

AMERICAN EXPORTS DECLINING AS THOSE OF CANADA INCREASE

Reciprocity Would Have Given the United States Something They Must Have Anyway, With no Corresponding Advantage to this Country.

It takes the Toronto Globe a long time to see some self-evident thing, and even when it does see them it is not always willing to admit the fact. When the Globe and all the little Globelets of the country were advocating the acceptance of the Washington-made reciprocity pact they conveniently ignored the fact, evident at that time just as much as it is today, that the United States was rapidly becoming a non-exporting country so far as food products were concerned, while at the same time Canada was rapidly increasing its food product exports. All the argument then was that it would be the finest possible thing to encourage friendly relationships with a sister nation by accepting its proposal, which would have gone into the States free of duty. American food products would have come this way on a free trade basis. IN OTHER WORDS THESE GOOD PEOPLE REFUSED TO RECOGNIZE THE FACT THAT IN GETTING US TO AGREE TO THIS PROPOSAL UNCLE SAM WAS GETTING SOMETHING HE HAD TO HAVE IN ANY EVENT, WHILE AT THE SAME TIME HE WAS FORCING US TO GIVE UP IN RETURN FOR SOMETHING WE WERE WELL ABLE TO GET ALONG WITHOUT.

The Globe has been studying the last United States trade returns, with the result that it finds there stated that wheat exports for the year will probably amount to about 100,000,000 bushels, including flour stated in terms of wheat, exceeding by about 20,000,000 bushels the record of last year, but being less than half that of 1901. In meats and food animals exported the record of the year will be low. The number of cattle exported in the eleven months ending with November was but 44,997, against 152,288 in the same months of last year, and of fresh beef the quantity exported in the eleven months was 1 1/2 million pounds, against 27 million pounds in the corresponding months of last year.

Canada is thus overhauling the United States in wheat, flour and cattle exports. The Canadian fiscal year ends on March 31, and for the twelve months preceding that time Canada exported in wheat or its flour equivalent over 80,000,000 bushels, and of cattle 61,285. During the six months of the present fiscal year ending on September 30, before the movement of the new wheat had begun, Canada's export of wheat or its flour equivalent was 47,675,000 bushels, and there is no doubt at all that the export for the fiscal year will be at least 120,000,000 bushels. Already 85,000,000 bushels of the new crop have been moved to the head of the lakes. In cattle the showing is not so good, the six months export being only 17,843 head.

And these figures lead the Globe to comment as follows:— The figures as a whole, however, indicate that the United States, with over twelve times Canada's population, is providing less surplus food for export than Canada, and that within ten years, unless the American farmer changes his methods greatly and goes in for intensive farming, the Republic will have to look to Canada for a considerable portion of its food. By that time probably our super-loyalists will have decided that Canada's national destiny will not be endangered by selling wheat, cattle, hogs, and other food products of the farm to the American consumer. With the first portion of this observation the News can find no fault. As for the last sentence, however, the Globe is willfully misrepresenting the case. We know of no super-loyalists who ever argued that there was danger of Canada's national destiny going smash if we sold food products to American consumers. But there were people whom the Globe was pleased to term super-loyalists who did object to Canada being forced into a Washington-made and engineered agreement, with which the Globe editor had a good deal to do, by the way, that would have had the possible effect, as President Taft put it, of making Canada a mere adjunct to the republic to the south of us.—Lethbridge News.

FISHERIES

report of the Canadian fish-... details. The value of the waters of the respective pro-

.....	\$13,677,125
.....	9,367,125
.....	4,886,157
.....	2,205,436
.....	1,868,136
.....	1,196,396
.....	1,113,486
.....	139,436
.....	111,825
.....	102,325

and Nova Scotia takes... enormous salmon catch which... the sea harvest of the three... exceeds that of British Col... when the fisheries of the western... largely exploited this lead is like... even although the eastern fisheries... to increase. The great fishing grounds... Hudson Bay are also to be drawn upon yet... and it is more than probable that this will become the main source of supply for the middle west.

The last previous annual report gave the value of the fisheries as \$29,965,433. This year it is \$34,667,872, an increase of \$4,702,439. The total value of the sea fisheries was \$30,153,982, and those of the inland waters \$4,513,890.

The industry furnishes a means of livelihood for upwards of 100,000 persons on land and sea of whom 65,926 men and boys were employed in vessels and boats and 35,206 persons of both sexes on land in canneries, etc. The fishing fleet consists of 1,648 sailing vessels and tugs of 36,761 boats.

CAN NEVER SATISFY THEM

Our friends, the fire... underwriters, are a hard lot to please, and the man who attempts the task is more than likely to give up in disgust long before he succeeds. As a matter of fact, it is doubtful if he could ever succeed, for the underwriters are noted for their ability to discover always something else that needs doing after their last demands are met.

In the east and west, too, in large cities boasting of up-to-date waterworks systems and fire-fighting apparatus, the underwriters never cease urging for some further improvement, under penalty of higher rates if their suggestions are not complied with. In fact, so insistent have they become in their demands in some of our cities that city councils are seriously considering the advisability of urging for legislation which would make some portion of the cost of fire department improvement assessable against the insurance companies, they profiting by them possibly as much as anyone else.

These remarks are prompted by the criticism of a contemporary, which complains of the treatment meted out to consumers of natural gas, which is now coming into such general use in some parts of the province, and which asserts that unless natural gas users comply with certain stipulations laid down by them, the cost of which is quite immaterial to the underwriters, the rate on policies will be raised.

Incidentally our contemporary says, it may be noted that there is no suggestion of a lower rate of insurance where people who have been using gasoline have installed natural gas. Just why this should be the case we are at a loss to understand. Natural gas is a thousand times safer than gasoline, and ought to reduce the risk of fire considerably, but the insurance people do not seem to see it that way.

There is an old saying that "Love will find a way." It would seem that there are other things besides love that will do this, for, failing to find any other grounds on which to obtain a divorce, Mrs. Weisbaum of New York falls back on the plea that "life for her has been almost one continuous headache since she married the defendant, in 1907."

A tailor's advt. in the Campbellton Graphic announces that "Here are the big killers." Among the "killers" is the following, in 24 pt. caps "POPUSRSRGSFHINIT TLIAR" followed by the statement "our customers realize just what this means to them." It is to be hoped they do, but we trust it is nothing so serious as it looks.

The Transcript remarks that its esteemed contemporary is never very accurate in its alleged quotations from its (Transcript's) columns. The Transcript should be the last paper to talk about misquotations.

Language reformers are looking for the man who put the needless "s" into "parcels" Post. One does not put letters into a "letters" box.

F. D. SWIM, M. P. P. HAS EXCITING ADVENTURE

Mr. F. D. Swim, M. P. P., narrowly escaped a serious accident a few days ago, while driving home. When crossing the railway track near Doaktown station, the runner of the sleigh caught in the rails and upset, throwing Mr. Swim out with considerable force and landing him on his face amid a pile of lumber sleds standing close by, though he fortunately sustained no injury beyond a considerable shaking up. The horse started off home at a smart pace, taking the sleigh with it, and in the course of its mad career, it created a pile of lumber four feet high, and negotiated a wire fence. Ultimately it was caught and taken home and it is somewhat strange that neither the animal nor the sleigh was in any way damaged.

NEW BATTLESHIPS FOR BRITISH NAVY

According to the "Daily Mail" the work of framing the British navy for the coming year is nearly completed. The one point remaining for decision namely, whether five or six battleships shall be laid down, depends upon the Austrian naval programme. If the admiralty decides to wait before taking action till the Austrian ships are laid down, it may be expected to be five battleships this year. The naval programme will then, according to the present information involve an expenditure of \$240,000,000 and will include five battleships, six light armored cruisers, twenty destroyers, several submarines, and an addition of 5,000 men to the personnel, making a total of 142,500 officers and men.

The battleships will be of a new type, the largest and strongest which science can build or money supply. They will be intermediate between the present Dreadnought battleship and battle cruiser. They will be armed in all probability with eight 16 1/4 inch guns, each firing 2,200 lb shells, or, if the 16 1/4 inch gun is not adopted, with 15-inch guns firing shells that weigh about 1800 pounds.

About once a week dip brooms in hot soapsuds. It can be done on washdays when the suds are at hand it will make the brooms both tough and flexible and will increase the wear of both carpet and brooms.

Before dipping fish, dip in boiling water for a few moments, they will seal much more quickly.

PREDICTS A GREAT STRUGGLE ON PACIFIC

Rev. Principal Gordon of Queen's University, speaking before the Montreal Canadian Club recently, said that the Pacific Ocean was destined to become the scene of a gigantic struggle between Orient and Occident, and Canada as a Pacific Coast nation, must be prepared to take in that struggle.

In an address on Australia Dr. Gordon dwelt at considerable length on the growing importance of Japan and China as factors in world politics.

Australia was being kept as a white man's country, and every bar that could possibly be provided was being raised against alien immigration, he declared. The Labor party, which ruled the country, was as one man in excluding Asiatics from the labor market.

Indeed, the speaker said, the policy of exclusion of the Labor Government was holding back the development of the country, for there was no labor to be had for building of railroads, or the cultivation of the vast farms, which were Australia's chief source of wealth.

Comparing Australia with Canada Dr. Gordon said that in the antipodes the people were more or less all for pleasure. Compared with Canada in other ways, Australia had not yet the broad hopes that this country cherished, nor had Australia come to the same degree of self-realization of responsibility or manhood, though this might be partly due to the fact that Australia's Government was much newer than our own.

In many ways, however, Australia should give Canada a lesson, particularly in its number of botanical and zoological gardens, public museums and art galleries. Parks and playgrounds, too, abundant; their bookstores could not be approached in this or any other country; and the public press of the country was far and away ahead of the Canadian or American journals.

When a poor man desires to call another man a liar he must do it himself. But a rich man can hire a lawyer to attend to the matter for him.

Generally speaking, the line of demarcation between youth and middle age is marked by an exchange of fancy hose for black ones.

If you can carry a mattress upstairs, you can take that as an indication of your strength.

Just To Remind You

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The Farmer's Wife

A generation ago the wife and mother compared her lot with that of the pioneer grandmother, and she felt that she had much to be grateful for. Today the past is forgotten, comparisons must be made between herself and city sisters and friends. The family album, with its reminders of yesterday, is seldom opened. "Today" is ever at hand in the automobile's honk, the jingle of the telephone bell, and the headlines of the daily paper.

These farm women find themselves in a new civilization, but not of it. They have as great a longing for the best that life can offer as have the well-gowned club women of the city. In many cases, from a financial standpoint, they can as well afford the luxuries of modern life as the majority of those who possess them. But, as the wives of farmers, they must give themselves to the land, says the Atlantic Magazine. Their houses go neglected that they may help with work in the fields.

Their hands are coarse and rough from assisting their husbands with pressing work on the land. Wives of healthy farmers in this our country, while at their work, often resemble in their appearance ignorant, poverty-stricken peasant women of Europe. Many a farmer's son who has completed the course of the city high school has been helped to do so by the sacrifices of an overworked mother back on the farm, who has taken upon herself many of the tasks that otherwise would have been his. In the hearts of these lonely, toll-worn women, love for farm life is turning to bitterness, and the daughters are electing new things.

The Dairy Cow

Although since 1875 the number of milk cows has doubled, increasing from less than 11,000,000 to over 22,000,000, during the same time, butter prices have not only practically doubled, but the price of cows has increased \$6.62 a head.

During the period the population has more than doubled, showing that rapid as has been the increase in the number of cows milked they have not kept abreast of the growing demand.

Judging by statistics from reliable sources the population is to again double during the next thirty-five years, and in order to keep the price of butter as low as it now is, the cow population must also double.

The up-to-date farmer realizes that the farm is but a factory, and that every cow and every other animal is kept there as a machine with a certain capacity for converting raw material into a finished commodity.

The value of each cow machine is measured by the amount of feed the cow can eat and convert profitably into milk and butter fat during the year. To determine this point the dairyman weighs and tests the milk of each cow to determine the production and the amount and cost of feed.

He is then prepared to say which is the profitable cow, and which is the loafer. In view of the fact that there are 6,000,000 cows in the United States that are eating a portion of the profits the other 16,000,000 cows are making, the sooner the dairy farmer finds these and substitutes for them cows of more profitable types and breeding the sooner he enlarges the profits of his business.

In doing so he not only becomes a manufacturer in the true sense but he also becomes a wise banker in that he refuses to loan to the cow year after year that which she never returns, and on which she never pays interest. In the New England States farmers who in the past thoughtlessly robbed their farms of the profit yielding available riches that were stored up in their lands are now reclaiming those same farms by the intelligent use of the dairy cow.

Each year the land that provides for the dairy cow is growing richer, while the farms that are devoted exclusively to growing and marketing grain in its raw state are growing poorer and less productive. The reason is not hard to discover, for it is a known fact that with every ton of corn sold off the farm bringing from \$18 to \$20, goes \$5.50 worth of fertility; a ton of wheat worth \$35 removes \$7.50 worth of fertility; a ton of beef worth at the present high prices from \$150 to \$200 takes with it about \$17 worth of richness, while a ton of butter, worth today in the markets of the world \$600, takes with it only 49 cents worth of fertilizing ingredients, and by providing those nitrogenous foods that are necessary for greatest butter production, alfalfa, cow peas, soy beans, fed in connection with ensilage, returns to the land many times this amount.

Poultry Questions and Answers

The lecturer or teacher begins to lecture, and his remarks are appreciated only when his hearers show a desire to question him regarding his statements. Here are some of the stray shots fired at Lecturer Marcellus of the Ontario Agricultural College by the farmers and poultry fanciers of Prince Edward county in the town of Picton recently.

Q—Should we litter the floors of our hen houses with straw?

A—Certainly; we are never without it in our poultry houses.

Q—How about the use of coal or wood ashes on the floor?

A—They are not bad for this purpose. However, the dust arising from them so close to the heads of the hens is apt to set up an irritation in the throat and bronchial tubes. Sand is perhaps preferable to ashes of any kind, as the dust will be missing.

Q—How would you treat a case of roup?

A—If it is a pronounced case you might as well use the hatchet. You may cure the particular fowl which is affected, but this trouble is contagious through the use of a common drinking fountain, etc.

Q—How often should we clean out the houses?

A—If you have plenty of time, by all means clean them out every day. It is really as necessary to clean a hen house daily as it is to clean a horse stable that often. However, labor is scarce and where dropping boards are not used, the cleaning need not be done so often.

Q—What do you think of droppings as manure?

A—To get the most out of poultry manure, you should keep it perfectly dry until it is used. Besides this, do not put it on the ground until the crop is there, as poultry manure is easily washed out. Once it has been leached by the rain, it is of little value as fertilizer.

Q—May we feed our hens corn on the cob?

A—There is no objection to feeding on the cob, as I can see.

Q—Is the whole grain oat a good food?

A—It is good if it can be fed without the hulls. The hulls contain from 25 to 40 per cent. fibre which is of no value as a poultry food. Feed oats with some other grain.

Q—What is a reasonable cost of construction for a poultry house?

A—You cannot hope to build a house which will serve its purpose for any less than \$1 per fowl housed.

Q—What about whitewashing the interior of the houses?

A—By all means whitewash. We do so twice a year always.

Q—How do you treat for vermin?

A—We disinfect twice a year. The spraying method seems to me the best. For mites we use pure kerosene either with the spray or poured where the mites congregate.

Q—Do you feed the grain in the floor litter?

A—Yes, we sometimes have from 14 to 16 inches deep in litter and we always feed the grain in this.

Q—Do you hang curtains directly in front of the roosts?

A—No. If you do, you confine the fowl in a small space and the respiration during the night in confined quarters induces dampness. I have seen birds quite wet in the morning when a curtain was used in front of the roosts.

Q—Is it advisable to feed corn whole or cracked?

A—If you feed it whole and with other grain, the bullocks in the flock will soon take all the corn, while the weaklings will get the other. If the corn is cracked you are sure that each fowl will get a share of it. Whether or not you should feed it thus depends on the cost of having it cracked.

Q—Would it hurt to feed hens a small quantity of rye?

A—Don't use it if you can prevent it. Anyway, the birds will generally refuse to eat rye.

Q—Is animal meal as good as beef scrap?

A—No, I do not consider it as good.

Q—How about oyster-shell as grit?

A—Oyster-shell has no value as a grit. It is almost as soft as the grain itself.

Q—Do you ever feed lime to hens?

A—Lime has its place, but if a hen swallows a piece of unslaked lime there is every chance for a funeral.

Q—Would you recommend the feeding of egg shells to poultry?

A—I would if you grind up the shells. If you do not, the hens will probably acquire the egg-eating habit.

Q—About how much grit do hens need?

A—On a farm where the hens may range in the summer months, one hundred pounds of grit should do one hundred birds one year.

Q—Is green feed necessary for egg production?

Bacteria in Relation to Soil Nitrogen

Scientific agriculture has been called on within the last one hundred years to solve a large number of problems. Of all the problems which have at last been made clear, none have caused so much discussion or so much research work as that concerning the source of nitrogen to plants.

Chemists realized in the early years of the last century that the rocks of the earth's crust do not ordinarily contain compounds of nitrogen. A few years later, it became known that very productive soils contain from five to ten thousand pounds of nitrogen per acre to a depth of one foot, and that all this vast quantity of combined nitrogen in the earth's surface has been derived in some way from the gaseous nitrogen of the air.

All agricultural men know that the nitrogen content of their soil is a very important factor, and one of which considerable nitrogen is removed by the various crops; but fortunately for agriculture, nature has a means of replacing the constant losses of soil nitrogen. This means was discovered by Hellriegel, a German investigator, and it was that certain plants are capable of using for their development the nitrogen gas of the air, but they are only able to do so with the aid of bacteria which live in their roots. These certain plants are those of the legume family, such as clover, alfalfa, vetch, peas, beans, etc. We may now understand more definitely why these crops are grown by orchardists for their cover crops in the orchard. The plants in their development have attained a considerable amount of nitrogen, and when plowed under the nitrogenous matter therein is returned to the soil to be utilized by succeeding crops, thus directly adding a nitrogenous fertilizer to the soil.

Or again, considering the average farmer following a fairly systematic rotation of crops, which includes one of the legumes. He plows under the residue from the crop, and in addition to this the manure produced by feeding the legume crop is carefully returned to the soil. The amount of nitrogenous matter thus added by the leguminous residue and the manure will be greater than that lost by the removal of the other crops in an ordinary four or five year rotation. These facts show the important part which bacteria play in regard to leguminous crops and the necessity of including a leguminous crop in the rotation in order to maintain the supply of nitrogenous plant food.

Spontaneous Combustion from Hay

A few years ago the barn of General Barchard, former associate editor of *Board's Dairyman*, was consumed by fire, caused by the spontaneous combustion of alfalfa, which had been put into the mow in too green a condition. One other barn in the vicinity was burned in the same way by the spontaneous combustion of hay. A number of instances have occurred where, when the mow had been put out, a mass of hay was found in the centre near the bottom of the mow charred that it could not be handled with a fork.

Intensive Farming

A reader stirred up by my statement of \$200 returns from one-eighth acre in vegetable plants, especially cabbage and celery, asks me, says a writer in *Farm and Fireside*, what may be his chances of securing an income of, say, \$800 an acre on two acres planted in these or similar crops in the suburbs of a small city. An income of \$800 or \$1,000 from an acre of market-garden crops, and especially of vegetable of flowering plants, is not only within the reach of possibility, but also of reason, and is actually secured (and more, too), by many gardeners near our cities or villages. But, so much depends on local conditions, management, skill of the grower and seller, that I would not give any guarantee. Begin, slowly, gradually, carefully, and expand as you see your way clear. Do not let my figures tempt you to run in debt for land, giving up another business that has so far provided a living. Use discretion and common sense.

Where Land Does not Run Down

In 1840 there was obtained from Rothamstead Farm, England, 10 tons per acre of turnips, and after sixty years on the same ground 19.5 tons of turnips were taken off. With barley which followed the turnips in the rotation in 1849 33.4 bushels per acre was obtained, and in 1909 46.5 bushels. The clover in the rotation pointed to similar results, there being 2.5 tons in 1849 and 4.5 in 1910 of the same piece of soil. By a proper system of rotation and fertilization the land is steadily becoming more instead of less productive.

A single turn of a corkcrew-like implement that a Pennsylvanian has patented cuts out the core of a grapefruit and loosens the pulp from the skin.

KINGS CO. DIED UNDER ANAESTHETIC

Mrs. Henry Seelye of Markhamville, died very suddenly at Sussex on Friday, at one of the hotels. She had come to town, accompanied by her mother, to consult a physician. After making a careful examination he found that she had some serious trouble with her teeth, and had a dental operation would be necessary. Her heart and lungs were examined and it was decided that she was fully able to withstand an anaesthetic. In fact, the operation was considered an ordinary one, particularly as she was young and seemingly in good health. A dentist was called in, an anaesthetic was administered, and the operation was carried through. Then it was found that the patient was not rallying properly, and she soon began to sink rapidly instead of recovering from the anaesthetic. In spite of every possible effort made to restore consciousness, death soon ensued. The doctors are at a loss to account for her unexpected collapse, as her condition before the operation had absolutely no indication of danger.

Important Report Made by British Commission on Titanic Disaster

The carrying of extra lifeboats for the accommodation of all the passengers and crew of ocean liners is commended in the interim report of the departmental commission on boats' davits appointed after the Titanic disaster to advise the British Board of Trade. The report, which was issued recently, is of a highly technical character. The general trend of its recommendations is that the extra boats should be stowed in their launching arrangements for launching each of them from the same set of davits on the same side of the vessel, in which accommodation would be provided that all could not be stowed in that way, the commission recommended that the carrying of proper sized reversible pontoon rafts should be allowed. These should be of accommodating not more than 10 per cent. of the persons the vessel is certified to carry. The rafts should be of such size that they could be thrown from the deck if necessary.

CONSTIPATION CURED BY BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine a mother can use to relieve her little ones from constipation and all other stomach and bowel troubles. They act as a gentle laxative, are pleasant to take and are absolutely safe. Concerning them, Mrs. Philippe St. Pierre, St. Perpetue, Que., says: "My baby was badly constipated and we crossed all the time. Nothing I gave her seemed to do any good till I began Baby's Own Tablets. They are the best medicine in the world for little ones and quickly relieved my baby." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

38 TONS OF PAPER

This enormous quantity of paper was used in printing the 1913 Edition of the Na-Dru-Co Almanac, just off the press. As each Almanac weighs a little less than two ounces this means that 700,000 copies were printed—one copy for every 11 individuals, or for every two families, in Canada.

Stronger evidence could scarcely be given of the wonderful popularity which has already been won by the Na-Dru-Co Almanac now only in its fourth Edition. This is due to the rich fund of useful information it contains and to its valuable hints on health and physical comfort.

Your druggist has a copy for you. See that you get it.

UNIONISTS AGAINST ANY TAXES ON FOOD

A London cable says: Mr. Boar Law has been presented privately with a memorial signed by 219 Unionists in the House of Commons against making the food taxes an issue in the next election. He said at once that he would consult Lord Lansdowne and give an answer as quickly as possible.

The terms of the memorial are secret, although several versions are given, one being that if the Unionists are returned to power they shall summon an imperial conference to discuss by what means imperial preference can be decided.

That a Bayonne, N. J., cat was responsible for a diphtheria epidemic in the Bergen Point section of the city came to light Friday when it was despatched by an agent from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Preuderville, took the cat into his home and shortly after was taken ill. Three neighboring children became ill with diphtheria, and in each case the cat was recalled, the children had played with the cat.

"MY BACK HURTS" TROUBLE

Since taking GIN PILLS, my back has never hurt me again. I was suffering from rheumatism and neuralgia, and my back was so stiff that I could not get up in the morning. I was told to try GIN PILLS, and I did so. I took a box, and my back was cured. I feel like a new man. I can now do all my work without any pain. I am very grateful to the National Drug and Chemical Co. for their GIN PILLS. I have recommended them to all my friends. I have also written to the National Drug and Chemical Co. to thank them for their GIN PILLS. I have also written to the National Drug and Chemical Co. to ask them to send me a box of GIN PILLS free of charge. I have also written to the National Drug and Chemical Co. to ask them to send me a box of GIN PILLS free of charge. I have also written to the National Drug and Chemical Co. to ask them to send me a box of GIN PILLS free of charge.

Both A Bread Flour And A Pastry Flour

"A woman always wants a reason, but never gives one". So we are going to tell you just why "Beaver" Flour is a bread flour and a pastry flour—as good for one as for the other—and best for both.

Ontario Fall Wheat is the most nutritious wheat in the world—rich in flesh and strength building qualities and with a full rich flavor and splendid pastry making qualities. Manitoba Spring Wheat has more strength than Ontario Fall Wheat—but is not so good for pastry.

Naturally, the perfect flour is the one that combines the good qualities of both Ontario and Manitoba wheat. This is exactly what "Beaver" Flour does. It is a blend of Ontario Fall Wheat and Western Spring Wheat. It contains exact quantities of each. "Beaver" Flour has the real home made flavor that a Western Wheat flour lacks—it makes deliciously light, tasty Cakes, Pies and Fancy Pastry.

Order "Beaver" Flour

for your next baking day. Put it to the test, for both Bread and Pastry—and see for yourself the convenience and economy of using a true Flour. Dealers—Write us for prices on Feed Grains and Cereals.

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PROVINCIAL HAPPENINGS

While cutting wood in the woods at Mass River recently, Mr. John Norman was savagely attacked by a huge bear, and only escaped with his life by climbing a tree.

The Maritime Hat & Cap Company is asking the Moncton City Council to reimburse it for alleged loss to the business due to the natural gas not being installed in Moncton in November, 1912.

A sad fatality took place on the road between Woodstock and Newburg on Thursday night when Chas. Cunningham was killed by a kick from a horse or by falling.

Mrs. Evangeline Belyea, of Sussex N. B., has filed a divorce action in Boston against her husband who, she says, left her and went to Regina, Sask., after less than two years of married life.

Edgar West an employee of the I. C. R. shops, Moncton, was hit by a flying piece of steel while at work on Tuesday morning, and as the result he suffered considerable pain and will be unable to resume his duties for some time.

The Dominion Express Company's running rights in the city of Moncton were increased wonderfully. Mr. F. W. Wry states that in the Sackville branch business of his office for the first 10 days in January is much larger than the corresponding period of any previous year.

Some time ago an obstruction was placed on the suburban Street Car line at Sunny Brae, and but for the presence of mind of the Motorman the car would undoubtedly have been wrecked.

Two persons were quite badly hurt in three accidents that took place in front of the I. C. R. depot, Sackville, Friday afternoon. Mrs. Gaius Fawcett was thrown out of a double-seated park in which she was riding and received a very severe shaking up when a runner of the pump dropped into the drain ditch running along the side of Lorne Street, causing the pump to lurch suddenly.

Report is current in St. John that Messrs. Rhodes, Curry & Co., Amherst, have been awarded the contract for the construction of the St. John post office. So far as can be learned there were three tenders: Messrs. Rhodes, Curry & Co., Amherst; B. Mooney & Sons and A. R. Clark, St. John, and the proponent is that the contract is awarded the lowest tenderer.

Mr. J. R. Stone, commissioner of the Central Railway, says it is by no means certain just when the C. P. R. would take the road over, but it is improbable they would do so till the Minto and Gibson line was finished.

Handcuffed to Jailer Craven, with his feet tied and closely watched by Officer Craven and Deputy Sheriff Mitchell to prevent any attempts of the prisoner escaping, Hubert Grant, the Halifax murderer, whose death sentence was commuted to life imprisonment was taken to Dorchester early last week to begin his term.

At a special meeting of Moncton Trades and Labor Council held on Wednesday evening the dispatch which appeared in the daily press which stated that sentiment in the Maritime Provinces was favorable to the transfer of the I. C. R. to a private corporation was discussed by delegates representing the unions of carmen, machinists, blacksmiths and boiler-makers, and it was decided to appoint a committee to draft a resolution to offset any such movement on the part of the Maritime Board of Trade.

SUNNY CORNER

A dark gloom was passed over this place at half past nine Saturday evening, Jan. 4th, when the sad news was flashed around that one of Sunny Corner's most prominent men, in the person of Alfred Nowlan, had died of heart disease at the age of fifty two years, leaving a wife and four children to mourn the loss of a loving husband and father.

Good, but not forgotten. A manly voice is stilled. A seat's vacant in that home that never can be filled.

Miss Mary A. McDonald spent a couple of days with her friend, Mrs. Bella Maschett last week. Mr. J. F. A. G. has returned to the woods again.

WHITNEY

Whitneyville, Jan. 11.—The people of this vicinity welcomed the snowstorm, as it improved the roads, which had been in a dangerous condition.

The scarlet fever patients are convalescing. Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Mullin and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Dunnett, are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a daughter in their homes.

Miss Agatha Forsyth is spending a few days in Newcastle. The monthly meeting of the W. F. M. S. was held at Mrs. Donald McTavish's on Saturday, Jan. 11th.

Messrs. Chester Whitney and Justice McKay went to Stony Brook, Northwest Miramichi on Monday last to build a summer sporting camp for R. H. Armstrong, Newcastle.

THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

It is easy to understand why many who have the need of a typewriter hesitate to introduce one on account of the difficulty of the machine's operation. The former drawback is no longer exists. From the very beginning the Empire is a help and a time saver. References will willingly be made to users, who will state that the very beginning of the machine is a help and a time saver. The machine is operated by a novel and simple system.

S. S. URANIUM ON ROCKS OFF HALIFAX

Grounded in Dense Fog but 900 passengers were Quickly Taken Off.

Making for port, after a sixteen days' battle with Atlantic tempests and seas, the steamer Uranium, 3315 tons, from Rotterdam to Halifax, with nearly 900 passengers, ran on the rocks near Chebucto Head at the entrance of Halifax Harbor at 10.45 on Sunday morning.

The steamer struck the rocks hard on, at Shoal Point, one of the roughest points on the rock-bound shore, and she was driven so far up on the ledge that her bow was eight feet out of the water.

Fortunately, however, she ran into a small cove which provided a shelter from the gales and kept the sea comparatively calm.

Fortune, indeed, favored the ship and her complement of close upon a thousand souls. The wind was blowing half a gale, but it was from the south west. Had the gale been blowing from the south east the position of ship and passengers would have been perilous in the extreme.

The Uranium was creeping along in a thick fog when suddenly at 10.45 o'clock she poked her nose into the rocks and in a moment was held hard and fast. She was about 1000 yards north of the lighthouse at Chebucto Head and within 300 yards of the shore, but the fog was so dense that the ship could not be seen from the lighthouse.

The news of the wreck was sent by wireless to Camperdown and the Lady Laurier was quickly despatched to the scene, while in the meantime, Mr. Mooney of the C. N. R. had arranged for tow boats, and the tug Scotsman, Togo and the steamer Bridgewater were quickly rushed to the aid of the stranded vessel.

Although the steamer was in no immediate danger and it was the expectation of the captain that she could be floated at high tide, it was deemed advisable to take off the passengers. The work of transfer began at four o'clock in the afternoon, and before six o'clock all were safely transferred to the Lady Laurier, the Bridgewater and the Scotsman which forwarded them to Halifax.

It was no small undertaking to transfer 820 passengers but it was done expeditiously and without mishap of any kind. The women and children, according to the tradition of the sea, came first. They numbered about 300 and were placed aboard the Lady Laurier. The men were taken off by the three steamers, and the way in which transfer was effected reflects credit on all concerned.

The engines kept working until the tide became too low, and it was useless to make any attempt to back off. There were sixteen fathoms of water at the stern and eight fathoms amidships. The bow was sufficiently high out of the water to see the turn of the stern. The bow was considerably smashed by the impact.

Three attempts were made on Monday morning to pull the Uranium off the rocks but without success. The steamer did not move a foot and it was decided to lighten the ship before making another attempt.

COL. "SAM" MAY TAKE MR. COCHRANE'S PLACE

As Minister of Railways, Latter Becoming Gov. of Ontario.

An Ottawa despatch to the Montreal Herald says: Col. Sam Hughes probably will be the next minister of railways. It is understood that on the appointment of Hon. Mr. Cochrane next autumn as Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, Premier Borden will select Col. Sam Hughes for the railway's portfolio.

Col. Hughes has the strongest sort of backing for the post. It is said that he would be quite willing to make the change. For one thing, he finds that there is very little to be done and certainly not enough to enable even such a stirring man as Col. Hughes to make a name for himself. He thinks that with the big development going on in railways, both government and corporation, there is a better chance for his talents in the administration of the railway and canal portfolio.

He would not object to having the construction of the Georgian Bay Canal commenced during his term at the head of the railway department.

In the event of Col. Hughes going to the railways, it is not unlikely that Major John Currie, of North Simcoe will be made minister of militia.

When the curtains come just to the sill of a window they are apt to blow either against the screen or out of the window and become soiled. To prevent this, slip a light strip of wood a little longer than the width of the curtain into the lower hem. This will prevent the curtain from blowing out when the window is open.

NEW EDUCATIONAL SCHEME FOR BRITAIN

Intended to Link up the Primary Schools with the Seats for Higher Learning.

Despatches from London, say that considerable interest has been aroused in England over the scheme proposed by Viscount Haldane for the improvement of the education of the people of the United Kingdom.

This scheme will be the next great reform to be undertaken after the Franchise Reform, Home Rule and Welsh Disestablishment Bills are disposed of.

The avowed object of this scheme is to increase the efficiency of the nation as a whole, to make the fullest possible use of the natural abilities of all children, irrespective of their station in life, and to maintain the productive powers of the nation on a par which will give them at any rate equal advantages with any of the great nations of the world.

The scheme will link the primary school with the university, so that in future the child of any man will be able to climb to the top of the educational ladder, if he has the mental capacity, and will not be handicapped for want of money.

By the scheme the whole structure of national education will be strengthened and made complete. It will work a new era in the development in nation life. Education will begin earlier and continue later, while the universities will be increased in number, with the object of serving local needs.

Some of the opponents of the Government profess to see in this scheme a defeat for the Lloyd George section of the Government, and say that this is put forward instead of land reform. I am in a position to state, however, that not only is Mr. Lloyd George in full agreement with Viscount Haldane in this great national scheme, but he is actually associated with him in formulating it, believing that it will form a fitting complement to the Old Age Pensions and Insurance Acts. Mr. Yoxall, M. P., is now advocating a grant of £2,000,000, or £10,000,000, a year extra to the elementary schools.

POWERS STRIVING EARNESTLY FOR PEACE

Turkey Threatened with Severe Treatment Unless She Submits.

Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, and the ambassadors of the powers are making valiant efforts to bring about a settlement between Turkey and the Balkan allies in the direction of peace. They have had additional interviews with Dr. Daneff and Rehad Pasha, the heads of the Bulgarian and Turkish delegations respectively, advising moderation on both sides and warning them that either party, if through obstinacy it should plunge Europe into war again, would incur a heavy weight of disapproval.

N. B. FARMERS' AND DAIRYMEN'S ASSOC.

Will Open in Fredericton on 17th Feby.—Women's Institute Convention will Also be Held.

At last meeting of the Provincial Government authority was given for the holding of a Women's Institute Convention—the first ever held in the province—in connection with the annual meeting of the Farmers' & Dairymen's Association.

A new departure has been made in the arrangements for the Farmers' & Dairymen's Association meeting and instead of being held the week of the opening of the Legislature it will be held the following week, commencing on February 17th, and continuing until the 21st.

Secretary for Agriculture Daggett is busy in making the arrangements for the Convention of the Women's Institute and it is expected that the holding of the convention will give such an impetus to the work that an appointment of a woman official to devote her attention solely to Women's Institute Work in the province will follow.

Mr. J. H. Gristdale, the director of the Dominion Experimental Farm Service of Ottawa, is expected to be one of the principal speakers at the Farmers' & Dairymen's Association meeting, while Federal Poultry Expert Brown of Ottawa, will also be one of the principal speakers. The subject of drainage on the farm will be given a leading place on the programme, and Dr. Lynds, of MacDonald College St. Anne de Bellevue, is expected to be the leading speaker on that subject.

An innovation at this year's meeting will be an exhibit of wool, and Mr. J. A. Telfer, the Federal Government sheep expert for the Maritime Provinces, is expected to speak on the sheep industry and its possibilities in New Brunswick. The programme for the meeting is now being put into shape and will likely be completed next week.

A good soft icing is made from two cups of granulated sugar and 3-4 cup of sweet milk. Boil ten minutes, cool beat and flavor.

OPERA HOUSE HERE TO-NIGHT

ERISON COMEDY BOY

in Singing, Dancing and Comedy Act

4 Reels of Pictures 4 All-Evening Entertainment

Admission 25c. Curtain rises at 8.15

SCHOOL SUPPLIES

We have replenished our stock of School Supplies and are prepared to furnish the pupils, big and little, with everything they may require in the several grades.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Follansbee

to hunger, because it is one of the greatest grain depots in the Balkans and months' provisions.

The Turkish delegates have not yet taken steps to withdraw their threat to leave London. Diplomats consider that it would be a great breach of etiquette for any of the delegates to go before another meeting of the conference was held, if only for the purpose of formally ending the negotiations. It might be construed as a slight to England which is entertaining the conference and to the British foreign secretary as honorary president.

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GOODS AT HALF PRICE

Stock taking has shown some Broken Lines in China. They will be in our Show Window on

SATURDAY, AT HALF PRICE

H. WILNISTON & CO. Jewelers Established 1889 Newcastle, N. B.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1868. Capital Authorized \$25,000,000 Capital Paid-up \$11,500,000 Reserve and Undivided Profits \$13,170,000 Total Assets \$49,000,000

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In the Bank's Steel Vault rented at from \$5.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc.

NEWCASTLE, N. B. BRANCH E. A. McCurdy, Manager

Two Million Feet of Spruce Logs Wanted

For which best price will be paid in cash delivered either on cars at Millerton, N. B., or along line of railway. For specifications and further particulars, call or write

Renous Bridge Lumber Co., Ltd.

Head Office: Renous, N. B. Mills: Millerton, N. B.

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WHITNEY, N. B. Contracts Entered into for the Erection, Alteration or Removal of Buildings. All work received careful and prompt attention.

Agent for all kinds of Wood and Metal House Furnishings

MONCTON TIMES SUFFERS BY FIRE

Paper Being Printed at Transcript Office for a Few Days.

S. S. SNOWDON RANGE PICKED UP AT LAST

Had Lost Her Rudder and Drifted about for Days.

The British steamer Snowdon Range, about which there has been great anxiety, passed the Irish coast on Monday in tow of the British steamer Welshman, which had picked her up in the Atlantic, five hundred miles to the west. The Snowdon Range left Philadelphia for Leith, Scotland, on Nov. 23. She lost her rudder while on her voyage and as she had not been heard from for long time she had been placed on overdue steamer list. She was recently relinquished at the rate of per cent. The Welshman, which left Liverpool on December 1st, found her on the Atlantic and brought her to Leith.

Bronze ornaments can be rubbed over with sweet oil and then polished with a soft duster. It will with a piece of

If silver is to be stored away for some time, pack it in dry flour, it will not tarnish.

THE LONG AND THE SHORT OF THE TUNIC



The Central Part of the Gown

ONE of the oldest stories in the tale of fashion is that of the tunic. Indeed, if you look discerningly enough, the tunic line will be seen in the simple goat-skin thrown across the bodies of men and women in primitive times. Ancient Greece and Rome were further exploiters of the tunic, and from eastern countries the idea swept across Europe. It was used years ago by the arbiters of style, and has never been deposed from a high place among fashion's rulers.

The long and the short of the story of the tunic is very interesting to womankind. It means variety in the line and a general becomingness to all figures and a suiting of all purses. Your tunic may be as long or as short as you wish and still be in style.

On the simple white costume suggesting Grecian lines the tunic of chiffon is edged with silver-beaded trimming and crossed in front over a double-pleated skirt. It is long in back, and the crossed line in front comes about one-third of the length of the skirt below the waist. These lines are a continuation of crossed ones on the bodice running in the opposite direction.

An elaborately beaded chiffon model has a bodice to match and gives a rich decoration on the plain satin underslip. This is a separate tunic, provided with a girdle and the exquisite flower at the front. The sleeves and lower edge are trimmed with fringe. This model is slashed up the front to the waist line. The floral design on this tunic is done in bugle beads.

Hinting of olden times is the full tunic of chiffon slashed in front and reaching to the bottom of the skirt. A conventional bead design is applied to the skirt, and a long narrow double girdle hangs down in front.

The bodice is of chiffon similar to the skirt, with straight lines of beads for decoration.

The short tunic of medieval line is of plain chiffon, with fullness in the bodice, plain sleeves and a hip-length peplum. Beads edge the hem of the tunic, and a beaded girdle adds the touch of the middle age to this effective style. It is a becoming contrast over the pleated chiffon skirt.

Forming the central part of a gown afternoons is a tunic of exquisitely beaded chiffon which extends just a little above the waist line and to below the



The Accepted Diagonal Model



In Simple Crossed Lines.



The Elaborate Beaded Model.

hips, heading the pannier of silk that is draped over the velvet skirt.

Diagonal lines of the tunic are very evident in this year's tunics. The Spanish lace in white over black satin is draped in a slanting line, the point coming halfway down on the right side. The bodice is of the lace combined with black, a delicate orchid finishing the surplice drapery.

Any slip of silk, satin or crepe de chine can be made into a simple foundation over which a tunic can be draped with ease, especially if the draping be done on the form first and the friendly pins are used to adjust the folds in graceful lines. Remember that long lines are the rule, and are easily attained by fastening material at the lower part of the skirt. Looseness is another important feature. Scant lines in the silhouette will be retained, and the girdled gown still holds sway. So put a high, contrasting girdle around the tunic drapery. Tunics can be edged with fur, fringes, which is coming back in high favor, and beads. They can



A Short Hip Tunic

be ornamental or simple, offering successful form.

To cut a long story short, or a short story, the bias, is not impossible, especially if the tunic story. Have you tried it?



Divided and in Full Length

The Standard MONTREAL. THE STANDARD is the National Weekly Newspaper of the Dominion of Canada. It is national in all its aims.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Live Pills. Cure Sick Headache. ALL THE WAY BY WATER.

Eastern Steamship Corporation. INTERNATIONAL LINE. Winter Fares. NEWCASTLE TO BOSTON.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE. Direct service between Portland and New York. Leave Portland Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:30 p. m.

I. R. C. TIME TABLE. The I. R. C. summer change of time which went into effect on Sunday June 2, 1912, is as follows:

45 YEARS OLD AND THE BEST YEAR OF THE 45. The same enterprise, earnestness, ability and devotion students in fraternities have given to this college its present standing.

SEALING TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on the 14th February, 1913, for the proposed Canada's Mail Subsidy Contract.

THE WHISPER IN THE SONG (By SOPHIE OSMOND)

(Continued) She expected to hear of a prospective visit or a present—nothing very exciting—but at Gran Judith's next utterance her heart leapt. "Well, my dear, I'm going to send you to her. The invitation is of long standing, and I have decided to accept it. This place is too quiet for a young girl, and I want you to have a little gaiety."

CHAPTER III Mrs. Reeve arranged that the two girls should drive to Meerton, a shopping centre a few miles beyond Meerwald, to buy a dress-basket and other necessities, and they set out light of heart—with a supply of sandwiches, for the sleek ponies never hastened their pace.

But Geoffrey Craton did not make a farewell visit. After a sleepless night he looked soberly and seriously at the position, and asked himself whether he was drifting? He was now by no means sure that Moyna cared for him. Her eyes kindled at his talk, but they would just as easily brighten if anybody else interested her.

Again, her grandmother was clearly aloof from him. She had given him his dismissal with the careless courtesy of a great lady; he had served a useful purpose and now belonged to the past. Therefore nothing was left but to pack his things and go away with a very heavy heart.

With the anxious thoughts of a lover he speculated about Moyna's future. Country girl as she was, there was distinction in her breeding. Did the grandmother contemplate a grand marriage for her? Craton wished that he had never come to Meerwald—at the same time he was well aware he did not mean it.

"Oh, I wish I were you!" cried Adeline, as the girls drove along the country road. "You'll have everything you can wish for, beautiful clothes, lovely house to go to, nice friends, continued gaiety—the pick of everything, while I—"

"There's the postman," interrupted Mrs. Reeve, while Adeline Dancy's glance conveyed a warning. The wish that lay deep in Moyna's heart was not to be revealed at such a time. It might cause dislike, and the governess wanted her own path made smooth.

"There was only one letter, but to the group it seemed as if destiny had held the pen that wrote it—" "Dear Judith—Your letter more than delighted me. It is what I have wished for years, and you will never have cause to regret your wise resolve. Moyna shall be as my own. I am cutting short my visit here (where your letter was forwarded) to return to town, and set matters in train for Moyna's stay. Expect to see me soon, as I find it is possible to break my journey at Meerwald, and pick up a later train. All kind wishes till we meet—Your sincere friend, MARGARET PALESTON."

"Why cannot you come too? Your housekeeper could attend to your interests," said Adeline. Mrs. Reeve shook her head. "No, no! My quiet home is worth many Londons. I have been through it all, and want it no more—but Moyna shall see for herself."

ROWING NOVA SCOTIA

Climate Ideal in Many Parts; Rowing Problems Appearing. At the meeting of the Pomological and Growing Society of Nova Scotia, Montreal, Prof. W. S. Blair, of Halifax, spoke on fruit growing in Nova Scotia. In parts of Nova Scotia that province was ideal for the growing of fruit.

Transportation improving. The problem for Nova Scotia, but the growers had faith in the business and gradually overcome the difficulties. The prosperity of Nova Scotia was undoubtedly due to her horticulture.

Spaying Essential. Hundreds of thousands of dollars had been lost this year, however, through neglect of spaying. There were hundreds of poor sprays, but they had not been used in the year.

Canning factories were quite numerous in Nova Scotia, there being evaporators which had been running steadily for six and eight weeks. Vinegar plants were also in operation for the purpose of utilizing the fruit which was not fit for shipment.

The development of the manufacturing industry in the past ten years is an important feature in the apple trade of Nova Scotia. Montreal is using an ever increasing quantity of eastern apples.

Mrs. Rebecca N. Clegg, mother of the tallest family in Kansas, is dead, at the age of 78. Mrs. Clegg was less than 5 feet tall and weighed 90 lbs. Her oldest son, George Clegg, was 7 feet 10 inches in height.

"I will help you, Adeline!" she exclaimed. "You shall have your chances, as you gave me mine. When I make a name I'll go to Gran Judith and ask her forgiveness. By that time you'll have made a good marriage, and nobody will say a word for I'll take all the blame, and being famous, nobody will scold me. The end justifies the means."

"Dear child!" exclaimed the schemer, with a caress. But Moyna suddenly started. "Oh, Adeline, you have forgotten the most important thing! Lady Paleston is coming to Meerwald to matters over. She said so many times, 'Don't you remember?'"

WEST PLANNING FOR FACTORIES

Industries Needed for the All-round Development of the Country—A Bright Official. S. Nicholson, Secretary-Treasurer of Tofield, Alta., states that it is proposed to establish an Industrial Bureau in Western Canada, whose main object will be to secure industries for Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta.

It is also proposed that the bureau would be in communication with Eastern manufacturers, giving all possible assistance in the establishment of new or branch factories in the Western Provinces.

"This bureau," said Mr. Nicholson, "would give home manufacturers the first chance, but if they could not build the required factory, then we would give outsiders a chance."

Regarding labor for factories, Mr. Nicholson has no fear, but would encourage it by the establishing of clothing or other factories where women and girls are employed. If the mechanic or laborer could obtain employment for his family as a rule sooner go West than remain in the East.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS

Average to Each Depositor Highest in Protected Countries. One of the best tests of prosperity of a country is the savings bank deposits of its people. Agriculture is the basic industry, and if agricultural conditions are not sound, it will be reflected in the savings of the people.

Table showing average savings per capita in various countries: United Kingdom, 1907, \$1,048,268,260; Austria, 1905, 1,098,256,165; Belgium, 1905, 155,739,160; France, 1905, 974,372,850; Italy, 1906, 616,183,030; Netherlands, 1905, 92,551,665; Russia, 1905, 8,954,235; Sweden, 1906, 156,312,455; Norway, 1906, 112,069,261; Denmark, 1906, 221,787,468; United States, 1907, 3,791,306,541.

It will be seen that the savings deposits in the United States are more than double those in any other country. Those countries in which the average savings to each depositor exceeds \$100 have enjoyed tariff protection to some extent. In the United States, where tariff walls are built high, the average to each depositor in the savings banks was \$100.

UNITED 143 FAMILIES

Imperial Reunion Association Does Its Festive Work. The Imperial Reunion Association which aims to unite old world families in the Canada of endeavor and opportunity, grows apace. Since its organization in Toronto it has passed upon no less than 650 applications of British immigrants who desired assistance in bringing their families out to join them, and has by its efforts in this connection, already united 143 families in Canada.

ROUND THE TOWN.

The Advocate is a day late this week owing to an accident to some of the machinery in the office.

1000 Shoppers Wanted in costume, to attend the Big Carnival on Wednesday night.

The Ocean Limited The Ocean Limited will probably be continued all winter, in accordance with requests received by the management of the Intercolonial.

Circuit Court The dates for the sittings of the Supreme Court in this County have now been fixed by the Judges.

Temperance Meeting A mass temperance meeting will be held in the Methodist Church next Sunday evening at 8.15 o'clock.

Special Attraction at Opera House The special attraction at the Happy Hour for the last three days of this week will be The Frisco Comedy Co.

Fortcoming Bospiel Plans are being made in St. John for a bospiel under the auspices of the New Brunswick Branch of the Royal Caledonia Curling Club.

Elected Officers Whitteville Division, No. 452, S. of T., have elected the following officers for the ensuing quarter:

Looking for Foxes Moncton Times: Two gentlemen from Calgary, Mr. Marshall and Mr. McMurdo are in the city in connection with black fox farming.

Lively Runaway Some little excitement was caused on Castle Street this morning by a runaway. Mr. John Young, of the North West Miramichi, had left his horse and sleigh outside Russell's blacksmith shop on Jane St.

Wedding at Redbank At Redbank Manse on the 14th inst., Robert Allan Nowlan and Miss Mary Matchett, both of Redbank, were married by Rev. J. F. McCurdy.

Keep up the Reputation The Newcastle River has the reputation for its best salmon on the river. Let this year eclipse all others.

Left for Vancouver Mr. Clarence Parker of Derby, whose home was burned down a few months ago, recently sold his farm and on Monday left with his wife and family for Vancouver, where they will reside in future.

Agricultural Meeting A meeting of Agricultural Society No. 122, will be held at Whitney on Saturday, when Mr. H. H. Flewelling of the Dairy Division, Ottawa, will be one of the speakers.

Carnival Costumes All girls and boys in Hockey, Baseball or Soccer costumes will NOT be permitted to the rink until after the prizes are awarded.

Belcher's Almanac A copy of Belcher's Farmers' Almanac for 1913, published by the McAlpine Company, Halifax, has been received at the Advocate office.

I. O. F. Secretary The High Standing Committee of the I. O. F. has appointed Mrs. Emma A. McLaren, daughter of the late Judge Emmerson of Moncton, to carry on the duties of the office of High Secretary of the order held by her late father.

Fire at Napan Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McDiarmid, Napan, met with a serious loss on Tuesday when fire completely destroyed their home together with all the furnishing of the upper flat.

OBITUARY

JOHN MCGINNIS The death of John McGinnis occurred at his home in Winnipeg, Man., on Friday, Dec. 27th, aged forty-two years and nine months.

MRS. JOSHUA BASS, Sr. The death of Mrs. Joshua Bass, sr. occurred at Douglastown at midnight on Wednesday. Deceased had suffered from heart trouble and had been seriously ill for more than a month.

MICHAEL WELSH The death occurred at his home at Bristol, Carleton County, on Thursday of Mr. Michael Welsh, the well known Miramichi lumberman. He had been in falling health for nearly a year and news of his death did not come as a surprise.

HARDING POND Harding Pond of Boiestown died at his home Saturday night as the result of injuries sustained in falling from a staging at Nappadogan earlier in the day.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

J. D. Phinney, K. C., is in town this week.

Mr. C. C. Crocker of Millerton was in town on Thursday.

Mr. John O'Brien is on a trip to Boston.

Mr. Earl MacDonald was in Chatham on Thursday.

Mr. Wm. Brown is spending a few days at his home here.

Mr. Arthur Metcalf of Moncton, is visiting friends in town this week.

Miss Laura McGrath of Chatham is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Wm. McGrath.

Miss Theresa Duan of Nelson, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Frank Gillis.

Dr. Schwartz, who recently settled in Redbank, is building up a fine practice in that vicinity.

Mr. Frank H. Sears of the Toronto Type Foundry Co., Montreal, was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bateman, of Fredericton, visited Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Bateman in Nelson last week.

Hon. John Morrissey returned Wednesday from attending a meeting of the C. M. B. A. at Kingston, Ont.

Miss Annie Gorman who has been in St. John for the past year, returned to her home in Nelson last week.

Mr. Jas. Walsh of Strathadam, left Tuesday for Boston to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. Julia Walsh.

Mr. Warren M. Power, who has been home attending the funeral of his father, has returned to his duties in Lowell, Mass.

Rev. Father Murdoch has returned to his home in Renous from Chatham, where he was being treated at the Hotel Dieu Hospital.

Mr. Perley Vanderbeck of Millerton has accepted a position in the C. P. R. offices at St. John, and will in future make his home there.

Mr. Arseneau of St. John has succeeded Mr. Gallant as manager of the Singer Sewing Machine Co.'s office here.

Miss Genevieve Carruthers of Chicago, who is visiting her grandparents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carruthers of Millerton, was in town on Thursday.

Mr. R. K. Galloway will be at home to her friends on the afternoon and evening of Wednesday, Jan. 22nd at the residence of her mother Mrs. Robert McMurray.

Mr. John Williamson has returned from Montreal, where he accompanied Miss Olive, who is receiving treatment at the hospital there. Her many friends will be pleased to learn that she is improving.

Mrs. Thos. Vanstone and children left on Friday for Gibson after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. John Daughney. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Maud Daughney who has been visiting her mother.

Newcastle Division, S. of T., has elected the following delegates to attend District Division, which meets at Hartcourt, Friday, Jan. 17th, Mrs. H. H. Stuart, Mrs. F. N. Atkinson, Miss Addie Bockler, Miss Helen McLeod, Miss Ella O'Donnell and W. C. Day.

Mr. A. E. Massey was in town this week in the interests of the Palmer-McLellan Shoeack Co., of Fredericton. This is Mr. Massey's first trip in the interest of this new firm, among whose directors are Messrs. R. W. and W. A. McLellan, two former Newcastle boys, who are secretary and supt. respectively.

throughout the province and news of his death will be received with regret by all who knew him. He was one of the representatives of his parish on the County Council. He was a Veteran of the South African War and was also prominent in the militia being an officer in the 73rd Northumberland Regiment.

Details of the accident are not known definitely. The deceased was working on the railway shops being built at Nappadogan. In some way he slipped from the staging and fell a considerable distance to the ground. Dr. Moore of Stanley was summoned to attend him and the injured man was removed to Boiestown as quickly as possible and died a few hours afterward at his home there.

The funeral took place on Monday with full military honors. Amongst the local officers of the 73rd Regiment present were Col. Mersereau, in command, Capt. W. H. Belyes and Lieuts. Robert Weldon and Arthur McKenzie of Chatham.

BORN

At Newcastle, Jan. 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. Gilmour Stothart, a son.

At Douglastown, Jan. 10th, to Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Dinan, a son.

At Newcastle, Jan. 11th to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Copp, a daughter.

At Newcastle, Jan. 11 to Mr. and Mrs. Basil Thibideau, a daughter.

At Newcastle, Jan. 16th, to Mr. and Mrs. Allan Black, a daughter.

Miss Bella Russell is spending the winter in Augusta, Maine.

Miss Julia Major is teaching in the Nelson school this term.

Miss Agatha Forsyth of Whitney, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. John Dennis is visiting relatives in Renous.

Miss Annie Harriman is visiting friends in Nelson.

W. S. Loggie, M. P., was among the visitors in town on Saturday.

P. A. Forsythe of Whitney was in town on Monday.

D. McCatheri, jr., of Fredericton, was in town on Wednesday.

Rev. Canon Smithers of Fredericton spent a few days in Bathurst and Chatham during the past week.

Messrs. Chas. Martin and George Fleigher of Chatham, were in town Wednesday on business.

Misses Joy Gaynor and Nellie Gilmore of Chatham were in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. David Smith of Upper Nelson is spending a few days in town, the guest of Mr. W. A. Touché.

Miss Annie Burke of Chatham, is spending a few days with her cousin, Miss Alberta Rae.

W. J. McNeil of the Campbellton Graphic, spent Sunday at his home here.

Miss Cecilia Nowlan is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. W. J. Dyan.

Miss Isa Leighton has returned from a pleasant vacation spent with friends in Montreal.

Mrs. Charles McKay and daughter Frances, of Whitney, visited friends in town on Tuesday.

The Misses Muriel and Marion Bate returned to their studies at "Edgell" on Wednesday.

The condition of Rev. Mr. Calhoun of Millerton, who has been ill for the past six weeks, remains unchanged.

Miss May Murphy went to Fredericton last week to resume her studies at the Normal School.

Mr. John Rundle of Chatham, is spending a few weeks with his sister, Mrs. E. A. McMillan.

Miss Annie Porter returned on Tuesday from a visit to friends in Blackville.

Miss Macrina Murphy visited her grandmother, Mrs. Vickers, at Blackville this week.

Mr. Jas. Dunn left on Monday for Bangor where he has accepted a position.

Miss Jennie Gremley has returned from a trip to Boston, after spending a very pleasant holiday.

Dr. F. L. Pedolin returned last week from a very pleasant trip to South Carolina.

Miss Dorothy Wilson of Millerton was the guest of Mrs. A. E. Shaw last week.

Miss Bella Falconer who has spent the last few months with her sisters, the Misses Falconer, returned to Boston last week.

Mr. A. E. Tingley returned to Blackville on Monday, accompanied by his friend Miss Harris of that place.—Albert News in Times.

Mr. and Mrs. George Fury of Millerton, left on Tuesday for Winnipeg, where they will make their home in future.

Mrs. Currie, who has been spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Ryan, returned to her home in St. John on Wednesday.

Miss Florence Giles has returned from a visit to her sister, Miss Laura Giles, who is station agent at Picton, N. S.

Miss Margaret Meahan has returned to St. Mary's Academy, after spending the vacation with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Meahan at Bathurst.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Craig, who were in town attending the funeral of Mr. Craig's mother, the late Mrs. Christopher Craig, returned to their home in Moncton on Sunday.

The engagement is announced of Miss Maude Alma Maltby to Mr. Wm. Johns of Detroit, Michigan, the wedding to take place the latter part of this month.

Miss Margaret Robinson leaves this week for Boston, where she will spend the winter with her brothers, Messrs. Major and Alexander Robinson.

Miss Russell, who is spending the winter with her sister, Mrs. Robert Armstrong, Bathurst, spent the week end at her home here, returning on Monday.

Miss Winnifred Whalen, who has been spending some time with her brothers, Messrs. James and John Whelan at the Miramichi Hotel, returns to New York this week.

MAT PATTERNS

in 24 inches long, 1 yard long, 1 1/2 yards long, 2 yards long, 1 1/2 yards square.

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