

At the present juncture, the Volunteers of New Brunswick are liable, at any moment, to be called upon to commence immediately the active duties of their military profession; and every man of them will be found to possess a "stout heart and zealous hands," and to exhibit a willingness to execute whatever may be required of him. But the people, too, have a share of work to perform, and it now becomes the duty of every citizen to extend to the Volunteer movement, not only good wishes and sympathy, but encouragement of a more material kind, that those who are willing to save their own lives for the security of our Province from invasion, should be required also to bear all the numerous pecuniary burdens which keeping up a military Company entail.

We, then, respectfully suggest, as the Institute on Wednesday night will be filled by the largest and most enthusiastic assemblage ever convened within its walls at one time, that steps be then and there taken to raise a "Volunteer Fund," for the assistance of our Volunteers. The matter can be easily arranged if it is taken in hand at once, and no better occasion is likely to offer for such a purpose. If war does take place we must be prepared for it, and we had better begin now. Procrastination will be criminal.

We trust, then, that the meeting of Wednesday night will not be allowed to break up with mere expressions of loyalty to the Crown and of flattery to the Volunteers. Deeds had better take the place of words at once. Let His Worship the Mayor, as the representative of all the citizens, and as the highest civic official, moot the matter to the meeting, and we feel assured that all ranks, conditions and classes of people in this Liverpool of British America will joyfully embrace the opportunity to perform a share of that duty which a new condition of affairs is likely to require of them.—Globe.

It is to be regretted that when Capt. Wilke's took Mason and Slidell, he did not also take the instructions, moneys, and credits with which they were clothed; also, that on the same vessel he permitted the escape of Capt. Coxeter of the late privateer Jeff. Davis, and of other persons from the South who have run large cargoes of arms, clothing, provisions, &c., through the blockaded ports of Charleston and Savannah, and who have gone to England for steamers, arms, and clothing, and amply provided with means for the purchases required. Coxeter will be here in twenty or thirty days with a first-class propeller steamer, suitable for war or trade, and other vessels are to sail directly for Southern ports, to be on our coast about the 1st of February. As Commander Wilkes derived his information from the United States Consulate, and it was notorious to everybody that Coxeter was one of the party by the Theodora, and that other speculators of equal importance were here for purposes prejudicial to the interests of the Union, and that they were to be passengers by the Trent, he must have learned these facts also.

The British squadron, signalled at 12 o'clock to-day, will probably enter port or communicate with the British Consul-General for instructions.—Tribune.

PRESENTATION.—The pair of colours which are to be presented to the N. B. Artillery at the Institute on next Wednesday evening, are very rich and handsome. We do not know how to describe them properly. One is the Union Jack in Red and White, and this they call the Queen's Colours. In the centre is worked in rich floss a beautiful Star with a Cross in the middle, beneath the figures 1793 in gold, and laurel branches in floss. The other, which they call the Regimental Colours, is a blue field, with Star, &c., in the centre, and the Jack in the corner. The silk of these colours is of the heaviest and costliest kind, and all the materials and workmanship, including mahogany staves, gilt spear heads, tassels, &c., are of the richest and chastest description.—Freeman.

Captain Wilkes, with his family, visited Gurney's gallery, on Saturday, when several portraits were taken of the gallant officer, in full uniform. *Cartes de visite*, and the larger pictures will be ready for inspection and delivery to-day. The party will visit the gallery again this morning. The Captain, accompanied by his family left the city at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and proceeded to his residence on Staten Island, remained there the greater part of the day, and returned and dined at the Breyvoort in the evening.—N. Y. Tribune.

The Montreal *Advertiser* states that the Canadian military authorities have engaged the Grand Trunk workshops at Point St. Charles, for the purpose of rifling heavy ordnance. It also states that the British Government has given the necessary notice to the different companies carrying the mails under Imperial subsidies, to prepare to receive the armament they are bound to carry in time of war.

THE CONFEDERATE FLAG.—Much excitement was created about noon on Friday when a schooner, deeply laden and displaying the C. S. Flag, sailed up the harbour and came to anchor. No one at first could tell whence she came, but it was soon ascertained that she was the Kate Hale, 10 days from Georgetown, S. C., with a valuable cargo of Turpentine, &c. This is the first time the Confederate Flag has appeared in our harbour. It is a pretty Flag—Red, White and Blue, with the Stars on a blue field.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Times Washington despatch says notwithstanding the belligerent attitude assumed by England there is no disposition on part of any member of the Cabinet to alter plans or policy the Government assumed in arrest of Mason and Slidell.

The report of the demand by English of Mason and Slidell caused great excitement, the sentiment of defiance is universal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Battery at Edward's Ferry opened fire upon rebel fortifications in front of Leesburg where rebel troops were concealed; cannonading kept up 6 hours with shell, when rebels retired to safer distance.

Congress will adjourn Thursday next for the holidays.

There are no indications of the army going into winter quarters.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Bowling Green, Ky., *Courier* says Parson Browlow was arrested for treason at Knoxville and committed to jail.

LATER.—NEW YORK 16.—The excitement on Change is intense beyond description. Breadstuffs favorably affected. Salspetre advanced from 11 to 15 cents per lb., and few holders would name any price.

Brimstone is kept out of market. Coffee and Tea all withdrawn from market, or only offered at enormous prices. Sugar offered sparingly. Sterling advanced to 110.

STILL LATER, NEW YORK, 4 p.m.—Washington special despatch states that excitement caused by news from Europe has subsided. The general belief here is that war with England will be avoided.

The President is known to oppose any warlike policy towards any foreign power at this time.

Resolution was moved in Congress by Vallandigham, that it is the duty of the President to firmly maintain his stand approving and adopting act of Capt. Wilkes, spite of any menace or demand of British Government and pledging support of House. It was referred to Committee on Foreign Affairs by vote of 109 to 16.

PORTLAND, Dec. 18.—"Jura" arrived at 6 this morning. Excitement respecting "Trent" affair unabated. British Government has chartered steamers *Persia, Australasian and Canada*. Seamen on leave have been ordered to rejoin their vessels. Hostile demonstrations are being made in various parts of England. The Queen's Proclamation was issued in season to stop the shipment of large quantities of arms. Two ships of war have been ordered to the West Indies as convoys to mail steamers. American shipping in England is disastrously affected. Reported that both Federal and Confederate cruisers are in the chops of the channel.

French press is increasing its reserve, and blames the hastiness of English Government.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Boston train arrived too late for connection. *Europa's* despatches will not reach Washington till to-morrow morning.

Herald's Washington despatch says, yesterday Gen. Blanks pickets were driven in by rebels, who were soon forced back with heavy loss.

It was known in Richmond yesterday, that Commissioner had arrived in this country from British Government, to treat with American Government in regard to Mason and Slidell seizure.

Mail steamer *Africa* detained at New York until Friday by order of Lord Lyons.

The contractor for land conveyances, in this city, has received orders to have a large number of horses in readiness to convey war munitions to Canada.—Halifax Journal.

CENTRAL MONEY
TAKEN AT
THE FACE
AT THE
Journal Office!

New Advertisements.

Cavalry Troop Attention.
An adjourned meeting of the Troop, will be held at the Town Hall on Monday Evening next at 7 o'clock.
Woodstock, December 18.

Spirits of Turpentine
FOR sale by the subscriber.—Also Brandram's No. 1, London White Lead.
C. P. PARKER.
Woodstock, Dec. 19th, 1861.

Christmas, Christmas.
Picture Books, Candies, Novels, Spices, Fancy Goods, Christmas Presents at the MEDICAL HALL!
Mrs. English's Brick Building.

River Herrings, Codfish, &c.
52 Half Bbls. }
10 Bbls. }
20 Ql. Codfish, 40 sacks Liverpool Salt.
For sale by
Dec. 19th, J. W. STREET & SON.

Brandy, Whiskey, Wine, &c.
Ex the "Volunteer" from Liverpool.
8 Hds. & qr. "Hennessy's" pale and colored Brandy.
6 Qr. casks "Mehan's" best Irish malt Whiskey.
10 Cases "Hennessy's" fine old pale and colored Brandy.
10 Do fine old Cambeltown Whiskey.
10 Do old Tom.
1 Hhd fine old Port Wine.
10 Cases old Jamaica Rum—&c., &c.
Dec. 19th, 1861. J. W. STREET.

DENTAL CARD.
DR. J. L. MACKEY
Would respectfully inform the inhabitants of WOODSTOCK and vicinity that he has taken the Ambrotype rooms recently occupied by Mr. Estabrooke in English's Building where he will attend to all Operations pertaining to the NATURAL and inserting of ARTIFICIAL Teeth. Whole or part sets, inserted on Gold, Platinum, Silver or the improved Vulcanite Base. Artificial Obturators inserted, irregularities of the teeth corrected. Ether or Chloroform administered to proper subjects when desired. All operations warranted to give satisfaction and performed with the strictest regard to the welfare of the patient.
(Insert till forbid.)

NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER tenders his services to the public in the shape of a Book-Binder. Books bound at 25 per cent below St. John prices.
All kinds of old Books bound and repaired at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
PARTICULAR care and attention given in Binding
NEW BOOKS.
Old School books repaired at such a low rate that it will pay to get them done in place of buying New ones.
Shop, south side of the bridge, at the entrance to Davis's Mill, in the corner building occupied by Mr. R. A. Davis, as a Furniture Ware Room C. W. TILL.

The Subscriber.
BEING the best prepared of anyone in this Country, and having tools fitted up for the purpose more complete than any other, offers the best inducements to all persons requiring his services. 1st. That he will take all kinds of trade for work done. 2nd. That he will bind Harpers Magazine Blackwoods Magazine and all octavo volumes of this description for 2s. per vol. London News 3s 9d per vol, and all other works at the same price. Work warranted to give satisfaction or no charge. The subscriber has had twelve years experience in the business. Having made arrangements with Mr. Davis for the use of his splendid Electric Instrument, I now offer to give all customers on bringing me work electric shocks free of charge.
C. W. TILL.
No connection whatever with any other Establishment.
Woodstock, Dec. 10th 1861.

'ENIGNIA XOOB
Cheese, Cheese.
JUST RECEIVED, one ton superior CHEESE from COY'S dairy.
MYSHRALL & RICHEY.
Fredericton Oct. 23.

John C. Winslow.
HAS removed his office and the Central Bank Agency to Mrs. English's New Brick Building in King St., over the New Post Office.

LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

THE Subscriber in returning thanks to the public for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business in this City, beg to inform their customers, and the public generally, that in addition to their present place of business, they have opened a BRANCH of the same, in the Store lately occupied by Mr. John Lee, in Queen Street, and directly opposite the Reporter Office, where they intend to keep constantly on hand a Superior Stock of

Liquors, Groceries, Provisions, &c.
which they will dispose of on reasonable terms either Wholesale and Retail, in Bond or duty paid.
They have now in Store and in Bond the following articles, viz—

12 Hds. Brandy, Hennessy's & J. D. & H. M. & Co's.
40 Cases " "
20 Cases do } J. DeKuyper & Sons;
4 Hds Whiskey, } Scotch and Irish;
10 Cases do }
3 Hds. Old Jamaica Rum;
5 " W. India do.
25 Puncheons Alcohol;
12 Cases Port Wine—Hunt's 4, 3, and 2 diamond;
6 " " common;
10 quarter Casks Sherry;
15 Cases Champagne—quarts and pints;
8 Cases W. Wine and Cider Vinegars;
5 " Burning Fluid—non-explosive;
30 Bbls and Cases Dublin Porter—quarts and pints;
20 " Ale—quarts and pints;
100 Cases Jones (late Kelce) Ale—in 30, 20, and 10 gallons;
20 " Keith (Halifax) Ale—30 gallons;
10 Boxes Lemon Syrup;
8 " Tobacco, 10s;
5 " " superior, and natural leaf,
40 " Cigars—100 and 250 each,
10 " Pipes—Woodstock and Garibaldi,
5 " Boxes and Bbls Biscuit (Rankine's)—Champagne Wine, Sugar, Soda, Butter, and Pilot,
3 Bbls Beans,
2 " Split Peas,
5 " Coffee—green and burnt,
15 Chests Tea—Souchong and Congo, } English importation
25 Caddies " "
51 Chests Oolong Tea,
8 Hds. P. K. Sugar,
10 " " Molasses,
12 Bbls Sugar—C. washed and Granulated,
1 Cask Currants,
With a large assortment of Groceries, &c., such as Soap and Candles, Barley and Rice, Pickles, Sauces, &c., in great varieties, Preserved Lobsters, Sardines, Glenfield, and Coleman's Starch, Corn Flour and Starch, Preserved and Ground Ginger, Blacking—Paste and Liquid,
With a variety of other articles, such as are usually found in a wholesale and retail grocery.

DAILY EXPECTED FROM HALIFAX.
50 Boxes Rasins
3 Kegs cooking do,
50 Drums Figs,
3 Frails Almonds,
2 Bags Filberts,

MYSHRALL & RICHEY.
Fredericton, Nov. 27, 1861.
N. B.—The subscribers will as usual, give their best attention to all Auction and Commission Business entrusted to their care. M. & J.

Central Bank Notes.
WILL be taken at par by the Subscribers for either Notes or Book accounts due them, and also for Goods, until further notice.
Fredericton, Dec. 4. MYSHRALL & RICHEY.

Central Bank Paper.
THE Subscriber will continue to receive Central Bank Paper in exchange for Goods, or on account, until further notice.
S. R. MILLER,
Bookseller & Stationer.
Fredericton Dec. 4.

CENTRAL MONEY
Taken at a Discount at the
BRITISH HOUSE.
Woodstock, Dec. 13.

MAGAZINES! MAGAZINES!!
PERSONS wishing to obtain Harper's, Leslie's, the Atlantic, Godey's, Ballou's or other American Magazines or Reprints, can have them supplied at the subscription price, from 1st January 1862, by previous application at the MEDICAL HALL.
Woodstock, Dec. 10.

SINGING CLASS.
MR. BENJAMIN BRADGON informs the young Ladies and Gentlemen of Woodstock and its vicinity, that he has opened a Singing Class at Council's Hall, on Monday and Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock.
Terms—Gentlemen \$1.50 per quarter of 24 Lessons; Ladies 75 cents. [Dec. 12.]

NOTICE.
MRS. CROZIER would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Woodstock and vicinity that she has removed her Stock of

MILLINERY, &c., &c.
to the BACK STORE in rear of Whitcar & Bourne's Furniture Rooms, where she is prepared to make to order any articles in her line, in the

LATEST STYLES
and at shortest notice.
Shop in the Building of Charles Council, Esq next to the Bridge,
N. B. entrance through the Ware room of Messrs Whitcar & Bourne.

AMBROTYPES!
THE SUBSCRIBER has located his

AMBROTYPE SALOON
on the burnt district in King Street, opposite DENT'S CLOTH. G STORE, and is prepared to take

LIKNESES
in the various styles of the Art. He has on hand a supply of

Cases of all Descriptions;
Those who choose to call can see specimens of his work. Prices reasonable.
Woodstock, Dec. 10th 1861. J. DENY.

Literature.

NOTHING TO DO.

Miss Molina McMorna was hearty and hale. Yet wished to be slender, and languid and pale. So defrauded her stomach of what was its due. And cheated her muscles of exercise, too. She dipped in the goblet her fingers so rare. And wiped their tips with a delicate air. Then crossed her white hands on her hoop be-... Miss Julia DeScamper was agile and bright. Her step like the Queen of the Fairies, was light. So, her feet for the sloth of her hands made amends. And she took for her calling to call on her friends. At all seasons and times she saluted their view. Though they might be busy, she'd nothing to do. But plenty of small talk around her to fling. So she babbled away like a brooklet in spring. Hanging up a slain hour, as she went from the door. Alas! for such trophies, when time is no more!

A WIFE'S STORY.

(Continued.)

"And now I must go, Kathie." He took both my hands in a strong, close pressure. He looked into my face; I could not read through my tears the language of his eyes, but the tenderness of his voice thrilled me. "Good-by, Kathie, dear and good child! Remember, when you are sad and lonely, that there is one heart to which you are the nearest thing on earth." The next moment he was gone. I heard the outer door close after him while I still stood dreamily by the fire. I know that for the present I should see him no more. He would leave Woodstock early on the morrow, and I should be more utterly alone than I had ever been as yet. Still I was not wretched. A fine, vague happiness, whose presence I hardly acknowledged, thrilled every pulse, and though as yet I made no plans for the future, knew not whether I should ever be ready to pledge him the faith of a wife, I felt a new glow of pride and heart-warmth as I said again and again to myself, half unconsciously, "He is good, and he loves me." The next Monday Mary Ann Willis came. She was, in truth as Dr. Bartholomew and common rumor agreed in styling her, the best woman in Woodstock. Without any remarkable powers of intellect or attraction, she had made every one love her by force of the pure goodness of her heart. In her own person she furnished a refutation of all the calumnies ever invested against old maids. She abounded in good works. She never condemned any, but had always an excuse where excuse was possible; where it was not, silence and a tear. The most tempting social mystery was safe from any curiosity of hers. Though no one had ever known of her having a lover, no true lovers wooed or wedded without her best wishes—her tenderest sympathy. In short, her life came nearer to the perfect fulfillment of the love than any woman whom I have ever known. I welcomed her under my roof with pleasure. In goodness, I was not worthy to sit at her feet; but we suited each other. We had both one gift which masculine criticism rarely accords to woman—that of silence. We used to sit sometimes for hours together, busy with book or work, without the interchange of a word. So far as I could, I strove to follow Dr. Bartholomew's suggestions. I read a great many volumes of solid, useful reading. I forced myself to observe certain regular hours for study, and I tried to show madness to every one within my reach who was

poor or in trouble. And so doing, the wound in my heart began gradually to heal. I could not forget my father, or cease to mourn him; but I learned to say, with heart as well as voice, "The Lord gave, and the Lord hath taken away; blessed be the name of the Lord." All this time Dr. Bartholomew's weekly letters were a great help to me. They were not love-letters. I doubt if they would have satisfied a girl accustomed to adulation, or familiar with the grand passion, as it is portrayed in novels and romances. They said very little about his regard for me; and yet I could read in every line his anxiety for my happiness—for my best good. He told me a great deal about himself; of his pursuits; his home; his mother, who had been for several years his housekeeper; his profession—in short, every thing that made up his daily life was put upon paper for me; so that weekly I grew into deeper and more intimate knowledge of him. And weekly my soul did him deeper and more tender reverence, until, by-and-by, I felt that my heart had gone forth from me, and I was no longer my own, but another's. Still the winter days were not too many. I was satisfied to do as he had told me—to think of him, and of what the future held for me. I loved to watch the white, still reign of snow and ice. It did not seem, as it had seemed in other days, chill and terrible. The snow folded the earth softly, and I thought it like bridal robes. The short days were busy and cheerful; the long evenings I passed in writing to him, trying to show him my nature as it was—no worse, no better—transcribing for him favorite passages from my readings, and confiding my wildest speculations to him with as little fear as I acknowledged them to my own heart. And so the winter wore away, and the spring stole noiselessly over the hills. Her deft fingers unlocked the streams, and sent them dashing and leaping over hill-top and valley. Where she trailed her robe along the meadows, violets, and crocuses, and shy, pale anemones sprang into life. Busy all the night through, every morning revealed some new miracle of resurrection. The forest trees shook forth their leaves, and the apple-trees hung out their blossoms, until the day of May came—white with stary flowers and musical with wooing songs of robins and thrushes—when he had promised to come to me. My heart was not less tuneless than the birds, less jubilant than the spring. I made ready my home, and garnished it with flowers. I put on a thin summer robe—black, but not sombre. My heart needed no preparation. It was a woman's heart—true, strong, loving for the first time—ready to welcome its king. I heard the train come in, and I knew he would walk quietly up to the house, so I went out into the lane to meet him. I knew his quick, eager step. I saw his beaming face. I heard his voice: "Do I meet my Kathie?" And I faltered—"Your Kathie, yours forever!" Then underneath the apple-trees, shaking down over us their white, sweet blossoms, I felt strong arms draw me close to a true heart. His first kiss was upon my mouth; and he said, beneath that solemn, overlooking blue sky, breaking the silence after our meeting lips: "Kathie, before God, and before the dead who loved you so fondly once, and I do believe look down on you and love you now, I promise to be true and faithful to you, the dearer half of myself. I will love you well, cherish you tenderly, and struggle manfully with the world for your sake. Does my child trust me?" "She trusts you." We went in happy, betrothed lovers; and standing before Mary Ann Willis, the only friend I had near enough to apprise, told her of the vows we had pledged. Did she remember a lost dream or a lost reality of her own vanished youth? Tears came into her kind blue eyes—I do not think they were sad ones though—and her hands trembled, but her voice was clear and fervent as she uttered the blessing I had no one else left to bestow. The week he passed with me was only too short for the rare joy it held. It was all he could spare then from the duties which claimed him. It was enough for me to be near him; to feel that he loved me—was mine. I did not care to frame any projects. I found sufficient happiness in the present without looking forward. He, with his man's nature, was more practical, or less satisfied. So he made plans for me, which I was only too glad to accept. We were not to be married until fall. He wanted me now, he said. He had little patience for waiting. But he would not take me to Philadelphia till autumn should bring coolness and vigor. To me, used all my life to the Connecticut hills, to begin life in any city in the summer would be trying; so far south as Philadelphia it would be fatal. So he would stay there and do his summer work; and when September came he would come for his reward—for me. With this arrangement I was well content. It would give me no more time than I should require for my preparations. Of these I do not suppose he ever thought. It would not have occurred to him that I could not have been ready to be married at a day's or a week's notice. But I knew that I should have much to do, and none too long a time to accomplish it. In spite of the grief in parting with him, his farewell gave me strength. His eyes seemed to shed down into my heart rays of vivifying warmth and peace. His words lingered with me for weeks after like a benediction.

"Good-by, Kathie, best treasure! God keep safely my promised wife till I come!" We had a busy summer. Mary Ann Willis and I; for in every thing she shared my labours. There were webs of cotton to be made up; delicate embroideries to fashion; spinning silks and misty muslins to be submitted to the skillful hands of the city dress-maker we sent for to be the presiding genius of our undertakings. I was to lay aside my mourning on my wedding-day, and wear thenceforth the garments of youth and joy. This required an entire refurnishing of my wardrobe. So the busy, happy summer passed on, with its magical splendors, its airy of balm, its calm grandeur of sunrises, its fiery golden and crimson pomp of sunsets, its white moons, and still, dewy nights. Three days before the one appointed for our wedding my lover came. This was at my request, that I might have his assistance in arranging every thing for my departure. It was my wish to install Mary Ann Willis, rent-free, in the home which I never could consent to sell, and was unwilling to rent to strangers who were incapable of prizing or respecting its old associations. This plan gave her pleasure as well as myself, for she had become warmly attached to the place. She was to retain Janet, the old servant, who had been with me for ten years; and all things would be preserved, as nearly as possible, in their former condition. When this had been settled, and my little property—as Dr. Bartholomew insisted it should be—to myself; when we had paid together our last visit to the grave where my father slept in peace beside his lost Rachel—where the flowers were still fresh, and the trees, their roots nourished in that soil so rich with dead humanity, waved greenly as in June, all was done, and we went home to spend our last evening before we should be made one forever. "Indulge me Kathie," Dr. Bartholomew had whispered, as we went into the house, while the last sunset rays kindled the windows till they glowed like flames; "I want to see you to-night in your bridal-robes. To-morrow there will be so much confusion—so little time." I slipped away quietly and put on my wedding gear, and then I went down the staircase in the gathering gloom, and sought him where he sat alone in the old parlor, with its wainscotings of carved oak. The west window was open, and he leaned out of it, watching the changing clouds. I went up to him, and he turned round and opened his arms. "No, you would crush me," I laughed. "So I should. Stand there a moment, and let me see the vision before it fades. I want to remember it when Kathie and I have grown old. Bright golden hair; eyes of heaven's own azure; pink cheeks; slight, girlish figure. I think I never told my bride before how fair and lovely she is in my eyes. But she does not seem real to-night. That fluttering robe makes her look white and misty, like a spirit. I fear to touch her, lest she should vanish into thin air. Her very laugh sounds hollow, and has a ghostly quaver to it. Go away, Kathie, and come back in such garb that I shall not be afraid of you." (To be continued.) THE WAGGISH DRUGGIST.—A well known comedian tells the "Druggist Story," in which he introduces a greenhorn from the backwoods, in the following style: "Be you the druggist?" "Well, I s'pose so, I sell drugs." "Well, hev you got eny uv this 'ere sentin stuff as the gals put on their handkerchers?" "O, yes." "Wall, our Sal is gwine to be married and she gin me nincence, and told me to invest the hull 'mount in sentin stuff, so's to make her sweet of I could find sunthin' to sute; so ef you've a mind I'll just smell around." The Yankee smelled around without being suited, until the "druggist" got tired of him, and taking down a bottle of hartshorn, said: "I've got the sentin stuff that will suite you. A single drop on a handkerchief will stay for weeks, and you can't wash it out. But to get the strength of it you must take a good big smell." "Is that so, Mister? Well jist hold on a mint it till I git breath, and when I say now you put it under my smeller." The hartshorn of course, knocked the Yankee down, as liquor has many a man. Do you suppose he got up and smelt again as the drunkard does? not he, but rolling up his sleeves and dobbing up his fists, he said: "You made me smell that tarna everlasting stuff, Mister, and now I'll make you smell brinstone." ANOTHER HERALD HUMBUG.—Of course there is not a word of truth in the "startling developments, implicating British officials," in the Herald's dispatch of last evening concerning Lord Lyon's forwarding rebel documents to England. There is not the occasion to explain the matter to our Government. His Lordship is wholly guiltless of the charge which the Herald, in its anxiety again to bear the stock market, has brought against him. We have the highest authority for saying that the British Minister has kept himself carefully free from all connection with rebel influences, and has abstained with proper dignity from every act that could be construed into sympathy with the rebellion against the Government to which he is accredited.—N. Y. Tribune.

STRANGE FACT.—THE JEWS DIMINUTING CHRISTIANITY.—The London correspondent of the Dublin Evening Mail gives the following remarkable and interesting account of measures taken by the Jews in anticipation of their restoration to the Holy Land stating that his information is derived from different and altogether eligible quarters, into which an insight was accidentally gained into these workings of Jewish enterprise and upulence. Conscious that during their long expulsion from a land of their own, the habits they have acquired totally unfit them for the possession and cultivation of their ancient country, should they be reinstated in it, they have founded a college near Paris, to which the sons of many of the best Jewish families have been sent to receive, in addition to the ordinary branches of education, instruction in the principles of scientific knowledge relative to agriculture. What is yet more extraordinary, and the more so from their own explanation of the measure, is their distribution in Italy, through an agent appointed by themselves, of the New Testament. In justification of this strange and apparently inconsistent step they assign the following reason:—"The Protestants, wherever we find them treat us, on the whole, well, and have no political interests opposed to our return to power. The Roman Catholic Church, on the contrary, is enabled to exercise, and does actually exert, a very strong influence in a direction entirely contrary to our desires. The only argument which we have ever found that church unable to answer is in the New Testament. Let us therefore spread it over her own peculiar soil. Among the many dangers which now threaten the political influence of the Sea of Rome, it is indeed remarkable if we have to reckon the distribution of the New Testament in its immediate vicinity by Jewish hands. CANADIAN MILITARY MOVEMENTS.—The Montreal Advertiser states that the commander of the forces had proceeded west to take the necessary steps for placing that portion of the province in state of defense. It has been resolved to call out the Provincial Militia for drill during the winter, and steps have been taken to erect some fortifications at weak points, for which purpose the Sappers and miners at Halifax are ordered to Montreal. The Government steamers will not winter at Quebec, but proceed to the Lakes, so that they can be employed in case of an emergency, before the opening of the river navigation. Arms and Ammunitions are being forwarded from Quebec, to the inland magazines. The erection of new batteries has been commenced near the old fort at Toronto. Two batteries will be erected, each to mount sixty heavy guns. In Notes of an army Surgeon, we find the following: "I remember one day in making my hospital rounds, a patient, just arrived, presented me an amputated forearm and in doing so, could scarcely refrain from a broad laugh; the titter was constantly on his face. 'What is the matter?'—this does not strike me as a subject of laughter." "It is not, doctor; but excuse me, I lost my arm in so funny a way, that I still laugh whenever I look at it." "Our first sergeant wanted shaving, and got me to attend to it as I am a corporal. We went together in front of his tent; I lathered him, took him by the nose, and was just applying the razor when a cannon ball came, and that was the last I saw of his head and my arm. Excuse me, doctor, for laughing so, but I never saw such a thing before." This occurred during the siege of Fort Erie. HOW TO CUT GLASS WITH A PIECE OF IRON.—Draw with a pencil on paper any pattern to which you wish the glass to conform; place the pattern under the glass, holding both together with your left hand, for the glass must not rest on any plain surface; then take a spike or piece of iron, and pass it slowly forward, and the edge will immediately crack; continue moving the iron slowly over the glass, tracing the pattern, and the clink in the glass will follow at the distance of about half an inch in every direction, according to the motion of the iron. If any sometimes be found requisite, however, especially in forming corners—to apply a wet finger to the opposite side of the glass. Tumblers, or other glass may be cut or divided very fancifully by similar means. The iron must be reheated as often as the crevice ceases to flow.—Scientific American. TWO THOUSAND GERMAN WOMEN IN COUNCIL.—A New York paper says that an extraordinary meeting of wives of German volunteers was held in St. Louis on Friday evening, for the purpose of inducing the Government to pay the volunteers now in service. It is stated that since these volunteers enlisted in August last, they have received no pay, and that in consequence their families, to a great extent, are now actually suffering for food and clothing. There were at least two thousand women in attendance. A monster petition, to be signed by all, was prepared to be sent to Gen. Halleck. RIFLEMEN'S BELTS.—To polish enameled leather, take half a pint of the best cream, a quarter of a pint of linseed oil, make them each lukewarm and then mix them well together. Having previously cleaned the leather, rub it over with a sponge dipped in the mixture, then rub it with a soft dry cloth until a brilliant polish is produced.

The Atlantic The January number of this Magazine. Its circulation is a grand and no industry will volume adequate to the want with great events of the Republic, the status of literature a manly and ductors of this journal vantage those opinions great public heart to stand and Right. An elevat always be found illustr Monthly will never give and it will be the consa its variety greater and than the 1-6. Among the contribu following will commen ments for every famy bers for household re Professor Agassiz w series of articles on N topics, to be continue this year. The name in connection with any of the great ben contributions. A New Romance, by in the pages of the 4 A New Story by th of "Coel Dreame," number. Dr. George B. Wic ble experiments in G Janic "The Autobiog as account of his strength, with advic The author of "Li of To-Day," will co year. Articles by Prof. J national interest, w Bayard Taylor has in the February nu The staff of Write regularly to the Ad popular names, the James Russell Low Henry W Longfello Ralph Waldo Emers Nathaniel Hawthor C. G Hazewell, T. W. Higginson, Author of "Life in Mills," and "Story Oliver Wendell Hol John G. Whittier, E. P. Whipple, Bayard Taylor, Three Dollars pe ber. Upon the res lishers will mail th States prepaid. S list, or any subsequ Janic are storetop Specimen numbers CLUBB Subscribers to p Five Dollars; Fiv tes for Twenty Dol INDOORMEN F &c., furnished on TICKET 135 W BLACKWOOD BE L. SCOTT & CO the following THE LONDON C THE EDINBURG THE NORTH B THE WESTMIN BLACKWOOD The present cr der these public forthcoming year between the hast uons, and being ponderous some living interest an of the time shall riodicals that reli able and reliable in addition to the theological chara tion of the readi The receipt of ers, gives additi they can now be as soon as the of For any one of For any two of For any three o For all four of For Blackwood For Blackwood For Blackwood For Blackwood For Blackwood Money current. A discount of es will be alle of any one or copies of Black ene address for Blackwood for Canadan M B. B.—The above named Romances always be add

PROSPECTUS OF The Atlantic Monthly for 1862.

The January number will commence the Ninth Volume of this Magazine. Its very large and still increasing circulation is a gratifying evidence of public approval...

Among the contributions already in hand for 1862, the following will commend themselves as sufficient inducements for every family to provide the forthcoming numbers for household reading.

A New Romance, by Nathaniel Hawthorne, will appear in the pages of the Atlantic early in the year.

A New Story by the late Theodore Winthrop, author of "Cecil Dreeme" will be commenced in the January number.

Dr. George B. Windship, well known for his remarkable experiments in Gymnastics, has written for the Atlantic "The Autobiography of a Strength Seeker," giving an account of his method of training for feats of strength, with advice on matters of Health.

The author of "Life in the Iron Mills," and "A Story of To-Day," will contribute a series of Tales during the year.

Articles by Prof. James Russell Lowell, on topics of national interest, will appear frequently.

Bayard Taylor has written a story which will be printed in the February number.

The staff of Writers, in Prose and Poetry, contributing regularly to the Atlantic Monthly, comprises, among its popular names, the following:

James Russell Lowell, Charles E. Norton, Henry W. Longfellow, George S. Hillard, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry Giles, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Rev. Walter Mitchell, C. C. Hazewell, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, T. W. Higginson, Harriet Martineau, Author of "Life in the Iron Mills," and "A Story of To-Day," Charles Reade, Oliver Wendell Holmes, "The Country Parson," John G. Whittier, Harriet E. Prescott, E. P. Whipple, Rev. Robt. T. S. Lowell, Bayard Taylor, J. T. Trowbridge.

TERMS. Three Dollars per annum, or Twenty-five cents a number. Upon the receipt of the subscription price, the publishers will mail the work to any part of the United States prepaid.

Subscriptions may begin with either the first, or any subsequent number. The pages of the Atlantic are stereotyped, and back numbers can be supplied. Specimen numbers furnished gratis.

CLUBBING ARRANGEMENTS. Subscribers to pay their own postage. Two copies for Five Dollars; Five Copies for Ten Dollars; Eleven Copies for Twenty Dollars. Postage 36 cents a year.

IMPROVEMENTS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.—Lists of Premiums, &c., furnished on application to TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers, 135 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE AND THE BRITISH REVIEWS. L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz.:

1. THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative).

2. THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig).

3. THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church).

4. THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal).

5. BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory).

The present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the forthcoming year. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-item, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away.

EARLY COPIES. The receipt of Advance Sheets from the British publishers, gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS. Per ann. \$3 00 For any one of the four Reviews, 5 00 For any two of the four Reviews, 7 00 For any three of the four Reviews, 8 00 For all four of the Reviews, 9 00 For Blackwood's Magazine, 5 00 For Blackwood and one Review, 7 00 For Blackwood and two Reviews, 9 00 For Blackwood and three Reviews, 10 00 For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 12 00 Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

CLUBBING. A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for \$3; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for \$30; and so on.

POSTAGE. Canadian Mail Subscribers supplied free of U.S. postage. N. B.—The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is \$1 per annum.

Remittances for any of the above publications should always be addressed, post-paid, to the publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & CO., No. 54, Gold-Str., New York.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. NEW VOLUME.

On the seventh of September, 1861, the NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE commenced the twenty-first year of its existence. THE DAILY TRIBUNE being some months older, and the SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE somewhat younger. For more than twenty years this Journal has labored in what its conductors have felt to be the cause of Humanity, Justice and Freedom, endeavoring to meliorate the condition of the oppressed and unfortunate to honor and encourage useful exertion in whatever sphere, and to promote by all means the moral, intellectual and material advancement of our country.

As to the Civil War now devastating our country, we hold it to have originated in a rebellion more wanton, wicked, inexorable, than was ever before known—a rebellion in the interest of the few against the many—a rebellion designed to raise higher the walls of caste and to tighten the chains of oppression. Having done all we could without a surrender of vital principle to avoid this War, and witnessed the forbearance, meekness and long-suffering with which the Federal Government sought to avert its horrors, we hold it our clear duty, with that of every other citizen, to stand by the nation and its fairly chosen rulers, and to second with all our energies their efforts to uphold the Union, the Constitution, and the supremacy of the Laws.

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BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN C. WINSLOW BARRISTER-AT-LAW. In consequence of having taken charge of this Agency of the Central Bank Mr. Winslow will be found in the Bank from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

John C. Winslow, HAS removed his office and the Central Bank Agency to Mrs. English's New Brick Building in King St., over the New Post Office.

I. H. STODDARD, Harness Maker and Carriage Trimmer, MAIN STREET, WOODSTOCK, N. B.

Has just received a Few Gents' and Ladies' RIDING SADDLES, BRIDLES and MARTINGALES, which will be sold Cheap for CASH.

DR. BELL, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c. RESIDENCE. OPPOSITE THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH, WOODSTOCK, N. B.

PRESQUE ISLE EXCHANGE, SUMNER WHITNEY, PROPRIETOR, Main-Street, Presque Isle, Maine.

ROBERT M'AFEE, JR., IMPORTER AND DEALER In General Groceries, WINES, SPIRITS, &c., &c., NO. 11 DOCK STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

STEPHEN K. BRUNDAGE, Commission Merchant, IMPORTER OF Flour, Corn Meal, Pork, Tea, TOBACCO, &c., &c., NO. 19, NORTH MARKET WHARF, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

MILLINERY. MISS BAIRD has re-opened in the same shop as formerly, in MRS. ENGLISH'S BRICK BUILDING, where she has on hand a large stock of Goods in her line, and HATS, BONNETS, &c.

DOCTOR SMITH, has removed his Drug Shop and Office, to Mrs. English's New Brick Building in King Street, next door to the Post Office.

RENEW HOUSE! The Subscriber having leased that new and commodious Hotel lately erected by W. T. BAIRD, Esq., would inform his friends and the travelling public in general that it is now open for all those who will favor him with a call and hoping by strictly attending to the wants of his patrons he will merit the continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

WHITTEKIR & PURINTON, NO. 86 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Clothiers and Drapers, IMPORTERS OF Staple Dry Goods.

CALAIS HOUSE, AVENUE STREET, Calais, Maine. GEORGE W. WILDER, Proprietor.

BEHNING & SONS, CALAIS, ME. Offer for Sale Low for Cash SO HDS Superior Mascovado Molasses, Duty paid at St. Stephen.

Property at the Canterbury Station of the St. Andrew's Railway for Sale. A LOT of a 100 feet square, together with the Building and Improvements thereon now occupied by John S. Patterson, as a Hotel and Store at Canterbury, in the County of York, and adjacent to the Railway station.

For further particulars, apply to John C. Winslow, Esq., Barrister, Woodstock; A. D. Allan, Esq., J. P. on the premises; Messrs Slason & Rainsford, St. Andrews, and the Subscribers at St. John.

J. R. MACSHANE, } J. H. AKERLY, } Barrister. } April 25

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. WOODFORD, HAS removed to the house formerly occupied by DR. JACOB and next above the late residence of DR. WOOD, Main Street, Woodstock, Nov. 17, 1861.

George F. Campbell offers his services to the public as an Auctioneer and Commission Agent. St. Andrews, Jan 12, 1859.

JOHN HAVILAD, Harness and Collar Maker, King Street nearly opposite the Woodstock Hotel, Woodstock, N. B.

Woodstock Hotel, A. P. ENGLISH, PROPRIETOR, WOODSTOCK, N. B.

A LIVERY STABLE in connection with the above establishment.

OWEN KELLY, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN GENERAL GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., South side Madawakik Bridge, Woodstock.

JOHN MOORE, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Liquors, Groceries & Provisions OF ALL KINDS, QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON, N. B. Opposite the Officer's Square.

BARKER HOUSE, QUEEN STREET, Fredericton, N. B. H. FAIRWEATHER, Proprietor.

Extensive LIVERY STABLES in connection with the above.

S. P. OSGOOD, MARBLE WORKS, SOUTH SIDE KING'S SQUARE, St. John, N. B.

BLANCHARD HOUSE, MAIN STREET, WOODSTOCK, N. B. RE-OPENED NOVEMBER 1st, 1861. BLANCHARD & CO, PROPRIETORS. Woodstock, 6th Nov., 1861.

TOBIQUE HOUSE, W. R. Newcombe, PROPRIETOR. Tobique Village, Victoria County, N. B. LIVERY STABLE in connection with the Hotel. December 6, 1860.

GENTLEMEN Can be accommodated with a CLEAN SHAVE or FASHIONABLE HAIR CUT, by calling at the Barber shop over Blanchard & Co's store, (opposite the Rea House) King Street. Razors Honed &c, Ladies' & Children's Hair Cut and cleaned in the latest styles. Wm. NEPTUNE. Woodstock, July 21 1861.

GOLDEN FLEECE. NEW SPRING GOODS. RECEIVED per ship "Lampada," a very large and varied stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods. JOHN McDONALD. Fredericton, May 8, 1861.

Removed to the Shop in M'GLIN'S New Brick Building, KING STREET. HUGH HAY. Woodstock, June 27, 1861.

REMOVAL. EUREKA, Dry Goods AND CLOTHING STORE, REMOVED TO Charles Connell's New Building, SECOND STORE FROM THE BRIDGE. J. G. MCARTHY.

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MARKET.

ANOTHER TAMPEDE!

FROM all parts of the country they come in the direction of

Skillen's New Store,

UNDER THE

RENFREW HOUSE,

ing Street, where may be found the largest, newest, and best assorted stock of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS, in this place

This Season.

LADIES FELT HATS,

ANTLES, FURS, SCARFS, GLOVES, &c.,

BOOTS & SHOES of every description and quality from 25 cents, to six Dollars per pair.

Broad-Cloths, Doeskins, Beaver, Pilot, Whitney and Siberian Cloths, Satinets, Homespun, &c., &c., in all the leading makes.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Always on hand a large assortment of

TOP COATS, BUSINESS COATS, DRESS COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

FURNISHING GOODS,

which will be sold very

CHEAP.

To the above unusually large stock has just been added a full and complete assortment of

GROCERIES

—CONSISTING OF—

Flour, Corn Meal, Teas, Tobacco, Sugars, Molasses, Starch, Saleratus, Brooms, Pails, &c., &c., &c.

Just call and examine the GOODS and prices and satisfy yourselves that this is the place to purchase your Goods this Winter. Cash and every kind of Produce taken in exchange for Goods, (anything but "your face.") The list of Prices will be found as low as at any other Establishment in Town.

Remember the place, **Skillen's New STORE,** next door to W. T. Baird's Drug Store, King Street.

W. SKILLEN,
Proprietor.

Woodstock, Nov. 1st, 1861.

JUST RECEIVED AT



DIBBLEE'S DRUG STORE.

MAIN STREET.

In addition to a large stock of

English Drugs & Chemicals,

Patent Medicines, &c., a complete stock of School Books consisting in part as follows:—

1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th Book of Lessons.

FIRST ARITHMETIC IN DECIMAL C.Y.,

Walkinggains, Irish national Board.

SUPERCEDED and CARPENTER'S Spelling Books.

Murry's & Dilworth's Do.

—HISTORY OF—

ENGLAND. ROME. GREECE.

Moopy's Eaton Latin Grammar, Anthon's Latin Dictionary, Andrew's Caesar School Bibles, Testaments, and all other Books now used in Common and Grammar Schools.

ONE GROSS OF SCHOOL SLATES, assorted sizes.

Morocco and Velvet bound Bibles, Winchell & Isaac Watt's Hymn's, Wesley's Hymn's, Presbyterian Psalms.

CHURCH SERVICES, PRAYER BOOKS and HYMN'S.

Foolscap and Letter paper Ruled and Plain Note.

Envelopes of all sizes and colours, Black edged do. and a complete stock of

DRAWING MATERIALS,

English and American Hair, Hat, Tooth and Nail Brushes. Rubber and Buffalo Horn Dressing Combs. Scrubbing, Shoe, Mesh and Paint Brushes.

ONE GROSS BATTY & CO'S MIXED PICKLES.

One keg English Baking Soda.

Mustard, Starch, Ginger, Allspice, Cream of Tartar, Corn Starch, Beans, Sago, Tapioca, Cassia, Scotch and Black Snuff.

One box candied Citron, Nutmegs, Cloves.

Ess. Lemon, Orange, Peppermint, Vanilla, Rose.

Pessa and Lubin's Extracts, Jockey Club, Patchouly, New aown Hay, Heliotrop, Frangipani, Rosdoletis, Vegetable Essence Bergamot, Lavender with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Wm. Dibblee,
Nearly opposite the "Sentinel" Office, and City Market.
Woodstock, Oct. 31st, 1861.

New Store & New Goods.

James McElroy,

WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of WOODSTOCK and the public generally that he has opened a large Stock of

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

in the new store erected by

MR. C. CONNELL,

on Main Street, and begs leave to call their attention to his

STOCK OF GOODS,

which is now complete for the summer trade.

His stock in part consists of the following articles, Ladies' Dress Goods, Black Silks, Ribbons, Irish Linen Prints, Gray and White Cotton, Striped Shirting, Cotton Ginghams, Drillings, Towelling, Skeletons,

Mantles & Shawls, Mantle Cloths, HOSIERY & GLOVES.

BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERS & DOESKINS,

Hispeck Tweeds, Blue and White Warps, Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes, Gent's Furnishing

GOODS.

Together with a large stock of

FLOUR, TEA, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, TOBACCO, SALERATUS, STARCH, PEPPER, GINGER, CANDLES, SOAP, PAILS, BROOMS, 1 box Corn Starch, 5 boxes T. D. and Woodstock Pipes, 1 bbl. Currants, 1 bbl. Mason's Blacking, 1 case Shoe and Horse Brushes.

All kinds of Country PRODUCE taken in exchange for GOODS at CASH PRICES.

Woodstock, June 21st, 1861.

BLANCHARD & CO.

AUGUST 1, 1861.

BEST WEST INDIA GOODS At Blanchard & Co.'s

GROCERIES, at Blanchard & Co.'s

FLOUR, at Blanchard & Co.'s

FISH, at Blanchard & Co.'s

LIQUORS, WINES, &c. at whole- sale, at Blanchard & Co.'s

GLASS WARE, at Blanchard & Co.'s

ALBERTINE LAMPS and fixings at Blanchard & Co.'s

CROCKERY WARE, at Blanchard & Co.'s

BOOTS, at Blanchard & Co.'s

STAPLE DRY GOODS, at Blanchard & Co.'s

TOBACCO and TEAS, at Blanchard & Co.'s

SHOVELS, SPADES, &c., at Blanchard & Co.'s

A variety of nearly everything necessary for the country trade, at Blanchard & Co.'s

Having personally selected our Stock in Boston, Portland, St. Andrews and St. John, we are enabled to sell GOODS FOR CASH much cheaper than those who credit parties indiscriminately, and who must necessarily make bad debts.

Purchasers for CASH will make a saving of 25 per cent by purchasing their commodities at BLANCHARD & CO.'s. One dollar cash is worth two dollars credit, hence we are enabled to sell

10 lbs. Bright Muscovado Sugar at one dollar,

7 1/2 lbs. Granulated or Crushed Sugar at one dollar,

Best Black Tea, warranted good, at 50 cents per lb.,

Best Muscovado Molasses, at 40 cents per gallon,

Best (Harper's) Tobacco at 40 cents per lb.,

Best (Irvin's) Tobacco at 34 cents per lb.,

Best Java Coffee, ground, at 25 cents per lb.,

Best Pulverized Saleratus at 9 cents per lb.,

Best Baking Soda at 15 cents per lb.,

Best Package Coffee 20 cents per lb.,

Best Matches 12 1/2 cents per quarter gross,

Vinegar 30 cents per gallon,

Candles 20 cents per lb.,

Burning Fluid at 90 cents per gallon,

Paraffine Oil at one dollar per gallon,

P. Y. Soap at 10 cents per lb.

Also Pails, Brooms, Brushes of all kinds, Store Polish, Blacking, Dried Apples, Rice, Clothes Pins, Wooden Measures, Boker's, Stoughton & Hardy's Bitter-Clothes Lines, Net Lincs, Pocket Knives, Wallets, Portemonnaies, and a thousand other articles.

Our stock of Liquors, at wholesale for medicinal, mechanical or other purposes,—either in price or quality,—cannot be had to better advantage, this side of St. John. The "Trade," will save money by examining and pricing before purchasing elsewhere.

BLANCHARD & CO.
Masonic Hall, King St., commonly called Water-St.

NEW YORK AND ST. ANDREWS DIRECT.

THE SUBSCRIBER has received from NEW YORK by the Schooner GIPSEY, and ST. ANDREWS by RAIL, the following articles, which he will sell at the undermentioned prices:—

150 Bbls. Double Extra FLOUR, per bbl., \$7.50

50 do do do do do do 7.00

100 do SUPERFINE, do do do 6.00

20 do RAW-SUGAR, 12 lbs. for 1.10

20 do CRUSHED SUGAR, 3 lbs. for 1.00

5 do BURNING FLUID, per gallon, 1.80

25 do CORN MEAL, per bbl., 0.30

6 Boxes TOBACCO, by the box per lb., 0.50

6 Chests TEA, per lb., 0.50

3 Hhds. Porto Rico MOLASSES, per gall. 0.45

Together with a General Assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

which he will sell LOW FOR CASH.

JOHN CALDWELL.

The subscriber will also sell on the 23rd Sept., next by Auction, if not disposed of by private sale, the one half of the McBeath lot, so called, or that part formerly occupied by John D. Baird, and distinguished as the Baird Lot. Full particulars may be had by reference to the Subscriber, or James Groyer Esq., at the Commercial Bank.

JOHN CALDWELL.
Woodstock, August 13th, 1861. Sent 1st

Groceries.

JUST opened at English's, in the English Block one door above R. Donaldson's, a general assortment of groceries which will be sold cheap for cash or country produce.

Woodstock, June 20, 1861.

REMOVAL.

BRITISH HOUSE.

THE Subscriber take this opportunity of informing the public that the

is removed to OWEN KELLEY'S New Brick Building, opposite Blanchard & Co's Store, and next building to the Renfrew House, we have just completed our summer Stock, of staple and fancy

DRY GOODS,

which is one of the largest and

CHEAPEST

that has ever been imported into Woodstock.

The stock consists in part as follows:—

Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, Parasols, Shawls, Capes, Mantles, Gloves, Hosiery, Boots, Shoes, Hoops, Hats, Feathers, Muslins, Bareges, Pains, Cottons, Delaines, Challis, Robes, Warps, Hhks, Collars, Ties, Cloths, Oilcloths, Floorcloths Counterpane's Carpets, Hearth Rugs, Linings, Trimmings, Jeans Silicas, Cambrics, Caullians, Table Covers, Brasces, Umbrellas, Drillings, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery Ghenele Nets, Velvets, Tassels, &c., &c.

We call particular attention to our stock of

CLOTHS AND READY MADE Clothing

which has no equal in this County for styles, quality, price and make.

Garments of any style, made to order, on the shortest notice, parties finding their own cloth if they wish.

We have on hand a large quantity of Fancy Goods that we shall at cost for Cash, also a very superior quality of white Warps very low.

DOHETTY & McTAVISH,
sh House, Kelley's Brick Building, opposite Blanchard & Co's store, next building to Renfrew House.
E. D. WATTS, Agent.

Woodstock, July 1, 1861.

LATEST FROM THE SOUTH!

THE SUBSCRIBER hereby informs his numerous customers and the public generally, that he has REMOVED his store to the new Building on the north side of the BRIDGE, recently erected by Hon. Charles Connell, and has there opened in a commodious shop his SUMMER STOCK of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, HATS, CAPS.

—AND—

CLOTHING

Ready Made.

AND A VARIETY OF OTHER WARES.

In consequence of the scarcity of money all these Goods will be sold at a TRIFLE ABOVE COST.

JOHN LENAHA.

Woodstock, July 4th, 1861.

N. B. & CANADA R. R. & LAND COMPANY LIMITED.

On and after 1st July, the Coach will leave Woodstock every Tuesday, at 7 o'clock A. M. to meet the Cars at

CANTERBURY STATION.

To connect with the STEAMERS for St. John, Eastport, Calais, Portland and Boston.

Woodstock, July 1, 1861.

War at an d!

ALL Parties indebted to the Subscriber by Note or Book Account,

If not paid within TWENTY DAYS will be sued. As this is my first notice, all parties concerned will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

R. L. ARMSTRONG.
Woodstock, Oct. 10th, 1861.

P. S. A large quantity of **First Rate Liquor** still on hand and for sale **CHEAP FOR CASH.**

R. L. A.

JOHN E. SMITH

DESIRES TO INFORM HIS CUSTOMERS AND the clothes-wearing public generally that he has REMOVED his Shop to the Shop recently occupied by Mr. Joseph Dent, next door above W. Dibblee's Drug Store, Main Street, where, thankful for the large share of patronage which has been hitherto accorded him, he is prepared to do

TAILORING

in all its branches, in the most modern approved Styles, and with that NEATNESS OF FIT and THOROUGHNESS of WORKMANSHIP for which his work is so well known.

Cutting done promptly and on reasonable terms.

Woodstock, August 1, 1861.

FALL IMPORTATIONS!

GEORGE STRICKLAND,

HAS received per late arrivals his usual assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods.

Ladies' and Misses **HATS, FEATHERS,** and **VELVETS.**

Mantles, Shawls & Mantle loths.

FURS,

GLOVES, HOSIERY and HOODS.

A general assortment of

DRESS MATERIALS.

Prints, Stripes, Factory and White Cottons, Swandowns, Denims, Flannels and Plaids, Linens, Lawns, Osunaburgs, Linens, &c., &c., &c.

Per schooner **CONDOR,** from **BOSTON:**—

A nice assortment of

LADIES, MISSES, AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS and SHOES,

well worthy of inspection.

A lot of **PRUNELLA BOOTS,** at a **Bargain,** only **75 Cents.**

Gent's and Boys **HATS and CAPS,** in a great variety.

The new **SENSATION HAT** is much worn; only a few left.

1 Bale No. 1 Buffalo skins.

The stock of

COFFIN MOUNTING,

and Trimming on hand is decidedly new, embracing all the newest designs in Plain and Ornamental. Gent's & Ladies' Gloves, Crapes, Hat Bands, Veils and Family Mourning of every description always on hand.

GEORGE STRICKLAND.
Woodstock, Nov. 7, 1861.

First Arrival of FALL GOODS

ROBERT BROWN

WOULD respectfully call attention to his first importation of

Fall Goods,

which will be found exceedingly choice and very low prices.

—THEY CONSIST OF—

Dress Materials in GALA & WOOL PLAIDS, COBURGS, ORLEANS, ALPACCAS, DELAINES, CALICOES, &c., &c., &c.

LADIES HATS,

"Trimmed and Untrimmed."

A Splendid assortment of

BONNETS,

Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, CHENILLE AND PLUSH SCARFS, Chenille and silk Hair Netts, Princess Rolls and Hair Puffs, Quilted and Plain

DRESS TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY and GLOVES,

&c., &c., &c.

ROBERT BROWN,
Main Street.

Oct. 19th, 1861.

—ALSO—

A Large assortment of **Manties and Mantle Cloths** daily expected. **R. B.**

Feas. Fine Groceries, &c.

LOGAN & LINDSAY are now receiving of

L. Barque "Parkfield" from London—

60 chests Fine Congou TEAS;

10 cases No. 1 Starch, Colman's;

1 do Mustard, in tin foils and cans;

4 casks Pickles and Sauces;

1 case Macaroni and Vermicelli;

16 Drums Sultana Raisins;

5 cases Zante Currants;

1 cask Day & Martin's BLACKING;

1 half barrel pure Cream Tartar;

2 do Saltpetre;

1 case Honey and Brown Windsor Soap;

10 boxes Orange and Lemon PEEL;

5 do Rock Candy; 2 Bbls Salt, in Jars;

1 chest Cassia; 1 case Black Lead;

3 Barrels Salts; 1 do Vitriol;

2 do Alum; 1 case Castor Oil.

—IN STORE—

20 chests and 30 half chests Tea;

40 boxes Tobacco choice brands. For sale low at

62 King Street. oct 26

