Kettles 25c, 30c, 40c, 60c and \$1.00
Decorated Coffee Pots, regular \$1.00 and 75c, for 85c
Granite Water Pails, regular 75c, for 50c
Measures—1 quart for 25c and 40c
Measures—Half-gallon for 50c and 65c
Measures—1 gallon for \$1.00 and \$1.25
Triple Steamers \$1.00 and \$1.25
Coal Oil Stoves \$1.00 up to \$3.00
Ice Cream Freezers \$2.25, \$3.25 and \$4.00

All kinds of repairing promptly done. Eavestroughing and furnace work a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. A. BROWNLEE

385 and 387 Talbot Street.
This store closes at 7 p.m. on Saturday.

Capital, \$3,800,000; Assets, \$34,000,000; Reserve, \$4,200,000.

More Building Permits

You could take out a building permit, too, if you had saved money.

It isn't the amount you could save, so much as the system, if you would save, that counts.

The best system is depositing your savings here. They are absolutely secure and you get the maximum safe rate of interest.

The Bank of Toronto

Special Banking Room for Ladies at city office.

Cor. Richmond and King Sts.
John Pringle, Manager.

Cor. Dundas and Adelaide Sts.
F. L. Coulson, Manager.

Capital, \$3,800,000; Assets, \$34,000,000; Reserve, \$4,200,000.

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The best system is depositing your savings here. They are absolutely secure and you get the maximum safe rate of interest.

Why Put Off the Matter

of your Business and Shorthand training, when there is such a demand for COMPETENT office help? The

F.C.B.C.

(LONDON, ONT.) has assisted hundreds to good paying positions, and can do as much for you if you graduate. Catalogue free. J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

Novi-Modi Spring Suits

I-2 Price

These suits are this spring's newest models, and most fashionable fabrics. Novi-Modi garments are made-to-order, and easily stand at the head of all ready-to-wear clothing for women.

O. LABELLE
Ladies and Gentlemen's Tailor
Opposite the Bank of Canada.

Kindling Wood
AND SAWDUST FOR SALE.
LONDON BOX CO.
309 Bathurst Street. ywt

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

SMITH, SON & OLARKE
Undertakers and Embalmers
Lady assistant. Night calls personally attended. Rubber-tired funeral cars.
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62 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 678
Residence on Premises.

ELLIOTT & OLMSTED
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Lady assistant when desired.
Day phone 1778; night phone 1907.
22 Dundas. Residence, 38 King.

D. A. STEWART
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Reasonable charges. Best equipment.
Open day and night. Residence on premises.
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MONUMENTS Granite & Marble.
Artistic Design. Prices Reasonable.
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R. H. SMITH Contractor and Builder,
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Manufacturer of Cement Blocks and Sills.
Phone 158. ywt

Have Your Eyes
properly fitted by
MARSHALL
Exclusive Optician.
Gold-filled Glasses complete with best spherio lenses... \$2.50
Nickel Glasses complete with best spherio lenses... \$1.00
Best Stays - On Rims - Glasses complete... \$2.50
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264 DUNDAS ST.
Near Wellington St.
Closed every Wednesday afternoon.
55k-tywt

City Bindery
Removed to
355 Richmond St.
H.P. BOCK.

PURITY IN FLOUR.

You want a flour that does not fall. Daisy Flour has been in use long enough to make it the favorite flour. From all grocers.

London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution, Limited.
All branches of music taught—piano, organ, violin, voice, elocution, harmony and all orchestral instruments.
The Fletcher Music Method, which is the best method known for teaching children, also taught. Certificates and diplomas granted. Write for curriculum or sample examination papers. Address 34 Dundas street, London. Phone 130.

INSPECTOR APPOINTED.
Toronto, June 21.—The Government has appointed Mr. John A. Ayeas, of Thamesville, provincial inspector under the liquor license act, for the special purpose of seeing that the law is strictly enforced in local option districts. There have been complaints of late in respect to breaches of the law in several local option districts.
Mr. C. H. Shera, of Port Arthur, has been appointed mining recorder for the Port Arthur mining district.

THE SHARLOT LAKE MYSTERY.
Kingston, Ont., June 21.—It develops that while in jail Sandy Bedore asked Woods, a witness in the McKay fur robbery, to write a letter to his wife to ask her to find out if Mrs. Meddo was to be a witness against him in a robbery affair, and telling what she knew about him. This was before Mrs. Meddo disclosed the secrets she possessed regarding the Sharlot Lake mystery.

HURON & ERIE

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The Canadian Savings & Loan Co.
The Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co.
Amalgamated

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J. W. LITTLE, President.

ROBERT FOX, Vice-President.

V. CRONIN, K.C.

JOHN CHRISTIE.

DR. F. R. ECCLES.

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T. G. MEREDITH, K.C.

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In the Savings and Debenture Departments is secured by first mortgages on real estate.

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Bottled for Home Use.

You can order HAMILTON'S ALE and PORTER from your dealer. You will find them always the same. Pure and fully aged.

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Merchant Tailor

212 DUNDAS STREET

Higgins Block. Telephone 595.

We Have the Secret Of Fitting Glasses Properly

That is our one profession. We make no failures. You take no risk. We examine your eyes. Without charge.

The Tait Optical Co.
Exclusive Opticians
237 DUNDAS STREET.

Brides

Look with longing eyes at our beautiful Silverware, and when they receive it they appreciate it above everything else. It is a most suitable gift.

THOS. GILLEAN

402 RICHMOND STREET.

JOHNSTON BROS. XXX BREAD

Is the Summer Food par excellence. Highly nourishing, yet very readily digested. You ought to have it for your table. Ask for Johnston Bros. XXX Bread. Sold by progressive grocers.

JOHNSTON BROS. PHONE 818.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mayor John D. Noble, Petrolia, is attending synod this week.

—Rev. J. J. Durkin, O.P., of New York City, is visiting his parents on Hill street.

—Miss Elizabeth Allen, of the Willard Parker Hospital, New York, is visiting friends in this city.

—Miss Lena and Freda Paul, of St. Catharines, are on a visit to friends in London, Listowel and Detroit.

—Miss Clara Oliver, of 832 Wellington street, has returned home after a delightful four-months' holiday with relatives in St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn.

—The board of the Young Women's Christian Association are having a "Palm Tea" at their rooms, Wellington street, on Friday afternoon from 8 to 6. Sale of homemade confectionery and flowers. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

—Misses Gertrude and Maude Moorhouse are visiting their aunt, Mrs. A. W. Fitzsimons, of 142 South Queen street, Hamilton, where they attended the wedding of their cousin, Miss Rose Tremaine to Mr. George Wellington Wilson, of Brantford. Miss Gertrude Moorhouse acted as bridesmaid.

—A special Masonic service under the auspices of several local lodges will be held in the First Presbyterian Church, Westminster, at Wilton Grove, on Sunday afternoon at 2:30. A number of brethren will drive out from the city. Bro. Rev. Dr. McCrae will conduct the service.

RICH SILVER VEIN.

Toronto, June 21.—A small, but very rich silver vein has been found in the township of Lorraine, east of the famous township of Coleman.

The London Loan & Savings Company of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 58.

Notice is hereby given that this company has declared a dividend on its capital stock for the current half year ending 30th of June, 1906, at rate of 6 per cent per annum.

For the convenience of shareholders, transfer books will not be closed.

M. J. KENT, Manager.

Piano Bargains

One Stodart, square, in good order.....\$25

One William Miller, square, in excellent condition.....\$50

One Mendelssohn, upright, only three months in use.....\$200

One Gerhard Heintzman, upright, Cabinet Grand, as good as new.....\$275

Will be sold on easy terms, if desired.

W. McPHILLIPS,

189 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Why Use Poor Cement When You Can Buy the

"VERIBEST"

JUST AS CHEAPLY?

John Mann & Sons,

401 Clarence St. 425 York St.

Phone 470

Still More Weddings

Are booked for this month. Hundreds of beautiful gifts have been purchased here this June, and our stock of Cut Glass, Handpainted China and appropriate Jewelry is still the choicest in London.

C. H. WARD & CO.

JEWELERS.

574 RICHMOND STREET.

Customers say our breads are pure. This is because

Parnell uses nothing but pure ingredients. A trial loaf will convince you.

Phone 929.

Quality

"Purity" Baking Powder is the very highest grade possible. It is the purest, strongest and best of all Baking Powders. In our judgment it is the high-water mark of quality.

"Purity" never fails to make delicious, nourishing and appetizing food.

Only 20 cents per pound.

Cairncross & Lawrence

Chemists and Druggists,
215 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.

DEMAND FOR HORSES

Rally in the Market at Toronto—Good Animals Soon Sold.

Toronto, June 21.—There has been quite a rally in the horse market during the past week, and while the sales have not been on an extensive scale, several supplementary orders from contractors and from the Northwest have been received that have given quite an air of briskness to the principal mart. Prices also have been firmer. Altogether it can safely be said that the condition of affairs is most satisfactory, and for the season of the year exceptionally good. Carriage horses are in light demand. Good delivery horses, animals that add appearance to substance, are eagerly snapped up, and it looks as if there will be some fall and noteworthy doings at the Dominion Day show.

Draught horses are hardly so much sought after as they were earlier in the year, but at that, sound, fresh young bloods experience little difficulty in finding purchasers at reasonable values.

Fonies are being widely inquired for with exceedingly few forthcoming. People seemingly object to pay over a hundred dollars for the little fellows, but there are positively none to be had of any account at anything less.

Drivers, under 15, are sharing in the pony prosperity, any offering of conformation being taken at prices that cannot be otherwise than considered good.

HAD NECK BROKEN.

Toronto, June 21.—Alex McDonald, a young Scotchman, had his neck broken in the Grand Union Hotel elevator last night.

GREAT GIFTS.

Montreal, June 21.—Miss Elizabeth Orkney's will gives \$300,000 to hospital, charitable and church associations, including \$50,000 to the Art Association.

Malta Vita

"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something "just as good" has no regard for your judgment or your health. It's delicious.

SYNOD OPPOSED TO A CHANGE IN MANAGEMENT OF ITS FUNDS

Old System Will Be Continued—Question Discussed an Entire Afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon's session of the Synod of the Diocese of Huron was entirely taken up with the presentation of the report on the bishop's charge, and with the discussion of the clause in the report of the office management committee, which stated that the synod was of the opinion that it was advisable to place the funds of the synod in the hands of a trust company, and that a committee be appointed, with power to make arrangements for such a change.

There were a great many different views expressed, and it was taken for granted by most of those who spoke on the subject that the placing of the funds in the hands of a trust company would involve the vacating of the present office of the synod in connection with St. Paul's Cathedral, and also deprive them of the use of Cronyn Hall as a meeting place. If it had been thoroughly understood by all who discussed the matter, as the bishop said after the debate was over, that the motion called only for the placing of the funds in a trust company, and that the matter of vacating their quarters at the cathedral was not up for discussion, and that therefore all the arguments regarding the effect it would have upon St. Paul's were useless, a great deal of time would have been saved.

Would Effect Big Saving.

It was argued by some members of the synod that the present expenses incurred in the handling of the funds is \$4,400 per year. It was estimated that a trust company would handle all the funds, look after the voluntary collections, provide a stenographer for the use of the synod officials, and give them the use of a room for meeting purposes all for about \$1,000 per year, and that in this way at the very least \$2,000 would be saved annually.

Others thought that even if the funds were given over to a trust company for investment, there would still be required some one to answer correspondence, look after meetings, etc., and that when the salary of such a person was added to the \$1,000, and also a large sum allowed for printing, stationery, telephone tolls, etc., the old system would be the most economical.

Some argued that if the funds were placed in the hands of a trust company there would always be a danger of the company's failure, in which case the result upon the synod would be very serious. This argument was eventually overthrown, when it was pointed out that the investments made by the company would be in the synod's name, and that thus no danger would be involved.

Argues for Old System.

Some argued that a trust company would have its own funds to invest besides those of the synod, and therefore it would be quite possible that they would place their own funds out in the best paying investments, and that the funds of the synod might lie idle at times. In answer to this the synod was informed that in the event of the funds being placed in the hands of a trust company, the latter would be pledged to give the synod the advantage of as good investments as could be obtained.

It was held out by others that the security given by a trust company would not be sufficient.

In answer to this it was pointed out that the expert inspector of the company was not likely to ever over-estimate the property, in the case of a mortgage, as his situation depends upon a correct valuation, and that he would always err on the safe side.

A great many held that never had one body of men so long as the present synod, and that no fault could be found with it; therefore, the best plan was to let good enough alone. They pointed out further that the Toronto Synod

was only getting 4 per cent on its money, while the Synod of Huron was getting 5 per cent.

A large number also argued that definite offers should be secured from the trust companies before any decision was reached.

A great many arguments were advanced regarding the vacating of the present office and the effect upon St. Paul's, but these had no bearing upon the question.

The discussion finally brought the question down to three standpoints of comparison—Economy, efficiency and security.

Motion for Change Defeated.

About 6 o'clock a vote was taken, and the resolution was defeated by 57 to 61.

Thus the present office will be retained.

Bishop Williams did not appear to be satisfied with the action of the synod in rejecting the motion, for after the vote had been taken he addressed the synod, reminding them that they were going into debt at the rate of \$800 a year, and that they had just rejected a means of getting out of the difficulty. His lordship said that he did not see any way open for them now, and wanted to know what they were going to do, or if they were content to sink deeper and deeper into debt.

The synod adjourned until this morning, when the discussion of the other clauses of the report of the office management committee will take place.

Conference on Missions.

The corresponding committee of the M. S. C. presented its report at a conference on missions held in Cronyn Hall last night.

The report stated that the church's efforts to meet its obligations to Canadian and foreign missions has been a real blessing to the church itself. The attendance at the meetings of the society has always been large, and the spread of information and the awakening of the missionary interest have been given particular attention. The sum of \$90,641.73 was raised in 1905, being \$1,921.44 more than the previous year. The portion of the grand total contributed by the Diocese of Huron was \$11,565.63, being \$321.03 more than last year, but \$2,390.33 less than their apportionment.

The committee urged that every clergyman in the diocese should realize his responsibility with respect to the church's missionary work and that it was the first duty of the church to evangelize the world.

Mr. E. J. B. Pense, M.L.A., of Kingston, was called upon by the bishop to address the synod on missionary work. Mr. Pense said that one of the best missionary movements now in progress is what is being done by the church at present in Canada. The attendance at the meetings of the society has always been large, and the spread of information and the awakening of the missionary interest have been given particular attention. The sum of \$90,641.73 was raised in 1905, being \$1,921.44 more than the previous year. The portion of the grand total contributed by the Diocese of Huron was \$11,565.63, being \$321.03 more than last year, but \$2,390.33 less than their apportionment.

Mr. Pense spoke of church union, and said that the movement was of vast importance and entirely desirable. He thought that the Church of England should take the leading position in such a movement, because the doctrine proposed covered most of the points required by the church doctrine.

The next speaker was Rev. Canon Cody, of Toronto, whose address was along the line of home missions. He pointed out the great need for support for the missions in the Northwest. He said that the necessity for handing the amount to the missions in the west as early as possible is very urgent because in some cases the conditions are such that other funds have to be taken to pay the ministers' salaries. He pointed out the extraordinary position in which Canada is placed, and mentioned the call for missions which comes from China, Persia, Japan, Africa, India and other countries.

SUDDEN DEATH OF T. G. DAVEY

Expires in His Office at Toronto—Had Been Ill Only a Few Days.

T. G. Davey (formerly of London), the well-known organizer for the Independent Order of Foresters, died at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning in his apartments in the Temple annex, Toronto. He had been ailing for some months, but nothing serious was expected. During the last few days a complication of stomach and liver troubles developed and the end came suddenly.

Thomas Glass Davey was born in Devonshire 54 years ago. He came to Canada when 12 years old with his parents, who settled in Stratford. After two years there they removed to London. Mr. Davey, when just entering his teens, began working as a news agent on trains in the United States. Later he worked in Western Ontario with the Grand Trunk Railway. In 1878 he, with C. H. Shaver, began the Railroad News and Advertising Company of London.

He joined the Independent Foresters in 1880 and two years later was appointed supreme grand treasurer. In the same year of this appointment he was chosen high treasurer for Ontario. He held both offices till 1892, when he was succeeded by Harry Collins.

For a time he managed the Temple Cafe, Toronto, and when it was closed he engaged in organization work for the order. Deceased was a Liberal in politics. In religion he was a Methodist. He married twice, and is survived by his widow and one daughter, Mrs. John Young, of Askin street, South London. The interment will take place here.

Mr. Davey was for many years a prominent figure in London. He was known as an expert dog fancier, and in his time won many valuable prizes at the big bench shows.

ALLAN LINE REACHES OUT

Will Develop American Service and Build Bigger Turbines.

Glasgow, Scotland, June 21.—The Allan Line has decided on the active development of its American service and as a beginning contracts have already been drawn up for the construction of two new turbine liners, larger than the Virginian and Victorian lately built for the Canadian traffic.

HORSE STOLEN.

Thamesville, Ont., June 21.—A young man about 25 years old, 5 feet 6 inches in height, light complexion, clean shaven, and weighing about 150 pounds, is wanted on a charge of stealing a white horse and a Milner buggy and harness yesterday from McEachern's livery here.

PULP PLANT BURNED.

Quebec, June 21.—The Chicoutoum Pulp Company's plant has been destroyed by fire. Loss \$20,000. Insured.

Cut Out the Coupons.

Bode's "Mental Pepsin" Gum is one of the most valuable digestive agents on the market, in addition to being a refreshing and palatable product. The coupons that have been appearing in the London papers for several days past have brought thousands of people to the stores, seeking packages of this product, which are in all cases freely given. This distribution is the most enterprising and high-classed ever undertaken here, and it should be taken advantage of by everyone. The coupons will appear up to and including next Saturday, but will be redeemed at any store whenever presented. Any five coupons will do. Do not forget to cut out a set and secure a package of Canada's most famous gum product.

New Postcard Albums.

The Red Star News Company, 8 Market Lane, are offering new postcard albums at wholesale prices.

Finest rubber-tire carriages for every occasion. Hueston's Livery.

Many People Do Not Save Money

Because they do not think of it. It never occurs to them that as week after week slips by they ought to be regularly depositing a part of their earnings (for a time of need) in a bank that

Pays Interest 4 Times a Year.

\$1.00 OPENS AN ACCOUNT.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA

Branches in Middlesex County at Belmont, Ilderton, London East and Thorndale.

LONDON BRANCH, Opposite City Hall, P. E. KARY, Manager.

Imperial Bank of Canada

Capital (Paid Up) - \$3,930,000
Reserve - \$3,930,000

London Branch:

CORNER RICHMOND AND KING STREETS

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received and interest allowed at highest current rate from date of opening of the account.

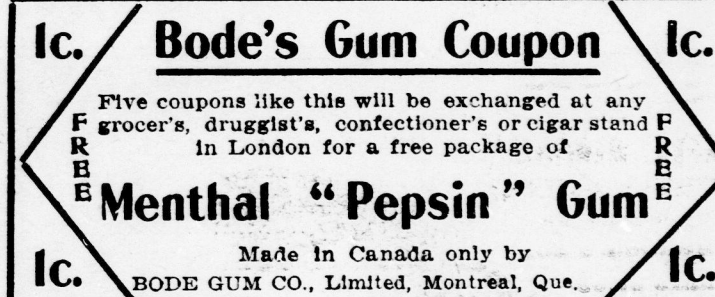
R. ARKELL, Manager.

FREE GUM

Five of the following gum coupons will be exchanged at any



place that sells gum for a package of Bode's Mental "Pepsin" Gum



Bode's Mental "Pepsin" Gum is the most pleasant, refreshing and wholesome gum in the world, and is MADE IN CANADA. It's an invaluable digestive agent. The LAST COUPONS WILL APPEAR SATURDAY, 30,000 of them. Don't miss the chance. Bode's Mental "Pepsin" is the finest gum ever sold in Canada, and we want you to try it FREE.

IT'S OUR TREAT.

Made in Canada only by BODE GUM CO., Limited, Montreal. M'Eachern and McPherson, Tecumseh House, London.

Keeps Out Cold. Resists Damp. Absorbs Moisture.

Eddy's Impervious Sheathing</