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The Chartered Banks.

The Chartered Banks

BANK OF MONTREAL.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Five per cent, for the current half-year, (making a total dis-tribution for the year of Ten per cent.) upon the puid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this City, and at its branches, on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution,

MONDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF JUNE NEXT. The chair to be taken at One o'clock.

By order of the Board, -----

E. S. CLOUSTON, Ceneral Manager.

Montreal, 19th April, 1895.

The Bank of Toronto. DIVIDEND No. 78.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Five Per Cent, for the current half-year, heing at the rate of Ten Per Cent, per annum, upon the paid up capital of the Bank hus this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the Seven-teenth to the Thirty-first days of May, both days included. The Annual General Meeting of Sharebolders will included. The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be hold at the Banking House of the institution on Wednesday, the nineteenth day of June next. The chair to be taken at moon.

By order of the Board,

D. COULSON, General Manager.

Bank of Toronto, Toronto, 24th April, 1895,

La Banque Ville Marie.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three Per Cent. for the current hulf-year, on the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office, or at its branches, on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT,

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the Sist of May inclusive. The annual general meeting of the shareholders will take place at the Head Olice of the Bank on TUESDAY, the 18TH DAY of JUNE next, at noon. By order of the Board, W. WEIR.

W. WEIR, President

THE B NOP	ANK (RTH A	DF 1 ME	BRITI RICA.	SĦ
<i>INCORPOR.</i> Paid-up Cap Reserve Fun	ATHD BY Ital, - id, -	ROYA	L CHAR C1,000,00 275,00	<i>TER.</i> 0 Stg. 0 "
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	Branches in	Canad	la:	
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	Kingston Ottawa		Halifax, N	. S.
Brantford Paris	Montreal Quebec St. John,		Victoria, 1	3. Č.
Paris	Ouchec		Vancouver	B. C.
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LONDON BAS	SKERS-1'DO	Bank	or Englar	a. and

Meanchain, find o. c. Weien. Lownow Bawkens—The Bank of England, and Mesers. Glyn & Co. Poukian AgeNra—Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool. Auetralia—Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand Colonial Bank of Australia, Bank of New Zealand Japan—Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, Colina and Japan—Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China: Agra Bank, Jimited. West Indies—Co-lonial Bank. Paris-Mesers. Marcuard, Krauss & Co. Lyons—Credit Lyonnais. Zey Jesue Circular Notes for Travellers, avail in all parts of the world.

THE MOLSONS BANK

- THEI INIOLISOINS BAINE.
 Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855.
 IIRAD OFFICE: MONTREAL.
 Paid-up Gapital, SQ,000,000
 Rest Fund, T,300,000
 Roand OF DIRECTORS:
 JOHN H. R. MOLSON, President.
 R. W. SHEFHERD, Vice-President.
 S. H. Ewing, W. M. Rameay.
 Henry Archibald. Sam'l Finley.
 F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager, A. D. DURNFORD, Inspector.
 H. Lockwoon, Assistant Inspector.
 H. Lockwoon, Assistant Inspector.
 S. Catherine St.
 Brunch.

		Branch.	
Brockville,	"	Morrisburg, Ont.	Toronto, "
Calgary,		Norwich, "	Toronto Jc. "
Clinton,	44	Ottawa, "	Trenton, "
Exctor,	46	Owen Sound, "	Waterloo, "
Hamilton,	"	Ridgetown, "	Winnipeg. Man.
London,	"	Smithe Falls "	Woodstock, Ont.
Meaford,	u	Sorel, P.Q.	•

" Sorel, P.Q. AUENTE IN CANADA: -La Banque du Peuple and Eastern Town-

AGENTS IN CANADA: Quebec—La Banque du Peuple and Eastern Town-ships Bank. Outario-Dominion Bank, Imperial Bank of Ca-nada, and Canadian Bank of Commerce. New Brunswick.—Bank of New Brunswick. Nova Scotia—Halifax Banking Company. Prince Edward Island—Merchants Bank of P.F.I.

New Scalia-Initiax Bank of New Hrunswick. Nova Scalia-Initiax Bank of Company. Prince Edward Island-Merchants Bank of P.E.I. Summerside Bank. British Columbia-Bank of British Columbia. Manitaba-Imperial Bank of Canada. NewFoundland-Bank of Nova Scotia, St. John's. IN Europe London-Parts Bunking Co. and The Allianco Bank, (limited): Messra, Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., Mesren Morton, Roee & Co. Linerpool-The Bank of Liverpool. Cork-Munster and Leinster Bank, Itd Paris, France-Credit Lyonnais Berlin.-Deutscho Bank. Meury Deffuirm-La Banque d'Anvers. Hamburg-Hesse, Nowman & Co.; UNTED Starts: New York-Mechanics' National Bank: National City Bank: Montreal; Messra, Morton, Rilss & Co. Boston-The State National Bank: Port-Iand-Casco National Bank. Chicago-First Na-tional Bank. Cleveland-Commercial National Bank. Bardit. Nonitani, Bank. Mitavankee-Wisconsin Mational Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank. Bunkis, National Bank. Mational Bank. Burdit, Montana-First National Bank. Great Falls, Montana-North-Western National Bank. Minnea polis-First National Bank. Mitavankee-Wisconsin National Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank. Bunkis Montana-North-Western National Bank. Minnea polis-First National Bank. Mitavankee-Wisconsin National Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank. Bunkis Montana-North-Western National Bank. Minnea polis-First Mational Bank. Minnea polis-First Mathonal

OUEBEC BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent, upon the paid up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at its banking house in this city, and at its branches, on and dia:

banking house in this city, and are resonance, and stor SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, The 7 ransfer Rocks will be closed from the 17th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Monday, the 3rd day of June next, The chair to be taken at 3 o'clock. By order of the Board of Directors, THOMAS MCDOUGALL, Quebec, 2ith Appl, 1895.

The Merchants Bank of Canada.

The Chartered Banks.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Four per cent. for the current half year, being at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in the City of Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, the 19TH DAY of JUNE next, The chair will be taken at 12 o clock, noon.

By order of the Board,

G. HAGUE, General Manager.

Montreal, April 23rd, 1895.

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1835. Capital Paid-up - - \$1,200,000 Reserve, - - 600,000 HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Board of Directors: JACQUES GUENIER, 'ESQ. - President. GEORGE BRUSH, ESQ. - Vice-President. CHS. LACAILE, ESQ. WM. FIANCIS, ESQ. A. PIRFORTAINE, ESQ. T. PREFORTAINE, ESQ. Capitor

J. S. BOUSQUET, - - - WM. RICHER, - - - ARTHUR GAGNON, - - -Cashier Assistant-Cashier Inspector

Branches:

Branches: Notre Dame St. West—J. A. Bleau, Manager. St. Catherine St. East—Albert Fournier, Manager. "St. Roch, Nap. Lavoie. "St. Roch, Nap. Lavoie. Three Rivers, Que., P. E. Panneton, Manager. St. Jenn, Que., H. St. Mars, Manager. St. Jerome, Que., J. A. Théberge, Manager. St. Jérôme, Que., J. A. Théberge, Manager.

Agents in Canada:

Ontario-Moleone Bank and Branches. New Brunswick-Bank of Montreal. Nova Scotia-Bank of Nova Scotia. Prince Edward Island-Merchants Bank of Halifax

Agents in United States:

Boston-The National Rovere Bank. New York-National Bank of the Republic.

Foreign Agents:

Tanover-National Bank. England-The Alliance Bank, Limited, London, France-Lo Crédit Audonale, Parle. ZW-Leitors of Credit and Circular Notes for Tra-vellers issued available in all parts of the world.

The Imperial Bank of Canada.

DIVIDEND No. 40.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of FOUR per cent. and a bonus of one per cent. upon the capital' stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the bank on

WEDNESDAY, THE 19th DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The chair to be taken at noon. By order of the Board.

D. R. WIL KIE, Cashier

2011 2012 <u>- 100 - 2011 -</u>

The Chartered Banks.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

DIVIDEND No. 56.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three and One-Half Per Cent. upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th of May to the 31st of May, both days inclusive. THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

of the shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House, in Toronto, on TUESDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF

JUNE NEXT. The Chair will be taken at twelve o'clock.

By order of the Board.

B. E. WALKER, General Manager.

Toronto, April 23rd.

The Ontario Bank.

MNotice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three per cent. for the current half-year, has been de-clared upon the Canicla Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches, on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will he held at the Banking House in this City on THERDAY, the 18th DAY OF JUNE NEXT, The chair to be taken at twelve o'clock noon.

By orver of the Board,

C. HOLLAND, General Manager, Toronto, 23rd April, 1895.

BANK OF OTTAWA. HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA.

HEAD OFFICE. OTTAWA. Capital (fully paid up) \$1,500,000 Rest, Drectors: 255,000 CHARLES MAGEE President. GEORGE HAY, Feq. Vice-President, -Hon. Geo. Bryson, Alex. Fraer, John Mather, " David Maclaren, D. Murphy. Branches—Arnprior. Carleton Place, Hawkee-hury, Keewatin, Kemptville, Pembroke, Parry Sound, Ridean Street, Bank Street, Ottawa, Ont., Rat Por-tage, Winniper, Man. GEO. BURN, General Manager. " D. M. FINNIE, Local Manager.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE, HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC. Capital Paid-Up, S1,200,000 DIRECTORS: A. GABOURY, Eeg., President. FRS, KIROUAC, Eeg., Vice-President; T. LeDroit, Eeg. A. B. Dunnis, Eeg. R. Audette, Eeg. A. B. Dunnis, Eeg. P. LAFRANCE, Cashler, M. A. LABRECQUE, Inspector Branches: Quebec, St. John Suburb, C. Cloutier, Accountant. St. M. Benolt, Manager: Shortreal, St. James St., M. Benolt, Manager: Montreal, St. James St., M. Benolt, Manager: Montreal, St. James St., M. Benolt, Manager: Montreal, St. James St., M. Benolt, Manager: Wontreal, St. James K. M. Benolt, Manager: Montreal, St. James St., M. Benolt, Manager: Winnipeg, Man., G. Cre-basea, Manager. Manager: Winnipeg, Man., G. Cre-basea, Manager. Manager: Winnipeg, Man., G. Cre-basea, Manager. Meense-England--The National Bank of Scot-basea, Messrs. Grunehaum, Freres & Co., Paris. United States National Bank of the Republic, New York: National Rever Bank, Boston, Mase, Tarticular attention given to collections, and Tre-turns made with utmost promptness. Ter Correspondence respectfully solicited.;

The Chartered Banks.

Bank of Hamilton.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend on the Capital Stock of the Bank of Four Per Cent., for the half year ending 31st May. has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after

FIRST JUNE.

The Transfer Books will be closed from May 17th to 31st, both inclusive. The Annual Mesting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Oflice of the Bank, on

MONDAY, SEVENTEENTH JUNE, AT TWELVE O'CLOCK.

By order of the Board,

Cashier.

J. TURNBULL

Hamilton, April 24th, 1895.

THE DOMINION BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of this institution has this day been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the Banking House in this city, on and after WEDNESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 30th of April next, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders for the election of directors for the ensuing year will he held at the banking house in this city on WEDNESDAY, "IHE 22TH DAY OF MAY NEXT. at the hour of 12 o'clock noon. By order of the Board. R. D. GAMBLE, Toronto, 27th March, 1895. General Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK. OF HALIFAX.

Capital Paid-Up, . . . \$1,100,000 Reserve Fund BOARD OF DIRECTORS: 680,000 THOS. E. KENNY, M.P., President. THOMAS RITCHIR, Vice-President. M. Dwyer, Wiley Smith, Henry G. Bauld, Hon. H. H., Fuller, M.L.G.

Henry G. Baua, Ion. R. A. Buner, M.B.C. — HEAD OFFICE, Halifax, N.S. D. H. Duccan, Cashler. W.B. Torrance, Asst. Cashler Agencies in Province of Quebec: Montreal, E. L. Pease, Manager. "West End. Notre Dame St. West.

" West End. No	tre Dame St. West.
" Cote St. Anto	ne, Green Avenue,
In Maritim	e Provinces:
Antigonich, N. S	Moncton, N. B.
Bathurst, N. B.	Newcastle, N. B.
Bridgewater, N.S.	Picton, N. S.
Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Port Hawkesbury, C. B.
Dorchester, N. B.	Sackville, N. B.
Fredericton, N. B.	St. John's N'f'd.
Guysboro, N. S.	Summerside, P.E.I.
Kingeton, N.B.	Sydney, N. S.
Londonderry, N. S.	Truro, N. S.
Lunenburg, N. S.	Weymouth, N. S.
Maitland, N. S.	Woodstock, N. B.

Correspondents: Correspondents: Dominion of Canada, Merchants Bank of Canada. New York, Chaee National Bank. Boston, the National Hide & Leather Bank. Bermida, the Bank of Bermuda, Ltd. Chicago, American Exchange National Bank, London, England, Bank of Scotland. Parie, Frace, Credit Lyoanais. Collections made at lowest rates and promptly re-mitted for.

mitted for

Telegraphic transfers and drafts issued at current rates.

La Banque Jacques Cartier.

DIVIDEND No. 59.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three and a half [8%] per cent. for the current half-year, upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the dist May next, both days inclusive. The annual meeting of the shareholders will be held at the banking house of the institution, in Montreal on WEDNESDAY, the 19TH DAY of JUNE next. The chair to be taken at one o'clock, p.m. By order of the Board,

TANCREDE BIENVENU. Asst. Mgr

Union Bank of Canada.

The Chartered Banks.

DIVIDEND No. 57.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, and at its branches, on and after

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The Annual Ceneral Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking Honse, on SATURDAY, the FIFTEENTH DAY of JUNE next, The chair to be taken at Twelve o'clock. By order of the Board.

E. E. WEBB, General Manager.

Quebec, 23rd April, 1895.

The Standard Bank of Canada

Capital Paid-up, Reserve Fund - \$1.000,000 - 600,000 HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

DIRECTORS. W. F. COWAN, President. JOHN BURNS, Vice-President.

W. F.	Allan, Fre	ed. Wyld.
T. R. Wood,	,	A.J. Somerville.
-	AGENCIES.	a de la companya de l
Bowmanville,	Cannington,	Kingston,
Brantford,	Chatham.	Markham.
Bradford	Colhorno	Nowoogtlo

radford,	Colhorne.	Newcastle.
Brighton.	Durham, '	Parkdale, Toronto,
Brussels.	Forest.	Picton.
Campbellford,	Harriston,	Stouffville,
	BANKERS.	

New York—Importers and Traders National Bank, Montreal—Can. Bank of Commerce. London, England—National Bank of Scotland. All banking business promptly attended to. Cor-respondence solicited. GEO. P. REID, Manager. 1

Eastern Townships Bank.

Authorized Capital	\$1,500.00
Capital Paid-Up	1,499,905
Reserve Fund	680,000
BOARD OF DIRFCTORS;	
R. W. HENEKER, President.	
Hon. M. H. COCHBANE, Vice-President	
Jersel Wood, J. N. Galer Thomas	Hart.

N. W. Thomas, T. J. Tuck, G. Stevens, John G. Foster.

HEAD OFFICE, SHERBROOKE, Que. Branches-Waterloo, Richmond, Coaticook, Stan-stead, Cowaneville, Granby, Bedford, Huntingdon.

Control Contro

THE WESTERN BANK

OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, Ont.

- \$1,000,000 - 500,000 - 372,400 - 100,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

JOHN COWAN. Esq., President. BEUBEN S. HAMIN, Esq., Vice-President. W. F. Cowan. Esq. Robert McIntesh, M.D. J. A. Gilson, Esq. Thomas Patterson, Esc. T. H. MCMILLAN - Cashler.



J. DUNCAN DAVISON

114 St. James Street, Montreal, (Care R. G. Dun & Co.)



Ontario, Quebec, Manifoba, NowBrunswick, !Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

St. James St., Montreal, Canada. orizod Capital, \$1,000,000.00

St. James St., Montreal, Cahaan.
Authorizod Capital, ..., \$1,000,000.00
The Promoters and Directors of this Company are composed of leading Financial and Business Meo of Montreal.
ALD. N. A. HURTEAU, Esq., President (Lum-ber Merchant, Dominion Harbor Commissioner, Chairman of the City Finance Committee).
L. O. DAVID, Esq., Vice-President (City Clerk, Ex-Al, P., President of the St. Jean Baptiste Association).
Solicitors: Mossrs. Macharen, Leet, Smith & Smith.

Secretary-Treasurer, | Manaaer

A. W. BELFRY, Esq. | W H. MCCARTHEY, Esq. Deposits received and interest allowed at the lightst current rates and paid hulf-yearly. repayment.



157,St. James Street, MONTREAL.

H. & A. ALLAN, General Agents,

Portland, Boston or Montreal. March 20th, 1895.

London, Quebec & Montreal Service

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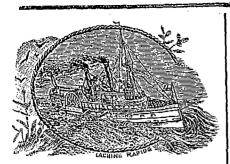
NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING.

Advocates.

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Richelieu & Ontario Nav. Co.

LINES IN OPERATION.

Longueuil Line-Steamer Longueuil leaves foot of current every half hour.

Boucherville Line-Steamer Hochelaga is now making her regular trips. Laprairie Line-Steamer Laprairie will begin her

regular trips on Wednesday.

Sorel Line-A steamer will leave for Sorel Tues day and Friday.

Ouchec Line - Steamers Montreal and Canada will open the Quebec Line about the end of this week.

For tickets and further information apply to

H. FOSTER CHAFFEE,

District Passenger Agent, 128 St. James St., - Montreal. 81. (Opp. P.O.) Telephone 1731.

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Kingston, Ont.

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London, Ont.

W. H. BARTRAM, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, &c. OFFICE: 99 DUNDAS STREET WEST.

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Montreal.

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A TWATER & MACKIE,

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Peterborough, Ont. HATTON & WOOD, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. G. W. HATTON. R. E. WOOD, B.A.	PRESCOTT SARNIA SAULT ST SHELBUR SMITH'S F ST. MARY
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Seaforth, Ont. MoCAUGHEY & HOLMESTED, Barristers, &c.	TILSONB TORONTO TORONTO TORONTO UXBRIDG
Simcoe, Ont. G. W. WELLS, (Late Killmester & Wells) Barrister, Solicitor, &c.	VANKLE WATFOR WELLAN TORONTO WESTON WINGHA WINDSOJ WALKER
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JONES BROS. & MACKENZIE, Barristers & Solicitors, Canada Permanent Chambers, Toronto.	BEDFORI BUCKING COWANS
CLARKSON JONES, BEVERLY JONES, GEO. A. MACKENZIE, C. J. LEONARD. English Agent: JONAS AF JONES, 99 Cannon St., London, Commissioner for N.Y., Illinois and other States,	MONTRE MONTMA PERCE & PORTAGI RICHMO
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OAKVILLER. S. Appleby ORANGEVILLEMeyers & Robb
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9

Legal Directory.

ONTARIO-Continued.

O.....Joseph Nason

QUEBEC.

NOVA SCOTIA.

NOVA SCOTIA. AMHERST, Townshend, Dickey & Rogers ANTIGONISH.....A. Macgillvray BRIDGETOWN....T. D.Ruggles & Sons BRIDGEWATER....Owen & McLean IALIFAX.....Alfred Whitman KENTVILLE....V. E. Roscoe LIVERPOOL....Jason M. Mack LUNENBURG....S. A. Chesley PORT HOODS. Macdonald SYDNEY.....Chisholm & Crowe WINSOR....H. F. McLatchy WINDSORH. D. Ruggles XARMOUTH.....Sanford H. Pelton NEW BRUNSWICK

NEW BRUNSWICK.

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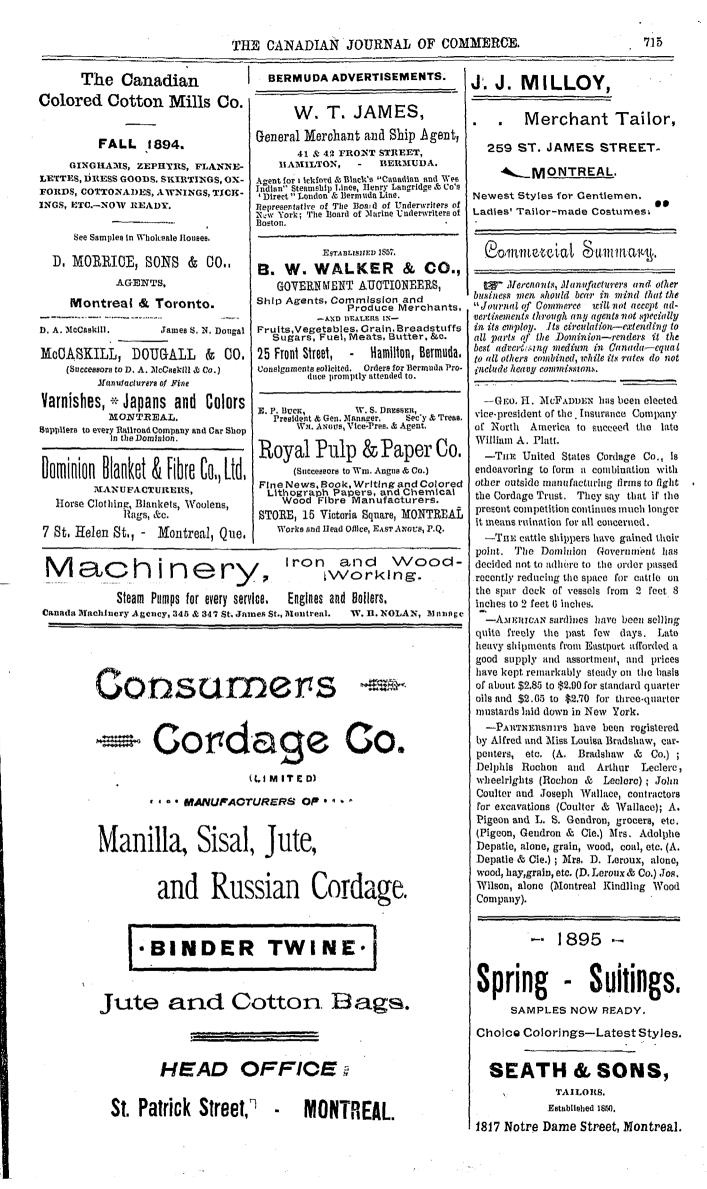
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-THE Canada Paper Company is pushing ahead the work for damming the St. Francis River at Windsor Mills.

 $-T_{\rm HE}$ Manitoba crop report states that is completed. Wheat is up, the fields are green, and the farmers are preparing to sow coarser grains.

-THREE hundred thousand whitefish from the Newcastle hatchery have been liberated in the Bay of Quinte.

-- A CONTEMPORARY remarks that a certain official is tried and trusted. A good many men now-a-days are not tried until after they have been trusted.

-IT is rumored that the late president of the Commercial Bank of Manitoba is preparing a reply to the statement recently issued to the shareholders by the liquidators.

-THE doors of the banking house of Green Worlock & Co., of Victoria, B.C., were opened this week for the payment of the 5 per cent, interim dividend to the creditors.

-The royal commission on opium has reported to the Imperial Government, the general effect being that opium is not doing the evil to the communities using it that is generally supposed.

--A DESPATCH from Killarney, Selkirk, says an uprising of half-breeds and Indians is reported to have occurred at St. John's, North Dakota, just over the Manitoba boundary line.

-THE American Soda Fountain Company has declared a quarterly dividend of $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on its first preferred, 2 per cent. on its second preferred and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on its common stock, payable May 4.

-THIRTY farmers of Sutton, Cowansville, Sweetsburg and Bedford subscribed \$100 each and imported a thoroughbred hackney stallon to improve the breed of horses in that locality as a commercial speculation.

-Two bankrupt stocks were sold by auction in London, Ont., last week. That of D. W. McWillie, went to J. W. Broderick for 65 cents, and Hiram Mosser's stock (Allen Park) sold for 77% cents to W. Laidlaw, of Durham.

-EXPORTS of tinplates from Great Britain to all markets during the opening quarter of the present year were of the value of $\pounds1,097,655$ as compared with $\pounds1,009,329$; and for the single month of March $\pounds360,128$ compared with $\pounds314,312$ in March, 1893.

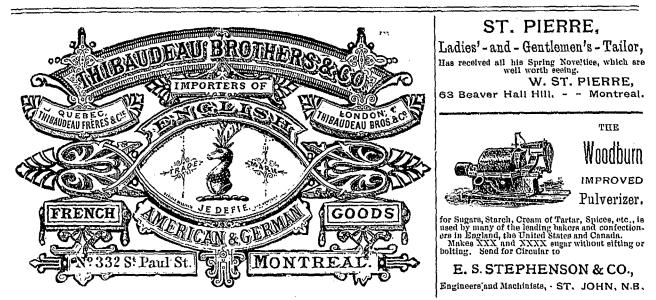
--The directors of the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., propose to pay the same dividend for this as for last year, viz., (including the interim) 10s per share, or 20 per cent. on the paid-up capital.

-A SMALL consignment of olive oil made in California, from olives grown in that State, is soon to be offered on this market. Samples shown are pronounced equal to the best imported from Italy.

-The Toronto Board of Works have succeeded in placing a contract for 2,000 tons of steam coal for the water works at \$3.41 per ton, the lowest price on record. The successful tenderers offered to supply the city for five years at that figure.

-The decrease in the value of gum Arabic exported from Egypt during 1894 was from £56,855 to £39,820. The competition among the houses that handle the bulk of this article is said to be so keen that the profit on transactions rarely exceeds 2 per cent., even if it does not result in actual loss.





-The annual report of the Standard Oil Company of New York filed last week in the County Clerk's office, shows that the capital stock of \$7,000,000 is actually paid in. The indebtedness is placed at not to exceed \$3,000,000 and the assets are put at at least \$10,000,000.

-A LARGE party of gold miners will, next month, leave Buffalo for British Columbia, where they will engage in mining on the Fraser River on an extensive scale. Each man in the party contributes \$750 to a general fund devoted to the purchase of machinery, which will be obtained in Toronto.

--THERE does not seem much prospect of any agreement being arrived at between the American anthracite coal producers. The Reading railway men still adhere to their demand for 21 per cent. of the output, and the refusal of the presidents of the other anthracite coal-carrying roads to accede to the demand. It is now feared that the trouble will lead to a serious coal war.

-ADVICES from Havana say that in most of the tobacco-growing districts the picking of the new crop is now nearing its end and the quality of the leaf is generally proclaimed exceedingly fine, though the quantity falls considerably below the average of previous years, on which account it is said that fillers of suitable classes for the United States trade will be rather scarce.

-OUR correspondent at Arthur, Ont., writes that T. A. Humphries who for some years past has managed the tailoring depart of A. Ballentine & Sons' store, has lately opened a stock of tweeds, gent's furnishings &c., on his own account.-E. C. Megee who for some two years past has carried on a jewellery store has



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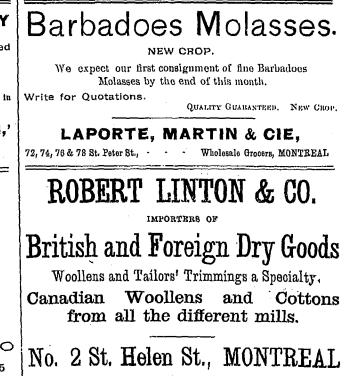
disposed of his business to H. J. Clarke.-Trade is still very dull in that section.

-THE syndicate which has arranged to construct the first two hundred and fifty miles of the Hudson Bay Railway has dissolved partnership owing to failure to agree upon terms. It is understood that President Hugh Sutherland has about completed arrangements with an American syndicate, consisting of Donald Grant of St. Paul and Foley Bros. of St. Cloud, Minn. to go on with the work.

--PARTNERSHIPS have been registered by Henry Zivern, alone, carpet renovator (The Renovo Company); Mrs. Hermann S. Scheyer, alone, importer, etc. (Hermann S. Scheyer & Company); Mrs. Alfred Renaud, alone, grocer, etc. (A. Renaud & Cic.); Miss Louise Corona Renaud, boarding housekceper, alone (Martha Renaud & Cie).; J. A. Beauparlant, alone (Compagnie de Primes de Montreal.)

-The results of meteorological tests with balloons at immense heights is announced from Bremen this week. One balloon, carrying self-registering instruments reached a height of twelve miles. The thermometer could not register the temperature, 67° below zero being marked at a lower height. Many tests show that the temperature sinks gradually up to two and a half miles. Above that the fall is much more rapid.

-The purchase of the Buel patents by Henry W. Brackett of Chicago, general manager of the American Fire Extinguisher Co., has revived interest in the perennial suit against Grinnell for infringement of Buel's patents. These patents cover every form





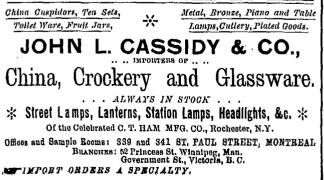
hensiveness. In spite of the recent depression the wealth of England continnes to increase steadily. According to the last returns the taxable property of England and Wales in 1894 was £161,000,000 compared to £104,000,000, in 1870. This increase of more than 50 per cent. has taken place when the taxable value of land has decreased within 15 years from about £40,000,000 to £33,000,000. The land formed in 1870 about one-half the taxable property of

the country. It is now little more than one-fifth.

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-PROBABLY the section of Canada which has benefited most by the placing of Canadian lumber on the "free list" is that known as the Georgian Bay country. This section, which will bring its products through the North and as far west certainly as Chicago, and thus come directly in competition with the Southern hardwoods, is largely increasing its capacity for manufacturing lumber. One mill machinery firm alone estimates that the increased output from the machinery furnished by their house will be something over 1,000,000 feet a day, or about 200,000,000 feet a year.

-- TUE Manitoba Department of Agriculture is receiving numbers of letters from farmers and others desirous of establishing a cheese factory or creamery making application for a loan as provided for in the Act passed at the last session of the Manitobalegislature. This act authorized the government to advance as a loan a sum of money not exceeding \$500 to each creamery or cheese factory on certain conditions. Upon assurance to the department by parties asking for the loan that those conditions have been complied with, an inspector will visit the locality and examine

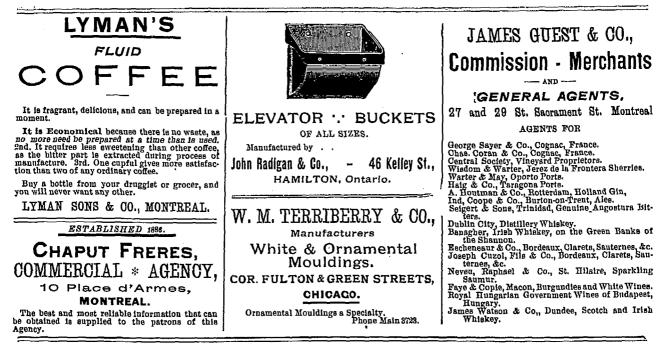


factory the loan will be authorized. -MESSRS. J. & H. TAYLOR, steamfitters' supplies of this city

have effected a settlement with their creditors at 50 cents in the dollar. This is an old and respected firm which was compelled to assign in 1889 owing to heavy and unexpected losses. Mrs. John Taylor bought in the assets and continued the business under the old style with her husband as manager. For a time the firm seemed to hold its own and then trade became dull, once more losses exhausted its funds, and the elemency of its creditors had to be invoked.

JEAN ST. PIERRE, general storekeeper of St. Gedeon, Que. has been in business some sixteen years but without improving his position. He is now endeavoring to settle at 50 cents in the dollar in order to get a fresh start .- D. M. Richards & Co., hardware dealers of Charlottetown, P.E.I., have assigned. They started in 1893 on a moderate capital understood to have been advanced to them by relatives and friends, and have found the dull times and the keenness of competition too much for their resources .- Mrs. Pheebe Todd, a Galt milliner, has assigned. She tried first at Berlin and moved to Galt three years ago without improving her position .- J. Watt & Co., general storekeepers of Uxbridge, obtained a settlement at 70 cents in the dollar in 1893. This helped them for a while ; but they have again run behind and have now obtained an extension, payable in monthly instalments, and spread over fifteen months .- Thos. Hamelin, grocer of Windsor, succeeded Mrs. Bockstall last September. He had too strong opposition to be successful, and his assignment is no surprise .-- C. H. Budd, men's furnishings, of this city has fyled a consent to an assignment. The firm was originally Budd

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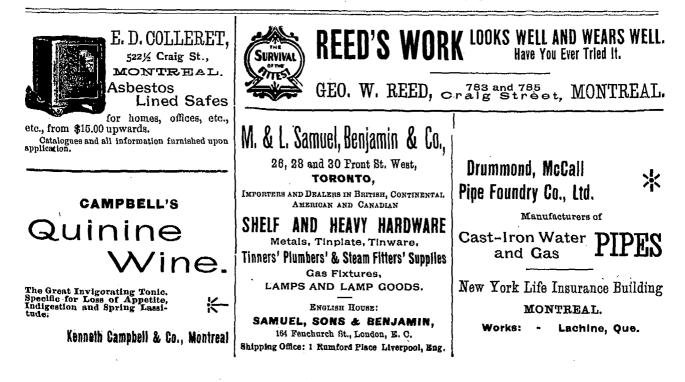


& Smeall and started about a year ago. It was soon apparent that the business would not keep two, and Smeall dropped out last December. Budd continued; but his stand was a poor one and he had powerful competitors to struggle against.—J. T. Long started a small shoe store in this city last summer. He never did sufficient trade to live on, and he now assigns with liabilities of about \$700.

A. CATUDAL, carriages, East Farnham, was formerly in partnership with a brother. They dissolved some five years ago and he continued the business alone. He seems to have gradually lost ground until an assignment became necessary-K. Aubut, dealer in tea and crockery in this city, has assigned. His partner left him last February, probably foreseeing what was coming, and Aubut tried to carry on the business alone .-- Woodcock & Corey, furniture dealers of Brockville, have discontinued business as the trade they did was not sufficient to support two partners. Woodcock is trying to effect a settlement at 25 cents in the dollar. -John Atkinson, a Toronto grocer, compromised in 1889 at 55 cents in the dollar, cash. Since then he has had all he could do to make even a living, and now he has assigned .-- J. G. Creegan is a practising physician who came to Delta from Lyndhurstsome five years ago. He was well-liked locally, but it is alleged that in some respects he was open to criticism. He has assigned.-In consequence of the death of the late Dr. Armstrong, the Mooretown Salt Co., have called a meeting of their creditors to decide in regard to continuing the business. The company was formed in 1892 by Dr. Armstrong and Wm. Brown, who dissolved in

November 1893. Since then the business has been managed by Dr. Armstrong's sons.—Cook & Webb succeeded J. H. Rogers in the bakery business in April 1894. The profits have evidently not been sufficient to support two; for they have just made an assignment.—Fred. Parnell, grocer of St. Johns, Nfld., is insolvent with liabilities of \$20,000. He failed in January 1888, when he settled at 50 cents in the dollar. Since then his position has not been a strong one and the crisis brought him down.—Fred. Smallwood, shoedealer of St. Johns, Nfld., has succeeded in effecting a compromise at 70 cents in the dollar, spread over two years, on liabilities of \$22,000.

-LATEST reports by mail are to the effect that the supply of sardines in French markets is unusually light and that desirable quality Portuguese packing has been nearly all disposed of. Foreign distributive markets, it would also appear, have less than the usual supply. In all quarters the proportion of high grade goods is unusually small. The American market is also nearly bare of the high grade article, and supplies of other than inferior sorts seem to be moderate. Regarding prospects for the next pack little information has been received thus far, but the early run of fish is reported as being light, and the canners, it is claimed, are not prepared to pack at all heavily. The matter of existing supplies seems to have been well discounted in all markets as far as effect upon prices is concerned, but the in. dications are that values are more likely to rule higher than lower the coming season, unless the catch of fish should be phenomenal at just the proper time to benefit canners.





ASSESSMENT SYSTEM:

will save many others from the effects of even a worse catastrophe. So far as the loss of property is concerned it is a minor matter; the owner carried his own insurance, so doubtless he has a fund laid aside to provide for the loss. The insurance companies can hardly fail to profit by the warning given to those who "carry their own insurance," which really means they carry no insurance at all, but from shortsighted economy choose rather to run the risk of fire than to protect themselves from loss by adopting the usual course taken by prudent property owners.

We hold most decidedly that, in places like this factory no proprietor ought to be allowed to carry his own insurance. Whoever does this overlooks that, a fire insurance policy insures the safety of human lives, as well as the insured person from loss of his property by fire. He who does not insure a building where hundreds of human beings are liable to be cremated does not realize his responsibility for their safety. He saves his money, as he thinks, but it is saved in a terrible risk to his fellow creatures, for whose protection in such cases it is the duty of the State to interfere.

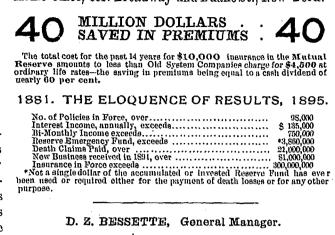
Before a building is insured, and during the life of the policy, it is inspected by experts on behalf of the insurance company to see that adequate precautions have been, and are being taken, to reduce the risk of fire as far as is possible. When a building is not insured such precautions are not observed, as, they are either not understood or their necessity is not fully recognized. The same false, morbid economy which prevents a person from insuring his property in a company, is almost certain to be shown in avoiding the outlays required to insure the premises being safe for human occupancy. One who carries his own insurance does not realize the risk he is running, nor the risk to which he is subjecting those in the building which is not insured. The loss is roughly estimated at \$400,000.

The remarks made in reference to the cause of such frightful scenes as occurred at the McDonald factory fire prove this. These dreadful incidents are said to have been "wholly caused by a panic." The entire blame of the tragedy is laid upon the unfortunate victims !

Now any sane person knows that, a fire as certainly, as inevitably causes a "panic," as it produces heat and flames. A panic amongst the inmates of a factory on fire is the very thing that must happen, and which therefore should be especially provided for. It is quite common to see the inmates of a house on fire acting like lunatics, risking their lives by taking time to throw. chinaware, mirrors, and other fragile goods out of elevated windows, when every second increased their chances of being burnt alive. "All owing to a panic" sounds wise, but it is absolutely, idiotically foolish, and as cruel as it is silly. The plain truth is, the factory, like most others, was not provided with adequate means for the escape of the inmates. The sudden panic would have been quickly quelled had they seen a way of escape, but as that was absent the wretched creatures were maddened by fear to frenzy. To provide for the prompt exit of several hundreds of work people from a lofty factory in case of fire presents no structural difficulty. Any architect fit for his calling could arrange for emptying such a building in a few minutes. The government by compelling work room windows to be sealed up by wire screens, without also

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compelling other ways of escape to be provided, assumed a grave responsibility. Such screens seem to us quite needless in a factory where an excise officer is always present, without whose permit not a pound of tobacco can be used, or sent out. But, if they must be placed, they ought to be inside, and easily removable, so as to allow ready access to fire escape balconies, and ladders. But broad stairways, specially guarded from fire risks, should be made compulsory in such industrial lines. We have seen buildings of the factory class so provided, so that, in'a few seconds the workers on each floor could rush out without endangering their limbs, or lives. The recent calamity suggests also, the need of government inspection of factories, hotels, and other large buildings, and the universal enforcement of such precautions as are insisted upon by the inspectors of fire insurance companies, and of others, for safe exit, which a government alone has power to enforce.

The proprietor of the burnt factory has shown by his munificent gift to McGill College that he has large views of the privileges, and the responsibilities of wealth. His building and equipping a technical School shows also an enlightened appreciation of the value of science. We trust he will call in to his counsel some of the distinguished men associated with that School, in devising plans for obviating any possible recurrence of the incidents of the recent fire.

BUSINESS ASPECTS OF THE TREATY.

It seems pretty evident that those who have been speculating upon a sharp rise in the price of silver in connection with the payment of the Japo-Chinese war indemnity are likely to be disappointed. It is, so far, favourable to the white metal that Japan has decided to accept payment of the indemnity in silver. The Japanese Government have in some quarters been credited with a desire to place the currency of the country on a gold basis; but it is now obvious that if there ever was any such intention, which is improbable, it has been abandoned. And the removal of all doubt on this point should do something to steady and sustain the

MUTUAL PRINCIPLE

silver market. On the other hand, however, not only is the account of the indemnity smaller than was expected, but the conditions of payment are more easy. The 200,000,000 taels, of which China is to be mulcted, are to be handed over not in a lump sum, but in annual instalments, spread over a period of five years. Now, broadly speaking, 200,000,000 taels represent 240,000,000 ounces of silver. Supposing, then, the whole amount to be handed over in coin, China will have to provide 48,000,000 ounces per annum for five years, and, judging from past experience, a demand for that amount cannot do very much towards lifting up the price of silver. It will be remembered that when the United States Treasury was buying silver at the rate of 54,000,-000 ounces per annum, and when, in addition, the Indian mints were coining on the average fully 30,000,-000 ounces a year, the price of the metal fell continuously. At that time, too, the annual production was, on the average of years, some millions of ounces smaller than it is now, even although the output has latterly been somewhat reduced. Thus, out of a targer production, the Chinese indemnity will absorb at most little more than one-half the amount which used to be taken by the Government of the United States and India. And looking at the price to which silver fell when the Sherman Act was in full operation and the Indian mints were open, it cannot be said that the new prospective demand from the East justifies a much higher price than has already been reached. For, although we have been arguing on the assumption that the whole of the indemnity will be taken in silver, it is practically certain that Japan will utilize a portion of it to pay off the debts she has incurred in carrying on the war; and besides, any further advance in the price of the metal would tend to stimulate the production. It is, of course, possible that speculation might for a time force up the price. Such an advance, however, would in all probability be only temporary. Thus substantially the London *Economist* which goes on as follows :

As to the probable result of Japan's efforts to open up China to foreign trade, it is too early yet to speak with any confidence. These are, of course, not disinterested, and it remains to be seen whether Japan has not attempted to secure some special advantages for herself. If so, it will be necessary for us to assert our right to equal treatment under the most favoured nation clause. And that right secured, the more Japan can succeed in breaking down Chinese exclusiveness the better it will be for us. Our cotton industry, it is true, cannot look with perfect equanimity upon the erection of competing mills in China. If, however, these are to be established, it will be our own fault if that is not done mainly by British capital and enterprise, and if the interior markets of China are really thrown open, our manufacturers for many years to come will gain far more than they will lose by the creation of home industries. But speculations of this kind are obviously premature until the exact terms of the treaty are known, and until it is seen whether the Central Government is sincere in its promises to remove existing barriers to trade, and is able to enforce its authority. The feelings and customs of a people are not to be changed in a day, and the abolition of the "likin," or internal customs duties will be anything but agreeable to the provincial governments, to whom they are an

a de la companya de la comp important source of revenue. While, therefore, the conclusion of peace opens up the prospect of a development of the trade with the Far East, it will be well for the present not to indulge in too sanguine expectations.

THE HUDSON BAY RAILROAD.

It now looks as though Parliament may decline to ratify the Order-in-Council amending the arrangement of 1891 with the Hudson Bay Railway in such a manner as to permit the road to be constructed immediately as far as the Saskatchewan River. Within the last ten years a number of these colonization railroads have been constructed in the Northwest without in any instance being followed by the rush of immigrants that was confidently predicted by the promoters, and there are no reasons why the Hudsons Bay Railroad should he any exception to the rule. Indeed the prospects for the future success of the road are anything but brilliant. It is to be built through a country already amply supplied with railroads. It will parallel two existing lines, the Canadian and Northern Pacifics, for the first sixty miles, and then for the next thirty-five it will parallel the Manitoba and North Western, a railroad which is now in the hands of a Receiver because it could not secure enough business to meet its fixed charges. Would it then, be a wise or economical policy upon the part of parliament to vote \$10,000 per mile for the construction of a railroad through a territory already traversed by existing lines furnishing ample accomodation for its trade and passenger travel at a period when the size of the deficit at the end of the present fiscal year is a matter of serious moment?

The forty miles of the road already built, from Winnipeg to St. Laurent, have simply resulted in the addition of an annual charge of \$12,800 to the interest burden of the Province of Manitoba. In order to have them built that province gave to the company debentures to the extent of \$256,000. The agreement was that the road should hand back a similar value of the land grant it was to receive from the Dominion government. But it never succeeded in securing that grant ; because the road was not built up to the standard of the government engineers. The result was that the province simply lost the \$256,000 it advanced, neither the road nor the rails were fully paid for, the contractors still hold judgments in the vicinity of \$80,000 against the company, and, according to a Winnipeg correspondent, "the road itself is in the last stages of decay. The grading has sunk in places, the track is overgrown with bush, the ties have fallen to pieces or been bodily stolen by the settlers, the bridges are mostly in ruins and the rails eaten by rust."

Yet this is the enterprise that is asking parliament to vote it what is practically an unsecured loan of \$2,500,-000 at a period when every item of expenditure should be most rigidly scrutinized, and every useless appropriation ruthlessly struck out. Even from its own history it is evident that the road cannot be financially successful except under conditions which are not likely to be realized in the near future, and therefore its construction at the public expense is likely to benefit no one save its promoters and contractors. Not only this. From the fact that it is intended to parallel existing roads for a considerable portion of its length it conflicts with their interests without benefiting its own. The

country served by the Canadian and Northern Pacifics and the Manitoba and Northwestern has already all the traffic facilities it requires and can support. It has no need at present of the Hudson Bay Railroad. In fact it is doubtful if either of the existing roads have found it a profitable section of their lines. The M. & N.W.R. certainly has not; as witness its present condition. What prospect, then, has the proposed Hudson's Bay Railroad of making a success out of the proportion of the business it could divert from its existing rivals ?

Under these circumstances it is likely that the Cabinet will not ask parliament to ratify the Order-in-Couneil and that the money will consequently not be voted. This means that the Hudson's Bay Railroad will once more return to the condition of nebulous uncertainty from which it regularly emerges at election times, and that the Canadian taxpayer will not be called upon to witness another increase in the volume of the deficit for the purpose of bolstering up an enterprise whose value to the country can only be looked upon as doubtful.

TRAFFIC FACILITIES.

There is one feature about our two great Canadian trunk lines that is not sufficiently dwelt upon at the annual meetings. The questions of dividends, of working expenses, of car mileage, and of freight and passenger returns are threshed out to the uttermost. But not one word is said about the steady improvement in the accommodation they afford the travelling public. Yet this is the most important point to Canadian citizens. But little of the stock of either of the two great companies is held in this country, except by a few millionaires to whom the holdings are a mere bagatelle. The general public of Canada is not interested financially in either road, save in so far as rates of passage are concerned. The average citizen leaves the carrying of the stock to European syndicates who make a business of this class of investment. All that he wants is a quick, cheap, and convenient means of transit over the distances that unavoidably occur in a country whose population is spread along the route of inland navigation and where the towns and cities are necessarily somewhat far apart.

This our two Canadian trunk lines indubitably afford More than this. They surround our means of us. travel with an amount of luxury to which the populations of European nations are unaccustomed. Vestibuled trains with parlor, buffet, and palace cars, and upholstered in the most artistic manner, whirl the traveller to his destination at a far less rate of fare than would be charged him for much inferior accommodation on any European railway, and he travels in cars fitted with every possible appliance for his convenience and comfort. Nor is it only on the through lines that this attention to his needs is manifested. Both roads are perfectly aware of the value of their suburban traffic, and neither neglect any means to secure the patronage of those of our citizens who prefer the cool breezes of our lake resorts to the sultry heat of town. The suburban trains on both lines are run and fitted with a scrupulous attention to the comfort of their patrons, and the commutation fares granted are of the most reasonable character. It is little wonder that our wealthier citizens, and some who are not overburdened with this world's goods, spend their summer months in Lachine, Dorval, St. Annes, Vaudreuil or in

the countless intermediate places whom the liberal policy of the railroads has built up. The business man can reach his home as speedily, as cheaply, and just as conveniently, if he lives in Lachine, as in any of the outlying wards of Montreal, and in one short hour he can be transported from the hot asphalt of the city, sending up its quivering heat among the wilderness of high stone buildings, to the calm green shores of the . dimpling lake, bright with the snowy wings of yachts and gay with the flitting of small craft and the ripple of girlish laughter. In one brief hour he has exchanged the clangor of the trolley cars and the ceaseless hum of traffic, for the soft murmur of the wind sighing through the trees and the gentle lapping of the water upon the beach. To his hot tired eyes the velvety darkness, relieved, but not spoilt, by the glittering of lights and the mild lustre of the stars, comes with an inexpressible sense of soothing. In a moment he has forgotten the cares of the day, and the heated city with its toil, its dust, and its glare of light, seems hundreds of miles away.

All this he owes to the railways. It is thanks to their policy of progress that our suburban resorts today are advancing faster than the city itself. Were they to with-hold the extra privileges they now confer, or to reduce the accommodation they now offer, the suburban population would soon feel its effect. But in the case of both roads the suburban traffic has been carefully fostered. Every concession to the public has been freely and generously made, and no pains have been spared to render the communication between Montreal and her suburbs as cheap, as easy, and as comfortable as it is possible to be.

Since the above was written we learn that Sir Henry Tyler, chairman, and the other directors have resigned, and that the day for the election has been postponed in consequence. The statement will have our attention meantime.

A COURT OF CUSTOMS.

There appears to be some probability at last that the Government may be led to consider the advisability of establishing a Court of Customs Experts, having for its object uniformity in the application of the Tariff in the various details that come before importers and appraisers, and to which all matters of disputeas to classification for duty may be referred. The Montreal Board of Trade has moved in the matter, led to it in the first instance by Mr. Henry Miles of the wholesale firm of Lyman Sons & Co., wholesale druggists; and from the number of favorable responses received from the Boards of Trade of other cities of the Dominion in reply to the request for signatures (some 20 thus far), there would seem to be unanimous feeling on the subject. Nearly all the importing and many of the manufacturing houses in Montreal have signed the petition to the government, and some of the most influential who wavered at first have within a few weeks enrolled themselves among its most earnest promoters. Much of the friction with the Department heretofore has been the result of appointing men whose knowledge did not extend to articles in question. It could scarcely be expected that any one man's knowledge could cover so great a variety of goods as pass through our Custom houses; and however praiseworthy the economy, the irritation and the delay far outweigh any benefit in that direction. The following is the petition, and is to be pre-

sented to the House of Commons by Sir Donald A. Smith and in the Senate by W. W. Ogilvie :

The Petition of the Undersigned Marchants, Impurtors and Manufacturers of the City of Montreal.

HUMBLY SHEWETH,

That your petitioners suffer from want of uniformity in the application of the Tariff and from the circumstance that there is no satisfactory recourse or remedy in matters of dispute as to classification for duty, value for duty, or in cases where customs officials inflict injustice upon importers by erroneous and arbitrary rulings;

That your Petitioners believe that these grievances could be removed by the establishment by Parliament of a Board of Exports, with power to deal with all questions and disputes between Collectors of Customs and importers as to rates of duty or classilication, and as to value for duty; also to act as a Board of Reference in matters of seizures to the end that the technical facts of a case may be established prior to publicity, and with a view to avoiding practical injustice through error or precipitate action of irresponsible employees in the Customs service ;

That your Petitioners suggest with respect to the establishment of such a Board of Experts :

- (a) That it shall consist of five members, being one for each of the principal branches of trade as follows: (1) Dry Goods—
 (2) Hardware, Oils, Paints, etc.—(3) Drugs, Chemicals, Fancy Goods, Stationery and Jewellery—(4) Groceries, Provisions and Fruits—(5) Leather and Shoefindings;
- (b) That appointments be made on the basis of competence for the Office ;
- (c) That sufficient remuneration be given to secure men techni, cally competent and with business experience, so that the Board would enjoy the confidence of merchants;
- (d) That the Board be empowered to administer oaths and subpoint witnesses ;
- (e) That the Board's decisions be published 'periodically and sent to collectors of Customs and Boards of Trade throughout the Dominion, which would promote uniformity as to classitication and value for duty, and ;
- (f) That both the Government and importers should have the right of appeal from the Board's decisions to the Exchequer Court;

That such a Board of Experts has for some years been in operation in the United States, where it appears to have well fultilled its purpose of insuring to the Government the full customs revenue intended by the Customs Act, of securing uniformity in valuation for duty, and of affording satisfaction to importers ;

Wherefore your Petitioners do pray your Excellency in Council to approve the enacting of legislation for the establishment of a Board of Customs Experts as hereinbefore suggested, and so relieve them and importers generally from the serious disabilities now suffered by reason of lack of uniformity in the administration of the Tariff.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

"The following," says the *Pharmaceutical Journal*, "will give an idea of the American system. Importers in the United States having a competent board and ready means of settling disputes as to values and rates of duty there exists no "friction" between Customs and Importer, "Customs grievances" and "Customs troubles" are unheard of uniformity prevails and everybody is satisfied :

The administration of the Tariff and Customs law in the United States is conducted upon a plan that insures the intended revenue to the Government, affords every satisfaction to the importers and secures uniformity to the greatest possible extent.

There are Collectors of Customs and Appraisers of Customs at the principal ports. All disputes as to classification or rate of duty as to value for duty and kindred matters pertaining to the Customs are dealt with by what are called General Appraisers.

The President of the United States with the advice and consent of the senate appoints nine general appraisers who receive a salary of seven thousand dollars (\$7,000.00) a year. Not more than five of this number can be appointed from the same political party--they shall not be engaged in any other business or employment and may be removed from office by the president for inefficiency, neglect of duty or malfeasance in office. This body or board of general appraisers answers for the United States. They are employed at such ports as the secretary of the treasury may from time to time prescribe, and besides the specific powers and duties accorded them by law, they exercise under the gen eral direction of the Secretary of the Treasury such other supervision over appraisements and classification for duty as may be needful to secure lawful and uniform appraisements and classification at the several ports.

A board of three of these general appraisers are on duty (as a board) daily at the port of New York. At ports of entry where there is no ordinary appraiser, if the collector shall deem the appraisement of any imported merchandise too low he can order a re-appraisement which shall be made by one of the general appraisers, and in the case of the importer under the same circumstances, a written notice to the collector procures for him similar appraisement. If this appraisement is found unsatisfactory by either the collector or importer, the importation in question and re-appraisement thereof is placed before the board of three general appraisers on duty at New York or before the board of three general appraisers who may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury for s uch duty.

The decisions of any collector of Customs can by following a certain simple form clearly stated be taken directly to a board of three general appraisers. The board of general appraisers of the United States have the authority of a court to all intents and purposes, can subpena witnesses, etc., and are authorized to administer ouths.

The law of the United States further provides for carrying questions in dispute between the Government and importer to the regular courts of the United States, and in this case, the evidence and proceedings of the general appraisers or board of general appraisers form part of record.

There is a penalty provided of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) to which any one is liable who fails to appear, declines to answer or who swears falsely. All decisions of the general appraisers individually and of the board of general appraisers respecting values and rates of duty are preserved and filed, and are open to inspection under certain regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. All decisions are reported to the Secretary of the Treasury and those of individual general appraisers are reported to the board of general appraisers on duty at the port of New York. Reports made to this board are accompanied whenever practicable by samples of merchandise in regard to which there has been question.

One of the duties of the board of general appraisers is to make an abstract of the decision of appraisers with as full description as possible giving the full rate of duty, etc., and said abstract is issued from time to time—at least once in each week for the information of Customs' officers and the public."

The Montreal Pharmaceutical Journal, which, in its issue for April, contains an exhaustive review of the subject, quotes a decision given by the American Board of General Appraisers at New York, which arose out of the action of the collector of that port as to the rate of duties properly collectible on certain merchandise imported last January. The article known as "crystal carbonate" was assessed at one-fourth of one per cent. per pound, the rate provided for soda-ash. The importers claimed it dutiable at onc-eighth of a cent per pound as sal-soda. General appraiser Lunt gave as his opinion that as these salts have distinct commercial designations, and as there is a special provision for alkalies, chemical compounds and salts, the goods were not properly entered at either of the above rates, but were dutiable at 25 per cent. ad valorem. !This is given merely as an example of the difficulties that occasionally arise in entering goods, causing delay to importers and more or less unfriendly feeling towards the customs department and the government. It would, of course, be a difficult matter to frame a perfect law, but we have repeatedly pointed out "weak spots" in our own tariff, and it is to be hoped that the matter will now receive all the attention which its importance deserves.

THE CITY GAS [CONTRACTS.

The methods and movements of our civic parliament furnish naturally, a topic ever fresh to the ordinary citizen. If the ears of people tingle when ill-spoken of, surely the aural appendages of Montreal's aldermen have little rest. The amount of illicit commission business usually laid to their charge is something dreadful, and yet one looks in vain for an alderman retired from the field who affords evidence of much illgotten wealth. Indeed one would not be far astray in saying that were the talents displayed by certain city fathers employed in the regular pursuit of some respectable profession or business the returns would prove far more profitable than any obtained through a career-however active-in our city's parliament, to say nothing of the odium attached to the latter. Nevertheless whenever an important contract is to be given out the cry of "boodle" is raised at once ; no matter how slender the grounds, or how inadequate the proof on which the charge is based.

The terms on which the Light Committee are willing to grant a contract to the Montreal Gas Co. furnish a case in point. The committee suggest an agreement for ten years from the first of the present month at \$1 for cooking and \$1.30 per thousand for the first year for illuminating purposes. For the succeeding years the price is to be \$1.20 for illuminating and \$1 for cooking purposes. The company are also to be bound to supply gasifor cooking, with the privilege of two jets for lighting purposes, at \$1.05 per thousand by the system of 25c prepayment metres to all taxpayers paying a rental of not more than \$15C. After this period has expired, and at the expiration of each subsequent period of five years, the city is to have the right, after six months' notice, to acquire the entire plant of the company at 10 per cent. advance on a valuation to be fixed by a board of three arbitrators; one appointed by the city, one by the company, and the third by a judge of the Superior Court. Should the city not take over the plant the company must pay to the civic treasury a bonus of 3 per cent. on the gross receipts every six months. These terms are also to apply to any adjoining municipalities that may be annexed to the city in the interim.

These are the suggestions of the Light Committee. The figures, of course, look high compared with the offer of 95 cents made by the defunct Consumers Gas Co.; but it must be remembered that that company was only started for the purpose of being absorbed, and that the offer of 95 cent gas was one of the "bluffs" made to attain that end. That the figures mentioned will be profitable to the company may be inferred from the price of the stock in the market to-day.

THE EASTERN ASSURANCE CO.

When at the last meeting of shareholders the Eastern Assurance Co. of Halifax decided to reduce the authorized capital stock from \$1,000,000 to \$500,000 and lopped \$50,000 off the paid-up capital of \$250,000 to meet impairment, it was felt that further developments would transpire before the year was out, and these anticipations have not proved erroneous. The transfer of the Eastern's business to the Union Assurance Society of London, Eng., is now an accomplished fact. The Eastern hand over the uncarned premium,

or reserve, on every policy up to the 1st inst. to the Union, and it is expected that what remains of the paid-up capital will be sufficient to yield a dividend of 50 cents in the dollar to the shareholders. The question that now arises is as to the future of the company, and this cannot be decided until word is received from England as to whether the Eastern shall be continued as a separate concern, operated and backed by the Union, or whether it shall at once be amalgamated with it. It is probable that the latter decision will be arrived at ; but efforts are being made to induce the Union to continue the Eastern on the ground that it possesses a valuable connection and an efficient corps of agents, both of which would be lost by its extinction.

The Eastern started business in this country in July 1889 under what were considered bright auspices at the time. Unfortunately it endeavored to become a large company too suddenly, and to this must be ascribed its downfall; although the proximate cause was the loss it sustained through the conflagrations at Toronto. It had something to contend with also in the attitude of certain shoreholders who insisted upon "fouling their own nest." At its last annual meeting on the 28th of February it was acknowledged that the income of the company had undergone a serious reduction and the suggestion was then made that it should confine itself to a strictly local business. This was not acted upon, and it was next resolved to re-insure the company's risks upon the best terms possible with the result that the present arrangement was made with the Union. These developments are not altogether a surprise to people who had a glance behind the scenes, and it was remarked as of some significance that Mr. T. L. Morrisey, the Montreal manager of the Union, has held conferences at Quebec lately with manager Chas. D. Cory of the Eastern. Both are now at Halifax perfecting the necessary rrangemen ts.

CANADIAN TRADE PROGRESS.

(16TH ARTICLE.)

Although not showing as great a degree of progress as some of the places we have heretofore been treating, the villages of Richmond and Fraserville in the Province of Quebec are no discredit to the general prosperity. The subjoined figures and names speak for themselves :--

RICHMOND, QUE.

	1868	1884	1894
Population		1,200	2,170
Business houses	22	82	77
Capital invested	\$192,000	\$222,000	\$223,000

Among the business houses of Richmond in 1868 continuing through 1894 are: J. Bedard, general store, sawmill, &c., and J. H. Smith, general store. In addition the following have been in business continuously since prior to 1884 : C. A. Bangs, tins, &c.; D. F. Bedard & Co., general store; Mrš. Brisbois, milliner; G. Dunton, baker; C. J. Hill, marble; A. J. Hudon, general store; G. Hutton, carriages; L. Jutras, general store; G. Kinch, marble; McMorine Bros.; bankrupt stocks; J. Parks, general store; E. J. Pearson, general store; R. Rattray, tins; Scott Bros., foundry, machineshops, &c.; F. Smith, general store and furniture; A. Stewart & Son, watches; A. Stewart, jeweler; J. C. Sutherland & Co., drugs, and H. P. Wales, general store.

FRASERVILLE, QUE.						
1808 1884 1894						
Population		2,291	4,175			
Business houses	17	55	85			
Capital invested	\$222,000	\$287,500	\$462,500			

Among the business houses of Fraserville in 1868 continuing through 1894 are : Duguay & Dugal, tanners; A. Jarvis, grocer; Polletier, Fils & Co., general store, and F. L. Poirier, drygoods, &c. In addition the following have been in business continuously since prior to 1884 : S. P. Bellay & Co., groceries and shoes; G. A. Binet, general store; Damiens & Co., general store and liquors; J. Deslauriers, general store; N. Dion, tins, flour and produce; W. Fraser, mills; F. Lachance & Fils, builders and sawmill; Miss A. Lebel, milliner, &c.; Michaud & Co., general store; P. Pourde, saddler; J. F. Saindon, general store; F. X. St. Hilaire, watchmaker; D. St. Pierre, general store; E. Savard, carriages, and E. Talbot, general store.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

THE WINTER'S PORK PACKING.

The annual statement of winter pork packing in the United States shows the total number of hogs packed was 7,191,000, or an increase of 2,307,000, average weight of hogs was 232.73 lbs. a decrease of 15.47 lbs. This total has been equalled in but two previous seasons, 1890-91 and 1891-92, when prices were reduced much lower than they were the past winter. The returns of stocks of hog products on hand in the West on March 1 show a large total, having been excooded in but two instances, with reference to meats, in 1891 and 1892. The stock of lard shown is moderate, much below the usual quantity, although 57,000 tierces larger than last year, when the stock was especially low. The manufacture of barreled pork was considerably increased in comparison with the preceding year, but was short of various former seasons. The total amount paid out by Western packers for hogs during the four months was \$71,698,000, and for twolve months, ending March 1 an aggregate of \$172,679,000. In addition to this, the statistics of slaughtering of hogs at the seaboard and other eastern localities for the past year indicates an amount reaching about \$60,000,000 paid out for hogs -so that the aggregate, west and cast, represents \$232,000,-000 paid out for hogs, or a daily average of three-quarters of a million dollars. The average cost of hogs in the west for the winter show a decline of 98 cents per 100 lbs. compared with 1893-94.

AN AGENT'S TRICK.

Three years ago it was announced that the Union Central Life Insurance Co. of Cincinnati, designed erecting an office building at Buffalo, N.Y., the cost of which was to be not less than \$100,000, provided that citizens of the city took out life insurance policies to the amount of \$1,000,000. This agreement the citizens fulfilled, and in due time a structure appeared named the Union Central Life building. It now develops that this was all the scheme of the Buffalo agent, William F. Wright, and that he offered \$25,000 to the Buffalo Building Co. for the privilege of giving that name to one of their contomplated structures. The offer was accepted and part payment made. When Wright did not pay the balance due suit was commenced, and then it was discovered that the Union Central had no hand in the offer to have a building erected, Wright alone being responsible. The Buffale Building Co. obtained judgment for \$13,000 and no appeal was taken. The name ' Union Central Life building' has now been cut from the stone front of the structure.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., New York, are addressing proposals to Canadian newspapers to rate them in their forthcoming "newspaper directory" as having "a higher circulation rating than any other issued in Canada," all for the sum of \$10.

THE NEW EAST-BOUND POOL.

The net earnings of the bulk of the American and Canadian railroads for the past month, reported last week, have made a fairly good showing, offsetting to an extent the poor gross results on the Granger lines. Tonnage is light, but there is some confidence at Chicago that the "money pool" on eastbound traffic, which took effect May 1, will result in the maintenance of rates outside of junction points. Under this agreement every central traffic road and trunk line is not only pledged to demand its proportion of rates from connections, but agrees to pay \$2 per ton penalty on business in excess of its share. All the through business of the two lines is to be computed at tariff rates and divisions made on this basis. The financial result will be the same without regard to the tonnage carried. This is expected to remove the inducement for accepting less than the given propertion on connecing business. If there are cut rates by way of outside junction points, the connecting lines must absorb all the cuts. It is believed that none of them can make a cut large enough to divert business from its regular channels. The agreement is possibly in violation of the Inter-State law, but the roads think that there will be no interference by the Commissioners unless the trunk lines force advance in rates.

SHIPBUILDING IN QUEBEC.

The Maritime Register is responsible for the statement that American capitalists will shortly start the building of steel and iron ships in Quebec. It is pointed out that freights to Quebec are exceedingly low in consequence of the number of vessels going there in ballast for cargoes of lumber while steel ship plates are now at the lowest point ever known in England. They can be laid down in Quebec at about \$25 to \$26 per long ton, or fully 20 per cent. less than they cost in Philadelphia, since they will be admitted duty free, as is the case with all shipbuilding material. The promotors of the scheme point out that, notwithstanding the severe depression in freights, there is a constant demand for new iron vessels; nearly 300,000 more tons of shipping having been built in 1894 than in 1893, exclusive of warships, while of those built in the United Kingdom in 1894, over 97 per cent. were built of steel and 90 per cent. were steamships. Quebec's population includes a large number of skilled shipwrights. Wages are lower at Quebec than in any other manufacturing centre in America, and her now almost deserted but convenient coves and ship-yards can be leased or purchased for onequarter of what they were worth some years ago.

THE PAPER TRADE.

The low price of paper is gradually affecting the manufacturers, and it is not surprising that mills like those at Napanee, Fenelon Falls and elsewhere should begin to show the signs of the times. The Toronto Loan Society which has been nursing the business in the midland district for some years, or since former signs appeared, is evidently indisposed to make further investments. The future will be largely determined by the result of some examination and survey about to be entered upon. Why don't the paper men take a lesson from the cotton kings ?

A STRIKING EXAMPLE.

The Knights of the Maccabees, a fraternal assessment order recently resorted to a strange plea to resist payment of a death claim. One of their certificate holders became the owner of \$5,000 worth of brewery stock, and on his death the association contested the claim on the ground that by holding said stock he was violating the association's rules against being "engaged in the manufacture of spiritous or malt liquors." Ridiculous as it may appear, although the plaintiff succeeded in the first trial, on appeal the decision was in favor of the Order. A stronger argument in favor of the legitimate life companies it is difficult to imagine.

A CORRECTION.

Our neighbor the Herald, in its issue of the 26th ult., referring to the cost of printing the Voters Lists says, "The bulk, in fact, was given to the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE." We regret to be obliged to correct our contemporary. Without entering into any general comparison, it may suffice to say that while the Gazette printed 50 polls of St. Antoine ward, about 50 of St. Anne's ward, and about 10 of St. Mary's ward, making in all about 110, the total printed by the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE was considerably less than one-third of that number. The Government appears to have been influenced largely by the capacity of the different offices to turn out the work within the time specified (31st March), and the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE was unually busy at the time. A single poll given to one who hawked it in vain about town among the various printing offices, appears to have been neglected.

ANOTHER GAS DEAL.

Mr. H. S. King (whom most of our readers will recollect as one of the lieutenants of Coates in the Consumers Gas Co. deal) is in the city, and has announced his willingness to build the city a plant that will enable them to furnish gas to the citizens at 60 cents a thousand at the cost of \$1,500,000payable in four per cent., forty year, city debentures, but at present no one seems disposed to take his offer seriously, and even the civic politicians fenr to commit themseives. At all events he has not succeeded in breaking prices for Gas stock as yet, and with the previous experience before us it is doubtful if he will.

THE NEW STEAM LAUNDRY WORKS.

People who occasionally picked their steps along Bueby Lane in years past and prior to October last may remember the metropolitan name "Tattersall's" on the west side of that thoroughfare. Late in the fall ground began to be broken on the spot for the new premises of the Montreal Steam Laundry, which it will be remembered, was burnt out a few months before. That the place has been lively all winter may be inferred by the visitant of to-day who finds a stately building and factory on the ground, hears the busy hum of powerful machinery within, and, if he be invited, may see on the various floors upwards of 250 to 300 hands, men and women, busily employed in the various duties and divisions of labor that enter into the cleansing and preparation of wearables of all shapes and sizes from the fine pocket handkerchiefs of the dainty miss to the dress-shirt of the societyman and the largest counterpane of the thrifty housewife. Mr. Love may now claim, doubtless, one of the best equipped and lighted laundry establishments on the continent, and there are none but wish he may long continue to reap handsome and profitable returns from his investment. While the mechanical part of the establishment is in full blast, the Craig street front yet remains to be constructed, but the midsummer months will probably witness its completion.

---ANGUS McNaughton, general storekeeper of Huntingdon, is offering 50 cents in the dollar, cash, on liabilities of \$7,000. Too much real estate is his trouble.

---OWING to ill-health Mr. Hartland S. MacDougall has been compelled to resign the position of chairman of the board of the Stock Exchange. The formal resignation was made at the annual meeting to-day, and was received with regret by his many friends.

-ALL the scaling vessels except three are now in and the Newfoundland catch of harp scals will be a fair average. The last five steamers brought in 39,500 harps which are selling in St. Johns at \$3.25 to \$3.50 per cental, or equal to \$1 to \$1.50 per scal, as to size.

-"LA COMPAGNIE DE CIGARS DE l'EPIPHANIE" is a new company with a capital stock of \$10,000, and its chief place of business at l'Epiphanie. The directors are : J. M. Fortier, J. E. Majeau, M. Roch, Pierre A. Trottier, J. M. Bourgoin, M. Forest and E. Prud'homme.

---The sheriff is in possession of the stock of Alonzo Staples, a druggist of Fredericton, N.B., on executions issued on judgments recovered by Lyman Sons & Co., Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., and the Davis & Lawrence Co. of this city. Lyman Sons & Co. and Wilson & Co. had a joint judgment for \$2,145. The amount of Davis & Lawrence Co.'s judgment is \$314. Besides these the sheriff had two executions for smaller claims aggregating \$80.

---GALVIN HOUSTON, a married man with two children, who has been bookkeeper for the firm of J. & H. Taylor, dealers in railroad supplies in this city for a number of years, has absconded. He is understood to be \$5,000 short in his accounts.

-THE annual meeting of the Globe Woollea Mills Co. was held in this city this week. The directors report of the past year's business was read and approved. The old Board of Directors was re-elected, as follows: Sir Donald A. Smith, Mr. Andrew Allan, Mr. Hugh McLennan, Mr. A. F. Gault and Mr. R. H. Stevenson. At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Mr. A. F. Gault was elected president, and Mr. Hugh McLennan, vice-president.

-THE Quebec Natural Gas Company is a new organization which is asking for incorporation with a capital stock of \$500,-000. The Company purposes to utilize for purposes of lighting, heating, and motive power, combustible gases and deposits of gas found in the Province of Quebec. The applicants are : Hon. J. A. Ouimet, T. Viau, H. E. Vautelet, Henry Hogan, J. U. Emard, Arthur Caron and Eugene Coste.

-COFFEE merchants were surprised on Monday to receive their despatches from Brazil in plain language, through which it was implied that a censorship had been established and, in natural course of reason, some new political trouble was feared, although no notification had been received to discontinue cypher words. The effect was stimulating upon the market and supplies promptly hardened in value.

-RETAIL grocers may have cause for complaint at the inroads made upon their trade by large drygoods "department" stores, but it would seem that milkmen are likely to feel competition from the same quarter. In any event a prominent Brooklyn dry goods firm has branched out into working up a fluid milk trade, putting the price at 6c per one quart glass jar, as against 8c charged by most milkmen in that city.

-Tπε Montreal Loan and Investment Co. seem to be making good progress. They have agencies in nearly all the leading towns in the Province, and among their shareholders we notice the names of some very prominent men. We are also informed they have started an agency in Winnipeg, Manitoba, and see the names of a number of good men who have associated themselves with the company in that city. There seems no doubt of the success of the company as the officers seem to be steady, attentive and earnest working men. These companies seem to be coming to the front in Europe, United States and Canada as a means of investment.

-R. SMARDON & SON, shoe manufacturers of Three Rivers, have assigned. The firm was originally started in Montreal and removed to its present location some six or seven years ago. They did not prove successful and assigned in April 1893 when the assets of the old firm were purchased by the present firm which consists of Mrs. Smardon and R J. Smardon. They had neither the capital nor the credit necessary to carry on a business of the size necessary to render it profitable in the face of the competition they were called upon to face, and although they made a brave struggle, it was a hopeless one from the start.

-By the announcement elsewhere it will be seen that Mr. Sheppard Homans has resigned the presidency of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of which Mr. R. H. Matson of Toronto is general manager for Canada. Mr. Homans is succeeded in the presidency by Mr. Chas. E. Willard, long manager of the Agency Department who brings to his new position a thorough knowledge of the scientific as well as of the practical side of life insurance. He is besides a thorough business man, is quite popular with the agency staff, and will assuredly fill the presidential chair with credit to himself and to the Provident Society. Mr. Homans still retains a prominent place in the management.

-An order has been issued calling upon the New Brunswick Royal Art Union to show cause why a liquidator should not be appointed. This is one of the companies formed, like certain others, to do business upon the lottery principle without infringing the Lottery Act. It sold tickets at \$1 each, and held drawings at which the holders of lucky numbers drew pictures and had the option of receiving their value in cash. Most of the tickets were sold in this province or in the United States, and it is curious that it has not achieved the same success as its confreres in other parts of the Dominion. However, it is in financial difficulties. One of the employes, Frank F. Guilbault claims that they owe him upwards of \$6,000, and asserts that the officers have left St. John, N.B.

-MR. GEORGE H. R. WAINWRIGHT, youngest son of Captain Wainwright, R.N., died at Southsea, England, on the 11th ult., at the comparatively early age of 53 years. Mr. Wainwright was for some years in the service of the Bank of Montreal. He was later manager of the Metropolitan Bank of this city which went into liquidation some eighteen years ago and paid the shareholders about 621/2 conts in the dollar. He next became associated with Captain Low in the Secretaryship of the Montreal Stock Exchange and was in Winnipeg from 1882 to 1891 when his failing health caused him to return to the Mother Country. Mr. Wainwright was well known in social and club circles in Montreal.

---J. V. & S. H. DEXTER, shipping and commission merchants of Liverpool, N.S., are in difficulties. A. W. Moran of the same place and Delong & Seaman of Boston are the most interested and both are partially secured. It is said others will also be secured and preferred in the assignment. From all that can be judged unsecured creditors will get nothing. Their liabilities are stated to be \$50,000 to \$60,000. The following vessel property owned by them stand at present thus :- The " Venturer" 44 shares first mortgage William 11. Frelick for \$600, 2nd mortgage on same shares to Delong & Seaman for \$2,900 and to William Robertson for \$500. Frelick also holds a mortgage for \$500 on the 12 shares owned by Jason Gardner. On the "L. V. Dexter" DeLong & Seaman have a mortgage for \$4,220 on 54 shares. On the "Hyaline" DeLong & Seaman hold mortgage for \$1,800 on 32 shares. On the "Daisy Vaughan" A. W. Moran holds mortgage \$600 on 24 shares. On the "J. H. Dexter" D. C. Mullhall has a bill of sale for \$5,000 on 58 shares.

-J. R. LABELLE, the Iberville baker whose financial difficulties have already been noted has compromised at 30 cents in the dollar .- Jean Rodrigue, a farmer, started a liquor store at St. Francois de Beauce just a year ago. He had but little means and less experience. As a result he has assigned .-- A. Raymond, general storekeeper of St. Stanislas de Kotska, has succeeded in effecting a settlement at 25 cents in the dollar, cash .-- C. R. Morrison, carriage dealer of Shawville, has assigned. He has been doing little or nothing of late .-- P. Laberge came from Lapigeonniere to Yamachiche about a year ago and opened a store there. It cost him a good deal to move and open up, and he is reported to have sold goods cheap in order to attract custom. As a result he has assigned with liabilities of \$12,000. The assets show a small nominal surplus .- W. H. Ballard, tailor of Listowell, has has assigned, somewhat to the surprise of his creditors. He was supposed to be in a fair position and was formerly of the firm of Ballard & Coghill.-J. A. Carseallen was in the saw and grist mill business until two years ago, when he started a general store at Northbrook. It was not a success and, in consequence, he has made an assignment .- Patrick O'Dea, a drygoods merchant in a very small way at Goderich, has assigned. He had but little capital, having failed before.

-JOSEPH DUPONT, grocer of this city, has assigned with liabilities of \$3,000. He has been in business for a couple of years; but his capital was limited and he does not appear to have given the store all the attention it required to prove remunerative .--- E. Clermont, general storekeeper of St. Narcisse, is endeavoring to effect a settlement with his creditors at 50 cents in the dollar, payable in three, six, and nine months on liabilities of \$3,000 He has run behind for some time past .-- W. J. Burk, a jeweller in a small way at Alvinston, is offering 25 cents in the dollar on liabilities af \$1,300 .- Doherty and Foster, tailors of St. John, N.B., have effected a compromise at 30 cents in the dollar. Their difficulties have already been noted in these columns .- Dalton & Etter, grocers of Amherst, N.S., have assigned. They started last June with a small capital and very little experience. Now they have the experience and no capital .--- H. B. White, general storekeeper of Centreville, N.B., is offering 20 cents in the dollar to his creditors. Too much credit giving seems to have been the cause of his difficulties .-- Sarah Duniop started a shoe store some four years ago in North Bay with her husband as manager. They were caroful and industrious but their capital was limited, their credit weak, they had strong competition to face, and the result is she has assigned .- Stewart, Hewat & Co., general storekeepers of Orangeville, Ont., have assigned and the failure is likely to be a bad one. It is an old established firm; but they seem to have given too much credit and then were unable to make collections. Their liabilities will reach \$12,000 it is reported.

LEGAL RECORD, &c.

Week ended May 2nd, 1895.

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judg-ments rendered for sums of \$200 and upwards, and chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale for sums of \$400 and upwards. WRITES ISSUED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

April 26th.

- Montreal.—Hon. J. McShane vs. A. B. Boyd, \$300: J. Laurent vs. A. Demeulles, \$201; J. Kerry et al, vs. E. Heroux et al \$356; H. Gervais vs. J. H. Masson, \$250; L. T. Rousseau vs. New York Life Insurance Co., \$209; Dme. M. A. Roy
- vs. A. Roy et al, \$1,200. Quebec.—P. Stein vs. Edm. Belanger et al, (Damages)....\$ 3,000 St, Raymond .-- P. Beland vs. Trelle Michaud 500 April 29th.
- April 30th.
- Montreal.--F. X. Gosselin vs. H. J. Beemer et al, \$541; L. E. Otis vs. H. J. Beemer, \$260; H. Laporte et al vs. J. H. Bedard, \$403; Dme. M. L. Houle vs. A. Labelle, \$500.
 Quebec.--A. F. Hunt vs. P. Beland et al, \$1,060; N. Caron vs. Adjutor Belanger et al, \$250; T. Beland vs. Alfred Martineau \$67,500
- - May 1st.

- \$2,067.
- \$2,007.
 \$2,007.
 \$1, Scholastique—W. Robertson vs. Evariste Barcelo.
 \$1, Sophie--J. Allaire pere vs. Jos. Allaire fils, \$515; A. Robert vs. Joseph Papineau, \$818.
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May 2.

WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

- April 26th.

- Proton Tp .- Mary J. Hall et al, vs. John and Mrs. John
- McAuley, \$350. ortage.-Dominion Bldg. & L. Assn. vs. A. & A. Camp-

April 29th.

Chelmsford.-Kirkwood & McKinnon vs. S. G. M. Yates... \$ 637

-J. Clark vs. W. & J. H. Burke Zorra E. 457

April 30th. Circles \$2,000. Thompson, \$287. Windsor--Carswell Co. Ltd., vs. Solomon White...... Zone Tp.--Mary J. Haugh vs. Margt. Haugh..... 331 223 May 1st. Rat Portage—Athletic Bidg. Co. of Rat Portage, Ltd., vs. Matthew Brown, \$234.
Toronto—P. Jamieson vs. W. B. Brayley, \$1,331; A. S. Trout vs. Dominion Bldg. & Loan Assn., \$250; E. P. Campbell vs. Mary Macredie, \$2,618; M. A. Thomas vs. W. B. Campbell, \$3,811; J. Poffley vs. C. J. & E. McCuaig \$773; E. E. Bing-ham vs. A. Miller et al, \$800.
Wawanosh Tp.—T. McRoberts vs. T. W. Durnin (dmgs.) \$1,000 Elizabeth McRoberts vs. T. W. Durnin (dmgs.) \$1,000. May 2. WRITES ISSUED, MANITOBA. May 1st. Glenboro-E. A. Ashbury vs. John Hindley \$232 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. April 26th. Montreal .-- Allison Advising Co. et al, agt. N.W. McLaren \$ 375 April 29th. Cote St. Antoine.—O. Drouin agt. Wm. Hobbs....... \$1,621 Montreal.—H. B. Bloomfield et al agt. Dmc. Chs. Lionais, \$8,220; A. Delisle agt. D. S. McIntyre et al, \$1,280. Paris.—Banque Jacques Cartier agt. Albert Desloges.... 3,819 Mile End—Montreal L. & M. Co. agt. Dme. L. O. Belanger \$1,528
Montreal—S. Fineberg agt. D. Ouellette, \$280; Sabiston Litho.
& Pub. Co. agt. G. W. Parent, \$273; Sabiston Lith. & Pub. Co. agt. G. W. Parent et al, \$497; P. Sherldan et al, esql agt. Dme. W. Plunkett, \$223.
St. Cunegonde—A. Tremblay et ux. agt. Chas. Gratton... 300 May 1st. St. V. de Paul-Hon. T. C. Casgrain, esql. agt. M. Healy et al \$200. May 2. JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO. April 26th.

April 29th.

April 30th.

..... \$1,357

. Dunn, 8760. Phelpston-Macpherson, Glassco & Co. agt. R. F. & W. H.

May 1st.

New Hamburgh—A. Schenck agt. Andrew Foerster et al. 2,733 Toronto—Coxhead & Ingram agt. Maggie G. & Edward Hanlon. \$258.

White River-Dominion Brewing Co. agt. Jas. Clarke \$383 May 2.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, MANITOBA.

				April 26	th.
Winnipeg	Miller & Richard	d agt.	Northwestern	Pûb. Co.	\$1,952
" ~	R, P. Roblín	ŭ	44	"	1,159
"	M. H. Miller	66	"	"	446
4.	Miller & Roblin	"	44	"	2,829
**	M. H. Miller	"	"	**	782

Winnipeg.-W. C. Smellie agt. R. D. Waugh..... ... \$1,051 May 1st

Oak Lake-J. W. Mackedie & Co. agt. Jas. Dickson \$2,795 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

April 29th.

- ria.—C. B. Lockhart agt. W. J. Hanna et al, \$657; S. Green-shields, Son & Co. agt. Schl-Hastie-Erskine Furn Co. 251. Victoria.-May 1st.
- New Westminster--Lenż & Leiser agt. Chas. McDonough, \$381; T. Ryan agt. M. W. Minthorne, \$613.
 Vancouver-D. J. Creighton agt. Prince Albert Flat Hyd. Min. Co. Ltd., \$194; J. W. Burnet agt. J. C. Vermilyca, \$1,042; W. H. Walsh agt. F. M. York, \$420.
 Surrey-Brunette Saw Mill Co. agt. W. J. Robinson...... \$366
- May 2.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, P.E.I.

- May 1st.
- Murray River-McLure Bros. agt. C. McLure \$ 610 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, NOVA SCOTIA.

April 26th.

-\$765 and 226 April 29th.
- - May 1st.
- 389 -L. & E. Hart, G. S. etc. for Guysboro-North Sidney-G. II. Dobson, comn. etc. for 210 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, NEW BRUNSWICK.

May 1st.

Sackville-J. A. Robinson, blacksmith, for 422 CHATTEL MORTGAGES, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

April 20th.

April 29th,

Chatham W. J. Kitchen to W. Gray & Sons	*	800
MeafordM. McKinnon to J. Gardner		460
NapanceWm, & Chas. Greer to M. Assolstine		551
St. CatharinesGarson, Purcer & Co. to P. Larkin	1	2,915

Toronto.-Edwd. Boyce & wife to F. Boyce, \$600; John Duben sky & wife to S. Frenkel, \$1,500.

April 30	th.
April 30 Admaston TpCharles Dunn to W. L. Brisco	th. $\$$ 780 2,140 500 1,000 1,500 427 427 1,400 6,59 1,400 6,380 600 1,000 1,000 6,380 600 1,622 700 8,043 8,312
Windsor-C. R. Baker to Windsor Gas Co	505
May 1	st.
Aylmer—I. P. Cunningham to J. R. Woods Pembroke—Ameda Garcau to A. Millar Streetsville—Alex. Murdock to T. Holiday Toronto Jun.—C. S. Kelly and wife to O'Keefe Brew. Co. Toronto—The Brough Printing Co., Ltd. to Sara Fage, \$1,545.	\$ 400 1,000 529 3,875 th A.
Toronto Junction—J. F. Williams to H. Bird Wellesley—Wm. and Elma Peppler to A. O. Bochmor YarmouthT. E. Guest to R. W. Hepburn et al	500 870 449
May 2 BeetonJohn Coulter to G. R. Hogaboom	\$ 736
 Berlin,Leah Hallman to A. Erb	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
April 20 WinnipegGeo. Delasala to A. Hardy, \$434; A. Egan W. T. Lennon, \$200: W. R. Grundry to E. Fowler.	, sr. to

Northwestern Pub. Co. Ltd., to H. E. Crawford, \$8,000.

Nur inducements.

A Good Article 杀 At a Fair Price

OUR CELEBRATED BRANDS

"Cable Extra,"

- "Mungo,"
- "El Padre," and
- "'Varsity."

Are as staple as flour, sell readily and always demand. Millions of each brand sold annually; sales constantly increasing.

S. DAVIS & SONS,

The Largest Cigar Manufacturers in the Dominion,

Financial.

Thursday, May 2nd, 1895.

There was some amusement in financial circles over the announcement that the civic finances showed a " deficit" of \$528,-000. This simply means that the various committees have asked for that amount more than the city can afford to give them. But any one who knows the inside working of these committees also knows that they could very easily keep inside the mark if they wished to. The real truth is that a certain number of influential aldermen are anxious for a new loan, and this is one of the means they have adopted to secure the neutrality of the electorate in the matter. Whether they will succeed or not, remains to be seen ; but it should not be forgotten that the present burden of interest is as much as the city can carry at the existing rate of taxation and that any considerable increase must involve a corresponding new impost upon the taxpayers.

In foreign financial circles the principal event of the week was the placing of a 6 per cent. loan of thirty million marks by China with a Berlin syndicate. The situation in the East is still perplexing bankers It is not believed that the war-talk of Russia and Germany amounts to anything; yet it affects both silver and securities, since it is evident that Japan is in no temper to be conciliatory, more especially as she has the moral support of England behind her. As a result silver continues to decline. Bar silver in London has fallen to 30¼d, and speculators for a rise are growing restless. In New York commercial bars have dropped to 661% to 3%, and fine government silver is offered at 663%, to 67c, with buyers cautions and inclined to hold off.

April 29th Edmonton .--- R. A. Essery to W. Warnock \$765 Melita.-Est. of S. Pope to R. J. Campbell 568

May 1st. Neepawa-D. C. Lamont to J. Robertson Co.... \$2,644 and 2,159 CHATTEL MORTGAGES, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

May 1st. Westminster - H. W. DeBeck to Mary A. Cunning-New ham, \$5,363.

May 2. Rossland .-- J. M. Potter & W. L. Lowry to Mrs. Carrie

Vancouver.-BILLS OF SALE, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

April 26th.

April 26th.

Hamilton,-J. I. Wilson to S. B. Lawrason...... \$3,250 April 29th.

- April 30th.
- 780 May 1st.

BILLS OF SALE, N. S.

HalifaxH. R. Way, grocer, for	800
LunenborgJ. B. Russell, hotel, for	780
Manone Bay.—Ambrose Easenhaur, carriages &c., for	750
White PointG. G. Doggett, lobster packer, for	500
April 29th	
HalifaxH. F. Baker to Baker Bros	874
May 1st.	
Milton-L. H. Barnaby, lumber, for \$	1,100
BILLS OF SALE, MANITOBA.	·
May 1st	
Winniper-E.S. Knowlton to Murtin Bole Wypne & Co.	0.641

BILLS OF SALE, NEW BRUNSWICK. April 26th.

Woodstock. --- A. Dunbar & Sons, foundry and machinists for \$7,500.

BILLS OF SALE, B. C.

May 1st. Vancouver-Peter Larson to Alma F. Peterson 500

> Money continues plentiful and easy in all the commercial centres. In London it rules at 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. on call, and discount can be procured in the open market at 18-16 to 3% per cent. In New York call money is at 11/2 per ceut., in spite of the preparations for the interest payments on the first of May, and only a few exceptional transactions are recorded at 2 per cent. Current business rates are 3 to 31/2 per cent. for ninety days, 31/2 to 4 per cent. for four months, and 4 to 41/2 per cent. for longer terms on good Stock Exchange collateral. Discount runs from 3 to 41/2 for choice to good double-named paper, and at 41/2 to 6 per cent. for single name. But only really good paper sells readily. In this market call loans run at 4 to 41% per cent., and discount is still 6 to 7 per cent.

Sterling exchange is weak and lower; owing to the liberal offerings of bills drawn agaiust purchases of American securities by foreign speculators and investors. Posted rates in New York were 4.89 for sixties and 4.90 for demand. Actual rates were 4.88¼ to ½ for sixties, 4.89¼ to 1/2 for demand, 4.891/2 to 1/2 for cables, 4.88 to ¼ for commercials, and 4.88 for documentaries. In this market the rates between banks were 9 13-16 to 15-16 for sixties, 10 1-16 to 1/8 for demand, 101/4 for cables, 1-32 to 1-16 premium for New York funds. Over the counter rates were 10 to 101% for sixties, 1014 to 3% for demand, 101/2 for cables and 1/8 to 1/4 for New York funds.



MONTREAL, April 19th, 1895.

On the Stock Exchange the market closed dull, and values weakened under a marked disposition to realize. Gas was the active stock, and 6551 shares changed hands at a range of from 2051/2 to 201. It closed at 2021/2; which is an advance of a full point on last week's closing figures, and there is a story, (which however lacks confirmation) that one of our leading brokers made a clever "turn" in the stock. Street Railway is credited with a movement of nearly 5,000 shares; but towards the close it was neglected. The Investment purchases in the banks were comparatively insignificant, and in industrials, sales of 178 shares of Canada Paper Co.'s stock at 90 and 51 shares Montreal Cotton at 123 are the only features noticeable. The following are the transactions of the week as per Chas. Meredith & Co., stockbrokers :---

BANKS.	Sharea.	Uighest	Lowest.	Last Yeaı
Montreal	16	2211/2	221	225%
Peoples	3	115´´	115	125
Molsons	42	169	168	
Merchants	14	1661/2	166	164
Hochelaga	50	127^{-1}	127	130
MISCELLANROUS.				
Pacific	925	475%	45	66%
Duluth Com'	300	7	534	6
Dul. Pref	450	13	12	
Cable	1690	14716	1441/4	142
Telegraph	125	1581⁄4	158	148%
R.& O	425	971	97	7634
Street Ry, xd	1820	19258	189	143
New St. Ry	3075	190%	187	• • • •
Toronto "	350	7617	751/2	
Gas	6551	205 1/2	201	172
Bell Tel	68	154	1581/	1501
Royal Electric	10	1421/4	1421/2	138
Canada Paper	178	90	90	
Montreal Cotton.	51	123	123	124
Bell Tel, Bonds,	\$1000	1021/2	1021/2	••••

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS. Thursday Evg., May 2nd, 1895.

The lack of warm weather, and the tardy opening of navigation, have tended to keep the volume of trade down; but nevertheless there is a decidedly better feeling apparent. The grocery trade report business upon the upward curve. Sugars are strong all over the world. Teas are firm in view of the war cloud still pendent over the Orient, and the remainder of the list has evidently reached rock-bottom. In dry goods there is also an improved feeling, and several slight advances are reported in both cottons and woollens. Flour and grain are higher. Manitoba fiours have again reached the \$4 point, and even gone above it. Hides are strong, and again higher. Leather and shoes are once more advanced, and we mark up values on a number of other lines. The weak points in the situation are butter, cheese, and eggs, all of which are arriving in excess of immediate requirements; and iron and the heavy metals which are dull in consequence of the quietude in the building trade. Money is coming in better from all sections, and the failures are few and mostly originate from causes outside of trade fluctuations. In fact the business situation is perceptibly brighter. The arrival of the first ships, and the promulgation of ex-wharf prices, have stimulated trade, and there is a firm and buoyant tendency in most markets.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.—There has been more doing in butter during the past week as is usual at the opening of navigation. Orders for held butter have come in freely from the Maritime Provinces and since last writing 2300 packages have been sold at 5½ to 7 cents for Mauitoba dairy, 7 to 10 cents for Western and 8 to 12 cents for creannery. In new butters the arrivals are in excess of the requirements and a large portion of the receipts are going into stock. This gives the market an unsettled tendency and has resulted in a wide range of values. We quote choicest creamery at 14 to 17c, and Western at 10 to 13c. The market rules entirely in buyer's favor. Receivers of fodder - made goods are anxious to place them before the grass-fed butter comes into market and will accept any reasonable offer that is made. The receipts of eggs show a large increase over those of any previous week and are 33 Victoria Square.

781

much in excess of requirements. Packers much in excess of requirements. Packers are not putting any eggs away as yet; so sellers are dependent upon the consump-tion, which is not heavy enough to use up the consignments arriving. Prices are down to 10 to $10\frac{1}{2}$ cents for strictly fresh. Cull eggs sent in by Western packers bring from 8 to 9 cents. Nothing is doing as yet in cheese. New fodder makes coning in sell at 8 cents for white and $8\frac{1}{2}$ cents for colored. But this year it is all coming in sell at 8 cents for white and $8\frac{1}{2}$ cents for colored. But this year it is all sold on consignment and the trade here have evidently had enough of buying it right out and standing the loss. Finest old would sell at $9\frac{3}{2}$ cents; but there is none offering. Provision men are busy filling orders booked for shipment by water some weeks ago. Prices are firmer and we advance our quotations of Can-adian short cut to \$17 and mess to \$18. Hans are 10 to 11c, and common refined lard $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 cents. The market is quiet but steady and a fair volume of business is but steady and a fair volume of business is transpiring. London letters say that, at the moderate prices asked, a good clear-ance has been made of English cheese, but as it is seen that there is plenty of stuff behind what is already leaving the stuir behind what is already leaving the warehouses, no desire to operate more ex-tensively has been manifested, and the market is rather quiet than otherwise at the rates quoted, which include fancy Cheddar at 70s to 72s; finest at 62s to 66s; medium at 54s to 60s, and common at 46s medium at 54s to 60s, and common at 46s to 50s, besides white Cheddar loaf at 60 to 62s. Good and fine double Gloucesters have been bought at 54 to 60s, and late makes at 44s to 50s; also Wiltshire loaf at 54s to 60s for best qualities, and at 36s to 40s for 'culls.' No Cheshlre cheese worth noting has appeared on offer, but a few new Derbys have been placed at 48s to 50s, with remnants of old at 42s to 46s for fine, and at 50s to 52s for choicest. Matchless Canadian cheese has brought 52s, strictly and at 50s to 52s for choicest. Matchless Canadian cheese has brought 52s, strictly fine colored 51s, and white 50s, which rates are nevertheless 8s to 10s per cwt. below those secured for "picked" lots in April last; but under-priced States cheese does not bring more than 44s to 48s, and even at there when the arcuire in show New hot bring more than 445 to 485, and even at these rates the enquiry is slow. New season's "fodder" cheese has again come to hand, and has been disposed of on the spot at from 42s to 46s, which is 6 to 7 shillings lower than at this period last year, when the opening rates for the same class of goods ranged from 48s to 58s per ewt.

-BOOTS AND SHOES-Travellers have not yet received their fall samples but are doing fairly well on their spring sorting



Reliable agents wanted in unoccupied territory.

trips. Collections are reported fair, and money is coming in a little better than a week ago. Fall quotations are not yet out; but they will be from 10 to 15 per cent. higher than our present quotations, if not more.

CATTLE.—Shippers are paying 5c for best export cattle and $5\frac{1}{4}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ cents for a few select beasts f.o.b. cars in the West. Freights are 42s 6d to London and Bristol, 40s to Clasgow, and 45s to 47s 6d to Liverpool. Space up to the 15th or 20th of this month is pretty well engaged. Insurance on the regular lines is $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 per cent. for the summer months and up to 2 per cent. for tramp steamers.

CHEMICALS--Cream of tartar is steadily advancing and 66s to 67s is now asked. Carbolic acid is higher, and an advance of 21s cents per lb. has been paid. Morphia is easier. Gambier is strong, and tending upwards. The offer of 20,000 ounces, foreign brands, of quinine in New York at 22s(c. eash, or 221s upon a firm bid, has weakened the market somewhat ; but the demand is steady and the volume of orders is continuous, though small. Yellow prussiate of potash is unsottled. Blue vitrol is somewhat casier. Nitrate of soda, oxalic acid, arsonic, and other staples, are unchanged.

CEMENT AND FIRE BRICKS.-There is an

increase in the enquiry for cement from the West owing to the demand for rebuilding the burned sections in Toronto. But buyers are slow and the volume of business is below that of the same period of last year. During the week sules have been made of 1500 barrels Belgian cement for delivery during the present month 1.85. English brands sell at \$1.95 for future delivery. Fire bricks are strong, in face of a good demand, at \$15 to \$22 per thousand.

DRY GOODS.—The out-look is a little more cheering in dry goods circles, Money is coming in more freely from both city and country merchants and the warmer weather is commencing to break stocks in an encouraging manner. Prices, both of cottons and woollens, are lirmer and in some lines small advances are already recorded. Failures are very few, and those which occur are small and arise from outside causes. Travellers say the country demand keeps up well and their houses are well satisfied with the orders sent in. In fact trade is on the upward curve and there is a decidedly tirmer and more contident feeling apparent.

FLOUR AND GRAIN, —Flour is active and we advance prices all round. Sales have been made of 1000 bags Manitoba patent on London account at 3d advance and English millers have put up prices another

shilling. In this market prices are over the \$4 notch. We quote winter wheats \$3,90 to \$4; Manitoba patents \$4 to \$4.15; strong bakers \$3.85 to \$4; straight roller \$3.75 to \$3.80, and extras \$3.25 to \$3.76. Oatmeal is qu et and sales are of a jobbing character on the basis of \$4 to \$4.05 for standard. Feed is quiet, but a little firmer. We advance the quotation for shorts to \$19. In the local grain market the tone is very firm. Sales of three cars of No. 1 Hard have been made here at 84 cents and 20,000 bushels have been sold at 75 cents aftont at Fort William. Peas are quiet at 71 to 72 cents, aftoat. Oats have sold in car lots at 40% cents for No. 2. In New York the latest sales for export were: Eight loads of 2 red at 23% over May, f.o.b., aftoat; five loads of No. 1 hard Duluth at 9e over May, f.o. b., aftoat, and two loads of 2 hard winter at 2e over May in store. Latest cable advices from Enggland are: Cargoes off coast, wheat quiet and steady; maize quiet. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat, quiet and steady; loading, 28^{*}_{16} 6d. American wheat, pcls. 3d lower; Russian Azula, 3d lower; Russian Ghirkha, 6d lower. English country markets turn dearer, 6d to 1s; French, firm. Liverpool spot wheat, quiet; demand poor; spot maize, steady; demand fair. Minneapolis first bakers' flour, 18s.

FISH.—There is nothing doing in salt fish and our quotations are purely nominal. In fresh fish we quote lobsters at 12 cents per lb. B. C. Salmon at 18 to 20 cents: Haddock and cod 5c. Halibut, 10c. Shad, 25 cents each. Finnan haddies, 7c for Portland and 6¼ e for St. John, N. B. Pike, 5 to 6 c. Trout and whitefish 7c. Black bass 10 to 12 c. Bulk oysters \$1.40 for standards and \$1.60 for selects. Clams in bulk \$1.40 per gallon. New York shell oysters \$6 per barrel.

GROCERLES.—Trade is improving in the grocery line and most wholesale houses report more business doing. Enquiry is better: but everyone is buying only from hand to mouth and it is hard to make sales of any magnitude. Navigation is now open and lake captains coming down report prospects brighter along their routes. Teas are in a strong position. Both Boston and Chicago wholesalers are making enquiries in this market, and in some instances buyers and sellers are only half a cent apart. Some little information is commencing to come in from the East, and while not entirely satisfactory as to details is generally favorable to the market. At Yokohama there have been settlements of a few peculs, believed to be mostly garden teas and quoted at \$48, which is higher than last year, and about 300 packages are said to have been shipped to United States. Cables from Tamsui and Amoy report the situation as excited and critical, with such little business as may have been done at generally higher rates. Cables from Calcutta say that the estimates for the new season's crop of Indian teas are out and that the aggregate is fixed at 140,000,000 lbs. of which 126,000,000 ls disposable for export as against 118,000,000 lbs. last year. Coffees are quiet but the market is firm on reports of revolutionary troubles in Brazil. The crop has suffered also from drouth, although heavy rains⁵are reported at Coara. Java and Eastern coffees are firm. The stock in the Netherlands is 218,000 bags. There are afloat for Europe 46,000 bags of Java and 6,000 bags for the United States. Since last writing the Wholesale Grocers Guild have reduced the spot price for Barbados molasses to 31½ cents. Porto Rico Ponce to arrive this month 30 cents is asked. A small cargo of 400 puncheons Barbados sold in Portland ex "Muriel" at 30 cents delivered here, and we hear of a sale of 3,000 puncheons at 21 cents, cost and freight at the Island, which is equal to 29 to 30 cents laid down here. Dried fruits are dull, and trade in



these has been disappointing throughout. In general lines stocks, whether in wholesale or retail hands, are closely cut and most dealers look to better things before long. We are evidently at the beginning of the upward curve in prices. In sugars the market is stronger all the world over. Beet sugar in Hamburg is quoted 95 7d for May shipment as against 98 3d last week and June is up to 98 9d. In New York granulated has advanced $\frac{1}{6}$ cto 4 1-16 and the market is strong. No advance has as yet been made in this city but the feeling is decidedly better and refiners hold firmly to 3 5-16 for granulated, $\frac{21}{2}$ to 3 cents for yellows, and $\frac{13}{6}$ to 2 cents for syrups, and a rise in values may be chronicled at any moment.

GREEN FRUITS.—The first Mediterranean fruit steamers, the S. S. "Astrid" with 27,000 packages and the S. S. "Fremona" with 50,000 packages oranges and lemons have arrived and landed their fruit in excellent condition. The auction sales take place to morrow and sellers look for good prices on lemons and fair rates on oranges. Bananas are scarce and are held higher at \$1.50 to \$2 per bunch. Pineapples are expected to drop next week; but at present 15 to 35 cents is still quoted. Florida strawberries 55c per quart. Dates 334 to 4c per lb. Almeria grapes in 55 lb. kegs \$7.50. Lemons \$2.50 to \$4. Valencia oranges \$4 to \$4.25. Messina oranges, 200s, \$2.25 to \$2.50 ; 300s, \$3.50 to \$3.75. HA r.--Cables from London, Liverpoo and Glasgow quote trade dull and steady at 58s to 59s c.i.f. Here the market is firm at the recent advance. Sales of No. 2 shipping hay to be delivered alongside vessel during the present month have been made at \$7 to \$7.50. For choice No. 1 Timothy \$8 to \$8.50 would be readily paid; but very little is offering as the bulk of the stock of choice quality hay at country points is very nearly cleaned up.

IRON AND METALS.—The demand for the heavy metais is very light locally, as there will be very little building done in this city this season and plumbers are only purchasing to meet their actual requirements. In the West, the conflagrations in Toronto have stimulated new building and the market is perceptibly better than it is here. Pig iron warrants in Glasgow are 438 Id. Summerice pig to arrive is offered at \$18.50 — a price which will effectually keep out Amer iron. Ex-yard it is nominally \$20; but holders would refuse no reasonable offer to get it out of the road before the new stock piles in. Siemens and Ferrona may be quoted at \$16.50 per ton. Bar iron sells in small lots at \$1.55 and in large at \$1.50. Tin plates run from \$2.50 to \$2.85 for cokes, and from \$3.25 to \$3.75 for charcoals. Terne plates sell at \$5.75 to \$6. Canada plates nominally solling at \$2; but in coality from \$1.95 to \$2.10, as to customer. There is no demand for the other metals,



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Our Styles are excellent and exclusive. Our makes durable and perfect. Every Brace guaranteed.

CARRIACE PAID._

×**

And for value to Retail. 25cts to \$1.00

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MONTREAL: 28 St. Sulpice St. TORONTO: 45 Canada Life Building. CHICAGO: 138 Adams Ex. Buildings. ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland. SYDNEY, N. S. W., 48 Margaret St. SAMPLES ON APPLICATION

and trade in all lines is dull. In the United States one of the most encouraging features of the iron trade is the fact that furnaces generally are refusing to take orders for future delivery beyond four months, while in several instances offers which would have been gladly accepted six weeks ago have been positively refused. The volume of trade continues steadily to grow larger.

MAPLE PRODUCTS—The stock of maple products is not so large as was expected and prices are tirmer in consequence. We quote maple sugar 7 to 8 cents per pound and syrup 55 to 60 cents per gallon tin, or $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 cents per pound in bulk.

LEATHER AND HIDES.—Hides are again higher and butchers prices are now $7\frac{1}{2}$, $6\frac{1}{2}$ and $5\frac{1}{2}$ c with no stocks offering. South American dry hides are selling at 18c and can be got at this figure for four or five months a head. In leather there is not much doing. Nevertheless we again advance prices of sole and upper leathers. Some boot and shoe men are well stocked and others do not believe leather will go higher; but tannors expect to have higher prices again next week. The feeling in the United States is very bullish, and in Boston No. 2 sole sells for 21 cents, or higher than it is here.

NUTS.—The demand for nuts continues active and a fair movement is reported. We quote Grenoble walnuts 14% c. Tarragona almonds 12% c, pecans 10c, treble extra 12c, peanuts, raw, 6 to 8c with one cent extra for roasting. Cocoanuts \$4.75 per bag of 100.

NEW VEGETABLES—The supply of potatos exceeds the demand and sales have been made of carload lots at 55 to 65 cents on track. Onions are a drug in the market. We quote \$1 to \$1.50 per barrel for Canadian and \$2 to \$2.25 for Egyptian per bag. Illinois asparagus \$2.50 per 2 dozen bundles and Southern 40 cents per bunch. Tomatoes are very scarce and dear. Fourteen pound boxes cost \$2.25 here. Green and wax beans run from \$3 to \$4 per bushel crate.

PETROLEUM.—The excitoment in crude is dying down and yesterday's prices were \$2 for American and \$1.75 for Canadian. Demand for refined is easy; but prices are firm. Canadian refined costs 16%/c laid down here in carlots, and 18 cents in broken lots. American sells at 201½ cents for ordinary and 22 cents for water white in car lots. Single barrels cost one cent more.

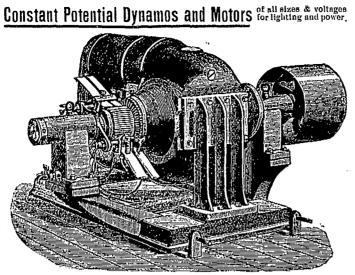
PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS—A fair demand for paints can be reported, and most merchants say that trade is a good average for the season of the year. We reduce the inside price for leads by 25 cents for all qualities from pure to No. 8. Glass is unchanged. The arrival of vessels from London has brought prices of linseed down to 54 to 55c for raw and 57 to 55c for boiled, ex-wharf. Cotton seed oil is quict but the feeling in prime crude is firm. Summer yellow has sold fairly well. Turpentine is quiet, but owing to the smallness of supplies there is no reduction in price. In New York the feeling is easy at 81 cents for regulars and 31½ cents for machines. Here we quote 50 cents.

RUBBER-The market for Para is quief and in many cases prices are lower. The English quotation is 36%/d. The demand for Central Americans haas fallen off, and stocks are accumulating. Africans are quiet and unchanged. Cash prices, f.o.b. Boston, are as follows : Fine Para, new, 71½ to 72½; old, 75 to 80c; coarse new; 40½; up river, 53½; Caucho, strip, 48c; sheet, 46; balls 52c; Nicaragua scrap, 52c; strip, 48c; Esmeralda, 53c; Guayaquil, 36 to 42c; pressed 40c; African small ball 35c; soft ball, 20c; Congo ball, 48c; No. 3, 38c;

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ADVANTAGES ULAIMED: Substantial con-struction: smooth running and du-rable; well pro-tected from exter-nal injury; parts easily rem oved for ropairs Auto-matic Self-Lubri-cating Journals. matic Self-Labri-cating Journals, wastes no oil; current generated with least spark-ing-consequently small wear of Commutator and

Commutator and brushes. Perfectly self regulating and so simple any man of ordinary abili-ty can run them.



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thimbles 36c; flako, 18 to 25c; tongues, large, 37c; small, 35c; Assam, 30 to 58c; Madagascar pinky, 50 to 62; black, 45 to to 46c; niggers, 39 to 42c; Borneo, 30 to 45c; Mozambique orangeball, 55c; Siorra Leone 25 to 40c; Benguela nigger, 46½c; Liber-ian, 26c; old Calabar, 29c; Benin, 35c. Cameroons, 35 to 37c; Acera strip, 51 to 55c.

SEEDS .--- The domand continues active in all lines of seeds; but prices are unchanged from our last quotations.

PARIS GREEN .- Business in this line will not be active until the middle of the present month. We quote 13 cents in bulk and 14% cents in pound packages.

SALT .- The arrivals of the S. S. "Mariposa" with 5000 sacks coarse and 2000 sacks fino salt and the "Sardinian" with from 10,000 to 12,000 packages, has eased off the values of coarse salt, and we now quote 421/2 to 45 conts for Liverpool in bags exwharf.

Woot.-The domand is very light and the increasing use of shoddy renders manufacturers more independent. Greasy Capes run from 18 to 15 cents, with sales in this market at 14 cents. Buenos Ayreau are quoted at 25 to 31 for washed. The new clip of Canadian will not be in till June; but new clip Californias are offering here at 30 cents for clean. There have been sales of Canadian combing in the West at 21 to 21% cents; but the market here is bare of domestic wools. At the London wool sales which started on the 30th ulto. the offerings were of a fair quality, but the competition was dull. The best denind was for cross-breds, the better grades of which sold spiritedly. The chief buyers were Yorkshire and German operators. Demand for France was limited and few Am ericans were present. Amount to be offer-ed is 340,000 bales including 66,000 Vietor-ian, 91,600 N. S. Wales, 56,300 Queensland, 27,700 S. Australian, 8,308 West Australian, 11,100 Insmanian, 65,900 New Zealand and 13,100 South African. The latest cables from the sales say, that prices have ruled 18,100 South African. The most called from the sales say that prices have ruled fully 5 per cent. lower, except for best merinos and Lincoln cross-breds, which were unchanged in value. There was were unchanged in value. There was good bidding for Cape of Good Hope and Natal wools. Many were withdrawn, the limits being to high. Home buyers were the largest operators, the American Inter-ost amounting to pothing. ost amounting to nothing.

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Manufacturers of

BOXES.

WANTED a man of high attainments good presence and energy to earn not less than \$2,000 a year. No cheap man need apply.

Economist, P. O. Box 576, MONTREAL

W. C. Johnson, M. Am. Soc. C. E., **Civil and Hydraulic** Engineer.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.

Water Power Development a Specialty.

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE. (Revised by Telegraph).

Toronto, May 2nd, 1895, A fairly satisfactory trade is reported this week. The favorable weather has stimulated the domand for seasonable goods, and the opening of navigation also tends to increased activity. The general outlook is encouraging. Farmers are busy seeding and consequently very little produce is being marketed. Prices of wheat and flour are again higher. Payments fair. Money is unchanged, with call loans ruling at 41/2 to 5 per cent, and prime commercial paper discounted at 6 to 61%. Sterling exchange is firm, and New York drafts are at a slight premium. The stock market is firm, with good demand for bank issues. Sales of Commerce at 139%, Imperial at 18114, Dominion at 263, Western Assurance at 1591/2, British at 117, Gas at 196, Cable at 146%, Telephone at 15414, Toronto St. Ry., at 7514, Canada Landed Loan at 122, Ontario Industrial at 48.

BUTTER. - The market is dull, with supplies large, chiefly of inferior stuff. The best is quoted at 13 to 14c, large rolls at, 11 to 12%c, and pound rolls 14 to 16c. Inferior lots 6 to 8c. Greamery tub, fresh 17 to 19c, and rolls 20 to 21c. Eggs aro steady at 10 to 101%c per dozen in case lots. Cheese 10 to 10 1/2 in a jobbing way.

DRESSED HOGS. -Receipts small and ome packers have Small lots of choice demand limited, some stopped operations. Si range at \$6.25 to \$6.50.

FLOUR AND GRAIN .- There is a better demand for flour, which is quoted at \$3.60 demand for flour, which is quoted at \$3.60 to \$3.75 for straight rollers. Ontario patents \$3.75 to \$3.90. Manitoba patents also light at \$4.15 and strong bakers at \$3.95. Wheat higher, selling at 80c for white on northern and west. Manitoba hard sold at 90c west and 85c May dolivery. There is little doing in barley, with sales of feed at 43 to 44c. Outs are steady selling at 32c for mixed out-side and at 32½ to 33c for white. Peas sold at 58c east and west. Buckwheat firm at 41c outside. Rye firm 55 cents outside. Bran dull at \$15.00 and shorts at \$17.00, Toronto freights. Oatmeal firm at \$4.00 Toronto freights. Oatmeal firm at \$4.00 to \$4.25.

GROCERTES .- Trade fair, with little change in prices. Sugars are quoted at 3% to 31/c for granulated and 2% to 3 for yellows. Teas unchanged. Fruits firm, cur-rants at 4½ and valencia raisins off stalk 4 to 6c. Prunes firm at 5 to 6½. Rio coffee, 20 to 22c. Canned goods 85 to 90c.

HIDES AND SKINS, - Hides are firmer with sales of cured at 7 cents. Dealers are paying 6c for No. 1 green and 5 cents for No. 2. Sheepskins are firm at 1. Tallow dull at 5% to 5% with sales in a jobbing way at the latter prices.



The only-Radiator-on-the market embodying all latest Improvements in Art and Mechanics.



256 St. James Street, Adjoining the New Bank of Toronto Building,

MONTREAL.

OUR THAVELLERS ARE NOW ON THE ROAD WITH FALL SAMPLES. EVERYTHING NEW, FRESH AND PRICES RIGHT

LIVE STOCK .- The market is steady, with receipts moderate. The best shippers sold at 5c to 5½c, and ordinary at $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{9}{4}$ c. Butchers cattle firm, with 4% to 4% c. Butchers cattle firm, with sales of the best at 4 to 4% c per Ib.; medium at 3% to 3% c and inferior at 2%to 3c. Milch cows \$25 to \$45 each and calves \$2 to \$5.00 each. Sheep and year-ing lambs sell at 5 to 5% c, per lb. accord-ing to quality, and spring lambs at \$2.50 to \$4.00 each. Hogs are weaker, the best bacon lots selling at \$5.12\% stores at \$4.70, and sows at \$4 to \$4.25.

PROVISIONS .- Market is quiet, with prices steady. Mess Pork sells at \$15.75, short cut at \$16, and shoulders at \$13.50 to \$13.75; bacon 7% to 814c, hams 101/2 to 11c, and lard 834 to 94c. Beans \$1.30 per bushel. Hops 6 to Sc. Potatoes firm at 60 to 62c for car on track, and small lots at 75c. Dried apples 6 to 64c and evaporated 7 to 74c.

Wool.—The fleece market is nominal at 10c and fine clothing 20c. Pulled supers 20 to 21c, and extras 22 to 23c.

SPECIAL NOTICES. ELEVATOR BUCKETS.

Messrs. John Radigan & Co., of 46 Kelley street, Hamilton, Ont., manufacture what is probably the best grain elevator bucket in the market. It is made exclusively of tin with iron bands and its style and shape are sufficiently indicated by the cut which are sufficiently indicated by the cut which appears in the advertisement. It is light, strong and durable and suitable for mill service or similar work. The best of ma-terial and workmanship are employed in its production. A complete stock is con-stantly on hand, enabling the firm to fill orders invariably on receipt. The buckets nest closely and occupy very little space when packed for shipment.

FERROUS STEEL.

Thomas Doherty of Sarnia, Ont., has discovered a new process for improving castings. The sample punching sent appears soft, like wrought iron, but not as strong

He writes on the subject as follows to an American scientific journal :

American scientific journal: " I inclose you sample of what I name ferrous steel. It is punched out cold from a top of an ordinary range. You can see the grain and sharp edges. It is so ductile that a strip 1½ inch wide, ½ inch thick 12 inches long, can be wound around a 2 inch gas pipe without breaking; at the same time it is of great tensile strength, a ½ inch square bar 12 inches long bearing on the points will carry a load of 500 lb. with-out fracture. It is made from a mixture of 60 per cent. common scrap and 40 per cent. No. 2 pig iron. My process is to inject a steam jet into the tuyers at cupola, which forms another element in combustion (hy-drogen gas) giving out great heat; forming forms another element in combustion (hy-drogen gas) giving out great heat; forming black oxide of iron on the iron at the point of charge, as it becomes red, magnetic oxide, and it is so closely coherent and ad-herent that the absorption of sulphur from coke is entirely prohibited in its course down through the furnace. The color of the gases is entirely changed. The molten metal is much more fluid, almost free from slac of dross and gives a casting of a much metal is much more huld, almost free from slag of dross and gives a casting of a much smoother surface with a steely appearance. This process saves fully 10 per cent. In fuel and has several advantages of greater or lesser importance not stated here. It is being patented in all countries. The days of common cast iron are nearly ended."

HYDRAULIC EEGINEERING.

Mr. Wallace C. Johnson, M. Am. Soc, C.E., is a graduate of the Worcester, Mass., Polytechnical Institute. He has been for the past ten years engaged in hydraulic the past ten years engaged in hydraulic ongineering and is chief englacer of the Niagara Falls Hydraulic Power and Manu-facturing Co. He also erected the water power and plant for the Dunnville Electric Light Co. and is engaged on the electric railway from Niagara Falls to Buffalo., In-his own line of engineering Mr. W C. Johnson is justly considered as a leading exponent. exponent.

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THE BONUS SYSTEM

of this Company renders the Premiums in certain cases annually reducible until the rate of One-half per cent. per annum is reached.

One-nair per cent, per annum is reached. This Company is under the same experienced management which introduced the system to this continent over thirty years ago, and has since ac-tively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients.

Over \$1.140,000 have been paid in Claims to Employers.

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SELKIRK CROSS. Q.C., Counsel. RIDDELL & COMMON, Auditors.

HEAD OFFICE:

Dominion Square, Corner Metcalfe St., MONTREAL

*N.B.—This Company's Deposit is the largest made for Guarantee business by any Company, and is not liable for the responsibilities of any other risks.

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Importers of Twines, Hessians, Paddings, Buckrams, etc.

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JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

1			STOCK	S AND	BOND	s.			
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i,	Manitoba & North-W. Ln Co Montreal Telegraph Co	100 100 40	2,750,000	550,00 375,00 2,000,00	0 160,00 0 111,00	0 3½ 0 3 · 2	Jan Ju Jan-Qtly	lý 111½ ly -95 158½	50 50 111 50
-	Montreal Gas Co Montreal Street Ry. Co Montreal Cotton Co	50	2,500,00 1,800,00 1,400.00	0 1,800,00 1,400,00	0 600.00	. 6 . 4 . 4	April O May No March-Qtly	ct 20234 ov { old 191 new189 122	90.07
	Merchants M'r'g Co Montreal Loan and Mortg Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv Ont. Loan and Deb. Co	. 25 . 100 . 50	600,00 500,00 466,80 2,000,00	0 500,00 0 500,00 1 314.31	0 300,00	. 4)0 31/1)0 3	Feb Au Mch So Jan Ju	99 110 99 130 99 48	110 50 82 50 24 00
S	Real Est. Loan Co Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co.	50 40 100	581,00	321,88 0 1,350,00	0 50,00 250,00	20 20 20 30 30	Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju	ly 45	65 50 22 50 85 51 97 2
	Toronto Electric Light Co Toronto Street Railway Union Loan and Sav. Co Western Can. Loan and Sav Western Con. & Trust Co.	. 100 50 . 50	500,00 6,000 1,000,00 8,000,00	0 679,64 0 1,500,00	0 770,00	Nil 0 4 0 5	Jan Ju Jan Ju		160 0 76 0 63 0 80 5
-	Western Loan & Trust Co	. 50	1,000,00	<u></u>	0 <u>18,00</u> 11E ST		THARINES	ec 97 %	AND

CATHARINES BOX AND BASKET CO.

The works of the St. Catharines Box and Basket Co. (Limited) are located on the banks of the old Welland Canal, in the city of St. Catharines, on the property formerly known as the Shickluna Ship yard. The company was established by T. McD. House, in the fall of 1892, and in February 1893, a charter was granted incorporating the company with a capital stock of 10,000. Their business increased above their nost sanguine expectations, and in Dec-ember 1893 they made application for sup-plementary letters patent increasing their capital stock to \$30,000. They manufac-ture baskets, crates, and all kinds of pack-ages for shipping fruit. They also cut cheese-box hoops and vencers. Their large and complete stock of well seasoned and kiln-dried baskets in their storerooms, and the large daily output at their factory, should command the notice of good close buyers.

THE ORGANIST OF CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

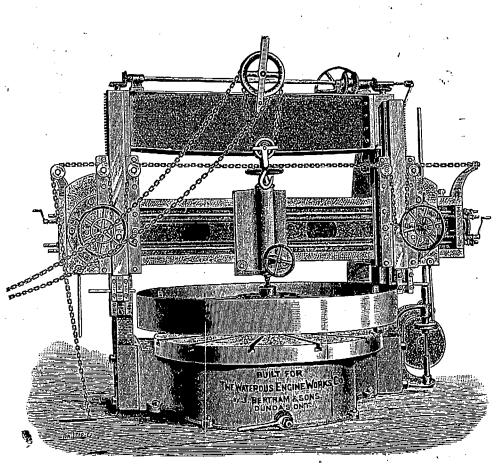
Mr. J. B. Norton, the organist of Christ Church Cathedral has recently selected and purchased a Pratte piano for his personal use.

THE Purdy Electric Centrifuge.

THE WOOD ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING CO. 18 and 30 West Randolph Street, - -CHICAGO.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1895.

			CORRERT-INORS			
Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale
Boots and Shoes. M Brogans or Cobourge	190 1 25 0 80 0 90 10 1 40 0 85 1 15 .25 1 90 1 10 1 50 25 1 90 1 10 1 50 275 3 90 -	Youths. 30 55 \$0 80 0 70 0 80 0 75 1 00 0 90 1 15 0 00 0 00	Roast Chicken 1-lb tins Roast Turkey, 1-lb tins Brooms.	S. c. S. c. 2 25 0 00 2 25 0 00	Soda Ash Soda Bicarb Sal. Soda "Concentrated	16 00 × 00
Split Bools 1 Idram \$2.00 to \$3.00, Felt Sox 0 Felt Boots, half fox 1 I Split Batts or Bals 0 I Pebbled Button, Machine Sewed 1 I Glazed Buff Button " I Goat " Polish Calf " I French Kid " Mens' Calf, Bals. Cong or Butt, Goodyear " McKay Sa	125 200 115 160 0 75 290 140 170 0 30 060 9 9 o full \$175, \$250 \$250 \$250 \$250 Vomens. Misses. \$260 \$260 \$260 25 10 070 \$25 \$260 \$26	0 85 1 10 1 00 1 00 Childs, 0 40 0 55 0 50 0 65 0 50 0 70 0 50 0 70 0 50 1 35 1 40 1 75 2 35 3 50	Rose 4 varn. hand heavy Pansy 4 " " medium Thistle 4 " " the stained Shamrock A 4 etgs. " B 4 " stained Shamrock A 4 " varn han " B 4 " stained Daisy A 3 stgs varn handle " B 3 " stained " Tulip No. 1 3 stgs " " " Curling 4 " Drugs & Chemicals	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Dyestuffs. Archil. con. Cutch Ex. Logwood. Chips. Indigo (Bengal). Indigo Madras. Gambler. Madder. Sumac. Fish. Cape Brit. Herring, July.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
"Tan Ruesia Calf, Bala, Cong or But "French Pat. Calf or Enamel Leathe Ladies' Glaze Dong. Butt. and Bala., Good """ " " " McKag Name of Article. [Wholesale.]]	McKuy McKuy er Bals. Butt. and Cong. Year Welt Turns ay Sewn	200 800	Acid Carbolic Cryst medi. Aloes, Cape. Alum	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Labrador Herrings See Trout No. 1 Split p. b. "half brls Herrings "Nova Scotia Mackerel No. 1. kits "'' & barrel Green Cod, No. 1 Green "large	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Lobsters	Corn Beef 1-1b " 2-1bs " 4-1bs " 4-1bs " 14-1bs " 14-1bs " 2-1bs down " 2-1bs" b Baked Beans b Baked Beans b Baked Beans	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cream Tartar Epsom Saits Glycerine Gum Arabic per lb " Trag Morphia Optium Oxalic Acid Phosporus Potush Bichromate Potush Dichromate	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Draft " No. 2 " Largedry" per quintal Salmon No. 1 bris Lab. Salmon, (tierces) "Birtle. Col bris Bonelees Fish "Cod Nild	0 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 0
Peaches, 2:1b. yellow, 2 00 2 25 II. "2:1b. white 1 75 0 00 CI Bartlett Pears, 2:1b. tins, per doz	Iam, ½-1b. " hicken, ½-1b. " urkey, ½-1b. " bx Tongue, 1½-1b. " " " 2 -1b. " " " 24-1b. " " " 24-1b. " " " 24-1b. " Innan Haddes 50's	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Quinine Strychnine Tartaric Acid Tin Crystale Heavy Chemicals	. 0 35 0 50 . 0 40 1 00 . 0 30 0 40 . 0 20 0 25 . 2 25 5 00 . 4 00 6 00	Manicoa patent o brande Straight roller Extra Manicoa Strong Bakers Standard oatmeal, bri	3 76 8 8 3 25 3 7 . 20 00 0 0 . 3 55 4 0 . 4 00 4 0 . 17 00 17 2 . 00 00 19 0



John Bertram & Sons,

DUNDAS, Ont.;

Builders Jof High-Class

Machine Tools.

Turning Mills, Boring Machines, Pulley Lathes,

Also Equipments

Bicycle Factories, Repair Shops, Engine Shops.

OUR LINE OF TOOLS THE LARGEST IN CANADA,

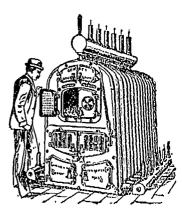
Correspondence Solicited. []

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738

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

Name of Article.	Who	lesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesal
Farm Products.	<u>ş c.</u>	\$ c.	Barley, malting "feed l'eas, per 66 lbs, affoat	\$ c. \$ c. 0 00 0 00	Molasses (Barbados)img	S. C. S. C. C. 311 0 321	Vermicelli, Canadian Macaroni, " Italian	\$ c. \$ 0 05 0 0
Pownshins, dairy,	0 14	0 17	In store	0 00 0 00	Porto Rico	000,000	Peel-Citron Lemon	020 00
<i>nzzaz :</i> Anest West, col'd fall m'k	4 002		Corn, in bond		Loose Musc. California Layers, London Con. Cluster	2 10 2 25	Chocolat Menier. Vanilla, yel. wrap. 24 x ½ lb	
Plaest Western white " Plaest Yestern white " Plaest Townships' Plaest Eastern colored" Plaest Eastern white " Valder	0 09 0 09 0 09 0 09	0 00 6 00 0 00	³⁴ wood med, to fine.	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 0 & 11 & 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 17 & 20 \\ 0 & 23 & 0 & 25 \\ \end{array}$	Extra Dessert Royal Bucking'm Cluster Sultanasper b Valencia off stalk " "Layers	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	do Chamois do do do Pink do do do Blue do do Trip. Van. Green do do do do Lilac do do	04804 05005 05806 05005 05005
ius: Western held fresh imed hipped as strictly fresh	0 00 0 00 0 10j	0 00	Y. Ilyson, com. to good '' fine to inest, ib Gunpowder, com''	0 27 40 30 0 0 10 0 20 0 0 25 0 35 0 0 10 0 13 0 0 25 0 35 1	Currants, Provincials " Filiatras" Patras" Vostizzas" Prunes, French"	0 037 0 04 0 011 0 041 0 011 0 051 0 06 0 074	do do Bronze do do do do White do do Uneweet'd blue prem do Starch: Can. Laundry	C 65 0 7 0 73 0 8 0 88 0 4
0Ps: 1894, per 16 "Old	0 06 0 03	010 007	Plagsuey, med to good. " fine to finest " Oolong	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	"Bosnia" Figs in bags" "new layers" Sh. Almonde, bxs" S. S. Tarragona"	0 05 0 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Benson's Prep. Corn	000 007
od Propuers: Bacon, smoked, per (b fams, city cured, frankassed.	0 10 0 0 09 0 00	0 101 C 101 O 00	" med. to good"	0 15 0 20 0 224 0 274 0 32 0 35 0 171/0 30	S. S. Tarragona " Walnuts	0 121 0 14 0 10 0 14 0 133 0 14 0 05 0 051		0 41 0 00 0 35 0 00 0 28 0 00 0 30 0 35
ork Ca. s.c. per bbl.clear do mess ard, per 10 " Com. Refined	18 00 0	0 00	Coffees, Mocha (green)-	0 15 0 80	Spices : Caselamats Mace	0 07 0 07 <u>4</u> 0 90 1 20 0 10 0 25	W. W. XX W. W. X Pure Malt Cider X	0 25 0 30 0 00 0 00 0 55 0 60 0 25 0 00
EDS: lover, red, per bushel laike, per lb mothy (Can'n) per lab		7 20 0 11 <u>1</u> 3 25	Java. " Maracalbo" Jamica" Klo" Plantation Ceylon"	0 20 0 22 0 19 0 22 0 18 0 21 0 00 0 00 0 10 0 12	Nutmegs	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cote D'or. Cote D'or. Crystal Pickling W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. X "XX Soap: Best Laundry "Common Matches: Telegraph " Parlor " Star Nelson's Matches: " Star Nelson's Matches:	0 02 0 00 0 02 0 05 3 50 3 70 3 30 3 50
mothy, (Can'n) per bah. "Western lax 56 lbs. otatoes, per bag oney, strained	0 00 1 45 0 55	0 00	Canadian do " Sugars : Ex Ground, in bris	0 00 0 09	Pepper, Black " "White " Mustard, 41b B jar, Eng "11b "	0 07 0 09 0 09 0 15 0 72 0 75 0 23 0 254	" Parlor " Star Nelson's Matches:	1 70 0 00 2 00 2 25
bney, strained beswax		0 00 1 50 1 65	Powdered, in bris Paris Lumps, in bris	0 041 0 00 0 04 0 00 0 04 0 00 0 04 0 00 0 04 0 00	" 4 lb jars, Cana " 1 lb " "	0 22 0 24	Steamship Railroad Washboards: Nelson's Royal Lily	1 20 0 00
-			" " 100-lb bxs " " 50-lb bxs	0 04 0 00 0 041 0 00 3 5-16 00 0 081 0 00	" Japan Standard " " Crystal Japan "	4 25 5 00 4 25 4 40 4 75 5 00	do kose Hardware.	140000
Grain.			Branded Tellows	0 2 7 16 021 0 011 0 021	Tapioca, Pearl " Flake	6 50 7 50 0 04 0 06 0 04 0 06	Tin: Block, L&F, B D	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.09 & 0.10 \\ 0.154 & 0.16 \\ 0.154 & 0.16 \\ \end{array}$
rd Manitoba, No. 1 "No. 2 8 No. 2	0 83 0 00 0 40	0 84 0 00 0 40j		ĺ	Gelatine, 1 qt pk "		Copper: Ingot "	0 15 0 16 0 16 0 17 0 10 0 00 0 14 0 20





385 & 387 ST. PAUL ST.,

MONTREAL.

FOUNDERS AND WHOLESALE MANUFAC-TURERS OF

Double Crown Hot Water Heaters, Capacity, 2,000 to 20,000 feet of 1 in. pipe. Oxford Hot Water Heaters, Capacity, 500 to 12,000 feet. Defiance Hot Water Heaters OXFORD, GURNEY, RADIATORS FOR HOT WATER and GUINTET and BUNDY RADIATORS STEAM . . .

We invite inspection of the above goods, comprising the largest and best variety made by any one Foundry in the world. These heaters are guaranteed quicker circula-tion and more economical than any others made. No repairs necessary. Made any size to cover all requirements.

John Bull Steel Cooking Ranges for hotels and private houses, Cast Iron Ranges, Isogisters, Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, Sinks, Plumbers' Supplies, Hot Air Furnaces for coal and wood, from 8,000 to 50,000 cubic feet capacity. Scales, every description, from post office to 100 ton track. We invite special attention to our LOCKS, KNOBS, etc., which are acknowledged attention of the line of rande mutantical in Connector

to be the finest of this line of goods manufactured in Canada.

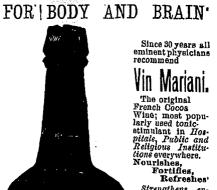
-AGENTS FOR-THE CANADA SCREW CO. Iron Wire, Iron and Brass Wood Screws, Ma-

chine Screws, Tire Bolts, Stove Bolts and Rods, Copper and Iron Rivets,

ONTARIO LEAD AND BARD WIRE CO.

Steel Barb Foncing Wire and Staples, Lead Pipe, Babbitt Metal, Steel Wire Nails, Drawn Traps, Chilled Shot, White Lead and Putty.

Goods delivered promptly from stock in Montreal. Description books on application. Price lists to the trade only.



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Strengthens eno-tire system; most Agreeable, Effective and Lasting Reno-vator of the Vital Forces.

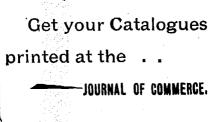
Every test strict-ly on own merits, proves exceptional reputation.

Palatable as Choicest old Wine.

Sold Everywhere. LAWRENOE

A. WILSON & CO., Sole Agents,

MONTREAL.



	MONTR	EAL WHOLESALE	PRICES	CURRENT-THUR	SDAY, MA	LY 2, 1895	
Name of Article.	Wholessle.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
Hardware-Continued.	\$ c \$ c	Sharpand flat pressed naile	1 85 0 00	IX Charcoal	Usual	No. I, ordinary sole	0 20 U 21 0 19 0 20
NEW CUT NAIL SCHEDULE.		8 inchextra 2% and 2%	1 65 0 00	IXX " DC " DX "	Trade	No. 2 " " " No. 3 " " Buffalo Sole, No. 1 " " No. 2	0 17 0 18
Base-50d and 60d, f.o.b., Cut Nailsper keg Steel nails	2 10 0 00 2 10 0 00 2 20 0 00	8 inchextra 2½ and 2½ "''' "'' 21 and 2½ "''' "'' 1½ and 1½ "'' "'' 1½ and 1½ "'' "'' 1½ "'' 1½ "'' 1½ "'' 1½ "'' 1½ "'' 114 "'' Hores Shoes	2 50 0 00 3 00 0 00 2 50 0 00	DX " DXX " Terne Plate IC, 20x28. Russ. Sheet Iron	5 75 6 00	Zanzibar. Slaughter. No. 1 No. 2	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 23 0 26
Cut nails, fence and cut spikes Hot cut.				00			
40d extra 30d	0 05 0 00	Coll Chain-K chain Coll Chain-K chain 6-16 7-16 Caluanized Jeon	2 50 2 65	26 gnage Zead : Pig, per 100 lbst Sheet, er 100 lbs Lead Yipe, per 100 lbs Lead Yipe, per 100 lbs Zinc: Sheet "Spelter	0.06 061	Upper, light. Grained Upper. Scotch Grain. Kip Skins, French.	035 038 032 035
20d, 16d and 12d.		5-16	0 033 0 00	Sheet,	4 00 4 25	Scotch Grain	0 82 0 85
10d	0 25 0 00	7-16	2 85 0 00	Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs	5 25 0 00	English	0 50 0 70
4d to 5d		Galvanized Iron:	2 85 0 00	" Spelter	3 75 4 25	English Canada Kip. Hemlock Calf.	0 50 0 60
2d	1.00 0.00	Morewoods Lion, No. 35 Morewoods Lion, No. 35 Morewood & Heathfield. Queen's Head, or equal. Common Pig Iron : Siemens No. 1. Coltness Coltness	. 5 00 5 25	Scrap Iron- Machinery scrap	0 00 15 00	French Calf Splits, light and medium.	0 50 0 60
4d to 5d, cold cut not pol, or bl'd. "	0 50 0 00	Queen's Head, or equal.,	4 15 4 25	Wrot iron. Powder :Canada Bl'stng F F to F F F.	0 00 16 00	Splits, light and medium.	0 20 0 25
3d fit is in the second	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Pig Iron : Siemens No. 1.	. 10 50 1775	FF to FFF		heavy	014 016
3dextra 2d	1 50 0 00	Calder	00 00 21 00	Bright No. 7, per 100 lbs	2 60 0 60	Leather Board, Canada. Enameled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain	0 16 0 17
Casing and hox, flooring shook. and tobacco box		Colder. Langloan Shotte. Summerlee. Garteherrie. Carnbroe. Eglinton. C.J.F.T.Riv.Charcoaliro No. 1 Forcone		Whe: Bright No. 7, per 100 lb, Annealed No. 7 " "oiled " " Galvd. No 6, " Trade discount on above	2 50 0 00	Il Glove Grain	0 12 0 14
naile	1	Gartsherrie	. 20 10 21 00	Galvd. No 6, Trade discount on above	3 00 0 00	Brush (Cow) Kid	
12d to 30d extra 10d	1000 000	Eglinton	. 18 50 19 00 . 19 00 19 50	Barbed Wire-	1	Buff Russetts, light	. 0 13 0 15
8d and 9d	0 75 0 00		n 26 50 28 00	2 and 4 barbs. Plain Twist 2 and 3 wrs	. 300 000	"heavy "No. 2 "Sadders' Imt. French Calf	0 26 0 30
6d and 7d	1 1 10 0 00			Ribbon	.1400 000	Int Franch Calf	8 00 9 00
3d Finishing naile	0 85 0 00	Ord. Crown	1 55 0 00	Staples. Wire Naile-15, 10 and	5		. 1 U O O U 92
2% to 2% " "	1100 000	Norway	. 8 00 0 00	p.c. off list.		Rough. Dongola, extra	0 30 0 32
11/2 to 13/2 " "	1 15 0 00	Sheet Iron 16 G & heavie	r. 220 000 .190 000	Hides and Tallov	v	Dongola, extra "No. I "ordinary Colored Peibles	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 25 0 00) [[" " " <u>29</u> , <u>24</u> ") [] " " <u>26</u> G " "	1 95 0 00	Montreal Green Hides		Colored Pebbles	. 0 14 0 15
Slating nails-		Norwsy	2 15 0 00	" No. 1 per 100 lb	8 0 00 7 50 0 00 6 50	11	
5d extra. 4d	. 0 85 0 00) Boller Plates, non, 2 h	in 0 00 2 25	" No.2."	0 00 5 10	11	0.971.0.40
3d "	1 25 0 00	Hopps		sorted, cured & inspect		Cod Oil, Newfoundland, Gaspe	0 00 0 00
2d Common barrel naile—	1 75 0 00			Clips	0 00 0 75	S. R. Pale Seal	. 0 40 0 45
1 inch extra.	1 75 0 00) Good Brands	200 225	Lambekins email	. 0100000	Straw Seal. Cod Liver Oil, Nild ""Norwegio	1 00 1 25 n 1 85 2 10
Steel nails 10c extra,	2 25 0 00	70 p.c., over 2 in 67% pc		Calfekine, uninspected llorge bides west., each "City	1115 150	Castor Oil.	
Clinch nails-	1	Good Brands Wro't Iron pipe, 4 to 2 70 p.c., over 2 in 67% p c Sleel, cast per lb. "Spring, 100 lbs "Tire, "	. 2 50 2 75	Tallow, rendered	5 00 0 00 3 50 4 00	Lard Oil, Extra	060 065
and a set of the set o	. 0 85 0 0			()) ~		" boiled	
2% and 2% ""	1 00 0 0 1 15 0 0	o}}	1			Olive, pure Extra, qt., per cas pts. do	e. 8 00 8 70
2½ and 2½ " " 2 and 2½ " " 1½ and 1½ " " 1½ "	200 00	D Tin Plates: D IC Coke D IC Charcoal	. 2 50 2 85	No. 1 B. A. Sole	022 023	" pts. do	2 40 2 50
j^**"	1250 00	DILIC Charcoal	8 25 8 75	11 No. 8 " "	1 0 17 0 18	Il Spirite Turpentine	10 50 0 00

Discounts on Natls apply only for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately. transfor Cut Casing, Book and Shook, Finishing and Tobacco Box, Barrel, Clinch and Pressed Nails, four months note or 3 per cent. off for cash within 30 days. Discounton Bolts; Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months or 5 per cent. off for cash nails and Borse Shoces, three per cent. off within 30 days. Horse Nails and Borse Shoces, three per cent. off within 30 days. Horse Nails and Borks four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days. Oils, Turpentine, Lead, Glass, etc 4 mos. or 3 per cent. off in 30 days.

THE CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., Limited, MONTREAL. Manufacturers of REFINED SUGARS of the well-known Brand



Of the Highest Quality and Purity, made by the Latest Processes, and the Newest and liest Machinery, not Surpassed Anywhere. LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 109 lb. boxes, "CREAM" SUGARS, (not dried)

LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 lb. boxes, "CROWN" GRANULATED, YELLOW SUGARS of all grades and Standards. Special Brand, the finest which can be made, EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality, SYRUPS of all grades in bris, and half bris, SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrups, in tins, 2 lb. and S lb. each.

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Preston, Ont._

Preston WARM AIR OR COMBINATION. Furnaces



Are sold on their merits and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

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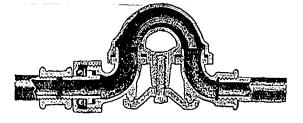
Files and Rasps. "BEAVER" BRAND, warranted.;

30 St. John Street, MONTREAL

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1895.

Coal Oil: Sec. S. c. Car Lots Store, [2, p.c. orf] Sec. S. c. Dis 0 Obris Spirits Ganadian—per gal. Spirits Ganadian Spirits Ganadi	Nume of Article,	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale,
Brunewick Green 0 04 0 10 Cape 0 13 0 15 do ext. WVSOP. do 0 0 0 17 00 Creme de Cacao 00 0 15 00 Prench Imperial Green 0 11 0 15 Australian 0 14 0 15 do biue lab. *** gal. 0 00 0 3 50 Creme de Cacao 00 00 13 00 Vormitino 0 12 0 40 Assyrian, grensy 0 00 0 00 00 0 00 0 00 00 00 0 00 0 10 50 Creme de Cacao 00 00 01 3 00 No. I Furnit's Van'h, pr.gl 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 55 Mineste Creme de Cacao 0 0 00 01 12 00 Ktra do a 0 75 100 Herbit's Strate 0 0 0 15 50 Strate Strate 8 00 55 Strate 9 01 12 50 Ktra do a 0 75 100 0 0 12 50 Strate 9 0 12 50	Coal Oil: Car Lota Store, [2, p.c. off] to 20 bris	$ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{\$} \textbf{c}, \textbf{\$} \textbf{\$}, \textbf{c}, \textbf{\$} \textbf{\$}, \textbf{5}, \textbf$	Salt. Liverpool per bag 12's Canadian, in small bags do Quarters Factory Filled per bag do Quarters Rice's Pure Dairy, per bag. do Quarters Rice's Pure Dairy, per bag. do Quarters Tobacco duty paid. Tobacco duty paid. No.1 Black Chewing, cads No.2 do Old Chum brit do sel. Ss. Navy, Bright Smoking Ss. do do do 5s. Derby Plug Smk'g sol. 12s. do do do 7s. do do do 7s. do do do 3s. Myrtle Navy Plug Smk'g sol. Cut Smoking sol. do Cut Smoking sol. and R. & R Ss. do Cut Smoking, Plug Wool. Fleece comb, ord do Super do Super do Super do Super do Super North West R. A. Scoured Natal Australian Assyrian, greasy	$ \begin{array}{c} S \ c. \ S. \ S$	Spirils Canadian—per gal. Alcohol	$ \begin{array}{c} $\rm S$ c. $\rm S$ c. $\rm $\rm $\rm S$ c. $\rm $	Gin- De Kuyper red cases do green do do hids Irish Whisky- Bushmills	$\begin{array}{c} $$ c. $ c$





WHAT IS THIS FLEXIBLE JOINT?

It is an absolute steam joint under any steam pressure It is a practical flexible coupling for metal pipe.

It will allow the joining of iron pipes so that the sections may be easily moved in any direction at will or rotate on a swivel.

It is more durable and less expensive than rubber hose

THE GILBERT BROS. ENGINEERING CO., LIMITED, SOLE MANAFACTURERS FOR THE DOMINION 2666_Notre Dame St., - MONTREAL.

REID'S PATENT. Bent Rim Wood Split Pulleys. No Glue in Rim like Segment Rim Pulleys, to be affected by Steam, Dampness or Moist Temperature. THE REID BROS. MFG. CO., LTD., 106 Adelaide St., West, TORONTO, Ont. R. H. BUCHANAN, Agent, - MONTREAL.





WOOD SPLIT PULLEY IS AS STRONG AS IRON.

REEVES

Ituns dead true, being accurately balanced. Arms are built in such a way that when in motion they do not displace any more air than an iron pulley. Segments are all nailed. These pulleys never go to pieces.

Segments are not named. to pieces. Pulleys from 6 inches diameter to 4S inches always in stock. Pulleys as large as 20 feet diameter made to order. Every Pulley guaranteed.

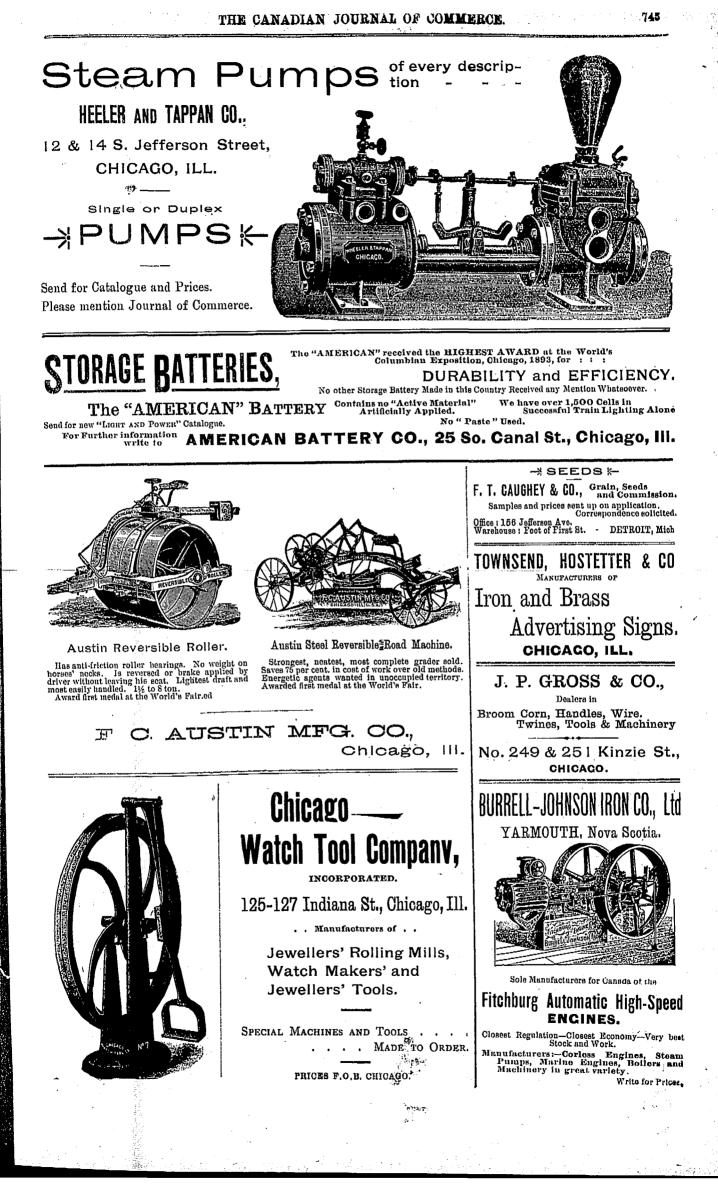
TORONTO, Ont.

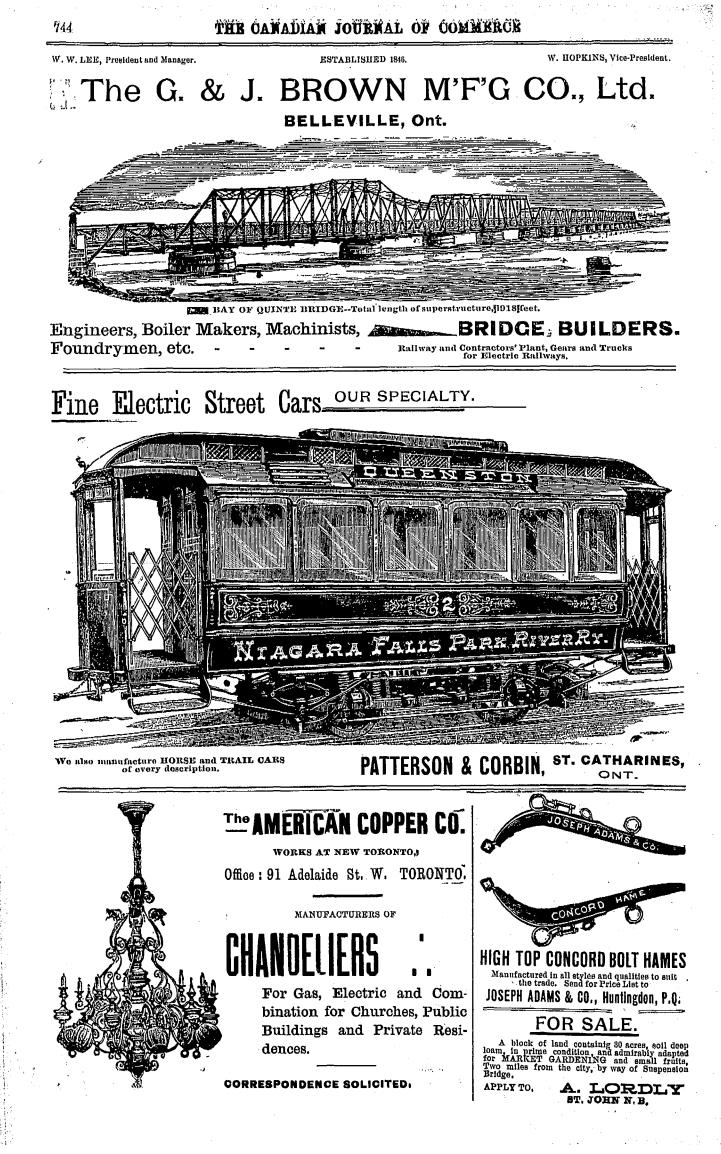
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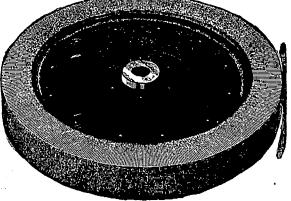
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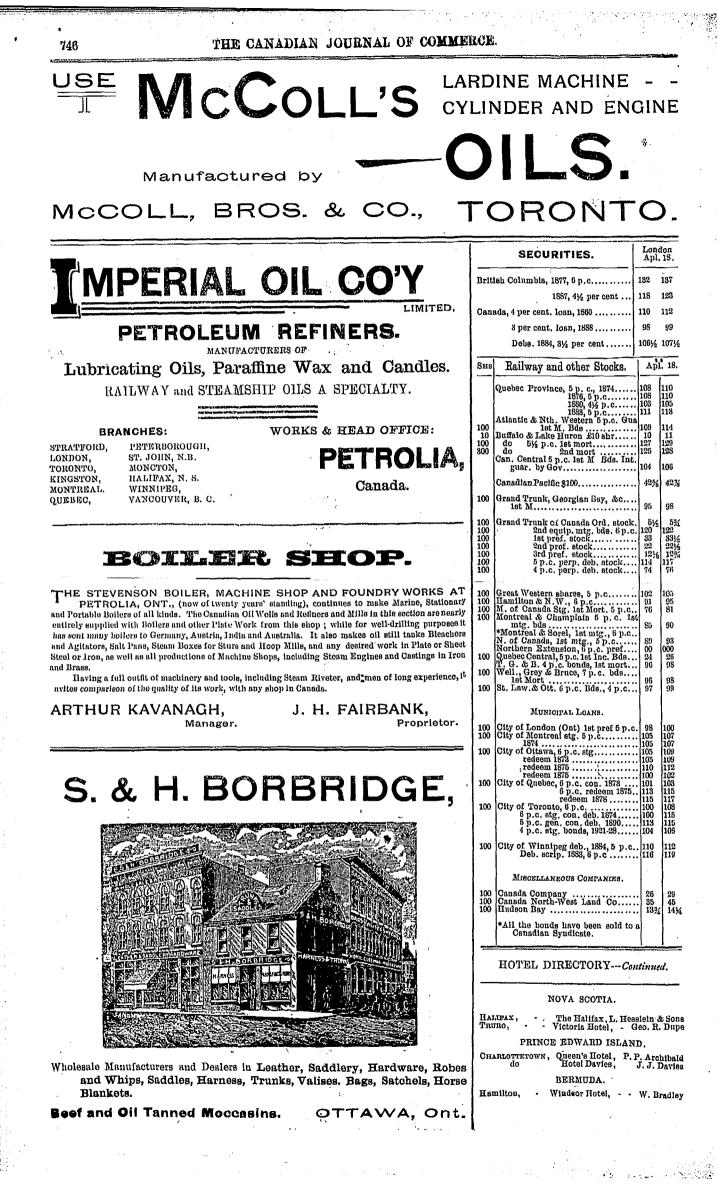
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hitish and Forzion,(Quotations of	on the Lo	ondon Marke	et.) April 20	, 1895 _. Mark	et value p.	- p'd up	
Atlas Fritish and Foreign Narine. Jaledonian Jommercial U. Fire, Life and Marine. Stimburgh Life. Giro Insurance Association. Guardian Fire and Life. Inperial Fire. Lancashire Fire. Life Association of Scotland. London Assurance Corporation.	67,000 21,500 50,000 5,000 100,000 200,000 60,000 136,493 10,000	25 10] 5 7½ 20 p. s. i5	50 25 50 100 £10 10 20 20 25	6 4 5 5 20 20 5 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	£241/2 £241/2 £29-10-0 £341/2 52 £3 93/2 29 5 41-10-0 £54	£351/ £351/ £00 £351/ 00 \$ 101 30 5 00 55	

20 p. 8. 20 p. 8. 213% p. 1 30 58% 10% J 15

30,000 30,000 110,000 6,722 200,000 125,234 50,000 20,000

68

89% £275 7 1-16 50

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 Iteserve on Policies (American Table, 4 p.c.)
 \$165,321,016 00

 Liabilities other than Reserve
 1,623,051 00

 Surphas
 15,633,051 00

 Whole Life Risk assumed and renewed, 210,305 policies
 20,855,472 40

 Whole Life Risk assumed and renewed, 210,305 policies
 637,226,276 C0

 Nore.—The above statement shows a large increase over the busineses of 1892 in amount at risk, new businese assumed, nyments to policy-holders, receipts, assets and surplus: and includes as risks assumed only the number and amount of policies actually issued and paid for in the accounts of the year.

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 LIABILITIES,
 Reserve, and on acct. of Policyholders.
 \$160,401 00

 Other Liabilities.
 5,884 76

 Not Surplus.
 Nil
 Nil

 Income
 157,854 97

 Expenditure, Total
 147,185 97

 Insurance in Force.
 6 110 100 77

 Total \$298,592 58 \$\$21,320 85 \$642,245 68 1,252 48 50,469 72 306,715 63 153,493 37 TO THE Head Office: TORONTO GEO. GOODERHAM, President. J. F. JUNKIN, Manager for Quebec, MONTREAL. 162 St. James St., Montreal.

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