

DISTRICT NEWS

Church of England services were celebrated in the new church here on Sunday, November 26th. The introductory service was conducted by Rev. Deacon Gray, assisted by the Rev. Mr. French. A large congregation greatly enjoyed the service and the able direction of the Archdeacon. The new edifice was admired. It appears volumes for the acceptance and popularity was interred here on 16th November. The celebration was celebrated every alternate Sunday and Sunday School every second Sunday. An effort is to be made to form a ladies guild and choir.

CIVIC

Great sympathy is felt for Mr. Pappo in the loss of his wife, who succumbed after a long illness, and was interred here on the 15th November. The first dance of the season given by J. Smith, took place on the 24th night in the large hall over the pool room. A splendid orchestra not to mention the large crowd and every body voted it a great success. Mr. Smith promises to continue the dances throughout the winter, the next dance taking place on the 30th inst. and every alternate Friday.

VERMILION

Belleville News Service. The Vermilion school board has taken for the year 1911-12, a total of \$10,000. The board has also decided to build a new school building on the corner of 10th and 11th streets. The new building will be a two-story structure and will contain 12 classrooms, a gymnasium, a library, and a music room. The estimated cost of the building is \$10,000. The board has also decided to purchase a new school bus for the year 1911-12. The bus will be a four-wheeled vehicle and will be capable of carrying 12 pupils. The estimated cost of the bus is \$1,000. The board has also decided to purchase a new school desk for the year 1911-12. The desk will be a four-legged desk and will be capable of holding a book and a pen. The estimated cost of the desk is \$500. The board has also decided to purchase a new school chair for the year 1911-12. The chair will be a four-legged chair and will be capable of holding a pupil. The estimated cost of the chair is \$500.

SWAN RIVER

Belleville News Service. The Swan River settlement is a very interesting one. It is situated on the banks of the Peace River and is one of the most beautiful spots in the country. The settlement was founded in 1877 and has since that time grown to a considerable size. It is now one of the most important settlements in the Peace River valley. The settlement is situated on a high bank of the Peace River and is surrounded by a beautiful forest. The climate is very pleasant and the soil is very fertile. The settlement is a very interesting one and is well worth a visit.

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W. K. Shields, the manager of the previous meeting, read and adopted a resolution, moved by E. E. McConnell, seconded by W. H. Stephenson, that Martin Larsen's contract for conducting the dance between sections 5 and 6 on 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 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put into commission last week and is a great boon to the settlers residing within twenty miles out. An eight-horse team, owned by W. H. Stephenson, that Martin Larsen's contract for conducting the dance between sections 5 and 6 on 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111st, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311st, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411st, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511st, 512th, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521st, 522nd, 523rd, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531st, 532nd, 533rd, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541st, 542nd, 543rd, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551st, 552nd, 553rd, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571st, 572nd, 573rd, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581st, 582nd, 583rd, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591st, 592nd, 593rd, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601st, 602nd, 603rd, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611st, 612th, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621st, 622nd, 623rd, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631st, 632nd, 633rd, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641st, 642nd, 643rd, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651st, 652nd, 653rd, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661st, 662nd

EDMONTON BULLETIN

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THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1911.

Mr. Michener proposes to think that the way to hasten railway construction is to refuse railway companies the permission to build railways.

The report is that the Hudson Bay Railway might conceivably be built from Saskatoon, any point in Saskatchewan which has not yet been named as a possible starting point for the Hudson Bay Railway may rightfully consider itself discriminated against by the Borden Government.

The expedition sent to Hudson Bay during the summer has reported on the comparative merits of Fort Churchill and Port Nelson as the terminus of the Hudson Bay railway.

The Winnipeg Telegram argues that had reciprocity passed the price of wheat would not have increased enough to amount to anything worth while to the Canadian farmer.

The Provincial Government will contribute one quarter of the cost of establishing a hospital for consumptives in Calgary and will make a grant toward its maintenance in proportion to the number of patients treated, as is now done for the up-keep of other hospitals.

In seeking to prevent the competitors of the C. P. R. getting permission from the Provincial Legislature to build railway lines, the Opposition in the Legislature are really trying to close the only door through which there is a prospect, hope or chance of competing railway systems being developed in this Province.

The Opposition in the Provincial Legislature could succeed in their purpose and prevent the competing companies getting permission to build railways or assistance toward building railways from the Provincial Legislature, there would remain only one door open for these companies to take.

There is a fair proposition that the Dominion should come to the aid of the cause in this Province with a very substantial measure of assistance.

It is interesting to note that the Dominion Government is not only not coming to the aid of the cause in this Province with a very substantial measure of assistance.

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BORDEN-PELLETIER AND CIVIL SERVICE REFORM

The subject of Civil Service Reform has claimed the attention of the party now in power at frequent intervals during their fifteen years of Opposition. Miles of speeches were made, the argument being led by the present Premier in favor of the sanctity of the public service. The position was taken time and again that political consideration should not enter into the question of the employment of officials. An ideal condition was pictured in which those who were engaged by the Government should be considered as working for the country without regard to the Party which for the moment held the reins of Government. No doubt the Party then in office fell far short of the ideals expressed by the party of the Opposition, but it must be conceded to them that they did establish what is called Civil Service Reform in regard to the employment of officials in the departments at Ottawa; that is to say, they provided a system whereby applicants were admitted into the Civil Service after competitive examination and on the recommendation of a Civil Service Commission, which above everything else was aggressive-ly non-partisan. Whether this has to be credited to their credit or not remains to be seen; but at any rate, when developments that have occurred since the 21st September, it would appear that their example has not had any serious effect upon those who formerly set up such high standards, and are now charged with the responsibility of maintaining them. In the course of the debate in the House of Commons on December 9th, the Hon. Mr. Pelletier, Postmaster General, gave his views as to the proper method of dealing with the public service so far as his Department was concerned. Speaking of a special instance he said:

"I did not mean to be discouraging at all but the facts were as I have stated them, and it was then only a question of considering whether the postmaster had been rightly dismissed or not. Well, what are the facts? The gentleman who was postmaster in 1892 was dismissed without investigation. He is living today, and he has asked me to give him back his postmaster's hat. I have done it, and I think that is a very good illustration of what I mean. If there is one thing in regard to which I shall not hesitate to state, the facts having been ascertained, if one of our political friends, whose head has been cut off by hon. gentlemen, comes to me for relief he shall get it. I would be unworthy of the position which I occupy today if I did not do that."

While the Postmaster General makes a strong bid for partisan support in the statement quoted, it will be seen that if the successful active politicians of today are to be the sole judges of those who were dismissed, it is a very good beginning in a humanitarian enterprise which must be vigorously followed up in this and other provinces. The difficulty of dealing with the problem in this Province is that owing to its situation people from all parts of the Dominion who are affected with the disease, or suspect that they are affected, flock hither, as on the other side of the line they flock to Colorado and California. If the Province established hospitals for the treatment of the disease the probabilities are that those who would be overcrowded by patients who rightfully should be treated at the expense of the other provinces. It is therefore a fair proposition that the Dominion should come to the aid of the cause in this Province with a very substantial measure of assistance.

Just how the principle stated by the Postmaster General is being carried out was shown by an instance mentioned by Mr. McDonald, member for Pictou, N. S. Mr. Fannin, who had been employed as an Inspector of Construction on the Intercolonial Round-House now being built at Stellarton in Pictou County, N. S., was dismissed on November 4th last. In his place there was appointed a Mr. John Fraser, who had been Postmaster at Stellarton for a period of 21 years, who knew nothing of construction of buildings, who was 75 years of age, but whose claim to consideration was that he had been Secretary of the Local Conservative Party in the last election. According to information supplied by the Postmaster General, some little time before, Mr. Fraser had been dismissed from the Postmaster's office in May, 1908, because of "serious irregularities" which had occurred in connection with the Postmaster's accounts. That is to say the Postmaster General's interpretation of the principle which he laid down, permits of the re-appointment of a man who has been dismissed for serious irregularities as well as if he had been dismissed for political partisanship, the appointment being made without any regard to the fitness of the appointee for the position. This is Civil Service Reform as understood by the Borden Government. The question is not one of vital importance to the country, but it serves to show the stupendous spread between profession and performance on the part of the present Premier and his colleagues.

There is a feature of the case worthy of attention, however, Mr. Borden, Mr. Marshall, and for the control and under certain circumstances for the operation of terminal and transfer elevators. The Bill was introduced in the Senate by the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and was given very lengthy consideration there, being referred to a special Committee which heard evidence from all parties who were opposed to the provisions of the Bill. It finally passed the Sen-

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EDMONTON BULLETIN

what they intended to do was plain enough. They intended to advise the naval question for year, trusting that in the interval public interest would die down, or that they would find a way to extricate themselves from their embarrassing position. The Opposition, however, were not in the mood to allow this vital question to be laid on the shelf. In adopting their name policy the late Government had been in earnest, believing it to be the duty of Canada to prepare for assuming a share of the responsibility of looking after itself and also of helping keep the Empire together in time of stress. The present Government had professed to desire a still more aggressive naval policy, and had been elected with that profession upon its program. Where, then, is the policy? That is what the Opposition have been demanding to be told, with a very proper sense of their duty to the public, but to the evident dissatisfaction of the Minister of the Navy, Mr. Hays, who has fallen far short of implementing his promise in regard to Government ownership of terminal elevators, as he has in regard to the immediate construction of the H. B. Railway.

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RUTAL ASSAULT

Hurled at Him a Box
Him Full on the
Narrow Escape from
Eye.

ec. 16—David Lloyd-
of the exchequer
injured while leaving
beral meeting here last
he had just made an
haile suffragist hurled at
a box which struck
the face, cutting his lip
and bruising his eye.

who attended to the
injuries said he had a
from losing his eye,
and Mr. Lloyd-
addressed the meeting,
cluding female franchise
ment's suffrage bill next

had taken extraordinary
to exclude militant su-
jecting, but evi-
ment forced their way
arrier.

ERS STATEMENT
asure General of Per-
of Relations With
and Russia.

ec. 17—W. Morgan Shus-
treasurer general of
y gave out the follow-
atement regarding the
ria. "We learn from a
British foreign mis-
independence is a lost
Persia has failed to re-
terests of England and
our countrymen to
s.

elve two legitimate in-
two only, of these two
y strategy and honest
erests interests are
er than those of the
Since my arrival I have
to fall in line with
the commercial interests
nry. Persia desires to
ntry's commercial re-
sumat.

ns the strategic por-
sole offense is that she
to reform herself and
then, independent
uffer stake to keep the
in the great Empire
pat watched one an-
eyes, is incoherently
ic strategy. I have no
al though I reserve my
at strategy."

ES FOR MISSIONS
Church Grant Increased
for Work on Foreign
Field.

ec. 16.—Estimates
\$282,998 to carry on
the work for 1912 of
the Church in Canada
at an executive meeting
the Confederation Life
220,608 was spent in the
in the field. The work
will be carried on in
Hanan, China; Formosa
and the Philippines, as
among the Indians; Java
and the Malay archipelago.

Not Wish to Provoke
Suspicion in Helping
Republic.

ec. 16.—The German
taken a stand accord-
ing to the Pan-German
League's active
in the pending refer-
endum suffering from
Blumenau, in the state
of Prussia, has
ities at the foreign
opinion that the league
is undesirable in view
of that it would be
used for reviving the
myth of an
desires to
drawn from relief
and is remaining in
description in aid of
the republic.

ED PRESIDENT.
Sen to be President
of the Republic.
isco, Cal., Dec. 18—A
believed here today reports
that Sen has been elected
the new Chinese republic
honorary council sitting
at a despatch was received
a Free Press.

TAKEN FOR MOOSE.
Fully Shot By Sheriff
of Alameda.

ec. 16.—A col-
t two trooper were
the Leavenworth electric
line, and on in a dense fog
Kansas, sixteen miles
city today, two persons
and the injured.
of orders is believed to
the accident.

Some Stories of the Peace River Settlers

Bulletin Staff Correspondence.
Peace land, September, 1911.—The following stories were told by the actual settlers to the Bulletin correspondent while touring the Peace River district in August and September, and tell of their life in the new country. The development and progress of the big broad prairie land to the north of the mighty Peace river.



Sisters of Charity bringing food to blind Beaver women at Peace River Mission.

from Dunvegan, north upon the uplands around the water-hole at Hudson Bay, near Cold Springs, and across the Peace River flats to and across the Peace at Peace River Crossing.

When a railway touches the Great Waterway of the Peace River, at any point in this district, it will mean still further development and progressive settlement, for the river can be used as a highway of commerce for exports and imports.

Guides of the two mission schools there is as yet no educational institutions. In due time public school districts will be organized. Already post offices are being established, and before many years country corner stores will no doubt supplement the agencies and stores of the companies now having trading posts in the district.

Beginning at Dunvegan, Joe Heston, who operates the ferry at Dunvegan, has been in the Peace River district for thirteen years and thinks it is good enough for him. He came across the Rockies from Kamloops in 1898, when he started for the Klondike, but stopped in the Peace valley to prospect for gold. He found some gold in the valley of the Pine river, a tributary of the Peace. This is the third year for the ferry and it is now a fine business for the ferry across the river than when first started.

At low water the river at Dunvegan is from 20 to 25 feet deep. At high water the river rises from 12 to 15 feet, and has a width of about 700 feet. At low water the current runs at about four miles per hour, and at high water over seven miles per hour. Going south the ferry crosses in fifteen minutes, and returning north crosses in four minutes, owing to stronger current to start it on the south side. Mr. Heston resides in the old Roman Catholic mission building and has a good garden and a small field of wheat. His tomatoes, pumpkins and corn are doing well. His garden was troubled with cutworms in the spring, but he has a fine crop of wheat.

Excellent Garden at Dunvegan.
F. J. H. Pedson, the Hudson Bay factor at Dunvegan, has a fine garden as one could wish for. On September 26th, 1910, a photo was taken of vegetables ripened in his garden last year. In the same garden, tomatoes were ripened on the vines. Table beets weighed 7 lbs., turnips 12 lbs., pumpkins, squash, cabbages and cauliflower, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, onions, lettuce, radish, celery, carrots and corn form a supply of garden truck excellent for a distance of 480 miles north of the southern boundary of Alberta.

Christ Church at English Church Mission, Shaftesbury settlement, Peace River.

For 22 years Mr. Pedson has lived in the Peace River district, and is one of the pioneers, who by his agriculture has shown what are the possibilities of the Peace River district.

A Steam Plow Will Overturn Soil.
Mat Bartholomew located in Township 81, Range 3, west of the 6th meridian, in August, 1910, after spending some time looking over Grande Prairie, and he even had buildings erected on his pick of Grande Prairie. He purchased the soil of Township 81 and the level lay of the land and he could not here a larger plot of level acreage. He and his boys have worked sections and a half, and in a couple of years

In front of the house is an avenue of Manitoba maple trees. But as yet no attempt has been made in raising fruit trees. Red and black currants thrive in this garden.

On August 9th wheat was standing about six feet high in this field. It was grown from seed raised at Dunvegan in 1910. Mrs. Pedson's business advice prevent his farming on an extensive scale, but he has raised wheat and oats for his own use and they cover the stretch of country.

Mr. Bartholomew and sons now have about 18 acres of crop on spring breaking. Their oats are over three feet high and soon later. In the last of July they had new wheat, which had been sown about May 24. In 1912 they expect to have 100 acres of crop. Next year they will experiment with alfalfa.

A Snag Soil Shakes.
Joseph Gropp located in Township 81, Range 3, west of the 6th meridian, in August, 1910, and now has nine acres of crop—wheat, oats and garden. The crop is late in spring breaking, but the potatoes were sipped by frost on August 10th. Mr. Gropp is an experienced prospector, formerly from near Humboldt, Sask., and has already 50 acres broken for crop for 1912. He will keep on breaking land as he has faith in the Peace River country.

Joseph Loxterkamp located in Township 81, Range 3, west of the 6th meridian, in the spring of 1911, and has 36 acres of crop, and a garden of potatoes and turnips, but he has 24 acres ready for crop next year. He has a well, ten feet deep with water for domestic use, but not sufficient for stock.

Seceding Before Breaking.
Alex. Bennet, from Lauder, Manitoba, located in Township 81, Range 3, west of the 6th meridian, in the spring of 1911, and has 36 acres of fine-looking crop. On the 28th of April, 1911, he started seeding by sowing the oats on the 28th of April, then turning the soil upside down with a breaking plow. Fifteen acres sown that day are better crops than the 15 acres seeded after breaking. He dug a well 75 feet deep and it is still dry. In 1912 he will have 70 acres of crop. With eight horses and a two-furrow 12-inch gang plow he broke four acres in a day.

C. Chalmers, from the Hudson Bay, located in Township 81, Range 3, west of the 6th meridian, in August, 1911, and in two weeks had his house up and will break 20 acres this year and expects to have 25 or 30 acres of crop next year. He is not scared out yet by a little frost and is going to see the thing through.

At the head of Cold Spring Creek there is a gravel bed, from which cold spring water bubbles out and runs down the creek to the Peace River. The Cold Spring settlement started along this creek.

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The Garden of the Peace at the R.C. Mission, Peace River. It would be hard to beat this garden for produce anywhere in Canada.

Local Frost Makes Him Heston.
H. L. Propp located in Township 81, Range 3, west of the 6th meridian, in May, 1911, and has 10 acres of crop this year. He has 50 acres broken ready for crop in 1912. Four acres are already sown to winter wheat, which is up. Though the frost of August 10th has broken his potato tops and makes him hesitate about the extensive improvements which he had contemplated, still he will remain with the country for three years anyway, for he has invested too much now to pull out absolutely and still believe that the Peace River district will eventually be one of the best parts of Alberta. Fall wheat, if a success, may be a solution of the frost problem.

R. F. Arnold squatted on unsurveyed land in Township 81, Range 4, west of the 6th meridian, in the spring of 1911, and has 12 acres of crop in 1912. He has five acres broken on Cold Spring Creek. Each has started to do his share in the development of Peace land.

The first settlers north of Dunvegan. In 1911 he has 10 acres of crop, but has 60 acres now ready for crop next year. On August 14th his potato blossoms were unobscured by frost, and they had never been protected in any way. Beans and corn were also still growing nicely.

Mr. Clark says he is highly pleased with the country so far and believes that it will become one of the leading agricultural sections of the future.

The Well Water Question.
Spofford Brothers located in Township 81, Range 2, west of the 6th meridian, 18 miles north-east of Dunvegan, in the spring of 1911 and have a very good garden on spring breaking. They dug a well 70 feet deep but got no water at that place, so moved to another spot and dug 36 feet, but no water there. Now their house they dig 15 feet and get water.

Mixed Farming Stay and Succeed.
Mrs. Eaton and sons located on Cold Spring Creek in Township 81, Range 2, west of the 12th meridian, in 1911, and in 1912 they expect to have 25 acres of crop. They have been in the country for eight years and have the intention of leaving it. They have tested alfalfa and white clover, which wintered well. They are going to try mixed farming, and have fed their grain raised so far. They have 22 head of cattle, a bunch of hogs and a bunch of horses. They are going to try mixed farming, and have fed their grain raised so far.

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Some Stories of the Peace River Settlers

For the last three years he has summer fallowed about twenty acres each year as an experiment to conserve the moisture. But it was not necessary in 1911, for it was a wet season. He has six acres of fall wheat up on the benches. Mr. Brick said it was ready for cutting on August 11th, but Mr. Brick was busy having to cut it then. Next year, he will sow some alfalfa.

Tomatoes Ripen Every Year.
Mr. Brick has a threshing machine operated by a portable steam engine and threshed for the settlement. Last year he threshed only about fifty bushels of frozen grain, which was raised on spring breaking. All the rest of the grain was of good quality, but the yield was light owing to a dry season. The total crop for 1911 for the settlement is expected to be four times as heavy as 1910, and the wheat crop of 1911 was expected to average 25 bushels to the acre.

For the last four years tomatoes have been ripened at the Shaftesbury Mission. A cucumber, weighing 1 1/2 lbs., was cut on July 25th. Sugar beets were grown from seed ripened in the same garden last year.

Rev. J. G. Brick started the Church of Shaftesbury Mission and Peace River flats in 1894. He was in charge till 1898, when he left for New York. He died in 1896, but his work is still remembered.

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grain comes from even as far as Spirit River a distance of 70 miles.

No Frost But Alfalfa and Ripe Corn.
W. S. George has located at Peace River Crossing on the flat on the south side of the Peace River. He has 25 acres of crop in 1911, but in 1912 he expects to have more. For six years he has had success. It was cut on June 27 and a second growth stood 18 inches high on August 15th. Sweet corn ripened in 1910 and its seed grew in 1911.

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Financial and Commercial Markets

EDMONTON CITY MARKET.
Edmonton, Dec. 21.—While the local market remains firm, with every indication that prices will go a little higher in the near future, especially for vegetables and dairy products, there has been no change in the last week. The supply has been equal to the demand, with one strong exception. The demand for strictly fresh eggs is so far ahead of the supply that prices are still holding high, and the limit does not appear to be in sight yet. Large quantities of case-eggs are being shipped in from the East, and householders are forced to get along the best they can with this class of food.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes items like Flour, Sugar, and various oils.

WINNEPEG GRAIN MARKET.
Winnipeg, Dec. 20.—The market today was uninteresting and dull throughout, although Liverpool closed unchanged for December 1-16 highest for March, and 1-8c higher for May.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes items like Wheat, Corn, and various flours.

Following are today's quotations:
Wheat—December 95, Open 95, Close 95.

Edmonton Produce Company report the following prices for butter and eggs laid down in Edmonton:
Butter—No. 1 24c, No. 2 23c, No. 3 22c.

Home Made Syrup
For one-half the cost, it is made by dissolving white sugar in water and adding maple essence.

MAPLE SYRUP
The popular flavoring of the popular flavoured. It also contains pure maple essence, and is made in Canada.

Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil
This oil is removed from burns and scalds, and the intense pain is quickly soothed by its application.

Winnipeg Cash Prices
Wheat—December 95, Open 95, Close 95.
Corn—December 1.15, Open 1.15, Close 1.15.

Clark in Field Early
Vermilion, Dec. 16.—John G. Clark of Irma, who opposed Premier Sifton's re-election last June in a by-election, was nominated as Conservative candidate here yesterday.

May Cause War With Russia
Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 18.—That the action of the United States government in abrogating the treaty of 1822 with Russia may precipitate a war with that country, was declared by both U.S. Senators, Richard D. Bayliss and Governor Mann, of Virginia, in speeches at the annual dinner of the New York Society of Pennsylvania here tonight.

PANTRY TALKS
I am the Queen of the Flour Bin, the Lady-in-chief of the Royal Pantry, the oracle of the Royal Household.

Royal Household Flour
So named because it was the flour selected for use in the Royal Household of Great Britain. It is the one flour in Canada which stands out head and shoulders above all the rest.

POLITICS PLAY PART IN TREATY CONTROVERSY

U.S. Senate is Expected to Gracefully Accept Action of President in Forfeiting Senate in Abrogating the Russian Treaty of 1822.
Washington, D.C., Dec. 19.—The Senate today apparently was disposed to accept gracefully the action of President Taft in forfeiting its part in abrogating the Russian treaty of 1822. At least that was the attitude of the majority of the members of the committee on foreign relations. Others, however, advanced the argument that the President, in taking the matter out of the hands of Congress, encroached upon the prerogatives of the Senate.

Resolution Will Pass
It is not doubted that before adjournment the Lodge resolution endorsing the President's action will be adopted. It avoids the fault of the Senate resolution in that the phraseology is carefully worded and calculated to give no offence to Russia.

Echo of Persian Affair
London, Dec. 18.—Most of the London morning papers make comment on the abrogation of the Russo-American treaty. The Morning Leader, in an editorial, expresses the opinion that indignation over the Shuster affair had much to do with the immense controversy in favor of the Sultzer resolution, and that Russia will be wise not to pretend to ignore such an expression of feeling at her treatment of American Jews and Persian reformers.

Word is expected from the agents of the company in St. Petersburg, advising of the Russian sentiment in the Russian foreign department as to future trade conditions.

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GRAIN GROWERS

AFTER the crop has been harvested, the next consideration for you is the satisfactory disposal of same.
Since 1853 we have been engaged in the Canadian grain trade. Our Eastern and Western branches and connections keep us in close touch with all current demands and fluctuations. We therefore claim our facilities the best for securing you the highest possible returns for your grade.

Our Option Department is prepared to handle with care and dispatch all trading in futures estimated for it. Reference: Any Financial Agency.

Edmonton Sawmill Manufactory
Manufacturers of Sawmill
The best that money can buy. Always in stock. Saws-hammered and gummed, and all sawmill repairs.

No Inspection Needed
Our High Grade CAPITOL FLOUR
Manufactured by us from the Best Alberta Wheat.

FOR SALE
Breeding Ewes and Ewe Lambs
For Sale, Apply to
Edmonton, Alberta.

Wm. W. Howe
Auctioneer and Commission Agent
133 RICK ST., EDMONTON.
(next to Hutton Feed Stable)

DOWN WILL COME THE PRICE OF MEAT IN U.S.
The Beef Trust May Be Excluded
From European Army Contracts—That Will Mean Terrible Slump and the High Cost of Living Will Come Down.

Edson to Grande Prairie and Peace River District
Owing to condition of roads for the last few weeks stages were carrying no passengers, but as the roads have greatly improved the trip can now be made in good time and rigs are all comfortably heated.

Edson & Grande Prairie Tran. Co.
324 Jasper Avenue East, Edmonton

FARM FOR RENT
(One Half Acre Section)
225 Acres to be Cropped next year.
115 Acres Summer. Pato well ready for Crop, and 125 Acres Pasture.

E. H. KELSEY
ROOM 15 CRYSTAL BLOCK, EDMONTON

National Trust Company, Ltd.
MONEY TO LOAN
PAID UP CAPITAL \$1,500,000 RESERVE \$1,200,000

Probably Fatal Auto Injury
Port Arthur, Dec. 16.—Joseph Baronski, a Galician merchant, was struck by an automobile, driven by D. Bourou, and is in a hospital with a badly cut head, a broken leg and internal injuries. His recovery is doubtful.

Jews Ready to Fight Russia
Boston, Dec. 17.—That one hundred thousand Jews stand ready to enlist and fight against Russia, should indignance on the right of American citizens bring about war, was the declaration of Rabbi M. M. Byhles, at a mass meeting at Faneuil.

Advertisement for James Richardson & Sons Limited, Grain Exchange, Winnipeg and Calgary.

Advertisement for Edson Sawmill Manufactory, Manufacturers of Sawmill.

Advertisement for No Inspection Needed, Capitol Flour, The Alberta Milling Co. Ltd.

Advertisement for Edson to Grande Prairie and Peace River District, Edson & Grande Prairie Tran. Co.

Advertisement for Farm for Rent, One Half Acre Section, 225 Acres to be Cropped next year.

Advertisement for National Trust Company, Ltd. Money to Loan, Paid up Capital \$1,500,000.

Advertisement for Wm. W. Howe, Auctioneer and Commission Agent, 133 Rick St., Edmonton.

Advertisement for Short, Cross, Biggar & Co., Advocates, Notaries, Etc.

Advertisement for E. W. Mills, Real Estate and Employment Office.

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Advertisement for Wm. W. Howe, Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

WANTED.

ACCOMMODATION FOR HORSES—Good winter accommodation for horses, terms reasonable. Apply George Barker, Paddle River. a.27

WANTED—Teacher for Great Lakes school district No. 479, for year 1912; state experience, certificate and salary required. Chas. Dietrich, Jecy-tre, Leduc. a.14

WANTED—Teacher at once for St. Margaret R. D. No. 202, Alta. Apply stating salary, etc., to James H. Lindsay, secretary-treasurer, Onion Lake, Alberta. a.14

WANTED—For Call Lake School District No. 527, a teacher, first or second class certificate; school opens after the Xmas holidays. Apply stating salary required and giving references and testimonials to G. Morris, secretary-treasurer, Excalibur, Alta. a.15

WANTED—Teacher for the Bolton School District No. 1039, first or second class professional; duties to commence on 3rd of January, 1912, and continue until the end of the year. Applications will be received till December 29, stating salary and experience to D. Avery, Bolton S. D. No. 1039, Fort Saskatchewan. a.15

WANTED—Two teachers for the Lavoie School District No. 1598, male or female, holding second-class certificate; must be good disciplinarians; duties to commence January 2nd, 1912. State experience and salary expected. George Wais, secretary, Lavoie, Alta. a.15

WANTED—Experienced teacher for East Clover Bar School District No. 1001, near Edmonton. Apply immediately stating qualifications and salary required to W. J. Jackman, Hortonburg, Alta. a.15

STRAYED—Strayed from Sec. 19, R. 24, Tp. 24, W. 4 on or about September 20th, one red bull, 7 years old; no brands. Anyone giving information leading to recovery will be suitably rewarded. D. Crozier, Edmonton, P.O. a.15

STRAYED—Five small calves and white, on or about October 10th, 1911. Strayed onto my farm east half section 10, Twp. 24, R. 24, W. 4, Meridian, eleven miles north-east of Edmonton. Owner may have same by paying expenses otherwise may be sold. John A. Smith, North Edmonton. a.15

STRAYED—To the premises of the undersigned, red cow, some white behind right front shoulder, no horns, no brand. R. A. Hewitt, Bon Accord, Alta., Sec. 6, Tp. 56, R. 2. a.15

STRAYED—Running with my horses since July, one mare, branded J.T. on off shoulder; weight about one hundred pounds; white face, white legs, white face, all legs white. If not claimed will be sold to defray expenses. James Redwood, P.O. a.27

825 REWARD.
LOST or Stolen from S. 29, T. 53, R. 24, W. 4, about July 25, one Bay Gelding, with one white hind fetlock tipped on left side, weight 1500 lbs. Twenty Dollars Reward for information leading to recovery. H. C. Chiriacelle, Street, Edmonton. a.15

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