

DOMINION OF CANADA

TREATY SERIES, 1931

No. 6

BRITISH EMBASSY,

Rio de Janeiro, December 4, 1931.

EXCHANGE OF NOTES  
regarding

COMMERCIAL RELATIONS  
between

CANADA AND BRAZIL,

Rio de Janeiro, December 4, 1931



I avail myself, etc.

(Sd.) EDWARD RUTHERFORD

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Exchange of Notes Regarding Commercial Relations Between  
Canada and Brazil, Rio de Janeiro, December 4, 1931

The British Chargé d'Affaires to the Brazilian Minister for Foreign Affairs,  
Rio de Janeiro

No. 252.

BRITISH EMBASSY,

RIO DE JANEIRO, December 4, 1931.

MONSIEUR LE MINISTRE,—In order to regulate the commercial relations between Canada and Brazil, I have the honour, at the instance of His Majesty's Government in Canada, to inform Your Excellency that that Government is desirous of concluding a commercial agreement with the Brazilian Government. Inasmuch, however, as under Canadian law parliamentary authority is required for the extension of most-favoured-nation treatment to foreign countries and since the Canadian Parliament will not be in session for several weeks, the Canadian Government is prepared to enter into a temporary agreement to the following effect:—

(a) Goods, the produce or manufacture of Brazil, imported into Canada (whether for consumption, re-export or transit) will receive treatment according to the Canadian Intermediate Tariff.

(b) Goods, the produce or manufacture of Canada, imported into Brazil (whether for consumption, re-export or transit) will receive treatment not less favourable than that granted to goods the produce or manufacture of any other countries.

(c) Nothing in this agreement, however, shall affect the rights of the Government of Canada to modify, maintain, or extend preferential treatment accorded to any State of the British Commonwealth of Nations.

(d) It is agreed that the above provisions of this temporary agreement shall not extend to advantages now accorded to adjacent countries in order to facilitate frontier traffic or to advantages granted to a third country in virtue of a customs union which has already been or may hereafter be concluded.

(e) The present Note and a Note from Your Excellency confirming the acceptance of Brazil of the agreement shall constitute an agreement between the two Governments, which shall come into force immediately and continue in force until a most-favoured-nation agreement shall be concluded.

I avail myself, etc.,

(Sd.) EDWARD KEELING.

His Excellency

Dr. AFRANIO DE MELLO FRANCO,  
Minister for Foreign Affairs,  
Rio de Janeiro.

The Brazilian Minister for Foreign Affairs to the British Chargé d'Affaires,  
Rio de Janeiro

MINISTERIO DAS RELAÇÕES EXTERIORES,

RIO DE JANEIRO, Em 4 de Dezembro de 1931.

EC/207/8/(42). (21)8.

SENHOR ENCARREGADO DE NEGOCIOS:

Tenho a honra de accusar o recebimento da nota em que Vossa Senhoria da a conhecer que, com o fim de regular as relações commerciaes entre o Brasil e o Canada, e de conformidade com instruccões do Governo de Sua Majestade no Canada, esse Governo dese ja concluir um accordo commercial com o Governo brasileiro. Como, entretanto, pela lei canadense, é necessaria a autorisação parlamentar para a concessão do tratamento da nação mais favorecida a paizes estrangeiros, e visto que o Parlamento canadanse não se reunira durante varias semanas, o Governo canadense deseja celebrar um accordo temporario para os seguintes effeitos:

(a) Os artigos, productos naturaes ou manufacturados do Brasil importados no Canada (seja para consumo, reexportação ou transito) receberão tratamento de confirma dade com a tarifa intermediaria canadense;

(b) Os artigos, productos naturaes ou manufacturados do Canada importados no Brasil (seja para consumo, reexportação ou transito) receberão tratamento não minos favoravel do que o que fôr concedido aos artigos, productos naturaes ou manufacturados de qualquer outro paiz;

(c) As disposições deste acordo não attingirão, comtudo, o direito do Governo do Canada de modificar, manter ou estender o tratamento preferencial concedido a qualquer Estado do "Commonwealth" Britannico de Nações;

(d) Fica convencionado que as supracitadas disposições deste acordo temporario não são extensivas as vantagens já conferidas a paizes limitrophes, para se facilitar o trafico de fronteiras, ou as vantagens concedidas a outro paiz, em virtude de uma união aduaneira já concluida ou que venha a sel-o;

(e) A presente nota de aceitação pelo Governo brasileiro e a nota em que Vossa Senhoria submette a proposta do Governo de Sua Majestade no Canada constituirão um acordo entre os dois Governos, o qual entrará imediatamente em vigor e continuara a vigorar até que seja concluido um accordo baseado no tratamento da nação mais favorecida.

2. Em resposta, apraz-me comunicar-lhe que o Governo brasileiro aceita a proposta submettida por Vossa Senhoria e assume os compromissos della decorrentes, constantes da nota a que tenho a honra de responder.

Aproveito a oportunidade etc.,

(Assignado) AFRANIO DE MELLO FRANCO.

Ao Senhor EDWARD ALLIS KEELING,  
Encarregado de Negocios interino de Gran-Bretanha.

(Translation)

MINISTRY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS,  
RIO DE JANEIRO, December 4, 1931.

EC/207/8(42). (21)8.

MONSIEUR LE CHARGÉ D'AFFAIRES:

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of the Note in which you informed me that in order to regulate the commercial relations between Brazil and Canada, and in accordance with the instructions of His Majesty's Government in Canada, that Government desires to conclude a commercial agreement with the Brazilian Government. Since, however, by Canadian law, parliamentary sanction is required for the concession of most-favoured-nation treatment to foreign countries, and seeing that the Canadian Parliament will not meet for several weeks, the Canadian Government desires to conclude an agreement in the following terms:—

(a) Brazilian goods, raw materials or manufactured, imported into Canada (whether for consumption, re-export or transit) shall be treated in accordance with the Canadian intermediate tariff;

(b) Canadian goods, raw materials or manufactured products imported into Brazil (whether for consumption, re-export or transit) shall receive treatment not less favourable than that granted to the goods, raw materials or manufactured products of any other country;

(c) The provisions of this agreement shall not, however, affect the right of the Canadian Government to modify, maintain or extend the preferential treatment granted to any State of the British Commonwealth of Nations;

(d) It is agreed that the above provisions of this temporary agreement do not apply to advantages already granted to neighbouring countries to facilitate frontier traffic, nor to advantages granted to another country in virtue of a Customs Union already concluded or which may come to be concluded in the future;

(e) The present Note of acknowledgment from the Brazilian Government and the Note in which you submitted the proposal of His Majesty's Government in Canada shall constitute an agreement between the two Governments, which shall come into force immediately and shall continue in force until the conclusion of a most-favoured-nation treaty.

2. In reply, I have pleasure in informing you that the Brazilian Government accepts the proposal submitted by you and assumes the responsibilities arising therefrom, contained in the Note to which I have the honour to reply.

I avail myself, etc.,

A. DE MELLO FRANCO.

To

Mr. EDWARD ALLIS KEELING,  
British Chargé d'Affaires.

The Brazilian Minister for Foreign Affairs (Mr. M. A. de Melo) to the British Charge d'affaires

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PC/207/B/42. (21)

Journal de CHARGE D'AFFAIRES:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the letter in which you  
mention me the step in order to release the commercial relations between Brazil  
and Germany, and in accordance with the wishes of His Majesty's Government  
of Germany, get Governmental clearance of countries a country of the  
Brazilian Government since, the Government has, bestowing  
upon the Brazilian Government, since, November 20, 1938, a loan of one million  
British pounds for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway.  
In view of the Government's desire to conclude an agreement in  
order to give effect to such a loan, I would like to request  
you to consider the following points:  
(a) Brazilian goods, especially those of mineral origin, imported into  
Brazil from Canada, to be admitted free of duty.  
(b) Canadian manufacturers, particularly those engaged in  
the production of oil products, to be given a preference in  
the sale of their products to the Government of Brazil.  
(c) The Government of Canada to extend the privilege of  
importation to the states of the Brazilian Government to  
the same extent as the Canadian Government to the  
states of the United States.

I would like to add that the Canadian Government  
has been requested by the Canadian Parliament to  
grant a bill to facilitate the entry of Canadian  
goods into Brazil, and that this bill is now before the  
Senate of Brazil, and it is expected to be passed  
in the near future.  
I have the honor to remain  
Yours very truly,  
M. A. DE MELO

(c) The bill, introduced in the House of Representatives, to facilitate the entry of Canadian  
goods into Brazil, was passed by the House of Representatives on  
July 10, 1938, and is now before the Senate of Brazil.  
The bill provides for the entry of Canadian  
goods into Brazil without payment of import  
duties, and it is expected to be passed by the  
Senate in the near future.  
I have the honor to remain  
Yours very truly,  
M. A. DE MELO

Approved a opportunity etc.

A. de MELLO FRANCO

(Assigned) AFRAJIO DE MELLO

To the Honorable Mr. Keeling,

Encarregado de Negocios Interino de Gran-Bretaña.

Brazilian Embassy  
Assignee  
Mr. Philip Clarke d'Albuquerque