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MONEY TO LOAN
ON FIRST-CLASS MORTGAGES,
sums of \$2,000 to \$5,000 at 6 1/2 per cent.
M. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
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Senate Reading Room
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PROBS: Mild, with local
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OFFICE FOR RENT
\$200.00 Per Month—Adelaide Street, Near
General Postoffice,
2500 square feet, divided into one public
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WILSON PRESENTS LEAGUE PLAN TO FULL CONFERENCE

High Authority Says Disarmament of Germany to Continue Twenty-Five Years

Marshal Foch Given Authority to Force Strict Observance of Armistice Terms

MANY DIFFICULTIES IN WAY OF LEAGUE WERE OVERCOME
Various Big Issues Were Skillfully Diverted to Consideration of Commissions.
NO HARD FEELINGS
Unanimity in Commission and Nations at First Opposed, Changed to Advocacy.

Paris, Feb. 14.—Now that the project for a creation of a league of nations, which was the principal object of the gathering of the representatives of most of the states of the world which are not in arms against the entente, has been successfully launched, it may be proper to call to mind some of the difficulties encountered and to indicate the status of some of the great issues remaining to be adjusted by the peace conference.

While there was unanimity as to the desirability of a league of nations, it soon developed that some of the delegates, skeptical of its immediate efficiency, desired to maintain the old order of balances of power and protect frontiers until the new system had demonstrated its capacity to meet the needs of peace loving nations.

Patient endeavor and many long sessions of the supreme council itself, and afterwards of the special commission created to deal with the subject, were necessary to establish to the satisfaction of these threatened dissenters the impossibility of continuing the old order while installing the new. In fact it was only within the last week that the difficulties facing the league of nations were overcome, altho with some misgivings, it is true. The doubting nations were induced to try the experiment of relying upon the honor and common interest of the other nations to ensure the success of the project. Then there was the difference over the question of mandatories for backward peoples. Rather heated arguments were had.

FOCH IS GIVEN AUTHORITY TO DEAL WITH ANY SITUATION
Armistice Conditions Will Call For Immediate Evacuation of German Poland by All German Troops, Thus Removing Menace To Country.

London, Feb. 14.—With reference to the terms of armistice to be presented to Germany, the Paris correspondent of The Daily Mail says that when these terms are ready the allies will give notice to Germany, not in a threatening sense, but in order to provide for the presentation of new conditions.

"With reference to the renewal on Monday," the correspondent states, "it is understood that Marshal Foch has been given definite verbal instruction by the supreme war council to deal on his own authority with any situation created by the Germans which demands instant action. He will require a strict observance of the demand already made for the evacuation of German Poland by all German troops, thus removing the menace to Poland. This formed part of a general undertaking by the Germans not to take aggressive action against the Poles, but their recent behavior has been just the opposite and Field Marshal Hindenburg has moved his headquarters to Colberg, in Pomerania.

"With the general line of the terms to be embodied in the subsequent renewal of the armistice, Marshal Foch is completely satisfied. The drafting of them is left open to a committee of eight to be set up on Monday, which is under the general direction of the marshal. The drafting will proceed on Foch's return from Treves, and it is anticipated will be completed at the end of next week. It will be ratified by the allied and associated governments, but will be presented to Germany by the war council. The terms will limit the size of the German army, and the amount of military stores which may be maintained, and they will prescribe where the army corps are to be stationed.

"The economic commission, the British members of which are Lord Robert Cecil and Sir John Besele, is, meantime, considering a clause to be inserted in the armistice terms safeguarding the allied industry and preventing the export and consequent disappearance of German gold and other assets. Subject to compliance by Germany with the military terms, consideration will thereafter be given to the questions of lightening the blockade and German reconstructions."

"The newspapers unanimously approve the decision of the supreme council regarding Germany and rejoice that the allied and associated governments reached a complete understanding as to the terms to be submitted to Germany on February 17.

"The Paris correspondent says that Germany must take a decisive attitude within the next few days, because she will have to realize that despite apparent diffidence, the balance among her conquerors remains intact.

Returning Soldiers
Troop trains from the S.S. Araguaya, carrying 41 Toronto veterans and many Hamilton men, will arrive this morning at North Toronto Station from Portland, Maine. All are hospital cases.

Part of the train arrivals will not be available till 9 a.m. Information can be obtained by telephoning Adelaide 3380 and 2181, or North 3416 and 3417.

A list of names will be found on page 5 of this issue.

ARAGUAYA HEROES ALL COME SMILING
Reach Portland in High Spirits, Tho Many Seriously Wounded.

Special to The Toronto World.
Portland, Maine, Feb. 14.—During the loading of the troop trains at Shed 5 of the Grand Trunk docks, just before noon today, a representative of The Toronto World walked thru the several rear cars of the first train being made up, which was filled with Canadian wounded who arrived on the R.M.S. Araguaya yesterday, now bound for Toronto and vicinity.

"Where do you fellows come from?" was the question fired into a group of them, each of whom had one leg off at the hip, one of whom also had an arm missing, and another who also had lost an eye. "We are from everywhere," was the reply of the spokesman, "I'm from Toronto myself, Matey here," indicating the one on his left, "he's one of our boys from Dominion, he was with the fin off used to draw drinks in a soda shop in Port William, Ont." "Yes," he put in, "and I'm going right back to Dominion in the same old soda shop. Come in Dominion Day, I will blow you to a good long one."

"Just what part of the war did you fellows come from?" was the next question. "Were you all hit at Chateau Thierry or somewhere?" "Anywhere and everywhere," said the same young fellow who proved to be Private James Halliday, 17 years of age, from Toronto. "We are from every place that the Canadians fought and got hit. I got mine, September 2, 1918, having been in the front for nearly two years," said Private Dallimore of the 134th Infantry.

"We went over at Arras after there had been shell fire for eight hours and I heard a whir and crumbled up in a shell hole. Three men fell by my side dead and another fellow who fell in the same hole came out as I did. Minus a left leg and left eye. Previous to losing my left leg and left eye I was with the fin off used to draw drinks in a soda shop in Port William, Ont."

"You folks here at Portland, have certainly given us boys a real welcome. We did not expect anything of the sort, but we have been told that you were tired of having hospital ships come into Halifax. It makes us boys feel mighty good to receive such a greeting and you bet that we will always remember the day we got back from the other side."

Pte. Richard Glazier of Toronto, a member of the 4th Canadian Mounted Rifles, advised that he received a shrapnel wound, and that he had been gassed several times, but added that he was feeling much better. He was in Vimy Ridge, and was in a shell hole for twenty hours when taken back. "I felt happy and at peace with the world," he said, "for I have done my bit toward stopping the Kaiser and his murderers."

COVENANT OF THE LEAGUE PRESENTED TO CONFERENCE

GERMANY TO REMAIN UNARMED PERIOD OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS
Understood on High Authority That This Will Be One of the Conditions to Be Imposed.

Special to The Toronto World and New York Tribunes.
(Copyright, 1919.)

Paris, Feb. 14.—It is understood, according to authoritative information, that among the conditions to be imposed on Germany under the armistice renewal, will be one enforcing the disarmament of the country for a period of years.

It is said that the number of years during which she must remain unarmed has been placed at twenty-five, contingent on ratification under the terms of peace which will eventually be imposed.

No More Annexations of Helpless Peoples, Says Wilson in Reading Document—Cecil Declares Great Principle of Disarmament is Involved—Italy's Premier Expresses Satisfaction.

Paris, Feb. 14.—President Wilson was the central figure of the plenary peace conference today when in person he read the covenant establishing a league of nations. There was added interest in the session as it was the last gathering of the delegates prior to the president's departure as well as being the occasion of presenting the document with which his name is identified.

The president was received with military honors as he arrived at the foreign office and the large crowds which had congregated gave him a cordial welcome as he passed thru the delegates already were assembled when the president entered the council chamber.

When he entered the chamber, the president was greeted by Premier Clemenceau, Foreign Secretary Balfour and Viscount Milner of Great Britain. There was little formality. Premier Clemenceau, who is president at the conference, called the conference to order and President Wilson addressed the gathering.

President Wilson said: "Mr. Chairman, I have the honor to assume it a very great privilege of representing in the name of the commission constituted by this conference on the formation of a league of nations. I am happy to say that it is a unanimous report, a unanimous report from the representatives of 14 nations—the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium, Brazil, China, Czechoslovakia, Greece, Poland, Portugal, Rumania and Serbia.

"I think it will be serviceable and interesting if I, with your permission, read the document as the only report we have to make."

President Wilson then read the draft. When he reached article XV, and had read thru the second paragraph, the president paused and said:

"I pause to point out a misconception which might arise in connection with one of the sentences I have just read: 'The party which claims the subject matter of dispute as against the party which has the subject matter in dispute.'"

"A case in point, a purely hypothetical case, is this: Suppose there is in the possession of a particular power a piece of territory, or some other substantial thing in dispute, to which it is claimed that it is not entitled. Suppose that the matter is submitted to the executive council for recommendation as to the settlement of the dispute, diplomacy having failed, and suppose that the decision is in favor of the party which claims the subject matter of dispute as against the party which has the subject matter in dispute.

"Then, if the party in possession of the subject matter in dispute merely sits still and does nothing, it has accepted the decision of the council, in the sense that it makes no resistance; but something must be done to see that it surrenders the subject matter in dispute.

"In such a case, the only case contemplated, it is provided that the executive council may then consider what steps will be necessary to oblige the party against whom judgment has been given to comply with the decisions of the council."

After having read article xix, President Wilson also stopped and said: "Let me say that before being embodied in this document this was the subject matter of a very careful discussion by representatives of the five greater parties, and that their unanimous conclusion is the matter embodied in this article."

After having read the entire document, President Wilson continued as follows:

"Discussion was harmonious. It gives me pleasure to add to this formal reading of the result of our labors that the character of the discussion which occurred at the sittings of the commission was not only of the most constructive but of the most encouraging sort. It was obvious throughout our proceedings, altho there were individual differences of opinion with regard to the method of judgment with respect to the subject matter of dispute, that the object was attained, there was practically at no point any serious differences of opinion or motive as to the objects which we were seeking.

"Indeed, while these debates were not made the opportunity for the expression of enthusiasm and sentiments, I think the other members of the commission will agree with me that there was an undertone of high respect and of enthusiasm for the thing we were trying to do which was heartening thru every meeting.

"Because we felt that in a way this conference did entrust unto us this expression of one of its highest and most important purposes, to see to it that the concord of the world in the

Sir E. Cassel Makes Rich Gift For Purposes of Education

London, Feb. 14.—Sir Ernest Cassel, the well-known financier, has placed in the hands of trustees half a million pounds sterling for educational purposes, particularly the following:

"First, the promotion of adult education in connection with the Workers' Educational Association or any other association or body approved by the trustees.

"Secondly, scholarships for encouraging the education of workmen or their sons in technical education.

"Thirdly, the promotion of the higher education of women by assistance to colleges for women.

"Fourthly, the promotion of the study of foreign languages.

"Fifthly, towards the establishment of a faculty of commerce in the University of London on such terms as the trustees may approve."

The trustees are Messrs. Asquith and Balfour, Miss Phillips Fawcett, A. A. Fisher, minister of education, Lord Haldane, Sir George Murray and Sidney Webb.

A BUSY LAST DAY AT ST. CATHARINES
Campaign for Conservatives Closed by Dr. Cody and G. Howard Ferguson.

St. Catharines, Feb. 14.—In the election circles here no attention is given to the Homer liquor seizures or the resultant arrests. The fight proceeds to its conclusion along the lines of attack and defense adhered to since the contest warmed up.

Tonight in the Grand Opera House Hon. Dr. Cody, and Hon. G. Howard Ferguson closed the campaign for Parnell. Herebefore only one member of the Hearst government at a time was summoned to the firing line. But it was felt by the local campaigners that there must be a big push at the end of the campaign.

Dr. Cody has been working in the constituency like a veteran politician. He takes to the work kindly and from his show of hearty enthusiasm tonight he appears to enjoy it. The two ministers were supported by Lieut.-Col. S. D. Scobell and the government candidate, P. B. Parnell. The two ministers were supported by Lieut.-Col. S. D. Scobell and the government candidate, P. B. Parnell. The two ministers were supported by Lieut.-Col. S. D. Scobell and the government candidate, P. B. Parnell.

ORGANIZED LABOR VOICES DEMANDS
Minister of Labor Tells Mass Meeting Government Not Unmindful

That with careful planning and calm consideration from all sides, the present great surplus of labor would be much decreased, and that within four months a demand for labor would arrive such as had been noted last summer, was the opinion expressed by Hon. Gideon Robertson, minister of labor, at last night's special mass meeting of organized labor, to consider the unemployment situation, held at the Labor Temple under the auspices of the Trades and Labor Council. Mr. Robertson vividly summarized the various activities of the government, both on behalf of the employed and the returned soldier, having under consideration plans for the employment of 134,000 men at a minimum wage of \$4 a day for six months.

The meeting finally ratified recommendations of its committee of the whole, to request legislation, for Adoption of a 40-hour week, at a minimum rate of \$5 a day, the wages to be increased in proper proportion to the time worked.

Appointment of commissions equally representative of government and labor interests, to take charge of the grants for housing purposes.

Immediate commencement of all federal, provincial and municipal public works.

Street Car Factory
Making of a street car factory out of the old Canadian airplanes plant and to acquire the plant of the British "Penguin" Works, for a locomotive shop for the Canadian government railways; nationalization of all public utilities under the jurisdiction of the federal government, (in accordance with an amendment proposed by Fred Bancroft, who desired autonomy for the province of Ontario, which had shown itself very responsive to such public utilities as the Hydro-Electric, now opposed by the Dominion government interest.

Compulsory education up to the age of 16, the government to provide, paying \$5 a week for the education of each child from 14 to 16, and to create an advisory board composed of both labor and government representatives.

The meeting decided to hold a mass meeting of organized labor at Massey Hall in the near future to discuss unemployment and a great mass meeting of organized labor at Queen's Park on February 25 to impress upon the government the seriousness of the present unemployment situation.

Senator Robertson in his address pointed out that the government had anticipated the conclusion of the war. It had been deemed wise to provide employment for the people upon lasting public works. Diverting a moment, Mr. Robertson stated that the transportation of munitions in Canada had been carried out with less congestion than in any other country during the war. A hundred million dollars would now be spent upon the improvement of the government systems. Forty thousand men would be needed on maintenance and construction.

TROOPS' HEALTH GOOD IN NORTHERN RUSSIA
Only Four Per Cent. in Hospital, Says Report From British War Office.

London, Feb. 14.—An official report on the condition of the troops in northern Russia, dated Feb. 1, and made public by the war office today, says that the medical arrangements are excellent.

"The health of the American troops, the report says, is very good and less than four per cent. are in hospitals from all causes. The winter has been mild, the food suitable and sufficient, and the sanitation has been improved as much as possible, the report adds. There have been no infectious diseases.

"There are hospital accommodations, it is added, for 20 per cent. of the troops, and the necessary medical supplies are being increased. There is an ambulance train for 100 cases and 100 ambulances and sleds. The trying period of the climatic conditions on the Murmansk coast has passed. The report says that special clothing has been provided, and that the soldiers will be no more inconvenienced than Englishmen are during a cold spell in England.

CZECHS WELCOME MISSION TO POLAND
Prague Crowds Cheer and City is Decorated With Allied Colors.

Prague, Feb. 14.—The allied mission which is proceeding to Poland to investigate the territorial disputes between the governments of Poland and Czechoslovakia, was welcomed cordially by the Czechs when it passed thru Prague on the way to Warsaw. The railway station and the city buildings were decorated with the allied colors.

Prominent Czechs say that Bohemia is sacrificing herself in the matter of coal, sugar and food. The street cars are running on half the normal schedule, and there are fewer lights at night than in Vienna. Food in the hotels and restaurants is more scarce than six weeks ago.

The citizens of the new republic are doing all in their power to maintain law and order against Bolshevist propaganda. Recently a Bolshevist agent was making a speech in the market place of the town of Krakau, 20 miles from Prague, when Miss Emily Masaryk, the daughter of the president, happened to pass by. She overheard the remarks of the speaker and asked permission to address the crowd. She made such a good stump speech that the Bolshevist agent was hooted and driven away.

ISSUE IN DOUBT
Party Lines Broken Down and Both Sides Are Confident.

By Special Correspondent of The Toronto World.

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DISMISS LT. A. G. M'GIS
The Minister of Labor Speaks.

Senator Robertson, minister of labor, made an excellent speech to the Trades and Labor Council of Toronto last night. He pointed out that the Ottawa government were giving two hundred and fifty millions of money for additional pay to soldiers for railway construction, for public buildings for good roads, etc., and that the expenditure was now more or less under way, and would be in full force shortly. This would greatly relieve the unemployment, that was more acute in Toronto than any place else. This amount was outside of what the local government, the city and others would spend.

He advised the labor organizations, in view of all the conditions, to go slow in reducing the length of the day or increasing wages; the fact that many prices were now beginning to decline, especially in the way of the necessities of living, might very shortly mean an increase in pay equal to twenty-five per cent. Labor and employer should do their best to work together, to keep up the scale of wages, but not to antagonize one another. The employer might have to reduce wages. They must respect the views of one another in these most unusual times.

The meeting seemed to be greatly pleased with the senator's speech, and warmly applauded him.

FREE FOOD TRAFFIC VIA CANALS AND RAILS
Commission on International Control is Attempting to Devise Scheme.

London, Feb. 14.—The commission dealing with international control of ports, railways and waterways has begun work on the basis of a draft prepared by Great Britain, according to the Daily Mail.

"The commission on ports, railways and waterways," the newspaper says, "has appointed two sub-committees, one of which sat for the first time today, to devise a scheme to provide for free passage of foods via canals and railways thru one state to another which may have no access to the sea.

"Before the war Austria had to make it a condition of carrying emigrant traffic en route to the United States that it should go by the Hamburg-American Line. The commission proposes to sweep away all restrictions of this nature. At first it was suggested that certain canals and railways should be placed under international control, but Great Britain regards this plan as unworkable.

"The second sub-committee will deal with special aspects of transit and navigation."

LABOR AMENDMENT DEFEATED
London, Feb. 14.—The Brace (Labor) amendment to the speech from the throne was defeated last night by a vote of 311 to 59.

CHAOS IS RAMPANT IN RUSSIAN SCHOOLS
No Ssemblance of Morality and Pupils' Committees Control the Masters.

London, Feb. 14.—The application of Bolshevist principles to education is producing the same chaos in the schools and universities of Russia as they produced in other institutions.

Reuter's correspondent has interviewed two English teachers of the Moscow Academy who left Russia three weeks ago. They said that boys and girls are herded together indiscriminately in the schools which are really bear gardens. There is no semblance of morality. No punishments are inflicted. Pupils' committees control the masters whom they dismiss at will. The masters must not disturb the meetings of pupils' committees. Every boy of 16 is entitled to enter the university without any kind of certificate, hence many under-graduates can neither read nor write.

MAIL FOR SIBERIA
Mails for the Canadian forces in Siberia will be despatched at the rate of one will be despatched at the general post office as follows:

Registered letter mail, 5 p.m., Friday, Feb. 21, 1919.

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STEAMER ARRIVALS
Steamer At From
Charleston.....New York.....East
(Cruiser transport).

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 6).

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(Cruiser transport).

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 6).

future with regard to the objects of justice should not be subjected to doubt or uncertainty.

"The no nation which shows the slightest desire to do anything but suggest the best means to accomplish our great object. There is very great significance, therefore, in the fact that the result was reached unanimously.

"Fourteen nations were represented, among them all of those powers which for convenience we have called the great powers, and among the rest representation of the greatest variety of circumstances and interests.

"There is one especially notable feature in this document, and that is the fact that it is a document which is not only a declaration of principle, but also a declaration of policy.

"Now as to the character of the document. While it has consumed some time to read this document, it is very simple, and in nothing so simple as in the structure which it suggests for a permanent security.

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is laid upon the secretary-general to publish every document that sort as it is possible for the secretary-general to publish them.

"I suppose most persons who have not been conversant with the business of foreign affairs do not realize how soon as a convention of states and agreements are made in a single year, and how difficult it might be to publish the more unimportant of them immediately. How uninteresting it would be to most of the world to publish them immediately, but even they must be published just as soon as it is possible for the secretary-general to publish them.

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YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS

EARLSCOURT EARLSCOURT BRITISH RETURN TO MOTHERLAND

There are quite a number of families in Earlscourt who have returned to their native land, and are now engaged in various occupations.

The first meeting of the Earlscourt British Association was held last night, and was attended by a large number of members.

The Earlscourt British Association has been organized, and will be held in the near future.

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NORWAY MAJOR ODORS COME BACK LIKE BOOMERANGS

The first meeting of the Ward 8 Liberal-Conservative Association was held last night, and was attended by a large number of members.

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URGES DISCRETION ORGANIZED LABOR IN ALIEN PROBLEM

President Steel Company Warns Some Plants May Have to Close.

Hamilton, Ont., Feb. 14.—That Canada was in a better position than any of the allied countries; that her problem was largely one of employment, and that the future, both in regards to finance and commerce, could be looked forward to with the utmost confidence, were some of the features in an address delivered by Hon. A. K. Maclean, acting minister of trade and commerce, to the Hamilton branch of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, in the Royal Connaught building, last night.

Other speakers were Sir John Willits, Col. (Ret.) Walter Boyd, and J. W. Walsh, H. H. Champ, president of the association, was in the chair.

Robert Holson, president of the Steel Company of Canada, in introducing the speaker, referred to the alien problem, and urged discretion in the matter.

"We should adopt the methods of our forefathers, Reform only by constitutional means," Hon. Mr. Maclean emphasized that Canada was largely one of employment due to the restrictions of commerce following the declaration of war.

"I do not think there is another country in the world that is in such a favorable position as Canada, and we have the capacity to expand and financially we are almost self-sufficient."

Discussions of the government were planned to take place in reconstruction. Hon. Mr. Maclean said: "It is not in our power to provide employment there has been established in England and in other countries."

"The government is going to do its best to provide employment there has been established in England and in other countries."

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ORGANIZED LABOR VOICES DEMANDS

Construction Alone. Public Works for Some Time to Come will be Largely Carried out in the Great Industrial Centres, Where Unemployment would be most acute.

Contracts were not usually let until late in the summer, but the present plan was to have tenders called for as soon as the estimates were passed. This would prove that the government today was not unmindful of the needs of the people at the moment.

Again, \$100,000,000 was being paid in gratuities to returned soldiers, and in this way much possible immediate suffering would be avoided.

The government had also deemed it necessary to encourage the building of homes suited to the needs of an ever advancing population.

This would serve a twofold purpose, the erection of thousands of decent comfortable homes and also employment for many thousands of citizens.

Mr. Robertson sincerely regretted the inactivity of the Toronto municipality in this respect.

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IF IT OCCURS TO YOU

There is a better plumbing way—a quicker service, by skilled and experienced men, who come to your home, your office or warehouse, in any part of the city, and come by motor car, fully equipped with all the necessary tools, to do your work—who will lose no time coming or going—we repeat, if it occurs to you that this is MODERNIZED plumbing service—and you want it more than the old-time plumber—just phone Shannon.

WE ANSWER CALLS AT ANY HOUR—WE GO TO ANY PART OF TORONTO

JUST PHONE. SHANNON THE PLUMBER

WATCH REPAIRING THE WANLESS CO.

A BUSY LAST DAY AT ST. CATHARINES

One enthusiastic worker for Parrell claimed today that the government candidate would get a majority of 1,500 in the two townships and in Merriton, and would break even in the other parts of the constituency, including St. Catharines.

The party lines have disappeared. Longdon has found supporters even among the manufacturers, a few of whom hold it a mistaken attitude for the employers to come out against a labor man or identify themselves as a class with a government that denies the privilege to labor to contest an election because of the war alliance of Heart and the Tories.

Mr. Lyons advocated that all married unemployed be paid \$100 a month, and unmarried unemployed \$70 a month while unemployed.

Ukrainians Organize for Re-emigration. Form Committee and Forward a Resolution to Secretary of State.

Hamilton, Feb. 14.—Ukrainians of Hamilton, who recently petitioned the government to permit them to return to their homes in order to help in the reconstruction of their country, have formed a re-emigration committee.

WEST TORONTO. Regarding the flooding of the pavements on Willard street, south of Annet street and the flooding of cellars, the city engineer has ordered that the water be cut off from the street.

MIMICO. Charles E. Ring, who is today running for councillor, advocates better drainage of the city.

LEASIDE. Under the auspices of St. Cuthbert's Social Club, Leaside, a social and entertainment was held last night in the Parish Hall.

MARKHAM. Markham's Board of Trade has been reorganized, and the following officers elected: Wm. W. Wilson, president; J. W. Wilson, vice-president; J. M. Winkler, secretary; C. S. Todd, treasurer.

AGINCOURT. Agincourt Women's War Relief Society held its latest meeting last night after four years of splendid work.

HAMILTON NEWS. Hamilton, Feb. 14.—It is now considered probable that Hamilton this year will have a record of control finding it difficult to get the estimates.

ST Men

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worsted checked three-button suits; plaid day sport mixture and dark form-fitting seams, high st have 2 39.

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HAVE YOU A "D. A."? A deposit account is one of the greatest conveniences in ordering goods by telephone. Apply for particulars at the "D. A." Office on the Fourth Floor.

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

At Yonge, Queen and James Street Doors are boxes where orders or instructions may be placed. These boxes are emptied every hour until 1 p.m., and twice in the afternoon.

1869—GOLDEN JUBILEE—1919

STORE CLOSSES SATURDAY ONE P.M.—NO NOON DELIVERY

Men's Neckwear of Silk, Silk With Fibre Silk, and Cotton Mixtures, in Clearance at 50c

Special! Men's Suits of Worsted and Tweed, \$23.50; Cheviot, \$25.00

Suits for Men for Business Wear—Suits for Young Men for Best Wear—Featuring the Prevailing Waisted Style With All Around Seam

The suits for men are of smooth finished union worsteds and wool and cotton mixed tweeds in small checked patterns in grey, brown and olive shades, in the three-button, semi-fitting style; vests close with five buttons; trousers have side, watch and two hip pockets; plain or with cuff bottoms. Sizes 36 to 44. Today, special, \$23.50.

The Young Men's Suits are of wool and cotton mixtures of soft finished cheviot, in brown, heather and dark shades; are in the single and double-breasted, form-fitting style, and have seam around waist, raised seams, high waist, peak or notch lapels, flare back with high step vent, and slash pockets. Some of the coats have one outside breast pocket with flap; others have two breast pockets with flap; 5 button vest; trousers have 2 side, a watch and 2 hip pockets. Sizes 34 to 39. Special, \$25.00.

—Main Floor, Queen St.

Boys' Juvenile Suits, 3 to 8 Years, Special, \$3.95

Boys' Juvenile Suits, in medium shades of grey cotton and wool mixed tweeds, in many different models, including the "Tommy Tucker," which is in single-breasted style and buttons close to neck with self collar; has all around belt, and patch pockets. The "Russian" model has braid trimmed sailor collar, with white shield and black tie. Coat has three knife pleats to belt, which is stitched on. The Trencher model is in single-breasted style, buttons close to neck with self collar; has all around belt with combination buckle and button fastener, slash pockets and box back. These suits are well lined throughout. Tommy Tucker and Trench models have straight knee pants, while the Russian model has bloomers. Sizes 3 to 8 years. Special, \$3.95.

Saturday Special, \$5.50

Boys' Blue Serge Suits of cotton and wool mixtures, in double-breasted trench model, buttoning close to neck, with self collar. Some have a white detachable collar and black tie; all have belt with combination buckle and button fastener, slash pockets, plain box back, and straight knee pants. Sizes 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 years only. Today, \$5.50.

Boys' Dark Mixed Cotton Worsteds in the single-breasted trench model, with combination buckle and button fastener, slash pockets, plain box back, full-fitting bloomers, with strap and buckle at knee. Sizes 25 to 28, \$4.85. Sizes 29 to 33, \$5.35.

Boys' All-Wool Black Serge Suits, Special, \$9.00

In trench, single-breasted, plain fronted style, with all around belt, having combination buckle and button fastener, slash pockets, box back with inverted pleat running down centre of back, full-fashioned bloomers with strap and buckle at knee, and durable linings included; also are a few cotton and wool mixed tweed suits in medium and dark shades of grey and brown in the trencher style, with all around belt having special buckle and button fastener, slash pockets, inverted pleat running down centre of back, and full-fashioned bloomers with strap and buckle at knee. Sizes 29 to 34. Special, \$9.00.

—Main Floor, Queen St.

It's a clean up of odd and broken ranges, also a few manufacturers' samples of all silk, silk with fibre silk or artificial silk and cotton mixtures. Are in graduating shape, and have wide flowing ends, and thin, firmly sewn neckbands. In polka dots, a m b r e s or interwoven stripes. Today, 50c.



Men's Combinations, cotton mixtures, of medium weight, in fine elastic rib; have closed croch, closely fitting cuffs and ankles. Sizes 34 to 46, with the exception of 40. Special, suit, \$2.45.

Men's Combinations, "seconds," of cotton, in fine elastic rib or flat knit; have double or single bodies. Closed croch, close fitting cuffs and ankles, in cream and light or dark natural shades. Sizes 34 to 42. Suit, 98c.

Men's Shirts, of fancy striped printed cotton, in double cluster, or spaced effects, in blue, black, grey, mauve and green. Some have soft cuffs, others laundered cuffs and neckbands. All are in coat style. Sizes ranging from 14 to 17, \$1.00.

Men's Light Blue Chambray Work Shirts, of medium weight, with lay down attached collar and breast pocket. Sizes 14 to 16½. Each, \$1.00.

Note also: Men's Silk Squares, in plain black or khaki silk at 98c. About 36 inches square. A few are in tubular style, with fringed ends in navy blue or Paisley borders; these are of a silk and cotton mixture. Less than half price, today, 98c.

—Main Floor, Centre.

This Morning Extra! Women's Fibre Silk Ankle Length Hosiery, Pair, 25c

For this item we cannot take phone or mail orders, the quantity being limited

A whole day's business in half a day results in this extraordinary special in hosiery today. It's hosiery much in demand for general wear, and at this astonishingly low price should fairly crowd the department at 8.30 today. They are fibre silk plated, ankle length hosiery in plain black only, and are cotton spliced at heels and toes. A big special today, per pair, 25c.

More Splendid Values in Hosiery for Men, Women and Children

Infants' and Children's Fine Ribbed All-wool Hosiery. Made of Botany yarns in black, white, sky, cardinal, brown, or tan. Extra elastic fitting and seamless. "Multiplex Brand." Sizes 4 to 8½, according to size, per pair, 60c to \$1.25.

Children's Ribbed Black Cotton Hosiery, double ply leg, seamless throughout, and elastic fitting. Also reinforced at heel, toe and sole with extra ply. Made of extra twisted serviceable maco yarns. Sizes 6 to 10. Per pair, 50c.

Women's Mercerized Lisle Hosiery in black, white, champagne, castor and medium grey. All seamless, with even sheer weave, reinforced at heels, toes and soles with extra ply. "Multiplex Brand." Sizes 8½ to 10. Per pair, 50c.

Men's Black and Grey Strong Cotton Socks, plain weave and seamless finish. Made of extra durable maco yarns, with double ply spliced heels, toes and soles. Also elastic fitting ribbed cuffs. "Multiplex Brand." Exceptional value, per pair, 25c.

—Main Floor, Yonge St.

Men's Khaki and Black Silk Handkerchiefs at Half and Less Than Half the Usual Price, Each, 25c

Not More Than Two Dozen to a Customer

Here's a chance to secure a supply of these practical silk handkerchiefs at remarkable savings, for they are offered at half-price and less than half the usual prices! Some are in khaki, while others are black, and they are 21 inches square, finished with hemstitched hems. They are of extra heavy plain or twilled silk. An early visit is advisable, as at such an unusual price they're bound to clear quickly! Today, each, 25c.

—Main Floor, Centre.

Special! Men's and Women's Umbrellas at \$1.95

These umbrellas have strong cotton covers, mounted on durable frame and rod. The handles are well finished and available in the crook and opera shapes for men, and the long straight style or short handled effects with wrist loops for women. Special, at \$1.95.

—Main Floor, Yonge St.

1869—1919

THE T. EATON CO LIMITED

1869—1919

GERMANS ABANDON ATTACK ON POLES

Offensive Stopped as Result of Political Dissensions Among Troops.

Berlin, Feb. 14.—The German offensive against the Poles has come to a halt as the result of political dissensions among the troops, according to a despatch to The Tagblatt from Bromberg. The soldiers' council refused to recognize an order recently issued by the minister of war. The operations then ceased in spite of the fact that the Germans had established a favorable offensive position against the Poles who were expected to advance with numerically superior forces. A company of German soldiers under Lieutenant Parthenheimer, refused to return to Bromberg in the face of warnings, and the despatch adds, were attacked on three sides by heavy Polish forces. The com-

pany was almost entirely wiped out and Parthenheimer was killed. The despatch to The Tagblatt says that the German forces are now reorganizing for another offensive and will endeavor primarily to defend the railway connection between Bromberg and Schneidemuhl against Polish artillery attacks. The despatch says that Poles in occupied territory are compelling German families to send telegrams to male members asking them to return home at once. It is added that when the men return they are forced into the Polish army under threat of internment.

P.P.C.L.I. ORIGINALS AT PRINCESS' WEDDING

London, Feb. 14.—The infantry of the Princess Patricia's regiment will form the guard of honor at Westminster Abbey on February 27 and will be composed of the original members. The Ontario hospital at Orpington, in which the bride showed active interest, will be specially represented. The trousseau will be simple and not beyond that of any bride of an officer of equal rank, with the princess' future husband. No materials are being ordered outside the British empire; stories of lavish shipments of silk, etc., are pure fiction.

Predicts Airship Will Be Used For Crossing of the Atlantic

London, Feb. 14.—Major-General Bracker, speaking at Newcastle, said the future would see mails carried by 200 mile stages. The airship would be used for crossing the Atlantic. The government was pledged to retrenchment; therefore, the country would have to depend on individual enterprise.

ONE-TENTH FOREIGNERS

Brantford, Feb. 14.—Financial provisions for four constables not yet returned from overseas, were included in the draft estimates of the police commission today. This would bring the staff up to 16, the Chief Slemm recommended a staff of 20. There are 236 foreigners here, and these, one-tenth of the population, were responsible for one-quarter of the crime. The chief recommended that they be deported.

TO TRANSFER RED CROSS TO A PEACE FOOTING

Geneva, Feb. 14.—The meeting of the allied Red Cross societies and the Red Cross international committee has decided to invite all committees to report on plans for the transfer of the efforts of the organization from a war to a peace footing, notably in the direction of such activities as child welfare, public health, the fight against tuberculosis and the assistance of victims of the war. These reports will be considered by an international conference of Red Cross delegates, which it is proposed to summon to meet here a month after the signature of the treaty of peace. This meeting has the endorsement of the allied governments. At that time a plan of action will be elaborated.

Report Distressed Oil Tanker Trying to Make Port of Halifax

Halifax, Feb. 14.—The distressed United States oil tanker, J. M. Guffey, according to latest reports received here, is off the harbor of St. John's, Nfld., trying to make port. The Ramore Head, which went to the Guffey's assistance, is expected to have reached her position today.

Late Lt.-Col. F. G. Benson Leaves an Estate of \$30,000

Special to The Toronto World. Cobourg, Feb. 14.—The late Lieut.-Col. F. G. Benson of Port Hope left an estate of about \$30,000. Among legacies are \$200 to the Church of St. John, Port Hope, and \$200 to the Port Hope hospital. The residue of the estate after payment of legacies, is divided equally between his five nieces: Mrs. Blake, Mrs. Morris, Mrs. Jaffray, Miss Clara Benson and a nephew, G. Bengley Benson.

House Occupants Just Escape When Fire Occurs at Colborne

Special to The Toronto World. Colborne, Feb. 14.—The dwelling house and barn belonging to Dwight Williams, situated about two and a half miles southwest of this village, was totally consumed by fire. Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Taylor, who occupied the house had a narrow escape, as the roof had commenced to fall in before they were awakened. The cause of the fire is unknown. There was only a small insurance on the building and contents.

REPORT AMALGAMATION OF RED CROSS UNITS

By W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent. Vladivostok, Feb. 13.—Arrangements have been completed for the amalgamation of the British and Canadian Red Cross organizations here in charge of Col. J. S. Dennis, the Canadian commissioner. The staffs of both societies are to be taken over by the new body. Plans are under way for the construction of a large hospital in Vladivostok, for the treatment of typhus and other cases. Capt. Holmes, Toronto, and Lieut. Smith, Vancouver, former assistant commissioner and secretary, respectively, of the Canadian Red Cross, sailed for Canada on Feb. 12.

RELEASE BRITISH MUNITIONERS.

Washington, Feb. 14.—It was announced today at the state department that the British government had agreed to the release of British subjects who went from the United States to Great Britain to work in munitions plants so that they might return to this country with their wives and families.

MERGING AIR FORCE IS NOT INTENDED

London, Feb. 14.—The Right Hon. Winston Churchill, minister of war, speaking on air matters last night said that the military and air forces must be harmoniously interposed and disposed throughout the empire. There was not the slightest intention of merging the air force into the army. "We shall not," he said, "help matters forward if we begin to teach the public to expect all sorts of performances which altho they are within view, are certainly not yet within reach."

Warning by Labor Minister In Regard to Shipbuilding

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—A warning that "it will be difficult if not impossible" to maintain the shipbuilding in Canada, because of the high cost of producing ships as compared with cost in Britain, "especially if it is to be interrupted by labor disputes," was conveyed by Hon. G. D. Robertson, minister of labor, in a telegram to Mr. Justice Murphy, who is investigating wage difficulties in the Coughlin yards.

OCCURS YOU

a better plumbing service, by experienced men, your home, your house, in any part and come by motor tipped, with all the will lose no time. We repeat, if you that this is D plumbing service want it more time plumber.

CALLS AT WE GO TO OF TORONTO

PHONE.

ANNON LUMBER

738-739 ranch, Phone 334.

REPAIRING able, Reasonable.

ANLESS CO. ange Street, ROOM 1, UPSTAIRS.

LAST DAY CATHARINES

ed From Page 1).

ie worker for Parfall that the government get a majority of 1,500 ships and in Merrittton, ask even in the other constituency, including St. his is the largest claim made, but anything is Lines Gone.

ines have disappeared. found supporters even manufacturers, a few of a mistaken attitude for to come out against a identify themselves as a government that, elege to labor to contest because of the war all- and Praegerfoot, Cockburn, at the closing House rally of the is last night, took a p as a returned soldier, disclaimed party infu- he had come upon tform because upon his France he was not nat- tical conditions in Can- en he had looked over carefully he had come rate conclusion that the the Independent Labor hat he wanted.

ment evoked a roar of was made in the p- e representatives of ions than are generally common political plat- were present. Joseph laslava Falls, who ast- ized the Independent in St. Catharines; Joseph onto, J. McAnanich who is the leader of the Labor party there; of Toronto, vice-pres- independent Labor party; of Ottawa, president of nd Labor Congress; Wil- of Toronto, Mayor Mac- nford, and several mem- the labor caucus; and s signaled a substantial and the cause of the re- s. provided one and the most ing of the campaign. ance of a rift within the asserted by the support- no have been joined by Mr. Toronto, a member of the et Trades and Labor Cen- diale has come forth a thick- er of Sir William Hearst s. He warns St. Cathar- at their will be the loss if elect a supporter of st. Mr. Gunn declines the- able to speak for the Pat- orators' Union, of which the business agent, a tele- by W. Stephenson, J. A. L. Phillips, on behalf of Toronto, has also been ng that Mr. Stockdale only himself.

CK BY RUNAWAY. nan, 417 College street, was ut the head yesterday an he was run down by horse on College near rect. The horse belongs et Tea Company. This was in a store on Col- the horse took flight and linat was removed to the hospital.

RICHES' COUNSEL THREATENS PRESS

Reports Unfavorable to His Client, Says George Wilkie, K.C.

CRUELTY ALLEGED Judge Grants Interim Alimony Pending Renewal of Case.

When the Riches case was resumed before Chief Justice Sir William McLaughlin, yesterday, George Wilkie, K.C., counsel for the defendant, Major C. H. Riches, addressed the members of the press with considerable anger, charging them with having reported what was favorable to the plaintiff and omitting everything which came out in the evidence in favor of his client. "I have been too busy to attend to the newspapers, but I'll take care of you fellows unless you give a correct report," he promised.

For the third day in succession, Olive Adele Riches, plaintiff in the action, entered the box in the furtherance of her suit against her husband, from whom she claims \$50 a week alimony, and the return of \$1000, which she alleges to have loaned him. Quietly dressed, and showing no strain of the severe cross-examination which she had undergone at the hands of Mr. Wilkie, witness seemed yesterday to have taken on a new impassivity, and showed no trace of the agitation which obsessed her on the first day of the trial.

Mrs. Riches told of a quarrel with plaintiff over Fred Ball, a relation of hers who visited her mother and during his stay, her husband quarreled with him, because Ball was an American, declaring that Americans did not have enough "guts" to fight. This was before the Americans were in the war. In reply to a question from counsel, Mrs. Riches declared that her husband was not then in uniform or in the war.

Baby Born.
Then a baby was born to her in August, 1917, and after defendant treated her well while she was in the hospital, they had quarreled immediately after she was well, over her wanting to go to her mother's home. After she came home, another quarrel was brought on by the mention of Mr. Ball's name, and because she rebuked him for talking disparagingly about him (Ball), he had pulled the table cloth and dishes off the table on the floor.

Later she had left her husband to go to Cleveland, Ohio, taking her newborn baby with her. She had written back to her husband for expenses to come home with, for the baby's sake, she said, but as he did not even answer her, she could not think of coming back. At this stage the witness again broke down and sobbed bitterly as she related her trials while away from the matrimonial roof. Her brother-in-law, Mr. Ball, had finally paid her to come back home, although she admitted that she had money in the bank in Toronto.

Witness then told of a scene which occurred at defendant's office, where she went down to see him over an alleged statement which he had made to her mother, when he had declared that the back door was open for her. Mrs. Riches claims that her husband, all the time she was talking to him, sat smoking his pipe and puffing the smoke in her face, which angered her so much that she tried to wrest the pipe from his mouth. But he had caught her hands and then tore off her hat, which was secured with two hatpins, and then took both her feet and dragged her around the floor.

After the relation of the above domestic tragedy, the evidence turned to a more humorous vein when Mrs. Riches claimed that she had grey hair. She had pulled millions of them out, she declared, and when Mr. Wilkie declared himself skeptical, saying that he did not see any, Mrs. Riches replied that she still had plenty but she tried to keep them concealed.

Too Numerous.
Jennie McLaughlin, a former domestic in the Riches' home, who came all the way from Manitoba to give evidence, told of the many scenes which had occurred in the home. Mrs. Riches, she said, was not a woman of temper, but more of an hysterical temperament, while Major Riches had several times in her presence smashed pictures and dishes. Asked of the Moseby incident, witness replied, "Too ridiculous for anything. The colonel was a helpless, tottering old man, and anyone would feel sorry for him."

Witness said that the quarrels between the pair were so numerous she could not remember any of the principal ones. All the quarrels were only words, concluded Mrs. McLaughlin.

Another witness, J. Earl Lawson, who married a sister of the plaintiff, told of having met the defendant three times before the marriage to Mrs. Riches. The first intimation he had of the Riches' matrimonial troubles came to him while Mrs. Riches was dining at his home. After that Major Riches called him on the telephone, and asked him to come down to his office. When he became aware that the discussion was to be on family matters, Lawson stated he at first refused to go. Later he went and Riches blamed family interference, and referred particularly to the trouble which had been occasioned by a brother-in-law. "Riches," said the witness, "showed me a mass of correspondence, and said that he had kept a copy of every letter he had written to his wife. You tell Mrs. Riches that she will never get all many out of me."

Another Row.
Another row occurred when Lawson took Mrs. Riches to a house on Kettle street to get clothes, but she swore at the time that she would not let her take the clothes, but would throw them out in the back yard and burn them. Witness told of seeing Mrs. Riches before she went to Cleveland, and thought she was in a very debilitated condition. He met Major Riches soon after and found that he was blaming him for his troubles.

"Your miserable little soul, Lawson, I am going to take your hide off for running around with my wife," was the greeting the witness said he received from Riches.

"How often has she been out with you?" asked Mr. Godfrey.
"Once I was asked to take Mrs. Riches in my car to do some shopping. My wife stayed with Mr. Riches. The second time was when I was asked to drive Mrs. Riches to

GUNN ADVOCATES WHITLEY SCHEME

Labor Leader Upholds Trades Unionism and Educational Reform.

NOT "HANDS" BUT MEN Spirit of True Co-operation Necessary for Maximum Production.

J. T. Gunn advocated the adoption of the Whitley scheme of co-operation between employers and employed, as applied in England, before the Electric Club at luncheon yesterday. H. H. Couzens of the city Hydro presided.

Mr. Gunn said that there are evidences in the English-speaking parts of the world that there is a large amount of discontent in the labor world. There were two schools of thought in the ranks of labor. First, were those who frankly believed in force, and in class war. In that school Mr. Gunn did not believe. The other school believed that all who were born into the world had fundamental rights. These were to be obtained by education, both of our own class and all classes. He thought there should be closer intimacy between those who have management in charge and the men.

The discontent in Great Britain was said to be due to a revolt against the labor leaders. This was not entirely true. The shop stewards had a great deal to do with it, but he believed the good sense of the British people would bring them back to their labor allegiance.

On Human Factor.
In Canada the influence of Great Britain was marked, and on that account an effort was necessary to understand the situation there. The Whitley scheme now being adopted in England is based on the human factor. The employer should understand that he was in intercourse with his fellow men, the production of things necessary to the common good. It should be realized what smouldering resentment was roused in the minds of intelligent men when they were referred to as "my hands," "my employees," and so forth.

The employer should take into consideration not merely his salaried officials, but the men who do the work. He should not work for profit, but to produce the things which are needed for the public advantage.

These principles were embodied in what is called the Whitley report. He did not agree with Lloyd George in everything but he was certainly with him on the question of education and investigation of labor problems.

The essence of the Whitley scheme was the beginning of democracy in industry. Under it, men were no longer to be regarded as "hands" but as human beings.

Mr. Gunn pointed out the difference between the Whitley scheme and the Mackenzie-King scheme. The latter did not take into account the fact that the workers were the ones who did the work, and this he thought was a mistake, as the labor men trusted the unions and had benefited greatly by them.

He illustrated the point by a reference to the co-partnership scheme of the South Metropolitan Gas Company. When trouble came the workers stood by the company, and the company finally recognized, and since working their scheme thru the unions it had been a great success.

The workers who had pride and interest in their skill and craft, and the employers made a mistake not to use this sentiment instead of opposing it.

The argument used by some people that the worker should get all he produced, overlooked the fact that even if capitalists were done away with, a capital reserve for replacements would be needed of the six billions of capital produced every year in tools and plant replacements. A collective estate could not get all the profit it produced.

Equitable Shares.
The only thing that can be done is to let men employed in industry, have an equitable proportion of what they produce. To see the fairness of this, it only need be realized that all the wealth of the country is produced by the workers each year.

Only by greater production can there be higher wages and more comfort for the working people, and the employer should be willing to give an equitable proportion of the product to the workers. The water production would not be procured unless the employers sat down with the workers as men and not as machines or commodities, and the goods with them on reasonable grounds.

It is only the man who gets sufficient wages who can purchase the products, and in this way only can prosperity be maintained. The British idea was different from the German, whose philosophers figured out that three per cent. of unemployment must be maintained to provide cheap labor for the employers.

Mr. Gunn recommended that the employers take up the application of the Whitley scheme thru the trades unions. Otherwise they would have to provide for the security of the labor supply.

Mr. Gunn spoke in favor of a revision of the education system of the province. The child was not the only one who received benefit. The whole community was being educated to a higher standard of its individuals. Those who had risen from the ranks must have known many in their experience who, with such educational advantages as might be provided, would have become able members of society. The whole community suffered from the loss of such potential development.

It Happens in the Best Regulated Families By CRIGGS



West Hartlepool, England, which will go to his widow, Helma, Thomas Rainnie, a tailor, who died last November, left an estate of \$1420, and three children. William M. Gray, who died Jan. 22, 1919, left an estate of \$700. His wife and one daughter will inherit. Mrs. Rosie Cominsky, widow of Wolfe Cominsky, who died intestate Nov. 2, 1918, will inherit the entire estate of \$687.

UNION TRUST HAS PROSPEROUS YEAR

Substantial Surplus Shown After Dividends and Contributions to War Funds.

Increase profits of \$12,779.40 over the 1917 profits are shown by the Union Trust Company, Limited, in the annual statement, which appears elsewhere in this issue.

The net profits for the year amount to \$111,226.04. This showing of the company in view of the continued high interest rates, restrictions upon investments, and the almost unanimous participation of Canadian people in war loans, should be considered satisfactory by all those interested in the company.

Out of the earnings of the year there was paid dividends of \$10,000, taxes and contributions to the patriotic fund and other war funds \$12,863.17, leaving a balance of \$25,262.87 to be added to the 1917 statement in profit and loss account, which now shows a credit of \$41,404.84.

It was reported that the company's investments and assets generally had been carefully looked after by the directors and inspection committee appointed by the shareholders, and that the investments and loans are held at fair and reasonable values.

Henry F. Gooderham is president, and S. Strathy, vice-president of the company, whose head offices are located at the corner of Bay and Richmond streets.

ALDERMEN ABSENT; BUSINESS DELAYED

Property Committee Fail to Make Quorum to Deal With Estimates.

A meeting of the property committee was held last night to consider the estimates, but as only the chairman and Ald. Fineman showed up, the meeting did not take place. Lack of a quorum was attributed to phone messages by Ald. Mogridge, who apparently had another engagement, and was not anxious for the other members to get on with the city's work.

Ald. Ball, the chairman, protested strongly when the members failed to put in an appearance. He said he was particularly desirous of getting ahead with the estimates, and Commissioner Chisholm had lost no time in presenting his budget. The chairman further said that the estimates involved a lot of inside and outside work which would be particularly acceptable to many men now out of employment.

At the last meeting of the committee, the chairman asked the members to name the date and time of meeting, but they unanimously agreed to leave it to the call of the chairman. So that little further time would be lost, Ald. Ball has called the meeting for Monday next at 2 p.m., when the matters which should have been taken up last evening will be discussed, and at 3.30 the estimates will be gone on with.

ROYAL AIR FORCE BLANKETS
Headquarters For Retail Trade.
We will put on sale Saturday and Monday 1,000 specially selected stock of Woolen Blankets, regular \$3.50 for \$2.90, or \$5.75 per pair.
These blankets have all been graded and are great value, original cost of these blankets being \$14.00 per pair. We have another line we are placing on this special sale will be a smaller blanket at \$2.15, or \$4.25 per pair. These blankets are great value at this price. We have only a few left at this price and are reducing the price to clear this lot. There being very few of this line left now, would advise purchasers to come early. Store open 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.
Special attention paid to our out-of-town customers. We would advise you, however, to purchase our \$3.00 line, for we are sure they will give you greatest satisfaction. Remit to F. G. Mackenzie, 426 Yonge Street. Largest retail store. Nothing but Blankets.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS.
George Murray, K.C., who died in Toronto, Feb. 1919, left an estate valued at \$11,900, of which \$6000 will go to his daughter, Mrs. Isabella Jarvis, while the residue will be divided up between a number of relatives.
By a will made Aug. 7, 1918, Pte. John T. Moore, who was killed in action Sept. 2, 1918, left his entire estate, valued at \$1690, to his sister, Miss Margaret Moore, who lives in

Did YOU Save That Dollar On Your Sunday Dinner?

An ordinary dinner on the last Sunday in January cost a dollar less than it did the Sunday before, according to one market expert, who is showing how the tide of food prices so long at the flood is beginning to turn. The Philadelphia Evening Public Ledger considers the "dissolution of the league of rations" to be in sight when "eggs have begun the Humpty-Dumpty act; butter charges are in a melting mood," and "meat bills are facing a decline." The drop may not be any "shocking, joyous surprise," but the Boston Globe is certain that "gradually it will wiggle its way down to the things we buy at the corner store."

Read the leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST this week (February 15th) and learn why editors throughout the country are jubilant over the tendency toward declining costs of living everywhere evident. The article goes into much detail and covers such necessities as corn, oats, barley, rye, beef, poultry, pork, cheese, eggs and butter; also clothing.

Other striking articles in this number are:

- Italy's Claim to Dalmatia
- Religious Press on the Prohibition Amendment
- Labor Reconstruction Programs
- Mr. Burleson Under Fire
- German Austria Finding Itself
- Timber's Horn of Plenty
- Unracking Extraordinary
- American Composers Tested by Hofmann
- The Revealer of Spain
- Best of the Current Poetry
- A Flurry Over Britain's Embargo
- The Toll of War and Pestilence
- The Future of Germany's Colonies
- Success of the Electric Battleship
- Safety for Women in Factories
- Our Railway Mileage Shrinking
- Socializing Germany by Education
- A Huge Drive for Missions
- The New and the Old Poland
- News of Finance and Commerce
- Personal Glimpses of Men and Events

Many Interesting Illustrations, Including Cartoons

Proving "The Digest"

You need THE LITERARY DIGEST—and we can prove it. Stop at a newsstand, invest ten cents in this week's number, and you'll have all the proof necessary. One glance through a copy will convince you that it is the only sure way by which you can intelligently follow the world's news and keep well informed on the events of the day. You will value, first of all, its time-saving conciseness which helps you to pick out any subject of interest and get the vital points in a moment. You will admire its stand for the whole truth when you see every question presented from every viewpoint. You will feel the appeal of its many interesting stories of individual experience and enjoy the humorous, suggestive cartoons. You will read THE DIGEST from cover to cover. Get this week's number and see if you won't.

February 15th Number on Sale Today—All Newsdealers—10 Cents

"Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest"

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

SATURDAY

EQUAL PA
EQ

Dr. Hunter Against Inc

NEW JA

Motion Ad \$410.00 Co

Dr. John Hunter protest against the stipulation at a special meeting moved that a committee be appointed with especial regard to the question of equal pay. He quoted \$2500 as the amount of the general practice.

Dr. Hunter's motion only received the support of Dr. C. J. King department changed until the commission was received. Dr. Br were the only motion.

Trustee C. A. is the finance urgent need of Dr. John No 000 for a new floor street to Collegiate, and pletion of the c be inserted in motion was a adverse commed on against as could be expected.

Qua

Trustee C. A. the maintenance owing by abo lion dollars. Cressed to app By the casting of the committee increase of \$10 teachers was a rule, instead of The estimate following: E That the sum the estimates pose of holding popular work ards, domestic crafts. That the mi principla, wa of high schools be increased an annu until the re That there be ant teachers a ries for the Gr graduates who head of a de rates and all o ated at the h \$2500. That the mi school principa be \$1800 and with an increa until the maxim That the schoo of six receive a min and a maxim increase of \$10 maximum is. That the p avenue, Allan, Lee Schools be rate of \$1900. That the pr School and 3 Children's Sch per annum in lar salary. That the pr manded be vic Alexandra Ind \$1500.

WANTED: MIN

Dr. Hastings the reported iment to establ ment, yon "we want health and w "We have go wean in yon is unfortunate few municipa vices that re dation of m solution of the homes. We h in Toronto, a any other pla where they ha gination for But if the m meet it would situation rema

FIRE A

Chief Smith, in this year a atory of \$1,65 ment. This of \$119,680 ov \$1,235,800. The amount various bran ceance, \$81, \$95,000, per at fund, \$27 apparatus ask combination h trucks, and der truck and der truck, w cost in all \$7

SURVEY

Appointment principal of W ile, and K. B. M. o of board to und tion work to schools of On direct way t industries, w afternoon by of education, of appointees w the establishm dential centre

The president that the gove the complete army.

EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL SERVICE

Dr. Hunter Makes Protest Against Unstipulated Increases.

NEW JARVIS HIGH Motion Adopted to Spend \$410,000 on New Collegiate.

Dr. John Hunter made a vigorous protest against salary increases, other than the stipulated annual increase, at a special meeting of the board of education yesterday afternoon.

Trustee C. A. B. Brown, chairman of the finance board, brought up the urgent need of more high schools.

Dr. John Noble moved that \$250,000 for a new high school on East Eglar street, to relieve Jarvis Street Collegiate, and \$160,000 for the completion of the commercial high school be inserted in the estimates.

Trustee C. A. B. Brown stated that the maintenance account would be increased by about a quarter of a million dollars.

Owing to the great extent of the shut down on building during the war, the building estimates had to be raised to approximately \$1,750,000.

By the casting vote of the chairman of the committee of the whole, the increase of \$100 a year for female teachers was made the permanent rate, instead of exceptional.

The estimates adopted included the following: Estimates. That the sum of \$500 be placed in the estimates for 1919 for the purpose of holding an exhibition of work in applied art, manual arts, domestic science and the handicrafts.

That the minimum salary of the principals of collegiate institutes and high schools be \$2700 per annum, to be increased at the rate of \$100 per annum until the maximum of \$3500 is reached.

That there be two grades of assistant teachers and the maximum salaries for these grades be as follows: Graduates who are specialists at the head of a department, \$2700; graduates and all other assistants who are not at the head of a department, \$2500.

That the minimum salary of public school principals of 15 rooms or more be \$1800 and the maximum \$2800, with an increase of \$100 per annum until the maximum is reached.

That the principals of Coleman Avenue, Allan, Joseph Workman and Lee Schools be paid a salary at the rate of \$1900 for 1919.

ARAGUAYA TROOPS FOR QUEEN CITY

Over Two Hundred Hospital Cases Today From Portland, Me.

Two hundred and sixty-two hospital cases are expected in by train today from the hospital ship Araguaya.

Exact information as to the time of their arrival may be had by telephoning the information bureau, Adc. 3180-2181 and North 3416-17 after 9 o'clock this morning.

The names of those on board: A—Capt. E. Allen, Pte. J. M. Anderson, Driver S. G. Adams, Driver J. M. Aimers, Pte. H. Arliss, C. B. Arland, Pte. J. A. Alken, Pte. J. Allen, Pte. A. Arsenault.

B—Capt. G. E. Binkley, Lieut. A. G. Bell, Lieut. C. H. Barnes, Pte. S. J. Brewer, Pte. G. B. Bennett, Spr. C. Barnes, Pte. J. J. Barrett, Pte. R. Beaton, Pte. A. Beck, Pte. E. Benoit, Gnr. R. H. Billingshurst, Pte. D. Brookes, Lieut. O. Beaton, Sergt. W. P. Bowyer, Driver N. Bromilow, Pte. P. Barrington, Pte. G. W. Bearcen, Pte. C. O. Booke, Pte. E. Brown, T. Barker, Pte. L. Burby, Pte. H. Burt, Pte. E. J. Brinkworth.

C—Capt. J. Craig, Pte. W. L. Canfield, Pte. A. J. Carroll, Pte. J. Chambers, Pte. L. F. Cosgrove, W. C. Callahan, Pte. F. Caruana, Pte. L. A. A. Cattin, Pte. A. Cereno, Sergt. W. Cowan, Pte. F. C. Chapman, Pte. H. Craven.

D—Sergt. R. L. Debraisay, Sergt. E. Dron, Pte. J. S. Day, Pte. W. Dunn, Pte. A. Davidson, Pte. R. T. Dean, Gnr. F. W. Draybell, Lieut. G. N. Dugleish, Pte. N. Doherty, Pte. H. Devean, Pte. J. L. Devine, Corp. A. H. Driver.

E—Pte. H. E. Earl, Pte. A. Erskine, Pte. M. Edwards, Pte. W. D. Hibbard, Pte. A. E. Elsworth.

F—Corp. G. G. Farr, Pte. A. Ferrer, Gnr. R. N. Foster, Pte. J. K. Fraser, Gnr. T. G. Free, Pte. J. H. Faulkner, Pte. J. Ferguson, Pte. F. L. Feris, Pte. R. N. Foster, Lance-Corp. W. Fraser, Pte. W. Fierrish.

G—Pte. R. G. Glazier, Pte. A. Gallimore, Pte. W. Greig, Pte. J. M. Gibson, Spr. G. E. Greenleaf, Pte. O. Griffith, Pte. C. E. Gunprieht, Corp. C. Gardner, Pte. L. G. Gallant, Pte. C. R. Gleaves, Pte. W. A. Gray, Pte. H. A. Greenhill, Pte. R. T. Griffin, Pte. G. Gibson, Pte. R. Glass, Pte. J. Gratton, Lance-Corp. W. Granger, Pte. W. A. Griggs, Corp. G. J. Greig.

H—Lieut. C. E. Hastings, Pte. H. L. Harton, Pte. E. Howlett, Pte. E. D. L. Hall, Spr. G. C. Harris, Pte. H. R. M. Hall, Pte. C. Harding, Pte. T. W. Harris, Pte. P. Harrison, Sergt. H. H. Heakes, Dvr. G. H. Hill, Pte. H. Hall, Pte. W. D. Hibbard, Pte. D. B. Hair, Pte. J. J. Halley, Corp. J. Hanley, Pte. C. F. Hughes, Pte. B. L. Hunt, Pte. S. F. Hamilton, Pte. W. J. Harrington, F. W. Hughes, G. J. Herdman, Lieut. J. M. Hall.

I—Pte. J. M. Irvine, Pte. D. Ingram, Pte. T. Inosky.

J—Lt. A. P. Johnston, Pte. E. H. Jackson, Pte. D. L. Johnston, L-Cpl. C. E. Jarrett, Pte. W. Jennings, Pte. W. H. Johnson, Pte. J. Johnston.

OWES HER LIFE TO "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

The Wonderful Medicine, Made From Fruit Juices and Valuable Tonics.



MADAME ROSINA FOISIZ.

"I am writing you to tell you that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-tives'. This medicine relieved me when I had given up hope of ever being well.

"I was a terrible sufferer from Dyspepsia—had suffered for years; and nothing I took did me any good.

"I read about 'Fruit-a-tives', and tried them. After taking a few boxes, I am now entirely well. You have my permission to publish this letter, as I hope it will persuade other sufferers from Dyspepsia to take 'Fruit-a-tives' and get well."

MADAME ROSINA FOISIZ.

"Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world made from fruit.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.

At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Smith, Spr. A. P. Sibert, Pte. G. A. Skarratt, Sgt. J. W. Smith, Dvr. C. T. Spike, Pte. A. D. Stephenson, L-Cpl. L. Sweeney, Sgt. J. B. D. Shapiro, Cpl. J. H. Source, Pte. A. Sheer, Pte. H. F. Stark, Pte. C. Snell, Pte. M. Shea, Pte. J. H. Slaght, Pte. G. Small, Pte. C. M. Senank, Pte. P. Stewart.

Sgt. S. V. Thomas, Cpl. P. Turner, Pte. J. Trebble, L-Cpl. S. B. Turner, Pte. W. J. Taggart, Pte. W. Tait, L-Cpl. J. E. Taylor, L-Cpl. R. Thompson, Gnr. S. G. Thinks, Pte. J. Trown, Pte. J. D. Truax, Pte. H. Taylor, Pte. W. H. Turner, Pte. L. J. Tudge.

V—Pte. J. C. Vanvleck.

W—Capt. R. H. Walker, Major C. C. Wansbrough, Capt. P. E. Willie, Trimmer R. Wilson, Pte. F. Wright, Pte. V. W. Westbrook, Bdr. G. S. Webb, Pte. T. Weechlo, Pte. J. Walker, Pte. J. F. Watson, Cpl. C. M. H. West, Cpl. W. D. Wetherston, Pte. J. W. Wyeth, Pte. A. V. Welch, Pte. H. Wall, Pte. J. B. Wilson, Pte. T. Wilson.

Y—Spr. E. J. Young, Lt. H. A. Young.

EXTENSIVE PROGRAM QUITE IMPOSSIBLE

Works Committee Gives Small Hopes of Employing Much Labor.

Six deputations waited on the works committee at the city hall yesterday afternoon.

Mr. J. A. Miller, of the government labor bureau, appeared asking that some work be undertaken by the works department to provide work for the unemployed.

Controller McBride said that it was utterly impossible for the city to undertake an extensive program at the present time to supply employment.

Improving King. A deputation from the King street association was present and asked that something be done toward improving the pavement and car road-bed on King street from Church to Simcoe street.

Rev. Mr. Mouley, of Simcoe street, asked that his church be given sewage disposal facilities to the city system. His request was refused.

The laying of asphalt pavement on sections of Arundel avenue and Pacific avenue was refused.

Permission asked by the Campbell Flour Mills Co., Ltd., on Junction road for the installation of apparatus for operating a cableway to pull cars from tracks to the north of Junction road across Junction road to their property was refused.

Aid Ryding's motion that a joint report be prepared by the commissioner on the advisability of having an ash sifting plant erected in some part of the city in order to save fuel for the poor was carried.

LITTLE WORK.

The new demobilization centre to be built at Exhibition Park by the military authorities will be erected by the 200 men of the engineers who are on the strength of the C.G.R. unit. It was stated some time ago that there was little work for these engineers, but besides the above work they are to be used for similar purposes.

CIVIC HOUSING COMMISSION SOON

It is announced that the names of the five members who are being selected by the heads of the civic departments to compose the permanent civic housing commission will shortly be handed to the board of control.

PREFER THE ARMY.

Major N. W. Young, O. C. Canadian garrison, emphatically denied the report published that he had applied to the civic employment bureau for four hundred men to replace soldiers at present on the strength of the unit who desired to be discharged.

FINE DAYS EXPENSIVE.

"It is a mistake to think that the weather means a saving to the city," said Street Commissioner Wilson yesterday. "As a matter of fact, it is much harder on our department for when a street is covered with snow it does not require as much looking after as the present conditions when we have men out sweeping and scraping the pavements continuously."

SEVEN O'CLOCK CLOSING.

The Retail Merchants' Association have secured more than sufficient signatures to permit the city council to pass a bylaw forcing all fruit, grocery and butcher shops through the city to close at 7 o'clock every night with the exception of Saturday.

RENNIE'S SEEDS. A Billion and a Half Worth of Food Required. The greater part of Europe is on the verge of starvation. Over twenty million tons of food must be sent overseas. This makes the necessity for increasing our home grown output of food products greater than ever—people must eat more vegetables.

THE WILLIAM RENNIE COMPANY LIMITED. KING AND MARKET STS. TORONTO. ALSO AT MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER.

"Mainly About People" A Weekly Column of London Chat. T. P. O'CONNOR. THE TORONTO SUNDAY WORLD begins with its next issue a new feature consisting of a column of weekly London chat by T. P. O'Connor. This column is cabled weekly. It is written by a man of 38 years active parliamentary and 41 years of active journalistic experience.

WANTED: A DOMINION MINISTER OF HEALTH

Dr. Hastings, M.O.H., discussing the reported intention of the government to establish a national health department, yesterday declared that "we want a Dominion minister of health and we are sure."

FIRE APPROPRIATION.

Chief Smith, of the fire department, in this year asking for an appropriation of \$1,555,060 for his department. This amount is an increase of \$218,680 over last year's amount, \$1,336,380.

SURVEY APPOINTMENT.

Appointment of F. P. Gavin, B. A., principal of Windsor Collegiate Institute, and K. N. MacLachlan, B. A., of the Imperial Munitions Board to undertake the survey organization work to enable the technical schools of Ontario to meet in a more direct way the needs of important industries, was announced yesterday afternoon by Hon. Dr. Coyle, minister of education.

The president of Germany announces that the government is arranging for the complete demobilization of the army.

RECIPE TO CLEAR A PIMPLY SKIN

Pimples Are Impurities Seeking an Outlet Through Skin Pores.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishments to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority, is to get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, thus causing them to filter the blood of impurities and clearing the skin of pimples.

WELLINGTON POLISH

WELLINGTON POLISH. METAL. SILVERSMITHS SOAP. POLISHES. FURNITURE POLISH. EVERY CLOTH.

Beat Place

TO MICHIGAN TO OPEN IN MAY

Place in Knotty Shows Interest Baseball.

Feb. 14.—One of the proposed Ontario League, composed of four Ontario cities, is the success of a long-ported, is the fact that the city is the better north franchise, holding figures in the place at Kitchener. This place on the circuit is that there is real home game awaiting, where-ope of getting into the

W. A. Mahoney of Leafs will put his effort to frustrate backers of Kitchener's city. The Kitchener incident upon sending de-ling at Hamilton on Sun- to put their claims

However, backed up sport-loving citizens, consideration at the tributes as a con- with a total population an inviting one. True, ther, Berlin, in 1911 and up to Guelph as a base- this can be attributed facilities to handle a were not such as would

hustling and thirty din- business men, who park and grandstand- chener, will do a great moving previous condi-

It is surprising to see Tom fford become identified as part-owner of chise, along with sev- tions. In that event, and several more Brant- id control the franchise

City. will be well backed in J. Keenan at the helm a foregone conclusion, is weeks ahead of the way of getting a line- the team, since it has ling some material al-

It will open May 15, and a drafted to the best in- ubs in the circuit, keep- alignment of Sunday, as well as the holidays, are two sets—American

ASSOCIATION RULE IS ADOPTED

14.—The American As- tie drafted at a recent club owners in Chicago, ed by a mail vote of a Hekey announced to- 12th and 13th streets, eville and Toledo Clubs il adoption. On April 23, the date start operations, with ing at Louisville, Ken- tumbus, Minneapolis at Paul at Indianapolis. ill close Sept. 23.

Il Presnal says

Try a THFINDER the lone From fine old Abajo of Cuba

TO, LIMITED

ARKET" 1th, Manager Horse Dept. is Daily.

EXT

Horses arriving tomor- to the hour of auction

ers' Com- le of

ERCHERON

NDAY AND TUESDAY

nd 4th

March 3rd, at 1 p.m. City-ales, when the

ated and Canadian-bred mares of all ages, in- sary well-bred. Also breeding.

AT ONCE

SMITH, MANAGER.

POLICE POSITION IN SOCIAL MOSAIC

Tom Moore Defines Difference Between Soldiers and Constables.

RECORD OF ELLIS CASE

Colonel Denison Claims More Experience Than King Solomon.

An interesting debate was held on the position of the police force in the social mosaic was the main feature of the afternoon session yesterday of the royal commission which is probing police affairs generally, whether the police are workers in a trades union sense or modern Ishmaels cut off by duty from the bene- fits of co-operative protection in the matter of wages, hours of work, etc. This and similar questions were dealt with in the evidence submitted by Tom Moore, president of the Trades and Labor Congress, who appeared with regard to the application of the Toronto Policemen's Union for a charter.

He had been informed, he said, that after the formation of the union some of the men had suffered for the zeal they displayed in organizing it. In his opinion the police were workers and, as such, entitled to the benefits they could derive from the operations of the Trades and Labor Council, which was formed to promote legislation in the interests of organized labor in Canada.

"Your definition of 'workers' is wide enough to cover everyone who is not idle," said the chairman, Sir William Meredith.

Mr. Moore replied that the definition of workers was dependent on a living in salary or wages. When he reached the position of being responsible for the hire and discharge of others he ceased to be a worker in that sense.

Sir William instanced soldiers. "They are workers," he said, "should be allowed to form an organization with the Trades and Labor Congress."

"No sir, they are wards of the government," replied Mr. Moore. "High whole life is regulated and looked after by the government."

Soldiers, he continued, did not have to worry about an enemy. With the police it was different. They had to provide for themselves and their families like other citizens.

Not Ordinary Citizens. Sir William Meredith did not think, however, that the police could be regarded as ordinary citizens. They were engaged for the preservation of the peace and sworn to discharge that duty. It was possible that affiliation with labor organizations might militate against the proper discharge of that duty.

"Is not the real purpose of the affiliation of the union to have behind the police the backing of other workers?" "And otherwise"—No.

Commissioner S. R. Parsons was afraid that affiliation with a labor organization might bring the police into a sympathetic bond, which would prevent them from carrying out their duties properly.

Mr. Moore argued that men were not less satisfactory citizens altho they were Orangemen, Free Masons, Catholics.

Mr. Parsons did not admit the analogy. There was a condition of affairs in the industrial world today, he said, so different from the past, that there was special need for such organizations as the police being set apart. Society's viewpoint on many similar questions had undergone a radical change. "What could the Trades and Labor Congress do in the way of shaping legislation for the Policemen's Union?" he inquired.

Mr. Moore replied that the legislation dealt with by the congress was not exclusively to the advantage of those contributing to the congress, but benefited all.

"If it is not only for the workers, but for everybody," said Sir William Meredith, "the police will benefit whether they are members or not."

"We want to retain to the men the right to take part in a voluntary movement of that kind," replied Mr. Moore.

In reply to Commissioner J. T. Ginn, Mr. Moore stated that there were police unions at Hamilton, London, Toronto and Windsor. The Ottawa force had not yet completed its organization. He also referred to the 2,000 or more police, organized in England.

Exceptional Unrest. In concluding this part of the enquiry, Sir William Meredith said that there was a line of exceptional unrest. None knew what form it might take, and he thought it would be wise for the present to forego any rights the men might have and let the Trades and Labor Congress might have, in order to reach some agreement for the sake of public security.

Col. G. T. Denison, appeared as a witness at the morning hearing. He was called as witness by D. W. Essery, counsel for Gordon Ellis, secretary of the police union dismissed by the police commissioners following evidence he gave regarding the riots in August. Ellis claims that he was wrongfully dismissed, that he acted under orders in the riots, and was summarily and wrongfully dismissed, that he has suffered in character, and from unemployment because of his dismissal.

Sir William Meredith stated that there would be no evidence taken as to the riots until the cause of the dismissal of Ellis was disclosed.

Being going into the charges of complaints of Ellis, said B. W. Essery, "I would like to make a statement as to the form it will appear in before this commission. Before any evidence is taken I would ask for the evidence of certain documents, whether they be of assistance or not, and they should be here to refer to and check what has taken place."

Sir William asked Judge Winchester if the record of the determination of the Ellis case was on hand? The judge Winchester: "We have a copy of the evidence and can get the record as well."

Reflector Essery wanted all of it, and he was promised it.

The witness asked Judge Winchester the written resignation of Ellis to the police commission; secondly, the production of the evidence taken be-



Real value and known quality

\$30 \$35 \$40

Made-to-Measure and Ready-to-Wear

These are values of real merit, known wear and style, with woolen quality, and tailored with a skill of workmanship that is not surpassed at any price.

At these prices you have a wide selection of Blue and Black Serges, Light and Dark Greys, in plain and fancy effects, and Tweeds, Cheviots and Worsteds in popular shades and patterns.

Our ready-to-wear department carries a full range of smart styles for men and young men at values from \$25.00 and up. Men fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

THE HOUSE OF HOBBERLIN LIMITED BUSINESS HOURS 8.30 TO 5.30 151 Yonge Street

force to have three consecutive eight-hour reliefs, viz:

"First relief from 7 a.m. to 3 p.m. "Second relief, 3 p.m. to 11 p.m. "Third relief, 11 p.m. to 7 a.m.

"Eight hours to constitute a day's work, whether attending court, drill or any special duties. Each of the reliefs to be allowed one-half hour during hours of duty in summer and one hour during time of duty in winter in order to obtain lunch, Summer and winter months to be defined as follows: Summer, May 1 to Nov. 1; winter, Nov. 1 to May 1."

JUVENILE COURT WORK DETAILED BY JUDGE

At the Church of the Redeemer last night Judge Boyd gave an address in which he told something of the difficulties of the problems that come up before the juvenile court.

The speaker gave many illustrations showing the difficulty of the law. A child cannot be taken from home even if a parent is known to be immoral unless im- moral acts have been committed in the home in which the child resides. In the matter of delinquency, the court can do nothing to those contributing in any way unless delinquency has been accomplished. Another reason why the work of the court is difficult is because of the shortage of help. They are only four probation officers, which, for a city like Toronto, was far from sufficient.

When a child who has been on the street from perhaps four years of age is brought into the court at fourteen or fifteen, he cannot be made a decent citizen in a year, said the judge. The judge advised people who were interested to spend an hour or two in the court once or twice a month, and see for themselves the problems that had to be worked out.

FAIRS' ASSOCIATION ELECTS ITS OFFICERS

Officers for 1919 were elected at yesterday morning's session of the Ontario Association of Fairs and Exhibitions. L. J. C. Bull was elected president, W. J. Cobden of Cobden vice-president, John Farrell, second vice-president; J. Lockie Wilson, secretary and editor, and J. E. Pearl treasurer. Dr. Evans of Strathroy was chosen to represent the association at the western fair and William Scarf, Durham, the National Exhibition.

The association has a paid up membership of 297, and last year's receipts totalled \$367, with a balance of \$84 still on hand.

Prof. Wade Toole of the O.A.C. spoke against the prominence given the "midways" by many associations, keeping the live stock displays in the background. A resolution was also passed requesting the Dominion Railway Commission to investigate the discrimination displayed by railroads against small fairs. W. J. Connelly said that until last year all the fairs were treated alike in the matter of reduced rates on their regular trains by the railways of the province. In 1918 all fairs that did not purchase over 20 tickets did not receive lower rates.

Ontario Corn Association Holds Election of Officers.

Chatham, Feb. 14.—The Ontario Corn Growers' Association elected officers as follows: Hon. pres., R. W. Kinster, Blenheim; pres., Lester Gregory, Chatham; first vice-pres., Walter Anderson, Amherstburg; second vice-pres., Stewart McDonald, Pt. Lambton; treas., J. H. Coatsworth, Kingsville; sec., P. L. Fancher, Chatham. A committee will report at the next annual meeting on the advisability of converting the annual corn show into a winter fair.

PHONE COMPANY SUBMITS SCHEDULE

Its Proposed Rates Would Add Twenty Per Cent. in Toronto.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—Contrary to the decision reached yesterday to continue its sittings without interruption until the Bell Telephone hearing is concluded, the proceedings before the railway board were adjourned this afternoon until Monday morning.

The features of the day were the application on behalf of Toronto, Hamilton and Brantford for a reduction of ten per cent. in local rates, and the submission of a new schedule of rates by the Bell Telephone Company, which, if applied, would yield approximately the 20 per cent. increase asked for in the original application. There was considerable doubt as to the admissibility of this schedule. Members of the commission, after holding two private conferences, decided to admit the schedule.

What Company Asks. The places in which the new rate increases proposed by the company would exceed 20 per cent. are: Toronto, Ottawa, St. Thomas, Weston, Welland, Brantford and St. Johns, P.Q. The proposed rates can be generally described as follows: Group One—Small towns and communities of a population not exceeding 6000; proposed business rate, \$24; residence, \$18; present business rate, \$20; present residence rate, \$20.

Group Two—Towns with 6000 to 15,000 including Barrie, Belleville and Woodstock in Ontario; proposed business rate, \$30; residence, \$21; present business, \$22; residence, \$18.

Group Three—Cities with 12,000 to 40,000, including Brantford, Kingston, St. Catharines, Windsor, Guelph and Galt; proposed business rate, \$36; residence, \$27; present business, \$25; residence, \$20.

Group Four—Including London; proposed business rate, \$48; residence, \$28; present business, Ottawa, \$45; residence, \$25; present business in Hamilton, \$45; residence, \$30.

Group Six—Montreal and Toronto; proposed business rate \$66; residence, \$38; present business, in Montreal, \$55; residence, \$35; present business, Toronto, \$50; residence, \$30.

ASK SOUTH AFRICA BE MADE REPUBLIC

Nationalist Party Sending Delegates to Request Wilson's Aid.

Capetown, S.A., Feb. 14.—The decision of the National party to send a delegation to Europe to interview President Wilson, with a view to getting South Africa declared a republic by the peace conference, aroused an interesting debate in the assembly. Sir Thomas Smartt, leader of the opposition, moved that the house condemn the agitation now being carried on for the dissolution of the union. He further expressed the opinion that such agitation, if persisted in, would lead to civil war and bloodshed in South Africa.

Sir Thomas asked where the liberties of South Africa would be today, but for the British navy. Acting Premier Malan emphatically condemned the present agitation for the disruption of the union and the severance of the connection between South Africa and Great Britain, and also repudiated all attempts to invoke interferences from any outside power.

Gen. Herzog, Nationalist leader, argued that no attempt was being made to break up the union, but, immediately after, claimed separate liberty for the Orange Free State and the dropping of the British connection. He declared the recent freedom was a fraud.

WINNIPEG STRIKE GROWS.

Winnipeg, Feb. 14.—The striking returned soldiers vocational students here today sent a delegate to the agricultural college to ask the hundred soldiers studying there to strike in sympathy. Unless some settlement is in sight tomorrow, the soldiers will send two representatives to Ottawa. Premier Norris has wired Ottawa asking that something be done.



Mr. R. S. Mackinnon, one of Toronto's pioneer motor car salesmen, with the McLaughlin Motor Car Company, well-known figure in motor circles.

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MANY DIFFICULTIES IN WAY OF LEAGUE

(Continued From Page 1).

Issues Skilfully Diverted. Various big issues presented themselves, some of which were skilfully diverted to commissions, which are to report afterwards to the league of nations, while others were rather suddenly disapproved in the light of the development of the plan for the league of nations.

Of such was the vexed question of freedom of the seas, which jeopardized the support of Great Britain. It was realized that with a perfect league of nations there would be no neutrals, and that consequently no questions could arise as to freedom of the seas in time of war, while in time of peace equitable relations between nations were guaranteed by special provisions of the covenant.

Finally, after these discussions were over it can be stated that no hard feelings remained. There was absolute unanimity so far as the special commission was concerned, and those nations which at first had doubted the efficiency of the project came out of the discussion in an attitude of its firmest advocates.

Looking to the future, the special commission attached much importance to the provision made for the admission of a league of neutrals, or late enemy states.

Must Live Up to Regulations. The latter was known to be anxious to adhere, but the commission had taken every precaution to make sure that they enter with proper motives, and prepared to live up to the obligations of the league. The point was made that such admission should be encouraged, as it was highly desirable, having at heart the interest of the whole world, that the industries of late enemy states and neutral countries which suffered from the blockade be set in motion at the earliest possible moment.

This decision was not based upon sympathy for Germany, but upon the absolute conviction that the safety of continental Europe, and perhaps of the whole world, depended upon turning the German population into ways of industry, so that it might be able to produce goods to pay off the enormous indemnities to be imposed upon it. It was the conviction that otherwise Germany might soon drift into the condition of Russia, and that there would be no responsible government with which the peace treaty could be concluded. In that case it would be necessary for the peace congress to continue indefinitely its existence, awaiting the social and economic organization that might follow an era of Bolshevism, lasting perhaps for years.

Russia the Great Problem. Russia itself was regarded by the delegates as the great problem yet to be settled, altho the hope was expressed that the Zrinkipo conference would be realized and something like peaceful relations restored between the various factions. It was regarded as necessary at the outset to convince the Bolshevists elements that the peace conference had no desire to force upon them settlements of debts and other such matters as conditions of a successful conference.

Much work remains for the various commissions before the return to Paris of President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain, and Premier Orlando of Italy, but the

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A. F. WEBSTER & SON 53 Yonge Street.

material gathered by them is expected to facilitate greatly the work of the closing days of the conference. In conclusion, it may be said that the special commission did not undertake to select a permanent home for the league of nations; that was left for the determination of the conference later.

REVOLT IN RUMANIA PROBABLY A FICTION

Paris, Feb. 14.—In discussing rumors of a revolt in Rumania, The Petit Parisien, in an editorial, says that the reports should be received with caution. It says that official circles have no knowledge of an insurrection. A Bucharest despatch dated Tuesday has been received by the Rumanian legation here. It made no mention of any trouble in Rumania.

Vienna and Budapest reports received in Berlin Wednesday said that a general insurrection had broken out through Rumania. It was added that there had been serious disorders in Bucharest and that King Ferdinand had been wounded slightly in an attack on the royal palace.

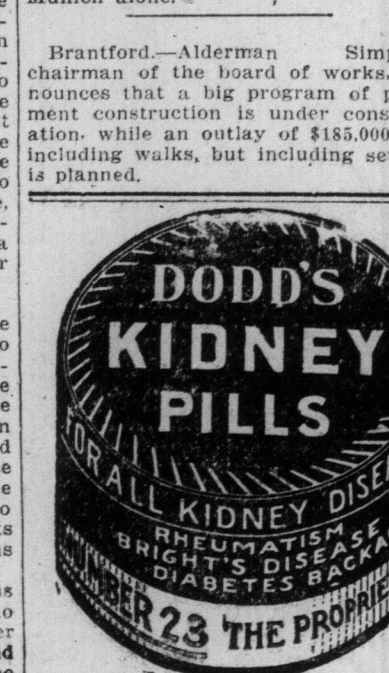
MUNICH DANCES, DESPITE MISERY

Berne, Feb. 14.—Dancing reigns supreme in Munich, despite the fact that coal, electricity and gas are lacking in the city and forty thousand persons are unemployed, wires the special correspondent in Berne of The Journal Geneva.

The local newspapers protest against this orgy of amusements in the midst of terrible misery, but publish columns of advertisements of balls and dances in the hotels and cafes. Dances are even held in the former branch of the Krupp works, which is now deserted by the workmen.

Every unemployed man in Bavaria is allowed eight marks daily, his wife four and each of his children one, making quite a budget for the city of Munich alone.

Brantford.—Alderman Simpson, chairman of the board of works, announces that a big program of pavement construction is under consideration, while an outlay of \$185,000, not including walks, but including sewers, is planned.



UNITED FARMERS OPEN ON MONDAY

Local Management and Staff Have All Been Appointed. The entry of the United Farmers as a concrete body on the floor of the live stock exchange...

When The World ran across C. McCurdy, the newly-appointed manager of the local branch, at the stock yards last night, in talking about the organization of the association, the latter expressed his appreciation of the efforts of F. C. Fletcher, manager of the Union Stock Yards...

"Charlie" McCurdy, who is taking full charge of the United Farmers' live stock department at the Union Stock Yards, West Toronto. Mr. McCurdy also said that the United Farmers of Ontario were very grateful to the Grain Growers' Association of the west in allowing A. Duncan to remain in the city and province and assist in arranging the details of the work of the association.

In this connection it may be said that commencing a day or two ago on the wonderful success attending the grain growers, Mr. Duncan, who has been very prominent in its organization of the west, said that in the first month of the inauguration of the association they had handled 157 cars, an enormous increase, with a decrease in value of more than \$300,000. These figures show most conclusively the confidence the farmers and the directors foresaw in the Grain Growers' Association.

The western men have also allied with F. S. Fulthrop to take full charge of the office of Fulthrop personally inaugurated the system of promoting in the west and by so doing the farmers and farmers have since received a personal cheque for all cattle sold on the exchanges. Associated with C. McCurdy and composing the local staff are the well known cattleman, James Rowntree, whose reputation as a salesman is known from coast to coast; William Simpson, a sheep and hog salesman; and Albert Taskell, the latter of whom has been in the employ of C. McCurdy for the past eight years, both of whom enjoy the absolute confidence of the management.

"Spin" Rowntree will be in full charge of the live stock consigned in by the United Farmers and the farmers' clubs immediately on arrival at the Union Stock Yards, and will see that they are properly fed and looked after. With such a splendid staff there can be no doubt but that the directors foresaw the success of the new association.

The management have secured a splendid site of offices on the first floor of the Live Stock Exchange building with every convenience for carrying on the business of the United Farmers and farmers' clubs exclusively and none other than these organizations.

A HOT PURSUIT. Victor Linton, 125 Peter street, was arrested last night at Richmond and St. George streets by plainclothesmen Waterhouse and Mr. Withing. Linton was taken to a rooming house at 310 Queen street, and taking a billiard cue struck one of the men in the room. Angered at the thought of being ejected from the place, Linton smashed in the front plate glass window. He then fled west on Queen street followed by a crowd of 50 persons. A number of people tried to stop Linton, who fought his way by them. After a chase of some distance Linton was taken into custody by Waterhouse and McMath.

THEIR FIRST AT HOME. Four hundred employees of the passenger coach yard of the C.P.R. were last night the guests of the first informal at-home held and enjoyed a banquet, followed by a delightfully informal dance program. Each also featured the occasion, 20 tables being filled. General Superintendent Allan Purvis, Assistant Superintendent T. Collins, J. K. Savage, W. Ronaldson, W. Coulter, J. G. Brisley, J. Bell, E. Dunn, V. Gwakins, J. Scott, W. E. C. Brown, J. Hudson, St. Greeniaus, W. M. Campbell and Mrs. J. W. Bell composed the committee in charge of the at-home and Mr. Purvis himself donated a number of cut glass gifts as memento prices.

MORPHINE ARREST. On a charge of having morphine in his possession, Fred Finch was arrested this morning in a rooming-house at 183 York street. Finch was arrested by plainclothesman Waterhouse, who, on searching the prisoner, found a quantity of morphine and "Chinese dope." The prisoner also had a flashlight and two Jimmys in his possession.

McLaughlin Master Sixes. Master engineers combined their efforts with master artists to produce the McLaughlin Master Six. The result is a car worthy of the highest manufacturing ideals—a car appropriately called the Master Six. CANADA'S STANDARD CAR. The McLaughlin Motor Car Co., Limited. Oshawa, Ontario.

See the new models at our Show Rooms, Cor. Church and Richmond Sts. Open evenings.

Applications to Parliament. NOTICE is hereby given that James Frederick Neld, of the City of Toronto in the County of York, Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Evelyn Gertrude Neld, presently resident at Folkestone, England, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Notice of Application for Divorce. NOTICE is hereby given that Annie Myrtle of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Alfred Joseph Myrtle, formerly of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

NOT ENOUGH MONEY FOR BRANCH LIBRARY. At the annual meeting of the library board, yesterday afternoon, a delegation from Ward 8 made a strong appeal for a branch library in the vicinity of Danforth avenue and Kingston road, which is being inspected at the present time.

REGULAR WEEKLY SALE. Wednesday, Feb. 13, 1919. Woollens, Dry Goods, Clothing, Underwear, Canvas, etc.

HOME BANK BRANCHES. During the present month the Home Bank of Canada has opened sub-branch offices at Rosemont and Walkers, Ontario.

Auction Sales. SUCKLING & CO. Trade Auctioneers. 20 and 22 Wellington St. West, Toronto. We are instructed by N. L. MARTIN, Assignee, to offer for sale by auction, en bloc, at our warehouse, 20 and 22 Wellington St. West, Toronto, at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, February 26th, the estate of ROBT. GREMELL, trading as H. J. BOYD & CO., Leaside, Ont.

MORTGAGE SALE. UNDER and by the powers contained in a certain Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there is to be sold by Public Auction, subject to a reserve bid, on Saturday, the 15th day of March, 1919, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at 21 Wellington Street East, Toronto, by Ward Price, Limited, Auctioneers, the following property, viz:

SUCKLING & CO. Trade Auctioneers. 20 and 22 Wellington St. West, Toronto. REGULAR WEEKLY SALE. Wednesday, Feb. 13, 1919. Woollens, Dry Goods, Clothing, Underwear, Canvas, etc.

MEN'S WEAR. Tweed and Worsted Pants, Boys' Bloomers, Worsteds and Tweed Suits, Boys' and Youths' Suits, Men's Hats and Caps, Sweater Coats, Braces, Hat Hose, etc.

Complete Right of Free Speech Demand of Western Postmen. Saskatoon, Feb. 14.—The following demands were placed on the program to be carried out by the incoming executive of the Western Postmen's Association, in convention here: The right of free speech in its entirety; a minimum wage of \$24 a week, or \$1250 a year, for all employees of the post-

Auction Sales. SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS. To be sold by public auction, all the title, interest and equity of William James Setchfield, alias William J. Saunders, the defendant in and to all and singular that certain parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and being known as lot B on the east side of De Grassi street, as shown on plan Number 18 and being composed of lot throughout from front to rear of lot Number 18 on the south side of De Grassi Avenue, as shown on plan registered in the Land Titles Office at Toronto, Inc. 15.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS. To be sold by public auction, all the title, interest and equity of the defendant, Norma Skeene, being a one-fifth interest in and to all and singular that certain parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and being known as lot B on the east side of De Grassi street, as shown on plan Number 18 and being composed of lot throughout from front to rear of lot Number 18 on the south side of De Grassi Avenue, as shown on plan registered in the Land Titles Office at Toronto, Inc. 15.

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Tenders. BRIDGE CONTRACT TO LET. Tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, of February 24th, next, addressed to Hon. G. H. Ferguson, Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, Ontario, for the building of the sub-structure of a bridge over the Mississaugam River near Timmins, Ontario. Plans, specifications, and general conditions of the contract may be seen at the office of C. H. Fullerton, Superintendent of Colonization Roads, Parliament Buildings, Toronto. A marked cheque for \$1000 must accompany the tender. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA. Tenders Wanted for Oak Screens, Wall Panelling, Etc. Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned until noon, February 22, 1919, for the "Oak Screens, Wall Panelling, etc." required in the construction of the above building. All tenders to be based upon the manufacture, supply, delivery and erection complete of the "Oak Screens, Wall Panelling, etc." as shown and described by the Plans, Specifications and Schedule.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—IN THE Matter of the Estate of William Wright, Late of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Engineer, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others having any claims or demands against the estate of the said William Wright, who died on or about the second day of November, 1918, are hereby required, on or before the 31st day of March, 1919, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to James McBride, Solicitor for Martha Wrightley, the Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surname and addresses, with full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, duly verified.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—IN THE Matter of the Estate of Henry Thomas Brown, Late of the State of Florida, One of the States of America, Gentleman, Deceased. NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others having any claims or demands against the estate of the said Henry Thomas Brown, who died on or about the 15th day of December, 1918, are hereby required, on or before the 28th day of February, 1919, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to the undersigned solicitor for Fannie Fern Brown, Ernest Edward Brown and Robt. Reed, the administrators of the estate of the said deceased, the names and addresses and full particulars of their claims and statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, duly verified.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—IN THE Matter of the Estate of Charlotte Isabella Woods, Late of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Married Woman, Deceased. NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others having any claims or demands against the estate of the said Charlotte Isabella Woods, who died on or about the twelfth day of December, A.D. 1918, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, are required, on or before the 8th day of March, 1919, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to Basil W. Essery, Hamilton Street Building, 27 Queen Street East, Toronto, solicitor for George John Woods, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, the names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

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THE BOARD OF EDUCATION, TORONTO. ARCHITECTURAL COMPETITION. ARCHITECTS are hereby invited to submit competitive plans and specifications on or before APRIL 1ST, 1919, for the JOHN ROSS ROBERTSON PUBLIC SCHOOL, to be erected on GLEN GROVE AVENUE, and for a PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING, in the Town of Port Credit, about one-quarter of an acre.

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Help Wanted. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT of experience wanted for professional office. Applications will be held in confidence. Apply Box 47, World.

Situations Vacant. ACCOUNTANT wanted for chartered accountants' office. Must be well qualified. Apply in confidence to Box 48, World.

High School Teacher Wanted. APPLICATIONS for the position of director of the department of engineering at the Central Technical School, Toronto, will be received until February 21st.

Business Chances. BUSINESS WANTED—J. P. Lawson, 25 Toronto street, wants one chance to sell you business or property, no matter what kind or where located.

Building Contractors. BRICK WORK, CONCRETING—Special facilities for repairs and alteration work; boiler work, gas stoves, chimneys, etc. Canada Construction Company, 215 Sheppard Street, Main 2150.

Building Material. LIME—Lump and hydrated for plasterers and masons' work. Our "Beaver Brand" White Hydrate is the best finishing lime manufactured in Canada.

Bicycles and Motor Cars. BICYCLES wanted for cash, McLeod, 121 King west.

Chiropractors. DR. DOXSEE, Palmer Graduate, Ryrie Building, Yonge, corner Shuter; lady attendant.

Dancing. BALLROOM and stage dancing, individual and class instruction. S. T. Smith's private studios, 100 Queen St. W. Bloor, Gerrard and Logan. Telephone Gerrard three nine, Write 4 Fairview boulevard.

Dentistry. DR. KNIGHT, Exodontia Specialist; practice limited to painless tooth extraction. Offices, 187 Yonge, opposite Simpson's.

Horses and Carriages. HARNESS PRICES SLASHED—Made by Beal Bros., Limited, Toronto, wholesale manufacturers.

Herbalists. ALVER'S CREAM OINTMENT for Eczema; Pile Ointment for Piles; Restorative Herb Capsules for Catarrh. Enquire Druggists, 84 Queen West, 40 Alver, 501 Sherbourne St., Toronto.

Florida Farms for Sale.

YOU ARE INVITED to spend a few days at the Lakeland Highlands Country Club, the highest, healthiest and most beautiful in the world.

Properties for Sale. 10 ACRES AND BUILDINGS TO RENT—2 1/2 miles from city on Metropolitan Highway. Rent for one year \$150, payable in advance.

Florida Farms for Sale. FLORIDA FARMS and investments. W. R. Bird, 53 Richmond west, Toronto.

Rooms and Board. COMFORTABLE Private Hotel; Ingleside, 235 Jarvis street; central; heating; phone.

Legal Cases. IRWIN, HALES & IRWIN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Yonge and Queen streets, Longwood, Ontario.

Marriage Licenses. PROCTOR'S wedding rings and licenses. Open evenings, 252 Yonge.

Medical. DR. REEVE, diseases of skin, stomach, liver, nerves and general run-down condition, 18 Carlton street.

Motor Cars and Accessories. BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY—Ford and other spark plugs, fifty cents (some worth two dollars).

Machinery for Sale. 1/2, 1 1/2, 4 AND 5 H.P. second-hand gas and oil engines, including fixed type engines, Call and see them at Edmondson, 257 King St., Toronto.

Osteopathy. OSTEOPATHIC and electric treatment. Trained nurse, 261A College, College 502.

Patents and Legal. FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO., head office, Royal Bank Building, Toronto. Invents safeguards. Plain practical pointers. Practice before patent office and courts.

Printing. PRICE TICKETS, fifty cents per hundred. Barnard, 45 Ossington, Telephone.

Florida Farms for Sale. COME TO FLORIDA

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Printing. PRICE TICKETS, fifty cents per hundred. Barnard, 45 Ossington, Telephone.

Bargains in Boilers

We have just purchased following new boilers and must move quickly: Two 150 H.P., each 72" x 18 ft., 120 lbs. steam. Three 110 H.P., each 66" x 16 ft., 125 lbs. steam. Two 55 H.P., each 48" x 14 ft., 125 lbs. steam.

OUTLOOK IS GOOD AT LARDER LAKE. Government Geologist Favorably Impressed After Examining Working Properties.

CHOICE CELERY AND CAULIFLOWER DROMEDARY DATES. HEAD LETTUCE, RHUBARB—FRESH STOCKS JUST IN. PHONE OR MAIL ORDERS TO McWilliam & Everist, Ltd.

POTATOES HEADQUARTERS ONTARIO POTATOES. CARROTS, BEETS, PARSNIPS, ONIONS, BOX AND BARREL APPLES. A. A. McKinnon, 74 COLBORNE ST.

WANTED SEED OATS. Send samples, car lots—Bonus paid. Wholesale Only. HOGG & LITTLE, Limited, 1609 Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto.

RAW FURS. HALLAM'S Trappers Guide, 96 pages and covers, tells about fur-bearing animals, how and where to trap. FREE for the asking.

HIDES SKINS AND WOOL. All shipments welcome and highest prices paid. Write for particulars before selling. John Hallam, 111 Balmora Building, TORONTO.

FRESH ADVANCE MADE IN MONTREAL MARKET. Power Stocks Lead as a Group, With Shawingain Most Prominent.

UNLISTED STOCKS. Supplied by Heron & Co. Abitibi Power com., 52 1/2 Bid.

NEW YORK CURB. Closing prices yesterday in the Cobalt and Porcupine stocks on the New York Curb, as supplied by Hamilton B. Willis in the Willis Building, were as follows:

CHAS. A. STONEHAM & CO. (Est. 1903). 23 MELINDA ST., TORONTO. 41 BRAD ST., NEW YORK.

E. R. C. CLARKSON & SONS TRUSTEES, RECEIVERS AND LIQUIDATORS. ESTABLISHED 1854. Clarkson, Gordon & Dilworth CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS TORONTO



A BIG ROLL OF GREEN-BACK MOUGHT MAKE YOU LOOK RICH, BUT AH JES' LAKS T' STICK MAH HAN' DOWN IN MAH POCKET EN LISTEN AT IT RATTLE—'DA'S WEN AH FEELS RICH!!!

PLAYED PART IN MURDER OF EDITH CAVELL

Paris, Feb. 14.—French military authorities now hold, on a charge of dealing with the enemy, a man named Krenin, who is alleged to have played a leading role in the tragedy of which Miss Edith Cavell lost her life.

EMPIRE PRESS UNION WILL MEET IN CANADA

London, Feb. 14.—The council of the Empire Press Union today resolved to accept the invitation from the Dominion of Canada to hold the next imperial press conference there in the early autumn of 1920.

SECURITY SERVICE OF HURON CANAD

At the fifty-fifth annual meeting of the Ontario Mortgage Association, held at the Hotel Windsor, Toronto, on Feb. 12, the president, W. H. Wainwright, in his address, pointed out the importance of the mortgage industry in the country.

Wanted. The shareholders of the aforesaid company, which was formed for the purpose of increasing the amount of the share capital, have decided to increase the share capital from \$25,000 to \$50,000.

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COMPANIES' COMBINED ASSETS ARE IN EXCESS OF \$28,000,000

Security, Service and Expansion Are Features of Reports of Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation and Canada Trust Company, of London, Ont.

At the fifty-fifth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Huron & Erie Mortgage Corporation, held at head office, London, Ont., Wednesday, Feb. 13, the president, T. G. Meredith, K.C., remarked in part as follows:

"After more than four years of business under war conditions, it is fitting we should take stock of how the Huron & Erie mortgage corporation has stood up during the period where it stands today in comparison with the end of the year 1914."

"Contrasting the figures at the close of 1913 with those of 1914, we find an increase of \$2,465,684, or 19.30 per cent. in the assets of the corporation. This increase is the more remarkable when it is remembered during the above period we have been called upon to repay to our bondholders holders no less than \$1,442,559."

"Looking to the future, your directors believe that Canada's progress will be strikingly accelerated, they are convinced that corporations like the Huron & Erie and Canada Trust Company, founded on the security of the productive soil of Canada, and the filling of necessary and important functions, will abundantly share in the country's prosperity. The share of the Huron & Erie now stood eighteen millions, while those of the Canada Trust, are well on the way to ten millions."

F. E. Leonard, the second vice-president, in commenting on the progress made during 1918, remarked that the net profits for the past year exceeded those for 1917 by \$23,357, and permitted the addition to reserve fund of \$200,000."

"The shareholders are again to be congratulated on the absence of real estate in their portfolios, which has now exceeded for eleven consecutive years."

"Following our settled practice, the audit committee of our directors have very carefully examined all the bonds issued by the corporation, as shown in the auditor's records. As chairman of this committee, I am glad to state that securities were found in order and as represented by the report and as presented by the auditor's report."

"At a special general meeting of the Huron & Erie shareholders, held subsequently to the regular meeting, the shareholders unanimously decided on a full explanation having been given by the president, Mr. Meredith, to increase the par value of the corporation's shares to \$100 each."

"The directors were re-elected as follows: T. G. Meredith, K.C., president; Hume Cronyn, first vice-president; F. E. Leonard, second vice-president; George T. Brown, H. E. Gates, F. H. Eccles, M.D., L.L.D., A. H. M. Graydon, directors."

"The seventeenth annual general meeting of the Canada Trust Company, held at its head office in London, Ont., on Tuesday, Feb. 11, the president, Mr. Meredith, pointed out that during the five strenuous years now past, the company had been marked."

"Big Gains in Assets. The assets have more than doubled since December 31, 1913, the total now being \$28,000,000. The amount now reaches over \$5,900,000. The surplus security—composed of paid-up shares and reserves—amounts to \$1,442,559, for the protection of those entrusting their money to the company's management during the same five-year period from \$1,256,000 to \$1,800,000."

"We look forward with confidence to a continued growth of the company's business because of the unquestioned security of the assets which are available for the protection of those entrusting their money to the company's management during the same five-year period from \$1,256,000 to \$1,800,000."

"It is interesting to note that when our new Toronto branch is in operation the company will have in Canada—eight active branches, the London (two branches), St. Thomas, Windsor, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina and Edmonton. This widespread operation at the command of the Canada Trust Company's assets is worthy of emphasis. Because of this comprehensive and valuable service at no greater cost than if there were no branches in existence."

"An important feature of the past year's business has been the increasing number and inventory value of estates under the company's care. Limited liability companies are being formed in increasing numbers, and the number of wills that are being drawn naming the Canada Trust Company as executor and trustee."

"A very natural question which our estate manager is often asked during the course of interviews regarding Canada Trust Company executor service is: 'What is the cost to individuals to make this point clear, as it is the subject of much misunderstanding.'"

"Administering Estates. There is no fixed scale of charges—either legal or otherwise—provided for administering an estate. Under no circumstances whatsoever does the Canada Trust Company ask a higher fee for its services than the amount that would be fairly allowed to individuals for the performance of similar duties. The compensation is usually arranged by a written agreement with individuals. If they cannot agree upon an amount, the question is left for decision with a judge of law."

"The reason for this is evident. Officers, trained by long years of experience in the care of estates and in the safe investment of trust moneys, are not compelled to seek outside advice and assistance as do the majority of individual executors. Loss of time is thus prevented and a distinct saving of expense effected. Furthermore, the close connection of the Canada Trust Company with the Huron & Erie Mortgage Corporation and its widespread mortgage loaning organization insures at all times a variety of investment choices and profitable investments for estate funds."

"Directors of the Canada Trust for the ensuing year were elected as follows: G. G. Meredith, K.C., president; F. H. Eccles, M.D., L.L.D., and Geo. T. Brown, vice-presidents; H. S. Blackburn, Isaac Campbell, K.C., H. P. Clement, K.C., John Cowan, K.C., V. Cronyn, K.C., Hume Cronyn, H. E. Gates, A. H. M. Graydon, Norman H. Howden, F. H. Leonard, the Hon. F. G. Macdormand, J. B. McKillop, R. O. McCulloch, Philip Pook."

WAR LOAN SECURITIES Safety - Privacy

Our Safety Deposit Boxes afford absolute protection for War Loan Securities and other valuables. Rentals \$3.00 per annum and upwards.

THE DOMINION BANK

Corner King and Yonge Streets TORONTO

Record of Yesterday's Markets

TORONTO STOCKS. Table with columns: Name, Bid, Ask, High, Low, Close, Sales. Includes items like Ames-Holden com, Canadian Bank, etc.

TORONTO SALES. Table with columns: Name, Op, High, Low, Cl, Sales. Includes items like Bank Ham, Barcelona, etc.

STANDARD STOCK EXCHANGE. Table with columns: Name, Bid, Ask. Includes items like Gold, Apex, Boston Creek, etc.

STANDARD SALES. Table with columns: Name, Op, High, Low, Cl, Sales. Includes items like Gold, Baldwin, Davidson, etc.

NEW YORK STOCKS. Table with columns: Name, Bid, Ask, High, Low, Close, Sales. Includes items like Ches. & O., Industrials, etc.

NEW YORK COTTON. Table with columns: Name, Op, High, Low, Close, Sales. Includes items like J. P. Bickell & Co., etc.

DEBENTURES FOR SALE. Table with columns: Name, Bid, Ask, High, Low, Close, Sales. Includes items like Canada Permanent, etc.

NEW YORK COTTON. Table with columns: Name, Op, High, Low, Close, Sales. Includes items like J. P. Bickell & Co., etc.

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FURTHER ADVANCE BY MAPLE LEAF

Brazilian, Steel of Canada, Steamships and Canada Bread Also Higher.

Strength in Maple Leaf Milling and Brazilian stood out as the features of trading on the Toronto Exchange yesterday. The former sold as high as 133 and closed at 132, a net gain of 1 1/4 in continuation of the advance inspired by the better outlook for shipments of flour to Europe. Brazilian moved up 1 3/8 to 52, closing at the top. It is believed that with the opening up of trade channels the price in the exchange value of the miller will have a pronounced effect upon Brazilian's earnings. Cement was active and firm between 65 1/2 and 65 1/4, the lowest level on record. 94, sold up to 95 1/2. Toronto Railway continued to show heaviness, a small lot coming out at 43 3/4, the lowest level on record. 45 and 55 1/4, and Steamships at 43 3/8 showed a gain of 3-8. Steel of Canada advanced 5-8 to 60, while Steel of Canada bonds, after opening at 94, sold up to 95 1/2. 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